99th Congress, 1st Session Senate Document No. 99-1

APPROPRIATIONS, BUDGET ESTIMATES, ETC.

STATEMENTS

NINETY-NINTH CONGRESS, FIRST SESSION

(January 3, 1985 to December 20, 1985)

SHOWING

I.—APPROPRIATIONS MADE DURING THE FIRST SESSION OF THE NINETY-NINTH CONGRESS IN REGULAR ANNUAL, SUPPLEMENTAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATION ACTS; RESCISSION ACTS; DEFERRAL RESOLUTIONS; AND MAJOR ACTS AUTHORIZING APPROPRIATIONS (pp. 1-1613)

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X.—TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS BY SESSIONS OF CONGRESS (pp. 1829-1838)

PREPARED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE COMMITTEES ON APPROPRIATIONS OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AS REQUIRED BY LAW (U.S. CODE, TITLE 2, SECTION 105)

BY

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S180-1

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COMPILERS' NOTES

1. The Legislative Appropriation Act approved June 7, 1924, provided:

    "In lieu of the data relating to offices created and omitted and salaries increased and reduced, the statement shall hereafter contain such additional information concerning estimates and appropriations, as the committees may deem necessary."

    Such data had been tabulated in previous volumes of this work for each session of Congress from the Fiftieth to the Sixty-seventh, inclusive, covering the fiscal years 1889 to 1924, inclusive.

2. This compilation contains laws affecting, rescinding, or making appropriations which were enacted during the first session of the 99th Congress with the exception of private relief acts containing appropriations. These acts have been omitted from this compilation, but a summary containing the number of the act, the beneficiaries, and the amount appropriated is included.

    There were *twenty-two* appropriation bills and resolutions acted upon to some extent by the Congress during the first session of the 99th Congress (twenty-one were House bills and one was a Senate bill) and fourteen of those bills eventually became law (six regular annual appropriation acts, three supplementals, and five continuing resolutions) and one was vetoed. *Seven* of the thirteen regular annual appropriation bills did not become law except through the continuing resolution process: *H.R. 3037*—Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations for 1986 did not advance in the legislative process beyond the filing of a conference report in the House; *H.R. 3629*—Department of Defense Appropriations for 1986 was reported by the House Committee on Appropriations and also reported by the Senate Committee on Appropriations with no further action taken in either the House or the Senate; *H.R. 3067*—District of Columbia Appropriations for 1986 did not advance in the legislative process beyond the filing of a conference report in the House; *H.R. 3228*—Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations for 1986 was reported by the House Committee on Appropriations while a companion bill (S. 1816) was reported by the Senate Committee on Appropriations with no further action taken on either bill; *H.R. 3011*—Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations for 1986 passed the House and was considered by the full Senate but was not voted on by that body; *H.R. 3244*—Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriations for 1986 was passed by both the House and the Senate but no conference report was filed; and *H.R. 3036*—Treasury, Postal Service, and General Government Appropriations for 1986 was vetoed by the President on November 15, 1985 and no action was taken by the Congress to override the Presidential veto.

    In addition to the *seven* annual appropriation acts that were not enacted into law, *one* supplemental (H.J. Res. 732) was passed by the House and ordered placed on the calendar in the Senate. A chronology of all twenty-two bills is included in table V of this volume (see pp. 1654-1661).

    Financing of programs and activities normally included in the seven regular annual appropriation bills that did not become law is provided through five continuing resolutions as follows:

    —Public Law 99-103 for the period October 1-November 14, 1985;
    —Public Law 99-154 for the period November 15-December 12, 1985;
    —Public Law 99-179 for the period December 13-December 16, 1985;
    —Public Law 99-184 for the period December 17-December 19, 1985; and
    —Public Law 99-190 for the period December 20-September 20, 1986.

    For further information concerning each of the seven regular annual appropriation bills that did not become law, see the "note" at the beginning of each of those bills (pp. 95, 159, 161, 191, 219, 283, and 285).

    There were no separate "rescission acts" or "deferral resolutions" during the 99th Congress, first session; however, several rescissions and deferrals were included in appropriation acts. It should be noted that amounts *proposed* for rescission are not reflected in the *net totals* for new budget (obligational) authority shown in the various tabulations throughout this volume whereas *amounts rescinded are reflected* in those totals.

3. This volume also contains various comparative tabulations for the session showing, by fiscal years and in both detailed and summarized form, the Presidential budget estimates (requests) for "appropriations" and certain other types of requests involving the appropriation of obligating and spending authority.
4. While required by the Constitution as a necessary prerequisite to the withdrawal of *any* money from the Treasury, through long usage the term "appropriation" acquired a definite, technical word-of-art meaning in relating to many details and summaries in the annual budget of the President, in the making available of obligational and spending authority, and in tabulations and summarizations of congressional fiscal actions. If the proposition did not "appropriate" within the concept thus imparted to the term, then it was not added in the "appropriation" totals. If it did so "appropriate", it was added in.

Thus, in congressional tabulations generally, a "reappropriation" (extension) of a balance of a previous appropriation was not added to the "appropriation" totals even though it provided obligational and spending authority beyond what would in its absence have been the case. An "authorization to expend from debt receipts" (sometimes called "public debt borrowing authority") was not counted as an "appropriation" even though it conveyed both authority to obligate and authority to expend. An authorization to enter into contracts in advance of an appropriation ("contract authorization"), being authority to obligate the Government but not to *expend* money, was not added in the general "appropriation" totals. But a subsequent "appropriation to liquidate" that contract authorization—an authority to expend money but not to create additional obligations—was counted as an "appropriation".

Furthermore, historically, prior to fiscal year 1969 the general budgetary and congressional appropriation totals were arranged and presented so as to give greater emphasis and prominence to those dealing with Federal or Federally-owned funds, as distinct from *trust* funds which the Government theoretically holds in a fiduciary capacity. Although prior to fiscal year 1938 (75th Cong., 1st sess.) such trust funds were relatively insignificant in the total appropriations picture they subsequently came to loom large, and while *separately* tabulated and noted in volumes of this work *previous* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess., they were not included in the aggregate totals, of "appropriations" generally emphasized and cited. (See note, table X, in volumes *prior* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess.). But in subsequent volumes, including this volume, they *are* incorporated in general appropriation totals.

Title 31 U.S.C., section 2, dealing with the national budget system, provides that the term "appropriations" includes, in appropriate context "* * * funds and authorizations to create obligations by contract in advance of appropriations, or any other authority making funds available for obligation or expenditure."

Special Note.—A further significant departure in what is now included in several general summary tabulations, which was not so included in these volumes *prior* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess., has to do with obligational or spending authority (including rescissions) conveyed in acts other than the regular annual and supplemental "appropriation" acts. Copies of such acts, and certain specific tabulations related to them, usually appear in one way or another in such prior volumes, but the amounts were not cranked directly into a number of the overall summary tabulations as had been done in volumes beginning with the 90th Cong., 2d sess. This especially affects tables VIII, IX, and X. To retain some consistency of ready identity as between amounts relating to the regular annual and supplemental "appropriation" acts and amounts relating to "appropriations in legislative acts", there is a breakout among these lines in each of these three tables (in some years, the "legislative act" amounts are quite significant, relatively. And sometimes, it is not easy or possible to nail down with absolute precision the amounts involved in the "budget estimates" or the amounts "appropriated"). The total new budget (obligational) authority in these tables are net amounts reflecting rescissions in regular annual and supplemental appropriation acts, rescission acts, and legislative acts.

A new, *unified* budget concept recommended by the President's Commission on Budget Concepts in its report of October 10, 1967, was embraced by the President, and the Budget for 1969 incorporated most of its basic features. The object was to secure usage, as nearly as may be practicable, of a *single* concept of appropriations, receipts, expenditures, lending, and debt in order to promote public and congressional understanding of Federal fiscal and budget actions and matters. The various comparative tabulations and summaries in this volume conform generally to the new concept in respect to "appropriations".

(For a more detailed exposition of the new concept, see the Report of the Commission, especially in relation to "appropriation," pp. 6, 12, 16, 76, 95, and 100; Special Analysis A, the Budget for 1969; and hearings of February 8, 1968, before the Committee on Appropriations, House of Representatives, on the Budget for 1969, p. 40 and following.)

Thus, in lieu of the terms "Estimates" and "Appropriations" used in volumes previous to the 90th Cong., 2d sess., subsequent volumes, including this volume, use the terms "Budget estimates of new (obligational) authority" and "New budget (obligational) authority appropriated." In broad terms, by far the major single difference between aggregate general totals in this volume in contrast to those in volumes previous to the 90th Cong., 2d sess., is the inclusion, in this volume, of *trust* funds (virtually all of which, incidentally, in any session or year, flow automatically from permanent-type enactment of *previous* sessions that thus do not require action in bills of the *current* session). And even under the new concept, in all but a relative handful of instances, the new budget (obligational) authority "requested" and "appropriated" is in the old, conventional "appropriation" form as previously used and understood.

Specifically, "new budget (obligational) authority" is derived by—

Appropriations (as herein above described) excluding appropriations to liquidate contract authorizations; plus
Reappropriations; plus
Contract authorizations; plus
Authorizations to spend from debt receipts.

It must be noted that there are, within the Government, certain inter-fund and intragovernmental payments between accounts that get counted in both places. Principal examples include: Interest on public debt securities held by trust funds; governmental contributions to employee retirement trust funds; and general fund contributions to various insurance programs. And under the new unified concept, certain "proprietary receipts form the public" are offset against budget authority *for budget summary presentation* purposes. This situation can complicate if a simple addition of Federal fund totals and trust fund totals is made without reckoning with this "deduct" problem. [Note.—The aggregate "deduct" figure of $192,612,025,000 for fiscal year 1986 used in several of the summary tables in this volume is the *estimated* amount relating to fiscal year 1986 shown on page 9-10 of the Budget for 1986. Being an estimate, the "deduct" figure *is subject to revision* as actual data become available; and an updated amount for fiscal 1986 will appear in the budget for 1987.]

5. The Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974, Public Law 99-344, changed the fiscal year from the July 1—June 30 fiscal year to an October 1—September 30 fiscal year, and provided for the change to take place with the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1976 (Fiscal Year 1977). However, the preceding fiscal year (1976) ran from July 1, 1975 through June 30, 1976, thus providing a three-month interim period (July 1—September 30, 1976) for the necessary transition to the new fiscal year. This volume and the eight previous volumes are based upon the October 1—September 30 fiscal year.

Title X (the "Impoundment Control Act of 1974") of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 established new procedures for the reporting and control of impoundment actions of the President. Included in this volume are reports showing the status of rescissions and deferrals for fiscal year 1985 and the first 3 months of fiscal year 1986.

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[1] Majority and minority members elected February 21, 1985.

[2] Majority and minority members elected January 30, 1985.

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URGENT SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT FOR AFRICAN FAMINE RELIEF, 1985

Public Law 99-10

99th Congress, H.R. 1239

April 4, 1985

AN ACT

Making urgent supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985, for emergency famine relief and recovery in Africa, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply urgent supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I

CHAPTER I

AFRICAN FAMINE RELIEF

PUBLIC LAW 480

For an additional amount for "Public Law 480", for agricultural commodities supplied in connection with dispositions abroad, pursuant to title II of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended, $400,000,000 of which $384,000,000 is hereby appropriated to be available through December 31, 1985, and $16,000,000 shall be derived from unobligated balances in the Commodity Credit Corporation: *Provided,* That not to exceed $100,000,000 of the above appropriated funds shall be available for inland transportation upon certification for each country by the Administrator of the Agency for International Development that without such funds the delivery of the emergency food would not be possible or would not take place in time to prevent starvation or unacceptable levels of loss or spoilage.

$400,000,000
(program level)
384,000,000

CHAPTER II

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

INTERNATIONAL DISASTER ASSISTANCE

For an additional amount for "International disaster assistance", $137,500,000 for emergency relief and recovery assistance for Africa, to be available only for such purpose and to remain available until March 31, 1986: *Provided,* That the Committee on Appropriations of each House of Congress is notified five days in advance of the obligation of any funds made available under this paragraph, unless the emergency is life threatening and immediate action is necessary. $137,500,000

OPERATING EXPENSES

Of the amount appropriated in this Act for "International disaster assistance", $2,500,000 shall be transferred to "Operating expenses of the Agency for International Development", to be used for monitoring food and disaster assistance in Africa. *2,500,000 (by transfer)*

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

UNITED STATES EMERGENCY REFUGEE AND MIGRATION ASSISTANCE FUND

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 2(c) of the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962, as amended (22 U.S.C. 2601(c)), $25,000,000. 25,000,000

MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE

For an additional amount for "Migration and refugee assistance", notwithstanding any other provision of law, $12,500,000 for emergency assistance in Africa, to be available only for such purpose and to remain available until March 31, 1986. 12,500,000

[*Total, Department of State, $37,500,000.*]
[*Total, chapter II, $175,000,000.*]

TITLE II

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

EMERGENCY RESERVE FOR AFRICAN FAMINE RELIEF

In addition to funds and authority provided for in chapter I of title I of this Act, $225,000,000 to remain available until September 30, 1986, is provided as an Emergency Reserve for African Famine Relief for title II of Public Law 480, including inland transportation, to be used if funds and authority provided in chapter I of title I are exhausted and the Administrator of the Agency for International Development prepares and submits to the Congress a plan to utilize such additional funds for African famine relief. Before such funds may be obligated or expended, the President shall certify that the use of such funds is essential to famine relief in Africa. 225,000,000

TITLE III

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Funds and authority made available in this Act which have not previously been authorized shall not be obligated until authorized: *Provided,* That none of the funds in this Act may be used to reimburse the Commodity Credit Corporation for the cost of wheat released from the Food Security Wheat Reserve: *Provided further,* That before funds provided in this Act may be obligated or expended, the Administrator for International Development shall certify that a plan has been established, on a country by country basis, that will ensure effective use of the funds and that the food provided by this Act will be delivered in a timely and efficient manner and be distributed to those most in need.

(Commodity Credit Corporation)

The Administrator of the agency primarily responsible for administering part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall have the responsibility for determining the emergency food and disaster assistance needs for which funds are appropriated by this Act.

DISPOSITION OF ADDITIONAL AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES UNDER SECTION 416 OF THE AGRICULTURAL ACT OF 1949

To prevent the waste of commodities acquired by the Commodity Credit Corporation through price support operations, the Secretary of Agriculture shall make available, through Private Voluntary Organizations for donation to African nations requiring emergency food assistance, for calendar year 1985, not more than two hundred thousand metric tons of agricultural commodities: *Provided,* That 50 per centum of the commodities made available under this sentence shall be in the form of wheat or wheat products: *Provided further,* That none of the commodities made available for donation under this sentence shall be made available until the Secretary of Agriculture has certified to the appropriate committees of the Congress that the commodities shall not be distributed through or otherwise be allowed to come under the possession or control of the Government of Ethiopia. The Corporation shall pay, with respect to the commodities donated under the foregoing sentence, transporting, handling, and other charges, including the cost of overseas delivery. Such donations shall be in addition to the level of assistance programmed under any other authority.

(Agricultural Commodities)

Approved April 4, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1239

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-2 and No. 99-2, Pt. 2 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 99-29 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-8 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
  Feb. 28, considered and passed House.
  Mar. 20, considered and passed Senate, amended.
  Apr. 2, House agreed to conference report; receded and concurred in Senate amendment, in others with amendments. Senate agreed to conference report; concurred in House amendments.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 21, No. 14 (1985):
  Apr. 5, Presidential statement.

Grand total, titles I and II, Urgent Supplemental Appropriations Act for African Famine Relief, 1985:
New budget (obligational) authority $784,000,000
By transfer $2,500,000

NOTE.—The following tabulation is a classification by departments and establishments of new budget (obligational) authority made in the foregoing act:

Title	Department or establishment	Amount
I	African Famine Relief (Department of Agriculture)	$384,000,000
	Agency for International Development	137,500,000
	(By transfer)	*(2,500,000)*
	Department of State	37,500,000
II	Emergency Reserve for African Relief (Department of Agriculture)	225,000,000
III	General Provisions	
	Grand total:	
	New budget (obligational) authority	784,000,000
	(By transfer)	*(2,500,000)*

URGENT SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, 1985

Public Law 99-71

99th Congress, H.J. Res. 342

July 24, 1985

JOINT RESOLUTION

Making an urgent supplemental appropriation for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985, for the Department of Agriculture.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sum is appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985; namely:

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION

REIMBURSEMENT FOR NET REALIZED LOSSES

For an additional amount to reimburse the Commodity Credit Corporation for net realized losses sustained, but not previously reimbursed, pursuant to the Act of August 17, 1961 (15 U.S.C. 713a-11, 713a-12), $1,000,000,000.

$1,000,000,000
(borrowing authority)

Approved July 24, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 342

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
July 18, considered and passed House.
July 19, considered and passed Senate.

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985

Public Law 99-88

99th Congress, H.R. 2577

August 15, 1985

AN ACT

Making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I

CHAPTER I

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Departmental Administration

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, for budget and program analysis, $7,000; for personnel, finance and management, operations, information resources management, equal opportunity, small and disadvantaged business utilization, and administrative law judges and judicial officer, $42,000; making a total of $49,000, are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −$49,000 *(rescission)*

Agricultural Research Service

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $1,000,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −1,000,000 *(rescission)*

Cooperative State Research Service

For an additional amount for necessary expenses of "Cooperative State Research Service", $300,000. 300,000

For an additional amount for a grant to the New Mexico State University to help relocate the Fort Stanton Experimental Station to another site, thereby making available land needed for a new
Ruidoso airport, $1,200,000 to remain available until expended: 1,200,000
Provided, That payment to the New Mexico State University in the amount of $1,000,000 for its real or personal property interest is hereby determined to be an allowable project cost in accordance

with section 513 of the Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982 (49 U.S.C. 2212): *Provided further,* That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized and directed to convey to the Sierra Blanca Airport Commission (hereinafter referred to as the "Commission"), Ruidoso, New Mexico, at a cost of $2.50 per acre (to be used for administrative costs) all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the public lands aggregating approximately 1,666 acres in Lincoln County, New Mexico, a tract of land located within section 1, 2, 10, 11 and 12, T1OS, R14E, N.M.P.M., and within section 5, 6, and 7, T1OS, R1OE, N.M.P.M., along with adequate right-of-way across Federal lands for suitable access from State and local highways to such tract, to be used for the purpose of a regional public airport. The conveyance required by this Act shall be completed within 120 days of the request for such conveyance by the Commission following enactment of this Act and shall be subject to such reasonable terms, limitations, and conditions as may be specified by the Secretary of Transportation. As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior, in cooperation with the Secretary of Transportation, shall submit a map and legal description of the public lands designated above to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Agriculture and the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs of the House of Representatives. Such map and legal description shall have the same force and effect as if included in this Act, except that any clerical or typographical error in such map or legal description may be corrected. The Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Transportation shall each place such map and legal description on file, and make them available for public inspection, in the Department of the Interior and the Department of Transportation. They are reserved to the United States all minerals that may be found in the lands described above, together with the right of the United States, its permittees, lessees, or grantees, at any time, to prospect for, mine and remove such minerals: *Provided further,* That the exercise of this right shall not interfere with the development, protection, or operation of any airport located on the land conveyed.

For an additional amount for graduate fellowship grants under section 1417 of Public Law 95-113, as amended (7 U.S.C. 3152), $2,000,000, to remain available until expended. $2,000,000

For an additional amount for a grant to Mississippi State University to conduct a program for and to promote research excellence in the area of warmwater aquaculture, including such lands, buildings, and equipment as may be necessary to carry out the program, $3,500,000, including $700,000 made available by Public Law 98-473 which shall be transferred to and merged with this appropriation, to remain available until expended, and to be matched by and equal non-Federal share. 2,800,000 *(700,000 by transfer from P.L. 98-473)*

For an additional amount for a grant to the University of Kansas for the evaluation and transfer of remote sensing applications to agricultural users, $200,000. 200,000

[*Total, Cooperative State Research Service, $6,500,000.*]

ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for the Federal share of the cooperative boll weevil eradication program, not to exceed $650,000; 650,000 and for an additional amount to conduct a grasshopper control program, not to exceed $19,000,000, 19,000,000 including such amounts as may be necessary to restore funds borrowed from other programs.

Of available funds under this head, $400,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −$400,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (net), $19,250,000.*]

ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for the Economic Research Service to determine the losses suffered by United States farm producers of agricultural products during the last decade as a result of embargoes on the sale of United States agricultural products and the failure to offer for sale in world markets commodities surplus to domestic needs at competitive prices for use in determining what part of existing indebtedness of farmers should be suspended as a result of such foreign policy, $500,000, to remain available until expended. 500,000

Of available funds under this head, $50,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −50,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, Economic Research Service (net), $450,000.*]

STATISTICAL REPORTING SERVICE

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Statistical Reporting Service", $1,560,000, for the Quarterly Farm Labor Survey. 1,560,000

Of available funds under this head, $100,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −100,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, Statistical Reporting Service (net), $1,460,000.*]

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

MARKETING SERVICES

For an additional amount of $700,000 for the egg products inspection program. 700,000

PACKERS AND STOCKYARDS ADMINISTRATION

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $85,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −85,000 *(rescission)*

AGRICULTURAL STABILIZATION AND CONSERVATION SERVICE

Effective May 1, 1985, none of the funds in this or any other Act shall be available to close or relocate any State or county office of the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service.

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE CORPORATION

SUBSCRIPTION TO CAPITAL STOCK

To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to subscribe and pay for capital stock of the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, as provided in section 504(a) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act of 1980 (7 U.S.C. 1504), $50,000,000. 50,000,000

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE CORPORATION FUND

For emergency borrowing authority as authorized by section 516(d) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act, as amended (Public Law

96-365), $113,000,000 shall be available to the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation. $113,000,000 *(authority to borrow)*

[*Total, Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, $163,000,000.*]

Commodity Credit Corporation

REIMBURSEMENT FOR NET REALIZED LOSSES

For an additional amount to reimburse the Commodity Credit Corporation for net realized losses sustained, but not previously reimbursed, pursuant to the Act of August 17, 1961 (15 U.S.C. 713a-11, 713a-12), $3,935,790,000.

None of the funds provided for fiscal year 1985 in this or any other Act shall be available to restrict the authority of the Commodity Credit Corporation to lease space for its own use or to lease space on behalf of other agencies of the Department of Agriculture when such space will be jointly occupied.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the amount appropriated by this Act for the Commodity Credit Corporation, reimbursement for net realized losses, shall be $2,935,790,000. 2,935,790,000 *(authority to borrow)*

Office of Rural Development Policy

Of the funds made available by Public Law 98-473 for the Office of Rural Development Policy, $209,000 shall remain available until September 30, 1986.

Farmers Home Administration

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $17,000,000. 17,000,000

LOAN PROGRAMS

Effective November 12, 1983, and thereafter, upon request of the borrower, the interest rate charged by the Farmers Home Administration to housing, farm, water and waste disposal, and community facility borrowers shall be the lower of the rates in effect at either the time of loan approval or loan closing and any Farmers Home Administration grant funds associated with such loans shall be set in amount based on the interest rate in effect at the time of loan approval.

Food and Nutrition Service

CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAMS

Upon request to the Secretary of Agriculture, any school district receiving all cash or all letters of credit in lieu of commodities under the school lunch program on January 1, 1985, shall continue to receive all cash in lieu of commodities or all letters of credit in lieu of commodities through December 31, 1985. Such school districts shall receive bonus commodities in the same manner as such commodities are made available to any other school district participating in the school lunch program.

FOOD STAMP PROGRAM

For an additional amount for "Food stamp program", $318,856,000: *Provided,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law, the provisions of subsections (f) and (i) of section 3 and section 10 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, concerning private, 318,856,000 nonprofit drug addiction or alcohol treatment and rehabilitation programs, shall henceforth also be applicable to publicly operated community health centers.

TEMPORARY EMERGENCY FOOD ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

For necessary expenses for States and local agencies to carry out the distribution of surplus commodities under the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note), $7,000,000 to remain available through March 31, 1986: *Provided*, That the Secretary of Agriculture shall review the reported condition of the "street people" and other disadvantaged people in cities and counties throughout the Nation, including those reported in Tunica County, Mississippi, and report to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations his recommendations for correcting or improving the situation which exists. $7,000,000

NATIONAL COMMODITY PROCESSING PROGRAM

Notwithstanding section 212 of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note), section 203 of such Act shall remain in effect through June 30, 1986.

Foreign Agricultural Service

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $100,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −100,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total Chapter I:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority (net)*	*$3,468,772,000.*]
[*Appropriations*	*421,766,000.*]
[*Authority to Borrow*	*3,048,790,000.*]
[*Rescissions*	*−1,784,000.*]
[*By transfer from P.L. 98-473*	*700,000.*]

CHAPTER II

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

General Administration

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $992,000, to remain available until expended. 992,000

Of available funds under this head, $499,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −499,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, General Administration (net), $493,000.*]

Bureau of the Census

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $241,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −241,000 *(rescission)*

ECONOMIC AND STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $433,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

– $433,000
(rescission)

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $120,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

–120,000
(rescission)

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

For an additional amount for "Economic development assistance programs", $30,730,000, to remain available until expended, of which $15,000,000 is for a grant to Thayer School of Engineering in Hanover, New Hampshire, for construction, renovation and related costs for facilities for its model interdisciplinary engineering program; $5,730,000 is for a grant to the city of Columbia, South Carolina, to assist in the completion of the relocation and consolidation of railroad tracks; and $10,000,000 is for a grant to the Oregon Health Sciences University Hospital in Portland, Oregon, for the south wing rehabilitation project.

30,730,000

[*Total, Economic Development Administration (net), $30,610,000.*]

INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION

PARTICIPATION IN UNITED STATES EXPOSITIONS

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $6,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

–6,000
(rescission)

MINORITY BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

MINORITY BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $305,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

–305,000
(rescission)

UNITED STATES TRAVEL AND TOURISM ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $468,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

–468,000
(rescission)

NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

OPERATIONS, RESEARCH, AND FACILITIES

For an additional amount for "Operations, research, and facilities", $126,100,000, to remain available until expended.

126,100,000

FISHERMEN'S CONTINGENCY FUND

For an additional amount for "Fishermen's Contingency Fund", $500,000, for carrying out the provisions of title IV of Public Law 95-372, as amended, to be derived from receipts collected pursuant to that Act, to remain available until expended. $500,000

FISHERMEN'S GUARANTY FUND

For an additional amount for "Fishermen's Guaranty Fund", $2,500,000, to be derived from the general fund of the Treasury. 2,500,000

FEDERAL SHIP FINANCING FUND, FISHING VESSELS

For necessary expenses of the "Federal Ship Financing Fund, Fishing vessels", $20,700,000, to remain available until expended together with such sums as may be necessary for the payment of interest, for payment to the Secretary of the Treasury for debt reduction. 25,104,000 −20,700,000 *(debt reduction)*

[Total, Federal Ship Financing Fund, Fishing Vessels (net), $4,404,000.]

[Total, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (net), $133,504,000.]

PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $1,472,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −1,472,000 *(rescission)*

NATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $183,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −183,000 *(rescission)*

PUBLIC TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITIES, PLANNING, AND CONSTRUCTION

(RESCISSION)

Of the funds made available under this head, $32,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −32,000 *(rescission)*

[Total, National Telecommunications and Information Administration (net), −$215,000.]

NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS

SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL RESEARCH AND SERVICES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $500,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −500,000 *(rescission)*

[Total, Department of Commerce:

[New budget (obligational) authority (net)	*$160,967,000.]*
[Rescissions	*−4,259,000.]*
[Debt reduction	*−20,700,000.]*

RELATED AGENCIES

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Maritime Administration

OPERATIONS AND TRAINING

(DISAPPROVAL OF DEFERRAL)

The Congress disapproves the proposed deferral D85-54 relating to the Department of Transportation, Maritime Administration, "Operations and Training" as set forth in the message of February 6, 1985, which was transmitted to the Congress by the President.

$8,500,000 (deferral disapproval)

Federal Communications Commission

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Federal Communications Commission is authorized to expend such funds as may be required in fiscal years 1986 and 1987 out of appropriations for fiscal years 1986 and 1987 for the Federal Communications Commission, not to exceed $5,000,000, to relocate its Fort Lauderdale, Florida, Monitoring Station within the State of Florida, to include all necessary expenses such as options to purchase land, acquisition of land, lease-back of the present monitoring station pending acquisition and construction of a new monitoring station, architectural and engineering services, construction of a new monitoring station and related facilities, moving expenses, and all other costs associated with the relocation of the monitoring station and personnel.

The Federal Communications Commission shall promptly declare the present monitoring station (including land and structures which will not be relocated) excess to the General Services Administration for disposition. Notwithstanding sections 203 and 204 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended, the General Services Administration shall sell such property and structures on an expedited basis, including provisions for lease-back as required, and shall compensate the Commission from the proceeds of the sale all costs associated with the relocation of the Fort Lauderdale Monitoring Station to another location, not to exceed $5,000,000.

Any excess funds received by the General Services Administration from the sale of the present property, less any funds reimbursed to the Federal Communications Commission, and less normal and reasonable charges by the General Services Administration for costs associated with the sale of the present property, shall be deposited to the general fund of the Treasury.

The authority under this Act with respect to the relocation of the Fort Lauderdale Monitoring Station shall (1) extend through fiscal year 1987, and (2) be in addition to any limits on expenditures for land and structures specified in the Commission's appropriation for fiscal years 1986 and 1987.

Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding paragraphs under this head regarding relocation of the Fort Lauderdale, Florida, Monitoring Station, the Federal Communications Commission and the General Services Administration shall not take any action pursuant to such paragraphs committing funds for any purpose or disposing of the Federal lands and facilities for such station until the Chairman of the Commission and the General Administrator of the Administration shall (1) jointly prepare and submit to the Committees on Appropriations, the Committee on Energy and Commerce and the Committee on Government Operations of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate, a letter or other document setting forth in detail provisions and procedures for such acquisition, construction, and disposition which reasonably carry out the provisions of these paragraphs expeditiously, but will not disrupt or defer any programs or regulatory activities of the Commission or adversely affect any employee of the Commission (other than those at the Monitoring Station who may be required to transfer to another location) through the use of appropriations for the Commission in fiscal years 1986 and 1987, and (2) wait a minimum of 30 calendar days for review by such Committees. Any reimbursed funds received by the Commission from the Administration pursuant to these paragraphs shall remain available until expended.

Federal Trade Commission

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and Expenses", $3,811,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986. $3,811,000

Small Business Administration

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $27,601,000 are rescinded. −27,601,000 *(rescission)*

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for "Salaries and Expenses", $2,400,000 for disaster loan making and servicing activities to be derived by transfer from the "Disaster Loan Fund". *2,400,000 (by transfer)*

BUSINESS LOAN AND INVESTMENT FUND

For additional capital for the "Business Loan and Investment Fund", $27,601,000, to remain available without fiscal year limitation. 27,601,000

[*Total, related agencies (net), $3,811,000.*]

[*Total, Department of Commerce and related agencies:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority (net)..... $164,778,000.*]
[*Rescissions .... −31,860,000.*]
[*Debt reduction .... −20,700,000.*]
[*Deferral disapproval .... (8,500,000).*]
[*By transfer .... (2,400,000).*]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

General Administration

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $166,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −166,000 *(rescission)*

UNITED STATES PAROLE COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and Expenses", $100,000.

$100,000

LEGAL ACTIVITIES

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, GENERAL LEGAL ACTIVITIES

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, general legal activities", $574,000.

574,000

Of available funds under this head, $470,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

−470,000
(rescission)

[*Total, salaries and expenses, general legal activities (net), $104,000.*]

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, ANTITRUST DIVISION

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $65,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

−65,000
(rescission)

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS AND MARSHALS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS AND RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Salaries and Expenses, United States Attorneys and Marshals", $12,103,000, and in addition $3,000,000 to be derived by transfer from the "Working Capital Fund", both amounts to remain available until September 30, 1986.

12,103,000
3,000,000
(by transfer)

Of available funds under this head, $889,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

−889,000
(rescission)

[*Total, salaries and expenses, U.S. attorneys and marshals (net), $11,214,000.*]

SUPPORT OF UNITED STATES PRISONERS

In Public Law 98-411 delete the appropriation language under the heading "Support of United States Prisoners" and substitute the following:

For support of United States prisoners in non-Federal institutions, $53,240,000; and in addition, $10,000,000 shall be available under the Cooperative Agreement Program for the purposes of renovating, constructing, and equipping State and local correctional facilities: *Provided,* That amounts made available for constructing any local correctional facility shall not exceed the cost of constructing space for the average Federal prisoner population to be housed in the facility, or in other facilities in the same correctional system, as projected by the Attorney General: *Provided further,* That following agreement on or completion of any federally assisted correctional facility construction, the availability of the space acquired for Federal prisoners with these Federal funds shall be assured and the per diem rate charged for housing Federal prisoners in the assured space shall not exceed operating costs for the period of time specified in the cooperative agreement.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF WITNESSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS AND RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Fees and expenses of witnesses", $800,000, and in addition, $1,500,000 to be derived by transfer from the Support of United States Prisoners: *Provided,* That of the

800,000
1,500,000
(by transfer)

amount appropriated under the above head for fiscal year 1985, not to exceed $850,000 shall be available for planning, construction, renovation, and repair of buildings for protected witness facilities: *Provided further,* That restitution of not to exceed $25,000 shall be paid to the estate of victims killed as a result of crimes committed by persons who have been enrolled in the Federal witness protection program if such crimes were committed within two years after protection was terminated, notwithstanding any limitations contained in part (a) of section 3525 of title 18 of the United States Code.

Of available funds under this head, $309,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. –$309,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, fees and expenses of witnesses (net), $491,000.*]

ASSETS FORFEITURE FUND

For expenses authorized by 28 U.S.C. 524, as amended by the Comprehensive Forfeiture Act of 1984, such sums as may be necessary to be derived from the Department of Justice Assets Forfeiture Fund: *Provided,* That in the aggregate, not to exceed $5,000,000 5,000,000 shall be available for expenses authorized by subsections (c)(1)(B), (c)(1)(E), and (c)(1)(F) of that section.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, COMMUNITY RELATIONS SERVICE

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $43,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. –43,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, Legal Activities:*
[*New budget (obligational) authority (net)..... $16,701,000.*]
[*Rescissions .... –1,776,000.*]
[*By transfer............ 4,500,000.*]

INTERAGENCY LAW ENFORCEMENT

ORGANIZED CRIME DRUG ENFORCEMENT

For an additional amount for "Organized Crime Drug Enforcement", $635,000. 635,000

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $1,500,000: 1,500,000 *Provided,* That $10,000,000 provided in Public Law 98-166 for the relocation of the Washington field office within the District of Columbia shall remain available until September 30, 1986.

Of available funds under this head, $3,505,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. –3,505,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, Federal Bureau of Investigation (net), –$2,005,000.*]

DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $20,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986. 20,000,000

Of available funds under this head, $876,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. –876,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, Drug Enforcement Administration (net), $19,124,000.*]

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

The appropriation under the heading "Salaries and expenses" in Public Law 98-411 is amended by inserting the following before ": *Provided*": "and of which not to exceed $6,586,000 for construction shall remain available until September 30, 1987".

Of available funds under this head, $947,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −$947,000 *(rescission)*

FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS AND RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", Federal Prison System, $900,000, and in addition, $2,183,000 to be derived by transfer from "Support of United States Prisoners". 900,000 *2,183,000* *(by transfer)*

Of available funds under this head, $451,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −451,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, salaries and expenses (net), $449,000.*]

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $13,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −13,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, Federal Prison System (net), $436,000.*]

OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS

JUSTICE ASSISTANCE

Of the unobligated funds available under the "Justice assistance" account for the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act, $800,000 shall be made available for Emergency Federal Law Enforcement Assistance authorized by Public Law 98-473, notwithstanding the provisions of sections 222(b), 223(b), and 228(e) of title I of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act, as amended.

[*Total, Department of Justice:*
[*New budget (obligational) authority (net)* ..... *$33,878,000.*]
[*Rescissions* ..... *−7,734,000.*]
[*By transfer* ..... *6,683,000.*]

LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION [1]

PAYMENT TO THE LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

For an additional amount for "Payment to the Legal Services Corporation" for a grant for the establishment of the Gillis W. Long Poverty Law Center at the Loyola University School of Law in New Orleans, $4,000,000, to remain available until expended. 4,000,000

For an additional amount for a grant for the establishment of a clinical program to supplement the services of local Legal Services grantees at Drake University School of Law in Des Moines, Iowa, $4,000,000, to remain available until expended. 4,000,000

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[1] Included in totals for "Related Agencies," p. 20.

The purpose of the above grants is to fund two University Centers which will provide legal clinics to supplement the civil legal services of Legal Services Corporation grantees, demonstrate how such legal clinics can be operated to benefit both law students and recipients, and conduct continuing legal education courses and seminars to encourage and prepare practicing attorneys for pro bono services. Under each such clinical program, no recipient shall receive legal services who would be disqualified by law or regulation from receiving such service from a Legal Services Corporation grantee.

$3,000,000 of each such grant shall be available to the governing body of the University to establish an endowment fund to provide income to support such a program on a continuing basis. Such endowment shall be held in a trust which dedicates the income exclusively to fulfilling the purposes above stated and shall be subject to audit by the General Accounting Office for the sole purpose of determining that all funds have been accounted for or used for such purposes. If either such grantee elects to discontinue the program established under this section, the corpus of the endowment trust shall revert to the Treasury of the United States and the document accepting the grant shall provide for such reversion.

The balance of the funds in each grant shall be made available to the grantee for facilities, equipment, and other costs actually incurred in establishing such a clinical program, and the application for the grant shall require only such information and supporting material as is reasonably necessary to assure that such funds will be used exclusively for the purposes described herein.

[*Total, Legal Services Corporation, $8,000,000.*]

RELATED AGENCIES

COMMISSION ON THE BICENTENNIAL OF THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Commission on the Bicentennial of the United States Constitution, authorized by Public Law 98-101 (97 Stat. 719-723), $331,000 to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That the Department of Justice shall be reimbursed for all salaries and other expenses incurred by the Department directly related to the establishment of the Commission. $331,000

COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

In the appropriation language under the above head in Public Law 98-411, the amounts earmarked are revised as follows: hearings, legal analysis and legal services are increased to $2,063,000; publications preparation and dissemination is decreased to $747,000; Federal evaluation is decreased to $1,011,000; and, the clearinghouse library is decreased to $397,000.

LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

PAYMENT TO THE LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

Effective January 1, 1985, the twelfth proviso under this head in Public Law 98-166 relating to compensation of members of the Board of Directors of the Legal Services Corporation is amended by inserting "and for other official purposes" immediately following "to attend Board meetings". In addition, the exception contained in the first proviso under this head in Public Law 98-411 is amended by inserting after "except that" the following: "beginning after December 31, 1984, the proviso relating to the compensation of the Board of Directors of the Legal Services Corporation in Public Law 98-166 is amended by inserting 'and for other official purposes' immediately following 'to attend Board meetings';".

[*Total, related agencies, $8,331,000.*]

[*Total, Department of Justice and related agencies:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority (net)*	*$42,209,000.*]
[*Rescission*	*−7,734,000.*]
[*By transfer*	*6,683,000.*]

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS AND RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Salaries and Expenses", $73,342,000, and in addition, $12,781,000 to be derived by transfer from "Contributions to International Organizations", to remain available until September 30, 1986: *Provided,* That the Secretary of State shall report to the appropriate committees in Congress on the obligation of security funds every 30 days from the date of enactment of this Act $73,342,000 *12,781,000 (by transfer)*

Of available funds under this head, $2,432,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −2,432,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, salaries and expenses (net), $70,910,000.*]

ACQUISITION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE OF BUILDINGS ABROAD

For an additional amount for "Acquisition, Operation, and Maintenance of Buildings Abroad", $167,579,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law— 167,579,000

(a) The Secretary of State shall not permit the Soviet Union to occupy the new chancery building at its new embassy complex in Washington, District of Columbia, or any other new facilities in the Washington, District of Columbia metropolitan area, if the Soviet Union fails to provide prompt and full reimbursement to the United States for damages incurred as a result of the construction of the new United States Embassy in Moscow, in an amount to be determined by agreement between the United States and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics or in the event of disagreement by the decision of an international arbitral tribunal as created pursuant to the contract for construction between the United States and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

(b) Within 30 days after the enactment of this Act the Secretary of State shall initiate actions to begin the international arbitration process, which is provided for in the embassy construction agreement between the United States and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, in order to resolve all United States claims against the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics for damages arising from delays in the construction of the new United States Embassy complex in Moscow.

(c) In the event the amount of reimbursement provided to the United States under paragraph (a) by the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics is less than the amount of funds expended from this account for damages arising from delays at the site of the new United States Embassy complex in Moscow that are determined by the Secretary of State to be the responsibility of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the Secretary of State shall submit to the Appropriations Committees of the House of Representatives and the Senate a detailed report explaining the reasons that the Secretary has accepted such arrangements and the financial costs to the United States of doing so.

(d) The Secretary of State may suspend the restrictions in paragraph (a) in the national security interests of the United States if he certifies to Congress that a substantial number of the claims described therein are settled and that resolution of any remaining claims is proceeding in a satisfactory manner. If the Secretary exercises the authority under this paragraph, he shall report to the Appropriations Committees of the House of Representatives and the Senate every six months concerning progress on resolution of any outstanding claims.

ACQUISITION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE OF BUILDINGS ABROAD

(SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For an additional amount for "Acquisition, Operation, and Maintenance of Buildings Abroad (Special Foreign Currency Program)", $2,000,000, to remain available until expended. $2,000,000

EMERGENCIES IN THE DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE

For an additional amount for "Emergencies in the Diplomatic and Consular Service", $1,000,000, to remain available until expended, for rewards for information concerning terrorist acts in accordance with section 86, State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956, as amended (Public Law 98-533). 1,000,000

PAYMENT TO THE FOREIGN SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

For an additional amount for "Payment to the Foreign Service retirement and disability fund", $5,399,000. 5,399,000

[*Total, Administration of Foreign Affairs:*
[*New budget (obligational) authority (net)*..... *$246,888,000.*]
[*Rescission*..... *−2,432,000.*]
[*By transfer*..... *12,781,000.*]

INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS

INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES COMMISSIONS

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for "International Fisheries Commissions", $1,200,000, to be derived by transfer from "Contributions to International Organizations". *1,200,000 (by transfer)*

OTHER

FISHERMEN'S PROTECTIVE FUND

For expenses necessary to carry out provisions of the Fishermen's Protective Act of 1967 as amended, $1,000,000, to remain available until expended. $1,000,000

[*Total, Department of State:*
[*New budget (obligational) authority (net)* ..... *$247,888,000.*]
[*Rescission* ..... *−2,432,000.*]
[*By transfer* ..... *13,981,000.*]

RELATED AGENCIES

ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT AGENCY

ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT ACTIVITIES

For an additional amount for "Arms Control and Disarmament Activities", $4,134,000. Of the amounts appropriated for the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency for fiscal year 1985, not to exceed an additional $10,000 shall be available for official reception and representation expenses. 4,134,000

BOARD FOR INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING

GRANTS AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for the Board for International Broadcasting, "Grants and Expenses", $13,753,000: *Provided,* That notwithstanding section 8(b) of the Board for International Broadcasting Act of 1973, as amended, the amounts placed in reserve, or which would be placed in reserve, in fiscal year 1985 pursuant to that section, shall be available to the Board for carrying out that Act until September 30, 1986, of which (1) $4,900,000 shall be for the purpose of upgrading the pension benefits of pre-1976 Radio Free Europe/Radio Liberty retirees and widows; (2) $2,275,000 shall be used for upgrading the security of RFE/RL installations; and (3) the balance shall be applied toward the capital modernization plan. 13,753,000

The appropriation under this head in Public Law 98–411 is amended by striking ": *Provided*" through "vacant".

COMMISSION ON SECURITY AND COOPERATION IN EUROPE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $75,000, to remain available until expended. 75,000

UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $2,879,000 are rescinded. −2,879,000 *(rescission)*

EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL EXCHANGE PROGRAMS

Of the funds made available under this head in Public Law 98–411, $3,800,000 for the pilot Central American Undergraduate Scholarship program shall remain available until September 30, 1986; and for an additional amount under this head, $9,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986. 9,000,000

For an additional amount under this head to promote the development of an independent media service by the Afghan people and to provide for the training of Afghans in media and media-related fields, $500,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986: *Provided*, That the Director, with the Secretary of State, shall report to the appropriate committees of Congress on the obligation of these funds 60 days from the date of enactment of this Act. $500,000

For the Private Sector Exchange Programs, an additional $500,000 is provided, to remain available until expended, for the model Chinese-American Development Student Exchange Program at Tufts University as authorized by the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act, as amended (22 U.S.C. 2451 et seq.). 500,000

[*Total, Educational and Cultural Exchange Programs, $10,000,000.*]

ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF RADIO FACILITIES

For an additional amount for "Acquisition and Construction of Radio Facilities", $6,648,000, to remain available until expended. 6,648,000

[*Total, United States Information Agency (net), $13,769,000.*]

[*Total, related agencies (net), $31,731,000.*]

[*Total, Department of State and related agencies:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority (net)*	*$279,619,000.*]
[*Rescissions*	*−5,311,000.*]
[*By transfer*	*13,981,000.*]

THE JUDICIARY

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

CARE OF THE BUILDING AND GROUNDS

Funds appropriated under this head in the Second Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1984 (Public Law 98-396), for the installation of security systems, shall be made available also for the acquisition and installation of additional communications equipment by the Office of the Marshal, Supreme Court of the United States: *Provided*, That said equipment shall be under the jurisdiction of and maintained by the Office of the Marshal after its installation.

COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES

SALARIES OF JUDGES

For an additional amount for "Salaries of judges", $3,098,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986. 3,098,000

SALARIES OF SUPPORTING PERSONNEL

For an additional amount for "Salaries of supporting personnel", $5,548,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986. 5,548,000

DEFENDER SERVICES

For an additional amount for "Defender services", $21,992,000, to remain available until expended. 21,992,000

FEES OF JURORS AND COMMISSIONERS

For an additional amount for "Fees of jurors and commissioners", $1,700,000, to remain available until expended. 1,700,000

EXPENSES OF OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE COURTS

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Expenses of operation and maintenance of the courts", $13,526,000, of which $11,300,000 is to remain available until expended. $13,526,000

Of available funds under this head, $4,417,000 are rescinded. −4,417,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, expenses of operation and maintenance of the courts (net), $9,109,000.*]

SPACE AND FACILITIES

For an additional amount for "Space and facilities", $2,384,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986. 2,384,000

COURT SECURITY

For an additional amount for "Court security", $1,492,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986. 1,492,000

[*Total, Courts of Appeals, District Courts and Other Judicial Services (net), $45,323,000.*]

Administrative Office of the United States Courts

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $86,000. 86,000

Federal Judicial Center

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $51,000. 51,000

General Provision

Effective on the first day of the first applicable pay period commencing on or after January 1, 1985, each rate of pay subject to adjustment by section 461 of title 28, United States Code, shall be increased by an amount, rounded to the nearest multiple of $100 (or if midway between multiples of $100, to the next higher multiple of $100), equal to the overall percentage of the adjustment taking effect under section 5305 of title 5, United States Code, in the rates of pay under the General Schedule during fiscal year 1985.

RELATED AGENCY

United States Sentencing Commission

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For the salaries and expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of chapter 58 of title 28, United States Code, $2,350,000, to remain available until expended. 2,350,000

[*Total, The Judiciary (net), $47,810,000.*]

[*Total, Chapter II:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority (net)*	*$534,416,000.*]
[*Appropriation*	*604,438,000.*]
[*Rescission*	*−49,322,000.*]
[*Debt reduction*	*−20,700,000.*]
[*Deferral disapproval*	*8,500,000.*]
[*By transfer*	*23,064,000.*]

CHAPTER III

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY

Operation and Maintenance

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY

From funds previously appropriated and made available under this heading in other Appropriation Acts, the Secretary of the Navy may make payments of not to exceed $1,500,000 for expenses of the Commission on Merchant Marine and Defense as authorized in section 1536 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-525).

Procurement

AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, NAVY

Of the amount available to the Department of Defense within the "Aircraft Procurement, Navy, 1983/1985" ($129,000,000); "Aircraft Procurement, Navy, 1984/1986" ($21,200,000); and "Aircraft Procurement, Navy, 1985/1987" ($89,800,000) appropriations, $240,000,000 shall be available for the modification of A-6E aircraft.

SHIPBUILDING AND CONVERSION, NAVY

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Of the amounts available to the Department of Defense within "Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy, 1981/1985", $6,240,000 shall be transferred to the United States Coast Guard, "Acquisition, construction, and improvements", for polar icebreaker repair. *$6,240,000 (by transfer out)*

ENHANCED SECURITY COUNTERMEASURES CAPABILITIES

To the Director of Central Intelligence, for the enhancement of security countermeasures capabilities, $35,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986, to be allocated by the Director of Central Intelligence among the National Security Agency, the Central Intelligence Agency, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Department of State, and any other agency that the Director of Central Intelligence may determine, such funds to be expended exclusively for the purpose of improving security countermeasures capabilities at United States Embassies and other facilities abroad in accordance with a plan to be developed by the Director of Central Intelligence in conjunction with the National Security Agency, the Central Intelligence Agency, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Department of State, the National Security Council and any other agency that the Director of Central Intelligence may determine and submitted to the Appropriations and Intelligence Committees of the Congress by September 1, 1985. 35,000,000

General Provisions

Funds made available for the Civil Air Patrol pursuant to section 8089 of the Department of Defense Appropriation Act of 1985 (Public Law 98-473) may be used to reimburse the Civil Air Patrol for costs incurred in procuring such major items of equipment as the Secretary of the Air Force considers needed by the Civil Air Patrol to carry out its missions.

Section 8091 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1985 (as contained in section 101(h) of Public Law 98-473; 98 Stat. 1940) is amended by striking out "On or after June 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "After September 30, 1985".

In lieu of section 8070 of Public Law 98-473 (98 Stat. 1938), insert the following:

"SEC. 8070. None of the funds available to the Department of Defense during the current fiscal year may be used to enter into any contract with a term of eighteen months or more or to extend or renew any contract for a term of eighteen months or more, for any vessel, aircraft or vehicles, through a lease, charter, or similar agreement without previously having been submitted to Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate in the budgetary process. Further, any contractual agreement which imposes an estimated termination liability (excluding the estimated value of the leased item at the time of termination) on the Government exceeding 50 per centum of the original purchase value of the vessel, aircraft, or vehicle must have specific authority in an appropriation Act for the obligation of 10 per centum of such termination liability.".

None of the funds available to the Department of the Navy may be used to enter into any contract for the overhaul, repair or maintenance of any naval vessel which includes charges for interport differential as an evaluation factor for award.

[*Total, Chapter III, new budget (obligational) authority, $35,000,000.*]

CHAPTER IV

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

CORPS OF ENGINEERS—CIVIL

For an additional amount for the prosecution of river and harbor, flood control, shore protection, and related projects authorized by laws; and detailed studies, and plans and specifications, of projects (including those for development with participation or under consideration for participation by State, local governments, or private groups) authorized or made available for selection by law (but such studies shall not constitute a commitment of the Government to construction), to remain available until expended, $48,000,000 for $48,000,000
"Construction, general" and $800,000 for "Flood control, Mississippi 800,000
River and Tributaries, Arkansas, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, and Tennessee"; of which $7,800,000 shall be derived from the Inland Waterways Trust Fund; except that the Secretary of the Army acting through the Chief of Engineers is authorized and directed to proceed with planning, design, engineering, and construction of the following projects substantially in accordance with the individual report describing such project as reflected in the Joint Explanatory Statement of the Committee of Conference accompanying the Conference Report for H.R. 2577: Ardsley, New York; Atchafalaya Basin Floodway System, Louisiana; Baltimore Harbor and Channels, Maryland and Virginia; Barnegat Inlet, New Jersey; Bassett, Creek, Minnesota; Bonneville Navigation Lock, Oregon and Washington; Clear Creek, Texas; Cleveland Harbor, Ohio; Colorado River and tributaries, Boggy Creek at Austin, Texas; Cowanesque Lake, Pennsylvania; Dade County, Florida (north of Haulover Beach Park); Des Moines Recreational River and Greenbelt, Iowa; Eight Mile Creek, Arkansas; Ellicott Creek, New York; Fairfield Vicinity Streams, California; Freeport Harbor, including relocation of North Jetty, Texas; Gallipolis Locks and Dams, Ohio and West Virginia; Geneva-on-the-Lake, Ohio; Gulfport Harbor, Mississippi; Jonesport Harbor, Maine; Kahoma Stream, Hawaii; Kill Van Kull Channel, Newark Bay Channel, New York

and New Jersey; Liberty State Park Levee and Seawall, New Jersey; Little Dell Lake, Utah; Locks and Dam 26, Illinois and Missouri (Second Lock), including environmental management along the Upper Mississippi River Basin; Merced County Streams, California; Mississippi River Ship Channel, Gulf to Baton Rouge, Louisiana; Missouri National Recreational River, Nebraska and South Dakota; Mobile Harbor, Alabama; Moriches Inlet, New York; Norfolk Harbor, Virginia; Parker Lake, Oklahoma; Pearl River, Slidell, St. Tammany Parish, Louisiana; Port Ontario Harbor, New York; Richmond Harbor, California; Richmond local protection project, Virginia; Sacramento River Deep Water Ship Channel, California; Savannah Harbor Widening, Georgia; Tampa Harbor Branch Channels, including East Bay Channel maintenance, Florida; Virginia Beach Streams, Canal No. 2, Virginia; William Bacon Oliver Lock and Dam, Alabama: *Provided*, That none of the funds herein appropriated may be expended to undertake such projects except under terms and conditions acceptable to the Secretary of the Army (or under terms and conditions provided for in subsequent legislation when enacted into law) as shall be set forth in binding agreements with non-Federal entities desiring to participate in project construction. Each such agreement shall include a statement that the non-Federal entities are capable of and willing to participate in project cost-sharing and financing in accordance with terms of the agreement. At such time as the Secretary has executed a formal binding agreement and has determined that the non-Federal entities' financing plan demonstrates a reasonable likelihood of the non-Federal entities' ability to satisfy the terms and conditions of the agreement, the Secretary shall initiate construction at a project in accordance with such agreement: *Provided further*, That the funds appropriated herein shall lapse on June 30, 1986, if the agreement required herein for that project has not been executed: *Provided further*, That where construction of a comprehensive project for flood control and improvement of a multi-State region described in this paragraph has commenced prior to the date of enactment of this Act, new or additional non-Federal cost-sharing shall not be required for any part of such comprehensive project, and where construction of such a project has begun prior to the date of enactment of this Act, all elements or features of the comprehensive project shall be considered to be part of that project: *Provided further*, That the initiation of inland waterways projects identified for planning, design, engineering, and construction in this Act may be funded from sums available in the Inland Waterways Trust Fund, established by the Inland Waterways Revenue Act of 1978 (title II of Public Law 95–502) notwithstanding the second sentence of section 204 of such Act. Notwithstanding any other provision of law (including any other provision of this Act), initiation of construction with respect to any project referred to in this paragraph shall be subject to subsequent enactment of legislation specifying the requirements of local cooperation for water resources development projects under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Army and where appropriate, to enactment of needed authorizing legislation; except that this sentence shall not apply after May 15, 1986.

GENERAL INVESTIGATIONS

For an additional amount for "General Investigations", to remain available until expended, $1,200,000 with which the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, is directed to undertake studies of the Buffalo Harbor, New York; St. Petersburg Harbor, Florida; Tangier Island, Virginia; South Kohala water supply, Hawaii; West Onslow Beach and New River Inlet, North Carolina; Meredosia, Willow Creek, and Coon Run Drainage and $1,200,000

Levee District, Illinois (AE&D); and a reconnaissance study of the feasibility of making the Wabash River navigable under the authorized Wabash River Basin Comprehensive Study; and in addition, the Secretary of the Army is directed to proceed with the feasibility phase of the Brunswick Harbor, Georgia, study and the South Metropolitan Atlanta Region, Georgia study at full Federal expense, using funds made available in Public Law 98–360.

CONSTRUCTION, GENERAL

For an additional amount for "Construction, General", to remain
available until expended, $7,500,000 for the construction, at full $7,500,000
Federal expense, of facilities at the Mill Creek recreation area of the Tioga-Hammond Lakes project in Pennsylvania which would typically be cost shared, making a special effort to adapt such authorized facilities to the specific needs of the handicapped, provided that local interests develop specialized facilities to include buildings, lodges, demonstration centers, and non-water oriented equipment, and accept full responsibility for operation and maintenance of the entire recreation area which must be made available to the general public: *Provided,* That the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, is authorized and directed to utilize funds heretofore appropriated for Construction, General to carry out engineering and design and acquisition of land for Gallipolis Locks and Dam, Ohio and West Virginia; Locks and Dam 26, Illinois and Missouri Second Lock; Monongahela River, Grays Landing (Lock No. 7), Pennsylvania; Monongahela River, Point Marion (Lock No. 8), Pennsylvania and West Virginia; William Bacon Oliver Lock and Dam, Alabama; Bonneville Navigation Lock, including necessary relocations, Oregon and Washington; and Winfield Lock and Dam,
West Virginia; and in addition, $15,000,000 to remain available until 15,000,000
expended, for construction of the main dam of the Elk Creek Lake, Rogue River Basin, Oregon project as authorized by the River and Harbor and Flood Control Act of 1962, Public Law 87–874.

[*Total, Construction, General, $22,500,000.*]

FLOOD CONTROL AND COASTAL EMERGENCIES

For an additional amount for "Flood Control and Coastal Emergencies", $25,000,000, to remain available until expended. 25,000,000

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, GENERAL

For an additional amount for "Operation and Maintenance, General", to remain available until expended, $2,600,000 with which the 2,600,000
Corps of Engineers is directed to construct recreation facilities (including a recreation lake) at Sepulveda Dam, California.

Within available funds, the Secretary of the Army is directed to use $400,000 to operate and maintain additional streambank stabilization structures in accordance with section 707 of Public Law 95–625.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

The Secretary of the Army is directed to construct recreation facilities at the Ouachita and Black Rivers, Arkansas and Louisiana; New Melones Lake, California; Saylorville Lake, Iowa; Copan Lake, Oklahoma; and Sardis Lake, Oklahoma, projects at full Federal expense, in accordance with Public Law 98–360 (H. Rept. 98–866) using funds heretofore or hereafter provided.

Within available funds, the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, is authorized and directed to perform necessary channel and associated work in connection with the Turtle Creek, Pennsylvania, local protection project; and shall take such action as may be necessary to remove accumulated snags and other debris blocking the channel of the Hatchie River and its tributaries in the vicinity of Bridge Creek and the Little Hatchie River in Mississippi; and shall take such action as may be necessary to perform necessary channel and associated work in connection with the Glencoe, Alabama, flood control project.

Notwithstanding any existing agreement, within funds otherwise available for the Yazoo Basin, the Corps of Engineers is directed to operate and maintain the McKinney Bayou Pumping Plant in accordance with the provisions of Public Law 678 of the Seventy-fourth Congress, approved June 15, 1936, as amended by Public Law 526 of the Seventy-ninth Congress, approved July 24, 1946, effective after the date of enactment of this Act.

Section 105 of Public Law 98-360 is amended by striking the words "at a cost not to exceed $450,000", and inserting in lieu thereof, the words "at an estimated cost of $735,000".

The Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, is directed to construct the beach erosion control project for Langdon Park, Wilmette, Illinois, under the authority of section 103 of the River and Harbor Act of 1962, as amended, and in accordance with the cost-sharing provisions in the Final Detailed Project Report, dated September 1983, at a total estimated cost of $270,000.

Section 14 of the Act of March 3, 1899 (30 Stat. 1152; 33 U.S.C. 408), is amended by inserting a colon in place of the period at the end of the section and inserting thereafter: "*Provided further,* That the Secretary may, on the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers, grant permission for the alteration or permanent occupation or use of any of the aforementioned public works when in the judgment of the Secretary such occupation or use will not be injurious to the public interest and will not impair the usefulness of such work."

The Secretary of the Army is directed to initiate Continuation of Planning and Engineering studies for the Maumee Bay State Park, Ohio, project at full Federal expense, using funds made available in Public Law 98-360.

The Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, shall grant, within ninety days of enactment of this Act, to the University of Alabama at Huntsville the funds appropriated to the Secretary of the Army pursuant to title I of Public Law 98-50 for the design and construction of a Corps of Engineers learning facility at Huntsville, Alabama. This grant shall be made to the University of Alabama at Huntsville subject to the conditions that the University will convey the grant funds to the Chief of Engineers to design and construct the learning facility on lands owned by the University of Alabama and the completed facility is to be owned and maintained by the University and be operated by the University and the Corps as a joint use facility, all according to such specifications, terms, and cost sharing arrangements for operation and maintenance as the University of Alabama at Huntsville and the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, may agree. The Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, shall report to the Committees on Appropriations of the United States House of Representatives and the United States Senate on a monthly basis on the status of the required agreements and the construction of the learning facility until such time as the facility is constructed and operational at the University of Alabama at Huntsville.

The authorization for the Sardis Lake project, Oklahoma, contained in section 203 of the Flood Control Act of 1962, as amended by section 108 of the Energy and Water Development Appropriation Act of 1982 is hereby amended to authorize and direct the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, to plan, design, and construct access road improvements to the existing road from the west end of Sardis Lake to Daisy, Oklahoma, at an estimated Federal cost of $10,000,000 and the State or political subdivision shall agree to operate and maintain said facilities at their own expense.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, is hereby authorized to enter into a purchase contract for the acquisition of new buildings and appurtenant facilities for the United States Army Engineer District, Walla Walla, Washington. Such buildings and facilities shall be constructed on a suitable site in the Walla Walla, Washington area, which the Chief of Engineers is authorized to acquire for that purpose. The contract shall provide for the payment of the purchase price, which shall not exceed $12,000,000, and reasonable interest thereon, by lease or installment payments over a period not to exceed 25 years. The contract shall further provide that the title to the building and facilities shall vest in the United States at or before the expiration of the contract term upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of the contract.

MOUNTRAIL COUNTY PARK, NORTH DAKOTA

(a) Section 44 of the Water Resources Development Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-251; 88 Stat. 12) is amended by—

(1) adding at the end of subsection (a) the following:

"TRACT NUMBER 4

"A tract of land situated in the south half of the southwest quarter of section 29, township 152 north, range 91 west of the fifth principal meridian, Mountrail County, North Dakota, being more particularly described as follows:

"Commencing at the southwest corner of said section 29, thence south 89 degrees 54 minutes 28 seconds east a distance of 1,170 feet, thence north 00 degrees 06 minutes 00 seconds east a distance of 280 feet to a point of beginning, said point being the northwest corner of lot 4, block 5, of Olsons First Addition, thence north 00 degrees 09 minutes 00 seconds east a distance of 480 feet to the northwest corner of lot 4, block 5, Olsons Second Addition, thence south 89 degrees 57 minutes 00 seconds east a distance of 1,468.9 feet, thence south 00 degrees 09 minutes 00 seconds west, along the east line of Olsons Second Addition a distance of 480 feet, to the north line of said Olsons First Addition, thence north 89 degrees 57 minutes 00 seconds west a distance of 1,468.9 feet to a point of beginning. The area herein described contains 16.19 acres, more or less, and is more commonly referred to as 'Olsons Second Addition'."; and

(2) striking out paragraph (2) of subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(2)(A) Subject to the provisions of subparagraph (B), the lands conveyed pursuant to this section shall be used by the Mountain County Park Commission, Mountrail County, North Dakota, for public park and recreation purposes. If any lands used for public purposes are ever used for any other purpose, title thereto shall revert to, and become the property of, the United States which shall have the right to immediate entry thereof.

"(B) The park commission may designate a portion of the lands conveyed for leasing of cabin sites. The Mountrail County Park Commission shall reimburse the Federal Government for lands so used as the fair market value for such property.".

(b) The Secretary of the Army is authorized to execute and file an amended deed to reflect the amendments made by this section.

TRANSFER OF FEDERAL TOWNSITES

(a)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this Act and notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of the Army shall transfer, without consideration and without warranty of any kind, all rights, title, and interests of the United States in each of the following described lands (including all improvements on such lands) to the municipal corporation serving the inhabitants of such land as soon as possible after the incorporation of such municipal corporation:

(A) The land referred to as Riverdale, North Dakota, consisting of 892 acres, more or less, as depicted on drawing numbered MGR160-2E1, dated November 10, 1981, on file in the office of the district engineer, United States Army Engineer District, Omaha, Nebraska.

(B) The land referred to as Pickstown, South Dakota, consisting of 393 acres, more or less, as depicted on drawing numbered MR315-2E1, dated November 3, 1981, on file in the office of the district engineer, United States Army Engineer District, Omaha, Nebraska.

(C) The land referred to as Fort Peck, Montana, consisting of 571 acres, more or less, as depicted on drawing numbered MFP118-2E1, dated October 15, 1981, on file in the office of the district engineer, United States Army Engineer District, Omaha, Nebraska (other than lands used by the Western Reserve Area Power Administration of the Department of Energy).

(2)(A) The provisions of paragraph (1) shall not require the Secretary of the Army to transfer any rights, title, or interests of the United States in any lands, or any improvements on lands, that the Secretary of the Army determines must be retained by the United States in order to enable the United States Army Corps of Engineers to carry out the duties and responsibilities of the United States Army Corps of Engineers.

(B) Any determination made under subparagraph (A) with respect to any land which (but for subparagraph (A)) would be transferred to a municipal corporation pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1) shall be made by the date that is 30 days after the later of—

(i) date on which such municipal corporation is incorporated, or

(ii) the date of enactment of this Act.

Such determinations shall be published in the Federal Register.

(b) None of the lands described in subsection (a) (including improvements on such lands) may be declared to be excess property (within the meaning of section 3(e) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949).

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no limitations or restrictions (other than those which arise from rights described in subsection (d)) shall apply to the use or disposition of any land (including any improvements on such land) transferred to a municipal corporation pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a).

(d) Nothing herein shall deprive any person (other than the United States) of any right-of-way, mining claim, grazing permit, water right, or other right or interest such person may have in any land transferred pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a).

(e) Upon the request of any municipal corporation described in subsection (a) the Secretary of the Army shall provide assistance to such municipal corporation—

(1) in appraising the land and improvements transferred to such municipal corporation pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a), and

(2) in completing any subsequent transfers of such lands or improvements by such municipal corporation.

(f) Upon the request of any municipal corporation described in subsection (a), the Secretary of the Army shall enter into an agreement with such municipal corporation under which—

(1) the Secretary of the Army will provide maintenance and operational services with respect to the land and improvements transferred to such municipal corporation pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) after the date of such transfer for a period which is not to exceed 3 years, and

(2) such municipal corporation will reimburse the Secretary of the Army for the expenses incurred by the Secretary of the Army after the date of such transfer in providing such services.

The Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, is authorized and directed to construct, operate, and maintain a sediment retention structure near the confluence of the Toutle and Green Rivers, Washington, with such design features and associated downstream actions as are necessary, in accordance with the Feasibility Report of the Chief of Engineers dated December 1984. The total non-Federal contribution toward payment of project costs shall be as set forth in such report.

The Corps of Engineers is authorized and directed to initiate Continuation of Planning and Engineering for the Virginia Beach, Virginia beach erosion and hurricane protection project, using available funds.

From funds available to the Corps of Engineers such sums as may be required shall be made available to complete the recreation facilities on the northern part of the Tennessee-Tombigbee navigation project as described in volume 2, appendix D of the Final Supplement to the Environmental Impact Statement provided to the Environmental Protection Agency and the United States District Court but under the same terms and conditions as those initiated prior to fiscal year 1983.

From Construction, General funds heretofore or herein appropriated, the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, shall pay the judgment and any associated interest, resulting from the decision of the Engineer Board of Contract Appeals in ENG BCA Docket Number 4815 (April 16, 1985), notwithstanding the limitation on allotment of section 107 of the River and Harbor Act of 1960 (Public Law No. 86-645), as amended (33 U.S.C. 577). Nothing in this provision affects the obligations of the non-Federal sponsor to the United States of America for the work involved.

The Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, is directed to construct the Miami Harbor, Bayfront Park, Florida project under the authority of Public Laws 98-50 and 98-360 except that the east-west connector, known as the promenade, which is necessary for park development, shall be at Federal expense.

Funds appropriated to the United States Army Corps of Engineers in the "Energy and Water Development Appropriation Act, 1985", Public Law 98-360, for the purpose of compensating certain landowners who have experienced damages as a result of drawdown operations of the Libby Dam in Montana shall be expended to evaluate and award compensation for erosion or other damages of leveed and unleveed tracts of land in Kootenai Flats, Boundary County, Idaho, resulting from power or flood control drawdown operations at Libby Dam, Montana: *Provided,* That such evaluation and compensation of claims shall be based solely on the drawdown of water from Libby Dam for flood control, power operations, or other authorized purposes: *Provided further,* That compensation paid pursuant to this provision shall not exceed $1,500,000.

[*Total Department of Defense—Civil, $100,100,000.*]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Reclamation

CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM

For an additional amount for the Department of the Interior, Bureau of Reclamation, "Construction program", for the design and construction of the Animas-La Plata Project, Colorado and New Mexico; Buffalo Bill Dam Project, Wyoming; Boulder Canyon Project, Arizona and Nevada; and the Headgate Rock Project, Arizona, to remain available until expended, $14,300,000; of which $14,300,000
$1,000,000 shall be available for transfers to the Upper Colorado River Basin Fund as authorized by section 5 of the Act of April 11, 1956 (43 U.S.C. 620d): *Provided,* That of the total appropriated, the amount for program activities which can be financed by the Reclamation Fund may be derived from that Fund: *Provided further,* That of the total appropriated, $8,300,000 is appropriated pursuant to the Snyder Act (25 U.S.C. 13), to be expended by the Bureau of Reclamation for the purpose of designing and initiating construction of the Headgate Rock Hydroelectric Project, Arizona: *Provided further,* That none of the funds herein appropriated may be expended to undertake projects except under terms and conditions acceptable to the Secretary of the Interior as shall be set forth in binding agreements with those non-Federal entities desiring to participate in project construction. Each such agreement shall include a statement that the non-Federal entities are capable of and willing to participate in project cost-sharing and financing in accordance with terms of the agreement. At such time as the Secretry has executed a formal binding agreement and has determined that the non-Federal entities' financing plan demonstrates a reasonable likelihood of the non-Federal interest's ability to satisfy the terms and conditions of the agreement, the Secretary shall initiate construction at a project in accordance with such agreement: *Provided further,* That the funds appropriated herein shall lapse on June 30, 1986, if the agreement required herein for that project has not been executed.

Within available funds, the Secretary of the Interior is directed to use $600,000 to rehabilitate the A Canal of the Klamath Project and associated facilities in accordance with the Federal reclamation laws for the purpose of providing flood control for adjacent lands on a nonreimbursable basis.

The Secretary of the Interior is authorized and directed to treat all costs associated with the enlargement of the portion of the WEB pipeline which will carry water to the North Dakota State line at Emmons County as nonreimbursable and to enter into such contracts, amendments to contracts or other agreements as necessary.

Within available funds, the Secretary of the Interior is directed to make $10,400,000 available to meet the obligations of Public Law 98-530, dated October 19, 1984, to three irrigation districts. These funds will be used for replacement, rehabilitation, and repair of the water delivery system within the Yuma Mesa Irrigation and Drainage District including water pumping facilities; for on-farm and district water conservation and drainage measures of the Yuma Mesa Irrigation and Drainage District, the Yuma Irrigation District, and the North Gila Valley Irrigation District; and for payment to the fund established by the Central Arizona Water Conservation District for voluntary acquisition or conservation of water from sources within the State of Arizona for use in central Arizona in years when water supplies are reduced.

In order to expedite the completion of the Hooker Dam or alternative of the Central Arizona Project (1) the selection of the preferred site for the Hooker Dam or alternative as authorized by section 301 of the Colorado River Basin Project Act shall be completed by August 15, 1985, (2) the initial draft environmental impact statement required for the Hooker Dam or alternative shall be completed and made available by September 1, 1986, (3) the final environmental impact statement for Hooker Dam or alternative shall be completed and made available by September 1, 1987, and (4) the Secretary of the Interior shall make a record of his decision as soon as practically possible after the completion of the final environmental impact statement.

INDEPENDENT AGENCY

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY FUND

There is appropriated an additional $5,000,000, to remain available until expended, for the "Tennessee Valley Authority Fund" for the conduct of a demonstration project for the construction of a main water transmission line. $5,000,000

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

To the extent the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission has authority or jurisdiction under the Federal Power Act of a Memorandum of Understanding for the California-Oregon Transmission Project, dated December 19, 1984 (50 F.R. 420, Jan. 3, 1985), as amended and supplemented by the Secretary of Energy prior to enactment of this paragraph, or of any contracts implementing such Memorandum, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission shall exercise such authority or jurisdiction within 2 years after enactment of this paragraph or after the filing of any such contract, whichever is later, and the Commission shall adjust its procedures and practices to ensure completion of such exercise of administrative authority or jurisdiction within such 2-year period. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed by the Commission or any court as affecting, changing or limiting the authority, jursidiction or procedures of the Commission under the Federal Power Act concerning rates, charges, service, facilities, classification, access or other matters in regard to such project. Consistent with the provisions of Public Law 98–360 which authorized the Secretary of Energy to construct or participate in the construction of such project for the benefit of electric consumers of the Pacific Northwest and California and obtain compensation from non-Federal participants in such project, sufficient capacity shall be reserved, as recognized in such Memorandum, to serve the needs of the Department of Energy laboratories and wildlife refuges in California. The Secretary of Energy and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission shall keep the Committee on Energy and Commerce and the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate fully and currently informed concerning the project, any changes in such Memorandum of Understanding (as so amended and supplemented), the implementing contracts, compensation, reserved capacity for such laboratories or refuges, actions under the Federal Power Act, and any related matters. Nothing in this Act or in the Memorandum shall in anyway affect, modify, change, or expand the authorities or policies of the Bonneville Power Administration under existing law regarding wholesale power rates, transmission rates, or transmission access.

The line constructed pursuant to the Memorandum is hereby named "The Harold T. (Bizz) Johnson California-Pacific Northwest Intertie line"

GEOTHERMAL RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT FUND

(BY TRANSFER)

For carrying out activities authorized by title II of Public Law 93-410 the Department of Energy is authorized to transfer no more than $15,000,000 to the Geothermal Resources Development Fund from unobligated balances within the Uranium Supply and Enrichment Activities account: Provided, That such transfer shall be reported promptly to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate. The amount authorized to be transferred by this provision is in addition to the authority provided in sections 302 and 307 of Public Law 98-360.

ATOMIC ENERGY DEFENSE ACTIVITIES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $8,280,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −$8,280,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, Chapter IV:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority (net)*	*$111,120,000.*]
[*Appropriations*	*119,400,000.*]
[*Rescission*	*−8,280,000.*]

CHAPTER V

FOREIGN ASSISTANCE

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

MULTILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

CONTRIBUTION TO THE INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

For payment to the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the United States share of the paid-in portion of the increased capital stock, as authorized by the International Financial Institutions Act, $30,000,925 for the General Capital Increase, as authorized by section 39 of the Bretton Woods Agreements Act, to remain available until expended. 30,000,925

LIMITATION OF CALLABLE CAPITAL SUBSCRIPTION

The United States Governor of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development may subscribe without fiscal year limitation to the callable portion of the United States share of increases in capital stock in an amount not to exceed $370,023,735. *370,023,735 (limitation on callable capital subscriptions)*

CONTRIBUTION TO THE INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK

For payment to the Inter-American Development Bank by the Secretary of the Treasury for the United States share of the replenishment of the resources of the Fund for Special Operations, $72,500,000 to remain available until expended; $3,000,000 for the 72,500,000 3,000,000

United States share of the capital for the Inter-American Investment Corporation to remain available until expended; and $40,001,171 for the United States share of the increase in paid-in capital stock of the bank to remain available until expended.

$40,001,171

LIMITATION OF CALLABLE CAPITAL SUBSCRIPTION

The United States Governor of the Inter-American Development Bank may subscribe without fiscal year limitation to the callable capital portion of the United States share of such increase in capital stock in an amount not to exceed $849,000,244.

849,000,244 (limitation on callable capital subscriptions)

[*Total, contribution to the Inter-American Development Bank, $115,501,171.*]

CONTRIBUTION TO THE ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK

For payment to the Asian Development Bank by the Secretary of the Treasury for the United States contribution to the increase in resources of the Asian Development Fund, $91,232,340 to remain available until expended.

91,232,340

[*Total, International Financial Institutions:*
[*New budget (obligational) authority* .... *$236,734,436.*]
[*Limitation on callable capital subscriptions* .... *1,219,023,979.*]

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND PROGRAMS

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for "International Organizations and Programs", $3,600,000 to be derived by transfer from the "Economic Support Fund" for Lebanon as provided in Public Law 98-63: *Provided,* That these funds shall be available only for the International Atomic Energy Agency: *Provided further,* That no funds shall be obligated after the date of enactment of this Act for the International Atomic Energy Agency unless the Secretary of State determines and so reports to the Committees on Appropriations that Israel is not being denied its right to fully participate in the activities of that Agency, including the rights, privileges or benefits that that Agency accords to all of its members.

3,600,000 (by transfer)

BILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

POPULATION, DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE

The Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Act of 1985, as enacted in Public Law 98-473, is amended by adding at the end of the paragraph entitled "Population, Development Assistance":

None of the funds made available in this bill nor any unobligated balances from prior appropriations may be made available to any organization or program which, as determined by the President of the United States, supports or participates in the management of a program of coercive abortion or involuntary sterilization.

PAYMENT TO THE FOREIGN SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

For an additional amount for "Payment to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund", $1,302,000.

1,302,000

ECONOMIC SUPPORT FUND

For an additional amount for the "Economic Support Fund", $2,258,000,000: *Provided,* That of the funds provided by this paragraph $250,000,000 shall be made available, and shall remain available for obligation for Jordan until September 30, 1987, only in accordance with the schedule of availability set forth in section 402(a)(1) and section 402(a)(2) of this Act: *Provided further,* That of the funds provided in this paragraph for Jordan, not more than 33⅓ percent may be disbursed before September 30, 1985; not more than 50 percent may be disbursed before March 31, 1986; not more than 66⅔ percent may be disbursed before September 30, 1986; and, not more than 85 percent may be disbursed before March 31, 1987: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds provided in this Act for Jordan, if not utilized for programs, projects, or other activities in Jordan, must be returned to the United States Treasury: *Provided further,* That of the funds provided by this paragraph $1,500,000,000 shall be available for Israel; $500,000,000 shall be available for Egypt; and, $8,000,000 shall be available for the Middle East Regional Program: *Provided further,* That funds provided by this paragraph shall be made available notwithstanding section 10 of Public Law 91-672: *Provided further,* That the funds provided by this paragraph for Israel and Egypt shall be made available as cash grant transfers: *Provided further,* That not less than the Egyptian pound equivalent of $50,000,000 generated from funds made available by this paragraph, or from any other source, shall be deposited into the Trust Funds established by the Trust Account Agreement of 1980 to be used for United States' supported programs in Egypt pursuant to the United States-Egypt Economic, Technical and Related Assistance Agreements of 1978 which provide for local currency requirements for programs of the United States in Egypt to be made available to the United States in the manner requested by the Government: *Provided further,* That prior to depositing funds into the Trust Fund, the Secretary of State shall notify the Appropriations Committees of both Houses of the Congress fifteen days in advance as to how the endowment is to be managed, where the funds will be deposited, the interest rate to be secured, and the procedures to be used in establishing, operating, and disbursing endowment funds: *Provided further,* That the funds provided by this paragraph shall be available for obligation until September 30, 1986. $2,258,000,000

[*Total, Agency for International Development, $2,259,302,000.*]

AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION

(DISAPPROVAL OF DEFERRAL)

The Congress disapproves the proposed deferral D85-40 relating to the African Development Foundation, as set forth in the message of February 6, 1985, which was transmitted to the Congress by the President. The disapproval shall be effective upon enactment into law of this bill and the amount of the proposed deferral disapproved herein shall be made available for obligation. *2,287,000 (deferral disapproval)*

HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE FOR NICARAGUAN DEMOCRATIC RESISTANCE

For an additional amount for humanitarian assistance provided to such department or agency of the United States as the President shall designate, except the Central Intelligence Agency or the Department of Defense, to the Nicaraguan democratic resistance, $27,000,000 to remain available for obligation until March 31, 1986. 27,000,000
Notwithstanding the Impoundment Control Act of 1974, one-third of the amount appropriated by this paragraph shall be available for

obligation upon the enactment of this Act, an additional one-third shall be available for obligation upon submission of the first report required by section 104 of this chapter, and the remaining one-third shall be available for obligation upon submission of the second such report. As used in this paragraph, the term "humanitarian assistance" means the provision of food, clothing, medicine, and other humanitarian assistance, and it does not include the provision of weapons, weapons systems, ammunition, or other equipment, vehicles or material which can be used to inflict serious bodily harm or death.

ASSISTANCE FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF A CONTADORA AGREEMENT

For payment by the Secretary of State for the expenses arising from implementation by the Contadora nations (Mexico, Panama, Colombia, and Venezuela) of an agreement among the countries of Central America based on the Contadora Document of Objectives of September 9, 1983, including peacekeeping, verification, and monitoring systems, $2,000,000, to remain available until expended. $2,000,000

General Provisions

Sec. 101. Funds appropriated by this chapter under the headings "HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE FOR NICARAGUAN DEMOCRATIC RESISTANCE" and "ASSISTANCE FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF A CONTADORA AGREEMENT" may be obligated and expended notwithstanding section 10 of Public Law 91-672 and section 15 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 or any other comparable provisions of law.

Sec. 102. (a) The prohibitions contained in section 8066(a) of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1985 (as contained in section 101 of Public Law 98-473) and section 801 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1985 (Public Law 98-618) shall, without limitation as to fiscal year, apply with respect to funds appropriated by this chapter under the headings "HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE FOR NICARAGUAN DEMOCRATIC RESISTANCE" and "ASSISTANCE FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF A CONTADORA AGREEMENT"

(b) Nothing in this Act, section 8066(a) of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1985 (as contained in section 101 of Public Law 98-473), or section 801 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1985 (Public Law 98-618) shall be construed to prohibit the United States Government from exchanging information with the Nicaraguan democratic resistance, or the obligation and expenditure, but only for the purposes for which they are expressly made available, of the funds appropriated by this chapter under the headings "HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE FOR NICARAGUAN DEMOCRATIC RESISTANCE" and "ASSISTANCE FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF A CONTADORA AGREEMENT".

Sec. 103. The President is urged—

(1) to vigorously pursue the use of diplomatic and economic steps to resolve the conflict in Nicaragua, including negotiations to—

(A) implement the Contadora Document of Objectives of September 9, 1983; and

(B) at the same time, develop trade and economic measures in close consultation and cooperation with other nations which will encourage the Government of Nicaragua to take the necessary steps to resolve the conflict;

(2) to suspend military maneuvers in Honduras and off Nicaragua's coast, and to lift the embargo on trade with Nica-

ragua, if the Government of Nicaragua agrees to a cease-fire, to open a dialog with the Nicaraguan democratic resistance and to suspend the state of emergency; and

(3) to resume bilateral discussions with the Government of Nicaragua with a view of encouraging—

(A) a church-mediated dialog between the Government of Nicaragua and the Nicaraguan democratic resistance in support of internal reconciliation, as called for by the Contadora Document of Objectives; and

(B) a comprehensive, verifiable agreement among the nations of Central America, based on the Contadora Document of Objectives.

SEC. 104. (a) The President shall submit a report to the Congress every 90 days on the activities carried out in accordance with section 103 and on the assistance provided under the paragraphs of this chapter headed "HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE FOR NICARAGUAN DEMOCRATIC RESISTANCE" and "ASSISTANCE FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF A CONTADORA AGREEMENT". Such reports shall describe the willingness of the Nicaraguan democratic resistance and the Government of Nicaragua to negotiate and the progress of efforts to achieve the objectives set out in paragraph (3) of section 103 and shall provide a detailed accounting of the disbursement of any such assistance.

(b) As part of each of the reports submitted pursuant to subsection (a), the President shall submit to the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives, and to the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate, a report on alleged human rights violations by the Nicaraguan democratic resistance and the Government of Nicaragua. With respect to the alleged violations the report shall include information on who is responsible for such human rights violations.

ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE CENTRAL AMERICA PEACE PROCESS

SEC. 105. (a) SUBMISSION OF REQUEST.—If the President determines at any time after the enactment of this Act that—

(1) negotiations based on the Contadora Document of Objectives of September 9, 1983, have produced an agreement, or show promise of producing an agreement; or

(2) other trade and economic measures will assist in a resolution of the conflict, or to stabilization in the region;

the President may submit to the Congress a request for budget and other authority to provide additional assistance for the furtherance of the Central America peace process.

(b) STATEMENT TO BE INCLUDED.—The President's request shall include a detailed statement as to progress made to resolve the conflict in the region.

(c) CONSULTATION WITH THE CONGRESS.—In formulating a request pursuant to subsection (a), the President shall consult with the Congress.

(d) CONGRESSIONAL ACTION.—(1) The provisions of this subsection apply, during the Ninety-ninth Congress, to the consideration in the House of Representatives of a joint resolution with respect to the request submitted by the President pursuant to subsection (a).

(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term "joint resolution" means only a joint resolution introduced within 3 legislative days after the Congress receives the request submitted by the President pursuant to subsection (a)—

(A) the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: "That the Congress hereby approves the additional authority and assistance for the Central America peace process that the President requested pursuant to the Supplemental

Appropriations Act, 1985, notwithstanding section 10 of Public Law 91-672.";

(B) which does not have a preamble; and

(C) the title of which is as follows: "Joint resolution relating to Central America pursuant to the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985.".

(3) A joint resolution shall, upon introduction, be referred to the appropriate committee or committees of the House of Representatives.

(4) If all the committees of the House to which a joint resolution has been referred have not reported the same joint resolution by the end of 15 legislative days after the first joint resolution was introduced, any committee which has not reported the first joint resolution introduced shall be discharged from further consideration of that joint resolution and that joint resolution shall be placed on the appropriate calendar of the House.

(5)(A) At any time after the first joint resolution placed on the appropriate calendar has been on that calendar for a period of 5 legislative days, it is in order for any Member of the House (after consultation with the Speaker as to the most appropriate time for the consideration of that joint resolution) to move that the House resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the consideration of that joint resolution. The motion is highly privileged and is in order even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to. All points of order against the joint resolution under clauses 2 and 6 of rule XXI of the Rules of the House are waived. If the motion is agreed to, the resolution shall remain the unfinished business of the House until disposed of. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is disagreed to shall not be in order.

(B) Debate on the joint resolution shall not exceed 10 hours, which shall be divided equally between a Member favoring and a Member opposing the joint resolution. A motion to limit debate is in order at any time in the House or in the Committee of the Whole and is not debatable.

(C) An amendment to the joint resolution is not in order.

(D) At the conclusion of the debate on the joint resolution, the Committee of the Whole shall rise and report the joint resolution back to the House, and the previous question shall be considered as ordered on the joint resolution to final passage without intervening motion.

(6) As used in this subsection, the term "legislative day" means a day on which the House is in session.

(7) This subsection is enacted—

(A) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the House of Representatives, and as such it is deemed a part of the Rules of the House, but applicable only with respect to the procedure to be followed in the House in the case of a joint resolution, and it supersedes other rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent with such rules; and

(B) with full recognition of the constitutional right of the House to change its rules at any time, in the same manner, and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of the House, and of the right of the Committee on Rules to report a resolution for the consideration of any measure.

ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR NICARAGUAN DEMOCRATIC RESISTANCE

SEC. 106. (a) SUBMISSION OF REQUEST.—If the President determines at any time after the enactment of this Act that—

(1) negotiations based on the Contadora Document of Objectives of September 9, 1983, have failed to produce an agreement; or

(2) other trade and economic measures have failed to resolve the conflict;

the President may submit to the Congress a request for budget and other authority to provide additional assistance for the Nicaraguan democratic resistance.

(b) STATEMENT TO BE INCLUDED.—The President's request shall include a detailed statement as to why the negotiations or other measures have failed to resolve the conflict in the region.

(c) CONSULTATION WITH THE CONGRESS.—In formulating a request pursuant to subsection (a), the President shall consult with the Congress.

(d) CONGRESSIONAL ACTION.—(1) The provisions of this subsection apply, during the Ninety-ninth Congress, to the consideration in the House of Representatives of a joint resolution with respect to the request submitted by the President pursuant to subsection (a).

(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term "joint resolution" means only a joint resolution introduced within 3 legislative days after the Congress receives the request submitted by the President pursuant to subsection (a)—

(A) the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: "That the Congress hereby approves the additional authority and assistance for the Nicaraguan democratic resistance that the President requested pursuant to the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985, notwithstanding section 10 of Public Law 91-672.";

(B) which does not have a preamble; and

(C) the title of which is as follows: "Joint resolution relating to Central America pursuant to the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985.".

(3) A joint resolution shall, upon introduction, be referred to the appropriate committee or committees of the House of Representatives.

(4) If all the committees of the House to which a joint resolution has been referred have not reported the same joint resolution by the end of 15 legislative days after the first joint resolution was introduced, any committee which has not reported the first joint resolution introduced shall be discharged from further consideration of that joint resolution and that joint resolution shall be placed on the appropriate calendar of the House.

(5)(A) At any time after the first joint resolution placed on the appropriate calendar has been on that calendar for a period of 5 legislative days, it is in order for any Member of the House (after consultation with the Speaker as to the most appropriate time for the consideration of that joint resolution) to move that the House resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the consideration of that joint resolution. The motion is highly privileged and is in order even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to. All points of order against the joint resolution under clauses 2 and 6 of rule XXI of the Rules of the House are waived. If the motion is agreed to, the resolution shall remain the unfinished business of the House until disposed of. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is disagreed to shall not be in order.

(B) Debate on the joint resolution shall not exceed 10 hours, which shall be divided equally between a Member favoring and a Member opposing the joint resolution. A motion to limit debate is in order at any time in the House or in the Committee of the Whole and is not debatable.

(C) An amendment to the joint resolution is not in order.

(D) At the conclusion of the debate on the joint resolution, the Committee of the Whole shall rise and report the joint resolution back to the House, and the previous question shall be considered as ordered on the joint resolution to final passage without intervening motion.

(6) As used in this subsection, the term "legislative day" means a day on which the House is in session.

(7) This subsection is enacted—

(A) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the House of Representatives, and as such it is deemed a part of the Rules of the House, but applicable only with respect to the procedure to be followed in the House in the case of a joint resolution, and it supersedes other rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent with such rules; and

(B) with full recognition of the constitutional right of the House to change its rules at any time, in the same manner, and to the same extent as in the case of any other Rule of the House, and of the right of the Committee on Rules to report a resolution for the consideration of any measure.

[*Total, Funds Appropriated to the President, $29,000,000.*]

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for "Migration and refugee assistance", $12,500,000 to be derived by transfer from the "Economic Support Fund" for Lebanon as provided in Public Law 98-63: *Provided,* That this amount shall be available only for Soviet, Eastern European and other refugees resettling in Israel.

$12,500,000
(by transfer)

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 501. The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Directors of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the International Development Association, the International Finance Corporation, the Inter-American Development Bank, the International Monetary Fund, the Asian Development Bank, the Inter-American Investment Corporation, the African Development Bank, and the African Development Fund to use the voice and vote of the United States to oppose any assistance by these institutions, using funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act or any other Act, for the production of any copper commodity for export or for the financing of the expansion, improvement, or modernization of copper mining, smelting, and refining capacity.

SEC. 502. (a) United States active participation in international financial institution activity is based on our national objective of furthering the economic and social development of the nations of the world, in particular the developing nations. The attainment of this national objective is most effectively realized through a world economic and financial system which is both free and stable. Therefore, it is the intent of the United States Congress that United States financial assistance to the international financial institutions should be primarily directed to those projects that would not generate excess commodity supplies in world markets, displace private investment initiatives or foster departures from a market-oriented economy.

(b) The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the representatives of the United States to the international financial institutions described in subsection (d) to take into account in their review of loans, credits, or other utilization of the resources of their respective institutions, the effect that country adjustment programs would have upon individual industry sectors and international commodity markets in order to—

(1) minimize any projected adverse impacts on such sector or markets of making such loans, credits, or utilization of resources; and

(2) avoid whenever possible government subsidization of production and exports of international commodities without regard to economic conditions in the markets for such commodities.

(c) More specifically, the following criteria should be considered as a basis for a vote by the respective United States Executive Director to each of the international financial institutions described in subsection (d) against a project proposal involving the creation of new capacity or the expansion, improvement, or modification of mining, smelting, refining, and fabricating of minerals and metal products:

(1) Analysis shows that the risks, returns, and incentives of a project are such that it could be financed at reasonable terms by commercial lending services.

(2) Analysis by the Bureau of Mines indicates that surplus capacity in the industry for the primary product of the defined project would exist over half the period of the economic life of the project because of projected world demand and capacity conditions.

(3) United States imports of the commodity constitute less than 50 percent of the domestic production of the primary product in those cases where the United States is the substantial producer of such commodities.

(d) The international financial institutions referred to in subsections (a) and (b) are the International Monetary Fund, the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the International Development Association, the Inter-American Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, and the African Development Bank.

[*Total Chapter V:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority*	*$2,525,036,436.*]
[*Limitation on callable capital subscriptions*	*1,219,023,979.*]
[*By transfer*	*16,100,000.*]
[*Deferral disapproval*	*2,287,000.*]

CHAPTER VI

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

HOUSING PROGRAMS

RENTAL HOUSING ASSISTANCE

(RESCISSION)

−$528,940,000 *(rescission of contract authority, indefinite)*

The limitation otherwise applicable to the maximum payments that may be required in any fiscal year by all contracts entered into under section 236 of the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. 1715z–1), is further reduced in fiscal year 1985 by not more than $23,367,000 in uncommitted balances of authorizations provided for this purpose in appropriation Acts.

–$23,367,000 (limitation on contract authority)

PAYMENTS FOR OPERATION OF LOW-INCOME HOUSING PROJECTS

Any balances of appropriations under this heading in the Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1985 (Public Law 98–371) shall, notwithstanding the provisions of section 9(d) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437g), remain available for obligation for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and shall be used by the Secretary for fiscal year 1986 requirements in accordance with section 9(a) of such Act, as amended.

URBAN DEVELOPMENT ACTION GRANTS

Language under this heading in the Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1985 (Public Law 98–371), is amended by striking out the first colon and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof a period.

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $4,000,000, to be derived by transfer from the various funds of the Federal Housing Administration.

4,000,000 (by transfer)

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $6,919,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

–6,919,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total Department of Housing and Urban Development:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority (net)*	*–$535,859,000.*]
[*Rescission of contract authority, indefinite*	*–528,940,000.*]
[*Rescission*	*–6,919,000.*]
[*Limitation on contract authority*	*–23,367,000.*]
[*By transfer*	*4,000,000.*]

AMERICAN BATTLE MONUMENTS COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Notwithstanding section 409 of the Department of Housing and Urban Development—Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1985 (Public Law 98–371), the funds appropriated to the American Battle Monuments Commission for salaries and personnel benefits for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985, shall be available for the other services and equipment object classifications in an amount not to exceed $1,000,000.

CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $500,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986: *Provided,* That these funds shall be available only for activities authorized by the Cigarette Safety Act of 1984 (Public Law 98–567).

500,000

Environmental Protection Agency

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $4,000,000. $4,000,000

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $4,125,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −4,125,000 *(rescission)*

ABATEMENT, CONTROL, AND COMPLIANCE

For an additional amount for "Abatement, control, and compliance", $20,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986. 20,000,000

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

For an additional amount for "Buildings and facilities", $500,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That none of these funds may be obligated until the completion of a feasibility study by the Environmental Protection Agency to determine the most cost-effective way to house the research program at Newport, Oregon. 500,000

CONSTRUCTION GRANTS

Language under this heading in Public Law 98–396 is amended by deleting "an operable sewage treatment facility at or adjacent to San Diego, California for the purpose only of intercepting and treating" and inserting in lieu thereof "a treatment works to address"

[*Total, Environmental Protection Agency (net), $20,375,000.*]

Executive Office of the President

OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY

For an additional amount for "Office of Science and Technology Policy", $120,000. 120,000

Federal Emergency Management Agency

EMERGENCY FOOD AND SHELTER PROGRAM

There is hereby appropriated $20,000,000 to the Federal Emergency Management Agency, to remain available until September 30, 1986, to carry out an emergency food and shelter program. Notwithstanding any other provision of this or any other Act, such amount shall be made available under the terms and conditions of the following paragraphs: 20,000,000

The Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall, as soon as practicable after enactment of this Act, constitute a national board for the purpose of determining how the program funds are to be distributed to individual localities. The national board shall consist of seven members. The United Way of America, the Salvation Army, the National Council of Churches of Christ in the U.S.A., the National Conference of Catholic Charities, the Council of Jewish Federations, Inc., the American Red Cross, and the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall each designate a representative to sit on the national board. The representative of the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall chair the national board.

Each locality designated by the national board to receive funds shall constitute a local board for the purpose of determining how its funds will be distributed. The local board shall consist, to the extent practicable, of representatives of the same organizations as the national board except that the mayor or appropriate head of government will replace the Federal Emergency Management Agency member.

The Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall award a grant for $20,000,000 to the national board within thirty days after enactment of this Act for the purpose of providing emergency food and shelter to needy individuals through private voluntary organizations and through units of local government.

Eligible private voluntary organizations should be non-profit, have a voluntary board, have an accounting system, and practice nondiscrimination.

Participation in the program should be based upon a private voluntary organization's or unit of local government's ability to deliver emergency food and shelter to needy individuals and such other factors as are determined by the local boards.

Total administrative costs shall not exceed 2 per centum of the total appropriation.

As authorized by the charter of the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Corporation shall process and distribute surplus food owned or to be purchased by the Corporation under the food distribution and emergency shelter program in cooperation with the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

The Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall review the reported condition of the "street people" and other disadvantaged people in cities and counties throughout the Nation, including those reported in Tunica County, Mississippi, and report to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations his recommendations for correcting or improving the situation which exists.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $1,105,000 to be derived by transfer from "Emergency management planning and assistance". *$1,105,000 (by transfer)*

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $786,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −786,000 *(rescission)*

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PLANNING AND ASSISTANCE

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $1,287,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −1,287,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, Federal Emergency Management Agency:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority (net)*	*$17,927,000.*]
[*Rescissions*	*−2,073,000.*]
[*By transfer*	*1,105,000.*]

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

CONSUMER INFORMATION CENTER

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $63,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −63,000 *(rescission)*

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Language under this heading in the Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1985 (Public Law 98–371), is amended by deleting "including $155,500,000 for a space station, of which $5,500,000 shall be made available from prior year appropriations: *Provided,*" and inserting in lieu thereof "including $150,000,000 for space station, to be combined with $5,500,000 to be made available from prior year appropriations for a total of $155,500,000: *Provided,* That the $5,500,000 so identified shall be in addition to $2,422,600,000 appropriated for Research and Development for fiscal year 1985: *Provided further,*".

For an additional amount for "Research and development", $40,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986: *Provided,* That this amount shall be deferred and shall not become available until March 1, 1986.

$40,000,000

RESEARCH AND PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $6,000,000 are rescinded, of which $4,000,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

−6,000,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, National Aeronautics and Space Administration (net), $34,000,000.*]

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

RESEARCH AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

For an additional amount for "Research and related activities", $100,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986.

100,000

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $1,000,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

−1,000,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, National Science Foundation (net), −$900,000.*]

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

OFFICE OF REVENUE SHARING, SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $100,000, of which $90,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

−100,000 *(rescission)*

VETERANS ADMINISTRATION

COMPENSATION AND PENSIONS

For an additional amount for "Compensation and pensions", $175,000,000, to remain available until expended.

175,000,000

MEDICAL CARE

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $3,520,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

−3,520,000 *(rescission)*

MEDICAL ADMINISTRATION AND MISCELLANEOUS OPERATING EXPENSES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $2,109,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −$2,109,000 *(rescission)*

CONSTRUCTION, MINOR PROJECTS

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $377,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −377,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total Veterans Administration (net), $168,994,000.*]

[*Total Chapter VI*:

[*New budget (obligational) authority (net)*	*−$295,006,000.*]
[*Appropriations*	*260,220,000.*]
[*Rescission of contract authority, indefinite*	*−528,940,000.*]
[*Rescissions*	*−26,286,000.*]
[*Limitation on contract authority*	*−23,367,000.*]
[*By transfer*	*5,105,000.*]

CHAPTER VII

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

MANAGEMENT OF LANDS AND RESOURCES

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Management of lands and resources", $115,500,000. 115,500,000

Of available funds under this head, $2,900,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −2,900,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, management of lands and resources (net), $112,600,000.*]

CONSTRUCTION AND ACCESS

For an additional amount for "Construction and access", $825,000, to remain available until expended, of which not to exceed $20,000 shall be available to pave the street and to build the sidewalk and curb in front of the Bureau of Land Management district office in Worland, Wyoming. 825,000

OREGON AND CALIFORNIA GRANT LANDS

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $350,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −350,000 *(rescission)*

WORKING CAPITAL FUND

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $2,951,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −2,951,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, Bureau of Land Management (net), $110,124,000.*]

United States Fish and Wildlife Service

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Resource management", $1,200,000. $1,200,000

Of available funds under this head, $1,900,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −1,900,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, resource management (net), −$700,000.*]

CONSTRUCTION AND ANADROMOUS FISH

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $40,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −40,000 *(rescission)*

LAND ACQUISITION

For an additional amount for "Land acquisition", $1,000,000, to be derived from the Land and Water Conservation Fund, to remain available until expended. 1,000,000

[*Total, United States Fish and Wildlife Service (net), $260,000.*]

National Park Service

OPERATION OF THE NATIONAL PARK SYSTEM

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Operation of the national park system", $9,560,000. 9,560,000

Of available funds under this head, $4,300,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −4,300,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, operation of the National Park System (net), $5,260,000.*]

CONSTRUCTION

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $397,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −397,000 *(rescission)*

LAND AND WATER CONSERVATION FUND

(RESCISSION)

The contract authority provided for fiscal year 1985 by 16 U.S.C. 4601–10a is rescinded. −30,000,000 *(rescission of contract authority)*

LAND ACQUISITION AND STATE ASSISTANCE

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Land acquisition and State assistance", $22,000,000, to be derived from the Land and Water Conservation Fund, to remain available until expended. 22,000,000

Of available funds under this head, $52,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −52,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, land acquisition and State assistance (net), $21,948,000.*]

CONSTRUCTION (TRUST FUND)

(DISAPPROVAL OF DEFERRAL)

The Congress disapproves the proposed deferral D85-45 relating to the Department of the Interior, National Park Service, "Construction (Trust fund)", as set forth in the message of February 6, 1985, as amended, which was transmitted to the Congress by the President. The disapproval shall be effective upon enactment into law of this bill and the amount of the proposed deferral disapproved herein shall be made available for obligation: *Provided,* That notwithstanding subsection (b) of section 160 of the Act of August 13, 1973 (Public Law 93-87), funds hereafter appropriated for the Cumberland Gap National Park shall be available for operation and maintenance of the Cumberland Gap tunnel and access roads only as provided for in a memorandum of understanding to be negotiated between the Secretary and the Governors of the States of Kentucky and Tennessee.

$34,672,000
(deferral disapproval)

[*Total, National Park Service:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority (net)*	*−$3,189,000.*]
[*Appropriations*	*31,560,000.*]
[*Rescissions*	*−4,749,000.*]
[*Rescission of contract authority*	*−30,000,000.*]
[*Deferral disapproval*	*34,672,000.*]

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

SURVEYS, INVESTIGATIONS, AND RESEARCH

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $1,269,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

−1,269,000
(rescission)

MINERALS MANAGEMENT SERVICE

LEASING AND ROYALTY MANAGEMENT

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $1,764,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

−1,764,000
(rescission)

PAYMENTS TO STATES FROM RECEIPTS UNDER MINERAL LEASING ACT

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in fiscal year 1985 moneys received from sales, bonuses, royalties (including interest charges collected under the Federal Oil and Gas Royalty Management Act of 1982), and rentals of the public lands under the provisions of the Mineral Lands Leasing Act of 1920, as amended, and the Geothermal Steam Act of 1970, which are not payable to a State or to the Reclamation Fund, shall be available for the payment of interest in accordance with 30 U.S.C. 1721 (b) and (d), prior to the crediting of such funds to miscellaneous receipts of the Treasury.

800,000

[*Total, Minerals Management Service (net), −$964,000.*]

BUREAU OF MINES

MINES AND MINERALS

(DEFERRAL)

Of the funds appropriated and remaining available until expended under this head in the Act making continuing appropria-

tions for the fiscal year 1985, and for other purposes (Public Law 98-473), $1,355,000 shall not become available for obligation until October 1, 1985. *−$1,355,000 (new deferral)*

OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT

REGULATION AND TECHNOLOGY

For an additional amount for "Regulation and technology", $4,800,000. 4,800,000

ABANDONED MINE RECLAMATION FUND

(DEFERRAL)

Of the funds appropriated under this head in the Act making continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1985, and for other purposes (Public Law 98-473), $3,233,000 shall not become available for obligation until October 1, 1985. *−3,233,000 (new deferral)*

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

OPERATION OF INDIAN PROGRAMS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS AND RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Operation of Indian programs", $23,423,000, and $4,900,000 which shall be derived by transfer from National Park Service, "National capital region arts and cultural affairs", such transferred funds to remain available for expenditure until September 30, 1986: *Provided,* That $8,700,000 shall be used by the Secretary to reduce the amount of unpaid principal on loans to the Navajo Agricultural Products Industry (NAPI) guaranteed under the Indian Financing Act of 1974, as amended (88 Stat. 77; 25 U.S.C. 1401 et seq.): *Provided further,* That NAPI is discharged from the obligation to pay any unpaid interest accruing before January 1, 1991, on loans by the Secretary to NAPI under that Act: *Provided further,* That no funds shall be paid to creditors of the Sangre de Cristo Development Company, Inc., whose claims are set aside by the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of New Mexico: *Provided further,* That general assistance payments made by the Bureau of Indian Affairs after April 29, 1985, shall be made on the basis of Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) standards of need except where a State ratably reduces AFDC payments in which event the Bureau shall reduce general assistance payments in such State by the same percentage as the State has reduced the AFDC payment. 23,423,000 *4,900,000 (by transfer)*

Of available funds under this head, $2,800,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −2,800,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, operation of Indian programs (net), $20,623,000.*]

CONSTRUCTION

(DISAPPROVAL OF DEFERRAL)

The Congress disapproves the proposed deferral D85-33 relating to the Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, "Construction", as set forth in the message of November 29, 1984, as amended, which was transmitted to the Congress by the President. The disapproval shall be effective upon enactment into law of this bill and the amount of the proposed deferral disapproved herein shall be made available for obligation. *8,025,000 (deferral disapproval)*

(DEFERRAL)

Of the funds appropriated under this head in Public Law 98–8, $3,000,000 shall not become available for obligation until October 1, 1985. *–$3,000,000 (new deferral)*

UTAH PAIUTE TRUST FUND

For an additional amount for "Utah Paiute trust fund", $50,000. 50,000

[Total, Bureau of Indian Affairs:

[New budget (obligational) authority (net)	*$20,673,000.]*
[Appropriations	*23,473,000.]*
[Rescission	*–2,800,000.]*
[Deferral disapproval	*8,025,000.]*
[New deferral	*–3,000,000.]*
[By transfer	*4,900,000.]*

TERRITORIAL AND INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

ADMINISTRATION OF TERRITORIES

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Administration of territories", $1,994,000, to remain available until expended. 1,994,000

Of available funds under this head, $107,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. –107,000 *(rescission)*

[Total, Territorial and International Affairs (net), $1,887,000.]

[Total, Department of Interior:

[New budget (obligational) authority (net)	*$132,322,000.]*
[Appropriations	*181,152,000.]*
[Rescissions	*–18,830,000.]*
[Rescission of contract authority	*–30,000,000.]*
[Deferral disapproval	*42,697,000.]*
[New deferrals	*–7,588,000.]*
[By transfer	*4,900,000.]*

RELATED AGENCIES

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FOREST SERVICE

FOREST RESEARCH

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $462,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. –462,000 *(rescission)*

STATE AND PRIVATE FORESTRY

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $232,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. –232,000 *(rescission)*

NATIONAL FOREST SYSTEM

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "National forest system", $61,247,000. 61,247,000

Of available funds under this head, $6,067,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −$6,067,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total national forest system (net), $55,180,000.*]

CONSTRUCTION

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Construction", $1,568,000, to remain available until expended. 1,568,000

Of available funds under this head, $961,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −961,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, construction (net), $607,000.*]

LAND ACQUISITION

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Land acquisition", $7,000,000, to be derived from the Land and Water Conservation Fund, to remain available until expended. 7,000,000

Of available funds under this head, $68,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −68,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, land acquisition (net), $6,932,000.*]

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

To assure that National Forest timber under contract from the Mapleton District of the Siuslaw National Forest prior to enactment of the Federal Timber Contract Payment Modification Act remains available, the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to resell all timber which is defaulted or which is returned under provisions of the Federal Timber Contract Payment Modification Act and permit roads and other associated developments, notwithstanding any other provision of law, and notwithstanding the injunctions issued in National Wildlife Federation et al. v. United States Forest Service et al., 592 F. Supp. 931 (D. ORE. 1984) and in No. 84-4274 (9th Cir., March 6, 1985). Any such timber shall be available for resale from the date of enactment of this Act until dissolution of the aforesaid injunctions. The Secretary shall determine the potential environmental degradation to streams or other bodies of water of timber sales returned pursuant to the Federal Timber Contract Payment Modification Act and shall characterize each sale's potential environmental impact as minimal, moderate, or serious. The Secretary shall give resale priority to those sales with the least risk of potential environmental degradation. Sales that are reoffered may be modified, including minor additions. Any decision of the Secretary of Agriculture to resell such timber shall not be subject to judicial review.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Forest Service shall continue to operate Equipment Development Facilities in San Dimas, California, and in Missoula, Montana, at least through the end of fiscal year 1986, and funds and personnel to operate these facilities in fiscal years 1985 and 1986 shall not be reduced by more than 10 percent from currently appropriated levels.

[*Total, Forest Service (net), $62,025,000.*]

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

FOSSIL ENERGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

(DISAPPROVAL OF DEFERRAL)

The Congress disapproves $39,154,000 of the proposed deferral D85-27A relating to the Department of Energy, "Fossil energy research and development", as set forth in the message of February 6, 1985, as amended, which was transmitted to the Congress by the President. The disapproval shall be effective upon enactment into law of this bill and the amount of the proposed deferral disapproved herein shall be made available for obligation. *$39,154,000 (deferral disapproval)*

(DEFERRAL)

Of the funds available for obligation under this head, $1,600,000 shall not be available for obligation until October 1, 1985. *–1,600,000 (new deferral)*

FOSSIL ENERGY CONSTRUCTION

(DEFERRAL)

Of the funds available for obligation under this head, $860,000 shall not become available for obligation until October 1, 1985. *–860,000 (new deferral)*

NAVAL PETROLEUM AND OIL SHALE RESERVES

(DEFERRAL)

Of the funds appropriated under this head in the Act making continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1985, and for other purposes (Public Law 98-473), $181,000 shall not become available for obligation until October 1, 1985. *–181,000 (new deferral)*

ECONOMIC REGULATION

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $102,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. –102,000 *(rescission)*

EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $51,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. –51,000 *(rescission)*

STRATEGIC PETROLEUM RESERVE

(DISAPPROVAL OF DEFERRAL)

The Congress disapproves the proposed deferral D85-31A relating to the Department of Energy, "Strategic petroleum reserve", as set forth in the message of February 6, 1985, as amended, which was transmitted to the Congress by the President. The disapproval shall be effective upon enactment into law of this bill and the amount of the proposed deferral disapproved herein shall be made available for obligation. *270,738,000 (deferral disapproval)*

(DEFERRAL)

Of the funds appropriated under this head in the Act making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year 1984, and for other purposes (Public Law 98-396), $156,000 shall not become available for obligation until October 1, 1985. *–156,000 (new deferral)*

SPR PETROLEUM ACCOUNT

(DISAPPROVAL OF DEFERRAL)

The Congress disapproves $290,070,000 of the proposed deferral D85-42 relating to the Department of Energy, "SPR petroleum account", as set forth in the message of February 6, 1985, which was transmitted to the Congress by the President. The disapproval shall be effective upon enactment into law of this Act and the amount of the proposed deferral disapproved herein shall be made available for obligation.

$290,070,000 (deferral disapproval)

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, section 160(d)(1) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (Public Law 94-163, as amended) is amended by adding a new subsection as follows:

Strike the period at the end of subsection (B) and insert the following: "; or

> "(C) the fill rate is sufficient to attain a level of 500,000,000 barrels by the end of the fiscal year during which the fill rate falls below the rate established in (B).".

ALTERNATIVE FUELS PRODUCTION

(DEFERRAL)

Of the funds available for obligation under this head, $23,000 shall not become available for obligation until October 1, 1985.

−23,000 (new deferral)

[Total, Department of Energy:

[New budget (obligational) authority (net)	*−$153,000.]*
[Rescissions	*−153,000.]*
[Deferral disapprovals	*599,962,000.]*
[New deferrals	*−2,820,000.]*

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

HEALTH SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

INDIAN HEALTH SERVICES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $161,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

−161,000 *(rescission)*

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $400,000.

400,000

Of the funds provided under this head in Public Law 98-473 for the repair, renovation, and restoration program of the original West Building, not to exceed $700,000 may be spent during the current fiscal year for repair and renovation of the East Building.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

None of the funds made available to the Department of the Interior or the Forest Service during fiscal year 1985 by this or any other Act may be used to implement the proposed jurisdictional interchange program.

Section 117 of Public Law 98-151 (97 Stat. 977) is amended as follows:

(1) Delete the date "December 31, 1985" and insert in lieu thereof the following: "until future action by the Congress to the contrary".

(2) After the words "Orange County" insert the following: ", Rockland County, Ulster County, or Sullivan County".

(3) Delete the words "up to 150 northbound and up to 150 southbound commercial vehicles" and insert in lieu thereof the following: "up to 125 northbound and up to 125 southbound commercial vehicles".

Public Law 98-63 (97 Stat. 329) is amended as follows:

(1) In subsection (2) delete the numeral "10" and insert in lieu thereof: "7".

(2) In subsection (4) delete the word "State's" and insert in lieu thereof: "States' ".

(3) In subsection (4) after the words "State of New Jersey" insert "and the State of New York".

(4) In subsection (4) after the words "in New Jersey" insert "and in New York".

[Total, Chapter VII:

[New budget (obligational) authority (net)	*$194,433,000.]*
[Appropriations	*251,367,000.]*
[Rescissions	*–26,934,000.]*
[Rescission of contract authority	*–30,000,000.]*
[Deferral disapprovals	*642,659,000.]*
[New deferrals	*–10,408,000.]*
[By transfer	*4,900,000.]*

CHAPTER VIII

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATION

TRAINING AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICES

The amount appropriated by the Department of Labor Appropriation Act, 1985 (title I, Public Law 98-619), in the account captioned "Training and Employment Services", that has been held in reserve by reason of section 101(j) of Public Law 98-473 (98 Stat. 1963) (pertaining to section 515 of H.R. 5798), shall become available for obligation upon the enactment of this Act, and no further amounts shall be withheld from any account contained in such Department of Labor Appropriation Act by reason of such section 101(j).

For an additional amount for migrant and seasonal farmworker programs authorized by section 402 of the Job Training Partnership Act, notwithstanding the provisions of sections 3(a)(3)(A) and 402(f) of the Act, $5,117,000, to be available for obligation for the period July 1, 1985, through June 30, 1986: *Provided,* That funding provided herein shall be distributed to the States so that each State's total program year 1985 allocation is equal to its total program year 1984 allocation. $5,117,000

STATE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICE OPERATIONS

For an additional amount for "State unemployment insurance and employment service operations", from the Employment Security Administration Account in the Unemployment Trust Fund, $20,000,000. *$20,000,000 (limitation on trust fund transfer)*

Whenever funds are made available, now or hereafter, in this or any other Act for the administration of unemployment compensation laws to meet increased costs of administration resulting from changes in a State law or increases in the number of unemployment insurance claims filed and claims paid or increased salary costs resulting from changes in State salary compensation plans embracing employees of the State generally over those upon which the State's basic allocation was based, which cannot be provided for by normal budgetary adjustment, amortization payments for States which had independent retirement plans prior to 1980 in their State Employment Security Agencies and States agencies administering the State's unemployment compensation law may be paid from such funds.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES

Of available funds under this head, $5,000,000 shall remain available for obligation until September 30, 1986, for a Center or Institute for Nursing Research to be established under subsequent statute.

During the fiscal year 1985, new commitments to guarantee loans under subpart I of part C of title VII of the Public Health Service Act may be made only to the extent that the total loan principal, any part of which is to be guaranteed, shall not exceed the sum of $250,000,000: *Provided,* That the foregoing limitation shall be in addition to any uncommitted balances of loan guarantee authority provided for any prior fiscal year which remain available for fiscal year 1985.

For an additional amount to carry out the provisions of section 1910 of the Public Health Service Act (pertaining to Emergency Medical Services for Children), $2,000,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1986. 2,000,000

HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION LOAN AND LOAN GUARANTY FUND

For an additional amount for deposit in the fund established under section 1308(e) of the Public Health Service Act, to remain available until expended, $1,720,000. 1,720,000

[*Total, Health Resources and Services, $3,720,000.*]

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH

Of the funds appropriated by Public Law 98-619 for fiscal year 1985 for extramural research grants to be awarded by the National Institutes of Health, and required to be obligated in that fiscal year, not to exceed $20,000,000 shall remain available for obligation until September 30, 1986: *Provided,* That funds appropriated for fiscal year 1985 shall be used to support no fewer than 6,200 new and competing research projects and 533 research centers.

For an additional amount to carry out section 502(b) of Public Law 98-558, $3,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1987. 3,000,000

ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE, AND MENTAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE, AND MENTAL HEALTH

Funds appropriated by Public Law 98-619 for fiscal year 1985 for extramural research grants to be awarded by the Alcohol, Drug Abuse and Mental Health Administration and required to be obligated in that fiscal year shall be used to support no fewer than 550 new and competing research projects.

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

PAYMENTS TO SOCIAL SECURITY TRUST FUNDS

For an additional amount for "Payments to Social Security Trust Funds", not to exceed $3,500,000,000 to carry out activities authorized by section 217(g), to remain available until December 31, 1985. $3,500,000,000

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For the "Limitation on administrative expenses", $10,000,000 for automatic data processing and telecommunications activities shall be derived from unobligated balances in the construction activity, to remain available until expended.

OFFICE OF HUMAN DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

For an additional amount for "Human development services", $11,000,000 to remain available until September 30, 1986, of which $6,000,000 shall be for carrying out the Family Violence Prevention and Sevices Act (title III of Public Law 98-457), and $5,000,000 shall be for carrying out a child abuse prevention Federal challenge grant program under sections 402 through 409 of Public Law 98-473. 11,000,000

FAMILY SOCIAL SERVICES

For an additional amount for "Family social services", $79,495,000, for parts A and E of title IV of the Social Security Act. 79,495,000

[Total, Human Development Services, $90,495,000.]

[Total, Department of Health and Human Services, $3,597,215,000.]

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

SCHOOL ASSISTANCE IN FEDERALLY AFFECTED AREAS

The Secretary of Education shall distribute funds appropriated under title III of Public Law 98-619 under the heading "School Assistance in Federally Affected Areas" for entitlements under section 2 of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, Eighty-first Congress) to local educational agencies having such entitlements in order to assure that such agencies receive 75 percent of the amount to which such agencies were entitled in fiscal year 1984. The distribution required by this paragraph shall take effect 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

EDUCATION FOR THE HANDICAPPED

The $61,000,000 appropriated in the Department of Education Appropriation Act, 1985, Public Law 98-619, for part D of the

Education of the Handicapped Act shall be available for obligation on October 1, 1984, and shall remain available until September 30, 1985.

REHABILITATION SERVICES AND HANDICAPPED RESEARCH

An amount of $500,000 to support the 1985 International Winter Special Olympic Games shall be derived from the $14,635,000 provided for special demonstration programs for the severely disabled, section 311 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, in the Department of Education Appropriation Act, 1985, Public Law 98-619, for the Rehabilitation Services and Handicapped Research appropriation account.

For an additional amount for "Rehabilitation services and handicapped research", for activities under section 130 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, $715,000. $715,000

VOCATIONAL AND ADULT EDUCATION

For an additional amount to carry out the Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act, $100,000,000 for basic grants under title II. 100,000,000

For an additional amount for carrying out section 305 of the Adult Education Act, $1,963,000 to remain available until September 30, 1986: *Provided,* That the amount appropriated herein shall be used to ensure that there is allocated to each State for school year 1985-1986 an amount equal to its allocation under section 305 of that Act for the immediately preceding school year. 1,963,000

[*Total, Vocational and Adult Education, $101,963,000.*]

EMERGENCY IMMIGRANT EDUCATION

Funds appropriated in Public Law 98-151 for carrying out Emergency Immigrant Education Assistance under title V of H.R. 3520 as passed the House of Representatives on September 13, 1983 (subsequently enacted under Public Law 98-511), shall remain available for obligation until September 30, 1986.

STUDENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

For an additional amount for "Student financial assistance", $287,000,000, which shall remain available until September 30, 1986, for carrying out subpart 1 of part A of title IV of the Higher Education Act. 287,000,000

For an additional amount for carrying out part E of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, $2,482,000 to be available only for payment to any State which received in fiscal year 1985 an amount less than the amount received in fiscal year 1984 under such part E to assure that each such State will receive under such part E for fiscal year 1985 an amount at least equal to the amount which that State received under such part E in fiscal year 1984. 2,482,000

[*Total, Student Financial Assistance, $289,482,000.*]

GUARANTEED STUDENT LOANS

For an additional amount for "Guaranteed student loans", $720,346,000, to remain available until expended. 720,346,000

HIGHER EDUCATION

Of the funds appropriated in 1985 for title III of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, $15,200,000 for the endowment grant program under section 333 shall remain available until September 30, 1986.

Funds appropriated in fiscal year 1985 for part C of title IX of the Higher Education Act of 1965, relating to the National Graduate Fellows Program, shall remain available until December 31, 1985.

[*Total, Department of Education, $1,112,506,000.*]

DISAPPROVAL OF DEFERRALS

UNITED STATES INSTITUTE OF PEACE

The Congress disapproves the proposed deferral D85-39, pertaining to the United States Institute of Peace, as set forth in the message of January 4, 1985, which was transmitted to the Congress by the President. This disapproval shall be effective upon enactment into law of this Act and the amount of the proposed deferral disapproved herein shall be made available for obligation. [1] *$4,000,000*

NEGATIVE SUPPLEMENTALS

The Congress disapproves the proposed deferrals set forth in paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4), as follows:

(1) D85-34, pertaining to the Employment and Training Administration, as set forth in the message of November 29, 1984, which was transmitted to the Congress by the President and revised by D85-34A, as set forth in the message of March 1, 1985, which was transmitted to the Congress by the President. [1] *3,767,000*

(2) D85-57 and D85-58, each pertaining to the Railroad Retirement Board, as set forth in the message of February 6, 1985, which was transmitted to the Congress by the President. [1] *3,098,000* *502,000*

(3) D85-61, D85-62, and D85-63, each pertaining to the Employment and Training Administration, and D85-64, pertaining to the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, as set forth in the message of March 1, 1985, which was transmitted to the Congress by the President. [1] *162,000* [1] *37,000,000* [1] *119,000* [1] *228,000*

(4) D85-66, pertaining to the Health Care Financing Administration, and D85-67, pertaining to the Social Security Administration, as set forth in the message of March 22, 1985, which was transmitted to the Congress by the President. [1] *4,271,000* [1] *9,176,000*

The disapproval shall be effective upon enactment into law of this Act and the amount of the proposed deferrals disapproved herein shall be made available for obligation.

[*Total, Disapproval of Deferrals, $62,323,000.*]

[*Total, Chapter VIII:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority* .... *$4,714,838,000.*]

[*Limitation on trust fund transfer* .... *20,000,000.*]

[*Deferral disapproval* .... *62,323,000.*]

CHAPTER IX

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

SENATE

EXPENSE ALLOWANCES OF THE VICE PRESIDENT, THE PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE, MAJORITY AND MINORITY LEADERS, THE MAJORITY AND MINORITY WHIPS, AND THE CHAIRMEN OF THE MAJORITY AND MINORITY CONFERENCE COMMITTEES

For an additional amount for "Expense Allowances of the Vice President, the President pro tempore, Majority and Minority Leaders, the Majority and Minority Whips, and the Chairmen of the Majority and Minority Conference Committees", $6,000: *Provided,* That, for each fiscal year (commencing with the fiscal year ending 6,000

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[1] Deferral disapproval.

September 30, 1985), there is hereby authorized an expense allowance for the Chairmen of the Majority and Minority Conference Committees which shall not exceed $3,000 each fiscal year for each such Chairman; and amounts from such allowance shall be paid to either of such Chairmen only as reimbursement for actual expenses incurred by him and upon certification and documentation of such expenses, and amounts so paid shall not be reported as income and shall not be allowed as a deduction under title 26, United States Code.

REPRESENTATION ALLOWANCES FOR THE MAJORITY AND MINORITY LEADERS

For representation allowances of the Majority and Minority Leaders of the Senate, $10,000 for each such Leader; in all $20,000. $20,000

SALARIES, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

ADMINISTRATIVE, CLERICAL, AND LEGISLATIVE ASSISTANCE TO SENATORS

For an additional amount for "Administrative, Clerical and Legislative Assistance to Senators", $1,136,000. 1,136,000

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

SERGEANT AT ARMS AND DOORKEEPER OF THE SENATE

For an additional amount for "Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate", $7,258,000, of which $4,800,000 shall remain available until September 30, 1986. 7,258,000

INQUIRIES AND INVESTIGATIONS

For an additional amount for "Inquiries and Investigations", $3,000,000. 3,000,000

[*Total, Contingent Expenses of the Senate, $10,258,000.*]

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

SEC. 191. Effective October 1, 1984, the allowance for administrative and clerical assistance of each Senator from the State of Missouri is increased to that allowed Senators from States having a population of five million but less than seven million, the population of said State having exceeded five million inhabitants.

SEC. 192. For each fiscal year (commencing with the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985) there is authorized to be appropriated to the account, within the contingent fund of the Senate, for the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate, such funds (which shall be in addition to funds authorized to be so appropriated for other purposes) as may be necessary for the purchase, lease, exchange, maintenance, and operation of vehicles as follows: one for the Vice President, one for the President pro tempore of the Senate, one for the Majority Leader of the Senate, one for the Minority Leader of the Senate, one for the Majority Whip of the Senate, one for the Minority Whip of the Senate, and such number as is needed for carrying mails, and for official use of the offices of the Secretary of the Senate, the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate, the Secretary for the Majority, and the Secretary for the Minority.

SEC. 193. The second sentence of section 107(a) of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1979 (Public Law 96-38; 2 U.S.C. 69a) is amended by striking out "Senators and members of their staffs," and inserting in lieu thereof "Senators, Senate officials, or members of the staffs of Senators or Senate officials".

SEC. 194. Section 3(c)(2) under the heading "Administrative Provisions" in the appropriation for the Senate in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1975 (2 U.S.C. 59(c)(2)) is amended by striking out "$22,550" and inserting in lieu thereof "$30,000" and by striking out "$550" and inserting in lieu thereof "$734".

SEC. 195. (a) Funds authorized to be expended under section 120 of Public Law 97-51 (2 U.S.C. 61g-6) may be used by the Majority or Minority Conference Committee of the Senate, with the approval of the Committee on Rules and Administration, to procure the temporary services (not in excess of one year) or intermittent services of individual consultants, or organizations thereof, to make studies or advise the committee with respect to any matter within its jurisdiction.

(b) Such services in the case of individuals or organizations may be procured by contract as independent contractors, or in the case of individuals, by employment at daily rates of compensation not in excess of the per diem equivalent of the highest gross rate of compensation which may be paid to a regular employee of such committee. Such contracts shall not be subject to the provisions of section 5 of title 41 or any other provision of law requiring advertising.

(c) Any such consultant or organization shall be selected for the Majority or Minority Conference Committee of the Senate by the chairman thereof.

SEC. 196. The chairman of the Majority or Minority Conference Committee of the Senate may, during the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985, at his election, transfer not more than $65,000 from the appropriation account for salaries for the Conference of the Majority and the Conference of the Minority of the Senate, to the account, within the contingent fund of the Senate, from which expenses are payable under section 120 of Public Law 97-51 (2 U.S.C. 61g-6). Any transfer of funds under authority of the preceding sentence shall be made at such time or times as such chairman shall specify in writing to the Senate Disbursing Office. Any funds so transferred by the chairman of the Majority or Minority Conference Committee shall be available for expenditure by such committee in like manner and for the same purposes as are other moneys which are available for expenditure by such committee from the account, within the contingent fund of the Senate, from which expenses are payable under section 120 of Public Law 97-51 (2 U.S.C. 61g-6).

SEC. 197. (a) There is hereby established an account, within the Senate, to be known as the "Representation Allowance Account for the Majority and Minority Leaders". Such Allowance Account shall be used by the Majority and Minority Leaders of the Senate to assist them properly to discharge their appropriate responsibilities in the United States to members of foreign legislative bodies and prominent officials of foreign governments and intergovernmental organizations.

(b) Payments authorized to be made under this section shall be paid by the Secretary of the Senate. Of the funds available for expenditure from such Allowance Account for any fiscal year, one-half shall be allotted to the Majority Leader and one-half shall be allotted to the Minority Leader. Amounts paid from such Allowance Account to the Majority or Minority Leader shall be paid to him from his allotment and shall be paid to him only as reimbursement for actual expenses incurred by him and upon certification and documentation of such expenses. Amounts paid to the Majority or Minority Leader pursuant to this section shall not be reported as income and shall not be allowed as a deduction under title 26, United States Code.

(c) There are authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year (commencing with the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985) not more than $20,000 to the Allowance Account established by this section.

[*Total, Senate, $11,420,000.*]

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Payments to Widows and Heirs of Deceased Members of Congress

For payment to Catherine S. Long, widow of Gillis W. Long, late a Representative from the State of Louisiana, $75,100. $75,100

Salaries, Officers and Employees

For an additional amount for "Salaries, officers and employees", $130,000. 130,000

Committee Employees

For an additional amount for "Committee employees", $2,799,000. 2,799,000

Allowances and Expenses

For an additional amount for "Allowances and expenses", $5,603,000. 5,603,000

[*Total, House of Representatives, $8,607,100.*]

JOINT ITEMS

Official Mail Costs

For an additional amount for "Official mail costs", $11,853,000. 11,853,000

General Accounting Office

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $5,000,000. 5,000,000

[*Total, Chapter IX, new budget (obligational) authority, $36,880,100.*]

CHAPTER X

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Office of the Secretary

WORKING CAPITAL FUND

The "Limitation on working capital fund" is reduced to $64,500,000, of which $30,000 is reduced pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. *−1,000,000 (decrease in limitation on working capital fund)*

Coast Guard

ACQUISITION, CONSTRUCTION, AND IMPROVEMENTS

For an additional amount for "Acquisition, construction, and improvements", to remain available until September 30, 1988, $27,700,000. 27,700,000 *6,240,000 (by transfer)*

ALTERATION OF BRIDGES

For an additional amount for "Alteration of bridges", $8,400,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That the bridge at mile 6.9 on the Willamette River is an unreasonable obstruction to navigation for the purposes of the Act of June 21, 1940 (33 U.S.C. 511 et seq.).

$8,400,000

[*Total, Coast Guard, $36,100,000.*]

FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

OPERATIONS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for "Operations", $15,000,000, of which $5,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Redeemable preference shares", $5,000,000 from "Payments to air carriers", $2,500,000 from "Construction, Metropolitan Washington Airports", and $2,500,000 from "Headquarters Administration": *Provided*, That section 5532(f)(2) of title V, United States Code, is amended by striking "December 31, 1985" and inserting "December 31, 1986" in lieu thereof: *Providing further*, That section 8344(h) of title V, United States Code, is amended (a) by adding the following phrase at the end of paragraph (1): ": *Provided, however*, That the amount such an annuitant may receive in pay, excluding premium pay, in any pay period when aggregated with the annuity payable during that same period shall not exceed the rate payable for level V of the Executive Schedule."; and (b) by striking "August 3, 1981" in paragraph (2) and inserting "April 1, 1985" in lieu thereof: *Provided further*, That in the event that the Federal Aviation Administrator employs annuitants subject to section 8344(h) of title V, United States Code, not to exceed $10,000,000, to be derived from the unobligated balance of any appropriation available for obligation by the Federal Aviation Administration as of the effective date of this Act, shall be available through December 31, 1986, for the purpose of funding such employment: *Provided further*, That any such funding shall be reported to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

15,000,000
(by transfer)

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Transportation shall hereafter, in consultation with appropriate law enforcement and other agencies, reexamine immediately the fitness of any carrier which has violated laws and regulations of the United States pertaining to the illegal importation of controlled substances or has failed to adopt available measures to prevent the illegal importation of controlled substances into the United States aboard its aircraft, and shall, where appropriate, suspend, modify, or revoke the certificate of public convenience and necessity or foreign air carrier permit of such carrier.

The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall not implement or enforce Federal Aviation Administration Order numbered 6850.26A or any other order establishing national policy for Federal funding of visual glide-slope indicators until such time as the Administrator has published notice in the Federal Register and has provided adequate opportunity for public comment concerning a national policy for Federal funding of such indicators.

For an additional amount, in addition to the other amounts provided under this head, $2,000,000, to remain available until expended, for an expanded air marshall program on international flights of United States air carriers pursuant to sections 315 and 316 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1356 and 1357). 2,000,000

FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT

(AIRPORT AND AIRWAY TRUST FUND)

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $12,000,000 are rescinded, of which $10,000,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −$12,000,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, Federal Aviation Administration (net), −$10,000,000.*]

FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

LIMITATION ON GENERAL OPERATING EXPENSES

The limitation on General operating expenses is reduced to $204,452,000. *−439,000 (decrease in limitation on general operating expenses)*

RAILROAD-HIGHWAY CROSSINGS DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS

For an additional amount for "Railroad-highway crossings demonstration projects", to remain available until expended, $14,640,000, of which $9,760,000 shall be derived from the Highway Trust Fund. 14,640,000

MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $164,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −164,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, Federal Highway Administration (net), $14,476,000.*]

NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION

OPERATIONS AND RESEARCH

(RESCISSIONS)

Of available funds under this head, $808,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −808,000 *(rescission)*

Of available funds under this head for the purposes of carrying out a national program to encourage the use of automobile safety belts and passive restraints, $7,500,000 or so much thereof as may be available on May 2, 1985, is rescinded. −7,500,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, operations and research (net), −$8,308,000.*]

HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY GRANTS

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $250,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −250,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (net), −$8,558,000.*]

FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION

RAILROAD RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $170,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

−$170,000 *(rescission)*

RAIL SERVICE ASSISTANCE

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Rail service assistance", $60,281,000, to remain available until expended, for payment to the Secretary of Treasury for debt reduction, together with such sums as may be necessary for the payment of interest due to the Secretary of Treasury under the terms and conditions of such debt.

68,932,000
−60,281,000 *(appropriation for debt reduction)*

Of available funds under this head, $90,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

−90,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, rail service assistance (net), $8,561,000.*]

SETTLEMENTS OF RAILROAD LITIGATION

For the settlement of promissory notes pursuant to section 210(f) of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (Public Law 93-236) as amended, $4,223,000 to remain available until expended, together with such sums as may be necessary for the payment of interest due to the Secretary of Treasury under the terms and conditions of such notes.

4,328,000
−4,223,000 *(appropriation for debt reduction)*

[*Total, settlements of railroad litigation (net), $105,000.*]

NORTHEAST CORRIDOR IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

(RESCISSION AND DISAPPROVAL OF DEFERRAL)

Of available funds under this head, $200,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

−200,000 *(rescission)*

The Congress disapproves the proposed deferral D85-50 in the amount of $30,000,000 for the Northeast Corridor Improvement Program, as set forth in the message of February 6, 1985, which was transmitted to the Congress by the President. This disapproval shall be effective upon enactment into law of this Act and the amount of the proposed deferral disapproved herein shall be made available for obligation.

30,000,000 (deferral disapproval)

RAILROAD REHABILITATION AND IMPROVEMENT

FINANCING FUNDS

The limitation on total commitments to guarantee new loans pursuant to sections 511 through 513 of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-210), as amended, is increased to $6,500,000 of contingent liabilities for loan principal during fiscal year 1985.

6,500,000 (limitation on new loan guarantee)

[*Total, Federal Railroad Administration (net), $8,296,000.*]

St. Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

The limitation on administrative expenses is reduced to $1,792,000.

−$30,000 (decrease in limitation on administrative expenses)

Research and Special Programs

Administration

RESEARCH AND SPECIAL PROGRAMS

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for "Research and special programs", $650,000, to be derived by transfer from "Payments to air carriers, Department of Transportation".

650,000 (by transfer)

[Total, Department of Transportation:

[New budget (obligational) authority (net)	*$40,314,000.]*
[Appropriations	*126,000,000.]*
[Appropriations for debt reduction	*−64,504,000.]*
[Rescissions	*−21,182,000.]*
[Decrease in limitation on working capital fund	*−1,000,000.]*
[By transfer	*21,890,000.]*
[Limitation on administrative expenses	*−469,000.]*
[Deferral disapproval	*30,000,000.]*
[Limitation on loan guarantee	*6,500,000.]*

RELATED AGENCIES

Interstate Commerce Commission

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $2,100,000: *Provided*, That none of the funds provided in this Act or in Public Law 98-473 shall be available for more than six full-time equivalent staff years, including Commissioners, in each Commissioner's office, except for the Chairman.

2,100,000

Panama Canal Commission

CAPITAL OUTLAY

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for "Capital outlay", $1,700,000 to be derived from "Operating expenses" and to remain available until expended.

1,700,000 (by transfer)

PAYMENTS TO THE REPUBLIC OF PANAMA

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For payment to the Republic of Panama, pursuant to article XIII,

paragraph 4(c) of the Panama Canal Treaty of 1977, $2,705,000 to be derived from "Operating expenses". *$2,705,000 (by transfer)*

[Total Chapter X:

[New budget (obligational) authority (net)	*$42,414,000.]*
[Appropriations for debt reduction	*−64,504,000.]*
[Appropriations	*128,100,000.]*
[Rescissions	*−21,182,000.]*
[Decrease in limitation on working capital fund	*−1,000,000.]*
[By transfer	*26,295,000.]*
[Decrease in limitation on administrative expenses	*−469,000.]*
[Deferral disapproval	*30,000,000.]*
[Limitation on new loan guarantees	*6,500,000.]*

CHAPTER XI

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $969,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −969,000 *(rescission)*

FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING CENTER

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $75,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −75,000 *(rescission)*

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $10,000,000, of which $6,000,000 shall remain available until expended. 10,000,000

Of available funds under this head, $972,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −972,000 *(rescission)*

[Total, Financial Management Service (net), $9,028,000.]

INTEREST ON UNINVESTED FUNDS

For "Interest on uninvested funds" for a deficiency incurred in 1984, $5,000: *Provided*, That any funds refunded by the American Printing House for the Blind, as a result of an accidental overpayment to the Printing House of $5,000 in 1984, shall be returned to the General Fund.

BUREAU OF ALCOHOL, TOBACCO AND FIREARMS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $1,900,000. $1,900,000

Of available funds under this head, $397,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −397,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (net), $1,503,000.*]

UNITED STATES CUSTOMS SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $15,000,000, of which $12,200,000 shall remain available until September 30, 1986, including purchase of thirty motor vehicles for police-type use. 15,000,000

Of available funds under this head, $1,223,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −1,223,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, salaries and expenses (net), $13,777,000.*]

OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE, AIR INTERDICTION PROGRAM

For an additional amount for "Operations and maintenance, air interdiction program", $11,000,000 to remain available until September 30, 1986. 11,000,000

CUSTOMS FORFEITURE FUND

For necessary expenses of the Customs Forfeiture Fund, not to exceed $6,000,000, as authorized by Public Law 98-473 and Public Law 98-573, to be derived from deposits in the Fund. 6,000,000

CUSTOMS SERVICES AT SMALL AIRPORTS

Such sums as may be necessary for expenses of the provision of Customs services at certain small airports designated by the Secretary of the Treasury, including expenditures for the salaries and expenses of individuals employed to provide such services, to be derived from fees collected by the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to section 236 of Public Law 98-573 for each of these airports, and to remain available until expended. 42,000

[*Total, United States Customs Service (net), $30,819,000.*]

BUREAU OF THE MINT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $87,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −87,000 *(rescission)*

BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC DEBT

ADMINISTERING THE PUBLIC DEBT

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $52,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −52,000 *(rescission)*

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $198,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.	−$198,000 *(rescission)*

PROCESSING TAX RETURNS AND EXECUTIVE DIRECTION

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $781,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.	−781,000 *(rescission)*

EXAMINATIONS AND APPEALS

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $1,588,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.	−1,588,000 *(rescission)*

INVESTIGATION, COLLECTION, AND TAXPAYER SERVICE

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Investigation, collection and taxpayer service", $2,400,000, including purchase of twenty-five motor vehicles for police-type use.	2,400,000
Of available funds under this head, $1,633,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.	−1,633,000 *(rescission)*
[*Total, investigation, collection, and taxpayer service (net), $767,000.*]	

FEDERAL TAX LIEN REVOLVING FUND

For additional capital for the "Federal Tax Lien Revolving Fund", $9,000,000.	9,000,000
[*Total, Internal Revenue Service (net), $7,200,000.*]	

UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $5,400,000 of which $4,050,000 is to remain available until expended.	5,400,000
Of available funds under this head, $1,465,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.	−1,465,000 *(rescission)*
[*Total, United States Secret Service (net), $3,935,000.*]	
[*Total, Department of the Treasury (net), $51,302,000.*]	

UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE

PAYMENT TO THE POSTAL SERVICE FUND

For an additional amount for "Payment to the Postal Service Fund", for revenue forgone on free and reduced rate mail pursuant to 39 U.S.C. 2401 as amended, $168,620,000.	168,620,000

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

NATIONAL CRITICAL MATERIALS COUNCIL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for the National Critical Materials Council, including activities as authorized by Public Law 98-373, $200,000. $200,000

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

FEDERAL BUILDINGS FUND

LIMITATIONS ON AVAILABILITY OF REVENUE

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

In addition to the aggregate amount heretofore made available for real property management and related activities in fiscal year 1985, $31,033,000 shall be made available for such purposes and shall remain available until expended for the construction and acquisition of facilities, as follows:

31,033,000 (limitation on availability of revenue)

New Construction:
  California: Long Beach, Federal Building, $22,617,000.
Payment of Construction Claims:
  Florida: Fort Lauderdale, Federal Building-Courthouse, $405,000.
  South Carolina: Columbia, Federal Building-Courthouse, $820,000.
  District of Columbia: Washington, Forrestal Building, $3,000,000.
Purchase:
  Acquisition of Excess Property, Scotia, New York, Depot, $3,000,000.
Repairs and Alterations:
  Texas: Lufkin, Federal Building, $1,108,000:

Provided, That $3,000,000 of the amount previously appropriated for Real Property Operations pursuant to Public Law 98-473, under the heading "Federal Buildings Fund, Limitations on Availability of Revenue", shall be made available for purchase of the Scotia, New York, Depot and the limitation on the amount available for repairs and alterations is increased to $221,809,000 and the limitation on the amount available for design and construction services is increased to $59,596,000 and the limitation on the amount available for real property operations is decreased to $689,899,000: *Provided further,* That any revenues, collections, and any other sums accruing to this fund during fiscal year 1985 in excess of $2,284,213,000, excluding reimbursements under section 210(f)(6) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 490(f)(6)), shall remain in the fund and shall not be available for expenditure except as authorized in appropriations Acts.

Of available funds under this head, $3,204,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −3,204,000 *(rescission)*

Personal Property Activities

PERSONAL PROPERTY, OPERATING EXPENSES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $300,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −$300,000 *(rescission)*

GENERAL SUPPLY FUND

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $30,848,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. [*Total, Personal Property Activities (net), −$31,148,000.*] −30,848,000 *(rescission)*

Federal Property Resources Activities

OPERATING EXPENSES, FEDERAL PROPERTY RESOURCES SERVICE

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $207,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −207,000 *(rescission)*

EXPENSES, DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS REAL AND RELATED PERSONAL PROPERTY

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $1,832,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. [*Total, Federal Property Resources Activities (net), −$2,039,000.*] −1,832,000 *(rescission)*

General Activities

GENERAL MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION, SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $403,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −403,000 *(rescission)*

OFFICE OF INFORMATION RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

OPERATING EXPENSES, OFFICE OF INFORMATION RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $45,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −45,000 *(rescission)*

FEDERAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS FUND

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $415,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −415,000 *(rescission)*

AUTOMATIC DATA PROCESSING FUND

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $145,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −$145,000 *(rescission)*

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $35,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −35,000 *(rescission)*

ALLOWANCES AND OFFICE STAFF FOR FORMER PRESIDENTS

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $19,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −19,000 *(rescission)*

WORKING CAPITAL FUND

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $8,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −8,000 *(rescission)*

[*Total, General Activities (net), −$1,070,000.*]

[*Total, General Services Administration (net), −$37,461,000.*]

National Archives and Records Administration

OPERATING EXPENSES

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head, $166,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −166,000 *(rescission)*

Office of Personnel Management

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

The limitation on administrative expenses for the retirement and insurance programs to be transferred from the appropriate trust funds of the Office of Personnel Management, contained in H.R. 5798 and incorporated in Public Law 98–473, is hereby reduced to $50,503,000.

Of available funds under this head, $1,161,000 are rescinded pursuant to section 2901 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. −1,161,000 *(rescission)*

PAYMENT TO CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

For an additional amount for "Payment to Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund", $40,965,000. 40,965,000

[*Total, Office of Personnel Management (net), $39,804,000.*]

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, none of the funds made available in this or any other Act may be used to plan, implement, or administer (1) any reduction in the number of regions, districts or entry processing locations of the United States Customs Service; or (2) any consolidation of centralization of duty assessment or appraisement functions of any offices of the United States Customs Service.

No reductions in stockpile goals may be made below those in effect on October 1, 1984, by the President under authority provided by the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Revision Act of 1979 (98 Stat. 319), as amended, until October 1, 1986, unless authorized by Act of Congress.

[*Total, Chapter XI:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority (net)*	*$222,299,000.*]
[*Appropriations*	*270,527,000.*]
[*Rescissions*	*−48,228,000.*]
[*Limitation on availability of revenue*	*31,033,000.*]

CHAPTER XII

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

FEDERAL FUNDS

$14,180,000 For a Federal contribution to the District of Columbia $14,180,000: *Provided,* That $8,777,000 shall be made available for capital projects and shall remain available until expended: *Provided further,* That funds for capital projects may be drawn only to the extent that outstanding obligations become due and payable.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FUNDS

GOVERNMENTAL DIRECTION AND SUPPORT

(4,553,000) For an additional amount for "Governmental direction and support", $4,553,000: *Provided,* That $170,000 of this additional amount shall be allocated exclusively to the Commercial Assessment Division of the Department of Finance and Revenue to fund six new commercial assessor positions: *Provided further,* That of the $100,000 appropriated for fiscal year 1985 for the Statehood Constitutional Convention, $50,000 shall be for the Statehood Commission and $50,000 shall be for the Statehood Compact Commission: *Provided further,* That the cash and/or budget authority balance available to the Statehood Constitutional Convention on the date of expiration of the terms of its members, as distinguished from that allocated for the Statehood Commission and the Statehood Compact Commission, shall revert to the general fund of the District of Columbia.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND REGULATION

(9,873,000) For an additional amount for "Economic development and regulation", $9,873,000.

PUBLIC SAFETY AND JUSTICE

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

(26,680,000) For an additional amount for "Public safety and justice", $26,680,000: *Provided,* That $2,300,000 of this amount shall be allocated to the Metropolitan Police Department for the sole purpose of paying additional wages and fringe benefits of the Fraternal Order of Police arbitration award should that award not be disapproved according to law: *Provided further,* That if the arbitration award is disapproved, the $2,300,000 shall be used solely for repayment of the general fund deficit: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law, in the case of each employee who retired from the Fire Department of the District of Columbia before Feb-

ruary 15, 1980, and who is receiving on the date of the enactment of this Act an annuity based on service in the Fire Department, the District of Columbia Retirement Board shall cause to be paid not later than September 30, 1985, to each such employee a lump-sum payment equal to three percent of his or her annuity: *Provided further,* That of available funds under this head for fiscal year 1985, $300,000 are rescinded.

(−$300,000)
(rescission)

PUBLIC EDUCATION SYSTEM

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Public education system", $6,835,000, to be allocated as follows: $5,000,000 additional for the public schools of the District of Columbia; $1,324,000 additional for the University of the District of Columbia; $4,000 additional for the Educational Institution Licensure Commission; $356,000 additional for the Public Library; and $151,000 additional for the Commission on the Arts and Humanities: *Provided,* That of the funds available under this head for fiscal year 1985, $11,794,000 of the amount allocated to the District of Columbia Teachers' Retirement Fund are rescinded.

(6,835,000)

(−11,794,000)
(rescission)

HUMAN SUPPORT SERVICES

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

For an additional amount for "Human support services", $9,598,000: *Provided,* That of the amount available from the revenue sharing trust fund for fiscal year 1985, $698,000 are rescinded.

(9,598,000)
[1] *(−698,000)*
(rescission)

PUBLIC WORKS

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head for fiscal year 1985, $875,000 are rescinded.

(−875,000)
(rescission)

WASHINGTON CONVENTION CENTER FUND

For an additional amount for "Washington Convention Center Fund", $324,000.

(324,000)

REPAYMENT OF LOANS AND INTEREST

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head for fiscal year 1985, $1,473,000 are rescinded.

(−1,473,000)
(rescission)

REPAYMENT OF GENERAL FUND DEFICIT

For an additional amount for "Repayment of general fund deficit", $3,500,000.

(3,500,000)

SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

(RESCISSION)

Of available funds under this head for fiscal year 1985, $1,250,000 are rescinded.

(−1,250,000)
(rescission)

[*Total, operating expenses (net)* .... *($45,671,000).*]
[*Rescissions* .... *(−15,692,000).*]

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[1] Internal rescission; not reflected in totals.

CAPITAL OUTLAY

For an additional amount for "Capital outlay", $23,400,000. *($23,400,000)*

WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND

For an additional amount for "Water and sewer enterprise fund", $10,801,000. *(10,801,000)*

[*Total, District of Columbia Funds (net), ($79,872,000).*]

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 134. The Public Service Commission is hereby authorized to order and to approve the deregulation of streetlighting service to the District of Columbia as provided in its opinion and order in Formal Case No. 813, dated July 12, 1984 (Order No. 8056), notwithstanding the provisions of section 493(a) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 811; Public Law 93-198; D.C. Code, sec. 43-402), section 8, paragraph 2 of An Act Making appropriations to provide for the expenses of the government of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and fourteen, and for other purposes, approved March 4, 1913 (37 Stat. 977; Public Law 67-435; D.C. Code, sec. 43-501), and section 1 of An Act Making appropriations to provide for the expenses of the government of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred, and for other purposes, approved March 3, 1899 (30 Stat. 1053; D.C. Code, sec. 43-1207): *Provided*, That the provisions of this opinion and order regarding deregulation of streetlighting service are hereby ratified and declared to be in effect as of July 12, 1984, and shall continue to be in effect until revoked or rescinded.

[*Total, Chapter XII:*	
[*Federal funds, new budget (obligational) authority*	*$14,180,000.*]
[*District of Columbia funds (net)*	*(79,872,000).*]
[*New budget (obligational) authority*	*(95,564,000).*]
[*Rescissions*	*(−15,692,000).*]
[*Total, all chapters, title I:*	
[*New budget (obligational) authority (net)*	*$11,604,382,536.*]
[*Appropriations*	*9,381,752,536.*]
[*Appropriations for debt reduction*	*−85,204,000.*]
[*Rescissions of contract authority*	*−558,940,000.*]
[*Rescissions*	*−182,016,000.*]
[*Authority to borrow*	*3,048,790,000.*]
[*By transfer*	*76,164,000.*]
[*Deferral disapproval*	*745,769,000.*]
[*Limitation on callable capital subscriptions*	*1,219,023,979.*]
[*Limitation on contract authority*	*−23,367,000.*]
[*New deferrals*	*−10,408,000.*]
[*Limitation on trust fund transfer*	*20,000,000.*]
[*Decrease in limitation on working capital fund*	*−1,000,000.*]
[*Limitation on administrative expenses*	*−469,000.*]
[*Limitation on loan guarantee*	*6,500,000.*]
[*Limitation on availability of revenue*	*31,033,000.*]
[*District of Columbia funds (net)*	*(79,872,000).*]

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1985

For additional amounts for appropriations for the fiscal year 1985, for increased pay costs authorized by or pursuant to law as follows:

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

SENATE

"Salaries, officers and employees", $4,468,000;	$4,468,000
"Office of the Legislative Counsel of the Senate", $37,000;	37,000
"Senate policy committees", $50,000;	50,000

[*Total, Senate, $4,555,000.*]

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

"House leadership offices", $91,000;	91,000
"Salaries, officers and employees", $1,176,000;	1,176,000
"Committee employees", $1,012,000;	1,012,000
"Members' clerk hire", $2,636,000;	2,636,000
"Allowances and expenses", $669,000;	669,000

[*Total, House of Representatives, $5,584,000.*]

JOINT ITEMS

"Joint Economic Committee", $75,000;	75,000
"Joint Committee on Printing", $8,000;	8,000
"Capitol Guide Service", $10,000;	10,000

[*Total, Joint Items, $93,000.*]

CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE

"Salaries and expenses", $123,000;	123,000

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

Office of the Architect of the Capitol: "Salaries", $75,000;	75,000
"Capitol buildings", $100,000;	100,000
"Capitol grounds", $100,000;	100,000
"House office buildings", $123,000;	123,000
"Capitol power plant", $70,000;	70,000
Library buildings and grounds: "Structural and mechanical care", $90,000;	90,000

[*Total, Architect of the Capitol, $558,000.*]

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

"Salaries and expenses", $1,833,000;	1,833,000
Copyright Office: "Salaries and expenses", $199,000;	199,000
Congressional Research Service: "Salaries and expenses", $500,000;	500,000

[*Total, Library of Congress, $2,532,000.*]

BOTANIC GARDEN

"Salaries and expenses", $36,000;	36,000

OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT

"Salaries and expenses", $143,000;	143,000

[*Total, Legislative Branch, $13,624,000.*]

THE JUDICIARY

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FEDERAL CIRCUIT

"Salaries and expenses", $87,000;	$87,000

UNITED STATES COURT OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE

"Salaries and expenses", $98,000 to remain available until September 30, 1986;	98,000

COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES

"Salaries of judges", $1,910,000 of which $210,000 shall remain available until September 30, 1986;	1,910,000
"Salaries of supporting personnel", $9,150,000 to remain available until September 30, 1986;	9,150,000
"Defender services", $375,000 to remain available until September 30, 1986;	375,000
"Bankruptcy Courts: Salaries and expenses", $2,540,000;	2,540,000
[*Total, Courts of Appeals, District Courts, and Other Judicial Services, $13,975,000.*]	

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS

"Salaries and expenses", $452,000 to remain available until September 30, 1986;	452,000

FEDERAL JUDICIAL CENTER

"Salaries and expenses", $90,000;	90,000
[*Total, Judiciary, $14,702,000.*]	

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

"Salaries and expenses", $204,000;	204,000

EXECUTIVE RESIDENCE AT THE WHITE HOUSE

"Operating expenses", $57,000;	57,000

SPECIAL ASSISTANCE TO THE PRESIDENT

"Salaries and expenses", $13,000;	13,000

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATION

"Salaries and expenses", $68,000;	68,000

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

"Salaries and expenses", $352,000;	352,000
"Office of Federal Procurement Policy: Salaries and expenses", $15,000;	15,000
[*Total, Office of Management and Budget, $367,000.*]	

OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY

"Salaries and expenses", $20,000;	20,000
[*Total, Executive Office of the President, $729,000.*]	

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

"Office of the Secretary", $65,000;	$65,000
"Departmental Administration", for budget and program analysis, $45,000; for personnel, finance and management, operations, information resources management, equal opportunity, small and disadvantaged business utilization, and administrative law judges and judicial officer, $175,000; making a total of $220,000;	220,000
"Office of Governmental and Public Affairs", for public affairs, $40,000; and for intergovernmental affairs, $2,000;	42,000
"Office of the Inspector General", $431,000 to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Food stamp program" and merged with this appropriation;	*431,000 (by transfer)*
"Office of the General Counsel", $188,000 to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Food Stamp Program" and merged with this appropriation;	*188,000 (by transfer)*
"Agricultural Research Service", $4,084,000;	4,084,000
"National Agricultural Library", $64,000;	64,000

STATISTICAL REPORTING SERVICE

"Salaries and expenses", $538,000;	538,000

ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE

"Salaries and expenses", $489,000;	489,000
"Agricultural Cooperative Service", $36,000;	36,000
"World Agricultural Outlook Board", $34,000;	34,000
"Foreign Agricultural Service", $274,000;	274,000
"General Sales Manager", not to exceed an additional $54,000 may be transferred from the Commodity Credit Corporation funds to support the General Sales Manager;	*54,000 (by transfer)*

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE CORPORATION

"Administrative and operating expenses", $502,000;	502,000

RURAL ELECTRIFICATION ADMINISTRATION

"Salaries and expenses", $324,000;	324,000

FARMERS HOME ADMINISTRATION

"Salaries and expenses", $8,046,000;	8,046,000

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

"Conservation operations", $8,196,000;	8,196,000
"River basin surveys and investigations", $252,000;	252,000
"Watershed planning", $172,000;	172,000
"Watershed and flood prevention operations", $1,543,000;	1,543,000
"Resource conservation and development", $320,000;	320,000
"Great Plains conservation program", $216,000;	216,000

[*Total, Soil Conservation Service, $10,699,000.*]

ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE

"Salaries and expenses", $2,266,000;	2,266,000

FEDERAL GRAIN INSPECTION SERVICE

"Salaries and expenses", $58,000;	58,000

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

"Marketing services", $841,000;	$841,000
"Increase in limitation on administrative expenses", $753,000;	*753,000 (increase in limitation on administrative expenses)*
"Funds for strengthening markets, income and supply (section 32)", (increase of $150,000 in limitation, "marketing agreements and orders");	*150,000 (increase in limitation)*
"Office of Transportation", $27,000;	27,000

[*Total, Agricultural Marketing Service, $868,000.*]

FOOD SAFETY AND INSPECTION SERVICE

"Salaries and expenses", $11,396,000;	11,396,000

FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE

"Food program administration", $1,000,000;	1,000,000
"Human Nutrition Information Service", $37,000;	37,000
"Packers and Stockyards Administration", $85,000;	85,000

[*Total, Food and Nutrition Service, $1,122,000.*]

FOREST SERVICE

"Forest research", $1,164,000;	1,164,000
"State and private forestry", $209,000;	209,000
"National forest system", $10,688,000;	10,688,000

[*Total, Forest Service $12,061,000.*]

[*Total, Department of Agriculture:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority*	*$53,188,000.*]
[*By transfer*	*673,000.*]
[*Increase in limitation on administrative expenses*	*753,000.*]
[*Increase in limitation*	*150,000.*]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Operations, research, and facilities", $4,860,000, of which $2,783,000 shall be derived by transfer from International Trade Administration, "Operations and Administration";	*4,860,000 (by transfer)*

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY

MILITARY PERSONNEL

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Military personnel, Army", $417,249,000 and in addition $25,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Reserve Personnel, Army, 1985";	417,249,000 *25,000,000 (by transfer)*
"Military personnel, Navy", $339,633,000, of which $21,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Aircraft Procurement, Navy, 1983/1985", $27,750,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Weapons Procurement, Navy, 1983/1985", $275,883,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy, 1981/1985", and $15,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Other Procurement, Navy, 1983/1985";	*339,633,000 (by transfer)*
"Military personnel, Marine Corps", $106,840,000 and in addition, $10,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Procurement, Marine Corps, 1983/1985";	106,840,000 *10,000,000 (by transfer)*

"Military personnel, Air Force", $254,825,000, and in addition, $112,854,000, of which $36,454,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Aircraft Procurement, Air Force, 1983/1985", $33,200,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Missile Procurement, Air Force, 1983/1985", and $43,200,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Other Procurement, Air Force, 1983/1985";	$254,825,000 *112,854,000* *(by transfer)*
"Reserve personnel, Navy", $4,619,000, and in addition, $22,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Aircraft Procurement, Navy, 1983/1985";	4,619,000 *22,000,000* *(by transfer)*
"Reserve personnel, Marine Corps", $3,078,000;	3,078,000
"Reserve personnel, Air Force", $2,976,000;	2,976,000
"National Guard personnel, Air Force", $17,532,000;	17,532,000

[*Total, Military Personnel:*
[*New budget (obligational) authority* .... *$807,119,000.*]
[*By transfer* .... *509,487,000.*]

Operation and Maintenance

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Operation and maintenance, Army", $10,466,000, and in addition, $119,300,000, of which $11,300,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Aircraft Procurement, Army, 1983/1985", $83,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Procurement of Weapons and Tracked Combat Vehicles, Army, 1983/1985", $10,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Procurement of Ammunition, Army, 1983/1985", and $15,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Other Procurement, Army, 1983/1985";	10,466,000 *119,300,000* *(by transfer)*
"Operation and maintenance, Navy", $7,119,000, and in addition, $180,829,000, of which $104,129,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy, 1981/1985", $16,200,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, Navy, 1985/1986", $29,100,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy, 1985/1989", $6,400,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Aircraft Procurement, Navy, 1985/1987", and $25,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Other Procurement, Navy, 1983/1985";	7,119,000 *180,829,000* *(by transfer)*
"Operation and maintenance, Marine Corps", $8,488,000, to be derived by transfer from "Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy, 1981/1985";	*8,488,000* *(by transfer)*
"Operation and maintenance, Air Force", $90,346,000, to be derived by transfer from "Aircraft Procurement, Air Force, 1983/1985";	*90,346,000* *(by transfer)*
"Operation and maintenance, Defense Agencies", $81,230,000, and in addition, $8,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Procurement, Defense Agencies, 1983/1985";	81,230,000 *8,000,000* *(by transfer)*
"Operation and maintenance, Army Reserve", $7,336,000;	7,336,000
"Operation and maintenance, Navy Reserve", $1,400,000;	1,400,000
"Operation and maintenance, Marine Corps Reserve", $150,000;	150,000
"Operation and maintenance, Air Force Reserve", $7,300,000;	7,300,000
"Operation and maintenance, Army National Guard", $13,194,000;	13,194,000
"Operation and maintenance, Air National Guard", $15,091,000;	15,091,000
"National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, Army", $12,000;	12,000

[*Total, Operation and Maintenance:*
[*New budget (obligational) authority* .... *$143,298,000.*]
[*By transfer* .... *406,963,000.*]
[*Total, Department of Defense—Military:*
[*New budget (obligational) authority* .... *$950,417,000.*]
[*By transfer* .... *916,450,000.*]

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL

Cemeterial Expenses, Army

"Salaries and expenses", $53,000;		$53,000

Corps of Engineers—Civil

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"General investigations", $2,200,000 to remain available until expended to be derived from "Construction, general";		*2,200,000* *(by transfer)*
"General expenses", $3,000,000 to remain available until expended to be derived from "Construction, general";		*3,000,000* *(by transfer)*

Soldiers' and Airmen's Home

"Operation and maintenance", $324,000;		324,000
[*Total, Department of Defense—Civil:*		
[*New budget (obligational) authority*	*$377,000.*]	
[*By transfer*	*5,200,000.*]	

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Energy Programs

"Energy Information Administration", $495,000;	495,000
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission: "Salaries and expenses", $1,627,000;	1,627,000
[*Total, Department of Energy, $2,122,000.*]	

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

"Salaries and expenses", $3,535,000;	3,535,000

Health Services Administration

"Indian Health Services", $7,000,000;	7,000,000
[*Total, Department of Health and Human Services, $10,535,000.*]	

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

Management and Administration

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Salaries and expenses", $2,712,000, to be derived by transfer from the various funds of the Federal Housing Administration;	*2,712,000* *(by transfer)*

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

"Management of lands and resources", $2,000,000;	2,000,000

UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

"Resource Management"; $4,000,000;	4,000,000

National Park Service

"Operation of the national park system", $8,700,000;	8,700,000

Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement

"Regulation and technology", $455,000;	$455,000

Geological Survey

"Surveys, investigations, and research", $4,464,000;	4,464,000

Bureau of Indian Affairs

"Operation of Indian programs", $5,000,000;	5,000,000

Office of the Solicitor

"Office of the Solicitor", $306,000;	306,000

[*Total, Department of the Interior, $24,925,000.*]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

General Administration

"Salaries and expenses", $1,068,000;	1,068,000

United States Parole Commission

"Salaries and expenses", $160,000;	160,000

Legal Activities

(including transfer of funds)

"Salaries and expenses, General Legal Activities", $3,308,000;	3,308,000
"Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division", $665,000;	665,000
"Salaries and expenses, United States Attorneys and Marshals", $7,811,000 of which $1,636,000 to be derived by transfer from "Support of U.S. Prisoners";	6,175,000 *1,636,000* *(by transfer)*
"Salaries and expenses, Community Relations Service", $135,000, of which $17,000 may be made available for expenses necessary under section 501(c) of the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980;	135,000

[*Total, Legal Activities, $10,283,000.*]

Interagency Law Enforcement

"Organized crime drug enforcement", $43,000;	43,000

Federal Bureau of Investigation

"Salaries and expenses", $15,270,000;	15,270,000

Drug Enforcement Administration

"Salaries and expenses", $4,682,000;	4,682,000

Immigration and Naturalization Service

"Salaries and expenses", $9,561,000;	9,561,000

FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM:

"Salaries and expenses", $7,345,000;	$7,345,000
"Limitation on administrative and vocational training expenses, Federal Prison Industries, Incorporated" (increase of $30,000 in the limitation on Administrative expenses, and $74,000 on Vocational Training expenses);	*104,000 (limitation on administrative and vocational training expenses)*

[Total, Department of Justice:

[New budget (obligational) authority	*$48,412,000.]*
[By transfer	*1,636,000.]*
[Limitation on administrative and vocational training expenses	*104,000.]*

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

EMPLOYMENT STANDARDS ADMINISTRATION

"Black Lung Disability Trust Fund", $176,000 which shall be available for transfer to Employment Standards Administration, "Salaries and expenses";	176,000

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

(TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

"Operations", $3,112,000, of which $2,025,000 shall be derived from the unobligated balances of "Payments to air carriers"; $682,000 shall be derived from "Headquarters administration"; and $405,000 shall be derived from the unobligated balances of "Construction, Metropolitan Washington airports";	*3,112,000 (by transfer)*
"Operation and maintenance, Metropolitan Washington airports", $505,000 to be derived from the unobligated balances of "Construction, Metropolitan Washington airports";	*505,000 (by transfer)*

COAST GUARD

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

"Operating expenses", $15,000,000, to be available until expended, to be derived from funds available in fiscal year 1985 from the Boat Safety Account; and $3,275,000 to be derived from the unobligated balances of "Payments to air carriers": *Provided,* That not to exceed $785,000,000 shall be available in fiscal year 1985 for compensation and military benefits of military personnel of the Coast Guard;	15,000,000 *3,275,000 (by transfer)*
"Reserve training", $1,025,000, of which $390,000 shall be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Payments to air carriers"; $500,000 shall be derived from the unobligated balances of "Acquisition, construction and improvements"; and $135,000 shall be derived from the unobligated balances of "Research, development, test and evaluation";	*1,025,000 (by transfer)*

MARITIME ADMINISTRATION

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Operations and training," $552,000 to be derived from the unobligated balances of "Payments to air carriers";	*552,000 (by transfer)*

Research and Special Programs Administration

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Research and special programs," $300,000 to be derived from the unobligated balances of "Payments to air carriers"; *$300,000 (by transfer)*

Office of the Secretary

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Salaries and expenses", $65,000 to be derived by transfer from "Transportation planning, research and development" together with $435,000 from the unobligated balances available under this head at the beginning of fiscal year 1985; *65,000 (by transfer)*

[*Total, Department of Transportation:*
[*New budget (obligational) authority* .... *$15,000,000.*]
[*By transfer* .... *8,834,000.*]

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Office of the Secretary

"Salaries and expenses", $657,000; 657,000

Federal Law Enforcement Training Center

"Salaries and expenses", $102,000; 102,000

Financial Management Service

"Salaries and expenses", $1,229,000; 1,229,000

Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms

"Salaries and expenses", $1,339,000; 1,339,000

United States Customs Service

"Salaries and expenses", $12,492,000; 12,492,000

Bureau of the Public Debt

"Administering the public debt", $849,000; 849,000

Internal Revenue Service

"Salaries and expenses", $1,821,000; 1,821,000
"Processing tax returns", $14,384,000; 14,384,000
"Examinations and appeals", $28,539,000; 28,539,000
"Investigation, collection, and taxpayer service", $20,453,000; 20,453,000

Any appropriation made available to the Internal Revenue Service for the current fiscal year by this Act may be transferred to any other Internal Revenue Service appropriation to the extent necessary for increased pay costs authorized by or pursuant to law;

[*Total, Internal Revenue Service, $65,197,000.*]

United States Secret Service

"Salaries and expenses", $2,214,000; 2,214,000

[*Total, Department of the Treasury, $84,079,000.*]

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

"Salaries and expenses", $5,423,000; $5,423,000

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

FEDERAL BUILDINGS FUND

LIMITATION OF AVAILABILITY OF REVENUE

In addition to the aggregate amount heretofore made available for real property management and related activities in fiscal year 1985, $2,099,000 shall be available for such purposes and the limitation on the amount available for design and construction services is increased to $59,513,000 and the limitation on the amount available for real property operations is decreased to $692,899,000 and the limitation on the amount available for program direction and centralized services is increased to $118,509,000: *Provided*, That $2,099,000 of the amount previously appropriated for Real Property Operations pursuant to Public Law 98–473, under the heading "Federal Building Fund, Limitations on Availability of Revenue", shall be made available for increased pay costs: *Provided further*, That any revenues and collections and any other sums accruing to this fund during fiscal year 1985, excluding reimbursements under section 210(f)(6) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 490(f)(6)), in excess of $2,256,180,000 shall remain in the fund and shall not be available for expenditure except as authorized in appropriations Acts;

−2,099,000 (limitation on revenue)
1,469,000 (limitation on revenue)
630,000 (limitation on revenue)

PERSONAL PROPERTY ACTIVITIES

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Operating expenses", $2,200,000 of which $200,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Operating expenses, Office of Information Resources Management", $1,500,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Expenses, Presidential transition", and $500,000 shall be derived from unobligated balances available from "Operating expenses, Federal Property Resources Service";

2,200,000 (by transfer)

GENERAL MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Salaries and expenses", $2,200,000 of which $200,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Operating expenses, Office of Information Resources Management", $1,500,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Expenses, Presidential transition", and $500,000 shall be derived from unobligated balances available from "Operating expenses, Federal Property Resources Service": *Provided*, That expenses of transportation audit contracts and contract administration shall be in addition to this amount and shall be financed from overcharges collected from carriers on transportation bills paid by the Government and other similar type refunds at not to exceed $5,200,000 annually. This proviso will be effective from date of enactment of this Act through September 30, 1989;

2,200,000 (by transfer)

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

"Research and program management", $21,300,000; $21,300,000

OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

"Salaries and expenses", $917,000 in addition to $448,000 for current fiscal year administration expenses for the retirement and insurance programs to be transferred from the appropriate trust funds of the Office of Personnel Management in amounts to be determined by the Office of Personnel Management without regard to other statutes: *Provided,* That not to exceed $1,000 of the funds appropriated to the Office of Personnel Management for salaries and expenses for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985, shall be available for official representation expenses in connection with programs to further the employment of handicapped individuals in the Federal service, and for other programs of the office; 917,000 *448,000 (increase in limitation)*

VETERANS ADMINISTRATION

"Medical care", $152,524,000, to remain available until September 30, 1986; 152,524,000

"General operating expenses", $3,500,000; 3,500,000

"Construction, minor projects", an increase of $371,000 in the limitation on the expenses of the Office of Construction; *371,000 (limitation on administrative expenses)*

[*Total, Veterans Administration, $156,024,000.*]

OTHER INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

Administrative Conference of the United States

"Salaries and expenses", $12,000; 12,000

Commission of Fine Arts

"Salaries and expenses", $2,000; 2,000

Commission on Civil Rights

"Salaries and expenses", $122,000; 122,000

Commodity Futures Trading Commission

"Commodity Futures Trading Commission", $272,000; 272,000

Equal Employment Opportunity Commission

"Salaries and expenses", $2,900,000; 2,900,000

Federal Communications Commission

"Salaries and expenses", $1,830,000; 1,830,000

Federal Election Commission

"Salaries and expenses", $116,000; 116,000

Federal Home Loan Bank Board

"Limitation on administrative and nonadministrative expenses, Federal Home Loan Bank Board" (increase of $1,110,000 in the limitation on administrative expenses); *1,110,000 (limitation on administrative expenses)*

FEDERAL LABOR RELATIONS AUTHORITY

"Salaries and expenses", $167,000;	$167,000

FEDERAL MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION SERVICE

"Salaries and expenses", $234,000;	234,000

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $1,450,000;	1,450,000

INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY STAFF

"Intelligence Community Staff", $174,000;	174,000

INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES

ADVISORY COMMISSION ON INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

"Salaries and expenses", $17,000;	17,000

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $2,000;	2,000

SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $2,000;	2,000

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $300,000;	300,000

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $1,000,000;	1,000,000

MERIT SYSTEMS PROTECTION BOARD

"Salaries and expenses", $194,000;	194,000
"Office of Special Counsel", $44,000;	44,000
[*Total, Merit Systems Protection Board, $238,000.*]	

NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $22,000;	22,000

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

"Research and related activities", (increase of $1,670,000 in the limitation on program development and management);	*1,670,000 (limitation on administrative expenses)*
"United States Antarctic program activities", $750,000, to remain available until expended;	750,000

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

"Salaries and expenses", $199,000;	199,000

PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

"Salaries and expenses", $18,000;	18,000

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $1,045,000;		$1,045,000

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

"Salaries and expenses", $1,906,000;		1,906,000
"Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art", $363,000;		363,000
"Salaries and expenses, Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars", $16,000;		16,000
[*Total, Smithsonian Institution, $2,285,000.*]		
[*Total, Other Independent Agencies:*		
[*New budget (obligational) authority*	*$13,157,000.*]	
[*Limitation on administrative expenses*	*2,780,000.*]	

UNITED STATES HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL COUNCIL

"United States Holocaust Memorial Council", $13,000;		13,000

UNITED STATES TAX COURT

"Salaries and expenses", $350,000;		350,000
[*Total, title II, increased pay costs:*		
[*New budget (obligational) authority*	*$1,415,470,000.*]	
[*By transfer*	*944,765,000.*]	
[*Limitation on administrative expenses*	*4,008,000.*]	
[*Increase in limitation*	*598,000.*]	

TITLE III

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 301. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

SEC. 302. Except where specifically increased or decreased elsewhere in this Act, the restrictions contained within appropriations, or provisions affecting appropriations or other funds, available during fiscal year 1985, limiting the amount which may be expended for personal services, or for purposes involving personal services, or amounts which may be transferred between appropriations or authorizations available for or involving such services, are hereby increased to the extent necessary to meet increased pay costs authorized by or pursuant to law.

TITLE IV

AUTHORIZATION OF ECONOMIC SUPPORT FUND ASSISTANCE FOR JORDAN

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 401. This title may be cited as the "Jordan Supplemental Economic Assistance Authorization Act of 1985".

ECONOMIC SUPPORT FUND

SEC. 402. (a)(1) In addition to funds otherwise available for such purposes for such fiscal year, there are authorized to be appropriated to the President to carry out chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, $250,000,000 for the fiscal year 1985, which amount shall be available only for Jordan.

(2) Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by paragraph (1)—

(A) for the fiscal year 1985, $50,000,000 shall be available only for commodity import programs and $30,000,000 shall be available only for project assistance;

(B) for fiscal year 1986, $50,000,000 shall be available only for commodity import programs and $30,000,000 shall be available only for project assistance; and

(C) for the fiscal year 1987, $60,000,000 shall be available only for commodity import programs and $30,000,000 shall be available only for project assistance.

(b) Amounts appropriated to carry out this section are authorized to remain available until September 30, 1987.

POLICY

SEC. 403. (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that no foreign military sales financing authorized by this Act may be used to finance the procurement by Jordan of United States advanced aircraft, new air defense weapons systems, or other new advanced military weapons systems, and no notification may be made pursuant to section 36(b) of the Arms Export Control Act with respect to a proposed sale to Jordan of United States advanced aircraft, new air defense systems, or other new advanced military weapons systems, unless Jordan is publicly committed to the recognition of Israel and to negotiate promptly and directly with Israel under the basic tenets of United Nations Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338.

(b) CERTIFICATION.—Any notification made pursuant to section 36(b) of the Arms Export Control Act with respect to a proposed sale to Jordan of United States advanced aircraft, new air defense systems or other new advanced military weapons, must be accompanied by a Presidential certification of Jordan's public commitment to the recognition of Israel and to negotiate promptly and directly with Israel under the basic tenets of United Nations Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338.

TITLE V

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE PLAN FOR DRUG-INTERDICTION PROGRAM

SEC. 501. (a) The Congress finds that—

(1) the drug trafficking problem continues to plague the United States and our national security interests;

(2) the effort to halt the flow of drugs into the United States is one of this Nation's most pressing problems;

(3) the Armed Forces of the United States can make a substantial and unique contribution to the drug interdiction efforts of the United States;

(4) in 1981, Congress enacted chapter 18 of title 10, United States Code, which permitted certain military support to civilian drug interdiction programs; and

(5) the Congress has consistently supported efforts of the military in supporting the drug interdiction programs of civilian agencies within the confines of the Posse Comitatus Act (18 U.S.C. 1385).

(b) Not later than December 31, 1985, the Secretary of Defense shall submit a report, which has been developed in conjunction with the Joint Chiefs of Staff, to the Appropriations and Armed Services Committees of the House of Representatives and the Senate with regard to the role of the Department of Defense in the drug interdiction and law enforcement activities of the United States. Such report shall address:

(1) the roles, mission, and organization of the Department of Defense efforts within the overall drug interdiction and law enforcement programs of the United States;

(2) the relationship of the Department of Defense to the civilian departments and agencies of the United States Government involved in drug interdiction and law enforcement efforts;

(3) the estimated cost of the Department of Defense participation in this program;

(4) any appropriate military assistance, training and equipment which should be provided for drug interdiction purposes to governments in Central and South America.

(c) Nothing in this title shall authorize the Department of Defense to engage in any activities in support of drug interdiction or law enforcement activities not authorized by law.

(d) Not later than December 31, 1985, the President shall report to the Congress as to how the United States Government is organized to interdict drugs and enforce the drug laws of the United States, including a detailed description of the jurisdiction and responsibilities of the Department of Defense and all other relevant departments and agencies and the mechanisms for coordinating the policy and operational control of the elements of each agency in the drug interdiction and law enforcement mission.

This Act may be cited as the "Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985".

Approved, August 15, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2577

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-142 (Comm. on Appropriations), and No. 99-236 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORT No. 99-82 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):

- May 22, reported in the House.
- June 6, 11, 12, considered and passed House.
- June 13, reported in the Senate.
- June 19, 20, considered and passed Senate, amended.
- July 16, House agreed to conference with Senate.
- July 29, House filed conference report.
- July 31, House agreed to conference report.
- Aug. 1, Senate agreed to conference report.
- Aug. 1, House agreed to Senate amendment to House amendment to Senate amendment.

Grand total, titles I and II, Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985:

New budget (obligational) authority (net)		$13,019,852,536
Appropriations	$10,797,222,536	
Appropriation for debt reduction	−85,204,000	
Rescissions of contract authority	−558,940,000	
Rescissions	−182,016,000	
Authority to borrow	3,048,790,000	
By transfer	*(1,020,929,000)*	
Deferral disapproval	*(745,769,000)*	
Limitation on callable capital subscriptions	*(1,219,023,979)*	
Limitation on contract authority	*(−23,367,000)*	
New deferrals	*(−10,408,000)*	
Limitation on trust fund transfer	*(20,000,000)*	
Decrease in limitation on working capital fund	*(−1,000,000)*	
Limitation on administrative expenses	*(3,539,000)*	
Limitation on loan guarantee	*(6,500,000)*	
Limitation on availability of revenue	*(31,033,000)*	
Increase in limitation	*(598,000)*	
District of Columbia funds (net)	*(79,872,000)*	

NOTE.—The following tabulation is a classification by departments and establishments of new budget (obligational) authority made or rescinded in the foregoing act.

Chapter	Department or Establishment	Amount
	TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS	
I	Department of Agriculture:	
	New budget (obligational) authority (net)	$3,468,772,000
	Appropriations	(421,766,000)
	Authority to borrow	(3,048,790,000)
	Rescissions	(−1,784,000)
	By transfer	*700,000*
II	Commerce, Justice, State and Judiciary:	
	New budget (obligational) authority (net)	534,416,000
	Appropriations	(604,438,000)
	Rescissions	(−49,322,000)
	Debt reduction	(−20,700,000)
	Deferral disapproval	*8,500,000*
	By transfer	*23,064,000*
III	Department of Defense	35,000,000
IV	Energy and Water Development:	
	New budget (obligational) authority (net)	111,120,000
	Appropriations	(119,400,000)
	Rescissions	(−8,280,000)
V	Foreign Operations:	
	New budget (obligational) authority	2,525,036,436
	Limitation on callable capital subscriptions	*1,219,023,979*
	By transfer	*16,100,000*
	Deferral disapproval	*2,287,000*
VI	Department of Housing and Urban Development:	
	New budget (obligational) authority (net)	295,006,000
	Appropriations	(260,220,000)
	Recission of contract authority	(−528,940,000)
	Rescissions	(−26,286,000)
	Limitation on contract authority	*23,367,000*
	By transfer	*5,105,000*
VII	Department of the Interior:	
	New budget (obligational) authority (net)	194,433,000
	Appropriations	(251,367,000)
	Rescissions	(−26,934,000)
	Rescission of contract authority	(−30,000,000)
	Deferral disapproval	*642,659,000*
	New deferrals	*10,408,000*
	By transfer	*4,900,000*
VIII	Department of Labor:	
	New budget (obligational) authority	4,714,838,000
	Limitation on trust fund transfer	*20,000,000*
	Deferral disapproval	*62,323,000*
IX	Legislative Branch	36,880,100
X	Department of Transportation:	
	New budget (obligational) authority (net)	42,414,000
	Appropriations for debt reduction	(−64,504,000)
	Appropriations	(128,100,000)
	Rescissions	(−21,182,000)
	Decrease in limitation on working capital fund	*−1,000,000*
	By transfer	*26,295,000*
	Deferral disapproval	*30,000,000*
	Limitation on loan guarantee	*6,500,000*
	Limitation on administrative expenses	*−469,000*
XI	Department of the Treasury:	
	New budget (obligational) authority (net)	222,299,000
	Appropriations	(270,527,000)
	Rescissions	(−48,228,000)
	Limitation on availability of revenue	*31,033,000*
XII	District of Columbia:	
	Federal funds, new budget (obligational) authority	14,180,000
	District of Columbia funds (net)	*(79,872,000)*
	New budget (obligational) authority	*(95,564,000)*
	Rescissions	*(−15,692,000)*

Chapter	Department or Establishment	Amount
	TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued	
	Total, title I—General Supplementals:	
	New budget (obligational) authority (net)	$11,604,382,536
	Appropriations	(9,381,752,536)
	Appropriation for debt reduction	(−85,204,000)
	Rescissions of contract authority	(−558,940,000)
	Rescissions	(−182,016,000)
	Authority to borrow	(3,048,790,000)
	By transfer	*76,164,000*
	Deferral disapproval	*745,769,000*
	Limitation on callable capital subscriptions	*1,219,023,979*
	Limitation on contract authority	*−23,367,000*
	New deferrals	*−10,408,000*
	Limitation on trust fund transfer	*20,000,000*
	Decrease in limitation on working capital fund	*−1,000,000*
	Limitation on loan guarantee	*6,500,000*
	Limitation on administrative expenses	*−469,000*
	Limitation on availability of revenue	*31,033,000*
	District of Columbia funds (net)	*79,872,000*
	TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS	
	Legislative Branch	13,624,000
	The Judiciary	14,702,000
	Executive Office of the President	729,000
	Department of Agriculture	53,188,000
	By transfer	*673,000*
	Increase in limitation on administrative expenses	*753,000*
	Increase in limitation	*150,000*
	Department of Commerce	
	By transfer	*4,860,000*
	Department of Defense—Military	950,417,000
	By transfer	*916,450,000*
	Department of Defense—Civil	377,000
	By transfer	*5,200,000*
	Department of Energy	2,122,000
	Department of Health and Human Services	10,535,000
	Department of Housing and Urban Development	
	By transfer	*2,712,000*
	Department of the Interior	24,925,000
	Department of Justice	48,412,000
	By transfer	*1,636,000*
	Limitation on administrative and vocational training expenses	*104,000*
	Department of Labor	176,000
	Department of Transportation	15,000,000
	By transfer	*8,834,000*
	Department of the Treasury	84,079,000
	Environmental Protection Agency	5,423,000
	General Services Administration	
	By transfer	*4,400,000*
	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	21,300,000
	Office of Personnel Management	917,000
	Increase in limitation	*448,000*
	Veterans Administration	156,024,000
	Limitation on administrative expenses	*371,000*
	Other Independent Agencies	13,157,000
	Limitation on administrative expenses	*2,780,000*
	Other Temporary Commissions	363,000
	Total title II—Increased Pay Costs:	
	New budget (obligational) authority (net)	1,415,470,000
	By transfer	*944,765,000*
	Limitation on administrative expenses	*4,008,000*
	Increase in limitation	*598,000*

Chapter	Department or Establishment	Amount
	RECAPITULATION	
	Grand total, titles I and II:	
	New budget (obligational) authority (net)	$13,019,852,536
	Appropriations	(10,797,222,536)
	Appropriation for debt reduction	(−85,204,000)
	Rescissions of contract authority	(−558,940,000)
	Rescissions	(−182,016,000)
	Authority to borrow	(3,048,790,000)
	By transfer	*1,020,929,000*
	Deferral disapproval	*745,769,000*
	Limitation on callable capital subscriptions	*1,219,023,979*
	Limitation on contract authority	*−23,367,000*
	New deferrals	*−10,408,000*
	Limitation on trust fund transfer	*20,000,000*
	Decrease in limitation on working capital fund	*−1,000,000*
	Limitation on administrative expenses	*3,539,000*
	Limitation on loan quarantee	*6,500,000*
	Limitation on availability of revenue	*31,033,000*
	Increase in limitation	*598,000*
	District of Columbia funds (net)	*79,872,000*

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986

99th Congress, H.R. 3037

[NOTE.—The following bill, H.R. 3037, was enrolled when the conference report was filed in the House on December 12, 1985. The conference report (House Report 99-439) did not advance in the legislative process. Programs normally funded in this bill have been provided for in the continuing resolution, Public Law 99-190. The continuing resolution provided such sums as may be necessary for programs, projects, or activities provided for in the Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1986 (H.R. 3037), to the extent and in the manner provided for in the conference report and joint explanatory statement of the Committee of Conference (House Report Number 99-439), filed in the House of Representatives on December 12, 1985, as if such Act had been enacted into law. (See p. 321 for text of Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190, and pp. 1713-1720 for the table VIII showing estimates and funding levels by appropriation account.)]

A BILL

Making appropriations for Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes; namely:

TITLE I—AGRICULTURAL PROGRAMS

PRODUCTION, PROCESSING AND MARKETING

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Secretary of Agriculture, including not to exceed $75,000 for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, $1,750,000: *Provided,* That not to exceed $8,000 of this amount shall be available for official reception and representation expenses, not otherwise provided for, as determined by the Secretary. [1]$1,750,000

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR ADMINISTRATION

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Administration to carry out the programs funded in this Act, $484,000. [1]484,000

STANDARD LEVEL USER CHARGES (USDA)

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For payment of Standard Level User Charges pursuant to Public Law 92-313 for programs and activities of the Department of Agriculture which are included in this Act, $53,454,000: *Provided,* That in the event an agency within the Department of Agriculture should require modification of space needs, the Secretary of Agriculture may transfer a share of that agency's appropriation made available by this Act to this appropriation, or may transfer a share of this appropriation to that agency's appropriation, but such transfers shall not exceed 10 per centum of the funds made available for Standard Level User Charges to or from this account. [1]$53,454,000

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

BUILDING OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE

For the operation, maintenance, and repair of the Washington, D.C. Agriculture building complex pursuant to the delegation of authority from the Administrator of General Services authorized by 40 U.S.C. 486, $17,800,000. [1]17,800,000

ADVISORY COMMITTEES (USDA)

For necessary expenses for activities of Advisory Committees of the Department of Agriculture which are included in this Act, $1,323,000: *Provided,* That no other funds in this Act shall be available to the Department of Agriculture for support of activities of Advisory Committees. [1]1,323,000

DEPARTMENTAL ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For Budget and Program Analysis, $3,796,000; for Personnel, Finance and Management, Operations, Information Resources Management, Equal Opportunity, Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization, and Administrative Law Judges and Judicial Officer, $15,334,000; making a total of $19,130,000 for Departmental Administration to provide for necessary expenses for management support services to offices of the Department of Agriculture and for general administration of the Department of Agriculture, repairs and alterations, and other miscellaneous supplies and expenses not otherwise provided for and necessary for the practical and efficient work of the Department of Agriculture, of which not to exceed $10,000 is for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall be reimbursed from applicable appropriations in this Act for travel expenses incident to the holding of hearings as required by 5 U.S.C. 551–558. [1]19,130,000

WORKING CAPITAL FUND

An amount of $6,000,000 is hereby appropriated to the Departmental Working Capital Fund to increase the Government's equity in this fund and to provide for the purchase of automated data processing, data communication, and other related equipment necessary for the provision of Departmental centralized services to the agencies. [1]6,000,000

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR GOVERNMENTAL AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Governmental and Public Affairs to carry out the programs funded in this Act, $337,000. [1]337,000

OFFICE OF GOVERNMENTAL AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS

For necessary expenses to carry on services relating to the coordination of programs involving public affairs, and for the dissemination of agricultural information and the coordination of information, work and programs authorized by Congress in the Department, $6,758,000, of which not to exceed $10,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, and not to exceed $2,000,000 may be used for farmers' bulletins and not fewer than two hundred thirty-two thousand two hundred and fifty copies for the use of the Senate and House of Representatives of part 2 of the annual report of the Secretary (known as the Yearbook of Agriculture) as authorized by 44 U.S.C. 1301: *Provided,* That in the preparation of motion pictures or exhibits by the Department, this appropriation shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225). [1]$6,758,000

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99–190 (see p. 321, this volume).

For necessary expenses for liaison with the Congress on legislative matters, $495,000. [1]495,000

For necessary expenses for programs involving intergovernmental affairs, emergency preparedness, and liaison within the executive branch, $467,000. [1]467,000

[*Total, Office of Governmental and Public Affairs, $7,720,000.*]

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Inspector General, including employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), $30,756,000, including such sums as may be necessary for contracting and other arrangements with public agencies and private persons pursuant to section 6(a)(8) of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (Public Law 95-452), and including a sum not to exceed $50,000 for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109; and including a sum not to exceed $75,000 for certain confidential operational expenses including the payment of informants, to be expended under the direction of the Inspector General pursuant to Public Law 95-452 and section 1337 of Public Law 97-98; and in addition, $15,924,000 shall be derived by transfer from the appropriation, "Food Stamp Program", and merged with this appropriation. [1]30,756,000 *15,924,000 (by transfer)*

OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses, $15,077,000; and in addition, $786,000 shall be derived by transfer from the appropriation, "Food Stamp Program", and merged with this appropriation. [1]15,077,000 *786,000 (by transfer)*

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR ECONOMICS

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Economics to carry out the programs funded in this Act, $418,000. [1]418,000

ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE

For necessary expenses of the Economic Research Service in conducting economic research and service relating to agricultural production, marketing, and distribution, as authorized by the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1621-1627), and other laws, including economics of marketing; analyses relating to farm prices, income and population, and demand for farm products, use of resources in agriculture, adjustments, costs and returns in farming, and farm finance; research relating to the economic and marketing aspects of farmer cooperatives; and for analyses of supply and demand for farm products in foreign countries and their effect on prospects for United States exports, progress in economic development and its relation to sales of farm products, assembly and analysis of agricultural trade statistics and analysis of international financial and monetary programs and policies as they affect the competitive position of United States farm products; $46,305,000; of which not less than $200,000 shall be available for investigation, determination and finding as to the effect upon the production of food and upon the agricultural economy of any proposed action affecting such subject matter pending before the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency for presentation, in the public interest, before said Administrator, other agencies or before the courts: *Provided,* That not less than $350,000 of the funds contained in this appropriation shall be available to continue to gather statistics and conduct a special study on the price spread between the farmer and consumer: *Provided further,* That this appropriation shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225): *Provided further,* That not less than $145,000 of the funds contained in this appropriation shall be available for analysis of statistics and related facts on foreign production and full and complete information on methods used by other countries to move farm commodities in world trade on a competitive basis.

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

[1]$46,305,000

STATISTICAL REPORTING SERVICE

For necessary expenses of the Statistical Reporting Service in conducting statistical reporting and service work, including crop and livestock estimates, statistical coordination and improvements, and marketing surveys, as authorized by the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1621-1627) and other laws, $59,079,000: *Provided,* That no part of the funds herein appropriated shall be available for any expense incident to publishing estimates of apple production for other than the commercial crop: *Provided further,* That this appropriation shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $40,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109.

[1]59,079,000

WORLD AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK BOARD

For necessary expenses of the World Agricultural Outlook Board to coordinate and review all commodity and aggregate agricultural and food data used to develop outlook and situation material within the Department of Agriculture, as authorized by the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1622g), $1,680,000: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225).

[1]1,680,000

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR SCIENCE AND EDUCATION

For necessary salaries and expenses for the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Science and Education to administer the laws enacted by the Congress for the Agricultural Research Service, Cooperative State Research Service, Extension Service, and National Agricultural Library, $371,000.

[1]371,000

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH SERVICE

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses to enable the Agricultural Research Service to perform agricultural research and demonstration relating to production, utilization, marketing, and distribution (not otherwise provided for), home economics or nutrition and consumer use, and to coordinate and provide program leadership for higher education work of the Department, and for acquisition of lands by donation, exchange, or purchase at a nominal cost not to exceed $100; $501,043,000: *Provided*, That appropriations hereunder shall be available for field employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $115,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109: *Provided further,* That funds appropriated herein can be used to provide financial assistance to the organizers of national and international conferences, if such conferences are in support of agency programs: *Provided further,* That appropriations hereunder shall be available for the operation and maintenance of aircraft and the purchase of not to exceed one for replacement only: *Provided further,* That uniform allowances for each uniformed employee of the Agricultural Research Service shall not be in excess of $400 annually: *Provided further,* That of the appropriations hereunder not less than $10,526,600 shall be available to conduct marketing research: *Provided further,* That appropriations hereunder shall be available pursuant to 7 U.S.C. 2250 for the construction, alteration, and repair of buildings and improvements, but unless otherwise provided the cost of constructing any one building shall not exceed $150,000, except for headhouses connecting greenhouses which shall each be limited to $500,000, and except for ten buildings to be constructed or improved at a cost not to exceed $275,000 each, and the cost of altering any one building during the fiscal year shall not exceed 10 per centum of the current replacement value of the building or $150,000 whichever is greater: *Provided further,* That the limitations on alterations contained in this Act shall not apply to a total of $250,000 for facilities at Beltsville, Maryland: *Provided further,* That the foregoing limitations shall not apply to replacement of buildings needed to carry out the Act of April 24, 1948 (21 U.S.C. 113a): *Provided further,* That the limitation on purchase of land shall not apply to the purchase of land at Fresno, California, or to an option to purchase land at Florence, South Carolina, for a term of not to exceed one year: *Provided further,* That the limitations on construction contained in this Act shall not apply to the establishment of the National Clonal Germplasm Repository for Citrus, Riverside, California: *Provided further,* That not to exceed $200,000 of this appropriation may be transferred to and merged with the appropriation for the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Science and Education for the scientific review of international issues involving agricultural chemicals and food additives.

[1]$501,043,000

Special fund: To provide for additional labor, subprofessional, and junior scientific help to be employed under contracts and cooperative agreements to strengthen the work at Federal research installations in the field, $2,000,000.

[1]2,000,000

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

For acquisition of land, construction, repair, improvement, extension, alteration, and purchase of fixed equipment or facilities of or used by the Agricultural Research Service, where not otherwise provided, $6,350,000. [1]$6,350,000

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

[*Total, Agricultural Research Service, $509,393,000.*]

Cooperative State Research Service

For payments to agricultural experiment stations, for cooperative forestry and other research, for facilities, and for other expenses, including $156,484,000 to carry into effect the provisions of the Hatch Act approved March 2, 1887, as amended by the Act approved August 11, 1955 (7 U.S.C. 361a–361i), and further amended by Public Law 92-318 approved June 23, 1972, and further amended by Public Law 93-471 approved October 26, 1974, including administration by the United States Department of Agriculture, and penalty mail costs of agricultural experiment stations under section 6 of the Hatch Act of 1887, as amended, and payments under section 1361(c) of the Act of October 3, 1980 (7 U.S.C. 301n.); $13,053,000 for grants for cooperative forestry research under the Act approved October 10, 1962 (16 U.S.C. 582a—582a-7), as amended by Public Law 92-318 approved June 23, 1972, including administrative expenses, and payments under section 1361(c) of the Act of October 3, 1980 (7 U.S.C. 301n.); $23,474,000 for payments to the 1890 land-grant colleges, including Tuskegee Institute, for research under section 1445 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (Public Law 95-113), as amended, including administration by the United States Department of Agriculture, and penalty mail costs of the 1890 land-grant colleges, including Tuskegee Institute; $28,805,000 for contracts and grants for agricultural research under the Act of August 4, 1965, as amended (7 U.S.C. 450i); $44,500,000 for competitive research grants, including administrative expenses; $5,760,000 for the support of animal health and disease programs authorized by section 1433 of Public Law 95-113, including administrative expenses; $1,202,000 for research authorized by the Critical Agricultural Materials Act of 1984; $500,000 for rangeland research grants as authorized by subtitle M of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977, as amended; $10,000,000 for grants to upgrade 1890 land-grant college research facilities as authorized by section 1433 of Public Law 97-98, to remain available until expended; $5,000,000 for higher education strengthening grants under section 1417(a) of Public Law 95-113, as amended (7 U.S.C. 3152(a)); and $1,645,000 for necessary expenses of Cooperative State Research Service activities, including administration of payments to State agricultural experiment stations, funds for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $100,000 for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109; in all, $290,423,000. [1]290,423,000

Extension Service

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

Payments to States, Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, Micronesia, and American Samoa: For payments for cooperative agricultural extension work under the Smith-Lever Act, as amended by the Act of June 26, 1953, the Act of August 11, 1955, the Act of October 5, 1962 (7 U.S.C. 341–349), section 506 of the Act of June 23, 1972, and the Act of September 29, 1977 (7 U.S.C. 341–349), as amended, and section 1361(c) of the Act of October 3, 1980 (7 U.S.C. 301n.), to be distributed under sections 3(b) and 3(c) of the Act, for retirement and employees' compensation costs for extension agents, and for costs of penalty mail for cooperative extension agents and State extension directors, $241,484,000; payments for the nutrition and family education program for low-income areas under section 3(d) of the Act, $60,354,000, of which $38,627,000 shall be derived by transfer from the appropriation, "Food Stamp Program", and merged with this appropriation; payments for the urban gardening program under section 3(d) of the Act, $3,500,000; payments for the pest management program under section 3(d) of the Act, $7,531,000; payments for the farm safety program under section 3(d) of the Act, $1,020,000; payments for the integrated reproductive management program under section 3(d) of the Act, $50,000; payments for the pesticide impact assessment program under section 3(d) of the Act, $1,716,000; payments for the rural development centers under section 3(d) of the Act, $725,000; payments for a financial management assistance program under section 3(d) of the Act, $1,500,000; payments for extension work under section 209(c) of Public Law 93-471, $983,000; payments for carrying out the provisions of the Renewable Resources Extension Act of 1978, $2,500,000; payments for extension work by the colleges receiving the benefits of the second Morrill Act (7 U.S.C. 321-326, 328) and Tuskegee Institute, $17,741,000; in all, $300,477,000; of which not less than $79,400,000 is for Home Economics: *Provided*, That funds hereby appropriated pursuant to section 3(c) of the Act of June 26, 1953, and section 506 of the Act of June 23, 1972, as amended, shall not be paid to any State, Puerto Rico, Guam, or the Virgin Islands, Micronesia, and American Samoa prior to availability of an equal sum from non-Federal sources for expenditure during the current fiscal year.

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

$38,627,000 (by transfer)

[1] 300,477,000

Federal administration and coordination: For administration of the Smith-Lever Act, as amended by the Act of June 26, 1953, the Act of August 11, 1955, the Act of October 5, 1962, section 506 of the Act of June 23, 1972, section 209(d) of Public Law 93-471, and the Act of September 29, 1977 (7 U.S.C. 341-349), as amended, and section 1361(c) of the Act of October 3, 1980 (7 U.S.C. 301n.), and to coordinate and provide program leadership for the extension work of the Department and the several States and insular possessions, $5,479,000; of which not less than $2,300,000 is for Home Economics.

[1] 5,479,000

[*Total, Extension Activities:*
[*New budget (obligational) authority* .... *$305,956,000.*]
[*By transfer* .... *38,627,000.*]

NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL LIBRARY

For necessary expenses of the National Agricultural Library, $11,340,000: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $35,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109: *Provided further*, That not to exceed $575,000 shall be available pursuant to 7 U.S.C. 2250 for the alteration and repair of buildings and improvements.

[1] 11,340,000

[*Total, Research and Extension, $1,117,112,000.*]

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR MARKETING AND INSPECTION SERVICES

For necessary salaries and expenses for the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Marketing and Inspection Services to administer programs under the laws enacted by the Congress for the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Food Safety and Inspection Service, Federal Grain Inspection Service, Agricultural Cooperative Service, Agricultural Marketing Service, (including Office of Transportation) and Packers and Stockyards Administration, $347,000. [1] $347,000

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, including those pursuant to the Act of February 28, 1947, as amended (21 U.S.C. 114b–c), necessary to prevent, control, and eradicate pests and plant and animal diseases; to carry out inspection, quarantine, and regulatory activities; and to protect the environment, as authorized by law, $316,286,000; of which $3,000,000 shall be available for the control of outbreaks of insects, plant diseases and animal diseases to the extent necessary to meet emergency conditions: *Provided*, That $1,000,000 of the funds for control of the fire ant shall be placed in reserve for matching purposes with States which may come into the program: *Provided further*, That no funds shall be used to formulate or administer a brucellosis eradication program for the current fiscal year that does not require minimum matching by the States of at least 40 per centum: *Provided further*, That this appropriation shall be available for field employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $40,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109: *Provided further*, That this appropriation shall be available for the operation and maintenance of aircraft and the purchase of not to exceed two, of which one shall be for replacement only: *Provided further*, That, in addition, in emergencies which threaten any segment of the agricultural production industry of this country, the Secretary may transfer from other appropriations or funds available to the agencies or corporations of the Department such sums as he may deem necessary, to be available only in such emergencies for the arrest and eradication of contagious or infectious diseases or pests of animals, poultry, or plants, and for expenses in accordance with the Act of February 28, 1947, as amended, and section 102 of the Act of September 21, 1944, as amended, and any unexpended balances of funds transferred for such emergency purposes in the next preceding fiscal year shall be merged with such transferred amounts: *Provided further*, That effective upon the date of enactment of this Act and notwithstanding any other provision of law, the authorities of the Secretary of Agriculture under the Act of March 2, 1931 (46 Stat. 1468; 7 U.S.C. 426–426b), (transferred to the Secretary of the Interior pursuant to section 4(f) of 1939 Reorganization Plan No. II) and all personnel, property, records, unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations and other funds of the Fish and Wildlife Service, United States Department of the Interior used, held, available or to be made available in connection with the administration of such Act, are hereby transferred from the Secretary of the Interior to the Secretary of Agriculture, and this appropriation shall be available to carry out such authorities.

[1] 316,286,000

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

For plans, construction, repair, improvement, extension, alteration, and purchase of fixed equipment or facilities, as authorized by 7 U.S.C. 2250, and acquisition of land as authorized by 7 U.S.C. 428a, $4,262,000. [1] 4,262,000

[*Total, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, $320,548,000.*]

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99–190 (see p. 321, this volume).

FOOD SAFETY AND INSPECTION SERVICE

For necessary expenses to carry on services authorized by the Federal Meat Inspection Act, as amended, and the Poultry Products Inspection Act, as amended, $370,000,000, of which $5,735,000 shall be available only to the extent an official budget request is transmitted to the Congress: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall be available for field employment pursuant to section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $75,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109: *Provided further*, That this appropriation shall be available pursuant to law (7 U.S.C. 2250) for the alteration and repair of buildings and improvements, but the cost of altering any one building during the fiscal year shall not exceed 10 per centum of the current replacement value of the building.

[1,2] $370,000,000

[1] *5,735,000*
(subject to budget request)

FEDERAL GRAIN INSPECTION SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of the United States Grain Standards Act, as amended, and the standardization activities related to grain under the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946, as amended, including field employment pursuant to section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $20,000 for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, $7,045,000: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall be available pursuant to law (7 U.S.C. 2250) for the alteration and repair of buildings and improvements, but, unless otherwise provided, the cost of altering any one building during the fiscal year shall not exceed 10 per centum of the current replacement value of the building: *Provided further*, That none of the funds provided by this Act may be used to pay the salaries of any person or persons who require, or who authorize payments from fee-supported funds to persons or persons who require, nonexport, nonterminal interior elevators to maintain records not involving official inspection or official weighing in the United States under Public Law 94-582 other than those necessary to fulfill the purposes of such Act.

[1] 7,045,000

INSPECTION AND WEIGHING SERVICES

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Not to exceed $36,856,000 (from fees collected) shall be obligated during the current fiscal year for Inspection and Weighing Services.

36,856,000
(from fees collected)

AGRICULTURAL COOPERATIVE SERVICE

For necessary expenses to carry out the Cooperative Marketing Act of July 2, 1926 (7 U.S.C. 451-457), and for activities relating to the marketing aspects of cooperatives, including economic research and analysis and the application of economic research findings, as authorized by the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1621-1627), and for activities with institutions or organizations throughout the world concerning the development and operation of agricultural cooperatives (7 U.S.C. 3291), $4,713,000; of which $139,000 shall be available for a field office in Hawaii: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $15,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109.

[1] 4,713,000

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

[2] Includes appropriation of $5,735,000, available subject to submission of budget request, which was not submitted at the time this bill was approved. The official budget request was subsequently submitted during the 99th Congress, 2d session (H. Doc. 99-171).

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

MARKETING SERVICES

For necessary expenses to carry on services related to consumer protection, agricultural marketing and distribution and regulatory programs as authorized by law, and for administration and coordination of payments to States; including field employment pursuant to section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $70,000 for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, $32,208,000; of which not less than $1,582,000 shall be available for the Wholesale Market Development Program for the design and development of wholesale and farmer market facilities for the major metropolitan areas of the country: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall be available pursuant to law (7 U.S.C. 2250) for the alteration and repair of buildings and improvements, but, unless otherwise provided, the cost of altering any one building during the fiscal year shall not exceed 10 per centum of the current replacement value of the building. [1]$32,208,000

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Not to exceed $27,253,000 (from fees collected) shall be obligated during the current fiscal year for administrative expenses. *27,253,000 (from fees collected)*

FUNDS FOR STRENGTHENING MARKETS, INCOME, AND SUPPLY

(SECTION 32)

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

Funds available under section 32 of the Act of August 24, 1935 (7 U.S.C. 612c) shall be used only for commodity program expenses as authorized therein, and other related operating expenses, except for: (1) transfers to the Department of Commerce as authorized by the Fish and Wildlife Act of August 8, 1956; (2) transfers otherwise provided in this Act; and (3) not more than $6,193,000 for formulation and administration of Marketing Agreements and Orders pursuant to the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended, and the Agricultural Act of 1961. *6,193,000 (by transfer)*

PAYMENTS TO STATES AND POSSESSIONS

For payments to departments of agriculture, bureaus and departments of markets, and similar agencies for marketing activities under section 204(b) of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1623(b)), $990,000. [1]990,000

OFFICE OF TRANSPORTATION

For necessary expenses to carry on services related to agricultural transportation programs as authorized by law; including field employment pursuant to section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $20,000 for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, $2,466,000: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall be available pursuant to law (7 U.S.C. 2250) for the alteration and repair of buildings and improvements, but, unless otherwise provided, the cost of altering any one building during the fiscal year shall not exceed 10 per centum of the current replacement value of the building. [1]2,466,000

[*Total, Agricultural Marketing Service, $35,664,000.*]

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

Packers and Stockyards Administration

For necessary expenses for administration of the Packers and Stockyards Act, as authorized by law, including field employment pursuant to section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $5,000 for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, $9,201,000. [1] $9,201,000

[*Total, Production, Processing and Marketing, $2,126,314,000.*]

Farm Income Stabilization

Office of the Under Secretary for International Affairs and Commodity Programs

For necessary salaries and expenses for the Office of the Under Secretary for International Affairs and Commodity Programs to administer the laws enacted by Congress for the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, Office of International Cooperation and Development, Foreign Agricultural Service, and the Commodity Credit Corporation, $502,000. [1] 502,000

Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For necessary administrative expenses of the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, including expenses to formulate and carry out programs authorized by title III of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1301-1393); the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.); sections 7 to 15, 16(a), 16(f), and 17 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended and supplemented (16 U.S.C. 590g-590o, 590p(a), 590p(f), and 590q); sections 1001 to 1004, 1006 to 1008, and 1010 of the Agricultural Act of 1970 as added by the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1501 to 1504, 1506 to 1508, and 1510); the Water Bank Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1301-1311); the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2101); sections 401, 402, and 404 to 406 of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2201 to 2205); and laws pertaining to the Commodity Credit Corporation, $400,821,000: *Provided,* That not to exceed $400,821,000 of the above amount may be transferred to this account from the Commodity Credit Corporation fund: *Provided further,* That other funds made available to the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service for authorized activities may be advanced to and merged with this account: *Provided further,* That these funds shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $100,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109: *Provided further,* That no part of the funds appropriated or made available under this Act shall be used (1) to influence the vote in any referendum; (2) to influence agricultural legislation, except as permitted in 18 U.S.C. 1913; or (3) for salaries or other expenses of members of county and community committees established pursuant to section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, for engaging in any activities other than advisory and supervisory duties and delegated program functions prescribed in administrative regulations. *400,821,000 (by transfer)*

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

Dairy Indemnity Program

For necessary expenses involved in making indemnity payments to dairy farmers for milk or cows producing such milk and manufacturers of dairy products who have been directed to remove their milk or dairy products from commercial markets because it contained residues of chemicals registered and approved for use by the Federal Government, and in making indemnity payments for milk, or cows producing such milk, at a fair market value to any dairy farmer who is directed to remove his milk from commercial markets because of (1) the presence of products of nuclear radiation or fallout if such contamination is not due to the fault of the farmer, or (2) residues of chemicals or toxic substances not included under the first sentence of the Act of August 13, 1968, as amended (7 U.S.C. 450j), if such chemicals or toxic substances were not used in a manner contrary to applicable regulations or labeling instructions provided at the time of use and the contamination is not due to the fault of the farmer, $100,000: *Provided,* That none of the funds contained in this Act shall be used to make indemnity payments to any farmer whose milk was removed from commercial markets as a result of his willful failure to follow procedures prescribed by the Federal Government. [1] $100,000

CORPORATIONS

The following corporations and agencies are hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to each such corporation or agency and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out the programs set forth in the budget for the current fiscal year for such corporation or agency, except as hereinafter provided:

Federal Crop Insurance Corporation

ADMINISTRATIVE AND OPERATING EXPENSES

For administrative and operating expenses, as authorized by the Federal Crop Insurance Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1516), $220,348,000: *Provided,* That not to exceed $700 shall be available for official reception and representation expenses, as authorized by 7 U.S.C. 1506(i). [1] 220,348,000

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE CORPORATION FUND

For payments as authorized by section 508(b) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act, as amended, $135,000,000.

[*Total, Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, $355,348,000.*] [1] 135,000,000

Commodity Credit Corporation

REIMBURSEMENT FOR NET REALIZED LOSSES

To reimburse the Commodity Credit Corporation for net realized losses sustained, but not previously reimbursed, pursuant to the Act of August 17, 1961 (15 U.S.C. 713a-11, 713a-12), $9,195,240,000, and in addition $4,000,000,000 which shall be available only to the extent an official budget request is transmittal to the Congress. [1,2] 13,195,240,000 *(authority to borrow)* [1] *4,000,000,000 (subject to budget request)*

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

[2] Includes appropriation of $4,000,000,000, available subject to submission of budget request, which was not submitted at the time this bill was approved. The official budget request was subsequently submitted during the 99th Congress, 2d session (H. Doc. 99-152).

GENERAL SALES MANAGER

(ALLOTMENT FROM COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION)

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

Not to exceed $6,089,000 may be transferred from the Commodity Credit Corporation funds to support the General Sales Manager who shall work to expand and strengthen sales of United States commodities (including those of the Corporation) in world markets pursuant to existing authority (including that contained in the Corporation's charter), and that such funds shall be used by the General Sales Manager to carry out the above activities. The General Sales Manager shall report directly to the Board of Directors of the Corporation of which the Secretary of Agriculture is a member. The General Sales Manager shall obtain, assimilate, and analyze all available information on developments related to private sales, as well as those funded by the Corporation, including grade and quality as sold and as delivered, including information relating to the effectiveness of greater reliance by the General Sales Manager upon loan guarantees as contrasted to direct loans for financing commercial export sales of agricultural commodities out of private stocks on credit terms, as provided in titles I and II of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978, Public Law 95-501, and shall submit quarterly reports to the appropriate committees of Congress concerning such developments.

$6,089,000 (by transfer)

[Total, Farm Income Stabilization:	
[New budget (obligational) authority	*$13,551,190,000.]*
[By transfer	*406,910,000.]*
[Total, title I, Agricultural Programs:	
[New budget (obligational) authority	*15,677,504,000.]*
[Definite appropriations	*11,671,769,000.]*
[Subject to budget request	*4,005,735,000.]*
[By transfer	*468,440,000.]*
[Limitation on obligations	*64,109,000.]*

TITLE II—RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

RURAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR SMALL COMMUNITY AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT

For necessary salaries and expenses for the Office of the Under Secretary for Small Community and Rural Development to administer programs under the laws enacted by the Congress for the Farmers Home Administration, Rural Electrification Administration, Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, and rural development activities of the Department of Agriculture, including $375,000 for grants pursuant to the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1926(a)(11) and 7 U.S.C. 1932(c)), $790,000.

[1] 790,000

FARMERS HOME ADMINISTRATION

RURAL HOUSING INSURANCE FUND

For direct loans and related advances pursuant to section 517(m) of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended, $15,000,000 shall be available from funds in the Rural Housing Insurance Fund, and for insured loans as authorized by title V of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended, $2,112,600,000; of which not less than $2,112,000,000 shall be available for subsidized interest loans to low-income borrowers, as determined by the Secretary, and for subsequent loans to exist-

15,000,000 (loan authorization)

2,112,600,000 (loan authorization)

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

ing borrowers or to purchasers under assumption agreements or credit sales; and not to exceed $10,000,000 to enter into collection and servicing contracts pursuant to the provisions of section 3(f)(3) of the Federal Claims Act of 1966 (31 U.S.C. 952).

$10,000,000 (limitation on obligations)

For rental assistance agreements entered into or renewed pursuant to the authority under section 521(a)(2) of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended, total new obligations shall not exceed $167,513,000 to be added to and merged with the authority provided for this purpose in prior fiscal years: *Provided,* That not to exceed $35,000,000 is available for newly constructed units financed by section 515 of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended, including not less than $5,000,000 for newly constructed units financed under sections 514 and 516 of the Housing Act of 1949: *Provided further,* That agreements entered into or renewed during fiscal year 1986 shall be funded for a five-year period, although the life of any such agreement may be extended to fully utilize amounts obligated: *Provided further,* That agreements entered into or renewed during fiscal years 1983, 1984, and 1985, may also be extended beyond five years to fully utilize amounts obligated.

167,513,000 (loan authorization)

For an additional amount to reimburse the Rural Housing Insurance Fund for interest subsidies and losses sustained in prior years, but not previously reimbursed, in carrying out the provisions of title V of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1483, 1487e, and 1490a(c)), including $2,757,000 as authorized by section 521(c) of the Act, $1,843,927,000, and for an additional amount as authorized by section 521(c) of the Act as may be necessary to reimburse the fund to carry out a rental assistance program under section 521(a)(2) of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended.

[1] 1,843,927,000
[1] 142,786,000 *(indefinite)*

[*Total, Rural Housing Insurance Fund:*
[*New budget (obligational) authority* .... *$1,986,713,000.*]
[*Loan authorization* .... *2,295,113,000.*]
[*Limitation on obligations* .... *10,000,000.*]

AGRICULTURAL CREDIT INSURANCE FUND

Loans may be insured, or made to be sold and insured, under this fund in accordance with and subject to the provisions of 7 U.S.C. 1928–1929, or guaranteed, as follows: real estate loans, $682,000,000, including not less than $650,000,000 for farm ownership loans of which $250,000,000 shall be guaranteed loans; and not less than $28,000,000 for water development, use, and conservation loans of which $6,000,000 shall be guaranteed loans; operating loans, $4,400,000,000 of which $1,700,000,000 shall be guaranteed loans; and emergency insured and guaranteed loans in amounts necessary to meet the needs resulting from natural disasters.

682,000,000 (loan authorization)
4,400,000,000 (loan authorization)
800,000,000 (loan authorization, indefinite)

For an additional amount to reimburse the Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund for interest subsidies and losses sustained in prior years, but not previously reimbursed, in carrying out the provisions of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1988(a)), $1,089,943,000.

[1] 1,089,943,000

[*Total, Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund:*
[*New budget (obligational) authority* .... *$1,089,943,000.*]
[*Loan authorization* .... *5,082,000,000.*]
[*Loan authorization, indefinite* .... *800,000,000.*]

RURAL DEVELOPMENT INSURANCE FUND

For loans to be insured, or made to be sold and insured, under this fund in accordance with and subject to the provisions of 7 U.S.C. 1928 and 86 Stat. 661–664, as follows: insured water and sewer facility loans, $340,000,000; guaranteed industrial development loans, $100,000,000; and insured community facility loans, $100,000,000.

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

$340,000,000 (loan authorization)
100,000,000 (loan authorization)
100,000,000 (loan authorization)

For an additional amount to reimburse the Rural Development Insurance Fund for interest subsidies and losses sustained in prior years, but not previously reimbursed, in carrying out the provisions of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1988(a)), $560,005,000. [1]560,005,000

[*Total, Rural Development Insurance Fund:*
[*New budget (obligational) authority* .... *$560,005,000.*]
[*Loan authorization* .... *540,000,000.*]

RURAL WATER AND WASTE DISPOSAL GRANTS

For grants pursuant to sections 306(a)(2) and 306(a)(6) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1926), $115,000,000, to remain available until expended, pursuant to section 306(d) of the above Act. [1]115,000,000

VERY LOW-INCOME HOUSING REPAIR GRANTS

For grants to the very low-income elderly for essential repairs to dwellings pursuant to section 504 of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended, $12,500,000. [1]12,500,000

RURAL HOUSING FOR DOMESTIC FARM LABOR

For financial assistance to eligible nonprofit organizations for housing for domestic farm labor, pursuant to section 516 of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1486), $10,000,000. [1]10,000,000

MUTUAL AND SELF-HELP HOUSING

For grants and contracts pursuant to section 523(b)(1)(A) of the Housing Act of 1949 (42 U.S.C. 1490c), $8,000,000. [1]8,000,000

RURAL COMMUNITY FIRE PROTECTION GRANTS

For grants pursuant to section 7 of the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act of 1978 (Public Law 95-313), $3,250,000 to fund up to 50 per centum of the cost of organizing, training, and equipping rural volunteer fire departments. [1]3,250,000

COMPENSATION FOR CONSTRUCTION DEFECTS

For compensation for construction defects as authorized by section 509(c) of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended, $750,000. [1]750,000

RURAL HOUSING PRESERVATION GRANTS

Funds made available by Public Laws 98-396 and 98-473 for rural housing preservation grants shall remain available through September 30, 1986. *20,000,000 (carryover)*

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses of the Farmers Home Administration, not otherwise provided for, in administering the programs authorized by the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921-1995), as amended; title V of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1471-1490h); the Rural Rehabilitation Corporation Trust Liquidation Act, approved May 3, 1950 (40 U.S.C. 440-444), for administering the loan program authorized by title III A of the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 (Public Law 88-452 approved August 20, 1964), as amended, and such other programs for which Farmers Home Administration has the responsibility for administering, $375,297,000, together with not more than $3,000,000 of the charges collected in connection with the insurance of loans as authorized by section 309(e) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act, as amended, and section 517(i) of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended, or in connection with charges made on borrowers under section 502(a) of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended: *Provided,* That, in addition, not to exceed $1,000,000 of the funds available for the various programs administered by this agency may be transferred to this appropriation for temporary field employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), to meet unusual or heavy workload increases: *Provided further,* That not to exceed $500,000 of this appropriation may be used for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109: *Provided further,* That not to exceed $1,950,000 of this appropriation shall be available for contracting with the National Rural Water Association or other equally qualified national organization for a circuit rider program to provide technical assistance for rural water systems: *Provided further,* That, in addition to any other authority that the Secretary may have to defer principal and interest and forego foreclosure, the Secretary may permit, at the request of the borrower, the deferral of principal and interest on any outstanding loan made, insured, or held by the Secretary under this title, or under the provisions of any other law administered by the Farmers Home Administration, and may forego foreclosure of any such loan, for such period as the Secretary deems necessary upon a showing by the borrower that due to circumstances beyond the borrower's control, the borrower is temporarily unable to continue making payments of such principal and interest when due without unduly impairing the standard of living of the borrower. The Secretary may permit interest that accrues during the deferral period on any loan deferred under this section to bear no interest during or after such period: *Provided further,* That if the security instrument securing such loan is foreclosed, such interest as is included in the purchase price at such foreclosure shall become part of the principal and draw interest from the date of foreclosure at the rate prescribed by law.

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

[1] $375,297,000
3,000,000
(by transfer)

1,000,000
(by transfer)

[*Total, Farmers Home Administration, $4,161,458,000.*]

RURAL ELECTRIFICATION ADMINISTRATION

To carry into effect the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended (7 U.S.C. 901-950(b)), as follows:

RURAL ELECTRIFICATION AND TELEPHONE REVOLVING FUND LOAN AUTHORIZATIONS

Insured loans pursuant to the authority of section 305 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended (7 U.S.C. 935), shall be made as follows: rural electrification loans, not less than $650,000,000 nor more than $975,000,000; and rural telephone loans, not less than $250,000,000 nor more than $325,000,000; to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That loans made pursuant to section 306 of that Act are in addition to these amounts but during 1986 total commitments to guarantee loans pursuant to section 306 shall be not less than $975,000,000 nor more than

[2]*(650,000,000)*
(loan authorization)
[2]*(250,000,000)*
(loan authorization)
[2]*(975,000,000)*
(loan authorization)

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

[2] Excluded from budget totals by Public Law 93-32.

$2,195,000,000 of contingent liability for total loan principal: *Provided further,* That as a condition of approval of insured electric loans during fiscal year 1986, borrowers shall obtain concurrent supplemental financing in accordance with the applicable criteria and ratios in effect as of July 15, 1982: *Provided further,* That no funds appropriated in this Act may be used to deny or reduce loans or loan advances based upon a borrower's level of general funds.

REIMBURSEMENT TO THE RURAL ELECTRIFICATION AND TELEPHONE REVOLVING FUND

For an additional amount to reimburse the rural electrification and telephone revolving fund for interest subsidies and losses sustained in prior years, but not previously reimbursed, in carrying out the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended (7 U.S.C. 901–950(b)), $100,000,000. [1]*($100,000,000)*

RURAL TELEPHONE BANK

For the purchase of Class A stock of the Rural Telephone Bank, $30,000,000, to remain available until expended (7 U.S.C. 901–950(b)). [1]*(30,000,000)*

The Rural Telephone Bank is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to such corporation in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out its authorized programs for the current fiscal year. During 1986, and within the resources and authority available, gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans shall be not less than $185,000,000 nor more than $220,000,000. [1]*(185,000,000)*

RURAL COMMUNICATION DEVELOPMENT FUND

To reimburse the Rural Communication Development Fund for interest subsidies and losses sustained in prior years, but not previously reimbursed, in making Community Antenna Television loans and loan guarantees under sections 306 and 310B of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act, as amended, $1,203,000. [2]1,203,000

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For administrative expenses to carry out the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended (7 U.S.C. 901–950(b)), and to administer the loan and loan guarantee programs for Community Antenna Television facilities as authorized by the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921–1995), and for which commitments were made prior to fiscal year 1985, including not to exceed $7,000 for financial and credit reports, funds for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $103,000 for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, $30,990,000. [2]30,990,000

[Total, Rural Electrification Administration, $32,193,000.]

[Total, Rural Development Assistance:

[New budget (obligational) authority	*$4,194,441,000.]*
[By transfer	*4,000,000.]*
[Loan authorization	*7,917,113,000.]*
[Loan authorization, indefinite	*800,000,000.]*
[Limitation on obligations	*10,000,000.]*

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[1] Excluded from budget totals by Public Law 93-32.

[2] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

CONSERVATION

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT

For necessary salaries and expenses for the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Natural Resources and Environment to administer the laws enacted by the Congress for the Forest Service and the Soil Conservation Service, $386,000. [1]$386,000

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

CONSERVATION OPERATIONS

For necessary expenses for carrying out the provisions of the Act of April 27, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 590a–590f) including preparation of conservation plans and establishment of measures to conserve soil and water (including farm irrigation and land drainage and such special measures for soil and water management as may be necessary to prevent floods and the siltation of reservoirs and to control agricultural related pollutants); operation of conservation plant materials centers; classification and mapping of soil; dissemination of information; acquisition of lands by donation, exchange, or purchase at a nominal cost not to exceed $100; purchase and erection or alteration or improvement of permanent and temporary buildings; and operation and maintenance of aircraft, $365,460,000 of which [1]365,460,000 not less than $3,973,000 is for snow survey and water forecasting and not less than $4,089,000 is for operation of the plant materials centers: *Provided,* That of the foregoing amounts not less than $290,035,000 is for personnel compensation and benefits: *Provided further,* That in addition to the above amounts, $8,000,000 is hereby [1, 2](8,000,000) appropriated to be transferred to and merged with the watershed and flood prevention operations appropriation for use in carrying out activities authorized under the Public Law 534 program: *Provided further,* That the cost of any permanent building purchased, erected, or as improved, exclusive of the cost of constructing a water supply or sanitary system and connecting the same to any such building and with the exception of buildings acquired in conjunction with land being purchased for other purposes, shall not exceed $10,000, except for one building to be constructed at a cost not to exceed $100,000 and eight buildings to be constructed or improved at a cost not to exceed $50,000 per building and except that alterations or improvements to other existing permanent buildings costing $5,000 or more may be made in any fiscal year in an amount not to exceed $2,000 per building: *Provided further,* That when buildings or other structures are erected on non-Federal land that right to use such land is obtained as provided in 7 U.S.C. 2250a: *Provided further,* That no part of this appropriation may be expended for soil and water conservation operations under the Act of April 27, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 590a–590f) in demonstration projects: *Provided further,* That this appropriation shall be available for field employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225) and not to exceed $25,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109: *Provided further,* That qualified local engineers may be temporarily employed at per diem rates to perform the technical planning work of the Service.

RIVER BASIN SURVEYS AND INVESTIGATIONS

For necessary expenses to conduct research, investigations and surveys of the watersheds of rivers and other waterways, in accordance with section 6 of the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act approved August 4, 1954, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1006–1009), $14,906,000: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall be available for field employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $60,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109.

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

[2] Included under "watershed and flood prevention operations" (see p. 113, this volume).

[1]$14,906,000

WATERSHED PLANNING

For necessary expenses for small watershed investigations and planning, in accordance with the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1001–1008), $8,922,000: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall be available for field employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $50,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109.

[1]8,922,000

WATERSHED AND FLOOD PREVENTION OPERATIONS

For necessary expenses to carry out preventive measures, including but not limited to research, engineering operations, methods of cultivation, the growing of vegetation, rehabilitation of existing works and changes in use of land, in accordance with the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act approved August 4, 1954, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1001–1005, 1007–1009), the provisions of the Act of April 27, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 590a–f), and in accordance with the provisions of laws relating to the activities of the Department, $183,843,000 (of which $27,617,000 shall be available for the watersheds authorized under the Flood Control Act approved June 22, 1936 (33 U.S.C. 701, 16 U.S.C. 1006a), as amended and supplemented): *Provided,* That this appropriation shall be available for field employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $5,000,000 shall be available for emergency measures as provided by sections 403–405 of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2203–2205), and not to exceed $200,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109: *Provided further,* That $14,000,000 in loans may be insured, or made to be sold and insured, under the Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund of the Farmers Home Administration (86 Stat. 663): *Provided further,* That not to exceed $1,000,000 of this appropriation is available to carry out the purposes of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (Public Law 93–205), as amended, including cooperative efforts as contemplated by that Act to relocate endangered or threatened species to other suitable habitats as may be necessary to expedite project construction.

[1,2]191,843,000

14,000,000 (loan authorization)

RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT

For necessary expenses in planning and carrying out projects for resource conservation and development and for sound land use pursuant to the provisions of section 32(e) of title III of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1010–1011; 76 Stat. 607), and the provisions of the Act of April 27, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 590a–f), and the provisions of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (16 U.S.C. 3451–3461), $26,320,000: *Provided,* That $2,000,000 in loans may be insured, or made to be sold and insured, under the Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund of the Farmers Home Adminis-

[1]26,320,000

2,000,000 (loan authorization)

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99–190 (see p. 321, this volume).

[2] This appropriation includes $8,000,000 provided under "conservation operations" (see p. 112, this volume).

tration (86 Stat. 663): *Provided further,* That this appropriation shall be available for field employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $50,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109.

GREAT PLAINS CONSERVATION PROGRAM

For necessary expenses to carry into effect a program of conservation in the Great Plains area, pursuant to section 16(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as added by the Act of August 7, 1956, as amended (16 U.S.C. 590p(b)), $21,531,000, to remain available until expended. [1]$21,531,000

[*Total, Soil Conservation Service, $628,982,000.*]

AGRICULTURAL STABILIZATION AND CONSERVATION SERVICE

AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

For necessary expenses to carry into effect the program authorized in sections 7 to 15, 16(a), 16(f), and 17 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act approved February 29, 1936, as amended and supplemented (16 U.S.C. 590g–590o, 590p(a), 590p(f), and 590q), and sections 1001–1004, 1006–1008, and 1010 of the Agricultural Act of 1970, as added by the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1501–1504, 1506–1508, and 1510), and including not to exceed $15,000 for the preparation and display of exhibits, including such displays at State, interstate, and international fairs within the United States, $190,000,000, to remain available until expended for agreements, excluding administration but including technical assistance and related expenses, except that no participant in the Agricultural Conservation Program shall receive more than $3,500, except where the participants from two or more farms or ranches join to carry out approved practices designed to conserve or improve the agricultural resources of the community: *Provided,* That no portion of the funds for the current year's program may be utilized to provide financial or technical assistance for drainage on wetlands now designated as Wetlands Types 3 (III) through 20 (XX) in United States Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Circular 39, Wetlands of the United States, 1956: *Provided further,* That such amounts shall be available for the purchase of seeds, fertilizers, lime, trees, or any other conservation materials, or any soil-terracing services, and making grants thereof to agricultural producers to aid them in carrying out approved farming practices as authorized by the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, as determined and recommended by the county committees, approved by the State committees and the Secretary, under programs provided for herein: *Provided further,* That such assistance will not be used for carrying out measures and practices that are primarily production-oriented or that have little or no conservation or pollution abatement benefits: *Provided further,* That not to exceed 5 per centum of the allocation for the current year's program for any county may, on the recommendation of such county committee and approval of the State committee, be withheld and allotted to the Soil Conservation Service for services of its technicians in formulating and carrying out the Agricultural Conservation Program in the participating counties, and shall not be utilized by the Soil Conservation Service for any purpose other than technical and other assistance in such counties, and in addition, on the recommendation of such county committee and approval of the State committee, not to exceed 1 per [1]190,000,000 centum may be made available to any other Federal, State, or local public agency for the same purpose and under the same conditions: *Provided further,* That for the current year's program $2,500,000 shall be available for technical assistance in formulating and carrying out rural environmental practices: *Provided further,* That no part of any funds available to the Department, or any bureau, office, corporation, or other agency constituting a part of such Department, shall be used in the current fiscal year for the payment of salary or travel expenses of any person who has been convicted of violating the Act entitled "An Act to prevent pernicious political activities" approved August 2, 1939, as amended, or who has been found in accordance with the provisions of title 18 U.S.C. 1913 to have violated or attempted to violate such section which prohibits the use of Federal appropriations for the payment of personal services or other expenses designed to influence in any manner a Member of Congress to favor or oppose any legislation or appropriation by Congress except upon request of any Member or through the proper official channels.

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

FORESTRY INCENTIVES PROGRAM

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, to carry out the program of forestry incentives, as authorized in the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2101), including technical assistance and related expenses, $12,500,000, to remain available until expended, as authorized by that Act. [1]$12,500,000

WATER BANK PROGRAM

For necessary expenses to carry into effect the provisions of the Water Bank Act (16 U.S.C. 1301–1311), $8,800,000, to remain available until expended. [1]8,800,000

[Total, Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, $211,300,000.]

[Total, Conservation:

[New budget (obligational) authority	*$840,668,000.]*
[Loan authorization	*16,000,000.]*

[Total, title II, Rural Development Programs:

[New budget (obligational) authority	*5,035,109,000.]*
[Definite	*4,892,323,000.]*
[Indefinite	*142,786,000.]*
[By transfer	*4,000,000.]*
[Loan authorization	*7,933,113,000.]*
[Loan authorization, indefinite	*800,000,000.]*
[Limitation on obligations	*10,000,000.]*

TITLE III—DOMESTIC FOOD PROGRAMS

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR FOOD AND CONSUMER SERVICES

For necessary salaries and expenses for the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Food and Consumer Services to administer the laws enacted by the Congress for the Food and Nutrition Service and the Human Nutrition Information Service, $350,000. [1]350,000

FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE

CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAMS

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses to carry out the National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1751–1761, and 1766), and the applicable provisions other than section 3 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1773–1785, and 1788); $4,114,140,000, to remain available through fiscal year 1987, of which $842,548,000 is hereby appropriated and $3,271,592,000 shall be derived by transfer from funds available under section 32 of the Act of August 24, 1935 (7 U.S.C. 612c): *Provided,* That, of funds provided herein, $665,015,000 shall be available only to the extent an official budget request is transmitted to the Congress: *Provided further,* That funds appropriated for the purpose of section 7 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 shall be allocated among the States but the distribution of such funds to an individual State is contingent upon that State's agreement to participate in studies and surveys of programs authorized under the National School Lunch Act and the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, when such studies and surveys have been directed by the Congress and requested by the Secretary of Agriculture: *Provided further,* That if the Secretary of Agriculture determines that a State's administration of any program under the National School Lunch Act or the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (other than section 17), or the regulations issued pursuant to these Acts, is seriously deficient, and the State fails to correct the deficiency within a specified period of time, the Secretary may withhold from the State some or all of the funds allocated to the State under section 7 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 and under section 13(k)(1) of the National School Lunch Act; upon a subsequent determination by the Secretary that the programs are operated in an acceptable manner some or all of the funds withheld may be allocated: *Provided further,* That if the funds available for Nutrition Education and Training grants authorized under section 19 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, as amended, require a ratable reduction in those grants, the minimum grant for each State shall be $50,000: *Provided further,* That only final reimbursement claims for service of meals, supplements, and milk submitted to State agencies by eligible schools, summer camps, institutions, and service institutions within sixty days following the month for which the reimbursement is claimed shall be eligible for reimbursement from funds appropriated under this Act. States may receive program funds appropriated under this Act for meals, supplements, and milk served during any month only if the final program operations report for such month is submitted to the Department within ninety days following that month. Exceptions to these claims or reports submission requirements may be made at the discretion of the Secretary.

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99–190 (see p. 321, this volume).

[1]$842,548,000
3,271,592,000
(by transfer)
665,015,000
(subject to budget request)

SPECIAL MILK PROGRAM

For necessary expenses to carry out the special milk program, as authorized by section 3 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1772), $11,500,000, to remain available through September 30, 1987: *Provided,* That only final reimbursement claims for milk submitted to State agencies within sixty days following the month for which the reimbursement is claimed shall be eligible for reimbursement from funds appropriated under this Act. States may receive program funds appropriated under this Act only if the final program operations report for such month is submitted to the Department within ninety days following that month. Exceptions to these claims or reports submission requirements may be made at the discretion of the Secretary.

11,500,000

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[1] Includes appropriation of $665,015,000 available subject to submission of budget request, which had not been submitted at the time this bill was approved. A request of $601,599,000 was subsequently submitted in the President's fiscal year 1987 budget (H. Doc. 99–144). The usual supplemental request was not received by Congress. At the time of printing of this document no request had been received for the difference between $601,599,000 and the total amount subject to an official budget request of $665,015,000. It is assumed that an official request for the difference ($63,416,000) will be received by Congress during fiscal year 1986.

FEEDING PROGRAM FOR WOMEN, INFANTS AND CHILDREN (WIC)

For necessary expenses to carry out the special supplemental food program as authorized by section 17 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1786), $1,570,000,000: *Provided,* That funds provided herein shall remain available through September 30, 1987.

[1]$1,570,000,000

COMMODITY SUPPLEMENTAL FOOD PROGRAM

For necessary expenses to carry out the commodity supplemental food program as authorized by section 4(a) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (7 U.S.C. 612c (note)), including not less than $2,950,000 for the projects in Detroit, New Orleans, and Des Moines, $36,999,000: *Provided,* That funds provided herein shall remain available through September 30, 1987.

[1]36,999,000

FOOD STAMP PROGRAM

For necessary expenses to carry out the Food Stamp Act (7 U.S.C. 2011–2027, 2029) $11,891,570,000: *Provided,* That funds provided herein shall remain available through September 30, 1986, in accordance with section 18(a) of the Food Stamp Act: *Provided further,* That up to 5 per centum of the foregoing amount may be placed in reserve to be apportioned pursuant to section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, for use only in such amounts and at such times as may become necessary to carry out program operations: *Provided further,* That funds provided herein shall be expended in accordance with section 16 of the Food Stamp Act: *Provided further,* That this appropriation shall be subject to any work registration or workfare requirements as may be required by law: *Provided further,* That $345,000,000 of the funds provided herein shall be available only to the extent necessary after the Secretary has employed the regulatory and administrative methods available to him under the law to curtail fraud, waste and abuse in the program.

[1]11,891,570,000

NUTRITION ASSISTANCE FOR PUERTO RICO

For monthly payments to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico for nutrition assistance as authorized by 7 U.S.C. 2028, $825,000,000.

[1]825,000,000

FOOD DONATIONS PROGRAMS

For necessary expenses to carry out section 4(a) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (7 U.S.C. 612c (note)) and section 4(b) of the Food Stamp Act (7 U.S.C. 2013), $194,573,000, of which up to $7,000,000 may be used to pay outstanding claims for meals served in fiscal year 1985.

[1]194,573,000

TEMPORARY EMERGENCY FOOD ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

For necessary expenses to carry out the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983, as amended, $50,000,000: *Provided,* That, in accordance with section 202 of Public Law 98-92, these funds shall be available only if the Secretary determines the existence of excess commodities.

[1]50,000,000

FOOD PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION

For necessary administrative expenses of the Domestic Food Programs funded under this Act, $82,502,000; of which $5,000,000 shall be available only for simplifying procedures, reducing overhead costs, tightening regulations, improving food stamp coupon handling, and assistance in the prevention, identification and prosecution of fraud and other violations of law: *Provided,* That this appro-

[1]82,502,000

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

priation shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $150,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109.

[*Total, Food and Nutrition Service, $15,504,692.*]

HUMAN NUTRITION INFORMATION SERVICE

For necessary expenses to enable the Human Nutrition Information Service to perform applied research and demonstrations relating to human nutrition and consumer use and economies of food utilization, $13,562,000: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall be [1] $13,562,000 available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225).

[*Total, title III, Domestic Food Programs:*	
[*New budget (obligational) authority*	*$15,518,604,000.*]
[*Definite appropriations*	*14,853,589,000.*]
[*Subject to budget request*	*665,015,000.*]
[*By transfer*	*3,271,592,000.*]

TITLE IV—INTERNATIONAL PROGRAMS

FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL SERVICE

For necessary expenses of the Foreign Agricultural Service, including carrying out title VI of the Agricultural Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1761–1768), market development activities abroad, and for enabling the Secretary to coordinate and integrate activities of the Department in connection with foreign agricultural work, including not to exceed $110,000 for representation allowances and for expenses pursuant to section 8 of the Act approved August 3, 1956 (7 U.S.C. 1766), $83,547,000: *Provided,* That not less [1]83,547,000 than $255,000 of the funds contained in this appropriation shall be available to obtain statistics and related facts on foreign production and full and complete information on methods used by other countries to move farm commodities in world trade on a competitive basis.

PUBLIC LAW 480

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For expenses during the current fiscal year, not otherwise recoverable, and unrecovered prior years' costs, including interest thereon, under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1691, 1701–1715, 1721–1726, 1727–1727f, 1731–1736g), as follows: (1) financing the sale of agricultural commodities for convertible foreign currencies and for dollars on credit terms pursuant to titles I and III of said Act, not more than $1,030,000,000; of which $657,000,000 is hereby appropriated and [1]657,000,000 the balance derived from proceeds from sales of foreign currencies and dollar loan repayments, repayments on long-term credit sales and carryover balances, and (2) commodities supplied in connection with dispositions abroad, pursuant to title II of said Act, not more than $650,000,000, of which $650,000,000 is hereby appropriated: [1]650,000,000 *Provided,* That not to exceed 10 per centum of the funds made available to carry out any title of this paragraph may be used to carry out any other title of this paragraph.

[*Total, Public Law 480, $1,307,000,000.*]

OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT

For necessary expenses of the Office of International Cooperation and Development to coordinate, plan, and direct activities involving international development, technical assistance and training, and international scientific and technical cooperation in the Department of Agriculture, including those authorized by the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3291), $5,417,000; and the Office may utilize advances of funds, or reimburse this appropriation for expenditures made on behalf of Federal agencies, public and private organizations and institutions under agreements executed pursuant to the agricultural food production assistance programs (7 U.S.C. 1736) and the foreign assistance programs of the International Development Cooperation Administration (22 U.S.C. 2392).

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

[1]$5,417,000

SCIENTIFIC ACTIVITIES OVERSEAS (FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For payments in foreign currencies owed to or owned by the United States for market development research authorized by section 104(b)(1) and for agricultural and forestry research and other functions related thereto authorized by section 104(b)(3) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1704(b) (1), (3)), $3,000,000: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall be available, in addition to other appropriations for these purposes, for payments in the foregoing currencies: *Provided further,* That funds appropriated herein shall be used for payments in such foreign currencies as the Department determines are needed and can be used most effectively to carry out the purposes of this paragraph: *Provided further,* That not to exceed $25,000 of this appropriation shall be available for payments in foreign currencies for expenses of employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), as amended by 5 U.S.C. 3109.

[1]3,000,000

[*Total, title IV, International Programs, new budget (obligational) authority, $1,398,964,000.*]

TITLE V—RELATED AGENCIES

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Food and Drug Administration; for rental of special purpose space in the District of Columbia or elsewhere; and for miscellaneous and emergency expenses of enforcement activities, authorized and approved by the Secretary and to be accounted for solely on the Secretary's certificate, not to exceed $25,000; $396,955,000, and in addition $6,674,000 shall be available only to the extent an official budget request is transmitted to the Congress: *Provided,* That none of these funds shall be used to develop, establish, or operate any program of user fees authorized by 31 U.S.C. 9701: *Provided further,* That a portion of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be used to complete, by June 1, 1986, the safety evaluation of sulfiting agents.

[1,2]403,629,000
[1]*6,674,000*
(subject to
budget request)

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

For plans, construction, repair, improvement, extension, alteration, and purchase of fixed equipment or facilities of or used by the Food and Drug Administration, where not otherwise provided, $1,450,000.

[1]1,450,000

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

[2] Includes appropriation of $6,674,000 available subject to submission of budget request, which had not been submitted at the time this bill was approved. At the time of printing this document, no official request had been received. It is assumed that an official budget request will be received by Congress during fiscal year 1986.

STANDARD LEVEL USER CHARGES (FDA)

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For payment of Standard Level User Charges pursuant to Public Law 92-313 for programs and activities of the Food and Drug Administration which are included in this Act, $25,888,000: *Provided,* [1]$25,888,000 That in the event the Food and Drug Administration should require modification of space needs, a share of the salaries and expenses appropriation may be transferred to this appropriation, or a share of this appropriation may be transferred to the salaries and expenses appropriation, but such transfers shall not exceed 10 per centum of the funds made available for Standard Level User Charges to or from this account.

[*Total, Food and Drug Administration, $430,967,000.*]

Commodity Futures Trading Commission

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of the Commodity Exchange Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.), including the purchase and hire of passenger motor vehicles; the rental of space (to include multiple year leases) in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; and not to exceed $25,000 for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109; $29,416,000, including not to exceed $700 for official re- [1]29,416,000 ception and representation expenses.

Farm Credit Administration

LIMITATION ON REVOLVING FUND FOR ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Not to exceed $21,175,000 (from assessments collected from farm credit system banks) shall be obligated during the current fiscal year for administrative expenses, as authorized under 12 U.S.C. 2249. *21,175,000 (limitation on obligation)*

[*Total, title V, Related Agencies:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority*	*$460,383,000.*]
[*Definite appropriations*	*453,709,000.*]
[*Subject to budget request*	*6,674,000.*]
[*Limitation on obligations*	*21,175,000.*]

TITLE VI—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 601. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive Order issued pursuant to existing law.

Sec. 602. Within the unit limit of cost fixed by law, appropriations and authorizations made for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year 1986 under this Act shall be available for the purchase, in addition to those specifically provided for, of not to exceed seven hundred thirty-four (734) passenger motor vehicles of which seven hundred six (706) shall be for replacement only, and for the hire of such vehicles.

Sec. 603. Funds in this Act available to the Department of Agriculture shall be available for uniforms or allowances therefore as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902).

Sec. 604. Not less than $1,500,000 of the appropriations of the Department of Agriculture in this Act for research and service work authorized by the Acts of August 14, 1946, July 28, 1954, and September 6, 1958 (7 U.S.C. 427, 1621–1629; 42 U.S.C. 1891–1893), shall be available for contracting in accordance with said Acts.

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[1] This appropriation was subsequently reduced by the President by six-tenths of one percent pursuant to Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

SEC. 605. No part of the funds contained in this Act may be used to make production or other payments to a person, persons or corporation upon a final finding by a court of competent jurisdiction that such party is guilty of growing, cultivating, harvesting, processing or storing marijuana, or other such prohibited drug-producing plants on any part of lands owned or controlled by such persons or corporations.

SEC. 606. Advances of money from any appropriation in this Act for the Department of Agriculture may be made by authority of the Secretary of Agriculture to chiefs of field parties.

SEC. 607. The cumulative total of transfers to the Working Capital Fund for the purpose of accumulating growth capital for data services and National Finance Center operations shall not exceed $2,000,000: *Provided,* That no funds in this Act appropriated to an agency of the Department shall be transferred to the Working Capital Fund without the approval of the agency administrator: *Provided further;* That not to exceed $40,001,000 shall be charged against the Working Capital Fund for personnel compensation and benefits.

SEC. 608. New obligational authority provided for the following appropriation items in this Act shall remain available until expended: Public Law 480; Mutual and Self-Help Housing; Watershed and Flood Prevention Operations; Resource Conservation and Development; Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Buildings and Facilities; Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service Salaries and Expenses funds made available to county committees; the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation Fund; Rural Housing for Domestic Farm Labor; Agricultural Research Service, Buildings and Facilities; Scientific Activities Overseas (Foreign Currency Program); Dairy Indemnity Program; and $16,173,000 for the grasshopper and Mormon cricket control program, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service; and Buildings and Facilities, Food and Drug Administration.

SEC. 609. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

SEC. 610. Not to exceed $50,000 of the appropriation available to the Department of Agriculture in this Act shall be available to provide appropriate orientation and language training pursuant to Public Law 94–449.

SEC. 611. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, employees of the agencies of the Department of Agriculture, including employees of the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation county committees, may be utilized to provide part-time and intermittent assistance to other agencies of the Department, without reimbursement, during periods when they are not otherwise fully utilized, and ceilings on full-time equivalent staff years established for or by the Department of Agriculture shall exclude overtime as well as staff years expended as a result of carrying out programs associated with natural disasters, such as forest fires, droughts, floods, and other acts of God.

SEC. 612. Funds provided by this Act for personnel compensation and benefits shall be available for obligation for that purpose only.

SEC. 613. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be expended by any executive agency, as referred to in the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 401 et seq.), pursuant to any obligation for services by contract, unless such executive agency has awarded and entered into such contract as provided by law.

SEC. 614. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act shall be available to implement, administer, or enforce any regulation which has been disapproved pursuant to a resolution of disapproval duly adopted in accordance with the applicable law of the United States.

SEC. 615. Certificates of beneficial ownership sold by the Farmers Home Administration in connection with the Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund, Rural Housing Insurance Fund, and the Rural Development Insurance Fund shall be not less than 65 per centum of the value of the loans closed during the fiscal year.

SEC. 616. No funds appropriated by this Act may be used to pay negotiated indirect cost rates on cooperative agreements or similar arrangements between the United States Department of Agriculture and nonprofit institutions in excess of 10 per centum of the total direct cost of the agreement when the purpose of such cooperative arrangements is to carry out programs of mutual interest between the two parties. This does not preclude appropriate payment of indirect costs on grants and contracts with such institutions when such indirect costs are computed on a similar basis for all agencies for which appropriations are provided in this Act.

SEC. 617. None of the funds in this Act shall be used to carry out any activity related to phasing out the Resource Conservation and Development Program.

SEC. 618. None of the funds in this Act shall be used to prevent or interfere with the right and obligation of the Commodity Credit Corporation to sell surplus agricultural commodities in world trade at competitive prices as authorized by law.

SEC. 619. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, commodities acquired by the Department in connection with Commodity Credit Corporation and section 32 price support operations may be used, as authorized by law (15 U.S.C. 714c and 7 U.S.C. 612c), to provide commodities to individuals in cases of hardship as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture.

SEC. 620. During fiscal year 1986, notwithstanding any other provision of law, no funds may be paid out of the Treasury of the United States or out of any fund of a Government corporation to any private individual or corporation in satisfaction of any assurance agreement or payment guarantee or other form of loan guarantee entered into by any agency or corporation of the United States Government with respect to loans made and credits extended to the Polish People's Republic, unless the Polish People's Republic has been declared to be in default of its debt to such individual or corporation or unless the President has provided a monthly written report to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate explaining the manner in which the national interest of the United States has been served by any payments during the previous month under loan guarantee or credit assurance agreement with respect to loans made or credits extended to the Polish People's Republic in the absence of a declaration of default.

SEC. 621. None of the funds in this Act shall be available to reimburse the General Services Administration for payment of Standard Level User Charges in excess of the amounts specified in this Act.

SEC. 622. In fiscal year 1986, the Secretary of Agriculture shall initiate construction on not less than twenty new projects under the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act (Public Law 566) and not less than five new projects under the Flood Control Act (Public Law 534).

SEC. 623. Funds provided by this Act may be used for translation of publications of the Department of Agriculture into foreign languages when determined by the Secretary to be in the public interest.

SEC. 624. None of the funds appropriated by this or any other Act may be used to relocate the Hawaii State Office of the Farmers Home Administration from Hilo, Hawaii, to Honolulu, Hawaii.

SEC. 625. Provisions of law prohibiting or restricting personal services contracts shall not apply to veterinarians employed by the Department to take animal blood samples, test and vaccinate animals, and perform branding and tagging activities on a fee-for-service basis.

SEC. 626. None of the funds provided in this Act may be used to reduce programs by establishing an end-of-year employment ceiling on full-time equivalent staff years below the level set herein for the following agencies: Farmers Home Administration, 12,400; Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, 2,550; and Soil Conservation Service, 14,177.

SEC. 627. Funds provided in this Act may be used for one-year contracts which are to be performed in two fiscal years so long as the total amount for such contracts is obligated in the year for which the funds are appropriated.

SEC. 628. Funds appropriated by this Act shall be applied only to the objects for which the appropriations were made except as otherwise provided by law, as required by 31 U.S.C. 1301.

SEC. 629. None of the funds provided for fiscal year 1986 in this or any other Act shall be available to restrict the authority of the Commodity Credit Corporation to lease space for its own use or to lease space on behalf of other agencies of the Department of Agriculture when such space will be jointly occupied.

SEC. 630. Section 221 of the Biomass Energy and Alcohol Fuels Act of 1980 (Public Law 96-294; 42 U.S.C. 8821) is amended by—

(1) striking out "September 30, 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "June 30, 1986"; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following: "The Secretary of Energy may modify the terms and conditions of any conditional commitment for a loan guarantee under this subtitle made before October 1, 1984, including the amount of the loan guarantee. Enactment of this section shall not be interpreted as indicating Congressional approval with respect to any pending conditional commitments under this Act.".

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3037

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-211 (Comm. on Appropriations), and No. 99-439 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT: No. 99-137 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
July 18, reported in the House.
July 24, passed House.
September 24, reported in the Senate.
October 16, passed Senate, amended.
December 9, House agreed to conference with Senate.
December 12, conference report filed in the House.

Grand Total, all titles:		
New budget (obligational) authority	$38,090,564,000	
Definite appropriations	(33,270,354,000)	
Indefinite appropriations	(142,786,000)	
Subject to budget request	(4,677,424,000)	
By transfer	*(3,744,032,000)*	
Loan authorizations	*(7,933,113,000)*	
Loan authorization, indefinite	*(800,000,000)*	
Limitation on obligations	*(95,284,000)*	
Total, new budget (obligational) authority, Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986		[1]$38,090,564,000

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[1] The Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3037) was not approved by the Congress. Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided through a continuing resolution (see "Note" on page 95, this volume).

NOTE.—In addition to the new budget (obligational) authority for fiscal year 1986 for the Department of Agriculture provided under Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190, Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986, the following additional amounts are available for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year:

Permanent appropriations:		
Federal funds (pp. 1616-1617)	$4,445,564,000	
Trust funds (pp. 1630-1631)	248,321,000	
Appropriations in legislative acts:		
Financing shipment of commodities in U.S. flag vessels, Federal funds (P.L. 99-198) (p. 1779)	47,000,000	
Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund, Federal funds (P.L. 99-198) (p. 1779)	90,000,000	
Commodity Credit Corporation Fund, Federal funds (P.L. 99-198) (p. 1779)	3,250,000,000	
Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund, Federal funds (P.L. 99-198) (p. 1779)	−1,341,000,000	
Commodity Credit Corporation Fund, Federal funds (P.L. 99-157) (p. 1779)	−20,000,000	
Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1986:		
Forest Service (pp. 376-380)	[1] 1,486,970,000	
Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986 (Public Law 99-190):		
Soil Conservation Service: Watershed and Flood Prevention Operations (p. 445)	40,000,000	
Subtotal, additions (net)		$8,246,855,000

Deduct amounts transferred to Department of Health and Human Services, and General Government totals:

Department of Health and Human Services:		
Food and Drug Administration (pp. 119-120)	$430,967,000	
General Government:		
Commodity Futures Trading Commission (p. 120)	29,416,000	
Subtotal, deductions		−460,383,000
Grand total, Department of Agriculture		[2] 45,877,036,000

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[1] Includes $3,988,000 in indefinite appropriations.

[2] The Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3037) was not approved by the Congress. Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided through a continuing resolution (see "Note" on page 95, this volume).

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986

Public Law 99-180

99th Congress, H.R. 2965

December 13, 1985

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, **That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes, namely:**

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the general administration of the Department of Commerce, including not to exceed $2,000 for official entertainment, $32,300,000. $32,300,000

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for collecting, compiling, analyzing, preparing, and publishing statistics, provided for by law, $90,400,000. 90,400,000

PERIODIC CENSUSES AND PROGRAMS

For expenses necessary to collect and publish statistics for periodic censuses and programs provided for by law, $105,600,000, to remain available until expended. 105,600,000

[*Total, Bureau of the Census, $196,000,000.*]

ECONOMIC AND STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, as authorized by law, of economic and statistical analysis programs, $30,500,000. 30,500,000

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

For economic development assistance as provided by the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965, as amended, and Public Law 91-304, and such laws that were in effect immediately before September 30, 1982, $175,000,000: *Provided,* That during fiscal year 1986 total commitments to guarantee loans shall not exceed $150,000,000 of contingent liability for loan principal: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available under this heading may be used directly or indirectly for attorneys' or consultants' fees in connection with securing grants and contracts made by the Economic Development Administration.

$175,000,000

150,000,000 (limitation on loan guarantees)

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of administering the economic development assistance programs as provided for by law, $26,000,000: *Provided,* That these funds may be used to monitor projects approved pursuant to title I of the Public Works Employment Act of 1976, as amended, title II of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, and the Community Emergency Drought Relief Act of 1977. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any other law, funds appropriated in this paragraph shall be used to fill and maintain forty-nine permanent positions designated as Economic Development Representatives out of the total number of permanent positions funded in the Salaries and Expenses account of the Economic Development Administration for fiscal year 1986.

26,000,000

[*Total, Economic Development Administration, $201,000,000.*]

INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION

OPERATIONS AND ADMINISTRATION

For necessary expenses for international trade activities of the Department of Commerce, including trade promotional activities abroad without regard to the provisions of law set forth in 44 U.S.C. 3702 and 3703; full medical coverage for dependent members of immediate families of employees stationed overseas; employment of Americans and aliens by contract for services abroad; rental of space abroad for periods not exceeding ten years, and expenses of alteration, repair, or improvement; purchase or construction of temporary demountable exhibition structures for use abroad; payment of tort claims, in the manner authorized in the first paragraph of 28 U.S.C. 2672 when such claims arise in foreign countries; not to exceed $253,000 for official representation expenses abroad; awards of compensation to informers under the Export Administration Act of 1979, and as authorized by 22 U.S.C. 401(b); purchase of passenger motor vehicles for official use abroad and motor vehicles for law enforcement use with special requirement vehicles eligible for purchase without regard to any price limitation otherwise established by law; $192,000,000, of which $7,090,000 is for the Office of Textiles and Apparels, including $3,500,000 for a grant to the Tailored Clothing Technology Corporation, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That the provisions of the first sentence of section 105(f) and all of section 108(c) of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2455(f) and 2458(c)) shall apply in carrying out these activities. During fiscal year 1986 and within the resources and authority available, gross obligations for

192,000,000

the principal amount of direct loans shall not exceed $8,100,000. During fiscal year 1986, commitments to guarantee loans shall not exceed $6,000,000 of contingent liability for loan principal.

$8,100,000 (limitation on direct loans)

6,000,000 (limitation on loan guarantees)

Minority Business Development Agency

MINORITY BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT

For necessary expenses of the Department of Commerce in fostering, promoting, and developing minority business enterprise, including expenses of grants, contracts, and other agreements with public or private organizations, $45,000,000, of which $31,495,000 shall remain available until expended: *Provided,* That not to exceed $13,595,000 shall be available for program management for fiscal year 1986: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this paragraph or in this title for the Department of Commerce shall be available to reimburse the fund established by 15 U.S.C. 1521 on account of the performance of a program, project, or activity, nor shall such fund be available for the performance of a program, project, or activity, which had not been performed as a central service pursuant to 15 U.S.C. 1521 before July 1, 1982, unless the Appropriations Committees of both Houses of Congress are notified fifteen days in advance of such action in accordance with the Committees' reprogramming procedures.

45,000,000

United States Travel and Tourism Administration

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the United States Travel and Tourism Administration including travel and tourism promotional activities abroad without regard to the provisions of law set forth in 44 U.S.C. 3702 and 3703; and including employment of aliens by contract for services abroad; rental of space abroad for periods not exceeding five years, and expenses of alteration, repair, or improvement; purchase or construction of temporary demountable exhibition structures for use abroad; advance of funds under contracts abroad; payment of tort claims in the manner authorized in the first paragraph of 28 U.S.C. 2672, when such claims arise in foreign countries; and not to exceed $8,000 for representation expenses abroad; $12,000,000.

12,000,000

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

OPERATIONS, RESEARCH, AND FACILITIES

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses of activities authorized by law for the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, including acquisition, maintenance, operation, and hire of aircraft; 399 commissioned officers on the active list; construction of facilities, including initial equipment; alteration, modernization, and relocation of facilities; and acquisition of land for facilities; $1,130,699,000, to remain available until expended, of which $600,000 shall be for enhancements to the EROS Data Center in Sioux Falls, South Dakota, and in addition, $28,000,000 shall be derived from the Airport and Airways Trust Fund; and in addition, $35,700,000 shall be derived by transfer from the Fund entitled "Promote and Develop Fishery Products and Research Pertaining to American Fisheries"; and in addition, $8,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from the Coastal Energy Impact Fund: *Provided,* That unexpended balances in the

1,130,699,000

28,000,000

35,700,000 (by transfer)

8,000,000 (by transfer)

account "Coastal Zone Management" are merged with this account on October 1, 1985: *Provided further,* That grants to States pursuant to section 306 and section 306(a) of the Coastal Zone Management Act, as amended, shall not exceed $2,000,000 and shall not be less than $450,000: *Provided further,* That of the funds appropriated in this paragraph, necessary funds shall be used to fill and maintain a staff of three persons, as National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration personnel, to work on contracts and purchase orders at the National Data Buoy Center in Bay St. Louis, Mississippi, and report to the Director of the National Data Buoy Center in the same manner and extent that such procurement functions were performed at Bay St. Louis prior to June 26, 1983, except that they may provide procurement assistance to other Department of Commerce activities pursuant to ordinary interagency agreements. Where practicable, these positions shall be filled by the employees who performed such functions prior to June 26, 1983. In addition, $3,000,000 shall be for payments under section 4(b) of the Commercial Fisheries Research and Development Act of 1964 for commercial fisheries failures and disruptions. $3,000,000

[Total, Operations, Research, and Facilities:
[New budget (obligational) authority .... $1,161,699,000.]
[By transfer .... 43,700,000.]

FISHERMEN'S CONTINGENCY FUND

For carrying out the provisions of title IV of Public Law 95-372, not to exceed $750,000, to be derived from receipts collected pursuant to that Act, to remain available until expended. 750,000

FOREIGN FISHING OBSERVER FUND

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Atlantic Tunas Convention Act of 1975, as amended (Public Law 96-339), the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act of 1976, as amended (Public Law 94-265), and the American Fisheries Promotion Act (Public Law 96-561), there are appropriated from the fees imposed under the foreign fishery observer program authorized by these Acts, not to exceed $4,500,000, to remain available until expended. 4,500,000

FISHERMEN'S GUARANTY FUND

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Fishermen's Protective Act of 1967, as amended, $3,000,000, of which $1,200,000 is to be derived from the general fund of the Treasury and of which $1,800,000 is to be derived from the receipts collected pursuant to that Act, to remain available until expended. 3,000,000

[Total, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration:
[New budget (obligational) authority .... $1,169,949,000.]
[By transfer .... 43,700,000.]

PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Patent and Trademark Office, including defense of suits instituted against the Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, $84,700,000 and, in addition, such fees as shall be collected pursuant to 15 U.S.C. 1113 and 35 U.S.C. 41 and 376, to remain available until expended. 84,700,000

NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS

SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL RESEARCH AND SERVICES

For necessary expenses of the National Bureau of Standards, $123,985,000, to remain available until expended, of which not to exceed $3,708,000 may be transferred to the "Working Capital Fund". $123,985,000

NATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, as provided for by law, of the National Telecommunications and Information Administration, $13,400,000, of which $700,000 shall remain available until expended. 13,400,000

PUBLIC TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITIES, PLANNING AND CONSTRUCTION

For grants authorized by section 392 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, $24,000,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That not to exceed $1,200,000 shall be available for program management as authorized by section 391 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended: *Provided further*, That notwithstanding the provisions of section 391 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the prior year unobligated balances may be made available for grants for projects for which applications have been submitted and approved during any fiscal year. 24,000,000

[*Total, National Telecommunications and Information Administration, $37,400,000.*]

GENERAL PROVISIONS—DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

SEC. 101. During the current fiscal year, applicable appropriations and funds available to the Department of Commerce shall be available for the activities specified in the Act of October 26, 1949 (15 U.S.C. 1514), to the extent and in the manner prescribed by said Act, and, notwithstanding 31 U.S.C. 3324, may be used for advance payments not otherwise authorized only upon the certification of officials designated by the Secretary that such payments are in the public interest.

SEC. 102. During the current fiscal year, appropriations to the Department of Commerce which are available for salaries and expenses shall be available for hire of passenger motor vehicles; services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; and uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902).

SEC. 103. No funds in this title shall be used to sell to private interests, except with the consent of the borrower, or contract with private interests to sell or administer, any loans made under the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 or any loans made under section 254 of the Trade Act of 1974.

SEC. 104. None of the funds made available in this or any prior Act shall be obligated or expended to relocate the National Marine Fisheries Service's Sandy Hook Laboratory, or any of its activities or programs, out of New Jersey. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, the Secretary of Commerce shall submit a report to the Appropriations Committees of both houses of Congress by February 1, 1986, evaluating options for restoring or replacing that portion of the Sandy Hook Laboratory destroyed by fire: *Provided*, That any proposed relocation or replacement of the Laboratory pursuant to said report shall be subject to the reprogramming procedures in section 606 of this Act.

This title may be cited as the "Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1986".

[Total, title I, Department of Commerce:

[New budget (obligational) authority (all definite appropriations)	*$2,124,834,000.]*
[By transfer	*43,700,000.]*
[Limitation on direct loans	*8,100,000.]*
[Limitation on loan guarantee authority	*156,000,000.]*

TITLE II—DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the administration of the Department of Justice, $70,800,000. $70,800,000

UNITED STATES PAROLE COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the United States Parole Commission, as authorized by law, $9,800,000. 9,800,000

LEGAL ACTIVITIES

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, GENERAL LEGAL ACTIVITIES

For expenses necessary for the legal activities of the Department of Justice, not otherwise provided for, including not to exceed $20,000 for expenses of collecting evidence, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General and accounted for solely on his certificate; and rent of private or Government-owned space in the District of Columbia; $205,000,000, of which not to exceed $6,000,000 for litigation support contracts shall remain available until September 30, 1987. 205,000,000

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, ANTITRUST DIVISION

For expenses necessary for the enforcement of antitrust and kindred laws, $44,500,000. 44,500,000

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION

For expenses necessary to carry out the activities of the Foreign Claims Settlement Commission, including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; allowances and benefits similar to those allowed under the Foreign Service Act of 1980 as determined by the Commission; expenses of packing, shipping, and storing personal effects of personnel assigned abroad; rental or lease, for such periods as may be necessary, of office space and living quarters of personnel assigned abroad; maintenance, improvement, and repair of properties rented or leased abroad, and furnishing fuel, water, and utilities for such properties; insurance on official motor vehicles abroad; advances of funds abroad; advances or reimbursements to other Government agencies for use of their facilities and services in carrying out the functions of the Commission; hire of motor vehicles for field use only; and employment of aliens; $700,000. 700,000

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS AND TRUSTEES

For necessary expenses of the Offices of the United States attorneys and bankruptcy trustees, $332,000,000. $332,000,000

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, UNITED STATES MARSHALS SERVICE

For necessary expenses of the United States Marshals Service; including acquisition, lease, maintenance, and operation of vehicles and aircraft, $150,000,000. 150,000,000

SUPPORT OF UNITED STATES PRISONERS

For support of United States prisoners in non-Federal institutions, $52,000,000; and in addition, $5,000,000 shall be available under the Cooperative Agreement Program until expended for the purposes of renovating, constructing, and equipping State and local correctional facilities: *Provided,* That amounts made available for constructing any local correctional facility shall not exceed the cost of constructing space for the average Federal prisoner population to be housed in the facility, or in other facilities in the same correctional system, as projected by the Attorney General: *Provided further,* That following agreement on or completion of any federally assisted correctional facility construction, the availability of the space acquired for Federal prisoners with these Federal funds shall be assured and the per diem rate charged for housing Federal prisoners in the assured space shall not exceed operating costs for the period of time specified in the cooperative agreement. 57,000,000

FEES AND EXPENSES OF WITNESSES

For expenses, mileage, compensation, and per diems of witnesses and for per diems in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by law, including advances; $47,400,000, to remain available until expended, of which not to exceed $550,000 may be made available for planning, construction, renovation, maintenance, remodeling, and repair of buildings and the purchase of equipment incident thereto for protected witness safesites: *Provided,* That restitution of not to exceed $25,000 shall be paid to the estate of victims killed before October 12, 1984 as a result of crimes committed by persons who have been enrolled in the Federal witness protection program, if such crimes were committed within two years after protection was terminated, notwithstanding any limitations contained in part (a) of section 3525 of title 18 of the United States Code. 47,400,000

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, COMMUNITY RELATIONS SERVICE

For necessary expenses of the Community Relations Service, established by title X of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, $29,900,000, of which $23,266,000 shall remain available until expended to make payments in advance for grants, contracts and reimbursable agreements and other expenses necessary under section 501(c) of the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980 (Public Law 96–422; 94 Stat. 1809) for the processing, care, maintenance, security, transportation and reception and placement in the United States of Cuban and Haitian entrants: *Provided,* That notwithstanding section 501(e)(2)(B) of the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980 (Public Law 96–422; 94 Stat. 1810), funds may be expended for assistance with respect to Cuban and Haitian entrants as authorized under section 501(c) of such Act. 29,900,000

ASSETS FORFEITURE FUND

For expenses authorized by 28 U.S.C. 524, as amended by the Comprehensive Forfeiture Act of 1984, such sums as may be necessary to be derived from the Department of Justice Assets Forfeiture Fund: *Provided,* That in the aggregate, not to exceed $10,000,000 shall be available for expenses authorized by subsections (c)(1)(B), (c)(1)(E), and (c)(1)(F) of that section. $10,000,000

[*Total, Legal Activities, $876,500,000.*]

INTERAGENCY LAW ENFORCEMENT

PRESIDENTIAL COMMISSION ON ORGANIZED CRIME

For expenses necessary for the Presidential Commission on Organized Crime, $1,000,000. 1,000,000

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for detection, investigation, and prosecution of crimes against the United States; including purchase for police-type use of not to exceed one thousand six hundred forty passenger motor vehicles of which one thousand four hundred fifty will be for replacement only, without regard to the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year, and hire of passenger motor vehicles; acquisition, lease, maintenance and operation of aircraft; and not to exceed $70,000 to meet unforeseen emergencies of a confidential character, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General, and to be accounted for solely on his certificate; $1,209,000,000, of which not to exceed $25,000,000 for automated data processing and telecommunications and $1,000,000 for undercover operations shall remain available until September 30, 1987; of which $3,000,000 for research related to investigative activities shall remain available until expended; and of which not to exceed $500,000 is authorized to be made available for making payments or advances for expenses arising out of contractual or reimbursable agreements with State and local law enforcement agencies while engaged in cooperative activities related to terrorism: *Provided,* That notwithstanding the provisions of title 31 U.S.C. 3302, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation may establish and collect fees to process fingerprint identification records for noncriminal employment and licensing purposes, and credit not more than $13,500,000 of such fees to this appropriation to be used for salaries and other expenses incurred in providing these services: *Provided further,* That $13,120,000 shall remain available until expended for constructing and equipping new facilities at the FBI Academy, Quantico, Virginia: *Provided further,* That not to exceed $45,000 shall be available for official reception and representation expenses: *Provided further,* That by June 1, 1986, the Director of the FBI shall submit to the appropriate committees of the Congress a report on the FBI's capabilities and efforts to counter the electronic interception of American telecommunications by foreign agents. 1,209,000,000

DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Drug Enforcement Administration, including not to exceed $70,000 to meet unforeseen emergencies of a confidential character, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General, and to be accounted for solely on his certificate;

purchase of not to exceed seven hundred fifty-two passenger motor vehicles of which four hundred eighty-nine are for replacement only for police-type use without regard to the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year; and acquisition, lease, maintenance, and operation of aircraft; $380,000,000, of which not to exceed $1,200,000 for research shall remain available until expended and not to exceed $1,700,000 for purchase of evidence and payments for information shall remain available until September 30, 1987. $380,000,000

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the administration and enforcement of the laws relating to immigration, naturalization, and alien registration, including not to exceed $50,000 to meet unforeseen emergencies of a confidential character, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General and accounted for solely on his certificate; purchase for police-type use (not to exceed four hundred ninety, all of which shall be for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; acquisition, lease, maintenance and operation of aircraft; and research related to immigration enforcement; $593,800,000, of which not to exceed $400,000 for research shall remain available until expended: *Provided,* That none of the funds available to the Immigration and Naturalization Service shall be available for administrative expenses to pay any employee overtime pay in an amount in excess of $23,000 except in such instances when the Commissioner makes a determination that this restriction is impossible to implement: *Provided further,* That uniforms may be purchased without regard to the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year: *Provided further,* That no funds appropriated in this Act may be used to implement Immigration and Naturalization Service reorganization proposals which would have the purpose of or would result in the closing of the Northern Regional Office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service at Fort Snelling, Minnesota. 593,800,000

FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the administration, operation, and maintenance of Federal penal and correctional institutions, including purchase (not to exceed one hundred nine, of which ninety-four are for replacement only) and hire of law enforcement and passenger motor vehicles; $556,900,000: *Provided,* That there may be transferred to the Health Resources and Services Administration such amounts as may be necessary, in the discretion of the Attorney General, for direct expenditures by that Administration for medical relief for inmates of Federal penal and correctional institutions: *Provided further,* That uniforms may be purchased without regard to the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year. 556,900,000

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF CORRECTIONS

For carrying out the provisions of sections 4351–4353 of title 18, United States Code, which established a National Institute of Corrections, $11,000,000, to remain available until expended. 11,000,000

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

For planning, acquisition of sites and construction of new facilities; purchase and acquisition of facilities and remodeling and equipping of such facilities for penal and correctional use, including all necessary expenses incident thereto, by contract or force account; and constructing, remodeling, and equipping necessary buildings and facilities at existing penal and correctional institutions, including all necessary expenses incident thereto, by contract or force account, $46,063,000, and from this amount and any unobligated balances of previous appropriations for "Buildings and Facilities", not to exceed a total of $7,100,000 shall be available to renovate or construct a facility for the incarceration of illegal alien felons, in accordance with the standards and procedures of the Federal Bureau of Prisons, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That labor of United States prisoners may be used for work performed under this appropriation.

$46,063,000

FEDERAL PRISON INDUSTRIES, INCORPORATED

The Federal Prison Industries, Incorporated, is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available, and in accord with the law, and to make such contracts and commitments, without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out the program set forth in the budget for the current fiscal year for such corporation, including purchase of not to exceed five (for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles, except as hereinafter provided.

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE AND VOCATIONAL EXPENSES, FEDERAL PRISON INDUSTRIES, INCORPORATED

Not to exceed $2,102,000 of the funds of the corporation shall be available for its administrative expenses, and not to exceed $7,018,000 for the expenses of vocational training of prisoners, both amounts to be available for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, and to be computed on an accrual basis to be determined in accordance with the corporation's prescribed accounting system in effect on July 1, 1946, and such amounts shall be exclusive of depreciation, payment of claims, and expenditures which the said accounting system requires to be capitalized or charged to cost of commodities acquired or produced, including selling and shipping expenses, and expenses in connection with acquisition, construction, operation, maintenance, improvement, protection, or disposition of facilities and other property belonging to the corporation or in which it has an interest.

2,102,000
(limitation)
7,018,000
(limitation)

[*Total, Federal Prison System, $613,963,000.*]

OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS

JUSTICE ASSISTANCE

For grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, and other assistance authorized by the Justice Assistance Act of 1984, Runaway Youth and Missing Children Act Amendments of 1984, and the Missing Children Assistance Act including salaries and expenses in connection therewith, $128,700,000 and of the unobligated funds previously appropriated for the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act, other than funds subject to provisions of sections 222(b), 223(d), and 228(e) of title II of such Act, $9,300,000 shall be made available for programs authorized under parts D and E of the Justice Assistance Act of 1984, all funds appropriated herein to remain available until expended; and for grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, and other assistance authorized by title II of the

128,700,000

Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, as amended, including salaries and expenses in connection therewith, $70,282,000, to remain available until expended. In addition, $5,000,000 for the purpose of making grants to States for their expenses by reason of Mariel Cubans having to be incarcerated in State facilities for terms requiring incarceration for the full period October 1, 1985 through September 30, 1986 following their conviction of a felony committed after having been paroled into the United States by the Attorney General: *Provided*, That within thirty days of enactment of this Act the Attorney General shall announce in the Federal Register that this appropriation will be made available to the States whose Governors certify by February 1, 1986 a listing of names of such Mariel Cubans incarcerated in their respective facilities: *Provided further*, That the Attorney General, not later than April 1, 1986, will complete his review of the certified listings of such incarcerated Mariel Cubans, and make grants to the States on the basis that the certified number of such incarcerated persons in a State bears to the total certified number of such incarcerated persons: *Provided further*, That the amount of reimbursements per prisoner per annum shall not exceed $12,000. $70,282,000 5,000,000

[*Total, Office of Justice Programs, $203,982,000.*]

GENERAL PROVISIONS—DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

SEC. 201. A total of not to exceed $75,000 from funds appropriated to the Department of Justice in this title shall be available for official reception and representation expenses in accordance with distributions, procedures, and regulations established by the Attorney General.

SEC. 202. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or this Act, materials produced by convict labor may be used in the construction of any highways or portion of highways located on Federal-aid systems, as described in section 103 of title 23, United States Code.

SEC. 203. Appropriations for "Salaries and expenses, General Administration", "Salaries and expenses, United States Marshals Service", "Salaries and expenses, Federal Bureau of Investigation", "Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service", and "Salaries and expenses, Federal Prison System", shall be available for uniforms and allowances therefor as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902).

SEC. 204. (a) Subject to subsection (b) of this section, authorities contained in Public Law 96-132, "The Department of Justice Appropriation Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1980", shall remain in effect until the termination date of this Act or until the effective date of a Department of Justice Appropriation Authorization Act, whichever is earlier.

(b)(1) With respect to any undercover investigative operation of the Federal Bureau of Investigation or the Drug Enforcement Administration which is necessary for the detection and prosecution of crimes against the United States or for the collection of foreign intelligence or counterintelligence—

(A) sums authorized to be appropriated for the Federal Bureau of Investigation and for the Drug Enforcement Administration, for fiscal year 1986, may be used for purchasing property, buildings, and other facilities, and for leasing space, within the United States, the District of Columbia, and the territories and possessions of the United States, without regard to section 1341 of title 31 of the United States Code, section 3732(a) of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 11(a)), section 305 of the Act of June 30, 1949 (63 Stat. 396; 41 U.S.C. 255), the third undesignated paragraph under the heading "Miscellaneous" of the Act of March 3, 1877 (19 Stat. 370; 40 U.S.C. 34), section 3324 of title 31 of the United States Code, section 3741 of the Revised Statutes

(41 U.S.C. 22), and subsections (a) and (c) of section 304 of the Federal Property and Administrative Service Act of 1949 (63 Stat. 395; 41 U.S.C. 254 (a) and (c)),

(B) sums authorized to be appropriated for the Federal Bureau of Investigation and for the Drug Enforcement Administration, for fiscal year 1986, may be used to establish or to acquire proprietary corporations or business entities as part of an undercover investigative operation, and to operate such corporations or business entities on a commercial basis, without regard to section 9102 of title 31 of the United States Code,

(C) sums authorized to be appropriated for the Federal Bureau of Investigation and for the Drug Enforcement Administration, for fiscal year 1986, and the proceeds from such undercover operation, may be deposited in banks or other financial institutions, without regard to section 648 of title 18 of the United States Code and section 3302 of title 31 of the United States Code, and

(D) proceeds from such undercover operation may be used to offset necessary and reasonable expenses incurred in such operation, without regard to section 3302 of title 31 of the United States Code,

only, in operations designed to detect and prosecute crimes against the United States, upon the written certification of the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (or, if designated by the Director, a member of the Undercover Operations Review Committee established by the Attorney General in the Attorney General's Guidelines on Federal Bureau of Investigation Undercover Operations, as in effect on July 1, 1983) or the Administrator of the Drug Enforcement Administration, as the case may be, and the Attorney General (or, with respect to Federal Bureau of Investigation undercover operations, if designated by the Attorney General, a member of such Review Committee), that any action authorized by subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) is necessary for the conduct of such undercover operation. If the undercover operation is designed to collect foreign intelligence or counterintelligence, the certification that any action authorized by subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) is necessary for the conduct of such undercover operation shall be by the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (or, if designated by the Director, the Assistant Director, Intelligence Division) and the Attorney General (or, if designated by the Attorney General, the Counsel for Intelligence Policy). Such certification shall continue in effect for the duration of such undercover operation, without regard to fiscal years.

(2) As soon as the proceeds from an undercover investigative operation with respect to which an action is authorized and carried out under subparagraphs (C) and (D) of subsection (a) are no longer necessary for the conduct of such operation, such proceeds or the balance of such proceeds remaining at the time shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.

(3) If a corporation or business entity established or acquired as part of an undercover operation under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) with a net value of over $50,000 is to be liquidated, sold, or otherwise disposed of, the Federal Bureau of Investigation or the Drug Enforcement Administration, as much in advance as the Director or the Administrator, or the designee of the Director or the Administrator, determines is practicable, shall report the circumstances to the Attorney General and the Comptroller General. The proceeds of the liquidation, sale, or other disposition, after obligations are met, shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.

(4)(A) The Federal Bureau of Investigation or the Drug Enforcement Administration, as the case may be, shall conduct a detailed financial audit of each undercover investigative operation which is closed in fiscal year 1986—

(i) submit the results of such audit in writing to the Attorney General, and

(ii) not later than 180 days after such undercover operation is closed, submit a report to the Congress concerning such audit.

(B) The Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Drug Enforcement Administration shall each also submit a report annually to the Congress specifying as to their respective undercover investigative operations—

(i) the number, by programs, of undercover investigative operations pending as of the end of the one-year period for which such report is submitted,

(ii) the number, by programs, of undercover investigative operations commenced in the one-year period preceding the period for which such report is submitted, and

(iii) the number, by programs, of undercover investigative operations closed in the one-year period preceding the period for which such report is submitted and, with respect to each such closed undercover operation, the results obtained. With respect to each such closed undercover operation which involves any of the sensitive circumstances specified in the Attorney General's Guidelines on Federal Bureau of Investigation Undercover Operations, such report shall contain a detailed description of the operation and related matters, including information pertaining to—

(I) the results,

(II) any civil claims, and

(III) indentification of such sensitive circumstances involved, that arose at any time during the course of such undercover operation.

(5) For purposes of paragraph (4)—

(A) the term "closed" refers to the earliest point in time at which—

(I) all criminal proceedings (other than appeals) are concluded, or

(II) covert activities are concluded, whichever occurs later,

(B) the term "employees" means employees, as defined in section 2105 of title 5 of the United States Code, of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and

(C) the terms "undercover investigative operation" and "undercover operation" mean any undercover investigative operation of the Federal Bureau of Investigation or the Drug Enforcement Administration (other than a foreign counterintelligence undercover investigative operation)—

(i) in which—

(I) the gross receipts (excluding interest earned) exceed $50,000, or

(II) expenditures (other than expenditures for salaries of employees) exceed $150,000, and

(ii) which is exempt from section 3302 or 9102 of title 31 of the United States Code,

except that clauses (i) and (ii) shall not apply with respect to the report required under subparagraph (B) of such paragraph.

This title may be cited as the "Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1986".

[Total, title II, Department of Justice:

[New budget (obligational) authority .... $3,958,845,000.]

[Limitation on expenses .... 9,120,000.]

TITLE III—DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Department of State and the Foreign Service, not otherwise provided for, including obligations of the United States abroad pursuant to treaties, international agreements, and binational contracts (including obligations assumed in Germany on or after June 5, 1945), expenses authorized by section 9 of the Act of August 31, 1964, as amended (31 U.S.C. 3721), and section 2 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956, as amended (22 U.S.C. 2669); telecommunications; expenses necessary to provide maximum physical security in Government-owned and leased properties and vehicles abroad; permanent representation to certain international organizations in which the United States participates pursuant to treaties, conventions, or specific Acts of Congress; acquisition by exchange or purchase of vehicles as authorized by law, except that special requirement vehicles may be purchased without regard to any price limitation otherwise established by law; $1,455,000,000. $1,455,000,000

REOPENING CONSULATES

For necessary expenses of the Department of State and the Foreign Service for reopening and operating certain United States consulates as specified in section 103 of the Department of State Authorization Act, fiscal years 1982 and 1983, $1,700,000. 1,700,000

REPRESENTATION ALLOWANCES

For representation allowances as authorized by section 905 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980, as amended (22 U.S.C. 4085), and for representation by United States missions to the United Nations and the Organization of American States, $4,700,000. 4,700,000

PROTECTION OF FOREIGN MISSIONS AND OFFICIALS

For expenses, not otherwise provided, to enable the Secretary of State to provide for extraordinary protective services in accordance with the provisions of section 605 of Public Law 98-164, and to provide for the protection of foreign missions in accordance with the provisions of 3 U.S.C. 208, $9,500,000. 9,500,000

ACQUISITION AND MAINTENANCE OF BUILDINGS ABROAD

For necessary expenses for carrying out the Foreign Service Buildings Act of 1926, as amended (22 U.S.C. 292-300), $337,000,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That balances of previous appropriations for "Acquisition, operation, and maintenance of buildings abroad" shall be transferred to and merged with this appropriation. 337,000,000

EMERGENCIES IN THE DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE

For expenses necessary to enable the Secretary of State to meet unforeseen emergencies arising in the Diplomatic and Consular Service to be expended pursuant to the requirement of 31 U.S.C. 3526(e), $4,400,000. 4,400,000

PAYMENT TO THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE IN TAIWAN

For necessary expenses to carry out the Taiwan Relations Act, Public Law 96-8 (93 Stat. 14), $9,800,000. $9,800,000

PAYMENT TO THE FOREIGN SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

For payment to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund, as authorized by law, $118,174,000. 118,174,000

[*Total, Administration of Foreign Affairs, $1,940,274,000.*]

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND CONFERENCES

CONTRIBUTIONS TO INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to meet annual obligations of membership in international multilateral organizations, pursuant to treaties, conventions, or specific Acts of Congress, $463,000,000: *Provided*, That none of the funds appropriated in this paragraph shall be available for a United States contribution to an international organization for the United States share of interest costs made known to the United States Government by such organization for loans incurred on or after October 1, 1984, through external borrowings. 463,000,000

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACEKEEPING ACTIVITIES

For payments, not otherwise provided for, by the United States for expenses of the United Nations peacekeeping forces, $29,400,000. 29,400,000

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES AND CONTINGENCIES

For necessary expenses authorized by section 5 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956, contributions for the United States share of general expenses of international organizations and representation to such organizations, and personal services without regard to civil service and classification laws, $6,000,000, to remain available until expended, of which not to exceed $207,000 may be expended for representation as authorized by law. 6,000,000

[*Total, International Organizations and Conferences, $498,400,000.*]

INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, to meet obligations of the United States arising under treaties, conventions, or specific Acts of Congress, as follows:

INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY AND WATER COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND MEXICO

For necessary expenses for the United States Section of the United States and Mexico International Boundary and Water Commission, and to comply with laws applicable to the United States Section; and leasing of private property to remove therefrom sand, gravel, stone, and other materials, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (41 U.S.C. 5); as follows:

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For salaries and expenses, not otherwise provided for, including preliminary surveys, $11,300,000: *Provided*, That expenditures for the Rio Grande bank protection project shall be subject to the provisions and conditions contained in the appropriation for said 11,300,000

project as provided by the Act approved April 25, 1945 (59 Stat. 89): *Provided further,* That the Anzalduas diversion dam shall not be operated for irrigation or water supply purposes in the United States unless suitable arrangements have been made with the prospective water users for repayment to the Government of such portions of the cost of said dam as shall have been allocated to such purposes by the Secretary of State: *Provided further,* That not to exceed $1,200,000 of the amount appropriated in this paragraph shall be available for reimbursement of the city of San Diego, in the State of California, for expenses incurred in treating domestic sewage received from the city of Tijuana, in the State of Baja California, Mexico.

CONSTRUCTION

For detailed plan preparation and construction of authorized projects, to remain available until expended, $2,257,000. $2,257,000

AMERICAN SECTIONS, INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, including not to exceed $6,000 for representation, $3,755,000; for the International Joint Commission, including salaries and expenses of the Commissioners on the part of the United States who shall serve at the pleasure of the President; salaries of employees appointed by the Commissioners on the part of the United States with the approval solely of the Secretary of State; travel expenses and compensation of witnesses; and the International Boundary Commission, for necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, including expenses required by awards to the Alaskan Boundary Tribunal and existing treaties between the United States and Canada or Great Britain. 3,755,000

INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES COMMISSIONS

For necessary expenses for international fisheries commissions, not otherwise provided for, $11,300,000: *Provided,* That the United States share of such expenses may be advanced to the respective commissions. 11,300,000

[*Total, International Commissions, $28,612,000.*]

Other

UNITED STATES BILATERAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AGREEMENTS

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, to enable the United States to participate in programs of scientific and technological cooperation with Yugoslavia $2,000,000, to remain available until expended. 2,000,000

PAYMENT TO THE ASIA FOUNDATION

For a grant to the Asia Foundation, $10,000,000, to remain available until expended. 10,000,000

SOVIET-EAST EUROPEAN RESEARCH AND TRAINING

For expenses not otherwise provided to enable the Secretary of State to reimburse private firms and American institutions of higher education for research contracts and graduate training for development and maintenance of knowledge about the Soviet Union and Eastern European countries, $4,800,000. 4,800,000

[*Total, Other, $16,800,000.*]

General Provisions—Department of State

Sec. 301. Funds appropriated under this title shall be available, except as otherwise provided, for allowances and differentials as authorized by subchapter 59 of 5 U.S.C.; for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; and hire of passenger or freight transportation.

Sec. 302 None of the funds appropriated in this title shall be used (1) to pay the United States contribution to any international organization which engages in the direct or indirect promotion of the principle or doctrine of one world government or one world citizenship; (2) for the promotion, direct or indirect, of the principle or doctrine of one world government or one world citizenship.

This title may be cited as the "Department of State Appropriation Act, 1986".

[*Total, title III, Department of State, $2,484,086,000.*]

TITLE IV—THE JUDICIARY

Supreme Court of the United States

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the operation of the Supreme Court, as required by law, excluding care of the building and grounds, including purchase, or hire, driving, maintenance and operation of an automobile for the Chief Justice and not to exceed $10,000 for the purpose of transporting Associate Justices, hire of passenger motor vehicles; not to exceed $10,000 for official reception and representation expenses; and for miscellaneous expenses, to be expended as the Chief Justice may approve; $15,000,000. $15,000,000

CARE OF THE BUILDING AND GROUNDS

For such expenditures as may be necessary to enable the Architect of the Capitol to carry out the duties imposed upon him by the Act approved May 7, 1934 (40 U.S.C. 13a–13b), including improvements, maintenance, repairs, equipment, supplies, materials, and appurtenances; special clothing for workmen; and personal and other services (including temporary labor without regard to the Classification and Retirement Acts, as amended), and for snow removal by hire of men and equipment or under contract, and for security installations both without compliance with section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (41 U.S.C. 5); $2,275,000, of which $275,000 shall remain available until expended. 2,275,000

[*Total, Supreme Court of the United States, $17,275,000.*]

United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For salaries of the chief judge, judges, and other officers and employees, and for all necessary expenses of the court, $5,500,000. 5,500,000

United States Court of International Trade

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For salaries of the chief judge and eight judges; salaries of the officers and employees of the court; services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; and necessary expenses of the court, including exchange of books and traveling expenses, as may be approved by the court; $6,400,000: *Provided*, That travel expenses of judges of the Court of International Trade shall be paid upon written certificate of the judge. $6,400,000

COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES

SALARIES OF JUDGES

For salaries of circuit judges; district judges (including judges of the district courts of the Virgin Islands, Guam, and the Northern Mariana Islands); judges of the United States Claims Court; bankruptcy judges; and justices and judges retired from office or from regular active service under titie 28, United States Code, sections 371, 372, and 373; $103,000,000. 103,000,000

SALARIES OF SUPPORTING PERSONNEL

For the salaries of secretaries and law clerks to circuit, district, and bankruptcy judges, magistrates and staff, circuit executives, clerks of court, probation officers, pretrial service officers, staff attorneys, librarians, the supporting personnel of the United States Claims Court, and all other officers and employees of the Federal Judiciary, not otherwise specifically provided for, $474,900,000: *Provided*, That the secretaries and law clerks to judges shall be appointed in such number and at such rates of compensation as may be determined by the Judicial Conference of the United States: *Provided further*, That the number of staff attorneys to be appointed in each of the courts of appeals shall not exceed the ratio of one attorney for each authorized judgeship. 474,900,000

DEFENDER SERVICES

For the operation of Federal Public Defender and Community Defender organizations, the compensation and reimbursement of expenses of attorneys appointed to represent persons under the Criminal Justice Act of 1964, as amended, and the compensation of attorneys appointed to represent jurors in civil actions for the protection of their employment, as authorized by law; $61,800,000, to remain available until expended. 61,800,000

FEES OF JURORS AND COMMISSIONERS

For fees and expenses and refreshments of jurors; compensation of jury commissioners; and compensation of commissioners appointed in condemnation cases pursuant to Rule 71A(h) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure; $43,400,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That the compensation of land commissioners shall not exceed the daily equivalent of the highest rate payable under section 5332 of title 5, United States Code. 43,400,000

EXPENSES OF OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE COURTS

For necessary operation and maintenance expenses, not otherwise provided for, incurred by the Judiciary, including the purchase of firearms and ammunition, $135,000,000, of which $6,000,000 shall be available for contractual services and expenses relating to the supervision of drug dependent offenders. 135,000,000

SPACE AND FACILITIES

For rental of space, alterations, and related services and facilities for the United States Courts of Appeals, District Courts, Bankruptcy Courts, and Claims Court, $147,000,000. 147,000,000

COURT SECURITY

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, incident to the procurement, installation, and maintenance of security equipment and protective services for the United States Courts in courtrooms and adjacent areas, including building ingress-egress control, inspection of packages, directed security patrols, and other similar activities; $32,750,000, to be expended directly or transferred to the United States Marshals Service which shall be responsible for administering elements of the Judicial Security Program consistent with standards or guidelines agreed to by the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts and the Attorney General. $32,750,000

[*Total, Courts of Appeals, District Courts, and Other Judicial Services, $997,850,000.*]

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, including travel, advertising, hire of a passenger motor vehicle, and rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, $29,200,000, of which an amount not to exceed $5,000 is authorized for official reception and representation expenses. 29,200,000

FEDERAL JUDICIAL CENTER

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Federal Judicial Center, as authorized by Public Law 90-219, $9,600,000. 9,600,000

GENERAL PROVISIONS—THE JUDICIARY

SEC. 401. Appropriations and authorizations made in this title which are available for salaries and expenses shall be available for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109.

SEC. 402. Appropriations made in this title shall be available for salaries and expenses of the Temporary Emergency Court of Appeals authorized by Public Law 92-210.

SEC. 403. The position of Trustee Coordinator in the Bankruptcy Courts of the United States shall not be limited to persons with formal legal training.

SEC. 404. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, or any other agency or instrumentality of the United States, is prohibited from restricting solely to staff of the Clerks of the United States Bankruptcy Courts the issuance of notices to creditors and other interested parties. The Administrative Office shall permit and encourage the preparation and mailing of such notices to be performed by or at the expense of the debtors, trustees or such other interested parties as the Court may direct and approve. The Administrator of the United States Courts shall make appropriate provisions for the use of and accounting for any postage required pursuant to such directives. The provisions of this paragraph shall terminate on October 1, 1986.

This title may be cited as "the Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1986".

[*Total, title IV, the Judiciary, new budget (obligational) authority (all definite appropriations), $1,065,825,000.*]

TITLE V—RELATED AGENCIES

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

MARITIME ADMINISTRATION

OPERATING-DIFFERENTIAL SUBSIDIES (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORITY)

For the payment of obligations incurred for operating-differential subsidies as authorized by the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended, $299,500,000, to remain available until expended. *$299,500,000 (liquidation of contract authorization)*

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

For necessary expenses for research and development activities, as authorized by law, $9,900,000, to remain available until expended. 9,900,000

OPERATIONS AND TRAINING

For necessary expenses of operations and training activities authorized by law, $69,700,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That reimbursements may be made to this appropriation from receipts to the "Federal Ship Financing Fund" for administrative expenses in support of that program. 69,700,000

GENERAL PROVISIONS—MARITIME ADMINISTRATION

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Maritime Administration is authorized to furnish utilities and services and make necessary repairs in connection with any lease, contract, or occupancy involving Government property under control of the Maritime Administration and payments received by the Maritime Administration for utilities, services, and repairs so furnished or made shall be credited to the appropriation charged with the cost thereof: *Provided*, That rental payments under any such lease, contract, or occupancy on account of items other than such utilities, services, or repairs shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

No obligations shall be incurred during the current fiscal year from the construction fund established by the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, or otherwise, in excess of the appropriations and limitations contained in this Act, or in any prior appropriation Act and all receipts which otherwise would be deposited to the credit of said fund shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

[*Total, Maritime Administration:*
[*New budget (obligational) authority* .... *$79,600,000.*]
[*Liquidation of contract authorization* .... *229,500,000.*]

ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT AGENCY

ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT ACTIVITIES

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, for arms control and disarmament activities, including not to exceed $43,000 for official reception and representation expenses, authorized by the Act of September 26, 1961, as amended (22 U.S.C. 2551 et seq.), $25,850,000. 25,850,000

Board for International Broadcasting

GRANTS AND EXPENSES

For expenses of the Board for International Broadcasting, including grants to RFE/RL, Inc., $102,700,000, of which not to exceed $52,000 may be made available for official reception and representation expenses. $102,700,000

Commission on the Bicentennial of the United States Constitution

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Commission on the Bicentennial of the United States Constitution authorized by Public Law 98-101 (97 Stat. 719-723), $775,000, to remain available until expended. 775,000

Commission on Civil Rights

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Commission on Civil Rights, including hire of passenger motor vehicles, $12,300,000. 12,300,000

Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe, as authorized by Public Law 94-304, $550,000 to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That not to exceed $6,000 of such amount shall be available for official reception and representation expenses. 550,000

Commission on the Ukraine Famine

For necessary expenses of the Commission on the Ukraine Famine to carry out the provisions of S. 2456 (98th Congress) as passed the Senate on September 21, 1984, $400,000, to remain available until expended, and the Commission on the Ukraine Famine as contained in S. 2456, is hereby established, with modifications as follows: 400,000

ESTABLISHMENT

SECTION 1. There is established a commission to be known as the "Commission on the Ukraine Famine" (in this Act referred to as the "Commission").

PURPOSE OF THE COMMISSION

SEC. 2. The purpose of the Commission is to conduct a study of the 1932-1933 Ukraine famine in order to—

(1) expand the world's knowledge of the famine; and

(2) provide the American public with a better understanding of the Soviet system by revealing the Soviet role in the Ukraine famine.

SEC. 3. The duties of the Commission are to—

(1) conduct a study of the 1932-1933 Ukraine famine (in this Act referred to as the "famine study"), in accordance with section 6 of this Act, in which the Commission shall—

DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION

(A) gather all available information about the 1932-1933 famine in Ukraine;

(B) analyze the causes of such famine and the effects it has had on the Ukrainian nation and other countries; and

(C) study and analyze the reaction by the free countries of the world to such famine; and

(2) submit to Congress for publication a final report on the results of the famine study no later than two years after the organizational meeting of the Commission held under section 6(a) of this Act.

MEMBERSHIP

SEC. 4. (a) The Commission shall be composed of fifteen members, who shall be appointed within thirty days after the date of enactment of this Act, as follows:

(1) Four members shall be Members of the House of Representatives and shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Two such members shall be selected from the majority party of the House of Representatives and two such members shall be selected, after consultation with the minority leader of the House, from the minority party of the House of Representatives. The Speaker also shall designate one of the House Members as Chairman of the Commission.

(2) Two members shall be Members of the Senate and shall be appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate. One such member shall be selected from the majority party of the Senate and one such member shall be selected, after consultation with the minority leader of the Senate, from the minority party of the Senate.

(3) One member shall be from among officers and employees of each of the Departments of State, Education, and Health and Human Services and shall be appointed by the President, after consultation with the Secretaries of the respective departments.

(4) Six members shall be from the Ukrainian-American community at large and Ukrainian-American chartered human rights groups and shall be appointed by the Chairman of the Commission in consultation with congressional members of the Commission, the Ukrainian-American community at large, and executive boards of Ukrainian-American chartered human rights groups.

(b) The term of office of each member shall be for the life of the Commission.

(c) Each member of the Commission who is not otherwise employed by the United States Government shall be paid from the sum appropriated to carry out this Act, the daily equivalent of the rate of basic pay payable for GS-18 of the General Schedule for each day, including travel time, during which he or she is attending meetings or hearings of the Commission or otherwise performing Commission related duties as requested by the Chairman of the Commission. A member of the Commission who is an officer or employee of the United States Government or a Member of Congress shall serve without additional compensation. Each member of the Commission shall be reimbursed for travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by section 5703 of title 5, United States Code, for persons in Government service employed intermittently.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

SEC. 5. (a) Not later than thirty days after all members have been appointed to the Commission, the Commission shall hold an organizational meeting to establish the rules and procedures under which it will carry out its responsibilities.

(b) The Commission shall hire experts and consultants in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, from the academic community to assist in carrying out the famine study. Such experts and consultants shall be chosen by a majority vote of the Commission members on the basis of their academic background and their experience relevant to research on the Ukraine famine. No person shall be otherwise employed by the Federal Government while serving as an expert or consultant to the Commission.

(c) The Commission shall have a staff director, who shall be appointed by the Chairman.

POWERS OF THE COMMISSION

SEC. 6. (a) The Commission or any member it authorizes may, for the purpose of carrying out this Act, hold such hearings, sit and act at such times and places, request such attendance, take such testimony, and receive such evidence as the Commission considers appropriate. The Commission or any such member may administer oaths or affirmations to witnesses appearing before it.

(b)(1) The Commission may issue subpenas requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of any evidence that relates to any matter under investigation by the Commission. Such attendance of witnesses and the production of such evidence may be required from any place within the United States at any designated place of hearing within the United States.

(2) The subpenas of the Commission may be issued by the Chairman of the Commission or any member designated by him and may be served by any person designated by the Chairman or such member. The subpenas of the Commission shall be served in the same manner provided for subpenas issued by a United States district court under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure for the United States district courts.

(3) If a person issued a subpena under paragraph (1) refuses to obey such subpena, any court of the United States within the judicial district within which the hearing is conducted or within the judicial district within which such person is found or resides or transacts business may (upon application by the Commission) order such person to appear before the Commission to produce evidence or to give testimony relating to the matter under investigation. Any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished as a contempt of the court.

(4) All process of any court to which application may be made under this section may be served in the judicial district in which the person required to be served resides or may be found.

(c) The Commission may obtain from any department or agency of the United States information that it considers useful in the discharge of its duties. Upon request of the Chairman, the head of such department or agency shall furnish such information to the Commission to the extent permitted by law.

(d) The Commission may appoint and fix the pay of such personnel as it considers appropriate. Such personnel may be appointed without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and may be paid without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter 53 of such title, relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates. No individual so appointed may receive pay in excess of the maximum annual rate of pay payable for GS-18 of the General Schedule under section 5332 of title 5, United States Code.

(e) The Commission may solicit, accept, use, and dispose of donations of money, property, or services.

(f) The Commission may use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as other departments and agencies of the United States.

(g) The Administrator of General Services shall provide to the Commission on a reimbursable basis such administrative support services as the Commission may request.

(h) The Commission may procure by contract any supplies, services, and property, including the conduct of research and the preparation of reports by Government agencies and private firms, necessary to discharge the duties of the Commission, in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and to the extent or in such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts.

TERMINATION

SEC. 7. The Commission shall terminate sixty days after the report of the Commission is submitted to Congress under section 4(4) of this Act.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 8. There is authorized to be appropriated the sum of $400,000, to remain available until expended, to carry out this Act.

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission as authorized by title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (29 U.S.C. 206(d) and 621-634), including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; hire of passenger motor vehicles; not to exceed $20,000,000 for payments to State and local enforcement agencies for services to the Commission pursuant to title VII of the Civil Rights Act, as amended, and sections 6 and 14 of the Age Discrimination in Employment Act; $165,000,000. $165,000,000

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for the Federal Communications Commission, as authorized by law, including uniforms and allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-02); not to exceed $700,000 for land and structures; not to exceed $200,000 for improvement and care of grounds and repair to buildings; not to exceed $3,000 for official reception and representation expenses; purchase (not to exceed ten) and hire of motor vehicles; special counsel fees; and services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; $94,400,000. 94,400,000 Not to exceed $300,000 of the foregoing amount shall remain available until September 30, 1987, for research and policy studies.

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Federal Maritime Commission, including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; hire of passenger motor vehicles; and uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 5901-02; $11,870,000: *Provided,* That not to exceed $1,500 11,870,000 shall be available for official reception and representation expenses.

Federal Trade Commission

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Federal Trade Commission, including uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 5901–5902; services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; hire of passenger motor vehicles; and not to exceed $2,000 for official reception and representation expenses; the sum of $65,500,000: *Provided,* That the funds appropriated in this paragraph are subject to the limitations and provisions of sections 10(a) and 10(c) (notwithstanding section 10(e)), 11(b), 18, and 20 of the Federal Trade Commission Improvements Act of 1980 (Public Law 96–252; 94 Stat. 374).

$65,500,000

International Trade Commission

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the International Trade Commission, including hire of passenger motor vehicles and services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, and not to exceed $2,500 for official reception and representation expenses, $28,600,000.

28,600,000

Japan-United States Friendship Commission

JAPAN-UNITED STATES FRIENDSHIP TRUST FUND

For expenses of the Japan-United States Friendship Commission as authorized by Public Law 94–118, as amended, from the interest earned on the Japan-United States Friendship Trust Fund, $775,000 to remain available until expended; and an amount of Japanese currency not to exceed the equivalent of $1,200,000 based on exchange rates at the time of payment of such amounts, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That not to exceed a total of $2,500 of such amounts shall be available for official reception and representation expenses.

775,000
(trust funds)
1,200,000
(foreign currency)

Legal Services Corporation

PAYMENT TO THE LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

For payment to the Legal Services Corporation to carry out the purposes of the Legal Services Corporation Act of 1974, as amended, $305,500,000: *Provided,* That none of the funds appropriated in this Act for the Legal Services Corporation shall be used to bring a class action suit against the Federal Government or any State or local government unless—

305,500,000

(1) the project director of a recipient has expressly approved the filing of such an action in accordance with policies established by the governing body of such recipient;

(2) the class relief which is the subject of such an action is sought for the primary benefit of individuals who are eligible for legal assistance; and

(3) that prior to filing such an action, the recipient project director has determined that the government entity is not likely to change the policy or practice in question, that the policy or practice will continue to adversely affect eligible clients, that the recipient has given notice of its intention to seek class relief and that responsible efforts to resolve without litigation the adverse effects of the policy or practice have not been successful or would be adverse to the interest of the clients:

except that this proviso may be superseded by regulations governing the bringing of class action suits promulgated by a majority of the

Board of Directors of the Corporation who have been confirmed in accordance with section 1004(a) of the Legal Services Corporation Act: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this Act made available by the Legal Services Corporation may be used—

(1) to pay for any publicity or propaganda intended or designed to support or defeat legislation pending before Congress or State or local legislative bodies or intended or designed to influence any decision by a Federal, State, or local agency;

(2) to pay for any personal service, advertisement, telegram, telephone communication, letter, printed or written matter, or other device, intended or designed to influence any decision by a Federal, State, or local agency, except when legal assistance is provided by an employee of a recipient to an eligible client on a particular application, claim, or case, which directly involves the client's legal rights or responsibilities;

(3) to pay for any personal service, advertisement, telegram, telephone communication, letter, printed or written matter, or any other device intended or designed to influence any Member of Congress or any other Federal, State, or local elected official—

(A) to favor or oppose any referendum, initiative, constitutional amendment, or any similar procedure of the Congress, any State legislature, any local council or any similar governing body acting in a legislative capacity,

(B) to favor or oppose an authorization or appropriation directly affecting the authority, function, or funding of the recipient or the Corporation, or

(C) to influence the conduct of oversight proceedings of the recipient or the Corporation;

(4) to pay for any personal service, advertisement, telegram, telephone communication, letter, printed or written matter, or any other device intended or designed to influence any Member of Congress or any other Federal, State, or local elected official to favor or oppose any Act, bill, resolution, or similar legislation, except that this proviso shall not preclude funds from being used to provide communication directly to a Federal, State, or local elected official on a specific and distinct matter where the purpose of such communication is to bring the matter to the official's attention if—

(A) the project director of a recipient has expressly approved in writing the undertaking of such communication to be made on behalf of a client or class of clients in accordance with policy established by the governing body of the recipient; and

(B) the project director of a recipient has determined prior to the undertaking of such communication, that—

(i) the client and each such client is in need of relief which can be provided by the legislative body involved;

(ii) appropriate judicial and administrative relief have been exhausted; and

(iii) documentation has been secured from each eligible client that includes a statement of the specific legal interests of the client, except that such communication may not be the result of participation in a coordinated effort to provide such communications under this proviso; and

(C) the project director of a recipient maintains documentation of the expense and time spent under this proviso as part of the records of the recipient; or

(D) the project director of a recipient has approved the submission of a communication to a legislator requesting introduction of a private relief bill:

except that nothing in this proviso shall prohibit communications made in response to a request from a Federal, State, or local official: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this Act made available by the Legal Services Corporation may be used to pay for any administrative or related costs associated with an activity prohibited in clause (1), (2), (3), or (4) of the previous proviso: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated under this Act for the Legal Services Corporation will be expended to provide legal assistance for or on behalf of any alien unless the alien is present in the United States and is—

(1) an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence as defined in section 101(a)(20) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(20));

(2) an alien who is either married to a United States citizen or is a parent or an unmarried child under the age of twenty-one years of such a citizen and who has filed an application for adjustment of status to permanent resident under the Immigration and Nationality Act, and such application has not been rejected;

(3) an alien who is lawfully present in the United States pursuant to an admission under section 207 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1157, relating to refugee admissions) or who has been granted asylum by the Attorney General under such Act; or

(4) an alien who is lawfully present in the United States as a result of the Attorney General's withholding of deportation pursuant to section 243(h) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1253(h)):

Provided further, That an alien who is lawfully present in the United States as a result of being granted conditional entry pursuant to section 203(a)(7) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1153(a)(7)) before April 1, 1980, because of persecution or fear of persecution on account of race, religion, or political opinion or because of being uprooted by catastrophic natural calamity shall be deemed, for purposes of the previous proviso, to be an alien described in clause (3) of the previous proviso: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated for the Legal Services Corporation may be used to support or conduct training programs for the purpose of advocating particular public policies or encouraging political activities, labor or antilabor activities, boycotts, picketing, strikes, and demonstrations, including the dissemination of information about such policies or activities, except that this provision shall not be construed to prohibit the training of attorneys or paralegal personnel necessary to prepare them to provide adequate legal assistance to eligible clients or to advise any eligible client as to the nature of the legislative process or inform any eligible client of his rights under statute, order, or regulation: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this Act for the Legal Services Corporation may be used to carry out the procedures established pursuant to section 1011(2) of the Legal Services Corporation Act unless the Corporation prescribes procedures to insure that financial assistance under this title shall not be terminated, and a suspension of financial assistance shall not be continued for more than thirty days, unless the grantee, contractor, or person or entity receiving financial assistance under this title has been afforded reasonable notice and opportunity for a timely, full, and fair hearing and, when requested, such hearing shall be conducted by an independent hearing examiner, subject to the following conditions—

(1) such request for a hearing shall be made to the Corporation within thirty days after receipt of notice to terminate

financial assistance, deny an application for refunding, or suspend financial assistance and such hearing shall be conducted within thirty days of receipt of such request for a hearing;

(2) the Corporation shall make such final decision within thirty days after completion of such hearing; and

(3) hearing examiners shall be appointed by the Corporation in accordance with procedures established in regulations promulgated by the Corporation:

Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated in this Act for the Legal Services Corporation may be used to carry out the procedures established pursuant to section 1011(2) of the Legal Services Corporation Act unless the Corporation prescribes procedures to ensure that an application for refunding shall not be denied unless the grantee, contractor, or person or entity receiving assistance under this title has been afforded reasonable notice and opportunity for a timely, full, and fair hearing to show cause why such action should not be taken and subject to all other conditions of the previous proviso: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this Act for the Legal Services Corporation shall be used by the Corporation in making grants or entering into contracts for legal assistance unless the Corporation insures that the recipient is either (1) a private attorney or attorneys (for the sole purpose of furnishing legal assistance to eligible clients) or (2) a qualified nonprofit organization chartered under the laws of one of the States, a purpose of which is furnishing legal assistance to eligible clients, the majority of the board of directors or other governing body of which organization is comprised of attorneys who are admitted to practice in one of the States and who are appointed to terms of office on such board or body by the governing bodies of State, county, or municipal bar associations the membership of which represents a majority of the attorneys practicing law in the locality in which the organization is to provide legal assistance: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this Act for the Corporation shall be used, directly or indirectly, by the Corporation to promulgate new regulations or to enforce, implement, or operate in accordance with regulations effective after April 27, 1984 unless the Appropriations Committees of both Houses of Congress have been notified fifteen days prior to such use of funds as provided for in section 606 of this Act.

MARINE MAMMAL COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Marine Mammal Commission as authorized by title II of Public Law 92-522, as amended, $900,000. $900,000

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Office of the United States Trade Representative, including the hire of passenger motor vehicles and the employment of experts and consultants as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, $13,158,000: *Provided,* That not to exceed $72,000 shall be available for official reception and representation expenses. 13,158,000

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for the Securities and Exchange Commission, including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, and not to exceed $2,000 for official reception and representation expenses, $111,100,000. 111,100,000

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, of the Small Business Administration, including hire of passenger motor vehicles and not to exceed $2,500 for official reception and representation expenses, $173,800,000; and for grants for Small Business Development Centers as authorized by section 21(a) of the Small Business Act, as amended, $35,000,000. In addition $80,000,000 for disaster loan making activities, including loan servicing, shall be transferred to this appropriation from the "Disaster Loan Fund".

$173,800,000

35,000,000

80,000,000

(by transfer)

[*Total, salaries and expenses, $208,800,000.*]

WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE ON SMALL BUSINESS

For necessary expenses of the White House Conference on Small Business as authorized by Public Law 98-276, $2,700,000, to remain available until expended. 2,700,000

REVOLVING FUNDS

The Small Business Administration is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to its revolving funds, and in accord with the law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out the programs set forth in the budget for the current fiscal year for the "Disaster Loan Fund", the "Business Loan and Investment Fund", the "Lease Guarantees Revolving Fund", the "Pollution Control Equipment Contract Guarantees Revolving Fund", and the "Surety Bond Guarantees Revolving Fund".

BUSINESS LOAN AND INVESTMENT FUND

For additional capital for the "Business Loan and Investment Fund", $66,000,000, to remain available without fiscal year limitation; and for additional capital for new direct loan obligations to be incurred by the "Business Loan and Investment Fund", $101,000,000, to remain available without fiscal year limitation.

66,000,000

101,000,000

[*Total, Business Loan and Investment Fund, $167,000,000.*]

SURETY BOND GUARANTEES REVOLVING FUND

For additional capital for the "Surety Bond Guarantees Revolving Fund", authorized by the Small Business Investment Act, as amended, $7,000,000, to remain available without fiscal year limitation. 7,000,000

[*Total, Small Business Administration:*
[*New budget (obligational) authority (all definite appropriations) .... $385,500,000.*]
[*By transfer .... 80,000,000.*]

STATE JUSTICE INSTITUTE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the State Justice Institute authorized by the State Justice Institute Act of 1984 (Public Law 98-620; 98 Stat. 3336-3346), $8,000,000, of which not to exceed $715,000 shall be available for administration. 8,000,000

UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to enable the United States Information Agency, as authorized by Reorganization Plan No. 2 of 1977, the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act, as amended (22 U.S.C. 2451 et seq.), and the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act, as amended (22 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.), to carry out international communication, educational and cultural activities, including employment, without regard to civil service and classification laws, of persons on a temporary basis (not to exceed $270,000, of which $250,000 is to facilitate United States participation in international expositions abroad); expenses authorized by the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3901 et seq.), living quarters as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 5912, and allowances as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 5921–5928; and entertainment, including official receptions, within the United States, not to exceed $20,000; $571,000,000, none of which shall be restricted from use for the purposes appropriated herein: *Provided*, That not to exceed $800,000 may be used for representation abroad: *Provided further*, That not to exceed $5,704,000 of the amounts allocated by the United States Information Agency to carry out section 102(a)(3) of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act, as amended (22 U.S.C. 2452(a)(3)), shall remain available until expended: *Provided further*, That receipts not to exceed $500,000 may be credited to this appropriation from fees or other payments received from or in connection with English-teaching programs as authorized by section 810 of Public Law 80–402, as amended. $571,000,000

EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL EXCHANGE PROGRAMS

For expenses of Fulbright, International Visitor, Humphrey Fellowship and Congress-Bundestag Exchange Programs, as authorized by Reorganization Plan No. 2 of 1977 and the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act, as amended (22 U.S.C. 2451 et seq.), $128,106,000. For the Private Sector Exchange Programs, $9,894,000, of which $1,500,000, to remain available until expended, is for the Eisenhower Exchange Fellowship Program. 128,106,000 9,894,000

[*Total, Educational and Cultural Exchange Programs, $138,000,000.*]

ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF RADIO FACILITIES

For an additional amount for the purchase, rent, construction, and improvement of facilities for radio transmission and reception and purchase and installation of necessary equipment for radio transmission and reception, $114,000,000, to remain available until expended. 114,000,000

RADIO BROADCASTING TO CUBA

For an additional amount, necessary to enable the United States Information Agency to carry out the Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act (providing for the Radio Marti program or Cuba Service of the Voice of America), including the purchase, rent, construction, and improvement of facilities for radio transmission and reception and purchase and installation of necessary equipment for radio transmission and reception, $10,700,000, to remain available until expended. 10,700,000

CENTER FOR CULTURAL AND TECHNICAL INTERCHANGE BETWEEN EAST AND WEST

To enable the Director of the United States Information Agency to provide for carrying out the provisions of the Center for Cultural and Technical Interchange Between East and West Act of 1960, by grant to any appropriate recipient in the State of Hawaii, $20,750,000: *Provided,* That none of the funds appropriated herein shall be used to pay any salary, or to enter into any contract providing the payment thereof, in excess of the highest rate authorized in the General Schedule of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended. $20,750,000

NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR DEMOCRACY

For grants made by the United States Information Agency to the National Endowment for Democracy as authorized by the National Endowment for Democracy Act, $18,000,000. 18,000,000

GENERAL PROVISIONS—UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY

SEC. 501. None of the funds provided in this Act for the United States Information Agency shall be awarded to the National Democratic Institute for International Affairs, the National Republican Institute for International Affairs, or any other organization connected in any manner with any political party operating in the United States, unless said Institutes agree that such funds received from the National Endowment for Democracy shall not be expended to finance the campaigns of candidates for public office in any country; shall not be used to finance activities of the Republican National Committee or the Democratic National Committee; shall not be used for partisan activities on behalf of either the Republican National Committee or the Democratic National Committee or on behalf of any candidate for public office; and agree that no officer or employee of the Republican or Democratic National Committees may serve as an officer or member of the Board of Directors of either Institute.

[*Total, United States Information Agency, $872,450,000.*]

UNITED STATES SENTENCING COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For the salaries and expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of chapter 58 of title 28, United States Code, $1,100,000, to remain available until expended. 1,100,000

[*Total, title V, Related Agencies:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority (all definite appropriations)*	*$2,286,028,000.*]
[*By transfer*	*80,000,000.*]
[*Appropriation to liquidate contract authority*	*299,500,000.*]
[*Foreign currency appropriation*	*1,200,000.*]

TITLE VI—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 601. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used for publicity or propaganda purposes not authorized by the Congress.

SEC. 602. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

SEC. 603. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

SEC. 604. If any provision of this Act or the application of such provision to any person or circumstances shall be held invalid, the remainder of the Act and the application of such provision to persons or circumstances other than those as to which it is held invalid shall not be affected thereby.

SEC. 605. None of the funds appropriated in titles II and V of this Act may be used for any activity to alter the per se prohibition on resale price maintenance in effect under Federal antitrust laws: *Provided,* That nothing in this provision shall prohibit any employee of a department or agency for which funds are provided in titles II and V of this Act from presenting testimony on this matter before appropriate committees of the House and Senate: *Provided further,* That whereas on January 23, 1985, the Department of Justice published a document entitled "Vertical Restraints Guidelines", for the stated purpose of explaining Federal policy for enforcing the Sherman Act and the Clayton Act with respect to nonprice vertical restraints of trade;

Whereas such policy guidelines extend beyond the matter of nonprice vertical restraints of trade and propose the avoidance of the per se rule of illegality applied by the Supreme Court in 1911 in Dr. Miles Medical Company against John D. Park and Sons Company (220 U.S. 373) to price-related restraints of trade and subsequently applied by the Supreme Court and endorsed by the Congress on many occasions;

Whereas such policy guidelines are inconsistent with established antitrust law, as reflected in Supreme Court decisions and statements of congressional intent, in maintaining that such policy guidelines do not treat vertical price fixing when, in fact, some provisions of such policy guidelines suggest that certain price fixing conspiracies are legal if such conspiracies are "limited" to restricting intrabrand competition; by blurring the distinction between price and nonprice restraints in analyzing a distribution program containing both types of restraints, thereby qualifying the accepted rule that vertical price fixing in any context is illegal per se; in stating that vertical restraints that have an impact upon prices are subject to the per se rule of illegality only if there is an "explicit agreement as to the specific prices"; in stating that restraints imposed by a manufacturer at the request of dealers are vertical in nature and therefore not subject to the per se rule of illegality; in aggregating the factors of collusion and foreclosure, thereby failing to distinguish adequately between the separate antitrust concerns associated with vertical territorial restraints and with exclusive dealing practices; in stating that less than absolute territorial restraints are "always legal"; and in arbitrarily specifying a 30 per centum minimum market share in the tying product for assessing the legality of tying arrangements;

Whereas such policy guidelines state that the Department of Justice may refuse to attribute to corporations the illegal conduct of their low-level employees acting within the scope of the authority conferred upon such employees by such corporations, contrary to the common law of corporate responsibility and agency in the antitrust context;

Whereas the general business community would be at risk if it accepted and relied upon such policy guidelines as an accurate statement of existing Federal antitrust laws in the area of vertical restraints of trade;

Whereas such policy guidelines relate to an area in which the Department of Justice has brought no enforcement actions in more than four years and may have been published, in part, as an attempt to influence the courts of the United States to pursue a very narrow and limited vertical restraint analysis in deciding private enforcement antitrust cases;

Whereas previous antitrust enforcement policy guidelines issued by the Department of Justice have been substantially based on existing jurisprudence and congressional intent, and therefore have been given considerable weight by the courts of the United States in evaluating the facts in antitrust litigation; and

Whereas the "Vertical Restraints Guidelines" may affect the development of antitrust law to the detriment of competitive pricing of branded goods and services by direct or mail order retailers: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That it is the sense of the Congress that the antitrust enforcement policy guidelines stated in "Vertical Restraints Guidelines", published by the Department of Justice on January 23, 1985—

(1) are not an accurate expression of the Federal antitrust laws or of congressional intent with regard to the application of such laws to resale price maintenance and other vertical restraints of trade;

(2) shall not be accorded any force of law or be treated by the courts of the United States as binding or persuasive; and

(3) should be recalled by the Attorney General.

Sec. 606. (a) None of the funds provided under this Act shall be available for obligation or expenditure through a reprogramming of funds which: (1) creates new programs; (2) eliminates a program, project, or activity; (3) increases funds or personnel by any means for any project or activity for which funds have been denied or restricted; (4) relocates an office or employees; (5) reorganizes offices, programs, or activities; or (6) contracts out any functions or activities presently performed by Federal employees; unless the Appropriations Committees of both Houses of Congress are notified fifteen days in advance of such reprogramming of funds.

(b) None of the funds provided under this Act shall be available for obligation or expenditure for activities, programs, or projects through a reprogramming of funds in excess of $250,000 or 10 per centum, whichever is less, that: (1) augments existing programs, projects, or activities; (2) reduces by 10 per centum funding for any existing program, project, or activity, or numbers of personnel by 10 per centum as approved by Congress; or (3) results from any general savings from a reduction in personnel which would result in a change in existing programs, activities, or projects as approved by Congress, unless the Appropriations Committees of both Houses of Congress are notified fifteen days in advance of such reprogramming of funds.

Sec. 607. None of the funds appropriated by this Act to the Legal Services Corporation may be used by the Corporation or any recipient to participate in any litigation with respect to abortion, except where the life of the mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to term.

This Act may be cited as "the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1986".

Approved December 13, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2965

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-197 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 99-414 (Comm. of Conference)
SENATE REPORT No. 99-150 (Comm. on Appropriations)
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
July 17, considered and passed House.
October 24 and November 1, considered and passed Senate, amended.
December 5, House agreed to conference report.
December 6, Senate agreed to conference report.
December 13, approved by the President (P.L. 99-180).

Grand total:		
Appropriations, definite	$11,919,618,000	
By transfer	*(123,700,000)*	
Appropriations to liquidate contract authority	*(299,500,000)*	
Limitation on expenses	*(9,120,000)*	
Limitation on direct loans	*(8,100,000)*	
Limitation on guaranteed loans	*(156,000,000)*	
Total, new budget (obligational) authority, Departments of Commerce, Justice, State, the Judiciary and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1986		$11,919,618,000

NOTE.—In addition to the new budget (obligational) authority for fiscal year 1986 provided in the foregoing annual appropriation act, the following additional amounts are available for the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, and the Judiciary for the fiscal year:

Permanent appropriations:		
Federal funds (pp. 1618 and 1623)	$494,465,000	
Trust funds (pp. 1629, 1631, and 1635–1636)	750,311,000	
Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Bill, 1986:		
Anti-terrorism assistance (p. 431)	7,420,000	
International narcotics control (p. 430)	57,529,000	
Migration and refugee assistance (pp. 430–431)	338,930,000	
Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986 (Public Law 99-190):		
Economic Development Administration (p. 446)	25,440,747	
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (p. 446)	3,000,000	
Subtotal, additions		1,677,095,747

Deduct amounts for independent agencies transferred to the Department of Transportation and General Government totals:

Department of Transportation:		
Maritime Administration (p. 144)	$79,600,000	
General Government:		
Arms Control and Disarmament Agency (p. 144)	25,850,000	
Board for International Broadcasting (p. 145)	102,700,000	
Commission on the Bicentennial of the United States Constitution (p. 145)	775,000	
Commission on Civil Rights (p. 145)	12,300,000	
Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe (p. 145)	550,000	
Commission on the Ukraine Famine (pp. 145–148)	400,000	
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (p. 148)	165,000,000	
Federal Communications Commission (p. 148)	94,400,000	
Federal Maritime Commission (p. 148)	11,870,000	
Federal Trade Commission (p. 149)	65,500,000	
International Trade Commission (p. 149)	28,600,000	
Japan-United States Friendship Commission (p. 149)	775,000	
Legal Services Corporation (pp. 149–152)	305,500,000	
Marine Mammal Commission (p. 152)	900,000	
Office of the United States Trade Representative (p. 152)	13,158,000	
Securities and Exchange Commission (p. 152)	111,100,000	
Small Business Administration (p. 153)	385,500,000	
State Justice Institute (p. 153)	8,000,000	
United States Information Agency (pp. 154–155)	872,450,000	
United States Sentencing Commission (p. 155)	1,100,000	
Subtotal, deductions		−2,286,028,000
Grand total, Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, and the Judiciary		11,310,685,747

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986

99th Congress, H.R. 3629

[NOTE.—The Department of Defense Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3629) was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House on October 24, 1985. H.R. 3629 was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate on November 6, 1985. The bill was not acted on by the full Senate. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(b) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 (see pp. 321-357 for text of Sec. 101(b) of Public Law 99-190, and pp. 1728-1730 for the table VIII showing estimates and funding levels by appropriation account).]

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3629

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-332 (Comm. on Appropriations).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-176 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
    Oct. 24, reported in the House.
    Nov. 6, reported in the Senate.

NOTE.—The following summary shows the amounts of new budget (obligational) authority provided for fiscal year 1986 under Sec. 101(b) of Public Law 99-190 for the programs and activities normally funded in this regular annual appropriation bill:

Grand Total:		
Appropriations—definite	$281,161,875,000	
Transfer authority	*(7,256,906,000)*	
Total, new budget (obligational) authority, Department of Defense Appropriation Bill, 1986		[1] $281,161,875,000

NOTE.—In addition to the new budget (obligational) authority for fiscal year 1986 provided under Sec. 101(b) of Public Law 99-190, Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986, the following additional amounts are available for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year:

Permanent appropriations:		
Federal funds (p. 1618)	$150,000	
Trust funds (pp. 1631-1632)	27,500,000	
Military Construction Appropriation Bill, 1986:		
Department of the Army (pp. 273-281)	3,196,633,000	
Department of the Navy (pp. 273-281)	2,412,311,000	
Department of the Air Force (pp. 273-281)	2,680,973,000	
Department of Defense (pp. 273-281)	207,942,000	
Subtotal, additions		8,525,509,000
Deduct amounts transferred to General Government totals:		
General Government:		
Intelligence Community Staff (p. 337)	$22,083,000	
Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System Fund (p. 337)	101,400,000	
Subtotal, deductions		−123,483,000
Grand total, Department of Defense		[1] 289,563,901,000

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[1] The Department of Defense Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3629) was not approved by the Congress. Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided through a continuing resolution (see "Note," above).

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986

99th Congress, H.R. 3067

[NOTE.—The following bill (H.R. 3067) was enrolled when the conference report (House Report No. 99-419) was filed in the House of Representatives on December 5, 1985. The conference report did not advance in the legislative process. Appropriations and bill language as well as general provisions for the District of Columbia government for fiscal year 1986 are provided under section 101(c) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985 (H.J. Res. 465, Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986) in accordance with the conference report on H.R. 3067 with the exception of Amendment No. 2. Section 101(c) of Public Law 99-190 provides that the appropriation for a Federal contribution to the District of Columbia for the "Criminal Justice Initiative" under Amendment Number 2 shall be "$13,860,000" instead of "$14,010,000" as shown in the conference report. (See p. 357 for text of Sec. 101(c) of Public Law 99-190, and pp. 1731-1732 for the table VIII showing estimates and funding levels by appropriation account.)]

A BILL

Making appropriations for the government of the District of Columbia and other activities chargeable in whole or in part against the revenues of said District for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes, namely:

FEDERAL PAYMENT TO THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

For payment to the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $425,000,000, as authorized by the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, Public Law 93-198, as amended (D.C. Code, sec. 47-3406): *Provided,* That none of these funds shall be made available to the District of Columbia until the number of full-time uniformed officers in permanent positions in the Metropolitan Police Department is at least 3,830, excluding any such officer appointed after August 19, 1982, under qualification standards other than those in effect on such date. $425,000,000

For payment to the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, in lieu of reimbursement for charges for water and water services and sanitary sewer services furnished to facilities of the United States Government, $30,100,000, as authorized by the Act of May 18, 1954, as amended (D.C. Code, secs. 43-1552 and 43-1612). 30,100,000

For the Federal contribution to the Police Officers and Fire Fighters', Teachers' and Judges' Retirement Funds as authorized by the District of Columbia Retirement Reform Act, approved November 17, 1979 (93 Stat. 866; Public Law 96-122), $52,070,000. $52,070,000

[*Total, Federal payment, $507,170,000.*]

TRANSITIONAL PAYMENT FOR SAINT ELIZABETHS HOSPITAL

For a Federal contribution to the District of Columbia, as authorized by the Saint Elizabeths Hospital and District of Columbia Mental Health Services Act, approved November 8, 1984 (98 Stat. 3369; Public Law 98-621), $25,000,000. 25,000,000

CRIMINAL JUSTICE INITIATIVE

For a Federal contribution to the District of Columbia, $13,860,000, of which $10,000,000 shall be for the design and construction of a prison facility within the District of Columbia and shall remain available until expended, together with $20,000,000 which shall become available on October 1, 1986, and shall remain available until expended: *Provided,* That the $30,000,000 for the prison project shall not be available and shall not be obligated until the Subcommittees on District of Columbia Appropriations of the House and Senate have approved a plan submitted by the Mayor and City Council which includes the design, size, security level, cost and location of the proposed prison: *Provided further,* That funds for fiscal year 1986 shall be available for planning and designing the prison project: *Provided further,* That funds for fiscal year 1986 shall be available to meet emergency needs related to the Department of Corrections as certified by the Mayor to the House and Senate Subcommittees on District of Columbia Appropriations: *Provided further,* That the $30,000,000 for the prison project shall remain in the United States Treasury and shall be transferred to the District of Columbia government only to the extent that outstanding obligations become due and payable.

13,860,000

20,000,000 *(advance appropriation, fiscal year 1987)*

STUDENT DROPOUT PREVENTION INITIATIVE

For a Federal contribution to the District of Columbia, $150,000. 150,000

JOB TRAINING INITIATIVE

For a Federal contribution to the District of Columbia, $500,000. 500,000

COURT STUDY

For a Federal contribution to the District of Columbia, $100,000. 100,000

[*Total, Federal funds to the District of Columbia ... $566,780,000.*]
[*Fiscal year 1986 .... 546,780,000.*]
[*Fiscal year 1987 .... 20,000,000.*]

DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The following amounts are appropriated for the District of Columbia for the current fiscal year out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, except as otherwise specifically provided.

GOVERNMENTAL DIRECTION AND SUPPORT

Governmental direction and support, $99,342,000: *Provided,* That not to exceed $2,500 for the Mayor, $2,500 for the Chairman of the Council of the District of Columbia, and $2,500 for the City Administrator shall be available from this appropriation for expenditures for official purposes: *Provided further,* That any program fees collected from the issuance of debt shall be available for the payment

(*99,342,000*)

of expenses of the debt management program of the District of Columbia: *Provided further,* That not less than $320,000 shall be used by the Office of Personnel exclusively for the administration of programs for the training of District of Columbia government employees: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is hereby appropriated $3,480,000 to pay legal, management, investment, and other fees and administrative expenses of the District of Columbia Retirement Board, of which $700,000 shall be derived from the general fund and not to exceed $2,780,000 shall be derived from the earnings of the applicable retirement funds: *Provided further,* That the District of Columbia Retirement Board shall provide to the Congress and the Council of the District of Columbia a quarterly report of the allocations of charges by fund and of expenditures of all funds: *Provided further,* That the District of Columbia Retirement Board shall provide the Mayor for transmittal to the Council of the District of Columbia an item accounting of the planned use of appropriated funds in time for each annual budget submission and the actual use of such funds in time for each annual audited financial report: *Provided further,* That of the $100,000 appropriated for fiscal year 1986 for Admission to Statehood, $50,000 shall be for the Statehood Commission and $50,000 shall be for the Statehood Compact Commission.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND REGULATION

Economic development and regulation, $100,035,000: *Provided,* *($100,035,000)* That the District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency, established by section 201 of the District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency Act, effective March 3, 1979 (D.C. Law 2-135; D.C. Code, sec. 45-2111), based upon its capability of repayments as determined each year by the Council of the District of Columbia from the Agency's annual audited financial statements to the Council of the District of Columbia, shall repay to the general fund an amount equal to the appropriated administrative costs plus interest at a rate of four percent per annum for a term of 15 years, with a deferral of payments for the first three years: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding the foregoing provision, the obligation to repay all or part of the amounts due shall be subject to the rights of the holders of any bonds or notes issued by the Agency and shall be repaid to the District of Columbia only from available operating revenues of the Agency that are in excess of the amounts required for debt service, reserve funds, and operating expenses: *Provided further,* That upon commencement of the debt service payments, such payments shall be deposited into the general fund of the District of Columbia: *Provided further,* That the Director of the Department of Housing and Community Development shall report every six months to the Council of the District of Columbia on collections of rent from public housing stock.

PUBLIC SAFETY AND JUSTICE

Public safety and justice, including purchase of not to exceed 135 passenger-carrying vehicles for replacement only (including 130 for police-type use and five for fire-type use) and four additional passenger-carrying vehicles for fire-type use without regard to the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year, $548,866,000, of which $3,339,000 shall be payable from the revenue *(548,866,000)* sharing trust fund: *Provided,* That the Metropolitan Police Department is authorized to replace not to exceed 25 passenger-carrying vehicles, and the Fire Department is authorized to replace not to exceed five passenger-carrying vehicles, annually whenever the cost of repair to any damaged vehicle exceeds three-fourths of the cost of the replacement: *Provided further,* That not to exceed

$500,000 shall be available from this appropriation for the Chief of Police for the prevention and detection of crime: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any other provisions of law, in the case of each employee who retired from the Fire Department of the District of Columbia before February 15, 1980, and who is receiving on the date of the enactment of this Act an annuity based on service in the Fire Department, the District of Columbia Retirement Board shall cause to be paid not later than September 30, 1985, to each such employee a lump-sum payment equal to three percent of his or her annuity: *Provided further,* That funds appropriated for expenses under the District of Columbia Criminal Justice Act, approved September 3, 1974 (88 Stat. 1090; Public Law 93-412; D.C. Code, sec. 11-2601 et seq.), for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, shall be available for obligations incurred under that Act in each fiscal year since inception in fiscal year 1975: *Provided further,* That funds appropriated for expenses under the District of Columbia Neglect Representation Equity Act of 1984, effective March 13, 1985 (D.C. Law 5-129; D.C. Code, sec. 16-2304), for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, shall be available for obligations incurred under that Act in each fiscal year since inception in fiscal year 1985: *Provided further,* That $50,000 of any appropriation available to the District of Columbia may be used to match financial contributions from the Department of Defense to the District of Columbia Office of Emergency Preparedness for the purchase of civil defense equipment and supplies approved by the Department of Defense, when authorized by the Mayor: *Provided further,* That not to exceed $1,500 for the Chief Judge of the District of Columbia Court of Appeals, $1,500 for the Chief Judge of the Superior Court of the District of Columbia, and $1,500 for the Executive Officer of the District of Columbia Courts shall be available from this appropriation for official purposes: *Provided further,* That D.C. Code, sec. 11-1732(d), is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1987": *Provided further,* That not to exceed $50,000 of this appropriation shall be used to reimburse Fairfax County, Virginia, for expenses incurred by the County during fiscal year 1986 in relation to the Lorton prison complex. Such reimbursement shall be paid in all instances in which the District requests that the County provide police, fire, rescue, and related services to help deal with escapes, riots, and similar disturbances involving the prison. The District shall make a quarterly report to the House and Senate Subcommittees on District of Columbia Appropriations regarding the amount and purpose of reimbursements made to the County, and the amount of the authorization remaining for such reimbursements.

PUBLIC EDUCATION SYSTEM

Public education system, including the development of national defense education programs, $515,655,000, of which $6,000,000 shall be payable from the revenue sharing trust fund, to be allocated as follows: $360,150,000 for the public schools of the District of Columbia; $70,905,000 for the District of Columbia Teachers' Retirement Fund; $67,715,000 for the University of the District of Columbia; $15,002,000 for the Public Library; $1,673,000 for the Commission on the Arts and Humanities; and $210,000 for the Educational Institution Licensure Commission: *Provided,* That the public schools of the District of Columbia are authorized to accept not to exceed 31 motor vehicles for exclusive use in the driver education program: *Provided further,* That not to exceed $2,500 for the Superintendent of Schools, $2,500 for the President of the University of the District of Columbia, and $2,000 for the Public Librarian shall be available from this appropriation for expenditures for official purposes: *Provided further,* That this appropriation shall not be avail- *($515,655,000)* able to subsidize the education of nonresidents of the District of Columbia at the University of the District of Columbia, unless the Board of Trustees of the University of the District of Columbia adopts, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, a tuition rate schedule which will establish the tuition rate for nonresident students at a level no lower than the nonresident tuition rate charged at comparable public institutions of higher education in the metropolitan area.

HUMAN SUPPORT SERVICES

($614,347,000)

Human support services, $614,347,000, of which $5,857,000 shall be payable from the revenue sharing trust fund: *Provided*, That the inpatient rate (excluding the proportionate share for repairs and construction) for services rendered by Saint Elizabeths Hospital for patient care shall be at the per diem rate established pursuant to section 2 of an Act to authorize certain expenditures from the appropriation of Saint Elizabeths Hospital, and for other purposes, approved August 4, 1947 (61 Stat. 751; Public Law 80-353; 24 U.S.C. 168(a)): *Provided further*, That total funds paid by the District of Columbia as reimbursements for operating costs of Saint Elizabeths Hospital, including any District of Columbia payments (but excluding the Federal matching share of payments) associated with title XIX of the Social Security Act, approved July 30, 1965 (79 Stat. 343; Public Law 89-97; 42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.), shall not exceed $62,970,000: *Provided further*, That $11,000,000 of this appropriation, to remain available until expended, shall be available solely for District of Columbia employees' disability compensation.

PUBLIC WORKS

(193,741,000)

Public works, including rental of one passenger-carrying vehicle for use by the Mayor and three passenger-carrying vehicles for use by the Council of the District of Columbia and purchase of passenger-carrying vehicles for replacement only, $193,741,000, of which $2,500,000 shall be payable from the revenue sharing trust fund and not to exceed $4,000,000 shall be available for the School Transit Subsidy: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall not be available for collecting ashes or miscellaneous refuse from hotels and places of business or from apartment houses with four or more apartments, or from any building or connected group of buildings operating as a rooming or boarding house as defined in the housing regulations of the District of Columbia.

WASHINGTON CONVENTION CENTER FUND

(8,371,000)

For the Washington Convention Center Fund, $8,371,000: *Provided*, That the Convention Center Board of Directors, established by section 3 of the Washington Convention Center Management Act of 1979, effective November 3, 1979 (D.C. Law 3-36; D.C. Code, sec. 9-602), shall reimburse the Auditor of the District of Columbia for all reasonable costs for performance of the annual convention center audit.

REPAYMENT OF LOANS AND INTEREST

For reimbursement to the United States of funds loaned in compliance with an Act to provide for the establishment of a modern, adequate, and efficient hospital center in the District of Columbia, approved August 7, 1946 (60 Stat. 896; Public Law 79-648); the Departments of Labor, and Health, Education and Welfare Appropriation Act of 1955, approved July 2, 1954 (68 Stat. 443; Public Law 83-472); section 1 of an Act to authorize the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to borrow funds for capital improvement programs and to amend provisions of law relating to Federal Government participation in meeting costs of maintaining the Nation's Capital City, approved June 6, 1958 (72 Stat. 183; Public Law 85-451; D.C. Code, sec. 9-219); section 4 of an Act to authorize the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to plan, construct, operate, and maintain a sanitary sewer to connect the Dulles International Airport with the District of Columbia system, approved June 12, 1960 (74 Stat. 211; Public Law 86-515); and section 723 of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 821; Public Law 93-198; D.C. Code, sec. 47-321, note); and section 743(f) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, approved October 13, 1977 (91 Stat. 1156; Public Law 95-131; D.C. Code, sec. 9-219, note), including interest as required thereby, $198,409,000. *($198,409,000)*

REPAYMENT OF GENERAL FUND DEFICIT

For the purpose of eliminating the cash portion of the $269,860,000 general fund accumulated deficit as of September 30,
1984, $20,000,000, of which not less than $15,000,000 shall be *(20,000,000)*
funded and apportioned by the Mayor from amounts otherwise *(−15,000,000)*
available to the District of Columbia government (including amounts appropriated by this Act or revenues otherwise available, or both).

[*Total, repayment of general fund deficit (net), $5,000,000.*]

SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

For the purpose of funding interest related to borrowing funds for short-term cash needs, $3,750,000. *(3,750,000)*

[*Total, operating expenses, general fund, $2,287,516,000.*]

CAPITAL OUTLAY

For construction projects, $229,148,000, as authorized by an Act *(229,148,000)*
authorizing the laying of water mains and service sewers in the District of Columbia, the levying of assessments therefor, and for other purposes, approved April 22, 1904 (33 Stat. 244; Public Law 58-140; D.C. Code, secs. 43-1512 to 43-1519); the District of Columbia Public Works Act of 1954, approved May 18, 1954 (68 Stat. 101; Public Law 83-364); an Act to authorize the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to borrow funds for capital improvement programs and to amend provisions of law relating to Federal Government participation in meeting costs of maintaining the Nation's Capital City, approved June 6, 1958 (72 Stat. 183; Public Law 85-451; D.C. Code, secs. 9-219 and 47-3402); section 3(g) of the District of Columbia Motor Vehicle Parking Facility Act of 1942, approved August 20, 1958 (72 Stat. 686; Public Law 85-692; D.C. Code, sec. 40-805(7)); and the National Capital Transportation Act of 1969, approved December 9, 1969 (83 Stat. 320; Public Law 91-143; D.C. Code, secs. 1-2451, 1-2452, 1-2454, 1-2456, and 1-2457); including acquisition of sites, preparation of plans and specifications, conducting preliminary surveys, erection of structures, including building improvement and alteration and treatment of grounds, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That $14,591,000 shall be available for project management and $11,239,000 for design by the Director of the Department of Public Works or by contract for architectural engineering services, as may be determined by the Mayor, and that the funds for use of each capital project implementing agency shall be managed and controlled in accordance

with all procedures and limitations established under the Financial Management System: *Provided further,* That all such funds shall be available only for the specific projects and purposes intended: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding the foregoing, all authorizations for capital outlay projects, except those projects covered by the first sentence of section 23(a) of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1968, approved August 23, 1968 (82 Stat. 827; Public Law 90-495; D.C. Code, sec. 7-134, note), for which funds are provided by this appropriation title, shall expire on September 30, 1987, except authorizations for projects as to which funds have been obligated in whole or in part prior to September 30, 1987: *Provided further,* That upon expiration of any such project authorization the funds provided herein for the project shall lapse.

WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund, $162,987,000, of which $31,065,000 shall be apportioned and payable to the debt service fund for repayment of loans and interest incurred for capital improvement projects. *($162,987,000)*

For construction projects, $19,635,000, as authorized by an Act authorizing the laying of water mains and service sewers in the District of Columbia, the levying of assessments therefor, and for other purposes, approved April 22, 1904 (33 Stat. 244; D.C. Code, sec. 43-1512 et seq.): *Provided,* That the requirements and restrictions which are applicable to general fund capital improvement projects and which are set forth in this Act under the Capital Outlay appropriation title shall apply to projects approved under this appropriation title. *(19,635,000)*

[*Total, Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund, $182,622,000.*]

LOTTERY AND CHARITABLE GAMES ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Lottery and Charitable Games Enterprise Fund established by the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for fiscal year 1982, approved December 4, 1981 (95 Stat. 1174, 1175; Public Law 97-91, as amended), for the purpose of implementing the Law to Legalize Lotteries, Daily Numbers Games, and Bingo and Raffles for Charitable Purposes in the District of Columbia, effective March 10, 1981 (D.C. Law 3-172; D.C. Code, secs. 2-2501 et seq. and 22-1516 et seq.), $4,151,000, to be derived from non-Federal District of Columbia revenues: *Provided,* That the District of Columbia shall identify the sources of funding for this appropriation title from its own locally-generated revenues: *Provided further,* That no revenues from Federal sources shall be used to support the operations or activities of the Lottery and Charitable Games Control Board. *(4,151,000)*

CABLE TELEVISION ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Cable Television Enterprise Fund established by the Cable Television Communications Act of 1981, effective October 22, 1983 (D.C. Law 5-36; D.C. Code, sec. 43-1801 et seq.), $250,000. *(250,000)*

[*Total, enterprise funds, $187,023,000.*]

[*Total, District of Columbia funds, $2,703,687,000.*]

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 101. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

SEC. 102. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, all vouchers covering expenditures of appropriations contained in this Act shall be audited before payment by the designated certifying official and the vouchers as approved shall be paid by checks issued by the designated disbursing official.

SEC. 103. Whenever in this Act an amount is specified within an appropriation for particular purposes or objects of expenditure, such amount, unless otherwise specified, shall be considered as the maximum amount which may be expended for said purpose or object rather than an amount set apart exclusively therefor, except for those funds and programs for the Metropolitan Police Department under the heading "Public Safety and Justice" which shall be considered as the amounts set apart exclusively for and shall be expended solely by that Department; and the appropriation under the heading "Repayment of General Fund Deficit" which shall be considered as the amount set apart exclusively for and shall be expended solely for that purpose.

SEC. 104. Appropriations in this Act shall be available, when authorized by the Mayor, for allowances for privately owned automobiles and motorcycles used for the performance of official duties at rates established by the Mayor: *Provided,* That such rates shall not exceed the maximum prevailing rates for such vehicles as prescribed in the Federal Property Management Regulations 101-7 (Federal Travel Regulations).

SEC. 105. Appropriations in this Act shall be available for expenses of travel and for the payment of dues of organizations concerned with the work of the District of Columbia government, when authorized by the Mayor: *Provided,* That the Council of the District of Columbia and the District of Columbia Courts may expend such funds without authorization by the Mayor.

SEC. 106. Appropriations in this Act shall not be used for or in connection with the preparation, issuance, publication, or enforcement of any regulation or order of the Public Service Commission requiring the installation of meters in taxicabs, or for or in connection with the licensing of any vehicle to be operated as a taxicab except for operation in accordance with such system of uniform zones and rates and regulations applicable thereto as shall have been prescribed by the Public Service Commission.

SEC. 107. There are appropriated from the applicable funds of the District of Columbia such sums as may be necessary for making refunds and for the payment of judgments that have been entered against the District of Columbia government: *Provided,* That nothing contained in this section shall be construed as modifying or affecting the provisions of section 11(c)(3) of title XII of the District of Columbia Income and Franchise Tax Act of 1947, approved March 31, 1956 (70 Stat. 78; Public Law 84-460; D.C. Code, sec. 47-1812.11(c)(3)).

(judgment payments, indefinite)

SEC. 108. Appropriations in this Act shall be available for the payment of public assistance without reference to the requirement of section 544 of the District of Columbia Public Assistance Act of 1982, effective April 6, 1982 (D.C. Law 4-101; D.C Code, sec. 3-205(b)), and for the non-Federal share of funds necessary to qualify for Federal assistance under the Juvenile Delinquency Prevention and Control Act of 1968, approved July 31, 1968 (82 Stat. 462; Public Law 90-445; 42 U.S.C. 3801 et seq.).

SEC. 109. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

SEC. 110. Not to exceed 4½ per centum of the total of all funds appropriated by this Act for personal compensation may be used to pay the cost of overtime or temporary positions.

SEC. 111. Appropriations in this Act shall not be available, during the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, for the compensation of any person appointed to a permanent position in the District of Columbia government during any month in which the number of employees exceeds 32,511, the number of positions authorized by this Act.

SEC. 112. No funds appropriated in this Act for the District of Columbia government for the operation of educational institutions, the compensation of personnel, or for other educational purposes may be used to permit, encourage, facilitate, or further partisan political activities. Nothing herein is intended to prohibit the availability of school buildings for the use of any community or partisan political group during nonschool hours.

SEC. 113. The annual budget for the District of Columbia government for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, shall be transmitted to the Congress by no later than April 15, 1986.

SEC. 114. None of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be made available to pay the salary of any employee of the District of Columbia government whose name, title, grade, salary, past work experience, and salary history are not available for inspection by the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations, the House Committee on the District of Columbia, the Subcommittee on Governmental Efficiency and the District of Columbia of the Senate Committee on Governmental Affairs and the Council of the District of Columbia or their duly authorized representative.

SEC. 115. There are appropriated from the applicable funds of the District of Columbia such sums as may be necessary for making payments authorized by the District of Columbia Revenue Recovery Act of 1977, effective September 23, 1977 (D.C. Law 2-20; D.C. Code, sec. 47-421 et seq.).

SEC. 116. None of the funds contained in this Act shall be made available to pay the salary of any employee of the District of Columbia government whose name and salary are not available for public inspection.

SEC. 117. No part of this appropriation shall be used for publicity or propaganda purposes or implementation of any policy including boycott designed to support or defeat legislation pending before Congress or any State legislature.

SEC. 118. None of the Federal funds provided in this Act shall be used to perform abortions except where the life of the mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to term; or except for such medical procedures necessary for the victims of rape or incest, when such rape or incest has been reported promptly to a law enforcement agency or public health service. Nor are payments prohibited for drugs or devices to prevent implantation of the fertilized ovum, or for medical procedures necessary for the termination of an ectopic pregnancy.

SEC. 119. At the start of the fiscal year, the Mayor shall develop an annual plan, by quarter and by project, for capital outlay borrowings: *Provided*, That within a reasonable time after the close of each quarter, the Mayor shall report to the Council of the District of Columbia and the Congress the actual borrowing and spending progress compared with projections.

SEC. 120. The Mayor shall not borrow any funds for capital projects unless he has obtained prior approval from the Council of the District of Columbia, by resolution, identifying the projects and amounts to be financed with such borrowings.

SEC. 121. The Mayor shall not expend any moneys borrowed for capital projects for the operating expenses of the District of Columbia government.

SEC. 122. None of the funds appropriated in this Act may be used for the implementation of a personnel lottery with respect to the hiring of fire fighters or police officers.

SEC. 123. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be obligated or expended by reprogramming except pursuant to advance approval of the reprogramming granted according to the procedure set forth in the Joint Explanatory Statement of the Committee of Conference (House Report No. 96-443) which accompanied the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1980, approved October 30, 1979 (93 Stat. 713; Public Law 96-93), as modified in House Report No. 98-265, and in accordance with the Reprogramming Policy Act of 1980, effective September 16, 1980 (D.C. Law 3-100; D.C. Code, sec. 47-361 et seq.).

SEC. 124. None of the Federal funds provided in this Act shall be obligated or expended to provide a personal cook, chauffeur, or other personal servants to any officer or employee of the District of Columbia.

SEC. 125. None of the Federal funds provided in this Act shall be obligated or expended to procure passenger automobiles as defined in the Automobile Fuel Efficiency Act of 1980, approved October 10, 1980 (94 Stat. 1824; Public Law 96-425; 15 U.S.C. 2001(2)), with an Environmental Protection Agency estimated miles per gallon average of less than 22 miles per gallon: *Provided*, That this section shall not apply to security, emergency rescue, or armored vehicles.

SEC. 126. (a) Notwithstanding section 422(7) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 790; Public Law 93-198; D.C. Code, sec. 1-242(7)), the City Administrator shall be paid, during any fiscal year, a salary at a rate established by the Mayor, not to exceed the rate established for level IV of the Executive Schedule under 5 U.S.C. 5315.

(b) For purposes of applying any provision of law limiting the availability of funds for payment of salary or pay in any fiscal year, the highest rate of pay established by the Mayor under subsection (a) for any position for any period during the last quarter of calendar year 1985 shall be deemed to be the rate of pay payable for that position for September 30, 1985.

(c) Notwithstanding section 4(a) of the District of Columbia Redevelopment Act of 1945, approved August 2, 1946 (60 Stat. 793; Public Law 79-592; D.C. Code, sec. 5-803(a)), the Board of Directors of the District of Columbia Redevelopment Land Agency shall be paid, during any fiscal year, a per diem compensation at a rate established by the Mayor.

SEC. 127. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the provisions of the District of Columbia Government Comprehensive Merit Personnel Act of 1978, effective March 3, 1979 (D.C. Law 2-139; D.C. Code, sec. 1-601.1 et seq.), enacted pursuant to section 422(3) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 790; Public Law 93-198; D.C. Code, sec. 1-242(3)), shall apply with respect to the compensation of District of Columbia employees: *Provided*, That for pay purposes, employees of the District of Columbia government shall not be subject to the provisions of title 5 of the United States Code.

SEC. 128. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be used to transport any output of the municipal waste system of the District of Columbia for disposal at any public or private landfill located in any State, excepting currently utilized landfills in Maryland and Virginia, until the appropriate State agency has issued the required permits.

SEC. 129. The Director of the Department of Administrative Services may pay rentals and repair, alter, and improve rented premises, without regard to the provisions of section 322 of the Economy Act of 1932 (Public Law 72-212; 40 U.S.C. 278a), upon a determination by the Director, that by reason of circumstances set forth in such determination, the payment of these rents and the execution of this work, without reference to the limitations of section 322, is advantageous to the District in terms of economy, efficiency and the District's best interest.

SEC. 130. The Public Service Commission is hereby authorized to order and to approve the deregulation of streetlighting service to the District of Columbia as provided in its opinion and order in Formal Case No. 813, dated July 12, 1984 (Order No. 8056), notwithstanding the provisions of section 493(a) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 811; Public Law 93-198; D.C. Code, sec. 43-402), section 8, paragraph 2 of an Act making appropriations to provide for the expenses of the government of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and fourteen, and for other purposes, approved March 4, 1913 (37 Stat. 977; Public Law 67-435; D.C. Code, sec. 43-501), and section 1 of an Act making appropriations to provide for the expenses of the government of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred, and for other purposes, approved March 3, 1899 (30 Stat. 1053; D.C. Code, sec. 43-1207): *Provided*, That the provisions of this opinion and order regarding deregulation of streetlighting service are hereby ratified and declared to be in effect as of July 12, 1984, and shall continue to be in effect until revoked or rescinded.

SEC. 131. (a) No State, or political subdivision thereof, in which a Member of Congress maintains a place of abode for purposes of attending sessions of Congress may impose a personal property tax with respect to any motor vehicle owned by such Member (or by the spouse of such Member) unless such Member represents such State or a district in such State.

(b) For purposes of this section—

(1) the term "Member of Congress" includes the delegates from the District of Columbia, Guam, and the Virgin Islands, and the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico;

(2) the term "State" includes the District of Columbia; and

(3) the term "personal property tax" means any tax imposed on an annual basis and levied on, with respect to, or measured by, the market value or assessed value of an item of personal property.

(c) This section shall apply to all taxable periods beginning on or after January 1, 1985.

SEC. 132. The portion of 15th Street, Southwest, Washington, District of Columbia, located between Maine and Independence Avenues shall hereafter be known and designated as "Raoul Wallenberg Place". Any law, regulation, map, document, or other record of the United States and the District of Columbia which refers to that portion of such street shall be deemed to refer to "Raoul Wallenberg Place".

SEC. 133. No later than 60 days after the beginning of fiscal year 1986, the Mayor of the District of Columbia shall submit to the Council of the District of Columbia an official revised revenue estimate and shall use this estimate or a more recent revised revenue estimate in the fiscal year 1987 annual budget request.

SEC. 134. None of the funds appropriated under this Act may be used to advertise for or award, retain or otherwise obligate payment for contracted professional services as contained in object class 408 of the fiscal year 1986 operating budget for District of Columbia agencies at any level which would directly or indirectly exceed the level of expenditure or obligation for such services for fiscal year 1985, or the sum of twenty-one-million, seven hundred-eighty thousand dollars ($21,780,000), whichever is lesser.

SEC. 135. (a) There are authorized to be expended from amounts otherwise available to the District of Columbia government (including amounts appropriated by this Act or revenues otherwise available, or both) such sums as may be necessary to finance the District's participation in a student loan revenue bond program. Sums authorized to be expended by this section shall remain available without limitation as to fiscal year until such student loan revenue bonds have been paid or payments have been provided for.

(b) Section 466(b) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act (D.C. Code, sec. 47-246) is amended by striking out "sold before October 1, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "sold before October 1, 1986".

SEC. 136. (a) WAIVER.—Section 602(c)(1) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act shall not apply to certain acts of the District of Columbia described in subsection (c) authorizing the issuance, sale, and delivery of revenue bonds.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE OF ACTS.—Notwithstanding section 404(e) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act and any provision in any District of Columbia act described in subsection (c), the District of Columbia acts described in subsection (c) shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act.

(c) CERTAIN ACTS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE OF REVENUE BONDS.—The District of Columbia acts authorizing the issuance, sale and delivery of revenue bonds referred to in subsections (a) and (b) are as follows:

(1) The Georgetown University Higher Education Facilities Revenue Bond Act of 1985, District of Columbia act 6-101, transmitted to the Speaker of the House and the President of the Senate November 7, 1985.

(2) The Sibley Memorial Hospital Revenue Bond Act of 1985, District of Columbia act 6-94, transmitted to the Speaker of the House and the President of the Senate October 23, 1985.

(3) The Forrest Marbury House Project Revenue Bond Act of 1985, District of Columbia bill 6-316, referred to the Committee on Finance and Revenue of the District of Columbia Council on November 15, 1985.

(4) The American University Revenue Bond Act of 1985 (Series A), District of Columbia bill 6-324, referred to the Committee on Finance and Revenue of the District of Columbia Council on November 15, 1985.

(5) The George Washington University Revenue Bond Act of 1985 (Series A), District of Columbia bill 6-344, referred to the Committee on Finance and Revenue of the District of Columbia Council on November 27, 1985.

This Act may be cited as the "District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1986".

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3067

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-223 (Comm. on Appropriations), and No. 99-419 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-134 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
July 24, reported in the House.
July 30, passed House.
Sept. 9, reported in the Senate.
Nov. 7, passed Senate, amended.
Dec. 4, House agreed to conference with Senate.
Dec. 5, conference report filed in the House.

Grand total:		
Federal funds	$566,780,000	
Fiscal year 1986	(546,780,000)	
Fiscal year 1987	(20,000,000)	
District of Columbia funds	*(2,703,687,000)*	
Total, new budget (obligational) authority, District of Columbia Appropriation Bill, 1986 (Federal funds)		[1]$566,780,000

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[1] The District of Columbia Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3067) was not approved by the Congress. Funding for programs and activities normally included in the bill is provided through a continuing resolution (see "Note" on page 161, this volume).

ENERGY AND WATER DEVELOPMENT APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986

Public Law 99-141

99th Congress, H.R. 2959

November 1, 1985

AN ACT

Making appropriations for energy and water development for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, for energy and water development, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

CORPS OF ENGINEERS—CIVIL

The following appropriations shall be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Army and the supervision of the Chief of Engineers for authorized civil functions of the Department of the Army pertaining to rivers and harbors, flood control, beach erosion, and related purposes.

GENERAL INVESTIGATIONS

For expenses necessary for the collection and study of basic information pertaining to river and harbor, flood control, shore protection, and related projects, restudy of authorized projects, miscellaneous investigations, and when authorized by law, surveys and detailed studies and plans and specifications of projects prior to construction, $128,972,000, to remain available until expended. $128,972,000

CONSTRUCTION, GENERAL

For the prosecution of river and harbor, flood control, shore protection, and related projects authorized by laws; and detailed studies, and plans and specifications, of projects (including those for development with participation or under consideration for participation by States, local governments, or private groups) authorized or made eligible for selection by law (but such studies shall not constitute a commitment of the Government to construction), $795,865,000 to remain available until expended, and in addition, to 795,865,000

remain available until expended, for that increment of the project
for beach erosion control, Sandy Hook to Barnegat Inlet, New
Jersey, $1,500,000 shall be made available for the Ocean Township $1,500,000
to Sandy Hook reach at Sea Bright and Monmouth Beach extending
to the vicinity of Long Branch; and in addition, $6,000,000, to remain 6,000,000
available until expended, for the construction of the Yatesville Lake
construction project; and in addition, $95,700,000, to remain avail- 95,700,000
able until expended, for construction of the Red River Waterway,
Mississippi River to Shreveport, Louisiana project, of which
$5,700,000 is for construction of Lock and Dam No. 3; and in addition
$18,000,000, to remain available until expended, for construction of 18,000,000
the main dam of the Elk Creek Lake, Rogue River Basin, Oregon
Project, as authorized by the River and Harbor and Flood Control
Act of 1962, Public Law 87-874; and in addition, $1,880,000, to 1,880,000
remain available until expended for construction of the Lorain
small boat harbor, Lorain, Ohio, project authorized by section 107 of
the Rivers and Harbor Act of 1960, as amended; and in addition,
$400,000 to remain available until expended for remedial, corrective 400,000
design and construction of project deficiencies in the First Ward
Area Front Street Levee in Binghamton, New York.

The Corps of Engineers is directed to construct recreation and management facilities at the Ouachita and Black Rivers, Arkansas and Louisiana, in the vicinity of the Felsenthal National Wildlife Refuge at full Federal expense using funds heretofore provided, using the $3,500,000 provided for such purpose in this Act.

[Total, Construction, General, $919,345,000]

FLOOD CONTROL AND COASTAL EMERGENCIES

For expenses necessary for emergency flood control, hurricane, and shore protection activities, as authorized by section 5 of the Flood Control Act, approved August 18, 1941, as amended, $25,000,000, to remain available until expended. 25,000,000

FLOOD CONTROL, MISSISSIPPI RIVER AND TRIBUTARIES, ARKANSAS, ILLINOIS, KENTUCKY, LOUISIANA, MISSISSIPPI, MISSOURI, AND TENNESSEE

For expenses necessary for prosecuting work of flood control, and
rescue work, repair, restoration, or maintenance of flood control
projects threatened or destroyed by flood, as authorized by law (33
U.S.C. 702a, 702g-1), $314,760,000, to remain available until 314,760,000
expended: *Provided,* That not less than $250,000 shall be available
for bank stabilization measures as determined by the Chief of
Engineers to be advisable for the control of bank erosion of streams
in the Yazoo Basin, including the foothill area, and where necessary
such measures shall complement similar works planned and constructed by the Soil Conservation Service and be limited to the areas
of responsibility mutually agreeable to the District Engineer and the
State Conservationist.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, GENERAL

For expenses necessary for the preservation, operation, maintenance, and care of existing river and harbor, flood control, and related works, including such sums as may be necessary for the maintenance of harbor channels provided by a State, municipality or other public agency, outside of harbor lines, and serving essential needs of general commerce and navigation; administration of laws pertaining to preservation of navigable waters; surveys and charting of northern and northwestern lakes and connecting waters; clearing and straightening channels; and removal of obstructions to navigation, $1,319,973,000, to remain available until expended, of which $12,000,000 shall be for construction, operation, and maintenance of outdoor recreation facilities, to be derived from the special account established by the Land and Water Conservation Act of 1965, as amended (16 U.S.C. 4601). $1,319,973,000

Within available funds under this account, advance maintenance of the Charleston Harbor navigation channel may be accomplished to allow for safe movement of vessels.

Revolving Fund

For initiation of construction on a dustpan dredge and for the Corps of Engineers Automation Plan, $7,000,000, to remain available until expended (33 U.S.C. 576). 7,000,000

General Expenses

For expenses necessary for general administration and related functions in the office of the Chief of Engineers and offices of the Division Engineers; activities of the Board of Engineers for Rivers and Harbors and the Coastal Engineering Research Board, $107,000,000, to remain available until expended. 107,000,000

Administrative Provisions

Appropriations in this title shall be available for expenses of attendance by military personnel at meetings in the manner authorized by 5 U.S.C. 4110, uniforms, and allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902), and for printing, either during a recess or session of Congress, of survey reports authorized by law, and such survey reports as may be printed during a recess of Congress shall be printed, with illustrations, as documents of the next succeeding session of Congress; not to exceed $2,000 for official reception and representation expenses; and during the current fiscal year the revolving fund, Corps of Engineers, shall be available for purchase (not to exceed 175 for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles.

General Provisions, Corps of Engineers

Sec. 101. None of the funds appropriated in this title, except as specifically contained herein, shall be used to alter, modify, dismantle, or otherwise change any project which is partially constructed but not funded for construction in this title.

Sec. 102. Within available funds appropriated under "Operation and Maintenance, General", the Secretary of the Army may remove obstructions and ease bends at the Jacksonville Harbor navigation channel in the vicinity of Blount Island to allow for the free and safe movement of vessels.

[*Total, title I, Department of Defense—Civil, new budget (obligational) authority (all definite appropriations), $2,822,050,000.*]

TITLE II

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Reclamation

For carrying out the functions of the Bureau of Reclamation as provided in the Federal reclamation laws (Act of June 17, 1902, 32

Stat. 388, and Acts amendatory thereof or supplementary thereto) and other Acts applicable to that Bureau as follows:

GENERAL INVESTIGATIONS

For engineering and economic investigations of proposed Federal reclamation projects and studies of water conservation and development plans and activities preliminary to the reconstruction, rehabilitation and betterment, financial adjustment, or extension of existing projects, to remain available until expended, $34,035,000: *Provided,* That of the total appropriated, the amount for program activities which can be financed by the reclamation fund shall be derived from that fund: *Provided further,* That all costs of an advance planning study of a proposed project shall be considered to be construction costs and to be reimbursable in accordance with the allocation of construction costs if the project is authorized for construction.

$34,035,000

CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For construction and rehabilitation of projects and parts thereof (including power transmission facilities for Bureau of Reclamation use) and for other related activities as authorized by law, to remain available until expended, $521,700,000 of which $97,412,000 shall be available for transfers to the Upper Colorado River Basin Fund authorized by section 5 of the Act of April 11, 1956 (43 U.S.C. 620d), and $144,950,000 shall be available for transfers to the Lower Colorado River Basin Development Fund authorized by section 403 of the Act of September 30, 1968 (43 U.S.C. 1543), and $1,430,000 shall be considered as though advanced to the Colorado River Dam Fund for the Boulder Canyon Project as authorized by the Act of December 21, 1928, as amended: *Provided,* That of the total appropriated, the amount for program activities which can be financed by the reclamation fund shall be derived from that fund: *Provided further,* That transfers to the Upper Colorado River Basin Fund and Lower Colorado River Basin Development Fund may be increased or decreased by transfers within the overall appropriation to this heading: *Provided further,* That the final point of discharge for the interceptor drain for the San Luis Unit shall not be determined until development by the Secretary of the Interior and the State of California of a plan, which shall conform with the water quality standards of the State of California as approved by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, to minimize any detrimental effect of the San Luis drainage waters: *Provided further,* That no part of the funds herein approved shall be available for construction or operation of facilities to prevent waters of Lake Powell from entering any national monument: *Provided further,* That of the amount herein appropriated, such amounts as may be necessary shall be available to enable the Secretary of the Interior to continue work on rehabilitating the Velarde Community Ditch Project, New Mexico, in accordance with the Federal Reclamation Laws (Act of June 17, 1902, 32 Stat. 388, and Acts amendatory thereof or supplementary thereto) for the purposes of diverting and conveying water to irrigated project lands. The cost of the rehabilitation will be non-reimbursable and constructed features will be turned over to the appropriate entity for operation and maintenance: *Provided further,* That of the amount herein appropriated, such amounts as may be required shall be available to continue improvement activities for the Lower Colorado Regional Complex: *Provided further,* That none of the funds made available by this Act for the Bonneville Unit of the Central Utah Project may be obli-

521,700,000

gated or expended for the award of new construction contracts or for land acquisition related to new contracts until a supplemental repayment contract for municipal and industrial water supplies, sufficient to recover all allocable reimbursable costs, plus interest, has been executed between the Secretary and the Central Utah Water Conservancy District and such contract has been submitted to the Congress and 100 days have elapsed: *Provided further,* That $14,000,000 in unobligated balances of Teton Dam Failure of Payment of Claims funds provided under Public Laws 94–355, dated July 12, 1976, and 94–438, dated September 30, 1976, shall be available for use on projects under this appropriation: *Provided further,* That none of the funds made available by this or any other appropriations Act shall be obligated or expended for construction (including land acquisition) of the Garrison Diversion Unit, North Dakota, unless the Congress has, prior to March 31, 1986, enacted legislation reformulating the Unit: *Provided further,* That this restriction shall not apply to the expenditure of funds pursuant to contracts that have been awarded prior to October 1, 1985: *Provided further,* That of the amount herein appropriated not to exceed $20,000 shall be available to continue a rehabilitation and betterment program with the Twin Falls Canal Company, Twin Falls County, Idaho, to rehabilitate facilities under the Act of October 7, 1949 (63 Stat. 724), as amended, to be repaid in full by the lands served and under conditions satisfactory to the Secretary of the Interior.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

For operation and maintenance of reclamation projects or parts thereof and other facilities, as authorized by law; and for a soil and moisture conservation program on lands under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Reclamation, pursuant to law, to remain available until expended, $132,665,000: *Provided,* That of the total appropriated, the amount for program activities which can be financed by the reclamation fund shall be derived from that fund: *Provided further,* That of the total appropriated, such amounts as may be required for replacement work on the Boulder Canyon Project which would require readvances to the Colorado River Dam Fund shall be readvanced to the Colorado River Dam Fund pursuant to section 5 of the Boulder Canyon Project Adjustment Act of July 19, 1940 (43 U.S.C. 618d), and such readvances since October 1, 1984, and in the future shall bear interest at the rate determined pursuant to section 104(a)(5) of Public Law 98–381: *Provided further,* That funds advanced by water users for operation and maintenance of reclamation projects or parts thereof shall be deposited to the credit of this appropriation and may be expended for the same objects and in the same manner as sums appropriated herein may be expended, and such advances shall remain available until expended: *Provided further,* That nonreimbursable funds will be available from revenues for performing examination of existing structures on participating projects of the Colorado River Storage Project.

$132,665,000

LOAN PROGRAM

For loans to irrigation districts and other public agencies for construction of distribution systems on authorized Federal reclamation projects, and for loans and grants to non-Federal agencies for construction of projects, as authorized by the Acts of July 4, 1955, as amended (43 U.S.C. 421a–421d), and August 6, 1956, as amended (43 U.S.C. 422a–422l), including expenses necessary for carrying out the program, $39,315,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That of the total sums appropriated, the amount for program activities which can be financed by the reclamation fund shall be derived from that fund: *Provided further,* That during fiscal year 1986 and

39,315,000

within the resources and authority available, gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans shall not exceed $48,315,000: *Provided further,* That any contract under the Act of July 4, 1955 (69 Stat. 244), as amended, not yet executed by the Secretary, which calls for the making of loans beyond the fiscal year in which the contract is entered into shall be made only on the same conditions as those prescribed in section 12 of the Act of August 4, 1939 (53 Stat. 1187, 1197).

$48,315,000 (limitation on direct loans)

GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of general administration and related functions in the office of the Commissioner, the Denver Engineering and Research Center, and offices in the seven regions of the Bureau of Reclamation, $49,200,000, of which $4,900,000, shall remain available until expended, the total amount to be derived from the reclamation fund and to be nonreimbursable pursuant to the Act of April 19, 1945 (43 U.S.C. 377): *Provided,* That no part of any other appropriation in this Act shall be available for activities or functions budgeted for the current fiscal year as general administrative expenses.

49,200,000

EMERGENCY FUND

For an additional amount for the "Emergency fund", as authorized by the Act of June 26, 1948 (43 U.S.C. 502), as amended, to remain available until expended for the purposes specified in said Act, $1,000,000, to be derived from the reclamation fund.

1,000,000

SPECIAL FUNDS

Sums herein referred to as being derived from the reclamation fund, the Colorado River Dam fund, or the Colorado River development fund, are appropriated from the special funds in the Treasury created by the Act of June 17, 1902 (43 U.S.C. 391), and the Act of December 21, 1928 (43 U.S.C. 617a), and the Act of July 19, 1940 (43 U.S.C. 618a), respectively. Such sums shall be transferred, upon request of the Secretary, to be merged with and expended under the heads herein specified; and the unexpended balances of sums transferred for expenditure under the head "General Administrative Expenses" shall revert and be credited to the special fund from which derived.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations for the Bureau of Reclamation shall be available for purchase of not to exceed 16 passenger motor vehicles of which 15 shall be for replacement only; purchase of two aircraft, of which one shall be for replacement only; payment of such amounts not to exceed $6,000,000 as may be necessary for alterations to existing building No. 53 to accommodate the new center computer facilities at the Denver Federal Center, Lakewood, Colorado; payment of claims for damages to or loss of property, personal injury, or death arising out of activities of the Bureau of Reclamation; payment, except as otherwise provided for, of compensation and expenses of persons on the rolls of the Bureau of Reclamation appointed as authorized by law to represent the United States in the negotiations and administration of interstate compacts without reimbursement or return under the reclamation laws; for service as authorized by section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, in total not to exceed $500,000; rewards for information or evidence concerning violations of law involving property under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Reclamation; performance of the functions specified under the head "Operation and Maintenance Administration", Bureau of Reclamation, in the Interior Department Appropriations Act, 1945; preparation and dissemination of useful information including recordings, photographs, and photographic prints; and studies of recreational uses of reservoir areas, and investigation and recovery of archeological and paleontological remains in such areas in the same manner as provided for in the Acts of August 21, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 461-467) and June 27, 1960 (16 U.S.C. 469): *Provided,* That no part of any appropriation made herein shall be available pursuant to the Act of April 19, 1945 (43 U.S.C. 377), for expenses other than those incurred on behalf of specific reclamation projects except "General Administrative Expenses" and amounts provided for plan formulation and advance planning investigations, and general engineering and research under the head "General Investigations".

Sums appropriated herein which are expended in the performance of reimbursable functions of the Bureau of Reclamation shall be returnable to the extent and in the manner provided by law.

No part of any appropriation for the Bureau of Reclamation, contained in this Act or in any prior Act, which represents amounts earned under the terms of a contract but remaining unpaid, shall be obligated for any other purpose, regardless of when such amounts are to be paid: *Provided,* That the incurring of any obligation prohibited by this paragraph shall be deemed a violation of section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 1341).

No funds appropriated to the Bureau of Reclamation for operation and maintenance, except those derived from advances by water users, shall be used for the particular benefits of lands (a) within the boundaries of an irrigation district, (b) of any member of a water users' organization, or (c) of any individual when such district, organization, or individual is in arrears for more than twelve months in the payment of charges due under a contract entered into with the United States pursuant to laws administered by the Bureau of Reclamation.

[*Total, Bureau of Reclamation, $777,915,000.*]

GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

SEC. 201. Appropriations in this title shall be available for expenditure or transfer (within each bureau or office), with the approval of the Secretary, for the emergency reconstruction, replacement, or repair of aircraft, buildings, utilities, or other facilities or equipment damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, storm, or other unavoidable causes: *Provided,* That no funds shall be made available under this authority until funds specifically made available to the Department of the Interior for emergencies shall have been exhausted.

SEC. 202. The Secretary may authorize the expenditure or transfer (within each bureau or office) of any appropriation in this title, in addition to the amounts included in the budget programs of the several agencies, for the suppression or emergency prevention of forest or range fires on or threatening lands under jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior.

SEC. 203. Appropriations in this title shall be available for operation of warehouses, garages, shops, and similar facilities, wherever consolidation of activities will contribute to efficiency, or economy, and said appropriations shall be reimbursed for services rendered to any other activity in the same manner as authorized by the Act of June 30, 1932 (31 U.S.C. 1535 and 1536): *Provided,* That reimbursements for costs of supplies, materials, equipment, and for services rendered may be credited to the appropriation current at the time such reimbursements are received.

SEC. 204. Appropriations in this title shall be available for hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft; hire of passenger motor vehicles; purchases of reprints; payment for telephone services in private residences in the field, when authorized under regulations approved by the Secretary; and the payment of dues, when authorized by the Secretary, for library membership in societies or associations which issue publications to members only or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who are not members.

SEC. 205. (a) Within 30 days after enactment of this Act, there shall be established in the Treasury of the United States a working capital fund to assist in the management of certain support activities of the Bureau of Reclamation (hereafter referred to as the "Bureau"), Department of the Interior. The fund shall be available without fiscal year limitation for expenses necessary for furnishing materials, supplies, equipment, work, and services in support of Bureau programs, and, as authorized by law, to agencies of the Federal Government and others. Such expenses may include the acquisition, replacement, and operation of a central computer and related automatic data processing equipment; engineering services; payroll and other management services; acquisition and replacement of equipment and facilities, including the purchase, lease, or rent of motor vehicles and aircraft within any limitations set forth in appropriations made to carry out the functions of the Bureau and such other activities as may be approved by the Director, Office of Management and Budget.

(b) The fund shall be credited with appropriations made for the purpose of providing or increasing capital. There are authorized to be transferred to the fund (at fair and reasonable values at the time of transfer) the inventories, equipment, receivables, and other assets, less the liabilities, related to the functions to be financed by the fund as determined by the Secretary of the Interior.

(c) The fund shall be credited with appropriations and other funds of the Bureau, and other agencies of the Department of the Interior, other Federal agencies, and other sources, for providing materials, supplies, equipment, work, and services as authorized by law. Such payments may be made in advance or upon performance.

(d) Charges to users will be at rates approximately equal to the costs of furnishing the materials, supplies, equipment, facilities, and services (including such items as depreciation of equipment and accrued annual leave).

(e) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.

(f) Funds that are not necessary to carry out the activities to be financed by the fund, as determined by the Secretary, shall be covered into miscellaneous receipts of the Treasury.

[Total, title II, Department of the Interior:

[New budget (obligational) authority	*$777,915,000.]*
[Limitation on direct loans	*48,315,000.]*

TITLE III—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

ENERGY SUPPLY, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For expenses of the Department of Energy activities including the purchase, construction and acquisition of plant and capital equipment and other expenses incidental thereto necessary for energy supply, research and development activities, and other activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (Public Law 95-91), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion; purchase of passenger motor vehicles (not to exceed 17 for replacement only), $1,989,671,000, to $1,772,271,000 remain available until expended of which $200,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from Uranium Supply and Enrichment Activities provided in prior years, and of which $17,400,000 shall be derived by transfer from Operation and Maintenance, Southeastern Power Administration; and of which $25,000,000 shall be available only for construction of the Advanced Science Center, the Center for Science and Technology, the Center for Energy and Biomedical Technology, the Energy and Mineral Research Center, and the Demonstration Center for Information Technologies as described in the report accompanying this Act; together with not to exceed $6,000,000, to be derived from revenues from activities of the Technical Information Services, which shall be credited to this account and used for necessary expenses and shall remain available until expended.

$200,000,000
(by transfer)
17,400,000
(by transfer)

URANIUM SUPPLY AND ENRICHMENT ACTIVITIES

For expenses of the Department of Energy in connection with operating expenses; the purchase, construction, and acquisition of plant and capital equipment and other expenses incidental thereto necessary for uranium supply and enrichment activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (Public Law 95-91), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion; purchase of passenger motor vehicles (not to exceed 34 for replacement only); $1,612,700,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That revenues received by the Department for the enrichment of uranium and estimated to total $1,612,700,000 in fiscal year 1986, shall be retained and used for the specific purpose of offsetting costs incurred by the Department in providing uranium enrichment service activities as authorized by section 201 of Public Law 95-238, notwithstanding the provisions of section 3302(b) of 31 U.S.C. 484: *Provided further,* That the sum herein appropriated shall be reduced as uranium enrichment revenues are received during fiscal year 1986 so as to result in a final fiscal year 1986 appropriation estimated at not more than $0.

1,612,700,000
−1,612,700,000
(revenues)

GENERAL SCIENCE AND RESEARCH ACTIVITIES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For expenses of the Department of Energy, activities including the purchase, construction and acquisition of plant and capital equipment and other expenses incidental thereto necessary for general science and research activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (Public Law 95-91), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion; purchase of passenger motor vehicles (not to exceed 13 for replacement only); $691,400,000, to remain available until expended of which $6,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from Operation and Maintenance, Southeastern Power Administration.

685,400,000
6,000,000
(by transfer)

NUCLEAR WASTE DISPOSAL FUND

For nuclear waste disposal activities to carry out the purposes of Public Law 97-425, including the acquisition of real property or facility construction or expansion, $521,460,000, to remain available until expended, to be derived from the Nuclear Waste Fund. To the extent that balances in the fund are not sufficient to cover amounts available for obligation in the account, the Secretary shall exercise

521,460,000

his authority pursuant to section 302(e)(5) to issue obligations to the Secretary of the Treasury.

ATOMIC ENERGY DEFENSE ACTIVITIES

For expenses of the Department of Energy activities including the purchase, construction and acquisition of plant and capital equipment and other expenses incidental thereto necessary for atomic energy defense activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (Public Law 95-91), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion; purchase of passenger motor vehicles (not to exceed 435 of which 274 are for replacement only) including 57 police-type vehicles; and purchase of three aircraft, one of which is for replacement only, $7,604,615,000, to remain available until expended, of which $97,325,000 shall be available for verification and control technology.

$7,604,615,000

DEPARTMENTAL ADMINISTRATION

For salaries and expenses of the Department of Energy necessary for Departmental Administration and other activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (Public Law 95-91), including the hire of passenger motor vehicles and official reception and representation expenses (not to exceed $35,000); $410,366,000, all of which is available for fiscal year 1986 and shall remain available until expended, plus such additional amounts as necessary to cover increases in the estimated amount of cost of work for others notwithstanding the provisions of the Anti-Deficiency Act (31 U.S.C. 1511 et seq.): *Provided*, That such increases in cost of work are offset by revenue increases of the same or greater amount, to remain available until expended: *Provided further*, That moneys received by the Department for miscellaneous revenues estimated to total $244,228,000 in fiscal year 1986 may be retained and used for operating expenses within this account, and may remain available until expended, as authorized by section 201 of Public Law 95-238, notwithstanding the provisions of section 3302 of title 31, United States Code: *Provided further*, That the sum herein appropriated shall be reduced by the amount of miscellaneous revenues received during fiscal year 1986 so as to result in a final fiscal year 1986 appropriation estimated at not more than $166,138,000.

410,366,000

−244,228,000
(revenues)

[*Total, Departmental Administration (net), $166,138,000.*]

POWER MARKETING ADMINISTRATIONS

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ALASKA POWER ADMINISTRATION

For engineering and economic investigations to promote the development and utilization of the water, power, and related resources of Alaska, and for necessary expenses of operation and maintenance of projects in Alaska and of marketing electric power and energy, $3,281,000, to remain available until expended.

3,281,000

BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION FUND

Expenditures from the Bonneville Power Administration Fund, established pursuant to Public Law 93-454, are approved for Nez Perce Fish Propagation Facility, Yakima Hatchery, Colville Hatchery, Dryden Dam Fish Passage Facilities, and Tumwater Falls Dam Fish Passage Facilities. Expenditures are also approved for: (1) acquisition of one fixed wing aircraft for replacement only and (2) official reception and representation expenses in an amount not to exceed $2,500.

During fiscal year 1986, and within the resources and authority available, gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans shall not exceed $20,000,000. *$20,000,000 (limitation on direct loans)*

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, SOUTHWESTERN POWER ADMINISTRATION

For necessary expenses of operation and maintenance of power transmission facilities and of marketing electric power and energy, and for construction and acquisition of transmission lines, substations and appurtenant facilities, and for administrative expenses connected therewith, in carrying out the provisions of section 5 of the Flood Control Act of 1944 (16 U.S.C. 825s), as applied to the southwestern power area, $29,500,000, to remain available until expended. 29,500,000

CONSTRUCTION, REHABILITATION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, WESTERN AREA POWER ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For carrying out the functions authorized by title III, section 302(a)(1)(E) of the Act of August 4, 1977 (Public Law 95-91), and other related activities including conservation and renewable resources programs as authorized, including official reception and representation expenses in an amount not to exceed $1,500, the purchase of passenger motor vehicles (not to exceed 18 for replacement only), $196,610,000, to remain available until expended, of which $189,619,000, shall be derived from the Department of the Interior Reclamation fund: *Provided,* That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to transfer from the Colorado River Dam Fund to the Western Area Power Administration $890,000, to carry out the power marketing and transmission activities of the Boulder Canyon project as provided in section 104(a)(4) of the Hoover Power Plant Act of 1984 (Public Law 98-381, 98 Stat. 1333). 196,610,000 *890,000 (by transfer)*

Notwithstanding provisions of title 5, United States Code, except for section 5308, no funds approved for Western Area Power Administration shall be used to pay the rates of basic pay and premium pay for power system dispatchers unless such rates are based on those prevailing for similar occupations in the electric power industry.

EMERGENCY FUND, WESTERN AREA POWER ADMINISTRATION

The Treasury of the United States shall set up and maintain a continuing fund of $500,000 out of Western Area Power Administration deposits to the Reclamation Fund. Said continuing fund shall be available to the Western Area Power Administration to assure the continuous operation and maintenance of its power system during unusual or emergency conditions, within the meaning of the Act of June 26, 1948 (43 U.S.C. 502-03): *Provided,* That expenditures from said continuing fund shall be replenished from power revenues of the Project for which funds were expended on an unusual or emergency basis.

[*Total, Power Marketing Administrations, $229,391,000.*]

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission to carry out the provisions of the Department of Energy

Organization Act (Public Law 95-91), including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, including the hire of passenger motor vehicles; official reception and representation expenses (not to exceed $1,500); $95,568,000, of which $3,000,000 shall remain available until expended and be available only for contractual activities: *Provided,* That notwithstanding the provisions of section 3617 of the Revised Statutes (31 U.S.C. 484), revenues from licensing fees, inspection services, and other services and collections estimated at $66,077,000 in fiscal year 1986 may be retained and used for necessary expenses in this account, and may remain available until expended: *Provided further,* That the sum herein appropriated shall be reduced as revenues are received during fiscal year 1986, so as to result in a final fiscal year 1986 appropriation estimated at not more than $29,491,000.

$95,568,000

−66,077,000 *(revenues)*

[*Total, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (net), $29,491,000.*]

GEOTHERMAL RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT FUND

For carrying out the Loan Guarantee and Interest Assistance Program as authorized by the Geothermal Energy Research, Development and Demonstration Act of 1974, as amended, $72,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That the indebtedness guaranteed or committed to be guaranteed through funds provided by this or any other appropriation Act shall not exceed the aggregate of $500,000,000.

72,000

500,000,000 (limitation on loan guarantees)

GENERAL PROVISIONS—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

SEC. 301. Appropriations for the Department of Energy under this title for the current fiscal year shall be available for hire of passenger motor vehicles; hire, maintenance and operation of aircraft; purchase, repair and cleaning of uniforms; and reimbursement to the General Services Administration for security guard services. From these appropriations, transfers of sums may be made to other agencies of the United States Government for the performance of work for which this appropriation is made. None of the funds made available to the Department of Energy under this Act shall be used to implement or finance authorized price support or loan guarantee programs unless specific provision is made for such programs in an appropriation Act. The Secretary is authorized to accept lands, buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public and private sources and to prosecute projects in cooperation with other agencies, Federal, State, private, or foreign.

(TRANSFERS OF UNEXPENDED BALANCES)

SEC. 302. Not to exceed 5 per centum of any appropriations made available for the current fiscal year for Department of Energy activities funded in this Act may be transferred between such appropriations, but no such appropriation, except as otherwise provided, shall be increased or decreased by more than 5 per centum by any such transfers, and any such proposed transfers shall be submitted promptly to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate.

(TRANSFERS OF UNEXPENDED BALANCES)

SEC. 303. The unexpended balances of prior appropriations provided for activities covered in this Act may be transferred to appropriation accounts for such activities established pursuant to this title. Balances so transferred may be merged with funds in the

applicable established accounts and thereafter may be accounted for as one fund for the same time period as originally enacted.

SEC. 304. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract pursuant to section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

SEC. 305. None of the funds in the Department of Energy shall be used to pay the expenses of, or otherwise compensate, parties intervening in regulatory or adjudicatory proceedings funded in the Department of Energy.

[Total, title III, Department of Energy:

[New budget (obligational) authority (all definite appropriations) (net)	*$11,008,838,000.]*
[Limitation on direct loans	*20,000,000.]*
[Limitation on loan guarantees	*500,000,000.]*
[By transfer	*224,290,000.]*

TITLE IV

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

APPALACHIAN REGIONAL COMMISSION

APPALACHIAN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For expenses necessary to carry out the programs authorized by the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965, as amended, notwithstanding section 405 of said Act, except expenses authorized by section 105 of said Act, including services as authorized by section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, and hire of passenger motor vehicles, to remain available until expended, $130,000,000 of which $85,000,000 shall be available for the Appalachian Development Highway System of which $10,000,000 shall be derived from prior year unobligated balances; and for necessary expenses of the Federal Cochairman and the alternate on the Applachian Regional Commission and for payment of the Federal share of the administrative expenses of the Commission, including services as authorized by section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, and hire of passenger motor vehicles, an additional $2,200,000.

$130,000,000

−10,000,000
(prior year unobligated balance)

2,200,000

[Total, Appalachian Regional Commission (net), $122,200,000.]

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary to carry out the functions of the United States member of the Delaware River Basin Commission, as authorized by law (75 Stat. 716), $168,000.

168,000

CONTRIBUTION TO DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION

For payment of the United States share of the current expenses of the Delaware River Basin Commission, as authorized by law (75 Stat. 706, 707), $275,000.

275,000

[Total, Delaware River Basin Commission, $443,000.]

Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin

CONTRIBUTION TO INTERSTATE COMMISSION ON THE POTOMAC RIVER BASIN

To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to pay in advance to the Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin the Federal contribution toward the expenses of the Commission during the current fiscal year in the administration of its business in the conservancy district established pursuant to the Act of July 11, 1940 (54 Stat. 748), as amended by the Act of September 25, 1970 (Public Law 91-407), $79,000. $79,000

Nuclear Regulatory Commission

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Commission in carrying out the purposes of the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974, as amended, and the Atomic Energy Act, as amended, including the employment of aliens; services authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; publication and dissemination of atomic information; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms; official representation expenses (not to exceed $3,000); reimbursements to the General Services Administration for security guard services; hire of passenger motor vehicles and aircraft, $418,000,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That from this appropriation, transfer of sums may be made to other agencies of the Government for the performance of the work for which this appropriation is made, and in such cases the sums so transferred may be merged with the appropriation to which transferred: *Provided further,* That moneys received by the Commission for the cooperative nuclear safety research program and the material access authorization program may be retained and used for salaries and expenses associated with those programs, notwithstanding the provisions of section 3302 of title 31, United States Code, and shall remain available until expended. 418,000,000

Susquehanna River Basin Commission

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary to carry out the functions of the United States member of the Susquehanna River Basin Commission, as authorized by law (84 Stat. 1541), $163,000. 163,000

CONTRIBUTION TO SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN COMMISSION

For payment of the United States share of the current expense of the Susquehanna River Basin Commission, as authorized by law (84 Stat. 1530, 1531), $230,000. 230,000

[*Total, Susquehanna River Basin Commission, $393,000.*]

Tennessee Valley Authority

Tennessee Valley Authority Fund

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the Tennessee Valley Authority Act of 1933, as amended (16 U.S.C., ch. 12A), including purchase, hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft, and purchase and hire of passenger motor vehicles, and for entering into contracts and making payments under section 11 of the National Trails System Act, as amended, $113,000,000, to remain available until expended, of which $9,000,000 shall be derived from prior year unobligated balances in the Tennessee Valley Authority Fund: *Provided*, That this appropriation and other moneys available to the Tennessee Valley Authority may be used for payment of the allowances authorized by 5 U.S.C. 5948.

$113,000,000
−9,000,000
(prior year unobligated balance)

[*Total, Tennessee Valley Authority (net), $104,000,000.*]

[*Total, title IV, Independent agencies, new budget (obligational) authority (all definite appropriations) (net), $645,115,000.*]

TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 501. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

SEC. 502. None of the funds in this Act shall be used to pay the expenses of, or otherwise compensate, parties intervening in regulatory or adjudicatory proceedings funded in this Act.

SEC. 503. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

SEC. 504. None of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used to implement a program of retention contracts for senior employees of the Tennessee Valley Authority.

SEC. 505. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any other provision of law, none of the funds made available under this Act or any other law shall be used for the purposes of conducting any studies relating or leading to the possibility of changing from the currently required "at cost" to a "market rate" or any other non-cost-based method for the pricing of hydroelectric power by the six Federal public power authorities, or other agencies or authorities of the Federal Government, except as may be specifically authorized by Act of Congress hereafter enacted.

SEC. 506. No funds appropriated in this Act may be used to pay the salary of the Administrator of a Power Marketing Administration or the Board of Directors of the Tennessee Valley Authority unless they award contracts for the procurement of extra high voltage power equipment manufactured in the United States when such agency determines that there are one or more domestic manufacturers offering a product which meets the technical requirements of such agency at a price not exceeding 125 per centum of the bid or offering price of the most competitive foreign bidder. Such agency shall determine the incremental costs associated with implementing this section and defer or offset such incremental costs against otherwise existing repayment obligations. This section shall not apply to any procurement initiated before its effective date or to the acquisition of spare parts.

Approved November 1, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2959

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-195 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 99-307 (Comm. of Conference.).

SENATE REPORT No. 99-110 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):

July 16, considered and passed House.

Aug. 1, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Oct. 17, House agreed to conference report; receded and concurred in Senate amendments, in others with amendments. Senate agreed to conference report; concurred in House amendments.

Grand total:		
New budget (obligational) authority (all definite appropriations) (net)	$15,253,918,000	
Limitation on direct loans	*(68,315,000)*	
Limitation on guaranteed loans	*(500,000,000)*	
By transfer	*(224,290,000)*	
Total, new budget (obligational) authority (all definite appropriations), Energy and Water Development Appropriation Act, 1986 (net)		$15,253,918,000

NOTE.—In addition to the new budget (obligational) authority for fiscal year 1986 contained in the foregoing annual appropriation act, the following additional amounts are available for the Departments of Energy and Defense—Civil functions for the fiscal year:

Permanent appropriations:		
Federal funds (pp. 1618–1619)	$10,289,945,000	
Trust funds (p. 1632)	30,406,713,000	
Department of Housing and Urban Development—Independent Agencies Appropriations Act, 1986:		
Cemeterial Expenses Army (p. 199)	14,615,442	
Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill, 1986:		
Department of Energy (pp. 382–386)	974,444,000	
Department of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986:		
Soldiers and Airmen's Home (pp. 249–250)	48,391,000	
Subtotal, additions		41,734,108,442

Deduct amounts transferred to the Department of the Interior and General Government totals:

Department of the Interior:		
Bureau of Reclamation (pp. 177–181)	$777,915,000	
General Government:		
Appalachian Regional Commission (p. 187)	122,200,000	
Delaware River Basin Commission (p. 187)	443,000	
Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin (p. 188)	79,000	
Nuclear Regulatory Commission (p. 188)	418,000,000	
Susquehanna River Basin Commission (p. 188)	393,000	
Tennessee Valley Authority (pp. 188–189)	104,000,000	
Subtotal, deductions		−1,423,030,000
Grand total, Departments of Energy and Defense—Civil functions		55,564,996,442

FOREIGN ASSISTANCE AND RELATED PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 1986

99th Congress, H.R. 3228

[Note.—The Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Bill (H.R. 3228) was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House on August 1, 1985, (House Report No. 99-252). S. 1816 was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate on October 31, 1985, (Senate Report No. 99-167). The bill was not acted on by the Senate or by the House of Representatives. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(i) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 (see pp. 421-444 for text of Sec. 101(i) of Public Law 99-190, and pp. 1736-1739 for the table VIII showing estimates and funding levels by appropriation account).]

Legislative History—H.R. 3228

House Report No. No. 99-252 (Comm. on Appropriations).
Senate Report No. 99-167 (Comm. on Appropriations).
Congressional Record, Vol. 131 (1985):
  Aug. 1, reported in the House.
  Oct. 31, S. 1816 reported in the Senate.

Note.—The following summary shows the amounts of new budget (obligational) authority provided for fiscal year 1986 under Sec. 101(i) of Public Law 99-190 for the programs and activities normally funded in this regular annual appropriations bill:

Grand total, all titles:	
New budget (obligational) authority	$15,025,319,945
Limitation on obligations	*(325,000,000)*
Program limitation	*(250,000,000)*
Limitation on guaranteed loans	*(12,294,500,000)*
Limitation on direct loans	*(1,124,250,000)*
Limitation on callable capital	*(2,858,979,330)*
Limitation on administrative expenses	*(18,357,000)*
By transfer	*(18,000,000)*

Total, new budget (obligational) authority, Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Bill, 1986 .... [1] $15,025,319,945

Note.—In addition to the new budget (obligational) authority for fiscal year 1986 provided under Sec. 101(i) of Public Law 99-190, Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986, the following additional amounts are available for foreign assistance activities for the fiscal year:

Permanent appropriations: Trust funds (p. 1630)	$13,393,689,000	
Subtotal, additions		13,393,689,000

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[1] The Foreign Assistance, and Related Programs Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3228) was not approved by the Congress. Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided through a continuing resolution (see "Note", above).

Deduct amounts transferred to Department of State totals:

International narcotics control (p. 430)	$57,529,000	
Migration and refugee assistance (pp. 430–431)	338,930,000	
Anti-terrorism assistance (p. 431)	7,420,000	
Subtotal, deductions		–$403,879,000
Grand total, Foreign Assistance		[1]28,015,129,945

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[1] The Foreign Assistance, and Related Programs Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3228) was not approved by the Congress. Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided through a continuing resolution (see "Note", on p. 191, this volume).

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT—INDEPENDENT AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986

Public Law 99-160

99th Congress, H.R. 3038

November 25, 1985

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Department of Housing and Urban Development, and for sundry independent agencies, boards, commissions, corporations, and offices for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of Housing and Urban Development, and for sundry independent agencies, boards, commissions, corporations, and offices for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

HOUSING PROGRAMS

ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS FOR ASSISTED HOUSING

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

The amount of contracts for annual contributions, not otherwise provided for, as authorized by section 5 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1437c), and heretofore approved in appropriation Acts, is increased by $838,803,547: *Provided,* That the budget authority obligated under contracts for annual contributions shall be increased above amounts heretofore provided in appropriation Acts by $9,965,607,781: *Provided further,* That of the budget authority provided herein, $1,306,500,000 shall be for assistance in financing the development or acquisition cost of public housing, of which $327,600,000 shall be for assistance in financing the development or acquisition cost of housing for Indian families; $1,500,000,000 shall be for modernization of existing public housing projects pursuant to section 14 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1437l); $1,616,640,000 shall be for assistance for projects developed for the elderly or handicapped under section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1701q); $2,468,160,000 shall be for the section 8 existing housing program (42 U.S.C. 1437f); $922,500,000 shall be for the section 8 moderate rehabilitation program (42 U.S.C. 1437f); $75,000,000 shall be available as an appropriation of funds, to remain available until September 30, 1986, only for rental rehabilitation grants pursuant to section 17(a)(1)(A) of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1437o);

$838,803,547
(increased limitation on annual contract authority)

9,965,607,781
(contract authority)

$75,000,000 shall be available as an appropriation of funds, to remain available until September 30, 1986, only for development grants pursuant to section 17(a)(1)(B) of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1437o); and $851,225,000 shall be available for the housing voucher program under section 8(o) of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1437f), for use, notwithstanding the limitations in section 8(o)(1) of such Act that the Secretary conduct a demonstration, and in section 8(o)(4) of such Act that the Secretary use substantially all authority in connection with certain programs, in connection with the rental rehabilitation program under section 17 of such Act and for any other purposes as determined by the Secretary: *Provided further,* That any balances of authorities made available prior to the enactment of this Act which are or become available for obligation in fiscal year 1986 shall be added to and merged with the authority approved herein, and such merged amounts shall be made subject only to terms and conditions of law applicable to authorities becoming available in fiscal year 1986: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding the immediately preceding ("merger") proviso, notwithstanding any requirement of section 235(c)(3) of the National Housing Act, as amended, and notwithstanding the proviso in this paragraph concerning rescission of recaptured budget authority, any balances of the contract authority and budget authority provided in the Second Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1984 (Public Law 98-396, 98 Stat. 1369, 1380) for the home ownership assistance program under section 235 of the National Housing Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1715z), for which the Secretary has made fund reservations prior to the date of enactment of this Act shall remain available for obligation without regard to any fiscal year limitation until such reserved budget authority is expended, and the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall have the authority to enter new contracts for assistance payments and to insure mortgages under section 235 until such reserved budget authority is expended notwithstanding any sunset date specified in the last sentences of section 235(h)(1) and section 235(m), respectively: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding the "merger" proviso, and notwithstanding the proviso in this paragraph concerning rescission of recaptured budget authority, any amounts of budget authority heretofore made available for obligation until September 30, 1986 for rental rehabilitation grants and development grants, pursuant to section 17(a)(1) of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, shall remain available until such date: *Provided further,* That none of the amounts available for obligation in 1986 shall be subject to the provisions of section 213(d) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1439): *Provided further,* That all amounts of budget authority (and contract authority) equal to the amounts of such budget authority (and contract authority) which are recaptured during fiscal year 1986 except such amounts provided for assistance payments contracts under section 235 of the National Housing Act of 1937, and for grants under section 17(a)(1) of the United States Housing Act of 1937, shall be rescinded: *Provided further,* That section 6(b) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is repealed: *Provided further,* That up to 20 per centum of the $978,900,000 provided herein for assistance in financing the development or acquisition cost of public housing shall be made available for major reconstruction of obsolete public housing projects.

−$859,000,000 *(rescission of contract authority, indefinite)*

−33,611,000 *(rescission of limitation on annual contract authority, indefinite)*

[*Total, annual contributions for assisted housing:*

[*Contract authority (net)* .... *$9,106,607,781.*]

[*Increased limitation on annual contract authority (net)* .... *805,192,547.*]

RENTAL HOUSING ASSISTANCE

(RESCISSION)

The limitation otherwise applicable to the maximum payments that may be required in any fiscal year by all contracts entered into under section 236 of the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. 1715z-1) is reduced in fiscal year 1986 by not more than $2,000,000 in uncommitted balances of authorizations provided for this purpose in appropriation Acts.

−$56,000,000 *(rescission of contract authority, indefinite)*

−2,000,000 (limitation on annual contract authority, indefinite)

HOUSING FOR THE ELDERLY OR HANDICAPPED FUND

In 1986, $631,033,000 of direct loan obligations may be made under section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1701q), utilizing the resources of the fund authorized by subsection (a)(4) of such section, in accordance with paragraph (C) of such subsection: *Provided,* That such commitments shall be available only to qualified nonprofit sponsors for the purpose of providing 100 per centum loans for the development of housing for the elderly or handicapped, with any cash equity or other financial commitments imposed as a condition of loan approval to be returned to the sponsor if sustaining occupancy is achieved in a reasonable period of time: *Provided further,* That the full amount shall be available for permanent financing (including construction financing) for housing projects for the elderly or handicapped: *Provided further,* That the Secretary may borrow from the Secretary of the Treasury in such amounts as are necessary to provide the loans authorized herein: *Provided further,* That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the receipts and disbursements of the aforesaid fund shall be included in the totals of the Budget of the United States Government: *Provided further,* That, notwithstanding section 202(a)(3) of the Housing Act of 1959, loans made in fiscal year 1986 shall bear an interest rate which does not exceed 9.25 per centum, including the allowance adequate in the judgment of the Secretary to cover administrative costs and probable losses under the program.

631,033,000 (limitation on direct loans)

601,133,000 *(authority to borrow)*

CONGREGATE SERVICES

For contracts with and payments to public housing agencies and nonprofit corporations for congregate services programs in accordance with the provisions of the Congregate Housing Services Act of 1978, $2,700,000, to remain available until September 30, 1987.

[1] 2,670,300

PAYMENTS FOR OPERATION OF LOW-INCOME HOUSING PROJECTS

For payments to public housing agencies and Indian housing authorities for operating subsidies for low-income housing projects as authorized by section 9 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1437g), $1,210,600,000, to remain available for obligation in accordance with section 9(a), notwithstanding section 9(d), of such Act until September 30, 1987.

1,210,600,000

HOUSING COUNSELING ASSISTANCE

For contracts, grants, and other assistance, not otherwise provided for, for providing counseling and advice to tenants and homeowners—both current and prospective—with respect to property maintenance, financial management, and such other matters as may be appropriate to assist them in improving their housing conditions and meeting the responsibilities of tenancy or homeownership, including provisions for training and for support of

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[1] Reflects reductions pursuant to section 416 of this Act (see pp. 215–216).

voluntary agencies and services as authorized by section 106(a)(1)(iii) and section 106(a)(2) of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, as amended, $3,500,000.

[1]$3,461,500

TROUBLED PROJECTS OPERATING SUBSIDY

For assistance payments to owners of eligible multifamily housing projects insured, or formerly insured, under the National Housing Act, as amended, in the program of operating subsidies for troubled multifamily housing projects under the Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1978, all unobligated balances of excess rental charges and any collections after September 30, 1985, to remain available until September 30, 1987: *Provided,* That assistance payments to an owner of a multifamily housing project assisted, but not insured, under the National Housing Act may be made if the project owner and the mortgagee have provided or agreed to provide assistance to the project in a manner as determined by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.

FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION FUND

For payment to cover losses, not otherwise provided for, sustained by the Special Risk Insurance Fund and General Insurance Fund as authorized by the National Housing Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1715z-3(b) and 1735c(f)), $239,762,000, to remain available until expended.

239,762,000

−155,375,000 *(portion applied to debt reduction)*

During 1986, within the resources available, gross obligations for direct loans are authorized in such amounts as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of the National Housing Act, as amended.

During 1986, additional commitments to guarantee loans to carry out the purposes of the National Housing Act, as amended, shall not exceed $60,000,000,000 of loan principal.

60,000,000,000 (limitation on guaranteed loans)

During fiscal year 1986, gross obligations for direct loans of not to exceed $89,222,000 are authorized for payments under section 230(a) of the National Housing Act, as amended, from the insurance fund chargeable for benefits on the mortgage covering the property to which the payments made relate, and payments in connection with such obligations are hereby approved.

[1]*88,240,558 (limitation on direct loans)*

[*Total, Federal Housing Administration Fund (net), $84,387,000.*]

NONPROFIT SPONSOR ASSISTANCE

During 1986, within the resources and authority available, gross obligations for the principal amounts of direct loans shall not exceed $1,000,000.

1,000,000 (limitation on direct loans)

GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION

GUARANTEES OF MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES

During 1986, new commitments to issue guarantees to carry out the purposes of section 306 of the National Housing Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1721g), shall not exceed $68,250,000,000 of loan principal.

68,250,000,000 (limitation on guaranteed loans)

[*Total, Housing Programs (net), $10,952,859,581.*]

COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT GRANTS

For grants to States and units of general local government and for related expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for carrying out a community development grant program as authorized by title

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[1] Reflects reductions pursuant to section 416 of this Act (see pp. 215–216).

I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5301), $3,124,800,000, to remain available until September 30, 1988: *Provided*, That not to exceed 20 per centum of any grant made with funds appropriated herein shall be expended for "Planning and Management Development" and "Administration" as defined in regulations promulgated by the Department of Housing and Urban Development. $3,124,800,000

During 1986, total commitments to guarantee loans, as authorized by section 108 of the aforementioned Act, shall not exceed $225,000,000 of contingent liability for loan principal. [1] *222,525,000 (limitation on guaranteed loans)*

URBAN DEVELOPMENT ACTION GRANTS

For grants to carry out urban development action grant programs authorized in section 119 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5301), pursuant to section 103 of that Act, $330,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1989. 330,000,000

REHABILITATION LOAN FUND

During 1986, collections, unexpended balances of prior appropriations (including any recoveries of prior reservations) and any other amounts in the revolving fund established pursuant to section 312 of the Housing Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1452b), after September 30, 1985, are available and may be used for commitments for loans and operating costs and the capitalization of delinquent interest on delinquent or defaulted loans notwithstanding section 312(h) of such Act.

URBAN HOMESTEADING

For reimbursement to the Federal Housing Administration Fund for losses incurred under the urban homesteading program (12 U.S.C. 1706e), and for reimbursement to the Administrator of Veterans Affairs and the Secretary of Agriculture for properties conveyed by the Administrator of Veterans Affairs and the Secretary of Agriculture, respectively, for use in connection with an urban homesteading program approved by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development pursuant to section 810 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, $12,000,000, to remain available until expended. [1] 11,868,000

[*Total, Community Planning and Development, $3,466,668,000.*]

POLICY DEVELOPMENT AND RESEARCH

RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY

For contracts, grants, and necessary expenses of programs of research and studies relating to housing and urban problems, not otherwise provided for, as authorized by title V of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1970, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1701z-1 et seq.), including carrying out the functions of the Secretary under section 1(a)(1)(i) of Reorganization Plan No. 2 of 1968, $16,900,000, to remain available until September 30, 1987. 16,900,000

FAIR HOUSING AND EQUAL OPPORTUNITY

FAIR HOUSING ASSISTANCE

For contracts, grants, and other assistance, not otherwise provided for, as authorized by title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, as amended, $6,700,000, to remain available until September 30, 1987. [1] 6,626,300

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[1] Reflects reductions pursuant to section 416 of this Act (see pp. 215-216).

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary administrative and nonadministrative expenses of the Department of Housing and Urban Development, not otherwise provided for, including not to exceed $4,000 for official reception and representation expenses, $587,831,000, of which $251,404,000 shall be provided from the various funds of the Federal Housing Administration. $336,427,000 *251,404,000 (corporate funds)*

[Total, title I, Department of Housing and Urban Development:

[New budget (obligational) authority (net)	*$14,779,480,881.]*
[Appropriations	*5,283,115,100.]*
[Portion applied to debt reduction	*−155,375,000.]*
[Contract authority	*9,965,607,781.]*
[Rescission of contract authority, indefinite	*−915,000,000.]*
[Authority to borrow	*601,133,000.]*
[Increased limitation for annual contract authority (net)	*805,192,547.]*
[Limitation on annual contract authority, indefinite	*−2,000,000.]*
[Limitation on direct loans	*720,273,558.]*
[Limitation on corporate funds	*251,404,000.]*
[Limitation on guaranteed loans	*128,472,525,000.]*

TITLE II

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

AMERICAN BATTLE MONUMENTS COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, of the American Battle Monuments Commission, including the acquisition of land or interest in land in foreign countries; purchases and repair of uniforms for caretakers of national cemeteries and monuments outside of the United States and its territories and possessions; rent of office and garage space in foreign countries; purchase (one for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; and insurance of official motor vehicles in foreign countries when required by law of such countries; $10,954,000: *Provided,* That where station allowance has been authorized by the Department of the Army for officers of the Army serving the Army at certain foreign stations, the same allowance shall be authorized for officers of the Armed Forces assigned to the Commission while serving at the same foreign stations, and this appropriation is hereby made available for the payment of such allowance: *Provided further,* That when traveling on business of the Commission, officers of the Armed Forces serving as members or as Secretary of the Commission may be reimbursed for expenses as provided for civilian members of the Commission: *Provided further,* That the Commission shall reimburse other Government agencies, including the Armed Forces, for salary, pay, and allowances of personnel assigned to it: *Provided further,* That section 409 of the general provisions carried in title IV of this Act shall not apply to the funds provided under this heading. [1]10,833,506

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[1] Reflects reductions pursuant to section 416 of this Act (see pp. 215–216).

Consumer Product Safety Commission

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Consumer Product Safety Commission, including hire of passenger motor vehicles, services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, but at rates for individuals not to exceed the per diem rate equivalent to the rate for GS–18, and not to exceed $500 for official reception and representation expenses, $36,000,000. $36,000,000

Department of Defense—Civil

Cemeterial Expenses, Army

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, as authorized by law, for maintenance, operation, and improvement of Arlington National Cemetery and Soldiers' and Airmen's Home National Cemetery, $14,615,442, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That reimbursement shall be made to the applicable military appropriation for the pay and allowances of any military personnel performing services primarily for the purposes of this appropriation. 14,615,442

Environmental Protection Agency

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, including hire of passenger motor vehicles; hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft; uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 5901–5902; services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, but at rates for individuals not to exceed the per diem rate equivalent to the rate for GS–18; purchase of reprints; library memberships in societies or associations which issue publications to members only or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who are not members; construction, alteration, repair, rehabilitation, and renovation of facilities, not to exceed $25,000 per project; and not to exceed $3,000 for official reception and representation expenses; $690,176,000: *Provided*, That none of these funds may be expended for purposes of Resource Conservation and Recovery Panels established under section 2003 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 6913). [1]684,176,000

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

For research and development activities, $223,400,000, to remain available until September 30, 1987: *Provided*, That $5,000,000 of the funds provided under this heading shall be available only for a full scale demonstration of limestone injection multistage burner technology in a tangentially fired boiler on an equal cost sharing basis with the electric power industry. 223,400,000

ABATEMENT, CONTROL, AND COMPLIANCE

For abatement, control, and compliance activities, $577,600,000, to remain available until September 30, 1987: *Provided*, That none of these funds may be expended for purposes of Resource Conservation and Recovery Panels established under section 2003 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 6913), or for support to State, regional, local and interstate agencies in accordance with subtitle D of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended, 577,600,000 other than section 4008(a)(2) or 4009: *Provided further,* That $50,000,000 of the funds provided under this heading shall be available for the purposes of the Asbestos School Hazards Abatement Act of 1984, including $4,000,000 for administrative expenses: *Provided further,* That the $46,000,000 available for grants and loans for school asbestos abatement may be obligated only for projects conducted by persons who are State-certified or who have successfully completed a training program approved by the Environmental Protection Agency.

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[1] Reflects reductions pursuant to section 416 of this Act (see pp. 215–216).

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

For construction, repair, improvement, extension, alteration, and purchase of fixed equipment for facilities of, or use by, the Environmental Protection Agency, $5,000,000, to remain available until expended. $5,000,000

[*Total, operating programs, $1,490,176,000.*]

PAYMENT TO THE HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE RESPONSE TRUST FUND

For payment, as repayable advances to the Hazardous Substance Response Trust Fund, when specifically authorized by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended, such borrowed funds as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended.

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE RESPONSE TRUST FUND

For necessary expenses to carry out the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended, including sections 111 (c)(3), (c)(5), (c)(6), and (e)(4) (42 U.S.C. 9611), $900,000,000, to be derived from the Hazardous Substance Response Trust Fund, to remain available until expended: 900,000,000 *Provided,* That funds appropriated under this account may be allocated to other Federal agencies in accordance with section 111(a) of Public Law 96-510: *Provided further,* That for performance of specific activities in accordance with section 104(i) of Public Law 96-510, the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, $21,000,000 shall be made available to the Department of Health and Human Services, to be derived by transfer from the Hazardous Substance Response Trust Fund, of which no less than $5,125,000 shall be available for toxicological testing of hazardous substances. For necessary expenses to carry out the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended, not to exceed $90,000,000 shall be available for administrative expenses. *90,000,000 (limitation on administrative expenses)*

[*Total, Environmental Protection Agency, $2,390,176,000.*]

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY AND OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

For necessary expenses of the Council on Environmental Quality and the Office of Environmental Quality, in carrying out their functions under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (Public Law 91-190), the Environmental Quality Improvement Act of 1970 (Public Law 91-224), and Reorganization Plan No. 1 of 1977, including not to exceed $500 for official reception and representation expenses, and hire of passenger motor vehicles, $700,000. 700,000

OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY

For necessary expenses of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, in carrying out the purposes of the National Science and Technology Policy, Organization, and Priorities Act of 1976 (42 U.S.C. 6601 and 6671), hire of passenger motor vehicles, services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, not to exceed $1,500 for official reception and representation expenses, and rental of conference rooms in the District of Columbia, $2,343,000: *Provided*, That the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall reimburse other agencies for not less than one-half of the personnel compensation costs of individuals detailed to it. [1]$2,317,227

[*Total, Executive Office of the President, $3,017,227.*]

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

DISASTER RELIEF

For necessary expenses in carrying out the functions of the Disaster Relief Act of 1974, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.), $120,000,000, to remain available until expended. [1]100,000,000

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, including hire and purchase of motor vehicles (31 U.S.C. 1343); uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 5901–5902; services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, but at rates for individuals not to exceed the per diem rate equivalent to the rate for GS–18; expenses of attendance of cooperating officials and individuals at meetings concerned with the work of emergency preparedness; transportation in connection with the continuity of government program to the same extent and in the same manner as permitted the Secretary of a Military Department under 10 U.S.C. 2632; and not to exceed $1,500 for official reception and representation expenses, $118,746,000. [1]114,746,000

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PLANNING AND ASSISTANCE

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, to carry out activities under the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, and the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.), the Disaster Relief Act of 1974, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.), the Earthquake Hazards Reduction Act of 1977, as amended (42 U.S.C. 7701 et seq.), the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974, as amended (15 U.S.C. 2201 et seq.), the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act, as amended (50 U.S.C. 98 et seq.), the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 2251 et seq.), the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 2061 et seq.), section 103 of the National Security Act (50 U.S.C. 404), and Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, $248,910,000. 248,910,000

NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE FUND

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For repayment under notes issued by the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency to the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to section 15(e) of the Federal Flood Insurance Act of 1956,

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[1] Reflects reductions pursuant to section 416 of this Act (see pp. 215–216).

as amended (42 U.S.C. 2414(e)), $92,852,000, of which $8,760,000 [1] $91,830,628
shall, upon enactment of this Act, be transferred to the Salaries and [1] −91,830,628 *(portion applied to debt reduction)*
expenses appropriation for administrative costs of the insurance programs and $45,750,000 shall, upon enactment of this Act, be transferred to the Emergency management planning and assistance appropriation for flood plain management activities, including $4,778,000 for expenses under section 1362 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4103, 4127), which amount shall be available until September 30, 1987. In fiscal year 1986, no funds in excess of (1) $40,750,000 for operating expenses, (2) $67,591,000 for agents' commissions and taxes, and (3) $9,160,000 for interest on Treasury borrowings shall be available from the National Flood Insurance Fund without prior notice to the Committees on Appropriations. For the purpose of the determination of premium rates under the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, the flood protection system in Winfield, Kansas, shall, at the 50 per centum stage of completed construction, as required by section 1307(e) of such Act, be considered to comply with the requirements and conditions of section 1307 of such Act, notwithstanding the source of funding.

NATIONAL INSURANCE DEVELOPMENT FUND

For one-time payments from the National Insurance Development Fund to participating Federal Crime Insurance Program States, as authorized by section 1242 of the Urban Property Protection and Reinsurance Act of 1968, as amended, not to exceed $10,000,000. 10,000,000
Eligibility for payment under this appropriation shall be contingent upon certification by a State that it shall develop, on an expeditious basis, an alternative mechanism for providing access to crime insurance to all current Federal Crime Insurance policyholders in that State who apply. Such certification shall be made not later than 30 days following the effective date of this paragraph. Payments to each State shall be determined by the proportionate share of this amount based on the number of policies in force in each State, as of July 31, 1985. The administrator of the Federal Insurance Administration, Federal Emergency Management Agency, shall provide such funds no later than 60 days following the effective date of this paragraph. This paragraph shall become effective on January 1, 1986: *Provided,* That the provisions of this paragraph, and eligibility for payments hereunder, shall not become effective or shall cease to be effective during any period that the authority of the Federal Crime Insurance Program for issuance of insurance policies is effective.

EMERGENCY FOOD AND SHELTER PROGRAM

There is hereby appropriated $70,000,000 to the Federal Emergency Management Agency, to remain available until September 30, 70,000,000
1986, to carry out an emergency food and shelter program. Notwithstanding any other provision of this or any other Act, such amount shall be made available under the terms and conditions of the following paragraphs:

The Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall, as soon as practicable after enactment of this Act, constitute a national board for the purpose of determining how the program funds are to be distributed to individual localities. The national board shall consist of seven members. The United Way of America, the Salvation Army, the National Council of Churches of Christ in the U.S.A., the National Conference of Catholic Charities, the Council of Jewish Federations, Inc., the American Red Cross, and the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall each designate a representative to sit on the national board. The representative of the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall chair the national board.

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[1] Reflects reductions pursuant to section 416 of this Act (see pp. 215–216).

Each locality designated by the national board to receive funds shall constitute a local board for the purpose of determining how its funds will be distributed. The local board shall consist, to the extent practicable, of representatives of the same organizations as the national board except that the mayor or appropriate head of government will replace the Federal Emergency Management Agency member.

The Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall award a grant for $70,000,000 to the national board within thirty days after enactment of this Act for the purpose of providing emergency food and shelter to needy individuals through private voluntary organizations and through units of local government.

Eligible private voluntary organizations should be nonprofit, have a voluntary board, have an accounting system, and practice nondiscrimination.

Participation in the program should be based upon a private voluntary organization's or unit of local government's ability to deliver emergency food and shelter to needy individuals and such other factors as are determined by the local boards.

Total administrative costs shall not exceed 2 per centum of the total appropriation.

As authorized by the Charter of the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Corporation shall process and distribute surplus food owned or to be purchased by the Corporation under the food distribution and emergency shelter program in cooperation with the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

[*Total, Federal Emergency Management Agency, $543,656,000.*]

General Services Administration

CONSUMER INFORMATION CENTER

For necessary expenses of the Consumer Information Center, including services authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, $1,249,000, to be deposited into the Consumer Information Center Fund: *Provided*, That the appropriations, revenues and collections deposited into the fund shall be available for necessary expenses of Consumer Information Center activities in the aggregate amount of $5,200,000. Administrative expenses of the Consumer Information Center in fiscal year 1986 shall not exceed $1,631,000. Appropriations, revenues and collections accruing to this fund during fiscal year 1986 in excess of $5,200,000 shall remain in the fund and shall not be available for expenditure except as authorized in appropriation Acts. [1]$1,235,261

Department of Health and Human Services

OFFICE OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS

For necessary expenses of the Office of Consumer Affairs, including services authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, $1,988,000. 1,988,000

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, including research, development, operations, services, minor construction, maintenance, repair, rehabilitation and modification of real and personal property; purchase, hire, maintenance, and operation of other than administrative aircraft, necessary for the conduct and support of aeronautical and space research and development activities of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration; $2,756,800,000, to remain available until September 30, 1987. $2,756,800,000

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[1] Reflects reductions pursuant to section 416 of this Act (see pp. 215–216).

SPACE FLIGHT, CONTROL AND DATA COMMUNICATIONS

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for; in support of space flight, spacecraft control and communications activities of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, including operations, production, services, minor construction, maintenance, repair, rehabilitation, and modification of real and personal property; tracking and data relay satellite services as authorized by law; purchase, hire, maintenance and operation of other than administrative aircraft; $3,397,900,000, to remain available until September 30, 1987. 3,397,900,000

CONSTRUCTION OF FACILITIES

For construction, repair, rehabilitation and modification of facilities, minor construction of new facilities and additions to existing facilities, and for facility planning and design not otherwise provided, for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and for the acquisition or condemnation of real property, as authorized by law, $139,300,000, to remain available until September 30, 1988: *Provided*, That, notwithstanding the limitation on the availability of funds appropriated under this heading by this appropriation Act, when any activity has been initiated by the incurrence of obligations therefor, the amount available for such activity shall remain available until expended, except that this provision shall not apply to the amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization for repair, rehabilitation and modification of facilities, minor construction of new facilities and additions to existing facilities, and facility planning and design: *Provided further*, That no amount appropriated pursuant to this or any other Act may be used for the lease or construction of a new contractor-funded facility for exclusive use in support of a contract or contracts with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration under which the Administration would be required to substantially amortize through payment or reimbursement such contractor investment, unless an appropriation Act specifies the lease or contract pursuant to which such facilities are to be constructed or leased or such facility is otherwise identified in such Act: *Provided further*, That the Administrator may authorize such facility lease or construction, if he determines, in consultation with the Committees on Appropriations, that deferral of such action until the enactment of the next appropriation Act would be inconsistent with the interest of the Nation in aeronautical and space activities. 139,300,000

RESEARCH AND PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

For necessary expenses of research in Government laboratories, management of programs and other activities of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, not otherwise provided for, including uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901–5902); awards; lease, hire, maintenance and operation of administrative aircraft; purchase (not to exceed thirty for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; and maintenance and repair of real and personal property, and not in excess of $100,000 per project for construction of new facilities and additions to existing facilities, repairs, and rehabilitation and modification of facilities; $1,367,000,000: *Provided,* That contracts may be entered into under this appropriation for maintenance and operation of facilities, and for other services, to be provided during the next fiscal year: *Provided further,* That not to exceed $35,000 of the foregoing amount shall be available for scientific consultations or extraordinary expense, to be expended upon the approval or authority of the Administrator and his determination shall be final and conclusive: *Provided further,* That of funds provided for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration under this or any other account, $400,000 shall be available for the activities of the National Commission on Space, established by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-361; 98 Stat. 422).

[1]$1,362,000,000

MISSISSIPPI TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER CENTER

(a) The Congress finds that—

(1) section 9 of Mississippi Senate Bill No. 2984, 1985 Regular Session, which became effective on July 1, 1985, provides appropriations for constructing, furnishing and equipping a building and related facilities, to be known as the Mississippi Technology Transfer Center, at the National Space Technologies Laboratories in Hancock County, Mississippi; and

(2) operation and maintenance of the Mississippi Technology Transfer Center by the Federal Government is in the national interest.

(b) The Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration may—

(1) enter into an agreement with the State of Mississippi by which title to the Mississippi Technology Transfer Center shall be transferred to the Government of the United States and by which such Center shall be operated by the Government of the United States;

(2) accept title to such Center on behalf of the Government of the United States; and

(3) after title has been transferred under paragraph (2) of this subsection, operate and maintain such Center, subject to the availability of appropriations for such purposes.

(c) It is the sense of Congress that, to the extent practicable, the National Space Technology Laboratories should apply its existing reimbursement policies to occupants of such Center.

[*Total, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, $7,656,000,000.*]

National Credit Union Administration

CENTRAL LIQUIDITY FACILITY

During 1986, obligations of the Central Liquidity Facility for new loans to member credit unions as authorized by the National Credit Union Central Liquidity Facility Act (12 U.S.C. 1795) shall not exceed $600,000,000: *Provided,* That administrative expenses of the Central Liquidity Facility in fiscal year 1986 shall not exceed $850,000.

[1]*593,400,000 (limitation on borrowing authority)*

[1] *840,650 (limitation on administrative expenses)*

National Science Foundation

RESEARCH AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

For necessary expenses in carrying out the purposes of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1861-

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[1] Reflects reductions pursuant to section 416 of this Act (see pp. 215-216).

1875), title IX of the National Defense Education Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 1876–1879), and the Act to establish a National Medal of Science (42 U.S.C. 1880–1881); services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; maintenance and operation of aircraft and purchase of flight services for research support; acquisition of one aircraft; hire of passenger motor vehicles; not to exceed $2,500 for official reception and representation expenses; uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901–5902); rental of conference rooms in the District of Columbia; and reimbursement of the General Services Administration for security guard services; $1,352,205,000, to remain available until September 30, 1987: *Provided*, That of the funds appropriated in this Act, or from funds appropriated previously to the Foundation, not more than $72,500,000 shall be available for program development and management in fiscal year 1986, including $3,450,000 for expenses of travel: *Provided further*, That contracts may be entered into under the program development and management limitation in fiscal year 1986 for maintenance and operation of facilities, and for other services, to be provided during the next fiscal year: *Provided further*, That receipts for scientific support services and materials furnished by the National Research Centers and other National Science Foundation supported research facilities may be credited to this appropriation: *Provided further*, That to the extent that the amount appropriated is less than the total amount authorized to be appropriated for included program activities, all amounts, including floors and ceilings, specified in the authorizing Act for those program activities or their subactivities shall be reduced proportionally: *Provided further*, That not to exceed $9,000,000 shall be available for the very long baseline array: *Provided further*, That the Foundation is hereafter authorized to indemnify grantees, contractors, and subcontractors associated with the ocean drilling program under the provisions of section 2354 of title 10 of the United States Code, with all approvals and certifications required thereby made by the Director of the National Science Foundation.

$1,352,205,000

72,500,000 (limitation on administrative expenses)

UNITED STATES ANTARCTIC PROGRAM ACTIVITIES

For necessary expenses in carrying out the research and operational support for the United States Antarctic Program pursuant to the National Science Foundation Act of 1950, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1861–1875); maintenance and operation of aircraft and purchase of flight services for research and operations support; maintenance and operation of research ships and charter or lease of ships for research and operations support; hire of passenger motor vehicles; not to exceed $1,000 for official reception and representation expenses; $115,100,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That receipts for support services and materials provided to individuals for non-Federal activities may be credited to this appropriation: *Provided further*, That no funds in this account shall be used for the purchase of aircraft.

115,100,000

SCIENCE EDUCATION ACTIVITIES

For necessary expenses in carrying out science education programs and activities pursuant to the purposes of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1861–1875), including award of graduate fellowships, services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, and rental of conference rooms in the District of Columbia, $55,550,000, to remain available until September 30, 1987: *Provided*, That to the extent that the amount of this appropriation

55,550,000

is less than the total amount authorized to be appropriated for included program activities, all amounts, including floors and ceilings, specified in the authorizing Act for those program activities or their subactivities shall be reduced proportionally.

SCIENTIFIC ACTIVITIES OVERSEAS

(SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For payments in foreign currencies which the Treasury Department determines to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States, for scientific activities, as authorized by law, $1,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1987: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall be available in addition to other appropriations to the National Science Foundation for payments in the foregoing currencies. $1,000,000

[*Total, National Science Foundation, $1,523,855,000.*]

NEIGHBORHOOD REINVESTMENT CORPORATION

PAYMENT TO THE NEIGHBORHOOD REINVESTMENT CORPORATION

For payment to the Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation for use in neighborhood reinvestment activities, as authorized by the Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation Act (42 U.S.C. 8101–8107), $17,669,000. 17,669,000

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Selective Service System, including expenses of attendance at meetings and of training for uniformed personnel assigned to the Selective Service System, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 4101–4118) for civilian employees; and not to exceed $1,000 for official reception and representation expenses; $27,780,000: *Provided,* That during the current fiscal year, the President may exempt this appropriation from the provisions of 31 U.S.C. 1341, whenever he deems such action to be necessary in the interest of national defense: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated by this Act may be expended for or in connection with the induction of any person into the Armed Forces of the United States. [1]27,474,420

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

PAYMENTS TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL ASSISTANCE TRUST FUND

For payments to the Local Government Fiscal Assistance Trust Fund, $4,566,700,000: *Provided,* That, notwithstanding the provisions of 31 U.S.C. 6701–6724, payments to local governments from this appropriation shall not exceed $4,185,000,000 and this appropriation is hereby reduced by $381,700,000 through a reduction in the payment for the final quarter of the entitlement beginning October 1, 1985, and ending September 30, 1986. 4,185,000,000

OFFICE OF REVENUE SHARING, SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Office of Revenue Sharing, including hire of passenger motor vehicles, $7,800,000. [1]7,714,200

[*Total, Department of the Treasury, $4,192,714,200.*]

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[1] Reflects reductions pursuant to section 416 of this Act (see pp. 215–216).

VETERANS ADMINISTRATION

COMPENSATION AND PENSIONS

For the payment of compensation, pensions, gratuities, and allowances, including burial awards, plot allowances, burial flags, headstones and grave markers, emergency and other officers' retirement pay, adjusted-service credits and certificates, and other benefits as authorized by law; and for payment of premiums due on commercial life insurance policies guaranteed under the provisions of article IV of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Relief Act of 1940, as amended, $14,160,800,000, to remain available until expended.

$14,160,800,000

READJUSTMENT BENEFITS

For the payment of readjustment and rehabilitation benefits to or on behalf of veterans as authorized by law (38 U.S.C. chapters 21, 31, 34–36, 39, 51, 53, 55, and 61), $826,000,000, to remain available until expended.

826,000,000

VETERANS INSURANCE AND INDEMNITIES

For military and naval insurance, national service life insurance, servicemen's indemnities, and service-disabled veterans insurance, as authorized by law (38 U.S.C. chapter 19; 70 Stat. 887; 72 Stat. 487), $9,750,000, to remain available until expended.

9,750,000

MEDICAL CARE

For necessary expenses for the maintenance and operation of hospitals, nursing homes, and domiciliary facilities; for furnishing, as authorized by law, inpatient and outpatient care and treatment to beneficiaries of the Veterans Administration, including care and treatment in facilities not under the jurisdiction of the Veterans Administration, and furnishing recreational facilities, supplies and equipment; funeral, burial and other expenses incidental thereto for beneficiaries receiving care in Veterans Administration facilities; repairing, altering, improving or providing facilities in the several hospitals and homes under the jurisdiction of the Veterans Administration, not otherwise provided for, either by contract or by the hire of temporary employees and purchase of materials; uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901–5902); aid to State homes as authorized by law (38 U.S.C. 641); and not to exceed $2,000,000 to fund cost comparison studies as referred to in 38 U.S.C. 5010(a)(5); $9,255,694,000, plus reimbursements.

9,255,694,000

MEDICAL AND PROSTHETIC RESEARCH

For necessary expenses in carrying out programs of medical and prosthetic research and development, as authorized by law, to remain available until September 30, 1987, $191,370,000, plus reimbursements.

[1]189,264,930

MEDICAL ADMINISTRATION AND MISCELLANEOUS OPERATING EXPENSES

For necessary expenses in the administration of the medical, hospital, nursing home, domiciliary, construction and supply, research, employee education and training activities, as authorized by law, $57,119,000, plus reimbursements.

[1]53,523,691

GENERAL OPERATING EXPENSES

For necessary operating expenses of the Veterans Administration, not otherwise provided for, including uniforms or allowances there-

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[1] Reflects reductions pursuant to section 416 of this Act (see pp. 215–216).

for, as authorized by law; not to exceed $3,000 for official reception and representation expenses; cemeterial expenses as authorized by law; purchase of ten passenger motor vehicles, for use in cemeterial operations, and hire of passenger motor vehicles; and reimbursement of the General Services Administration for security guard services, and the Department of Defense for the cost of overseas employee mail; $760,060,000: *Provided,* That in the Veterans Administration not to exceed 53 full-time equivalent employment shall be available for the Office of Planning and Program Evaluation.

[1]$736,864,340

CONSTRUCTION, MAJOR PROJECTS

For constructing, altering, extending and improving any of the facilities under the jurisdiction or for the use of the Veterans Administration, or for any of the purposes set forth in sections 1004, 1006, 5002, 5003, 5006, 5008, 5009, and 5010 of title 38, United States Code, including planning, architectural and engineering services, and site acquisition, where the estimated cost of a project is $2,000,000 or more or where funds for a project were made available in a previous major project appropriation, $507,360,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That, except for advance planning of projects funded through the advance planning fund and the design of projects funded through the Design Fund, none of these funds shall be used for any project which has not been considered and approved by the Congress in the budgetary process: *Provided further,* That funds provided in the appropriation "Construction, major projects" for fiscal year 1986, for each approved project shall be obligated (1) by the awarding of a working drawings contract by September 30, 1986 and (2) by the awarding of a construction contract by September 30, 1987: *Provided further,* That the Administrator shall promptly report in writing to the Comptroller General and to the Committees on Appropriations any approved major construction project in which obligations are not incurred within the time limitations established above; and the Comptroller General shall review the report in accordance with the procedures established by section 1015 of the Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (title X of Public Law 93-344): *Provided further,* That no funds from any other account may be obligated for constructing, altering, extending, or improving a project which was approved in the budget process and funded in this account until one year after substantial completion and beneficial occupancy by the Veterans Administration of the project or any part thereof with respect to that part only: *Provided further,* That the final proviso under this heading in the Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1984 (Public Law 98-45) and the penultimate proviso under this heading in the Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-371) are hereby repealed: *Provided further,* That prior to the issuance of a bidding document for any construction contract for a project approved under this heading (excluding completion items), the director of the affected Veterans Administration medical facility must certify that the design of such project is acceptable from a patient care standpoint.

507,360,000

CONSTRUCTION, MINOR PROJECTS

For constructing, altering, extending, and improving any of the facilities under the jurisdiction or for the use of the Veterans Administration, including planning, architectural and engineering services, and site acquisition, or for any of the purposes set forth in sections 1004, 1006, 5002, 5003, 5006, 5008, 5009, and 5010 of title 38,

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[1] Reflects reductions pursuant to section 416 of this Act (see pp. 215-216).

United States Code, where the estimated cost of a project is less than $2,000,000, $144,400,000, to remain available until expended, along with unobligated balances of previous Construction, minor projects appropriations which are hereby made available for any project where the estimated cost is less than $2,000,000: *Provided,* That not more than $36,313,000 shall be available for expenses of the Office of Construction: *Provided further,* That funds in this account shall be available for (1) repairs to any of the nonmedical facilities under the jurisdiction or for the use of the Veterans Administration which are necessary because of loss or damage caused by any natural disaster or catastrophe and (2) temporary measures necessary to prevent or to minimize further loss by such causes. [1]$136,950,092 [1] *35,913,557 (limitation on administrative expenses)*

GRANTS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF STATE EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES

For grants to assist the several States to acquire or construct State nursing home and domiciliary facilities and to remodel, modify or alter existing hospital, nursing home and domiciliary facilities in State homes, for furnishing care to veterans, as authorized by law (38 U.S.C. 5031-5037), $22,000,000 to remain available until September 30, 1988. [1]21,758,000

GRANTS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF STATE VETERANS CEMETERIES

For grants to aid States in establishing, expanding or improving State veterans cemeteries as authorized by law (38 U.S.C. 1008), $3,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1988. [1]2,967,000

GRANTS TO THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

For payment to the Republic of the Philippines of grants, as authorized by law (38 U.S.C. 632), for assisting in the replacement and upgrading of equipment and in rehabilitating the physical plant and facilities of the Veterans Memorial Medical Center, $500,000, to remain available until September 30, 1987. [1]494,500

DIRECT LOAN REVOLVING FUND

During 1986, within the resources available, not to exceed $1,000,000 in gross obligations for direct loans is authorized for specially adapted housing loans (38 U.S.C. chapter 37). [1] *989,000 (limitation on direct loans)*

LOAN GUARANTY REVOLVING FUND

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For expenses necessary to carry out Loan guaranty and insurance operations, as authorized by law (38 U.S.C. chapter 37, except administrative expenses, as authorized by section 1824 of such title), $200,000,000, to remain available until expended. 200,000,000

During 1986, the resources of the Loan guaranty revolving fund shall be available for expenses for property acquisitions, payment of participation sales insufficiencies, and other loan guaranty and insurance operations, as authorized by law (38 U.S.C. chapter 37, except administrative expenses, as authorized by section 1824 of such title): *Provided,* That the unobligated balances, including retained earnings of the Direct loan revolving fund, shall be available, during 1986, for transfer to the Loan guaranty revolving fund in such amounts as may be necessary to provide for the timely payment of obligations of such fund, and the Administrator of Veterans

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[1] Reflects reductions pursuant to section 416 of this Act (see pp. 215-216).

Affairs shall not be required to pay interest on amounts so transferred after the time of such transfer.

During 1986, with the resources available, gross obligations for direct loans and total commitments to guarantee loans are authorized in such amounts as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of the "Loan guaranty revolving fund".

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Not to exceed 5 per centum of any appropriation for 1986 for "Compensation and pensions", "Readjustment benefits", and "Veterans insurance and indemnities" may be transferred to any other of the mentioned appropriations, but not to exceed 10 per centum of the appropriations so augmented.

Appropriations available to the Veterans Administration for 1986 for salaries and expenses shall be available for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109.

No part of the appropriations in this Act for the Veterans Administration (except the appropriations for "Construction, major projects" and "Construction, minor projects") shall be available for the purchase of any site for or toward the construction of any new hospital or home.

No part of the foregoing appropriations shall be available for hospitalization or examination of any persons except beneficiaries entitled under the laws bestowing such benefits to veterans, unless reimbursement of cost is made to the appropriation at such rates as may be fixed by the Administrator of Veterans Affairs.

One or more pilot programs shall be conducted to determine the effectiveness of utilizing private contractual services to assist in the administrative collection of various types of delinquent debts or other funds due the Government.

[Total, Veterans Administration, $26,101,426,553.]

[Total, title II, Independent Agencies:

[New budget (obligational) authority (net)	*$42,520,660,609.]*
[Appropriations	*42,612,491,237.]*
[Portion applied to debt reduction	*−91,830,628.]*
[Limitation on administrative expenses	*199,254,207.]*
[Limitation on borrowing authority	*593,400,000.]*
[Limitation on direct loans	*989,000.]*

TITLE III

CORPORATIONS

Corporations and agencies of the Department of Housing and Urban Development and the Federal Home Loan Bank Board which are subject to the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, are hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to each such corporation or agency and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Act as may be necessary in carrying out the programs set forth in the budget for 1986 for such corporation or agency except as hereinafter provided: *Provided,* That collections of these corporations and agencies may be used for new loan or mortgage purchase commitments only to the extent expressly provided for in this Act (unless such loans are in support of other forms of assistance provided for in this or prior appropriation Acts), except that this proviso shall not apply to the mortgage insurance or guaranty operations of these corporations, or where loans or mortgage purchases are necessary to protect the financial interest of the United States Government.

FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK BOARD

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK BOARD

$26,877,000 (limitation on corporate funds)

Not to exceed a total of $26,877,000 shall be available for administrative expenses of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board for procurement of services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, and contracts for such services with one organization may be renewed annually, and uniforms or allowances therefor in accordance with law (5 U.S.C. 5901–5902), and said amount shall be derived from funds available to the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, including those in the Federal Home Loan Bank Board revolving fund and receipts of the Board for the current fiscal year, of which not to exceed $500,000 shall be available for purposes of training State examiners and not to exceed $1,500 shall be available for official reception and representation expenses: *Provided,* That members and alternates of the Federal Savings and Loan Advisory Council may be compensated subject to the provisions of section 7 of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, and shall be entitled to reimbursement from the Board for transportation expenses incurred in attendance at meetings of or concerned with the work of such Council and may be paid in lieu of subsistence per diem not to exceed the dollar amount set forth in 5 U.S.C. 5703: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law, and in connection with the Board's delegation of certain functions to the Federal home loan banks, the Board may transfer title of related furniture, fixtures and equipment property of record as of the date of the delegation to the banks: *Provided further,* That, notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, except for the limitation in amount hereinbefore specified, the expenses and other obligations of the Board shall be incurred, allowed, and paid in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Home Loan Bank Act of 1932, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1421–1449).

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, FEDERAL SAVINGS AND LOAN INSURANCE CORPORATION

1,440,000 (limitation on corporate funds)

Not to exceed $1,440,000 shall be available for administrative expenses, which shall be on an accrual basis and shall be exclusive of interest paid, depreciation, properly capitalized expenditures, expenses in connection with liquidation of insured institutions or activities relating to section 406(c), 407, or 408 of the National Housing Act, liquidation or handling of assets of or derived from insured institutions, payment of insurance, and action for or toward the avoidance, termination, or minimizing of losses in the case of insured institutions, legal fees and expenses and payments for expenses of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board determined by said Board to be properly allocable to said Corporation, and said Corporation may utilize and may make payments for services and facilities of the Federal home loan banks, the Federal Reserve banks, the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and other agencies of the Government: *Provided,* That, notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, except for the limitation in amount hereinbefore specified, the administrative expenses and other obligations of said Corporation shall be incurred, allowed, and paid in accordance with title IV of the Act of June 27, 1934, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1724–1730f).

[*Total, title III, Corporations (limitation on corporate funds), $28,317,000.*]

TITLE IV

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 401. Where appropriations in titles I and II of this Act are expendable for travel expenses and no specific limitation has been placed thereon, the expenditures for such travel expenses may not exceed the amounts set forth therefor in the budget estimates submitted for the appropriations: *Provided*, That this section shall not apply to travel performed by uncompensated officials of local boards and appeal boards of the Selective Service System; to travel performed directly in connection with care and treatment of medical beneficiaries of the Veterans Administration; to travel performed in connection with major disasters or emergencies declared or determined by the President under the provisions of the Disaster Relief Act of 1974; to site-related travel performed in connection with the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980; to site-related travel under the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended; or to payments to interagency motor pools where separately set forth in the budget schedules: *Provided further*, That if appropriations in titles I and II exceed the amounts set forth in budget estimates initially submitted for such appropriations, the expenditures for travel may correspondingly exceed the amounts therefor set forth in the estimates in the same proportion.

SEC. 402. Appropriations and funds available for the administrative expenses of the Department of Housing and Urban Development and the Selective Service System shall be available in the current fiscal year for purchase of uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902); hire of passenger motor vehicles; and services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109.

SEC. 403. Funds of the Department of Housing and Urban Development subject to the Government Corporation Control Act or section 402 of the Housing Act of 1950 shall be available, without regard to the limitations on administrative expenses, for legal services on a contract or fee basis, and for utilizing and making payment for services and facilities of Federal National Mortgage Association, Government National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal Financing Bank, Federal Reserve banks or any member thereof, Federal home loan banks, and any insured bank within the meaning of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1811-1831).

SEC. 404. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

SEC. 405. No funds appropriated by this Act may be expended—

(1) pursuant to a certification of an officer or employee of the United States unless—

(A) such certification is accompanied by, or is part of, a voucher or abstract which describes the payee or payees and the items or services for which such expenditure is being made, or

(B) the expenditure of funds pursuant to such certification, and without such a voucher or abstract, is specifically authorized by law; and

(2) unless such expenditure is subject to audit by the General Accounting Office or is specifically exempt by law from such audit.

SEC. 406. None of the funds provided in this Act to any department or agency may be expended for the transportation of any officer or employee of such department or agency between his domicile and his place of employment, with the exception of the Secretary of the Department of Housing and Urban Development, who, under title 5, United States Code, section 101, is exempted from such limitation.

SEC. 407. None of the funds provided in this Act may be used for payment, through grants or contracts, to recipients that do not share in the cost of conducting research resulting from proposals not specifically solicited by the government: *Provided*, That the extent of cost sharing by the recipient shall reflect the mutuality of interest of the grantee or contractor and the Government in the research.

SEC. 408. None of the funds provided in this Act may be used, directly or through grants, to pay or to provide reimbursement for payment of the salary of a consultant (whether retained by the Federal Government or a grantee) at more than the daily equivalent of the maximum rate paid for GS–18, unless specifically authorized by law.

SEC. 409. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act for personnel compensation and benefits shall be available for other object classifications set forth in the budget estimates submitted for the appropriations.

SEC. 410. None of the funds in this Act shall be used to pay the expenses of, or otherwise compensate, non-Federal parties intervening in regulatory or adjudicatory proceedings. Nothing herein affects the authority of the Consumer Product Safety Commission pursuant to section 7 of the Consumer Product Safety Act (15 U.S.C. 2056 et seq.).

SEC. 411. Except as otherwise provided under existing law or under an existing Executive order issued pursuant to an existing law, the obligation or expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for contracts for any consulting service shall be limited to contracts which are (1) a matter of public record and available for public inspection, and (2) thereafter included in a publicly available list of all contracts entered into within twenty-four months prior to the date on which the list is made available to the public and of all contracts on which performance has not been completed by such date. The list required by the preceding sentence shall be updated quarterly and shall include a narrative description of the work to be performed under each such contract.

SEC. 412. Except as otherwise provided by law, no part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be obligated or expended by any executive agency, as referred to in the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) for a contract for services unless such executive agency (1) has awarded and entered into such contract in full compliance with such Act and the regulations promulgated thereunder and (2) requires any report prepared pursuant to such contract, including plans, evaluations, studies, analyses and manuals, and any report prepared by the agency which is substantially derived from or substantially includes any report prepared pursuant to such contract, to contain information concerning (A) the contract pursuant to which the report was prepared and (B) the contractor who prepared the report pursuant to such contract.

SEC. 413. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available to implement, administer, or enforce any regulation which has been disapproved pursuant to a resolution of disapproval duly adopted in accordance with the applicable law of the United States.

SEC. 414. Except as otherwise provided in section 406, none of the funds provided in this Act to any department or agency shall be obligated or expended to provide a personal cook, chauffeur, or other personal servants to any officer or employee of such department or agency.

SEC. 415. None of the funds provided in this Act to any department or agency shall be obligated or expended to procure passenger automobiles as defined in 15 U.S.C. 2001 with an EPA estimated miles per gallon average of less than 22 miles per gallon.

SEC. 416. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, amounts otherwise provided by this Act for the following accounts and activities are reduced by the following amounts:

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

HOUSING PROGRAMS

"Congregate services", $29,700;
"Housing counseling assistance", $38,500;
"Federal housing administration fund (limitation on gross obligations for direct loans under section 230(a) of the National Housing Act, as amended)", $981,442;

COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

"Community development grants (limitation on total commitments to guarantee loans)", $2,475,000;
"Urban homesteading", $132,000;

FAIR HOUSING AND EQUAL OPPORTUNITY

"Fair housing assistance", $73,700;

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

AMERICAN BATTLE MONUMENTS COMMISSION

"Salaries and expenses", $120,494;

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

"Salaries and expenses", $6,000,000;

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

"Office of science and technology policy", $25,773;

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

"Disaster relief", $20,000,000;
"Salaries and expenses", $4,000,000;
"National flood insurance fund (appropriation)", $1,021,372;
"National flood insurance fund (transfer to 'Salaries and expenses')", $96,360;
"National flood insurance fund (transfer to 'Emergency management planning and assistance')", $503,250;
"National flood insurance fund (earmark, of transferred funds, for expenses under section 1362 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended)", $52,558;

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

"Consumer information center (appropriation)", $13,739;
"Consumer information center (limitation on administrative expenses)", $17,941;

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

"Research and program management", $5,000,000;

NATIONAL CREDIT UNION ADMINISTRATION

"Central liquidity facility (limitation on new loans)", $6,600,000;
"Central liquidity facility (limitation on administrative expenses)", $9,350;

NOTE.—The reductions shown in section 416 are reflected in the extensions and subtotals under Titles I and II of this Act.

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

"Salaries and expenses", $305,580;

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

"Office of revenue sharing, salaries and expenses", $85,800;

VETERANS ADMINISTRATION

"Medical and prosthetic research", $2,105,070;

"Medical administration and miscellaneous operating expenses", $3,595,309;

"General operating expenses", $23,195,660;

"Construction, minor projects (appropriation)", $7,449,908;

"Construction, minor projects (limitation on expenses of the office of construction)", $399,443;

"Grants for construction of State extended care facilities", $242,000;

"Grants for construction of State veterans cemeteries", $33,000;

"Grants to the Republic of the Philippines", $5,500;

"Direct loan revolving fund (limitation on direct loans)", $11,000.

SEC. 417. Any funds appropriated in a previous Act for construction grants under title II of the Clean Water Act shall be made available immediately and shall not be limited to phases or segments of previously funded projects.

This Act may be cited as the "Department of Housing and Urban Development-Independent Agencies Appropriations Act, 1986".

Approved November 25, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3038

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-212 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 99-363 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORT No. 99-129 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):

- July 24, 25, considered and passed House.
- October 17, 18, considered and passed Senate, amended.
- November 13, House agreed to conference report, receded and concurred in certain Senate amendments and in others with amendments; Senate agreed to conference report and concurred in House amendments.

Grand total, all titles:

New budget (obligational) authority (net)	$57,300,141,490	
Appropriations	(47,895,606,337)	
Portion applied to debt reduction	(−247,205,628)	
Contract authority	(9,965,607,781)	
Rescission of contract authority, indefinite	(−915,000,000)	
Authority to borrow	(601,133,000)	
Increased limitation for annual contract authority (net)	*(805,192,547)*	
Limitation on administrative expenses	*(199,254,207)*	
Limitation on annual contract authority, indefinite	*(−2,000,000)*	
Limitation on direct loans	*(721,262,558)*	
Limitation on guaranteed loans	*(128,472,525,000)*	
Limitation on corporate funds	*(219,721,000)*	
Limitation on borrowing authority	*(593,400,000)*	
Total, new budget (obligational) authority, Department of Housing and Urban Development—Independent Agencies Appropriations Act, 1986, (net)		$57,300,141,490

NOTE.—The reductions shown in section 416 are reflected in the extensions and subtotals under Titles I and II of this Act.

NOTE.—In addition to the new budget (obligational) authority for fiscal year 1986 contained in the foregoing annual appropriation act, the following additional amounts are available for the Department of Housing and Urban Development for the fiscal year:

Permanent appropriations:		
Federal funds (p. 1620)	$1,897,456,000	
Trust funds (p. 1633)	5,000	
Subtotal, additions		$1,897,461,000

Deduct amounts for offices and independent agencies transferred to Defense—Civil Functions, Departments of Health and Human Services, Treasury, and General Government totals:

Defense—Civil functions:		
Cemeterial expenses, Army (p. 199)	$14,615,442	
Department of Health and Human Services:		
Office of Consumer Affairs (p. 203)	1,988,000	
Department of the Treasury:		
Fiscal Assistance Trust Fund (p. 207)	4,185,000,000	
Office of Revenue Sharing (p. 207)	7,714,200	
General Government:		
American Battle Monuments Commission (p. 198)	10,833,506	
Consumer Product Safety Commission (p. 199)	36,000,000	
Environmental Protection Agency (pp. 199-200)	2,390,176,000	
Executive Office of the President (pp. 200-201)	3,017,227	
Federal Emergency Management Agency (pp. 201-203)	543,656,000	
General Services Administration—Consumer Information Center (p. 203)	1,235,261	
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (pp. 203-205)	7,656,000,000	
National Science Foundation (pp. 205-207)	1,523,855,000	
Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (p. 207)	17,669,000	
Selective Service System (p. 207)	27,474,420	
Veterans Administration (pp. 208-211)	26,101,426,553	
Subtotal, deductions		−42,520,660,609
Grand total, Department of Housing and Urban Development (net)		16,676,941,881

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 1986

99th Congress, H.R. 3011

[NOTE.—The Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3011) was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House on July 16, 1985. The bill passed the House on July 31, 1985, and was subsequently considered in the Senate but was not voted on by that body. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(d) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 (see pp. 357-399 for text of Sec. 101(d) of Public Law 99-190, and pp. 1745-1750 for the table VIII showing estimates and funding levels by appropriation account).]

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3011

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-205 (Comm. on Appropriations), No. 99-213 (Comm. on Rules), and No. 99-238 (Comm. on Rules).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-141 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
July 16, reported in the House.
July 18, reported from Rules.
July 30, reported from Rules.
July 31, passed House.
Sept. 24, reported in the Senate.
Oct. 31, considered in the Senate.

NOTE.—The following summary shows the amounts of new budget (obligational) authority provided for fiscal year 1986 under Sec. 101(d) of Public Law 99-190 for the programs and activities normally funded in this regular annual appropriations bill:

Grand total:		
New budget (obligational) authority (net)	[1]$1,197,621,000	
Appropriations	[1](8,097,621,000)	
Rescission	(−6,900,000,000)	
Liquidation of contract authority	*(10,300,000)*	
Liquidation on direct loans	*(16,300,000)*	
Timber receipts transfer to general fund, indefinite	*(−102,765,000)*	
By transfer	*(410,615,000)*	
Total, new budget (obligational) authority, Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill, 1986 (net)		[1, 2]$1,197,621,000

NOTE.—In addition to the new budget (obligational) authority for fiscal year 1986 provided under Sec. 101(d) of Public Law 99-190, Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986, the following additional amounts are available for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year:

Permanent appropriations:	
Federal funds (pp. 1620-1623)	$829,417,000
Trust funds (pp. 1633-1634)	460,040,000
Appropriations in legislative acts:	
Compact of Free Association, Federal funds (P.L. 99-239) (p. 1778)	87,000,000

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[1] Reflects 0.6 percent reduction in certain accounts, provided in Sec. 325 of P.L. 99-190 (see pp. 398-399, this volume).

[2] The Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3011) was not approved by the Congress. Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided through a continuing resolution (see "Note" above).

Energy and Water Development Appropriations Act, 1986: Bureau of Reclamation (pp. 177-181)	$777,915,000	
Subtotal, additions		$2,154,372,000

Deduct amounts transferred to Department of Agriculture; Department of Education; Department of Energy; Department of Health and Human Services; Department of the Treasury; and General Government totals:

Department of Agriculture:		
Forest Service (pp. 376-380)	$1,486,970,000	
Department of Education (p. 388)	67,071,000	
Department of Energy (pp. 382-386)	974,444,000	
Department of Health and Human Services (pp. 386-388)	864,859,000	
Department of the Treasury (rescission) (pp. 380-382)	6,900,000,000	
General Government:		
Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (p. 393)	1,575,000	
Commission on Fine Arts (p. 393)	380,000	
Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial Commission (p. 393)	21,000	
Holocaust Memorial Council (p. 394)	2,112,000	
National Capital Planning Commission (p. 393)	2,696,000	
National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities (pp. 391-393)	327,982,000	
Navajo-Hopi Relocation Commission (p. 388)	22,356,000	
Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation (pp. 393-394)	5,545,000	
Smithsonian Institution (pp. 388-391)	241,180,000	
Subtotal, deductions:		
Appropriations		-3,997,191,000
Rescissions		+6,900,000,000
Grand total, Department of the Interior		[1]6,254,802,000

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[1] The Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3011) was not approved by the Congress. Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided through a continuing resolution (see "Note" on page 219, this volume).

DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986

Public Law 99-178

99th Congress, H.R. 3424

December 12, 1985

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and related agencies, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATION

PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION

For expenses of administering employment and training programs, $68,155,000, together with not to exceed $42,666,000 which may be expended from the Employment Security Administration account in the Unemployment Trust Fund.

$68,155,000
42,666,000 (limitation on trust fund transfer)

TRAINING AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICES

For expenses necessary to carry into effect the Job Training Partnership Act, including the purchase and hire of passenger motor vehicles, the construction, alteration, and repair of buildings and other facilities, and the purchase of real property for training centers as authorized by the Job Training Partnership Act, $3,461,045,000 plus reimbursements, to be available for obligation for the period July 1, 1986, through June 30, 1987, including $2,000,000 for the National Commission for Employment Policy, including $3,000,000 for all activities conducted by and through the National Occupational Information Coordinating Committee under the Job Training Partnership Act, and including $10,000,000 for service delivery areas under section 101(a)(4)(A)(iii) of the Job Training Partnership Act in addition to amounts otherwise provided under sections 202 and 251(b) of the Act: *Provided,* That no funds from any other appropriation shall be used to provide meal services at or for Job Corps centers: *Provided further,* That of the funds made available for obligation for the Summer Youth Employment and Training Program for the program years 1985 and 1986 the Secretary of Labor may reserve an amount, which, when combined with

3,461,045,000

excess unexpended funds, shall not exceed fifteen percent of the total provided for the program, and allot such funds to the States so that each service delivery area receives, as nearly as possible, an amount equal to its prior year allocation for this program. For the purposes of this provision, "excess unexpended funds" shall mean for program year 1985, any amount unexpended as of September 30, 1985, in excess of 10 percent of the prior year State allotment, and for program year 1986, any amount unexpended as of September 30, 1986, in excess of 10 percent of the prior year State allotment. Reallocations of excess unexpended funds pursuant to this provision shall be accomplished by reducing, by an amount equivalent to the amount of excess unexpended funds, allotments made to the States.

COMMUNITY SERVICE EMPLOYMENT FOR OLDER AMERICANS

To carry out the activities for national grants or contracts with public agencies and public or private nonprofit organizations under paragraph (1)(A) of section 506(a) of title V of the Older Americans Act of 1965, as amended, $254,280,000. $254,280,000

To carry out the activities for grants to States under paragraph (3) of section 506(a) of title V of the Older Americans Act of 1965, as amended, $71,720,000. 71,720,000

[*Total, Community Service for Older Americans, $326,000,000.*]

FEDERAL UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS AND ALLOWANCES

For payments during the current fiscal year of benefits and payments as authorized by title II of Public Law 95-250, as amended, and of trade adjustment benefit payments and allowances, as provided by law (part I, subchapter B, chapter 2, title II of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended) $10,000,000, together with such amounts as may be necessary to be charged to the subsequent appropriation for payments for any period subsequent to September 15 of the current year: *Provided,* That amounts received or recovered pursuant to section 208(e) of Public Law 95-250 shall be available for payments.

10,000,000

STATE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICE OPERATIONS

For activities authorized by the Act of June 6, 1933, as amended (29 U.S.C. 49-491-1; 39 U.S.C. 3202(a)(1)(E)); title III of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 502-504); necessary administrative expenses for carrying out 5 U.S.C. 8501-8523, and sections 231-235 and 243-244, title II of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended; and as authorized by section 7c of the Act of June 6, 1933, as amended, necessary administrative expenses under sections 101(a)(15)(H)(ii) and 212(a)(14) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.), and section 51 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended (26 U.S.C. 51), notwithstanding section 261(f)(2)(A) of the Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, as amended, $23,600,000, together with not to exceed $2,456,240,000 which may be expended from the Employment Security Administration account in the Unemployment Trust Fund, and of which not to exceed $250,000, of the amount which may be expended from said Trust Fund for Employment Service purposes, shall be used by the Secretary of Labor to conduct a study, to be submitted to Congress prior to June 1, 1986, designed to examine the status of automation in the labor exchange process throughout the Employment Service system, and to develop recommendations (including cost estimates) necessary to ensure the most efficient and effective job matching program within each State and among the States (known as the Interstate Job Bank System), and of which $22,700,000 together with not to exceed $769,500,000 of the amount which may be expended from said trust fund shall be available for obligation for the period

23,600,000
2,456,240,000
(limitation on
trust fund
transfer)

July 1, 1986, through June 30, 1987, to fund activities under section 6 of the Act of June 6, 1933, as amended, including the cost of penalty mail made available to States in lieu of allotments for such purpose, and of which $283,532,000 shall be available only to the extent necessary to administer unemployment compensation laws to meet increased costs of administration resulting from changes in a State law or increases in the number of unemployment insurance claims filed and claims paid or increased salary costs resulting from changes in State salary compensation plans embracing employees of the State generally over those upon which the State's basic allocation was based, which cannot be provided for by normal budgetary adjustments.

ADVANCES TO THE UNEMPLOYMENT TRUST FUND AND OTHER FUNDS

For repayable advances to the Unemployment Trust Fund as authorized by sections 905(d) and 1203 of the Social Security Act, as amended, and to the Black Lung Disability Trust Fund as authorized by section 9501(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, and for nonrepayable advances to the Unemployment Trust Fund as authorized by section 8509 of title 5, United States Code, and to the "Federal unemployment benefits and allowances" account, to remain available until September 30, 1987, $465,000,000. $465,000,000

[*Total, Employment and Training Administration, $4,353,800,000.*]

LABOR-MANAGEMENT SERVICES

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for Labor-Management Services, $57,505,000. 57,505,000

PENSION BENEFIT GUARANTY CORPORATION

PENSION BENEFIT GUARANTY CORPORATION FUND

The Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation is authorized to make such expenditures, including financial assistance authorized by section 104 of Public Law 96-364, within limits of funds and borrowing authority available to such Corporation, and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended (31 U.S.C. 9104), as may be necessary in carrying out the program through September 30, 1986, for such Corporation: *Provided*, That not to exceed $33,040,000 shall be available for administrative expenses of the Corporation. *33,040,000 (limitation on trust fund transfer)*

EMPLOYMENT STANDARDS ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for the Employment Standards Administration, including reimbursement to State, Federal, and local agencies and their employees for inspection services rendered, $190,318,000, of which not to exceed $8,000,000 shall be available for obligation through September 30, 1987, for acquisition of computer equipment and software for the Federal Employees' Compensation Level II System, together with $406,000, which may be expended from the Special Fund in accordance with sections 39(c) and 44(j) of the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act. 190,318,000 *406,000 (limitation on trust fund transfer)*

SPECIAL BENEFITS

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For the payment of compensation, benefits, and expenses (except administrative expenses) accruing during the current or any prior fiscal year authorized by title V, chapter 81 of the United States Code; continuation of benefits as provided for under the head "Civilian War Benefits" in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1947; the Employees' Compensation Commission Appropriation Act, 1944; and sections 4(c) and 5(f) of the War Claims Act of 1948 (50 U.S.C. App. 2012); and 50 per centum of the additional compensation and benefits required by section 10(h) of the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act, as amended, $259,500,000, together with such amounts as may be necessary to be charged to the subsequent year appropriation for the payment of compensation and other benefits for any period subsequent to September 15 of the current year: *Provided*, That in addition there shall be transferred from the Postal Service fund to this appropriation such sums as the Secretary of Labor determines to be the cost of administration for Postal Service employees through September 30, 1986.

$259,500,000

BLACK LUNG DISABILITY TRUST FUND

For payments from the Black Lung Disability Trust Fund, $988,422,000, of which $942,868,000 shall be available until September 30, 1987, for payment of all benefits and interest on advances under subsection (c)(2) of section 9501 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, as authorized by section 9501(d) (1), (2), (4), and (7) of that Act and of which $25,481,000 shall be available for transfer to Employment Standards Administration, Salaries and Expenses, and $19,697,000 for transfer to Departmental Management, Salaries and Expenses, and $376,000 for transfer to Departmental Management, Office of Inspector General, for expenses of operation and administration of the Black Lung Benefits program as authorized by section 9501(d)(5)(A) of that Act: *Provided*, That in addition, such amounts as may be necessary may be charged to the subsequent year appropriation for the payment of compensation, other benefits, or interest on advances for any period subsequent to June 15 of the current year: *Provided further*, That in addition, such amounts shall be paid from this fund into miscellaneous receipts as the Secretary of the Treasury determines to be the administrative expenses of the Department of the Treasury for administering the fund during the current fiscal year, as authorized by section 9501(d)(5)(B) of that Act.

988,422,000

756,000
(indefinite)

[*Total, Black Lung Disability Trust Fund, $989,178,000.*]
[*Total, Employment Standards Administration, $1,438,996,000.*]

OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, $218,045,000, including not to exceed $53,021,000, which shall be the maximum amount available for grants to States under section 23(g) of the Occupational Safety and Health Act, which grants shall be no less than fifty percent of the costs of State occupational safety and health programs required to be incurred under plans approved by the Secretary under section 18 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970: *Provided*, That none of the funds appropriated under this paragraph shall be obligated or expended for the assessment of civil penalties issued for first in-

218,045,000

stance violations of any standard, rule, or regulation promulgated under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (other than serious, willful, or repeated violations under section 17 of the Act) resulting from the inspection of any establishment or workplace subject to the Act, unless such establishment or workplace is cited, on the basis of such inspection, for ten or more violations: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated under this paragraph shall be obligated or expended to prescribe, issue, administer, or enforce any standard, rule, regulation, or order under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 which is applicable to any person who is engaged in a farming operation which does not maintain a temporary labor camp and employs ten or fewer employees: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated under this paragraph shall be obligated or expended to prescribe, issue, administer, or enforce any standard, rule, regulation, order or administrative action under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 affecting any work activity by reason of recreational hunting, shooting, or fishing: *Provided further,* That no funds appropriated under this paragraph shall be obligated or expended to administer or enforce any standard, rule, regulation, or order under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 with respect to any employer of ten or fewer employees who is included within a category having an occupational injury lost work day case rate, at the most precise Standard Industrial Classification Code for which such data are published, less than the national average rate as such rates are most recently published by the Secretary, acting through the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in accordance with section 24 of that Act (29 U.S.C. 673), except—

(1) to provide, as authorized by such Act, consultation, technical assistance, educational and training services, and to conduct surveys and studies;

(2) to conduct an inspection or investigation in response to an employee complaint, to issue a citation for violations found during such inspection, and to assess a penalty for violations which are not corrected within a reasonable abatement period and for any willful violations found;

(3) to take any action authorized by such Act with respect to imminent dangers;

(4) to take any action authorized by such Act with respect to health hazards;

(5) to take any action authorized by such Act with respect to a report of an employment accident which is fatal to one or more employees or which results in hospitalization of five or more employees, and to take any action pursuant to such investigation authorized by such Act; and

(6) to take any action authorized by such Act with respect to complaints of discrimination against employees for exercising rights under such Act:

Provided further, That the foregoing proviso shall not apply to any person who is engaged in a farming operation which does not maintain a temporary labor camp and employs ten or fewer employees: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated under this paragraph shall be obligated or expended for the proposal or assessment of any civil penalties for the violation or alleged violation by an employer of ten or fewer employees of any standard, rule, regulation, or order promulgated under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (other than serious, willful or repeated violations and violations which pose imminent danger under section 13 of the Act) if, prior to the inspection which gives rise to the alleged violation, the employer cited has (1) voluntarily requested consultation under a program operated pursuant to section

7(c)(1) or section 18 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 or from a private consultative source approved by the Administration and (2) had the consultant examine the condition cited and (3) made or is in the process of making a reasonable good faith effort to eliminate the hazard created by the condition cited as such, which was identified by the aforementioned consultant, unless changing circumstances or workplace conditions render inapplicable the advice obtained from such consultants: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated under this paragraph may be obligated or expended for any State plan monitoring visit by the Secretary of Labor under section 18 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, of any factory, plant, establishment, construction site, or other area, workplace or environment where such a workplace or environment has been inspected by an employee of a State acting pursuant to section 18 of such Act within the six months preceding such inspection: *Provided further,* That this limitation does not prohibit the Secretary of Labor from conducting such monitoring visit at the time and place of an inspection by an employee of a State acting pursuant to section 18 of such Act, or in order to investigate a complaint about State program administration including a failure to respond to a worker complaint regarding a violation of such Act, or in order to investigate a discrimination complaint under section 11(c) of such Act, or as part of a special study monitoring program, or to investigate a fatality or catastrophe: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated under this paragraph may be obligated or expended for the inspection, investigation, or enforcement of any activity occurring on the Outer Continental Shelf which exceeds the authority granted to the Occupational Safety and Health Administration by any provision of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act, or the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act Amendments of 1978.

MINE SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for the Mine Safety and Health Administration, $151,679,000, including purchase and bestowal of certificates and trophies in connection with mine rescue and first-aid work, and the purchase of not to exceed fifty-two passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; the Secretary is authorized to accept lands, buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public and private sources and to prosecute projects in cooperation with other agencies, Federal, State, or private; the Mine Safety and Health Administration is authorized to promote health and safety education and training in the mining community through cooperative programs with States, industry, and safety associations; and any funds available to the Department may be used, with the approval of the Secretary, to provide for the costs of mine rescue and survival operations in the event of major disaster: *Provided,* That none of the funds appropriated under this paragraph shall be obligated or expended to carry out section 115 of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 or to carry out that portion of section 104(g)(1) of such Act relating to the enforcement of any training requirements, with respect to shell dredging, or with respect to any sand, gravel, surface stone, surface clay, colloidal phosphate, or surface limestone mine.

$151,679,000

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for the Bureau of Labor Statistics, including advances or reimbursements to State, Federal, and local agen-

cies and their employees for services rendered, $158,640,000, of which $13,258,000 shall be for expenses of revising the Consumer Price Index, together with not to exceed $36,309,000, which may be expended from the Employment Security Administration account in the Unemployment Trust Fund: *Provided,* That $5,848,000 shall remain available until September 30, 1987.

$158,640,000

36,309,000 (limitation on trust fund transfer)

Departmental Management

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for Departmental Management, including $2,136,000 for the President's Committee on Employment of the Handicapped, $99,303,000, together with not to exceed $252,000 which may be expended from the Employment Security Administration account in the Unemployment Trust Fund.

99,303,000

252,000 (limitation on trust fund transfer)

ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR VETERANS EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING

Not to exceed $132,975,000 may be derived from the Employment Security Administration account in the Unemployment Trust Fund to carry out the provisions of 38 U.S.C. 2001–08 and 2021–26.

132,975,000 (limitation on trust fund transfer)

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

For salaries and expenses of the Office of the Inspector General in carrying out the provisions of the Inspector General Act of 1978, $38,730,000, together with not to exceed $3,231,000 which may be expended from the Employment Security Administration account in the Unemployment Trust Fund.

38,730,000

3,231,000 (limitation on trust fund transfer)

SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM

For payments in foreign currencies which the Treasury Department determines to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States, for necessary expenses of the Department of Labor, as authorized by law, $47,000, to remain available until expended. This appropriation shall be available in addition to other appropriations to such agency for payments in foreign currencies.

47,000

[*Total, Departmental Management, $138,080,000.*]

General Provisions

Sec. 101. Appropriations in this Act available for salaries and expenses shall be available for supplies, services, and rental of conference space within the District of Columbia, as the Secretary of Labor shall deem necessary for settlement of labor-management disputes.

Sec. 102. None of the funds appropriated under this Act shall be used to grant variances, interim orders or letters of clarification to employers which will allow exposure of workers to chemicals or other workplace hazards in excess of existing Occupational Safety and Health Administration standards for the purpose of conducting experiments on workers' health or safety.

This title may be cited as the "Department of Labor Appropriation Act, 1986".

[*Total title I, Department of Labor:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority*	*$6,516,745,000.*]
[*Definite*	*6,515,989,000.*]
[*Indefinite*	*756,000.*]
[*Limitation on trust fund transfers*	*2,705,119,000.*]

TITLE II—DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES

For carrying out titles III, IV, VII, VIII, XV, XVI, XIX, and XXI of the Public Health Service Act, and section 427(a) of the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act, and title V of the Social Security Act, $1,360,434,000, of which $500,000 shall be available for assistance to two-year schools of medicine or osteopathy under section 788(a) of the Public Health Service Act; of which $2,600,000 shall be available for grants under section 371 of the Public Health Service Act; of which $5,000,000 shall be for construction of and equipment for outpatient medical facilities under section 1610(b), of which $3,300,000 shall be available only for payments to the State of Hawaii for care and treatment of persons afflicted with Hansen's disease; of which $750,000 to be available until expended, shall be used to renovate the National Hansen's Disease Center; of which $5,000,000 shall be to establish geriatric educational units under section 788(b) of the Public Health Service Act; and of which $1,200,000 shall remain available until expended for interest subsidies on loan guarantees made prior to fiscal year 1981 under part B of title VII of the Public Health Service Act: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall be available for payment of the costs of medical care, related expenses, and burial expenses hereafter incurred by or on behalf of any person who has participated in the study of untreated syphilis initiated in Tuskegee, Alabama, in 1932, in such amounts and subject to such terms and conditions as prescribed by the Secretary of Health and Human Services and for payment, in such amounts and subject to such terms and conditions, of such costs and expenses hereafter incurred by or on behalf of such person's wife or offspring determined by the Secretary to have suffered injury or disease from syphilis contracted from such person: *Provided further*, That when the Department of Health and Human Services administers or operates an employee health program for any Federal department or agency, payment for the full estimated cost shall be made by way of reimbursement or in advances to this appropriation: *Provided further*, That during the fiscal year, and within the resources and authority available under section 338 of the Public Health Service Act, gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans under sections 335(c), 338C(e)(1), and 338E of that Act shall not exceed $1,000,000: *Provided further*, That none of the funds made available by this Act shall be used to provide special retention pay (bonuses) under paragraph (4) of 37 U.S.C. 302(a) to any regular or reserve officer of the Public Health Service for any period during which the officer is providing obligated service under section 338B (or under former sections 225(e) or 752) of the Public Health Service Act except that this proviso shall not apply to any period of service covered by an agreement entered into by an officer under 37 U.S.C. 302(c)(1) before the date of enactment of Public Law 97-377: *Provided further*, That in addition to the amounts provided herein, $15,750,000 shall be available to the Health Resources and Services Administration from reimbursements from other Federal Agencies and Departments for the operation of employee occupational health programs under 5 U.S.C. 7901: *Provided further*, That no funds appropriated to carry out the Public Health Service Act may be used to award grants to, enter into new contracts or cooperative agreements with, or otherwise assist, a State, or any agency

[1] $1,355,434,000

1,000,000
(limitation on direct loans)

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect reductions in certain appropriations provided in Title IV of this Act (see pp. 246-247).

thereof, to administer, or monitor the operation of, or operate (except as provided in section 329(h)(2) and 330(g)(3)) any program supported under section 329 or 330, or title XIX-C, of the Public Health Service Act: *Provided further,* That during fiscal year 1986, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall enter into commitments to guarantee loans, under subpart 1 of part C of title VII of the Public Health Service Act, to students who have not previously received loans guaranteed thereunder, and to students who have previously received loans guaranteed thereunder, except that the total of commitments so authorized may not exceed the sum of $275,000,000 plus any uncommitted balances of loan guarantee authority provided for any prior fiscal year which remain available for fiscal year 1986. *$275,000,000 (limitation on guaranteed loans)*

MEDICAL FACILITIES GUARANTEE AND LOAN FUND

FEDERAL INTEREST SUBSIDIES FOR MEDICAL FACILITIES

For carrying out subsections (d) and (e) of section 1602 of the Public Health Service Act, $25,000,000 together with any amounts received by the Secretary in connection with loans and loan guarantees under title VI of the Public Health Service Act, to be available without fiscal year limitation for the payment of interest subsidies. During the fiscal year no commitments for direct loans, or loan guarantees shall be made. 25,000,000

HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION LOAN AND LOAN GUARANTEE FUND

Any amounts received by the Secretary in connection with loans and loan guarantees under title XIII of the Public Health Service Act, and not to exceed $700,000, may be disbursed with respect to any liability or contingent liability incurred prior to 1985. *700,000 (limitation on direct loans)*

[*Total, Health Resources and Services Administration, $1,380,434,000.*]

CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL

DISEASE CONTROL

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

To carry out titles III and XIX and section 1102 of the Public Health Service Act, sections 101, 102, 103, 201, 202, and 203 of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977, and sections 20, 21, and 22 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970; including insurance of official motor vehicles in foreign countries; and hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft, $471,861,000, of which **$3,797,000 shall remain available until expended for equipment and construction and renovation of facilities, and of which $6,900,000 shall remain available until September 30, 1987 for the purchase and distribution of drugs, and of which $2,000,000 shall be used to establish, maintain, and operate a twenty-four-hour telephone hotline which permits calls to be made without charge to the caller, which provides general information concerning acquired immune deficiency syndrome and information concerning medical services and housing facilities for individuals with such syndrome, and which refers such individuals to counseling services: *Provided,* That training of employees of private agencies shall be made subject to reimbursement or advances to this appropriation for the full cost of such training: *Provided further,* That not to exceed $1,266,000 in collections from user fees, including collections from training and reimbursements and advances for the full cost of proficiency testing of private clinical laboratories, may be credited to this appropria-** 471,861,000

tion: *Provided further,* That $10,000,000 shall be derived from unobligated balances provided under Public Law 94-266 for national influenza immunization: *Provided further,* That $1,000,000 shall be used for studies of designer or synthetic drug use.

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH

NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE

For carrying out section 301 and title IV of the Public Health Service Act with respect to cancer, $1,258,159,000. $1,258,159,000

NATIONAL HEART, LUNG, AND BLOOD INSTITUTE

For carrying out section 301, title IV, and section 1105 of the Public Health Service Act with respect to cardiovascular, lung, and blood diseases, and blood and blood products, $859,572,000. 859,572,000

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF DENTAL RESEARCH

For carrying out section 301 and title IV of the Public Health Service Act with respect to dental diseases, $103,377,000. 103,377,000

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ARTHRITIS, DIABETES, AND DIGESTIVE AND KIDNEY DISEASES

For carrying out section 301 and title IV of the Public Health Service Act with respect to arthritis, diabetes, and digestive and kidney diseases, $569,597,000. 569,597,000

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF NEUROLOGICAL AND COMMUNICATIVE DISORDERS AND STROKE

For carrying out section 301 and title IV of the Public Health Service Act with respect to neurological and communicative disorders and stroke, $433,595,000. 433,595,000

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ALLERGY AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES

For carrying out section 301 and title IV of the Public Health Service Act with respect to allergy and infectious diseases, $383,717,000. 383,717,000

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF GENERAL MEDICAL SCIENCES

For carrying out section 301 and title IV of the Public Health Service Act with respect to general medical sciences, $514,814,000. 514,814,000

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF CHILD HEALTH AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

For carrying out section 301 and title IV of the Public Health Service Act with respect to child health and human development, $321,972,000. 321,972,000

NATIONAL EYE INSTITUTE

For carrying out section 301 and part F of title IV of the Public Health Service Act with respect to eye diseases and visual disorders, $195,168,000. 195,168,000

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SCIENCES

For carrying out sections 301 and 311, and title IV, of the Public Health Service Act with respect to environmental health sciences, $197,686,000. 197,686,000

NATIONAL INSTITUTE ON AGING

For carrying out section 301 and title IV of the Public Health Service Act with respect to aging, $156,592,000. $156,592,000

RESEARCH RESOURCES

For carrying out section 301 and section 472 of the Public Health Service Act with respect to research resources and general research support grants, $305,696,000: *Provided*, That none of these funds, with the exception of funds for the Minority Biomedical Research Support program, shall be used to pay recipients of the general research support grants program any amount for indirect expenses in connection with such grants. 305,696,000

JOHN E. FOGARTY INTERNATIONAL CENTER

For carrying out the activities at the John E. Fogarty International Center, $11,568,000, of which $1,999,000 shall be available for payment to the Gorgas Memorial Institute for maintenance and operation of the Gorgas Memorial Laboratory. 11,568,000

NATIONAL LIBRARY OF MEDICINE

For carrying out section 301 with respect to health information communications and part I of title III of the Public Health Service Act, $57,956,000. 57,956,000

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

For carrying out the responsibilities of the Office of the Director, National Institutes of Health, $117,085,000, including purchase of not to exceed ten passenger motor vehicles for replacement only. 117,085,000

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

For construction of, and acquisition of sites and equipment for, facilities of or used by the National Institutes of Health, $14,900,000, to remain available until expended. 14,900,000

[*Total, National Institutes of Health, $5,498,454,000*]. [1]–3,000,000 *(reduction)*

ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE, AND MENTAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE, AND MENTAL HEALTH

For carrying out the Public Health Service Act with respect to mental health, drug abuse, alcohol abuse, and alcoholism, $958,860,000 of which $100,000 for design, modernization, and improvement of government owned or leased intramural research facilities shall remain available until expended: *Provided*, That in addition to amounts provided herein, $10,000,000 shall be available for carrying out activities for protection and advocacy for mentally ill persons, to become available upon enactment of authorizing legislation. 958,860,000 10,000,000

[*Total, Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health, $968,860,000.*]

FEDERAL SUBSIDY FOR SAINT ELIZABETHS HOSPITAL

For a portion of the cost of the maintenance and operation of Saint Elizabeths Hospital in the District of Columbia $43,696,000: *Provided*, That in fiscal year 1986 and thereafter the maximum amount available to Saint Elizabeths Hospital from Federal sources shall not exceed the total of the following amounts: the appropriations made under this heading, amounts billed to Federal agencies 43,696,000

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[1] Reduction in administrative expenses not distributed by account.

and entities by the Secretary of Health and Human Services for services provided at Saint Elizabeths Hospital, and amounts authorized by titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act: *Provided further,* That this amount shall not include Federal funds appropriated to the District of Columbia under "Federal Payment to the District of Columbia" and payments made pursuant to section 9(c) of Public Law 98-621: *Provided further,* That the Secretary of Health and Human Services may set rates which in the aggregate do not exceed the estimated total cost of inpatient and outpatient services provided through Saint Elizabeths Hospital as authorized by title 16, sections 2315 and 2320, title 21, sections 511, 513, 522, 545, 902, and 1116, and title 24, sections 301 and 302 of the District of Columbia Code, and may bill and collect from (prospectively or otherwise) individuals, the District of Columbia and other entities for any services so provided: *Provided further,* That the Secretary of Health and Human Services may set rates which in the aggregate do not exceed the estimated total cost of inpatient and outpatient services provided through Saint Elizabeths Hospital as authorized by title 24, sections 191, 196, 211, 212, 222, 253, and 324, title 31, section 1535, and title 42, sections 249 and 251 of the United States Code, and may bill and collect (prospectively or otherwise) from individuals, and Federal agencies, and other entities for any services so provided. Amounts so collected shall be credited to the appropriation for Saint Elizabeths Hospital and shall remain available until expended.

[*Total, Alcohol, Drug Abuse and Mental Health Administration, $1,012,556,000.*]

Office of Assistant Secretary for Health

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE MANAGEMENT

For the expenses necessary for the Office of Assistant Secretary for Health and for carrying out title III of the Public Health Service Act, $91,541,000, together with not to exceed $1,050,000 to be transferred and expended as authorized by section 201(g) of the Social Security Act, from the Federal Hospital Insurance and the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Funds referred to therein and, in addition, amounts collected by the National Center for Health Statistics from the sale of data tapes shall be credited to this appropriation and shall remain available until expended.

[1]$89,541,000
1,050,000
(limitation on trust fund transfer)

RETIREMENT PAY AND MEDICAL BENEFITS FOR COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

For retirement pay and medical benefits of Public Health Service Commissioned Officers as authorized by law, and for payments under the Retired Serviceman's Family Protection Plan and Survivor Benefit Plan and for medical care of dependents and retired personnel under the Dependents' Medical Care Act (10 U.S.C., ch. 55), such amounts as may be required during the current fiscal year.

[2]80,941,000
(indefinite)

[*Total, Assistant Secretary for Health, $170,482,000.*]

[*Total, Public Health Service:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority*	*$8,533,787,000.*]
[*Definite*	*8,452,846,000.*]
[*Indefinite*	*80,941,000.*]
[*Limitation on trust fund transfer*	*1,050,000.*]
[*Limitation on direct loans*	*1,700,000.*]
[*Limitation on guaranteed loans*	*275,000,000.*]

Health Care Financing Administration

GRANTS TO STATES FOR MEDICAID

For carrying out, except as otherwise provided, title XIX of the Social Security Act, $17,918,000,000, to remain available until expended.

17,918,000,000

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect reductions in certain appropriations provided in Title IV of this Act (see pp. 246–247).

[2] Budget authority used, if any, to be reported in subsequent year.

For making, after May 31, 1986, payments to States under title XIX of the Social Security Act, for the last quarter of fiscal year 1986 for unanticipated costs, incurred for the current fiscal year, such sums as may be necessary.

[1]*(and indefinite)*

Payment under title XIX may be made for any quarter beginning after June 30, 1985, and before October 1, 1986, with respect to any State plan or plan amendment in effect during any such quarter, if submitted in, or prior to such quarter and approved in that or any such subsequent quarter.

For making payments to States under title XIX of the Social Security Act for the first quarter of fiscal year 1987, $6,500,000,000, to remain available until expended.

$6,500,000,000 *(advance appropriation, fiscal year 1987)*

PAYMENTS TO HEALTH CARE TRUST FUNDS

For payment to the Federal Hospital Insurance and the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Funds, as provided under sections 217(g), 229(b) and 1844 of the Social Security Act, sections 103(c) and 111(d) of the Social Security Amendments of 1965, and section 278(d) of Public Law 97-248, $18,854,000,000.

18,854,000,000

PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

For carrying out, except as otherwise provided, titles XI, XVIII, and XIX of the Social Security Act, $89,533,000, together with not to exceed $1,176,785,000 to be transferred to this appropriation as authorized by section 201(g) of the Social Security Act, from the Federal Hospital Insurance and the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Funds referred to therein: *Provided,* That in addition, $15,000,000 shall similarly be derived by transfer from said trust funds and shall be expended only to the extent necessary to process workloads not anticipated in the budget estimates and to meet unanticipated costs of agencies or organizations with which agreements have been made to participate in the administration of title XVIII and after maximum absorption of such costs within the remainder of the existing limitation has been achieved.

89,533,000
1,176,785,000 (limitation on trust fund transfer)
15,000,000 (limitation on trust fund transfer)

[Total, Health Care Financing Administration:	
[New budget (obligational) authority	*$43,361,533,000.]*
[Fiscal year 1986	*36,861,533,000.]*
[Fiscal year 1987	*6,500,000,000.]*
[Limitation on trust fund transfer	*1,191,785,000.]*

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

PAYMENTS TO SOCIAL SECURITY TRUST FUNDS

For payment to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Funds, as provided under sections 201(m), 217(g), 228(g), 229(b), and 1131(b)(2) of the Social Security Act and section 152 of Public Law 98-21, $497,008,000.

497,008,000

SPECIAL BENEFITS FOR DISABLED COAL MINERS

For carrying out title IV of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977, including the payment of travel expenses on an actual cost or commuted basis, to an individual, for travel incident to medical examinations, and to parties, their representatives, and all reasonably necessary witnesses for travel within the United States, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, to reconsideration interviews and to proceedings before administrative law judges, $727,908,000 to remain available until expended. For making, after July 31, of the current fiscal year, benefit payments to individuals under title IV of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977, for costs incurred

727,908,000
[1]*(and indefinite)*
[2]−11,730,000

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[1] Budget authority used, if any, to be reported in subsequent year.

[2] Appropriated in fiscal year 1985 as "indefinite".

in the current fiscal year, such amounts as may be necessary.

For making benefit payments under title IV of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 for the first quarter of fiscal year 1987, $270,000,000, to remain available until expended.

$270,000,000 *(advance appropriation, fiscal year 1987)*

[*Total, special benefits for disabled coal miners (net), $986,178,000.*]

SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME PROGRAM

For carrying out the Supplemental Security Income Program, section 401 of Public Law 92-603, section 212 of Public Law 93-66, as amended, and section 405 of Public Law 95-216, including payment to the social security trust funds for administrative expenses incurred pursuant to section 201(g)(1) of the Social Security Act, $7,712,089,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That any portion of the funds provided to a State in the current fiscal year and not obligated by the State during that year shall be returned to the Treasury. For making, after July 31 of the current fiscal year, benefit payments to individuals under title XVI of the Social Security Act, for unanticipated costs incurred for the current fiscal year, such sums as may be necessary.

7,712,089,000 [1]*(and indefinite)*

[2] –409,194,000

For carrying out the Supplemental Security Income Program for the first quarter of fiscal year 1987, $2,339,250,000, to remain available until expended.

2,339,250,000 *(advance appropriation, fiscal year 1987)*

[*Total, supplemental security income (net), $9,642,145,000.*]

ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS PROGRAM

For carrying out, except as otherwise provided, titles I, IV-A and -D, X, XI, XIV, and XVI of the Social Security Act and the Act of July 5, 1960 (24 U.S.C., ch. 9), $6,859,578,000, to remain available until expended.

6,859,578,000

[2] –908,910,000

For making, after May 31 of the current fiscal year, payments to States under titles I, IV-A and -D, X, XIV, and XVI of the Social Security Act, for the last three months of the current fiscal year, for unanticipated costs, incurred for the current fiscal year, such sums as may be necessary.

For making payments to States under titles I, IV-A and -D, X, XIV, and XVI of the Social Security Act for the first quarter of fiscal year 1987, $2,193,754,000, to remain available until expended.

2,193,754,000 *(advance appropriation, fiscal year 1987)*

[*Total, assistance payments program (net), $8,144,422,000.*]

CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT

For carrying out, except as otherwise provided, titles IV-D and XI of the Social Security Act, $432,601,000, to remain available until expended.

432,601,000

For making, after May 31 of the current fiscal year, payments to States under title IV-D of the Social Security Act, for the last three months of the current fiscal year, for unanticipated costs, incurred for the current fiscal year, such sums as may be necessary.

For making payments to States under title IV-D of the Social Security Act for the first quarter of fiscal year 1987, $170,750,000, to remain available until expended.

170,750,000 *(advance appropriation, fiscal year 1987)*

[*Total, child support enforcement (net), $603,351,000.*]

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[1] Budget authority used, if any, to be reported in subsequent year.

[2] Appropriated in fiscal year 1985 as "indefinite".

LOW INCOME HOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE

For carrying out title XXVI of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981, $2,100,000,000. $2,100,000,000

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, not more than $3,992,486,000 may be expended, as authorized by section 201(g)(1) of the Social Security Act, from any one or all of the trust funds referred to therein: *Provided*, That travel expense payments under section 1631(h) of such Act may be made only when travel of more than seventy-five miles is required: *Provided further*, That $145,000,000 of the foregoing amount shall be apportioned for use only to the extent necessary to process workloads not anticipated in the budget estimates, for automation projects and their impact on the work force, and to meet mandatory increases in costs of agencies or organizations with which agreements have been made to participate in the administration of titles XVI and XVIII and section 221 of the Social Security Act, and after maximum absorption of such costs within the remainder of the existing limitation has been achieved: *Provided further*, That $182,939,000 for automatic data processing and telecommunications activities shall remain available until expended: *Provided further*, That none of the funds appropriated by this Act may be used for the manufacture, printing, or procuring of social security cards, as provided in section 205(c)(2)(D) of the Social Security Act, where paper and other materials used in the manufacture of such cards are produced, manufactured, or assembled outside of the United States.

3,992,486,000 (limitation on administrative expenses)

[Total, Social Security Administration:

[New budget (obligational) authority	*$21,973,104,000.]*
[Fiscal year 1986	*16,999,350,000.]*
[Fiscal year 1987	*4,973,754,000.]*
[Limitation on administrative expenses	*3,992,486,000.]*

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

SOCIAL SERVICES BLOCK GRANT

For carrying out the Social Services Block Grant Act, $2,700,000,000. 2,700,000,000

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

For carrying out, except as otherwise provided, the Older Americans Act of 1965, the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act, the Native Americans Programs Act, the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act, the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act, chapter 8-D of title VI-A of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 (pertaining to grants to States for planning and development of dependent care programs), the Family Violence Prevention and Services Act (title III of Public Law 98-457), and the Head Start Act, $2,015,922,000: *Provided*, That $76,349,000 shall be the maximum amount available for Indian and migrant Head Start programs for fiscal year 1986. 2,015,922,000

FAMILY SOCIAL SERVICES

For carrying out parts B and E of title IV and section 1110 of the Social Security Act, and title II of Public Law 95-266 (adoption opportunities), $790,237,000. [1]777,237,000

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect reductions in certain appropriations provided in Title IV of this Act (see pp. 246-247).

WORK INCENTIVES

For carrying out a work incentive program, as authorized by part C of title IV of the Social Security Act, including registration of individuals for such programs, and for related child care and other supportive services, as authorized by section 402(a)(19)(G) of the Act, including transfer to the Secretary of Labor, as authorized by section 431 of the Act, $220,000,000 which shall be the maximum amount available for transfer to the Secretary of Labor and to which the States may become entitled pursuant to section 403(d) of such Act, for these purposes.

$220,000,000

[*Total, Assistant Secretary for Human Development Services, $5,713,159,000.*]

OFFICE OF COMMUNITY SERVICES

COMMUNITY SERVICES BLOCK GRANT

For carrying out the Community Services Block Grant Act, $372,435,000, of which $19,920,000 shall be for carrying out section 681(a)(2)(A), $4,050,000 shall be for carrying out section 681(a)(2)(D), $3,035,000 shall be for carrying out section 681(a)(2)(E), and $6,130,000 shall be for carrying out section 681(a)(2)(F).

[1]370,300,000

DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT

GENERAL DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided, for general departmental management, including hire of six medium sedans, $139,949,000 together with not to exceed $8,000,000 to be transferred and expended as authorized by section 201(g)(1) of the Social Security Act from any one or all of the trust funds referred to therein, of which $16,000,000 shall be for the award of grants, under the authority of section 301 of the Public Health Service Act, for four projects demonstrating the delivery of health care services to victims of acquired immune deficiency syndrome, to be conducted by entities located, and providing services to persons residing, in those four standard metropolitan statistical areas having the highest concentration of persons suffering the syndrome: *Provided*, That an additional amount of $4,500,000 shall be transferred from amounts available to the National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, for construction, which additional amount shall be used by the Secretary under the contract provisions of section 301(a)(7) of the Public Health Service Act for construction of the Mary Babb Randolph Cancer Center in West Virginia.

139,949,000
8,000,000
(limitation on trust fund transfer)

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

For expenses necessary for the Office of the Inspector General, $42,219,000 together with not to exceed $30,000,000 to be transferred and expended as authorized by section 201(g)(1) of the Social Security Act from any one or all of the trust funds referred to therein.

42,219,000
30,000,000
(limitation on trust fund transfer)

OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS

For expenses necessary for the Office for Civil Rights, $16,000,000 together with not to exceed $4,000,000 to be transferred and expended as authorized by section 201(g)(1) of the Social Security Act from any one or all of the trust funds referred to therein.

16,000,000
4,000,000
(limitation on trust fund transfer)

POLICY RESEARCH

For carrying out, to the extent not otherwise provided, research studies under section 1110 of the Social Security Act, $6,500,000.

6,500,000

[*Total, Departmental Management, $204,668,000.*]

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect reductions in certain appropriations provided in Title IV of this Act (see pp. 246–247).

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 201. None of the funds appropriated by this title for grants-in-aid of State agencies to cover, in whole or in part, the cost of operation of said agencies, including the salaries and expenses of officers and employees of said agencies, shall be withheld from the said agencies of any State which have established by legislative enactment and have in operation a merit system and classification and compensation plan covering the selection, tenure in office, and compensation of their employees, because of any disapproval of their personnel or the manner of their selection by the agencies of the said States, or the rates of pay of said officers or employees.

SEC. 202. Funds appropriated in this Act for the National Institutes of Health shall be used to support no fewer than 6,100 new and competing research projects.

SEC. 203. Appropriations in this Act for the Health Resources and Services Administration, the National Institutes of Health, the Centers for Disease Control, the Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration, the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Health, the Health Care Financing Administration, and Departmental Management shall be available for expenses for active commissioned officers in the Public Health Service Reserve Corps and for not to exceed two thousand four hundred and fifty commissioned officers in the Regular Corps; expenses incident to the dissemination of health information in foreign countries through exhibits and other appropriate means; advances of funds for compensation, travel, and subsistence expenses (or per diem in lieu thereof) for persons coming from abroad to participate in health or scientific activities of the Department pursuant to law; expenses of primary and secondary schooling of dependents in foreign countries, of Public Health Service commissioned officers stationed in foreign countries, at costs for any given area not in excess of those of the Department of Defense for the same area, when it is determined by the Secretary that the schools available in the locality are unable to provide adequately for the education of such dependents, and for the transportation of such dependents, between such schools and their places of residence when the schools are not accessible to such dependents by regular means of transportation; expenses for medical care for civilian and commissioned employees of the Public Health Service and their dependents, assigned abroad on a permanent basis in accordance with such regulations as the Secretary may provide; rental or lease of living quarters (for periods not exceeding five years), and provision of heat, fuel, and light and maintenance, improvement, and repair of such quarters, and advance payments therefor, for civilian officers, and employees of the Public Health Service who are United States citizens and who have a permanent station in a foreign country; purchase, erection, and maintenance of temporary or portable structures; and for the payment of compensation to consultants or individual scientists appointed for limited periods of time pursuant to section 207(f) or section 207(g) of the Public Health Service Act, at rates established by the Assistant Secretary for Health, or the Secretary where such action is required by statute, not to exceed the per diem rate equivalent to the rate for GS–18; not to exceed $9,500 for official reception and representation expenses related to any health agency of the Department when specifically approved by the Assistant Secretary for Health.

SEC. 204. None of the funds contained in this Act shall be used to perform abortions except where the life of the mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to term.

SEC. 205. Funds advanced to the National Institutes of Health Management Fund from appropriations in this Act shall be available for the expenses of sharing medical care facilities and resources pursuant to section 327A of the Public Health Service Act.

SEC. 206. Funds appropriated in this title for the Social Security Administration and the Office of Child Support Enforcement shall be available for not to exceed $5,000 for official reception and representation expenses related to income maintenance or child support enforcement activities of the Department when specifically approved by the Commissioner of Social Security.

SEC. 207. Funds appropriated in this title for the Health Care Financing Administration shall be available for not to exceed $2,000 for official reception and representation expenses when specifically approved by the Administrator of the Health Care Financing Administration.

SEC. 208. No funds appropriated for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, by this or any other Act, may be used to pay basic pay, special pays, basic allowance for subsistence and basic allowances for quarters of the commissioned corps of the Public Health Service described in section 204 of title 42, United States Code, at a level that exceeds 110 percent of the Executive Level I annual rate of basic pay: *Provided*, That amounts received from employees of the Department in payment for room and board may be credited to the appropriation accounts "Health Resources and Services", National Institutes of Health "Office of the Director", "Disease Control", and "Federal Subsidy for Saint Elizabeths Hospital".

SEC. 209. None of the funds appropriated in this title shall be used to transfer the general administration of programs authorized under the Native American Programs Act from the Department of Health and Human Services to the Department of the Interior.

SEC. 210. Funds provided in this Act may be used for one-year contracts which are to be performed in two fiscal years, so long as the total amount for such contracts is obligated in the year for which the funds are appropriated.

SEC. 211. Pursuant to section 264 of title 42, United States Code, funds provided in this Act for research into the causes and transmission of the acquired immune deficiency syndrome disease may be used by the Surgeon General for closing or quarantining as a public health hazard any bathhouse or massage parlor which in his judgment pursuant to law can be determined to facilitate the transmission or spread of the AIDS epidemic.

This title may be cited as the "Department of Health and Human Services Appropriation Act, 1986".

[Total, title II, Department of Health and Human Services:

[New budget (obligational) authority	*$80,156,551,000.]*
[Appropriations, fiscal year 1986	*68,682,797,000.]*
[Definite	*68,601,856,000.]*
[Indefinite	*80,941,000.]*
[Appropriations, fiscal year 1987	*11,473,754,000.]*
[Limitation on administrative expenses	*3,992,486,000.]*
[Limitation on trust fund transfers	*1,234,835,000.]*
[Limitation on direct loans	*1,700,000.]*
[Limitation on loan guarantees	*275,000,000.]*

TITLE III—DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

COMPENSATORY EDUCATION FOR THE DISADVANTAGED

$3,688,163,000

For carrying out chapter 1 of the Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981, as amended, $3,688,163,000, of which $5,246,000 shall be used for purposes of section 555(d) of said Act to provide technical assistance and evaluate programs, and the remaining $3,682,917,000 shall become available on July 1, 1986, and remain available until September 30, 1987: *Provided*, That of these remaining funds, no funds shall be used for purposes of section 554(a)(1)(B), $264,524,000 shall be available for purposes of section 554(a)(2)(A), $150,170,000 shall be available for purposes of sec-

tion 554(a)(2)(B), $32,616,000 shall be available for purposes of section 554(a)(2)(C) and $35,607,000 shall be available for purposes of section 554(b)(1)(D).

For carrying out section 418A of the Higher Education Act, $7,500,000. $7,500,000

[*Total, Compensatory Education for the Disadvantaged, $3,695,663,000.*]

IMPACT AID

For carrying out title I of the Act of September 30, 1950, as amended (20 U.S.C. ch. 13), $675,000,000, of which $22,000,000 shall be for entitlements under section 2 of said Act, $10,000,000, which shall remain available until expended, shall be for payments under section 7 of said Act and $643,000,000 shall be for entitlements under section 3 of said Act of which $513,000,000 shall be for entitlements under section 3(a) of said Act: *Provided*, That payment with respect to entitlements under section 3(a) to any local educational agency described in section 3(d)(1)(A) of said Act shall be at 100 per centum of entitlement except that payment to such agency attributable to children who reside on property which is described in section 403(1)(C) of said Act shall be limited to 15 per centum of entitlement: *Provided further*, That payment with respect to entitlements under section 3(a) to any local educational agency not described in section 3(d)(1)(A) shall be ratably reduced from 100 per centum of entitlement except that payment to such agency attributable to children who reside on property which is described in section 403(1)(C) shall be ratably reduced from 15 per centum of entitlement: *Provided further*, That payment with respect to entitlements under section 3(b) of said Act to any local educational agency in which 20 per centum or more of the total average daily attendance is made up of children determined eligible under section 3(b) shall be at 60 per centum of entitlement and payment with respect to entitlements under section 3(b) of said Act to any local educational agency in which less than 20 per centum of the total average daily attendance is made up of children determined eligible under section 3(b) shall be ratably reduced from 100 per centum of entitlement: *Provided further*, That the provisions of section 5(c) of said Act shall not apply to funds provided herein: *Provided further*, That no payments shall be made under section 7 of said Act to any local educational agency whose need for assistance under that section fails to exceed the lesser of $10,000 or 5 per centum of the district's current operating expenditures during the fiscal year preceding the one in which the disaster occurred: *Provided further*, That in determining entitlements under section 3 of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, Eighty-first Congress), the local contribution rate for each local educational agency shall not be more than the local contribution rate for that agency for fiscal year 1985: *Provided further*, That in the case of a local educational agency that did not have a local contribution rate for fiscal year 1985, the Secretary shall base such agency's fiscal year 1986 payment on a local contribution rate the agency could have received for fiscal year 1985. 675,000,000

For carrying out the Act of September 23, 1950, as amended (20 U.S.C. ch. 19), $20,000,000 which shall remain available until expended, shall be for providing school facilities as authorized by said Act, of which $8,500,000 shall be for awards under section 10 of said Act, $8,500,000 shall be for awards under sections 14(a) and 14(b) of said Act, and $3,000,000 shall be for awards under sections 5 and 14(c) of said Act. [1] 17,500,000

[*Total, Impact Aid, $692,500,000.*]

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect reductions in certain appropriations provided in Title IV of this Act (see pp. 246–247).

SPECIAL PROGRAMS

For carrying out the consolidated programs and projects authorized under chapter 2 of the Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981, as amended, $531,909,000, of which $31,909,000 shall be for programs and projects authorized under subchapter D of said Act, including $10,700,000 for programs and projects authorized under subsection 583(a)(1) of said Act; $6,052,000 shall be used for awards, which, except for educational television programming, are not to exceed a cumulative amount of $1,000,000 to any recipient for national impact demonstration or research projects; $7,000,000 for activities authorized under subsection 583(b)(1) of said Act; $3,157,000 for programs authorized under subsection 583(b)(2) of said Act; $3,000,000 for programs authorized under subsection 583(b)(3) of said Act; and $2,000,000 for activities authorized under subsection 583(b)(4) of said Act: *Provided,* That $500,000,000 to carry out the State block grant program authorized under chapter 2 of said Act shall become available for obligation on July 1, 1986, and shall remain available until September 30, 1987. [1] $528,909,000

For grants to State educational agencies and desegregation assistance centers authorized under section 403 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, $24,000,000. 24,000,000

For carrying out activities authorized under title IX, part C of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, $6,000,000. 6,000,000

For carrying out activities authorized under section 1524 of the Education Amendments of 1978, $5,000,000. 5,000,000

For carrying out activities authorized under section 1525 of the Education Amendments of 1978, $2,000,000. 2,000,000

For carrying out activities authorized under Public Law 92-506, as amended, $1,700,000: *Provided,* That said sum shall become available on July 1, 1986, and shall remain available until September 30, 1987. 1,700,000

For carrying out the provisions of title VII of the Education for Economic Security Act, relating to magnet schools assistance, $75,000,000: *Provided,* That not more than $4,000,000 in the fiscal year may be paid to any single eligible local educational agency. 75,000,000

For carrying out the provisions of title VI of the Education for Economic Security Act, $2,500,000 to remain available until expended. 2,500,000

For carrying out activities authorized under the Follow Through Act, $7,500,000. 7,500,000

For carrying out the provisions of title II of the Education for Economic Security Act, $50,000,000 to become available on July 1, 1986, and remain available until September 30, 1987. [1] 45,000,000

For carrying out the provisions of title IX of Public Law 98-558, $7,500,000, to become available July 1, 1986, and to remain available until September 30, 1987. 7,500,000

[*Total, Special Programs, $705,109,000.*]

BILINGUAL EDUCATION

For carrying out, to the extent not otherwise provided, title VII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, title VI of the Education Amendments of 1984, and title IV, part E of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act, $172,951,000, of which $5,000,000 shall be for section 732 of title VII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act and $30,000,000 shall be for the Emergency Immigrant Education Program authorized by title VI of the Education Amendments of 1984. 172,951,000

[*Total, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, $5,266,233,000.*]

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect reductions in certain appropriations provided in Title IV of this Act (see pp. 246-247).

EDUCATION FOR THE HANDICAPPED

For carrying out the Education of the Handicapped Act, $1,411,000,000, of which $1,215,550,000 for section 611 and $30,000,000 for section 619 shall become available for obligation on July 1, 1986, and shall remain available until September 30, 1987: *Provided*, That $500,000 of the amounts available under this heading for part F of the Education of the Handicapped Act shall be available for the Theater of the Deaf. $1,411,000,000

REHABILITATION SERVICES AND HANDICAPPED RESEARCH

For carrying out, to the extent not otherwise provided, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Helen Keller National Center Act, and the International Health Research Act of 1960, $1,362,000,000, of which $1,188,708,000 shall be for allotments under section 100(b)(1) of the Rehabilitation Act, $1,292,000 shall be for activities under section 110(b)(3) of the Rehabilitation Act, $2,200,000 shall be for special recreational programs under section 316 of the Rehabilitation Act, and $4,300,000 shall be for continued operation of the Helen Keller National Center for Deaf-Blind Youths and Adults. 1,362,000,000

For special demonstration programs for the severely disabled, under section 311 of the Rehabilitation Act, $20,200,000, of which $750,000 shall be available for a grant to South Carolina to pay the full cost of the construction of the Comprehensive Medical Rehabilitation Center to be located in Columbia, South Carolina.

From the remainder of amounts appropriated to carry out the Rehabilitation Act, $5,000,000, to remain available until expended, shall be available, in accordance with section 311 of the Rehabilitation Act, for a grant to the Oregon Hearing Institute, in Portland, Oregon, to pay the full cost of the research activities, and the construction and renovation associated with those activities.

The amounts to carry out title VI-B (pertaining to projects with industry and business opportunities for handicapped individuals) and title VII-B (pertaining to Centers for Independent Living) of the Rehabilitation Act shall be used to assist only those entities assisted thereunder during fiscal year 1985, except for any portion of such amounts made available due either to the failure of any such entity to apply for continued funding or a determination by the Commissioner that there is a substantial failure of any such entity to comply with provisions of its approved application.

[*Total, Office of Special Education and Rehabilitation Services, $2,773,000,000.*]

VOCATIONAL AND ADULT EDUCATION

For carrying out, to the extent not otherwise provided, the Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act, and the Adult Education Act, $940,777,000 which shall become available for obligation on July 1, 1986, and shall remain available until September 30, 1987: *Provided,* That $10,000,000 shall be available for title IV, parts A and C of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act including $6,000,000 for section 404 of said title: *Provided further,* That $7,300,000 shall be available for State advisory councils under section 112 of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act shall be used to provide to each State an amount equal to the amount it received in the previous fiscal year: *Provided further,* That no State shall receive less under title II of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act than it received in the previous year: *Provided further,* That $101,963,000 for the Adult Education Act shall be used to provide to each State an amount equal to the amount it received under said Act in the previous year: *Provided further,* That $2,300,000 shall be made 940,777,000 available for the National Occupational Information Coordinating Committee: *Provided further,* That $7,500,000 shall be made available to carry out title III-A of that Act and $31,633,000 shall be made available for title III-B of that Act.

STUDENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

For carrying out subparts 1, 2, and 3 of part A, and parts C and E of title IV of the Higher Education Act, as amended, $4,887,000,000 which shall remain available until September 30, 1987, of which $412,500,000 shall be available for carrying out subpart 2 of part A of title IV of the Higher Education Act: *Provided,* That amounts appropriated for Pell Grants shall be available first to meet any insufficiencies in entitlements resulting from the payment schedule for Pell Grants published by the Secretary of Education for the 1985–86 academic year: *Provided further,* That pursuant to section 411(b)(4)(A) of the Higher Education Act, amounts appropriated herein for Pell Grants which exceed the amounts required to meet the payment schedule published for any fiscal year by 15 per centum or less shall be carried forward and merged with amounts appropriated for the next fiscal year: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding sections 411(a)(2)(A)(i) and 411(b)(5) of the Higher Education Act, the maximum Pell grant a student may receive in the 1986–87 academic year shall be $2,100: *Provided further,* That the cost of attendance criteria used for calculating eligibility for and the amount of the Pell Grants for academic year 1986–87 shall be the same as the cost of attendance criteria used for academic year 1985–86: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding section 413D(a), subsections (a) and (b) of section 462, and subsections (a), (b), (c), and (e) of section 442, of that Act, the Secretary shall apportion funds among the States so that each State's apportionment under the Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program, the National Direct Student Loan Program, and the Work-Study Program bears the same ratio to the total amount appropriated under each program as that State's apportionment in fiscal year 1981 for each program bears to the total amount appropriated for fiscal year 1981 for each program: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding sections 413D(b)(1)(B)(ii) and 446(a) of that Act, from each jurisdiction's allotment of funds under each program, the Secretary shall allocate sums to institutions in that jurisdiction that did not receive an allocation in fiscal year 1979 (award year 1979–80) under each program in a manner that will most effectively carry out the purposes of the Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program and the Work-Study Program: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding section 413D(b)(1)(B)(ii)(II) of the Higher Education Act, the provisions of clause (I) of section 413D(b)(1)(B)(ii) of such Act shall apply to the amount made available for Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants under this heading.

$4,887,000,000

GUARANTEED STUDENT LOANS

For necessary expenses under title IV, part B of the Higher Education Act, $3,300,000,000 to remain available until expended.

3,300,000,000

HIGHER EDUCATION

For carrying out title III of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, $141,208,000, of which $23,208,000 for the endowment grant program under section 333 of title III of said Act shall remain available until September 30, 1987: *Provided,* That not less than $45,741,000 of funds appropriated for title III of said Act shall be available only to historically black colleges and universities.

141,208,000

For carrying out subpart 4 of part A of title IV; titles VI, VII, VIII, and X, parts B, C, D, and E of title IX; and sections 420, 734, and 1204(c) of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended; title XIII, part H, subpart 1 of the Education Amendments of 1980; and section 102(b)(6) of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961, $293,030,000, of which $23,500,000 made available for interest subsidy grants under section 734 of the Higher Education Act and $10,000,000 made available for undergraduate and graduate facilities grants under part B of title VII of said Act shall remain available until expended: *Provided further,* That sections 922(b)(2) and 922(e)(2) and the funding limitations set forth in section 922(e) of the Higher Education Act shall not apply to funds in this Act.

$293,030,000

For carrying out title V, section 501 of the Human Services Reauthorization Act, Public Law 98-558, not to exceed $6,000,000 to remain available until September 30, 1987: *Provided,* That the Federal share of the cost of the facility shall not exceed 50 percent.

6,000,000

For carrying out the provisions of part E of title V of the Higher Education Act of 1965, relating to the Carl D. Perkins Scholarship Program, $10,000,000 to remain available until expended.

10,000,000

[*Total, Higher Education, $450,238,000.*]

HIGHER EDUCATION FACILITIES LOANS AND INSURANCE

For the payment of principal and interest, including interest insufficiencies, as authorized by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare Appropriation Act, 1968, on account of outstanding beneficial interests or participations held by the Government National Mortgage Association, as trustee, on behalf of the Department of Education, and issued pursuant to the Participation Sales Act of 1966 (section 302(c) of the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act (12 U.S.C. 1717(c)), and for the payment of interest to the Treasury as required by title VII, part C, section 733(b)(2) of the Higher Education Act, as amended (20 U.S.C. 1132d-2(b)(2)), $17,996,000, to remain available until expended. The Secretary is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds available under this heading and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitation, as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act (31 U.S.C. 9104), as may be necessary in carrying out the program set forth in the budget for the current fiscal year. For the fiscal year 1986, no new commitments for loans may be made from the fund established pursuant to title VII, section 733 of the Higher Education Act, as amended (20 U.S.C. 1132d-2).

17,996,000

COLLEGE HOUSING LOANS

The aggregate amount of commitments for loans made from the fund established pursuant to title IV of the Housing Act of 1950, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1749), for the fiscal year 1986 shall not exceed the total of loan repayments and other income available during such period, less operating costs. Payments of interest insufficiencies for the fiscal year 1986 as may be required by the Government National Mortgage Association, as trustee, on account of outstanding beneficial interests or participations issued pursuant to the Participation Sales Act of 1966 (section 302(c) of the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1717(c))) shall be made from the fund established pursuant to title IV of the Housing Act of 1950, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1749-1749c) using loan repayments and other income available during such fiscal year. During the fiscal year 1986 and within the resources and authority available, gross commitments for the principal amount of direct loans shall be $60,000,000.

60,000,000
(limitation on
direct loans)

[*Total, Office of Postsecondary Education, $8,655,234,000.*]

EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

For necessary expenses to carry out sections 405 and 406 of the General Education Provisions Act, as amended, $59,978,000. $59,978,000

LIBRARIES

For carrying out, to the extent not otherwise provided, titles I, II, III, IV, and VI of the Library Services and Construction Act (20 U.S.C., ch. 16); and title II, part B except section 224, and part C of the Higher Education Act, notwithstanding the provisions of section 221, $130,000,000: *Provided,* That $25,000,000 of the sums appropriated shall be used to carry out the provisions of title II of the Library Services and Construction Act and shall remain available until expended and $5,000,000 of the sums so appropriated shall be used to carry out title VI of the Library Services and Construction Act. [1] 127,500,000

[*Total, Office of Educational Research and Improvement, $187,478,000.*]

SPECIAL INSTITUTIONS

AMERICAN PRINTING HOUSE FOR THE BLIND

For carrying out the Act of March 3, 1879, as amended (20 U.S.C. 101–106), including provision of materials to adults undergoing rehabilitation on the same basis as provided in 1985, $5,500,000. 5,500,000

NATIONAL TECHNICAL INSTITUTE FOR THE DEAF

For carrying out the National Technical Institute for the Deaf Act (20 U.S.C. 681 et seq.), $32,000,000. 32,000,000

GALLAUDET COLLEGE

For carrying out the Model Secondary School for the Deaf Act (80 Stat. 1027) and for the partial support of Gallaudet College authorized by the Act of June 18, 1954 (68 Stat. 265), including continuing education activities, existing extension centers and the National Center for Law and the Deaf, $62,000,000. 62,000,000

HOWARD UNIVERSITY

For partial support of Howard University (20 U.S.C. 121 et seq.), $164,230,000, of which $2,000,000 shall be for an endowment matching grant in accordance with policies and procedures as appropriate for comparable grants under the Challenge Grant Amendments of 1983 (Public Law 98–95) and shall remain available until expended. 164,230,000

[*Total, Special Institutions, $263,730,000.*]

DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For carrying out, to the extent not otherwise provided, the Department of Education Organization Act, including rental of conference rooms in the District of Columbia and hire of three passenger motor vehicles, $225,867,000. 225,867,000

OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS

For expenses necessary for the Office for Civil Rights, as authorized by section 203 of the Department of Education Organization Act, $44,580,000. 44,580,000

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect reductions in certain appropriations provided in Title IV of this Act (see pp. 246–247).

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

For expenses necessary for the Office of the Inspector General, as authorized by section 212 of the Department of Education Organization Act, $15,312,000. $15,312,000

[*Total, Departmental Management, $285,759,000.*]

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 301. None of the funds appropriated by this title for grants-in-aid of State agencies to cover, in whole or in part, the cost of operation of said agencies, including the salaries and expenses of officers and employees of said agencies, shall be withheld from the said agencies of any State which have established by legislative enactment and have in operation a merit system and classification and compensation plan covering the selection, tenure in office, and compensation of their employees, because of any disapproval of their personnel or the manner of their selection by the agencies of the said States, or the rates of pay of said officers or employees.

SEC. 302. Funds appropriated in this Act to the American Printing House for the Blind, Howard University, the National Technical Institute for the Deaf, and Gallaudet College shall be subject to audit by the Secretary of Education.

SEC. 303. No part of the funds contained in this title may be used to force any school or school district which is desegregated as that term is defined in title IV of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Public Law 88-352, to take any action to force the busing of students; to force on account of race, creed or color the abolishment of any school so desegregated; or to force the transfer or assignment of any student attending any elementary or secondary school so desegregated to or from a particular school over the protest of his or her parents or parent.

SEC. 304. (a) No part of the funds contained in this title shall be used to force any school or school district which is desegregated as that term is defined in title IV of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Public Law 88-352, to take any action to force the busing of students; to require the abolishment of any school so desegregated; or to force on account of race, creed or color the transfer of students to or from a particular school so desegregated as a condition precedent to obtaining Federal funds otherwise available to any State, school district or school.

(b) No funds appropriated in this Act may be used for the transportation of students or teachers (or for the purchase of equipment for such transportation) in order to overcome racial imbalance in any school or school system, or for the transportation of students or teachers (or for the purchase of equipment for such transportation) in order to carry out a plan of racial desegregation of any school or school system.

SEC. 305. None of the funds contained in this Act shall be used to require, directly or indirectly, the transportation of any student to a school other than the school which is nearest the student's home, except for a student requiring special education, to the school offering such special education, in order to comply with title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. For the purpose of this section an indirect requirement of transportation of students includes the transportation of students to carry out a plan involving the reorganization of the grade structure of schools, the pairing of schools, or the clustering of schools, or any combination of grade restructuring, pairing or clustering. The prohibition described in this section does not include the establishment of magnet schools.

SEC. 306. No funds appropriated under this Act may be used to prevent the implementation of programs of voluntary prayer and meditation in the public schools.

SEC. 307. Section 402(c) of the Housing Act of 1950 is amended by striking out in clause (9) "October 1, 1985" and inserting in its place "October 1, 1986".

This title may be cited as the "Department of Education Appropriation Act, 1986".

[Total, title III, Department of Education and Special Institutions:
[New budget (obligational) authority .... $18,372,201,000.]
[Limitation on direct loans .... 60,000,000.]

TITLE IV—RELATED AGENCIES

ACTION

OPERATING EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for Action to carry out the provisions of the Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4951 et seq.), $151,287,000, of which $19,000,000 shall be available to carry out title I, part A of said Act.

$151,287,000

CORPORATION FOR PUBLIC BROADCASTING

PUBLIC BROADCASTING FUND

For payment to the Corporation for Public Broadcasting, as authorized by the Communications Act of 1934, an amount which shall be available within limitations specified by that Act, for the fiscal year 1988, $214,000,000: *Provided,* That no funds made available to the Corporation for Public Broadcasting by this Act shall be used to pay for receptions, parties, or similar forms of entertainment for government officials or employees: *Provided further,* That none of the funds contained in this paragraph shall be available or used to aid or support any program or activity from which any person is excluded, or is denied benefits, or is discriminated against, on the basis of race, color, national origin, religion, or sex: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, amounts otherwise provided by this Act for the following accounts and activities are reduced by the following amounts:

214,000,000 *(appropriation for fiscal year 1988)*

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES

"National Health Service Corps", $5,000,000;

[1] *−5,000,000 (reduction)*

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH

"Research management and support", $3,000,000;

[1] *−3,000,000 (reduction)*

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR HEALTH

"Health statistics", $2,000,000;

[1] *−2,000,000 (reduction)*

FAMILY SOCIAL SERVICES

"Child welfare services authorized by title IV, part B of the Social Security Act", $13,000,000;

[1] *−13,000,000 (reduction)*

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[1] These reductions were made by House (committee) amendment during House adoption of Conference Report and are reflected in the extended figures and subtotals under Titles II and III of this Act.

OFFICE OF COMMUNITY SERVICES

"Community services block grant, discretionary funds", $2,135,000, of which $1,570,000 applies to section 681(a)(2)(A), $330,000 applies to section 681(a)(2)(D), and $235,000 applies to section 681(a)(2)(E);

[1] *–$2,135,000 (reduction)*

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

IMPACT AID

"School construction authorized by the Act of September 23, 1950", $2,500,000, of which $1,000,000 applies to section 10, $1,000,000 applies to section 14(a) and 14(b), and $500,000 applies to section 5 and 14(c) of said Act;

[1] *–2,500,000 (reduction)*

SPECIAL PROGRAMS

"National impact demonstration or research projects (except educational television programming) authorized under subchapter D of chapter 2 of the Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981", $3,000,000;

[1] *–3,000,000 (reduction)*

"Activities authorized by title II of the Education for Economic Security Act", $5,000,000;

[1] *–5,000,000 (reduction)*

LIBRARIES

"Library construction authorized by title II of the Library Services and Construction Act", $2,500,000.

[1] *–2,500,000 (reduction)*

[*Total, reductions, $38,135,000.*]

FEDERAL MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service to carry out the functions vested in it by the Labor-Management Relations Act, 1947 (29 U.S.C. 171-180, 182), including expenses of the Labor-Management Panel and boards of inquiry appointed by the President, hire of passenger motor vehicles, and rental of conference rooms in the District of Columbia; and for expenses necessary pursuant to Public Law 93-360 for mandatory mediation in health care industry negotiation disputes and for convening factfinding boards of inquiry appointed by the Director in the health care industry; and for expenses necessary for the Labor-Management Cooperation Act of 1978 (29 U.S.C. 125a); and for expenses necessary for the Service to carry out the functions vested in it by the Civil Service Reform Act, Public Law 95-454 (5 U.S.C. chapter 71), $23,394,000.

23,394,000

FEDERAL MINE SAFETY AND HEALTH REVIEW COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Federal Mine Safety and Health Review Commission (30 U.S.C. 801 et seq.), $3,815,000.

3,815,000

NATIONAL CENTER FOR THE STUDY OF AFRO-AMERICAN HISTORY AND CULTURE

For necessary expenses for the National Center for the Study of Afro-American History and Culture Act (title II, Public Law 96-430), $200,000.

200,000

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[1] These reductions were made by House (committee) amendment during House adoption of Conference Report and are reflected in the extended figures and subtotals under Titles II and III of this Act.

National Commission on Libraries and Information Science

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for the National Commission on Libraries and Information Science, established by the Act of July 20, 1970 (Public Law 91-345), $690,000.

$690,000

National Council on the Handicapped

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the National Council on the Handicapped as authorized by section 405 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, $765,000.

765,000

National Labor Relations Board

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the National Labor Relations Board to carry out the functions vested in it by the Labor-Management Relations Act, 1947, as amended (29 U.S.C. 141-167), and other laws, $134,854,000: *Provided,* That no part of this appropriation shall be available to organize or assist in organizing agricultural laborers or used in connection with investigations, hearings, directives, or orders concerning bargaining units composed of agricultural laborers as referred to in section 2(3) of the Act of July 5, 1935 (29 U.S.C. 152), and as amended by the Labor-Management Relations Act, 1947, as amended, and as defined in section 3(f) of the Act of June 25, 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203), and including in said definition employees engaged in the maintenance and operation of ditches, canals, reservoirs, and waterways when maintained or operated on a mutual, nonprofit basis and at least 95 per centum of the water stored or supplied thereby is used for farming purposes.

134,854,000

National Mediation Board

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Railway Labor Act, as amended (45 U.S.C. 151-188), including emergency boards appointed by the President, $6,358,000.

6,358,000

Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For the expenses necessary for the Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission, $5,901,000.

5,901,000

Prospective Payment Assessment Commission

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary to carry out section 601 of Public Law 98-21, $2,893,000 to be transferred to this appropriation from the Federal Hospital Insurance and the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Funds.

2,893,000
(trust fund transfer)

Railroad Retirement Board

DUAL BENEFITS PAYMENTS ACCOUNT

For payment to the Dual Benefits Payments Account, authorized under section 15(d) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, $392,000,000 which shall be credited to the account in 12 approximately equal amounts on the first day of each month in the fiscal year. $392,000,000

FEDERAL PAYMENT TO THE RAILROAD RETIREMENT ACCOUNTS

For payment to the accounts established in the Treasury for the payment of benefits under the Railroad Retirement Act for unnegotiated checks, $2,200,000 which shall be the maximum amount available for payments pursuant to section 417 of Public Law 98-76: *Provided,* That these funds shall remain available through September 30, 1987. 2,200,000

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATION

For expenses necessary for the Railroad Retirement Board, $55,422,000 to be derived from the railroad retirement accounts: *Provided,* That such portion of the foregoing amount as may be necessary shall be available for the payment of personnel compensation and benefits for not less than 1,199 full-time equivalent employees: *Provided further,* That $500,000 of the foregoing amount shall be available only to the extent necessary to process workloads not anticipated in the budget estimates and after maximum absorption of the costs of such workloads within the remainder of the existing limitation has been achieved: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law, no portion of this limitation shall be available for payments of standard level user charges pursuant to section 210(j) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended (40 U.S.C. 490(j); 45 U.S.C. 228a-r). *55,422,000 (trust fund limitation)*

LIMITATION ON RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ADMINISTRATION FUND

For further expenses necessary for the Railroad Retirement Board, for administration of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, not less than $16,487,000 shall be apportioned for fiscal year 1986 from moneys credited to the railroad unemployment insurance administration fund, and of this amount $1,280,000 shall be derived from contributions credited to the railroad unemployment insurance account and shall be credited to the railroad unemployment insurance administration fund as authorized by section 11(a)(iv) of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act: *Provided,* That such portion of the foregoing amount as may be necessary shall be available for the payment of personnel compensation and benefits for not less than 379 full-time equivalent employees. *16,487,000 (trust fund limitation)*

Soldiers' and Airmen's Home

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

For maintenance and operation of the United States Soldiers' and Airmen's Home, to be paid from the Soldiers' and Airmen's Home permanent fund, $33,391,000: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall not be available for the payment of hospitalization of members of the Home in United States Army hospitals at rates in excess of those prescribed by the Secretary of the Army upon recommendation of the Board of Commissioners and the Surgeon General of the Army. 33,391,000

CAPITAL OUTLAY

For construction and renovation of the physical plant, to be paid from the Soldiers' and Airmen's Home permanent fund, $15,000,000, to remain available until expended. $15,000,000

[*Total, title IV, Related agencies:*	
[*New budget (obligational) authority*	*$983,855,000.*]
[*Appropriations, fiscal year 1986*	*769,855,000.*]
[*Appropriations, fiscal year 1988*	*214,000,000.*]
[*Trust fund limitations*	*71,909,000.*]
[*Trust fund transfer*	*2,893,000.*]

TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 501. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

SEC. 502. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be expended by any executive agency, as referred to in the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 401 et seq.), pursuant to any obligation for services by contract, unless such executive agency has awarded and entered into such contract in full compliance with such Act and regulations promulgated thereunder.

SEC. 503. Appropriations contained in this Act, available for salaries and expenses, shall be available for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109 but at rates for individuals not to exceed the per diem rate equivalent to the rate for GS–18.

SEC. 504. Appropriations contained in this Act, available for salaries and expenses, shall be available for uniforms or allowances therefor as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901–5902).

SEC. 505. Appropriations contained in this Act, available for salaries and expenses, shall be available for expenses of attendance at meetings which are concerned with the functions or activities for which the appropriation is made or which will contribute to improved conduct, supervision, or management of those functions or activities.

SEC. 506. No part of the funds appropriated under this Act shall be used to provide a loan, guarantee of a loan, a grant, the salary of or any remuneration whatever to any individual applying for admission, attending, employed by, teaching at, or doing research at an institution of higher education who has engaged in conduct on or after August 1, 1969, which involves the use of (or the assistance to others in the use of) force or the threat of force or the seizure of property under the control of an institution of higher education, to require or prevent the availability of certain curricula, or to prevent the faculty, administrative officials, or students in such institution from engaging in their duties or pursuing their studies at such institution.

SEC. 507. The Secretaries of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education are authorized to transfer unexpended balances of prior appropriations to accounts corresponding to current appropriations provided in this Act: *Provided,* That such transferred balances are used for the same purpose, and for the same periods of time, for which they were originally appropriated.

SEC. 508. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

SEC. 509. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used, other than for normal and recognized executive-legislative relationships, for publicity or propaganda purposes, for the preparation, distribution, or use of any kit, pamphlet, booklet, publication, radio, television, or film presentation designed to support or defeat legislation pending before the Congress, except in presentation to the Congress itself.

No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or expenses of any grant or contract recipient, or agent acting for such recipient, related to any activity designed to influence legislation or appropriations pending before the Congress.

SEC. 510. The Secretaries of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education are each authorized to make available not to exceed $7,500 from funds available for salaries and expenses under titles I, II, and III, respectively, for official reception and representation expenses; the Director of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service is authorized to make available for official reception and representation expenses not to exceed $2,500 from the funds available for "Salaries and expenses, Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service"; and the Chairman of the National Mediation Board is authorized to make available for official reception and representation expenses not to exceed $2,500 from funds available for "Salaries and expenses, National Mediation Board".

SEC. 511. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be used to pay for any research program or project or any program, project, or course which is of an experimental nature, or any other activity involving human participants, which is determined by the Secretary or a court of competent jurisdiction to present a danger to the physical, mental, or emotional well-being of a participant or subject of such program, project, or course, without the written, informed consent of each participant or subject, or a participant's parents or legal guardian, if such participant or subject is under eighteen years of age. The Secretary shall adopt appropriate regulations respecting this section.

SEC. 512. None of the funds provided in this Act to any department or agency may be expended for the transportation of any officer or employee of such department or agency between his domicile and his place of employment, with the exception of the Secretaries of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and medical officers and other health personnel on out-patient medical service who are exempted from such limitations under 31 U.S.C. 1344.

SEC. 513. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, no funds appropriated by this Act may be used to execute or carry out any contract with a non-governmental entity to administer or manage a Civilian Conservation center of the Job Corps which was not under such a contract as of September 1, 1984.

SEC. 514. Upon the enactment of the Compact of Free Association, amounts appropriated by this Act for Federal financial assistance to the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands shall be available only for the Republic of Palau, but only in amounts that such Republic would have received had the Compact not been enacted.

This Act may be cited as the "Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1986".

Approved December 12, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3424

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-289 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 99-402 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-151 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
- Oct. 2, considered and passed House.
- Oct. 21, 22, considered and passed Senate, amended.
- Dec. 5, House agreed to conference report; receded and concurred in certain Senate amendments and in others with amendments.
- Dec. 6, Senate agreed to conference report; concurred in House amendments.

Grand total, titles I, II, III, and IV:	
New budget (obligational) authority (net)	[1] $106,029,352,000
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986	(94,341,598,000)
Definite	(94,259,901,000)
Indefinite	(81,697,000)
Appropriations, fiscal year 1987	(11,473,754,000)
Appropriations, fiscal year 1988	(214,000,000)
Limitation on direct loans	*(61,700,000)*
Limitation on guaranteed loans	*(275,000,000)*
Trust fund limitations	*(71,909,000)*
Limitation on trust fund transfers	*(3,939,954,000)*
Trust fund transfer	*(2,893,000)*
Limitation on administrative expenses	*(3,992,486,000)*
Total new budget (obligational) authority, Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1986 (net)	[1] $106,029,352,000

NOTE.—In addition to the new budget (obligational) authority for fiscal year 1986 contained in the foregoing annual appropriation act, the following additional amounts are available for the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education for the fiscal year:

Permanent appropriations:	
Federal Funds (pp. 1619-1620)	$13,050,367,000
Trust Funds (pp. 1632-1635)	323,937,152,000
Appropriations in legislative acts:	
Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, trust funds (P.L. 99-107) (p. 1779)	10,000,000
Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund, trust funds (P.L. 99-107) (p. 1779)	−65,000,000
Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, trust funds, (P.L. 99-155) (p. 1779)	5,000,000
Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund, trust funds (P.L. 99-155) (p. 1779)	−39,000,000
Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, trust funds (P.L. 99-201) (p. 1779)	18,000,000
Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund, trust funds (P.L. 99-201) (p. 1779)	−111,000,000
Advance appropriations for fiscal year 1986 made during previous sessions of Congress:	
98th Cong., 2d session:	
Health Care Financing Administration: Grants to states for Medicaid (p. 205, 1984-1985 volume)	[2] *(5,980,000,000)*
Social Security Administration:	
Special benefits for disabled coal miners (p. 206, 1984-1985 volume)	[2] *(270,000,000)*
Supplemental security income program (p. 206, 1984-1985 volume)	[2] *(2,345,769,000)*
Assistance payments program (p. 206, 1984-1985 volume)	[2] *(2,095,000,000)*
Child support enforcement (p. 207, 1984-1985 volume)	[2] *(160,000,000)*
Department of Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986: Food and Drug Administration (pp. 119-120)	430,967,000

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[1] Reflects reduction of $38,135,000 pursuant to Title IV of this Act (see pp. 246-247 this volume). These reductions were made by House (committee) amendment during House adoption of Conference Report.

[2] Also included under "Permanent appropriations, Federal funds".

Department of HUD—Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1986: Office of Consumer Affairs (p. 203)	$1,988,000	
Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill, 1986:		
Department of Health and Human Services: Indian Health Services and Facilities (pp. 386–388)	864,859,000	
Department of Education: Indian Education (p. 388)	67,071,000	
Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986 (P.L. 99-190):		
Employment and Training Administration (p. 445)	26,000,000	
Health Resources and Services Administration (p. 445)	142,500,000	
Office of Assistant Secretary for Health (p. 445)	14,863,000	
Social Security Administration (p. 445)	427,861,000	
Higher Education (p. 445)	5,000,000	
Subtotal, additions (net)		$338,786,628,000

Deduct advance appropriations for fiscal years 1987 and 1988 and amounts transferred to the General Government and Defense—Civil functions totals:

Advance appropriations for fiscal year 1987:		
Department of Health and Human Services:		
Health Care Financing Administration: Grants to States for Medicaid (p. 233)	$6,500,000,000	
Social Security Administration:		
Special benefits for disabled coal miners (p. 234)	270,000,000	
Supplemental security income program (p. 234)	2,339,250,000	
Assistance payments program (p. 234)	2,193,754,000	
Child support enforcement (p. 234)	170,750,000	
Advance appropriation for fiscal year 1988:		
Corporation for Public Broadcasting (p. 246)	214,000,000	
General Government:		
ACTION (p. 246)	151,287,000	
Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service (p. 247)	23,394,000	
Federal Mine Safety and Health Review Commission (p. 247)	3,815,000	
National Center for the Study of Afro-American History and Culture (p. 247)	200,000	
National Commission on Libraries and Information Science (p. 248)	690,000	
National Council on the Handicapped (p. 248)	765,000	
National Labor Relations Board (p. 248)	134,854,000	
National Mediation Board (p. 248)	6,358,000	
Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission (p. 248)	5,901,000	
Railroad Retirement Board:		
Dual benefits payment account (p. 249)	392,000,000	
Payments to Railroad Retirement Accounts (p. 249)	2,200,000	
Defense—Civil: Soldiers' and Airmen's Home (pp. 249–250)	48,391,000	
Subtotal, deductions		−12,457,609,000
Grand total, Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education		432,358,371,000

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986

Public Law 99-151

99th Congress, H.R. 2942

November 13, 1985

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the legislative branch for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Legislative Branch for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—CONGRESSIONAL OPERATIONS

SENATE

Mileage of the Vice President and Senators and Expense Allowances of the Vice President, the President Pro Tempore, Majority and Minority Leaders, Majority and Minority Whips, and Chairmen of the Majority and Minority Conference Committees

MILEAGE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT AND SENATORS

For mileage of the Vice President and Senators of the United States, $60,000. $60,000

EXPENSE ALLOWANCES OF THE VICE PRESIDENT, THE PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE, MAJORITY AND MINORITY LEADERS, MAJORITY AND MINORITY WHIPS, AND CHAIRMEN OF THE MAJORITY AND MINORITY CONFERENCE COMMITTEES

For expense allowances of the Vice President, $10,000; the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, $10,000; Majority Leader of the Senate, $10,000; Minority Leader of the Senate, $10,000; Majority Whip of the Senate, $5,000; Minority Whip of the Senate, $5,000; and Chairmen of the Majority and Minority Conference Committees, $6,000; in all, $56,000. 56,000

REPRESENTATION ALLOWANCES FOR THE MAJORITY AND MINORITY LEADERS

For representation allowances of the Majority and Minority Leaders of the Senate, $10,000 for each such Leader, in all $20,000. 20,000

[*Total, Vice President and Senators, $136,000.*]

SALARIES, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

For compensation of officers, employees, clerks to Senators, and others as authorized by law, including agency contributions, which shall be paid from this appropriation without regard to the below limitations, as follows:

OFFICE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT

For the Office of the Vice President, $1,112,000. $1,112,000

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE

For Office of the President Pro Tempore, $149,000. 149,000

OFFICES OF THE MAJORITY AND MINORITY LEADERS

For Offices of the Majority and Minority Leaders, $1,090,000. 1,090,000

OFFICES OF THE MAJORITY AND MINORITY WHIPS

For Offices of the Majority and Minority Whips, $418,000. 418,000

CONFERENCE COMMITTEES

For the Conference of the Majority and the Conference of the Minority, at rates of compensation to be fixed by the Chairman of each such committee, $540,500 for each such committee; in all, $1,081,000. 1,081,000

OFFICES OF THE SECRETARIES OF THE CONFERENCE OF THE MAJORITY AND THE CONFERENCE OF THE MINORITY

For Offices of the Secretaries of the Conference of the Majority and the Conference of the Minority, $182,000. 182,000

OFFICE OF THE CHAPLAIN

For Office of the Chaplain, $90,000. 90,000

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

For Office of the Secretary, $6,953,000. 6,953,000

ADMINISTRATIVE, CLERICAL, AND LEGISLATIVE ASSISTANCE TO SENATORS

For administrative, clerical, and legislative assistance to Senators, $102,549,000. 102,549,000

OFFICE OF THE SERGEANT AT ARMS AND DOORKEEPER

For Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper, $36,358,000. 36,358,000

OFFICES OF THE SECRETARIES FOR THE MAJORITY AND MINORITY

For Offices of the Secretary for the Majority and the Secretary for the Minority, $879,000. 879,000

AGENCY CONTRIBUTIONS

For agency contributions for employee benefits, as authorized by law, $19,612,000. 19,612,000

[*Total, salaries, officers and employees, $170,473,000.*]

OFFICE OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL OF THE SENATE

For salaries and expenses of the Office of the Legislative Counsel of the Senate, $1,437,000. $1,437,000

OFFICE OF SENATE LEGAL COUNSEL

For salaries and expenses of the Office of Senate Legal Counsel, $565,000. 565,000

EXPENSE ALLOWANCES OF THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE, SERGEANT AT ARMS AND DOORKEEPER OF THE SENATE, AND SECRETARIES FOR THE MAJORITY AND MINORITY OF THE SENATE

For expense allowances of the Secretary of the Senate, $3,000; Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate, $3,000; Secretary for the Majority of the Senate, $3,000; Secretary for the Minority of the Senate, $3,000; in all, $12,000. 12,000

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

SENATE POLICY COMMITTEES

For salaries and expenses of the Majority Policy Committee and the Minority Policy Committee, $974,000 for each such committee; in all $1,948,000. 1,948,000

INQUIRIES AND INVESTIGATIONS

For expenses of inquiries and investigations ordered by the Senate, or conducted pursuant to section 134(a) of Public Law 601, Seventy-ninth Congress, as amended, section 112 of Public Law 96-304 and Senate Resolution 281, agreed to March 11, 1980, $51,050,000. 51,050,000

EXPENSES OF UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL COMMISSION

For expenses of the United States International Narcotics Control Commission, as authorized by section 814 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, passed by the Senate on July 31, 1985, $325,000. 325,000

SECRETARY OF THE SENATE

For expenses of the Office of the Secretary of the Senate, $683,800. 683,800

SERGEANT AT ARMS AND DOORKEEPER OF THE SENATE

For expenses of the Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate, $54,153,000. 54,153,000

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

For miscellaneous items, $9,659,000. 9,659,000

STATIONERY (REVOLVING FUND)

For stationery for the President of the Senate, $4,500, for officers of the Senate and the Conference of the Majority and Conference of the Minority of the Senate, $7,500; in all, $12,000. 12,000

[*Total, Contingent Expenses of the Senate, $117,830,800.*]

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISION

SECTION 1. The second sentence of section 120 of Public Law 97-51 (2 U.S.C. 61g-6) is amended by inserting immediately before the

period at the end thereof the following: ", except that vouchers shall not be required for payment of long-distance telephone calls".

[*Total, Senate, $290,453,800.*]

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MILEAGE OF MEMBERS

For mileage of Members, as authorized by law, $150,000. $150,000

HOUSE LEADERSHIP OFFICES

For salaries and expenses, as authorized by law, $3,357,000, including: Office of the Speaker, $775,000, including $18,000 for official expenses of the Speaker; Office of the Majority Floor Leader, $688,000, including $10,000 for official expenses of the Majority Leader; Office of the Minority Floor Leader, $767,000, including $10,000 for official expenses of the Minority Leader; Office of the Majority Whip, $603,000, including $1,000 for official expenses of the Majority Whip and not to exceed $145,540 for the Chief Deputy Majority Whip; Office of the Minority Whip, $524,000, including $1,000 for official expenses of the Minority Whip and not to exceed $76,840 for the Chief Deputy Minority Whip. 3,357,000

SALARIES, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

For compensation and expenses of officers and employees, as authorized by law, $47,914,000, including: Office of the Clerk, $13,656,000; Office of the Sergeant at Arms, including overtime, as authorized by law, $18,269,000; Office of the Doorkeeper, including overtime, as authorized by law, $6,678,000; Office of the Postmaster, $2,075,000, including $46,722 for employment of substitute messengers and extra services of regular employees when required at the salary rate of not to exceed $16,278 per annum each; Office of the Chaplain, $73,000; Office of the Parliamentarian, including the Parliamentarian and $2,000 for preparing the Digest of Rules, $623,000; for salaries and expenses of the Office for the Bicentennial of the House of Representatives, $219,000; for salaries and expenses of the Office of the Law Revision Counsel of the House, $859,000; for salaries and expenses of the Office of the Legislative Counsel of the House, $2,800,000; six minority employees, $434,000; the House Democratic Steering Committee and Caucus, $617,000; the House Republican Conference, $617,000; and Other Authorized Employees, $994,000. 47,914,000

Such amounts as are deemed necessary for the payment of salaries of officers and employees under this head may be transferred between the various offices and activities within this appropriation, "Salaries, officers and employees", upon the approval of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

COMMITTEE EMPLOYEES

For professional and clerical employees of standing committees, including the Committee on Appropriations and the Committee on the Budget, $44,325,000. 44,325,000

Committee on Appropriations (Studies and Investigations)

For salaries and expenses, studies and examinations of executive agencies, by the Committee on Appropriations, and temporary personal services for such committee, to be expended in accordance with section 202(b) of the Legislative Reorganization Act, 1946, and to be available for reimbursement to agencies for services performed, $4,275,000. $4,275,000

Committee on the Budget (Studies)

For salaries, expenses, and studies by the Committee on the Budget, and temporary personal services for such committee to be expended in accordance with sections 101(c), 606, 703, and 901(e), of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, and to be available for reimbursement to agencies for services performed, $296,000. 296,000

Members' Clerk Hire

For staff employed by each Member in the discharge of his official and representative duties, $166,762,000. 166,762,000

Contingent Expenses of the House

Allowances and Expenses

For allowances and expenses as authorized by House resolution or law, $133,426,000, including: Official Expenses of Members, $81,000,000; supplies, materials, administrative costs and Federal tort claims, $16,946,000; furniture and furnishings, $1,000,000; stenographic reporting of committee hearings, $500,000; reemployed annuitants reimbursements, $1,200,000; Government contributions to employees' life insurance fund, retirement fund, Social Security fund, Medicare fund and health benefits fund, $32,158,000; and miscellaneous items including, but not limited to, purchase, exchange, maintenance, repair and operation of House motor vehicles, interparliamentary receptions and gratuities to heirs of deceased employees of the House, $622,000. 133,426,000

Such amounts as are deemed necessary for the payment of allowances and expenses under this head may be transferred between the various categories within this appropriation, "Allowances and expenses", upon the approval of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

Standing Committees, Special and Select

For salaries and expenses of standing committees, special and select, authorized by the House, $46,960,000. 46,960,000

[*Total, Contingent Expenses of the House, $180,386,000.*]

Administrative Provisions

Sec. 101. Of the amounts appropriated in fiscal year 1986 for the House of Representatives under the headings "Committee employees", "Standing Committees, special and select", "Salaries, officers and employees", "Allowances and expenses", and "Members' clerk hire", such amounts as are deemed necessary for the payment of salaries and expenses may be transferred among the aforementioned accounts upon approval of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 102. (a) The first sentence of section 5 of House Resolution 1238, Ninety-first Congress, as enacted into permanent law by Public Law 91-665 (84 Stat. 1989) and supplemented by subsection (a) of Public Law 93-532 (88 Stat. 1723), is amended by striking out "not to exceed $3,000" the first place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "not to exceed the then current rate for step 5 of level 11 of the House Employees Schedule", by striking out "not to exceed $3,000" the second place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "not to exceed the then current rate for step 9 of level 8 of such Schedule", and by striking out "not to exceed $9,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "not to exceed the then current rate for step 1 of level 6 of such Schedule".

(b) House Resolution 1238, Ninety-first Congress, as so enacted and supplemented, is further amended by striking out sections 3 and 6, by striking out, in section 2, "in the manner provided by applicable provisions of the Legislative Appropriation Act, 1955, as amended by the Act of June 13, 1957 (71 Stat. 82; Public Law 85-54)" and all that follows through "as amended or supplemented after such date," and inserting in lieu thereof "an allowance equal to the base allowance component of the Official Expenses Allowance then currently in effect for each Member of the House (to be paid in the same manner as such Allowance)", by striking out "reimbursement, from" and inserting in lieu thereof "have", and by inserting "be available for payment of" after "of the House" the first place it appears.

SEC. 103. (a) Two additional employees are authorized for each of the following:

(1) the House Democratic Steering and Policy Committee; and
(2) the House Republican Conference.

(b) The annual rate of pay for the positions established under subsection (a) shall not exceed 60 percent of the annual rate of pay payable from time to time for level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code.

[*Total, House of Representatives, $447,465,000.*]

JOINT ITEMS

For joint committees, as follows:

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

JOINT ECONOMIC COMMITTEE

For salaries and expenses of the Joint Economic Committee, $2,644,000. $2,644,000

JOINT COMMITTEE ON PRINTING

For salaries and expenses of the Joint Committee on Printing, $919,000. 919,000

[*Total, Contingent Expenses of the Senate, $3,563,000.*]

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

JOINT COMMITTEE ON TAXATION

For salaries and expenses of the Joint Committee on Taxation, $3,705,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House. 3,705,000

For other joint items, as follows:

OFFICE OF THE ATTENDING PHYSICIAN

For medical supplies, equipment, and contingent expenses of the emergency rooms, and for the Attending Physician and his assistants, including (1) an allowance of $1,000 per month to the Attending Physician; (2) an allowance of $600 per month to one Senior Medical Officer while on duty in the Attending Physician's office; (3) an allowance of $200 per month each to two medical officers while on duty in the Attending Physician's office; (4) an allowance of $200 per month each to not to exceed eleven assistants on the basis heretofore provided for such assistance; and (5) $744,800 for reimbursement to the Department of the Navy for expenses incurred for staff and equipment assigned to the Office of the Attending Physician, such amount shall be advanced and credited to the applicable appropriation or appropriations from which such salaries, allowances, and other expenses are payable and shall be available for all the purposes thereof, $1,056,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House. $1,056,000

CAPITOL POLICE

GENERAL EXPENSES

For purchasing and supplying uniforms; the purchase, maintenance, and repair of police motor vehicles, including two-way police radio equipment; contingent expenses, including advance payment for travel for training or other purposes, and expenses associated with the relocation of instructor personnel to and from the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center as approved by the Chairman of the Capitol Police Board, and including $80 per month for extra services performed for the Capitol Police Board by such member of the staff of the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate or the House as may be designated by the Chairman of the Board, $1,336,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House: *Provided*, That the funds used to maintain the petty cash fund referred to as "Petty Cash II" which is to provide for the prevention and detection of crime shall not exceed $4,000: *Provided further*, That the funds used to maintain the petty cash fund referred to as "Petty Cash III" which is to provide for the advance of travel expenses attendant to protective assignments shall not exceed $4,000. 1,336,000

CAPITOL POLICE BOARD

Funds available for obligations for fiscal year 1986 to enable the Capitol Police Board to provide additional protection for the Capitol Buildings and Grounds, including the Senate and House Office Buildings and the Capitol Power Plant, $109,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House. 109,000 Such sum shall be expended only for payment of salaries and other expenses of personnel detailed from the Metropolitan Police of the District of Columbia, and the Mayor of the District of Columbia is authorized and directed to make such details upon the request of the Board. Personnel so detailed shall, during the period of such detail, serve under the direction and instructions of the Board and are authorized to exercise the same authority as members of such Metropolitan Police and members of the Capitol Police and to perform such other duties as may be assigned by the Board. Reimbursement for salaries and other expenses of such detail personnel shall be made to the government of the District of Columbia, and any sums so reimbursed shall be credited to the appropriation or appropriations from which such salaries and expenses are payable and shall be available for all the purposes thereof: *Provided,* That any person detailed under the authority of this paragraph or under similar authority in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1942, and the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1940, from the Metropolitan Police of the District of Columbia shall be deemed a member of such Metropolitan Police during the period or periods of any such detail for all purposes of rank, pay, allowances, privileges, and the benefits to the same extent as though such detail had not been made, and at the termination thereof any such person shall have a status with respect to rank, pay, allowances, privileges, and benefits which is not less than the status of such person in such police at the end of such detail.

No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be paid as compensation to any person appointed after June 30, 1935, as an officer or member of the Capitol Police who does not meet the standards to be prescribed for such appointees by the Capitol Police Board.

[*Total, Capitol Police, $1,445,000.*]

OFFICIAL MAIL COSTS

For expenses necessary for official mail costs, $100,000,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House, to be available immediately upon enactment of this Act. $100,000,000

CAPITOL GUIDE SERVICE

For salaries and expenses of the Capitol Guide Service, $867,000, to be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate: *Provided,* That none of these funds shall be used to employ more than twenty-eight individuals: *Provided further,* That the Capitol Guide Board is authorized, during emergencies, to employ not more than two additional individuals for not more than one hundred twenty days each, and not more than ten additional individuals for not more than six months each, for the Capitol Guide Service. 867,000

STATEMENTS OF APPROPRIATIONS

For the preparation, under the direction of the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives, of the statements for the first session of the Ninety-ninth Congress, showing appropriations made, indefinite appropriations, and contracts authorized, together with a chronological history of the regular appropriation bills as required by law, $13,000, to be paid to the persons designated by the chairman of such committees to supervise the work. 13,000

[*Total, joint items, $110,649,000.*]

OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For salaries and expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Technology Assessment Act of 1972 (Public Law 92-484), including reception and representation expenses (not to exceed $3,000 from the Trust Fund), and rental of space in the District of Columbia, and those necessary to carry out the duties of the Director of the Office of Technology Assessment under section 1886 of the Social Security Act as amended by section 601 of the Social Security Amendments of 1983 (Public Law 98-21), $15,300,000: *Provided,* That none of the 15,300,000 funds in the Act shall be available for salaries or expenses of any employee of the Office of Technology Assessment in excess of 143 staff employees: *Provided further,* That no part of this appropriation shall be available for assessments or activities not initiated and approved in accordance with section 3(d) of Public Law 92-484, except that funds shall be available for the assessment required by Public Law 96-151.

CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE

Salaries and Expenses

For salaries and expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-344), $16,886,000: *Provided,* That none of these funds shall be available for the purchase or hire of a passenger motor vehicle: *Provided further,* That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for salaries or expenses of any employee of the Congressional Budget Office in excess of 222 staff employees: *Provided further,* That any sale or lease of property, supplies, or services to the Congressional Budget Office shall be deemed to be a sale or lease of such property, supplies, or services to the Congress subject to section 903 of Public Law 98-63. $16,886,000

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

Office of the Architect of the Capitol

SALARIES

For the Architect of the Capitol; the Assistant Architect of the Capitol; the Executive Assistant; and other personal services; at rates of pay provided by law, $5,417,000. 5,417,000

TRAVEL

Appropriations under the control of the Architect of the Capitol shall be available for expenses of travel on official business not to exceed in the aggregate under all funds the sum of $20,000.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES

To enable the Architect of the Capitol to make surveys and studies, to incur expenses authorized by the Act of December 13, 1973 (87 Stat. 704), and to meet unforeseen expenses in connection with activities under his care, $100,000. 100,000

[*Total, Office of the Architect of the Capitol, $5,517,000.*]

Capitol Buildings and Grounds

CAPITOL BUILDINGS

For all necessary expenses for the maintenance, care and operation of the Capitol Building and electrical substations of the Senate and House Office Buildings, under the jurisdiction of the Architect of the Capitol, including furnishings and office equipment; not to exceed $1,000 for official reception and representation expenses, to be expended as the Architect of the Capitol may approve; purchase or exchange, maintenance and operation of a passenger motor vehicle; for expenses of attendance, when specifically authorized by the Architect of the Capitol, at meetings or conventions in connection with subjects related to work under the Architect of the Capitol, $10,880,000. 10,880,000

Of the funds appropriated under this head in Public Law 98-367, not to exceed $109,000 shall remain available until September 30, 1986. $109,000 *(reappropriation)*

[*Total, Capitol buildings, $10,989,000.*]

CAPITOL GROUNDS

For all necessary expenses for care and improvement of grounds surrounding the Capitol, the Senate and House Office Buildings, and the Capitol Power Plant, $3,510,000, of which $495,000 shall be available until expended for the procurement and installation of hydraulic security barriers at vehicular entrances to the Capitol grounds, subject to the approval of the design development drawings by the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations: *Provided*, That the passenger motor vehicles authorized by Public Law 94-440 (90 Stat. 1453), approved October 1, 1976, to provide a shuttle service for Members and employees of Congress may be used for the transportation of House Pages to and from special events associated with their education when approved by the House of Representatives Page Board: *Provided further*, That the use of the said passenger motor vehicles for transportation of House Pages shall not interfere with the shuttle service for Members and employees of the Congress. 3,510,000

SENATE OFFICE BUILDINGS

For all necessary expenses for maintenance, care and operation of the Senate Office Buildings; and furniture and furnishings, to be expended under the control and supervision of the Architect of the Capitol, $19,163,000, of which $649,000 shall remain available until expended. 19,163,000

Of the funds appropriated under this head in Public Law 98-367 for demolition and paving of Square 724, $561,000 shall remain available until September 30, 1986. 561,000 *(reappropriation)*

[*Total, Senate office buildings, $19,724,000.*]

HOUSE OFFICE BUILDINGS

For all necessary expenses for the maintenance, care and operation of the House Office Buildings, including the position of Superintendent of Garages as authorized by law, $22,088,000, of which $1,500,000 shall remain available until expended. 22,088,000

CAPITOL POWER PLANT

For all necessary expenses for the maintenance, care and operation of the Capitol Power Plant; for lighting, heating, and power (including the purchase of electrical energy) for the Capitol, Senate and House Office Buildings, Congressional Library Buildings, and the grounds about the same, Botanic Garden, Senate garage, and for air conditioning refrigeration not supplied from plants in any of such buildings; for heating the Government Printing Office and Washington City Post Office and heating and chilled water for air conditioning for the Supreme Court Building, Union Station complex and the Folger Shakespeare Library, expenses for which shall be advanced or reimbursed upon request of the Architect of the Capitol and amounts so received shall be deposited into the Treasury to the credit of this appropriation; $23,495,000: *Provided*, That not to exceed $1,950,000 of the funds credited or to be reimbursed to this appropriation as herein provided shall be available for obligation during fiscal year 1986. 23,495,000

[*Total, Capitol buildings and grounds, $79,806,000.*]

[*Total, Architect of the Capitol (except items in Title II), $85,323,000.*]

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

CONGRESSIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 203 of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946, as amended by section 321 of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1970 (2 U.S.C. 166) and to revise and extend the Annotated Constitution of the United States of America, $38,963,000: *Provided,* That no part of this appropriation may be used to pay any salary or expense in connection with any publication, or preparation of material therefor (except the Digest of Public General Bills), to be issued by the Library of Congress unless such publication has obtained prior approval of either the Committee on House Administration or the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration: *Provided further,* That, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the compensation of the Director of the Congressional Research Service, Library of Congress, shall be at an annual rate which is equal to the annual rate of basic pay for positions at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code.

$38,963,000

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

CONGRESSIONAL PRINTING AND BINDING

For authorized printing and binding for the Congress; for printing and binding for the Architect of the Capitol; expenses necessary for preparing the semimonthly and session index to the Congressional Record, as authorized by law (44 U.S.C. 902); and printing and binding of Government publications authorized by law to be distributed to Members of Congress, $69,405,000: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall not be available for printing and binding part 2 of the annual report of the Secretary of Agriculture (known as the Yearbook of Agriculture) or for printing and binding copies of the permanent edition of the Congressional Record for individual Representatives, Resident Commissioners or Delegates authorized under 44 U.S.C. 906: *Provided further,* That this appropriation shall be available for the payment of obligations incurred under the appropriations for similar purposes for preceding fiscal years.

69,405,000

This title may be cited as the "Congressional Operations Appropriation Act, 1986".

[*Total, title I, Congressional Operations*	*$1,074,444,800.*]
[*Appropriations*	*1,073,774,800.*]
[*Reappropriations*	*670,000.*]

TITLE II—OTHER AGENCIES

BOTANIC GARDEN

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For all necessary expenses for the maintenance, care and operation of the Botanic Garden and the nurseries, buildings, grounds, and collections; purchase and exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of a passenger motor vehicle; all under the direction of the Joint Committee on the Library, $2,188,000: *Provided,* That appro-

2,188,000

priations under this head shall be available for Bartholdi Fountain repairs without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, as amended.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Library of Congress, not otherwise provided for, including development and maintenance of the Union Catalogs; custody, care and maintenance of the Library Buildings; special clothing; cleaning, laundering and repair of uniforms; preservation of motion pictures in the custody of the Library; operation and maintenance of the American Folklife Center and the American Television and Radio Archives in the Library; preparation and distribution of catalog cards and other publications of the Library; and expenses of the Library of Congress Trust Fund Board not properly chargeable to the income of any trust fund held by the Board, $138,047,000, of which not more than $4,300,000 shall be derived from collections credited to this appropriation during fiscal year 1986 under the Act of June 28, 1902, as amended (2 U.S.C. 150): *Provided*, That the total amount available for obligation shall be reduced by the amount by which collections are less than the $4,300,000: *Provided further*, That, of the total amount appropriated, $4,717,000 is to remain available until expended for acquisition of books, periodicals, and newspapers, and all other materials including subscriptions for bibliographic services for the Library, including $40,000 to be available solely for the purchase, when specifically approved by the Librarian, of special and unique materials for additions to the collections.

$138,047,000

−4,300,000 *(receipts)*

[*Total, salaries and expenses (net), $133,747,000.*]

COPYRIGHT OFFICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Copyright Office, including publication of the decisions of the United States courts involving copyrights, $17,631,000, of which not more than $6,000,000 shall be derived from collections credited to this appropriation during fiscal year 1986 under 17 U.S.C. 708(c), and not more than $750,000 shall be derived from collections during fiscal year 1986 under 17 U.S.C. 111(d)(3) and 116(c)(1): *Provided*, That the total amount available for obligation shall be reduced by the amount by which collections are less than the $6,750,000.

17,631,000

−6,750,000 *(receipts)*

[*Total, Copyright Office, salaries and expenses (net), $10,881,000.*]

BOOKS FOR THE BLIND AND PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For salaries and expenses to carry out the provisions of the Act approved March 3, 1931, as amended (2 U.S.C. 135a), $33,761,000.

33,761,000

COLLECTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF LIBRARY MATERIALS

(SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For necessary expenses for carrying out the provisions of section 104(b)(5) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1704), to remain available until expended, $832,000, of which $711,000 shall be available only for payments in any foreign currencies owed to or owned by the United States which the Treasury Department shall determine to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States. $832,000

Furniture and Furnishings

For necessary expenses for the purchase and repair of furniture, furnishings, office and library equipment, $891,000. 891,000

Administrative Provisions

Sec. 201. Appropriations in this Act available to the Library of Congress shall be available, in an amount not to exceed $126,610, of which $47,800 is for the Congressional Research Service, when specifically authorized by the Librarian, for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the function or activity for which the appropriation is made.

Sec. 202. (a) No part of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used by the Library of Congress to administer any flexible or compressed work schedule which—

(1) applies to any manager or supervisor in a position the grade or level of which is equal to or higher than GS–15; and

(2) grants the manager or supervisor the right to not be at work for all or a portion of a workday because of time worked by the manager or supervisor on another workday.

(b) For purposes of this section, the term "manager or supervisor" means any management official or supervisor, as such terms are defined in section 7103(a) (10) and (11) of title 5, United States Code.

[*Total, Library of Congress (except Congressional Research Service) (net), $180,112,000.*]

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

Library Buildings and Grounds

STRUCTURAL AND MECHANICAL CARE

For all necessary expenses for the mechanical and structural maintenance, care and operation of the Library buildings and grounds, $5,785,000. 5,785,000

COPYRIGHT ROYALTY TRIBUNAL

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses of the Copyright Royalty Tribunal, $519,000, of which $363,000 shall be derived by collections from the appropriation "Payments to Copyright Owners" for the reasonable costs incurred in proceedings involving distribution of royalty fees as provided by 17 U.S.C. 807. 519,000 −363,000 *(receipts)*

[*Total, Copyright Royalty Tribunal (net), $156,000.*]

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

Printing and Binding

For printing, binding, and distribution of Government publications authorized by law to be distributed without charge to the recipient, **$11,555,000:** ***Provided,*** **That this appropriation shall not be available for printing and binding part 2 of the annual report of the Secretary of Agriculture (known as the Yearbook of Agriculture):** ***Provided further,*** **That this appropriation shall be available for the payment of obligations incurred under the appropriations for similar purposes for preceding fiscal years.**

$11,555,000

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Office of Superintendent of Documents, including compensation of all employees in accordance with the provisions of 44 U.S.C. 305; travel expenses (not to exceed $107,000); price lists and bibliographies; repairs to buildings, elevators, and machinery; and supplying books to depository libraries; $25,981,000, of which $3,000,000 shall be derived from the Government Printing Office revolving fund, representing excess receipts from the sale of publications: ***Provided,*** **That $300,000 of this appropriation shall be apportioned for use pursuant to section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 1512), with the approval of the Public Printer, only to the extent necessary to provide for expenses (excluding permanent personal services) for workload increases not anticipated in the budget estimates and which cannot be provided for by normal budgetary adjustments.**

22,981,000
3,000,000
(by transfer)

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE REVOLVING FUND

The Government Printing Office is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds available and in accord with the law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out the programs and purposes set forth in the budget for the current fiscal year for the "Government Printing Office revolving fund": ***Provided,*** **That not to exceed $5,000 may be expended on the certification of the Public Printer in connection with official representation and reception expenses:** ***Provided further,*** **That during the current fiscal year the revolving fund shall be available for the hire of eight passenger motor vehicles:** ***Provided further,*** **That expenditures in connection with travel expenses of the advisory councils to the Public Printer shall be deemed necessary to carry out the provisions of title 44, United States Code:** ***Provided further,*** **That the revolving fund shall be available for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109 but at rates for individuals not to exceed the per diem rate equivalent to the rate for grade GS-18:** ***Provided further,*** **That the revolving fund shall be available to acquire needed land, located in Northwest D.C., which is adjacent to the present Government Printing Office, and is bounded by Massachusetts Avenue and the southern property line of the Government Printing Office, between North Capitol Street and First Street. The land to be purchased is identified as Parcels 45-D, 45-E, 45-F, and 47-A in Square 625, and includes the alleys adjacent to these parcels, and G Street, N.W. from North Capitol Street to First Street:** ***Provided further,*** **That the revolving fund and the funds provided under the paragraph entitled "Office of Superintendent of Documents, Salaries and expenses" together may not be available for the employment of more than 5,480 employees at any time.**

[*Total, Government Printing Office (except Congressional printing and binding, $34,536,000.*]

GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the General Accounting Office, including not to exceed $5,000 to be expended on the certification of the Comptroller General of the United States in connection with official representation and reception expenses; services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109 but at rates for individuals not to exceed the per diem rate equivalent to the rate for grade GS-18; hire of one passenger motor vehicle; advance payments in foreign countries in accordance with 31 U.S.C. 3324; benefits comparable to those payable under sections 901(5), 901(6) and 901(8) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4081(5), 4081(6) and 4081(8), respectively); and under regulations prescribed by the Comptroller General of the United States, rental of living quarters in foreign countries and travel benefits comparable with those which are now or hereafter may be granted single employees of the Agency for International Development, including single Foreign Service personnel assigned to A.I.D. projects, by the Administrator of the Agency for International Development—or his designee—under the authority of section 636(b) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2396(b)); $300,992,000: *Provided,* That this appropriation and appropriations for administrative expenses of any other department or agency which is a member of the Joint Financial Management Improvement Program (JFMIP) shall be available to finance an appropriate share of JFMIP costs as determined by the JFMIP, including but not limited to the salary of the Executive Director and secretarial support: *Provided further,* That this appropriation and appropriations for administrative expenses of any other department or agency which is a member of the National Intergovernmental Audit Forum or a Regional Intergovernmental Audit Forum shall be available to finance an appropriate share of Forum costs as determined by the Forum, including necessary travel expenses of non-Federal participants. Payments hereunder to either the Forum or the JFMIP may be credited as reimbursements to any appropriation from which costs involved are initially financed: *Provided further,* That this appropriation and appropriations for administrative expenses of any other department or agency which is a member of the American Consortium on International Public Administration (ACIPA) shall be available to finance an appropriate share of ACIPA costs as determined by the ACIPA, including any expenses attributable to membership of ACIPA in the International Institute of Administrative Sciences: *Provided further,* That this appropriation shall be available to finance a portion, not to exceed $50,000 of the costs of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board: *Provided further,* That this appropriation shall be available for the expenses of planning the triennial Congress of the International Organization of Supreme Audit Institutions (INTOSAI) to be hosted by the U.S. General Accounting Office in Washington, D.C., in 1992. $300,992,000

SEC. 203. Section 7(b) of Public Law 90-545 (16 U.S.C. 79g(b)) is amended to read as follows: (1)

"(b) Judgments against the United States, including final partial judgments and compromise settlements of claims referred to the Attorney General for defense of suits against the United States, for amounts in excess of the deposit in court in actions under section 3 of this Act shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of section 1304 of title 31, and section 2414 of title 28, United States Code. Final partial judgments and compromise settlements are payable only after certification by the Attorney General to the Comptroller General that it is in the interest of the United States to do so." *(permanent, indefinite)*

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[1] Amends Public Law 90-545, approved October 2, 1968, which established the California Redwood National Park.

RAILROAD ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For salaries and expenses of the Railroad Accounting Principles Board, $750,000, to be expended in accordance with the provisions of H.R. 4439, 98th Congress, as passed by the House of Representatives on February 7, 1984. $750,000

[*Total, title II, Other Agencies (net), $524,519,000.*]

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 301. No part of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used for the maintenance or care of private vehicles, except for emergency assistance and cleaning as may be provided under regulations relating to parking facilities for the House of Representatives issued by the Committee on House Administration.

SEC. 302. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

SEC. 303. Whenever any office or position not specifically established by the Legislative Pay Act of 1929 is appropriated for herein or whenever the rate of compensation or designation of any position appropriated for herein is different from that specifically established for such position by such Act, the rate of compensation and the designation of the position, or either, appropriated for or provided herein, shall be the permanent law with respect thereto: *Provided*, That the provisions herein for the various items of official expenses of Members, officers, and committees of the Senate and House, and clerk hire for Senators and Members shall be the permanent law with respect thereto.

SEC. 304. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

SEC. 305. (a) Section 311 of title 44, United States Code, is amended by inserting "(a)" before "Purchases" and by adding at the end the following:

"(b) In addition to the authority to negotiate otherwise provided by law, the Public Printer may negotiate purchases and contracts for supplies or services for which the Public Printer determines that it is impracticable to secure competition by advertising. The Public Printer may not award a contract under this subsection unless he justifies the use of negotiation in writing and certifies the accuracy and completeness of the justification. The justification shall set out facts and circumstances that clearly and convincingly establish that advertising would not be practicable for such contract. Such a justification is final and a copy thereof shall be maintained in the Government Printing Office for at least 6 years after the date of the determination. The Public Printer may designate one or more employees of the Government Printing Office to carry out this subsection.".

(b)(1) The heading for section 311 of such title 44 is amended by adding at the end the following: "; **contract negotiation authority**".

(2) The table of sections of chapter 3 of title 44, United States Code, is amended by striking out the item relating to section 311 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"311. Purchases exempt from the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act; contract negotiation authority.".

Sec. 306. (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of this or any other Act, the United States International Narcotics Control Commission, established by section 814 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1986 and 1987, is hereby redesignated and shall hereafter be known as the United States Senate Caucus on International Narcotics Control.

(b) Any reference to the United States International Narcotics Control Commission in any law, regulation, document, record, or other official paper of the United States shall be deemed to be a reference to the United States Senate Caucus on International Narcotics Control.

This Act may be cited as the "Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 1986".

Approved November 13, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2942

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-194 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 99-321 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-111 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
- July 18, considered and passed House.
- July 31, considered and passed Senate, amended.
- Oct. 29, House agreed to conference report; receded and concurred in certain Senate amendments and in others with amendments; Senate agreed to conference report; concurred in House amendments.

Grand total:		
Title I, Congressional Operations	$1,074,444,800	
Appropriations	(1,073,774,800)	
Reappropriations	(670,000)	
Title II, Other Agencies	524,519,000	
Total, new budget (obligational) authority, Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1986 (net)		$1,598,963,800

NOTE.—In addition to the new budget (obligational) authority for fiscal year 1986 contained in the foregoing annual appropriation act, the following additional amounts are available for the fiscal year:

Permanent appropriations:		
Federal Funds (p. 1615)	$143,117,000	
Trust Funds (p. 1629)	7,631,000	
Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986 (P.L. 99-190):		
Biomedical Ethics Board (p. 451)	150,000	
Subtotal, additions		150,898,000
Grand total, Legislative Branch		1,749,861,800

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986

Public Law 99-173

99th Congress, H.R. 3327

December 10, 1985

AN ACT

Making appropriations for military construction for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, for military construction functions administered by the Department of Defense, and for other purposes, namely:

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, ARMY

For acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, military installations, facilities, and real property for the Army as currently authorized by law, and for construction and operation of facilities in support of the functions of the Commander-in-Chief, $1,602,982,000, to remain available until September 30, 1990: *Provided,* That of this amount, not to exceed $133,000,000 shall be available for study, planning, design, architect and engineer services, as authorized by law, unless the Secretary of Defense determines that additional obligations are necessary for such purposes and notifies the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress of his determination and the reasons therefor.

$1,602,982,000

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, NAVY

For acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, naval installations, facilities, and real property for the Navy as currently authorized by law, including personnel in the Naval Facilities Engineering Command and other personal services necessary for the purposes of this appropriation, $1,705,370,000 of which $39,700,000 shall be available for the Berthing Pier and Bulkhead at the Naval Station, New York, to remain available until September 30, 1990: *Provided,* That of this amount, not to exceed $138,660,000 shall be available for study, planning, design, architect and engineer services, as authorized by law, unless the Secretary of Defense determines that additional obligations are necessary for such purposes and notifies the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress of his determination and the reasons therefor: *Provided further,* That of this amount, $8,250,000 shall be available for land acquisition at China Lake, California.

1,705,370,000

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, AIR FORCE

For acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, military installations, facilities, and real property for the Air Force as currently authorized by law,

$1,663,225,000, to remain available until September 30, 1990: *Provided,* That of this amount, not to exceed $134,000,000 shall be available for study, planning, design, architect and engineer services, as authorized by law, unless the Secretary of Defense determines that additional obligations are necessary for such purposes and notifies the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress of his determination and the reasons therefor. $1,663,225,000

Military Construction, Defense Agencies

For acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, installations, facilities, and real property for activities and agencies of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments), as currently authorized by law, $181,375,000, to remain available until September 30, 1990: *Provided,* That such amounts of this appropriation as may be determined by the Secretary of Defense may be transferred to such appropriations of the Department of Defense available for military construction as he may designate, to be merged with and to be available for the same purposes, and for the same time period, as the appropriation or fund to which transferred: *Provided further,* That of the amount appropriated, not to exceed $27,500,000, shall be available for study, planning, design, architect and engineer services, as authorized by law, unless the Secretary of Defense determines that additional obligations are necessary for such purposes and notifies the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress of his determination and the reasons therefor. 181,375,000

North Atlantic Treaty Organization

INFRASTRUCTURE

For the United States share of the cost of multilateral programs for the acquisition or construction of military facilities and installations (including international military headquarters) for the collective defense of the North Atlantic Treaty Area as authorized in military construction Acts and section 2806 of title 10, United States Code, $10,000,000, to remain available until expended. 10,000,000

Military Construction, Army National Guard

For construction, acquisition, expansion, rehabilitation, and conversion of facilities for the training and administration of the Army National Guard, and contributions therefor, as authorized by chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code, and military construction authorization Acts, $102,205,000, to remain available until September 30, 1990. 102,205,000

Military Construction, Air National Guard

For construction, acquisition, expansion, rehabilitation, and conversion of facilities for the training and administration of the Air National Guard, and contributions therefor, as authorized by chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code, and military construction authorization Acts, $121,250,000, to remain available until September 30, 1990. 121,250,000

Military Construction, Army Reserve

For construction, acquisition, expansion, rehabilitation, and conversion of facilities for the training and administration of the Army Reserve as authorized by chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code, and military construction authorization Acts, $61,346,000, to remain available until September 30, 1990. 61,346,000

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, NAVAL RESERVE

For construction, acquisition, expansion, rehabilitation, and conversion of facilities for the training and administration of the reserve components of the Navy and Marine Corps as authorized by chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code, and military construction authorization Acts, $41,800,000, to remain available until September 30, 1990.

$41,800,000

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, AIR FORCE RESERVE

For construction, acquisition, expansion, rehabilitation, and conversion of facilities for the training and administration of the Air Force Reserve as authorized by chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code, and military construction authorization Acts, $63,030,000, to remain available until September 30, 1990.

63,030,000

[*Total, Military Construction, $5,552,583,000.*]

FAMILY HOUSING, ARMY

For expenses of family housing for the Army for construction, including acquisition, replacement, addition, expansion, extension and alteration and for operation and maintenance, including debt payment, leasing, minor construction, principal and interest charges, and insurance premiums, as authorized by law, as follows: for Construction, $262,018,000; for Operation and maintenance, $1,167,069,000; for debt payment, $16,077,000; in all $1,445,164,000: *Provided*, That the amount provided for construction shall remain available until September 30, 1990.

1,445,164,000
−15,064,000
(debt reduction)

[*Total, Family Housing, Army, $1,430,100,000.*]

FAMILY HOUSING, NAVY AND MARINE CORPS

For expenses of family housing for the Navy and Marine Corps for construction, including acquisition, replacement, addition, expansion, extension and alteration and for operation and maintenance, including debt payment, leasing, minor construction, principal and interest charges, and insurance premiums, as authorized by law, as follows: for Construction, $139,808,000; for Operation and maintenance, $524,270,000; for debt payment, $17,302,000; in all $681,380,000: *Provided*, That the amount provided for construction shall remain available until September 30, 1990.

681,380,000
−16,239,000
(debt reduction)

[*Total, Family Housing, Navy and Marine Corps, $665,141,000.*]

FAMILY HOUSING, AIR FORCE

For expenses of family housing for the Air Force for construction, including acquisition, replacement, addition, expansion, extension and alteration and for operation and maintenance, including debt payment, leasing, minor construction, principal and interest charges, and insurance premiums, as authorized by law, as follows: for Construction, $182,300,000; for Operation and maintenance, $650,161,000; for debt payment, $15,305,000; in all $847,766,000: *Provided*, That the amount provided for construction shall remain available until September 30, 1990.

847,766,000
−14,298,000
(debt reduction)

[*Total, Family Housing, Air Force, $833,468,000.*]

FAMILY HOUSING, DEFENSE AGENCIES

For expenses of family housing for the activities and agencies of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments) for construction, including acquisition, replacement, addition, expansion, extension and alteration and for operation and maintenance, leasing, and minor construction, as authorized by law, as follows: for Construction, $1,610,000; for Operation and maintenance, $14,957,000; in all $16,567,000: *Provided*, That the amount provided for construction shall remain available until September 30, 1990. $16,567,000

[Total, Family Housing	*$2,945,276,000.]*
[New budget (obligatibnal) authority	*2,990,877,000.]*
[Debt reduction	*−45,601,000.]*

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 101. None of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be expended for payments under a cost-plus-a-fixed-fee contract for work, where cost estimates exceed $25,000, to be performed within the United States, except Alaska, without the specific approval in writing of the Secretary of Defense setting forth the reasons therefor.

SEC. 102. Funds herein appropriated to the Department of Defense for construction shall be available for hire of passenger motor vehicles.

SEC. 103. Funds appropriated to the Department of Defense for construction may be used for advances to the Federal Highway Administration, Department of Transportation, for the construction of access roads as authorized by section 210 of title 23, United States Code, when projects authorized therein are certified as important to the national defense by the Secretary of Defense.

SEC. 104. None of the funds appropriated in this Act may be used to begin construction of new bases inside the continental United States for which specific appropriations have not been made.

SEC. 105. No part of the funds provided in this Act shall be used for purchase of land or land easements in excess of 100 per centum of the value as determined by the Corps of Engineers or the Naval Facilities Engineering Command, except; (a) where there is a determination of value by a Federal court, or (b) purchases negotiated by the Attorney General or his designee, or (c) where the estimated value is less than $25,000, or (d) as otherwise determined by the Secretary of Defense to be in the public interest.

SEC. 106. None of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used to (1) acquire land, (2) provide for site preparation, or (3) install utilities for any family housing, except housing for which funds have been made available in annual military construction appropriation Acts.

SEC. 107. None of the funds appropriated in this Act for minor construction may be used to transfer or relocate any activity from one base or installation to another, without prior notification to the Committees on Appropriations.

SEC. 108. No part of the funds appropriated in this Act may be used for the procurement of steel for any construction project or activity for which American steel producers, fabricators, and manufacturers have been denied the opportunity to compete for such steel procurement.

SEC. 109. No part of the funds appropriated in this Act for dredging in the Indian Ocean may be used for the performance of the work by foreign contractors: *Provided*, That the low responsive and responsible bid of a United States contractor does not exceed the lowest responsive and responsible bid of a foreign contractor by greater than 20 per centum.

SEC. 110. None of the funds available to the Department of Defense for military construction or family housing during the current fiscal year may be used to pay real property taxes in any foreign nation.

SEC. 111. No part of the funds appropriated in this Act may be used to pay the compensation of an officer of the Government of the United States or to reimburse a contractor for the employment of a person for work in the continental United States by any such person if such person is an alien who has not been lawfully admitted to the United States.

SEC. 112. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

SEC. 113. None of the funds appropriated in this Act may be obligated or expended in any way for the express purpose of the sale, lease, or rental of any portion of land currently identified as Fort DeRussy, Honolulu, Hawaii.

SEC. 114. None of the funds in this Act may be used to initiate a new installation overseas without prior notification to the Committees on Appropriations.

SEC. 115. None of the funds appropriated in this Act for F-16 beddown projects at Misawa, Japan, may be obligated or expended unless there has been notification to the Committees on Appropriations that the approved Government of Japan budget for fiscal year 1986 includes projects associated with the F-16 beddown as an additive over the level of funding provided in Japanese fiscal year 1985 for the facilities improvement program.

SEC. 116. None of the funds appropriated in this Act may be obligated for architect and engineer contracts estimated by the Government to exceed $1,000,000 for projects to be accomplished in Japan or in any NATO member country, unless such contracts are awarded to United States firms or United States firms in joint venture with host nation firms.

SEC. 117. None of the funds appropriated in this Act for military construction in the United States territories and possessions in the Pacific and on Kwajalein Island may be used to award any contract estimated by the Government to exceed $1,000,000 to a foreign contractor: *Provided,* That this section shall not be applicable to contract awards for which the lowest responsive and responsible bid of a United States contractor exceeds the lowest responsive and responsible bid of a foreign contractor by greater than 20 per centum.

SEC. 118. The Secretary of Defense is to inform the Committees on Appropriations and Committees on Armed Services of the plans and scope of any proposed military exercise involving United States personnel 30 days prior to its occurring, if amounts expended for construction, either temporary or permanent, are anticipated to exceed $100,000.

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

SEC. 119. Unexpended balances in the Military Family Housing Management Account established pursuant to section 2831 of title 10, United States Code, as well as any additional amounts which would otherwise be transferred to the Military Family Housing Management Account during fiscal year 1986, shall be transferred to the appropriations for Family Housing provided in this Act, as determined by the Secretary of Defense, based on the sources from which the funds were derived, and shall be available for the same purposes, and for the same time period, as the appropriation to which they have been transferred.

SEC. 120. Not more than 20 per centum of the appropriations in this Act which are limited for obligation during the current fiscal year shall be obligated during the last two months of the fiscal year.

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

SEC. 121. (a) Funds appropriated to the Department of Defense for construction in prior years are hereby made available for construction authorized for each such department by the authorizations enacted into law during the first session of the Ninety-ninth Congress.

(b) IN GENERAL.—10 U.S.C. 2860 is amended to read as follows:

"§ 2860. Availability of appropriations

"Funds appropriated to a military department or defense agency for a fiscal year for military construction or military family housing purposes may remain available beyond such fiscal year to the extent provided in the appropriation Acts.".

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (b) shall apply to funds appropriated after the date of the enactment of Public Law 99-103.

SEC. 122. The Secretary of the Army acting through the Chief of Engineers of the United States Army Corps of Engineers is hereby directed to assign a military design, construction, and support mission to the Little Rock district and to designate the Little Rock district as a full service district which includes responsibilities for planning, engineering, construction operations and real estate for both civil and military missions: *Provided,* That finance and accounting shall also be included as a function of the full service district if evidence shows that it would result in more efficiency and economy.

SEC. 123. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of the Army shall convey, without reimbursement, to the United States Modern Pentathalon Association, a nonprofit association organized under the laws of the State of Texas, all equipment owned by the United States and currently used by the United States Modern Pentathalon Team for training and competition.

SEC. 124. (a) None of the funds appropriated in this Act may be available for any country if the President determines that the government of such country is failing to take adequate measures to prevent narcotic drugs or other controlled substances cultivated or produced or processed illicitly, in whole or in part, in such country, or transported through such country, from being sold illegally within the jurisdiction of such country to United States personnel or their dependents, or from being smuggled into the United States. Such prohibition shall continue in force until the President determines and reports to the Congress in writing that—

(1) the government of such country has prepared and committed itself to a plan presented to the Secretary of State that would eliminate the cause or basis for the application to such country of the prohibition contained in the first sentence; and

(2) the government of such country has taken appropriate law enforcement measures to implement the plan presented to the Secretary of State.

(b) The provisions of subsection (a) shall not apply in the case of any country with respect to which the President determines that the application of the provisions of such subsection would be inconsistent with the national security interests of the United States.

SEC. 125. Of the total amount of budget authority provided for fiscal year 1986 by this Act that would otherwise be available for consulting services, management and professional services, and special studies and analyses, 10 per centum of the amount intended for such purposes in the President's budget for 1986, as amended, for any agency, department or entity subject to apportionment by the Executive shall be placed in reserve and not made available for obligation or expenditure: Provided, That this section shall not apply to any agency, department or entity whose budget request for 1986 for the purposes stated above did not amount to $5,000,000.

SEC. 126. (a) Notwithstanding section 13(g) of the Surplus Property Act of 1944 (50 App. U.S.C. 1622(g)) and section 4 of the Act of October 1, 1949 (50 App. U.S.C. 1622(c)), the Secretary of Transportation, if requested, shall, as to the property described in subsection (c), in order to facilitate an exchange of land negotiated between the State of Georgia and the County of Glynn, Georgia, grant a release to the County of Glynn, Georgia, from all of the terms, conditions, reservations, and restrictions contained in the deed of conveyance dated July 1, 1975, under which the United States conveyed certain property to the County of Glynn, Georgia, for airport purposes. This provision does not apply to the portion of the property, conveyed by that deed, that is not specified in subsection (c). This provision is subject to the conditions in subsection (b).

(b)(1) The County of Glynn finds that the property obtained in exchange for the property described in subsection (c) is equivalent in value to the property described in subsection (c).

(2) Revenue derived from the land obtained by the County of Glynn in exchange for the property described in subsection (c) must be used for the development, improvement, operation, or maintenance of a public airport.

(3) The property described in subsection (c) shall be used by the State of Georgia in a manner compatible with airport purposes.

(4) Approval of the Secretary of Transportation must be obtained prior to any subsequent transfer by the State of Georgia of the property described in subsection (c). Such approval shall be given only if the Secretary finds that the property will continue to be used in a manner compatible with airport purposes.

(c) Subsection (a) applies to the following described area known as the "Glynco Jetport Tract":

"GLYNCO JETPORT TRACT

"To locate the Point of Beginning, proceed from the intersection of the eastern right-of-way of Canal Road with the northern right-of-way of the Glynco Parkway, north 16 degrees 31 minutes 05 seconds east along the eastern right-of-way of Canal Road for a distance of 342.33 feet to a concrete monument which is the Point of Beginning; thence, continue north 16 degrees 31 minutes 05 seconds east along the eastern right-of-way of Canal Road for a distance of 1160.25 feet to a concrete monument; thence, proceed south 73 degrees 28 minutes 55 seconds east for a distance of 514.8 feet to a concrete monument located on the western right-of-way of the Brunswick-Altamaha Canal; thence, proceed south 12 degrees 31 minutes 00 seconds west along the western right-of-way of the said canal for a distance of 910.66 feet to a concrete monument located on the northern right-of-way of the Glynco Parkway; thence, proceed south 65 degrees 01 minutes 04 seconds west along the northern right-of-way of the Glynco Parkway for a distance of 219.54 feet to a concrete monument which a point of curvature; thence continue along the said right-of-way for a distance of 31.0 minutes along the arc of a curve having a delta angle of 13 degrees 00 minutes, a Tangent of 334.95 feet, and a radius of 2939.79 feet to a concrete monument; thence, proceed north 85 degrees 53 minutes 24 seconds west for a distance of 398.00 feet to a concrete monument located on the eastern right-of-way of Canal Road and is the Point of Beginning.".

(d) Notwithstanding section 13(g) of the Surplus Property Act of 1944 (50 App. U.S.C. 1622(g)) and Sec. 4 of the Act of October 1, 1949

(50 App. U.S.C. 1622(c)), the Secretary of Transportation, if requested, shall, as to the property described in subsection (f), in order to facilitate the lease of land negotiated between the City of Gadsden and the State of Alabama National Guard Commission, grant a release to the City of Gadsden, from all of the terms, conditions, reservations, and restrictions contained in the deed of conveyance dated September 2, 1947, under which the United States conveyed certain property to the City of Gadsden, Alabama, for airport purposes. This provision does not apply to the portion of the property, conveyed by that deed, that is not specified in subsection (f). This provision is subject to the conditions of subsection (e).

(e)(1) The rent for the property described in subsection (f) shall be one dollar ($1.00) per year during both the initial term and the optional renewal term provided for herein to be paid by the State of Alabama National Guard Commission to the City of Gadsden.

(2) The City of Gadsden agrees that said lease would be in the best interest of the people of Gadsden.

(3) The property described in subsection (f) shall be used by the State of Alabama National Guard Commission for development of National Guard facilities in a manner compatible with airport purposes.

(4) Approval of the Secretary of Transportation must be obtained prior to any subsequent lease by the State of Alabama of the property described in subsection (f). Such approval shall be given only if the Secretary finds that the property will continue to be used in a manner compatible with airport purposes.

(f) Subsection (d) applies to the following described area:

Parcel 1. Commence at the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 23, township 12 south, range 5 east, in Etowah County, Alabama; thence south along the east line of said section a distance of 247.00 feet to the point of beginning; thence deflect 89 degrees 36 minutes left and run a distance of 72.77 feet to a point; thence deflect 23 degrees 43 minutes 30 seconds left and run a distance of 54.93 feet to a point; thence deflect 23 degrees 43 minutes 30 seconds left and run a distance of 725.00 feet to a point; thence deflect 90 degrees 00 minutes left and run a distance of 350.00 feet to a point, thence deflect 90 degrees 00 minutes left and run a distance of 662.24 feet to a point; thence deflect 47 degrees 27 minutes right and run a distance of 661.81 feet to a point; thence deflect 90 degrees 00 minutes left and run a distance of 300.00 feet to a point; thence deflect 90 degrees 00 minutes left and run a distance of 749.65 feet to the point of beginning. Being a portion of the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter in section 23, township 12 south, range 5 east, and a portion of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter and the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 24, township 12 south, range 5 east, in Etowah County, Alabama. Save and except a 20.00 foot easement for sanitary sewer across said property.

Parcel 2. Commence at the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 23, township 12 south, range 5 east, in Etowah County, Alabama; thence south along the east line of said section a distance of 347.00 feet to a point; thence deflect 90 degrees 24 minutes right and run a distance of 750.00 feet to a point; thence deflect 90 degrees 00 minutes left and run a distance of 500.00 feet to the point of beginning; thence deflect 90 degrees 00 minutes left and run a distance of 440.21 feet to a point on the westerly right of way line of Airport Road a distance of 220.00 feet more or less to a point on the northerly right of way line of Southern Natural Gas Company pipe line; thence run in a southwesterly direction along the northerly right of way line of said Southern Natural Gas Company a distance of 459.40 feet to a point;

thence deflect 122 degrees 12 minutes right and run a distance of 462.60 feet to the point of beginning. Being a portion of the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter, section 23, township 12 south, range 5 east in Etowah County, Alabama.

SEC. 127. Section 1209(a) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (Public Law 99-145), is amended by striking out "30 days after the date Congress receives the report required by subsection (b), but no later than", in the material preceding clause (1).

SEC. 128. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds appropriated by this Act for the United States contribution to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Infrastructure program may not be obligated or expended at a rate exceeding the rate of recoupment during fiscal year 1986 of $30,000,000 of prefinanced United States contributions to this account.

"This Act may be cited as the "Military Construction Appropriations Act, 1986".

Approved December 10, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3327

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-275 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 99-380 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-168 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
October 17, considered and passed House.
November 7, considered and passed Senate, amended.
November 20, House agreed to conference report, concurred in Senate amendments—with amendments.
November 21, Senate agreed to conference report, concurred in House amendments.

Grand total:		
Department of Defense		$207,942,000
Department of the Army:		
Definite appropriations	$3,211,697,000	
Portion applied to debt reduction	–15,064,000	3,196,633,000
Department of the Navy:		
Definite appropriations	2,428,550,000	
Portion applied to debt reduction	–16,239,000	2,412,311,000
Department of the Air Force:		
Definite appropriations	2,695,271,000	
Portion applied to debt reduction	–14,298,000	2,680,973,000
Total, new budget (obligational) authority (all definite appropriations), Military Construction Appropriation Act, 1986		8,497,859,000

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986

99th Congress, H.R. 3244

[NOTE.—The Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3244) was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives on September 5, 1985, and was passed by the House on September 12, 1985. The Committee on Appropriations of the Senate reported the bill on October 4, 1985, and the bill was passed by the Senate on October 23, 1985. However, there was no conference report filed. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(e) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 (see pp. 399-421 for text of Sec. 101(e) of Public Law 99-190, and pp. 1764-1768 for the table VIII showing estimates and funding levels by appropriation account).]

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3244

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-256 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 99-259 (Comm. on Rules).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-152 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Sept. 5, reported in the House.
Oct. 4, reported in the Senate.
Sept. 10, reported from Rules.
Sept. 12, passed House.
Oct. 23, passed Senate, amended.

NOTE.—The following summary shows the amounts of new budget (obligational) authority provided for fiscal year 1986 under Sec. 101(e) of Public Law 99-190 for the programs and activities normally funded in this regular annual appropriation bill:

Grand total:		
New budget (obligational) authority	$10,455,739,569	
By transfer	*(95,400,000)*	
Limitation on expenses	*(205,677,000)*	
Limitation on borrowing authority	*(75,000,000)*	
Limitations on obligations	*(15,026,800,000)*	
Limitations on new loan guarantees	*(4,000,000)*	
Limitation on working capital fund	*(64,500,000)*	
Limitation on direct loans	*(50,000,000)*	
Appropriations to liquidate contract authorizations	*(15,492,000,000)*	
Deferral disapproval	*(223,600,000)*	
Total, new budget (obligational) authority, Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986		[1]$10,455,739,569

NOTE.—In addition to the new budget (obligational) authority for fiscal year 1986 provided under Sec. 101(e) of Public Law 99-190, Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986, the following additional amounts are available for the Department of Transportation for the fiscal year:

Permanent appropriations:		
Federal funds (p. 1624)	$306,500,000	
Trust funds (pp. 1636-1637)	16,479,231,000	
Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, and the Judiciary Appropriations Act, 1986:		
Maritime Administration (p. 144)	79,600,000	
Subtotal, additions		16,865,331,000

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[1] The Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3244) was not approved by the Congress. Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided through a continuing resolution (see "Note" above).

Deduct amounts for independent agencies transferred to General Government totals:

General Government:		
Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board (p. 413)	$1,975,000	
Interstate Commerce Commission (pp. 413–414)	48,180,000	
National Transportation Safety Board (p. 413)	22,300,000	
Panama Canal Commission (p. 414)	425,784,000	
United States Railway Association (p. 415)	2,400,000	
Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (p. 415)	51,663,569	
Subtotal, deductions		–$552,302,569
Grand total, Department of Transportation		[1] 26,768,768,000

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[1] The Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3244) was not approved by the Congress. Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided through a continuing resolution (see "Note" on page 283, this volume).

TREASURY, POSTAL SERVICE, AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 1986

99th Congress, H.R. 3036

[Note.—The following bill is a copy of H.R. 3036 as modified by Sec. 101(h) of Public Law 99-190, Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. H.R. 3036 was initially approved by the Congress, but was vetoed by the President on November 15, 1985. The veto message and the bill were referred to the Committee on Appropriations, and no attempt was made by the Congress to override the President's veto. Sec. 101(h) of Public Law 99-190, Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986, includes provisions making the amounts provided in H.R. 3036, with certain exceptions, available for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986 (see p. 421 for text of Sec. 101(h) of Public Law 99-190 and pp. 1769-1771 for the table VIII showing estimates and funding levels by appropriation account).]

A BILL

Making appropriations for the Treasury Department, the United States Postal Service, the Executive Office of the President, and certain Independent Agencies, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, **That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Treasury Department, the United States Postal Service, the Executive Office of the President, and certain Independent Agencies, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes, namely:**

TITLE I

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Office of the Secretary

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Secretary including operation and maintenance of the Treasury Building and Annex; hire of passenger motor vehicles; not to exceed $22,000 for official reception and representation expenses; not to exceed $200,000 for unforeseen emergencies of a confidential nature, to be allocated and expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury and to be accounted for solely on his certificate; not to exceed $683,000, to remain available until expended, for repairs and improvements to the Main Treasury Building and Annex, $54,274,000. $54,274,000

International Affairs

For necessary expenses of the international affairs function of the Office of the Secretary; hire of passenger motor vehicles; maintenance, repairs, and improvements of, and purchase of commercial insurance policies for, real properties leased or owned overseas, when necessary for the performance of official business; not to exceed $2,000,000 for official travel expenses; and not to exceed $73,000 for official reception and representation expenses; $22,442,000. 22,442,000

FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING CENTER

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center, as a bureau of the Department of the Treasury, including purchase (not to exceed eight for police-type use) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; not to exceed $75,000 for expenses for student athletic and related activities; uniforms without regard to the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year; the conducting of and participating in firearms matches and presentation of awards; not to exceed $2,100,000 for repair, alteration, minor construction, and related equipment for the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center facility, to remain available until expended; not to exceed $2,000 for official reception and representation expenses; and services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109: *Provided*, That funds appropriated in this account shall be available for State and local government law enforcement training on a space-available basis; training of foreign law enforcement officials on a space-available basis with reimbursement of actual costs to this appropriation; acceptance of gifts; training of private sector security officials on a space-available basis with reimbursement of actual costs to this appropriation; travel expenses of non-Federal personnel to attend State and local course development meetings at the Center; $23,803,000. $23,803,000

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Financial Management Service, $244,621,000, of which not to exceed $1,800,000 shall remain available until expended for systems modernization initiatives. 244,621,000

BUREAU OF ALCOHOL, TOBACCO AND FIREARMS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, including purchase of three hundred vehicles for police-type use for replacement only; and hire of passenger motor vehicles; hire of aircraft; and services of expert witnesses at such rates as may be determined by the Director; not to exceed $5,000 for official reception and representation expenses; $174,212,000 of which $15,000,000 shall be available solely for the enforcement of the Federal Alcohol Administration Act during fiscal year 1986: *Provided*, That no funds appropriated herein shall be available for administrative expenses in connection with consolidating or centralizing within the Department of the Treasury the records of receipts and disposition of firearms maintained by Federal firearms licensees or for issuing or carrying out any provisions of the proposed rules of the Department of the Treasury, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, on Firearms Regulations, as published in the Federal Register, volume 43, number 55, of March 21, 1978: *Provided further*, That the Federal Building at 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC, headquarters of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, shall hereafter be known and designated as the Ariel Rios Federal Building. Any reference to this building in any law, regulation, document, record, or other paper of the United States shall be deemed to be a reference to such building as the Ariel Rios Federal Building. 174,212,000

UNITED STATES CUSTOMS SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the United States Customs Service, including purchase of up to five hundred motor vehicles for replacement only, including four hundred and ninety for police-type use; hire of passenger motor vehicles; not to exceed $10,000 for official reception and representation expenses; and awards of compensation to informers, as authorized by any Act enforced by the United States Customs Service; $717,000,000, of which not to exceed $150,000 shall be available for payment for rental space in connection with preclearance operations and not to exceed $1,000,000, to remain available until expended, for research: *Provided,* That uniforms may be purchased without regard to the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year: *Provided further,* That none of the funds made available by this Act shall be available for administrative expenses to pay any employee overtime pay in an amount in excess of $25,000: *Provided further,* That the Commissioner or his designee may waive this limitation in individual cases in order to prevent excessive costs or to meet emergency requirements of the Service: *Provided further,* That none of the funds made available by this Act may be used for administrative expenses in connection with the proposed redirection of the Equal Employment Opportunity Program: *Provided further,* That none of the funds made available by this Act shall be available for administrative expenses to reduce the number of Customs Service regions below seven during fiscal year 1986: *Provide further,* That none of the funds made available by this Act shall be available for administrative expenses to reduce the personnel level of the Customs Service during fiscal year 1986 below an average of 14,041 full time equivalent positions.

$717,000,000

None of the funds made available in this or any other Act may be used to fund more than nine hundred and fifty positions in the Headquarters staff of the United States Customs Service in the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986 and the Customs Service shall begin planning to reduce headquarters staff to no more than nine hundred positions by September 30, 1987.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR INTERDICTION PROGRAM

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the hire, lease, acquisition (transfer or acquisition from any other agency), operation and maintenance of aircraft, and other related equipment of the Air Program; $75,000,000.

75,000,000

CUSTOMS FORFEITURE FUND

(LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF DEPOSITS)

For necessary expenses of the Customs Forfeiture Fund, not to exceed $8,000,000, as authorized by Public Law 98-473 and Public Law 98-573; to be derived from deposits in the Fund.

8,000,000
(limitation)

CUSTOMS SERVICES AT SMALL AIRPORTS

(TO BE DERIVED FROM FEES COLLECTED)

Such sums as may be necessary for expenses of the provision of Customs services at certain small airports designated by the Secretary of the Treasury, including expenditures for the salaries and expenses of individuals employed to provide such services, to be derived from fees collected by the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to section 236 of Public Law 98-573 for each of these airports, and to remain available until expended.

75,000
(limitation)

[*Total, United States Customs Service, $792,000,000.*]

UNITED STATES MINT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the United States Mint; $46,500,000 of which $1,050,000 shall remain available until expended for research and development projects.

$46,500,000

BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC DEBT

ADMINISTERING THE PUBLIC DEBT

For necessary expenses connected with any public-debt issues of the United States; $195,225,000.

195,225,000

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Internal Revenue Service, not otherwise provided; for executive direction and management services, and hire of passenger motor vehicles (31 U.S.C. 1343(b)); and services, as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, at such rates as may be determined by the Commissioner; $94,000,000, of which not to exceed $25,000 for official reception and representation expenses and of which not to exceed $500,000 shall remain available until expended, for research.

94,000,000

PROCESSING TAX RETURNS

For necessary expenses of the Internal Revenue Service not otherwise provided for; including processing tax returns; revenue accounting; computer services; and hire of passenger motor vehicles (31 U.S.C. 1343(b)); and services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, at such rates as may be determined by the Commissioner; $1,103,041,000 of which not to exceed $35,000,000 shall remain available until expended for systems modernization initiatives.

[1] 1,065,000,000

EXAMINATIONS AND APPEALS

For necessary expenses of the Internal Revenue Service for determining and establishing tax liabilities; employee plans and exempt organizations; tax litigation; hire of passenger motor vehicles (31 U.S.C. 1343(b)); and services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, at such rates as may be determined by the Commissioner; $1,425,902,000.

[1] 1,419,451,000

INVESTIGATION, COLLECTION, AND TAXPAYER SERVICE

For necessary expenses of the Internal Revenue Service for investigation and enforcement activities; including purchase (not to exceed four hundred and fifty-one for replacement only, for police-type use) and hire of passenger motor vehicles (31 U.S.C. 1343(b)); securing unfiled tax returns; collecting unpaid accounts; technical rulings; enforcement litigation; providing assistance to taxpayers; and services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, at such rates as may be determined by the Commissioner: *Provided*, That notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, none of the funds made available by this Act shall be used to reduce the number of positions allocated to taxpayer service activities below fiscal year 1984 levels, or to reduce the number of positions allocated to any other direct taxpayer assistance functions below fiscal year 1984 levels, including, but not limited to Internal Revenue Service toll-free telephone tax law assistance and walk-in assistance available at Internal Revenue

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[1] Amended by Section 101(h) of P.L. 99-190 (see p. 421, this volume).

Service field offices: *Provided further,* That the Internal Revenue Service shall fund the Tax Counseling for the Elderly Program at $2,200,000. The Internal Revenue Service shall absorb within existing funds the administrative costs of the program in order that the full $2,200,000 can be devoted to program requirements; $1,064,325,000. $1,064,325,000

[*Total, Internal Revenue Service $3,642,776,000.*]

Administrative Provision—Internal Revenue Service

Sec. 1. Not to exceed 1 per centum of any appropriation made available to the Internal Revenue Service for the current fiscal year by this Act may be transferred to any other Internal Revenue Service appropriation.

Sec. 2. Not to exceed 15 per centum, or $15,000,000, whichever is greater, of any appropriation made available to the Internal Revenue Service for document matching for the current fiscal year by this Act may be transferred to any other Internal Revenue Service appropriation for document matching.

United States Secret Service

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the United States Secret Service, including purchase (not to exceed three hundred and forty-three vehicles for police-type use for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; hire of aircraft; training and assistance requested by State and local governments, which may be provided without reimbursement; services of expert witnesses at such rates as may be determined by the Director; rental of buildings in the District of Columbia, and fencing, lighting, guard booths, and other facilities on private or other property not in Government ownership or control, as may be necessary to perform protective functions; the conducting of and participating in firearms matches and presentation of awards and for travel of Secret Service employees on protective missions without regard to the limitations on such expenditures in this or any other Act: *Provided,* That approval is obtained in advance from the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations; for repairs, alterations and minor construction at the James J. Rowley Secret Service Training Center; and for research and development; not to exceed $7,500 for official reception and representation expenses; for uniforms without regard to the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year; $294,000,000. 294,000,000

Department of the Treasury—General Provisions

Sec. 101. Appropriations to the Treasury Department in this Act shall be available for uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901), including maintenance, repairs, and cleaning; purchase of insurance for official motor vehicles operated in foreign countries; entering into contracts with the Department of State for the furnishings of health and medical services to employees and their dependents serving in foreign countries; and services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109.

Sec. 102. None of the funds appropriated by this title shall be used in connection with the collection of any underpayment of any tax imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 unless the conduct of officers and employees of the Internal Revenue Service in connection with such collection complies with subsection (a) of section 805 (relating to communication in connection with debt collection), and section 806 (relating to harassment or abuse), of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act (15 U.S.C. 1692).

Sec. 103. (a) None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be used to disqualify, pursuant to section 411(d)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, any plan which has vesting requirements or provides for nonforfeitable rights to benefits, equal to or more stringent than 4/40.

(b) None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be used to issue an unfavorable advance determination letter, pursuant to section 411(d)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, with respect to any plan which has vesting requirements or provides for nonforfeitable rights to benefits, equal to or more stringent than 4/40.

Sec. 104. Not to exceed 1 per centum of any appropriations in this Act for the Department of the Treasury may be transferred between such appropriations. However, no such appropriation shall be increased or decreased by more than 1 per centum and any such proposed transfers shall be approved in advance by the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate.

Sec. 105. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to place the United States Secret Service, the United States Customs Service, or the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms under the operation, oversight, or jurisdiction of the Inspector General of the Department of the Treasury.

This title may be cited as the "Treasury Department Appropriations Act, 1986".

[Total, title I, Department of the Treasury:
[New budget (obligational) authority ....$5,489,853,000.]
[Limitations ....8,075,000.]

TITLE II

POSTAL SERVICE

Payment to the Postal Service Fund

For payment to the Postal Service Fund for revenue forgone on free and reduced rate mail, pursuant to subsections (b) and (c) of section 2401 of title 39, United States Code; $820,000,000: *Provided*, [1]$748,000,000 That mail for overseas voting and mail for the blind shall continue to be free: *Provided further*, That six-day delivery and rural delivery of mail shall continue at the 1983 level: *Provided further*, That none of the funds made available to the Postal Service by this Act shall be used to implement any rule, regulation, or policy of charging any officer or employee of any State or local child support enforcement agency, or any individual participating in a State or local program of child support enforcement, a fee for information requested or provided concerning an address of a postal customer: *Provided further*, That none of the funds provided in this Act shall be used to consolidate or close small rural and other small post offices in the fiscal year ending on September 30, 1986: *Provided further*, That none of the funds made available to the Postal Service by this Act may be used to support in-county second-class rates of postage for any issue of a publication unless more than 50 per centum plus one copy of the total paid circulation is distributed within the county of publication, or the total paid circulation of the publication is under 10,000: *Provided further*, That none of the funds made available to the Postal Service by this Act shall be used to support the mailing of nonsubscriber copies of such publications at the in-county second-class rates of postage at any time during the calendar year in excess of 10 per centum of the total weight of copies mailed to subscribers at the in-county rate during the calendar year.

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[1] Amended by Section 101(h) of P.L. 99-190 (see p. 421, this volume).

This title may be cited as the "Postal Service Appropriation Act, 1986".

TITLE III

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

Compensation of the President

For compensation of the President, including an expense allowance at the rate of $50,000 per annum as authorized by 3 U.S.C. 102; $250,000: *Provided*, That none of the funds made available for official expenses shall be expended for any other purpose and any unused amount shall revert to the Treasury pursuant to section 1552 of title 31 of the United States Code: *Provided further*, That none of the funds made available for official expenses shall be considered as taxable to the President. $250,000

Office of Administration

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Office of Administration; $15,597,000 including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109 and 3 U.S.C. 107, and hire of passenger motor vehicles. 15,597,000

The White House Office

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary of the White House Office as authorized by law, including not to exceed $3,850,000 for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109 and 3 U.S.C. 105; including subsistence expenses as authorized by 3 U.S.C. 105, which shall be expended and accounted for as provided in that section; hire of passenger motor vehicles, newspapers, periodicals, teletype news service, and travel (not to exceed $100,000 to be expended and accounted for as provided by 3 U.S.C. 103); not to exceed $20,000 for official entertainment expenses, to be available for allocation within the Executive Office of the President; $24,906,000. 24,906,000

Executive Residence at the White House

OPERATING EXPENSES

For the care, maintenance, repair and alteration, refurnishing, improvement, heating and lighting, including electric power and fixtures, of the Executive Residence at the White House and official entertainment expenses of the President; $4,577,000, to be expended and accounted for as provided by 3 U.S.C. 105, 109–110, 112–114. 4,577,000

Official Residence of the Vice President

OPERATING EXPENSES

For the care, maintenance, repair and alteration, refurnishing, improvement, heating and lighting, including electric power and fixtures, of the official residence of the Vice President, and not to exceed $60,000 for official entertainment expenses of the Vice Presi-

dent, to be accounted for solely on his certificate; $204,000: *Provided,* That advances or repayments or transfers from this appropriation may be made to any department or agency for expenses of carrying out such activities. $204,000

SPECIAL ASSISTANCE TO THE PRESIDENT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses to enable the Vice President to provide assistance to the President in connection with specially assigned functions, services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109 and 3 U.S.C. 106, and hire of passenger motor vehicles; $1,794,000. 1,794,000

COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Council in carrying out its functions under the Employment Act of 1946 (15 U.S.C. 1021); $2,301,000. 2,301,000

OFFICE OF POLICY DEVELOPMENT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Office of Policy Development, including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, and 3 U.S.C. 107 and other personal services as authorized by 3 U.S.C. 107; $2,726,000. 2,726,000

NATIONAL CRITICAL MATERIALS COUNCIL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the National Critical Materials Council, including activities as authorized by Public Law 98-373, $500,000. 500,000

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the National Security Council, including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; $4,627,000. 4,627,000

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Office of Management and Budget, including hire of passenger motor vehicles, services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; $37,299,000: *Provided,* That none of the funds appropriated in this Act for the Office of Management and Budget may be used for the purpose of reviewing any agricultural marketing orders or any activities or regulations under the provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937 (7 U.S.C. 601 et seq.): *Provided further,* That none of the funds made available for the Office of Management and Budget by this Act may be expended for the review of the transcript of actual testimony of witnesses, except for testimony of officials of the Office of Management and Budget, before the Committee on Appropriations or the Committee on Veterans' Affairs or their subcommittees: *Provided further,* That this proviso shall not apply to printed hearings released by the Com- 37,299,000

mittee on Appropriations or the Committee on Veterans' Affairs: *Provided further,* That none of the funds made available by this Act or any other Act shall be used to reduce the scope or publication frequency of statistical data relative to the operations and production of the alcoholic beverage and tobacco industries below fiscal year 1985 levels.

Office of Federal Procurement Policy

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy, including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; $1,611,000. $1,611,000

Unanticipated Needs

For expenses necessary to enable the President to meet unanticipated needs, in furtherance of the national interest, security, or defense which may arise at home or abroad during the current fiscal year; $1,000,000. 1,000,000

This title may be cited as the "Executive Office Appropriations Act, 1986".

[*Total, title III, new budget (obligational) authority, Executive Office of the President, $97,392,000.*]

TITLE IV

Administrative Conference of the United States

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Administrative Conference of the United States, established by the Administrative Conference Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. 571 et seq.); $1,430,000. 1,430,000

Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations Act of 1959, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4271-79; $2,041,000. 2,041,000

Advisory Committee on Federal Pay

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Advisory Committee on Federal Pay, established by 5 U.S.C. 5306; $210,000. 210,000

Committee for Purchase From the Blind and Other Severely Handicapped

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Committee for Purchase From the Blind and Other Severely Handicapped established by the Act of June 23, 1971, Public Law 92-28, including hire of passenger motor vehicles; $730,000. 730,000

Federal Election Commission

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended; $12,433,000. $12,433,000

General Services Administration

Federal Buildings Fund

LIMITATIONS ON AVAILABILITY OF REVENUE

For additional expenses necessary to carry out the purposes of the fund established pursuant to section 210(f) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended (40 U.S.C. 490(f)), shall be available for necessary expenses of real property management and related activities not otherwise provided for, $7,000,000 to be deposited into said fund. The revenues and collections deposited into said fund including operation, maintenance, and protection of federally owned and leased buildings; rental of buildings in the District of Columbia; restoration of leased premises; moving Government agencies (including space adjustments) in connection with the assignment, allocation and transfer of space; contractual services incident to cleaning or servicing buildings and moving; repair and alteration of federally owned buildings, including grounds, approaches and appurtenances; care and safeguarding of sites; maintenance, preservation, demolition, and equipment; acquisition of buildings and sites by purchase, condemnation, or as otherwise authorized by law; conversion and extension of federally owned buildings; preliminary planning and design of projects by contract or otherwise; construction of new buildings (including equipment for such buildings); and payment of principal, interest, taxes, and any other obligations for public buildings acquired by purchase contract, in the aggregate amount of $2,412,001,000, of which (1) not to exceed $243,419,000 shall remain available until expended for construction of additional projects as authorized by law at locations and at maximum construction improvement costs (including funds for sites and expenses) as follows:

7,000,000

2,412,001,000 (limitation on availability of revenue)

New Construction:
  California:
    Los Angeles, Federal Building, Courthouse and parking facility, $137,198,000
  Idaho:
    Eastport, Border Station, $2,147,000
  Missouri:
    Overland National Personnel Records Center Extension, $48,932,000
  New Jersey:
    Newark, Federal Building, Courthouse, $44,975,000
  Washington:
    Seattle, Laboratory, $9,767,000
  Construction Projects, less than $500,000, $400,000:

Provided, That each of the immediately foregoing limits of costs may be exceeded to the extent that savings are effected in other such projects, but by not to exceed 10 per centum: *Provided further*, That all funds for direct construction projects shall expire on September 30, 1987, and remain in the Federal Buildings Fund except funds for projects as to which funds for design or other funds have been obligated in whole or in part prior to such date: *Provided further*, That claims against the Government of less than $50,000 arising from direct construction projects, acquisitions of buildings and purchase contract projects pursuant to Public Law 92-313, be liquidated with prior notification to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate to the extent savings are effected in other such projects; (2) not to exceed $269,096,000, which shall remain available until expended, for repairs and alterations: *Provided further,* That funds in the Federal Buildings Fund for Repairs and Alterations shall, for prospectus projects, be limited to the amount by project as follows, except each project may be increased by an amount not to exceed 10 per centum unless advance approval is obtained from the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate for a greater amount:

- Repairs and Alterations:
  - California:
    - Hawthorne, Federal Building, $2,383,000
    - Los Angeles, Courthouse, $2,570,000
  - Colorado:
    - Denver, Federal Building and Customshouse, $8,540,000
  - District of Columbia:
    - General Accounting Office, $16,200,000
    - ICC Customs, $2,262,000
    - Steam Distribution System, $13,796,000
    - Pension Building, $16,700,000
  - Illinois:
    - Chicago, Kluczynski Federal Building, $4,152,000
    - Peoria, Federal Building, $1,041,000
  - Indiana:
    - Fort Wayne, Post Office, Courthouse, $5,275,000
  - Kentucky:
    - Louisville, Post Office, Courthouse, $5,518,000
  - Kansas:
    - Wichita, Courthouse, $4,840,000
  - Louisiana:
    - Lafayette, Federal Building, Courthouse, $2,083,000
  - Maryland:
    - Beltsville, James J. Rowley Secret Service Training Center, $5,000,000
  - Michigan:
    - Detroit, McNamara Federal Building, $7,600,000
  - Missouri:
    - Kansas City, Federal Building, $6,569,000
  - New Hampshire:
    - Manchester, Post Office, Courthouse, $1,988,000
  - New York:
    - Utica, Federal Building, Courthouse, $1,764,000
  - Ohio:
    - Cleveland, Celebrezze Federal Building, $6,507,000
  - Oklahoma:
    - Oklahoma City, Federal Building, Courthouse, $2,416,000
  - Pennsylvania:
    - Scranton, Post Office, Courthouse, $3,863,000
  - Puerto Rico:
    - Hato Rey, Federal Building, Courthouse, $1,683,000
  - Texas:
    - Dallas, Cabell Federal Building, Courthouse, $3,943,000
    - Dallas, Terminal Annex, $4,600,000
    - Fort Worth, Warehouse #1, $1,986,000
    - San Antonio, Post Office, Courthouse, $6,078,000
  - Virginia:
    - Richmond, Federal Building, $1,125,000
  - Minor Repairs and Alterations, $128,614,000:

Provided further, That additional projects for which prospectuses have been fully approved may be funded under this category only if advance approval is obtained from the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate: *Provided further,* That all funds for repairs and alterations prospectus projects shall expire on September 30, 1987, and remain in the Federal Buildings Fund except funds for projects as to which funds for design or other funds have been obligated in whole or in part prior to such date; (3) not to exceed $135,100,000 for payment on purchase contracts entered into prior to July 1, 1975; (4) not to exceed $866,000,000 for rental of space; (5) not to exceed $709,678,000 for real property operations; (6) not to exceed $55,481,000 for program direction and centralized services; and (7) not to exceed $133,227,000 for design and construction services which shall remain available until expended: *Provided further,* That for the purposes of this authorization, buildings constructed pursuant to the Public Buildings Purchase Contract Act of 1954 (40 U.S.C. 356), the Public Buildings Amendments of 1972 (40 U.S.C. 490), and buildings under the control of another department or agency where alterations of such buildings are required in connection with the moving of such other department or agency from buildings then, or thereafter to be, under the control of the General Services Administration shall be considered to be federally owned buildings: *Provided further,* That none of the funds available to the General Services Administration shall be available for expenses in connection with any construction, repair, alteration, and acquisition project for which a prospectus, if required by the Public Buildings Act of 1959, as amended, has not been approved, except that necessary funds may be expended for each project for required expenses in connection with the development of a proposed prospectus: *Provided further,* That funds available in the Federal Buildings Fund may be expended for emergency repairs when advance approval is obtained from the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate: *Provided further,* That amounts necessary to provide reimbursable special services to other agencies under section 210(f)(6) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended (40 U.S.C. 490(f)(6)) and amounts to provide such reimbursable fencing, lighting, guard booths, and other facilities on private or other property not in Government ownership or control as may be appropriate to enable the United States Secret Service to perform its protective functions pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 3056 as amended, shall be available from such revenues and collections: *Provided further,* That $2,000,000 available herein for design and construction shall be available for transfer to the city of Mesa, Arizona for expenses in connection with the design and construction of a Federal building in Mesa, Arizona: *Provided further,* That revenues and collections and any other sums accruing to this fund during fiscal year 1986 excluding reimbursements under section 210(f)(6) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 490(f)(6)) in excess of $2,412,001,000 shall remain in the Fund and shall not be available for expenditure except as authorized in appropriation Acts.

PERSONAL PROPERTY ACTIVITIES

PERSONAL PROPERTY

OPERATING EXPENSES

For expenses authorized by law, not otherwise provided for, necessary for supply distribution (including contractual services incident to receiving, handling and shipping supply items), procurement (including royalty payments), inspection, standardization, property management, and other supply management activities, transportation activities, utilization of excess and disposal of surplus personal property, and the rehabilitation of personal property including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; $163,257,000. $163,257,000

GENERAL MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of agency management of activities under the control of the General Services Administration, and general administrative and staff support services not otherwise provided for; including transportation audits by in-house personnel; for transportation audit contracts and contract administration for which payment to any contractor shall not exceed 50 per centum on the overpayment identified by any contract audit; for providing accounting, records management, and other support incident to adjudication of Indian Tribal Claims by the United States Court of Claims, and services authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; $124,310,000 of which $900,000 shall be available only for, and is hereby specifically earmarked for, personnel and associated costs in support of Congressional District and Senate State offices: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall be available, subject to reimbursement by the applicable agency, for services performed for other agencies pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of section 1535 of title 31, United States Code.

124,310,000

FEDERAL PROPERTY RESOURCES SERVICE

OPERATING EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for carrying out the functions of the Administrator with respect to utilization of excess real property; the disposal of surplus real property; the utilization survey, appraisal, environmental and cultural analysis, and land use planning functions pertaining to excess and surplus real property; the National Defense Stockpile established by the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act, as amended (50 U.S.C. 98-98h), the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 2061-2166); including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109 and reimbursement for recurring security guard service; $40,000,000, of which $11,414,000 shall be derived from proceeds from transfers of excess real property and disposal of surplus real property and related personal property, subject to the provisions of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965, as amended (16 U.S.C. 4601-5), and of which $25,989,000 for the transportation, processing, refining, storage, security, maintenance, rotation, and disposal of materials contained in or acquired for the stockpile shall remain available through fiscal year 1987.

40,000,000

NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE TRANSACTION FUND

For the year ending September 30, 1986, in addition to the funds previously appropriated for the National Defense Stockpile Transaction Fund, pursuant to 50 U.S.C. 98 a and g(a)(2)(c) and 50 U.S.C. 100(a), notwithstanding the provisions of 50 U.S.C. 98h, an additional $10,000,000 is appropriated, to remain available until expended, for a grant to construct a strategic materials research facility at the University of Massachusetts at Amherst.

10,000,000

For the year ending September 30, 1986, in addition to the funds previously appropriated for the National Defense Stockpile Transaction Fund, pursuant to 50 U.S.C. 98 a and g(a)(2)(c) and 50 U.S.C. 100(a), notwithstanding the provisions of 50 U.S.C. 98h, an additional $10,000,000 is appropriated, to remain available until expended, for a grant to construct Phase II of the Mines Building at the Mackay School of Mines, University of Nevada Reno, relocate the Generic Center on the Recycling of Strategic Metals and establish the Policy Center on Strategic Materials, including such equipment as the school deems necessary to the conduct of its activities. $10,000,000

[*Total, Federal Property Resources Service, $60,000,000.*]

OFFICE OF INFORMATION RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

OPERATING EXPENSES

For expenses authorized by law, not otherwise provided for, necessary for carrying out Government-wide and internal responsibilities relating to automated data management, telecommunications, information resources management, and related activities, including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; and for the Information Security Oversight Office established pursuant to Executive Order 12356; $30,000,000. 30,000,000

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

For necessary expenses of the Office of Inspector General; $19,305,000: *Provided*, That not to exceed $10,000 shall be available for payment for information and detection of fraud against the Government, including payment for recovery of stolen Government property. 19,305,000

ALLOWANCES AND OFFICE STAFF FOR FORMER PRESIDENTS

For carrying out the provisions of the Act of August 25, 1958, as amended (3 U.S.C. 102 note), and Public Law 95-138; $1,100,000: *Provided*, That the Administrator of General Services shall transfer to the Secretary of the Treasury such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of such Acts. 1,100,000

[*Total, General Activities, $50,405,000.*]

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 1. The appropriate appropriation or fund available to the General Services Administration shall be credited with (1) cost of operation, protection, maintenance, upkeep, repair, and improvement, included as part of rentals received from Government corporations pursuant to law (40 U.S.C. 129); and (2) appropriations or funds available to other agencies, and transferred to the General Services Administration, in connection with property transferred to the General Services Administration pursuant to the Act of July 2, 1948 (50 U.S.C. 451ff) and such appropriations or funds may be so transferred, with the approval of the Office of Management and Budget.

SEC. 2. Funds available to the General Services Administration shall be available for the hire of passenger motor vehicles.

SEC. 3. Appropriations available to any department or agency during the current fiscal year for necessary expenses, including maintenance or operating expenses, shall also be available for payment to the General Services Administration for charges for space and services and those expenses of renovation and alteration of buildings and facilities which constitute public improvements, performed in accordance with the Public Buildings Act of 1959 (73 Stat. 749), the Public Buildings Amendments of 1972 (86 Stat. 216), or other applicable law.

SEC. 4. Not to exceed 1 per centum of funds made available in appropriations for operating expenses and salaries and expenses, during the current fiscal year, may be transferred between such appropriations for mandatory program requirements. Any transfers proposed shall be submitted promptly to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate for approval.

SEC. 5. Funds in the Federal Buildings Fund made available for fiscal year 1986 for Federal Buildings Fund activities may be transferred between such activities only to the extent necessary for mandatory program requirements. Any transfers proposed shall be submitted promptly to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate for approval.

SEC. 6. Funds hereafter made available to the General Services Administration for the payment of rent shall be available for the purpose of leasing, for periods not to exceed thirty years, space in buildings erected on land owned by the United States.

[*Total, General Services Administration, $404,972,000.*]

NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

OPERATING EXPENSES

For necessary expenses in connection with National Archives and Records Administration and related activities, as provided by law, and for expenses necessary for the review and declassification of documents, and for the hire of passenger motor vehicles, $101,363,000 of which $4,000,000 for allocations and grants for historical publications and records as authorized by 44 U.S.C. 2504, as amended, shall remain available until expended. $101,363,000

OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF TRUST FUNDS)

For necessary expenses to carry out functions of the Office of Personnel Management pursuant to Reorganization Plan No. 2 of 1978 and the Civil Service Reform Act of 1978, including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, medical examinations performed for veterans by private physicians on a fee basis, rental of conference rooms in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, hire of passenger motor vehicles, and advances for reimbursements to applicable funds of the Office of Personnel Management and the Federal Bureau of Investigation for expenses incurred under Executive Order 10422 of January 9, 1953, as amended; $99,846,000 in addition to $54,202,000 for administrative expenses for the retirement and insurance programs to be transferred from the appropriate trust funds of the Office of Personnel Management in the amounts determined by the Office of Personnel Management without regard to other statutes: *Provided,* That the provisions of this appropriation shall not affect the authority to use applicable trust funds as provided by section 8348(a)(1)(B) of title 5, U.S.C. No part of this appropriation shall be available for salaries and expenses of the Legal Examining Unit of the Office of Personnel Management established pursuant to Executive Order 9358 of July 1, 1943, or any successor unit of like purpose: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated by this or any other Act shall be used for preparing, promulgating, or implementing new regulations for the 1985 Combined Federal Campaign other than repromulgating and implementing the 1984 regulations for the 1985 campaign. Nothing

99,846,000
54,202,000
(limitation)

in this provision shall be construed to apply to the regulations for the 1986 Combined Federal Campaign: *Provided further,* That pursuant to section 4109(d)(1) of title 5, United States Code, costs for entertainment expenses of the President's Commission on Executive Exchange shall not exceed $12,000.

GOVERNMENT PAYMENT FOR ANNUITANTS, EMPLOYEES HEALTH BENEFITS

For payment of Government contributions with respect to retired employees, as authorized by chapter 89 of title 5, United States Code, and the Retired Federal Employees Health Benefits Act (74 Stat. 849), as amended, $1,606,165,000, to remain available until expended. $1,606,165,000

PAYMENT TO CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

For financing the unfunded liability of new and increased annuity benefits becoming effective on or after October 20, 1969, as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 8348, and annuities under special Acts to be credited to the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund, $4,407,234,000: *Provided,* That annuities authorized by the Act of May 29, 1944, as amended (22 U.S.C. 3682(e)), August 19, 1950, as amended (33 U.S.C. 771-775), may hereafter be paid out of the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund. 4,407,234,000

[*Total, Office of Personnel Management, $6,113,245,000.*]

MERIT SYSTEMS PROTECTION BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses to carry out functions of the Merit Systems Protection Board pursuant to Reorganization Plan Numbered 2 of 1978 and the Civil Service Reform Act of 1978, including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, rental of conference rooms in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, hire of passenger motor vehicles; $20,000,000, together with not to exceed $1,200,000 for administrative expenses to adjudicate retirement appeals to be transferred from the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund in amounts determined by the Merit Systems Protection Board. 20,000,000 *1,200,000 (limitation)*

OFFICE OF SPECIAL COUNSEL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses to carry out functions of the Office of the Special Counsel pursuant to Reorganization Plan Numbered 2 of 1978 and the Civil Service Reform Act of 1978 (Public Law 95-454), including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, payment of fees and expenses for witnesses, rental of conference rooms in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and hire of passenger motor vehicles; $4,594,000. 4,594,000

[*Total, Merit System Protection Board, $24,594,000.*]

FEDERAL LABOR RELATIONS AUTHORITY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses to carry out functions of the Federal Labor Relations Authority, pursuant to Reorganization Plan No. 2 of 1978, and the Civil Service Reform Act of 1978, including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, including hire of experts and consultants, hire of passenger motor vehicles, rental of conference rooms in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; $17,064,000: *Provided*, That public members of the Federal Service Impasses Panel may be paid travel expenses and per diem in lieu of subsistence as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5703) for persons employed intermittently in the Government Service, and compensation as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109. $17,064,000

[*Total, Federal Personnel Activities, $6,154,903,000.*]

UNITED STATES TAX COURT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, including contract reporting and other services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; $24,556,000: *Provided*, That travel expenses of the judges shall be paid upon the written certificate of the judge. 24,556,000

This title may be cited as the "Independent Agencies Appropriations Act, 1986".

[*Total, title IV, Independent Agencies:*
[*New budget (obligational) authority .... $6,702,638.000.*]
[*Limitations .... 2,467,403,000.*]

TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

THIS ACT

SEC. 501. Where appropriations in this Act are expendable for travel expenses of employees and no specific limitation has been placed thereon, the expenditures for such travel expenses may not exceed the amount set forth therefor in the budget estimates submitted for the appropriations: *Provided*, That this section shall not apply to travel performed by uncompensated officials of local boards and appeal boards of the Selective Service System; to travel performed directly in connection with care and treatment of medical beneficiaries of the Veterans' Administration; to travel of the Office of Personnel Management in carrying out its observation responsibilities of the Voting Rights Act; or to payments to interagency motor pools where separately set forth in the budget schedules.

SEC. 502. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available to pay the salary of any person filling a position, other than a temporary position, formerly held by an employee who has left to enter the Armed Forces of the United States and has satisfactorily completed his period of active military or naval service and has within ninety days after his release from such service or from hospitalization continuing after discharge for a period of not more than one year made application for restoration to his former position and has been certified by the Office of Personnel Management as still qualified to perform the duties of his former position and has not been restored thereto.

SEC. 503. No part of any appropriation made available in this Act shall be used for the purchase or sale of real estate or for the purpose of establishing new offices inside or outside the District of Columbia: *Provided*, That this limitation shall not apply to programs which have been approved by the Congress and appropriations made therefor.

SEC. 504. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

SEC. 505. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

Sec. 506. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for the procurement of or for the payment of the salary of any person engaged in the procurement of any hand or measuring tool(s) not produced in the United States or its possessions except to the extent that the Administrator of General Services or his designee shall determine that a satisfactory quality and sufficient quantity of hand or measuring tools produced in the United States or its possessions cannot be procured as and when needed from sources in the United States and its possessions, or except in accordance with procedures prescribed by section 6–104.4(b) of Armed Services Procurement Regulation dated January 1, 1969, as such regulation existed on June 15, 1970: *Provided,* That a factor of 75 per centum in lieu of 50 per centum shall be used for evaluating foreign source end products against a domestic source end product. This section shall be applicable to all solicitations for bids opened after its enactment.

Sec. 507. None of the funds made available to the General Services Administration pursuant to section 210(f) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 shall be obligated or expended after the date of enactment of this Act for the procurement by contract of any service which, before such date, was performed by individuals in their capacity as employees of the General Services Administration in any position of guards, elevator operators, messengers, and custodians, except that such funds may be obligated or expended for the procurement by contract of the covered services with sheltered workshops employing the severely handicapped under Public Law 92–28.

Sec. 508. No funds appropriated in this Act shall be available for administrative expenses in connection with implementing or enforcing any provisions of the rule TD ATF–66 issued June 13, 1980, by the Department of the Treasury, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms on labeling and advertising of wine, distilled spirits and malt beverages, except if the expenditure of such funds is necessary to comply with a final order of the Federal court system.

Sec. 509. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be obligated or expended in any way for the purpose of the sale, lease, rental, excessing, surplusing or disposal of any portion of land identified on the date of enactment of this Act as Fort DeRussy in Honolulu, Hawaii.

Sec. 510. None of the funds appropriated in this Act may be used for administrative expenses to close the Information Resources Management Office of the General Services Administration located in Sacramento, California.

Sec. 511. None of the funds made available by this Act for the Department of the Treasury may be used for the purpose of eliminating any existing requirement for sureties on customs bonds.

Sec. 512. None of the funds made available by this Act shall be available for any activity or for paying the salary of any government employee where funding an activity or paying a salary to a government employee would result in a decision, determination, rule, regulation, or policy that would prohibit or otherwise prevent the Customs Service from enforcing section 307 of the 1930 Tariff Act.

Sec. 513. None of the funds appropriated under this Act shall be obligated or expended to implement, promulgate, administer, enforce, or reissue the proposed Office of Personnel Management regulations and the proposed Federal Personnel Manual issuances published in the Federal Register on March 30, 1983, on pages 13341 (1) through 13381, as superseded by proposed regulations and Federal Personnel Manual issuances published in the Federal Register on July 14, 1983, on pages 32275 through 32312, and as further superseded by proposed regulations and the Federal Personnel Manual issuances published in the Federal Register on October 25, 1983, on pages 49462 through 49498: *Provided,* That this section shall expire on May 15, 1986.

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(1) Section 513 deleted by Section 101(h) of P.L. 99-190 (see p. 421, this volume).

SEC. 514. None of the funds made available by this Act shall be available for the purpose of transferring control over the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center located at Glynco, Georgia, out of the Treasury Department.

SEC. 515. Of the total amount of budget authority provided for fiscal year 1986 by this or any other Act that would otherwise be available for consulting services, management and professional services, and special studies and analyses, 10 per centum of the amount intended for such purposes in the President's budget for 1986, as amended, for any agency, department, or entity subject to apportionment by the Executive shall be placed in reserve and not made available for obligation or expenditure: *Provided,* That this section shall not apply to any agency, department, or entity whose budget request for 1986 for the purposes stated above did not amount to $5,000,000.

SEC. 516. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for the procurement of, or for the payment of, the salary of any person engaged in the procurement of stainless steel flatware not produced in the United States or its possessions, except to the extent that the Administrator of General Services or his designee shall determine that a satisfactory quality and sufficient quantity of stainless steel flatware produced in the United States or its possessions, cannot be procured as and when needed from sources in the United States or its possessions or except in accordance with procedures provided by section 6–104.4(b) of Armed Services Procurement Regulations, dated January 1, 1969. This section shall be applicable to all solicitations for bids issued after its enactment.

SEC. 517. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used for publicity or propaganda purposes within the United States not heretofore authorized by the Congress.

SEC. 518. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for the payment of the salary of any officer or employee of the United States Postal Service, who—

(1) prohibits or prevents, or attempts or threatens to prohibit or prevent, any officer or employee of the United States Postal Service from having any direct oral or written communication or contact with any Member or committee of Congress in connection with any matter pertaining to the employment of such officer or employee or pertaining to the United States Postal Service in any way, irrespective of whether such communication or contact is at the initiative of such officer or employee or in response to the request or inquiry of such Member or committee; or

(2) removes, suspends from duty without pay, demotes, reduces in rank, seniority, status, pay, or performance or efficiency rating, denies promotion to, relocates, reassigns, transfers, disciplines, or discriminates in regard to any employment right, entitlement, or benefit, or any term or condition of employment of, any officer or employee of the United States Postal Service, or attempts or threatens to commit any of the foregoing actions with respect to such officer or employee, by reason of any communication or contact of such officer or employee with any Member or committee of Congress as described in paragraph (1) of this subsection.

SEC. 519. Except for vehicles provided to the President, Vice President and their families, or to the United States Secret Service, none of the funds provided in this Act to any Department or Agency shall be obligated or expended to procure passenger automobiles as defined in 15 U.S.C. 2001 with an EPA estimated miles per gallon average of less than twenty-two miles per gallon. The requirements of this section may be waived by the Administrator of the General Services Administration for special purpose or special mission automobiles.

SEC. 520. No funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to pay for an abortion, or the administrative expenses in connection with any health plan under the Federal employees health benefit program which provides any benefits or coverages for abortions.

SEC. 521. The provisions of section 520 shall not apply where the life of the mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to term.

TITLE VI—GENERAL PROVISIONS

DEPARTMENTS, AGENCIES, AND CORPORATIONS

SEC. 601. Unless otherwise specifically provided, the maximum amount allowable during the current fiscal year in accordance with section 16 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (60 Stat. 810), for the purchase of any passenger motor vehicle (exclusive of buses and ambulances), is hereby fixed at $6,600 except station wagons for which the maximum shall be $7,600: *Provided,* That these limits may be exceeded by not to exceed $2,700 for police-type vehicles, and by not to exceed $4,000 for special heavy-duty vehicles: *Provided further,* That the limits set forth in this section shall not apply to electric or hybrid vehicles purchased for demonstration under the provisions of the Electric and Hybrid Vehicle Research, Development, and Demonstration Act of 1976.

SEC. 602. Appropriations of the executive departments and independent establishments for the current fiscal year available for expenses of travel or for the expenses of the activity concerned, are hereby made available for quarters allowances and cost-of-living allowances, in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 5922–5924.

SEC. 603. Unless otherwise specified during the current fiscal year no part of any appropriation contained in this or any other Act shall be used to pay the compensation of any officer or employee of the Government of the United States (including any agency the majority of the stock of which is owned by the Government of the United States) whose post of duty is in the continental United States unless such person (1) is a citizen of the United States (2) is a person in the service of the United States on the date of enactment of this Act, who, being eligible for citizenship, has filed a declaration of intention to become a citizen of the United States prior to such date and is actually residing in the United States, (3) is a person who owes allegiance to the United States, (4) is an alien from Cuba, Poland, South Vietnam, or the Baltic countries lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence, or (5) South Vietnamese, Cambodian and Laotian refugees paroled in the United States after January 1, 1975: *Provided,* That for the purpose of this section, an affidavit signed by any such person shall be considered prima facie evidence that the requirements of this section with respect to his status have been complied with: *Provided further,* That any person making a false affidavit shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction, shall be fined no more than $4,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: *Provided further,* That the above penal-clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for any other provisions of existing law: *Provided further,* That any payment made to any officer or employee contrary to the provisions of this section shall be recoverable in action by the Federal Government. This section shall not apply to citizens of Ireland, Israel, the Republic of the Philippines or to nationals of those countries allied with the United States in the current defense effort, or to temporary employment of translators, or to temporary employment in the field service (not to exceed sixty days) as a result of emergencies.

SEC. 604. Appropriations available to any department or agency during the current fiscal year for necessary expenses, including maintenance or operating expenses, shall also be available for payment to the General Services Administration for charges for space and services and those expenses of renovation and alteration of buildings and facilities which constitute public improvements, performed in accordance with the Public Buildings Act of 1959 (73 Stat. 749), the Public Buildings Amendments of 1972 (86 Stat. 216), or other applicable law.

SEC. 605. Funds made available by this or any other Act for administrative expenses in the current fiscal year of the corporations and agencies subject to chapter 91 of title 31, United States Code, shall be available, in addition to objects for which such funds are otherwise available, for rent in the District of Columbia; services in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 3109; and the objects specified under this head, all the provisions of which shall be applicable to the expenditure of such funds unless otherwise specified in the Act by which they are made available: *Provided,* That in the event any functions budgeted as administrative expenses are subsequently transferred to or paid from other funds, the limitations on administrative expenses shall be correspondingly reduced.

SEC. 606. No part of any appropriation for the current fiscal year contained in this or any other Act shall be paid to any person for the filling of any position for which he or she has been nominated after the Senate has voted not to approve the nomination of said person.

SEC. 607. Pursuant to section 1415 of the Act of July 15, 1952 (66 Stat. 662), foreign credits (including currencies) owed to or owned by the United States may be used by Federal agencies for any purpose for which appropriations are made for the current fiscal year (including the carrying out of Acts requiring or authorizing the use of such credits), only when reimbursement therefor is made to the Treasury from applicable appropriations of the agency concerned: *Provided,* That such credits received as exchanged allowances or proceeds of sales of personal property may be used in whole or part payment for acquisition of similar items, to the extent and in the manner authorized by law, without reimbursement to the Treasury.

SEC. 608. No part of any appropriation contained in this or any other Act, shall be available for interagency financing of boards, commissions, councils, committees, or similar groups (whether or not they are interagency entities) which do not have prior and specific statutory approval to receive financial support from more than one agency or instrumentality.

SEC. 609. Funds made available by this or any other Act to (1) the General Services Administration, including the fund created by the Public Buildings Amendments of 1972 (86 Stat. 216), and (2) the "Postal Service Fund" (39 U.S.C. 2003), shall be available for employment of guards for all buildings and areas owned or occupied by the United States or the Postal Service and under the charge and control of the General Services Administration or the Postal Service, and such guards shall have, with respect to such property, the powers of special policemen provided by the first section of the Act of June 1, 1948 (62 Stat. 281; 40 U.S.C. 318), but shall not be restricted to certain Federal property as otherwise required by the proviso contained in said section and, as to property owned or occupied by the Postal Service, the Postmaster General may take the same actions as the Administrator of General Services may take under the provisions of sections 2 and 3 of the Act of June 1, 1948 (62 Stat. 281; 40 U.S.C. 318a, 318b), attaching thereto penal consequences under the authority and within the limits provided in section 4 of the Act of June 1, 1948 (62 Stat. 281; 40 U.S.C. 318c).

SEC. 610. None of the funds available under this or any other Act shall be available for administrative expenses in connection with the designation for construction, arranging for financing, or execution of contracts or agreements for financing or construction of any additional purchase contract projects pursuant to section 5 of the Public Building Amendments of 1972 (Public Law 92-313) during the period beginning October 1, 1976, and ending September 30, 1986.

SEC. 611. None of the funds made available pursuant to the provisions of this Act shall be used to implement, administer, or enforce any regulation which has been disapproved pursuant to a resolution of disapproval duly adopted in accordance with the applicable law of the United States.

SEC. 612. No part of any appropriation contained in, or funds made available by this or any other Act, shall be available for any agency to pay to the Administrator of the General Services Administration a higher rate per square foot for rental of space and services (established pursuant to section 210(j) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended) than the rate per square foot established for the space and services by the General Services Administration for the current fiscal year and for which appropriations were granted.

SEC. 613. (a)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no part of any of the funds appropriated for the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986, or September 30, 1987, by this Act or any other Act, may be used to pay any prevailing rate employee described in section 5342(a)(2)(A) of title 5, United States Code, or any employee covered by section 5348 of that title, on or after the applicable date the limitation imposed by section 616(a)(2) of H.R. 5798, incorporated by reference in section 101(j) of Public Law 98-473, ceases to apply, at a rate that differs from the rate payable for the applicable grade and step of the applicable wage schedule in accordance with such section 616(a)(2), except as provided under paragraph (2) of this subsection.

(2) The Office of Personnel Management shall provide for any necessary adjustments of wage schedules and rates for the period covered by paragraph (1) of this subsection for employees subject to paragraph (1) so as to ensure that—

(A) such wage schedules and rates are adjusted upwards or downwards, as the case may be, by an average percentage amount consistent with any adjustment taking effect for the General Schedule under section 5305 of title 5, United States Code, or other provision of law during such period; and

(B) any such adjustment takes effect in each affected wage area at a time that bears the same relationship to the normal effective date of wage adjustments in that wage area that the effective date of the General Schedule adjustment bears to the effective date specified in section 5305(a)(2) of title 5, United States Code.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 9(b) of Public Law 92-392 or section 704(b) of Public Law 95-454, the provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall apply (in such manner as the Office of Personnel Management shall prescribe) to any prevailing rate employee to whom such section 9(b) applies, except that the provisions of subsection (a) may not apply to any increase in a wage schedule or rate that is required by the terms of a contract entered into before the date of enactment of this Act.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no prevailing rate employee described in subparagraph (B) or (C) of section 5342(a)(2) of title 5, United States Code, may be paid during the periods for which subsection (a) of this section is in effect at rates that exceed the rates that would be payable under subsection (a) were subsection (a) applicable to such employee.

(d) For the purpose of this section, the rates payable to employees who are covered by this section and who are paid from a schedule that was not in existence on September 30, 1985, shall be determined under regulations prescribed by the President.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, rates of premium pay for employees subject to this section shall not be changed from the rates in effect on September 30, 1985, except to the extent determined by the Office of Personnel Management to be consistent with the purpose of this section.

(f) The provisions of this section shall apply with respect to pay for services performed by any affected employee on or after October 1, 1985.

(g) For the purpose of administering any provision of law, rule, or regulation that provides premium pay, retirement, life insurance, or any other employee benefit, that requires any deduction or contribution, or that imposes any requirement or limitation, on the basis of a rate of salary or basic pay, the rate of basic pay payable after the application of this section shall be treated as the rate of salary or basic pay.

Sec. 614. None of the funds made available in this Act may be used to plan, implement, or administer (1) any reduction in the number of regions, districts or entry processing locations of the United States Customs Service; or (2) any consolidation or centralization of duty assessment or appraisement functions of any offices of the United States Customs Service.

Sec. 615. During the period in which the head of any department or agency, or any other officer or civilian employee of the Government appointed by the President of the United States, holds office, no funds may be obligated or expended in excess of $5,000 to renovate, remodel, furnish, or redecorate the office of such department head, agency head, officer, or employee, or to purchase furniture or make improvements for any such office, unless such renovation, remodeling, furnishing, or redecoration is expressly approved by the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate.

Sec. 616. The increase in postage rates for nonprofit and certain other mailers announced by the Governors of the Postal Service in Resolution No. 85-7 shall not take effect until January 1, 1986.

Sec. 617. (a) Section 3626(a) of title 39, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(a) In the administration of subchapters II and III of this chapter, each time rates of postage are established for mail under former sections 4358, 4452 (b) and (c), and 4554 (b) and (c) of this title, the estimated revenues to be received for each class or kind of such mail shall be equal to the direct and indirect postal costs attributable to mail of such class or kind excluding all other costs of the Postal Service."

(b) This section is effective January 1, 1986.

Sec. 618. If the postage rate delay required by section 616 of this Act causes a shortfall in postal revenues from the amounts which would have been provided by the adjustment contemplated by section 3627 of title 39, United States Code, the Postal Service shall request a supplemental appropriation to avoid placing the burden of that shortfall on unsubsidized mailers.

Sec. 619. (a) If any individual or entity which provides or proposes to provide child care services for Federal employees applies to the officer or agency of the United States charged with the allotment of space in the Federal buildings in the community or district in which such individual or entity provides or proposes to provide such services, such officer or agency may allot space in such a building to such individual or entity if—

(1) such space is available; and

(2) such officer or agency determines that such space will be used to provide child care services to a group of individuals of whom at least 95 per centum are Federal employees.

(b)(1) If an officer or agency allots space to an individual or entity under subsection (a), such space may be provided to such individual or entity without charge for rent or services.

(2) If there is an agreement for the payment of costs associated with the provision of space allotted under subsection (a) or services provided in connection with such space, nothing in title 31, United States Code, or any other provision of law, shall be construed to prohibit or restrict payment by reimbursement to the miscellaneous receipts or other appropriate account of the Treasury.

(3) For the purpose of this section, the term "services" includes the providing of lighting, heating, cooling, electricity, office furniture, office machines and equipment, telephone service (including installation of lines and equipment and other expenses associated with telephone service), and security systems (including installation and other expenses associated with security systems).

This Act may be cited as the "Treasury, Postal Service and General Government Appropriations Act, 1986".

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3036

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-210 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 99-349 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-133 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
July 18, reported in the House.
July 30, passed House.
September 9, reported in the Senate.
September 26, passed Senate, amended.
October 8, House agreed to a conference with Senate.
November 7, House agreed to Conference Report.
November 7, Senate agreed to Conference Report.
November 15, vetoed by the President.

NOTE.—The following summary shows the amount of new budget (obligational) authority available for fiscal year 1986 under section 101(h) of P.L. 99-190 for programs and activities normally included in the Treasury, Postal Service and General Government Appropriations Bill, 1986:

Grand total:		
Title I, Treasury Department	$5,489,853,000	
Title II, Postal Service	748,000,000	
Title III, Executive Office of the President	97,392,000	
Title IV, Independent Agencies	6,702,638,000	
Limitations	*2,475,478,000*	
Total new budget (obligational) authority, Treasury, Postal Service and General Government Appropriations Bill, 1986		[1] $13,037,883,000

NOTE.—In addition to the new budget (obligational) authority for fiscal year 1986 provided under Sec. 101(h) of Public Law 99-190, Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986, the following additional amounts are available for the fiscal year:

Permanent appropriations:	
Federal Funds (pp. 1619 and 1623-1626)	$224,708,001,000
Trust Funds (pp. 1635 and 1637-1640)	56,745,240,000
Private appropriation acts (p. 1613)	Indefinite
Appropriations in legislative acts:	
Coinage Profit Fund, Federal funds (P.L. 99-61) (p. 1778)	145,000,000

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[1] The Treasury, Postal Service, and General Government Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3036) was not approved by the Congress. Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided through a continuing resolution (see "Note" on page 285, this volume).

Advance appropriations for fiscal year 1986 made during previous sessions of Congress:	
98th Cong., 1st session:	
Corporation for Public Broadcasting (pp. 294-295, 1983-1984 volume)	[1] *($130,000,000)*
98th Cong., 2d session:	
Corporation for Public Broadcasting (p. 36, 1984-1985 volume)	[1] *(29,500,000)*
Department of Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986:	
Commodity Futures Trading Commission (p. 120)	29,416,000
Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1986:	
Arms Control and Disarmament Agency (p. 144)	25,850,000
Board for International Broadcasting (p. 145)	102,700,000
Commission on the Bicentennial of the United States Constitution (p. 145)	775,000
Commission on Civil Rights (p. 145)	12,300,000
Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe (p. 145)	550,000
Commission on the Ukraine Famine (pp. 145-148)	400,000
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (p. 148)	165,000,000
Federal Communications Commission (p. 148)	94,400,000
Federal Maritime Commission (p. 148)	11,870,000
Federal Trade Commission (p. 149)	65,500,000
International Trade Commission (p. 149)	28,600,000
Japan-United States Friendship Trust Fund (p. 149)	775,000
Legal Services Corporation (pp. 149-152)	305,500,000
Marine Mammal Commission (p. 152)	900,000
Office of the United States Trade Representative (p. 152)	13,158,000
Securities and Exchange Commission (p. 152)	111,100,000
Small Business Administration (p. 153)	385,500,000
State Justice Institute (p. 153)	8,000,000
United States Information Agency (pp. 154-155)	872,450,000
United States Sentencing Commission (p. 155)	1,100,000
Department of Defense Appropriation Bill, 1986:	
Intelligence Community Staff (p. 337)	22,083,000
CIA Retirement and Disability System Fund (p. 337)	101,400,000
Energy and Water Development Appropriation Act, 1986:	
Appalachian Regional Commission (p. 187)	122,200,000
Delaware River Basin Commission (p. 187)	443,000
Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin (p. 188).	79,000
Nuclear Regulatory Commission (p. 188)	418,000,000
Susquehanna River Basin Commission (p. 188)	393,000
Tennessee Valley Authority (pp. 188-189)	104,000,000
Department of HUD—Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1986:	
American Battle Monuments Commission (p. 198)	10,833,506
Consumer Products Safety Commission (p. 199)	36,000,000
Environmental Protection Agency (pp. 199-200)	2,390,176,000
Executive Office of the President (pp. 200-201)	3,017,227
Federal Emergency Management Agency (pp. 201-203)	543,656,000
General Services Administration—Consumer Information Center (p. 203)	1,235,261
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (pp. 203-205)	7,656,000,000
National Science Foundation (pp. 205-207)	1,523,855,000
Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (p. 207)	17,669,000
Selective Service System (p. 207)	27,474,420
Department of the Treasury:	
Payments to State and Local Government Fiscal Assistance Trust Fund (p. 207)	4,185,000,000
Office of Revenue Sharing, salaries and expenses (p. 207)	7,714,200
Veterans Administration (pp. 208-211)	26,101,426,553
Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill, 1986:	
Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (p. 393)	1,575,000
Commission of Fine Arts (p. 393)	380,000
Energy Security Reserve (rescission) (pp. 380-382)	−6,900,000,000
Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial Commission (p. 393)	21,000
Holocaust Memorial Council (p. 394)	2,112,000
National Capital Planning Commission (p. 393)	2,696,000

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[1] Also included under "Permanent appropriations, Federal funds".

Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill, 1986—Continued:		
National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities (pp. 391-393)	$327,982,000	
Navajo-Hopi Relocation Commission (p. 388)	22,356,000	
Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation (pp. 393-394)	5,545,000	
Smithsonian Institution (pp. 388-391)	241,180,000	
Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1986:		
ACTION (p. 246)	151,287,000	
Corporation for Public Broadcasting (p. 246) $214,000,000 for fiscal year 1988		
Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service (p. 247)	23,394,000	
Federal Mine Safety and Health Review Commission (p. 247)	3,815,000	
National Center for the Study of Afro-American History and Culture (p. 247)	200,000	
National Commission on Libraries and Information Science (p. 248)	690,000	
National Council on the Handicapped (p. 248)	765,000	
National Labor Relations Board (p. 248)	134,854,000	
National Mediation Board (p. 248)	6,358,000	
Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission (p. 248)	5,901,000	
Railroad Retirement Board:		
Dual benefits payments account (p. 249)	392,000,000	
Federal payment to Railroad Retirement Account (p. 249)	2,200,000	
Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986:		
Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board (p. 413)	1,975,000	
National Transportation Safety Board (p. 413)	22,300,000	
Interstate Commerce Commission (pp. 413-414)	48,180,000	
Panama Canal Commission (p. 414)	425,784,000	
United States Railway Association (p. 415)	2,400,000	
Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (p. 415)	51,663,569	
Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986 (P.L. 99-190):		
United States Information Agency (p. 446)	2,500,000	
Commission on the Bicentennial of the United States Constitution (p. 447)	12,000,000	
Environmental Protection Agency (pp. 448-449)	2,400,000,000	
Subtotal, additions (net)		$324,498,853,736
Grand total, Treasury, Postal Service, and General Government		[1] 337,536,736,736

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[1] The Treasury, Postal Service, and General Government Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3036) was not approved by the Congress. Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided through a continuing resolution (see "Note" on page 285, this volume).

CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS, 1986

Public Law 99-103

99th Congress, H.J. Res. 388

September 30, 1985

JOINT RESOLUTION

Making continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1986, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and out of applicable corporate or other revenues, receipts, and funds, for the several departments, agencies, corporations, and other organizational units of the Government for the fiscal year 1986, and for other purposes, namely:

SEC. 101. (a)(1) Such amounts as may be necessary for projects or activities, not otherwise specifically provided for in this joint resolution, for which appropriations, funds, or other authority would be available in the following appropriation Acts:

Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1986;

Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1986;

District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1986;

Energy and Water Development Appropriation Act, 1986;

Department of Housing and Urban Development—Independent Agencies Appropriation Act, 1986;

Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1986;

Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1986;

Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1986; and

Treasury, Postal Service, and General Government Appropriation Act, 1986.

(2) Appropriations made by this subsection shall be available to the extent and in the manner which would be provided by the pertinent appropriation Act.

(3) Whenever the amount which would be made available or the authority which would be granted under an Act listed in this subsection as passed by the House as of October 1, 1985, is different from that which would be available or granted under such Act as passed by the Senate as of October 1, 1985, the pertinent project or activity shall be continued under the lesser amount or the more restrictive authority: *Provided,* That where an item is included in only one version of an Act as passed by both Houses as of October 1, 1985, the pertinent project or activity shall be continued under the appropriation, fund, or authority granted by the one House, but at a rate for operations not exceeding the current rate or the rate permitted by the action of the one House, whichever is lower, and under the authority and conditions provided in applicable appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1985.

(4) Whenever an Act listed in this subsection has been passed by only the House as of October 1, 1985, the pertinent project or activity shall be continued under the appropriation, fund, or authority granted by the House, at a rate for operations not exceeding the current rate or the rate permitted by the action of the House, whichever is lower, and under the authority and conditions provided in applicable appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1985.

(5) No provision which is included in an appropriation Act enumerated in this subsection but which was not included in the applicable appropriation Act of 1985, and which by its terms is applicable to more than one appropriation, fund, or authority shall be applicable to any appropriation, fund, or authority provided in the joint resolution unless such provision shall have been included in identical form in such bill as enacted by both the House and the Senate.

(6) No appropriation or fund made available or authority granted pursuant to this subsection shall be used to initiate or resume any project or activity for which appropriations, funds, or other authority were not available during the fiscal year 1985.

(b)(1) Such amounts as may be necessary for projects or activities, not otherwise provided for in this joint resolution, which were conducted in the fiscal year 1985, under the current terms and conditions and at a rate for operations not in excess of the current rate, for which provision was made in the following appropriation Acts:

Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriation Act, 1985;

Military Construction Appropriation Act, 1985; and

Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1985 and section 101(k) of Public Law 98-473.

(2) No appropriation or fund made available or authority granted pursuant to this subsection shall be used to initiate or resume any project or activity for which appropriations, funds, or other authority were not available during the fiscal year 1985.

(c) Such amounts as may be necessary for continuing activities, not otherwise specifically provided for in this joint resolution, which were conducted in the fiscal year 1985, for which provision was made in the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1985, under the current terms and conditions and at a rate for operations not in excess of the current rate: *Provided,* That no appropriation or funds made available or authority granted pursuant to this subsection shall be used for new production of items not funded for production in fiscal year 1985 or prior years, for the increase in production rates above those sustained with fiscal year 1985 funds or to initiate, resume or continue any project, activity, operation or organization which are defined as any project, subproject, activity, budget activity, program element, and subprogram within a program element and for investment items are further defined as a P-1 line item in a budget activity within an appropriation account and an R-1 line item which includes a program element and subprogram element within an appropriation account, for which appropriations, funds, or other authority were not available during the fiscal year 1985: *Provided further,* That no appropriation or funds made available or authority granted pursuant to this subsection shall be used to initiate multi-year procurements utilizing advance procurement funding for economic order quantity procurement unless specifically appropriated later: *Provided further,* That the appropriations or funds made available or authority granted pursuant to this subsection for procurement of MX missiles shall be in accordance with and subject to all the limitations, restrictions, and conditions set forth in the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (S. 1160) conference agreement and provided for in the conference report (H. Rept. 99-235) filed in the House of Representatives on July 29, 1985.

SEC. 102. Unless otherwise provided for in this joint resolution or in the applicable appropriation Act, appropriations and funds made available and authority granted pursuant to this joint resolution shall be available from October 1, 1985, and shall remain available until (a) enactment into law of an appropriation for any project or activity provided for in this joint resolution, or (b) enactment of the applicable appropriation Act by both Houses without any provision for such project or activity, or (c) November 14, 1985, whichever first occurs.

(expiration date)

SEC. 103. Appropriations made and authority granted pursuant to this joint resolution shall cover all obligations or expenditures incurred for any project or activity during the period for which funds or authority for such project or activity are available under this joint resolution.

SEC. 104. Expenditures made pursuant to this joint resolution shall be charged to the applicable appropriation, fund, or authorization whenever a bill in which such applicable appropriation, fund, or authorization is contained is enacted into law.

SEC. 105. No provision in any appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1986 referred to in section 101 of this joint resolution that makes the availability of any appropriation provided therein dependent upon the enactment of additional authorizing or other legislation shall be effective before the date set forth in section 102(c) of this joint resolution.

SEC. 106. Appropriations and funds made available or authority granted pursuant to this joint resolution may be used without regard to the time limitations for submission and approval of apportionments set forth in section 1513 of title 31, United States Code, but nothing herein shall be construed to waive any other provision of law governing the apportionment of funds.

Approved September 30, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 388

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-272 (Comm. on Appropriations).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-142 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
    Sept. 18, considered and passed House.
    Sept. 25, considered and passed Senate.

FURTHER CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS, 1986

Public Law 99-154

99th Congress, H.J. Res. 441

November 14, 1985

JOINT RESOLUTION

Making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1986.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 102(c) of the joint resolution of September 30, 1985 (Public Law 99-103) is hereby amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 12, 1985".

Approved November 14, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 441

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Nov. 12, considered and passed House.
Nov. 13, considered and passed Senate.

SECOND FURTHER CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS, 1986

Public Law 99-179

99th Congress, H.J. Res. 476

December 13, 1985

JOINT RESOLUTION

Making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1986.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the joint resolution of November 14, 1985 (Public Law 99-154) is hereby amended by striking out "December 12, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "six o'clock post meridiem, eastern standard time, December 16, 1985".

Approved December 13, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 476

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Dec. 12, considered and passed House and Senate.

THIRD FURTHER CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS, 1986

Public Law 99-184

99th Congress, H.J. Res. 491

December 17, 1985

JOINT RESOLUTION

Making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1986.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the joint resolution of December 13, 1985 (Public Law 99-179) is hereby amended by striking out "six o'clock post meridiem, eastern standard time, December 16, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 19, 1985".

SEC. 2. Effective with the date of enactment of this joint resolution, through twelve o'clock post meridian, eastern standard time, December 19, 1985, none of the funds appropriated by this or any other Act shall be used by the United States Synthetic Fuels Corporation for awards of financial assistance or payments with respect to projects or modules under the United States Synthetic Fuels Corporation Act of 1980.

Approved December 17, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 491

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Dec. 17, considered and passed House and Senate.

FOURTH FURTHER CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS, 1986

Public Law 99-190

99th Congress, H.J. Res. 465

December 19, 1985

[NOTE.—This joint resolution provides budget authority for seven annual appropriation bills which were not enacted into law. These seven bills are: (1) Agriculture, 1986 (H.R. 3037); (2) Defense, 1986 (H.R. 3629); (3) District of Columbia, 1986 (H.R. 3067); (4) Foreign Assistance, 1986 (H.R. 3228); (5) Interior, 1986 (H.R. 3011); (6) Transportation, 1986 (H.R. 3244); and (7) Treasury, Postal Service, 1986 (H.R. 3036). Although budget authority for these bills is provided in this joint resolution, a separate modified bill and table VIII for each are included where they would normally appear in this volume.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1986, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and out of applicable corporate or other revenues, receipts, and funds, for the several departments, agencies, corporations, and other organizational units of the Government for the fiscal year 1986, and for other purposes, namely:

$38,090,564,000 *(Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1986)*

SEC. 101. (a) Such amounts as may be necessary for programs, projects, or activities provided for in the Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1986 (H.R. 3037), to the extent and in the manner provided for in the conference report and joint explanatory statement of the Committee of Conference (House Report Numbered 99-439), as filed in the House of Representatives on December 12, 1985, as if such Act had been enacted into law.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Joint Resolution, each appropriation item in the referenced bill (H.R. 3037) made available under this subsection may be reduced by six-tenths of 1 per centum, if applied to every appropriation item, rounded to the nearest thousands of dollars, except for the following appropriations: Child Nutrition Programs and Special Milk Program which are true entitlements: *Provided,* That such reductions, if made, shall be applied proportionally to each program, project, and activity as set forth in the conference agreement (H. Rept. 99-439).

(Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1986)

(b) Such amounts as may be necessary for programs, projects or activities provided for in the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1986, at a rate of operations and to the extent and in the manner provided as follows, to be effective as if it had been enacted into law as the regular appropriation Act:

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes.

TITLE I

MILITARY PERSONNEL

Military Personnel, Army

For pay, allowances, individual clothing, subsistence, interest on deposits, gratuities, permanent change of station travel (including all expenses thereof for organizational movements), and expenses of temporary duty travel between permanent duty stations, for members of the Army on active duty (except members of reserve components provided for elsewhere), cadets, and aviation cadets; and for payments pursuant to section 156 of Public Law 97-377, as amended (42 U.S.C. 402 note), and to the Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund; $21,078,169,000. $21,078,169,000

Military Personnel, Navy

For pay, allowances, individual clothing, subsistence, interest on deposits, gratuities, permanent change of station travel (including all expenses thereof for organizational movements), and expenses of temporary duty travel between permanent duty stations, for members of the Navy on active duty (except members of the Reserve provided for elsewhere), midshipmen, and aviation cadets; and for payments pursuant to section 156 of Public Law 97-377, as amended (42 U.S.C. 402 note), and to the Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund; $15,917,144,000. 15,917,144,000

Military Personnel, Marine Corps

For pay, allowances, individual clothing, subsistence, interest on deposits, gratuities, permanent change of station travel (including all expenses thereof for organizational movements), and expenses of temporary duty travel between permanent duty stations, for members of the Marine Corps on active duty (except members of the Reserve provided for elsewhere); and for payments pursuant to section 156 of Public Law 97-377, as amended (42 U.S.C. 402 note), and to the Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund; $4,870,016,000. 4,870,016,000

Military Personnel, Air Force

For pay, allowances, individual clothing, subsistence, interest on deposits, gratuities, permanent change of station travel (including all expenses thereof for organizational movements), and expenses of temporary duty travel between permanent duty stations, for members of the Air Force on active duty (except members of reserve components provided for elsewhere), cadets, and aviation cadets; and for payments pursuant to section 156 of Public Law 97-377, as amended (42 U.S.C. 402 note), and to the Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund; $17,744,770,000. 17,744,770,000

Reserve Personnel, Army

For pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses for personnel of the Army Reserve on active duty under sections 265, 3019, and 3033 of title 10, United States Code, or while serving on active duty under section 672(d) of title 10, United

States Code, in connection with performing duty specified in section 678(a) of title 10, United States Code, or while undergoing reserve training, or while performing drills or equivalent duty or other duty, and for members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, and expenses authorized by section 2131 of title 10, United States Code, as authorized by law; and for payments to the Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund; $2,178,564,000. $2,178,564,000

RESERVE PERSONNEL, NAVY

For pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses for personnel of the Naval Reserve on active duty under section 265 of title 10, United States Code, or while serving on active duty under section 672(d) of title 10, United States Code, in connection with performing duty specified in section 678(a) of title 10, United States Code, or while undergoing reserve training, or while performing drills or equivalent duty, and for members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, and expenses authorized by section 2131 of title 10, United States Code, as authorized by law; and for payments to the Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund; $1,267,734,000. 1,267,734,000

RESERVE PERSONNEL, MARINE CORPS

For pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses for personnel of the Marine Corps Reserve on active duty under section 265 of title 10, United States Code, or while serving on active duty under section 672(d) of title 10, United States Code, in connection with performing duty specified in section 678(a) of title 10, United States Code, or while undergoing reserve training, or while performing drills or equivalent duty, and for members of the Marine Corps platoon leaders class, and expenses authorized by section 2131 of title 10, United States Code, as authorized by law; and for payments to the Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund; $272,250,000. 272,250,000

RESERVE PERSONNEL, AIR FORCE

For pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses for personnel of the Air Force Reserve on active duty under sections 265, 8019, and 8033 of title 10, United States Code, or while serving on active duty under section 672(d) of title 10, United States Code, in connection with performing duty specified in section 678(a) of title 10, United States Code, or while undergoing reserve training, or while performing drills or equivalent duty or other duty, and for members of the Air Reserve Officers' Training Corps, and expenses authorized by section 2131 of title 10, United States Code, as authorized by law; and for payments to the Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund; $584,430,000. 584,430,000

NATIONAL GUARD PERSONNEL, ARMY

For pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses for personnel of the Army National Guard while on duty under section 265, 3033, or 3496 of title 10 or section 708 of title 32, United States Code, or while serving on duty under section 672(d) of title 10 or section 502(f) of title 32, United States Code, in connection with performing duty specified in section 678(a) of title 10, United States Code, or while undergoing training, or while performing drills or equivalent duty or other duty, and expenses authorized by section 2131 of title 10, United States Code, as authorized by law; and for payments to the Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund; $3,066,568,000. 3,066,568,000

NATIONAL GUARD PERSONNEL, AIR FORCE

For pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses for personnel of the Air National Guard on duty under section 265, 8033, or 8496 of title 10 or section 708 of title 32, United States Code, or while serving on duty under section 672(d) of title 10 or section 502(f) of title 32, United States Code, in connection with performing duty specified in section 678(a) of title 10, United States Code, or while undergoing training, or while performing drills or equivalent duty or other duty, and expenses authorized by section 2131 of title 10, United States Code, as authorized by law; and for payments to the Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund; $926,716,000. $926,716,000

[Total, title I, Military Personnel, new budget (obligational) authority (all definite appropriations), $67,906,361,000.]

TITLE II

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Army, as authorized by law; and not to exceed $12,642,000 can be used for emergencies and extraordinary expenses, to be expended on the approval or authority of the Secretary of the Army, and payments may be made on his certificate of necessity for confidential military purposes; $18,975,507,000, of which not less than $1,471,600,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities. 18,975,507,000

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Navy and the Marine Corps, as authorized by law; and not to exceed $3,787,000 can be used for emergencies and extraordinary expenses, to be expended on the approval or authority of the Secretary of the Navy, and payments may be made on his certificate of necessity for confidential military purposes; $24,477,071,000, of which not less than $770,000,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities, and of which $100,000,000 shall be available only to reimburse United States Coast Guard Operating Expenses for operations and training relating to the Coast Guard's defense and military readiness missions: *Provided,* That of the total amount of this appropriation made available for the alteration, overhaul, and repair of naval vessels, not more than $3,650,000,000 shall be available for the performance of such work in Navy shipyards: *Provided further,* That from the amounts of this appropriation for the alteration, overhaul and repair of naval vessels, funds shall be available for a test program to acquire the overhaul of four or more vessels by competition between public and private shipyards. The Secretary of the Navy shall certify, prior to award of a contract under this test, that the successful bid includes comparable estimates of all direct and indirect costs for both public and private shipyards. Competition under such test program shall not be subject to section 502 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1981, as amended, or Office of Management and Budget Circular A-76: *Provided further,* That funds herein provided shall be available for payments in support of the LEASAT program in accordance with the terms of the Aide Memoire, dated January 5, 1981: *Provided further,* That obligations incurred or to be incurred hereafter for termination liability and charter hire in connection with the TAKX and T-5 24,477,071,000 programs, for which the Navy has already entered into agreement for charter and time charters including conversion or construction related to such agreements or charters shall, for the purposes of title 31, United States Code, (1) in regard to and so long as the Government remains liable for termination costs, be considered as obligations in the current Operation and Maintenance, Navy, appropriation account, to be held in reserve in the event such termination liability is incurred, in an amount equal to 10 per centum of the outstanding termination liability, and (2) in regard to charter hire, be considered obligations in the Navy Industrial Fund with an amount equal to the estimated charter hire for the then current fiscal year recorded as an obligation against such fund. Obligations of the Navy under such time charters are general obligations of the United States secured by its full faith and credit.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, MARINE CORPS

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Marine Corps, as authorized by law; $1,612,050,000, of which not less than $238,000,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities. $1,612,050,000

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Air Force, as authorized by law, including the lease and associated maintenance of replacement aircraft for the CT-39 aircraft to the same extent and manner as authorized for service contracts by section 2306(g), title 10, United States Code; and not to exceed $5,556,000 can be used for emergencies and extraordinary expenses, to be expended on the approval or authority of the Secretary of the Air Force, and payments may be made on his certificate of necessity for confidential military purposes; $19,536,813,000, of which not less than $1,385,000,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities. 19,536,813,000

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, DEFENSE AGENCIES

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance of activities and agencies of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments), as authorized by law; $7,432,569,000, of which not to exceed $11,117,000 can be used for emergencies and extraordinary expenses, to be expended on the approval or authority of the Secretary of Defense, and payments may be made on his certificate of necessity for confidential military purposes: *Provided,* That not less than $91,147,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities. 7,432,569,000

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY RESERVE

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance, including training, organization, and administration, of the Army Reserve; repair of facilities and equipment; hire of passenger motor vehicles; travel and transportation; care of the dead; recruiting; procurement of services, supplies, and equipment; and communications; $780,100,000, of which not less than $49,865,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities. 780,100,000

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY RESERVE

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance, including training, organization, and administration, of the Navy Reserve; repair of facilities and equipment; hire of passenger motor vehicles; travel and transportation; care of the dead; recruiting; procurement of services, supplies, and equipment; and communications; $894,950,000, of which not less than $37,100,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities. $894,950,000

Operation and Maintenance, Marine Corps Reserve

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance, including training, organization, and administration, of the Marine Corps Reserve; repair of facilities and equipment; hire of passenger motor vehicles; travel and transportation; care of the dead; recruiting; procurement of services, supplies, and equipment; and communications; $57,200,000, of which not less than $2,850,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities. 57,200,000

Operation and Maintenance, Air Force Reserve

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance, including training, organization, and administration, of the Air Force Reserve; repair of facilities and equipment; hire of passenger motor vehicles; travel and transportation; care of the dead; recruiting; procurement of services, supplies, and equipment; and communications; $902,700,000, of which not less than $22,200,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities. 902,700,000

Operation and Maintenance, Army National Guard

For expenses of training, organizing, and administering the Army National Guard, including medical and hospital treatment and related expenses in non-Federal hospitals; maintenance, operation, and repairs to structures and facilities; hire of passenger motor vehicles; personnel services in the National Guard Bureau; travel expenses (other than mileage), as authorized by law for Army personnel on active duty, for Army National Guard division, regimental, and battalion commanders while inspecting units in compliance with National Guard regulations when specifically authorized by the Chief, National Guard Bureau; supplying and equipping the Army National Guard as authorized by law; and expenses of repair, modification, maintenance, and issue of supplies and equipment (including aircraft); $1,652,800,000, of which not less than $57,300,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities. 1,652,800,000

Operation and Maintenance, Air National Guard

For operation and maintenance of the Air National Guard, including medical and hospital treatment and related expenses in non-Federal hospitals; maintenance, operation, repair, and other necessary expenses of facilities for the training and administration of the Air National Guard, including repair of facilities, maintenance, operation, and modification of aircraft; transportation of things; hire of passenger motor vehicles; supplies, materials, and equipment, as authorized by law for the Air National Guard; and expenses incident to the maintenance and use of supplies, materials, and equipment, including such as may be furnished from stocks under the control of agencies of the Department of Defense; travel expenses (other than mileage) on the same basis as authorized by law for Air National Guard personnel on active Federal duty, for Air National Guard commanders while inspecting units in compliance with National Guard regulations when specifically authorized by the Chief, National Guard Bureau; $1,806,200,000, of which not less than $37,000,000 shall be available only for the maintenance of real property facilities. $1,806,200,000

NATIONAL BOARD FOR THE PROMOTION OF RIFLE PRACTICE, ARMY

For the necessary expenses, in accordance with law, for construction, equipment, and maintenance of rifle ranges; the instruction of citizens in marksmanship; the promotion of rifle practice; and the travel of rifle teams, military personnel, and individuals attending regional, national, and international competitions; not to exceed $920,000, of which not to exceed $7,500 shall be available for incidental expenses of the National Board; and from other funds provided in this Act, not to exceed $680,000 worth of ammunition may be issued under authority of title 10, United States Code, section 4311: *Provided,* That competitors at national matches under title 10, United States Code, section 4312, may be paid subsistence and travel allowances in excess of the amounts provided under title 10, United States Code, section 4313. 920,000

CLAIMS, DEFENSE

For payment, not otherwise provided for, of claims authorized by law to be paid by the Department of Defense (except for civil functions), including claims for damages arising under training contracts with carriers, and repayment of amounts determined by the Secretary concerned, or officers designated by him, to have been erroneously collected from military and civilian personnel of the Department of Defense, or from States, territories, or the District of Columbia, or members of the National Guard units thereof; $143,300,000. 143,300,000

COURT OF MILITARY APPEALS, DEFENSE

For salaries and expenses necessary for the United States Court of Military Appeals; $3,200,000, and not to exceed $1,500 can be used for official representation purposes. 3,200,000

TENTH INTERNATIONAL PAN AMERICAN GAMES

For logistical support and personnel services (other than pay and nontravel related allowances of members of the Armed Forces of the United States, except for members of the Reserve components thereof called or ordered to active duty to provide support for the Tenth International Pan American Games) provided by any component of the Department of Defense to the Tenth International Pan American Games; $10,000,000. 10,000,000

ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE

379,100,000 For the Department of Defense; $379,100,000, to remain available until transferred: *Provided,* That the Secretary of Defense shall, upon determining that such funds are required for environmental restoration and hazardous waste disposal operations, reduction and recycling of hazardous waste, research and development associated with hazardous wastes and removal of unsafe buildings and debris of the Department of Defense, or for similar purposes (including programs and operations at sites formerly used by the Department of Defense), transfer the funds made available by this appropriation to other appropriations made available to the Department of Defense as the Secretary may designate, to be merged with and to be available for the same purposes and for the same time period as the appropriations of funds to which transferred: *Provided further,* That upon a determination that all or part of the funds transferred pursuant to this provision are not necessary for the purposes provided herein, such amounts may be transferred back to this appropriation.

[Total, title II, Operation and Maintenance, new budget (obligational) authority (all definite appropriations), $78,664,480,000.]

TITLE III

PROCUREMENT

AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, ARMY

For construction, procurement, production, modification, and modernization of aircraft, equipment, including ordnance, ground handling equipment, spare parts, and accessories therefor; specialized equipment and training devices; expansion of public and private plants, including the land necessary therefor, for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title; and procurement and installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public and private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; and other expenses necessary for the foregoing purposes; $3,524,200,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1988. $3,524,200,000

MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY

For construction, procurement, production, modification, and modernization of missiles, equipment, including ordnance, ground handling equipment, spare parts, and accessories therefor; specialized equipment and training devices; expansion of public and private plants, including the land necessary therefor, for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title; and procurement and installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public and private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; and other expenses necessary for the foregoing purposes, as follows:

Chaparral program, $57,500,000;
Other Missile Support, $5,000,000;
Patriot program, $963,400,000;
Stinger program, $258,500,000;
Laser Hellfire program, $234,200,000;
TOW program, $190,500,000;
Pershing II program, $236,300,000;
MLRS program, $531,900,000;
Modification of missiles, $196,800,000;
Spares and repair parts, $312,000,000;
Support equipment and facilities, $56,632,000;

In all: $2,904,332,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1988: *Provided,* That within the total amount appropriated, the subdivisions within this appropriation shall be reduced by $138,400,000. 2,904,332,000

PROCUREMENT OF WEAPONS AND TRACKED COMBAT VEHICLES, ARMY

For construction, procurement, production, and modification of weapons and tracked combat vehicles, equipment, including ordnance, spare parts and accessories therefor; specialized equipment and training devices; expansion of public and private plants, including the land necessary therefor, for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title; and procurement and installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public and private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; and other expenses necessary for the foregoing purposes; $4,684,800,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1988. $4,684,800,000

PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, ARMY

For construction, procurement, production, and modification of ammunition, and accessories therefor; specialized equipment and training devices; expansion of public and private plants, including ammunition facilities authorized in military construction authorization Acts or authorized by section 2854, title 10, United States Code, and the land necessary therefor, for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title; and procurement and installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public and private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; and other expenses necessary for the foregoing purposes; $2,497,200,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1988: *Provided*, That none of the funds provided herein may be obligated or expended for production base projects until the Secretary of the Army has submitted to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate a specific funding and program plan for RDX modernization which responds to congressional requirements on program phasing and direction concerning full funding, and which provides for initiation of site specific work at Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant not later than June 30, 1986. 2,497,200,000

OTHER PROCUREMENT, ARMY

For construction, procurement, production, and modification of vehicles, including tactical, support, and nontracked combat vehicles; the purchase of not to exceed two thousand four hundred and sixty-four passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; communications and electronic equipment; other support equipment; spare parts, ordnance, and accessories therefor; specialized equipment and training devices; expansion of public and private plants, including the land necessary therefor, for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title; and procurement and installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public and private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; and other expenses necessary for the foregoing purposes, as follows:

Tactical and support vehicles, $965,397,000;

Communications and electronics equipment, $2,868,859,000;

Other support equipment, $1,341,000,000;

Non-centrally managed items, $105,300,000;

In all: $5,275,556,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1988: *Provided,* That within the total amount appropriated, the subdivisions within this appropriation shall be reduced by $5,000,000. $5,275,556,000

AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, NAVY

For construction, procurement, production, modification, and modernization of aircraft, equipment, including ordnance, spare parts, and accessories therefor; specialized equipment; expansion of public and private plants, including the land necessary therefor, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title; and procurement and installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public and private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; $11,175,678,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1988: *Provided,* That $322,871,000 shall be available only for the procurement of nine new P-3C antisubmarine warfare aircraft: *Provided further,* That six P-3C aircraft shall be for the Naval Reserve. 11,175,678,000

WEAPONS PROCUREMENT, NAVY

For construction, procurement, production, modification, and modernization of missiles, torpedoes, other weapons, and related support equipment including spare parts, and accessories therefor; expansion of public and private plants, including the land necessary therefor, and such lands and interest therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title; and procurement and installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public and private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway, as follows:

Poseidon, $5,001,000;
TRIDENT I, $36,226,000;
TRIDENT II, $581,986,000;
Support equipment and facilities, $17,107,000;
Tomahawk, $724,804,000;
AIM/RIM-7 F/M Sparrow, $359,200,000;
AIM-9L/M Sidewinder, $125,800,000;
AIM-54A/C Phoenix, $343,600,000;
AIM-54A/C Phoenix advance procurement, $24,800,000;
AGM-84A Harpoon, $314,873,000;
AGM-88A HARM, $236,000,000;
SM-1 MR, $20,300,000;
SM-2 MR, $509,719,000;
SM-2 ER, $303,200,000;
Sidearm, $30,500,000;
Hellfire, $51,768,000;
Laser Maverick, $173,458,000;
IIR Maverick, $27,809,000;
Aerial targets, $105,600,000;
Drones and decoys, $29,400,000;
Other missile support, $12,309,000;
Modification of missiles, $64,933,000;
Support equipment and facilities, $86,210,000;
Ordnance support equipment, $16,289,000;
MK-48 ADCAP torpedo program, $417,437,000;
MK-46 torpedo program, $125,115,000;
MK-60 CAPTOR mine program, $59,600,000;
MK-30 mobile target program, $18,600,000;
MK-38 mini-mobile target program, $3,499,000;
Antisubmarine rocket (ASROC) program, $15,551,000;
Modification of torpedoes, $115,055,000;

Torpedo support equipment program, $70,575,000;
MK-15 close-in weapons system program, $150,146,000;
MK-75 gun mount program, $17,905,000;
MK-19 machine gun program, $1,196,000;
25mm gun mount, $5,501,000;
Small arms and weapons, $11,305,000;
Modification of guns and gun mounts, $58,117,000;
Guns and gun mounts support equipment program, $1,200,000;
Spares and repair parts, $166,601,000;

In all: $5,227,795,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1988: *Provided*, That within the total amount appropriated, the subdivisions within this appropriation shall be reduced by $210,500,000. $5,227,795,000

SHIPBUILDING AND CONVERSION, NAVY

For expenses necessary for the construction, acquisition, or conversion of vessels as authorized by law, including armor and armament thereof, plant equipment, appliances, and machine tools and installation thereof in public and private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; procurement of critical, long leadtime components and designs for vessels to be constructed or converted in the future; and expansion of public and private plants, including land necessary therefor, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title, as follows:

TRIDENT ballistic missile submarine program, $1,354,700,000;
SSN-688 attack submarine program, $2,609,600,000;
Battleship reactivation program, $469,000,000;
Aircraft carrier service life extension program, $52,000,000;
CG-47 cruiser program, $2,652,500,000;
DDG-51 destroyer program, $74,000,000: *Provided*, That the Secretary of the Navy shall select a second source, by the most expeditious means available, for the CG-47 and DDG-51 SPY-1 radar; AEGIS production test center, shipyard and shipboard combat system integration; AEGIS color graphic display systems; solid state frequency converters; and propellors in order to begin competition between the current contractors and the second source contractors in fiscal year 1988: *Provided further*, That any such selection shall not adversely affect the CG-47 and DDG-51 shipbuilding program schedule and costs;
LSD-41 landing ship dock program, $403,400,000;
LHD-1 amphibious assault ship program, $1,313,600,000;
MCM mine countermeasures ship program, $197,200,000;
MSH coastal mine hunter program, $184,500,000;
T-AO fleet oiler program, $278,500,000;
T-AGOS ocean surveillance ship program, $115,100,000;
T-AG acoustic research ship program, $57,000,000;
ARTB nuclear reactor training ship conversion program, $175,400,000;
T-ACS auxiliary crane ship conversion program, $82,500,000;
T-AVB logistic support ship program, $26,900,000;
LCAC landing craft program, $307,000,000;
Strategic sealift program, $228,400,000;
For craft, outfitting, post delivery, and cost growth, $500,800,000;

In all: $10,840,400,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1990: *Provided*, That within the total amount appropriated, the subdivisions within this appropriation shall be reduced by $241,700,000: *Provided further*, That additional obligations may 10,840,400,000 be incurred after September 30, 1990, for engineering services, tests, evaluations, and other such budgeted work that must be performed in the final stage of ship construction; and each Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy, appropriation that is currently available for such obligations may also hereafter be so obligated after the date of its expiration: *Provided further,* That none of the funds herein provided for the construction or conversion of any naval vessel to be constructed in shipyards in the United States shall be expended in foreign shipyards for the construction of major components of the hull or superstructure of such vessel: *Provided further,* That none of the funds herein provided shall be used for the construction of any naval vessel in foreign shipyards: *Provided further,* That of the funds appropriated in fiscal year 1983 for the FFG-7 guided missile frigate program, $40,000,000 previously available only for an X-band phased array radar shall be available for the fiscal year 1984 guided missile frigate program (FFG-61). The FFG-61 shall be equipped with the MK-92 fire control system, Phase II update.

OTHER PROCUREMENT, NAVY

For procurement, production, and modernization of support equipment and materials not otherwise provided for, Navy ordnance and ammunition (except ordnance for new aircraft, new ships, and ships authorized for conversion); the purchase of not to exceed nine hundred and twenty-four passenger motor vehicles of which eight hundred and twenty-five shall be for replacement only; expansion of public and private plants, including the land necessary therefor, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title; and procurement and installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public and private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway, as follows:

Ship support equipment, $923,806,000;
Communications and electronics equipment, $2,096,302,000;
Aviation support equipment, $1,133,019,000;
Ordnance support equipment, $1,349,747,000;
Civil engineering support equipment, $232,558,000;
Supply support equipment, $58,917,000;
Personnel and command support equipment, $434,143,000;
Spares and repair parts, $279,838,000;
Non-centrally managed items, $125,300,000;

In all: $6,377,630,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1988: *Provided,* That within the total amount appropriated, the subdivisions within this appropriation shall be reduced by $256,000,000. $6,377,630,000

COASTAL DEFENSE AUGMENTATION

For the augmentation of United States Coast Guard inventories to meet national security requirements, $235,000,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That these funds shall be for the procurement by the Department of Defense of vessels, aircraft, and equipment and for modernization of existing Coast Guard assets, to be made available to the Coast Guard for operation and maintenance. 235,000,000

PROCUREMENT, MARINE CORPS

For expenses necessary for the procurement, manufacture, and modification of missiles, armament, ammunition, military equipment, spare parts, and accessories therefor; plant equipment, appliances, and machine tools, and installation thereof in public and private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned

equipment layaway; vehicles for the Marine Corps, including purchase of not to exceed two hundred and three passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; and expansion of public and private plants, including land necessary therefor, and such lands, and interests therein, may be acquired and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title; $1,660,766,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1988. $1,660,766,000

AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE

For construction, procurement, and modification of aircraft and equipment, including armor and armament, specialized ground handling equipment, and training devices, spare parts, and accessories therefor; specialized equipment; expansion of public and private plants, Government-owned equipment and installation thereof in such plants, erection of structures, and acquisition of land, for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; and other expenses necessary for the foregoing purposes including rents and transportation of things; $23,255,424,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1988, of which $200,000,000 shall be available only to initiate the air defense aircraft competition authorized by law: *Provided*, That of the amounts appropriated not to exceed $280,000,000 shall be available for competitive procurement of Air Force One mission replacement aircraft: *Provided further*, That none of the funds in this Act may be obligated on B-1B bomber production contracts if such contracts would cause the production portion of the Air Force's $20,500,000,000 estimate for the B-1B bomber baseline costs expressed in fiscal year 1981 constant dollars to be exceeded: *Provided further*, That funds appropriated by this Act may be applied to a follow-on multiyear contract for F-16 production in which contract options shall be included to adjust the multiyear contract to accommodate the results of the air defense aircraft competition; such competition shall be completed no later than July 1, 1986, and a contract awarded within sixty days thereafter. 23,255,424,000

MISSILE PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE

For construction, procurement, and modification of missiles, spacecraft, rockets, and related equipment, including spare parts and accessories therefor, ground handling equipment, and training devices; expansion of public and private plants, Government-owned equipment and installation thereof in such plants, erection of structures, and acquisition of land, for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; and other expenses necessary for the foregoing purposes including rents and transportation of things; $8,312,442,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1988. 8,312,442,000

OTHER PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE

For procurement and modification of equipment (including ground guidance and electronic control equipment, and ground electronic and communication equipment), and supplies, materials, and spare parts therefor, not otherwise provided for; the purchase of not to exceed eight hundred and forty-nine passenger motor vehicles of which eight hundred and one shall be for replacement only; and expansion of public and private plants, Government-owned equipment and installation thereof in such plants, erection of structures, and acquisition of land, for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon, prior to approval of title; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway, as follows:

Munitions and associated equipment, $1,239,877,000;
Vehicular equipment, $340,869,000;
Electronics and telecommunications equipment, $2,608,650,000;
Other base maintenance and support equipment, $4,626,287,000;
Non-centrally managed items, $54,700,000;

In all: $8,571,383,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1988: *Provided*, That within the total amount appropriated, the subdivisions within this appropriation shall be reduced by $299,000,000: *Provided further*, That no obligation may be incurred for the procurement of 30mm armor piercing ammunition unless there is component breakout for the depleted uranium penetrator. $8,571,383,000

NATIONAL GUARD AND RESERVE EQUIPMENT

For procurement of aircraft, missiles, tracked combat vehicles, ammunition, other weapons, and other procurement for the reserve components of the Armed Forces, as follows:

Army Reserve, $365,000,000;
Army National Guard, $531,800,000, of which, subject to enactment of authorizing legislation, not more than $40,000,000 may be used for minor projects to facilitate the delivery, storage, training and maintenance of Army National Guard equipment;
Air National Guard, $255,000,000;
Naval Reserve, $100,000,000;
Marine Corps Reserve, $70,000,000;
Air Force Reserve, $180,000,000;

In all: $1,501,800,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1988. 1,501,800,000

PROCUREMENT, DEFENSE AGENCIES

For expenses of activities and agencies of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments) necessary for procurement, production, and modification of equipment, supplies, materials, and spare parts therefor, not otherwise provided for; the purchase of not to exceed four hundred and ninety passenger motor vehicles of which two hundred and fifty-one shall be for replacement only; expansion of public and private plants, equipment, and installation thereof in such plants, erection of structures, and acquisition of land for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; $1,302,740,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1988. 1,302,740,000

DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT PURCHASES

For purchases or commitments to purchase metals, minerals, or other materials by the Department of Defense pursuant to section 303 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 2093); $31,000,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1988. 31,000,000

NATO COOPERATIVE DEFENSE PROGRAMS

For acquisition of point air defense of United States airbases and other critical United States military facilities in Italy; $15,000,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1988. $15,000,000

[Total, title III, Procurement, new budget (obligational) authority (all definite appropriations), $97,393,146,000.]

TITLE IV

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION, ARMY

For expenses necessary for basic and applied scientific research, development, test, and evaluation, including maintenance, rehabilitation, lease, and operation of facilities and equipment, as authorized by law; $4,798,172,000, of which $17,000,000 is available only for completing development, transitioning into low-rate initial production, and initial procurement of shipsets required to arm UH-60 Blackhawk helicopters with Hellfire missiles, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1987. 4,798,172,000

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION, NAVY

For expenses necessary for basic and applied scientific research, development, test, and evaluation, including maintenance, rehabilitation, lease, and operation of facilities and equipment, as authorized by law; $10,065,239,000, of which $17,523,000 is available only for the Low Cost Anti-Radiation Seeker Program and $5,500,000 is available only for the Laser Articulating Robotic System, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1987. 10,065,239,000

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION, AIR FORCE

For expenses necessary for basic and applied scientific research, development, test, and evaluation, including maintenance, rehabilitation, lease, and operation of facilities and equipment, as authorized by law; $13,718,208,000, of which $17,613,000 is available only for the Low Cost Seeker Program and $5,000,000 is available only for the purpose of carrying out a research program to develop new and improved verification techniques to monitor compliance with any antisatellite weapon agreement that may be entered into by the United States and the Soviet Union, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1987. 13,718,208,000

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION, DEFENSE AGENCIES

For expenses of activities and agencies of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments), necessary for basic and applied scientific research, development, test, and evaluation; advanced research projects as may be designated and determined by the Secretary of Defense, pursuant to law; maintenance, rehabilitation, lease, and operation of facilities and equipment, as authorized by law; $6,637,386,000, of which $700,000 shall be available only for the purpose of carrying out, through the Office of Technology Assessment, a comprehensive classified study to be submitted to the Appropriations Committees of the House of Representatives and the Senate, together with an unclassified version, no later than August 30, 1987, to determine the technological feasibility and implications, and the ability to survive and function despite a preemptive attack 6,637,386,000 by an aggressor possessing comparable technology, of the Strategic Defense Initiative Program; and $8,287,000 shall be available only for the joint Department of Defense-Department of Energy Conventional Munitions Technology Development Program, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1987: *Provided,* That such amounts as may be determined by the Secretary of Defense to have been made available in other appropriations available to the Department of Defense during the current fiscal year for programs related to advanced research may be transferred to and merged with this appropriation to be available for the same purposes and time period: *Provided further,* That such amounts of this appropriation as may be determined by the Secretary of Defense may be transferred to carry out the purposes of advanced research to those appropriations for military functions under the Department of Defense which are being utilized for related programs to be merged with and to be available for the same time period as the appropriation to which transferred.

DIRECTOR OF TEST AND EVALUATION, DEFENSE

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, of independent activities of the Director of Defense Test and Evaluation in the direction and supervision of test and evaluation, including initial operational testing and evaluation; and performance of joint testing and evaluation; and administrative expenses in connection therewith; $118,500,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1987. $118,500,000

[*Total, title IV, Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, new budget (obligational) authority (all definite appropriations), $35,337,505,000.*]

TITLE V

SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM

For payment in foreign currencies which the Treasury Department determines to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States for expenses in carrying out programs of the Department of Defense, as authorized by law; $2,100,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1987: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall be available in addition to other appropriations to such Department, for payments in the foregoing currencies. 2,100,000

[*Total, title V, Special Foreign Currency Program, new budget (obligational) authority (all definite appropriations), $2,100,000.*]

TITLE VI

REVOLVING AND MANAGEMENT FUNDS

ARMY STOCK FUND

For the Army stock fund; $393,000,000. 393,000,000

NAVY STOCK FUND

For the Navy stock fund; $638,500,000. 638,500,000

MARINE CORPS STOCK FUND

For the Marine Corps stock fund; $37,700,000. 37,700,000

AIR FORCE STOCK FUND

For the Air Force stock fund; $415,900,000. 415,900,000

DEFENSE STOCK FUND

For the Defense stock fund; $149,700,000. $149,700,000

ADP EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT FUND

For the purchase of automatic data processing (ADP) equipment; $100,000,000. 100,000,000

[*Total, title VI, Revolving and Management Funds, new budget (obligational) authority (all definite appropriations), $1,734,800,000.*]

TITLE VII

RELATED AGENCIES

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY SYSTEM FUND

For payment to the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System Fund, to maintain proper funding level for continuing the operation of the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System; $101,400,000. 101,400,000

INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY STAFF

For necessary expenses of the Intelligence Community Staff; $22,083,000. 22,083,000

[*Total, title VII, Related Agencies, new budget (obligational) authority (all definite appropriations), $123,483,000.*]

TITLE VIII

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 8001. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

SEC. 8002. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used for publicity or propaganda purposes not authorized by the Congress.

SEC. 8003. During the current fiscal year, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretaries of the Army, Navy, and Air Force, respectively, if they should deem it advantageous to the national defense, and if in their opinions the existing facilities of the Department of Defense are inadequate, are authorized to procure services in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, and to pay in connection therewith travel expenses of individuals, including actual transportation and per diem in lieu of subsistence while traveling from their homes or places of business to official duty stations and return as may be authorized by law: *Provided,* That such contracts may be renewed annually.

SEC. 8004. During the current fiscal year, provisions of law prohibiting the payment of compensation to, or employment of, any person not a citizen of the United States shall not apply to personnel of the Department of Defense.

SEC. 8005. Appropriations for the Department of Defense for the current fiscal year and hereafter shall be available for: (a) expenses in connection with administration of occupied areas; (b) payment of

rewards as authorized for the Navy by section 7209(a) of title 10, United States Code, for information leading to the discovery of missing naval property or the recovery thereof; (c) payment of deficiency judgments and interests thereon arising out of condemnation proceedings; (d) leasing of buildings and facilities including payment of rentals for special purpose space at the seat of government, and in the conduct of field exercises and maneuvers or, in administering the provisions of the Act of July 9, 1942 (56 Stat. 654; 43 U.S.C. 315q), rentals may be paid in advance; (e) payments under contracts for maintenance of tools and facilities for twelve months beginning at any time during the fiscal year; (f) maintenance of defense access roads certified as important to national defense in accordance with section 210 of title 23, United States Code; (g) the purchase of milk for enlisted personnel of the Department of Defense heretofore made available pursuant to section 202 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446a), and the cost of milk so purchased, as determined by the Secretary of Defense, shall be included in the value of the commuted ration; (h) payments under leases for real or personal property, including maintenance thereof when contracted for as a part of the lease agreement, for twelve months beginning at any time during the fiscal year; (i) the purchase of right-hand-drive vehicles not to exceed $12,000 per vehicle; (j) payment of unusual cost overruns incident to ship overhaul, maintenance, and repair for ships inducted into industrial fund activities or contracted for in prior fiscal years: *Provided*, That the Secretary of Defense shall notify the Congress promptly prior to obligation of any such payments; (k) payments from annual appropriations to industrial fund activities and/or under contract for changes in scope of ship overhaul, maintenance, and repair after expiration of such appropriations, for such work either inducted into the industrial fund activity or contracted for in that fiscal year; and (l) payments for depot maintenance contracts for twelve months beginning at any time during the fiscal year.

SEC. 8006. Appropriations for the Department of Defense for the current fiscal year and hereafter shall be available for: (a) military courts, boards, and commissions; (b) utility services for buildings erected at private cost, as authorized by law, and buildings on military reservations authorized by regulations to be used for welfare and recreational purposes; and (c) exchange fees, and losses in the accounts of disbursing officers or agents in accordance with law.

SEC. 8007. The Secretary of Defense and each purchasing and contracting agency of the Department of Defense shall assist American small and minority-owned business to participate equitably in the furnishing of commodities and services financed with funds appropriated under this Act by increasing, to an optimum level, the resources and number of personnel jointly assigned to promoting both small and minority business involvement in purchases financed with funds appropriated herein, and by making available or causing to be made available to such businesses, information, as far in advance as possible, with respect to purchases proposed to be financed with funds appropriated under this Act, and by assisting small and minority business concerns to participate equitably as subcontractors on contracts financed with funds appropriated herein, and by otherwise advocating and providing small and minority business opportunities to participate in the furnishing of commodities and services financed with funds appropriated by this Act.

SEC. 8008. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

SEC. 8009. During the current fiscal year and hereafter:

(a) The President may exempt appropriations, funds, and contract

authorizations, available for military functions under the Department of Defense, from the provisions of section 1512 of title 31, United States Code, whenever he deems such action to be necessary in the interest of national defense.

(b) Upon determination by the President that such action is necessary, the Secretary of Defense is authorized to provide for the cost of an airborne alert as an excepted expense in accordance with the provisions of section 3732 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 11).

(c) Upon determination by the President that it is necessary to increase the number of military personnel on active duty subject to existing laws beyond the number for which funds are provided in this Act, the Secretary of Defense is authorized to provide for the cost of such increased military personnel, as an excepted expense in accordance with the provisions of section 3732 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 11).

(d) The Secretary of Defense shall immediately advise Congress of the exercise of any authority granted in this section, and shall report monthly on the estimated obligations incurred pursuant to subsections (b) and (c).

Sec. 8010. No part of the appropriations in this Act shall be available for any expense of operating aircraft under the jurisdiction of the armed forces for the purpose of proficiency flying, as defined in Department of Defense Directive 1340.4, except in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense. Such regulations (1) may not require such flying except that required to maintain proficiency in anticipation of a member's assignment to combat operations and (2) such flying may not be permitted in cases of members who have been assigned to a course of instruction of ninety days or more.

Sec. 8011. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for expense of transportation, packing, crating, temporary storage, drayage, and unpacking of household goods and personal effects in any one shipment having a net weight in excess of eighteen thousand pounds.

Sec. 8012. During the current fiscal year and hereafter, vessels under the jurisdiction of the Department of Transportation, the Department of the Army, the Department of the Air Force, or the Department of the Navy may be transferred or otherwise made available without reimbursement to any such agencies upon the request of the head of one agency and the approval of the agency having jurisdiction of the vessels concerned.

Sec. 8013. Not more than 20 per centum of the appropriations in this Act which are limited for obligation during the current fiscal year shall be obligated during the last two months of the fiscal year: *Provided*, That this section shall not apply to obligations for support of active duty training of civilian components or summer camp training of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, or the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, Army, or to the appropriations provided in this Act for Claims, Defense.

Sec. 8014. During the current fiscal year the agencies of the Department of Defense may accept the use of real property from foreign countries for the United States in accordance with mutual defense agreements or occupational arrangements and may accept services furnished by foreign countries as reciprocal international courtesies or as services customarily made available without charge; and such agencies may use the same for the support of the United States forces in such areas without specific appropriation therefor.

In addition to the foregoing, agencies of the Department of Defense may accept real property, services, and commodities from foreign countries for the use of the United States in accordance with mutual defense agreements or occupational arrangements and such agencies may use the same for the support of the United States forces in such areas, without specific appropriations therefor: *Provided,* That the foregoing authority shall not be available for the conversion of heating plants from coal to oil at defense facilities in Europe: *Provided further,* That within thirty days after the end of each quarter the Secretary of Defense shall render to Congress and to the Office of Management and Budget a full report of such property, supplies, and commodities received during such quarter.

SEC. 8015. During the current fiscal year and hereafter, appropriations available to the Department of Defense for research and development may be used for the purposes of section 2353 of title 10, United States Code, and for purposes related to research and development for which expenditures are specifically authorized in other appropriations of the Service concerned.

SEC. 8016. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act, except for small purchases in amounts not exceeding $10,000 shall be available for the procurement of any article of food, clothing, cotton, woven silk or woven silk blends, spun silk yarn for cartridge cloth, synthetic fabric or coated synthetic fabric, or wool (whether in the form of fiber or yarn or contained in fabrics, materials, or manufactured articles), or specialty metals including stainless steel flatware, or hand or measuring tools, not grown, reprocessed, reused, or produced in the United States or its possessions, except to the extent that the Secretary of the Department concerned shall determine that satisfactory quality and sufficient quantity of any articles of food or clothing or any form of cotton, woven silk and woven silk blends, spun silk yarn for cartridge cloth, synthetic fabric or coated synthetic fabric, wool, or specialty metals including stainless steel flatware, grown, reprocessed, reused, or produced in the United States or its possessions cannot be procured as and when needed at United States market prices and except procurements outside the United States in support of combat operations, procurements by vessels in foreign waters, and emergency procurements or procurements of perishable foods by establishments located outside the United States for the personnel attached thereto: *Provided,* That nothing herein shall preclude the procurement of specialty metals or chemical warfare protective clothing produced outside the United States or its possessions when such procurement is necessary to comply with agreements with foreign governments requiring the United States to purchase supplies from foreign sources for the purposes of offsetting sales made by the United States Government or United States firms under approved programs serving defense requirements or where such procurement is necessary in furtherance of the standardization and interoperability of equipment requirements within NATO so long as such agreements with foreign governments comply, where applicable, with the requirements of section 36 of the Arms Export Control Act and with section 2457 of title 10, United States Code: *Provided further,* That nothing herein shall preclude the procurement of foods manufactured or processed in the United States or its possessions: *Provided further,* That no funds herein appropriated shall be used for the payment of a price differential on contracts hereafter made for the purpose of relieving economic dislocations: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used except that, so far as practicable, all contracts shall be awarded on a formally advertised competitive bid basis to the lowest responsible bidder.

SEC. 8017. During the current fiscal year, appropriations available to the Department of Defense for pay of civilian employees shall be available for uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by section 5901 of title 5, United States Code.

SEC. 8018. Funds provided in this Act for legislative liaison activities of the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, the Department of the Air Force, and the Office of the Secretary of

Defense shall not exceed $13,334,000 for the current fiscal year: *Provided,* That this amount shall be available for apportionment to the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, the Department of the Air Force, and the Office of the Secretary of Defense as determined by the Secretary of Defense: *Provided further,* That costs for military retired pay accrual shall be included within this limitation.

SEC. 8019. Of the funds made available by this Act for the services of the Military Airlift Command, $100,000,000 shall be available only for procurement of commercial transportation service from carriers participating in the civil reserve air fleet program; and the Secretary of Defense shall utilize the services of such carriers which qualify as small businesses to the fullest extent found practicable: *Provided,* That the Secretary of Defense shall specify in such procurement, performance characteristics for aircraft to be used based upon modern aircraft operated by the civil reserve air fleet.

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

$950,000,000 (transfer authority)

SEC. 8020. Upon determination by the Secretary of Defense that such action is necessary in the national interest, he may, with the approval of the Office of Management and Budget, transfer not to exceed $950,000,000 of working capital funds of the Department of Defense or funds made available in this Act to the Department of Defense for military functions (except military construction) between such appropriations or funds or any subdivision thereof, to be merged with and to be available for the same purposes, and for the same time period, as the appropriation or fund to which transferred: *Provided,* That such authority to transfer may not be used unless for higher priority items, based on unforeseen military requirements, than those for which originally appropriated and in no case where the item for which funds are requested has been denied by Congress: *Provided further,* That the Secretary of Defense shall notify the Congress promptly of all transfers made pursuant to this authority.

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

SEC. 8021. During the current fiscal year, cash balances in working capital funds of the Department of Defense established pursuant to section 2208 of title 10, United States Code, may be maintained in only such amounts as are necessary at any time for cash disbursements to be made from such funds: *Provided,* That transfers may be made between such funds in such amounts as may be determined by the Secretary of Defense, with the approval of the Office of Management and Budget, except that transfers between a stock fund account and an industrial fund account may not be made unless the Secretary of Defense has notified the Congress of the proposed transfer. Except in amounts equal to the amounts appropriated to working capital funds in this Act, no obligations may be made against a working capital fund to procure war reserve material inventory, unless the Secretary of Defense has notified the Congress prior to any such obligation.

SEC. 8022. None of the funds available to the Department of Defense shall be utilized for the conversion of heating plants from coal to oil at defense facilities in Europe.

SEC. 8023. No part of the funds in this Act shall be available to prepare or present a request to the Committees on Appropriations for reprograming of funds, unless for higher priority items, based on unforeseen military requirements, than those for which originally appropriated and in no case where the item for which reprograming is requested has been denied by the Congress.

SEC. 8024. None of the funds contained in this Act available for the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services under the provisions of section 1079(a) of title 10, United States Code, shall be available for reimbursement of any physician or other authorized individual provider of medical care in excess of the eightieth percentile of the customary charges made for similar services in the same locality where the medical care was furnished, as determined for physicians in accordance with section 1079(h) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 8025. No appropriation contained in this Act may be used to pay for the cost of public affairs activities of the Department of Defense in excess of $43,563,000: *Provided,* That costs for military retired pay accrual shall be included within this limitation.

SEC. 8026. None of the funds provided in this Act shall be available for the planning or execution of programs which utilize amounts credited to Department of Defense appropriations or funds pursuant to the provisions of section 37(a) of the Arms Export Control Act representing payment for the actual value of defense articles specified in section 21(a)(1)(A) of that Act: *Provided,* That such amounts shall be credited to the Special Defense Acquisition Fund, as authorized by law, or, to the extent not so credited shall be deposited in the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts as provided in section 3302(b) of title 31, United States Code.

SEC. 8027. No appropriation contained in this Act shall be available to fund any costs of a Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps unit—except to complete training of personnel enrolled in Military Science 4—which in its junior year class (Military Science 3) has for the four preceding academic years, and as of September 30, 1983, enrolled less than (a) seventeen students where the institution prescribes a four-year or a combination four- and two-year program; or (b) twelve students where the institution prescribes a two-year program: *Provided,* That, notwithstanding the foregoing limitation, funds shall be available to maintain one Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps unit in each State and at each State-operated maritime academy: *Provided further,* That units under the consortium system shall be considered as a single unit for purposes of evaluation of productivity under this provision: *Provided further,* That enrollment standards contained in Department of Defense Directive 1215.8 for Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps units, as revised during fiscal year 1981, may be used to determine compliance with this provision, in lieu of the standards cited above.

SEC. 8028. None of the funds appropriated by this Act for programs of the Central Intelligence Agency shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year, except for funds appropriated for the Reserve for Contingencies, which shall remain available until September 30, 1987.

SEC. 8029. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be used to support more than 9,901 full-time and 2,603 part-time military personnel assigned to or used in the support of Morale, Welfare, and Recreation activities as described in Department of Defense Instruction 7000.12 and its enclosures, dated September 4, 1980.

SEC. 8030. All obligations incurred in anticipation of the appropriations and authority provided in this Act are hereby ratified and confirmed if otherwise in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 8031. None of the funds appropriated by this Act or heretofore appropriated by any other Act shall be obligated or expended for the payment of anticipatory possession compensation claims to the Federal Republic of Germany other than claims listed in the 1973 agreement (commonly referred to as the Global Agreement) between the United States and the Federal Republic of Germany.

SEC. 8032. During the current fiscal year the Department of Defense may enter into contracts to recover indebtedness to the

United States pursuant to section 3718 of title 31, United States Code.

SEC. 8033. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available for a contract for studies, analyses, or consulting services entered into without competition on the basis of an unsolicited proposal unless the head of the activity responsible for the procurement determines:

(a) as a result of thorough technical evaluation, only one source is found fully qualified to perform the proposed work, or

(b) the purpose of the contract is to explore an unsolicited proposal which offers significant scientific or technological promise, represents the product of original thinking, and was submitted in confidence by one source, or

(c) where the purpose of the contract is to take advantage of unique and significant industrial accomplishment by a specific concern, or to insure that a new product or idea of a specific concern is given financial support:

Provided, That this limitation shall not apply to contracts in an amount of less than $25,000, contracts related to improvements of equipment that is in development or production, or contracts as to which a civilian official of the Department of Defense, who has been confirmed by the Senate, determines that the award of such contract is in the interest of the national defense.

SEC. 8034. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to provide medical care in the United States on an inpatient basis to foreign military and diplomatic personnel or their dependents unless the Department of Defense is reimbursed for the costs of providing such care: *Provided,* That reimbursements for medical care covered by this section shall be credited to the appropriations against which charges have been made for providing such care, except that inpatient medical care may be provided in the United States without cost to military personnel and their dependents from a foreign country if comparable care is made available to a comparable number of United States military personnel in that foreign country.

SEC. 8035. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be obligated for the second career training program authorized by Public Law 96–347.

SEC. 8036. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available in this Act shall be obligated or expended for salaries or expenses during the current fiscal year for the purposes of demilitarization of surplus nonautomatic firearms less than .50 caliber.

SEC. 8037. None of the funds provided in this Act shall be available to initiate (1) a multiyear contract that employs economic order quantity procurement in excess of $20,000,000 in any one year of the contract or that includes an unfunded contingent liability in excess of $20,000,000, or (2) a contract for advance procurement leading to a multiyear contract that employs economic order quantity procurement in excess of $20,000,000 in any one year, unless the Committees on Appropriations and Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives have been notified at least thirty days in advance of the proposed contract award: *Provided,* That no part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available to initiate a multiyear contract for which the economic order quantity advance procurement is not funded at least to the limits of the Government's liability: *Provided further,* That no part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available to initiate multiyear procurement contracts for any systems or component thereof if the value of the multiyear contract would exceed $500,000,000 unless specifically provided in this Act: *Provided further,* That the execution of multiyear authority shall require the use of a present value analysis to determine lowest cost compared to an annual procurement. Funds appropriated in title III of this Act may be used for multiyear procurement contracts as follows:

T-700 series aircraft engines;
MK-46 torpedo program;
Bradley Fighting Vehicle transmission;
M-1 tank chassis;
M-1 tank engine;
M-1 tank fire control components; and
LHD-1 amphibious assault ships.

SEC. 8038. None of the funds appropriated by this Act which are available for payment of travel allowances for per diem in lieu of subsistence to enlisted personnel shall be used to pay such an allowance to any enlisted member in an amount that is more than the amount of per diem in lieu of subsistence that the enlisted member is otherwise entitled to receive minus the basic allowance for subsistence, or pro rata portion of such allowance, that the enlisted member is entitled to receive during any day, or portion of a day, that the enlisted member is also entitled to be paid a per diem in lieu of subsistence.

SEC. 8039. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to approve a request for waiver of the costs otherwise required to be recovered under the provisions of section 21(e)(1)(C) of the Arms Export Control Act unless the Committees on Appropriations have been notified in advance of the proposed waiver.

SEC. 8040. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available for the transportation of equipment or materiel designated as Prepositioned Materiel Configured in Unit Sets (POMCUS) in Europe in excess of four division sets: *Provided,* That the foregoing limitation shall not apply with respect to any item of equipment or materiel which is maintained in the inventories of the Active and Reserve Forces at levels of at least 70 per centum of the established requirements for such an item of equipment or materiel for the Active Forces and 50 per centum of the established requirement for the Reserve Forces for such an item of equipment or materiel: *Provided further,* That no additional commitments to the establishment of POMCUS sites shall be made without prior approval of Congress.

SEC. 8041. (a) None of the funds in this Act may be used to transfer any article of military equipment or data related to the manufacture of such equipment to a foreign country prior to the approval in writing of such transfer by the Secretary of the military service involved.

(b) No funds appropriated by this Act may be used for the transfer of a technical data package from any Government-owned and operated defense plant manufacturing large caliber cannons to any foreign government, nor for assisting any such government in producing any defense item currently being manufactured or developed in a United States Government-owned, Government-operated, defense plant manufacturing large caliber cannons.

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

SEC. 8042. None of the funds appropriated in this Act may be made available through transfer, reprograming, or other means for any intelligence or special activity different from that previously justified to the Congress unless the Director of Central Intelligence or the Secretary of Defense has notified the House and Senate Appropriations Committees of the intent to make such funds available for such activity.

SEC. 8043. Of the funds appropriated by this Act for strategic programs, the Secretary of Defense shall provide funds for the Advanced Technology Bomber program at a level at least equal to the amount provided by the committee of conference on this Act in order to maintain priority emphasis on this program.

SEC. 8044. None of the funds available to the Department of Defense during the current fiscal year shall be used by the Secretary of a military department to purchase coal or coke from foreign nations for use at United States defense facilities in Europe when coal from the United States is available.

SEC. 8045. None of the funds available to the Department of Defense shall be available for the procurement of manual typewriters which were manufactured by facilities located within states which are Signatories to the Warsaw Pact.

SEC. 8046. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be used to appoint or compensate more than 37 individuals in the Department of Defense in positions in the Executive Schedule (as provided in sections 5312–5316 of title 5, United States Code).

SEC. 8047. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to convert a position in support of the Army Reserve, Air Force Reserve, Army National Guard, and Air National Guard occupied by, or programed to be occupied by, a (civilian) military technician to a position to be held by a person in an active Guard or Reserve status if that conversion would reduce the total number of positions occupied by, or programed to be occupied by, (civilian) military technicians of the component concerned, below 66,086: *Provided*, That none of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to support more than 43,157 positions in support of the Army Reserve, Army National Guard or Air National Guard occupied by, or programed to be occupied by, persons in an active Guard or Reserve status: *Provided further*, That none of the funds appropriated by this Act may be used to include (civilian) military technicians in computing civilian personnel ceilings, including statutory or administratively imposed ceilings, on activities in support of the Army Reserve, Air Force Reserve, Army National Guard or Air National Guard.

SEC. 8048. (a) The provisions of section 138(c)(2) of title 10, United States Code, shall not apply with respect to fiscal year 1986 or with respect to the appropriation of funds for that year.

(b) During fiscal year 1986, the civilian personnel of the Department of Defense may not be managed on the basis of any end-strength, and the management of such personnel during that fiscal year shall not be subject to any constraint or limitation (known as an end-strength) on the number of such personnel who may be employed on the last day of such fiscal year.

(c) The fiscal year 1987 budget request for the Department of Defense as well as all justification material and other documentation supporting the fiscal year 1987 Department of Defense budget request shall be prepared and submitted to the Congress as if subsections (a) and (b) of this provision were effective with regard to fiscal year 1987.

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

SEC. 8049. Appropriations or funds available to the Department of Defense during the current fiscal year may be transferred to appropriations provided in this Act for research, development, test, and evaluation to the extent necessary to meet increased pay costs authorized by or pursuant to law, to be merged with and to be available for the same purposes, and the same time period, as the appropriation to which transferred.

SEC. 8050. None of the funds available to the Central Intelligence Agency, the Department of Defense, or any other agency or entity of the United States involved in intelligence activities may be obligated or expended during fiscal year 1986 to provide funds, materiel, or other assistance to the Nicaraguan democratic resistance unless in accordance with the terms and conditions specified by section 105 of the Intelligence Authorization Act (Public Law 99-169) for fiscal year 1986.

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

SEC. 8051. In addition to any other transfer authority contained in this Act, amounts from working capital funds may be transferred to the Operation and Maintenance, Army, Navy, and Air Force appropriations contained in this Act to be merged with and to be available for the same purposes and for the same time period as the appropriation to which transferred: *Provided*, That such transfers shall not exceed $168,200,000 for Operation and Maintenance, Army; $420,300,000 for Operation and Maintenance, Navy; and $164,000,000 for Operation and Maintenance, Air Force.

SEC. 8052. None of the funds made available by this Act shall be used in any way for the leasing to non-Federal agencies in the United States aircraft or vehicles owned or operated by the Department of Defense when suitable aircraft or vehicles are commercially available in the private sector: *Provided*, That nothing in this section shall affect authorized and established procedures for the sale of surplus aircraft or vehicles: *Provided further*, That nothing in this section shall prohibit the leasing of helicopters authorized by section 1463 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act of 1986.

SEC. 8053. None of the funds made available by this Act shall be used in any way, directly or indirectly, to influence congressional action on any legislation or appropriation matters pending before the Congress.

SEC. 8054. No funds available to the Department of Defense during the current fiscal year may be used to enter into any contract with a term of eighteen months or more or to extend or renew any contract for a term of eighteen months or more, for any vessel, aircraft or vehicles, through a lease, charter, or similar agreement without previously having been submitted to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate in the budgetary process. Further, any contractual agreement which imposes an estimated termination liability (excluding the estimated value of the leased item at the time of termination) on the Government exceeding 50 per centum of the original purchase value of the vessel, aircraft, or vehicle must have specific authority in an appropriation Act for the obligation of 10 per centum of such termination liability.

SEC. 8055. None of the funds appropriated in this Act may be obligated or expended in any way for the purpose of the sale, lease, rental, or excessing of any portion of land currently identified as Fort DeRussy, Honolulu, Hawaii.

SEC. 8056. None of the funds made available by this Act shall be available to operate in excess of 247 commissaries in the contiguous United States.

SEC. 8057. None of the funds provided in this Act shall be used to procure aircraft ejection seats manufactured in any foreign nation that does not permit United States manufacturers to compete for ejection seat procurement requirements in that foreign nation. This limitation shall apply only to ejection seats procured for installation on aircraft produced or assembled in the United States.

SEC. 8058. No more than $166,766,000 of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available for the payment of unemployment compensation benefits.

SEC. 8059. None of the funds appropriated by this Act should be obligated for the pay of any individual who is initially employed after the date of enactment of this Act as a technician in the administration and training of the Army Reserve and the maintenance and repair of supplies issued to the Army Reserve unless such individual is also a military member of the Army Reserve troop program unit that he or she is employed to support. Those technicians employed by the Army Reserve in areas other than Army Reserve troop program units need only be members of the Selected Reserve.

SEC. 8060. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be used for the transfer of the Department of Defense Dependents Schools (DODDS) to the Department of Education.

SEC. 8061. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be used to purchase dogs or cats or otherwise fund the use of dogs or cats for the purpose of training Department of Defense students or other personnel in surgical or other medical treatment of wounds produced by any type of weapon: *Provided*, That the standards of such training with respect to the treatment of animals shall adhere to the Federal Animal Welfare Law and to those prevailing in the civilian medical community.

SEC. 8062. None of the funds made available by this Act shall be used to initiate full-scale engineering development of any major defense acquisition program until the Secretary of Defense has provided to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate—

(a) a certification that the system or subsystem being developed will be procured in quantities that are not sufficient to warrant development of two or more production sources, or

(b) a plan for the development of two or more sources for the production of the system or subsystem being developed.

SEC. 8063. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to pay any member of the uniformed services for unused accrued leave pursuant to section 501 of title 37, United States Code, for more than sixty days of such leave, less the number of days for which payment was previously made under section 501 after February 9, 1976.

SEC. 8064. Within funds available under title II of this Act, but not to exceed $100,000, and under such regulations as the Secretary of Defense may prescribe, the Department of Defense may, in addition to allowances currently available, make payments for travel and transportation expenses of the surviving spouse, children, parents, and brothers and sisters of any member of the Armed Forces of the United States, who dies as the result of an injury or disease incurred in line of duty to attend the funeral of such member in any case in which the funeral of such member is more than two hundred miles from the residence of the surviving spouse, children, parents or brothers and sisters, if such spouse, children, parents or brothers and sisters, as the case may be, are financially unable to pay their own travel and transportation expenses to attend the funeral of such member.

SEC. 8065. None of the funds available to the Department of Defense may be used for the floating storage of petroleum or petroleum products except in vessels of or belonging to the United States.

SEC. 8066. Of the funds made available to the Department of the Air Force in this Act, not less than $3,000,000 shall be available for the Civil Air Patrol.

SEC. 8067. Funds available to the Department of Defense may be used by the Department of Defense for the use of helicopters and motorized equipment at Defense installations for removal of feral burros and horses.

SEC. 8068. So far as may be practicable, Indian labor shall be employed, and purchases of the products of Indian industry may be made in open market in the discretion of the Secretary of Defense: *Provided*, That the products must meet pre-set contract specifications.

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

SEC. 8069. Not to exceed $100,000,000 may be transferred from the appropriation "Operation and Maintenance, Defense Agencies" to operation and maintenance appropriations under the military departments in connection with demonstration projects authorized by section 1092 of title 10, United States Code: *Provided,* That the Secretary of Defense shall promptly notify the Congress of any such transfer of funds under this provision: *Provided further,* That the authority to make transfers pursuant to this section is in addition to the authority to make transfers under other provisions of this Act.

SEC. 8070. None of the funds available for Defense installations in Europe shall be used for the consolidation or conversion of heating facilities to district heating distribution systems in Europe: *Provided,* That those facilities identified by the Department of the Army as of April 11, 1985, as being in advanced stages of negotiations shall be exempt from such provision: *Provided further,* That nothing in this section shall prohibit the conversion or consolidation of heating facilities to district heating distribution systems at Bad Kissingen, Hessen, in the Federal Republic of Germany.

SEC. 8071. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to compensate foreign selling costs as described in Federal Acquisition Regulation 31.205-38(b) as in effect on April 1, 1984.

SEC. 8072. Of the funds appropriated for the operation and maintenance of the Armed Forces, obligations may be incurred for humanitarian and civic assistance costs incidental to authorized operations, and these obligations shall be reported to Congress on September 30, 1986: *Provided,* That funds available for operation and maintenance shall be available for providing humanitarian and similar assistance in the Trust Territories of the Pacific Islands by using Civic Action Teams.

SEC. 8073. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretaries of the Army and Air Force may authorize the retention in an active status until age sixty of any officer who would otherwise be removed from an active status and who is employed as a National Guard or Reserve technician in a position in which active status in a reserve component of the Army or Air Force is required as a condition of that employment.

SEC. 8074. None of the funds available to the Department of Defense may be used to transport any chemical munitions into the Lexington-Blue Grass Army Depot for purposes of future demilitarization.

Sec. 8075. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be obligated or expended for the purposes delineated in section 1002(e)(2) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1985, without the prior notification to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate.

SEC. 8076. It is the sense of the Congress that the Secretary of Defense should formulate and carry out a program under which contracts awarded by the Department of Defense in fiscal year 1986 would, to the maximum extent practicable and consistent with existing law, be awarded to contractors who agree to carry out such contracts in labor surplus areas (as defined and identified by the Department of Labor).

SEC. 8077. It is the sense of the Congress that competition, which is necessary to enhance innovation, effectiveness, and efficiency, and which has served our Nation so well in other spheres of political and economic endeavor, should be expanded and increased in the provision of our national defense.

SEC. 8078. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each contract awarded by the Department of Defense in fiscal year 1986 for construction or services to be performed in whole or in part in a State which is not contiguous with another State and has an unemployment rate in excess of the national average rate of unemployment as determined by the Secretary of Labor shall include a provision requiring the contractor to employ, for the purpose of performing that portion of the contract in such State that is not contiguous with another State, individuals who are residents of such State and who, in the case of any craft or trade, possess or would be able to acquire promptly the necessary skills: *Provided*, That the Secretary of Defense may waive the requirements of this section in the interest of national security.

SEC. 8079. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to pay a dislocation allowance pursuant to section 407 of title 37, United States Code, in excess of one month's basic allowance for quarters.

SEC. 8080. None of the funds available to the Department of Defense shall be obligated or expended to contract out any activity currently performed by the Defense Personnel Support Center in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: *Provided*, That this provision shall not apply after notification to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate of the results of the cost analysis of contracting out any such activity.

SEC. 8081. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be used to make contributions to the Department of Defense Education Benefits Fund pursuant to section 2006(g) of title 10, United States Code, representing the normal cost for future benefits under section 1415(c) of title 38, United States Code, for any member of the armed services who, on or after the date of enactment of this Act, receives an enlistment bonus under section 308a or 308f of title 37, United States Code; nor shall any amounts representing the normal cost of such future benefits be transferred from the Fund by the Secretary of the Treasury to the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs pursuant to section 2006(d) of title 10, United States Code; nor shall the Administrator pay such benefits to any such member.

SEC. 8082. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, no funds appropriated by this Act shall be expended for the research, development, test, evaluation or procurement for integration of a nuclear warhead into the Joint Tactical Missile System (JTACMS).

SEC. 8083. Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, the Department of the Air Force and the Defense Logistics Agency may test a flat rate per diem system for military and civilian travel allowances: *Provided*, That per diem allowances paid under a flat rate per diem system shall be in an amount determined by the Secretary of Defense to be sufficient to meet normal and necessary expenses in the area in which travel is performed, but in no event will the travel allowances exceed $75 for each day in travel status within the continental United States: *Provided further*, That the test approved under this section shall expire upon the effective date of permanent legislation establishing a flat rate per diem system for both military and civilian personnel.

SEC. 8084. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, during fiscal year 1986, the Department of Defense is to conduct a pilot test project of providing home health care to dependents entitled to health care under section 1076 of title 10, United States Code: *Provided*, That such care is medically necessary or appropriate, more cost effective than to continue paying for otherwise authorized CHAMPUS benefits in medical facilities, and the beneficiary is not covered for such care under any other public or private health insurance plan.

SEC. 8085. Not more than $2,744,293,000 of the funds appropriated by this Act may be obligated for permanent change of station travel (including all expenses of such travel for organizational movements): *Provided*, That assignments for temporary duty may not be increased in order to circumvent this limitation: *Provided further*, That this limitation may be exceeded only upon a determination and notification to the Congress by the Secretary of Defense that such action is necessary to meet national security requirements.

SEC. 8086. Funds appropriated in this Act shall be available for the payment of not more than 75 percent of the charges of a postsecondary educational institution for the tuition or expenses of an officer in the Ready Reserve of the Army National Guard or Army Reserve for education or training during his off-duty periods, except that no part of the charges may be paid unless the officer agrees to remain a member of the Ready Reserve for at least four years after completion of such training or education: *Provided*, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, those individuals who received assistance under the Army National Guard Assistance for Military Professional Development program and who forfeited money as a result of its cancellation on July 22, 1985, and who could not continue in this program, shall be reimbursed for the moneys they forfeited: *Provided further*, That no interest shall be paid on the amounts reimbursed.

SEC. 8087. None of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used for professional surveying and mapping services performed by contract for the Defense Mapping Agency unless those contracts are procured in accordance with the selection procedures outlined pursuant to section 2855 of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 8088. During the current fiscal year, effective January 1, 1985, the rate of the basic allowance for quarters authorized by section 403(a) of title 37, United States Code, which is payable to a member of the uniformed services who was entitled to that allowance on December 31, 1984, shall not be less than the rate of the basic allowance for quarters that was in effect for that member on December 31, 1984 (unless the member holds a lower grade than he held on that date or has had a change in dependent status from a "with dependents" status to a "without dependents" status).

SEC. 8089. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be available to convert to contractor performance an activity or function of the Department of Defense that, on or after the date of enactment of this Act, is performed by more than ten Department of Defense civilian employees until a most efficient and cost-effective organization analysis is completed on such activity or function and certification of the analysis is made to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate.

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

SEC. 8090. Upon a determination by the Secretary of Defense that such action will result in a more economical acquisition of automatic data processing equipment, funds provided in this Act under one appropriation account for the lease or purchase of such equipment may be transferred through the Automatic Data Processing Equipment Management Fund to another appropriation account in this Act for the lease or purchase of automatic data processing equipment to be merged with and to be available for the same purposes, and for the same time period, as the appropriation to which transferred: *Provided*, That within thirty days after the end of each quarter the Secretary of Defense shall report transfers made under this section to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives: *Provided further*, That the authority to transfer funds under this section shall be in addition to any other transfer authority contained in this Act.

SEC. 8091. Appropriations available to the Department of Defense during the current fiscal year shall be available, under such regulations as the Secretary of Defense may deem appropriate, to exchange or furnish mapping, charting, and geodetic data, supplies or services to a foreign country pursuant to an agreement for the production or exchange of mapping, charting, and geodetic data.

SEC. 8092. The lands described in Bureau of Land Management casefile AA-57372 shall be conveyed to the Municipality of Anchorage pursuant to the public interest land provisions of the North Anchorage Land Agreement if such lands are declared excess to the needs of the Army in Alaska.

SEC. 8093. Section 1411 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (Public Law 99-145) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 1411. CONDITIONS ON SPENDING FUNDS FOR BINARY CHEMICAL MUNITIONS

"(a) LIMITATION ON FISCAL YEAR 1986 FUNDS.—Funds appropriated pursuant to authorizations of appropriations in title I may not be used—

"(1) for procurement or assembly of binary chemical munitions (or components of such munitions); or

"(2) for establishment of production facilities necessary for procurement or assembly of binary chemical munitions (or components of such munitions), except in accordance with subsections (b), (c), (d), and (e).

"(b) NATO CONSULTATION.—Subject to subsections (c), (d), and (e), funds referred to in subsection (a) may be used for procurement or assembly of binary chemical munitions or for the establishment of production facilities necessary for the procurement or assembly of binary chemical munitions (or components of such munitions) if the President certifies to Congress that the United States—

"(1) has submitted to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, a force goal stating the requirement for modernization of the United States proportional share of the NATO chemical deterrent with binary munitions and said force goal has been formally adopted by the North Atlantic Council;

"(2) has developed in coordination with the Supreme Allied Commander, Europe, a plan under which United States binary chemical munitions can be deployed under appropriate contingency plans to deter chemical weapons attacks against the United States and its allies; and

"(3) has consulted with other member nations of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) on that plan.

"(c) CONDITIONS FOR FINAL ASSEMBLY.—Funds referred to in subsection (a) may not be used for the final assembly of complete binary chemical munitions before October 1, 1987, and, subject to subsections (d) and (e), may only be used for such purpose on or after that date if—

"(1) a mutually verifiable international agreement concerning binary and other similar chemical munitions has not been entered into by the United States by that date;

"(2) the President, after that date, transmits to Congress a certification that—

"(A) final assembly of such complete munitions is necessitated by national security interests of the United States and the interests of other NATO member nations;

"(B) handling and storage safety specifications established by the Department of Defense with respect to such munitions will be met or exceeded;

"(C) applicable Federal safety requirements will be met or exceeded in the handling, storage, and other use of such munitions; and

"(D) the plan of the Secretary of Defense for destruction of existing United States chemical warfare stocks developed pursuant to section 1412 (which shall, if not sooner transmitted to Congress, accompany such certification) is ready to be implemented;

"(3) final assembly is carried out only after the end of the 60-day period beginning on the date such certification is received by the Congress;

"(4) the plan of the Secretary of Defense for land-based storage of such munitions within the United States during peacetime provides that the two components that constitute a binary chemical munition are to be stored in separate States; and

"(5) the plan of the Secretary of Defense for the transportation of such munitions within the United States during peacetime provides that the two components that constitute a binary munition are transported separately.

"(d) RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCTION OF THE BIGEYE BOMB.—Except as provided below, none of the funds appropriated pursuant to authorizations of appropriations in title I may be used for procurement or assembly of the BIGEYE binary chemical bomb or for procurement of components for the BIGEYE bomb until 60 days after the Secretary of Defense has submitted a report describing—

"(1) the specific operational requirements which must be achieved by the BIGEYE system; and

"(2) the actual performance of the system during operational testing with respect to each of the operational test criteria; and

"(3) any exceptions to the operational criteria deemed acceptable by the Department of Defense.

Subject to subsection (b) nothing in this subsection will prohibit the procurement of BIGEYE production facilities and associated equipment.

"(e) RESTRICTION ON PRODUCTION OF THE GB-2 ARTILLERY PROJECTILE.—None of the funds appropriated pursuant to authorizations in title I for procurement or assembly of the GB-2 artillery projectile may be obligated or expended before October 1, 1986.

"(f) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that existing unitary chemical munitions currently stored in the United States and in European member nations of NATO should be replaced by modern, safer binary chemical munitions.

"(g) REPORT.—Not later than October 1, 1986, the President shall submit to Congress a report describing the results of consultations among NATO member nations concerning the organization's chemical deterrent posture. The report shall include descriptions of any consultations concerning—

"(1) efforts to provide key civilian workers at military support facilities in Europe—

"(A) with personal and collective equipment to protect against the use of chemical munitions; and

"(B) with the training required for the use of such equipment;

"(2) efforts to upgrade the chemical reconnaissance, decontamination, and protective capabilities of the military forces of each NATO member nation to a level adequate to meet the chemical threat identified in NATO intelligence estimates;

"(3) efforts to initiate a NATO-wide study of measures required to protect ports, airfields, logistics centers, and command and control facilities in European member nations of NATO against chemical attack; and

"(4) efforts to initiate a NATO-wide study of equitable and efficient sharing among NATO member nations of responsibilities with regard to deterring the use of chemical munitions in Europe.".

SEC. 8094. None of the funds appropriated in this Act may be obligated or expended for procurement of C-12 aircraft unless such aircraft are procured through competitive procedures (as defined in section 2302(2) of title 10, United States Code), which shall be restricted to turboprop aircraft.

SEC. 8095. None of the funds in this Act may be obligated for procurement of 120mm mortars or 120mm mortar ammunition manufactured outside of the United States: *Provided*, That this limitation shall not apply to procurement of such mortars or ammunition required for testing, evaluation, type classification or equipping the Army's Ninth Infantry Division (Motorized).

SEC. 8096. Appropriations made available to the Department of Defense by this Act may be used at sites formerly used by the Department of Defense for removal of unsafe buildings or debris of the Department of Defense: *Provided*, That such removal must be completed before the property is released from Federal Government control, other than property conveyed to State or local government entities or native corporations.

SEC. 8097. None of the funds appropriated by this Act or any other Act may be obligated or expended to carry out a test of the Space Defense System (anti-satellite weapon) against an object in space until the President certifies to Congress that the Soviet Union has conducted, after October 3, 1985, a test against an object in space of a dedicated anti-satellite weapon.

SEC. 8098. Of the funds made available by this Act to the Department of the Army, $7,200,000 shall be transferred to the Bureau of Land Management for the relocation of the district office at Fort Wainwright, Alaska.

SEC. 8099. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be used for the support of any nonappropriated fund activity of the Department of Defense that procures alcoholic beverages with nonappropriated funds for resale (including alcoholic beverages sold by the drink) on a military installation located in the United States, unless such alcoholic beverages are procured in the State, or in the case of the District of Columbia, within the District of Columbia, in which the installation is located: *Provided*, That in a case in which a military installation is located in more than one State, purchases may be made in any State in which the installation is located: *Provided further*, That not later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall transmit a report to the Congress concerning the implementation of this section.

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

SEC. 8100. The Secretary of Defense may transfer, not to exceed $468,000,000 from the Foreign Currency Fluctuation, Defense account to appropriations provided in title II of this Act: *Provided*, That the Secretary of Defense shall report to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and Senate of transfers made under this authority: *Provided further*, That funds so transferred shall be made available for the same time period and purpose as the appropriation to which transferred: *Provided further*, That this transfer authority is in addition to any other transfer authority provided elsewhere in this Act.

SEC. 8101. Within the funds made available under title II of this Act, the military departments may use such funds as necessary, but not to exceed $4,700,000, to carry out the provisions of section 430 of title 37, United States Code.

SEC. 8102. The amendments made to section 7572(b)(3) of title 10, United States Code, and to section 3 of Public Law 96-357 (10 U.S.C. 7572 note) by section 606 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986, shall apply to reimbursement of expenses incurred on or after October 1, 1985, by a member of a uniformed service on sea duty.

Sec. 8103. (a) In addition to other funds made available by this Act, $6,306,906,000 shall be available for obligation and expenditure from prior year unobligated balances from the following accounts in the amounts specified:

$6,306,906,000 (unobligated balance set aside)

	Prior Year Transfer
Aircraft Procurement, Army—1985/87	$117,900,000
Missile Procurement, Army—1984/86	10,100,000
Missile Procurement, Army—1985/87	56,400,000
Procurement of Weapons and Tracked Combat Vehicles, Army—1984/86.	336,500,000
Procurement of Weapons and Tracked Combat Vehicles, Army—1985/87.	253,800,000
Procurement of Ammunition, Army—1984/86	30,400,000
Procurement of Ammunition, Army—1985/87	147,700,000
Other Procurement, Army—1984/86	81,000,000
Other Procurement, Army—1985/87	176,500,000
Aircraft Procurement, Navy—1984/86	60,800,000
Aircraft Procurement, Navy—1985/87	490,500,000
Weapons Procurement, Navy—1985/87	15,000,000
Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy—1982/86	391,600,000
Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy—1983/87	691,300,000
Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy—1984/88	398,600,000
Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy—1985/89	517,800,000
Other Procurement, Navy—1984/86	75,790,000
Other Procurement, Navy—1985/87	200,693,000
Procurement, Marine Corps—1985/87	47,717,000
Aircraft Procurement, Air Force—1984/86	246,400,000
Aircraft Procurement, Air Force—1985/87	864,000,000
Missile Procurement, Air Force—1984/86	29,400,000
Missile Procurement, Air Force—1985/87	53,400,000
Other Procurement, Air Force—1984/86	94,127,000
Other Procurement, Air Force—1985/87	253,349,000
Procurement, Defense Agencies—1984/86	15,000,000
Procurement, Defense Agencies—1985/87	21,000,000
Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Army—1985/86	96,130,000
Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Navy—1985/86	188,000,000
Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Air Force—1985/86	264,000,000
Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Defense Agencies—1985/86.	82,000,000
TOTAL	$6,306,906,000

(b) The foregoing unobligated balances in subsection (a) shall remain available for obligation only for the time period provided when originally appropriated, and may be transferred by the Secretary of Defense to appropriations in titles I, II, III, IV, VI and VII as may be required for only the military pay raise of October 1, 1985, payments to the military retirement trust fund including those requirements that may be established by subsequent acts of Congress, the Mariner Fund and the Coastal Defense Augmentation account, and for increased readiness of conventional forces in programs funded in the operation and maintenance accounts, including but not limited to flying hours, steaming hours, and training: *Provided,* That no funds may be transferred or obligated until 15 days after the Secretary of Defense notifies the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate of such transfers and obligations: *Provided further,* That $852,100,000 shall be available only for the Mariner Fund and may not be obligated or expended for any purpose until enactment of legislation establishing a Mariner Fund program for construction and lease of militarily useful vessels and until 60 days after notification to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate of the intent to obligate from such Fund:

Provided further, That notwithstanding any other provision of this section, after May 1, 1986, obligations from the Military Personnel accounts contained in this Act shall not exceed a rate in excess of the rate required to limit total obligations to the obligation ceilings established by law for such accounts for fiscal year 1986: *Provided further,* That in addition to funds appropriated elsewhere in this Act, $140,000,000 of the foregoing unobligated balances shall be for the Coastal Defense Augmentation account: *Provided further,* That none of the foregoing unobligated balances may be transferred, reprogramed, or otherwise applied to offset the impact of sequester orders required under the provisions of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985: *Provided further,* That the transfer authority contained in this section shall be in addition to any other transfer authority contained in this Act.

SEC. 8104. None of the funds available to the Department of the Navy may be used to enter into any contract for the overhaul, repair, or maintenance of any naval vessel on the West Coast of the United States which includes charges for interport differential as an evaluation factor for award.

SEC. 8105. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, none of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be used for the installation, maintenance, and operation of a 22¾ x 36-inch perfecting web offset press with in-line folder procured by or for the Department of the Air Force under solicitation number F01600-85-B0021.

SEC. 8106. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to alter the command structure for military forces in Alaska.

SEC. 8107. None of the funds appropriated in this Act may be obligated or expended to carry out a program to paint any naval vessel with paint known as organotin or with any other paint containing the chemical compound tributyltin until such time as the Environmental Protection Agency certifies to the Department of Defense that whatever toxicity as generated by organotin paints as included in Navy specifications does not pose an unacceptable hazard to the marine environment.

SEC. 8108. No funds appropriated under this Act for the Strategic Defense Initiative Program shall be earmarked by any agency of the United States Government or any contractor exclusively for contracts with non-United States contractors, subcontractors, or vendors, or exclusively for consortia containing non-United States contractors, subcontractors, or vendors, prior to source selection in order to meet a specific quota or allocation of funds to any allied nation. Furthermore, it is the sense of the Congress that, whenever possible, the Secretary of Defense and others should attempt to award Strategic Defense Initiative contracts to United States contractors, subcontractors, and vendors unless such awards would degrade the likely results obtained from such contracts: *Provided,* That allied nations should be encouraged to participate in the Strategic Defense Initiative research effort on a competitive basis and be awarded contracts on the basis of technical merit.

SEC. 8109. None of the funds appropriated pursuant to this Act to or for the use of the Department of Defense may be obligated or expended for any purpose unless such funds have been authorized to be appropriated for such purpose by law other than this Act: *Provided,* That the preceding sentence does not apply to funds appropriated in this Act for Coastal Defense Augmentation, $375,000,000.

SEC. 8110. Of the funds available in the Army Industrial Fund, $25,000,000 shall be available to be used to implement immediately, or to transfer to another appropriation account in this Act to be used to implement immediately, the program proposed by the Department in its letter of August 30, 1985, from the Assistant

Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Logistics, to rehabilitate and convert current steam generating plants at defense facilities in the United States to coal burning facilities in order to achieve a coal consumption target of 1,600,000 short tons of coal per year above current consumption levels at Department of Defense facilities in the United States by fiscal year 1994: *Provided*, That anthracite or bituminous coal shall be the source of energy at such installations: *Provided further*, That during the implementation of this proposal, the amount of anthracite coal purchased by the Department shall remain at least at the current annual purchase level, 302,000 short tons.

SEC. 8111. The Secretary of Defense and the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration will jointly determine which payloads will be launched on Titan II launch vehicles and certify by notice to the Congress that such launches are cost effective as compared to launches by the space shuttle and do not diminish the efficient and effective utilization of the space shuttle capability: *Provided*, That this section may be waived only upon certification by the Secretary of Defense that certain classified payloads must be launched on the Titan II launch vehicle as opposed to the space shuttle, for national security reasons.

SEC. 8112. (a) REVISIONS TO DEFENSE CONTRACT ALLOWABLE COST PROVISION.—Section 2324 of title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Subsection (e)(2) is amended—

(A) by inserting "(A)" after "(2)"; and

(B) by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(B) The Secretary shall submit to the committees named in subparagraph (C) any proposed regulations that would make substantive changes to regulations prescribed under the second sentence of subparagraph (A) before the publication of such proposed regulations in accordance with section 22 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 418b).

"(C) The committees named in this subparagraph are—

"(i) the Committees on Armed Services and on Government Operations of the House of Representatives; and

"(ii) the Committees on Armed Services and on Governmental Affairs of the Senate.".

(2) Subsection (h)(2) is amended by inserting ", in an exceptional case," after "concerned may".

(3) Such section is further amended by redesignating subsection (j) as subsection (k) and inserting after subsection (i) the following new subsection (j):

"(j)(1) The Comptroller General shall periodically evaluate the implementation of this section by the Secretary of Defense. Such evaluation shall consider the extent to which—

"(A) such implementation is consistent with congressional intent;

"(B) such implementation achieves the objective of eliminating unallowable costs charged to defense contracts; and

"(C) such implementation (as well as the provisions of this section and the regulations prescribed under this section) could be improved or strengthened.

"(2) The Comptroller General shall submit to the committees named in subsection (e)(2)(C) a report on such evaluation within 90 days of publication by the Secretary of Defense in the Federal Register of regulations that make substantive changes in regulations prescribed under subsection (e) or (f) or in any other regulations of the Department of Defense pertaining to allowable costs under covered contracts.".

(b) CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE REVIEW OF PROPOSED INITIAL REGU-

LATIONS.—(1) The regulations required under section 911(b) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (Public Law 99-145), to be prescribed not later than 150 days after the date of the enactment of such Act shall be submitted to the committees named in paragraph (2) before the publication of such regulations in accordance with section 22 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 418b).

(2) The committees named in this paragraph are—

(A) the Committees on Armed Services and on Government Operations of the House of Representatives; and

(B) the Committees on Armed Services and on Government Affairs of the Senate.

(c) INITIAL COMPTROLLER GENERAL EVALUATION AND REPORT.—The Comptroller General shall submit to the committees named in subsection (b)(2) a report on the Comptroller General's initial evaluation under subsection (j)(1) of section 2324 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a). Such report shall be submitted within 180 days of the publication by the Secretary of Defense under section 911(b) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (Public Law 99-145), of the regulations referred to in such section.

This Act may be cited as the "Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1986".

[Total, Department of Defense Appropriations, 1986:
[New budget (obligational) authority (all definite appropriations) .... $281,161,875,000.]
[Transfer authority .... 7,256,906,000.]

(c) Such amounts as may be necessary for programs, projects, or activities provided for in the District of Columbia Appropriations Act, 1986 (H.R. 3067), to the extent and in the manner provided for in the conference report and joint explanatory statement of the committee of conference (House Report 99-419), as filed in the House of Representatives on December 5, 1985, as if enacted into law: *Provided*, That the appropriation for a Federal contribution to the District of Columbia for the "Criminal Justice Initiative" under amendment number 2 shall be "$13,860,000" instead of "$14,010,000".

$566,780,000
2,703,687,000
(District of Columbia Appropriations Act, 1986)

"(d) Such amounts as may be necessary for programs, projects or activities provided for in the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1986, at a rate of operations and to the extent and in the manner provided as follows, to be effective as if it had been enacted into law as the regular appropriations Act:".

(Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1986)

An Act making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

MANAGEMENT OF LANDS AND RESOURCES

For expenses necessary for protection, use, improvement, development, disposal, cadastral surveying, classification, and performance of other functions, including maintenance of facilities, as authorized by law, in the management of lands and their resources under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management, including the general administration of the Bureau of Land Management, $398,566,000. [1] 396,175,000

CONSTRUCTION AND ACCESS

For acquisition of lands and interests therein, and construction of

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398-399).

buildings, recreation facilities, roads, trails, and appurtenant facilities, $1,403,000, to remain available until expended. [1] $1,395,000

PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF TAXES

For expenses necessary to implement the Act of October 20, 1976 (31 U.S.C. 6901–07), $105,000,000, of which not to exceed $400,000 shall be available for administrative expenses. [1] 104,370,000

LAND ACQUISITION

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 205, 206, and 318(d) of Public Law 94-579 including administrative expenses and acquisition of lands or waters, or interest therein, $2,300,000, to be derived from the Land and Water Conservation Fund, to remain available until expended. [1] 2,286,000

OREGON AND CALIFORNIA GRANT LANDS

For expenses necessary for management, protection, and development of resources and for construction, operation, and maintenance of access roads, reforestation, and other improvements on the revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands, on other Federal lands in the Oregon and California land-grant counties of Oregon, and on adjacent rights-of-way; and acquisition of lands or interests therein including existing connecting roads on or adjacent to such grant lands; $56,114,000, to remain available until expended: [1] 55,777,000 *Provided,* That the amount appropriated herein for road construction shall be transferred to the Federal Highway Administration, Department of Transportation: *Provided further,* That 25 per centum of the aggregate of all receipts during the current fiscal year from the revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands is hereby made a charge against the Oregon and California land grant fund and shall be transferred to the General Fund in the Treasury in accordance with the provisions of the second paragraph of subsection (b) of title II of the Act of August 28, 1937 (50 Stat. 876).

RANGE IMPROVEMENTS

For rehabilitation, protection, and acquisition of lands and interests therein, and improvement of Federal rangelands pursuant to section 401 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701), notwithstanding any other Act, sums equal to 50 per centum of all moneys received during the prior fiscal year under sections 3 and 15 of the Taylor Grazing Act (43 U.S.C. 315, et seq.), but not less than $10,000,000 (43 U.S.C. 1901), and the amount 10,000,000 *(indefinite)* designated for range improvements from grazing fees and mineral leasing receipts from Bankhead-Jones lands transferred to the Department of the Interior pursuant to law, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That not to exceed $600,000 shall be available for administrative expenses: *Provided further,* That the dollar equivalent of value, in excess of the grazing fee established under law and paid to the United States Government, received by any permittee or lessee as compensation for an assignment of a grazing permit or lease, or any grazing privileges or rights thereunder, and in excess of the installation and maintenance cost of grazing improvements provided for by the permittee in the allotment management plan or amendments or otherwise approved by the Bureau of Land Management, shall be paid to the Bureau of Land Management and disposed of as provided for by section 401(b) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701): *Provided further,* That if the dollar value prescribed above is not paid to the Bureau of Land Management, the grazing permit or lease shall be canceled.

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398–399).

SERVICE CHARGES, DEPOSITS, AND FORFEITURES

For administrative expenses and other costs related to processing application documents and other authorizations for use and disposal of public lands and resources, for monitoring construction, operation, and termination of facilities in conjunction with use authorizations, and for rehabilitation of damaged property, such amounts as may be collected under sections 209(b), 304(a), 304(b), 305(a), and 504(g) of the Act approved October 21, 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701), and sections 101 and 203 of Public Law 93-153, to be immediately available until expended.

[1]$4,046,000 *(indefinite)*

MISCELLANEOUS TRUST FUNDS

In addition to amounts authorized to be expended under existing law, there is hereby appropriated such amounts as may be contributed under section 307 of the Act of October 21, 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701), and such amounts as may be advanced for administrative costs, surveys, appraisals, and costs of making conveyances of omitted lands under section 211(b) of that Act, to remain available until expended.

100,000 *(indefinite)*

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations for the Bureau of Land Management shall be available for purchase, erection, and dismantlement of temporary structures and alteration and maintenance of necessary buildings and appurtenant facilities to which the United States has title; up to $10,000 for payments, at the discretion of the Secretary, for information or evidence concerning violations of laws administered by the United States Bureau of Land Management; miscellaneous and emergency expenses of enforcement activities authorized or approved by the Secretary and to be accounted for solely on his certificate, not to exceed $10,000: *Provided,* That appropriations herein made for the Bureau of Land Management expenditures in connection with the revested Oregon and California Railroad and reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands (other than expenditures made under the appropriation "Oregon and California grant lands") shall be reimbursed to the General Fund of the Treasury from the 25 per centum referred to in subsection (c), title II, of the Act approved August 28, 1937 (50 Stat. 876), of the special fund designated the "Oregon and California land grant fund" and section 4 of the Act approved May 24, 1939 (53 Stat. 754), of the special fund designated the "Coos Bay Wagon Road grant fund": *Provided further,* That appropriations herein made may be expended for surveys of Federal lands of the United States and on a reimbursable basis for surveys of Federal lands of the United States and for protection of lands for the State of Alaska: *Provided further,* That an appeal of any reductions in grazing allotments on public rangelands must be taken within thirty days after receipt of a final grazing allotment decision. Reductions of up to 10 per centum in grazing allotments shall become effective when so designated by the Secretary of the Interior. Upon appeal any proposed reduction in excess of 10 per centum shall be suspended pending final action on the appeal, which shall be completed within two years after the appeal is filed: *Provided further,* That appropriations herein made shall be available for paying costs incidental to the utilization of services contributed by individuals who serve without compensation as volunteers in aid of work of the Bureau.

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398–399).

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, in the event the sale, award, or operation of any timber sale or sales in the Medford (Oregon) District of the Bureau of Land Management is enjoined, stayed or otherwise delayed by reason of administrative appeal or judicial review, the Secretary of the Interior shall resell timber returned under provisions of the Federal Timber Contract Payment Modification Act to the extent necessary to achieve sale of the full annual allowable cut for fiscal years 1985 and 1986 in the Medford District. The Secretary shall determine the potential environmental degradation of timber sales returned pursuant to the Federal Timber Contract Payment Modification Act and shall characterize each sale's potential environmental impact as minimal, moderate, or serious. The Secretary must give resale priority to those sales with the least risk of potential environmental degradation. Sales that are reoffered may be modified, including minor additions. Any decision of the Secretary to resell such timber shall not be subject to judicial review.

[Total, Bureau of Land Management, [1,2] $574,149,000.]

UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

For expenses necessary for scientific and economic studies, conservation, management, investigations, protection, and utilization of sport fishery and wildlife resources, except whales, seals, and sea lions, and for the performance of other authorized functions related to such resources; for the general administration of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service; and for maintenance of the herd of long-horned cattle on the Wichita Mountains Wildlife Refuge; and not less than $3,300,000 for high priority projects within the scope of the approved budget which shall be carried out by Youth Conservation Corps as if authorized by the Act of August 13, 1970, as amended by Public Law 93-408; $301,222,000, of which $4,420,000 to carry out the purposes of 16 U.S.C. 1535, shall remain available until expended; and of which $5,665,000 shall be for operation and maintenance of fishery mitigation facilities constructed by the Corps of Engineers under the Lower Snake River Compensation Plan, authorized by the Water Resources Development Act of 1976 (90 Stat. 2921), to compensate for loss of fishery resources from water development projects on the Lower Snake River, which will remain available until expended.

[1] $299,415,000

CONSTRUCTION AND ANADROMOUS FISH

For construction and acquisition of buildings and other facilities required in the conservation, management, investigations, protection, and utilization of sport fishery and wildlife resources, and the acquisition of lands and interests therein; $21,296,000, to remain available until expended, of which $2,000,000 shall be available for expenses to carry out the Anadromous Fish Conservation Act (16 U.S.C. 757a–757g).

[1] 21,168,000

MIGRATORY BIRD CONSERVATION ACCOUNT

For an advance to the migratory bird conservation account, as authorized by the Act of October 4, 1971, as amended (16 U.S.C. 715k-3, 5), $15,000,000, to remain available until expended.

[1] 14,910,000

LAND ACQUISITION

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Land

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398–399).

[2] Includes $14,146,000 in "indefinite" appropriations.

and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965, as amended (16 U.S.C. 460l-4-11), including administrative expenses, and for acquisition of land or waters, or interest therein, in accordance with statutory authority applicable to the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, $40,670,000, to be derived from the Land and Water Conservation Fund, to remain available until expended. [1] $40,426,000

NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE FUND

For expenses necessary to implement the Act of October 17, 1978 (16 U.S.C. 715s), $5,645,000. [1] 5,611,000

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations and funds available to the United States Fish and Wildlife Service shall be available for purchase of not to exceed 191 passenger motor vehicles of which 178 are for replacement only (including 67 for police-type use); purchase of 4 new aircraft for replacement only; acceptance of one donated aircraft as an addition; not to exceed $300,000 for payment, at the discretion of the Secretary, for information, rewards, or evidence concerning violations of laws administered by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, and miscellaneous and emergency expenses of enforcement activities, authorized or approved by the Secretary and to be accounted for solely on his certificate; repair of damage to public roads within and adjacent to reservation areas caused by operations of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service; options for the purchase of land at not to exceed $1 for each option; facilities incident to such public recreational uses on conservation areas as are consistent with their primary purpose; and the maintenance and improvement of aquaria, buildings, and other facilities under the jurisdiction of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service and to which the United States has title, and which are utilized pursuant to law in connection with management and investigation of fish and wildlife resources.

[Total, United States Fish and Wildlife Service,[1] $381,530,000.]

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

OPERATION OF THE NATIONAL PARK SYSTEM

For expenses necessary for the management, operation, and maintenance of areas and facilities administered by the National Park Service (including special road maintenance service to trucking permittees on a reimbursable basis), and for the general administration of the National Park Service, including not to exceed $410,000 for the Roosevelt Campobello International Park Commission, $490,000 for the Volunteers-in-the-Park program, not less than $3,300,000 for high priority projects within the scope of the approved budget which shall be carried out by Youth Conservation Corps as if authorized by the Act of August 13, 1970, as amended by Public Law 93-408, and $175,000 for the National Capital Children's Museum and $175,000 for the Arena Stage as if authorized by the Historic Sites Act of 1935 (16 U.S.C. 462(e)), $627,763,000 without regard to the Act of August 24, 1912, as amended (16 U.S.C. 451): *Provided*, That the Park Service shall not enter into future concessionaire contracts, including renewals, that do not include a termination for cause clause that provides for possible extinguishment of possessory interests excluding depreciated book value of concessionaire investments without compensation: *Provided further*, That hereafter appropriations for maintenance and improvement of roads within the boundary of Indiana Dunes National Lakeshore shall be available for such purposes without regard to whether title to such road [1] 623,996,000

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398-399).

rights-of-way is in the United States: *Provided further,* That $85,000 shall be available to assist the town of Harpers Ferry, West Virginia, for police force use: *Provided further,* That the educational center to be located at the Boott Mill Complex, Building No. 6, in the Lowell National Historical Park, Massachusetts, is hereby designated and shall be known as the "Paul E. Tsongas Industrial History Center": *Provided further,* That $150,000 shall be available solely for the restoration and renovation of the Lonoke Depot in Lonoke, Arkansas.

NATIONAL RECREATION AND PRESERVATION

For expenses necessary to carry out recreation programs, natural programs, cultural programs, environmental compliance and review, and grant administration, not otherwise provided for, $11,096,000. [1] $11,029,000

HISTORIC PRESERVATION FUND

For expenses necessary in carrying out the provisions of the Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (80 Stat. 915), as amended (16 U.S.C. 470), $24,945,000 to be derived from the Historic Preservation Fund, established by section 108 of that Act, as amended, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1987. [1] 24,795,000

CONSTRUCTION

For construction, improvements, repair or replacement of physical facilities, without regard to the Act of August 24, 1912, as amended (16 U.S.C. 451), $114,121,000, to remain available until expended, of which $8,500,000 shall be derived by transfer from the National Park System Visitor Facilities Fund; including $3,168,000 to carry out the provisions of sections 303 and 304 of Public Law 95-290; including, subject to authorization, $8,100,000 to be expended for engineering and construction of the Burr Trail National Rural Scenic Road in and adjacent to the Capitol Reef National Park and the Glen Canyon National Recreation Area and an interpretive center near the town of Boulder, Utah, such funds to be transferred to the State of Utah for accomplishment of these activities in accordance with the provisions of a cooperative agreement to be developed among the National Park Service, the Bureau of Land Management, Garfield County, and the State of Utah: *Provided,* That appropriations for maintenance and improvement of roads within Capitol Reef National Park and Glen Canyon National Recreation Area and construction and maintenance of an interpretive center shall hereafter be available for such purposes without regard to whether title to such road rights-of-way or lands for the interpretive center is in the United States: *Provided further,* That in the event the National Park Service fails to maintain the road as provided under the terms of said cooperative agreement, any rights-of-way which may be transferred to the National Park Service will revert to Garfield County: *Provided further,* That in the event of reversion of the road to Garfield County, the County shall provide payment to the United States of an amount based upon the depreciated value of the capital investment resulting from Federal funds expended on the road for construction purposes; and including $2,000,000 to assist local communities to protect Mammoth Cave National Park from groundwater pollution: *Provided further,* That the National Park Service share of the Mammoth Cave protection **project shall not exceed 25 per centum: *Provided further,* That for payment of obligations incurred for continued construction of the Cumberland Gap Tunnel, as authorized by section 160 of Public Law** [1] 113,436,000

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398-399).

$10,300,000 (liquidation of contract authority)

93-87, $10,300,000, to be derived from the Highway Trust Fund and to remain available until expended to liquidate contract authority provided under section 104(a)(8) of Public Law 95-599, as amended, such contract authority to remain available until expended: *Provided further,* That funds made available pursuant to this Act for the Cumberland Gap Tunnel shall only be available when the States of Kentucky and Tennessee have entered into an agreement with the National Park Service to operate and maintain all portions of U.S. Route 25E, including the Tunnel, within the boundaries of the Cumberland Gap National Historic Park.

LAND ACQUISITION AND STATE ASSISTANCE

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965, as amended (16 U.S.C. 460l-4-11), including administrative expenses, and for acquisition of land or waters, or interest therein, in accordance with statutory authority applicable to the National Park Service, $98,400,000, to be derived from the Land and Water Conservation Fund, to remain available until expended, of which $50,000,000 is for the State Assistance program including $1,650,000 to administer the program: *Provided,* That State administrative expenses associated with the State grant portion of the State Assistance program shall not exceed 15 percent: *Provided further,* That none of the State Assistance funds may be used as a contingency fund: *Provided further,* That of the amounts previously appropriated to the Secretary's contingency fund for grants to States, $852,000 shall be available in 1986 for administrative expenses of the State grant program.

[1]97,810,000

JOHN F. KENNEDY CENTER FOR THE PERFORMING ARTS

For expenses necessary for operating and maintaining the nonperforming arts functions of the John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts, $4,800,000.

[1]4,771,000

ILLINOIS AND MICHIGAN CANAL NATIONAL HERITAGE CORRIDOR COMMISSION

For the operation of the Illinois and Michigan Canal National Heritage Corridor Commission, $250,000.

[1]248,000

JEFFERSON NATIONAL EXPANSION MEMORIAL COMMISSION

For the operation of the Jefferson National Expansion Memorial Commission, $75,000.

[1]75,000

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations for the National Park Service shall be available for the purchase of not to exceed 1 aircraft and 286 passenger motor vehicles, of which 242 shall be for replacement only, including not to exceed 174 for police-type use and 6 buses; to provide, notwithstanding any other provision of law, at a cost not exceeding $100,000, transportation for children in nearby communities to and from any unit of the National Park System used in connection with organized recreation and interpretive programs of the National Park Service; options for the purchase of land at not to exceed $1 for each option; and for the procurement and delivery of medical services within the jurisdiction of units of the National Park System: *Provided,* That any funds available to the National Park Service may be used, with the approval of the Secretary, to maintain law and order in emergency and other unforeseen law enforcement situations and conduct emergency search and rescue operations in the National Park

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398–399).

System: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated to the National Park Service may be used to process any grant or contract documents which do not include the text of 18 U.S.C. 1913: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated to the National Park Service may be used to add industrial facilities to the list of National Historic Landmarks without the consent of the owner: *Provided further,* That the National Park Service may use helicopters and motorized equipment at Death Valley National Monument for removal of feral burros and horses: *Provided further,* That the loan ceiling established under section 4(b) of Public Law 97-310, the Wolf Trap Farm Park Act, as amended, is increased to $9,500,000. Notwithstanding the loan repayment provisions of Public Law 97-310, the dollar amount of items paid for by the Wolf Trap Foundation from funds provided by the additional loan authority in this section that is subsequently reimbursed to the Foundation by a court award or insurance settlement shall be repaid to the Secretary of the Interior by the Wolf Trap Foundation within 90 days of the date of the court award or insurance settlement.

[*Total, National Park Service,* [1]*$876,160,000.*]

Geological Survey

SURVEYS, INVESTIGATIONS, AND RESEARCH

For expenses necessary for the Geological Survey to perform surveys, investigations, and research covering topography, geology, and the mineral and water resources of the United States, its Territories and possessions, and other areas as authorized by law (43 U.S.C. 31, 1332 and 1340); classify lands as to their mineral and water resources; give engineering supervision to power permittees and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission licensees; administer the minerals exploration program (30 U.S.C. 641); and publish and disseminate data relative to the foregoing activities; $431,961,000: [1]$429,369,000 *Provided,* That $52,324,000 shall be available only for cooperation with States or municipalities for water resources investigations: *Provided further,* That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay more than one-half the cost of any topographic mapping or water resources investigations carried on in cooperation with any State or municipality: *Provided further,* That in fiscal year 1986 and thereafter, all amortization fees resulting from the Geological Survey providing telecommunications services shall be deposited in a special fund to be established on the books of the Treasury and be immediately available for payment of replacement or expansion of telecommunications services, to remain available until expended: *Provided further,* That the Geological Survey is authorized to accept lands, buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public and private sources and to prosecute projects in cooperation with other agencies, Federal, State, or private.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

The amount appropriated for the Geological Survey shall be available for purchase of not to exceed 16 passenger motor vehicles, for replacement only; reimbursement to the General Services Administration for security guard services; contracting for the furnishing of topographic maps and for the making of geophysical or other specialized surveys when it is administratively determined that such procedures are in the public interest; construction and maintenance of necessary buildings and appurtenant facilities; acquisition of lands for observation wells; expenses of the United

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398–399).

States National Committee on Geology; and payment of compensation and expenses of persons on the rolls of the Geological Survey appointed, as authorized by law, to represent the United States in the negotiation and administration of interstate compacts: *Provided*, That appropriations herein made shall be available for paying costs incidental to the utilization of services contributed by individuals who serve without compensation as volunteers in aid of work of the Geological Survey, and that within appropriations herein provided, Geological Survey officials may authorize either direct procurement of or reimbursement for expenses incidental to the effective use of volunteers such as, but not limited to, training, transportation, lodging, subsistence, equipment, and supplies: *Provided further*, That provision for such expenses or services is in accord with volunteer or cooperative agreements made with such individuals, private organizations, educational institutions, or State or local governments.

MINERALS MANAGEMENT SERVICE

LEASING AND ROYALTY MANAGEMENT

For expenses necessary for minerals leasing and environmental studies, regulation of industry operations, and collection of royalties, as authorized by law; for enforcing laws and regulations applicable to oil, gas, and other minerals leases, permits, licenses and operating contracts; and for matching grants or cooperative agreements; including the purchase of not to exceed 8 passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; $168,018,000, of which not less than $45,260,000 shall be available for royalty management activities including general administration: *Provided*, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, when in fiscal year 1986 and thereafter any permittee provides data and information to the Secretary pursuant to section 1352(a)(1)(C)(iii) of title 43, United States Code, the Secretary shall pay only the reasonable cost of reproducing such data and information: *Provided further*, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds appropriated under this Act shall be available for the payment of interest in accordance with 30 U.S.C. 1721(b) and (d).

[1]$167,010,000

BUREAU OF MINES

MINES AND MINERALS

For expenses necessary for conducting inquiries, technological investigations and research concerning the extraction, processing, use and disposal of mineral substances without objectionable social and environmental costs; to foster and encourage private enterprise in the development of mineral resources and the prevention of waste in the mining, minerals, metal and mineral reclamation industries; to inquire into the economic conditions affecting those industries; to promote health and safety in mines and the mineral industry through research; and for other related purposes as authorized by law, $134,255,000, of which $79,537,000 shall remain available until expended.

[1]133,449,000

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

The Secretary is authorized to accept lands, buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public and private sources and to prosecute projects in cooperation with other agencies, Federal, State, or private: *Provided*, That the Bureau of Mines is authorized, during the current fiscal year, to sell directly or through any Government agency, including corporations, any metal or mineral

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398-399).

product that may be manufactured in pilot plants operated by the Bureau of Mines, and the proceeds of such sales shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT

REGULATION AND TECHNOLOGY

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977, Public Law 95-87, $85,153,000, including the purchase of not to exceed 14 passenger motor vehicles, of which 9 shall be for replacement only; and uniform allowances of not to exceed $400 for each uniformed employee of the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement; and notwithstanding 31 U.S.C. 3302, an amount equal to receipts to the General Fund of the Treasury from performance bond forfeitures, estimated at $500,000 in fiscal year 1986, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That no funds shall be used to finalize or implement any proposed rule, or take any other action which would result in the adoption by the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement of a rule or regulation pursuant to section 507(a) of Public Law 95-87 which would require applicants to reimburse the Department of the Interior for costs incurred in the collection of application fees for permits to conduct surface coal mining and reclamation operations; for permits to conduct coal exploration; for processing mining plans; or for the review of surface coal mining and reclamation permits. [1]$85,142,000

ABANDONED MINE RECLAMATION FUND

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of title IV of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977, Public Law 95-87, including the purchase of not more than 21 passenger motor vehicles, of which 15 shall be for replacement only, to remain available until expended, $207,385,000, to be derived from receipts of the Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund: *Provided,* That pursuant to Public Law 97-365, the Department of the Interior is authorized to utilize up to 20 per centum from the recovery of the delinquent debt owed to the United States Government to pay for contracts to collect these debts: *Provided further,* That of the funds made available to the States to contract for reclamation projects authorized in section 406(a) of Public Law 95-87, administrative expenses may not exceed 15 per centum: *Provided further,* That none of these funds shall be used for a reclamation grant to any State if the State has not agreed to participate in a nationwide data system established by the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement through which all permit applications are reviewed and approvals withheld if the applicants (or those who control the applicants) applying for or receiving such permits have outstanding State or Federal air or water quality violations in accordance with section 510(c) of the Act of August 3, 1977 (30 U.S.C. 1260(c)), including failure to abate cessation orders, outstanding civil penalties associated with such failure to abate cessation orders or uncontested past due Abandoned Mine Land fees: *Provided further,* That the Secretary of the Interior may deny fifty percent of an Abandoned Mine Reclamation fund grant, available to a State pursuant to title IV of Public Law 95-87, when pursuant to the procedures set forth in section 521 of the Act, the Secretary determines that a State is systematically failing to adequately administer the enforcement provisions of the approved State regulatory program. Funds will be denied until such time as the State and the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement have agreed upon an explicit plan of action for correct- [1]206,141,000 ing the enforcement deficiency. A State may enter into such agreement without admission of culpability. If a State enters into such agreement, the Secretary shall take no action pursuant to section 521(b) of the Act as long as the State is complying with the terms of the agreement: *Provided further*, That expenditure of moneys as authorized in section 402(g)(3) shall be on a priority basis with the first priority being protection of public health, safety, general welfare, and property from extreme danger of adverse effects of coal mining practices, as stated in section 403 of Public Law 95-87.

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398–399).

[*Total, Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement,*[1] *$291,283,000.*]

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

OPERATION OF INDIAN PROGRAMS

For operation of Indian programs by direct expenditure, contracts, cooperative agreements and grants including expenses necessary to provide education and welfare services for Indians, either directly or in cooperation with States and other organizations, including payment of care, tuition, assistance, and other expenses of Indians in boarding homes, institutions, or schools; grants and other assistance to needy Indians; maintenance of law and order; management, development, improvement, and protection of resources and appurtenant facilities under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, including payment of irrigation assessments and charges; acquisition of water rights; advances for Indian industrial and business enterprises; operation of Indian arts and crafts shops and museums; development of Indian arts and crafts, as authorized by law; for the general administration of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, including such expenses in field offices, $891,312,000, of which not to [1] $885,964,000 exceed $54,556,000 for higher education scholarships and assistance to public schools under the Act of April 16, 1934 (48 Stat. 596), as amended (25 U.S.C. 452 et seq.), shall remain available for obligation until September 30, 1987, and the funds made available to tribes and tribal organizations through contracts authorized by the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act of 1975 (88 Stat. 2203; 25 U.S.C. 450 et seq.) shall remain available until September 30, 1987: *Provided*, That this carryover authority does not extend to programs directly operated by the Bureau of Indian Affairs: *Provided further*, That not to exceed $18,042,000 shall be obligated for automatic data processing in fiscal year 1986; and includes expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of section 19(a) of Public Law 93-531 (25 U.S.C. 640d-18(a)), $2,886,000, to remain available until expended; and an additional $6,000,000 which, notwithstanding any [1] 5,964,000 other law, is immediately available for obligation before January 18, 1986, by the Secretary of the Interior through the Bureau of Indian Affairs only for the emergency provision of hay to Indians using the distribution formula of the Indian Acute Distress Donation Program to aid in maintaining foundation cattle herds in Montana, North Dakota, and South Dakota. The Secretary may, but is not required to, enter into contracts under section 102 of the Indian Self-Determination Act (88 Stat. 2206; 25 U.S.C. 450f) in connection with the appropriation made in this paragraph and no indirect cost or overhead shall be allowed under any such contract from any appropriation. All costs incurred directly or indirectly by the Secretary in connection with the appropriation made in this paragraph for other than the direct cost of the hay and its transportation shall be met from other amounts appropriated for the operation of Indian programs. Any part of the appropriation made in this paragraph which is not expended by March 15, 1986, shall be deobligated and shall not be available for obligation or expenditure.

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398-399).

The Secretary of the Interior shall make a report or reports to Congress by September 1, 1986 on (1) the use of the appropriation in the preceding paragraph, (2) the impact of the drought disaster on the Indian reservations in Montana, North Dakota, and South Dakota, (3) long-term strategies to address the disaster on each of those reservations, and (4) the effectiveness of the carrying out of the roles (including resource management and the establishment, waiver, and collection of grazing fees and rents or other payments) of the Federal and tribal governments in ranching, agriculture, and other land use on Indian reservations throughout the United States with recommendations to improve that effectiveness.

None of the funds appropriated to the Bureau of Indian Affairs shall be expended as matching funds for programs funded under section 103(b)(2) of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act: *Provided further,* That no part of any appropriations to the Bureau of Indian Affairs shall be available to provide general assistance payments for Alaska Natives in the State of Alaska unless and until otherwise specifically provided for by Congress: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law, within fourteen days of the date of enactment of this Act the Snowflake Dormitory in Arizona shall be closed and thereafter no funds available to the Bureau of Indian Affairs shall be available to operate an educational or boarding program at that location: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any law or regulation, in allocating funds for aid to public schools under the Act of April 16, 1934, as amended, the Secretary shall enter into contracts only for the provision of supplementary educational services for Indian children: *Provided further,* That the Secretary of the Interior shall transfer without cost to the Saint Labre Indian School of Ashland, Montana, the interests of the United States in the supplies and equipment acquired by or for the school during the period when it was financially aided by the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

[Total, Operation of Indian Programs, [1]*$891,928,000.]*

CONSTRUCTION

For construction, major repair and improvement of irrigation and power systems, including architectural and engineering services by contract; acquisition of lands and interests in lands; preparation of lands for farming; and construction, repair, and improvement of Indian housing, $101,054,000, to remain available until expended: [1]$100,448,000 *Provided,* That no funds shall be expended for land acquisition on behalf of the Covelo Indian Community until the Community has sufficient non-Federal funds, which when combined with the Federal funds, will complete the land acquisition: *Provided further,* That such amount includes $22,000,000 for use by the Secretary to construct homes and related facilities for the Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation Commission in lieu of construction by the Commission under section 15(d)(3) of the Act of December 22, 1974 (88 Stat. 1719; 25 U.S.C. 640d–14(d)(3)), and to ensure that a priority for the use of these funds is given to Navajo families who are actual, physical residents of the Hopi Partitioned Lands on the date of enactment hereof, and to expedite relocations and construction under this proviso (1) with respect to any lands acquired pursuant to section 11(a) of the Act of December 22, 1974 (25 U.S.C. 640d–10(a)), the Secretary shall not be required to enter into contracts under section 102 of the Indian Self-Determination Act (88 Stat. 2206; 25 U.S.C. 450f) in carrying out this proviso, (2) the Secretary's authority under section 106(a) of the Indian Self-Determination Act (88 Stat. 2210; 25 U.S.C. 450j(a)) shall apply for contracts for construction under this proviso without regard to the status of the contractors with respect to any lands acquired pursuant to section 11(a) of the Act of December 22, 1974 (25 U.S.C. 640d-10(a)), (3) the Secretary may carry out construction and lease approvals or executions under this proviso without regard to the Commission's regulations and under such administrative procedures as the Secretary may adopt without regard to the rulemaking requirements of any law, executive order, or regulation, (4) an action under this proviso is not a major Federal action for the purpose of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended, and (5) after January 1, 1986, the Secretary may issue leases and rights-of-way for housing and related facilities to be constructed on the lands which are subject to section 11(h) of the Act of December 22, 1974, as amended (25 U.S.C. 640d-10(h)).

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398–399).

ROAD CONSTRUCTION

Not to exceed 5 per centum of contract authority available to the Bureau of Indian Affairs from the Federal Highway Trust Fund may be used to cover roads program management costs and construction supervision costs of the Bureau of Indian Affairs: *Provided,* That $3,200,000 of the contract authority available to the Bureau of Indian Affairs from the Federal Highway Trust Fund for road construction to serve the Navajo Reservation shall be used by the Secretary of the Interior for road construction projects to serve land transferred or acquired under the Act of December 22, 1974, as amended (88 Stat. 1712; 25 U.S.C. 640d et seq.): *Provided further,* That the foregoing shall not alter the amount of funds or contract authority that would otherwise be available for road construction to serve any Indian reservation or land other than the Navajo reservation.

ALASKA NATIVE ESCROW ACCOUNT

For the Federal contribution to the Alaska Native Escrow Account related to proceeds received by Federal agencies from lands or resources of lands after the date of withdrawal of the land for Native selection as authorized by Public Law 94-204, an amendment to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1631-1641; 89 Stat. 1476), and Public Law 96-487, the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act (94 Stat. 2497), $7,877,000: *Provided,* That those funds appropriated hereunder which represent proceeds received from lands which have been conveyed on or before the date of enactment of this Act shall be distributed to the appropriate Native corporations pursuant to Public Law 96-487 immediately upon receipt in the escrow account: *Provided further,* That those funds which represent proceeds received from lands withdrawn for Native Selection but not yet conveyed on the date of the enactment of this Act will be held in the escrow account and invested until conveyance, and shall, during the time that such funds are on deposit in the escrow account, be entitled to their share of the interest earned by the escrow account pursuant to the first proviso of section 2(b) of Public Law 94-204.

[1] $7,830,000

TRIBAL TRUST FUNDS

In addition to the tribal funds authorized to be expended by existing law, there is hereby appropriated not to exceed $4,000,000 from tribal funds not otherwise available for expenditure.

4,000,000
(definite)

REVOLVING FUND FOR LOANS

During fiscal year 1986, and within the resources and authority available, gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans pursuant to the Indian Financing Act of 1974 (88 Stat. 77; 25 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.), shall not exceed $16,300,000: *Provided*, That notwithstanding section 102 of the Indian Financing Act of 1974, as amended (25 U.S.C. 1462) and regulations restricting the purposes for loans under that Act, the Secretary may make a loan under title I of that Act to the Zuni Pueblo for the acquisition in trust for the Pueblo of private lands in the area known as Zuni Heaven in an amount not to exceed $1,470,000.

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398–399).

$16,300,000 (limitation on direct loans)

INDIAN LOAN GUARANTY AND INSURANCE FUND

For payment of interest subsidies on new and outstanding guaranteed loans and for necessary expenses of management and technical assistance in carrying out the provisions of the Indian Financing Act of 1974, as amended (88 Stat. 77; 25 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.), $2,210,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That during fiscal year 1986, total commitments to guarantee loans pursuant to the Indian Financing Act of 1974 (88 Stat. 77; 25 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.), may be made only to the extent that the total loan principal, any part of which is to be guaranteed, shall not exceed resources and authority available.

[1]2,197,000

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations for the Bureau of Indian Affairs (except the revolving fund for loans and the Indian loan guarantee and insurance fund) shall be available for expenses of exhibits; and purchase of not to exceed 150 passenger carrying motor vehicles, of which 100 shall be for replacement only.

[*Total, Bureau of Indian Affairs,*[1] *$1,006,403,000.*]

TERRITORIAL AND INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

ADMINISTRATION OF TERRITORIES

For expenses necessary for the administration of territories under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior, $80,376,000, of which (1) $77,903,000 shall be available until expended for technical assistance; repurchase premium, late charges, and payments of the annual interest rate differential required by the Federal Financing Bank, under terms of the second refinancing of an existing loan to the Guam Power Authority, as authorized by law (Public Law 98-454; 98 Stat. 1732); grants to the judiciary in American Samoa for compensation and expenses, as authorized by law (48 U.S.C. 1661(c)); grants to the Government of American Samoa, in addition to current local revenues, for support of governmental functions; $2,000,000 for a loan to the Government of the United States Virgin Islands, for construction of an extension to the Alexander Hamilton Airport runway, St. Croix: *Provided*, That issuance of such loan shall be contingent upon approval of a multiyear grant of Airport Improvement Program funds from the Federal Aviation Administration, and a written guarantee from the Government of the United States Virgin Islands as to the source of funds to be used for repayment of the loan; construction grants to the Government of Guam of $4,583,000, as authorized by law (Public Law 98-454; 98 Stat. 1732); direct grants to the Government of the Northern Mariana Islands as authorized by law (Public Law 94-241; 90 Stat. 272, and Public Law 98-454; 98 Stat. 1732); and (2) $2,473,000 for fiscal year 1986 for salaries and expenses of the Office of Territorial and International Affairs, of which not to exceed $1,000 shall be available during 1986 for official reception and representation expenses:

[1]79,894,000

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398–399).

Provided further, That the territorial and local governments herein provided for are authorized to make purchases through the General Services Administration: *Provided further,* That all financial transactions of the territorial and local governments herein provided for, including such transactions of all agencies or instrumentalities established or utilized by such governments, shall be audited by the General Accounting Office, in accordance with the provisions of the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921 (42 Stat. 23), as amended, and the Accounting and Auditing Act of 1950 (64 Stat. 834): *Provided further,* That upon enactment of this Act the remaining balance of fiscal year 1985 funds provided in Public Law 98-473 for a grant to the College of the Virgin Islands Eastern Caribbean Center is released to the College of the Virgin Islands.

TRUST TERRITORY OF THE PACIFIC ISLANDS

For expenses necessary for the Department of the Interior in administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands pursuant to the Trusteeship Agreement approved by joint resolution of July 18, 1947 (61 Stat. 397), and the Act of June 30, 1954 (68 Stat. 330), as amended (90 Stat. 299; 91 Stat. 1159; 92 Stat. 495), grants for the expenses of the High Commissioner of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands; grants for the compensation and expenses of the Judiciary of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands; grants to the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, in addition to local revenues, for support of governmental functions; $80,372,000, of which $70,922,000 is for operations, and $9,450,000 is for construction, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That all financial transactions of the Trust Territory, including such transactions of all agencies or instrumentalities established or utilized by such Trust Territory, shall be audited by the General Accounting Office in accordance with the provisions of the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921 (42 Stat. 23), as amended, and the Accounting and Auditing Act of 1950 (64 Stat. 834): *Provided further,* That the government of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands is authorized to make purchases through the General Services Administration.

[1]$79,890,000

[*Total, Territorial and International Affairs,*[1] *$159,784,000.*]

DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Secretary of the Interior, $43,411,000, of which not to exceed $10,000 may be for official reception and representation expenses: *Provided,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law, of the funds provided under this heading, not to exceed $300,000 shall be used to pay or repay the costs of development of alternative winter stock water supplies by water users who have been deprived of winter stock water from the main channel of Willow Creek, Idaho, below Ririe Dam and Reservoir because of the operation of the dam and reservoir (hereinafter in this account referred to as claimants).

[1]43,151,000

Any payment to a claimant made under this section shall constitute full settlement and satisfaction of all claims such claimant may have against the United States relating to the loss of winter stock water from Willow Creek, Idaho. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any claim settled prior to the date of enactment of this Act.

The Secretary shall make a payment to a claimant only if—

(1) the claimant notifies the Secretary of his claim within six months after the date of enactment of this Act;

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398-399).

(2) the claimant provides an affidavit proving, to the satisfaction of the Secretary, his use of winter stock water from Willow Creek prior to December 31, 1979; and

(3) the claimant executes a waiver and release, in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary, of any and all claims against the United States relating to the loss of winter stock water from Willow Creek, Idaho. Such waiver and release shall be recorded in the county where the claimant's land is located.

Any claimant who has developed an alternate winter stock water supply since December 31, 1979, shall be eligible for a payment of an amount equal to the actual construction costs incurred by such claimant in the development of such supply, as determined by the Secretary.

Any claimant who has not developed an alternate winter stock water supply as of the date of enactment of this Act, shall be eligible for a payment of an amount equal to the funds necessary for the development of such supply, as determined by the Secretary. The Secretary's determination shall be based on the size and configuration of the claimant's land and on the size and type of the claimant's livestock operation.

"Costs and expenses incurred by a claimant in the operation and maintenance of his alternate winter stock water supply shall not be reimbursable.

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Solicitor, $20,378,000. [1]$20,256,000

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

For necessary expenses of the Office of Inspector General, $16,214,000. [1]16,117,000

CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT

For necessary expenses of the Office of Construction Management, $780,000: *Provided,* That the Secretary of the Interior shall submit to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations a revised Memorandum of Agreement between the Bureau of Indian Affairs and the Office of Construction Management, vesting the program direction and control of the facility design, construction, repair, operation and maintenance programs of the Bureau in the Office of Construction Management, and a detailed plan for implementation of said Agreement, within 60 days of the enactment of this Act. [1]775,000

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

(SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For payment in foreign currencies which the Treasury Department shall determine to be excess to the normal requirement of the United States, for necessary expenses of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service and the National Park Service as authorized by law, $1,000,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That this appropriation shall be available, in addition to other appropriations, to such office for payment in the foregoing currencies (7 U.S.C. 1704). [1]994,000

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

There is hereby authorized for acquisition from available resources within the Working Capital Fund, 5 additional aircraft, all of which shall be for replacement only: *Provided,* That no programs

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398–399).

funded with appropriated funds in the "Office of the Secretary", "Office of the Solicitor", and "Office of Inspector General" may be augmented through the Working Capital Fund or the Consolidated Working Fund.

[*Total, Departmental Offices,*[1] *$81,293,000.*]

GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

SEC. 101. Appropriations made in this title shall be available for expenditure or transfer (within each bureau or office), with the approval of the Secretary, for the emergency reconstruction, replacement, or repair of aircraft, buildings, utilities, or other facilities or equipment damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, storm, or other unavoidable causes: *Provided,* That no funds shall be made available under this authority until funds specifically made available to the Department of the Interior for emergencies shall have been exhausted.

SEC. 102. The Secretary may authorize the expenditure or transfer of any no year appropriation in this title, in addition to the amounts included in the budget programs of the several agencies, for the suppression or emergency prevention of forest or range fires on or threatening lands under jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior; for the emergency rehabilitation of burned-over lands under its jurisdiction; for emergency actions related to potential or actual earthquakes, floods or volcanoes; for emergency reclamation projects under section 410 of Public Law 95-87; and shall transfer, from any no year funds available to the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, such funds as may be necessary to permit assumption of regulatory authority in the event a primacy State is not carrying out the regulatory provisions of the Surface Mining Act: *Provided,* That appropriations made in this title for fire suppression purposes shall be available for the payment of obligations incurred during the preceding fiscal year, and for reimbursement to other Federal agencies for destruction of vehicles, aircraft, or other equipment in connection with their use for fire suppression purposes, such reimbursement to be credited to appropriations currently available at the time of receipt thereof: *Provided further,* That funds transferred pursuant to this section must be replenished by a supplemental appropriation which must be requested as promptly as possible.

SEC. 103. Appropriations made in this title shall be available for operation of warehouses, garages, shops, and similar facilities, wherever consolidation of activities will contribute to efficiency or economy, and said appropriations shall be reimbursed for services rendered to any other activity in the same manner as authorized by sections 1535 and 1536 of title 31, U.S.C.: *Provided,* That reimbursements for costs and supplies, materials, equipment, and for services rendered may be credited to the appropriation current at the time such reimbursements are received.

SEC. 104. Appropriations made to the Department of the Interior in this title shall be available for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, when authorized by the Secretary, in total amount not to exceed $300,000; hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft; hire of passenger motor vehicles; purchase of reprints; payment for telephone service in private residences in the field, when authorized under regulations approved by the Secretary; and the payment of dues, when authorized by the Secretary, for library membership in societies or associations which issue publications to members only or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who are not members: *Provided,* That no funds available to the Department of the Interior are available for any expenses of the Great Hall of Commerce.

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398-399).

SEC. 105. Appropriations available to the Department of the Interior for salaries and expenses shall be available for uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902 and D.C. Code 4-204).

SEC. 106. Appropriations made in this title shall be available for obligation in connection with contracts issued by the General Services Administration for services or rentals for periods not in excess of twelve months beginning at any time during the fiscal year.

SEC. 107. No funds provided in this title may be expended by the Department of the Interior for the preparation for, or conduct of, pre-leasing and leasing activities (including but not limited to: calls for information, tract selection, notices of sale, receipt of bids and award of leases) of lands within:

(a) An area of the Outer Continental Shelf, as defined in section 2(a) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1331(a)), located in the Atlantic Ocean, bounded by the following line: from the intersection of the seaward limit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts territorial sea and the 71 degree west longitude line south along that longitude line to its intersection with the line which passes between blocks 598 and 642 on Outer Continental Shelf protraction diagram NK 19-10; then along that line in an easterly direction to its intersection with the line between blocks 600 and 601 of protraction diagram NK 19-11; then in a northerly direction along that line to the intersection with the 60 meter isobath between blocks 204 and 205 of protraction diagram NK 19-11; then along the 60 meter isobath, starting in a roughly southeasterly direction; then turning northeast and north until such isobath intersects the maritime boundary between Canada and the United States of America, then north northeasterly along this boundary until this line intersects the 60 meter isobath at the northern edge of block 851 of protraction diagram NK 19-6; then along a line that lies between blocks 851 and 807 of protraction diagram NK 19-6 in a westerly direction to the first point of intersection with the seaward limit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts territorial sea; then southwesterly along the seaward limit of the territorial sea to the point of beginning at the intersection of the seaward limit of the territorial sea and the 71 degree west longitude line.

(b) The following blocks are excluded from the described area: In protraction diagram NK 19-10, blocks numbered 474 through 478, 516 through 524, 560 through 568, and 604 through 612; in protraction diagram NK 19-6, blocks numbered 969 through 971; in protraction diagram NK 19-5, blocks numbered 1005 through 1008; and in protraction diagram NK 19-8, blocks numbered 37 through 40, 80 through 84, 124 through 127, and 168 through 169.

(c) The following blocks are included in the described area: In protraction diagram NK 19-11, blocks numbered 633 through 644, 677 through 686, 721 through 724, 765 through 767, 809 through 810, and 853; in protraction diagram NK 19-9, blocks numbered 106, 150, 194, 238, 239, and 283; and in protraction diagram NK 19-6, blocks numbered 854, 899, 929, 943, 944, and 987.

(d) Blocks in and at the head of submarine canyons: An area of the Outer Continental Shelf, as defined in section 2(a) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (45 U.S.C. 1331(a)), located in the Atlantic Ocean off the coastline of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, lying at the head of, or within the submarine canyons known as Atlantis Canyon, Veatch Canyon, Hydrographer Canyon, Welker Canyon, Oceanographer Canyon, Gilbert Canyon, Lydonia Canyon, Alvin Canyon, Powell Canyon, and Munson Canyon, and consisting of the following blocks, respectively:

(1) On Outer Continental Shelf protraction diagram NJ 19-1; blocks 36, 37, 38, 42-44, 80-82, 86-88, 124, 125, 130-132, 168, 169, 174-176, 212, 213.

(2) On Outer Continental Shelf protraction diagram NJ 19-2; blocks 8, 9, 17-19, 51-52, 53, 54, 61-63, 95-98, 139, 140.

(3) On Outer Continental Shelf protraction diagram NK 19-10; blocks 916, 917, 921, 922, 960, 961, 965, 966, 1003-1005, 1009, 1011.

(4) On Outer Continental Shelf protraction diagram NK 19-11; blocks 521, 522, 565, 566, 609, 610, 653-655, 697-700, 734, 735, 741-744, 769, 778-781, 785-788, 813, 814, 822-826, 829-831, 857, 858, 866-869, 873-875, 901, 902, 910-913, 917, 945-947, 955, 956, 979, 980, 989-991, 999.

(5) On Outer Continental Shelf protraction diagram NK 19-12; blocks 155, 156, 198, 199, 280-282, 324-326, 369-371, 401, 413-416, 442-446, 450, 451, 489-490, 494, 495, 530, 531, 533-540, 574, 575, 577-583, 618, 619, 621-623, 626, 627, 662, 663, 665-667, 671, 672, 706, 707, 710, 711, 750, 751, 754, 755, 794, 795, 798, 799.

(e) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the lease of that portion of any blocks described in subsection (d) above which lies outside the geographical boundaries of the submarine canyons and submarine canyon heads described in subsection (d) above: *Provided*, That for purposes of this subsection, the geographical boundaries of the submarine canyons and submarine canyon heads shall be those recognized by the National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration, Department of Commerce, on the date of enactment of this Act.

(f) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the Secretary of the Interior from granting contracts for scientific study, the results of which could be used in making future leasing decisions in the planning area and in preparing environmental impact statements as required by the National Environmental Policy Act.

(g) References made to blocks, protraction diagrams, and isobaths are to such blocks, protraction diagrams, and isobaths as they appear on the map entitled Outer Continental Shelf of the North Atlantic from 39° to 45° North Latitude (Map No. MMS-10), prepared by the United States Department of the Interior, Minerals Management Service, Atlantic OCS Region.

SEC. 108. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available pursuant to this Act shall be obligated or expended to finance changing the name of the mountain located 63 degrees, 04 minutes, 15 seconds west, presently named and referred to as Mount McKinley.

SEC. 109. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, appropriations in this title shall be available to provide insurance on official motor vehicles, aircraft, and boats operated by the Department of the Interior in Canada and Mexico.

SEC. 110. No funds provided in this title may be used to detail any employee to an organization unless such detail is in accordance with Office of Personnel Management regulations.

SEC. 111. The Secretary of the Interior is hereby directed to make every effort during the balance of fiscal year 1986 to resolve the outstanding conflicts with respect to the future leasing and protection of lands on the California outer continental shelf for oil and gas exploration and development. To this end, the Secretary shall submit to the Congress once every 60 days following the date of enactment of this Act until the end of fiscal year 1986 a report summarizing the progress of negotiations carried out to resolve these outstanding conflicts. Such negotiations shall be conducted by the Secretary and the following Members of Congress to be designated by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Majority Leader of the Senate:

(1) The Chairmen and ranking minority members of the following committees and subcommittees of the Congress having jursidiction over these issues:

(A) The Subcommittee on the Interior of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(B) The Subcommittee on Energy and the Environment of the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs of the House of Representatives.

(C) The Subcommittee on the Panama Canal and Outer Continental Shelf of the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries of the House of Representatives.

(D) The Subcommittee on the Interior of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.

(E) The Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate.

(2) Two United States Senators from California.

(3) Seven members of the California delegation to the House of Representatives.

SEC. 112. None of the funds provided by this Act shall be expended by the Secretary of the Interior to promulgate final regulations concerning paleontological research on Federal lands until the Secretary has received the National Academy of Sciences' report concerning the permitting and post-permitting regulations concerning paleontological research and until the Secretary has, within 30 days, submitted a report to the appropriate committees of the Congress comparing the National Academy of Sciences' report with the proposed regulations of the Department of the Interior.

[Total, title I, Department of the Interior:

[New budget (obligational) authority	[1, 2]*$4,100,430,000.]*
[Liquidation of contract authority..............	*10,300,000.]*
[Limitation on direct loans	*16,300,000.]*

TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FOREST SERVICE

FOREST RESEARCH

For necessary expenses of forest research as authorized by law, $126,283,000, of which $6,840,000 shall remain available until expended for competitive research grants, as authorized by section 5 of Public Law 95-307. [1]$125,525,000

STATE AND PRIVATE FORESTRY

For necessary expenses of cooperating with, and providing technical and financial assistance to States, Territories, possessions, and others; and for forest pest management activities, $57,986,000, to remain available for obligation until expended, to carry out activities authorized in Public Law 95-313: *Provided,* That a grant of $3,000,000 shall be made to the State of Minnesota for the purposes authorized by section 6 of Public Law 95-495. [1]57,638,000

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398-399).

[2] Includes $14,146,000 in "indefinite" appropriations.

NATIONAL FOREST SYSTEM

For necessary expenses of the Forest Service, not otherwise provided for, for management, protection, improvement, and utilization of the National Forest System, and for liquidation of obligations incurred in the preceding fiscal year for forest fire protection and emergency rehabilitation, including administrative expenses associated with the management of funds provided under the heads "Forest Research", "State and Private Forestry", "National Forest System", "Construction", and "Land Acquisition", $1,054,629,000, of [1] $1,048,301,000 which $182,053,000, for reforestation, timber stand improvement, cooperative law enforcement, and maintenance of forest development roads and trails shall remain available for obligation until September 30, 1987: *Provided*, That the unobligated balances available September 30, 1985 and funds becoming available in fiscal year 1986 under the Act of October 14, 1980 (16 U.S.C. 1606), shall be transferred to and merged with the National Forest System appropriation account as of October 1, 1985: *Provided further*, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, subsection (e) of section 303 of the Act of October 14, 1980, as amended by the Act of January 6, 1983, Public Law 97-424 (16 U.S.C. 1606), is repealed and subsection (d) of section 303 of the Act of October 14, 1980, as amended by the Act of January 6, 1983, Public Law 97-424 (16 U.S.C. 1606), is amended to read as follows:

"(d) The Secretary of Agriculture is hereafter authorized to obligate such sums as are available in the Trust Fund (including any amounts not obligated in previous fiscal years) for—

(1) reforestation and timber stand improvement as specified in section (3)(d) of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1601(d)); and

(2) properly allocable administrative costs of the Federal Government for the activities specified above.".

CONSTRUCTION

For necessary expenses of the Forest Service, not otherwise provided for, for construction, $223,865,000, to remain available until [1] 222,522,000 expended, of which $27,449,000 is for construction and acquisition of buildings and other facilities; and $196,416,000 is for construction of [2] *– 102,765,000 (i (timber receipts transfer, indefinite)* forest roads and trails by the Forest Service as authorized by 16 U.S.C. 532-538 and 23 U.S.C. 101 and 205: *Provided*, That funds becoming available in fiscal year 1986 under the Act of March 4, 1913 (16 U.S.C. 501), shall be transferred to the General Fund of the Treasury of the United States: *Provided further*, That road construction standards used to construct Forest Service roads, purchaser credit roads, or purchaser elect roads shall be applied, or other management initiatives or administrative cost-saving actions taken, including reductions in personnel or overhead charges, in fiscal year 1986 in a manner so as to achieve a 5 per centum reduction in the average cost per road mile as compared to fiscal year 1985: *Provided further*, That such actions shall be taken so as to achieve this 5 per centum reduction in each Forest Service region: *Provided further*, That notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any other provision of law, $9,915,000 of the contract authority available in the Federal Highway Trust Fund and not otherwise appropriated shall be available to the Forest Service for road construction to Forest Development Road Standards to serve the Mount St. Helens National Volcanic Monument, Washington: *Provided further*, That the foregoing shall not alter the amount of funds or contract authority that would otherwise be available for road construction to serve any State other than the State of Washington.

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398-399).

[2] Fiscal year 1986 Timber receipts transferred to general fund of the Treasury.

LAND ACQUISITION

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965, as amended (16 U.S.C. 460l-4-11), including administrative expenses, and for acquisition of land or waters, or interest therein, in accordance with statutory authority applicable to the Forest Service, $28,300,000, to be derived from the Land and Water Conservation Fund, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That of the amount appropriated, $3,900,000 shall be paid to Edwards Investments, an Idaho partnership, upon delivery of a quitclaim deed to the United States conveying acceptable title to all of Edwards Investments' interest in all of those portions of a former Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul, and Pacific Railroad right-of-way between Avery, Idaho and St. Regis, Montana that cross or adjoin Federal lands, including all of Edwards Investments' interests in all improvements on said right-of-way. Upon acquisition, some or all of the right-of-way may be used as a road and available for public travel where determined appropriate by the Chief of the Forest Service.

[1] $28,130,000

ACQUISITION OF LANDS FOR NATIONAL FORESTS, SPECIAL ACTS

For acquisition of land within the exterior boundaries of the Cache, Uinta, and Wasatch National Forests, Utah; the Toiyabe National Forest, Nevada; and the Angeles, San Bernardino, and Cleveland National Forests, California, as authorized by law, $782,000, to be derived from forest receipts.

[1] 777,000

ACQUISITION OF LANDS TO COMPLETE LAND EXCHANGES

For acquisition of lands in accordance with the Act of December 4, 1967, as amended (16 U.S.C. 484a), all funds deposited by State, county or municipal governments, public school districts or other public school authorities pursuant to that Act, to remain available until expended.

20,000
(indefinite)

RANGE BETTERMENT FUND

For necessary expenses of range rehabilitation, protection, and improvement in accordance with section 401(b)(1), of the Act of October 21, 1976, Public Law 94-579, as amended, 50 per centum of all moneys received during the prior fiscal year, as fees for grazing domestic livestock on lands in National Forests in the sixteen Western States, to remain available until expended.

[1] 3,968,000
(indefinite)

MISCELLANEOUS TRUST FUNDS

For expenses authorized by 16 U.S.C. 1643(b), $90,000, to remain available until expended, to be derived from the fund established pursuant to 16 U.S.C. 1643(b).

[1] 89,000

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS, FOREST SERVICE

Appropriations to the Forest Service for the current fiscal year shall be available for: (a) purchase of not to exceed 252 passenger motor vehicles of which 13 will be used primarily for law enforcement purposes and of which 233 shall be for replacement only; acquisition of 161 passenger motor vehicles from excess sources, and hire of such vehicles; operation and maintenance of aircraft, the purchase of not to exceed 2 for replacement only, and acquisition of 43 aircraft from excess sources; notwithstanding other provisions of law, existing aircraft being replaced may be sold, with proceeds derived or trade-in value used to offset the purchase price for the replacement aircraft; (b) services pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed $100,000 for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109; (c) uniform allowances for each uniformed employee of the Forest Service, not in excess of $400 annually; (d) purchase, erection, and alteration of buildings and other public improvements (7 U.S.C. 2250); (e) acquisition of land, waters, and interests therein, pursuant to the Act of August 3, 1956 (7 U.S.C. 428a); (f) for expenses pursuant to the Volunteers in the National Forest Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 558a, 558d, 558a note); and (g) for debt collection contracts in accordance with 31 U.S.C. 3718(c).

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398–399).

None of the funds made available under this Act shall be obligated or expended to change the boundaries of any region, to abolish any region, to move or close any regional office for research, State and private forestry, or National Forest System administration of the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture, without the consent of the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry in the United States Senate and the Committee on Agriculture in the United States House of Representatives.

Any appropriations or funds available to the Forest Service may be advanced to the National Forest System appropriation for the emergency rehabilitation of burned-over lands under its jurisdiction. The Secretary of Agriculture may authorize the expenditure of any no year appropriation available to the Forest Service for emergency actions related to emergency flood repair needs at the Monongahela National Forest and at the Parsons, West Virginia, Research Laboratory: *Provided*, That funds made available for such emergency actions shall be available for the payment of obligations incurred during the preceding fiscal year and funds expended pursuant to this provision must be replenished by a supplemental appropriation which must be requested as promptly as possible.

Appropriations and funds available to the Forest Service shall be available to comply with the requirements of section 313(a) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1323(a)).

The appropriation structure for the Forest Service may not be altered without advance approval of the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations.

Funds appropriated to the Forest Service shall be available for assistance to or through the Agency for International Development and the Office of International Cooperation and Development in connection with forest and rangeland research, and technical information and assistance in foreign countries.

Funds previously appropriated for timber salvage sales may be recovered from receipts deposited for use by the applicable national forest and credited to the Forest Service Permanent Appropriations to be expended for timber salvage sales from any national forest: *Provided further*, That no less than $24,000,000 shall be made available to the Forest Service for obligation in fiscal year 1986 from the Timber Salvage Sale Fund appropriation.

Provisions of section 702(b) of the Department of Agriculture Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2257) shall apply to appropriations available to the Forest Service only to the extent that the proposed transfer is approved by the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations in compliance with the reprogramming procedures contained in House Report 97-942.

No funds appropriated to the Forest Service shall be transferred to the Working Capital Fund of the Department of Agriculture without the approval of the Chief of the Forest Service.

Not to exceed $900,000 shall be available from National Forest

System appropriations or permanent appropriations for the specific purpose of removing slash and cull logs from the Bull Run, Oregon, watershed to preserve water quality and reduce fire hazards.

None of the funds made available under this Act shall be obligated or expended to adjust annual recreational residence fees to an amount greater than that annual fee in effect at the time of the next to last fee adjustment, plus 50 per centum. In those cases where the currently applicable annual recreational residence fee exceeds that adjusted amount, the Forest Service shall credit to the permittee that excess amount, times the number of years that that fee has been in effect, to offset future fees owed to the Forest Service.

Current permit holders who acquired their recreational residence permit after the next to last fee adjustment shall have their annual permit fee computed as if they had their permit prior to the next to last fee adjustment, except that no permittee shall receive an unearned credit.

Notwithstanding any delegations of authority provided for in regulations of the Department of Agriculture or in the Forest Service manual, the Chief of the Forest Service shall, personally and without aid of mechanical devices or persons acting on his behalf, execute (1) all deeds conveying federally owned land which exceeds $250,000 in value, (2) all acceptances of options on lands to be acquired which exceed $250,000 in value, (3) all recommendations that condemnation be initiated, (4) all letters accepting donations of land, (5) all decisions on appeals of decisions related to land transactions made by regional foresters, and (6) land related transmittals to the House or Senate Committees on Appropriations, including all proposals for congressional action such as the acquisition of lands in excess of the approved appraised value, condemnation actions, and other items covered in reprogramming guidelines.

Funds available to the Forest Service shall be available to conduct a program of not less than $3,400,000 for high priority projects within the scope of the approved budget which shall be carried out by Youth Conservation Corps as if authorized by the Act of August 13, 1970, as amended by Public Law 93-408.

[*Total, Department of Agriculture,*[1,2] *$1,486,970,000.*]

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

ENERGY SECURITY RESERVE

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

Of the funds appropriated to the Energy Security Reserve by the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1980, (Public Law 96-126) and subsequently made available to carry out Part B of title I of the Energy Security Act (Public Law 96-294) by Public Laws 96-304, 96-514, and 98-473, the amounts available to the Board of Directors of the United States Synthetic Fuels Corporation and not obligated as of the date of enactment of this Act are rescinded, except that this rescission shall not apply to (1) funds made available for Clean Coal Technology by this Act; (2) such amounts as may be necessary to make payments for synthetic fuels projects or modules for which legally binding awards or commitments for financial assistance were entered into under title I of the Energy Security Act before the date of enactment of this Act; and (3) $10,000,000 to be used to terminate the Corporation in accordance with subtitle J of the Energy Security Act: *Provided,* That to the extent that the Secretary of the Treasury may be required to take an action under section 131(q) of the Energy Security Act in connec-

−$6,900,000,000 *(rescission)*

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398-399).

[2] Includes $3,988,000 in "indefinite" appropriations.

tion with such awards or commitments, the Secretary shall complete such action within 30 days of enactment of this Act: *Provided further,* That the limitation in Public Law 98-473 on the initial use of $5,700,000,000 of such funds only for obligation to synthetic fuel projects with Letters of Intent authorized by the Board of Directors of the United States Synthetic Fuels Corporation on or before June 1, 1984, is hereby repealed: *Provided further,* That of the funds in the Energy Security Reserve prior to the date of enactment of this Act $400,000,000 shall be available for the Clean Coal Technology Program in the Department of Energy authorized under the Clean Coal Technology Reserve proviso of Public Law 98-473 for the purpose of conducting cost-shared Clean Coal Technology projects for the construction and operation of facilities to demonstrate the feasibility for future commercial applications of such technology, to remain available until expended, of which $100,000,000 shall be immediately available; (2) an additional $150,000,000 shall be available beginning October 1, 1986; and (3) an additional $150,000,000 shall be available beginning October 1, 1987: *Provided further,* That the proviso in Public Law 98-473 depositing and retaining in the Clean Coal Technology Reserve $750,000,000 of funds in the Energy Security Reserve rescinded by said Act is amended so as to reduce the current amount of such deposited and retained funds to $350,000,000: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding section 191 of the Energy Security Act (Public Law 96-294), effective the date of enactment of this Act, the Board may not make any legally binding awards or commitments for financial assistance (including any changes in an existing award or commitment) pursuant to the Energy Security Act for synthetic fuel project proposals, except that nothing in this Act shall impair or alter the powers, duties, rights, obligations, privileges, or liabilities of the Corporation, its Board or Chairman, or project sponsors in the performance and completion of the terms and undertakings of a legally binding award or commitment entered into prior to the date of enactment of the Act: *Provided further,* That (1) within 60 days of enactment of this Act, the Directors of the Synthetic Fuels Corporation shall terminate their duties under the Energy Security Act and be discharged; and (2) within 120 days of enactment of this Act, the Corporation shall terminate in accordance with Subtitle J of said Act: *Provided further,* That within 60 days of enactment of this Act (or earlier, in the event of absence of a Chairman of the Synthetic Fuels Corporation) the Secretary of the Treasury shall assume the duties of the Chairman: *Provided further,* That, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the duties and responsibilities of the Secretary of the Treasury under Subtitle J of said Act or this Act may not be transferred to any other Federal department or agency: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding such termination, the Advisory Committee established under section 123 of the Energy Security Act (42 U.S.C. 8719) shall remain in effect to advise the Secretary of the Treasury regarding the administration of any contract or obligation of the Corporation pursuant to subtitle D of said Act: *Provided further,* That the Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall, before February 1, 1986, determine the amount of compensation rights which each Director, officer, or employee shall be legally entitled to under any contract in effect on the date of enactment of this Act: *Provided further,* That effective on the date of enactment of this Act, no change in any compensation or benefit in effect on the date of enactment of this Act shall be allowed or permitted, unless the Director of the Office of Personnel Management agrees that such change is reasonable: *Provided further,* That effective on the date of enactment of this Act, (1) no officer or employee of the Corporation shall receive a salary in excess of the rate of basic pay

[1]*$397,600,000 (by transfer)*

[1]*(99,400,000) (FY 1986)*

[1]*(149,100,000) (FY 1987)*

[1]*(149,100,000) (FY 1988)*

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398-399).

payable for level IV of the Executive Schedule under title 5 of the United States Code; and (2) the Corporation shall not waive any requirements in its By-Laws which are necessary for a Director, officer, or employee to qualify for pension or termination benefits under the By-Laws and written personnel policies and procedures in effect on the date of enactment of this Act: *Provided further*, That the Corporation, by September 15, 1986, shall transmit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and to the Committee on Energy and Commerce and Committee on Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs of the House of Representatives a report (1) containing a review of implementation of its Phase I Business Plan dated February 19, 1985 and (2) fulfilling the requirements of section 126(b)(3) of the Energy Security Act (42 U.S.C. 8722(c)(3)).

Of the funds available from the Energy Security Reserve to the Secretary of Energy for alcohol fuel loan guarantees under Public Law 96-304, as amended by Public Laws 96-514, 97-12 and 97-394, the Secretary shall provide a loan for odor abatement at an ethanol producing facility that has received financial assistance under title II of Public Law 96-294 and that was in operation on November 1, 1985: *Provided*, That—

(1) such loan shall not exceed 90 percent of the net cost of the odor abatement project and in no case shall the amount of such loan exceed $3,000,000,

(2) the Secretary shall not provide such loan until the Secretary has received satisfactory assurances that a non-Federal share in the amount of 10 percent of the net cost of the odor abatement project is available,

(3) payment of principal under the loan shall not be due until the repayment in full of permanent financing guaranteed by the Department of Energy for the construction of such ethanol producing facility,

(4) interest shall accrue immediately upon receipt of the loan and payment of interest shall be made at regular intervals established by the Secretary but not to exceed the current average rate of outstanding marketable obligations of the United States with comparable maturities,

(5) the Secretary shall not make such loan until the Secretary has received satisfactory assurances that any expenses of operating equipment installed using funds made available under this loan shall be paid by the New Energy Corporation of Indiana,

(6) principal and interest payments made under this loan shall be repaid into the Alcohol Fuels Loan Guarantee Reserve, and

(7) the Secretary shall establish such other terms and conditions as the Secretary considers appropriate.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY

Within 60 days following enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall, pursuant to the Federal Nonnuclear Energy Research and Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5901, et seq.), issue a general request for proposals for clean coal technology projects for which the Secretary of Energy upon review may provide financial assistance awards. Proposals for clean coal technology projects under this section shall be submitted to the Department of Energy within 60 days after issuance of the general request for proposals. The Secretary of Energy shall make any project selections no later than (1)

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[1] A total of $397,600,000 for "clean coal technology" provided by transfer from Department of the Treasury "energy security reserve" (see pp. 380-381).

August 1, 1986: *Provided,* That the Secretary may vest fee title or other property interests acquired under cost-shared clean coal technology agreements in any entity, including the United States: *Provided further,* That the Secretary shall not finance more than 50 per centum of the total costs of a project as estimated by the Secretary as of the date of award of financial assistance: *Provided further,* That cost-sharing by project sponsors is required in each of the design, construction, and operating phases proposed to be included in a project: *Provided further,* That financial assistance for costs in excess of those estimated as of the date of award of original financial assistance may not be provided in excess of the proportion of costs borne by the Government in the original agreement and only up to 25 per centum of the original financial assistance: *Provided further,* That revenues or royalties from prospective operation of projects beyond the time considered in the award of financial assistance, or proceeds from prospective sale of the assets of the project, or revenues or royalties from replication of technology in future projects or plants are not cost-sharing for the purposes of this appropriation: *Provided further,* That other appropriated Federal funds are not cost-sharing for the purposes of this appropriation: *Provided further,* That existing facilities, equipment, and supplies, or previously expended research or development funds are not cost-sharing for the purposes of this appropriation, except as amortized, depreciated, or expensed in normal business practice.

[*Total, Clean Coal Technology Reserve (by transfer),*[1] *($397,600,000).*]

FOSSIL ENERGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses in carrying out fossil energy research and development activities, under the authority of the Department of Energy Organization Act (Public Law 95-91), including the acquisition of interest, including defeasible and equitable interests in any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition or expansion, $312,848,000, to remain available until expended, of which $535,000 is for the functions of the Office of the Federal Inspector for the Alaska Natural Gas Transportation System established pursuant to the authority of Public Law 94-586 (90 Stat. 2908-2909), and $8,230,000 to be derived by transfer from unobligated balances in the "Fossil energy construction" account, $2,010,000 to be derived by transfer from the account entitled "Alternative fuels production", of which $200,000 is derived from Public Law 98-146 for a wood pellet gasifier facility, and $2,775,000 to be derived by transfer from amounts derived from fees for guarantees of obligations collected pursuant to section 19 of the Federal Nonnuclear Energy Research and Development Act of 1974, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5919), and deposited in the "Energy security reserve" established by Public Law 96-126: *Provided,* That no part of the sum herein made available shall be used for the field testing of nuclear explosives in the recovery of oil and gas: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds appropriated under this head in Public Law 97-394 for a Western Hemisphere alternative fuels facility feasibility study, which remain unobligated, shall be available for carrying out any fossil energy research and development activities: *Provided further,* That $15,000,000 of the sum provided under this heading shall be available for demonstration of the Kilngas coal gasification process, with the provision that the United States Treasury shall be repaid up to double the total Federal expenditure for such process from proceeds to the participants from the commercial sale, lease, manufacture, or use of such process.

[1] $310,971,000

13,015,000
(by transfer)

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398-399).

Of the funds herein provided, $29,000,000 is for implementation of the June, 1984 multiyear, cost-shared magnetohydrodynamics program targeted on proof-of-concept testing: *Provided further,* That 10 per centum private sector cash or in-kind contributions shall be required for obligations incurred in fiscal year 1986, 20 per centum private sector cash or in-kind contributions shall be required for obligations in fiscal year 1987, and for each subsequent fiscal year's obligations private sector contributions shall increase by 5 per centum over the life of the proof-of-concept plan: *Provided further,* That existing facilities, equipment, and supplies, or previously expended research or development funds are not cost-sharing for the purposes of this appropriation, except as amortized, depreciated, or expensed in normal business practice: *Provided further,* That cost-sharing shall not be required for the costs of constructing or operating government-owned facilities or for the costs of Government organizations, National Laboratories, or universities and such costs shall not be used in calculating the required percentage for private sector contributions: *Provided further,* That private sector contribution percentages need not be met on each contract but must be met in total for each fiscal year.

NAVAL PETROLEUM AND OIL SHALE RESERVES

For necessary expenses in carrying out naval petroleum and oil shale reserves activities, including the purchase of not to exceed 3 passenger motor vehicles, for replacement only, $13,668,000, to [1] $13,586,000
remain available until expended.

ENERGY CONSERVATION

For necessary expenses in carrying out energy conservation activities, $449,418,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* [1] 446,721,000
That pursuant to section 111(b)(1)(B) of the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 5821(b)(1)(B), of the amount appropriated under this head, $10,319,000 shall be available for a grant for basic industry research facilities located at Northwestern University without section 111(b)(2) of such Act being applicable: *Provided further,* That section 404 of Public Law 98–558 shall not be effective in any fiscal year in which the amount made available for low income weatherization assistance from appropriations under this head is less than 5 per centum above the amount made available in fiscal year 1985: *Provided further,* That $7,500,000 of the amount provided under this heading shall be available for a research and development initiative with the National Laboratories for new technologies up to proof-of-concept testing to increase significantly the energy efficiency of processes that produce steel: *Provided further,* That obligation of funds for these activities shall be contingent on an agreement to provide cash or in-kind contributions to the initiative or to other collaborative research and development activities related to the purpose of the initiative equal to 30 percent of the amount of Federal government obligations: *Provided further,* That existing facilities, equipment, and supplies, or previously expended research or development funds are not acceptable as contributions for the purposes of this appropriation, except as amortized, depreciated, or expensed in normal business practice: *Provided further,* That the total Federal expenditure under this proviso shall be repaid up to one and one-half times from the proceeds of the commercial sale, lease, manufacture, or use of technologies developed under this proviso, at a rate of one-fourth of all net proceeds.

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398-399).

ECONOMIC REGULATION

For necessary expenses in carrying out the activities of the Economic Regulatory Administration and the Office of Hearings and Appeals, $24,623,000. [1]$24,475,000

EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS

For necessary expenses in carrying out emergency preparedness activities, $6,044,000. [1]6,008,000

STRATEGIC PETROLEUM RESERVE

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 151 through 166 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act of 1975 (Public Law 94-163), $113,043,000, to remain available until expended. [1]112,365,000

SPR PETROLEUM ACCOUNT

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Agriculture, at the request of the Secretary of Energy, may exchange agricultural products owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation for crude oil to be delivered to the Strategic Petroleum Reserve: *Provided,* That the Secretary of Energy shall approve the quantity, quality, delivery method, scheduling, market value and other aspects of the exchange of such agricultural products: *Provided further,* That if the volume of agricultural products to be exchanged has a value in excess of the market value of the crude oil acquired by such exchange, then the Secretary of Agriculture shall require as part of the terms and conditions of the exchange that the party or entity providing such crude oil shall agree to purchase, within six months following the exchange, current crop commodities or value-added food products from United States producers or processors in an amount equal to at least one-half the difference between the value of the commodities received in exchange and the market value of the crude oil acquired for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

ENERGY INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION

For necessary expenses in carrying out the activities of the Energy Information Administration, $60,682,000. [1]60,318,000

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Appropriations under this Act for the current fiscal year shall be available for hire of passenger motor vehicles; hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms; and reimbursement to the General Services Administration for security guard services.

From appropriations under this Act, transfers of sums may be made to other agencies of the Government for the performance of work for which the appropriation is made.

None of the funds made available to the Department of Energy under this Act shall be used to implement or finance authorized price support or loan guarantee programs unless specific provision is made for such programs in an appropriations Act.

The Secretary is authorized to accept lands, buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public and private sources and to prosecute projects in cooperation with other agencies, Federal,

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398–399).

State, private, or foreign: *Provided,* That revenues and other moneys received by or for the account of the Department of Energy or otherwise generated by sale of products in connection with projects of the Department appropriated under this Act may be retained by the Secretary of Energy, to be available until expended, and used only for plant construction, operation, costs, and payments to cost-sharing entities as provided in appropriate cost-sharing contracts or agreements: *Provided further,* That the remainder of revenues after the making of such payments shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts: *Provided further,* That any contract, agreement or provision thereof entered into by the Secretary pursuant to this authority shall not be executed prior to the expiration of 30 calendar days (not including any day in which either House of Congress is not in session because of adjournment of more than three calendar days to a day certain) from the receipt by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate of a full and comprehensive report on such project, including the facts and circumstances relied upon in support of the proposed project.

The Secretary of Energy may transfer to the Emergency Preparedness appropriation such funds as are necessary to meet any unforeseen emergency needs from any funds available to the Department of Energy from this Act.

The reporting requirement established by the last paragraph under the heading "Department of Energy Alternative Fuels Production" in an Act making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1980 (42 U.S.C. 5915 note; Public Law 96-126), is hereby repealed.

[*Total, Department of Energy,*[1] *$974,444,000.*]

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

INDIAN HEALTH SERVICES

For expenses necessary to carry out the Act of August 5, 1954 (68 Stat. 674), the Indian Self-Determination Act, the Indian Health Care Improvement Act, and titles III and V and section 338G of the Public Health Service Act with respect to the Indian Health Service, including hire of passenger motor vehicles and aircraft; purchase of reprints; purchase and erection of portable buildings; payments for telephone service in private residences in the field, when authorized under regulations approved by the Secretary, $823,133,000: *Provided,* [1] $818,194,000 That funds made available to tribes and tribal organizations through grants and contracts authorized by the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act of 1975 (88 Stat. 2203; 25 U.S.C. 450), shall remain available until September 30, 1987. Funds provided in this Act may be used for one-year contracts and grants which are to be performed in two fiscal years, so long as the total obligation is recorded in the year for which the funds are appropriated: *Provided further,* That the amounts collected by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under the authority of title IV of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act shall be available until September 30, 1987, for the purpose of achieving compliance with the applicable conditions and requirements of titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act (exclusive of planning, design, construction of new facilities, or major renovation of existing Indian Health Service facilities): *Provided further,* That funding contained herein, and in any earlier appropriations Acts, for scholarship programs under section 103 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act and section 338G of the Public Health Service Act with respect to the Indian Health Service shall remain available for expenditure until September 30, 1987.

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398-399).

INDIAN HEALTH FACILITIES

For construction, major repair, improvement, and equipment of health and related auxiliary facilities, including quarters for personnel; preparation of plans, specifications, and drawings; acquisition of sites, purchase and erection of portable buildings, purchases of trailers and for provision of domestic and community sanitation facilities for Indians, as authorized by section 7 of the Act of August 5, 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2004a), the Indian Self-Determination Act and the Indian Health Care Improvement Act, $46,947,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That the Rosebud, South Dakota, hospital shall be designed and constructed with a capacity of 35 beds.

[1] $46,665,000

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE

Appropriations in this Act to the Indian Health Service, available for salaries and expenses, shall be available for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109 but at rates not to exceed the per diem equivalent to the rate for GS–18, and for uniforms or allowances therefor as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901–5902), and for expenses of attendance at meetings which are concerned with the functions or activities for which the appropriation is made or which will contribute to improved conduct, supervision, or management of those functions or activities: *Provided,* That none of the funds appropriated under this Act to the Indian Health Service shall be available for the initial lease of permanent structures without advance provision therefor in appropriations Acts: *Provided further,* That non-Indian patients may be extended health care at all Indian Health Service facilities, if such care can be extended without impairing the ability of the Indian Health Service to fulfill its responsibility to provide health care to Indians served by such facilities and subject to such reasonable charges as the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall prescribe, the proceeds of which shall be deposited in the fund established by sections 401 and 402 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act: *Provided further,* That funds appropriated to the Indian Health Service in this Act, except those used for administrative and program direction purposes, shall not be subject to limitations directed at curtailing Federal travel and transportation: *Provided further,* That with the exception of service units which currently have a billing policy, the Indian Health Service shall not initiate any further action to bill Indians in order to collect from third-party payers nor to charge those Indians who may have the economic means to pay unless and until such time as Congress has agreed upon a specific policy to do so and has directed the Indian Health Service to implement such a policy: *Provided further,* That notwithstanding any other provision of law, to satisfy the outstanding judgment against the Seattle Indian

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398–399).

Health Board resulting from termination of its occupancy of the Kobe Park building in Seattle, Washington, $180,000 shall be provided from the unobligated balance available to the Indian Health Service from prior years' appropriations. Such payment shall be made only if the owners of the Kobe Park Building Company accept the sum named as full satisfaction for current or future claims against the Seattle Indian Health Board and the individual members of the Board.

[Total, Department of Health and Human Services,[1] *$864,859,000.]*

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

INDIAN EDUCATION

For necessary expenses to carry out, to the extent not otherwise provided, the Indian Education Act, $67,476,000 of which $50,323,000 shall be for part A and $14,820,000 shall be for parts B and C: *Provided,* That the amounts available pursuant to section 423 of the Act shall remain available for obligation until September 30, 1987.

[1] $67,071,000

OTHER RELATED AGENCIES

NAVAJO AND HOPI INDIAN RELOCATION COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation Commission as authorized by Public Law 93-531, $22,491,000 to remain available until expended, for operating expenses of the Commission: *Provided,* That notwithstanding any regulation to the contrary, the Commission shall notify the Secretary of the Interior by January 1, 1986, of those eligible relocatees who, as of November 30, 1985, were physically domiciled on the lands partitioned to the Hopi Tribe, who had applied by November 30, 1985, for relocation to the lands which are subject to section 11(h) of the Act of December 22, 1974, as amended (25 U.S.C. 640d-10(h)): *Provided further,* That the Commission shall notify the Secretary of the Interior by January 1, 1986, of those eligible relocatees who, as of November 30, 1985, were physically domiciled on the lands partitioned to the Hopi Tribe, who by November 30, 1985, had not selected a site for relocation and those eligible relocatees shall be designated for relocation to the lands which are subject to section 11(h) of the Act of December 22, 1974, as amended (25 U.S.C. 640d-10(h)): *Provided further,* That none of the funds contained in this or any other Act may be used to evict any Navajo houshold who, as of November 30, 1985, is physically domiciled on the lands partitioned to the Hopi Tribe until such time as a new or replacement home is available for such household.

[1] 22,356,000

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Smithsonian Institution, including research in the fields of art, science, and history; development, preservation, and documentation of the National Collections; presentation of public exhibits and performances; collection,

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398-399).

preparation, dissemination, and exchange of information and publications; conduct of education, training, and museum assistance programs; maintenance, alteration, operation, lease (for terms not to exceed ten years), and protection of buildings, facilities, and approaches; not to exceed $100,000 for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; up to 5 replacement passenger vehicles; purchase, rental, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for employees; $178,063,000 including not less than $777,000 to carry out the provisions of the National Museum Act, $175,000 to be made available to the trustees of the John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts for payment to the National Symphony Orchestra and $175,000 for payment to the Washington Opera Society for activities related to their responsibilities as resident entities of the Center, and such funds as may be necessary to support American overseas research centers: *Provided*, That funds appropriated herein are available for advance payments to independent contractors performing research services or participating in official Smithsonian presentations: *Provided further*, That none of these funds shall be available to a Smithsonian Research Foundation. [1]$176,995,000

MUSEUM PROGRAMS AND RELATED RESEARCH

(SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For payments in foreign currencies which the Treasury Department shall determine to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States, for necessary expenses for carrying out museum programs, scientific and cultural research, and related educational activities, as authorized by law, $2,500,000, to remain available until expended and to be available only to United States institutions: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall be available, in addition to other appropriations to the Smithsonian Institution, for payments in the foregoing currencies: *Provided further*, That none of these funds shall be available to a Smithsonian Research Foundation: *Provided further*, That not to exceed $500,000 may be used to make grant awards to employees of the Smithsonian Institution. [1]2,485,000

CONSTRUCTION AND IMPROVEMENTS, NATIONAL ZOOLOGICAL PARK

For necessary expenses of planning, construction, remodeling, and equipping of buildings and facilities at the National Zoological Park, by contract or otherwise, $5,551,000, to remain available until expended. [1]5,518,000

RESTORATION AND RENOVATION OF BUILDINGS

For necessary expenses of restoration and renovation of buildings owned or occupied by the Smithsonian Institution, by contract or otherwise, as authorized by section 2 of the Act of August 22, 1949 (63 Stat. 623), including not to exceed $10,000 for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, $11,075,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That contracts awarded for environmental systems, protection systems, and exterior repair or renovation of buildings of the Smithsonian Institution may be negotiated with selected contractors and awarded on the basis of contractor qualifications as well as price. [1]11,009,000

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398–399).

CONSTRUCTION

For necessary expenses to construct, equip, and furnish the Center for African, Near Eastern, and Asian Cultures in the area south of the original Smithsonian Institution Building, $4,000,000, to remain available until expended. [1] $3,976,000

[*Subtotal, Smithsonian Institution,* [1] *$199,983,000.*]

NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For the upkeep and operations of the National Gallery of Art, the protection and care of the works of art therein, and administrative expenses incident thereto, as authorized by the Act of March 24, 1937 (50 Stat. 51), as amended by the public resolution of April 13, 1939 (Public Resolution 9, Seventy-sixth Congress), including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; payment in advance when authorized by the treasurer of the Gallery for membership in library, museum, and art associations or societies whose publications or services are available to members only, or to members at a price lower than to the general public; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for guards, and uniforms, or allowances therefor, for other employees as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902); purchase, or rental of devices and services for protecting buildings and contents thereof, and maintenance, alteration, improvement, and repair of buildings, approaches, and grounds; and purchase of services for restoration and repair of works of art for the National Gallery of Art by contracts made, without advertising, with individuals, firms, or organizations at such rates or prices and under such terms and conditions as the Gallery may deem proper, $33,754,000, of which not to exceed $2,200,000 for the special exhibition program shall remain available until expended. [1]33,551,000

REPAIR, RESTORATION AND RENOVATION OF BUILDINGS

For necessary expenses of repair, restoration and renovation of buildings, grounds and facilities owned or occupied by the National Gallery of Art, by contract or otherwise, as authorized, $3,300,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That contracts awarded for environmental systems, protection systems, and exterior repair or renovation of buildings of the National Gallery of Art may be negotiated with selected contractors and awarded on the basis of contractor qualifications as well as price. [1]3,280,000

[*Total, National Gallery of Art,* [1]*$36,831,000.*]

WOODROW WILSON INTERNATIONAL CENTER FOR SCHOLARS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary in carrying out the provisions of the Woodrow Wilson Memorial Act of 1968 (82 Stat. 1356), including hire of passenger vehicles and services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, $3,392,000. [1]3,372,000

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398-399).

ENDOWMENT CHALLENGE FUND

For the purpose of an endowment challenge fund for the Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars, $1,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1988: *Provided*, That such sums shall become available only to the extent matched on a three-to-one basis by private funds: *Provided further*, That these funds may be invested in securities approved by the Board of Trustees and the income from such investments may be used to support programs of the Center deemed appropriate by the Trustees and by the Director of the Center. [1]$994,000

[*Total, Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars,* [1]*$4,366,000.*]

[*Total, Smithsonian Institution,* [1]*$241,180,000.*]

NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES

NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE ARTS

GRANTS AND ADMINISTRATION

For necessary expenses to carry out the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965, as amended, $137,260,000, of which $121,678,000 shall be available to the National Endowment for the Arts for the support of projects and productions in the arts through assistance to groups and individuals pursuant to section 5(c) of the Act, of which not less than 20 per centum of the funds provided for section 5(c) shall be available for assistance pursuant to section 5(g) of the Act, and $15,582,000 shall be available for administering the functions of the Act. [1]136,437,000

MATCHING GRANTS

To carry out the provisions of section 10(a)(2) of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965, as amended, $29,400,000, to remain available until September 30, 1987, to the National Endowment for the Arts, of which $20,580,000 shall be available for purposes of section 5(1): *Provided*, That this appropriation shall be available for obligation only in such amounts as may be equal to the total amounts of gifts, bequests, and devises of money, and other property accepted by the Chairman or by grantees of the Endowment under the provisions of section 10(a)(2), subsections 11(a)(2)(A) and 11(a)(3)(A) during the current and preceding fiscal years for which equal amounts have not previously been appropriated. [1]29,224,000

[*Total, National Endowment for the Arts,* [1]*$165,661,000.*]

ARTS AND ARTIFACTS INDEMNITY FUND

For payment of certified claims for losses or damages pursuant to the Arts and Artifacts Indemnity Act of 1975, $300,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That such funds shall be available to the National Endowment for the Arts for obligation only for claims for losses or damages which the Federal Council on the Arts and Humanities has certified as valid and reported to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President pro tempore of the Senate, as provided by the Act. [1]298,000

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398–399).

NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES

GRANTS AND ADMINISTRATION

For necessary expenses to carry out the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965, as amended, $110,818,000, [1]$110,153,000 **of which $96,618,000 shall be available to the National Endowment for the Humanities for support of activities in the humanities, pursuant to section 7(c) of the Act, of which not less than 20 per centum shall be available for assistance pursuant to section 7(f) of the Act, and $14,200,000 shall be available for administering the functions of the Act.**

MATCHING GRANTS

To carry out the provisions of section 10(a)(2) of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965, as amended, $28,660,000, to remain available until September 30, 1987, [1]28,488,000 of which $17,000,000 shall be available to the National Endowment for the Humanities for the purposes of section 7(h): *Provided*, That this appropriation shall be available for obligation only in such amounts as may be equal to the total amounts of gifts, bequests, and devises of money, and other property accepted by the Chairman or by grantees of the Endowment under the provisions of subsections 11(a)(2)(B) and 11(a)(3)(B) during the current and preceding fiscal years for which equal amounts have not previously been appropriated.

[*Total, National Endowment for the Humanities, [1]$138,641,000.*]

NATIONAL CAPITAL ARTS AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS

There is hereby authorized a program to support artistic and cultural programs in the Nation's Capital to be established under the direction of the National Endowment for the Humanities. Not to exceed $5,000,000 annually is authorized to provide grants for general operating support to eligible organizations located in the District of Columbia which are engaged primarily in performing, exhibiting and/or presenting arts.

Eligibility for grants shall be limited to not-for-profit, nonacademic institutions of demonstrated national repute and is further limited to organizations having an annual operating budget in excess of $1,000,000 for each of the three years prior to receipt of a grant. The following organizations are deemed eligible to receive grants under this section: Folger Theater, Corcoran Gallery of Art, Phillips Gallery, Arena Stage, the National Building Museum, the National Capital Children's Museum, the National Symphony Orchestra, the Washington Opera Society, and Ford's Theater.

The Chairman of the National Endowment for the Humanities shall establish an application process and shall, along with the Chairman of the National Endowment for the Arts and the Chairman of the Commission on Fine Arts determine the eligibility of applicant organizations in addition to those herein named.

Of the funds provided for grants, 70 per centum shall be equally distributed among all qualifying organizations and 30 per centum shall be distributed based on the size of an organization's total operating budget compared to the combined total of the operating budgets of all eligible institutions. No organization shall receive a grant in excess of $500,000 in a single year.

An application process shall be established no later than March 1, 1986, and initial grants shall be awarded no later than June 1, 1986.

There is hereby appropriated $2,000,000, to remain available until [1]1,988,000 **expended, to carry out the provisions of this section.**

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398–399).

Institute of Museum Services

GRANTS AND ADMINISTRATION

For carrying out title II of the Arts, Humanities, and Cultural Affairs Act of 1976, as amended, $21,523,000: *Provided,* That none of these funds shall be available for the compensation of Executive Level V or higher positions. [1]$21,394,000

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

None of the funds appropriated to the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities may be used to process any grant or contract documents which do not include the text of 18 U.S.C. 1913: *Provided,* That none of the funds appropriated to the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities may be used for official reception and representation expenses.

[*Total, National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities,* [1]*$327,982,000.*]

Commission of Fine Arts

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses made necessary by the Act establishing a Commission of Fine Arts (40 U.S.C. 104), $382,000. [1]380,000

Advisory Council on Historic Preservation

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses made necessary by the Act establishing an Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, Public Law 89-665, as amended, $1,585,000: *Provided,* That none of these funds shall be available for the compensation of Executive Level V or higher positions. [1]1,575,000

National Capital Planning Commission

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, as authorized by the National Capital Planning Act of 1952 (40 U.S.C. 71-71i), including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, $2,712,000. [1]2,696,000

Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial Commission

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial Commission, established by the Act of August 11, 1955 (69 Stat. 694), as amended by Public Law 92-332 (86 Stat. 401), $21,000, to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1987. 21,000

Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, as authorized by section 17(a) of Public Law 92-578, as amended, $2,329,000 for operating and administrative expenses of the Corporation. [1]2,315,000

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398-399).

PUBLIC DEVELOPMENT

For public development activities and projects in accordance with the development plan as authorized by section 17(b) of Public Law 92-578, as amended, $3,250,000, to remain available for obligation until expended. [1]$3,230,000

[*Total, Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation,* [1]*$5,545,000.*]

UNITED STATES HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL COUNCIL

HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL COUNCIL

For expenses of the Holocaust Memorial Council, as authorized by Public Law 96-388, $2,125,000: [1]2,112,000 *Provided,* That persons other than members of the United States Holocaust Memorial Council may be designated as members of committees associated with the United States Holocaust Memorial Council subject to appointment by the Chairman of the Council: *Provided further,* That any persons so designated shall serve without cost to the Federal Government.

[*Total, title II, Related Agencies:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority (net).*	[1, 2] *−$2,902,809,000.*]
[*Appropriations*	[1, 2] *3,997,191,000.*]
[*Rescission*	*−6,900,000,000.*]
[*Timber receipts transfer to general fund (indefinite)*	*−102,765,000.*]
[*By transfer*	*410,615,000.*]

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 301. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive Order issued pursuant to existing law.

SEC. 302. No part of any appropriation under this Act shall be available to the Secretaries of the Interior and Agriculture for use for any sale hereafter made of unprocessed timber from Federal lands west of the 100th meridian in the contiguous 48 States which will be exported from the United States, or which will be used as a substitute for timber from private lands which is exported by the purchaser: *Provided,* That this limitation shall not apply to specific quantities of grades and species of timber which said Secretaries determine are surplus to domestic lumber and plywood manufacturing needs.

SEC. 303. No part of any appropriation under this Act shall be available to the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of Agriculture for the leasing of oil and natural gas by noncompetitive bidding on publicly owned lands within the boundaries of the Shawnee National Forest, Illinois: *Provided,* That nothing herein is intended to inhibit or otherwise affect the sale, lease, or right to access to minerals owned by private individuals.

SEC. 304. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for any activity or the publication or distribution of literature that in any way tends to promote public support or opposition to any legislative proposal on which congressional action is not complete.

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398–399).

[2] Includes $3,988,000 in "indefinite" appropriations.

SEC. 305. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

SEC. 306. None of the funds provided in this Act to any department or agency shall be obligated or expended to provide a personal cook, chauffeur, or other personal servants to any officer or employee of such department or agency.

SEC. 307. Except for lands described by sections 105 and 106 of Public Law 96-560, section 103 of Public Law 96-550, section 5(d)(1) of Public Law 96-312, and except for land in the State of Alaska, and lands in the national forest system released to management for any use the Secretary of Agriculture deems appropriate through the land management planning process by any statement or other Act of Congress designating components of the National Wilderness Preservation System now in effect or hereinafter enacted, and except to carry out the obligations and responsibilities of the Secretary of the Interior under section 17(k)(1) (A) and (B) of the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920 (30 U.S.C. 226), none of the funds provided in this Act shall be obligated for any aspect of the processing or issuance of permits or leases pertaining to exploration for or development of coal, oil, gas, oil shale, phosphate, potassium, sulphur, gilsonite, or geothermal resources on Federal lands within any component of the National Wilderness Preservation System or within any Forest Service RARE II areas recommended for wilderness designation or allocated to further planning in Executive Communication 1504, Ninety-sixth Congress (House Document numbered 96-119); or within any lands designated by Congress as wilderness study areas or within Bureau of Land Management wilderness study areas: *Provided,* That nothing in this section shall prohibit the expenditure of funds for any aspect of the processing or issuance of permits pertaining to exploration for or development of the mineral resources described in this section, within any component of the National Wilderness Preservation System now in effect or hereinafter enacted, any Forest Service RARE II areas recommended for wilderness designation or allocated to further planning, within any lands designated by Congress as wilderness study areas, or Bureau of Land Management wilderness study areas, under valid existing rights, or leases validly issued in accordance with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws or valid mineral rights in existence prior to October 1, 1982: *Provided further,* That funds provided in this Act may be used by the Secretary of Agriculture in any area of National Forest lands or the Secretary of the Interior to issue under their existing authority in any area of National Forest or public lands withdrawn pursuant to this Act such permits as may be necessary to conduct prospecting, seismic surveys, and core sampling conducted by helicopter or other means not requiring construction of roads or improvement of existing roads or ways, for the purpose of gathering information about and inventorying energy, mineral, and other resource values of such area, if such activity is carried out in a manner compatible with the preservation of the wilderness environment: *Provided further,* That seismic activities involving the use of explosives shall not be permitted in designated wilderness areas: *Provided further,* That funds provided in this Act may be used by the Secretary of the Interior to augment recurring surveys of the mineral values of wilderness areas pursuant to section 4(d)(2) of the Wilderness Act and acquire information on other national forest and public land areas withdrawn pursuant to this Act, by conducting in conjunction with the Secretary of Energy, the National Laboratories, or other Federal agencies, as appropriate, such mineral inventories of areas withdrawn pursuant to this Act as he deems appropriate. These inventories shall be conducted in a manner compatible with the preservation of the wilderness environment through the use of methods including core sampling conducted by helicopter; geophysical techniques such as induced polarization, synthetic aperture radar, magnetic and gravity surveys; geochemical techniques including stream sediment reconnaissance and x-ray diffraction analysis; land satellites; or any other methods he deems appropriate. The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to conduct inventories or segments of inventories, such as data analysis activities, by contract with private entities deemed by him to be qualified to engage in such activities whenever he has determined that such contracts would decrease Federal expenditures and would produce comparable or superior results: *Provided further,* That in carrying out any such inventory or surveys, where National Forest System lands are involved, the Secretary of the Interior shall consult with the Secretary of Agriculture concerning any activities affecting surface resources: *Provided further,* That funds provided in this Act may be used by the Secretary of the Interior to issue oil and gas leases for the subsurface of any lands designated by Congress as wilderness study areas, that are immediately adjacent to producing oil and gas fields or areas that are prospectively valuable. Such leases shall allow no surface occupancy and may be entered only by directional drilling from outside the wilderness study area or other nonsurface disturbing methods.

SEC. 308. None of the funds provided in this Act shall be used to evaluate, consider, process, or award oil, gas, or geothermal leases on Federal lands in the Mount Baker-Snoqualmie National Forest, State of Washington, within the hydrographic boundaries of the Cedar River municipal watershed upstream of river mile 21.6, the Green River municipal watershed upstream of river mile 61.0, the North Fork of the Tolt River proposed municipal watershed upstream of river mile 11.7, and the South Fork Tolt River municipal watershed upstream of river mile 8.4.

SEC. 309. No assessments may be levied against any program, budget activity, subactivity, or project funded by this Act unless such assessments and the basis therefor are presented to the Committees on Appropriations and are approved by such committees.

SEC. 310. Employment funded by this Act shall not be subject to any personnel ceiling or other personnel restriction for permanent or other than permanent employment except as provided by law.

SEC. 311. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Energy, and the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, are authorized to enter into contracts with State and local governmental entities, including local fire districts, for procurement of services in the presuppression, detection, and suppression of fires on any units within their jurisdiction.

SEC. 312. None of the funds provided by this Act to the United States Fish and Wildlife Service may be obligated or expended to plan for, conduct, or supervise deer hunting on the Loxahatchee National Wildlife Refuge.

SEC. 313. No funds appropriated by this Act shall be available for the implementation or enforcement of any rule or regulation of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior, requiring the use of steel shot in connection with the hunting of waterfowl in any State of the United States unless the appropriate State regulatory authority approves such implementation.

SEC. 314. None of the funds provided in this Act may be used to establish new grizzly bear populations in any unit of the National Park System or the National Forest System where no verified grizzly bear population currently exists. None of the funds provided in this Act may be used for augmentation in occupied areas of grizzly bear habitat unless an augmentation plan has been developed and made available for public review and comment in full compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act by all participating federal agencies: *Provided*, That it is not intended to prohibit the preparation of proposals to augment existing grizzly bear populations in occupied grizzly bear habitat: *Provided further*, That such augmentation may be conducted only with funds specifically identified for such purpose in an agency budget justification and subsequently approved in a report accompanying an appropriation bill making appropriations for that agency, or with funds provided for through reprogramming procedures: *Provided further*, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, agencies included in this Act are authorized to reimburse permittees for such reasonable expenses as may be incurred as a result of moving permitted animals from one location to another, as may be required by the permitting agency, in order to prevent harassment and attacks by grizzly bears. Such expenses are to be determined by the agency responsible for the permitted action.

SEC. 315. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, section 8336(j)(3)(A) of title 5, United States Code is amended by striking "5 years" and inserting in lieu thereof "10 years".

SEC. 316. Section 317 of title III of the Act of December 30, 1982 (96 Stat. 1966), is amended by deleting the words "but before December 31, 1985".

SEC. 317. Funds available to the Department of the Interior and the Forest Service in fiscal year 1986 for the purpose of contracting for services that require the utilization of privately owned aircraft for the carriage of cargo or freight shall be used only to contract for aircraft that are certified as air-worthy by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration as standard category aircraft under 14 CFR 21.183 unless the Secretary of the contracting department determines that such aircraft are not reasonably available to conduct such services.

SEC. 318. None of the funds made available to the Department of the Interior or the Forest Service during fiscal year 1986 by this or any other Act may be used to implement the proposed jurisdictional interchange program until enactment of legislation which authorizes the jurisdictional interchange.

SEC. 319. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any lease for those Federal lands within the Gallatin and Flathead National Forests which were affected by case CV-82-42-BU of the United States District Court for the District of Montana, Butte Division, for which the Secretary has directed or assented to the suspension of operations and production pursuant to section 39 of the Act of February 25, 1920 (30 U.S.C. 184) shall be excepted from the limits on aggregate acreage set out in that Act: *Provided*, That any person, association or corporation receiving relief under this section shall bring its aggregate acreage into compliance with the provisions of the Act of February 25, 1920 (30 U.S.C. 184) within six months from the date the suspension of operation and production ends.

SEC. 320. The provisions of section 2(a)(2)(A) of the Mineral Lands Leasing Act of 1920 (41 Stat. 437), as amended by section 3 of the Federal Coal Leasing Amendments Act of 1976 (90 Stat. 1083) shall not take effect until December 31, 1986.

SEC. 321. (a) None of the funds available to the Bureau of Indian Affairs for the construction of housing on lands acquired pursuant to section 11 of Public Law 93-531, as amended, shall be expended until a report is submitted to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations detailing the proposed uses of such funds on the lands acquired pursuant to section 11 of Public Law 93-531.

(b) In addition to plans for housing, the report shall include a description of other services intended to be provided including, but not limited to, water, sewers, roads, schools, and health facilities. If such services are not to be provided the report shall describe alternative services available. The report shall further identify the proposed sites to which households will be relocated, including the distance from the Joint Use Area to such sites. This report shall be submitted no later than February 15, 1986, by the Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation Commission and shall include the views of the Secretary of the Interior on the provision of housing and roads on the new lands.

SEC. 322. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the limitation placed on the Secretary of the Interior by the last sentence of section 319 of "An Act making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985, and for other purposes", as enacted into law by Public Law 98-473 (98 Stat. 1837), shall remain in effect until Congress determines otherwise.

SEC. 323. The Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Bureau of Indian Affairs and in consultation and cooperation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Secretary of Education, shall develop and begin implementation of a program which provides instruction in health promotion and disease prevention to juvenile Indians enrolled in schools operated by, or on behalf of, the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

SEC. 324. Public Law 96-388, as amended (36 U.S.C. 1401 et seq.), is further amended as follows:

(1) The first sentence of section 36 U.S.C. 1401 is amended to read: "There is hereby established as an independent Federal establishment the United States Holocaust Memorial Council (hereinafter in this chapter referred to as the 'Council').";

(2) 36 U.S.C. 1407 is amended by adding the word "invest," after the word "administer," in the first sentence, and by adding the following new sentence as the penultimate sentence: "Funds donated to and accepted by the Council pursuant to this section are not to be regarded as appropriated funds and are not subject to any requirements or restrictions applicable to appropriated funds."; and

(3) By adding the following new sections at the end of 36 U.S.C. 1408:

"REPORT TO THE CONGRESS

"The Executive Director shall make a full report annually to the Congress of his stewardship of the authority to construct, operate, and maintain the Holocaust Museum, including an accounting of all financial transactions involving donated funds.

"AUDIT BY THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL; ACCESS TO RECORDS

"Financial transactions of the Council, including those involving donated funds, shall be audited by the Comptroller General as requested by the Congress, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. In conducting any audit pursuant to this section, appropriate representatives of the Comptroller General shall have access to all books, accounts, financial records, reports, files and other papers, items or property in use by the Council, as necessary to facilitate such audit, and such representatives shall be afforded full facilities for verifying transactions with the balances.".

SEC. 325. Each amount of budget authority provided in this Act, or made available in the Energy Security Reserve for the Clean Coal Technology Program, for payments not required by law, is hereby

reduced by 0.6 per centum: *Provided*, That such reductions shall be applied ratably to each account, program, activity, and project provided for in this Act.

[*Total, Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations, 1986:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority (net)*	[1,2]*$1,197,621,000.*]
[*Appropriations*	[1,2]*8,097,621,000.*]
[*Rescission*	*–6,900,000,000.*]
[*Liquidation of contract authority*	*10,300,000.*]
[*Limitation on direct loans*	*16,300,000.*]
[*Timber receipts transfer to general fund, indefinite*	*–102,765,000.*]
[*By transfer*	*410,615,000.*]

(e) Such amounts as may be necessary for projects or activities provided for in the Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1986, at a rate for operations and to the extent and in the manner provided for in the following Act; this subsection shall be effective as if it had been enacted into law as the regular appropriations Act:

(Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1986)

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Department of Transportation and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Secretary of Transportation, including not to exceed $30,000 for allocation within the Department of official reception and representation expenses as the Secretary may determine, $51,300,000, together with $500,000 of the unobligated balances available under this head at the beginning of fiscal year 1986, and of which $3,500,000 shall remain available until expended and shall be available for the purposes of the Minority Business Resource Center as authorized by 49 U.S.C. 332: *Provided*, That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds available for the purposes of the Minority Business Resource Center in this or any other Act may be used for business opportunities related to any mode of transportation.

$51,300,000

Transportation Planning, Research, and Development

For necessary expenses for conducting transportation planning, research, and development activities, including the collection of national transportation statistics, and university research and internships, to remain available until expended, $3,500,000.

3,500,000

Working Capital Fund

Necessary expenses for operating costs and capital outlays of the Department of Transportation Working Capital Fund not to exceed $64,500,000 shall be paid, in accordance with law, from appropriations made available by this Act and prior appropriation Acts to the Department of Transportation, together with advances and reimbursements received by the Department of Transportation.

64,500,000 (limitation on working capital fund)

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[1] Extended figures and subtotals reflect 0.6 percent reduction provided in section 325 of this act (see pp. 398–399).

[2] Includes $18,134,000 in "indefinite" appropriations.

PAYMENTS TO AIR CARRIERS

For payments to air carriers of so much of the compensation fixed and determined under section 419 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1389), as is payable by the Department of Transportation, $28,000,000, to remain available until expended. $28,000,000

[*Total, Office of the Secretary, $82,800,000.*]

COAST GUARD

OPERATING EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses for the operation and maintenance of the Coast Guard, not otherwise provided for; purchase of not to exceed eight passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; and recreation and welfare, $1,652,000,000, of which $10,000,000 shall be derived from unobligated balances of "Pollution fund" and of which $15,000,000 shall be expended from the Boat Safety Account: *Provided,* That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, of the funds available under this head $789,800,000 shall be available for compensation and benefits of military personnel: *Provided further,* That, of the funds available under this head, not less than $328,000,000 shall be available for drug enforcement activities: *Provided further,* That the number of aircraft on hand at any one time shall not exceed two hundred and ten, exclusive of planes and parts stored to meet future attrition: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated in this or any other Act shall be available for pay or administrative expenses in connection with shipping commissioners in the United States: *Provided further,* That none of the funds provided in this Act shall be available for expenses incurred for yacht documentation under 46 U.S.C. 103 except to the extent fees are collected from yacht owners and credited to this appropriation.

1,642,000,000
10,000,000
(by transfer)

ACQUISITION, CONSTRUCTION, AND IMPROVEMENTS

For necessary expenses of acquisition, construction, rebuilding, and improvement of aids to navigation, shore facilities, vessels, and aircraft, including equipment related thereto; to remain available until September 30, 1990, $217,300,000: *Provided,* That the Secretary of Transportation shall issue regulations requiring that written warranties shall be included in all contracts with prime contractors for major systems acquisitions of the Coast Guard: *Provided further,* That any such written warranty shall not apply in the case of any system or component thereof that has been furnished by the Government to a contractor: *Provided further,* That the Secretary of Transportation may provide for a waiver of the requirements for a warranty where: (1) the waiver is necessary in the interest of the national defense or the warranty would not be cost effective; and (2) the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives are notified in writing of the Secretary's intention to waive and reasons for waiving such requirements: *Provided further,* That the requirements for such written warranties shall not cover combat damage.

217,300,000

ALTERATION OF BRIDGES

For necessary expenses for alteration or removal of obstructive bridges, $5,200,000, to remain available until expended. 5,200,000

RETIRED PAY

For retired pay, including the payment of obligations therefor otherwise chargeable to lapsed appropriations for this purpose, and payments under the Retired Serviceman's Family Protection and Survivor Benefit Plans, and for payments for medical care of retired personnel and their dependents under the Dependents Medical Care Act (10 U.S.C., ch. 55), $351,800,000.

$351,800,000

RESERVE TRAINING

For all necessary expenses for the Coast Guard Reserve, as authorized by law; maintenance and operation of facilities; and supplies, equipment, and services, $61,502,000.

61,502,000

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, for basic and applied scientific research, development, test, and evaluation; maintenance, rehabilitation, lease, and operation of facilities and equipment, as authorized by law, $21,000,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That there may be credited to this appropriation funds received from State and local governments, other public authorities, private sources and foreign countries, for expenses incurred for research, development, testing, and evaluation.

21,000,000

OFFSHORE OIL POLLUTION COMPENSATION FUND

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of title III of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act Amendments of 1978 (Public Law 95-372), $1,000,000, to be derived from the Offshore Oil Pollution Compensation Fund and to remain available until expended. In addition, to the extent that available appropriations are not adequate to meet the obligations of the Fund, the Secretary of Transportation is authorized to issue to the Secretary of the Treasury notes or other obligations in such amounts and at such times as may be necessary: *Provided*, That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the implementation or execution of programs the obligations for which are in excess of $60,000,000 in fiscal year 1986 for the "Offshore Oil Pollution Compensation Fund".

1,000,000

(indefinite borrowing authority)

60,000,000 (limitation on obligations)

DEEPWATER PORT LIABILITY FUND

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 18 of the Deepwater Port Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-627), $1,000,000, to be derived from the Deepwater Port Liability Fund and to remain available until expended. In addition, to the extent that available appropriations are not adequate to meet the obligations of the Fund, the Secretary of Transportation is authorized to issue, and the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to purchase, without fiscal year limitation, notes or other obligations in such amounts and at such times as may be necessary: *Provided*, That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the implementation or execution of programs the obligations for which are in excess of $50,000,000 in fiscal year 1986 for the "Deepwater Port Liability Fund".

1,000,000

(indefinite borrowing authority)

50,000,000 (limitation on obligations)

BOAT SAFETY

(LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

For payment of obligations incurred for recreational boating safety assistance under Public Law 92-75, as amended, $30,000,000,

30,000,000 (liquidation of contract authorization) to be derived from the Boat Safety Account and to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the planning or execution of programs the obligations for which are in excess of $30,000,000 in fiscal year 1986 for recreational boating safety assistance: *Provided further,* That no obligations may be incurred for the improvement of recreational boating facilities. *$30,000,000 (limitation on obligations)*

[*Total, Coast Guard, $2,300,802,000.*]

FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

Headquarters Administration

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, of providing administrative services at the headquarters location of the Federal Aviation Administration, including but not limited to accounting, budgeting, personnel, legal, public affairs, and executive direction for the Federal Aviation Administration, $64,400,000: *Provided,* That the Secretary of Transportation is authorized to transfer appropriated funds between this appropriation and the Federal Aviation Administration appropriation for operations: *Provided further,* That this appropriation shall be neither increased nor decreased by more than 2 per centum by any such transfers: *Provided further,* That any such transfers shall be reported to the Committees on Appropriations. 64,400,000

Operations

For necessary expenses of the Federal Aviation Administration, not otherwise provided for, including administrative expenses for research and development, and for establishment of air navigation facilities, and carrying out the provisions of the Airport and Airway Development Act, as amended, or other provisions of law authorizing obligation of funds for similar programs of airport and airway development or improvement; purchase of four passenger motor vehicles for replacement only, $2,694,600,000, of which not to exceed $446,000,000 shall be derived from the Airport and Airway Trust Fund: *Provided,* That there may be credited to this appropriation funds received from States, counties, municipalities, other public authorities, and private sources, for expenses incurred in the maintenance and operation of air navigation facilities: *Provided further,* That none of these funds shall be available for new applicants for the second career training program. 2,694,600,000

[*Total, Headquarters Administration and Operations, $2,759,000,000.*]

Facilities and Equipment (Airport and Airway Trust Fund)

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, for acquisition, establishment, and improvement by contract or purchase, and hire of air navigation and experimental facilities, including initial acquisition of necessary sites by lease or grant; engineering and service testing including construction of test facilities and acquisition of necessary sites by lease or grant; and construction and furnishing of quarters and related accommodations of officers and employees of the Federal Aviation Administration stationed at remote localities where such accommodations are not available; to be derived from the Airport and Airway Trust Fund and to remain available until September 30, 1990, $993,000,000: *Provided,* That 993,000,000 there may be credited to this appropriation funds received from States, counties, municipalities, other public authorities, and private sources, for expenses incurred in the establishment and modernization of air navigation facilities: *Provided further,* That of the funds available under this head, $10,000,000 shall be available for the Secretary of Transportation to enter into grant agreements with universities or colleges to conduct demonstration projects in the development, advancement, or expansion of airway science curriculum programs, and such funds, which shall remain available until expended, shall be made available under such terms and conditions as the Secretary of Transportation may prescribe, to such universities or colleges for the purchase or lease of buildings and associated facilities, instructional materials, or equipment to be used in conjunction with airway science curriculum programs.

RESEARCH, ENGINEERING AND DEVELOPMENT (AIRPORT AND AIRWAY TRUST FUND)

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, for research, engineering and development, in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Aviation Act (49 U.S.C. 1301-1542), including construction of experimental facilities and acquisition of necessary sites by lease or grant, to be derived from the Airport and Airway Trust Fund and to remain available until expended, $190,000,000, together with $15,000,000 to be transferred from unobligated balances of "Facilities and equipment", of which $3,036,412 shall be available for icing and related next generation weather radar atmospheric research to be conducted by the University of North Dakota, $2,000,000 shall be available for the Center for Research and Training in Information-based Aviation and Transportation Management at Barry University and $2,000,000 shall be available for the Institute for Aviation Safety Research at Wichita State University: *Provided,* That there may be credited to this appropriation funds received from States, counties, municipalities, other public authorities, and private sources, for expenses incurred for research, engineering and development.

$190,000,000
15,000,000
(by transfer)

GRANTS-IN-AID FOR AIRPORTS (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION) (AIRPORT AND AIRWAY TRUST FUND)

For liquidation of obligations incurred for airport planning and development under section 14 of Public Law 91-258, as amended, and under other law authorizing such obligations, and obligations for noise compatibility planning and programs, $693,000,000, to be derived from the Airport and Airway Trust Fund and to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the planning or execution of programs the commitments for which are in excess of $925,000,000 in fiscal year 1986 for grants-in-aid for airport planning and development, and noise compatibility planning and programs, notwithstanding section 506(e)(4) of the Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982.

693,000,000
(liquidation of contract authorization)
925,000,000
(limitation on obligations)

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, METROPOLITAN WASHINGTON AIRPORTS

For expenses incident to the care, operation, maintenance, improvement, and protection of the federally-owned civil airports in the vicinity of the District of Columbia, including purchase of eight passenger motor vehicles for police use, for replacement only; purchase, cleaning, and repair of uniforms; and arms and ammunition, $34,100,000: *Provided,* That there may be credited to this appropriation funds received from air carriers, concessionaires, and non-federal tenants sufficient to cover utility and fuel costs which are in excess of $6,682,000: *Provided further,* That there may be credited to this appropriation funds received from States, counties, municipalities, other public authorities, or private sources, for expenses incurred in the maintenance and operation of the federally-owned civil airports. $34,100,000

Construction, Metropolitan Washington Airports

For necessary expenses for construction at the federally-owned civil airports in the vicinity of the District of Columbia, $7,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1988. 7,000,000

Aviation Insurance Revolving Fund

The Secretary of Transportation is hereby authorized to make such expenditures and investments, within the limits of funds available pursuant to section 1306 of the Act of August 23, 1958, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1536), and in accordance with section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended (31 U.S.C. 9104), as may be necessary in carrying out the programs set forth in the budget for the current fiscal year for aviation insurance activities under said Act.

Aircraft Purchase Loan Guarantee Program

The Secretary of Transportation may hereafter issue notes or other obligations to the Secretary of the Treasury, in such forms and denominations, bearing such maturities, and subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe. Such obligations may be issued to pay any necessary expenses required pursuant to any guarantee issued under the Act of September 7, 1957, Public Law 85-307, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1324 note). The aggregate amount of such obligations during fiscal year 1986 shall not exceed $75,000,000. Such obligations shall be redeemed by the Secretary from appropriations authorized by this section. The Secretary of the Treasury shall purchase any such obligations, and for such purpose he may use as a public debt transaction the proceeds from the sale of any securities issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as now or hereafter in force. The purposes for which securities may be issued under such Act are extended to include any purchase of notes or other obligations issued under the subsection. The Secretary of the Treasury may sell any such obligations at such times and price and upon such terms and conditions as he shall determine in his discretion. All purchases, redemptions, and sales of such obligations by such Secretary shall be treated as public debt transactions of the United States. *75,000,000 (borrowing authority)*

[*Total, Federal Aviation Administration, $3,983,100,000.*]

FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

Limitation on General Operating Expenses

Necessary expenses for administration, operation, and research of the Federal Highway Administration, not to exceed $203,761,000, shall be paid, in accordance with law, from appropriations made available by this Act to the Federal Highway Administration together with advances and reimbursements received by the Federal *203,761,000 (limitation on expenses)*

Highway Administration: *Provided*, That not to exceed $48,415,000 of the amount provided herein shall remain available until expended: *Provided further*, That all unobligated amounts made available under this head in prior fiscal years for the establishment and implementation of a demonstration bonding program for economically and socially disadvantaged businesses shall remain available for such purposes until expended: *Provided further*, That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, there may be credited to this account funds received from States, counties, municipalities, other public authorities and private sources, for training expenses incurred for non-federal employees: *Provided further*, That none of the funds provided in this Act shall be used for the approval of, or to pay the salary of any person who approves projects to construct a landfill in the Hudson River as part of an Interstate System highway in New York City.

Highway Safety Research and Development

(Highway Trust Fund)

For necessary expenses in carrying out provisions of sections 307(a) and 403 of title 23, United States Code, to be derived from the Highway Trust Fund and to remain available until expended, $8,500,000. $8,500,000

Highway-Related Safety Grants (Liquidation of Contract Authorization) (Highway Trust Fund)

For payment of obligations incurred in carrying out the provisions of title 23, United States Code, section 402, administered by the Federal Highway Administration, to remain available until expended, $9,000,000 to be derived from the Highway Trust Fund: *Provided*, That not to exceed $100,000 of the amount appropriated herein shall be available for "Limitation on general operating expenses": *Provided further*, That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the planning or execution of programs the obligations for which are in excess of $10,000,000 in fiscal year 1986 for "Highway-related safety grants".

9,000,000 (liquidation of contract authorization)

10,000,000 (limitation on obligations)

Highway Beautification

Funds appropriated and obligated to carry out sections 131 and 136 of title 23, United States Code, which have been deobligated subsequent to enactment of this Act shall remain available until expended. *(reappropriation)*

Railroad-Highway Crossings Demonstration Projects

For necessary expenses of certain railroad-highway crossings demonstration projects as authorized by section 163 of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, as amended, to remain available until expended, $16,000,000, of which $10,666,667 shall be derived from the Highway Trust Fund: *Provided*, That the unobligated balance of funds appropriated in Public Law 93-98 for Wheeling, West Virginia, is hereby made available for allocation to carry out highway projects on the Federal-aid system in Wheeling, West Virginia at full federal expense. 16,000,000

FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAYS (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION) (HIGHWAY TRUST FUND)

For carrying out the provisions of title 23, United States Code, which are attributable to Federal-aid highways, including the National Scenic and Recreational Highway as authorized by 23 U.S.C. 148, not otherwise provided, including reimbursements for sums expended pursuant to the provisions of 23 U.S.C. 308, $13,836,000,000 or so much thereof as may be available in and derived from the Highway Trust Fund, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the implementation or execution of programs the obligations for which are in excess of $12,750,000,000 for Federal-aid highways and highway safety construction programs for fiscal year 1986, except that this limitation shall not apply to obligations for emergency relief under section 125 of title 23, United States Code, obligations under section 157 of title 23, United States Code, projects covered under section 147 of the Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1978, section 9 of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1981, subsections 131 (b) and (j) of Public Law 97-424, section 118 of the National Visitors Center Facilities Act of 1968, or section 320 of title 23, United States Code.

$13,836,000,000 (liquidation of contract authorization)
12,750,000,000 (limitation on obligations)

RIGHT-OF-WAY REVOLVING FUND (LIMITATION ON DIRECT LOANS) (HIGHWAY TRUST FUND)

During fiscal year 1986 and with the resources and authority available, gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans shall not exceed $50,000,000.

50,000,000 (limitation on direct loans)

MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY

For necessary expenses to carry out the motor carrier safety functions of the Secretary as authorized by the Department of Transportation Act (80 Stat. 939-940), $13,900,000, of which $953,000 shall remain available until expended, and not to exceed $1,601,000 shall be available for "Limitation on general operating expenses".

13,900,000

MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY GRANTS

(HIGHWAY TRUST FUND)

For necessary expenses to carry out provisions of section 402 of Public Law 97-424, $17,000,000, to be derived from the Highway Trust Fund and to remain available until September 30, 1989.

17,000,000

ACCESS HIGHWAYS TO PUBLIC RECREATION AREAS ON CERTAIN LAKES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses of certain access highway projects, as authorized by section 155, title 23, United States Code, to remain available until expended, $10,000,000, of which $5,000,000 shall be derived from unobligated balances of "Research, training, and human resources".

5,000,000
5,000,000 (by transfer)

BALTIMORE-WASHINGTON PARKWAY

(HIGHWAY TRUST FUND)

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided, to carry out the provisions of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1970, for the Baltimore-Washington Parkway, to remain available until expended, $3,000,000 to be derived from the Highway Trust Fund and to be withdrawn therefrom at such times and in such amounts as may be necessary: *Provided*, That, notwithstanding subsection (b) of section 146 of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1970 and any agreement entered into under such subsection, the Secretary of the Interior shall not be required to convey to the State of Maryland any portion of the Baltimore-Washington Parkway located in the State of Maryland, and the State of Maryland shall not be required to accept conveyance of any such portion: *Provided further*, That funds authorized by such section may be expended without regard to any requirement of such an agreement that such portion of the Baltimore-Washington Parkway be conveyed to the State of Maryland. $3,000,000

WASTE ISOLATION PILOT PROJECT ROADS

For necessary expenses in connection with the upgrading of certain highways for the transportation of nuclear waste generated during defense-related activities, not otherwise provided for, $7,000,000, to remain available until expended. 7,000,000

RAIL LINE CONSOLIDATION PROJECT

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses to carry out a project to consolidate two rail lines on a common alignment in the vicinity of Orange, Texas, that demonstrates methods by which a rail line consolidation project will reduce motor vehicle traffic congestion and increase employment, to remain available until expended, $4,000,000 to be derived from unobligated balances of "Research, training, and human resources". *4,000,000 (by transfer)*

AIRPORT-HIGHWAY DEMONSTRATION PROJECT

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses to carry out a highway project to depress a highway in Shawnee, Oklahoma, that demonstrates methods of improving air service to a small community by extension of a runway over a depressed road, to remain available until expended, $1,350,000 to be derived from unobligated balances of "Research, training, and human resources". *1,350,000 ransfer)*

EXPRESSWAY GAP CLOSING DEMONSTRATION PROJECT

For necessary expenses to carry out a highway construction project along State Route 113 in north-central California that demonstrates methods of reducing motor vehicle congestion and increasing employment, there is authorized to be appropriated $23,500,000, to remain available until expended, of which $9,000,000 is hereby appropriated: *Provided*, That such funds shall be exempt from any limitation on obligations for Federal-aid highways and highway safety construction programs. 9,000,000

[*Total, Federal Highway Administration, $79,400,000.*]

NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION

OPERATIONS AND RESEARCH

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For expenses necessary to discharge the functions of the Secretary with respect to traffic and highway safety and functions under the Motor Vehicle Information and Cost Savings Act (Public Law 92-513, as amended), $88,851,000, of which $5,000,000 shall be derived from unobligated balances of "Research, training, and human resources", and of which $29,894,000 shall be derived from the Highway Trust Fund: *Provided*, That not to exceed $36,296,000 shall remain available until expended, of which $14,833,000 shall be derived from the Highway Trust Fund: *Provided further*, That, of the funds available under this head, $10,000,000 shall be available to implement the recommendations of the 1985 National Academy of Sciences report on trauma research: *Provided further*, That for the purpose of carrying out a national program to encourage the use of automobile passive restraints as authorized by 23 U.S.C. 403, an additional $500,000 is available to be derived from unobligated balances of "Carpool and vanpool projects".

$83,851,000
5,000,000
(by transfer)

500,000
(by transfer)

HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY GRANTS

(LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

(HIGHWAY TRUST FUND)

For payment of obligations incurred in carrying out the provisions of 23 U.S.C. 402, 406 and 408, and section 209 of Public Law 95-599, as amended, to remain available until expended, $149,000,000, to be derived from the Highway Trust Fund: *Provided*, That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the planning or execution of programs the total obligations for which are in excess of $126,500,000 in fiscal year 1986 for "State and community highway safety" authorized under 23 U.S.C. 402: *Provided further*, That none of these funds shall be used for construction, rehabilitation or remodeling costs or for office furnishings and fixtures for State, local, or private buildings or structures: *Provided further*, That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the planning or execution of programs the total obligations for which are in excess of $28,800,000 for "Alcohol safety incentive grants" authorized under 23 U.S.C. 408: *Provided further*, That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the planning or execution of programs authorized by section 209 of Public Law 95-599, as amended, the total obligations for which are in excess of $5,000,000 in fiscal years 1983, 1984, 1985, and 1986: *Provided further*, That not to exceed $5,000,000 shall be available for administering the provisions of 23 U.S.C. 402.

149,000,000
(liquidation of contract authorization)

126,500,000
(limitation on obligations)

28,800,000
(limitation on obligations)

5,000,000
(cumulative limitation on obligations for fiscal years 1983 through 1986)

FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION

OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

For necessary expenses of the Federal Railroad Administration, not otherwise provided for, $10,120,000.

10,120,000

RAILROAD SAFETY

For necessary expenses in connection with railroad safety, not otherwise provided for, $27,764,000, of which $1,500,000 shall remain available until expended.

27,764,000

RAILROAD RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

For necessary expenses for railroad research and development, $10,600,000, to remain available until expended. $10,600,000

RAIL SERVICE ASSISTANCE

For necessary expenses for rail service assistance authorized by section 5 of the Department of Transportation Act, as amended, for Washington Union Station, as authorized by Public Law 97-125, and for necessary administrative expenses in connection with federal rail assistance programs not otherwise provided for, $20,200,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That none of the funds provided under this Act shall be available for the planning or execution of a program making commitments to guarantee new loans under the Emergency Rail Services Act of 1970, as amended, and that no new commitments to guarantee loans under section 211(a) or 211(h) of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973, as amended, shall be made: *Provided further*, That none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the acquisition, sale or transference of Washington Union Station without the prior approval of the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations: *Provided further*, That, of the funds available under this head, $15,000,000 shall be available for allocation to the States under section 5(h)(2) of the Department of Transportation Act, as amended: *Provided further*, That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, a State may not apply for fiscal year 1986 funds available under section 5(h)(2) until such State has expended all funds granted to it in the fiscal years prior to the beginning of fiscal year 1981, other than funds not expended due to pending litigation: *Provided further*, That a State denied funding by reason of the immediately preceding proviso may still apply for and receive funds for planning purposes: *Provided further*, That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, of the funds available under section 5(h)(2), $10,000,000 shall be made available for use under sections 5(h)(3)(B)(ii) and 5(h)(3)(C) of the Department of Transportation Act, as amended, notwithstanding the limitations set forth in section 5(h)(3)(B)(ii). 20,200,000

CONRAIL LABOR PROTECTION

Such sums as may be necessary shall be made available for necessary expenses of administration of section 701 of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 by the Railroad Retirement Board.

NORTHEAST CORRIDOR IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

For necessary expenses related to Northeast Corridor improvements authorized by title VII of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976, as amended (45 U.S.C. 851 et seq.), $12,500,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the provisions of Public Law 85-804 shall apply to the Northeast Corridor Improvement Program: *Provided further*, That the Secretary may waive the provisions of 23 U.S.C. 322 (c) and (d) if such action would serve a public purpose: *Provided further*, That all public at grade-level crossings remaining along the Northeast Corridor upon completion of the project shall be equipped with protective devices including gates and lights. 12,500,000

GRANTS TO THE NATIONAL RAILROAD PASSENGER CORPORATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

To enable the Secretary of Transportation to make grants to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation for operating losses incurred by the Corporation, capital improvements, and labor protection costs authorized by 45 U.S.C. 565, to remain available until expended, $616,000,000, of which $23,000,000 shall be derived from unobligated balances of "Conrail labor protection" and $5,500,000 shall be derived from unobligated balances of "Rail labor assistance" as of September 30, 1985: *Provided*, That none of the funds herein appropriated shall be used for lease or purchase of passenger motor vehicles or for the hire of vehicle operators for any officer or employee, other than the president of the Corporation, excluding the lease of passenger motor vehicles for those officers or employees while in official travel status: *Provided further*, That the Secretary shall make no commitments to guarantee new loans or loans for new purposes under 45 U.S.C. 602 in fiscal year 1986: *Provided further*, That the incurring of any obligation or commitment by the Corporation for the purchase of capital improvements prohibited by this Act or not expressly provided for in an appropriation Act shall be deemed a violation of 31 U.S.C. 1341: *Provided further*, That no funds are required to be expended or reserved for expenditure pursuant to 45 U.S.C. 601(e): *Provided further*, That none of the funds in this or any other Act shall be made available to finance the rehabilitation and other improvements (including upgrading track and the signal system, ensuring safety at public and private highway and pedestrian crossings by improving signals or eliminating such crossings, and the improvement of operational portions of stations related to intercity rail passenger service) on the main line track between Atlantic City, New Jersey, and the main line of the Northeast Corridor, unless the Secretary of Transportation certifies that not less than 40 per centum of the costs of such improvements shall be derived from non-federal sources: *Provided further*, That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation shall not operate rail passenger service between Atlantic City, New Jersey, and the Northeast Corridor main line unless the Corporation's Board of Directors determines that revenues from such service have covered or exceeded 80 per centum of the short term avoidable costs of operating such service in the first year of operation and 100 per centum of the short term avoidable operating costs for each year thereafter: *Provided further*, That none of the funds provided in this or any other Act shall be made available to finance the acquisition and rehabilitation of a line, and construction necessary to facilitate improved rail passenger service, between Spuyten Duyvil, New York, and the main line of the Northeast Corridor unless the Secretary of Transportation certifies that not less than 40 per centum of the costs of such improvement shall be derived from non-Amtrak sources.

$587,500,000
23,000,000
(by transfer)
5,500,000
(by transfer)

RAILROAD REHABILITATION AND IMPROVEMENT FINANCING FUNDS

The total commitments to guarantee new loans pursuant to sections 511 through 513 of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-210), as amended, shall not exceed $4,000,000 of contingent liabilities for loan principal during fiscal year 1986: *Provided*, That the Secretary of Transportation is authorized to issue to the Secretary of the Treasury notes or other obligations pursuant to section 512 of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-210), as amend-

4,000,000
(limitation on
new loan
guarantees)

ed, in such amounts and at such times as may be necessary to pay any amounts required pursuant to the guarantee of the principal amount of obligations under sections 511 through 513 of such Act, such authority to exist as long as any such guaranteed obligation is outstanding: *Provided further,* That the aggregate amount of such notes or other obligations during fiscal year 1986 shall not exceed $100,000,000.

REDEEMABLE PREFERENCE SHARES

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Transportation is hereby authorized to expend proceeds from the sale of fund anticipation notes to the Secretary of the Treasury and any other moneys deposited in the Railroad Rehabilitation and Improvement Fund pursuant to sections 502, 505-507, and 509 of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-210), as amended, and section 803 of Public Law 95-620, for uses authorized for the Fund, in amounts not to exceed $33,500,000. $33,500,000 *(redeemable preference shares)*

CONRAIL COMMUTER TRANSITION ASSISTANCE

(TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary capital expenses of Conrail commuter transition assistance, not otherwise provided for, $5,000,000 to be derived from unobligated balances of "Research, training, and human resources" and to remain available until expended. *5,000,000 (by transfer)*

[*Total, Federal Railroad Administration, $702,184,000.*]

URBAN MASS TRANSPORTATION ADMINISTRATION

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For necessary administrative expenses of the urban mass transportation program authorized by the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), and 23 U.S.C. chapter 1, in connection with these activities, including hire of passenger motor vehicles and services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, $30,000,000, of which not to exceed $650,000 shall be available for the Office of the Administrator. 30,000,000

RESEARCH, TRAINING, AND HUMAN RESOURCES

For necessary expenses for research, training, and human resources as authorized by the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), to remain available until expended, $17,400,000: *Provided,* That there may be credited to this appropriation funds received from States, counties, municipalities, other public authorities and private sources, for expenses incurred for training. 17,400,000

FORMULA GRANTS

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of sections 9 and 18 of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), $2,150,000,000, to remain available until expended. 2,150,000,000

DISCRETIONARY GRANTS

None of the funds in this Act shall be available for the implementation or execution of programs in excess of $1,045,500,000 in fiscal year 1986 for grants under the contract authority authorized in section 21(a)(2)(B) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.).

$1,045,500,000 (limitation on obligations)

LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION

For payment of obligations incurred in carrying out section 21(a)(2) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), administered by the Urban Mass Transportation Administration, $775,000,000, to be derived from the Highway Trust Fund and to remain available until expended.

775,000,000 (liquidation of contract authorization)

INTERSTATE TRANSFER GRANTS—TRANSIT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of 23 U.S.C. 103(e)(4) related to transit projects, to remain available until September 30, 1987, $218,750,000, of which $18,750,000 shall be derived from unobligated balances of "Research, training, and human resources".

200,000,000
18,750,000 (by transfer)

WASHINGTON METRO

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 14 of Public Law 96-184, $227,000,000, to remain available until expended.

227,000,000

[Total, Urban Mass Transportation Administration, $2,624,400,000.]

SAINT LAWRENCE SEAWAY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

The Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to the Corporation, and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out the programs set forth in the Corporation's budget for the current fiscal year except as hereinafter provided.

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Not to exceed $1,916,000 shall be available for administrative expenses which shall be computed on an accrual basis, including not to exceed $3,000 for official entertainment expenses to be expended upon the approval or authority of the Secretary of Transportation: *Provided*, That Corporation funds shall be available for the hire of passenger motor vehicles and aircraft, operation and maintenance of aircraft, uniforms or allowances therefor for operation and maintenance personnel, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902), and $15,000 shall be available for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109.

1,916,000 (limitation on administrative expenses)

RESEARCH AND SPECIAL PROGRAMS ADMINISTRATION

Research and Special Programs

For expenses necessary to discharge the functions of the Research and Special Programs Administration, for expenses for conducting research and development and for grants-in-aid to carry out a pipeline safety program, as authorized by section 5 of the Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act of 1968 (49 U.S.C. 1674), $19,300,000, of which $6,975,000 shall remain available until expended. $19,300,000

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Inspector General in carrying out the provisions of the Inspector General Act of 1978, $27,600,000. 27,600,000

[Total, title I, Department of Transportation:

[New budget (obligational) authority	*$9,903,437,000.]*
[By transfer	*93,100,000.]*
[Limitation on expenses	*205,677,000.]*
[Borrowing authority	*75,000,000.]*
[Limitations on obligations	*15,025,800,000.]*
[Limitations on new loan guarantees	*4,000,000.]*
[Limitation on working capital fund	*64,500,000.]*
[Limitation on direct loans	*50,000,000.]*
[Appropriations to liquidate contract authorizations	*15,492,000,000.]*
[Cumulative limitation on obligations for fiscal years 1983–1986	*5,000,000.]*

TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES

ARCHITECTURAL AND TRANSPORTATION BARRIERS COMPLIANCE BOARD

Salaries and Expenses

For expenses necessary for the Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board, as authorized by section 502 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, $1,975,000. 1,975,000

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses of the National Transportation Safety Board, including hire of passenger motor vehicles and aircraft; services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, but at rates for individuals not to exceed the per diem rate equivalent to the rate for a GS–18; uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C 5901–5902), $22,300,000, of which not to exceed $500 may be used for official reception and representation expenses. 22,300,000

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

Salaries and Expenses

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses of the Interstate Commerce Commission, including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, and not to exceed $1,500 for official reception and representation expenses,

$50,480,000, of which $2,300,000 shall be derived from unobligated balances of "Payments for directed rail service": ***Provided,*** **That joint board members and cooperating State commissioners may use Government transportation requests when traveling in connection with their official duties as such.**

$48,180,000
2,300,000
(by transfer)

PAYMENTS FOR DIRECTED RAIL SERVICE

None of the funds provided in this Act shall be available for the execution of programs the obligations for which can reasonably be expected to exceed $1,000,000 for directed rail service authorized under 49 U.S.C. 11125 or any other legislation.

1,000,000
(limitation on obligations)

PANAMA CANAL COMMISSION

OPERATING EXPENSES

For operating expenses necessary for the Panama Canal Commission, including hire of passenger motor vehicles and aircraft; uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901–5902); not to exceed $10,000 for official reception and representation expenses of the Board; operation of guide services; residence for the Administrator; disbursements by the Administrator for employee and community projects; not to exceed $1,000 for official reception and representation expenses of the Secretary; not to exceed $25,000 for official reception and representation expenses of the Administrator; and to employ services as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 3109); $400,284,000, to be derived from the Panama Canal Commission Fund: *Provided,* That there may be credited to this appropriation funds received from the Panama Canal Commission's capital outlay account for expenses incurred for supplies and services provided for capital projects.

400,284,000

CAPITAL OUTLAY

For acquisition, construction, replacement, and improvement of facilities, structures, and equipment required by the Panama Canal Commission, including the purchase of not to exceed forty-four passenger motor vehicles for replacement only (including large heavy-duty vehicles used to transport Commission personnel across the Isthmus of Panama, the purchase price of which shall not exceed $14,000 per vehicle); to employ services authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 3109); $25,500,000 to be derived from the Panama Canal Commission Fund and to remain available until expended.

25,500,000

[*Total, Panama Canal Commission, $425,784,000.*]

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

INVESTMENT IN FUND ANTICIPATION NOTES

For the acquisition, in accordance with section 509 of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976, as amended, and section 803 of Public Law 95-620, of fund anticipation notes, $33,500,000.

33,500,000
(investment)

UNITED STATES RAILWAY ASSOCIATION

Administrative Expenses

For necessary administrative expenses to enable the United States Railway Association to carry out its functions under the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973, as amended, to remain available until expended, $2,400,000, of which not to exceed $500 may be available for official reception and representation expenses. $2,400,000

WASHINGTON METROPOLITAN AREA TRANSIT AUTHORITY

Interest Payments

For necessary expenses for interest payments, to remain available until expended, $51,663,569: *Provided,* That these funds shall be disbursed pursuant to terms and conditions established by Public Law 96-184 and the Initial Bond Repayment Participation Agreement. 51,663,569

[*Total, title II, related agencies:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority*	*$552,302,569.*]
[*Limitation on obligations*	*1,000,000.*]
[*Investment*	*33,500,000.*]
[*By transfer*	*2,300,000.*]

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 301. During the current fiscal year applicable appropriations to the Department of Transportation shall be available for maintenance and operation of aircraft; hire of passenger motor vehicles and aircraft; purchase of liability insurance for motor vehicles operating in foreign countries on official departmental business; and uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901-5902).

Sec. 302. Funds appropriated for the Panama Canal Commission may be apportioned notwithstanding section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 1341), to the extent necessary to permit payment of such pay increases for officers or employees as may be authorized by administrative action pursuant to law which are not in excess of statutory increases granted for the same period in corresponding rates of compensation for other employees of the Government in comparable positions.

Sec. 303. Funds appropriated under this Act for expenditures by the Federal Aviation Administration shall be available (1) except as otherwise authorized by the Act of September 30, 1950 (20 U.S.C. 236-244), for expenses of primary and secondary schooling for dependents of Federal Aviation Administration personnel stationed outside the continental United States at costs for any given area not in excess of those of the Department of Defense for the same area, when it is determined by the Secretary that the schools, if any, available in the locality are unable to provide adequately for the education of such dependents and (2) for transportation of said dependents between schools serving the area which they attend and their places of residence when the Secretary, under such regulations as may be prescribed, determines that such schools are not accessible by public means of transportation on a regular basis.

Sec. 304. Appropriations contained in this Act for the Department of Transportation shall be available for services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, but at rates for individuals not to exceed the per diem rate equivalent to the rate for a GS-18.

Sec. 305. None of the funds appropriated in this Act for the Panama Canal Commission may be expended unless in conformance with the Panama Canal Treaties of 1977 and any law implementing those treaties.

SEC. 306. None of the funds provided in this Act may be used for planning or construction of rail-highway crossings under section 322(a) of title 23, United States Code, or under section 701(a)(5) or section 703(1)(A) of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976 at the—

(1) School Street crossing in Groton, Connecticut; and

(2) Broadway Extension crossing in Stonington, Connecticut.

SEC. 307. None of the funds in this Act shall be used for the planning or execution of any program to pay the expenses of, or otherwise compensate, non-federal parties intervening in regulatory or adjudicatory proceedings funded in this Act.

SEC. 308. None of the funds in this Act shall be used to assist, directly or indirectly, any State in imposing mandatory State inspection fees or sticker requirements on vehicles which are lawfully registered in another State, including vehicles engaged in interstate commercial transportation which are in compliance with Part 396—Inspection and Maintenance of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations of the United States Department of Transportation.

SEC. 309. None of the funds contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

SEC. 310. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, total amounts of contract authority authorized for fiscal year 1986 in section 21(a)(2)(B) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended, shall be available for obligation through fiscal year 1989.

SEC. 311. None of the funds in this or any other Act shall be available for the planning or implementation of any change in the current federal status of the Transportation Systems Center.

SEC. 312. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive Order issued pursuant to existing law.

SEC. 313. (a) For fiscal year 1986 the Secretary of Transportation shall distribute the obligation limitation for Federal-aid highways by allocation in the ratio which sums authorized to be appropriated for Federal-aid highways and highway safety construction which are apportioned or allocated to each State for such fiscal year bear to the total of the sums authorized to be appropriated for Federal-aid highways and highway safety construction which are apportioned or allocated to all the States for such fiscal year.

(b) During the period October 1 through December 31, 1985, no State shall obligate more than 40 per centum of the amount distributed to such State under subsection (a), and the total of all State obligations during such period shall not exceed 25 per centum of the total amount distributed to all States under such subsection.

(c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), the Secretary shall—

(1) provide all States with authority sufficient to prevent lapses of sums authorized to be appropriated for Federal-aid highways and highway safety construction which have been apportioned to a State, except in those instances in which a State indicates its intention to lapse sums apportioned under section 104(b)(5)(A) of title 23, United States Code;

(2) after August 1, 1986, revise a distribution of the funds made available under subsection (a) if a State will not obligate the amount distributed during that fiscal year and redistribute sufficient amounts to those States able to obligate amounts in addition to those previously distributed during that fiscal year giving priority to those States having large unobligated bal-

ances of funds apportioned under section 104 of title 23, United States Code, and giving priority to those States which, because of statutory changes made by the Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982 and the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1981, have experienced substantial proportional reductions in their apportionments and allocations; and

(3) not distribute amounts authorized for administrative expenses and the Federal Lands Highway Programs.

SEC. 314. None of the funds in this Act shall be available for salaries and expenses of more than one hundred thirty-eight political appointees in the Department of Transportation.

SEC. 315. Not to exceed $1,700,000 of the funds provided in this Act for the Department of Transportation shall be available for the necessary expenses of advisory committees.

SEC. 316. The limitation on obligations for Federal-aid highways and highway safety construction programs for fiscal year 1986 shall not apply to obligations for the remaining approach and bridge removal work necessary to complete the new bridge alignment for the Zilwaukee Bridge.

SEC. 317. (a) Section 5(b)(2) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964 is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "Any funds apportioned for fiscal year 1982 or 1983 under subsection (a) for expenditure in an urbanized area with a population of less than 200,000 may be expended in an urbanized area with a population of 200,000 or more.".

(b) Section 5(c)(4) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964 is amended by striking the period at the end of the first sentence, and inserting the following: "except that any fiscal year 1982 funds made available to a Governor under section 5(b)(2) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended, that are unobligated as of October 1, 1985, or become unobligated thereafter, shall remain available for expenditure under section 5 until October 1, 1986."

SEC. 318. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, within 60 days of the effective date of this Act the Urban Mass Transportation Administration shall reapportion under section 9 of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended, those funds available for reapportionment pursuant to subsection (c)(4) of section 5 of that Act.

SEC. 319. None of the funds in this or any other Act shall be made available for the proposed Woodward light rail line in the Detroit, Michigan, area until a source of operating funds has been approved in accordance with Michigan law: *Provided*, That this limitation shall not apply to alternatives analysis studies under section 21(a)(2)(B) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended.

SEC. 320. The Secretary of Transportation shall enter into negotiations for full funding contracts with the appropriate local governmental authorities to construct (1) the minimum operable segment, MOS-1, of the downtown Los Angeles to San Fernando Valley Metro Rail project; (2) the north and south legs of the downtown component of metrorail in Dade County, Florida; and (3) the downtown transit project (bus tunnel) in Seattle, Washington: *Provided*, That the Secretary shall commence negotiations with appropriate local authorities to enter into such contracts no later than 30 days after enactment and shall conclude such negotiations no later than 90 days after enactment: *Provided further*, That such contracts shall cover total project costs including federal financial participation consisting of fiscal year 1984 and fiscal year 1985 discretionary grants funding made available pursuant to section 331 of this Act, fiscal year 1986 discretionary grants funding in accordance with the accompanying Joint Explanatory Statement of the Managers, and future funding as made available by the Congress.

SEC. 321. The Urban Mass Transportation Administration shall enter into a contract with the Southern California Rapid Transit District to conduct a study of the potential methane gas risks relating to the proposed alignment of the Metro Rail project beyond the Minimum Operable Segment, MOS–1. None of the funds described in section 320 may be made available for any segment of the downtown Los Angeles to San Fernando Valley Metro Rail project unless and until the Southern California Rapid Transit District officially notifies and commits to the Urban Mass Transportation Administration that no part of the Metro Rail project will tunnel into or through any zone designated as a potential risk zone or high potential risk zone in the report of the City of Los Angeles dated June 10, 1985, entitled "Task Force Report on the March 24, 1985 Methane Gas Explosion and Fire in the Fairfax Area". Funds for this study, in an amount not to exceed $1,000,000, shall be made available from funds previously allocated for the MOS–1 project, commencing within 30 days of enactment.

SEC. 322. The limitation on obligations for the Discretionary Grants Program of the Urban Mass Transportation Administration shall not apply to any authority under section 21(a)(2)(B) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended, previously made available for obligation.

$223,600,000 (deferral disapproval)

SEC. 323. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Transportation may use not to exceed one-half of 1 percent of—

(1) the funds made available for fiscal year 1986 by section 21(a)(2)(B) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended, to carry out section 3 of such Act to contract with any person to oversee the construction of any major project under such section;

(2) the funds appropriated for fiscal year 1986 pursuant to section 21(a)(1) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended, to carry out section 9 of such Act to contract with any person to oversee the construction of any major project under such section;

(3) the funds appropriated for fiscal year 1986 pursuant to section 21(a)(1) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended, to carry out section 18 of such Act to contract with any person to oversee the construction of any major project under such section;

(4) the funds appropriated for fiscal year 1986 pursuant to section 4(g) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended, to contract with any person to oversee the construction of any major public transportation project substituted for an Interstate segment withdrawn under section 103(e)(4) of title 23, United States Code; and

(5) the funds appropriated for fiscal year 1986 pursuant to the National Capital Transportation Act of 1969 to contract with any person to oversee the construction of any major project under such Act.

(b) Any contract entered into under subsection (a) shall provide for the payment by the Secretary of Transportation of 100 percent of the cost of carrying out the contract.

(c) This section shall take effect on October 1, 1985, and shall cease to be in effect at the close of September 30, 1986.

SEC. 324. (a) GENERAL RULE.—Tolls collected for motor vehicles on any bridge connecting the borough of Brooklyn, New York, and Staten Island, New York, shall only be collected for those vehicles exiting from such bridge in Staten Island.

(b) ENFORCEMENT.—The Secretary shall withhold 1 percent of the amount required to be apportioned to the State of New York under sections 104 and 144 of title 23, United States Code, on the first day of the fiscal year succeeding any fiscal year in which tolls collected for motor vehicles on the bridge referred to in subsection (a) are collected for those vehicles exiting from such bridge in the borough of Brooklyn.

(c) PERIOD OF APPLICABILITY.—This section shall apply on and after the 90th day following the date of enactment of this section, except that this section shall not apply after the date on which the Secretary publishes in the Federal Register a determination under subsection (d).

(d) REMOVAL OF LIMITATION.—

(1) DETERMINATION OF SECRETARY.—Subsections (a) and (b) shall cease to be in effect if, upon petition by the Governor of New York under paragraph (2), the Secretary determines that—

(A) a substantial loss of revenues has resulted from the limitation imposed by subsection (a), or

(B) such limitation has resulted in significant traffic problems,

and the Secretary publishes such determination in the Federal Register.

(2) PETITION.—The Governor of New York may petition the Secretary for a determination under paragraph (1) at any time after a period of six consecutive months in which tolls collected for motor vehicles on the bridge referred to in subsection (a) have been collected only for those vehicles exiting from such bridge in Staten Island.

SEC. 325. Notwithstanding section 127 of title 23, United States Code, the State of Wyoming may conduct a demonstration project for a period not to exceed two years in order to determine the effects on the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways located in Wyoming of the use of such highways by vehicles in excess of 80,000 pounds gross weight but meeting axle and bridge formula specifications in section 127 of title 23, United States Code.

SEC. 326. Section 18(e) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "For the purpose of this subsection, the term 'Federal funds or revenues' does not include funds received by a recipient of funds under this section pursuant to a service agreement with a State or local social service agency or a private social service organization.".

SEC. 327. Section 119(d), 23 U.S.C. is amended by adding at the end of such section: "Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and for the purposes of this subsection, the phrase 'segments of the interstate system open to traffic' shall include a proposed four-lane, limited access highway, 6.4 miles in length, the construction of which will relocate to a southern alignment a portion of an existing interstate highway which was originally built without the aid of funds authorized by section 108(b) of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1956, as amended, and which connects to the east with an interstate highway on which tolls are charged. The construction of the proposed highway shall include a bridge over the Monongahela River.".

SEC. 328. (a) Title XI of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 App. U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"AERONAUTICAL CHARTS AND MAPS

"SEC. 1118. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1341 of title 31, United States Code, or any other provision of law, the United States Government shall enter into agreements to indemnify any person who publishes a chart or map for use in aeronautics from any

claim, or portion of a claim, which arises out of such person's depiction on such chart or map of any defective or deficient flight procedure or airway, if such flight procedure or airway was—

"(1) promulgated by the Federal Aviation Administration;

"(2) accurately depicted on such chart or map; and

"(3) not obviously defective or deficient.".

(b) The table of contents of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 is amended by inserting immediately after the item relating to section 1117 the following:

"Sec. 1118. Aeronautical charts and maps.".

Sec. 329. Notwithstanding section 108(b) of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1956, sums appropriated to the State of New York under 23 U.S.C. 104(b)(5)(A) during the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, may be obligated for Interstate construction projects under section 108(b) of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1956 or for Interstate substitute highway projects under 23 U.S.C. 103(e)(4): *Provided*, That the withdrawal value for New York under 23 U.S.C. 103(e)(4) shall be reduced by the amounts obligated hereunder for Interstate highway substitute projects. The federal share of the cost to complete any such Interstate substitute highway projects to which this provision applies shall be 85 per centum. In carrying out this provision the State of New York and the Secretary of Transportation shall assign highest priority to the completion of Interstate construction projects. This section shall expire on October 1, 1986.

Sec. 330. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, none of the funds in this Act shall be available for the construction of the Central Automated Transit System (Downtown People Mover) in Detroit, Michigan: *Provided*, That the immediately preceding provision shall not apply to $10,000,000 apportioned to the Detroit Department of Transportation.

Sec. 331. The Congress disapproves the proposed deferral D86-21, pertaining to the Urban Mass Transportation Administration, as set forth in the message of October 1, 1985, which was transmitted to the Congress by the President. This disapproval shall be effective upon enactment into law of this Act and the amount of the proposed deferral disapproved herein shall be made available for obligation.

Sec. 332. Section 201 of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 711) is amended—

(1) in the first sentence of paragraph (2) of subsection (d) by inserting "freight" before "railroad"; and

(2) in the first sentence of subsection (e) by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1987".

Sec. 333. The Act approved July 28, 1937 (50 Stat. 535), is amended by striking out in the first paragraph thereof, "and approaches thereto" and by inserting at the end thereof "The States of Maine and New Hampshire are authorized to assume all construction, maintenance, and operational authority over the approach roads and grade separation stuctures in their respective areas. As provided in Maine Private and Special Law, Chapter 38, 1985, and New Hampshire Statutes, Chapter 415, 1985, the respective States shall require the Authority to provide Authority funds for capital improvements.".

Sec. 334. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the first sentence of section 125(b) of title 23, United States Code, is amended by inserting after "$30,000,000" the following: "($55,000,000 for projects in connection with disasters or failures occurring in calendar year 1985)".

Sec. 335. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or regulation, the Secretary of Transportation shall, within 30 days after enactment of this section, issue in the Federal Register a Notice of

Intent to prepare an environmental impact statement for the construction of the north and south legs of the downtown component of metrorail in Dade County, Florida: *Provided,* That the absence of a federally-approved environmental impact statement for this project shall not preclude or delay the negotiations required under section 320 of this Act.

This Act may be cited as the "Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1986".

[Total, Department of Transportation and Related Agencies:

[New budget (obligational) authority	*$10,455,739,569.]*
[By transfer	*95,400,000.]*
[Limitation on expenses	*205,677,000.]*
[Borrowing authority	*75,000,000.]*
[Limitations on obligations	*15,026,800,000.]*
[Limitations on new loan guarantees	*4,000,000.]*
[Limitation on working capital fund	*64,500,000.]*
[Limitation on direct loans	*50,000,000.]*
[Appropriations to liquidate contract authorizations	*15,492,000,000.]*
[Deferral disapproval	*223,600,000.]*
[Investment	*33,500,000.]*
[Cumulative limitation on obligations for fiscal years 1983–1986	*5,000,000.]*

(Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1986) [1]

(f) Such amounts as may be necessary for programs, projects, or activities provided for in the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1986 (H.R. 3424), to the extent and in the manner provided for in the conference report and joint explanatory statement of the committee of conference in the form in which that conference report was adopted by the House of Representatives on December 5, 1985, as if enacted into law, and that report shall be considered to include Senate Amendment Numbered 188 as amended by the House of Representatives.

(Balanced Budget Act, 1985)

(g) For the purposes of Sec. 252(a)(6)(D)(i)(II) of Public Law 99–177, the section of the Statement of the Managers entitled "Definition of Program, Project, and Activity as provided by Public Law 99–177, the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985" shall be considered to be the reports filed by the Committees on Appropriations for the purpose of defining "Program, Project, and Activity".

$13,037,883,000 *(Treasury, Postal Service, and General Government Appropriations Act, 1986)*

(h) Such amounts as may be necessary for programs, projects, or activities provided for in the Treasury, Postal Service, and General Government Appropriations Act, 1986 (H.R. 3036), to the extent and in the manner provided for in the conference report and joint explanatory statement of the committee of conference (House Report 99–349) as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on November 7, 1985, as if enacted into law except that such conference report shall be considered as not including Senate Amendment Numbered 83 as amended by the Conferees: *Provided,* That appropriations made by this joint resolution for the following accounts shall not exceed: $1,065,000,000 for "Internal Revenue Service, processing tax returns"; $1,419,451,000 for "Internal Revenue Service, examinations and appeals"; and $748,000,000 for "Payment to the Postal Service Funds".

(Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1986)

(i) Such amounts as may be necessary for projects or activities provided for in the Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1986, at a rate for operations and to the extent in the following Act; this subsection shall be effective as if it had been enacted into law as the regular appropriation Act:

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[1] The Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act 1986 (H.R. 3424), was subsequently passed by the Congress, becoming Public Law 99–289, approved December 12, 1985 (see pp. 221–253, this volume).

AN ACT

Making appropriations for foreign assistance and related programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—MULTILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

CONTRIBUTION TO THE INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

For payment to the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the United States share of the paid-in share portion of the increase in capital stock, $109,720,549 for the General Capital Increase, as authorized by section 39 of the Bretton Woods Agreements Act, as amended (Public Law 79-171), to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That no such payment may be made while the United States Executive Director to the Bank is compensated by the Bank at a rate in excess of the rate provided for an individual occupying a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, or while the alternate United States Executive Director to the Bank is compensated by the Bank at a rate in excess of the rate provided for an individual occupying a position at level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code.

$109,720,549

LIMITATION ON CALLABLE CAPITAL SUBSCRIPTIONS

The United States Governor of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development may subscribe without fiscal year limitation to the callable capital portion of the United States share of increases in capital stock in an amount not to exceed $1,353,220,096.

1,353,220,096 (limitation on callable capital)

CONTRIBUTION TO THE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION

For payment to the International Development Association by the Secretary of the Treasury, $700,000,000, for the second installment of the United States contribution to the seventh replenishment, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That no such payment may be made while the United States Executive Director to the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development is compensated by the Bank at a rate in excess of the rate provided for an individual occupying a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, or while the alternate United States Executive Director to the Bank is compensated by the Bank at a rate in excess of the rate provided for an individual occupying a position at level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code.

700,000,000

CONTRIBUTION TO THE SPECIAL FACILITY FOR SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA

For payment to the Special Facility for Sub-Saharan Africa by the Secretary of the Treasury, $75,000,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That funds made available under this heading shall be paid to the Special Facility for Sub-Saharan Africa no later than December 31, 1985.

75,000,000

CONTRIBUTION TO THE INTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORPORATION

For payment to the International Finance Corporation by the Secretary of the Treasury, $29,077,390, for the United States share of the increase in subscriptions to capital stock, to remain available until expended.

$29 077,390

[*Total, contributions to World Bank Group:*
[*New budget (obligational) authority* .... *$913,797,939.*]
[*Limitation on callable capital* .... *1,353,220,096.*]

CONTRIBUTION TO THE INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK

For payment to the Inter-American Development Bank by the Secretary of the Treasury for the United States share of the increase in the resources of the Fund for Special Operations, $40,000,000, to remain available until expended; and $38,000,983 for the United States share of the increase in paid-in capital stock to remain available until expended; and $11,700,000 for the United States share of the capital stock of the Inter-American Investment Corporation to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That no such payment may be made while the United States Executive Director for the Bank is compensated by the Bank at a rate in excess of the rate provided for an individual occupying a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, or while the alternate United States Executive Director for the Bank is compensated by the Bank at a rate in excess of the rate provided for an individual occupying a position at level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code.

40,000,000
38,000,983
11,700,000

LIMITATION ON CALLABLE CAPITAL SUBSCRIPTIONS

The United States Governor of the Inter-American Development Bank may subscribe without fiscal year limitation to the callable capital portion of the United States share of such increase in capital stock in an amount not to exceed $1,230,964,704.

1,230,964,704
(limitation
on callable
capital)

[*Total, contribution to the Inter-American Development Bank, $89,700,983.*]

CONTRIBUTION TO THE ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK

For payment to the Asian Development Bank by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the paid-in share portion of the United States share of the increase in capital stock, $11,909,408 to remain available until expended; and for the United States contribution to the increases in resources of the Asian Development Fund, as authorized by the Asian Development Bank Act, as amended (Public Law 89-369), $100,000,000 to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That none of the funds provided by the United States to the Asian Development Bank may be made available if the Republic of China (Taiwan) is denied any of the rights and privileges of full membership in the Asian Development Bank: *Provided further,* That no such payment may be made while the United States Director of the Bank is compensated by the Bank at a rate which, together with whatever compensation such Director receives from the United States, is in excess of the rate provided for an individual occupying a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, or while any alternate United States Director to the Bank is compensated by the Bank in excess of the rate provided for an individual occupying a position at level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code.

11,909,408
100,000,000

LIMITATION ON CALLABLE CAPITAL SUBSCRIPTIONS

The United States Governor of the Asian Development Bank may subscribe without fiscal year limitation to the callable capital portion of the United States share of such increase in capital stock in an amount not to exceed $226,230,498. *$226,230,498 (limitation on callable capital)*

[*Total, contribution to the Asian Development Bank, $111,909,408.*]

CONTRIBUTION TO THE AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT FUND

For payment to the African Development Fund by the Secretary of the Treasury, $62,250,000, for the United States contribution to the fourth replenishment of the African Development Fund, to remain available until expended. 62,250,000

CONTRIBUTION TO THE AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK

For payment to the African Development Bank by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the paid-in share portion of the United States share of the increase in capital stock, $16,188,910, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That no such payment may be made while the United States Executive Director to the Bank is compensated by the Bank at a rate in excess of the rate provided for an individual occupying a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, or while the alternate United States Executive Director to the Bank is compensated by the Bank at a rate in excess of the rate provided for an individual occupying a position at level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code. 16,188,910

LIMITATION ON CALLABLE CAPITAL SUBSCRIPTIONS

The United States Governor of the African Development Bank may subscribe without fiscal year limitation to the callable capital portion of the United States share of such capital stock in an amount not to exceed $48,564,032. *48,564,032 (limitation on callable capital)*

PARTICIPATION IN INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

(a) Titles I, II, and III of H.R. 2253 as reported on May 15, 1985 and section 3 of H.R. 1948 as introduced April 3, 1985, are hereby enacted.

(b) Section 102 of H.J. Res. 465 shall not apply with respect to the provisions enacted by this paragraph.

[*Total, contributions to the International Financial Institutions:*
[*New budget (obligational) authority .... $1,193,847,240.*]
[*Limitation on callable capital .... 2,858,979,330.*]

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND PROGRAMS

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of sections 301 and 103(g) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, and of section 2 of the United Nations Environment Program Participation Act of 1983, $277,922,475: *Provided,* That no funds shall be available for the United Nations Fund for Science and Techology: *Provided further,* That the total amount of funds made available by this paragraph shall be available only as follows: $148,500,000 for the United Nations Development Program; $48,150,000 for the United Nations Children's Fund; $1,900,000 for the World Food Program; $900,000 277,922,475 for the United Nations Capital Development Fund; $250,000 for the United Nations Voluntary Fund for the Decade for Women; $1,282,500 for the International Convention and Scientific Organization Contributions; $1,800,000 for the World Meteorological Organization Voluntary Cooperation Program; $17,715,000 for the International Atomic Energy Agency; $9,000,000 for the United Nations Environment Program; $900,000 for the United Nations Educational and Training Program for South Africa; $1,429,975 for the United Nations Development Program Trust Fund to Combat Poverty and Hunger in Africa; $225,000 for the United Nations Institute for Namibia; $180,000 for the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species; $250,000 for the World Heritage Fund; $90,000 for the United Nations Voluntary Fund for Victims of Torture; $225,000 for the United Nations Fellowship Program; $400,000 for the Center on Human Settlements; $14.725,000 for the Organization of American States; and $30,000,000 for the International Fund for Agricultural Development (except that the funds provided by this paragraph for the International Fund for Agricultural Development shall not be made available to such organization until a budget request has been received by the Congress and the United States has entered into an agreement to participate in the second replenishment of the organization and, notwithstanding sections 451, 492(b), or 614 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, or any other provision of law, such funds may be made available only for the second replenishment of the International Fund for Agricultural Development, except that to the extent that these funds cannot be so utilized, they shall revert to the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts).

[*Total, title I, contributions to Multilateral Economic Assistance:*
[*New budget (obligational) authority* .... *$1,471,769,715.*]
[*Limitation on callable capital* .... *2,858,979,330.*]

TITLE II—BILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

For expenses necessary to enable the President to carry out the provisions of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, and for other purposes, to remain available until September 30, 1986, unless otherwise specified herein, as follows:

AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Agriculture, rural development and nutrition, Development Assistance: For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 103, $699,995,900: *Provided,* That not less than $5,000,000 shall be provided for new development projects of private entities and cooperatives utilizing surplus dairy products: *Provided further,* That not less than $8,000,000 shall be provided for the Vitamin A Deficiency Program. $699,995,900

Population, Development Assistance: For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 104(b), $250,000,000: *Provided,* That none of the funds made available in this Act nor any unobligated balances from prior appropriations may be made available to any organization or program which, as determined by the President of the United States, supports or participates in the management of a program of coercive abortion or involuntary sterilization: *Provided further,* That none of the funds made available under this heading may be used to pay for the performance of abortion as a method of family planning or to motivate or coerce any person to practice abortions; and that in order to reduce reliance on abortion in 250,000,000

developing nations, funds shall be available only to voluntary family planning projects which offer, either directly or through referral to or information about access to, a broad range of family planning methods and services: *Provided further,* That nothing in this subsection shall be construed to alter any existing statutory prohibitions against abortion under section 104 of the Foreign Assistance Act.

Health, Development Assistance: For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 104(c), $200,824,200: *Provided,* That not less than $12,500,000 shall be provided for child survival programs and activities. $200,824,200

Child Survival Fund: For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 104(c)(2), $25,000,000. 25,000,000

Education and human resources development, Development Assistance: For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 105, $169,949,700: *Provided,* That of this amount not less than $4,000,000 shall be made available only for the International Student Exchange Program. 169,949,700

Energy and selected development activities, Development Assistance: For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 106, $174,358,930: *Provided,* That not less than $5,000,000 shall be made available only for cooperative projects among the United States, Israel and developing countries: *Provided further,* That up to $2,280,000 may be made available for hybrid poplar energy farming in Nepal: *Provided further,* That up to $1,200,000 may be made available for the establishment of a land use management system in Costa Rica if requested by the Government of Costa Rica. 174,358,930

Central America Development Assistance: Of the funds appropriated to carry out the provisions of sections 103 through 106, not more than $250,000,000 shall be available for Central America except as provided through the regular notification process of the Committees on Appropriations.

Private and Voluntary Organizations: None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available in this Act for development assistance may be made available after January 1, 1986, to any United States private and voluntary organization, except any cooperative development organization, which obtains less than 20 per centum of its total annual funding for international activities from sources other than the United States Government: *Provided,* That the requirements of the provisions of section 123(g) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and the provisions on private and voluntary organizations in Title II of the "Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1985" (as enacted in Public Law 98-473) shall be superseded by the provisions of this section.

Science and technology, Development Assistance: For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 106, $10,790,000. 10,790,000

Private sector revolving fund: For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 108 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, not to exceed $18,000,000 to be derived by transfer from funds appropriated to carry out the provisions of chapter 1 of part I of such Act, to remain available until expended. During fiscal year 1986, obligations for assistance from amounts in the revolving fund account under section 108 shall not exceed $18,000,000. *18,000,000 (by transfer)*

[*Total, contributions to Development Assistance, $1,530,918,730.*]

Loan allocation, Development Assistance: In order to carry out the provisions of part I, the Administrator of the Agency responsible for administering such part may furnish loan assistance pursuant to existing law and on such terms and conditions as he may determine: *Provided,* That to the maximum extent practicable, loans to private sector institutions, from funds made available to carry out the provisions of sections 103 through 106, shall be provided at or near

the prevailing interest rate paid on Treasury obligations of similar maturity at the time of obligating such funds: *Provided further,* That amounts appropriated to carry out the provisions of chapter 1 of part I which are provided in the form of loans shall remain available until September 30, 1987.

American schools and hospitals abroad: For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 214, $35,000,000. $35,000,000

International disaster assistance: For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 491, $22,500,000, to remain available until expended. 22,500,000

Sahel development program: For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 121, $80,500,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That no part of such appropriation may be available to make any contribution of the United States to the Sahel development program in excess of 10 percent of the total contributions to such program. 80,500,000

Payment to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund: For payment to the "Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund", as authorized by the Foreign Service Act of 1980, $43,122,000. 43,122,000

Operating expenses of the Agency for International Development: For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 667, $376,350,000: *Provided,* That not more than $20,000,000 of this amount shall be for Foreign Affairs Administrative Support: *Provided further,* That except to the extent that the Administrator of the Agency for International Development determines otherwise, not less than 10 per centum of the aggregate of the funds made available for the fiscal year 1986 to carry out chapter 1 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall be made available only for activities of economically and socially disadvantaged enterprises (within the meaning of section 133(c)(5) of the International Development and Food Assistance Act of 1977), historically black colleges and universities, and private and voluntary organizations which are controlled by individuals who are black Americans, Hispanic Americans, or Native Americans, or who are economically and socially disadvantaged (within the meaning of section 133(c)(5) (B) and (C) of the International Development and Food Assistance Act of 1977). For purposes of this section, economically and socially disadvantaged individuals shall be deemed to include women: *Provided further,* That not less than $2,500,000 shall be used to carry out the purposes of section 636(d): *Provided further,* That not less than $1,200,000 shall be available for the International Development Intern Program: *Provided further,* That none of the funds appropriated or made available (other than funds appropriated or made available by this paragraph) pursuant to this Act for carrying out the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, may be used for the operating expenses of the Agency for International Development: *Provided further,* That none of the funds in this Act may be used to relocate the Regional Inspector General's Office in Cairo to another country: *Provided further,* That after February 28, 1986, none of the funds appropriated by this paragraph shall be available for the operating expenses of the International Development Cooperation Agency. [1] 5,000,000 *(indefinite)* 376,350,000

Operating expenses of the Agency for International Development Office of Inspector General: For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 667, $21,050,000, which sum shall be available only for the operating expenses of the Office of the Inspector General notwithstanding sections 451 or 614 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 or any other provision of law: *Provided,* That the full-time equivalent staff years for the Office of the Inspector General for fiscal year 1986 shall not be less than one hundred and ninety-three: *Provided further,* That up to three percent of the 21,050,000 amount made available under the paragraph "Operating expenses of the Agency for International Development" may be transferred to and merged and consolidated with amounts made available under this paragraph.

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[1] Reflects "indefinite" reappropriation for "Agency for International Development" (see Sec. 515 on page 435, this volume).

Trade credit insurance program: During the fiscal year 1986, total commitments to guarantee or insure loans for the "Trade credit insurance program" shall not exceed $250,000,000 of contingent liability for loan principal. *$250,000,000 (program limitation)*

Trade and development program: For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 661, $18,900,000. 18,900,000

Housing and other credit guaranty programs: During the fiscal year 1986, total commitments to guarantee loans shall not exceed $152,000,000 of contingent liability for loan principal: *Provided,* That the President shall enter into commitments to guarantee such loans in the full amount provided by this paragraph, subject only to the availability of qualified applicants for such guarantees. *152,000,000 (limitation on guaranteed loans)*

Economic support fund: For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of chapter 4 of part II, $3,700,000,000: *Provided,* That of the funds appropriated under this paragraph, not less than $1,200,000,000 shall be available only for Israel, which sum shall be available on a grant basis as a cash transfer and shall be disbursed within 30 days of enactment of this Act or by October 31, 1985, whichever is later: *Provided further,* That not less than $815,000,000 shall be available only for Egypt, which sum shall be provided on a grant basis, of which not less than $115,000,000 shall be provided as a cash transfer in accordance with the provisions of section 202(b) of Public Law 99-83, and not less than $200,000,000 shall be provided as a Commodity Import Program: *Provided further,* That it is the sense of the Congress that the recommended levels of assistance for Egypt and Israel are based in great measure upon their continued participation in the Camp David Accords and upon the Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty; and that Egypt and Israel are urged to continue their efforts to restore a full diplomatic relationship, including ambassadors, and achieve realization of the Camp David Accords: *Provided further,* That not less than $250,000,000 of the funds appropriated under this paragraph shall be available only for Pakistan: *Provided further,* That any of the funds appropriated under this paragraph for El Salvador which are placed in the Central Reserve Bank of El Salvador shall be maintained in a separate account and not commingled with any other funds, except that such funds may be obligated and expended notwithstanding provisions of law, which are inconsistent with the cash transfer nature of this assistance, or which are referenced in the Joint Explanatory Statement of the Committee of Conference accompanying House Joint Resolution 648(H. Rept. No. 98-1159): *Provided further,* That pursuant to section 660(d) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 up to $1,000,000 of the funds appropriated under this paragraph shall be made available to assist the Government of El Salvador's Special Investigative Unit for the purpose of bringing to justice those responsible for the murders of United States citizens in El Salvador: *Provided further,* That a report of the investigation shall be provided to the Congress: *Provided further,* That funds appropriated under this paragraph for Mozambique may be made available only for activities in support of the private sector: *Provided further,* That of the amounts made available by this paragraph for Mozambique, $5,000,000 may not be made available until a democratic election has been held in Mozambique: *Provided further,* That of the funds provided under this paragraph only $125,000,000 shall be made available for the Philippines: *Provided further,* That of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available under this heading, 3,700,000,000

$15,000,000 shall be made available only for Cyprus (except that any offshore procurement must meet Agency for International Development procurement source and origin regulations): *Provided further*, That not less than $15,000,000 of the funds provided under this paragraph shall be made available only for Ecuador, which sum shall be disbursed within thirty days of enactment of this Act: *Provided further*, That up to $20,000,000 of the funds provided under this paragraph may be made available to carry out the Administration of Justice program pursuant to section 534 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961: *Provided further*, That not less than 35 percent of the funds allocated for the Human Rights Fund for South Africa shall be made available in accordance with section 802(d) of Public Law 99-83: *Provided further*, That the obligation of funds made available under this paragraph to finance tied aid credits shall be subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

TRANSFER OF FUNDS

Transfer of funds: Of the unobligated funds remaining from funds appropriated for the "Economic support fund" for Lebanon in Public Law 98-63, $22,850,000 shall be transferred as follows: (1) $12,500,000 to the "Child Survival Fund", (2) $5,350,000 to "International Organizations and Programs" for the United Nations Children's Fund, and (3) $5,000,000 to "International Narcotics Control": *Provided*, That except for such transfers, amounts remaining unobligated as of September 30, 1985, from funds appropriated for the "Economic Support Fund" for Lebanon in Public Law 98-63 shall, notwithstanding sections 451, 492(b), or 614 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, or any other provision of law, be made available only for Lebanon: *Provided further*, That, to the extent that these funds cannot be used to provide assistance for Lebanon, they shall revert to the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

RESCISSION

Deobligation and rescission of funds: $11,200,000 of the funds remaining in the "Syria Termination Account" created by Public Law 98-151 are deobligated and are rescinded: *Provided*, That the authority contained in sections 451, 492(b), and 614 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, or any other provision of law, shall not be exercised to permit the use of funds remaining in the "Syria Termination Account" created by Public Law 98-151 for any other purposes than those for which the account was created.

[*Total, contribution to Agency for International Development, $5,833,340,730.*]

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of title V of the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1980, Public Law 96-533, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations, as provided by section 9104, title 31, United States Code, $3,872,000. $3,872,000

INTER-AMERICAN FOUNDATION

For expenses necessary to carry out the functions of the Inter-American Foundation in accordance with the provisions of section 401 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1969, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations, as provided by section 9104, title 31, United States Code, $11,969,000. $11,969,000

OVERSEAS PRIVATE INVESTMENT CORPORATION

The Overseas Private Investment Corporation is authorized to make such expenditures within the limits of funds available to it and in accordance with law (including not to exceed $35,000 for official reception and representation expenses), and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations, as provided by section 9104 of title 31, United States Code, as may be necessary in carrying out the program set forth in the budget for the current fiscal year.

During the fiscal year 1986 and within the resources and authority available, gross obligations for the amount of direct loans shall not exceed $14,250,000. *14,250,000 (limitation on direct loans)*

During the fiscal year 1986, total commitments to guarantee loans shall not exceed $142,500,000 of contingent liability for loan principal. *142,500,000 (limitation on guaranteed loans)*

[*Total, funds appropriated to the President, $5,849,181,730.*]

PEACE CORPS

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Peace Corps Act (75 Stat. 612), $130,000,000: *Provided,* That none of the funds appropriated in this paragraph shall be used to pay for abortions. 130,000,000

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 481, $57,529,000. 57,529,000

MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to enable the Secretary of State to provide, as authorized by law, a contribution to the International Committee of the Red Cross and assistance to refugees, including contributions to the Intergovernmental Committee for Migration and the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees; salaries and expenses of personnel and dependents as authorized by the Foreign Service Act of 1980, allowances as authorized by sections 5921 through 5925 of title 5, United States Code; hire of passenger motor vehicles; and services as authorized by section 3109 of title 5, United States Code; $338,930,000: *Provided,* 338,930,000 That not less than $12,500,000 shall be available for Soviet, Eastern European and other refugees resettling in Israel: *Provided further,* That these funds shall be administered in a manner that ensures equity in the treatment of all refugees receiving Federal assistance: *Provided further,* That no funds herein appropriated shall be used to assist directly in the migration to any nation in the Western Hemisphere of any person not having a security clearance based on reasonable standards to ensure against Communist infiltration in the Western Hemisphere: *Provided further,* That no more than $8,150,396 of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be available for the administrative expenses of the Office of Refugee Programs of the Department of State: *Provided further,* That not more than $2,500,000 of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be available for the orderly movement of overland Vietnamese refugees presently located at the Dong Ruk (Site 2) refugee camp in Thailand to a safe haven either in Thailand or in another location more directly under the control of the United States where they may be joined with other Vietnamese refugees: *Provided further,* That each of the earmarks contained in section 108 of Public Law 99-93 shall be reduced by 1.7 percent.

ANTI-TERRORISM ASSISTANCE

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of chapter 8 of part II, $7,420,000. $7,420,000

PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 551, $34,000,000: *Provided,* That, notwithstanding sections 451, 492(b), or 614 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, or any other provision of law, these funds may be used only as justified in the Congressional Presentation Document for fiscal year 1986: *Provided further,* That, to the extent that these funds cannot be used to provide for such assistance, they shall revert to the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts. 34,000,000

[Total, Department of State, $437,879,000.]

[Total, title II, Bilateral Economic Assistance:

[New budget (obligational) authority	[1]*$6,417,060,730.]*
[Limitation on direct loans	*14,250,000.]*
[Limitation on guaranteed loans	*294,500,000.]*
[Program limitation	*250,000,000.]*
[By transfer	*18,000,000.]*

TITLE III—MILITARY ASSISTANCE

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

MILITARY ASSISTANCE

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 503 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, including administrative expenses and purchase of passenger motor vehicles for replacement only for use outside of the United States, $782,000,000: *Provided,* That of the funds made available under this paragraph only $40,000,000 shall be available for the Philippines: *Provided further,* That only $215,000,000 shall be made available for Turkey: *Provided further,* That the reports required by section 702 of the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985 (Public Law 99-83) shall also be provided to the Committees on Appropriations: *Provided further,* That these reports shall supersede the reporting requirements relating to El Salvador contained in the last proviso of the paragraph under the heading "Military Assistance" contained in the joint resolution entitled "a joint resolution making urgent supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, for the Department of Agriculture", approved July 2, 1984 (Public Law 98-332) and section 533 of the Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1985 (as enacted in Public Law 98-473): *Provided further,* That not less than $40,000,000 of the funds made available under this paragraph shall be available only for Tunisia. 782,000,000

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[1] Includes $5,000,000 in "indefinite" appropriations.

INTERNATIONAL MILITARY EDUCATION AND TRAINING

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 541, $54,489,500. $54,489,500

FOREIGN MILITARY CREDIT SALES

For expenses necessary to enable the President to carry out the provisions of section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act, $5,190,000,000, of which not less than $1,800,000,000 shall be available only for Israel, not less than $1,300,000,000 shall be available only for Egypt, and not less than $325,000,000 shall be available only for Pakistan: *Provided,* That if the Government of Israel requests that funds be used for such purposes, up to $150,000,000 of the amount of credits made available for Israel pursuant to this paragraph shall be available for research and development in the United States for the Lavi program, and not less than $300,000,000 shall be for the procurement in Israel of defense articles and services, including research and development, for the Lavi program and other activities if requested by Israel: *Provided further,* That during fiscal year 1986, gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans, exclusive of loan guarantee defaults, shall not exceed $5,190,000,000: *Provided further,* That of the funds made available under this paragraph, only $427,852,000 shall be available for Turkey: *Provided further,* That of the funds made available under this paragraph, only $450,000,000 shall be available for Greece: *Provided further,* That of the funds provided under this paragraph only $15,000,000 shall be made available for the Philippines: *Provided further,* That none of the funds made available under this paragraph shall be available for Guatemala, unless the President makes the following certifications to the Congress: 5,190,000,000

(1) For Fiscal Year 1986, an elected civilian government is in power in Guatemala and has submitted a formal written request to the United States for the assistance, sales, or financing to be provided.

(2) For Fiscal Year 1986, the Government of Guatemala made demonstrated progress during the preceding year (A) in achieving control over its military and security forces, (B) toward eliminating kidnapings and disappearances, forced recruitment into the civil defense patrols, and other abuses by such forces of internationally recognized human rights, and (C) in respecting the internationally recognized human rights of its indigenous Indian population: *Provided further,* That not more than $553,900,000 of the funds made available under this paragraph shall be available at concessional rates of interest: *Provided further,* That all country and funding level changes in requested concessional financing allocations shall be submitted through the regular notification process of the Committees on Appropriations: *Provided further,* That not less than $27,000,000 of concessional credits shall be provided only for Tunisia.

SPECIAL DEFENSE ACQUISITION FUND

(LIMITATION ON OBLIGATIONS)

Not to exceed $325,000,000 may be obligated pursuant to section 51(c)(2) of the Arms Export Control Act for the purposes of the Special Defense Acquisition Fund during fiscal year 1986. *325,000,000 (limitation on obligations)*

[*Total, title III, Military Assistance:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority* .... *$6,026,489,500.*]

[*Limitation on obligations* .... *325,000,000.*]

TITLE IV—EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF THE UNITED STATES

The Export-Import Bank of the United States is authorized to make such expenditures within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to such corporation, and in accordance with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations, as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as may be necessary in carrying out the program for the current fiscal year for such corporation: *Provided*, That none of the funds available during the current fiscal year may be used to make expenditures, contracts, or commitments for the export of nuclear equipment, fuel, or technology to any country other than a nuclear-weapon State as defined in article IX of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons eligible to receive economic or military assistance under this Act that has detonated a nuclear explosive after the date of enactment of this Act.

LIMITATION ON PROGRAM ACTIVITY

During the fiscal year 1986 and within the resources and authority available, gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans shall not exceed $1,110,000,000: *Provided*, That during the fiscal year 1986, total commitments to guarantee loans shall not exceed $12,000,000,000 of contingent liability for loan principal.

[1]$1,110,000,000
1,110,000,000 (limitation on direct loans)
12,000,000,000 (limitation on guaranteed loans)

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Not to exceed $18,357,000 (to be computed on an accrual basis) shall be available during the current fiscal year for administrative expenses, including hire of passenger motor vehicles and services as authorized by section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, and not to exceed $16,000 for official reception and representation expenses for members of the Board of Directors: *Provided*, That (1) fees or dues to international organizations of credit institutions engaged in financing foreign trade, (2) necessary expenses (including special services performed on a contract or a fee basis, but not including other personal services) in connection with the acquisition, operation, maintenance, improvement, or disposition of any real or personal property belonging to the Export-Import Bank or in which it has an interest, including expenses of collections of pledged collateral, or the investigation or appraisal of any property in respect to which an application for a loan has been made, and (3) expenses (other than internal expenses of the Export-Import Bank) incurred in connection with the issuance and servicing of guarantees, insurance, and reinsurance, shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes of this paragraph.

18,357,000 (limitation on administrative expenses)

[Total, title IV, Export-Import Bank of the United States:
[New budget (obligational) authority .... $1,110,000,000.]
[Limitations on use of corporate funds .... 13,128,357,000.]

TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 501. None of the funds appropriated in this Act (other than funds appropriated for "International organizations and programs") shall be used to finance the construction of any new flood control, reclamation, or other water or related land resource project or program which has not met the standards and criteria used in determining the feasibility of flood control, reclamation, and other water and related land resource programs and projects proposed for construction within the United States of America under the principles, standards and procedures established pursuant to the Water Resources Planning Act (42 U.S.C. 1962, et seq.) or Acts amendatory or supplementary thereto.

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[1] Reflects new budget (obligational) authority corresponding to the limitation on Export-Import Bank direct loans.

SEC. 502. Except for the appropriations entitled "International disaster assistance", and "United States emergency refugee and migration assistance fund" not more than 15 per centum of any appropriation item made available by this Act for the current fiscal year shall be obligated during the last month of availability.

SEC. 503. None of the funds appropriated in this Act nor any of the counterpart funds generated as a result of assistance hereunder or any prior Act shall be used to pay pensions, annuities, retirement pay, or adjusted service compensation for any person heretofore or hereafter serving in the armed forces of any recipient country.

SEC. 504. None of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act for carrying out the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, may be used for making payments on any contract for procurement to which the United States is a party entered into after the date of enactment of this Act which does not contain a provision authorizing the termination of such contract for the convenience of the United States.

SEC. 505. None of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act for carrying out the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, may be used to pay in whole or in part any assessments, arrearages, or dues of any member of the United Nations.

SEC. 506. None of the funds contained in title II of this Act may be used to carry out the provisions of section 209(d) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

SEC. 507. Of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act, not to exceed $110,000 shall be for official residence expenses of the Agency for International Development during the current fiscal year: *Provided,* That appropriate steps be taken to assure that, to the maximum extent possible, United States-owned foreign currencies are utilized in lieu of dollars.

SEC. 508. Of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act, not to exceed $10,000 shall be for entertainment expenses of the Agency for International Development during the current fiscal year.

SEC. 509. Of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act, not to exceed $100,000 shall be for representation allowances for the Agency for International Development during the current fiscal year: *Provided,* That appropriate steps shall be taken to assure that, to the maximum extent possible, United States-owned foreign currencies are utilized in lieu of dollars: *Provided further,* That of the total funds made available by this Act under the headings "Military Assistance" and "Foreign Military Credit Sales", not to exceed $2,500 shall be available for entertainment expenses and not to exceed $70,000 shall be available for representation allowances: *Provided further,* That of the funds made available by this Act under the heading "International Military Education and Training", not to exceed $125,000 shall be available for entertainment allowances: *Provided further,* That of the funds made available by this Act for the Inter-American Foundation, not to exceed $2,500 shall be available for entertainment and representation allowances: *Provided further,* That of the funds made available by this Act for the Peace Corps, not to exceed a total of $4,000 shall be available for entertainment expenses: *Provided further,* That of the funds made available by this Act under the heading "Trade and development program", not to exceed $2,000 shall be available for representation and entertainment allowances.

SEC. 510. None of the funds appropriated or made available (other than funds for "International organizations and programs") pursuant to this Act, for carrying out the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, may be used to finance the export of nuclear equipment, fuel, or technology.

SEC. 511. Funds appropriated by this Act may not be obligated or expended to provide assistance to any country for the purpose of aiding the efforts of the government of such country to repress the legitimate rights of the population of such country contrary to the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

SEC. 512. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available pursuant to this Act shall be obligated or expended to finance directly any assistance or reparations to Angola, Cambodia, Cuba, Iraq, Libya, the Socialist Republic of Vietnam, South Yemen, or Syria.

SEC. 513. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available pursuant to this Act shall be obligated or expended to finance directly any assistance to any country whose duly elected Head of Government is deposed by military coup or decree.

SEC. 514. None of the funds made available by this Act may be obligated under an appropriation account to which they were not appropriated without the written prior approval of the Appropriations Committees of both Houses of the Congress.

[1] *($5,000,000)* *(indefinite)*

SEC. 515. Amounts certified pursuant to section 1311 of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1955, as having been obligated against appropriations heretofore made under the authority of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 for the same general purpose as any of the paragraphs under "Agency for International Development" are, if deobligated, hereby continued available for the same period as the respective appropriations in such paragraphs for the same general purpose and for the same country as originally obligated or for activities in the Andean region: *Provided*, That the Appropriations Committees of both Houses of the Congress are notified fifteen days in advance of the deobligation or reobligation of such funds.

SEC. 516. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used for publicity or propaganda purposes within the United States not authorized before the date of enactment of this Act by the Congress.

SEC. 517. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation after the expiration of the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided in this Act.

SEC. 518. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to furnish assistance to any country which is in default during a period in excess of one calendar year in payment to the United States of principal or interest on any loan made to such country by the United States pursuant to a program for which funds are appropriated under this Act.

SEC. 519. None of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act shall be available to any international financial institution whose United States governor or representative cannot upon request obtain the amounts and the names of borrowers for all loans of the international financial institution, including loans to employees of the institution, or the compensation and related benefits of employees of the institution.

SEC. 520. None of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act shall be available to any international financial institution whose United States governor or representative cannot upon request obtain any document developed by the management of the international financial institution.

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[1] Reappropriation amount is estimated. Reflected on page 427 and included in total for "Agency for International Development" on page 429, this volume.

SEC. 521. Section 620A(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by inserting "the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945," after "the Peace Corps Act,".

SEC. 522. None of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act for direct assistance and none of the funds otherwise made available pursuant to this Act to the Export-Import Bank and the Overseas Private Investment Corporation shall be obligated or expended to finance any loan, any assistance or any other financial commitments for establishing or expanding production of any commodity for export by any country other than the United States, if the commodity is likely to be in surplus on world markets at the time the resulting productive capacity is expected to become operative and if the assistance will cause substantial injury to United States producers of the same, similar, or competing commodity: *Provided*, That such prohibition shall not apply to the Export-Import Bank if in the judgment of its Board of Directors the benefits to industry and employment in the United States are likely to outweigh the injury to United States producers of the same, similar, or competing commodity.

SEC. 523. The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Directors of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the International Development Association, the International Finance Corporation, the Inter-American Development Bank, the International Monetary Fund, the Asian Development Bank, the Inter-American Investment Corporation, the African Development Bank, and the African Development Fund to use the voice and vote of the United States to oppose any assistance by these institutions, using funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act, for the production of any commodity for export, if it is in surplus on world markets and if the assistance will cause substantial injury to United States producers of the same, similar, or competing commodity.

SEC. 524. None of the funds made available under this Act for "Agriculture, rural development and nutrition, Development Assistance", "Population, Development Assistance", "Child Survival Fund", "Health, Development Assistance", "Education and human resources development, Development Assistance," "Energy and selected development activities, Development Assistance", "Science and technology, Development Assistance", "International organizations and programs", "American schools and hospitals abroad", "Sahel development program", "Trade and development program", "International narcotics control", "Economic support fund", "Peacekeeping operations", "Operating expenses of the Agency for International Development", "Operating expenses of the Agency for International, Development Office of Inspector General", "Antiterrorism assistance", "Military assistance", "International military education and training", "Foreign military credit sales", "Inter-American Foundation", "African Development Foundation", "Peace Corps", or "Migration and refugee assistance", shall be available for obligation for activities, programs, projects, type of material assistance, countries, or other operation not justified or in excess of the amount justified to the Appropriations Committees for obligation under any of these specific headings for the current fiscal year unless the Appropriations Committees of both Houses of Congress are previously notified fifteen days in advance.

SEC. 525. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order pursuant to existing law.

SEC. 526. None of the funds appropriated under this Act may be used to lobby for abortion.

SEC. 527. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available under this Act may be available for any country during any three-month period beginning on or after October 1, 1985, immediately following a certification by the President to the Congress that the government of such country is failing to take adequate measures to prevent narcotic drugs or other controlled substances (as listed in the schedules in section 202 of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse and Prevention Control Act of 1971 (21 U.S.C. 812)) which are cultivated, produced, or processed illicitly, in whole or in part, in such country, or transported through such country from being sold illegally within the jurisdiction of such country to the United States Government personnel or their dependents or from entering the United States unlawfully.

SEC. 528. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or this Act, none of the funds provided for "International organizations and programs" shall be available for the United States' proportionate share for any programs for the Palestine Liberation Organization, the Southwest African Peoples Organization, Libya, Iran, or, at the discretion of the President, Communist countries listed in section 620(f) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended.

SEC. 529. (a) Not later than January 31 of each year, or at the time of the transmittal by the President to the Congress of the annual presentation materials on foreign assistance, whichever is earlier, the President shall transmit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate a full and complete report which assesses, with respect to each foreign country, the degree of support by the government of each such country during the preceding twelve-month period for the foreign policy of the United States. Such report shall include, with respect to each such country which is a member of the United Nations, information to be compiled and supplied by the Permanent Representative of the United States to the United Nations, consisting of a comparison of the overall voting practices in the principal bodies of the United Nations during the preceding twelve-month period of such country and the United States, with special note of the voting and speaking records of such country on issues of major importance to the United States in the General Assembly and the Security Council, and shall also include a report on actions with regard to the United States in important related documents such as the Non-Aligned Communique. A full compilation of the information supplied by the Permanent Representative of the United States to the United Nations for inclusion in such report shall be provided as an addendum to such report.

(b) None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available pursuant to this Act shall be obligated or expended to finance directly any assistance to a country which the President finds, based on the contents of the report required to be transmitted under subsection (a), is engaged in a consistent pattern of opposition to the foreign policy of the United States.

SEC. 530. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, Israel may utilize any loan which is or was made available under the Arms Export Control Act and for which repayment is or was forgiven before utilizing any other loan made available under the Arms Export Control Act.

SEC. 531. In reaffirmation of the 1975 memorandum of agreement between the United States and Israel, and in accordance with section 1302 of the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985 (Public Law 99-83), no employee of or individual acting on behalf of the United States Government shall recognize or negotiate with the Palestine Liberation Organization or representatives thereof, so long as the Palestine Liberation Organization does not recognize Israel's right to exist, does not accept Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338, and does not renounce the use of terrorism.

SEC. 532. The Congress finds that progress on the peace process in the Middle East is vitally important to United States security interests in the region. The Congress recognizes that, in fulfilling its obligations under the Treaty of Peace Between the Arab Republic of Egypt and the State of Israel, done at Washington on March 26, 1979, Israel incurred severe economic burdens. Furthermore, the Congress recognizes that an economically and militarily secure Israel serves the security interests of the United States, for a secure Israel is an Israel which has the incentive and confidence to continue pursuing the peace process. Therefore, the Congress declares that it is the policy and the intention of the United States that the funds provided in annual appropriations for the Economic Support Fund which are allocated to Israel shall not be less than the annual debt repayment (interest and principal) from Israel to the United States Government in recognition that such a principle serves United States interests in the region.

SEC. 533. None of the funds made available in this Act shall be restricted for obligation or disbursement solely as a result of the policies of any multilateral institution.

SEC. 534. Ceilings and earmarks contained in this Act shall not be applicable to funds or authorities appropriated or otherwise made available by any subsequent act unless such act specifically so directs.

SEC. 535. The Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of State are directed to submit to the Committees on Foreign Affairs and the Committees on Appropriations by February 1, 1986, a report on the domestic economic policies of those nations receiving economic assistance, either directly or indirectly from the United States including, where appropriate, an analysis of the foreign assistance programs conducted by these recipient nations.

SEC. 536. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available pursuant to this Act for "Economic Support Fund" or for "Foreign Military Credit Sales" shall be obligated or expended for Lebanon except as provided through the regular notification process of the Committees on Appropriations.

SEC. 537. Of the funds made available by this Act for Jamaica and Peru, not more than 50 per centum of the funds made available for each country shall be obligated unless the President determines and reports to the Congress that the Governments of these countries are sufficiently responsive to the United States Government concerns on drug control and that the added expenditures of the funds for that country are in the national interest of the United States: *Provided,* That this provision shall not be applicable to funds made available to carry out section 481 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961: *Provided further,* That assistance may be provided to Bolivia for Fiscal Year 1986, under chapter 2 (relating to grant military assistance), chapter 4 (relating to the economic support fund), and chapter 5 (relating to international military education and training) of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, and under chapter 2 of the Arms Export Control Act (relating to foreign military sales financing), only under the following conditions:

For Fiscal Year 1986—

(A) up to 50 percent of the aggregate amount of such assistance allocated for Bolivia may be provided at any time after the President certifies to the Congress that the Government of Bolivia has enacted legislation that will establish its legal coca requirements, provide for the licensing of the number of hectares necessary to produce the legal requirement, and make unlicensed coca production illegal; and

(B) the remaining amount of such assistance may be provided at any time following a certification pursuant to subparagraph (A) if the President certifies to the Congress that the Government of Bolivia achieved the eradication targets for the calendar year 1985 contained in its 1983 narcotics agreements with the United States.

SEC. 538. None of the funds available in this Act may be used to make available to El Salvador any helicopters or other aircraft, and licenses may not be issued under section 38 of the Arms Export Control Act for the export to El Salvador of any such aircraft, unless the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate are notified at least fifteen days in advance in accordance with the procedures applicable to notifications.

SEC. 539. Funds provided in this Act for Guatemala may not be provided to the Government of Guatemala for use in its rural resettlement program, except through the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

SEC. 540. (a) The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Directors of the Multilateral Development Banks to—

(1) vigorously promote a commitment of these institutions to add or strengthen professionally trained staff to undertake environmental review of projects; or have development management plans to substantially increase the environmentally trained staff engaged in review of the ecological impacts of prospective projects;

(2) vigorously promote changes in these institutions in their preparation of projects and country programs that will encourage staff and borrower countries to—

(A) actively and regularly involve environmental and health ministers, or comparable representatives, in the preparation of environmentally sensitive projects and in bank-supported country program planning and strategy sessions;

(B) actively and regularly use the resources of available nongovernmental conservation and indigenous peoples' organizations, and consistent with international procurement policies, in the preparation of environmentally sensitive projects and in bank-supported country program planning and strategy sessions;

(3) vigorously promote a commitment of these institutions to increase the proportion of their lending programs supporting environmentally beneficial projects and project components, resource rehabilitation projects and project components, protection of indigenous peoples, and appropriate or light capital technology projects. Examples of such projects include small scale mixed farming and multiple cropping; agroforestry; programs to promote kitchen gardens; watershed management and rehabilitation; high yield woodlots; integrated pest management systems; dune stabilization programs; programs to improve energy efficiency; energy efficient technologies such as small scale hydro projects, rural solar energy systems, and rural and mobil telecommunications systems; and improved efficiency and management of irrigation systems;

(4) vigorously promote the establishment within the Economic Development Institute of the World Bank to institute a component which provides training in environmental and natural resource planning and program development;

(5) ensure that there is a thorough evaluation within the U.S. Government of the potential environmental problems, and the adequacy of measures to address these problems, associated with all proposed loans for projects involving large impoundments of rivers in tropical countries; penetration roads into relatively undeveloped areas; and agricultural and rural development programs; the potential environmental problems to be addressed in such evaluations shall include those relating to deterioration of water quality, siltation, spread of water borne diseases, forced resettlement, deforestation, threats to the land, health and culture of indigenous peoples, top soil management, water logging and salinization in irrigation projects, and pesticide misuse and resistance;

(6) call for, by May 31, 1986, separate and special meetings of each of the Boards of Executive Directors of these institutions to discuss their environmental performance, and ways in which this performance can be improved, including alternative projects considered and alternative configurations of projects with specific attention to environmental problems associated with the following categories of projects: large impoundments of rivers in tropical countries; penetration roads into relatively undeveloped areas; agriculture and rural development projects; and

(7) in preparation for the meetings referred to in clause (6), the United States Executive Directors of the Multilateral Development Banks shall request the preparation of reviews by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and the Inter-American Development Bank from available information, of their environmental performance over the past decade with respect to the categories of projects referred to in clause (6); the United States Executive Directors shall request that these reviews specifically discuss the environmental problems explicitly referred to in clause (5).

(b) The Secretary of the Treasury shall prepare and submit to the Committees on Appropriations by March 31, 1986, a report documenting the progress the Multilateral Development Banks have made in implementing the environmental reform measures described in clauses (1) through (4) of subsection (a).

(c) The Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of State shall undertake initiatives, in addition to those described in clause (6) of subsection (a) to discuss measures to improve the environmental performance of the Multilateral Development Banks with the representatives, and with the ministries from which they receive their instructions, of other donor nations to these institutions.

(d) In the report of the Secretary of the Treasury required by subsection (b) regarding the implementation of staffing measures suggested in clause (1) of subsection (a), the Secretary of the Treasury shall specifically discuss the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development's progress in adding environmentally trained professionals, or in developing and implementing alternative plans for environmental staffing in each of the Bank's six regional offices to review projects for their prospective ecological impacts.

SEC. 541. None of the funds made available to carry out part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, may be used to pay for the performance of abortions as a method of family planning or to motivate or coerce any person to practice abortions. None of the funds made available to carry out part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, may be used to pay for the performance of involuntary sterilization as a method of family planning or to coerce or provide any financial incentive to any person to undergo sterilizations. None of the funds made available to carry out part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, may be used to pay for any biomedical research which relates in whole or in part, to methods of, or the performance of, abortions or involuntary sterilization as a means of family planning. None of the funds made available to carry out part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, may be obligated or expended for any country or organization if the President certifies that the use of these funds by any such country or organization would violate any of the above provisions related to abortions and involuntary sterilizations. The Congress reaffirms its commitments to population, development assistance and to the need for informed voluntary family planning.

SEC. 542. Not less than $15,000,000 of the aggregate amount of funds appropriated by this Act to carry out the provisions of chapter 1 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and chapter 4 of part II of that Act, shall be available for the provision of food, medicine, or other humanitarian assistance to the Afghan people, notwithstanding any other provision of law.

SEC. 543. None of the funds provided in this Act shall be available for the Sudan if the President determines that the Sudan is acting in a manner that would endanger the stability of the region, or the Camp David peace process.

SEC. 544. The President shall make available to the Cambodian non-communist resistance forces not less than $1,500,000 nor more than $5,000,000 of the funds appropriated by this Act for "Military Assistance" and for the "Ecomonic Support Fund", notwithstanding any other provision of law: *Provided*, That funds appropriated by this Act for this purpose shall be obligated in accordance with the provisions of section 906 of the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985 (Public Law 99-83).

SEC. 545. (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that no foreign military sales financing appropriated by this Act may be used to finance the procurement by Jordan of United States advanced aircraft, new air defense weapons systems, or other new advanced military weapons systems, and no notification may be made pursuant to section 36(b) of the Arms Export Control Act with respect to a proposed sale to Jordan of United States advanced aircraft, new air defense systems, or other new advanced military weapons systems, unless Jordan is publicly committed to the recognition of Israel and to negotiate promptly and directly with Israel under the basic tenets of United Nations Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338.

(b) CERTIFICATION.—Any notification made pursuant to section 36(b) of the Arms Export Control Act with respect to a proposed sale to Jordan of United States advanced aircraft, new air defense systems or other new advanced military weapons, must be accompanied by a Presidential certification of Jordan's public commitment to the recognition of Israel and to negotiate promptly and directly with Israel under the basic tenets of United Nations Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338.

SEC. 546. None of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act shall be available to a private voluntary organization which fails to provide upon timely request any document, file, or record necessary to the auditing requirements of the Agency for International Development.

SEC. 547. Of the amounts made available by this Act for military assistance and financing for El Salvador under chapters 2 and 5 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and under the Arms Export Control Act, $5,000,000 may not be expended until the President reports, following the conclusion of the Appeals process in the case of Captain Avila, to the Committees on Appropriations that the Government of El Salvador has (1) substantially concluded all investigative action with respect to those responsible for the January 1981 deaths of the two United States land reform consultants Michael Hammer and Mark Pearlman and the Salvadoran Land Reform Institute Director Jose Rodolfo Viera, and (2) pursued all legal avenues to bring to trial and obtain a verdict of those who ordered and carried out the January 1981 murders.

SEC. 548. It is the sense of the Congress that all countries receiving United States foreign assistance under the "Economic Support Fund", "Foreign Military Credit Sales", "Military Assistance" program, "International Military Education and Training", Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (Public Law 480) development assistance programs, or trade promotion programs should fully cooperate with the international refugee assistance organizations, the United States, and other governments in facilitating lasting solutions to refugee situations. Further, where resettlement to other countries is the appropriate solution, such resettlement should be expedited in cooperation with the country of asylum without respect to race, sex, religion, or national origin.

SEC. 549. Any joint resolution introduced on or after February 1, 1986, which states that the Congress objects to the proposed sale to Jordan of advanced weapons systems, including advanced aircraft and advanced air defense systems (submitted to the Congress on October 21, 1985), shall be considered in the Senate in accordance with the provisions of section 601(b) of the International Security Assistance and Arms Export Control Act of 1976.

SEC. 550. (a) The Congress finds that—

(1) the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) reports that four million children die annually because they have not been immunized against the six major childhood diseases: polio, measles, whooping cough, diphtheria, tetanus, and tuberculosis;

(2) at present less than 20 percent of children in the developing world are fully immunized against these diseases;

(3) each year more than five million additional children are permanently disabled and suffer diminished capacities to contribute to the economic, social, and political development of their countries because they have not been immunized;

(4) ten million additional childhood deaths from immunizable and potentially immunizable diseases could be averted annually by the development of techniques in biotechnology for new and cost-effective vaccines;

(5) the World Health Assembly, the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund, and the United Nations General Assembly are calling upon the nations of the world to commit the resources necessary to meet the challenge of universal access to childhood immunization by 1990;

(6) the United States, through the Centers for Disease Control and the Agency for International Development, joined in a global effort by providing political and technical leadership that made possible the eradication of smallpox during the 1970's;

(7) the development of national immunization systems that can both be sustained and also serve as a model for a wide range of primary health care actions is a desired outcome of our foreign assistance policy;

(8) the United States Centers for Disease Control headquartered in Atlanta is uniquely qualified to provide technical assistance for a worldwide immunization and eradication effort and is universally respected;

(9) at the 1984 Bellagio Conference it was determined that the goal of universal childhood immunization by 1990 is indeed achievable;

(10) the Congress, through authorizations and appropriations for international health research and primary health care activities and the establishment of the Child Survival Fund, has played a vital role in providing for the well-being of the world's children;

(11) the Congress has expressed its expectation that the Agency for International Development will set as a goal the immunization by 1990 of at least 80 percent of all the children in those countries in which the Agency has a program; and

(12) the United States private sector and public at large have responded generously to appeals for support for national immunization campaigns in developing countries.

(b)(1) The Congress calls upon the President to direct the Agency for International Development, working through the Centers for Disease Control and other appropriate Federal agencies, to work in a global effort to provide enhanced support toward achieving the goal of universal access to childhood immunization by 1990 by—

(A) assisting in the delivery, distribution, and use of vaccines, including—

(i) the building of locally sustainable systems and technical capacities in developing countries to reach, by the appropriate age, not less than 80 per centum of their annually projected target population with the full schedule of required immunizations, and

(ii) the development of a sufficient network of indigenous professionals and institutions with responsibility for developing, monitoring, and assessing immunization programs and continually adapting strategies to reach the goal of preventing immunizable diseases; and

(B) performing, supporting, and encouraging research and development activities, both in the public and private sector, that will be targeted at developing new vaccines and at modifying and improving existing vaccines to make them more appropriate for use in developing countries.

(2) In support of this global effort, the President should appeal to the people of the United States and the United States private sector to support public and private efforts to provide the resources necessary to achieve universal access to childhood immunization by 1990.

Sec. 551. The foreign debt burdens of many Third World nations have contributed to their economic decline and inability to engage in a significant economic recovery;

The United States foreign military assistance loan programs, which have had very high interest rates in past years, have contributed to the security of our friends and allies, but also have played a contributing role in adding to the debt burdens of many of our friends and allies;

United States foreign aid has, among its major objectives, the enhancement of the military and economic security of our friends and allies and our own security;

A foreign assistance program which adds significantly to the debt burdens of our friends and allies by forcing the weaker of those nations to use funds which could be used for development for repayment of loans impairs their economic development unnecessarily and is not in either their or our interest;

The past few years have seen several positive legislative steps taken to alleviate the FMS loan-related debt burdens of our friends and allies by reducing interest rates, stretching out the repayment period of these loans, and by increasing the level of MAP grants and forgiven FMS credits;

These steps have helped to ease these problems in the short term, but the long-term debt servicing problems of our friends and allies remain;

It would be in the best interests of our friends and allies to alleviate their debt burdens brought about by past loans and to bring about a more streamlined and straightforward approach to their programs in this area;

Such streamlined, straightforward programs would make it easier to develop country programs and would ease current pressures on the United States to grant to aid recipients the most favorable terms on their military loan programs: Now therefore

(1) it is the sense of the Congress that a more simplified, streamlined, straightforward foreign military assistance program is in the national interest and in the interest of the military and economic security of our friends and allies throughout the world;

(2) that greater concessionality only to match economic need as appropriate should be incorporated into future military assistance programs;

(3) that FMS loan programs extending the repayment period beyond the useful life of the items to be purchased could tend to increase the long-term debt burdens of our friends and allies;

(4) that the FMS concessional loan program contains a significant grant element to the recipient nation and that the Congress should actively consider replacing this program with a more straightforward approach;

(5) the President is urged to propose, in the next formal Congressional Presentation for Security Assistance Programs, reforms and refinements in the foreign military assistance programs along these lines for consideration by the appropriate committees of the Congress.

SEC. 552. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President is authorized—

(1) to deny nondiscriminatory (most-favored-nation) trade treatment to the products of Afghanistan and thereby cause such products to be subject to the rate of duty set forth in **column number 2 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States, and**

(2) to deny credit, credit guarantees, and investment guarantees to, or for the benefit of, Afghanistan under any Federal program.

(b) If the President has not denied nondiscriminatory trade treatment to the products of Afghanistan before the date that is 45 days after the date of enactment of this joint resolution, the President shall submit to the Congress on such date.

This subsection may be cited as the "Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1986".

[*Total, Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1986:*

[*New budget (obligational) authority*	[1] *$15,025,319,945.*]
[*Limitation on obligations*	*325,000,000.*]
[*Program limitation*	*250,000,000.*]
[*Limitation on guaranteed loans*	*12,294,500,000.*]
[*Limitation on direct loans*	*1,124,250,000.*]
[*Limitation on callable capital*	*2,858,979,330.*]
[*Limitation on administrative expenses*	*18,357,000.*]
[*By transfer*	*18,000,000.*]

(j) Such amounts as may be necessary for continuing the following activities, not otherwise provided for in this joint resolution, which were conducted in the fiscal year 1985, under the terms and conditions provided in applicable appropriations Acts for the fiscal year

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[1] Includes $5,000,000 in "indefinite" appropriations.

1985, at the current rate: *Provided,* That no appropriation or fund made available or authority granted pursuant to this subsection shall be used to initiate or resume any project or activity for which appropriations, funds, or authority were not available during fiscal year 1985:

Activities under sections 236, 237, and 238 of the Trade Act of 1974; $26,000,000 *(indefinite)*

Activities under the Public Health Service Act; 142,500,000 *(indefinite)*

Refugee and entrant assistance activities under the provisions of title IV of the Immigration and Nationality Act including $50,000,000 for targeted assistance grants and $4,000,000 for voluntary agency matching grants; title IV and part B of title III of the Refugee Act of 1980; and sections 501 (a) and (b) of the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980; 14,863,000 *(indefinite)* [1] 427,861,000 *(indefinite)*

Foster care and adoption assistance activities under title IV-E of the Social Security Act under the terms and conditions established by sections 474(b) and 474(c) of that Act, and sections 102(a)(1) and 102(c) of Public Law 96-272: *Provided,* That, for the purpose of giving effect to this paragraph, references in such sections to fiscal year 1985 are deemed to be references to fiscal year 1986; and

Minority science improvement activities under section 528(3) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981. 5,000,000 *(indefinite)*

SEC. 102. Unless otherwise provided for in this joint resolution or in the applicable appropriations Act, appropriations and funds made available and authority granted pursuant to this joint resolution shall be available from December 13, 1985, and shall remain available until (a) enactment into law of an appropriation for any project or activity provided for in this joint resolution, or (b) enactment of the applicable appropriations Act by both Houses without any provision for such project or activity, or (c) September 30, 1986, whichever first occurs. *(September 30, 1986, expiration date)*

SEC. 103. Appropriations made and authority granted pursuant to this joint resolution shall cover all obligations or expenditures incurred for any program, project, or activity during the period for which funds or authority for such project or activity are available under this joint resolution.

SEC. 104. Expenditures made pursuant to this joint resolution shall be charged to the applicable appropriation, fund, or authorization whenever a bill in which such applicable appropriation, fund, or authorization is contained is enacted into law.

SEC. 105. Title I, Chapter I of the Act of August 15, 1985 (Public Law 99-88), is amended by deleting, under the heading "Cooperative State Research Service," that portion of the land description dealing with lands to be conveyed to the Sierra Blanca Airport Commission that reads "RI0E" and substituting in lieu thereof "RI5E".

SEC. 106. Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, and in addition to amounts appropriated elsewhere, there are appropriated $40,000,000, to remain available until expended, for "Watershed and Flood Prevention Operations" for emergency measures as provided in sections 401 and 403-405 of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2201 and 2203-2205). 40,000,000

SEC. 107. Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, not to exceed an additional $9,549,000 (from assessments collected from farm credit system banks) shall be obligated during the current fiscal year for administrative expenses, as authorized under 12 U.S.C 2249: *Provided,* That hereafter the Comptroller General or his duly authorized representatives shall have access to and the right to examine all books, documents, papers, records, or other recorded information within the possession or control of the Federal land banks and Federal land bank associations, Federal intermediate credit banks and production credit associations and banks for cooperatives. *9,549,000 (limitation on obligations)*

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[1] Estimate of current rate; subject to change.

SEC. 108. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of title I of the Local Public Works Capital Development and Investment Act of 1976, as amended (Public Law 94-369) or any other provision of law, any funds authorized and appropriated under title I of such Act, as amended, in any fiscal year for projects in: (1) New York, New York but currently obligated and not disbursed, shall be obligated and expended during fiscal years 1986 and 1987 for any authorized project in New York, New York under title I of such Act, as amended or for any authorized project in New York, New York under title I of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965, as amended; (2) New Jersey but currently obligated and not disbursed, shall be obligated and expended during fiscal years 1986 and 1987 for the rehabilitation and renovation of Buildings 1002, 1006 and such other structures at Camp Kilmer, Edison, New Jersey as may be agreed upon between Middlesex County and the Department of Defense for use as a shelter for the homeless in Middlesex County, New Jersey; (3) California but currently obligated and not disbursed, shall be obligated and expended during fiscal years 1986 and 1987 for infrastructure projects and economic development activities at the site of the abandoned General Motors plant in the city of South Gate, California; (4) Alabama but currently obligated and not disbursed, shall be obligated and expended during fiscal years 1986 and 1987 for infrastructure projects and related economic development activities for the Jasper Industrial Park at Jasper, Alabama; and (5) Illinois but currently obligated and not disbursed, shall be obligated and expended during fiscal years 1986 and 1987 for (i) the restoration, rehabilitation and renovation of existing buildings and structures within the Illinois and Michigan Canal National Heritage Corridor, and (ii) a $400,000 grant to the Will County Development Company for the establishment of a revolving loan fund. $16,940,747 *(reappropriation, indefinite)*

(b) The project for flood control, Red Rock Dam and Lake, Iowa authorized by the Flood Control Act approved June 28, 1938, is modified to authorize and direct the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers to acquire from willing sellers fee simple interest in real property which is subject to periodic flooding in connection with the operation of the project, using funds heretofore and hereafter appropriated.

(c) In addition, for the Economic Development Administration, "Economic development assistance programs"; $8,500,000, to remain available until expended, of which $4,000,000 is for a grant to Lexington County, South Carolina, for all expenditures related to the development of a state-of-the-art fiber optics/medium power cable research and development facility in Lexington County; and of which $4,500,000 is for a grant to the City of Fort Worth for the continued renovation, construction, rehabilitation and establishment of economic development facilities and related infrastructure activities of the Fort Worth Stockyards project. 8,500,000

(d) In addition, for the United States Information Agency, "Educational and Cultural Exchange Programs"; $2,500,000 for reimbursement of expenses for international games for the handicapped as authorized by section 207 of Public Law 99-93: *Provided*, That reimbursement for each organization conducting such games shall not exceed the total amount of necessary and reasonable expenses incurred by such organization in excess of donations and government services furnished. 2,500,000

SEC. 109. Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, there is appropriated an additional $3,000,000 to remain available until expended, for the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration for programs, projects, and activities for the Integrated Flood Observing and Warning System (IFLOWS). 3,000,000

SEC. 110. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, no funds made available to the Department of Justice during fiscal year 1986 shall be used to implement, or to adopt as a permanent rule, New Offense Example 363, providing coverage for "insider trading" offenses, of 28 C.F.R. section 2.20.

(Insider trading—Parole Commission)

(b) This section shall become effective upon the date of enactment of this joint resolution and shall expire 180 days after the effective date of this joint resolution: *Provided*, That this section shall not apply to any case pending before the United States Parole Commission as of the effective date of this joint resolution.

SEC. 111. (a) For an additional amount for the Commission on the Bicentennial of the United States Constitution, "Salaries and Expenses", authorized by Public Law 98-101 (97 Stat. 719-723), $12,000,000 to remain available until expended.

$12,000,000

(b) Section 5 of Public Law 98-101 (97 Stat. 719) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b), by striking out "up to five persons,"; and

(2) in paragraph (2) of subsection (e), by striking out "the services" through the end of such paragraph and inserting in lieu thereof "services".

(c) Notwithstanding section 5(a) of Public Law 98-101 (97 Stat. 719), the rate of pay of the staff director of the Commission on the Bicentennial of the United States Constitution shall not exceed 95 percent of the rate of basic pay for level I of the Executive Schedule pursuant to section 5312 of title 5, United States Code.

SEC. 112. None of the funds appropriated to the Legal Services Corporation for fiscal years prior to fiscal year 1986 and carried over into fiscal year 1986, either by the Corporation itself or by any recipient of such funds, may be expended, unless such funds are expended in accordance with all of the restrictions and provisions of Public Law 99-180 of December 13, 1985, except that such funds may be expended for the continued representation of aliens prohibited by said Act where such representation commenced prior to January 1, 1983, or as approved by the Corporation.

SEC. 113. Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, an additional $10,000,000 shall be transferred from the "Small Business Administration, Disaster Loan Fund" to "Small Business Administration, Salaries and expenses" for disaster loan making activities, including loan servicing.

10,000,000 (by transfer)

SEC. 114. (a) The Congress finds that—

(1) There have been an increasingly large number of criminal actions or accusations of fraud bought against defense contractors, in which a number of leading defense contractors have pleaded guilty to criminal activity;

(2) Such fraudulent activity on the part of corporations entrusted with responsibility for our national defense is a threat to our national security and an abuse of the public trust;

(Defense contractors)

(3) Such fraud by those who seek to contract with the Government represents the most reprehensible kind of corporate conduct;

(4) The Government must ensure that it contracts only with responsible companies, especialy in areas vital to our national defense;

(5) It is vital that sufficient resources of the Federal Government be allocated to the exposure and prosecution of such fraud;

(6) The Department of Justice must exhibit a commitment to the posecution of procurement law violations; and

(7) Only through a genuine commitment to seek criminal and civil penalties against corporations engaged in procurement law violations will such violations be deterred.

(b) It is therefore the sense of the Congress that the United States Government, through both its executive and legislative branches, launch an energetic and thorough investigation and audit for all defense contractor billing practices, and all other practices involving Government contracts, to expose all fraudulent action; that the Government seek indictments against companies believed to have defrauded the Government or the people of the United States: *And provided further,* That the Government more aggressively use suspension or debarment of contractors convicted of crimes as appropriate supplemental penalty for such conviction.

SEC. 115. Section 1302 of Public law 98-181 is amended to substitute in the first sentence "period of two years" with "period ending January 1, 1989".

SEC. 116. The Secretary of the Army is directed to accomplish emergency bank stabilization work at Bethel, Dillingham, and Galena, Alaska, at full Federal cost, within available funds, at an estimated cost of $1,500,000. Such funds were previously appropriated in Public Law 99-141 (99 Stat. 564).

SEC. 117. The Secretary shall include as part of the non-Federal contribution of the project for flood control, Fairfield Vicinity Streams, California, authorized in accordance with section 201 of the Flood Control Act of 1965, the cost of any work carried out by non-Federal interests on the project after December 31, 1973, and before the date of the enactment of this joint resolution, if the Secretary determines such work is reasonably compatible with the project. Costs and benefits resulting from such work shall continue to be included for purposes of determining the economic feasibility of the project.

SEC. 118. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President is authorized—

(Afghanistan trade status)

(1) to deny nondiscriminatory (most-favored-nation) trade treatment to the products of Afghanistan and thereby cause such products to be subject to the rate of duty set forth in column number 2 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States, and

(2) to deny credit, credit guarantees, and investment guarantees to, or for the benefit of, Afghanistan under any Federal program.

(b) If the President has not denied nondiscriminatory trade treatment to the products of Afghanistan before the date that is 45 days after the date of enactment of this joint resolution, the President shall submit to the Congress on such date a report which states the reasons why the President has not denied such treatment.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the President takes any action under subsection (a), the President is authorized to—

(1) restore nondiscriminatory trade treatment to the products of Afghanistan, and

(2) extend credit, credit guarantees, and investment guarantees to, or for the benefit of, Afghanistan under any Federal program.

only if the President provides written notice of such restoration or extension to the Congress at least 30 days prior to the date on which such restoration or extension takes effect.

(d) For purposes of this joint resolution, the term "product of Afghanistan" means any article which is grown, produced, or manufactured (in whole or in part) in Afghanistan.

SEC. 119. Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, for necessary expenses to carry out title II of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, other than sections 201(m)(1-3), 201(n)(2), 206, 208, and 209, $2,400,000,000, to remain available until expended: $2,400,000,000

Provided, That, of the amounts appropriated under this section, only $600,000,000 shall be immediately available, with remaining amounts to become available only upon enactment of a subsequent appropriation act authorizing obligation of such funds: *Provided further,* That availability of funds appropriated by this section shall not be limited to phases or segments of previously funded projects: *Provided further,* That allocation of the $600,000,000 initially made available by this section shall be in accordance with the formula in effect on October 1, 1984.

$8,000,000 (by transfer)

SEC. 120. Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, up to $8,000,000 of the funds appropriated for the Veterans Administration under the heading "Medical care" in Public Law 99-160 may be transferred to and merged with the funds provided under the heading "General operating expenses".

SEC. 121. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or this joint resolution, the Administrator of Veterans Affairs shall delegate to hospital directors the authority to administer not less than 15 of the new fiscal year 1985 major construction projects and not less than 10 of the new fiscal year 1986 major construction projects in the manner and under the conditions established for the delegation of the nursing home care construction projects at Ann Arbor, Tampa, and Fresno. The Administrator shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate a list of the proposed delegations not later than 15 days after enactment of this joint resolution. The Administrator shall, within available resources, provide additional funds and personnel ceilings to each hospital director with a delegated project for necessary and adequate engineering, contracting, and other technical support. The delegation of authority for actual construction of said facilities shall be at the discretion of the selected hospital directors.

SEC. 122. None of the funds made available by this or any other Act for fiscal year 1986 to the Office of the Secretary, Department of the Interior, shall be expended to submit to the United States District Court for Eastern California any settlement with respect to Westlands Water District v. United States, et al., (CV-F-81-245-EDP) until: (1) April 15, 1986, and (2) until the Congress has received from the Secretary and reviewed for a period of 30 days a copy of the proposed settlement agreement which has been approved and signed by the Secretary.

(Southern sea otters)

SEC. 123. Appropriations and funds available to the United States Fish and Wildlife Service shall be available for, and the Secretary of the Interior shall immediately resume preparation of, all environmental assessments and statements that are necessary prerequisites to the translocation of a portion of the existing population of Southern sea otters (Enhydra lutris nereis) to one or more locations within their historic range in accordance with the recovery plan for such species. In preparing such assessments and statements the Secretary shall consider section 10(j) of the Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. 1539(j)) as well as pending legislation that would amend such Act: *Provided,* That the Secretary of the Army is directed to accomplish emergency bank stabilization, shore protection, and flood control work to protect public-owned property in the vicinity of Jarvis Avenue, Fargo Avenue, North Shore Avenue, Rosemont Avenue, Burger Park, North Sheridan Road, and Lake Michigan in Chicago, Illinois, at full Federal expense using funds heretofore and hereafter appropriated at an estimated cost of $1,000,000.

SEC. 124. No penalty shall be applied nor any State or agency agreement terminated pursuant to sections 1512, 1515, or 1521 of the Public Health Service Act during fiscal year 1986, nor if appropriations under title XV of that Act are reauthorized by August 15, 1986, shall any agency be required to take action to anticipate termination of financial assistance under that title. Sums appropriated by the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1986, for the award of grants under section 1516 of the Public Health Service Act may be used for grants under that section to State agencies that were authorized to receive grants for fiscal year 1982 under section 935(b) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981: *Provided*, That no sums may be obligated under the authority of this sentence after the date upon which a law is enacted to extend the authority to appropriate amounts to carry out title XV of such Act.

SEC. 125. The total principal amount of Federal loan insurance available under section 728 of the Public Health Service Act during fiscal year 1986 shall be granted by the Secretary of Health and Human Services without regard to any apportionment or other similar limitation, unless such apportionment or limitation is explicitly established, after the enactment of this joint resolution, as an amendment to subpart I of title VII-C of that Act.

SEC. 126. Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall extend, for one additional year, approval to the municipal health services demonstration projects located in Baltimore, Cincinnati, Milwaukee, and San Jose authorized under section 402(a) of the Social Security Amendments of 1967.

SEC. 127. From the amounts awarded to a State from its allotment under section 2003 of the Social Security Act for fiscal year 1986, the State shall use to maintain and improve the availability and quality of training provided under section 401(b)(1), 98 Stat. 2196, such sums as the State may determine to be required.

SEC. 128. Upon the enactment of the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1986, the amount provided therein for the Secretary of Education's discretionary fund for programs of national significance (for sums appropriated for carrying out title II of the Education for Economic Security Act) shall immediately become available for obligation.

SEC. 129. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this joint resolution or any other provision of law, any student residing in an area designated as a natural disaster area pursuant to a provision of Federal law may apply or reapply for a Pell Grant under subpart 1 of part A of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 and be eligible for and receive a Pell award based on income earned in calendar year 1985 instead of 1984 if individuals whose incomes are taken into account in determining the student's eligibility for and amounts of a Pell Grant have been unable to pursue normal income-producing activities in 1985 as a result of the natural disaster.

(Capitol Police Chief, retirement eligibility)

SEC. 130. (a) In the administration of subchapter III of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code, title II of the Social Security Act, chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, and title II of Public Law 98-168, the individual holding the position of Chief of the United States Capitol Police on January 1, 1985—

(1) shall be held and considered to have been appointed to that position before January 1, 1984,

(2) during the 60-day period following the date of the enactment into law of this section, shall be eligible to elect coverage under the provisions of such subchapter III, and

(3) upon such election, shall not be covered by section 210(a)(5)(G) of the Social Security Act, and section 3121(b)(5)(G) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, with respect to periods of service performed by such individual in such position after the election.

(b) Any period of service performed by such individual as Chief of the United States Capitol Police prior to making any such election shall, after such election and payment by or on behalf of such individual of appropriate contributions and interest covering such period of service, be considered as creditable service for purposes of such subchapter III and shall not be considered as covered service for purposes of title II of Public Law 98-168.

(c) Service performed by such individual as Chief of the United States Capitol Police after December 31, 1983, and prior to the election referred to in subsection (a), shall also be considered "employment" for purposes of the provisions of title II of the Social Security Act and chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, if such service would have been "employment" under such provisions but for this section.

(Training—Capitol Police Force)

SEC. 131. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the cost involved in providing basic training for members of the Capitol Police at the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center for fiscal year 1986 shall be paid by the Secretary of the Treasury from funds available to the Treasury Department.

$150,000

SEC. 132. Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, there is appropriated $150,000 for fiscal year 1986 for the establishment and operation of the Biomedical Ethics Board and the Biomedical Ethics Advisory Committee pursuant to section 381 of the Public Health Service Act.

SEC. 133. Section 203(g) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946, as amended (2 U.S.C. 166), is amended, effective hereafter, to read as follows:

(Congressional Research Service budget)

"(g) The Director of the Congressional Research Service will submit to the Librarian of Congress for review, consideration, evaluation, and approval, the budget estimates of the Congressional Research Service for inclusion in the Budget of the United States Government.".

SEC. 134. The Act entitled "An Act to establish a Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe", approved June 3, 1976 (22 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

(Printing costs)

"SEC. 9. For purposes of costs relating to printing and binding, including the costs of personnel detailed from the Government Printing Office, the Commission shall be deemed to be a committee of the Congress.".

(Federal Salary Act of 1967)

SEC. 135. (a) The first sentence of section 225(b)(3) of the Federal Salary Act of 1967 (2 U.S.C. 352(3)) is amended by inserting "and with respect to fiscal year 1987" before the period at the end thereof.

(b) Section 225(f) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 356) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following flush sentence: "In reviewing the rates of pay of the offices or positions referred to in subparagraph (D) of this subsection, the Commission shall determine and consider the appropriateness of the executive levels of such offices and positions.".

(c) The second sentence of section 225(g) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 357) is amended by striking out "January 1 next following the close" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15".

(d) Section 225(h) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 358) is amended—

(1) by inserting "under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code," in the first sentence after "transmitted"; and

(2) by striking out the second sentence.

(e) Section 225(i) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 359) is amended by striking out paragraphs (1) and (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(i) EFFECTIVE DATE OF RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE PRESIDENT.—

"(1) The recommendations of the President which are transmitted to the Congress pursuant to subsection (h) of this section shall be effective as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection unless any such recommendation is disapproved by a joint resolution agreed to by the Congress not later than the last day of the 30-day period which begins on the date of which such recommendations are transmitted to the Congress.

"(2) The effective date of the rate or rates of pay which take effect for an office or position under paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be the first day of the first pay period which begins for such office or position after the end of the 30-day period described in such paragraph.".

(f) Section 225(j) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 360) is amended—

(1) by striking out "transmitted to the Congress immediately following a review conducted by the Commission in one of the fiscal years referred to in subsection (b)(2) or (3) of this section shall, if approved by the Congress as provided in subparagraph (i)," and inserting in lieu thereof "taking effect as provided in subsection (i) of this section shall"; and

(2) in clause (A), by striking out "in paragraph (1) of".

(g) Notwithstanding section 225(g) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 357), the Commission on Executive, Legislative, and Judicial Salaries shall not make recommendations on the rates of pay of offices and positions within the purview of subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D) of section 225(f) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 356) in connection with the review of rates of pay of such offices and positions conducted by the Commission in fiscal year 1985.

(State of Washington, tax liabilities)

SEC. 136. Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution or any other Act, the Department of the Navy is authorized, within existing appropriations, to expend such sums as are necessary to effectuate a settlement with the State of Washington of back tax liabilities arising out of Federal construction and procurement projects in Washington State. Such settlement may be negotiated directly between the Department of the Navy and the State of Washington, notwithstanding the fact that the liability of the Department of the Navy may be derivative from persons contracting with the Department.

(Senate honorarium income)

SEC. 137. Effective on and after January 1, 1986, section 908(b) of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1983 (2 U.S.C. 31-1), is amended by striking out "30 percent" in paragraphs (1) and (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "40 percent".

(West Virginia, emergency flood recovery)

SEC. 138. The Secretary of the Army, at his discretion, may utilize Reserve Forces to carry out emergency flood recovery and clean up measures in the 29-county area of West Virginia, the 6-county area of Pennsylvania, the 18-county area of Virginia, and Gulf Coast areas, declared entitled to relief under the Disaster Relief Act of 1974 with respect to the flooding occurring on and after August 30, 1985, without reimbursement for such limited assistance.

(Child care services for Federal employees)

SEC. 139. (a) Notwithstanding section 101(i) and section 102(c) of this joint resolution, and notwithstanding any provision of H.R. 3036, if any individual or entity which provides or proposes to provide child care services for Federal employees applies to the officer or agency of the United States charged with the allotment of space in the Federal buildings in the community or district in which such individual or entity provides or proposes to provide such services, such officer or agency may allot space in such a building to such individual or entity if—

(1) such space is available;

(2) such officer or agency determines that such space will be used to provide child care services to a group of individuals of whom at least 50 percent are Federal employees; and

(3) such officer or agency determines that such individual or entity will give priority for available child care services in such space to Federal employees.

(b)(1) if an officer or agency allots space to an individual or entity under subsection (a), such space may be provided to such individual or entity without charge for rent or services.

(2) If there is an agreement for the payment of costs associated with the provision of space allotted under subsection (a) or services provided in connection with such space, nothing in title 31, United States Code, or any other provision of law, shall be construed to prohibit or restrict payment by reimbursement to the miscellaneous receipts or other appropriate account of the Treasury.

(3) For the purpose of this section, the term "services" includes the providing of lighting, heating, cooling, electricity, office furniture, office machines and equipment, telephone service (including installation of lines and equipment and other expenses associated with telephone service), and security systems (including installation and other expenses associated with security systems).

(Flexible work schedules)

SEC. 140. Section 5 of the Federal Employees Flexible and Compressed Work Schedules Act of 1982 (96 Stat. 234; 5 U.S.C. 6101 note) is repealed.

SEC. 141. Section 301(d) of title 31, United States Code, is amended in the first sentence by striking out the phrase "an Under Secretary, an Under Secretary for Monetary Affairs" and inserting in lieu thereof the phrase "2 Under Secretaries"; and by striking out the fourth sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following new sentence: "The President may designate one Under Secretary as Counselor.".

SEC. 142. Subsection (c) of section 236 of the Trade and Tariff Act of 1984 (19 U.S.C. 58b(c)) is amended by striking out "4" and inserting in lieu thereof "20".

SEC. 143. Section 4 of the Presidential Protection Assistance Act of 1976, Public Law 94-524, is amended by striking out "$10,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$75,000".

SEC. 144. Section 202(a) of title 39, United States Code, is amended by striking out "30 days" each time it appears and by inserting in lieu thereof "42 days".

SEC. 145. None of the funds appropriated by this joint resolution or any other Act shall be available to the Office of Management and Budget for revising, curtailing or otherwise amending the administrative and/or regulatory methodology employed by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms to assure compliance with section 205, title 27 of the United States Code (Federal Alcohol Administration Act) or with regulations, rulings or forms promulgated thereunder.

(Relocation of trade office)

SEC. 146. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Administrator of the General Services Administration and the Secretary of Commerce are hereby authorized, for the purposes of supporting the United States' international trade position, to locate the International Trade Administration Boston District Office in the new World Trade Center, Boston, Massachusetts. A report shall be made to the Committees on Appropriations no later than February 1, 1986 detailing the steps taken and agreements reached to achieve this move.

(Civil Service retirement—extension for new employees)

SEC. 147. (a) Sections 201(1), 202(6), 203(a)(4)(A), 203(a)(4)(B), 204(a), and 206(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Federal Employees' Retirement Contribution Temporary Adjustment Act of 1983 (97 Stat. 1106; 5 U.S.C. 8331 note) are amended by striking out "January 1, 1986" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "May 1, 1986".

(b) Section 206(c)(3) of such Act is amended by striking out "January 1, 1986" and inserting in lieu thereof "April 30, 1986".

(c) Section 205 of such Act is amended by striking out "and 1986" in subsections (b) and (c) and inserting in lieu thereof "1986, and 1987".

SEC. 148. (a) This section may be cited as the "Ethics in Government Act Amendments of 1985".

(b) Section 207 of the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 is amended—

(Ethics in Government amendments)

(1) by striking out the heading for such section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"CONFIDENTIAL REPORTS AND OTHER ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS";

(2) by striking out the first sentence in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(1) The President may require officers and employees in the executive branch (including the United States Postal Service, the Postal Rate Commission, members of the uniformed services, and special Government employees as defined in section 202 of title 18, United States Code) to file a confidential financial disclosure report, in such form as the President may prescribe. The information required to be reported under this subsection by the officers and employees of any department or agency shall be set forth in regulations prescribed by the President, and may be less extensive than otherwise required by this title, or more extensive when determined by the President to be necessary and appropriate in light of sections 202 through 209 of title 18, United States Code, regulations promulgated thereunder, or the authorized activities of any such department or agency. Any individual required to file a report pursuant to section 201 shall not be required to file a confidential report pursuant to this subsection, except with respect to information which is more extensive than information otherwise required by this title."; and

(3) by adding at the end of subsection (a) the following new paragraph:

"(2) Any information required to be provided by an individual under this subsection shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed to the public.".

(c) The amendments made by this section shall be effective 90 days after the date of enactment of this section.

SEC. 149. The Secretary of the Interior is hereby directed to make every effort during the balance of fiscal year 1986 to resolve the outstanding conflicts with respect to the future leasing and protection of lands on the California outer continental shelf for oil and gas exploration and development. To this end, the Secretary shall submit to the Congress once every 60 days following the date of enactment of this resolution until the end of fiscal year 1986 a report summarizing the progress of negotiations carried out to resolve these outstanding conflicts. Such negotiations shall be conducted by the Secretary and the following members of Congress to be designated by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Majority Leader of the Senate:

(California outer continental shelf, oil and gas exploration)

(1) The Chairmen and ranking minority members of the following committees and subcommittees of the Congress having jurisdiction over these issues:

(A) The Subcommittee on the Interior of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(B) The Subcommittee on Energy and the Environment of the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs of the House of Representatives.

(C) The Subcommittee on the Panama Canal and Outer Continental Shelf of the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries of the House of Representatives.

(D) The Subcommittee of the Interior of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.

(E) The Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate.

(2) Two United States Senators from California.

(3) Seven members of the California delegation to the House of Representatives.

Approved December 19, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 465

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-403 (Comm. on Appropriations), No. 99-443 (Comm. of Conference) and No. 99-450 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-210 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
- Dec. 4, considered and passed House.
- Dec. 6, 9, 10, considered and passed Senate, amended.
- Dec. 19, House and Senate agreed to conference report.

Grand total, new budget (obligational) authority, Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986 (net) (Public Law 99-190)	$3,099,314,747

NOTE.—The following tabulation is a classification by departments and establishments of new budget (obligational) authority made in the foregoing joint resolution:

Department or establishment	Amount
Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3037) (p. 321)	[1] $38,090,564,000
Department of Defense Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3629) (pp. 321-357)	[2] 281,161,875,000
District of Columbia Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3067):	
Federal funds (p. 357)	[3] 566,780,000
(*District of Columbia funds*) (p. 357)	(*2,703,687,000*)
Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3011) (pp. 357-399)	[4] 1,197,621,000
Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3244) (pp. 399-421)	[5] 10,455,739,569
Treasury, Postal Service, and General Government Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3036) (p. 421)	[6] 13,037,883,000
Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3228) (pp. 421-444)	[7] 15,025,319,945
Department of Labor:	
Employment and Training Administration (*indefinite*) (p. 445)	26,000,000
Department of Health and Human Services:	
Health Resources and Services Administration (*indefinite*) (p. 445)	142,500,000
Office of Assistant Secretary for Health (p. 445)	14,863,000
Social Security Administration (*indefinite*) (p. 445)	427,861,000
Department of Education:	
Higher Education (*indefinite*) (p. 445)	5,000,000
Department of Agriculture:	
Soil Conservation Service (p. 445)	40,000,000
Farm Credit Administration (*limitation on administrative expenses*) (p. 445)	(*9,549,000*)
Department of Commerce:	
Economic Development Administration (p. 446):	
Economic development assistance programs	8,500,000
Reappropriation (*indefinite*)	16,940,747
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (p. 446)	3,000,000
United States Information Agency (p. 446)	2,500,000
Commission on the Bicentennial of the United States Constitution (p. 447)	12,000,000
Small Business Administration (*by transfer*) (p. 447)	(*10,000,000*)
Environmental Protection Agency (pp. 448-449)	2,400,000,000
Veterans Administration (*by transfer*) (p. 449)	(*8,000,000*)
Biomedical Ethics Board (p. 451)	150,000
Grand total, new budget (obligational) authority, Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986	362,635,097,261

See footnotes on next page.

Department or establishment	Amount
LESS amounts for appropriation acts having separate extended bills and table VIII's in this volume:	
Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3037) (see pp. 95-124 and pp. 1713-1720)	−$38,090,564,000
Department of Defense Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3629) (see p. 159 and pp. 1728-1730	−281,161,875,000
District of Columbia Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3067) (see pp. 161-173 and pp. 1731-1732):	
Federal funds	−566,780,000
(District of Columbia funds)	*(−2,703,687,000)*
Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3011) (see pp. 219-220 and pp. 1745-1750	−1,197,621,000
Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3244) (see pp. 283-284 and pp. 1764-1768	−10,455,739,569
Treasury, Postal Service, and General Government Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3036) (see pp. 285-310 and pp. 1769-1771	−13,037,883,000
Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3228) (see pp. 191-192 and pp. 1736-1739)	−15,025,319,945
Subtotal, deductions (regular annual appropriation bills, 1986)	−359,535,782,514
Net total, new budget (obligational) authority, Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986	3,099,314,747
Definite	(2,481,013,000)
Indefinite	(618,301,747)

[1] Although new budget (obligational) authority is provided in this joint resolution (Public Law 99-190) for programs and activities in H.R. 3037; which was not enacted into law, a separate extended bill and table VIII for H.R. 3037 are included in this volume on pp. 95-124 and pp. 1713-1720.

[2] Although new budget (obligational) authority is provided in this joint resolution (Public Law 99-190) for programs and activities in H.R. 3629, which was not enacted into law, a separate extended bill and table VIII for H.R. 3629 are included in this volume on p. 159 and pp. 1728-1730.

[3] Although new budget (obligational) authority is provided in this joint resolution (Public Law 99-190) for programs and activities in H.R. 3067, which was not enacted into law, a separate extended bill and table VIII for H.R. 3067 are included in this volume on pp. 161-173 and pp. 1731-1732.

[4] Although new budget (obligational) authority is provided in this joint resolution (Public Law 99-190) for programs and activities in H.R. 3011, which was not enacted into law, a separate extended bill and table VIII for H.R. 3011 are included in this volume on pp. 219-220 and pp. 1745-1750.

[5] Although new budget (obligational) authority is provided in this joint resolution (Public Law 99-190) for programs and activities in H.R. 3244, which was not enacted into law, a separate extended bill and table VIII for H.R. 3244 are included in this volume on pp. 283-284 and pp. 1764-1768.

[6] Although new budget (obligational) authority is provided in this joint resolution (Public Law 99-190) for programs and activities in H.R. 3036, which was not enacted into law, a separate extended bill and table VIII for H.R. 3036 are included in this volume on pp. 285-310 and pp. 1769-1771.

[7] Although new budget (obligational) authority is provided in this joint resolution (Public Law 99-190) for programs and activities in H.R. 3228, which was not enacted into law, a separate extended bill and table VIII for H.R. 3228 are included in this volume on pp. 191-192 and pp. 1736-1739.

99th Congress, 1st Session - - - - - - - - - - - - House Document 99-104

CUMULATIVE REPORT ON RESCISSIONS AND DEFERRALS

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

TRANSMITTING

A CUMULATIVE REPORT ON RESCISSIONS AND DEFERRALS OF BUDGET AUTHORITY, PURSUANT TO 2 U.S.C. 685(e)

SEPTEMBER 9, 1985.—Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
WASHINGTON : 1985

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

SEP 6 1985

Honorable Thomas P. O'Neill
Speaker of the House of
Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Mr. Speaker:

In accordance with Executive Order 11845, I am transmitting the cumulative report required by Section 1014(e) of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974. In accordance with the Act, the report is also being transmitted to the Senate and will be published in the Federal Register.

Sincerely,

Joseph R. Wright
Acting Director

Enclosure

IDENTICAL LETTER SENT TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE

CUMULATIVE REPORT ON
RESCISSIONS AND DEFERRALS

September 1, 1985

This report is submitted in fulfillment of the requirements of Section 1014(e) of the Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-344). Section 1014(e) provides for a monthly report listing all budget authority for this fiscal year for which, as of the first day of the month, a special message has been transmitted to the Congress.

This report gives the status as of September 1, 1985, of 244 rescission proposals and 75 deferrals contained in the first 11 special messages of FY 1985. These messages were transmitted to the Congress on October 1, October 31, and November 29, 1984; and January 4, February 6 (two special messages), March 1, March 22, May 16, June 20, and July 31, 1985.

Rescissions (Table A and Attachment A)

As of September 1, 1985, there were no rescission proposals pending before the Congress. Attachment A shows the history and status of the 244 rescissions proposed by the President in 1985.

Deferrals (Table B and Attachment B)

As of September 1, 1985, $4,159.8 million in 1985 budget authority was being deferred from obligation and $5.5 million in 1985 outlays was being deferred from expenditure. Attachment B shows the history and status of each deferral reported during FY 1985.

Information from Special Messages

The special messages containing information on the rescission proposals and deferrals covered by this cumulative report are printed in the Federal Registers listed below:

Vol. 49, FR p. 39464, Friday, October 5, 1984
Vol. 49, FR p. 44870, Friday, November 9, 1984
Vol. 49, FR p. 47804, Thursday, December 6, 1984
Vol. 50, FR p. 1420, Thursday, January 10, 1985
Vol. 50, FR p. 6582, Friday, February 15, 1985
Vol. 50, FR p. 6648, Friday, February 15, 1985
Vol. 50, FR p. 9410, Thursday, March 7, 1985
Vol. 50, FR p. 12504, Thursday, March 28, 1985
Vol. 50, FR p. 21014, Tuesday, May 21, 1985
Vol. 50, FR p. 26510, Wednesday, June 26, 1985
Vol. 50, FR p. 31696, Monday, August 5, 1985

TABLE A

STATUS OF 1985 RESCISSIONS

	Amount (In millions of dollars)
Rescissions proposed by the President	$1,843.3
Accepted by the Congress	165.6
Rejected by the Congress	1,677.7 a/
Pending before the Congress	0

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TABLE B

STATUS OF 1985 DEFERRALS

	Amount (In millions of dollars)
Deferrals proposed by the President	$15,339.3 b/
Routine Executive releases through September 1, 1985 (OMB/Agency Releases of $11,411.2 million and cumulative adjustments of $318.6 million)	-11,092.6
Overturned by the Congress	-81.4
Currently before the Congress	$ 4,165.3 c/

---

a/ These amounts were available for obligation between March 25 and August 15, 1985, when the Second Supplemental Appropriations Act (P.L. 99-88) was enacted.

b/ This amount includes $170.0 million transmitted by the Comptroller General on June 24, 1985, for the General Services Administration.

c/ This amount includes $5.5 million in outlays for a Department of the Treasury deferral (D85-13).

Attachments

Attachment A - Status of Rescissions - Fiscal Year 1985

As of September 1, 1985 Amounts in Thousands of Dollars Agency/Bureau/Account	Rescission Number	Amount Previously Considered by Congress	Amount Currently before Congress	Date of Message	Amount Rescinded	Amount Made Available	Date Made Available	Congressional Action
FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT								
Appalachian Regional Development Programs	R85-1	99,000		2-6-85		99,000	4-25-85	
International Development Assistance Functional development assistance program	R85-2	5,160		2-6-85		5,160	4-25-85	
Peace Corps Peace Corps operating expenses	R85-3	1,231		2-6-85		1,231	4-25-85	
Overseas Private Investment Corporation Overseas Private Investment Corporation	R85-4	838		2-6-85		838	4-25-85	
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE								
Office of the Secretary Office of the Secretary	R85-5	114		2-6-85		114	4-25-85	
Departmental Administration Departmental Administration	R85-6	149		2-6-85	49	149	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Office of Governmental and Public Affairs Office of Governmental and Public Affairs	R85-7	497		2-6-85		497	4-25-85	
Office of the Inspector General Office of the Inspector General	R85-8	41		2-6-85		41	4-25-85	
Office of the General Counsel Office of the General Counsel	R85-9	24		2-6-85		24	4-25-85	
Agricultural Research Service Agricultural Research Service	R85-10	1,313		2-6-85	1,000	1,313	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Buildings and facilities	R85-11 R85-12	16,950 20,950		2-6-85 2-6-85		16,950 20,950	4-25-85 4-25-85	
Cooperative State Research Service Cooperative State Research Service	R85-13	151		2-6-85		151	4-25-85	
Extension Service Extension service	R85-14	310		2-6-85		310	4-25-85	
National Agricultural Library National Agricultural Library	R85-15	11		2-6-85		11	4-25-85	
Statistical Reporting Service Salaries and expenses	R85-16	206		2-6-85	100	206	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Economic Research Service Salaries and expenses	R85-17	132		2-6-85	50	132	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
World Agricultural Outlook Board World Agricultural Outlook Board	R85-18	32		2-6-85		32	4-25-85	
Foreign Agricultural Service Foreign Agricultural Service	R85-19	424		2-6-85	100	424	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Office of International Cooperation and Development Salaries and expenses	R85-20	52		2-6-85		52	4-25-85	
Scientific activities overseas (special foreign currency program)	R85-21	9		2-6-85		9	4-25-85	
Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service Salaries and expenses	R85-22	100		2-6-85		100	4-25-85	
Dairy indemnity program	R85-23	88		2-6-85		88	4-25-85	
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation Administrative and operating expenses	R85-24	1,906		2-6-85		1,906	4-25-85	
Commodity Credit Corporation Commodity Credit Corporation fund	R85-25	31		2-6-85		31	4-25-85	
Office of Rural Development Policy Salaries and expenses	R85-26	36		2-6-85		36	4-25-85	
Rural Electrification Administration Salaries and expenses	R85-27	288		2-6-85		288	4-25-85	
Reimbursement to the Rural Electrification and Telephone revolving fund	R85-28	215,964		2-6-85		215,964	4-25-85	
Purchase of Rural Telephone Bank capital stock	R85-29	30,000		2-6-85		30,000	4-25-85	

Attachment A - Status of Rescissions - Fiscal Year 1985

As of September 1, 1985 Amounts in Thousands of Dollars Agency/Bureau/Account	Rescission Number	Amount Previously Considered by Congress	Amount Currently before Congress	Date of Message	Amount Rescinded	Amount Made Available	Date Made Available	Congressional Action
Farmers Home Administration								
Salaries and expenses....................	R85-30	1,315		2-6-85		1,315	4-25-85	
Soil Conservation Service								
Conservation operations.................	R85-31	5,174		2-6-85		5,174	4-25-85	
River basin surveys and investigations..	R85-32	235		2-6-85		235	4-25-85	
Watershed planning......................	R85-33	133		2-6-85		133	4-25-85	
Watershed and flood prevention operations.............................	R85-34	918		2-6-85		918	4-25-85	
Great plains conservation program.......	R85-35	126		2-6-85		126	4-25-85	
Resource conservation and development...	R85-36	164		2-6-85		164	4-25-85	
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service								
Salaries and expenses....................	R85-37	1,464		2-6-85	400	1,464	4-24-85	P.L. 99-88
Federal Grain Inspection Service								
Salaries and expenses....................	R85-38	94		2-6-85		94	4-25-85	
Agricultural Marketing Service								
Marketing services.......................	R85-39	150		2-6-85		150	4-25-85	
Office of Transportation								
Office of Transportation................	R85-40	18		2-6-85		18	4-25-85	
Food Safety and Inspection Service								
Salaries and expenses....................	R85-41	2,473		2-6-85		2,473	4-25-85	
Food and Nutrition Service								
Food stamp administration...............	R85-42	604		2-6-85		604	4-25-85	
Food stamp program.......................	R85-43	8,762		2-6-85		8,762	4-25-85	
Human Nutrition Information Service								
Human Nutrition Information Service.....	R85-44	34		2-6-85		34	4-25-85	
Packers and Stockyards Administration								
Packers and Stockyards Administration...	R85-45	117		2-6-85	85	117	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Agricultural Cooperative Service								
Salaries and expenses....................	R85-46	50		2-6-85		50	4-25-85	
Forest Service								
Forest research..........................	R85-47	923		2-6-85	462	923	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
State and private forestry..............	R85-48	463		2-6-85	232	463	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
National forest system..................	R85-49	12,134		2-6-85	6,067	12,134	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Construction.............................	R85-50	1,922		2-6-85	961	1,922	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Land acquisition.........................	R85-51	60		2-6-85	60	60	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE								
General Administration								
Salaries and expenses....................	R85-52 R85-53	3,700 499		2-6-85 2-6-85	499	3,700 499	4-25-85 4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Economic Development Administration								
Salaries and expenses....................	R85-54	120		2-6-85	120	120	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Economic development assistance programs..............................	R85-55 R85-56	24,000 179,000		2-6-85 2-6-85		24,000 179,000	4-25-85 4-25-85	
Bureau of the Census								
Salaries and expenses....................	R85-57	241		2-6-85	241	241	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Periodic censuses and programs..........	R85-58	791		2-6-85		791	4-25-85	
Economic and Statistical Analysis								
Salaries and expenses....................	R85-59	433		2-6-85	433	433	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
International Trade Administration								
Operations and administration...........	R85-60 R85-60A	2,783 10,750		2-6-85 2-6-85		2,783 10,750	4-25-85 4-25-85	
Participation in United States expositions............................	R85-61	6		2-6-85	6	6	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Minority Business Development Agency								
Minority business development...........	R85-62	305		2-6-85	305	305	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
United States Travel and Tourism Administration								
Salaries and expenses....................	R85-63 R85-63A	468 3,417		2-6-85 2-6-85	468	468 3,417	4-25-85 4-25-85	P.L. 99-88

Attachment A - Status of Rescissions - Fiscal Year 1985

As of September 1, 1985 Amounts in Thousands of Dollars Agency/Bureau/Account	Rescission Number	Amount Previously Considered by Congress	Amount Currently before Congress	Date of Message	Amount Rescinded	Amount Made Available	Date Made Available	Congressional Action
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration								
Operations, research, and facilities....	R85-64	4,140		2-6-85		4,140	4-25-85	
	R85-64A	100,200		2-6-85		100,200	4-25-85	
Fisheries loan fund.....................	R85-65	1,550		2-6-85		1,550	4-25-85	
Patent and Trademark Office								
Salaries and expenses...................	R85-66	1,472		2-6-85	1,472	1,472	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
National Bureau of Standards								
Scientific and technical research and services.............................	R85-67	1,019		2-6-85	500	1,019	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
National Telecommunications and Information Administration								
Salaries and expenses...................	R85-68	183		2-6-85	183	183	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Public telecommunications facilities, planning and construction.............	R85-69	32		2-6-85	32	32	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
	R85-69A	9,968		2-6-85		9,968	4-25-85	
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE - CIVIL								
Corps of Engineers - Civil								
General investigations..................	R85-70	2,000		2-6-85		2,000	4-25-85	
Construction, general...................	R85-71	4,000		2-6-85		4,000	4-25-85	
Operation and maintenance, general......	R85-72	8,000		2-6-85		8,000	4-25-85	
General expenses........................	R85-73	1,200		2-6-85		1,200	4-25-85	
Flood control, Mississippi River and tributaries............................	R85-74	1,000		2-6-85		1,000	4-25-85	
Revolving fund..........................	R85-75	3,900		2-6-85		3,900	4-25-85	
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION								
Office of Elementary and Secondary Education								
Special programs........................	R85-76	80,000		2-6-85		80,000	4-24-85	
Office of Bilingual Education and Minority Languages Affairs								
Grants to schools with substantial numbers of immigrants.................	R85-77	30,000		2-6-85		30,000	4-24-85	
Office of Postsecondary Education								
Higher education........................	R85-78	59,750		2-6-85		59,750	4-24-85	
Departmental Management								
Salaries and expenses...................	R85-79	4,189		2-6-85		4,189	4-24-85	
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY								
Atomic Energy Defense Activities								
Atomic energy defense activities........	R85-80	8,280		2-6-85	8,280	8,280	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Energy Programs								
General science and research activities.	R85-81	38		2-6-85		38	4-25-85	
Energy supply, research and development activities............................	R85-82	2,676		2-6-85		2,676	4-25-85	
Uranium supply and enrichment activities	R85-83	968		2-6-85		968	4-25-85	
Fossil energy research and development..	R85-84	3,276		2-6-85		3,276	4-25-85	
	R85-85	860		2-6-85		860	4-25-85	
Naval petroleum and oil shale reserves..	R85-86	181		2-6-85		181	4-25-85	
Energy conservation.....................	R85-87	931		2-6-85		931	4-25-85	
Strategic petroleum reserve.............	R85-88	156		2-6-85		156	4-25-85	
Energy Information Administration.......	R85-89	846		2-6-85		846	4-25-85	
Emergency preparedness..................	R85-90	51		2-6-85	51	51	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Economic regulation.....................	R85-91	156		2-6-85	102	156	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission....	R85-92	204		2-6-85		204	4-25-85	
Alternate fuels production..............	R85-93	23		2-6-85		23	4-25-85	

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Power Marketing Administration								
Operation and maintenance, Alaska Power Administration	R85-94	29		2-6-85		29	4-25-85	
Operation and maintenance, Southeastern Power Administration	R85-95	15		2-6-85		15	4-25-85	
	R85-241	23,402		5-16-85		23,402	7-19-85	
Operation and maintenance, Southwestern Power Administration	R85-96	243		2-6-85		243	4-25-85	
Construction, rehabilitation, operation and maintenance, Western Area Power Administration	R85-97	432		2-6-85		432	4-25-85	
Departmental Administration								
Departmental administration	R85-98	2,786		2-6-85		2,786	4-25-85	
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES								
Food and Drug Administration								
Salaries and expenses	R85-99	2,194		2-6-85		2,194	4-25-85	
Health Resources and Services Administration								
Health resources and services	R85-100	2,263		2-6-85		2,263	4-25-85	
Indian health	R85-101	161		2-6-85	161	161	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Centers for Disease Control								
Disease control	R85-102	2,261		2-6-85		2,261	4-25-85	
National Institutes of Health								
National Cancer Institute	R85-103	4,362		2-6-85		4,362	4-25-85	
National Heart, Lung and Blood Institute	R85-104	1,401		2-6-85		1,401	4-25-85	
National Institute of Dental Research	R85-105	166		2-6-85		166	4-25-85	
National Institute of Arthritis, Diabetes, and Digestive and Kidney Diseases	R85-106	1,171		2-6-85		1,171	4-25-85	
National Institute of Neurological and Communicative Disorders	R85-107	462		2-6-85		462	4-25-85	
National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases	R85-108	428		2-6-85		428	4-25-85	
National Institute of General Medical Sciences	R85-109	211		2-6-85		211	4-25-85	
National Institute of Child Welfare and Human Development	R85-110	309		2-6-85		309	4-25-85	
National Eye Institute	R85-111	173		2-6-85		173	4-25-85	
National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences	R85-112	542		2-6-85		542	4-25-85	
National Institute on Aging	R85-113	196		2-6-85		196	4-28-85	
Research resources	R85-114	250		2-6-85		250	4-25-85	
John E. Fogarty International Center	R85-115	241		2-6-85		241	4-25-85	
National Library of Medicine	R85-116	354		2-6-85		354	4-25-85	
Office of the Director	R85-117	182		2-6-85		182	4-25-86	
Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration								
Alcohol, drug abuse, and mental health	R85-118	3,972		2-6-85		3,972	4-25-85	
Office of Assistant Secretary for Health								
Public health service management	R85-119	493		2-6-85		493	4-25-85	
Health Care Financing Administration								
Program management	R85-120	1,540		2-6-85		1,540	4-25-85	
Human Development Services								
Human development services	R85-121	1,334		2-6-85		1,334	4-25-85	
Family social services	R85-122	396		2-6-85		396	4-25-85	
Community services block grant	R85-123	34		2-6-85		34	4-25-85	
Departmental Management								
General departmental management	R85-124	1,246		2-6-85		1,246	4-25-85	
Office of the Inspector General	R85-125	496		2-6-85		496	4-25-85	

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DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT								
Public and Indian Housing Programs								
Payments for operation of low income housing projects	R85-126	253,138		2-6-85		253,138	4-25-85	
Management and Administration								
Salaries and expenses	R85-127	6,919		2-6-85	6,919	6,919	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR								
Bureau of Land Management								
Management of lands and resources	R85-128	5,778		2-6-85	2,900	5,778	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Oregon and California grant lands	R85-129	679		2-6-85	350	679	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Working capital fund	R85-130	2,951		2-6-85	2,951	2,951	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Minerals Management Service								
Minerals and royalty management	R85-131	1,764		2-6-85	1,764	1,764	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement								
Regulation and technology	R85-132	546		2-6-85		546	4-25-85	
Abandoned mine reclamation fund	R85-133 R85-133A	333 2,900		2-6-85 2-6-85		333 2,900	4-25-85 4-25-85	
Bureau of Reclamation								
Construction program	R85-134	2,571		2-6-85		2,571	4-25-85	
General investigations	R85-135	209		2-6-85		209	4-25-85	
Operation and maintenance	R85-136	1,540		2-6-85		1,540	4-25-85	
General administrative expenses	R85-137	1,468		2-6-85		1,468	4-25-85	
Geological Survey								
Surveys, investigations and research	R85-138	4,519		2-6-85	1,269	4,519	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Bureau of Mines								
Mines and minerals	R85-139	1,355		2-6-85		1,355	4-25-85	
United States Fish and Wildlife Service								
Resource management	R85-140	3,869		2-6-85	1,900	3,869	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Construction	R85-141	40		2-6-85	40	40	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
National Park Service								
Operation of the national park system	R85-142	8,598		2-6-85	4,300	8,598	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
National recreation and preservation	R85-143	94		2-6-85		94	4-25-85	
Construction	R85-144	397		2-6-85	397	397	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Land acquisition and state assistance	R85-145 R85-146	52 30,000		2-6-85 2-6-85	52 30,000	52 30,000	4-25-85 4-25-85	P.L. 99-88 P.L. 99-88
Bureau of Indian Affairs								
Operation of Indian programs	R85-147	5,570		2-6-85	2,800	5,570	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Office of Territorial Affairs								
Administration of territories	R85-148	107		2-6-85	107	107	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE								
General Administration								
Salaries and expenses	R85-149	166		2-6-85	166	166	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Working capital fund	R85-150	3,000		2-6-85		3,000	4-25-85	
Legal Activities								
Salaries and expenses, General Legal Activities	R85-151	470		2-6-85	470	470	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division	R85-152	65		2-6-85	65	65	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Salaries and expenses, United States Attorneys and Marshals	R85-153	889		2-6-85	889	889	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Fees and expenses of witnesses	R85-154	309		2-6-85	309	309	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Salaries and expenses, Community Relations Service	R85-155	43		2-6-85	43	43	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88

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Federal Bureau of Investigation								
Salaries and expenses..................	R85-156	3,505		2-6-85	3,505	3,505	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Drug Enforcement Administration								
Salaries and expenses..................	R85-157	876		2-6-85	876	876	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Immigration and Naturalization Service								
Salaries and expenses..................	R85-158	947		2-6-85	947	947	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Federal Prison System								
Salaries and expenses..................	R85-159	451		2-6-85	451	451	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
National Institute of Corrections.......	R85-160	894		2-6-85		894	4-25-85	
Buildings and facilities................	R85-161	13		2-6-85	13	13	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Office of Justice Programs								
Justice assistance......................	R85-162	2,031		2-6-85		2,031	4-25-85	
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR								
Employment and Training Administration								
Program administration..................	R85-163	218		2-6-85		218	4-25-85	
	R85-163A	1,703		2-6-85		1,703	4-25-85	
Training and employment services........	R85-164	11,447		2-6-85		11,447	4-24-85	
	R85-164A	244,291		2-6-85		244,291	4-24-85	
Labor-Management Services Administration								
Salaries and expenses..................	R85-165	1,678		2-6-85		1,678	4-25-85	
Employment Standards Administration								
Salaries and expenses..................	R85-167	1,635		2-6-85		1,635	4-24-85	
	R85-167A	600		2-6-85		600	4-24-85	
Occupational Safety and Health Administration								
Salaries and expenses..................	R85-168	1,694		2-6-85		1,694	4-24-85	
Mine Safety and Health Administration								
Salaries and expenses..................	R85-169	1,776		2-6-85		1,776	4-24-85	
Bureau of Labor Statistics								
Salaries and expenses..................	R85-170	765		2-6-85		765	4-25-85	
	R85-170A	5,000		2-6-85		5,000	4-25-85	
Departmental Management								
Salaries and expenses..................	R85-171	728		2-6-85		728	4-24-85	
Inspector General salaries and expenses.	R85-172	3,766		2-6-85		3,766	4-24-85	
Special foreign currency program........	R85-173	20		2-6-85		20	4-24-85	
DEPARTMENT OF STATE								
Administration of Foreign Affairs								
Salaries and expenses..................	R85-174	2,432		2-6-85	2,432	2,432	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION								
Federal Highway Administration								
Motor carrier safety....................	R85-175	164		2-6-85	164	164	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration								
Operations and research.................	R85-176	767		2-6-85	800	767	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Trust fund share of operations and research..............................	R85-177	400		2-6-85		400	4-25-85	
Highway traffic safety grants...........	R85-178	250		2-6-85	250	250	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Federal Railroad Administration								
Office of the Administrator.............	R85-179	100		2-6-85		100	4-25-85	
Railroad research and development.......	R85-180	170		2-6-85	170	170	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Rail service assistance.................	R85-181	90		2-6-85	90	90	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Railroad safety.........................	R85-182	140		2-6-85		140	4-25-85	
Northeast corridor improvement program..	R85-183	200		2-6-85	200	200	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Urban Mass Transportation Administration								
Urban mass transportation fund, administrative expenses...............	R85-184	265		2-6-85		265	4-25-85	
Federal Aviation Administration								
Operations..............................	R85-185	10,000		2-6-85		10,000	4-25-85	
Headquarters administration.............	R85-186	1,065		2-6-85		1,065	4-25-85	

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Operation and maintenance, Washington metropolitan airports	R85-187	17		2-6-85		17	4-25-85	
Facilities and equipment (Airport and airway trust fund)	R85-188	10,000		2-6-85	10,000	10,000	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Coast Guard Operating expenses	R85-189	14,724		2-6-85		14,724	4-25-85	
Acquisition, construction and improvements	R85-190	500		2-6-85		500	4-25-85	
Reserve training	R85-191	441		2-6-85		441	4-25-85	
Research, development, test, and evaluation	R85-192	135		2-6-85		135	4-25-85	
Maritime Administration Operations and training	R85-193	888		2-6-85		888	4-25-85	
Office of the Inspector General Salaries and expenses	R85-194	300		2-6-85		300	4-25-85	
Office of the Secretary Salaries and expenses	R85-195	435		2-6-85		435	4-25-85	
Transportation planning, research and development	R85-196	65		2-6-85		65	4-25-85	
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY								
Office of the Secretary Salaries and expenses	R85-197	969		2-6-85	969	969	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Office of Revenue Sharing Salaries and expenses	R85-198	90		2-6-85	90	90	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Federal Law Enforcement Training Center Salaries and expenses	R85-199	75		2-6-85	75	75	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Financial Management Service Salaries and expenses	R85-200	972		2-6-85	972	972	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Salaries and expenses	R85-201	397		2-6-85	397	397	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
United States Customs Service Salaries and expenses	R85-202	1,223		2-6-85	1,223	1,223	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Bureau of the Mint Salaries and expenses	R85-203	87		2-6-85	87	87	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Bureau of the Public Debt Administering the public debt	R85-204	52		2-6-85	52	52	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Internal Revenue Service Salaries and expenses	R85-205	198		2-6-85	198	198	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Processing tax returns and executive direction	R85-206	781		2-6-85	781	781	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Examinations and appeals	R85-207	1,588		2-6-85	1,588	1,588	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Investigation, collection, and taxpayer service	R85-208	1,633		2-6-85	1,633	1,633	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
United States Secret Service Salaries and expenses	R85-209	1,465		2-6-85	1,465	1,465	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY								
Salaries and expenses	R85-210	1,863		2-6-85		1,863	4-26-85	
Research and development	R85-211	4,125		2-6-85	4,125	4,125	4-26-85	P.L. 99-88
Abatement, control, and compliance	R85-212	7,413		2-6-85		7,413	4-26-85	
GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION								
Real Property Activities Federal buildings fund	R85-213	3,204		2-6-85	3,204	3,204	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Personal Property Activities Operating expenses	R85-214	300		2-6-85	300	300	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
General supply fund	R85-215	30,848		2-6-85	30,848	30,848	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Office of Information Resources Management Operating expenses	R85-216	45		2-6-85	45	45	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Consumer information center fund	R85-217	63		2-6-85	63	63	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88

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Federal telecommunications fund.........	R85-218	415		2-6-85	415	415	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Automatic data processing fund..........	R85-219	145		2-6-85	145	145	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Federal Property Resources Activities Operating expenses......................	R85-220	207		2-6-85	207	207	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Expenses, disposal of surplus real and related personal property.............	R85-221	1,832		2-6-85	1,832	1,832	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
General Activities General management and administration, salaries and expenses.................	R85-222	403		2-6-85	403	403	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Office of the Inspector General.........	R85-223	35		2-6-85	35	35	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Allowances and staff for former Presidents...........................	R85-224	19		2-6-85	19	19	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Working capital fund....................	R85-225	8		2-6-85	8	8	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION								
Research and program management...........	R85-226	4,000		2-6-85	4,000	4,000	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT								
Salaries and expenses.....................	R85-227	1,161		2-6-85	1,161	1,161	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION								
Salaries and expenses.....................	R85-228	3,781		2-6-85		3,781	4-25-85	
VETERANS ADMINISTRATION								
Medical care..............................	R85-229	10,261		2-6-85	3,520	10,261	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Medical and prosthetic research...........	R85-230	323		2-6-85		323	4-25-85	
Medical administration and miscellaneous operating expenses.....................	R85-231	2,109		2-6-85	2,109	2,109	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
General operating expenses................	R85-232	4,334		2-6-85		4,334	4-25-85	
Construction, minor projects..............	R85-233	377		2-6-85	377	377	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
OTHER INDEPENDENT AGENCIES								
ACTION Operating expenses......................	R85-234	1,139		2-6-85		1,139	4-24-85	
Corporation for Public Broadcasting Public broadcasting fund...............	R85-244	14,000		5-16-8		14,000	7-19-85	
Federal Emergency Management Agency Salaries and expenses...................	R85-235	786		2-6-85	786	786	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Emergency management planning and assistance..........................	R85-236	1,287		2-6-85	1,287	1,287	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
National Archives and Records Administration Operating expenses......................	R85-237	166		2-6-85	166	166	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
National Labor Relations Board Salaries and expenses....................	R85-238	1,070		2-6-85		1,070	4-24-85	
National Science Foundation Research and related activities.........	R85-239	2,002		2-6-85	1,000	2,002	4-25-85	P.L. 99-88
Nuclear Regulatory Commission Salaries and expenses....................	R85-240	4,329		2-6-85		4,329	4-25-85	
Tennessee Valley Authority Tennessee Valley Authority fund.........	R85-241	1,538		2-6-85		1,538	4-25-85	
United States Information Agency Salaries and expenses...................	R85-242	433		2-6-85		433	4-25-85	
TOTAL, RESCISSIONS........................		1,843,315	0		165,609	1,843,315		

NOTE: Amounts rescinded in the Second Supplemental Appropriations Act (P.L. 99-88) on August 15, 1985, were available between the date of release and the date of enactment.

Attachment B - Status of Deferrals - Fiscal Year 1985

As of September 1, 1985 Amounts in Thousands of Dollars Agency/Bureau/Account	Deferral Number	Amount Transmitted Original Request	Amount Transmitted Subsequent Change	Date of Message	Cumulative OMB/Agency Releases	Congressionally Required Releases	Congressional Action	Cumulative Adjustments	Amount Deferred as of 9-1-85
FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT									
Appalachian Regional Development Programs									
Appalachian regional development programs	D85-1	10,000		10-1-84					10,000
International Security Assistance									
Foreign military sales credit	D85-24	4,939,500		11-29-84	4,929,500				10,000
Economic support fund	D85-2	280,500		10-1-84					
	D85-2A		3,826,000	11-29-84					
	D85-2B		73,233	1-4-85	3,978,100				201,633
Military assistance	D85-3	18,500		10-1-84					
	D85-3A		782,770	11-29-84	778,950				22,320
International military education and training	D85-25	55,521		11-29-84	55,521				0
Peacekeeping operations	D85-38	7,000		1-4-85	7,000				0
Agency for International Development									
International disaster assistance	D85-73	110,000		6-20-85	57,000				53,000
Operating expenses, Agency for International Development	D85-74	1,300		6-20-85					1,300
African Development Foundation									
African Development Foundation	D85-40	2,287		2-6-85		2,287	99-88		0
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE									
Forest Service									
Timber salvage sales	D85-4	9,704		10-1-84					
	D85-4A		3,471	3-1-85	5,000			5,000	13,175
Expenses, brush disposal	D85-5	55,850		10-1-84					
	D85-5A		22,063	3-1-85					77,913
Foreign Assistance Programs									
Expenses, Public Law 480, Foreign Assistance Programs, Agriculture	D85-72	167,200		6-20-85	70,000				97,200
Soil Conservation Service									
Watershed and flood prevention operations	D85-59	8,365		3-1-85	8,365				0
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE									
Patent and Trademark Office									
Salaries and expenses	D85-41	15,993		2-6-85					15,993
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE - MILITARY									
Military Construction									
Military construction, all services	D85-6	300,008		10-1-84					
	D85-6A		906,322	11-29-84	951,752			98,878	353,456
Family Housing									
Family housing, all services	D85-26	230,790		11-29-84	218,990				11,800
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE - CIVIL									
Wildlife Conservation, Military Reservations									
Wildlife conservation	D85-7	1,127		10-1-84					
	D85-7A		64	1-4-85	190			135	1,137
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY									
Energy Programs									
Energy supply research and development	D85-70	15,000		5-16-85					15,000
Uranium supply and enrichment activities	D85-65	90,000		3-22-85					90,000
Fossil energy research and development	D85-27	4,871		11-29-84					
	D85-27A		43,525	2-6-85	13,696				34,700
Fossil energy construction	D85-28	2,165		11-29-84					
	D85-28A		2,973	2-6-85					5,137

Attachment B - Status of Deferrals - Fiscal Year 1985

As of September 1, 1985 Amounts in Thousands of Dollars Agency/Bureau/Account	Deferral Number	Amount Transmitted Original Request	Amount Transmitted Subsequent Change	Date of Message	Cumulative OMB/Agency Releases	Congressionally Required Releases	Congressional Action	Cumulative Adjustments	Amount Deferred As of 9-1-85
Naval petroleum and oil shale reserves.....	D85-29 D85-29A D85-29B	23	155,644 1	11-29-84 2-6-85 3-22-85					155,568
Energy conservation........................	D85-30 D85-30A D85-30B	3,398	2,374 552	11-29-84 3-22-85 6-20-85					6,324
Strategic petroleum reserve	D85-31 D85-31A	401	270,337	11-29-84 2-6-85					270,738
SPR petroleum account......................	D85-42	827,028		2-6-85					827,028
Energy security reserve and alternative fuels production.........................	D85-32 D85-32A D85-32B	852	297 89	11-29-84 2-6-85 3-22-85					1,238
Power Marketing Administration									
Southeastern Power Administration, Operation and maintenance................	D85-16 D85-16A	12,467	3,494	10-31-84 2-6-85	1,216				14,745
Southwestern Power Administration, Operation and maintenance................	D85-17 D85-17A	7,260	1,514	10-31-84 2-6-85					8,774
Western Area Power Administration, Construction, rehabilitation, operation and maintenance........................	D85-18 D85-18A D85-18B	3,000	27,300 2,000	10-31-84 2-6-85 5-16-85					32,300
Departmental Administration									
Departmental administration................	D85-43	8,501		2-6-85					8,501
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES									
Office of Assistant Secretary for Health									
Scientific activities overseas (special foreign currency program).......	D85-8 D85-8A	424	590	10-1-84 1-4-85					1,013
Health Care Financing Administration									
Program management.........................	D85-66	4,271		3-22-85		4,271	99-88		0
Social Security Administration									
Limitation on administrative expenses (construction)............................	D85-9 D85-9A	15,488	224	10-1-84 3-1-85	7,181				8,531
Limitation on administrative expenses (information technology systems)..........	D85-44	81,926		2-6-85					81,926
Limitation on administrative expenses......	D85-67	9,176		3-22-85					9,176
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR									
Bureau of Land Management									
Payments for proceeds, sale of water, Mineral Leasing Act of 1920, sec. 40 (d)..	D85-10	49		10-1-84					49
National Park Service									
Construction (trust fund)..................	D85-45	38,172		2-6-85	38,172				0
Land acquisition...........................	D85-68	3,356		3-22-85					3,356
Bureau of Indian Affairs									
Construction...............................	D85-33	8,918		11-29-84	893				8,025
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE									
General Administration									
Salaries and expenses......................	D85-46	3,890		2-6-85					3,890
Legal Activities									
Support of United States prisoners.........	D85-47	5,319		2-6-85					5,319
Federal Prison System									
Buildings and facilities...................	D85-19	44,534		10-31-84					44,534
Office of Justice Programs									
Justice assistance.........................	D85-60	13,026		3-1-85					13,026

Attachment B - Status of Deferrals - Fiscal Year 1985

As of September 1, 1985 Amounts in Thousands of Dollars Agency/Bureau/Account	Deferral Number	Amount Transmitted Original Request	Amount Transmitted Subsequent Change	Date of Message	Cumulative OMB/Agency Releases	Congressionally Required Releases	Congressional Action	Cumulative Adjustments	Amount Deferred as of 9-1-85
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR									
Employment and Training Administration Program administration	D85-61	162		3-1-85		162	99-88		0
State unemployment insurance and employment service operations	D85-34	3,767		11-29-84		3,767	99-88		0
	D85-34A			3-1-85					
	D85-62	37,000		3-1-85		37,000	99-88		0
Unemployment trust fund (veterans employment and training)	D85-63	119		3-1-85		119	99-88		0
Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation	D85-64	228		3-1-85		228	99-88		0
Bureau of Labor Statistics 1) Salaries and expenses	D85-35	5,000		11-29-84	5,000				0
DEPARTMENT OF STATE									
Other United States emergency refugee and migration assistance fund	D85-20	32,928		10-31-84					
	D85-20A		153	1-4-85	34,999			20,000	18,081
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION									
Federal Highway Administration Limitation on general operating expenses	D85-48	2,155		2-6-85					2,155
Federal Railroad Administration Rail service assistance	D85-49	413		2-6-85	413				0
Northeast corridor improvement program	D85-50	30,000		2-6-85		30,000	99-88		0
Railroad rehabilitation and improvement financing funds	D85-51	7,200		2-6-85	7,200				0
Urban Mass Transportation Administration Research, training and human resources	D85-52	25,206		2-6-85	609				24,597
Federal Aviation Administration Construction, metropolitan Washington airports	D85-53	910		2-6-85	910				0
Facilities and equipment (airport and airway trust)	D85-11	537,205		10-1-84					
	D85-11A		652,957	1-4-85					
	D85-11B		93,731	2-6-85	163,000			163,000	1,283,894
Maritime Administration Operations and training	D85-54	8,500		2-6-85					8,500
Office of the Secretary Salaries and expenses	D85-55	800		2-6-85					800
Payments to air carriers	D85-69	14,741		3-22-85	14,741				0
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY									
Office of Revenue Sharing Local government fiscal assistance trust fund	D85-12	55,400		10-1-84	32,561			31,510	54,349
	D85-13	19,900		10-1-84	14,439			33	5,494
GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION									
Federal Property Resources Activities National defense stockpile transaction fund	2)	170,000		6-24-85					170,000
OTHER INDEPENDENT AGENCIES									
Board for International Broadcasting Grants and expenses	D85-21	4,408		10-1-84	4,408				0
National Archives and Records Service Operating expenses	D85-36	4,700		11-29-84					4,700

Attachment B - Status of Deferrals - Fiscal Year 1985

As of September 1, 1985 Amounts in Thousands of Dollars Agency/Bureau/Account	Deferral Number	Amount Transmitted Original Request	Amount Transmitted Subsequent Change	Date of Message	Cumulative OMB/Agency Releases	Congressionally Required Releases	Congressional Action	Cumulative Adjustments	Amount Deferred as of 9-1-85
National Science Foundation									
Science and engineering education activities	D85-56	31,450		2-6-85					31,450
Panama Canal Commission									
Operating expenses	D85-37	6,346		11-29-84	6,346				0
Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation									
Land acquisition and development fund	D85-14	14,300		10-1-84	5,000				9,300
Railroad Retirement Board									
Milwaukee railroad restructuring, administration	D85-15	108		10-1-84					
	D85-15A		7	2-6-85					115
Limitation on administration	D85-57	3,098		2-6-85		3,098	99-88		0
Limitation on Railroad Unemployment Insurance Administration fund	D85-58	502		2-6-85		502	99-88		0
Tennessee Valley Authority									
Tennessee Valley Authority fund	D85-71	9,000		5-16-85					9,000
U. S. Information Agency									
Salaries and expenses	D85-22	2,433		10-31-84					2,433
Acquisition and construction of radio facilities	D85-75	16,005		7-30-85					16,005
Salaries and expenses, special foreign currency program	D85-23	852		10-31-84					
	D85-23A		1,617	6-20-85					2,469
U.S. Institute of Peace									
U.S. Institute of Peace	D85-39	4,000		1-4-85					4,000
TOTAL, DEFERRALS		8,465,994	6,873,302		11,411,152	81,434		318,556	4,165,266

Notes: All of the above amounts represent budget authority except the Local Government Fiscal Assistance Trust Fund (D85-13) of outlays only.

1) The Bureau of Labor Statistics deferral of $5.0 million (D85-35) was released and the funds were proposed for rescission as part of R85-170A.
2) The General Services Administration deferral of $170.0 million was transmitted to Congress by the Comptroller General on June 24, 1985, under section 1015 (a) of the Impoundment Control Act.

99th Congress, 2d Session - - - - - - - - - - - - House Documents 99-147

CUMULATIVE REPORT ON RESCISSIONS AND DEFERRALS OF BUDGET AUTHORITY

COMMUNICATION

FROM THE

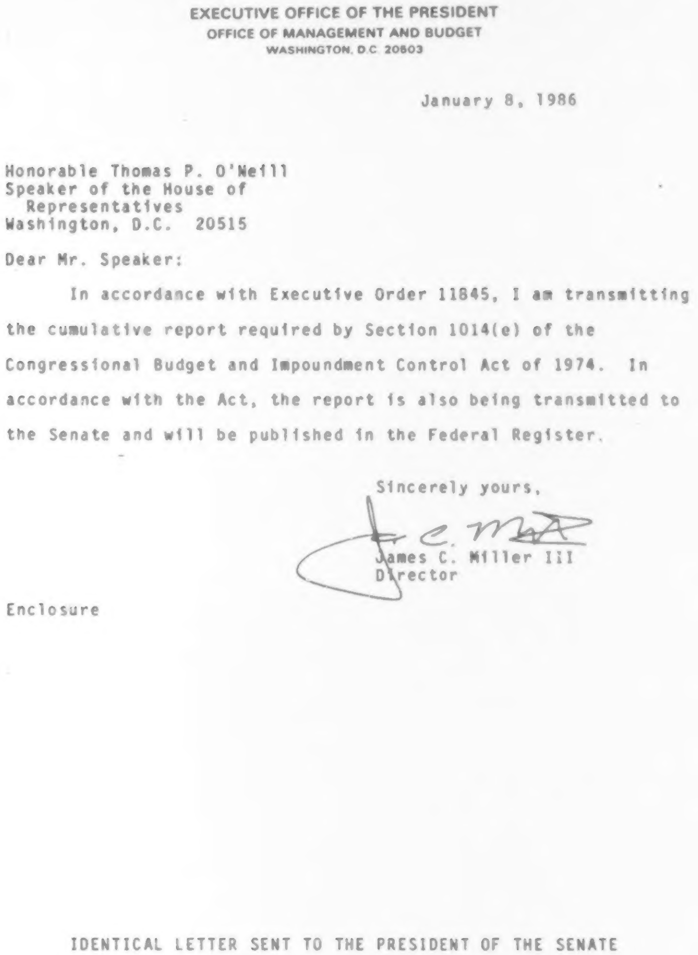
DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

TRANSMITTING

A CUMULATIVE REPORT ON RESCISSIONS AND DEFERRALS OF BUDGET AUTHORITY, PURSUANT TO SECTION 1014(E) OF THE CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET AND IMPOUNDMENT CONTROL ACT OF 1974

JANUARY 21, 1986.—Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
WASHINGTON : 1986



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

January 8, 1986

Honorable Thomas P. O'Neill
Speaker of the House of
  Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Mr. Speaker:

In accordance with Executive Order 11845, I am transmitting the cumulative report required by Section 1014(e) of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974. In accordance with the Act, the report is also being transmitted to the Senate and will be published in the Federal Register.

Sincerely yours,

James C. Miller III
Director

Enclosure

IDENTICAL LETTER SENT TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE

CUMULATIVE REPORT ON RESCISSIONS AND DEFERRALS

January 1, 1986

This report is submitted in fulfillment of the requirements of Section 1014(e) of the Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-344). Section 1014(e) provides for a monthly report listing all budget authority for this fiscal year for which, as of the first day of the month, a special message has been transmitted to the Congress.

This report gives the status as of January 1, 1986, of 31 deferrals contained in the first two special messages of FY 1986. There were no rescissions proposed. These messages were transmitted to the Congress on October 1 and November 25, 1985.

Rescissions (Table A and Attachment A)

As of January 1, 1986, there were no rescission proposals pending before the Congress.

Deferrals (Table B and Attachment B)

As of January 1, 1986, $5,205.8 million in 1986 budget authority was being deferred from obligation and $7.0 million in 1986 outlays was being deferred from expenditure. Attachment B shows the history and status of each deferral reported during FY 1986.

Information from Special Messages

The special message containing information on the deferrals covered by this cumulative report is printed in the Federal Register listed below:

Vol. 50, FR p. 41100, Tuesday, October 8, 1985
Vol. 50, FR p. 49498, Monday, December 2, 1985

JAMES C. MILLER III

James C. Miller III
Director

TABLE A

STATUS OF 1986 RESCISSIONS

	Amount (In millions of dollars)
Rescissions proposed by the President	0
Accepted by the Congress	0
Rejected by the Congress	0
Pending before the Congress	0

****

TABLE B

STATUS OF 1986 DEFERRALS

	Amount (In millions of dollars)
Deferrals proposed by the President	$3,652.1
Routine Executive releases through January 1, 1986	-215.7
Overturned by the Congress	-223.6
Currently before the Congress	$3,212.8 a/

---

a/ This amount includes $7.0 million in outlays for a Department of the Treasury deferral (D86-30).

Attachments

Attachment A - Status of Rescissions - Fiscal Year 1986

As of January 1, 1986 Amounts in Thousands of Dollars Agency/Bureau/Account	Rescission Number	Amount Previously Considered by Congress	Amount Currently before Congress	Date of Message	Amount Rescinded	Amount Made Available	Date Made Available	Congressional Action

None.

Attachment B - Status of Deferrals - Fiscal Year 1986

As of January 1, 1986 Amounts in Thousands of Dollars Agency/Bureau/Account	Deferral Number	Amount Transmitted Original Request	Amount Transmitted Subsequent Change	Date of Message	Cumulative OMB/Agency Releases	Congressionally Required Releases	Congressional Action	Cumulative Adjustments	Amount Deferred as of 1-1-86
FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT									
Appalachian Regional Development Programs Appalachian regional development programs..	D86-1	10,000		10-1-85					10,000
International Security Assistance Economic support fund......................	D86-24	1,222,216		11-25-85	107,429				1,114,787
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE									
Forest Service Expenses, brush disposal..................	D86-2	77,913		10-1-85					77,913
Timber salvage sales......................	D86-3	22,854		10-1-85					22,854
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE									
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Promote and develop fishery products and research pertaining to American fisheries	D86-26	32,333		11-25-85	32,333				0
Fisheries loan fund........................	D86-25	1,959		11-25-85					1,959
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE - MILITARY									
Military Construction Military construction, all services........	D86-4	353,079		10-1-85	42,323				310,756
Family Housing Family housing, Air Force.................	D86-27	11,800		11-25-85					11,800
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE - CIVIL									
Wildlife Conservation, Military Reservations Wildlife conservation......................	D86-5	1,168		10-1-85	124			106	1,150

Attachment B - Status of Deferrals - Fiscal Year 1986

As of January 1, 1986 Amounts in Thousands of Dollars Agency/Bureau/Account	Deferral Number	Amount Transmitted Original Request	Amount Transmitted Subsequent Change	Date of Message	Cumulative OMB/Agency Releases	Congressionally Required Releases	Congressional Action	Cumulative Adjustments	Amount Deferred as of 1-1-86
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY									
Energy Programs									
Fossil energy research and development.....	D86-6	9,247		10-1-85					9,247
Fossil energy construction.................	D86-7	7,038		10-1-85	1,041				5,997
Naval petroleum and oil shale reserves.....	D86-8	155,668		10-1-85					155,668
Energy conservation........................	D86-9	9,880		10-1-85					9,880
SPR petroleum account......................	D86-10	536,958		10-1-85					536,958
Alternative fuels production...............	D86-11	1,149		10-1-85					1,149
Power Marketing Administration									
Southeastern Power Administration, Operation and maintenance................	D86-12	25,344		10-1-85	23,936			681	2,089
Southwestern Power Administration, Operation and maintenance................	D86-13	5,000		10-1-85					5,000
Western Area Power Administration, Construction, rehabilitation, operation and maintenance........................	D86-14	27,095		10-1-85					27,095
Departmental Administration									
Departmental administration................	D86-15	8,501		10-1-85	8,501				0
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES									
Office of Assistant Secretary for Health									
Scientific activities overseas (special foreign currency program).......	D86-16	3,000		10-1-85					3,000
Social Security Administration									
Limitation on administrative expenses (construction)...........................	D86-28	6,489		11-25-85					6,489

Attachment B - Status of Deferrals - Fiscal Year 1986

As of January 1, 1986 Amounts in Thousands of Dollars Agency/Bureau/Account	Deferral Number	Amount Transmitted Original Request	Amount Transmitted Subsequent Change	Date of Message	Cumulative OMB/Agency Releases	Congressionally Required Releases	Congressional Action	Cumulative Adjustments	Amount Deferred as of 1-1-86
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE									
Bureau of Prisons Buildings and facilities..................	D86-17	20,000		10-1-85					20,000
Office of Justice Programs Crime victims fund.........................	D86-18	100,000		10-1-85					100,000
DEPARTMENT OF STATE									
Bureau of Refugee Programs United States emergency refugee and migration assistance fund, executive......	D86-19	18,082		10-1-85					18,082
Other Assistance for implementation of a Contadora agreement.......................	D86-20	2,000		10-1-85					2,000
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION									
Urban Mass Transportation Administration Discretionary grants.......................	D86-21	223,600		10-1-85		223,600			0
Federal Aviation Administration Facilities and equipment (Airport and airway trust fund)......................	D86-29	686,438		11-25-85					686,438
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY									
Office of Revenue Sharing Local government fiscal assistance trust fund....................................	D86-30	7,743		11-25-85	712				7,030
Local government fiscal assistance trust fund....................................	D86-31	54,349		11-25-85	63				54,286
OTHER INDEPENDENT AGENCIES									
Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation Land acquisition and development fund......	D86-22	10,947		10-1-85					10,947
Railroad Retirement Board Milwaukee railroad restructuring, administration............................	D86-23	243		10-1-85					243
TOTAL, DEFERRALS............................		3,652,093	0		216,463	223,600		787	3,212,817

Note: All of the above amounts represent budget authority except the Local Government Fiscal Assistance Trust Fund (D86-30) of outlays only.

DEFERRAL RESOLUTIONS

Clerk's Note.—There were no separate deferral resolutions acted upon by the Appropriations Committee during the 99th Congress, 1st session.

AGRICULTURE ACTS

Public Law 99-157
99th Congress

An Act

To extend temporarily the dairy price support program and certain food stamp program provisions, and for other purposes.

Nov. 15, 1985
[S. 1851]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 201(d)(1)(B) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446(d)(1)(B)) is amended by striking out "November 15, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 13, 1985".

Ante, p. 488.

SEC. 2. The last sentence of section 17(b)(1) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2026(b)(1)) is amended by striking out "November 15, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 13, 1985".

Ante, p. 488.

SEC. 3. Effective for the period beginning November 16, 1985, and ending December 13, 1985, section 19(a)(1)(A) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2028(a)(1)(A)) is amended by striking out "noncash".

Effective date.

SEC. 4. Section 343 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1343) is amended by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Notwithstanding any other provision hereof, the referendum with respect to the national marketing quota for cotton for the marketing year beginning August 1, 1986, may be conducted not later than thirty-one days after adjournment sine die of the first session of the Ninety-ninth Congress.".

Cotton.

SEC. 5. Section 358(b) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1358(b)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Notwithstanding any other provision hereof, the referendum with respect to marketing quotas for the crops of peanuts produced in the 1986, 1987, and 1988 calendar years may be conducted not later than thirty-one days after adjournment sine die of the first session of the Ninety-ninth Congress.".

Peanuts.

SEC. 6. (a) Section 106(f) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1445(f)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

> "(5) For the 1985 crop of Burley tobacco, notwithstanding paragraph (4) of this section, the support level shall be $1.488 per pound.".

Tobacco.

(b) Section 106B(d)(2) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1445-2(d)(2)) is amended—

> (1) by inserting "(A)" after the paragraph designation; and
>
> (2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:
>
> > "(B) With respect to the 1985 crop of Burley tobacco, for the purposes of paragraph (1), the marketing assessment shall not be more than 4 cents per pound.".

Approved November 15, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1851:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Nov. 13, considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 14, considered and passed House.

99 STAT. 1173

Public Law 99-182
99th Congress

An Act

Dec. 13, 1985
[H.R. 3919]

To extend temporarily the dairy price support program and certain food stamp program provisions, and for other purposes.

Ante, p. 818.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 201(d)(1)(B) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446(d)(1)(B)) is amended by striking out "December 13, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 31, 1985".

Ante, p. 818.

SEC. 2. The last sentence of section 17(b)(1) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2026(b)(1)) is amended by striking out "December 13, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 31, 1985".

Effective date.
Ante, p. 818.

SEC. 3. Effective for the period beginning December 14, 1985, and ending December 31, 1985, section 19(a)(1)(A) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2028(a)(1)(A)) is amended by striking out "noncash".

Tobacco.

SEC. 4. Section 317(d) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1314c(d)) is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, the proclamation of the national marketing quota for the 1986 crop of Flue-cured tobacco may be made not later than December 31, 1985.".

Approved December 13, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3919:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Dec. 12, considered and passed House and Senate.

---

99 STAT. 1354

*Public Law 99-198
99th Congress

An Act

Dec. 23, 1985
[H.R. 2100]

To extend and revise agricultural price support and related programs, to provide for agricultural export, resource conservation, farm credit, and agricultural research and related programs, to continue food assistance to low-income persons, to ensure consumers an abundance of food and fiber at reasonable prices, and for other purposes.

Food Security Act of 1985.
Farms and farming.
Agriculture and agricultural commodities.
7 USC 1281 note.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SHORT TITLE

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TITLE I—DAIRY

Subtitle A—Milk Price Support and Producer-Supported Dairy Program

MILK PRICE SUPPORT, PRICE REDUCTION, AND MILK PRODUCTION TERMINATION PROGRAMS FOR CALENDAR YEARS 1986 THROUGH 1990

SEC. 101. (a) Section 201(d) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446(d)) is amended by striking out paragraphs (1) and (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Ante, p. 818

"(1)(A) During the period beginning on January 1, 1986, and ending on December 31, 1990, the price of milk shall be supported as provided in this subsection.

"(B) During the period beginning on January 1, 1986, and ending on December 31, 1986, the price of milk shall be supported at a rate equal to $11.60 per hundredweight for milk containing 3.67 percent milkfat.

"(C)(i) During the period beginning on January 1, 1987, and ending on September 30, 1987, the price of milk shall be supported at a rate equal to $11.35 per hundredweight for milk containing 3.67 percent milkfat.

"(ii) Except as provided in subparagraph (D), during the period beginning on October 1, 1987, and ending on December 31, 1990, the price of milk shall be supported at a rate equal to $11.10 per hundredweight for milk containing 3.67 percent milkfat.

"(D)(i) Subject to clause (ii), if for any of the calendar years 1988, 1989, and 1990, the level of purchases of milk and the products of milk under this subsection (less sales under section

7 USC 1427.

407 for unrestricted use), as estimated by the Secretary on January 1 of such calendar year, will exceed 5,000,000,000 pounds (milk equivalent), on January 1 of such calendar year, the Secretary shall reduce by 50 cents the rate of price support for milk as in effect on such date.

Prohibition.

"(ii) The rate of price support for milk may not be reduced under clause (i) unless—

"(I) the milk production termination program under paragraph (3) achieved a reduction in the production of milk by participants in the program of at least 12,000,000,000 pounds during the 18 months of the program; or

Contracts.

"(II) the Secretary submits to Congress a certification, including a statement of facts in support of the certification of the Secretary, that reasonable contract offers were extended by the Secretary under such program but such offers were not accepted by a sufficient number of producers making reasonable bids for contracts to achieve such a reduction in production.

99 STAT. 1363

7 USC 1427.

"(E) If for any of the calendar years 1988, 1989, and 1990, the level of purchases of milk and the products of milk under this subsection (less sales under section 407 for unrestricted use), as estimated by the Secretary on January 1 of such calendar year, will not exceed 2,500,000,000 pounds (milk equivalent), the Secretary shall increase by 50 cents the rate of price support for milk in effect on such date.

"(F) The price of milk shall be supported through the purchase of milk and the products of milk.

"(2)(A) During the period beginning on April 1, 1986, and ending on September 30, 1987, the Secretary shall provide for a reduction to be made in the price received by producers for all milk produced in the United States and marketed by producers for commercial use.

"(B) The amount of the reduction under subparagraph (A) in the price received by producers shall be—

"(i) the period beginning on April 1, 1986, and ending on December 31, 1986, 40 cents per hundredweight of milk marketed; and

"(ii) during the first 9 months of 1987, 25 cents per hundredweight of milk marketed.

"(C) The funds represented by the reduction in price, required under subparagraph (A) to be applied to the marketings of milk by a producer, shall be collected and remitted to the Commodity Credit Corporation, at such time and in such manner as prescribed by the Secretary, by each person making payment to a producer for milk purchased from such producer, except that in the case of a producer who markets milk of the producer's own production directly to consumers, such funds shall be remitted directly to the Corporation by such producer.

"(D) The funds remitted to the Corporation under this paragraph shall be considered as included in the payments to a producer of milk for purposes of the minimum price provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937.".

7 USC 674.

(b) Paragraph (3) of section 201(d) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 U.S.C. 1446(d)) is amended by—

(1) striking out subparagraphs (A) through (G), and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(A)(i) The Secretary shall establish and carry out under this paragraph a milk production termination program for the 18-month period beginning April 1, 1986.

Contracts.

"(ii) Under the milk production termination program required under this subparagraph, the Secretary, at the request of any producer of milk in the United States who submits to the Secretary a bid, may offer to enter into a contract with the producer for the purpose of terminating the production of milk by the producer in return for a payment to be made by the Secretary.

"(iii) For the 18-month period for which the milk production termination program under this subparagraph is in effect, the Secretary shall—

"(I) as soon as practicable, determine the total number of dairy cattle the Secretary estimates will be marketed for slaughter as a result of such program; and

Regulation.

99 STAT. 1364

"(II) by regulation specify marketing procedures to ensure that greater numbers of dairy cattle slaughtered as a result of the production termination program provided for in this section shall be slaughtered in each of the periods of April through August 1986, and March through August 1987 than for the other months of the program. Such procedures also shall ensure that such sales of dairy cattle for slaughter shall occur on a basis estimated by the Secretary that maintains historical seasonal marketing patterns. During such 18-month period, the Secretary shall limit the total number of dairy cattle marketed for slaughter under the program in excess of the historical dairy herd culling rate to no more than 7 percent of the national dairy herd per calendar year.

Contracts.

"(iv) Each contract made under this subparagraph shall provide that—

"(I) the producer shall sell for slaughter or for export all the dairy cattle in which such producer owns an interest;

Regulations.

"(II) during a period of 3, 4, or 5 years, as specified by the Secretary in each producer contract and beginning on the day the producer completes compliance with subclause (I), the producer neither shall acquire any interest in dairy cattle or in the production of milk nor acquire, or make available to any person, any milk production capacity of a facility that becomes available because of compliance by a producer with such subclause unless the Secretary shall by regulation otherwise permit; and

"(III) if the producer fails to comply with such contract, the producer shall repay to the Secretary the entire payment received under the contract, including simple interest payable at a rate prescribed by the Secretary, which shall, to the extent practicable, reflect the cost to the Corporation of its borrowings from the Treasury of the United States, commencing on the date payment is first received under such contract.

Contracts.

"(v) Any producer of milk who seeks to enter into a contract for payments under this paragraph shall provide the Secretary with (I) evidence of such producer's marketing history; (II) the size and composition of the producer's dairy herd during the period the marketing history is determined; and (III) the size and composition of the producer's dairy herd at the time the bid is submitted, as the Secretary deems necessary and appropriate.

Prohibition.

"(vi) Except as provided in subparagraph (D), no producer who commenced marketing of milk in the 15-month period ending March 31, 1986, shall be eligible to enter into a contract for payments under this subparagraph.

Contracts.

"(vii) A contract entered into under this paragraph by a producer who by reason of death cannot perform or assign such contract may be performed or assigned by the estate of such producer.

"(B) The Secretary may establish and carry out a milk diversion or milk production termination program for any of the calendar years 1988, 1989, and 1990 as necessary to avoid the creation of burdensome excess supplies of milk or milk products.

Contracts.
Beef.
Pork.
Poultry.

"(C) In setting the terms and conditions of any milk diversion or milk production termination under this paragraph and of each contract made under this subparagraph, the Secretary shall take into account any adverse effect of such program or contracts on beef, pork, and poultry producers in the United States and shall take all feasible steps to minimize such effect.

Contracts.
99 STAT. 1365

"(D) A producer who commenced marketing milk after December 31, 1984, shall be eligible to enter into a contract for payments under this subparagraph if such producer's entire milk production facility and entire dairy herd were transferred to the producer by reason of a gift from, or the death of, a member or members of the family of the producer. The term 'member of the family of the producer' means (i) an ancestor of the producer, (ii) the spouse of the producer, (iii) a lineal descendant of the producer, or the producer's spouse, or a parent of the producer, or (iv) the spouse of any such lineal descendant.";

(2) striking out subparagraphs (H), (I), (J), (L), and (O); and

(3) redesignating subparagraph (K) as subparagraph (E).

(c) Paragraph (5)(B) of section 201(d) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446(d)(5)(B)) is amended by—

(1) striking out "(i)";

(2) striking out ", (ii)" and inserting in lieu thereof "or";

(3) striking out ", or (iii)" and all that follows through "paragraph (3)";

(4) redesignating the text thereof as clause (i);

(5) adding at the end thereof the following:

Contracts.
Animals.

"(ii) Each person who buys, from a producer with respect to whom there is in effect at the time of such sale a contract entered into under paragraph (3), one or more dairy cattle sold for slaughter or export, who knows that such cattle are sold for slaughter or export, and who fails to cause the slaughter or export of such cattle within a reasonable time after receiving such cattle shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than $5,000 with respect to each of such cattle.

Contracts.

"(iii) Each person who retains or acquires an interest in dairy cattle or the production of milk in violation of a contract entered into under this paragraph shall be liable, in addition to any amount due under paragraph (3)(A)(iv), to a marketing penalty on the quantity of milk produced during the period in which such ownership is prohibited under the contract. Such penalty shall be computed at the rate or rates of the support price for milk in effect during the period in which the milk production occurred.

"(iv) Each person who makes a false statement in a bid submitted under paragraph (3) as to (I) the marketings of milk for commercial use by the producer, or (II) the size or composition of the dairy herd that produced such marketings, or (III) the size or composition of the dairy herd at the time the bid is submitted shall be subject, in addition to any amount due under paragraph (3)(A)(iv) or clause (iii) of this subparagraph, to a civil penalty of $5,000 for each head of cattle to which such statement applied.

Animals.
Contracts.

"(v) Each person who makes a false statement as to the number of dairy cattle that was sold for slaughter or export under a contract under paragraph (3)(A) shall be subject, in addition to any amount due under paragraph (3)(A)(iv) or clause (iii) of this subparagraph, to a civil penalty of not more than $5,000 for each head of cattle to which such statement applied.".

(d) Section 201(c) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446(c)) is amended by striking out "The price" and inserting in lieu thereof "Except as provided in subsection (d), the price".

Ante, p. 1362.

(e) Section 201(d) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446(d)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(7) The Secretary shall carry out this subsection through the Commodity Credit Corporation.".

99 STAT. 1366

Effective date.
7 USC 1446 note.

(f) The provisions of this section shall become effective January 1, 1986.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES

Prohibition.
7 USC 1446 note.

SEC. 102. Section 553 of title 5, United States Code, shall not apply with respect to the implementation of section 201(d) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446(d)) by the Secretary of Agriculture, as amended by section 101, including determinations made regarding—

(1) the level of price support for milk;
(2) any reduction in the prices paid to producers of milk; and
(3) the milk production termination program.

APPLICATION OF SUPPORT PRICE FOR MILK

Prohibition. 7 USC 1446 note.

SEC. 103. For purposes of supporting the price of milk under section 201(d) of the Agricultural Act of 1949, the Secretary of Agriculture may not take into consideration any market value of whey.

AVOIDANCE OF ADVERSE EFFECT OF MILK PRODUCTION TERMINATION PROGRAM ON BEEF, PORK, AND LAMB PRODUCERS

7 USC 1446 note.

SEC. 104. To minimize the adverse effect of the milk production termination program on beef, pork, and lamb producers in the United States during the 18-month period for which such program is in effect under section 201(d) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446(d)), in such period—

Ante, p. 1362.

(1) the Secretary of Agriculture shall use funds available for the purposes of clause (2) of section 32 of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act, and for other purposes" (7 U.S.C. 612c), approved August 14, 1935, including the contingency funds appropriated under such section 32, and other funds available to the Secretary under the commodity distribution and other nutrition programs of the Department of Agriculture, and including funds available through the Commodity Credit Corporation, to purchase and distribute 200,000,000 pounds of red meat in addition to those quantities normally purchased and distributed by the Secretary. Such purchases by the Secretary shall not reduce purchases of any other agricultural commodities under section 32;

(2) the Secretary of Agriculture shall use funds available through the Commodity Credit Corporation to purchase 200,000,000 pounds of red meat, in addition to those quantities normally purchased and distributed by the Secretary, and to make such meat available—

(A) to the Secretary of Defense, on a nonreimbursable basis, for use in commissaries on military installations located outside of the United States; or

(B) for export under the authority of any law in effect on or after the date of the enactment of this Act;

State and local governments.

(3) the Secretary of Defense and other Federal agencies, to the maximum extent practicable, shall use increased quantities of red meat to meet the food needs of the programs that they administer, and State agencies are encouraged to cooperate in such effort; and

99 STAT. 1367

(4) the Secretary of Agriculture shall encourage the consumption of red meat by the public.

DOMESTIC CASEIN INDUSTRY

7 USC 1446c-2.

SEC. 105. (a) The Commodity Credit Corporation shall provide surplus stocks of nonfat dry milk of not less than 1,000,000 pounds annually to individuals or entities on a bid basis.

(b) The Commodity Credit Corporation may accept bids at lower than the resale price otherwise required by law, in order to promote the strengthening of the domestic casein industry.

(c) The Commodity Credit Corporation shall take appropriate action to ensure that the nonfat dry milk sold by the Corporation under this section is used only for the manufacture of casein.

STUDY RELATING TO CASEIN

Imports.

SEC. 106. The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study to determine whether imports of casein tend to interfere with or render ineffective the milk price support program of the Department of Agriculture. Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall report the results of such study to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

CIRCUMVENTION OF HISTORICAL DISTRIBUTION OF MILK

7 USC 1446 note. SEC. 107. The Secretary of Agriculture shall—

(1) monitor the Commodity Credit Corporation purchases of the products of milk during 1986 and 1987; and

(2) report to Congress, on a quarterly basis, on disruptions of, or attempts by handlers or cooperative marketing associations to circumvent, the historical distribution of milk among processors during the milk production termination program.

APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS

Prohibition. 7 USC 1446 note. SEC. 108. The amendments made by this subtitle shall not affect any liability of any person under section 201 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446) as in effect before the date of the enactment of this Act.

Subtitle B—Dairy Research and Promotion

NATIONAL DAIRY RESEARCH ENDOWMENT INSTITUTE

SEC. 121. The Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 1421 note, et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"Subtitle C—Dairy Research Program

"DEFINITIONS

7 USC 4531. "SEC. 130. For purposes of this subtitle—

"(1) the term 'board' means the board of trustees of the Institute;

"(2) the term 'Department' means the Department of Agriculture;

99 STAT. 1368

"(3) the term 'dairy products' means manufactured products that are derived from the processing of milk, and includes fluid milk products;

"(4) the term 'fluid milk products' means those milk products normally consumed in liquid form as a beverage;

"(5) the term 'Fund' means the Dairy Research Trust Fund established by section 135;

Post, p. 1371. Infra. "(6) the term 'Institute' means the National Dairy Research Endowment Institute established by section 131;

"(7) the term 'milk' means any class of cow's milk marketed in the United States;

"(8) the term 'person' means any individual, group of individuals, partnership, corporation, association, cooperative, or any other entity;

"(9) the term 'producer' means any person engaged in the production of milk for commercial use;

"(10) the term 'research' means studies testing the effectiveness of market development and promotion efforts, studies relating to the nutritional value of milk and dairy products, and other related efforts to expand demand for milk and dairy products;

"(11) the term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Agriculture unless the context specifies otherwise; and

Post, pp. 1369, 1371. "(12) the term 'United States' means the several States and the territories and possessions of the United States, except that for purposes of sections 131, 133(a), and 136, and paragraph (7) of this section, such term means the forty-eight contiguous States in the continental United States.

"ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIONAL DAIRY RESEARCH ENDOWMENT INSTITUTE

Prohibition.
7 USC 4532.

"SEC. 131. The Secretary of Agriculture may establish in the Department of Agriculture a National Dairy Research Endowment Institute whose function shall be to aid the dairy industry through the implementation of the dairy products research order, which its board of trustees shall administer, and the use of monies made available to its board of trustees from the Dairy Research Trust Fund to implement the order. In implementing the order, the Institute shall provide a permanent system for funding scientific research activities designed to facilitate the expansion of markets for milk and dairy products marketed in the United States. The Institute shall be headed by a board of trustees composed of the members of the National Dairy Promotion and Research Board. The board may appoint from among its members an executive committee whose membership shall reflect equally each of the different regions in the United States in which milk is produced. The executive committee shall have such duties and powers as are delegated to it by the board. The members of the board shall serve without compensation. While away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the board, members of the board shall be allowed reasonable travel expenses, including a per diem allowance in lieu of subsistence, as recommended by the board and approved by the Secretary, except that there shall be no duplication of payment for such expenses.

99 STAT. 1369

"ISSUANCE OF ORDER

Federal Register, publication.
7 USC 4533.

"SEC. 132. (a) After receipt of a proposed dairy products research order, the Secretary may publish such proposed order in the Federal Register and shall give notice and reasonable opportunity for public comment on such proposed order. Such proposed order may be submitted by an organization certified under section 114 or by any interested person affected by the provisions of subtitle B.

7 USC 4505.

"(b) After the Secretary provides for such publication and a reasonable opportunity for a hearing under subsection (a), the Secretary may issue the dairy products research order. The order so issued shall become effective not later than 90 days after publication in the Federal Register of the order.

Effective date.

"(c) The Secretary may amend, from time to time, the dairy products research order issued under subsection (b).

"REQUIRED TERMS OF ORDER; AGREEMENTS UNDER ORDER; RECORDS

7 USC 4534.

"SEC. 133. (a) The dairy products research order issued under section 132(b) shall—

"(1) provide for the establishment and administration, by the Institute, of appropriate scientific research activities designed to facilitate the expansion of markets for dairy products marketed in the United States;

"(2) specify the powers of the board, including the powers to—

Research and development.

"(A) receive and evaluate, or on its own initiative develop and budget for, research plans or projects designed to—

"(i) increase the knowledge of human nutritional needs and the relationship of milk and dairy products to these needs;

"(ii) improve dairy processing technologies, particularly those appropriate to small- and medium-sized family farms;

"(iii) develop new dairy products; and

"(iv) appraise the effect of such research on the marketing of dairy products;

Research and development.

"(B) make recommendations to the Secretary regarding such plans and projects;

"(C) administer the order in accordance with its terms and provisions;

Regulations.

"(D) make rules and regulations to effectuate the terms and provisions of the order;

"(E) receive, investigate, and report to the Secretary complaints of violations of the order;

"(F) recommend to the Secretary amendments to the order;

"(G) enter into agreements, with the approval of the Secretary, for the conduct of activities authorized under the order and for payment of the cost of such activities with any monies in the Fund other than monies appropriated or transferred by the Secretary to the Fund;

"(H) with the approval of the Secretary, establish advisory committees composed of individuals other than members of the board, and pay the necessary and reasonable expenses and fees of the members of such committees; and

"(I) with the approval of the Secretary, appoint or employ such persons, other than members of the board, as the board deems necessary and define the duties and determine the compensation of each;

99 STAT. 1370

"(3) specify the duties of the board, including the duties to—

Research and development.

"(A) develop, and submit to the Secretary for approval before implementation, any research plan or project to be carried out under this subtitle;

Research and development.

"(B) submit to the Secretary for approval, budgets, on a fiscal year basis, of the board's anticipated expenses and disbursements in the administration of the order, including projected costs of carrying out dairy products research plans and projects;

Report.

"(C) prepare and make public, at least annually, a report of the board's activities and an accounting for funds received and expended by the board;

"(D) maintain such books and records (which shall be available to the Secretary for inspection and audit) as the Secretary may prescribe;

Reports.

"(E) prepare and submit to the Secretary, from time to time, such reports as the Secretary may prescribe; and

"(F) account for the receipt and disbursement of all funds entrusted to the board;

"(4) prohibit any monies received under this subtitle by the board to be used in any manner for the purpose of influencing governmental policy or actions, except as provided in paragraph (2)(F); and

Records.
Reports.

"(5) require that each person receiving milk from producers for commercial use and any person marketing milk of that person's own production directly to consumers maintain and make available for inspection by the Secretary such books and records as may be required by the order and file with the Secretary reports at the time, in the manner, and having the content prescribed by the order.

"(b) Any agreement made under subsection (a)(2)(G) shall provide that—

Research and development.

"(1) the person with whom such agreement is made shall develop and submit to the board a research plan or project together with a budget that shows estimated costs to be incurred to carry out such plan or project;

Effective date.

"(2) such plan or project shall become effective on the approval of the Secretary; and

Records.
Reports.

"(3) such person shall keep accurate records of all of its transactions, account for funds received and expended, make periodic reports to the board of activities conducted to carry out such plan or project, and submit such other reports as the Secretary or the board may require.

Records.
Reports.

"(c)(1) Information, books, and records made available to, and reports filed with, the Secretary under subsection (a)(6) shall be kept confidential by all officers and employees of the Department, except that such information, books, records, and reports as the Secretary deems relevant may be disclosed by such officers and employees in any suit or administrative proceeding that is brought at the request of the Secretary or to which the Secretary or any officer of the United States is a party, and that involves the order issued under section 132(b).

Ante, p. 1369.

Prohibition.
Records.
Reports.

"(2) Paragraph (1) shall not be construed to prohibit—

"(A) the issuance of general statements, based on such information, books, records, and reports, of the number of persons subject to the order or of statistical data collected from such persons if such statements do not specifically identify the data furnished by any one of such persons; or

99 STAT. 1371

"(B) the publication, at the direction of the Secretary, of the name of any person violating the order, together with a statement of the particular provisions of the order violated by the person.

Prohibition.
Government organization and employees.

"(3) No information obtained under the authority of this section may be made available to any agency, officer, or employee of the United States for any purpose other than the implementation of this subtitle and any investigatory or enforcement action necessary to implement this subtitle. Any person who violates this paragraph shall be subject to a fine of not more than $1,000, or to imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, and, if such person is employed by the board or the Department, shall be terminated from such employment.

"PETITION AND REVIEW; ENFORCEMENT; INVESTIGATIONS

7 USC 4535.
7 USC 4509–4511.
Ante, p. 1369.

"SEC. 134. The provisions of sections 118, 119, and 120 shall apply, except when inconsistent with this subtitle, to the Institute, the board, the persons subject to the order issued under section 132(b), the jurisdiction of district courts of the United States, and the authority of the Secretary under this subtitle in the same manner as such sections apply with respect to subtitle B.

"DAIRY RESEARCH TRUST FUND

7 USC 4536.
Ante, p. 1368.

"SEC. 135. (a) There may be established in the Treasury of the United States a trust fund to be known as the 'Dairy Research Trust Fund' if the Institute is established under section 131 and a dairy products research order issued under section 132 is effective during such fiscal year.

"(b)(1) There is authorized to be appropriated to the Fund or transferred from moneys available to the Commodity Credit Corporation for deposit in the Fund, $100,000,000.

Banks and banking.

"(2) Moneys deposited in the Fund under paragraph (1) shall be invested by the Secretary of the Treasury in obligations of the United States or any agency thereof, in general obligations of any State or any political subdivision thereof, in any interest-bearing account or certificate of deposit of a bank that is a member of the Federal Reserve System, or in obligations fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States. Interest, dividends, and other payments that accrue from such investments shall be deposited in the Fund and also shall be so invested, subject to subsection (c).

"(c) Moneys in the Fund, other than moneys appropriated or transferred under paragraph (1) of subsection (b), shall be available to the board, in such amounts, and for such activities authorized by this subtitle, as the Secretary may approve.

"TERMINATION OF ORDER, INSTITUTE, AND FUND

7 USC 4537.

"SEC. 136. (a) The Secretary, whenever the Secretary finds that the order issued under this subtitle or any provision of such order obstructs or does not tend to facilitate the expansion of markets for milk and dairy products marketed in the United States, shall terminate or suspend the operation of the order or such provision.

99 STAT. 1372

"(b) If the Secretary terminates the order, the Institute shall be dissolved 180 days after the termination of the order.

"(c) If the Institute is dissolved for any reason, the moneys remaining in the Fund shall be disposed of as shall be agreed to by the board and the Secretary.

"ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY

Prohibition.
7 USC 4538.

"SEC. 137. (a) No provision of this subtitle shall be construed to preempt or supersede any other program relating to milk or dairy products research organized and operated under the laws of the United States or any State.

Ante, p. 1369.

"(b) The provisions of this subtitle applicable to the order issued under section 132(b) shall be applicable to any amendment to the order.".

Subtitle C—Milk Marketing Orders

MINIMUM ADJUSTMENTS TO PRICES FOR FLUID MILK UNDER MARKETING ORDERS

7 USC 674.

Ante, p. 1354.

SEC. 131. (a) Section 8c(5)(A) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c(5)(A)), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, is amended by adding at the end the following: "Throughout the 2-year period beginning on the effective date of this sentence (and subsequent to such 2-year period unless modified by amendment to the order involved), the minimum aggregate amount of the adjustments, under clauses (1) and (2) of the preceding sentence, to prices for milk of the highest use classification under orders that are in effect under this section on the date of the enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985 shall be as follows:

"Marketing Area Subject to Order	Minimum Aggregate Dollar Amount of Such Adjustments Per Hundredweight of Milk Having 3.5 Percent Milkfat
New England	$3.24
New York-New Jersey	3.14
Middle Atlantic	3.03
Georgia	3.08
Alabama-West Florida	3.08
Upper Florida	3.58
Tampa Bay	3.88
Southeastern Florida	4.18
Michigan Upper Peninsula	1.35
Southern Michigan	1.75
Eastern Ohio-Western Pennsylvania	1.95
Ohio Valley	2.04
Indiana	2.00
Chicago Regional	1.40
Central Illinois	1.61
Southern Illinois	1.92
Louisville-Lexington-Evansville	2.11
Upper Midwest	1.20
Eastern South Dakota	1.50
Black Hills, South Dakota	2.05
Iowa	1.55
Nebraska-Western Iowa	1.75
Greater Kansas City	1.92
Tennessee Valley	2.77
Nashville, Tennessee	2.52
Paducah, Kentucky	2.39
Memphis, Tennessee	2.77
Central Arkansas	2.77
Fort Smith, Arkansas	2.77
Southwest Plains	2.77
Texas Panhandle	2.49
Lubbock-Plainview, Texas	2.49
Texas	3.28
Greater Louisiana	3.28
New Orleans-Mississippi	3.85
Eastern Colorado	2.73
Western Colorado	2.00
Southwestern Idaho-Eastern Oregon	1.50
Great Basin	1.90
Lake Mead	1.60
Central Arizona	2.52
Rio Grande Valley	2.35
Puget Sound-Inland	1.85
Oregon-Washington	1.95

99 STAT. 1373

Effective at the beginning of such two-year period, the minimum prices for milk of the highest use classification shall be adjusted for the locations at which delivery of such milk is made to such handlers.".

(b) The amendment made by this section shall take effect on the first day of the first month beginning more than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Effective date.
7 USC 608c note.

ADJUSTMENTS FOR SEASONAL PRODUCTION; HEARINGS ON AMENDMENTS; DETERMINATION OF MILK PRICES

SEC. 132. Section 101(b) of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 608c note) is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

MARKETWIDE SERVICE PAYMENTS

SEC. 133. Effective January 1, 1986, section 8c(5) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c(5)), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

Effective date.
Ante, p. 1372.
7 USC 674.

"(J) Providing for the payment, from the total sums payable by all handlers for milk (irrespective of the use classification of such milk) and before computing uniform prices under paragraph (A) and making adjustments in payments under paragraph (C), to handlers that are cooperative marketing associations described in paragraph (F) and to handlers with respect to which adjustments in payments are made under paragraph (C), for services of marketwide benefit, including but not limited to—

"(i) providing facilities to furnish additional supplies of milk needed by handlers and to handle and dispose of milk supplies in excess of quantities needed by handlers;

"(ii) handling on specific days quantities of milk that exceed the quantities needed by handlers; and

"(iii) transporting milk from one location to another for the purpose of fulfilling requirements for milk of a higher use classification or for providing a market outlet for milk of any use classification.".

STATUS OF PRODUCER HANDLERS

SEC. 134. The legal status of producer handlers of milk under the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, shall be the same after the amendments made by this title take effect as it was before the effective date of such amendments.

7 USC 674.

99 STAT. 1374

Subtitle D—National Commission on Dairy Policy

FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF POLICY

SEC. 141. (a) Congress finds that—

7 USC 1446 note.

(1) the Federal program established to support the price of milk marketed by producers in the United States was created to provide price and income protection for milk producers as well as to assure consumers of an adequate supply of milk and dairy products at reasonable prices;

(2) the milk production industry in the United States is composed primarily of small- and medium-sized family farm operations;

(3) consumers in the United States benefit financially from a milk price support program that prohibits large fluctuations in the price and supply of milk and dairy products;

(4) consumers in the United States also benefit financially from the current structure of the domestic milk production industry; and

(5) the Office of Technology Assessment, in its report entitled "Technology, Public Policy, and the Changing Structure of American Agriculture", found that larger milk production operations already enjoy a major advantage in the production of milk and that, under current Federal policy, the development and use of new technologies will permit a continued trend toward fewer and larger milk production operations throughout the country.

(b) It is hereby declared to be the policy of Congress to respond to the development of new technologies in the domestic milk production industry by reviewing the present milk price support program and its alternatives, and by adopting such policies as are needed to prevent significant surplus production in the future while ensuring that the current small- and medium-sized family farm structure of such industry will be preserved for new generations of producers and consumers alike.

ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION

National Commission on Dairy Products. 7 USC 1446 note.

SEC. 142. (a) There is hereby established a National Commission on Dairy Policy, which shall study and make recommendations concerning the future operation of the Federal program established to support the price of milk marketed by producers in the United States.

(b) The Commission shall be composed of eighteen members who are engaged in the commercial production of milk in the United States, to be appointed by the Secretary of Agriculture. Not fewer than twelve members shall be appointed from nominations submitted to the Secretary by the following Members of Congress, after consultation with the other Members of Congress who sit on the specified committee of the respective House of Congress:

(1) The Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives.

(2) The ranking minority member of the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives.

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(3) The Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

(4) The ranking minority member of the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

Each such Member of Congress shall make not fewer than eighteen such nominations for appointment to the Commission, but not more than two such nominations for any particular vacancy on the Commission. The Secretary shall appoint not fewer than three individuals from among the nominations submitted by each such Member of Congress. Each member of the Commission shall represent a milk-producing region of the United States. A region may be made up of more than one State and may be represented by more than one member of the Commission. In making such appointments, the Secretary shall take into account, to the extent practicable, the geographical distribution of milk production volume throughout the United States. In determining geographical representation, whole States shall be considered as a unit.

(c) A vacancy on the Commission shall be filled in the manner in which the original appointment was made.

(d) The Commission shall elect a chairman from among the members of the Commission.

(e) The Commission shall meet at the call of the chairman or a majority of the members of the Commission.

STUDY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Science and technology. 7 USC 1446 note.

SEC. 143. (a) The National Commission on Dairy Policy shall study—

(1) the current Federal price support program for milk;

(2) alternatives to such program;

(3) the future functioning of such program;

(4) new technologies that will become a part of the milk production industry before the end of this century;

(5) the effect that developing technologies will have on surplus milk production; and

(6) the future structure of the milk production industry.

In conducting such study, the Commission shall consider, among other things, how effective the current Federal price support program for milk will be in preventing significant surpluses of dairy products in the future, how well such program will respond to the challenges to the family farm structure of the milk production industry created by developing technologies, and whether or not a better response to those challenges could be achieved through modifications or revisions of current Federal policy.

(b) On the basis of its study, the Commission shall make findings and develop recommendations for consideration by the Secretary of Agriculture and Congress with respect to the future operation of the Federal price support program for milk.

Report.

(c) The Commission shall submit to the Secretary of Agriculture and Congress, not later than March 31, 1987, a report containing the results of its study and recommendations based on such results.

ADMINISTRATION

7 USC 1446 note.

SEC. 144. (a) The heads of executive agencies, the General Accounting Office, the Office of Technology Assessment, and the Congressional Budget Office, to the extent permitted by law, shall

99 STAT. 1376

provide to the National Commission on Dairy Policy such information as the Commission may require to carry out its duties and functions.

(b) Members of the Commission shall serve without compensation for work on the Commission. While away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of duties of the Commission, members of the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by law for persons serving intermittently in the Government service under section 5703 of title 5 of the United States Code.

(c) To the extent there are sufficient funds available to the Commission in advance under section [139], and subject to such rules as may be adopted by the Commission, the Commission, without regard to the provisions of title 5 of the United States Code governing appointments in the competitive service and without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to the classification and General Schedule pay rates, may—

5 USC 5101 *et seq.*, 5331 *et seq.*

(1) appoint and fix the compensation of a director; and

(2) appoint and fix the compensation of such additional personnel as the Commission determines necessary to assist it to carry out its duties and functions.

(d) On the request of the Commission, the heads of executive agencies, the General Accounting Office, and the Office of Technology Assessment may furnish the Commission with such personnel and support services as the head of the agency, or office, and the chairman of the Commission agree are necessary to assist the Commission to carry out its duties and functions. The Commission shall not be required to pay or reimburse any agency or office for personnel and support services provided under this subsection.

(e) The Commission shall be exempt from sections 7(d), 10(e), 10(f), and 14 of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).

(f) The Commission shall be exempt from the requirements of sections 4301 through 4305 of title 5 of the United States Code.

FINANCIAL SUPPORT

Prohibition.
7 USC 1446 note.

SEC. 145. (a) Following the appointment or designation of the members of the National Commission on Dairy Policy, notwithstanding the provisions of section 1342 of title 31 of the United

States Code, the Secretary of Agriculture may receive on behalf of the Commission, from persons, groups, and entities within the United States, contributions of money and services to assist the Commission to carry out its duties and functions. Any money contributed under this section shall be made available to the Commission to carry out this subtitle. In no event may the Secretary accept an aggregate amount of contributions from any one person, group, or entity exceeding 10 percent of the budget of the Commission.

(b) If the contributions under subsection (a) are insufficient to carry out this subtitle, the Secretary of Agriculture may transfer to the Commission, from funds available to the Commodity Credit Corporation, an amount not to exceed $1,000,000 to carry out this subtitle. 99 STAT. 1377

TERMINATION OF COMMISSION

7 USC 1446 note. Sec. 146. The National Commission on Dairy Policy shall cease to exist thirty days following the submission of its report to the Secretary of Agriculture and Congress.

Subtitle E—Miscellaneous

TRANSFER OF DAIRY PRODUCTS TO THE MILITARY AND VETERANS HOSPITALS

Sec. 151. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 202 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446a) are each amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

EXTENSION OF THE DAIRY INDEMNITY PROGRAM

7 USC 450*l*. Sec. 152. Section 3 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide indemnity payments to dairy farmers" (7 U.S.C. 450l), approved August 13, 1968, is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

DAIRY EXPORT INCENTIVE PROGRAM

15 USC 713a-14. Sec. 153. (a) During the period beginning 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act and ending on September 30, 1989, the Commodity Credit Corporation shall establish and operate an export incentive program as described in this section for dairy products under section 5 of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act. 98 Stat. 3409. 15 USC 714c.

(b) The program established under subsection (a) shall provide for the Corporation to make payments, on a bid basis, to an entity that sells for export United States dairy products. The Secretary shall have discretion to accept or reject bids under such criteria as the Secretary deems appropriate.

Regulations. (c) The program shall be operated under such rules and regulations issued by the Secretary as the Secretary deems necessary to ensure, among other things, that—

(1) payments may be made under the program only on the quantity of dairy products sold by an entity for export in any year that is in addition to, and not in place of, any export sales of dairy products that the entity would otherwise make in the absence of the program; and

(2) to the extent practicable, dairy products sold for export under the program will not displace commercial export sales of United States dairy products by other exporters.

Regulations. (d)(1) The regulations issued by the Secretary may provide for payments under the program to be made in cash or in commodities of equal value that are available in Commodity Credit Corporation stock.

(2) If payments in commodities are authorized, such payments may be made through the issuance of certificates redeemable in commodities.

Regulations. (3) If payments are authorized to be made in dairy products, the regulations issued by the Secretary shall ensure that such dairy products, or an equal amount of other dairy products, will be sold for export by the entity and that any such export sales by the entity will be in addition to, and not in place of, export sales of dairy products that the entity would otherwise make under program or in the absence of the program, and, to the extent practicable, will not displace commercial export sales of United States dairy products by other exporters.

99 STAT. 1378

(e)(1) The payments made under the program shall be made at a rate or rates established or approved by the Secretary, taking into consideration, among other things the type of product to be exported, the domestic price of dairy products, and world price of the dairy products.

Federal Register, publication.

(2) Any such rate established or approved by the Secretary shall be published in the Federal Register or publicly announced through other appropriate means, and shall be at a level or levels as will encourage the exportation of United States dairy products by entities.

TITLE II—WOOL AND MOHAIR

EXTENSION OF PRICE SUPPORT PROGRAM

Sec. 201. Section 703 of the National Wool Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1782) is amended by—

(1) striking out "1985" in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "1990"; and

(2) striking out "1985" in subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

FOREIGN PROMOTION PROGRAMS

Sec. 202. The second sentence of section 708 of the National Wool Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1787) is amended by striking out "mohair or goats" and inserting in lieu thereof "wool, mohair, sheep, or goats".

TITLE III—WHEAT

WHEAT POLL

Sec. 301. (a) Not later than July 1, 1986, the Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a poll, by mail ballot, of eligible producers of wheat to determine whether such producers favor the imposition of mandatory limits on the production of wheat that will result in wheat prices that are not lower than 125 percent of the cost of production (excluding land and residual returns to management) as determined by the Secretary.

(b) The Secretary shall conduct such poll in such a manner as will reflect the types and sizes of farm operations (including livestock), distinctions among types and classes of wheat produced, and such demographic and other information as the Secretary determines is necessary to reflect State, regional, and national responses.

(c) To be eligible to vote in such poll, a producer must have produced a crop of wheat during at least one of the 1981 through 1985 crop years for wheat on a farm with a wheat crop acreage base of at least 40 acres.

MARKETING QUOTAS

Sec. 302. Effective only for the 1987 through 1990 crops of wheat, section 332 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1332) is amended to read as follows:

"PROCLAMATION OF MARKETING QUOTAS

7 USC 1332-1338.

"Sec. 332. (a) As used in sections 332 through 338:

"(1) The term 'base period' means the 1981 through 1985 crop years for wheat.

99 STAT. 1379

"(2) The term 'marketing quota period' means the 1987 through 1990 marketing years for wheat.

"(b)(1) The Secretary may—

"(A) proclaim national marketing quotas for wheat for each marketing year of the marketing quota period not later than June 15, 1986; and

"(B) conduct, by mail ballot, a marketing quota referendum not later than August 1, 1986.

"(2) The quantity of the national marketing quota for wheat for any marketing year shall be a quantity of wheat that the Secretary estimates is required to meet anticipated needs during such marketing year, taking into consideration domestic requirements, export demand, emergency food aid needs, and adequate carryover stocks.

"(c) If, after the proclamation of a national marketing quota for wheat for any marketing year, the Secretary determines that the national marketing quota should be terminated or adjusted to meet a national emergency or a material change in the demand for wheat, the Secretary shall adjust or terminate the national marketing quota.".

MARKETING QUOTA APPORTIONMENT FACTOR

SEC. 303. Effective only for the 1987 through 1990 crops of wheat, section 333 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1333) is amended to read as follows:

"MARKETING QUOTA APPORTIONMENT FACTOR

"SEC. 333. (a) The Secretary shall establish a marketing quota apportionment factor for each crop of wheat for which a national marketing quota is proclaimed under section 332.

Ante, p. 1378.

"(b) The apportionment factor shall be determined by dividing—

"(1) the national marketing quota for such crop of wheat; by

"(2) the average number of bushels of wheat the Secretary determines was produced in the United States during the base period, adjusted to reflect the quantity of wheat that would have been produced during such years except for—

"(A) drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other conditions beyond the control of producers; and

"(B) participation in any acreage reduction, set-aside, or diversion programs for wheat during such crop years,

as determined by the Secretary.".

FARM MARKETING QUOTAS

SEC. 304. Effective only for the 1987 through 1990 crops of wheat, section 334 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1334) is amended to read as follows:

"FARM MARKETING QUOTAS

"SEC. 334. (a) For each crop of wheat for which a national marketing quota has been proclaimed under section 332, the Secretary shall establish a farm marketing quota for each farm on which wheat was planted for harvest, or considered planted for harvest, during the base period.

99 STAT. 1380

"(b) The farm marketing quota shall be equal to the product obtained by multiplying—

"(1) the average number of acres of wheat planted for harvest, or considered planted for harvest, on the farm during the base period; by

"(2) the average yield of wheat planted for harvest, or considered planted for harvest, on the farm during such base period, as determined by the Secretary on such basis as the Secretary determines will provide a fair and equitable yield; by

"(3) the marketing quota apportionment factor.

"(c) For purposes of this section, wheat shall be considered to have been planted for harvest on the farm in any crop year to the extent that the Secretary determines that wheat was not planted for harvest on the farm because—

"(1) of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producer, as determined by the Secretary; or

"(2) the producer on the farm participated in any acreage reduction, set-aside, or diversion program for wheat during such crop years.

"(d) Farm marketing quotas shall be established by the Secretary under this section by June 1 of the calendar year preceding each marketing year for which a national marketing quota has been proclaimed under section 332.". *Ante*, p. 1378.

MARKETING PENALTIES

SEC. 305. Effective only for the 1987 through 1990 crops of wheat, section 335 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1335) is amended to read as follows:

"MARKETING PENALTIES

"SEC. 335. (a) The marketing of wheat produced on a farm in excess of a farm marketing quota shall be subject to a penalty at a rate per bushel equal to 75 percent of the national average market price for wheat during the immediately preceding marketing year.

"(b) The penalty provided for in subsection (a) shall be paid—

"(1) in the case of wheat marketed by sale to a person within the United States, by the person who acquired the wheat from the producer, except that an amount equivalent to the penalty may be deducted by the buyer from the price paid to the producer;

"(2) in the case of wheat marketed through a warehouseman or agent, by the warehouseman or agent, who may deduct an amount equivalent to the penalty from the price paid to the producer; or

"(3) in the case of wheat marketed directly to any person outside the United States, by the producer.

Regulations.

"(c) If any producer falsely identifies, or fails to certify, the acreage planted to wheat for harvest or fails to account for the disposition of any wheat produced on such planted acreage in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary—

"(1) a quantity of wheat equal to the product obtained by multiplying—

"(A) the farm program payment yield, as determined by the Secretary under title V of the Agricultural Act of 1949; by 7 USC 1461.

"(B) the planted acreage,

shall be deemed to have been marketed in excess of the farm marketing quota; and

"(2) the penalty provided for in subsection (a) on such quantity of wheat shall be paid by the producer.

"(d) Each producer having an interest in the crop of wheat on any farm for which a penalty is determined shall be jointly and severally liable for the entire amount of the penalty.

"(e) Wheat subject to a farm marketing quota may be carried over by the producer from one marketing year to the succeeding marketing year, and may be marketed without incurring a penalty under this section in the succeeding marketing year, to the extent that—

"(1) the total quantity of wheat available for marketing from the farm in the marketing year from which the wheat is carried over does not exceed the farm marketing quota; or

"(2) the total quantity of wheat available for marketing in the succeeding marketing year (including any quantity of wheat carried over) does not exceed the farm marketing quota for the succeeding marketing year.

"(f) Wheat produced in a calendar year in which marketing quotas are in effect for the marketing year beginning therein shall be

subject to such quotas even though it is marketed prior to the date on which such marketing year begins.

Regulations.

"(g)(1) The Secretary, shall require collection of the penalty provided for in this section on a proportion of each unit of wheat marketed from the farm equal to the proportion that the wheat available for marketing from the farm in excess of the farm marketing quota is of the total quantity of wheat available for marketing from the farm, if satisfactory proof is not furnished to the Secretary as to the disposition to be made of the excess wheat, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary, prior to the marketing of any wheat from the farm.

Regulations.

"(2) All funds collected under this section during a marketing year shall be deposited in a special account established in the Treasury of the United States until the end of the next succeeding marketing year. On certification of the Secretary, there shall be paid out of such special account to a person designated by the Secretary the amount by which the penalty collected exceeds that amount of penalty due on wheat marketed in excess of the farm marketing quota for a farm. Such special account shall be administered by the Secretary. The basis for, the amount of, and the person entitled to receive a payment from such account, when determined in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, shall be final and conclusive.

"(h) Until the amount of the penalty provided by this section is paid, a lien on—

"(1) the wheat with respect to which such penalty is incurred; and

"(2) any subsequent wheat subject to marketing quotas in which the person liable for the payment of such penalty has an interest,

shall be in effect in favor of the United States for the amount of the penalty.

99 STAT. 1382

"(i) A person liable for the payment or collection of a penalty on any quantity of wheat shall be liable also for interest thereon from the date the penalty becomes due until the date of payment of such penalty at a rate per annum equal to the rate of interest that was charged the Commodity Credit Corporation by the Treasurer of the United States on the date such penalty became due.

Effective date.

"(j)(1) If marketing quotas for wheat are not in effect for any marketing year, all previous marketing quotas applicable to wheat shall be terminated, effective as of the first day of such marketing year.

Prohibition.

"(2) Such termination shall not—

"(A) abate any penalty previously incurred by a producer; or

"(B) relieve any buyer of the duty to remit penalties previously collected.".

REFERENDUM

SEC. 306. Effective only for the 1987 through 1990 crops of wheat, section 336 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1336) is amended to read as follows:

Ante, p. 119.

"REFERENDUM

"SEC. 336. (a) If a national marketing quota for wheat for the marketing quota period is proclaimed, not later than August 1, 1986, the Secretary shall conduct, by mail ballot, a referendum of eligible producers to determine whether they favor or oppose marketing quotas for such period.

"(b) Any producer who produced wheat on a farm during at least one of the crop years of the base period shall be eligible to vote in the referendum.

"(c) Not later than 30 days after the conduct of such referendum, the Secretary shall proclaim the results of such referendum.

"(d) If the Secretary determines that 60 percent or more of the producers voting in the referendum approve marketing quotas, the

Secretary shall proclaim that marketing quotas will be in effect for the marketing quota period.".

TRANSFER OF FARM MARKETING QUOTAS

Sec. 307. Effective only for the 1987 through 1990 crops of wheat, section 338 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1338) is amended to read as follows:

"TRANSFER OF FARM MARKETING QUOTAS

"Sec. 338. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), farm marketing quotas shall not be transferable. Prohibition.

"(b) In accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary for such purpose— Regulations.

"(1) the farm marketing quota for a farm for any marketing year, or any portion thereof, may be voluntarily surrendered to the Secretary by the producer; and

"(2) the Secretary may reallocate any farm marketing quotas so surrendered to other farms having farm marketing quotas on such basis as the Secretary may determine.". 99 STAT. 1383

LOAN RATES, TARGET PRICES, DISASTER PAYMENTS, ACREAGE LIMITATION AND SET-ASIDE PROGRAMS, AND LAND DIVERSION FOR THE 1986 THROUGH 1990 CROPS OF WHEAT

Sec. 308. Effective only for the 1986 through 1990 crops of wheat, the Agricultural Act of 1949 is amended by inserting after section 107C (7 U.S.C. 1445b–2) the following new section:

"Sec. 107D. Notwithstanding any other provision of law: 7 USC 1445b-3.

"(a)(1) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) through (4), the Secretary shall make available to producers loans and purchases for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of wheat at such level as the Secretary determines will maintain the competitive relationship of wheat to other grains in domestic and export markets after taking into consideration the cost of producing wheat, supply and demand conditions, and world prices for wheat.

"(2) For any crop of wheat for which marketing quotas are in effect, the loan and purchase level determined under paragraph (1) shall not be less than the higher of—

"(A) 75 percent of the national average cost of production per bushel of wheat, as determined by the Secretary, taking into consideration variable expenses, general farm overhead, taxes, insurance, interest, and capital replacement costs (but excluding residual returns for management and risk); or

"(B) $3.55 per bushel.

"(3) Except as provided in paragraph (4), for any crop of wheat for which marketing quotas are not in effect, the loan and purchase level determined under paragraph (1) shall—

"(A) in the case of the 1986 crop of wheat, not be less than $3.00 per bushel; and

"(B) in the case of each of the 1987 through 1990 crops of wheat, not be less than 75 percent, nor more than 85 percent, of the simple average price received by producers of wheat, as determined by the Secretary, during the marketing years for the immediately preceding 5 crops of wheat, excluding the year in which the average price was the highest and the year in which the average price was the lowest in such period, except that the loan and purchase level for a crop determined under this clause may not be reduced by more than 5 percent from the level determined for the preceding crop.

"(4)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), for any crop of wheat for which marketing quotas are not in effect, if the Secretary determines that the average price received by producers for wheat in the previous marketing year was not more than 110 percent of the loan and purchase level for wheat for such marketing year or determines that such action is necessary to maintain a competitive market position for wheat, the Secretary—

"(i) in the case of the 1986 crop of wheat, shall reduce the loan and purchase level for wheat for the marketing year by the amount the Secretary determines necessary to maintain domestic and export markets for grain but not less than 10 percent of the loan and purchase level for such crop; and

"(ii) in the case of each of the 1987 through 1990 crops of wheat, may reduce the loan and purchase level for wheat for the marketing year by the amount the Secretary determines necessary to maintain domestic and export markets for grain.

Prohibition. "(B) The loan and purchase level may not be reduced under 99 STAT. 1384 subparagraph (A) by more than 20 percent in any year.

Prohibition. "(C) Any reduction in the loan and purchase level for wheat under this paragraph shall not be considered in determining the loan and purchase level for wheat for subsequent years.

"(5)(A) The Secretary may permit a producer to repay a loan made under paragraph (1) for a crop at a level that is the lesser of—

"(i) the loan level determined for such crop; or

"(ii) the higher of—

"(I) 70 percent of such level;

"(II) if the loan level for a crop was reduced under paragraph (4), 70 percent of the loan level that would have been in effect but for the reduction under paragraph (4); or

"(III) the prevailing world market price for wheat, as determined by the Secretary.

Regulations. "(B) If the Secretary permits a producer to repay a loan in accordance with subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall prescribe by regulation—

"(i) a formula to define the prevailing world market price for wheat; and

"(ii) a mechanism by which the Secretary shall announce periodically the prevailing world market price for wheat.

"(6) For purposes of this section, the simple average price received by producers for the immediately preceding marketing year shall be based on the latest information available to the Secretary at the time of the determination.

"(b)(1) The Secretary may, for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of wheat, make payments available to producers who, although eligible to obtain a loan or purchase agreement under subsection (a), agree to forgo obtaining such loan or agreement in return for such payments.

"(2) A payment under this subsection shall be computed by multiplying—

"(A) the loan payment rate; by

"(B) the quantity of wheat the producer is eligible to place under loan.

Prohibition. "(3) For purposes of this subsection, the quantity of wheat eligible to be placed under loan may not exceed the product obtained by multiplying—

"(A) the individual farm program acreage for the crop; by

"(B) the farm program payment yield established for the farm.

"(4) For purposes of this subsection, the loan payment rate shall be the amount by which—

"(A) the loan level determined for such crop under subsection (a); exceeds

"(B) the level at which a loan may be repaid under subsection (a).

"(c)(1)(A) The Secretary shall make available to producers payments for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of wheat in an amount computed by multiplying—

"(i) the payment rate; by

"(ii) the individual farm program acreage for the crop; by

"(iii) the farm program payment yield for the crop for the farm.

Prohibition. "(B) Payments for any such crop for which marketing quotas are in effect shall not exceed an amount equal to the payment rate multiplied by the farm marketing quota.

99 STAT. 1385

"(C)(i) If an acreage limitation program under subsection (f)(2) is in effect for a crop of wheat and the producers on a farm devote a portion of the permitted wheat acreage of the farm (as determined in accordance with subsection (f)(2)(A)) equal to more than 8 percent of the permitted wheat acreage of the farm for the crop to conservation uses or nonprogram crops—

Conservation

"(I) such portion of the permitted wheat acreage of the farm in excess of 8 percent of such acreage devoted to conservation uses or nonprogram crops shall be considered to be planted to wheat for the purpose of determining the individual farm program acreage in accordance with subsection (f)(2)(E) and for the purpose of determining the acreage on the farm required to be devoted to conservation uses in accordance with subsection (f)(2)(D); and

"(II) the producers shall be eligible for payments under this paragraph on such acreage, subject to the compliance of the producers with clause (ii).

"(ii) To be eligible for payments under clause (i), except as provided in clauses (iii) and (vii), the producers on the farm must actually plant wheat for harvest on at least 50 percent of the permitted wheat acreage of the farm.

"(iii) If a State or local agency has imposed in an area of a State or county a quarantine on the planting of wheat for harvest on farms in such area, the State committee established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)) may recommend to the Secretary that payments be made under this paragraph, without regard to the requirement imposed under clause (ii), to producers in such area who were required to forgo the planting of wheat for harvest on acreage to alleviate or eliminate the condition requiring such quarantine. If the Secretary determines that such condition exists, the Secretary may make payments under this paragraph to such producers. To be eligible for payments under this clause, such producers may not plant feed grains, cotton, rice, or soybeans on such acreage.

Prohibition

"(iv) The wheat crop acreage base and wheat farm program payment yield of the farm shall not be reduced due to the fact that such portion of the permitted acreage of the farm was devoted to conserving uses or nonprogram crops.

Prohibition

"(v) Other than as provided in clauses (i) through (iv), payments may not be made under this paragraph for any crop on a greater acreage than the acreage actually planted to wheat.

Prohibition

"(vi) Any acreage considered to be planted to wheat in accordance with clause (i) may not also be designated as conservation use acreage for the purpose of fulfilling any provisions under any acreage limitation, set-aside program, or land diversion program requiring that the producers devote a specified acreage to conservation uses.

"(vii) This subparagraph shall not apply if the established price for wheat is determined pursuant to subparagraph (H)(i).

"(D)(i) Except as provided in clause (ii), the payment rate for wheat shall be the amount by which the established price for the crop of wheat exceeds the higher of—

"(I) the national weighted average market price received by producers during the first 5 months of the marketing year for such crop, as determined by the Secretary; or

99 STAT. 1386

"(II) the loan level determined for such crop, prior to any adjustment made under subsection (a)(4) for the marketing year for such crop of wheat.

"(ii) If the national weighted average market price received by producers during the first 5 months of the marketing year for a crop, as determined by the Secretary, exceeds $2.55 per bushel for the 1986 crop, $2.65 per bushel for the 1987 crop, or $2.82 per bushel for the 1988 crop, at the option of the Secretary, the payment rate for such crop of wheat shall be the amount by which the established price for the crop of wheat exceeds the higher of—

"(I) $2.55 per bushel for the 1986 crop, $2.65 per bushel for the 1987 crop, and $2.82 per bushel for the 1988 crop; or

"(II) the loan level determined for such crop, prior to any adjustment made under subsection (a)(4) for the marketing year for such crop of wheat.

"(E)(i) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, if the Secretary adjusts the level of loans and purchases for wheat under subsection (a)(4), the Secretary shall provide emergency compensation by increasing the established price payments for wheat by such amount as the Secretary determines necessary to provide the same total return to producers as if the adjustment in the level of loans and purchases had not been made, taking into consideration any payments made as the result of subparagraph (D)(ii).

"(ii) In determining the payment rate, per bushel, for established price payments for a crop of wheat under this subparagraph, the Secretary shall use the national weighted average market price, per bushel of wheat, received by producers during the marketing year for such crop, as determined by the Secretary.

Prohibition.

"(F) For any crop of wheat for which marketing quotas are in effect, the established price shall not be less than the higher of—

"(i) the national average cost of production per bushel of wheat, as determined by the Secretary under subsection (a)(2); or

"(ii) $4.65 per bushel.

"(G) For any crop of wheat for which marketing quotas are not in effect, the established price for wheat shall not be less than $4.38 per bushel for each of the 1986 and 1987 crops, $4.29 per bushel for the 1988 crop, $4.16 per bushel for the 1989 crop, and $4.00 per bushel for the 1990 crop.

"(H) For any crop of wheat for which marketing quotas are not in effect, at the option of the Secretary and subject to subparagraph (G), the established price for wheat applicable to producers may be determined on the basis of—

"(i) the percentage by which the producers reduce the acreage planted to wheat on the farm for harvest from the crop acreage base for the farm in accordance with an acreage limitation program described in subsection (f)(2); or

"(ii) a graduated scale of production under which the amount of the payments made to the producers would vary for specified quantities of wheat produced by the producers and such payments would be targeted to commercial family farmers who have annual gross sales in excess of $20,000.

"(I) The total quantity on which payments would otherwise be payable to a producer on a farm for any crop under this paragraph shall be reduced by the quantity on which any disaster payment is made to the producer for the crop under paragraph (2).

99 STAT. 1387

Prohibition.

"(J) The Secretary may pay not more than 5 percent of the total amount of a payment made under this paragraph in the form of wheat. The use of wheat in making payments to producers shall be subject to a determination by the Secretary of the effect that such in-kind payments will have on market prices for any commodity. The Secretary shall report such determination to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

"(K) As used in this paragraph, the term 'nonprogram crop' means any agricultural commodity other than wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, extra long staple cotton, rice, or soybeans.

"(2)(A)(i) Except as provided in subparagraph (C), if the Secretary determines that the producers on a farm are prevented from planting any portion of the acreage intended for wheat to wheat or other nonconserving crops because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers, the Secretary shall make a prevented planting disaster payment to the producers in an amount equal to the product obtained by multiplying—

"(I) the number of acres so affected but not to exceed the acreage planted to wheat for harvest (including any acreage that the producers were prevented from planting to wheat or other nonconserving crops in lieu of wheat because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers) in the immediately preceding year; by

"(II) 75 percent of the farm program payment yield established by the Secretary; by

"(III) a payment rate equal to 33⅓ percent of the average of the established prices for the crop.

"(ii) Payments made by the Secretary under this subparagraph may be made in the form of cash or from stocks of wheat held by the Commodity Credit Corporation.

"(B) Except as provided in subparagraph (C), if the Secretary determines that because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers, the total quantity of wheat that the producers are able to harvest on any farm is less than the result of multiplying 60 percent of the farm program payment yield established by the Secretary for such crop by the acreage planted for harvest for such crop, the Secretary shall make a reduced yield disaster payment to the producers at a rate equal to 50 percent of the established price for the crop for the deficiency in production below 60 percent for the crop.

Prohibition

"(C) Producers on a farm shall not be eligible for—

"(i) prevented planting disaster payments under subparagraph (A), if prevented planting crop insurance is available to the producers under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) with respect to the wheat acreage of the producers; or

"(ii) reduced yield disaster payments under subparagraph (B), if reduced yield crop insurance is available to the producers under such Act with respect to the wheat acreage of the producers.

"(D)(i) Notwithstanding subparagraph (C), the Secretary may make a disaster payment to producers on a farm under this paragraph if the Secretary determines that—

"(I) as the result of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers, the producers on a farm have suffered substantial losses of production either from being prevented from planting wheat or other nonconserving crops or from reduced yields;

99 STAT. 1388

"(II) such losses have created an economic emergency for the producers;

"(III) crop insurance indemnity payments under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) and other forms of assistance made available by the Federal Government to such producers for such losses are insufficient to alleviate such economic emergency; and

"(IV) additional assistance must be made available to such producers to alleviate such economic emergency.

"(ii) The Secretary may make such adjustments in the amount of payments made available under this subparagraph with respect to an individual farm so as to assure the equitable allotment of such payments among producers, taking into account other forms of Federal disaster assistance provided to the producers for the crop involved.

"(d)(1)(A) For any crop of wheat for which marketing quotas are not in effect and an acreage limitation program under subsection (f) is not in effect, the Secretary shall proclaim a national program acreage. The proclamation shall be made not later than June 1 of each calendar year for the crop harvested in the next succeeding calendar year, except that in the case of the 1986 crop, the proclamation shall be made as soon as practicable after the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985.

"(B) The Secretary may revise the national program acreage first proclaimed for any crop year for the purpose of determining the allocation factor under paragraph (2) if the Secretary determines it necessary based on the latest information. The Secretary shall proclaim such revised national program acreage as soon as it is made.

"(C) The national program acreage for wheat shall be the number of harvested acres the Secretary determines (on the basis of the weighted national average of the farm program payment yields for the crop for which the determination is made) will produce the quantity (less imports) that the Secretary estimates will be utilized domestically and for export during the marketing year for such crop.

"(D) If the Secretary determines that carryover stocks of wheat are excessive or an increase in stocks is needed to assure desirable carryover, the Secretary may adjust the national program acreage by the quantity the Secretary determines will accomplish the desired increase or decrease in carryover stocks.

"(2) The Secretary shall determine a program allocation factor for each crop of wheat for which marketing quotas are not in effect. The allocation factor for wheat shall be determined by dividing the national program acreage for the crop by the number of acres that the Secretary estimates will be harvested for such crop, except that in no event shall the allocation factor for any crop of wheat be more than 100 percent nor less than 80 percent.

"(3)(A)(i) Except as provided in subsection (f)(2), the individual farm program acreage for each crop of wheat for which marketing quotas are not in effect shall be determined by multiplying the allocation factor by the acreage of wheat planted for harvest on the farms for which individual farm program acreages are required to be determined.

99 STAT. 1389

Prohibition

7 USC 1461.

"(ii) The individual farm program acreage shall not be further reduced by application of the allocation factor if the producers reduce the acreage of wheat planted for harvest on the farm from the crop acreage base established for the farm under title V by at least the percentage recommended by the Secretary in the proclamation of the national program acreage.

"(iii) The Secretary shall provide fair and equitable treatment for producers on farms on which the acreage of wheat planted for harvest is less than the crop acreage base established for the farm under title V, but for which the reduction is insufficient to exempt the farm from the application of the allocation factor.

"(iv) In establishing the allocation factor for wheat, the Secretary may make such adjustment as the Secretary deems necessary to take into account the extent of exemption of farms under the foregoing provisions of this paragraph.

Ante, p. 1379.

"(B) For any crop of wheat for which marketing quotas are in effect, the individual farm program acreage shall be the acreage on the farm that the Secretary determines is sufficient to produce the quantity of wheat equal to the farm marketing quota established for the farm under section 334 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938.

"(e) The farm program payment yields for farms for each crop of wheat shall be determined under title V.

"(f)(1)(A)(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, except as provided in subparagraphs (B) through (E), if the Secretary determines that the total supply of wheat, in the absence of an acreage limitation or set-aside program, will be excessive taking into account the need for an adequate carryover to maintain reasonable and stable supplies and prices and to meet a national emergency, the Secretary may provide for any crop of wheat for which marketing quotas are not in effect either an acreage limitation program as described in paragraph (2) or a set-aside program as described in paragraph (3).

Post, p. 1509.

"(ii) In making a determination under clause (i), the Secretary shall take into consideration the number of acres placed in the conservation acreage reserve established under section 1231 of the Food Security Act of 1985.

"(iii) If the Secretary elects to put either of such programs into effect for any crop year, the Secretary shall announce such program not later than June 1 prior to the calendar year in which the crop is harvested, except that in the case of the 1986 crop, the Secretary shall announce such program as soon as practicable after the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985.

"(iv) Not later than July 31 of the year previous to the year in which the crop is harvested, the Secretary may make adjustments in the program announced under clause (iii) if the Secretary determines that there has been a significant change in the total supply of wheat since the program was first announced.

"(B) In the case of the 1986 crop of wheat, if the Secretary estimates, as soon as practicable after the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985, that the quantity of wheat on hand in the United States on the first day of the marketing year for that crop (not including any quantity of wheat of that crop) will be—

"(i) more than 1,000,000,000 bushels, the Secretary shall provide for—

"(I) an acreage limitation program (as described in paragraph (2)) under which the acreage planted to wheat for harvest on a farm would be limited to the wheat crop acreage base for the farm for the crop reduced by not less than 15 percent nor more than 22½ percent; and

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"(II) a land diversion program (as described in paragraph (5)(A)) with in-kind payments under which the acreage planted to wheat for harvest on a farm would be limited to the wheat crop acreage base for the farm for the crop reduced by 2½ percent of the wheat crop acreage base, in addition to any reduction required under subclause (I); or

"(ii) 1,000,000,000 bushels or less, the Secretary may provide for—

"(I) an acreage limitation program (as described in paragraph (2)) under which the acreage planted to wheat for harvest on a farm would be limited to the wheat crop acreage base for the farm for the crop reduced by not more than 15 percent; and

"(II) a land diversion program as described in paragraph (5)(A).

"(C) In the case of the 1987 crop of wheat, if the Secretary estimates, not later than June 1 of the year previous to the year in which the crop is harvested, that the quantity of wheat on hand in the United States on the first day of the marketing year for that crop (not including any quantity of wheat of that crop) will be—

"(i) more than 1,000,000,000 bushels, the Secretary shall provide for an acreage limitation program (as described in paragraph (2)) under which the acreage planted to wheat for harvest on a farm would be limited to the wheat crop acreage base for the farm for the crop reduced by not less than 20 percent but not more than 27½ percent; or

"(ii) 1,000,000,000 bushels or less, the Secretary may provide for such an acreage limitation program under which the acreage planted to wheat for harvest on a farm would be limited to the wheat crop acreage base for the farm for the crop reduced by not more than 20 percent.

"(D) In the case of each of the 1988 through 1990 crops of wheat, if the Secretary estimates, not later than June 1 of the year previous to the year in which the crop is harvested, that the quantity of wheat on hand in the United States on the first day of the marketing year for that crop (not including any quantity of wheat of that crop) will be—

"(i) more than 1,000,000,000 bushels, the Secretary shall provide for an acreage limitation program (as described in paragraph (2)) under which the acreage planted to wheat for harvest on a farm would be limited to the wheat crop acreage base for the farm for the crop reduced by not less than 20 percent nor more than 30 percent; or

"(ii) 1,000,000,000 bushels or less, the Secretary may provide for such an acreage limitation program under which the acreage planted to wheat for harvest on a farm would be limited to the wheat crop acreage base for the farm for the crop reduced by not more than 20 percent.

"(E) As a condition of eligibility for loans, purchases, and payments for any such crop of wheat, except as provided in subsection (g), the producers on a farm must comply with the terms and conditions of the acreage limitation program and, if applicable, the land diversion program as provided in paragraph (1)(B)(i)(II).

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"(2)(A)(i) If a wheat acreage limitation program is announced under paragraph (1), such limitation shall be achieved by applying a uniform percentage reduction to the wheat crop acreage base for the crop for each wheat-producing farm.

"(ii) If the Secretary elects to determine the established price for wheat applicable to producers as provided in subsection (c)(1)(H)(i), the limitation on the acreage planted to wheat shall be achieved by applying the percentage reductions selected by producers under subsection (c)(1)(H)(i) to the crop acreage base for each wheat-producing farm.

"(B) Except as provided in subsection (g), producers who knowingly produce wheat in excess of the permitted wheat acreage for the farm shall be ineligible for wheat loans, purchases, and payments with respect to that farm.

"(C) Wheat crop acreage bases for each crop of wheat shall be determined under title V.

7 USC 1461.
Conservation.
Regulations.

"(D)(i) A number of acres on the farm shall be devoted to conservation uses, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary. Such number shall be determined by dividing—

"(I) the product obtained by multiplying the number of acres required to be withdrawn from the production of wheat times the number of acres planted to such commodity; by

"(II) the number of acres authorized to be planted to such commodity under the limitation established by the Secretary.

"(ii) The number of acres so determined is hereafter in this subsection referred to as 'reduced acreage'.

Prohibition.

"(E) If an acreage limitation program is announced under paragraph (1) for a crop of wheat, subsection (d) shall not be applicable to such crop, including any prior announcement that may have been made under such subsection with respect to such crop. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c)(1)(C), the individual farm program acreage shall be the acreage planted on the farm to wheat for harvest within the permitted wheat acreage for the farm as established under this paragraph.

"(3)(A) If a set-aside program is announced under paragraph (1), as a condition of eligibility for loans, purchases, and payments for wheat authorized by this Act (except as provided in subsection (g)), the producers on a farm must—

Conservation.

"(i) set aside and devote to conservation uses an acreage of cropland equal to a specified percentage, as determined by the Secretary, of the acreage of wheat planted for harvest for the crop for which the set-aside is in effect; and

"(ii) otherwise comply with the terms of such program.

Conservation.
Regulations.

"(B) The set-aside acreage shall be devoted to conservation uses, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary.

"(C) If a set-aside program is established, the Secretary may limit the acreage planted to wheat. Such limitation shall be applied on a uniform basis to all wheat-producing farms.

"(D) The Secretary may make such adjustments in individual set-aside acreages under this paragraph as the Secretary determines necessary—

"(i) to correct for abnormal factors affecting production; and "(ii) to give due consideration to tillable acreage, crop-rotation practices, types of soil, soil and water conservation measures, topography, and such other factors as the Secretary determines necessary.

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Regulations. Conservation.

"(4)(A) The regulations issued by the Secretary under paragraphs (2) and (3) with respect to acreage required to be devoted to conservation uses shall assure protection of such acreage from weeds and wind and water erosion.

"(B) Subject to subparagraph (C), the Secretary may permit, subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, all or any part of such acreage to be devoted to sweet sorghum, hay and grazing, or the production of guar, sesame, safflower, sunflower, castor beans, mustard seed, crambe, plantago ovato, flaxseed, triticale, rye, or other commodity, if the Secretary determines that such production is needed to provide an adequate supply of such commodities, is not likely to increase the cost of the price support program, and will not affect farm income adversely.

"(C)(i) Except as provided in clause (ii), the Secretary shall permit, at the request of the State committee established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)) for a State and subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, all or any part of such acreage diverted from production by participating producers in such State to be devoted to—

"(I) hay and grazing, in the case of the 1986 crop of wheat; and

"(II) grazing, in the case of each of the 1987 through 1990 crops of wheat.

Prohibition.

"(ii) Haying and grazing shall not be permitted for any crop of wheat under clause (i) during any 5-consecutive-month period that is established for such crop for a State by the State committee established under section 8(b) of such Act.

Conservation.

"(D) In determining the quantity of land to be devoted to conservation uses under an acreage limitation or set-aside program with respect to land that has been farmed under summer fallow practices, as defined by the Secretary, the Secretary shall consider the effects of soil erosion and such other factors as the Secretary considers appropriate.

Conservation. Contracts.

"(5)(A)(i) The Secretary may make land diversion payments to producers of wheat, whether or not an acreage limitation program, set-aside program, or marketing quotas for wheat are in effect, if the Secretary determines that such land diversion payments are necessary to assist in adjusting the total national acreage of wheat to desirable goals. Such land diversion payments shall be made to producers who, to the extent prescribed by the Secretary, devote to approved conservation uses an acreage of cropland on the farm in accordance with land diversion contracts entered into by the Secretary with such producers.

Contracts.

"(ii) The amounts payable to producers under land diversion contracts may be determined through the submission of bids for such contracts by producers in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe or through such other means as the Secretary determines appropriate. In determining the acceptability of contract offers, the Secretary shall take into consideration the extent of the diversion to be undertaken by the producers and the productivity of the acreage diverted.

"(iii) The Secretary shall limit the total acreage to be diverted under agreements in any county or local community so as not to affect adversely the economy of the county or local community.

"(B)(i) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this paragraph, the Secretary shall implement a land diversion program for the 1986 crop of wheat for producers who plant the 1986 crop of wheat before the announcement by the Secretary of the wheat acreage limitation program for that crop under which the Secretary shall make crop retirement and conservation payments to any such producer of the 1986 crop of wheat who—

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"(I) reduces the acreage on the farm planted to wheat for harvest so that it does not exceed the wheat crop acreage base for the farm less an amount equivalent to 10 percent of the wheat crop acreage base (in addition to any reduction required under paragraph (2)); and

Conservation.

"(II) devotes to approved conservation uses an acreage of cropland equivalent to the reduction required from the wheat crop acreage base under this paragraph.

"(ii) Payments under clause (i) shall be made in an amount computed by multiplying—

"(I) the diversion payment rate; by

"(II) the acreage diverted under this paragraph; by

"(III) the farm program payment yield for the crop.

"(iii) The diversion payment rate shall be $2.00 per bushel.

"(6)(A) Any reduced acreage, set-aside acreage, and additional diverted acreage may be devoted to wildlife food plots or wildlife habitat in conformity with standards established by the Secretary in consultation with wildlife agencies.

"(B) The Secretary may pay an appropriate share of the cost of practices designed to carry out the purposes of subparagraph (A).

Conservation.

"(C) The Secretary may also pay an appropriate share of the cost of approved soil and water conservation practices (including practices that may be effective for a number of years) established by the producer on reduced acreage, set-aside acreage, or additional diverted acreage.

Regulations.

"(D) The Secretary may provide for an additional payment on such acreage in an amount determined by the Secretary to be appropriate in relation to the benefit to the general public if the producer agrees to permit, without other compensation, access to all or such portion of the farm, as the Secretary may prescribe, by the general public, for hunting, trapping, fishing, and hiking, subject to applicable State and Federal regulations.

"(7)(A) An operator of a farm desiring to participate in the program conducted under this subsection shall execute an agreement with the Secretary providing for such participation not later than such date as the Secretary may prescribe.

"(B) The Secretary may, by mutual agreement with producers on a farm, terminate or modify any such agreement if the Secretary determines such action necessary because of an emergency created by drought or other disaster or to prevent or alleviate a shortage in the supply of agricultural commodities.

"(8) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subsection, in carrying out the program conducted under this subsection, the Secretary may prescribe production targets for participating farms expressed in bushels of production so that all participating farms achieve the same pro rata reduction in production as prescribed by the national production targets.

"(g)(1) The Secretary may, for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of wheat, make payments available to producers who meet the requirements of this subsection.

"(2) Such payments shall be—

"(A) made in the form of wheat owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation; and

"(B) subject to the availability of such wheat.

"(3)(A) Payments under this subsection shall be determined in the same manner as provided in subsection (b).

"(B) The quantity of wheat to be made available to a producer under this subsection shall be equal in value to the payments so determined under such subsection.

"(4) A producer shall be eligible to receive a payment under this subsection for a crop if the producer—

"(A) agrees to forgo obtaining a loan or purchase agreement under subsection (a);

"(B) agrees to forgo receiving payments under subsection (c);

"(C) does not plant wheat for harvest in excess of the crop acreage base reduced by one-half of any acreage required to be diverted from production under subsection (f); and

"(D) otherwise complies with this section.

"(h)(1) If the failure of a producer to comply fully with the terms and conditions of the program conducted under this section precludes the making of loans, purchases, and payments, the Secretary may, nevertheless, make such loans, purchases, and payments in such amounts as the Secretary determines are equitable in relation to the seriousness of the failure.

"(2) The Secretary may authorize the county and State committees established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)) to waive or modify deadlines and other program requirements in cases in which lateness or failure to meet such other requirements does not affect adversely the operation of the program.

"(i) The Secretary may issue such regulations as the Secretary determines necessary to carry out this section. Regulations.

"(j) The Secretary shall carry out the program authorized by this section through the Commodity Credit Corporation.

"(k) The provisions of section 8(g) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(g)) (relating to assignment of payments) shall apply to payments under this section.

"(l) The Secretary shall provide for the sharing of payments made under this section for any farm among the producers on the farm on a fair and equitable basis.

"(m) The Secretary shall provide adequate safeguards to protect the interests of tenants and sharecroppers.

"(n)(1) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), compliance on a farm with the terms and conditions of any other commodity program may not be required as a condition of eligibility for loans, purchases, or payments under this section.

"(2) If an acreage limitation program is established for a crop of wheat under subsection (f)(2), producers who participate in the program may not plant acreage of another commodity for which there is an acreage limitation program in effect in excess of the crop acreage base for the crop for the farm.

"(3) If a set-aside program is established for a crop of wheat under subsection (f)(3), compliance on a farm with the terms and conditions of any other commodity program may be required as a condition of eligibility for loans, purchases, or payments under this section.".

NONAPPLICABILITY OF CERTIFICATE REQUIREMENTS

Prohibition
7 USC 1379d note.

SEC. 309. Sections 379d, 379e, 379f, 379g, 379h, 379i, and 379j of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1379d–1379j) (relating to marketing certificate requirements for processors and exporters) shall not be applicable to wheat processors or exporters during the period June 1, 1986, through May 31, 1991.

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SUSPENSION OF LAND USE, WHEAT MARKETING ALLOCATION, AND PRODUCER CERTIFICATE PROVISIONS

Prohibitions.
Ante, pp. 1378–1382.
7 USC 1332 note.

SEC. 310. (a) Sections 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, and 338 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1332–1336 and 1338) shall not be applicable to the 1986 crop of wheat.

7 USC 1331 note.

(b) Sections 331, 339, 379b, and 379c of such Act (7 U.S.C. 1331, 1339, 1379b, and 1379c) shall not be applicable to the 1986 through 1990 crops of wheat.

SUSPENSION OF CERTAIN QUOTA PROVISIONS

Prohibition.
7 USC 1340 note.

SEC. 311. The joint resolution entitled "A joint resolution relating to corn and wheat marketing quotas under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended", approved May 26, 1941 (7 U.S.C. 1330 and 1340), shall not be applicable to the crops of wheat planted for harvest in the calendar years 1986 through 1990.

NONAPPLICABILITY OF SECTION 107 OF THE AGRICULTURAL ACT OF 1949 TO THE 1986 THROUGH 1990 CROPS OF WHEAT

Prohibition.
7 USC 1445a note.

SEC. 312. Section 107 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1445a) shall not be applicable to the 1986 through 1990 crops of wheat.

TITLE IV—FEED GRAINS

LOAN RATES, TARGET PRICES, DISASTER PAYMENTS, ACREAGE LIMITATION AND SET-ASIDE PROGRAMS, AND LAND DIVERSION FOR THE 1986 THROUGH 1990 CROPS OF FEED GRAINS

SEC. 401. Effective only for the 1986 through 1990 crops of feed grains, the Agricultural Act of 1949 is amended by adding after section 105B (7 U.S.C. 1444d) the following new section:

7 USC 1444e.

"SEC. 105C. Notwithstanding any other provision of law:

Corn.

"(a)(1) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) through (4), the Secretary shall make available to producers loans and purchases for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of corn at such level as the Secretary determines will encourage the exportation of feed grains and not result in excessive total stocks of feed grains after taking into consideration the cost of producing corn, supply and demand conditions, and world prices for corn.

"(2) Except as provided in paragraph (3), the loan and purchase level determined under paragraph (1) shall—

Corn.

"(A) in the case of the 1986 crop of corn, not be less than $2.40 per bushel; and

"(B) in the case of each of the 1987 through 1990 crops of corn, not be less than 75 percent, nor more than 85 percent, of the simple average price received by producers of corn, as determined by the Secretary, during the marketing years for the immediately preceding 5 crops of corn, excluding the year in which the average price was the highest and the year in which the average price was the lowest in such period, except that the loan and purchase level for a crop determined under this clause may not be reduced by more than 5 percent from the level determined for the preceding crop.

99 STAT. 1396

Corn.

"(3)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), if the Secretary determines that the average price received by producers for corn in the previous marketing year was not more than 110 percent of the loan and purchase level for corn for such marketing year or determines that such action is necessary to maintain a competitive market position for feed grains, the Secretary—

"(i) in the case of the 1986 crop of corn, shall reduce the loan and purchase level for corn for the marketing year by the amount the Secretary determines necessary to maintain domestic and export markets for grain but not less than 10 percent of the loan and purchase level for such crop; and

"(ii) in the case of each of the 1987 through 1990 crops of corn, may reduce the loan and purchase level for corn for the marketing year by the amount the Secretary determines necessary to maintain domestic and export markets for grain.

Prohibition.

"(B) The loan and purchase level may not be reduced under subparagraph (A) by more than 20 percent in any year.

Corn.
Prohibition.

"(C) Any reduction in the loan and purchase level for corn under this paragraph shall not be considered in determining the loan and purchase level for corn for subsequent years.

"(4)(A) The Secretary may permit a producer to repay a loan made under paragraph (1) or (6) for a crop at a level that is the lesser of—

"(i) the loan level determined for such crop; or

"(ii) the higher of—

"(I) 70 percent of such level;

"(II) if the loan level for a crop was reduced under paragraph (3), 70 percent of the loan level that would have been in effect but for the reduction under paragraph (3); or

"(III) the prevailing world market price for feed grains, as determined by the Secretary.

Regulations.

"(B) If the Secretary permits a producer to repay a loan in accordance with subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall prescribe by regulation—

"(i) a formula to define the prevailing world market price for feed grains; and

"(ii) a mechanism by which the Secretary shall announce periodically the prevailing world market price for feed grains.

"(5) For purposes of this section, the simple average price received by producers for the immediately preceding marketing year shall be based on the latest information available to the Secretary at the time of the determination.

Sorghums.
Barley.
Oats.
Rye.
Corn.
7 USC 1421.

"(6) The Secretary shall make available to producers loans and purchases for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of grain sorghums, barley, oats, and rye, respectively, at such level as the Secretary determines is fair and reasonable in relation to the level that loans and purchases are made available for corn, taking into consideration the feeding value of such commodity in relation to corn and other factors specified in section 401(b).

"(b)(1) The Secretary may, for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of corn, grain sorghums, barley, oats, and rye, make payments available to producers who, although eligible to obtain a loan or purchase agreement under subsection (a), agree to forego obtaining such loan or agreement in return for such payments.

"(2) A payment under this subsection shall be computed by multiplying—

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"(A) the loan payment rate; by

"(B) the quantity of such feed grains the producer is eligible to place under loan.

"(3) For purposes of this subsection, the quantity of feed grains eligible to be placed under loan may not exceed the product obtained by multiplying—

"(A) the individual farm program acreage for the crop; by

"(B) the farm program payment yield established for the farm.

"(4) For purposes of this subsection, the loan payment rate shall be the amount by which—

"(A) the loan level determined for such crop under subsection (a); exceeds

"(B) the level at which a loan may be repaid under subsection (a).

Corn.
Sorghums.
Oats.
Barley.

"(c)(1)(A) The Secretary shall make available to producers payments for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of corn, grain sorghums, oats, and, if designated by the Secretary, barley, in an amount computed by multiplying—

"(i) the payment rate; by

"(ii) the individual farm program acreage for the crop; by

"(iii) the farm program payment yield for the crop for the farm.

Conservation.

"(B)(i) If an acreage limitation program under subsection (f)(2) is in effect for a crop of feed grains and the producers on a farm devote a portion of the permitted feed grain acreage of the farm (as determined in accordance with subsection (f)(2)(A)) equal to more than 8 percent of the permitted feed grain acreage of the farm for the crop to conservation uses or nonprogram crops—

Conservation.

"(I) such portion of the permitted feed grain acreage of the farm in excess of 8 percent of such acreage devoted to conservation uses or nonprogram crops shall be considered to be planted to feed grains for the purpose of determining the individual farm program acreage in accordance with subsection (f)(2)(E) and for the purpose of determining the acreage on the farm required to be devoted to conservation uses in accordance with subsection (f)(2)(D); and

(II) the producers shall be eligible for payments under this paragraph on such acreage, subject to the compliance of the producers with clause (ii).

"(ii) To be eligible for payments under clause (i), except as provided in clause (iii), the producers on the farm must actually plant feed grains for harvest on at least 50 percent of the permitted feed grain acreage of the farm.

Wheat.
Cotton.
Rice.
Soybeans.
Prohibition.

"(iii) If a State or local agency has imposed in an area of a State or county a quarantine on the planting of feed grains for harvest on farms in such area, the State committee established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)) may recommend to the Secretary that payments be made under this paragraph, without regard to the requirement imposed under clause (ii), to producers in such area who were required to forgo the planting of feed grains for harvest on acreage to alleviate or eliminate the condition requiring such quarantine. If the Secretary determines that such condition exists, the Secretary may make payments under this paragraph to such producers. To be eligible for payments under this clause, such producers may not plant wheat, cotton, rice, or soybeans on such acreage.

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Prohibition.

"(iv) The feed grain crop acreage base and feed grain program payment yield of the farm shall not be reduced due to the fact that such portion of the permitted acreage of the farm was devoted to conserving uses or nonprogram crops.

Prohibition.

"(v) Other than as provided in clauses (i) through (iv), payments may not be made under this paragraph for any crop on a greater acreage than the acreage actually planted to feed grains.

Conservation.

"(vi) Any acreage considered to be planted to feed grains in accordance with clause (i) may not also be designated as conservation use acreage for the purpose of fulfilling any provisions under any acreage limitation or land diversion program requiring that the producers devote a specified acreage to conservation uses.

Corn.

"(C)(i) Except as provided in clause (ii), the payment rate for corn shall be the amount by which the established price for the crop of corn exceeds the higher of—

"(I) the national weighted average market price received by producers during the first 5 months of the marketing year for such crop, as determined by the Secretary; or

"(II) the loan level determined for such crop, prior to any adjustment made under subsection (a)(3) for the marketing year for such crop of corn.

Corn.

"(ii) If the national weighted average market price received by producers during the first 5 months of the marketing year for a crop, as determined by the Secretary, exceeds $2.04 per bushel for the 1986 crop of corn, $2.19 per bushel for the 1987 crop, and $2.24 per bushel for the 1988 crop, at the option of the Secretary, the payment rate for such crop of corn shall be the amount by which the established price for the crop of corn exceeds the higher of—

"(I) $2.04 per bushel for the 1986 crop, $2.19 per bushel for the 1987 crop, and $2.24 per bushel for the 1988 crop; or

"(II) the loan level determined for such crop, prior to any adjustment made under subsection (a)(3) for the marketing year for such crop of corn.

"(D)(i) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, if the Secretary adjusts the level of loans and purchases for feed grains under subsection (a)(4), the Secretary shall provide emergency compensation by increasing the established price payments for feed grains by such amount as the Secretary determines necessary to provide the same total return to producers as if the adjustment in the level of loans and purchases had not been made, taking into consideration any payments made as the result of subparagraph (C)(ii).

Wheat.

"(ii) In determining the payment rate, per bushel, for established price payments for a crop of feed grains under this subparagraph, the Secretary shall use the national weighted average market price, per bushel of wheat, received by producers during the marketing year for such crop, as determined by the Secretary.

"(E) The established price for corn shall not be less than $3.03 per bushel for each of the 1986 and 1987 crops, $2.97 per bushel for the 1988 crop, $2.88 per bushel for the 1989 crop, and $2.75 per bushel for the 1990 crop.

Corn.
Prohibition.

"(F) The payment rate for grain sorghums, oats, and, if designated by the Secretary, barley, shall be such rate as the Secretary determines is fair and reasonable in relation to the rate at which payments are made available for corn.

Sorghums.
Oats.
Barley.

"(G) The total quantity on which payments would otherwise be payable to a producer on a farm for any crop under this paragraph shall be reduced by the quantity on which any disaster payment is made to the producer for the crop under paragraph (2).

"(H) The Secretary may pay not more than 5 percent of the total amount of a payment made under this paragraph in the form of feed grains. The use of feed grains in making payments to producers shall be subject to a determination by the Secretary of the effect that such in-kind payments will have on market prices for any commodity. The Secretary shall report such determination to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

"(I) As used in this paragraph, the term 'nonprogram crop' means any agricultural commodity other than wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, extra long staple cotton, rice, or soybeans.

"(2)(A)(i) Except as provided in subparagraph (C), if the Secretary determines that the producers on a farm are prevented from planting any portion of the acreage intended for feed grains to feed grains or other nonconserving crops because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers, the Secretary shall make a prevented planting disaster payment to the producers in an amount equal to the product obtained by multiplying—

"(I) the number of acres so affected but not to exceed the acreage planted to feed grains for harvest (including any acreage that the producers were prevented from planting to feed grains or other nonconserving crops in lieu of feed grains because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers) in the immediately preceding year; by

"(II) 75 percent of the farm program payment yield established by the Secretary; by

"(III) a payment rate equal to 33⅓ percent of the established price for the crop.

"(ii) Payments made by the Secretary under this subparagraph may be made in the form of cash or from stocks of feed grains held by the Commodity Credit Corporation.

"(B) Except as provided in subparagraph (C), if the Secretary determines that because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers, the total quantity of feed grains that the producers are able to harvest on any farm is less than the result of multiplying 60 percent of the farm program payment yield established by the Secretary for such crop by the acreage planted for harvest for such crop, the Secretary shall make a reduced yield disaster payment to the producers at a rate equal to 50 percent of the established price for the crop for the deficiency in production below 60 percent for the crop.

"(C) Producers on a farm shall not be eligible for—

Prohibition.

"(i) prevented planting disaster payments under subparagraph (A), if prevented planting crop insurance is available to the producers under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) with respect to the feed grain acreage of the producers; or

"(ii) reduced yield disaster payments under subparagraph (B), if reduced yield crop insurance is available to the producers under such Act with respect to the feed grain acreage of the producers.

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"(D)(i) Notwithstanding subparagraph (C), the Secretary may make a disaster payment to the producers on a farm under this paragraph if the Secretary determines that—

"(I) as the result of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers, the producers on a farm have suffered substantial losses of production either from being prevented from planting feed grains or other nonconserving crops or from reduced yields;

"(II) such losses have created an economic emergency for the producers;

"(III) crop insurance indemnity payments under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) and other forms of assistance made available by the Federal Government to such producers for such losses are insufficient to alleviate such economic emergency; and

"(IV) additional assistance must be made available to such producers to alleviate such economic emergency.

"(ii) The Secretary may make such adjustments in the amount of payments made available under this subparagraph with respect to an individual farm so as to assure the equitable allotment of such payments among producers, taking into account other forms of Federal disaster assistance provided to the producers for the crop involved.

"(d)(1)(A) Except for a crop with respect to which there is an acreage limitation program in effect under subsection (f), the Secretary shall proclaim a national program acreage for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of feed grains. The proclamation shall be made not later than September 30 of each calendar year for the crop harvested in the next succeeding calendar year, except that in the case of the 1986 crop, the proclamation shall be made as soon as practicable after the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985.

"(B) The Secretary may revise the national program acreage first proclaimed for any crop year for the purpose of determining the allocation factor under paragraph (2) if the Secretary determines it necessary based on the latest information. The Secretary shall proclaim such revised national program acreage as soon as it is made.

"(C) The national program acreage for feed grains shall be the number of harvested acres the Secretary determines (on the basis of the weighted national average of the farm program payment yields for the crop for which the determination is made) will produce the quantity (less imports) that the Secretary estimates will be utilized domestically and for export during the marketing year for such crop.

"(D) If the Secretary determines that carryover stocks of feed grains are excessive or an increase in stocks is needed to assure desirable carryover, the Secretary may adjust the national program acreage by the quantity the Secretary determines will accomplish the desired increase or decrease in carryover stocks.

Prohibition.

"(2) The Secretary shall determine a program allocation factor for each crop of feed grains. The allocation factor for feed grains shall be determined by dividing the national program acreage for the crop by the number of acres that the Secretary estimates will be harvested for such crop, except that in no event shall the allocation factor for any crop of feed grains be more than 100 percent nor less than 80 percent.

99 STAT. 1401

"(3)(A) Except as provided in subsection (f)(2), the individual farm program acreage for each crop of feed grains shall be determined by multiplying the allocation factor by the acreage of feed grains planted for harvest on the farms for which individual farm program acreages are required to be determined.

Prohibition.

"(B) The individual farm program acreage shall not be further reduced by application of the allocation factor if the producers reduce the acreage of feed grains planted for harvest on the farm from the crop acreage base established for the farm under title V by at least the percentage recommended by the Secretary in the proclamation of the national program acreage. 7 USC 1461.

"(C) The Secretary shall provide fair and equitable treatment for producers on farms on which the acreage of feed grains planted for harvest is less than the crop acreage base established for the farm under title V, but for which the reduction is insufficient to exempt the farm from the application of the allocation factor.

"(D) In establishing the allocation factor for feed grains, the Secretary may make such adjustment as the Secretary deems necessary to take into account the extent of exemption of farms under the foregoing provisions of this paragraph.

"(e) The farm program payment yields for farms for each crop of feed grains shall be determined under title V.

"(f)(1)(A)(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, except as provided in subparagraphs (B) through (D), if the Secretary determines that the total supply of feed grains, in the absence of an acreage limitation or set-aside program, will be excessive taking into account the need for an adequate carryover to maintain reasonable and stable supplies and prices and to meet a national emergency, the Secretary may provide for any crop of feed grains either an acreage limitation program as described in paragraph (2) or a set-aside program as described in paragraph (3).

"(ii) In making a determination under clause (i), the Secretary shall take into consideration the number of acres placed in the conservation acreage reserve established under section 1231 of the Food Security Act of 1985. *Post*, p. 1509.

"(iii) If the Secretary elects to put either of such programs into effect for any crop year, the Secretary shall announce any such program not later than September 30 prior to the calendar year in which the crop is harvested, except that in the case of the 1986 crop, the Secretary shall announce such program as soon as practicable after the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985.

"(iv) Not later than November 15 of the year previous to the year in which the crop is harvested, the Secretary may make adjustments in an announcement made under clause (iii) if the Secretary determines that there has been a significant change in the total supply of feed grains since the program was first announced.

"(B) In the case of the 1986 crop of feed grains, if the Secretary estimates, as soon as practicable after the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985, that the quantity of corn on hand in the United States on the first day of the marketing year for that crop (not including any quantity of corn of that crop) will be— Corn.

"(i) more than 2,000,000,000 bushels, the Secretary shall provide for—

"(I) an acreage limitation program (as described in paragraph (2)) under which the acreage planted to feed grains for harvest on a farm would be limited to the feed grain crop acreage base for the farm for the crop reduced by not less than 12½ percent nor more than 17½ percent; and

99 STAT. 1402

"(II) a land diversion program (as described in paragraph (5)) with in-kind payments under which the acreage planted to feed grains for harvest on a farm would be limited to the feed grain acreage crop base for the farm for the crop reduced by not less than an amount equivalent to 2½ percent of the feed grain crop acreage base, in addition to any reduction required under subclause (I); or

"(ii) 2,000,000,000 bushels or less, the Secretary may provide for—

"(I) an acreage limitation program (as described in paragraph (2)) under which the acreage planted to feed grains for harvest on a farm would be limited to the feed grain crop acreage base for the farm for the crop reduced by not more than 12½ percent; and

"(II) a land diversion program as described in paragraph (5).

Corn.

"(C) In the case of each of the 1987 through 1990 crops of feed grains, if the Secretary estimates, not later than September 30 of the year previous to the year in which the crop is harvested, that the quantity of corn on hand in the United States on the first day of the marketing year for that crop (not including any quantity of corn of that crop) will be—

"(i) more than 2,000,000,000 bushels, the Secretary shall provide for an acreage limitation program (as described in paragraph (2)) under which the acreage planted to feed grains for harvest on a farm would be limited to the feed grain crop acreage base for the farm for the crop reduced by not less than 12½ percent nor more than 20 percent; or

"(ii) 2,000,000,000 bushels or less, the Secretary may provide for such an acreage limitation program under which the acreage planted to feed grains for harvest on a farm would be limited to the feed grain crop acreage base for the farm for the crop reduced by not more than 12½ percent.

"(D) As a condition of eligibility for loans, purchases, and payments for any such crop of feed grains, except as provided in subsection (g), the producers on a farm must comply with the terms and conditions of the acreage limitation program and, if applicable, the land diversion program, as provided in paragraph (1)(B)(i)(I).

"(2)(A) If a feed grain acreage limitation program is announced under paragraph (1), such limitation shall be achieved by applying a uniform percentage reduction to the feed grain crop acreage base for the crop for each feed grain-producing farm.

"(B) Except as provided in subsection (g), producers who knowingly produce feed grains in excess of the permitted feed grain acreage for the farm shall be ineligible for feed grain loans, purchases, and payments with respect to that farm.

Prohibition.

"(C) The Secretary may provide that no producer of malting barley shall be required as a condition of eligibility for feed grain loans, purchases, and payments to comply with any acreage limitation under this paragraph if such producer has previously produced a malting variety of barley for harvest, plants barley only of an acceptable malting variety for harvest, and meets such other conditions as the Secretary may prescribe.

99 STAT. 1403

"(D) Feed grain crop acreage bases for each crop of feed grains shall be determined under title V.

7 USC 1461.
Conservation.
Regulations.

"(E)(i) A number of acres on the farm shall be devoted to conservation uses, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary. Such number shall be determined by dividing—

"(I) the product obtained by multiplying the number of acres required to be withdrawn from the production of feed grains times the number of acres planted to such commodity; by

"(II) the number of acres authorized to be planted to such commodity under the limitation established by the Secretary.

"(ii) The number of acres so determined is hereafter in this subsection referred to as 'reduced acreage'.

Prohibition.

"(F) If an acreage limitation program is announced under paragraph (1) for a crop of feed grains, subsection (d) shall not be applicable to such crop, including any prior announcement that may have been made under such subsection with respect to such crop. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c)(1)(B), the individual farm program acreage shall be the acreage planted on the farm to feed grains for harvest within the permitted feed grain acreage for the farm as established under this paragraph.

"(3)(A) If a set-aside program is announced under paragraph (1), as a condition of eligibility for loans, purchases, and payments for feed grains authorized by this Act (except as provided in subsection (g)), the producers on a farm must—

Conservation.

"(i) set aside and devote to conservation uses an acreage of cropland equal to a specified percentage, as determined by the Secretary, of the acreage of feed grains planted for harvest for the crop for which the set-aside is in effect; and "(ii) otherwise comply with the terms of such program.

"(B) The set-aside acreage shall be devoted to conservation uses, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary.

Conservation. Regulations.

"(C) If a set-aside program is established, the Secretary may limit the acreage planted to feed grains. Such limitation shall be applied on a uniform basis to all feed grain-producing farms.

"(D) The Secretary may make such adjustments in individual set-aside acreages under this section as the Secretary determines necessary—

"(i) to correct for abnormal factors affecting production; and

"(ii) to give due consideration to tillable acreage, crop-rotation practices, types of soil, soil and water conservation measures, topography, and such other factors as the Secretary determines necessary.

"(4)(A) The regulations issued by the Secretary under paragraphs (2) and (3) with respect to acreage required to be devoted to conservation uses shall assure protection of such acreage from weeds and wind and water erosion.

Regulations. Conservation.

"(B) Subject to subparagraph (C), the Secretary may permit, subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, all or any part of such acreage to be devoted to sweet sorghum, hay and grazing, or the production of guar, sesame, safflower, sunflower, castor beans, mustard seed, crambe, plantago ovato, flaxseed, triticale, rye, or other commodity, if the Secretary determines that such production is needed to provide an adequate supply of such commodities, is not likely to increase the cost of the price support program, and will not affect farm income adversely.

"(C)(i) Except as provided in clause (ii), the Secretary shall permit, at the request of the State committee established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)) for a State and subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, all or any part of such acreage diverted from production by participating producers in such State to be devoted to—

99 STAT. 1404

"(I) hay and grazing, in the case of the 1986 crop of feed grains; and

"(II) grazing, in the case of each of the 1987 through 1990 crops of feed grains.

"(ii) Haying and grazing shall not be permitted for any crop of feed grains under clause (i) during any 5-consecutive-month period that is established for such crop for a State by the State committee established under section 8(b) of such Act.

Prohibition.

16 USC 590h.

"(D) In determining the quantity of land to be devoted to conservation uses under an acreage limitation or set-aside program with respect to land that has been farmed under summer fallow practices, as defined by the Secretary, the Secretary shall consider the effects of soil erosion and such other factors as the Secretary considers appropriate.

Conservation.

"(5)(A) The Secretary may make land diversion payments to producers of feed grains, whether or not an acreage limitation or set-aside program for feed grains is in effect, if the Secretary determines that such land diversion payments are necessary to assist in adjusting the total national acreage of feed grains to desirable goals. Such land diversion payments shall be made to producers who, to the extent prescribed by the Secretary, devote to approved conservation uses an acreage of cropland on the farm in accordance with land diversion contracts entered into by the Secretary with such producers.

Conservation. Contracts.

"(B) The amounts payable to producers under land diversion contracts may be determined through the submission of bids for such contracts by producers in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe or such other means as the Secretary determines appropriate. In determining the acceptability of contract offers, the Secretary shall take into consideration the extent of the diversion to be undertaken by the producers and the productivity of the acreage diverted.

Contracts.

"(C) The Secretary shall limit the total acreage to be diverted under agreements in any county or local community so as not to affect adversely the economy of the county or local community.

Wildlife refuge.

"(6)(A) Any reduced acreage, set-aside acreage, and additional diverted acreage may be devoted to wildlife food plots or wildlife habitat in conformity with standards established by the Secretary in consultation with wildlife agencies.

"(B) The Secretary may pay an appropriate share of the cost of practices designed to carry out the purposes of subparagraph (A).

Conservation.

"(C) The Secretary may also pay an appropriate share of the cost of approved soil and water conservation practices (including practices that may be effective for a number of years) established by the producer on reduced acreage, set-aside acreage, or additional diverted acreage.

Regulations.

"(D) The Secretary may provide for an additional payment on such acreage in an amount determined by the Secretary to be appropriate in relation to the benefit to the general public if the producer agrees to permit, without other compensation, access to all or such portion of the farm, as the Secretary may prescribe, by the general public, for hunting, trapping, fishing, and hiking, subject to applicable State and Federal regulations.

99 STAT. 1405

"(7)(A) An operator of a farm desiring to participate in the program conducted under this subsection shall execute an agreement with the Secretary providing for such participation not later than such date as the Secretary may prescribe.

"(B) The Secretary may, by mutual agreement with producers on a farm, terminate or modify any such agreement if the Secretary determines such action necessary because of an emergency created by drought or other disaster or to prevent or alleviate a shortage in the supply of agricultural commodities.

"(8) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subsection, in carrying out the program conducted under this subsection, the Secretary may prescribe production targets for participating farms expressed in bushels of production so that all participating farms achieve the same pro rata reduction in production as prescribed by the national production targets.

Corn.
Sorghums.
Oats.
Barley.

"(g)(1) The Secretary may, for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of corn, grain sorghums, oats, and, if designated by the Secretary, barley, make payments available to producers who meet the requirements of this subsection.

"(2) Such payments shall be—

"(A) made in the form of such feed grains, respectively, owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation; and

"(B) subject to the availability of such feed grains.

"(3)(A) Payments under this subsection shall be determined in the same manner as provided in subsection (b).

"(B) The quantity of feed grains to be made available to a producer under this subsection shall be equal in value to the payments so determined under such subsection.

"(4) A producer shall be eligible to receive a payment under this subsection for a crop if the producer—

"(A) agrees to forgo obtaining a loan or purchase agreement under subsection (a);

"(B) agrees to forgo receiving payments under subsection (c);

"(C) does not plant feed grains for harvest in excess of the crop acreage base reduced by one-half of any acreage required to be diverted from production under subsection (f); and

"(D) otherwise complies with this section.

"(h)(1) If the failure of a producer to comply fully with the terms and conditions of the program conducted under this section precludes the making of loans, purchases, and payments, the Secretary may, nevertheless, make such loans, purchases, and payments in such amounts as the Secretary determines are equitable in relation to the seriousness of the failure.

"(2) The Secretary may authorize the county and State committees established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)) to waive or modify deadlines and other program requirements in cases in which lateness or failure to meet such other requirements does not affect adversely the operation of the program.

"(i) The Secretary may issue such regulations as the Secretary determines necessary to carry out this section. Regulations

"(j) The Secretary shall carry out the program authorized by this section through the Commodity Credit Corporation.

"(k) The provisions of section 8(g) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(g)) (relating to assignment of payments) shall apply to payments under this section.

99 STAT. 1406

"(l) The Secretary shall provide for the sharing of payments made under this section for any farm among the producers on the farm on a fair and equitable basis.

"(m) The Secretary shall provide adequate safeguards to protect the interests of tenants and sharecroppers.

"(n)(1) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), compliance on a farm with the terms and conditions of any other commodity program may not be required as a condition of eligibility for loans, purchases, or payments under this section.

"(2) If an acreage limitation program is established for a crop of feed grains under subsection (f)(2), producers who participate in the program may not plant acreage of another commodity for which there is an acreage limitation program in effect in excess of the crop acreage base for the crop for the farm. Prohibition

"(3) If a set-aside program is established for a crop of feed grains under subsection (f)(3), compliance on a farm with the terms and conditions of any other commodity program may be required as a condition of eligibility for loans, purchases, or payments under this section.".

NONAPPLICABILITY OF SECTION 105 OF THE AGRICULTURAL ACT OF 1949 TO THE 1986 THROUGH 1990 CROPS OF FEED GRAINS

SEC. 402. Section 105 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1444b) shall not be applicable to the 1986 through 1990 crops of feed grains. 7 USC 1444b note

PRICE SUPPORT FOR CORN SILAGE

SEC. 403. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, effective only for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of feed grains, the Secretary of Agriculture may make available loans and purchases, as provided in this section, to producers on a farm who— 7 USC 1444e-1

(1) for silage—

(A) cut corn (including mutilated corn) that the producers have produced in such crop year; or

(B) purchase or exchange corn (including mutilated corn) that has been produced in such crop year by another producer (including a producer that is not participating in an acreage limitation or set-aside program for such crop established by the Secretary); and

(2) participate in an acreage limitation or set-aside program for such crop of corn established by the Secretary.

(b) Such loans and purchases may be made on a quantity of corn of the same crop, other than the corn obtained for silage, acquired by the producer equivalent to a quantity determined by multiplying—

(1) the acreage of corn obtained for silage; by

(2) the lower of the farm program payment yield or the actual yield on a field, as determined by the Secretary, that is similar to the field from which such silage was obtained.

99 STAT. 1407

TITLE V—COTTON

LOAN RATES, TARGET PRICES, DISASTER PAYMENTS, ACREAGE LIMITATION PROGRAM, AND LAND DIVERSION FOR THE 1986 THROUGH 1990 CROPS OF UPLAND COTTON

SEC. 501. Effective only for the 1986 through 1990 crops of upland cotton, the Agricultural Act of 1949 is amended by inserting after section 103 (7 U.S.C. 1444) the following new section:

7 USC 1444-1. "SEC. 103A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law:

"(a)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Secretary shall, on presentation of warehouse receipts reflecting accrued storage charges of not more than 60 days, make available for the 1986 through 1990 crops of upland cotton to producers nonrecourse loans for a term of 10 months from the first day of the month in which the loan is made at such level, per pound, as will reflect for Strict Low Middling one and one-sixteenth inch upland cotton (micronaire 3.5 through 4.9) at average location in the United States at a level that is not less than—

"(A) in the case of the 1986 crop of upland cotton, 55 cents per pound; and

"(B) in the case of each of the 1987 through 1990 crops of upland cotton, the smaller of—

"(i) 85 percent of the average price (weighted by market and month) of such quality of cotton as quoted in the designated United States spot markets during 3 years of the 5-year period ending July 31 in the year in which the loan level is announced, excluding the year in which the average price was the highest and the year in which the average price was the lowest in such period; or

"(ii) 90 percent of the average, for the 15-week period beginning July 1 of the year in which the loan level is announced, of the 5 lowest-priced growths of the growths quoted for Middling one and three-thirty-seconds inch cotton C.I.F. northern Europe (adjusted downward by the average difference during the period April 15 through October 15 of the year in which the loan is announced between such average northern European price quotation of such quality of cotton and the market quotations in the designated United States spot markets for Strict Low Middling one and one-sixteenth inch cotton (micronaire 3.5 through 4.9)).

"(2)(A) The loan level for any crop determined under paragraph (1)(B) may not be reduced by more than 5 percent from the loan level determined for the preceding crop nor below 50 cents per pound.

"(B) If for any crop the average northern European price determined under paragraph (1)(B)(ii) is less than the average United States spot market price determined under paragraph (1)(B)(i), the Secretary may increase the loan level to such level as the Secretary may deem appropriate, not in excess of the average United States spot market price determined under paragraph (1)(B)(i).

"(3) The loan level for any crop of upland cotton shall be determined and announced by the Secretary not later than November 1 of the calendar year preceding the marketing year for which such loan is to be effective, except that in the case of the 1986 crop, such 99 STAT. 1408 determination and announcement shall be made as soon as practicable after the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985. Such level shall not thereafter be changed.

"(4)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), nonrecourse loans provided for in this section shall, on request of the producer during the 10th month of the loan period for the cotton, be made available for an additional term of 8 months.

"(B) A request to extend the loan period shall not be approved in any month in which the average price of Strict Low Middling one and one-sixteenth inch cotton (micronaire 3.5 through 4.9) in the designated spot markets for the preceding month exceeded 130 percent of the average price of such quality of cotton in such markets for the preceding 36-month period.

"(5)(A) If the Secretary determines that the prevailing world market price for upland cotton (adjusted to United States quality and location) is below the loan level determined under the foregoing provisions of this subsection, in order to make United States upland cotton competitive in world markets, the Secretary shall implement the provisions of Plan A or Plan B in accordance with this paragraph.

"(B) If the Secretary elects to implement Plan A, the Secretary shall permit a producer to repay a loan made for any crop at a level determined and announced by the Secretary at the same time the Secretary announces the loan level for such crop as determined under paragraph (3). Such repayment level for loans on such crops shall not be less than 80 percent of the loan level determined for the crop. Such repayment level, once announced for the crop, shall not thereafter be changed.

"(C)(i) If the Secretary elects to implement Plan B, except as provided in clause (ii), the Secretary shall permit a producer to repay a loan made for any crop at a level that is the lesser of—

"(I) the loan level determined for such crop; or

"(II) the prevailing world market price for upland cotton (adjusted to United States quality and location), as determined by the Secretary.

"(ii) For each of the 1987 through 1990 crops of cotton, if the world market price for cotton (adjusted to United States quality and location) as determined by the Secretary, is less than 80 percent of the loan level determined for such crop, the Secretary may permit a producer to repay a loan made under this subsection for a crop at such level (not in excess of 80 percent of the loan level determined for such crop) as the Secretary determines will—

"(I) minimize potential loan forfeitures;

"(II) minimize the accumulation of cotton stocks by the Federal Government;

"(III) minimize the cost incurred by the Federal Government in storing cotton; and

"(IV) allow cotton produced in the United States to be marketed freely and competitively, both domestically and internationally.

Exports

"(D)(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, during the period beginning August 1, 1986, and ending July 31, 1991, if a program carried out under Plan A or Plan B fails to make United States upland cotton fully competitive in world markets and the prevailing world market price of upland cotton (adjusted to United States quality and location), as determined by the Secretary, is below the current loan repayment rate for upland cotton determined under subparagraph (A), to make United States upland cotton competitive in world markets and to maintain and expand domestic consumption and exports of upland cotton produced in the United States, the Secretary shall provide for the issuance of negotiable marketing certificates in accordance with this subparagraph.

99 STAT. 1409

Regulations.
Contracts.

"(ii) The Commodity Credit Corporation, under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, shall make payments, through the issuance of negotiable marketing certificates, to first handlers of cotton (persons regularly engaged in buying or selling upland cotton) who have entered into an agreement with the Commodity Credit Corporation to participate in the program established under this subparagraph. Such payments shall be made in such monetary amounts and subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary determines will make upland cotton produced in the United States available at competitive prices, consistent with the purposes of this subparagraph, including such payments as may be necessary to make raw cotton in inventory on August 1, 1986, available on the same basis.

"(iii) The value of each certificate issued under clause (ii) shall be based on the difference between—

"(I) the loan repayment rate for upland cotton under Plan A or Plan B, as the case may be; and

"(II) the prevailing world market price of upland cotton, as determined by the Secretary under a published formula submitted for public comment before its adoption.

Regulations. Prohibition.

"(iv) The Commodity Credit Corporation, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, may assist any person receiving marketing certificates under this subparagraph in the redemption of certificates for cash, or marketing or exchange of such certificates for (I) upland cotton owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation or (II) (if the Secretary and the person agree) other agricultural commodities or the products thereof owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation, at such times, in such manner, and at such price levels as the Secretary determines will best effectuate the purposes of the program established under this subparagraph. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any price restrictions that may otherwise apply to the disposition of agricultural commodities by the Commodity Credit Corporation shall not apply to the redemption of certificates under this subparagraph.

"(v) Insofar as practicable, the Secretary shall permit owners of certificates to designate the commodities and the products thereof, including storage sites thereof, such owners would prefer to receive in exchange for certificates. If any certificate is not presented for redemption, marketing, or exchange within a reasonable number of days after the issuance of such certificate (as determined by the Secretary), reasonable costs of storage and other carrying charges, as determined by the Secretary, shall be deducted from the value of the certificate for the period beginning after such reasonable number of days and ending with the date of the presentation of such certificate to the Commodity Credit Corporation.

"(vi) The Secretary shall take such measures as may be necessary to prevent the marketing or exchange of agricultural commodities and products for certificates under this section from adversely affecting the income of producers of such commodities or products.

Regulations.

"(vii) Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, certificates issued to cotton handlers under this subparagraph may be transferred to other handlers and persons approved by the Secretary.

Regulations.

"(E)(i) The Secretary shall prescribe by regulation—

99 STAT. 1410

"(I) a formula to define the prevailing world market price for cotton; and

"(II) a mechanism by which the Secretary shall announce periodically the prevailing world market price for cotton.

"(ii) Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985, the Secretary shall—

Federal Register, publication. Regulations.

"(I) publish in the Federal Register proposed regulations specifying such formula and mechanism; and

"(II) invite public comment on such proposal.

"(iii) The prevailing world market price established under this subparagraph shall be used for purposes of both Plan A and Plan B and marketing certificates under subparagraph (D).

"(b)(1) The Secretary may, for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of upland cotton, make payments available to producers who, although eligible to obtain a loan under subsection (a), agree to forgo obtaining such loan in return for such payments.

"(2) A payment under this subsection shall be computed by multiplying—

"(A) the loan payment rate; by

"(B) the quantity of upland cotton the producer is eligible to place under loan.

"(3) For purposes of this subsection, the quantity of upland cotton eligible to be placed under loan may not exceed the product obtained by multiplying—

"(A) the individual farm program acreage for the crop; by

"(B) the farm program payment yield established for the farm.

"(4) For purposes of this subsection, the loan payment rate shall be the amount by which—

"(A) the loan level determined for such crop under subsection (a); exceeds

"(B) the level at which a loan may be repaid under subsection (a).

"(5) The Secretary may make up to one-half the amount of a payment under this subsection available in the form of negotiable marketing certificates, subject to the terms and conditions provided in subsection (a)(5)(D).

"(c)(1)(A) The Secretary shall make available to producers payments for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of upland cotton in an amount computed by multiplying—

"(i) the payment rate; by

"(ii) the individual farm program acreage; by

"(iii) the farm program payment yield established for the crop for the farm.

Conservation.

"(B)(i) If an acreage limitation program under subsection (f)(2) is in effect for a crop of upland cotton and the producers on a farm devote a portion of the permitted upland cotton acreage of the farm (as determined in accordance with subsection (f)(2)(A)) equal to more than 8 percent of the permitted upland cotton acreage of the farm for the crop to conservation uses or nonprogram crops—

"(I) such portion of the permitted upland cotton acreage in excess of 8 percent of such acreage devoted to conservation uses or nonprogram crops shall be considered to be planted to upland cotton for the purpose of determining the individual farm program acreage in accordance with subsection (f)(2)(E) and for the purpose of determining the acreage on the farm required to be devoted to conservation uses in accordance with subsection (f)(2)(D); and

"(II) the producers shall be eligible for payments under this paragraph on such acreage, subject to the compliance of the producers with clause (ii).

"(ii) To be eligible for payments under clause (i), except as provided in clause (iii), the producers on the farm must actually plant upland cotton for harvest on at least 50 percent of the permitted upland cotton acreage of the farm.

Wheat.
Feedgrains.
Rice.
Soybeans.
Prohibition.

"(iii) If a State or local agency has imposed in an area of a State or county a quarantine on the planting of upland cotton for harvest on farms in such area, the State committee established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)) may recommend to the Secretary that payments be made under this paragraph, without regard to the requirement imposed under clause (ii), to producers in such area who were required to forgo the planting of upland cotton for harvest on acreage to alleviate or eliminate the condition requiring such quarantine. If the Secretary determines that such condition exists, the Secretary may make payments under this paragraph to such producers. To be eligible for payments under this clause, such producers may not plant wheat, feed grains, rice, cotton, or soybeans on such acreage.

Prohibition.

"(iv) The upland cotton crop acreage base and upland cotton farm program payment yield of the farm shall not be reduced due to the fact that such portion of the permitted acreage of the farm was devoted to conserving uses or nonprogram crops.

Prohibition.

"(v) Other than as provided in clauses (i) through (iv), payments may not be made under this subsection for any crop on a greater acreage than the acreage actually planted to upland cotton.

"(vi) Any acreage considered to be planted to upland cotton in accordance with clause (i) may not also be designated as conservation use acreage for the purpose of fulfilling any provisions under any acreage limitation or land diversion program requiring that the producers devote a specified acreage to conservation uses.

"(C) The payment rate for upland cotton shall be the amount by which the established price for the crop of upland cotton exceeds the higher of—

"(i) the national average market price received by producers during the calendar year that includes the first 5 months of the marketing year for such crop, as determined by the Secretary; or

"(ii) the loan level determined for such crop.

Prohibition.

"(D) The established price for upland cotton shall not be less than $0.81 per pound for the 1986 crop, $0.794 per pound for the 1987 crop, $0.77 per pound for the 1988 crop, $0.745 per pound for the 1989 crop, and $0.729 per pound for the 1990 crop.

"(E) The total quantity of upland cotton on which payments would otherwise be payable to a producer on a farm for any crop under this subsection shall be reduced by the quantity on which any disaster payment is made to the producer for the crop under paragraph (2).

Prohibition.

"(F) The Secretary may pay not more than 5 percent of the total amount of a payment made under this paragraph in the form of upland cotton. The use of upland cotton in making payments to producers shall be subject to a determination by the Secretary of the effect that such in-kind payments will have on market prices for any commodity. The Secretary shall report such determination to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

Report.

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"(G) As used in this subsection, the term 'nonprogram crop' means any agricultural commodity other than wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, extra long staple cotton, rice, or soybeans.

"(2)(A)(i) Except as provided in subparagraph (C), if the Secretary determines that the producers on a farm are prevented from planting any portion of the acreage intended for upland cotton to upland cotton or other nonconserving crops because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers, the Secretary shall make a prevented planting disaster payment to the producers in an amount equal to the product obtained by multiplying—

"(I) the number of acres so affected but not to exceed the acreage planted to upland cotton for harvest (including any acreage that the producers were prevented from planting to upland cotton or other nonconserving crops in lieu of upland cotton because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers) in the immediately preceding year; by

"(II) 75 percent of the farm program payment yield established for the farm by the Secretary; by

"(III) a payment rate equal to 33⅓ percent of the established price for the crop.

"(ii) Payments made by the Secretary under this subparagraph may be made in the form of cash or from stocks of upland cotton held by the Commodity Credit Corporation.

"(B) Except as provided in subparagraph (C), if the Secretary determines that because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers, the total quantity of upland cotton that the producers are able to harvest on any farm is less than the result of multiplying 75 percent of the farm program payment yield established for the farm for such crop by the acreage planted for harvest for such crop, the Secretary shall make a reduced yield disaster payment to the producers at a rate equal to 33⅓ percent of the established price for the crop for the deficiency in production below 75 percent for the crop.

Prohibition.

"(C) Producers on a farm shall not be eligible for—

"(i) prevented planting disaster payments under subparagraph (A), if prevented planting crop insurance is available to the producers under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) with respect to the upland cotton acreage of the producers; or

"(ii) reduced yield disaster payments under subparagraph (B), if reduced yield crop insurance is available to the producers under such Act with respect to the upland cotton acreage of the producers.

"(D)(i) Notwithstanding subparagraph (C), the Secretary may make a disaster payment to producers on a farm under this subsection if the Secretary determines that—

"(I) as the result of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers, the producers have suffered substantial losses of production either from being prevented from planting upland cotton or other nonconserving crops or from reduced yields;

"(II) such losses have created an economic emergency for the producers;

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"(III) crop insurance indemnity payments under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) and other forms of assistance made available by the Federal Government to such producers for such losses is insufficient to alleviate such economic emergency; and

"(IV) additional assistance must be made available to such producers to alleviate such economic emergency.

"(ii) The Secretary may make such adjustments in the amount of payments made available under this paragraph with respect to an individual farm so as to assure the equitable allotment of such payments among producers, taking into account other forms of Federal disaster assistance provided to the producers for the crop involved.

"(d)(1)(A) Except for a crop with respect to which there is an acreage limitation program in effect under subsection (f), the Secretary shall proclaim a national program acreage for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of upland cotton. The proclamation shall be made not later than November 1 of the calendar year preceding the year for which such acreage is established, except that in the case of the 1986 crop, such announcement shall be made as soon as practicable after the enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985.

"(B) The Secretary may revise the national program acreage first proclaimed for any crop year for the purpose of determining the allocation factor under paragraph (2) if the Secretary determines it necessary based on the latest information. The Secretary shall proclaim such revised national program acreage as soon as it is made.

"(C) The national program acreage for upland cotton shall be the number of harvested acres the Secretary determines (on the basis of the weighted national average of the farm program payment yields for the crop for which the determination is made) will produce the quantity (less imports) that the Secretary estimates will be utilized domestically and for export during the marketing year for such crop.

Prohibition

"(D) The national program acreage shall be subject to such adjustment as the Secretary determines necessary, taking into consideration the estimated carryover supply, so as to provide for an adequate but not excessive total supply of upland cotton for the marketing year for the crop for which such national program acreage is established. In no event shall the national program acreage be less than 10 million acres.

"(2) The Secretary shall determine a program allocation factor for each crop of upland cotton. The allocation factor (not to exceed 100 percent) shall be determined by dividing the national program acreage for the crop by the number of acres that the Secretary estimates will be harvested for such crop.

"(3)(A) The individual farm program acreage for each crop of upland cotton shall be determined by multiplying the allocation factor by the acreage of upland cotton planted for harvest on the farms for which individual farm program acreages are required to be determined.

"(B) The individual farm program acreage may not be further reduced by application of the allocation factor if the producers reduce the acreage of upland cotton planted for harvest on the farm

7 USC 1461. **from the crop acreage base established for the farm under title V by at least the percentage recommended by the Secretary in the**
99 STAT. 1414 **proclamation of the national program acreage.**

"(C) The Secretary shall provide fair and equitable treatment for producers on farms on which the acreage of upland cotton planted for harvest is less than the crop acreage base established for the farm under title V, but for which the reduction is insufficient to exempt the farm from the application of the allocation factor. USC 1461.

"(D) In establishing the allocation factor for upland cotton, the Secretary may make such adjustment as the Secretary deems necessary to take into account the extent of exemption of farms under the forgoing provisions of this subsection.

"(e) The farm program payment yields for farms for each crop of upland cotton shall be determined under title V.

"(f)(1)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, if the Secretary determines that the total supply of upland cotton, in the absence of an acreage limitation program, will be excessive taking into account the need for an adequate carryover to maintain reasonable and stable supplies and prices and to meet a national emergency, the Secretary may provide for any crop of upland cotton an acreage limitation program as described in paragraph (2).

"(B) In making a determination under clause (i), the Secretary shall take into consideration the number of acres placed in the conservation acreage reserve established under section 1231 of the Food Security Act of 1985. *Post*, p. 1509.

"(C) If the Secretary elects to put an acreage limitation program into effect for any crop year, the Secretary shall announce any such program not later than November 1 of the calendar year preceding the year in which the crop is harvested, except that in the case of the 1986 crop, such announcement shall be made as soon as practicable after the enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985.

"(D) The Secretary shall, to the maximum extent practicable, carry out an acreage limitation program described in paragraph (2) for a crop of upland cotton in a manner that will result in a carryover of 4 million bales of upland cotton.

Prohibition. "(2)(A) If a upland cotton acreage limitation program is announced under paragraph (1), such limitation shall be achieved by applying a uniform percentage reduction (not to exceed 25 percent) to the upland cotton crop acreage base for the crop for each upland cotton-producing farm.

"(B) Except as provided in subsection (g), producers who knowingly produce upland cotton in excess of the permitted upland cotton acreage for the farm, as established in accordance with subparagraph (A), shall be ineligible for upland cotton loans and payments with respect to that farm.

"(C) Upland cotton crop acreage bases for each crop of upland cotton shall be determined under title V.

Conservation. Regulations. "(D)(i) A number of acres on the farm shall be devoted to conservation uses, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary. Such number shall be determined by dividing—

"(I) the product obtained by multiplying the number of acres required to be withdrawn from the production of upland cotton times the number of acres planted to such commodity; by

"(II) the number of acres authorized to be planted to such commodity under the limitation established by the Secretary.

"(ii) The number of acres determined under clause (i) is hereafter in this subsection referred to as 'reduced acreage'.

Prohibition. "(E) If an acreage limitation program is announced under paragraph (1) for a crop of upland cotton, subsection (d) shall not be applicable to such crop, including any prior announcement that may have been made under such subsection with respect to such crop. Except as provided in subsection (c)(1)(B), the individual farm program acreage shall be the acreage planted on the farm to upland cotton for harvest within the permitted upland cotton acreage for the farm as established under this paragraph.

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Regulations.
Conservation.

"(3)(A) The regulations issued by the Secretary under paragraph (2) with respect to acreage required to be devoted to conservation uses shall assure protection of such acreage from weeds and wind and water erosion.

"(B) Subject to subparagraph (C), the Secretary may permit, subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, all or any part of such acreage to be devoted to sweet sorghum, hay and grazing, or the production of guar, sesame, safflower, sunflower, castor beans, mustard seed, crambe, plantago ovato, flaxseed, triticale, rye, or other commodity, if the Secretary determines that such production is needed to provide an adequate supply of such commodities, is not likely to increase the cost of the price support program, and will not affect farm income adversely.

"(C)(i) Except as provided in clause (ii), the Secretary shall permit, at the request of the State committee established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)) for a State and subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, all or any part of such acreage diverted from production by participating producers in such State to be devoted to—

"(I) hay and grazing, in the case of the 1986 crop of upland cotton; and

"(II) grazing, in the case of each of the 1987 through 1990 crops of upland cotton.

Prohibition.

"(ii) Haying and grazing shall not be permitted for any crop of upland cotton under clause (i) during any 5-consecutive-month period that is established for such crop for a State by the State committee established under section 8(b) of such Act.

16 USC 590h.

Conservation.
Contracts.

"(4)(A) The Secretary may make land diversion payments to producers of upland cotton, whether or not an acreage limitation program for upland cotton is in effect, if the Secretary determines that such land diversion payments are necessary to assist in adjusting the total national acreage of upland cotton to desirable goals. Such land diversion payments shall be made to producers who, to the extent prescribed by the Secretary, devote to approved conservation uses an acreage of cropland on the farm in accordance with land diversion contracts entered into by the Secretary with such producers.

Contracts.

"(B) The amounts payable to producers under land diversion contracts may be determined through the submission of bids for such contracts by producers in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe or through such other means as the Secretary determines appropriate. In determining the acceptability of contract offers, the Secretary shall take into consideration the extent of the diversion to be undertaken by the producers and the productivity of the acreage diverted.

"(C) The Secretary shall limit the total acreage to be diverted under agreements in any county or local community so as not to affect adversely the economy of the county or local community.

Wildlife refuge.

"(5)(A) The reduced acreage and additional diverted acreage may be devoted to wildlife food plots or wildlife habitat in conformity with standards established by the Secretary in consultation with wildlife agencies.

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"(B) The Secretary may pay an appropriate share of the cost of practices designed to carry out the purposes of subparagraph (A).

Regulations.

"(C) The Secretary may provide for an additional payment on such acreage in an amount determined by the Secretary to be appropriate in relation to the benefit to the general public if the producer agrees to permit, without other compensation, access to all or such portion of the farm, as the Secretary may prescribe, by the general public, for hunting, trapping, fishing, and hiking, subject to applicable State and Federal regulations.

Contracts.

"(7)(A) An operator of a farm desiring to participate in the program conducted under this subsection shall execute an agreement with the Secretary providing for such participation not later than such date as the Secretary may prescribe.

Contracts.

"(B) The Secretary may, by mutual agreement with producers on a farm, terminate or modify any such agreement if the Secretary determines such action necessary because of an emergency created by drought or other disaster or to prevent or alleviate a shortage in the supply of agricultural commodities.

"(g)(1) The Secretary may, for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of upland cotton, make payments available to producers who meet the requirements of this subsection.

"(2) Such payments shall be—

"(A) made in the form of upland cotton owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation; and

"(B) subject to the availability of such upland cotton.

"(3)(A) Payments under this subsection shall be determined in the same manner as provided in subsection (b).

"(B) The quantity of upland cotton to be made available to a producer under this subsection shall be equal in value to the payments so determined under such subsection.

"(4) A producer shall be eligible to receive a payment under this subsection for a crop if the producer—

"(A) agrees to forgo obtaining a loan under subsection (a);

"(B) agrees to forgo receiving payments under subsection (c);

"(C) does not plant upland cotton for harvest in excess of the crop acreage base reduced by one-half of any acreage required to be diverted from production under subsection (f); and

"(D) otherwise complies with this section.

"(h)(1) If the failure of a producer to comply fully with the terms and conditions of the program formulated under this section precludes the making of loans and payments, the Secretary may, nevertheless, make such loans and payments in such amounts as the Secretary determines are equitable in relation to the seriousness of the failure.

"(2) The Secretary may authorize the county and State committees established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)) to waive or modify deadlines and other program requirements in cases in which lateness or failure to meet such other requirements does not affect adversely the operation of the program.

Regulations.

"(i) The Secretary may issue such regulations as the Secretary determines necessary to carry out this section.

"(j) The Secretary shall carry out the program authorized by this section through the Commodity Credit Corporation.

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"(k) The provisions of section 8(g) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(g)) (relating to assignment of payments) shall apply to payments under this section.

"(l) The Secretary shall provide for the sharing of payments made under this section for any farm among the producers on the farm on a fair and equitable basis.

"(m) The Secretary shall provide adequate safeguards to protect the interests of tenants and sharecroppers.

"(n)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, except as provided in paragraph (2), compliance on a farm with the terms and conditions of any other commodity program may not be required as a condition of eligibility for loans or payments under this section.

Prohibition.

"(2) The Secretary may require that, as a condition of eligibility of producers on a farm for loans or payments under this section, the acreage planted for harvest on the farm to any other commodity for which an acreage limitation program is in effect shall not exceed the crop acreage base for that commodity.

Prohibition.

"(3) The Secretary may not require producers on a farm, as a condition of eligibility for loans or payments under this section for such farm, to comply with the terms and conditions of the upland cotton program with respect to any other farm operated by such producers.

President of U.S.
Imports.

"(o)(1) Whenever the Secretary determines that the average price of Strict Low Middling one and one-sixteenth inch cotton (micronaire 3.5 through 4.9) in the designated spot markets for a month exceeded 130 percent of the average price of such quality of cotton in such markets for the preceding 36 months, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President shall immediately establish and proclaim a special limited global import quota for upland cotton subject to the following conditions:

"(A) The quantity of the special quota shall be equal to 21 days of domestic mill consumption of upland cotton at the seasonally adjusted average rate of the most recent 3 months for which data are available.

"(B) If a special quota has been established under this subsection during the preceding 12 months, the quantity of the quota next established hereunder shall be the smaller of 21 days of domestic mill consumption calculated as set forth in subparagraph (A) or the quantity required to increase the supply to 130 percent of the demand.

"(C) As used in subparagraph (B):

"(i) The term 'supply' means, using the latest official data of the Bureau of the Census, the Department of Agriculture, and the Department of the Treasury—

"(I) the carryover of upland cotton at the beginning of the marketing year (adjusted to 480-pound bales) in which the special quota is established; plus

"(II) production of the current crop; plus

"(III) imports to the latest date available during the marketing year. Imports.

"(ii) The term 'demand' means—

"(I) the average seasonally adjusted annual rate of domestic mill consumption in the most recent 3 months for which data are available; plus

"(II) the larger of—

"(aa) average exports of upland cotton during the preceding 6 marketing years; or

99 STAT. 1418

Exports.

"(bb) cumulative exports of upland cotton plus outstanding export sales for the marketing year in which the special quota is established.

"(D) When a special quota is established under this subsection, cotton may be entered under such quota during the 90-day period beginning on the effective date of the proclamation.

"(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), a special quota period may not be established that overlaps an existing quota period.".

SUSPENSION OF BASE ACREAGE ALLOTMENTS, MARKETING QUOTAS, AND RELATED PROVISIONS

Prohibition.
Ante, p. 818.
7 USC 1342 note.

SEC. 502. Sections 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, and 377 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1342–1346 and 1377) shall not be applicable to any of the 1986 through 1990 crops of upland cotton.

COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION SALES PRICE RESTRICTIONS

SEC. 503. Effective only with respect to the period beginning August 1, 1978, and ending July 31, 1991, the tenth sentence of section 407 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1427) is amended by striking out all of that sentence through the words "110 per centum of the loan rate, and (2)" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Notwithstanding any other provision of law, (1) the Commodity Credit Corporation shall sell upland cotton for unrestricted use at the same prices as it sells upland cotton for export, in no event, however, at less than (A) 115 percent of the loan rate for Strict Low Middling one and one-sixteenth inch upland cotton (micronaire 3.5 through 4.9) adjusted for such current market differentials reflecting grade, quality, location, and other value factors as the Secretary determines appropriate plus reasonable carrying charges, or (B) if the Secretary permits the repayment of loans made for a crop of cotton at a rate that is less than the loan level determined for such crop, 115 percent of the average loan repayment rate that is determined for such crop during the period of such loans, and (2)".

MISCELLANEOUS COTTON PROVISIONS

Prohibition.
7 USC 1446d note.

SEC. 504. Sections 103(a) and 203 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1444(a) and 1446d) shall not be applicable to the 1986 through 1990 crops.

SKIPROW PRACTICES

SEC. 505. Section 374(a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1374(a)) is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

PRELIMINARY ALLOTMENTS FOR 1991 CROP OF UPLAND COTTON

7 USC 1342 note.

SEC. 506. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the permanent State, county, and farm base acreage allotments for the 1977 crop of upland cotton, adjusted for any underplantings in 1977 and reconstituted as provided in section 379 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1379), shall be the preliminary allotments for the 1991 crop.

99 STAT. 1419

EXTRA LONG STAPLE COTTON

Ante, p. 488.

SEC. 507. Section 103(h) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1444(h)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2)—

(A) in the first sentence, by striking out "50 per centum in excess of the loan level established for each crop of Strict Low Middling one and one-sixteenth inch upland cotton (micronaire 3.5 through 4.9) at average location in the United States" and inserting in lieu thereof "85 percent of the simple average price received by producers of extra long staple cotton, as determined by the Secretary, during 3 years of the 5-year period ending July 31 in the year in which the loan level is announced, excluding the year in which the average price was the highest and the year in which the average price was the lowest in such period.";

(B) by striking out "November" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "December"; and

(C) by striking out in the last sentence ", or within 10 days after the loan level for the related crop of upland cotton is announced, whichever is later,"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

Prohibition.

"(19) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, this subsection shall not be applicable to the 1991 and subsequent crops of extra long staple cotton.".

TITLE VI—RICE

LOAN RATES, TARGET PRICES, DISASTER PAYMENTS, ACREAGE LIMITATION PROGRAM, AND LAND DIVERSION FOR THE 1986 THROUGH 1990 CROPS OF RICE

SEC. 601. Effective only for the 1986 through 1990 crops of rice, the Agricultural Act of 1949 is amended by inserting after section 101 (7 U.S.C. 1441) the following new section:

"SEC. 101A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law: 7 USC 1441-1.

"(a)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Secretary shall make available to producers loans and purchases for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of rice at a level that is not less than—

"(A) in the case of the 1986 crop of rice, $7.20 per hundredweight; and

"(B) in the case of each of the 1987 through 1990 crops of rice, the higher of—

"(i) 85 percent of the simple average price received by producers, as determined by the Secretary, during the marketing years for the immediately preceding 5 crops of rice, excluding the year in which the average price was the highest and the year in which the average price was the lowest in such period; or

"(ii) $6.50 per hundredweight.

"(2) The loan level for a crop of rice determined under paragraph (1)(B) may not be reduced by more than 5 percent from the loan level determined for the preceding crop.

"(3) The loan and purchase level and the established price for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of rice shall be announced not later than January 31 of each calendar year for the crop harvested in such calendar year.

99 STAT. 1420

"(4) A loan made under this section shall have a term of not more than 9 months beginning after the month in which the application for the loan is made.

"(5)(A) The Secretary shall permit a producer to repay a loan made under paragraph (1) for a crop at a level that is the lesser of—

"(i) the loan level determined for such crop; or

"(ii) the higher of—

"(I) the loan level determined for such crop multiplied by 50 percent for each of the 1986 and 1987 crops, 60 percent for the 1988 crop, and 70 percent for each of the 1989 and 1990 crops; or

"(II) the prevailing world market price for rice, as determined by the Secretary.

"(B) The Secretary shall prescribe by regulation— Regulations.

"(i) a formula to define the prevailing world market price for rice; and

"(ii) a mechanism by which the Secretary shall announce periodically the prevailing world market price for rice.

"(C)(i) As a condition of permitting a producer to repay a loan as provided in subparagraph (A), the Secretary may require a producer to purchase marketing certificates equal in value to an amount that does not exceed one-half the difference, as determined by the Secretary, between the amount of the loan obtained by the producer and the amount of the loan repayment. Such certificates shall be negotiable.

"(ii) Such certificates shall be redeemable for rice owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation valued at the prevailing market price, as determined by the Secretary. If such rice is not available in the State in which the rice pledged as collateral for the loan was produced or at such other location outside of such State as may be approved by the owner of such certificate, such certificate shall be redeemable in cash.

"(iii) The Commodity Credit Corporation, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, shall assist any person receiving marketing certificates under this subparagraph in the redemption or marketing of such certificates. Insofar as practicable, the Secretary shall permit an owner of a certificate to designate the storage facility at which such owner would prefer to receive rice in exchange for such certificate. Regulations.

"(iv) If any such certificate is not presented for redemption or marketing within a reasonable number of days after issuance, as determined by the Secretary, reasonable costs of storage and other carrying charges, as determined by the Secretary, shall be deducted from the value of the certificate for the period beginning after such reasonable number of days and ending with the date of the presentation of such certificate to the Commodity Credit Corporation.

"(6) For purposes of this section, the simple average price received by producers for the immediately preceding marketing year shall be based on the latest information available to the Secretary at the time of the determination.

Contracts.

"(b)(1) The Secretary may, for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of rice, make payments available to producers who, although eligible to obtain a loan or purchase agreement under subsection (a), agree to forgo obtaining such loan or agreement in return for such payments.

"(2) A payment under this subsection shall be computed by

99 STAT. 1421

multiplying—

"(A) the loan payment rate; by

"(B) the quantity of rice the producer is eligible to place under loan.

Prohibition.

"(3) For purposes of this subsection, the quantity of rice eligible to be placed under loan may not exceed the product obtained by multiplying—

"(A) the individual farm program acreage for the crop; by

"(B) the farm program payment yield established for the farm.

"(4) For purposes of this subsection, the loan payment rate shall be the amount by which—

"(A) the loan level determined for such crop under subsection (a); exceeds

"(B) the level at which a loan may be repaid under subsection (a).

"(5) The Secretary shall make up to one-half the amount of a payment under this subsection available in the form of negotiable marketing certificates, subject to the terms and conditions provided in subsection (a)(5)(C).

"(c)(1)(A) The Secretary shall make available to producers payments for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of rice in an amount computed by multiplying—

"(i) the payment rate; by

"(ii) the individual farm program acreage; by

"(iii) the farm program payment yield established for the crop for the farm.

Conservation.

"(B)(i) If an acreage limitation program under subsection (f)(2) is in effect for a crop of rice and the producers on a farm devote a portion of the permitted rice acreage of the farm (as determined in accordance with subsection (f)(2)(A)) equal to more than 8 percent of the permitted rice acreage of the farm for the crop to conservation uses or nonprogram crops—

"(I) such portion of the permitted rice acreage in excess of 8 percent of such acreage devoted to conservation uses or nonprogram crops shall be considered to be planted to rice for the purpose of determining the individual farm program acreage in accordance with subsection (f)(2)(E) and for the purpose of determining the acreage on the farm required to be devoted to conservation uses in accordance with subsection (f)(2)(D); and

"(II) the producers shall be eligible for payments under this paragraph on such acreage, subject to the compliance of the producers with clause (ii).

"(ii) To be eligible for payments under clause (i), except as provided in clause (iii), the producers on the farm must actually plant rice for harvest on at least 50 percent of the permitted rice acreage of the farm.

"(iii) If a State or local agency has imposed in an area of a State or county a quarantine on the planting of rice for harvest on farms in such area, the State committee established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)) may recommend to the Secretary that payments be made under this paragraph, without regard to the requirement imposed under clause

Prohibition.
Wheat.
Feedgrains.
Cotton.
Soybeans.

(ii), to producers in such area who were required to forgo the planting of rice for harvest on acreage to alleviate or eliminate the condition requiring such quarantine. If the Secretary determines that such condition exists, the Secretary may make payments under this paragraph to such producers. To be eligible for payments under

99 STAT. 1422

this clause, such producers may not plant wheat, feed grains, cotton, or soybeans on such acreage.

Prohibition.
Conservation.

"(iv) The rice crop acreage base and rice farm program payment yield of the farm shall not be reduced due to the fact that such portion of the permitted acreage of the farm was devoted to conserving uses or nonprogram crops.

Prohibition.

"(v) Other than as provided in clauses (i) through (iv), payments may not be made under this subsection for any crop on a greater acreage than the acreage actually planted to rice.

Conservation.

"(vi) Any acreage considered to be planted to rice in accordance with clause (i) may not also be designated as conservation use acreage for the purpose of fulfilling any provisions under any acreage limitation or land diversion program requiring that the producers devote a specified acreage to conservation uses.

"(C) The payment rate for rice shall be the amount by which the established price for the crop of rice exceeds the higher of—

"(i) the national average market price received by producers during the first 5 months of the marketing year for such crop, as determined by the Secretary; or

"(ii) the loan level determined for such crop.

Prohibition.

"(D) The established price for rice shall not be less than $11.90 per hundredweight for the 1986 crop, $11.66 per hundredweight for the 1987 crop, $11.30 per hundredweight for the 1988 crop, $10.95 per hundredweight for the 1989 crop, and $10.71 per hundredweight for the 1990 crop.

"(E) The total quantity of rice on which payments would otherwise be payable to a producer on a farm for any crop under this subsection shall be reduced by the quantity on which any disaster payment is made to the producer for the crop under paragraph (2).

Prohibition.

"(F) The Secretary may pay not more than 5 percent of the total amount of a payment made under this paragraph in the form of rice. The use of rice in making payments to producers shall be subject to a determination by the Secretary of the effect that such in-kind payments will have on market prices for any commodity. The Secretary shall report such determination to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

"(G) As used in this subsection, the term 'nonprogram crop' means any agricultural commodity other than wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, extra long staple cotton, rice, or soybeans.

"(2)(A)(i) Except as provided in subparagraph (C), if the Secretary determines that the producers on a farm are prevented from planting any portion of the acreage intended for rice to rice or other nonconserving crops because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers, the Secretary shall make a prevented planting disaster payment to the producers in an amount equal to the product obtained by multiplying—

"(I) the number of acres so affected but not to exceed the acreage planted to rice for harvest (including any acreage that the producers were prevented from planting to rice or other nonconserving crops in lieu of rice because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers) in the immediately preceding year; by

"(II) 75 percent of the farm program payment yield established for the farm by the Secretary; by

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"(III) a payment rate equal to 33⅓ percent of the established price for the crop.

"(ii) Payments made by the Secretary under this subparagraph may be made in the form of cash or from stocks of rice held by the Commodity Credit Corporation.

"(B) Except as provided in subparagraph (C), if the Secretary determines that because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers, the total quantity of rice that the producers are able to harvest on any farm is less than the result of multiplying 75 percent of the farm program payment yield established for the farm for such crop by the acreage planted for harvest for such crop, the Secretary shall make a reduced yield disaster payment to the producers at a rate equal to 33⅓ percent of the established price for the crop for the deficiency in production below 75 percent for the crop.

Prohibition.

"(C) Producers on a farm shall not be eligible for—

"(i) prevented planting disaster payments under subparagraph (A), if prevented planting crop insurance is available to the producers under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) with respect to the rice acreage of the producers; or

"(ii) reduced yield disaster payments under subparagraph (B), if reduced yield crop insurance is available to the producers under such Act with respect to the rice acreage of the producers.

"(D)(i) Notwithstanding subparagraph (C), the Secretary may make a disaster payment to producers on a farm under this subsection if the Secretary determines that—

"(I) as the result of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers, the producers have suffered substantial losses of production either from being prevented from planting rice or other nonconserving crops or from reduced yields;

"(II) such losses have created an economic emergency for the producers;

"(III) crop insurance indemnity payments under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) and other forms of assistance made available by the Federal Government to such producers for such losses is insufficient to alleviate such economic emergency; and

"(IV) additional assistance must be made available to such producers to alleviate such economic emergency.

"(ii) The Secretary may make such adjustments in the amount of payments made available under this paragraph with respect to an individual farm so as to assure the equitable allotment of such payments among producers, taking into account other forms of Federal disaster assistance provided to the producers for the crop involved.

"(d)(1)(A) Except for a crop with respect to which there is an acreage limitation program in effect under subsection (f), the Secretary shall proclaim a national program acreage for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of rice. The proclamation shall be made not later than January 31 of each calendar year for the crop harvested in that calendar year.

"(B) The Secretary may revise the national program acreage first proclaimed for any crop year for the purpose of determining the allocation factor under paragraph (2) if the Secretary determines it necessary based on the latest information. The Secretary shall proclaim such revised national program acreage as soon as it is made.

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"(C) The national program acreage for rice shall be the number of harvested acres the Secretary determines (on the basis of the weighted national average of the farm program payment yields for the crop for which the determination is made) will produce the quantity (less imports) that the Secretary estimates will be utilized domestically and for export during the marketing year for such crop.

"(D) If the Secretary determines that carryover stocks of rice are excessive or an increase in stocks is needed to assure desirable carryover, the Secretary may adjust the national program acreage by the quantity the Secretary determines will accomplish the desired increase or decrease in carryover stocks.

"(2) The Secretary shall determine a program allocation factor for each crop of rice. The allocation factor for rice shall be determined by dividing the national program acreage for the crop by the number of acres that the Secretary estimates will be harvested for such crop. In no event may the allocation factor for any crop of rice be more than 100 percent nor less than 80 percent.

"(3)(A) The individual farm program acreage for each crop of rice shall be determined by multiplying the allocation factor by the acreage of rice planted for harvest on the farms for which individual farm program acreages are required to be determined.

Prohibition.

"(B) The individual farm program acreage may not be further reduced by application of the allocation factor if the producers reduce the acreage of rice planted for harvest on the farm from the crop acreage base established for the farm under title V by at least the percentage recommended by the Secretary in the proclamation of the national program acreage.

7 USC 1461.

"(C) The Secretary shall provide fair and equitable treatment for producers on farms on which the acreage of rice planted for harvest is less than the crop acreage base established for the farm under title V, but for which the reduction is insufficient to exempt the farm from the application of the allocation factor.

"(D) In establishing the allocation factor for rice, the Secretary may make such adjustment as the Secretary deems necessary to take into account the extent of exemption of farms under the foregoing provisions of this subsection.

"(e) The farm program payment yields for farms for each crop of rice shall be determined under title V.

"(f)(1)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, if the Secretary determines that the total supply of rice, in the absence of an acreage limitation program, will be excessive taking into account the need for an adequate carryover to maintain reasonable and stable supplies and prices and to meet a national emergency, the Secretary may provide for any crop of rice an acreage limitation program as described in paragraph (2).

"(B) In making a determination under clause (i), the Secretary shall take into consideration the number of acres placed in the conservation acreage reserve established under section 1231 of the Food Security Act of 1985.

Post, p. 1509.

"(C) If the Secretary elects to put an acreage limitation program into effect for any crop year, the Secretary shall announce any such program not later than January 31 of the calendar year in which the crop is harvested.

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"(D) The Secretary shall, to the maximum extent practicable, carry out an acreage limitation program described in paragraph (2) for a crop of rice in a manner that will result in a carryover of 30 million hundredweight of rice.

"(2)(A) If a rice acreage limitation program is announced under paragraph (1), such limitation shall be achieved by applying a uniform percentage reduction (not to exceed 35 percent) to the rice crop acreage base for the crop for each rice-producing farm.

"(B) Except as provided in subsection (g), producers who knowingly produce rice in excess of the permitted rice acreage for the farm, as established in accordance with subparagraph (A), shall be ineligible for rice loans, purchases, and payments with respect to that farm.

"(C) Rice crop acreage bases for each crop of rice shall be determined under title V.

7 USC 1461.
Conservation.
Regulations.

"(D)(i) A number of acres on the farm shall be devoted to conservation uses, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary. Such number shall be determined by dividing—

"(I) the product obtained by multiplying the number of acres required to be withdrawn from the production of rice times the number of acres planted to such commodity; by

"(II) the number of acres authorized to be planted to such commodity under the limitation established by the Secretary.

"(ii) The number of acres determined under clause (i) is hereafter in this subsection referred to as 'reduced acreage'.

Prohibition.

"(E) If an acreage limitation program is announced under paragraph (1) for a crop of rice, subsection (d) shall not be applicable to such crop, including any prior announcement that may have been made under such subsection with respect to such crop. Except as provided in subsection (c)(1)(B), the individual farm program acreage shall be the acreage planted on the farm to rice for harvest within the permitted rice acreage for the farm as established under this paragraph.

Regulations.
Conservation.

"(3)(A) The regulations issued by the Secretary under paragraph (2) with respect to acreage required to be devoted to conservation uses shall assure protection of such acreage from weeds and wind and water erosion.

"(B) Subject to subparagraph (C), the Secretary may permit, subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, all or any part of such acreage to be devoted to sweet sorghum, hay and grazing, or the production of guar, sesame, safflower, sunflower, castor beans, mustard seed, crambe, plantago ovato, flaxseed, triticale, rye, or other commodity, if the Secretary determines that such production is needed to provide an adequate supply of such commodities, is not likely to increase the cost of the price support program, and will not affect farm income adversely.

"(C)(i) Except as provided in clause (ii), the Secretary shall permit, at the request of the State committee established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)) for a State and subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, all or any part of such acreage diverted from production by participating producers in such State to be devoted to—

"(I) hay and grazing, in the case of the 1986 crop of rice; and

"(II) grazing, in the case of each of the 1987 through 1990 crops of rice.

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Prohibition.

"(ii) Haying and grazing shall not be permitted for any crop of rice under clause (i) during any 5-consecutive-month period that is established for such crop for a State by the State committee established under section 8(b) of such Act.

16 USC 590h.

Conservation.
Contracts.

"(4)(A) The Secretary may make land diversion payments to producers of rice, whether or not an acreage limitation program for rice is in effect, if the Secretary determines that such land diversion payments are necessary to assist in adjusting the total national acreage of rice to desirable goals. Such land diversion payments shall be made to producers who, to the extent prescribed by the Secretary, devote to approved conservation uses an acreage of cropland on the farm in accordance with land diversion contracts entered into by the Secretary with such producers.

Contracts.

"(B) The amounts payable to producers under land diversion contracts may be determined through the submission of bids for such contracts by producers in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe or through such other means as the Secretary determines appropriate. In determining the acceptability of contract offers, the Secretary shall take into consideration the extent of the diversion to be undertaken by the producers and the productivity of the acreage diverted.

"(C) The Secretary shall limit the total acreage to be diverted under agreements in any county or local community so as not to affect adversely the economy of the county or local community.

Wildlife refuge.

"(5)(A) The reduced acreage and additional diverted acreage may be devoted to wildlife food plots or wildlife habitat in conformity with standards established by the Secretary in consultation with wildlife agencies.

"(B) The Secretary may pay an appropriate share of the cost of practices designed to carry out the purposes of subparagraph (A).

"(C) The Secretary may provide for an additional payment on such acreage in an amount determined by the Secretary to be appropriate in relation to the benefit to the general public if the producer agrees to permit, without other compensation, access to all or such portion of the farm, as the Secretary may prescribe, by the general public, for hunting, trapping, fishing, and hiking, subject to applicable State and Federal regulations. Regulations.

"(7)(A) An operator of a farm desiring to participate in the program conducted under this subsection shall execute an agreement with the Secretary providing for such participation not later than such date as the Secretary may prescribe.

"(B) The Secretary may, by mutual agreement with producers on a farm, terminate or modify any such agreement if the Secretary determines such action necessary because of an emergency created by drought or other disaster or to prevent or alleviate a shortage in the supply of agricultural commodities.

"(g)(1) The Secretary may, for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of rice, make payments available to producers who meet the requirements of this subsection.

"(2) Such payments shall be—

"(A) made in the form of rice owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation; and

"(B) subject to the availability of such rice.

"(3)(A) Payments under this subsection shall be determined in the same manner as provided in subsection (b).

"(B) The quantity of rice to be made available to a producer under this subsection shall be equal in value to the payments so determined under such subsection.

"(4) A producer shall be eligible to receive a payment under this subsection for a crop if the producer—

"(A) agrees to forgo obtaining a loan or purchase agreement under subsection (a);

"(B) agrees to forgo receiving payments under subsection (c);

"(C) does not plant rice for harvest in excess of the crop acreage base reduced by one-half of any acreage required to be diverted from production under subsection (f); and

"(D) otherwise complies with this section.

"(h)(1) If the failure of a producer to comply fully with the terms and conditions of the program formulated under this section precludes the making of loans, purchases, and payments, the Secretary may, nevertheless, make such loans, purchases, and payments in such amounts as the Secretary determines are equitable in relation to the seriousness of the failure.

"(2) The Secretary may authorize the county and State committees established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)) to waive or modify deadlines and other program requirements in cases in which lateness or failure to meet such other requirements does not affect adversely the operation of the program.

"(i) The Secretary may issue such regulations as the Secretary determines necessary to carry out this section. Regulations.

"(j) The Secretary shall carry out the program authorized by this section through the Commodity Credit Corporation.

"(k) The provisions of section 8(g) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(g)) (relating to assignment of payments) shall apply to payments under this section.

"(l) The Secretary shall provide for the sharing of payments made under this section for any farm among the producers on the farm on a fair and equitable basis.

"(m) The Secretary shall provide adequate safeguards to protect the interests of tenants and sharecroppers.

"(n)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, except as provided in paragraph (2), compliance on a farm with the terms and conditions of any other commodity program may not be required as a condition of eligibility for loans, purchases, or payments under this section.

Prohibition.

"(2) The Secretary may require that, as a condition of eligibility of producers on a farm for loans, purchases, or payments under this section, the acreage planted for harvest on the farm to any other commodity for which an acreage limitation program is in effect shall not exceed the crop acreage base established for the farm for that commodity.

Prohibition.

"(3) The Secretary may not require producers on a farm, as a condition of eligibility for loans, purchases, or payments under this section for such farm, to comply with the terms and conditions of the rice program with respect to any other farm operated by such producers.".

MARKETING LOAN FOR THE 1985 CROP OF RICE

SEC. 602. Effective for the 1985 crop of rice, section 101(i)(1) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1441(i)(1)) is amended—

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(1) by inserting "(A)" after the paragraph designation; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraphs:

"(B)(i) Beginning April 15, 1986, the Secretary shall permit an eligible producer to repay a loan made under subparagraph (A) with respect to the 1985 crop at a level that is the lesser of—

"(I) the loan level determined for such crop; or

"(II) the prevailing world market price for rice, as determined by the Secretary.

Regulations.

"(ii) The Secretary shall prescribe by regulation—

"(I) a formula to define the prevailing world market price for rice; and

"(II) a mechanism by which the Secretary shall announce periodically the prevailing world market price for rice.

"(iii) To be eligible to repay a loan in accordance with clause (i), a producer must have a loan made under subparagraph (A) outstanding on April 15, 1986.

"(iv) A loan made under this subsection shall have a term of not more than 9 months beginning after the month in which the application for the loan is made. The Secretary may extend the maturity date of loans made for the 1985 crop of rice as necessary to permit the orderly marketing of such rice.

"(v) As a condition to permitting a producer to repay a loan as provided in this subparagraph, the Secretary may require a producer to purchase negotiable marketing certificates equal in value to an amount that does not exceed the difference, as determined by the Secretary, between the amount of the loan obtained by the producer and the amount of the loan repayment. Such certificates shall be negotiable.

"(vi) Such certificates shall be redeemable for rice owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation valued at the prevailing market price, as determined by the Secretary. If such rice is not available in the State in which the rice pledged as collateral for the loan was produced or at such other location outside of such State as may be approved by the owner of such certificate, such certificate shall be redeemable in cash.

Regulations.

"(vii) The Commodity Credit Corporation, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, shall assist any person receiving marketing certificates under this subparagraph in the redemption or marketing of such certificates. Insofar as practicable, the Secretary shall permit an owner of a certificate to designate the storage facility at which such owner would prefer to receive rice in exchange for such certificate.

"(viii) If any such certificate is not presented for redemption or marketing within a reasonable number of days after issuance, as determined by the Secretary, reasonable costs of storage and other carrying charges, as determined by the Secretary, shall be deducted from the value of the certificate for the period beginning after such reasonable number of days and ending with the date of the presentation of such certificate to the Commodity Credit Corporation.

"(C)(i) Beginning April 15, 1986, the Secretary shall, for the 1985 crop of rice, make payments available to—

"(I) producers who have produced rice, and although eligible to obtain a loan or purchase agreement under this subsection did not obtain such loan or agreement, and have not sold or delivered such rice under a sales contract; and Contracts.

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"(II) producers who have produced rice that is not eligible to be placed under loan and have not sold or delivered such rice under a sales contract. Contracts.

"(ii) A payment under this subparagraph shall be computed by multiplying—

"(I) the loan payment rate; by

"(II) the quantity of rice the producer has not sold or delivered under a sales contract. Contracts.

"(iii) For purposes of this subparagraph, the loan payment rate shall be the amount by which—

"(I) the loan level determined for the 1985 crop; exceeds

"(II) the level at which a loan may be repaid under subparagraph (B).

"(iv) The Secretary may make all or part of a payment under this subparagraph in the form of negotiable marketing certificates, subject to the terms and conditions provided in subparagraph (B).

"(D) The payment limitation provided in section 1101 of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 1308) shall not apply to— Prohibition.

"(i) any gain realized by a producer from repaying a loan for the 1985 crop of rice at the rate permitted under subparagraph (B); or

"(ii) any payment received for a crop of rice under subparagraph (C).".

MARKETING CERTIFICATES

SEC. 603. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, whenever, during the period beginning August 1, 1986, and ending July 31, 1991, the world price for a class of rice (adjusted to United States qualities and location), as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture, is below the current loan repayment rate for that class of rice, to make United States rice competitive in world markets and to maintain and expand exports of rice produced in the United States, the Commodity Credit Corporation, under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, shall make payments, through the issuance of negotiable marketing certificates, to persons who have entered into an agreement with the Commodity Credit Corporation to participate in the program established under this section. Such payments shall be made in such monetary amounts and subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary determines will make rice produced in the United States available at competitive prices consistent with the purposes of this section, including such payments as may be necessary to make rice in inventory on August 1, 1986, available on the same basis. 7 USC 1441-1a.

(b) The value of each certificate issued under subsection (a) shall be based on the difference between—

(1) the loan repayment rate for the class of rice; and

(2) the prevailing world market price for the class of rice, as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture under a published formula submitted for public comment before its adoption.

(c) The Commodity Credit Corporation, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Agriculture, may assist any person receiving marketing certificates under this section in the redemption of certificates for cash, or marketing or exchange of such certificates for (1) rice owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation or (2) (if the Secretary and the person agree) other agricultural commodities or the products thereof owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation, at such times, in such manner, and at such price Regulations. Prohibition.

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levels as the Secretary determines will best effectuate the purposes of the program established under this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any price restrictions that may otherwise apply to the disposition of agricultural commodities by the Commodity Credit Corporation shall not apply to the redemption of certificates under this section.

(d) Insofar as practicable, the Secretary shall permit owners of certificates to designate the commodities and the products thereof, including storage sites thereof, such owners would prefer to receive in exchange for certificates. If any certificate is not presented for redemption, marketing, or exchange within a reasonable number of days after the issuance of such certificate (as determined by the Secretary), reasonable costs of storage and other carrying charges, as determined by the Secretary, shall be deducted from the value of the certificate for the period beginning after such reasonable number of days and ending with the date of the presentation of such certificate to the Commodity Credit Corporation.

(e) The Secretary of Agriculture shall take such measures as may be necessary to prevent the marketing or exchange of agricultural commodities and the products thereof for certificates under this section from adversely affecting the income of producers of such commodities or products.

Regulations.

(f) Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Agriculture, certificates issued to rice exporters under this section may be transferred to other exporters and persons approved by the Secretary.

TITLE VII—PEANUTS

SUSPENSION OF MARKETING QUOTAS AND ACREAGE ALLOTMENTS

Prohibition.

SEC. 701. The following provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 shall not be applicable to the 1986 through 1990 crops of peanuts:

Ante, p. 818.
7 USC 1358 note.

(1) Subsections (a) through (j) of section 358 (7 U.S.C. 1358(a)–(j)).

7 USC 1358a note.

(2) Subsections (a) through (h) of section 358a (7 U.S.C. 1358a(a)–(h)).

7 USC 1359 note.

(3) Subsections (a), (b), (d), and (e) of section 359 (7 U.S.C. 1359 (a), (b), (d), (e)).

7 USC note prec. 1361.

(4) Part I of subtitle C of title III (7 U.S.C. 1361 et seq.).

7 USC 1371 note.

(5) Section 371 (7 U.S.C. 1371).

NATIONAL POUNDAGE QUOTA AND FARM POUNDAGE QUOTA

Prohibition.
Ante, p. 818.

SEC. 702. Effective only for the 1986 through 1990 crops of peanuts, section 358 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1358) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(q)(1) The national poundage quota for peanuts for each of the 1986 through 1990 marketing years shall be established by the Secretary at a level that is equal to the quantity of peanuts (in tons) that the Secretary estimates will be devoted in each such marketing year to domestic edible, seed, and related uses, except that the national poundage quota for any such marketing year shall not be less than 1,100,000 tons.

"(2) The national poundage quota for a marketing year shall be announced by the Secretary not later than December 15 preceding such marketing year.

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"(r) The national poundage quota established under subsection (q) shall be apportioned among the States so that the poundage quota allocated to each State shall be equal to the percentage of the national poundage quota allocated to farms in the State for 1985.

"(s)(1)(A) A farm poundage quota for each of the 1986 through 1990 marketing years shall be established—

"(i) for each farm that had a farm poundage quota for peanuts for the 1985 marketing year; and "(ii) if the poundage quota apportioned to a State under subsection (r) for any such marketing year is larger than such quota for the immediately preceding marketing year, for each other farm on which peanuts were produced for marketing in at least 2 of the 3 immediately preceding crop years, as determined by the Secretary.

"(B) The farm poundage quota for each of the 1986 through 1990 marketing years for each farm described in subparagraph (A)(i) of the preceding sentence shall be the same as the farm poundage quota for such farm for the immediately preceding marketing year, as adjusted under paragraph (2), but not including—

"(i) any increases for undermarketings from previous years; or

"(ii) any increases resulting from the allocation of quotas voluntarily released for 1 year under paragraph (7).

The farm poundage quota, if any, for each of the 1986 through 1990 marketing years for each farm described in subparagraph (A)(ii) shall be equal to the quantity of peanuts allocated to such farm for such year under paragraph (2).

"(C) For purposes of this paragraph, if the farm poundage quota, or any part thereof, is permanently transferred in accordance with section 358a, the receiving farm shall be considered as possessing the farm poundage quotas (or portion thereof) of the transferring farm for all subsequent marketing years.

Post, p. 1434.

"(2)(A) If the poundage quota apportioned to a State under subsection (r) for any of the 1986 through 1990 marketing years is increased over the poundage quota apportioned to the State for the immediately preceding marketing year, such increase shall be allocated equally among—

"(i) all farms in the State for each of which a farm poundage quota was established for the marketing year immediately preceding the marketing year for which the allocation is being made; and

"(ii) all other farms in the State on each of which peanuts were produced in at least 2 of the 3 immediately preceding crop years, as determined by the Secretary.

"(B) If the poundage quota apportioned to a State under subsection (r) for any of the 1987 through 1990 marketing years is decreased from the poundage quota apportioned to the State under such subsection for the immediately preceding marketing year, such decrease shall be allocated among all the farms in the State for each of which a farm poundage quota was established for the marketing year immediately preceding the marketing year for which the allocation is being made.

Regulation.

"(3)(A) Insofar as practicable and on such fair and equitable basis as the Secretary may by regulation prescribe, the farm poundage quota established for a farm for any of the 1986 through 1990 marketing years shall be reduced to the extent that the Secretary determines that the farm poundage quota established for the farm for any 2 of the 3 marketing years preceding the marketing year for which the determination is being made was not produced, or considered produced, on the farm.

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Prohibition.

"(B) For the purposes of this paragraph, the farm poundage quota for any such preceding marketing year shall not include—

"(i) any increases for undermarketing of quota peanuts from previous years; or

"(ii) any increase resulting from the allocation of quotas voluntarily released for one year under paragraph (7).

"(4) For purposes of this subsection, the farm poundage quota shall be considered produced on a farm if—

"(A) the farm poundage quota was not produced on the farm because of drought, flood, or any other natural disaster, or any other condition beyond the control of the producer, as determined by the Secretary; or

"(B) the farm poundage quota for the farm was released voluntarily under paragraph (7) for only 1 of the 3 marketing years immediately preceding the marketing year for which the determination is being made.

"(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law—

"(A) the farm poundage quota established for a farm under this subsection, or any part of such quota, may be permanently released by the owner of the farm, or the operator with the permission of the owner; and

"(B) the poundage quota for the farm for which such quota is released shall be adjusted downward to reflect the quota that is so released.

"(6)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the total amount of the farm poundage quotas reduced or voluntarily released from farms in a State for any marketing year under paragraphs (3) and (5) shall be allocated, as the Secretary may by regulation prescribe, to other farms in the State on which peanuts were produced in at least 2 of the 3 crop years immediately preceding the year for which such allocation is being made.

"(B) Not less than 25 percent of such total amount of farm poundage quota in the State shall be allocated to farms for which no farm poundage quota was established for the immediately preceding year's crop.

Regulation.

"(7)(A) The farm poundage quota, or any portion thereof, established for a farm for a marketing year may be voluntarily released to the Secretary to the extent that such quota, or any part thereof, will not be produced on the farm for the marketing year. Any farm poundage quota so released in a State shall be allocated to other farms in the State on such basis as the Secretary may by regulation prescribe.

Prohibition.

"(B) Any adjustment in the farm poundage quota for a farm under subparagraph (A) shall be effective only for the marketing year for which it is made and shall not be taken into consideration in establishing a farm poundage quota for the farm from which such quota was released for any subsequent marketing year.

"(8)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the farm poundage quota for a farm for any marketing year shall be increased by the number of pounds by which the total marketings of quota peanuts from the farm during previous marketing years (excluding any marketing year before the marketing year for the 1984 crop) were

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less than the total amount of applicable farm poundage quotas (disregarding adjustments for undermarketings from previous marketing years) for such marketing years.

Prohibition.

"(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), no increase for undermarketings in previous marketing years shall be made to the poundage quota for any farm to the extent that the poundage quota for such farm for the marketing year was reduced under paragraph (3) for failure to produce.

Prohibition.

"(C) Any increases in farm poundage quotas under this paragraph shall not be counted against the national poundage quota for the marketing year involved.

Regulations.

"(D) Any increase in the farm poundage quota for a farm for a marketing year under this paragraph may be used during the marketing year by the transfer of additional peanuts produced on the farm to the quota loan pool for pricing purposes on such basis as the Secretary shall by regulation prescribe.

"(9) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subsection, if the total of all increases in individual farm poundage quotas under paragraph (8) exceeds 10 percent of the national poundage quota for the marketing year in which such increases shall be applicable, the Secretary shall adjust such increases so that the total of all such increases does not exceed 10 percent of the national poundage quota.

"(t)(1) For each farm for which a farm poundage quota is established under subsection (s), and when necessary for purposes of this Act, a farm yield of peanuts shall be determined for each such farm.

"(2) Such yield shall be equal to the average of the actual yield per acre on the farm for each of the 3 crop years in which yields were highest on the farm out of the 5 crop years 1973 through 1977.

"(3) If peanuts were not produced on the farm in at least 3 years during such 5-year period or there was a substantial change in the operation of the farm during such period (including, but not limited to, a change in operator, lessee who is an operator, or irrigation practices), the Secretary shall have a yield appraised for the farm. The appraised yield shall be that amount determined to be fair and reasonable on the basis of yields established for similar farms that are located in the area of the farm and on which peanuts were produced, taking into consideration land, labor, and equipment available for the production of peanuts, crop rotation practices, soil and water, and other relevant factors.

"(u)(1) Not later than December 15 of each calendar year, the Secretary shall conduct a referendum of producers engaged in the production of quota peanuts in the calendar year in which the referendum is held to determine whether such producers are in favor of or opposed to poundage quotas with respect to the crops of peanuts produced in the five calendar years immediately following the year in which the referendum is held, except that, if as many as two-thirds of the producers voting in any referendum vote in favor of poundage quotas, no referendum shall be held with respect to quotas for the second, third, fourth, and fifth years of the period. Prohibition.

"(2) The Secretary shall proclaim the result of the referendum within 30 days after the date on which it is held.

"(3) If more than one-third of the producers voting in the referendum vote against quotas, the Secretary also shall proclaim that poundage quotas will not be in effect with respect to the crop of peanuts produced in the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the referendum is held.

"(v) For the purposes of this part and title I of the Agricultural Act of 1949: 7 USC 1421 note.

99 STAT. 1434

"(1) The term 'additional peanuts' means, for any marketing year—

"(A) any peanuts that are marketed from a farm for which a farm poundage quota has been established and that are in excess of the marketings of quota peanuts from such farm for such year; and

"(B) all peanuts marketed from a farm for which no farm poundage quota has been established in accordance with subsection (s).

"(2) The term 'crushing' means the processing of peanuts to extract oil for food uses and meal for feed uses, or the processing of peanuts by crushing or otherwise when authorized by the Secretary.

"(3) The term 'domestic edible use' means use for milling to produce domestic food peanuts (other than those described in paragraph (2)) and seed and use on a farm, except that the Secretary may exempt from this definition seeds of peanuts that are used to produce peanuts excluded under section 359(c), are unique strains, and are not commercially available. 7 USC 1359.

"(4) The term 'quota peanuts' means, for any marketing year, any peanuts produced on a farm having a farm poundage quota, as determined in subsection (s), that—

"(A) are eligible for domestic edible use as determined by the Secretary;

"(B) are marketed or considered marketed from a farm; and

"(C) do not exceed the farm poundage quota of such farm for such year.".

SALE, LEASE, OR TRANSFER OF FARM POUNDAGE QUOTA

SEC. 703. Effective only for the 1986 through 1990 crops of peanuts, section 358a of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1358a) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(k)(1) Subject to such terms, conditions, or limitations as the Secretary may prescribe, the owner, or the operator with permission of the owner, of any farm for which a farm poundage quota has been established under this Act may sell or lease all or any part of such poundage quota to any other owner or operator of a farm within the same county for transfer to such farm, except that any such lease of poundage quota may be entered into in the fall or after the normal planting season but only—

"(A) if the quota has been planted on the farm from which the quota is to be leased; and

Regulations. "(B) under such terms and conditions as the Secretary may by regulation prescribe.

"(2) The owner or operator of a farm may transfer all or any part of the farm poundage quota for such farm to any other farm owned or controlled by such owner or operator that is in the same county or in a county contiguous to such county in the same State and that had a farm poundage quota for the preceding year's crop.

"(3) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2), in the case of any State for which the poundage quota allocated to the State was less than 10,000 tons for the preceding year's crop, all or any part of a farm poundage quota may be transferred by sale or lease or otherwise from a farm in one county to a farm in another county in the same State.

Prohibitions. "(l) Transfers (including transfer by sale or lease) of farm poundage quotas under this section shall be subject to all of the following conditions:

"(1) No transfer of the farm poundage quota from a farm subject to a mortgage or other lien shall be permitted unless the transfer is agreed to by the lienholders.

"(2) No transfer of the farm poundage quota shall be permitted if the county committee established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act determines that the receiving farm does not have adequate tillable cropland to produce the farm poundage quota. 16 USC 590h.

"(3) No transfer of the farm poundage quota shall be effective until a record thereof is filed with the county committee of the county to which such transfer is made and such committee determines that the transfer complies with this section.

Regulations. "(4) Such other terms and conditions that the Secretary may by regulation prescribe.".

MARKETING PENALTIES; DISPOSITION OF ADDITIONAL PEANUTS

SEC. 704. Effective only for the 1986 through 1990 crops of peanuts, section 359 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1359) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(m)(1)(A) The marketing of any peanuts for domestic edible use in excess of the farm poundage quota for the farm on which such peanuts are produced shall be subject to penalty at a rate equal to 140 percent of the support price for quota peanuts for the marketing year in which such marketing occurs.

"(B) For purposes of this section, the marketing year for peanuts shall be the 12-month period beginning August 1 and ending July 31.

Regulations. "(C) The marketing of any additional peanuts from a farm shall be subject to the same penalty unless such peanuts, in accordance with regulations established by the Secretary, are—

"(i) placed under loan at the additional loan rate in effect for such peanuts under section 108B of the Agricultural Act of 1949 and not redeemed by the producers; *Post*, p. 1439.

"(ii) marketed through an area marketing association designated pursuant to section 108B(3)(A) of the Agricultural Act of 1949; or

Contracts. "(iii) marketed under contracts between handlers and producers pursuant to subsection (q).

"(2) Such penalty shall be paid by the person who buys or otherwise acquires the peanuts from the producer or, if the peanuts are marketed by the producer through an agent, the penalty shall be paid by such agent. Such person or agent may deduct an amount equivalent to the penalty from the price paid to the producer.

"(3) If the person required to collect the penalty fails to collect such penalty, such person and all persons entitled to share in the peanuts marketed from the farm or the proceeds thereof shall be jointly and severally liable for the amount of the penalty.

"(4) Peanuts produced in a calendar year in which farm poundage quotas are in effect for the marketing year beginning therein shall be subject to such quotas even though the peanuts are marketed prior to the date on which such marketing year begins.

99 STAT. 1436

Ante, p. 1430.

"(5) If any producer falsely identifies or fails to certify planted acres or fails to account for the disposition of any peanuts produced on such planted acres, an amount of peanuts equal to the farm's average yield, as determined under section 358(t), times the planted acres, shall be deemed to have been marketed in violation of permissible uses of quota and additional peanuts. Any penalty payable under this paragraph shall be paid and remitted by the producer.

Regulations.

16 USC 590h.

"(6) The Secretary shall authorize, under such regulations as the Secretary shall issue, the county committees established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act to waive or reduce marketing penalties provided for under this subsection in cases in which such committees determine that the violations that were the basis of the penalties were unintentional or without knowledge on the part of the parties concerned.

Prohibition.

"(7) Errors in weight that do not exceed one-tenth of 1 percent in the case of any one marketing document shall not be considered to be marketing violations except in cases of fraud or conspiracy.

"(n)(1) Only quota peanuts may be retained for use as seed or for other uses on a farm. When so retained, quota peanuts shall be considered as marketings of quota peanuts, except that the Secretary may exempt from consideration as marketings of quota peanuts seeds of peanuts that are used to produce peanuts excluded under subsection (c), are unique strains, and are not commercially available.

Prohibition.

"(2) Additional peanuts shall not be retained for use on a farm and shall not be marketed for domestic edible use, except as provided in subsection (r).

"(3) Seed for planting of any peanut acreage in the United States shall be obtained solely from quota peanuts marketed or considered marketed for domestic edible use.

"(o) On a finding by the Secretary that the peanuts marketed from any crop for domestic edible use by a handler are larger in quantity or higher in grade or quality than the peanuts that could reasonably be produced from the quantity of peanuts having the grade, kernel content, and quality of the quota peanuts acquired by such handler from such crop for such marketing, such handler shall be subject to a penalty equal to 140 percent of the loan level for quota peanuts on the quantity of peanuts that the Secretary determines are in excess of the quantity, grade, or quality of the peanuts that could reasonably have been produced from the peanuts so acquired.

"(p)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Secretary shall require that the handling and disposal of additional peanuts be supervised by agents of the Secretary or by area marketing associations designated pursuant to section 108B(3)(A) of the Agricultural Act of 1949.

Post, p. 1439.

Prohibition.
Regulations.

"(2)(A) Supervision of the handling and disposal of additional peanuts by a handler shall not be required under paragraph (1) if the handler agrees in writing, prior to any handling or disposal of such peanuts, to comply with regulations that the Secretary shall issue.

Regulations.

"(B) The regulations issued by the Secretary under subparagraph (A) shall include, but need not be limited to, the following provisions:

"(i) Handlers of shelled or milled peanuts may export peanuts classified by type in all of the following quantities (less such reasonable allowance for shrinkage as the Secretary may prescribe):

"(I) Sound split kernel peanuts in an amount equal to twice the poundage of such peanuts purchased by the handler as additional peanuts.

"(II) Sound mature kernel peanuts in an amount equal to the poundage of such peanuts purchased by the handler as additional peanuts less the amount of sound split kernel peanuts purchased by the handler as additional peanuts.

"(III) The remaining quantity of total kernel content of peanuts purchased by the handler as additional peanuts and not crushed domestically.

"(ii) Handlers shall ensure that any additional peanuts exported are evidenced by onboard bills of lading, other appropriate documentation as may be required by the Secretary, or both.

"(iii) If a handler suffers a loss of peanuts as a result of fire, flood, or any other condition beyond the control of the handler, the portion of such loss allocated to contracted additional peanuts shall not be greater than the portion of the handler's total peanut purchases for the year attributable to contracted additional peanuts purchased for export by the handler during such year.

"(3) A handler shall submit to the Secretary adequate financial guarantees, as well as evidence of adequate facilities and assets, to ensure the handler's compliance with the obligation to export peanuts.

Regulations.

"(4) Quota and additional peanuts of like type and segregation or quality may, under regulations issued by the Secretary, be commingled and exchanged on a dollar value basis to facilitate warehousing, handling, and marketing.

Regulations.

"(5)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the failure by a handler to comply with regulations issued by the Secretary governing the disposition and handling of additional peanuts shall subject the handler to a penalty at a rate equal to 140 percent of the loan level for quota peanuts on the quantity of peanuts involved in the violation.

Prohibition.

"(B) A handler shall not be subject to a penalty for failure to export additional peanuts if such peanuts were not delivered to the handler.

"(6) If any additional peanuts exported by a handler are reentered into the United States in commercial quantities as determined by the Secretary, the importer thereof shall be subject to a penalty at a rate equal to 140 percent of the loan level for quota peanuts on the quantity of peanuts reentered.

Regulations.
Contracts.

"(q)(1) Handlers may, under such regulations as the Secretary may issue, contract with producers for the purchase of additional peanuts for crushing, export, or both.

"(2) Any such contract shall be completed and submitted to the Secretary (or if designated by the Secretary, the area marketing association) for approval before August 1 of the year in which the crop is produced.

Contracts.

"(3) Each such contract shall contain the final price to be paid by the handler for the peanuts involved and a specific prohibition against the disposition of such peanuts for domestic edible or seed use.

7 USC 1427.
Regulations.

"(r)(1) Subject to section 407 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, any peanuts owned or controlled by the Commodity Credit Corporation may be made available for domestic edible use, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary, so long as doing so does not result in substantially increased cost to the Commodity Credit Corporation. Additional peanuts received under loan shall be offered for sale for domestic edible use at prices not less than those required to cover all costs incurred with respect to such peanuts for such items as inspection, warehousing, shrinkage, and other expenses, plus—

99 STAT. 1438

"(A) not less than 100 percent of the loan value of quota peanuts if the additional peanuts are sold and paid for during the harvest season on delivery by and with the written consent of the producer;

"(B) not less than 105 percent of the loan value of quota peanuts if the additional peanuts are sold after delivery by the producer but not later than December 31 of the marketing year; or

"(C) not less than 107 percent of the loan value of quota peanuts if the additional peanuts are sold later than December 31 of the marketing year.

"(2)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), for the period from the date additional peanuts are delivered for loan to March 1 of the calendar year following the year in which such additional peanuts were harvested, the area marketing association designated pursuant to section 108B(3)(A) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 shall have sole authority to accept or reject lot list bids when the sales price, as determined under this subsection, equals or exceeds the minimum price at which the Commodity Credit Corporation may sell its stocks of additional peanuts.

Post, p. 1439

"(B) The area marketing association and the Commodity Credit Corporation may agree to modify the authority granted by subparagraph (A) to facilitate the orderly marketing of additional peanuts.

"(s)(1) The person liable for payment or collection of any penalty provided for in this section shall be liable also for interest thereon at a rate per annum equal to the rate per annum of interest that was charged the Commodity Credit Corporation by the Treasury of the United States on the date such penalty became due.

"(2) This section shall not apply to peanuts produced on any farm on which the acreage harvested for nuts is one acre or less if the producers who share in the peanuts produced on such farm do not share in the peanuts produced on any other farm.

Prohibition.

"(3) Until the amount of the penalty provided by this section is paid, a lien on the crop of peanuts with respect to which such penalty is incurred, and on any subsequent crop of peanuts subject to farm poundage quotas in which the person liable for payment of the penalty has an interest, shall be in effect in favor of the United States.

"(4)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the liability for and the amount of any penalty assessed under this section shall be determined in accordance with such procedures as the Secretary by regulation may prescribe. The facts constituting the basis for determining the liability for or amount of any penalty assessed under this section, when officially determined in conformity with the applicable regulations prescribed by the Secretary, shall be final and conclusive and shall not be reviewable by any other officer or agency of the Government.

Regulations.
Prohibition.

"(B) Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting any court of competent jurisdiction from reviewing any determination made by the Secretary with respect to whether such determination was made in conformity with the applicable law and regulations.

Prohibition.

99 STAT. 1439

"(C) All penalties imposed under this section shall for all purposes be considered civil penalties.

"(5)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and except as provided in subparagraph (B), the Secretary may reduce the amount of any penalty assessed against handlers under this section if the Secretary finds that the violation on which the penalty is based was minor or inadvertent, and that the reduction of the penalty will not impair the operation of the peanut program.

Contracts.
Prohibition.

"(B) The amount of any penalty imposed on a handler under this section that resulted from the failure to export contracted additional peanuts may not be reduced by the Secretary.".

PRICE SUPPORT PROGRAM

SEC. 705. Effective only for the 1986 through 1990 crops of peanuts, the Agricultural Act of 1949 is amended by adding after section 108A the following:

"PRICE SUPPORT FOR 1986 THROUGH 1990 CROPS OF PEANUTS

7 USC 1445c-2.

"SEC. 108B. Notwithstanding any other provision of law:

"(1)(A) The Secretary shall make price support available to producers through loans, purchases, and other operations on quota peanuts for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops.

"(B)(i) The national average quota support rate for the 1986 crop of quota peanuts shall be equal to the national average support rate established for the 1985 crop of quota peanuts, adjusted by the Secretary by a percentage equal to the percentage of any increase in the prices paid by producers for commodities and services, interest, taxes, and wage rates during the period beginning with calendar year 1981 and ending with calendar year 1985, as determined by the Secretary.

Prohibition.

"(ii) The national average quota support rate for each of the 1987 through 1990 crops of quota peanuts shall be the national average quota support rate for the immediately preceding crop, adjusted to reflect any increase, during the calendar year immediately preceding the marketing year for the crop for which a level of support is being determined, in the national average cost of peanut production, excluding any change in the cost of land, except that in no event shall the national average quota support rate for any such crop exceed by more than 6 percent the national average quota support rate for the preceding crop.

Prohibition.

"(C) The levels of support so announced shall not be reduced by any deductions for inspection, handling, or storage.

7 USC 1423.

"(D) The Secretary may make adjustments for location of peanuts and such other factors as are authorized by section 403.

"(E) The Secretary shall announce the level of support for quota peanuts of each crop not later than February 15 preceding the marketing year for the crop for which the level of support is being determined.

"(2)(A) The Secretary shall make price support available to producers through loans, purchases, or other operations on additional peanuts for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops at such levels as the Secretary finds appropriate, taking into consideration the demand for peanut oil and peanut meal, expected prices of other vegetable oils and protein meals, and the demand for peanuts in foreign markets, except that the Secretary shall set the support rate on additional peanuts at a level estimated by the Secretary to ensure that there are no losses to the Commodity Credit Corporation on the sale or disposal of such peanuts.

99 STAT. 1440

"(B) The Secretary shall announce the level of support for additional peanuts of each crop not later than February 15 preceding the marketing year for the crop for which the level of support is being determined.

"(3)(A)(i) In carrying out paragraphs (1) and (2), the Secretary shall make warehouse storage loans available in each of the three producing areas (described in section 1446.60 of title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (January 1, 1985)) to a designated area marketing association of peanut producers that is selected and approved by the Secretary and that is operated primarily for the purpose of conducting such loan activities. The Secretary may not make warehouse storage loans available to any cooperative that is engaged in operations or activities concerning peanuts other than those operations and activities specified in this section and section 359 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938.

Ante, p. 1435.

"(ii) Such area marketing associations shall be used in administrative and supervisory activities relating to price support and marketing activities under this section and section 359 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938.

"(iii) Loans made under this subparagraph shall include, in addition to the price support value of the peanuts, such costs as the area marketing association reasonably may incur in carrying out its responsibilities, operations, and activities under this section and section 359 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938.

"(B)(i) The Secretary shall require that each area marketing association establish pools and maintain complete and accurate records by area and segregation for quota peanuts handled under loan and for additional peanuts placed under loan, except that separate pools shall be established for Valencia peanuts produced in New Mexico. Bright hull and dark hull Valencia peanuts shall be considered as separate types for the purpose of establishing such pools.

New Mexico.

"(ii) Net gains on peanuts in each pool, unless otherwise approved by the Secretary, shall be distributed only to producers who placed peanuts in the pool and shall be distributed in proportion to the value of the peanuts placed in the pool by each producer. Net gains for peanuts in each pool shall consist of the following:

"(I) For quota peanuts, the net gains over and above the loan indebtedness and other costs or losses incurred on peanuts placed in such pool plus an amount from the pool for additional peanuts, to the extent of the net gains from the sale for domestic food and related uses of additional peanuts in the pool for additional peanuts equal to any loss on disposition of all peanuts in the pool for quota peanuts.

"(II) For additional peanuts, the net gains over and above the loan indebtedness and other costs or losses incurred on peanuts placed in the pool for additional peanuts less any amount allocated to offset any loss on the pool for quota peanuts as provided in subclause (I).

"(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section:

99 STAT. 1441

"(A) Any distribution of net gains on additional peanuts shall be first reduced to the extent of any loss by the Commodity Credit Corporation on quota peanuts placed under loan.

"(B)(i) The proceeds due any producer from any pool shall be reduced by the amount of any loss that is incurred with respect to peanuts transferred from an additional loan pool to a quota loan pool under section 358(s)(8) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938.

Ante, p. 1430.

New Mexico.
Regulations.

"(ii) Losses in area quota pools, other than losses incurred as a result of transfers from additional loan pools to quota loan pools under section 358(s)(8) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, shall be offset by any gains or profits from pools in other production areas (other than separate type pools established under paragraph (3)(B)(i) for Valencia peanuts produced in New Mexico) in such manner as the Secretary shall by regulation prescribe.

"(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no price support may be made available by the Secretary for any crop of peanuts with respect to which poundage quotas have been disapproved by producers, as provided for in section 358(u) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938.".

Prohibition.

REPORTS AND RECORDS

SEC. 706. Effective only for the 1986 through 1990 crops of peanuts, the first sentence of section 373(a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1373(a)) is amended by inserting before "all brokers and dealers in peanuts" the following: "all producers engaged in the production of peanuts,".

SUSPENSION OF CERTAIN PRICE SUPPORT PROVISIONS

Prohibition.
7 USC 1441 note.

SEC. 707. Section 101 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1441) shall not be applicable to the 1986 through 1990 crops of peanuts.

TITLE VIII—SOYBEANS

SOYBEAN PRICE SUPPORT

SEC. 801. Effective only for the 1986 through 1990 crops of soybeans, section 201 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446) is amended by—

(1) inserting "soybeans," after "tung nuts," in the first sentence; and

Loans.

(2) adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(i)(1)(A) The Secretary shall support the price of soybeans through loans and purchases in each of the 1986 through 1990 marketing years as provided in this subsection.

"(B) The support price for the 1986 and 1987 crops of soybeans shall be $5.02 per bushel.

Prohibition.

"(C) The support price for each of the 1988 through 1990 crops of soybeans shall be established at a level equal to 75 percent of the simple average price received by producers for soybeans in the preceding 5 marketing years, excluding the year in which the average price was the highest and the year in which the average price was the lowest in such period, except that the level of price support may not be reduced by more than 5 percent in any year and in no event below $4.50 per bushel.

99 STAT. 1442

Loans.
Prohibition.

"(2) If the Secretary determines that the level of loans or purchases computed for a marketing year under paragraph (1) would discourage the exportation of soybeans and cause excessive stocks of soybeans in the United States, the Secretary may reduce the level of loans and purchases for soybeans for the marketing year by the amount the Secretary determines necessary to maintain domestic and export markets for soybeans, except that the level of loans and purchases may not be reduced by more than 5 percent in any year and in no event below $4.50 per bushel. Any reduction in the loan and purchase level for soybeans under this paragraph shall not be considered in determining the loan and purchase level for soybeans for subsequent years.

Loans.

"(3)(A) If the Secretary determines that such action will assist in maintaining the competitive relationship of soybeans in domestic and export markets after taking into consideration the cost of producing soybeans, supply and demand conditions, and world prices for soybeans, the Secretary may permit a producer to repay a loan made under this subsection for a crop at a level that is the lesser of—

"(i) the loan level determined for such crop; or

"(ii) the prevailing world market price for soybeans, as determined by the Secretary.

Regulations.

"(B) If the Secretary makes the determination described in subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall prescribe by regulation—

"(i) a formula to define the prevailing world market price for soybeans; and

"(ii) a mechanism by which the Secretary shall periodically announce the prevailing world market price for soybeans.

"(4) For purposes of this subsection, the soybean marketing year is the 12-month period beginning on September 1 and ending on August 31.

"(5)(A) The Secretary shall make a preliminary announcement of the level of price support for soybeans for a marketing year not earlier than 30 days before the beginning of the marketing year. The announced level shall be based on the latest information and statistics available at the time of the announcement.

"(B) The Secretary shall make a final announcement of such level as soon as complete information and statistics are available on prices for the 5 years preceding the beginning of the marketing year. Such final level of support may not be announced later than October 1 of the marketing year with respect to which the announcement is made. The final level of support may not be less than the level of support provided for in the preliminary announcement.

Prohibition.

"(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of law—

"(A) the Secretary shall not require participation in any production adjustment program for soybeans or any other commodity as a condition of eligibility for price support for soybeans;

Prohibition.

"(B) the Secretary shall not permit the planting of soybeans for harvest on reduced acreage or acreage set aside or diverted from production under any other Federal Government program;

Prohibitions.

"(C) the Secretary may not authorize payments to producers to cover the cost of storing soybeans; and

99 STAT. 1443

"(D) soybeans may not be considered an eligible commodity for any reserve program.".

TITLE IX—SUGAR

SUGAR PRICE SUPPORT

SEC. 901. Effective only for the 1986 through 1990 crops of sugar beets and sugarcane, section 201 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446) (as amended by section 801 of this Act) is further amended by—

(1) striking out "honey, and milk" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "honey, milk, sugar beets, and sugarcane"; and

Honey.
Milk.

(2) adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(j)(1) The price of each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of sugar beets and sugarcane, respectively, shall be supported in accordance with this subsection.

"(2) The Secretary shall support the price of domestically grown sugarcane through nonrecourse loans at such level as the Secretary determines appropriate but not less than 18 cents per pound for raw cane sugar, except that such level may be increased under paragraph (4).

Loans.

"(3) The Secretary shall support the price of domestically grown sugar beets through nonrecourse loans at such level as the Secretary determines is fair and reasonable in relation to the loan level for sugarcane.

"(4)(A) The Secretary may increase the support price for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of domestically grown sugarcane and sugar beets from the price determined for the preceding crop based on such factors as the Secretary determines appropriate, including changes (during the 2 crop years immediately preceding the crop year for which the determination is made) in the cost of sugar products, the cost of domestic sugar production, and other circumstances that may adversely affect domestic sugar production.

"(B) If the Secretary makes a determination not to increase the support price under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall submit a report containing the findings, decision, and supporting data for such determination to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

Loans.

"(5) The Secretary shall announce the loan rate to be applicable during any fiscal year under this subsection as far in advance of the beginning of that fiscal year as is practicable consistent with the purposes of this subsection.

Loans.

"(6) Loans under this subsection during any fiscal year shall be made available not earlier than the beginning of such fiscal year and shall mature before the end of such fiscal year.".

PREVENTION OF SUGAR LOAN FORFEITURES

7 USC 1446 note.

SEC. 902. (a) Beginning with the quota year for sugar imports which begins after the 1985/1986 quota year, the President shall use all authorities available to the President as is necessary to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to operate the sugar program established under section 201 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446) at no cost to the Federal Government by preventing the accumulation of sugar acquired by the Commodity Credit Corporation.

Ante, pp. 1362, 1441, *Supra*.

99 STAT. 1444

President of U.S.

(b) Effective only for the 1985/1986 quota year for sugar imports, the President shall—

(1) modify the 1985/1986 quota year for imports for sugar so that such quota year will end no earlier than December 31, 1986, and rearrange the shipping schedules so that shipments are divided equally throughout the quota year, as extended; or

(2) require that the sugar program be administered in such a manner as will result in the forfeiture of sugar held by the Commodity Credit Corporation as collateral for price support loans in a quantity no greater than the total quantity (determined by the Secretary of Agriculture) that would have been forfeited to the Commodity Credit Corporation had the 1985/1986 quota year been modified as prescribed in clause (1).

Prohibition.
Cuba.

(c) Beginning with the quota year for sugar imports which begins after the 1985/1986 quota year, the President shall not allocate any of the sugar import quota under such provisions to any country that is a net importer of sugar derived from sugarcane or sugar beets unless the appropriate officials of that country verify to the President that that country does not import for reexport to the United States any sugar produced in Cuba.

PROTECTION OF SUGAR PRODUCERS

SEC. 903. (a) Section 401(e) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421(e)) is amended by—

(1) inserting "(1)" after the subsection designation; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

Contracts.

"(2)(A) If the assurances under paragraph (1) are not adequate to cause the producers of sugar beets and sugarcane, because of the bankruptcy or other insolvency of the processor, to receive maximum benefits from the price support program within 30 days after the final settlement date provided for in the contract between such producers and processor, the Secretary, on demand made by such producers and on such assurances as to nonpayment as the Secretary shall require, shall pay such producers such maximum benefits less benefits previously received by such producers.

"(B) On such payment, the Secretary shall—

"(i) be subrogated to all claims of such producers against the processor and other persons responsible for nonpayment; and

"(ii) have authority to pursue such claims as necessary to recover the benefits not paid to the producers.

"(C) The Secretary shall carry out this paragraph through the Commodity Credit Corporation.".

7 USC 1421 note.

(b) The amendments made by this section shall apply to nonpayments occurring after January 1, 1985.

TITLE X—GENERAL COMMODITY PROVISIONS

SUBTITLE A—MISCELLANEOUS COMMODITY PROVISIONS

PAYMENT LIMITATIONS

SEC. 1001. Notwithstanding any other provision of law:

Wheat.
Feed grain.
Cotton.
Rice.
Prohibitions.
7 USC 1308.

99 STAT. 1445

(1) For each of the 1986 through 1990 crops, the total amount of payments (excluding disaster payments) that a person shall be entitled to receive under one or more of the annual programs established under the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.) for wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, extra long staple cotton, and rice may not exceed $50,000.

(2) For each of the 1986 through 1990 crops, the total amount of disaster payments that a person shall be entitled to receive under one or more of the annual programs established under the Agricultural Act of 1949 for wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, and rice may not exceed $100,000.

(3) As used in this section, the term "payments" does not include—

(A) loans or purchases; Loans.

(B) any part of any payment that is determined by the Secretary of Agriculture to represent compensation for resource adjustment (excluding land diversion payments) or public access for recreation;

(C) any gain realized by a producer from repaying a loan for a crop of wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, or rice at the rate permitted under section 107D(a)(5), 105C(a)(4), 103A(a)(5), or 101A(a)(5), respectively, of the Agricultural Act of 1949; Loans. *Ante*, pp. 1383, 1395, 1407, 1419.

(D) any deficiency payment received for a crop of wheat or feed grains under section 107D(c)(1) or 105C(c)(1), respectively, of such Act as the result of a reduction of the loan level for such crop under section 107D(a)(4) or 105C(a)(3) of such Act;

(E) any loan deficiency payment received for a crop of wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, or rice under section 107D(b), 105C(b), 103A(b), or 101A(b), respectively, of such Act; Loans.

(F) any inventory reduction payment received for a crop of wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, or rice under section 107D(g), 105C(g), 103A(g), or 101A(g), respectively, of such Act;

(G) any increased established price payments under section 105C(c)(1)(E) or 107D(c)(1)(E), respectively, of such Act; or

(H) any benefit received as a result of any cost reduction action by the Secretary under section 1009 of this Act.

(4) If the Secretary determines that the total amount of payments that will be earned by any person under the program in effect for any crop will be reduced under this section, any acreage requirement established under a set-aside or acreage limitation program for the farm or farms on which such person will be sharing in payments earned under such program shall be adjusted to such extent and in such manner as the Secretary determines will be fair and reasonable in relation to the amount of the payment reduction.

(5)(A) The Secretary shall issue regulations— Regulations.

(i) defining the term "person"; and

(ii) prescribing such rules as the Secretary determines necessary to assure a fair and reasonable application of the limitation established under this section.

(B) The regulations issued by the Secretary on December 18, 1970, under section 101 of the Agricultural Act of 1970 (7 U.S.C. 1307) shall be used to establish the percentage ownership of a corporation by the stockholders of such corporation for the purpose of determining whether such corporation and stockholders are separate persons under this section. Regulations.

(6) The provisions of this section that limit payments to any person shall not be applicable to lands owned by States, political subdivisions, or agencies thereof, so long as such lands are farmed Prohibition.

99 STAT. 1446 primarily in the direct furtherance of a public function, as determined by the Secretary.

ADVANCE DEFICIENCY AND DIVERSION PAYMENTS

Wheat.
Feed grains.
Cotton.
Rice.

SEC. 1002. Effective only for the 1986 through 1990 crops of wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, and rice, section 107C of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1445b–2) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 107C. (a)(1) If the Secretary establishes an acreage limitation or set-aside program for any of the 1986 through 1990 crops of wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, or rice under this Act and determines that deficiency payments will likely be made for such commodity for such crop, the Secretary—

"(A) shall make advance deficiency payments available to producres who agree to participate in such program for the 1986 crop; and

"(B) may make such payments available to such producers for each of the 1987 through 1990 crops.

"(2) Advance deficiency payments under paragraph (1) shall be made to the producer under the following terms and conditions:

"(A) Such payments may be made available in the form of—

"(i) cash;

"(ii) commodities owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation and negotiable certificates redeemable in a commodity owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation, except that not more than 50 percent of such payments may be made in commodities or such certificates in the case of any producer; or

"(iii) any combination of clauses (i) and (ii).

"(B) If payments are made available to producers as provided for under subparagraph (A)(ii), such producers may elect to receive such payments either in the form of—

"(i) such commodities; or

"(ii) such certificates.

"(C) Such a certificate shall be redeemable for a period not to exceed 3 years from the date such certificate is issued.

"(D) The Commodity Credit Corporation shall pay the cost of storing a commodity that may be received under such a certificate until such time as the certificate is redeemed.

Contracts.

"(E) Such payments shall be made available as soon as practicable after the producer enters into a contract with the Secretary to participate in such program.

"(F) Such payments shall be made available in such amounts as the Secretary determines appropriate to encourage adequate participation in such program, except that such amount may not exceed an amount determined by multiplying—

"(i) the estimated farm program acreage for the crop, by

"(ii) the farm program payment yield for the crop, by

"(iii) 50 percent of the projected payment rate,

as determined by the Secretary.

"(G) If the deficiency payment payable to a producer for a crop, as finally determined by the Secretary under this Act, is less than the amount paid to the producer as an advance deficiency payment for the crop under this subsection, the producer shall refund an amount equal to the difference between the amount advanced and the amount finallly determined by the Secretary to be payable to the producer as a deficiency payment for the crop concerned. 99 STAT. 1447

"(H) If the Secretary determines under this Act that deficiency payments will not be made available to producers on a crop with respect to which advance deficiency payments already have been made under this subsection, the producers who received such advance payments shall refund such payments.

"(I) Any refund required under subparagraph (G) or (H) shall be due at the end of the marketing year for the crop with respect to which such payments were made.

"(J) If a producer fails to comply with requirements established under the acreage limitations or set-aside program involved after obtaining an advance deficiency payment under this subsection, the producer shall repay immediately the amount of the advance, plus interest thereon in such amount as the Secretary shall prescribe by regulation. Regulation.

"(3) The Secretary may issue such regulations as the Secretary determines necessary to carry out this section. Regulations.

"(4) The Secretary shall carry out the program authorized by this section through the Commodity Credit Corporation.

"(5) The authority provided in this section shall be in addition to, and not in place of, any authority granted to the Secretary or the Commodity Credit Corporation under any other provisions of law.

"(b) If the Secretary makes land diversion payments under this Act to assist in adjusting the total national acreage of any of the 1986 through 1990 crops of wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, or rice to desirable levels, the Secretary may make at least 50 percent of such payments available to a producer as soon as possible after the producer agrees to undertake the diversion of land in return for such payments.".

ADVANCE RECOURSE COMMODITY LOANS

SEC. 1003. Effective for the 1986 through 1990 crops, the Agricultural Act of 1949 is amended by inserting after section 423 (7 U.S.C 1433b) the following new section:

"SEC. 424. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Secretary may make advance recourse loans available to producers of the commodities of the 1986 through 1990 crops for which nonrecourse loans are made available under this Act if the Secretary finds that such action is necessary to ensure that adequate operating credit is available to producers. Such recourse loans may be made available under such reasonable terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe, except that the Secretary shall require that a producer obtain crop insurance for the crop as a condition of eligibility for a loan.". 7 USC 1433c.

INTEREST PAYMENT CERTIFICATES

SEC. 1004. Effective only for the 1986 through 1990 crops, section 405 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1425) is amended by—

(1) inserting "(a)" after the section designation; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may provide a negotiable certificate to any producer who repays, together with interest, a price support loan made available to such producer under any of the annual programs, for wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, or rice established under this Act. Loans. Wheat. Feed grain. Cotton. Rice.

99 STAT. 1448

"(2) The amount of such certificates shall be equal to the amount of the interest paid by the producer on such loan. Loans.

"(3) Such certificate shall be redeemable in wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, or rice, as the case may be, owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation.

"(4) The issuance of such certificate shall be subject to the availability of commodities owned by the Corporation.".

PAYMENTS IN COMMODITIES

SEC. 1005. The Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 107D (as added by section 308 of this Act) the following new section:

"SEC. 107E. (a) In making in-kind payments under any of the annual programs for wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, or rice (other than negotiable marketing certificates for upland cotton or rice), the Secretary may— Wheat. Feed grains. Cotton. Rice. 7 USC 1445b-4. Loans.

"(1) acquire and use like commodities that have been pledged to the Commodity Credit Corporation as security for price support loans, including loans made to producers under section 110; and

7 USC 1445e.

"(2) use other like commodities owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation.

"(b) The Secretary may make in-kind payments—

"(1) by delivery of the commodity to the producer at a warehouse or other similar facility, as determined by the Secretary;

"(2) by the transfer of negotiable warehouse receipts;

Regulations.

"(3) by the issuance of negotiable certificates which the Commodity Credit Corporation shall redeem for a commodity in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary; or

"(4) by such other methods as the Secretary determines appropriate to enable the producer to receive payments in an efficient, equitable, and expeditious manner so as to ensure that the producer receives the same total return as if the payments had been made in cash.".

WHEAT AND FEED GRAIN EXPORT CERTIFICATE PROGRAMS

SEC. 1006. Effective for the 1986 through 1990 crops of wheat and feed grains, the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 107F (as added by section 1005 of this Act), the following new section:

7 USC 1445b-5.

"SEC. 107F. (a)(1) The Secretary may establish a program, applicable to any of the 1986 through 1990 crops of wheat or feed grains, to provide incentives for the export of any of such crops of wheat and feed grains from private stocks. The program for any such crop established under this subsection by the Secretary shall include the following terms:

Loans.

Ante, pp. 1383, 1395.

"(A) The Secretary shall issue wheat or feed grain export certificates to producers to whom the Secretary makes loans and payments under section 107D or 105C, respectively, for a crop if such producers comply with the terms and conditions of the program for such crop.

"(B) Each such certificate shall bear a monetary denomination and a designation specifying a quantity of the crop of the commodity involved, selected by the Secretary.

99 STAT. 1449

"(C) The aggregate quantity of wheat or feed grains specified in all export certificates distributable to eligible producers of the crop involved shall be equal to—

Ante, pp. 1383, 1395.

"(i) the aggregate amount of wheat or feed grains produced by producers participating in the program for the crop under section 107D or 105C, as determined by multiplying the acreage planted by each such producer for harvest times the farm program payment yield for the commodity, times

"(ii) an export production factor.

For purposes of this subparagraph, the export production factor for a crop shall be determined by the Secretary by dividing the quantity of such crop harvested domestically that the Secretary estimates will not be used domestically and will be available for export (excluding the portion of the crop expected to be added to carryover stocks) during the marketing year for such crop by the quantity of such crop that the Secretary estimates will be harvested domestically.

"(D) Wheat or feed grain export certificates shall be distributed among eligible producers in a manner that will ensure that each eligible producer receives certificates having an aggregate face value that represents an equal rate of return per unit of wheat or feed grains produced by such producer for such crop. For purposes of determining such rate of return, the Secretary shall take into consideration regional variations in the costs incurred by producers to market the commodity (including transportation costs).

"(E) An export certificate issued under this subsection shall be redeemed by the Secretary for a cash amount equal to the monetary denomination on such certificate (or, at the option of the Secretary, a quantity of the commodity involved having a current fair market value equal to such amount) only on presentation by a holder who exports a quantity of the crop involved (including processed wheat or feed grains) equal to the quantity designated in the certificate and only if the Secretary has not redeemed previously an export certificate issued under this subsection presented in connection with the particular wheat or feed grains so exported.

"(2) The Secretary shall carry out this subsection through the Commodity Credit Corporation. If sufficient funds are available to the Corporation, there shall be expended to carry out this subsection with respect to the export of the crop of wheat or feed grains involved an amount not less than the product of multiplying—

"(A) 21 cents for wheat, 11 cents for corn, and such amounts for grain sorghums, oats, and, if designated by the Secretary, barley as the Secretary determines fair and reasonable in relation to the amount specified for corn, times

"(B) the aggregate of the wheat or feed grain acreage planted to the commodity for harvest by producers participating in the program for the crop with respect to which deficiency payments are available under section 107D or 105C, times

"(C) the average of the program yields for the crop.

"(3) Funds expended to carry out export certificate programs established under this subsection shall be in addition to, and not in place of, funds authorized by any other law to be expended to finance or encourage the export of wheat or feed grains.

99 STAT. 1450

"(4) For purposes of facilitating the transfer of export certificates under this subsection, the Commodity Credit Corporation may buy and sell certificates in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary.

"(b)(1) Effective for each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of wheat or feed grains, the Secretary may issue to eligible producers (who, for purposes of this subsection, are producers of wheat or feed grains participating in the program under this Act for such crop who meet the requirements of paragraph (2)) export marketing certificates, denominated in bushels of wheat or feed grains, as applicable, for the crop, which shall be used, under such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe consistent with the provisions of this subsection, as follows:

"(A) Not later than 3 months before the beginning of the marketing year for a crop of wheat or feed grains, the Secretary may issue to eligible producers that plant at least 50 percent of the farm's wheat or feed grain crop acreage base for such crop, export marketing certificates to be applicable to such marketing year that, in the aggregate, shall equal the quantity of the commodity the Secretary estimates will be exported during the marketing year. Each such eligible producer shall receive certificates for a quantity of the commodity that bears the same ratio to the quantity of estimated exports as the producer's crop acreage base for that crop of the commodity bears to the aggregate total of all such eligible producers' crop acreage bases for that crop, rounded upward to the nearest full bushel.

"(B) The denomination of export marketing certificates shall be 1 bushel (with no accompanying cash face value), except that the Secretary may issue certificates in multiples of such denomination, and any certificate in the multiple of such denomination, may be exchanged by the producer, at the county Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service office, for certificates representing an equivalent quantity of the commodity in different multiples, to facilitate the operation of the program under this subsection. Each export marketing certificate shall designate the producer by name and the crop involved.

"(C) If 7 months after the beginning of the marketing year for the crop, the Secretary determines that the amount of the commodity that will be exported during the marketing year for that crop will exceed the aggregate quantity of the commodity represented by all the export marketing certificates so issued, the Secretary may issue additional export marketing certificates to producers that initially received certificates for the crop sufficient to cover the additional exports, such certificates to be apportioned among such producers so that producer receives the same portion of the additional certificates issued that the producer received of the export certificates initially issued for the crop, as provided in subparagraph (A), rounded upward to the nearest full bushel.

"(D) Producers may convey export marketing certificates issued under this subsection to purchasers of the commodity involved sold by the producers at any time prior to the end of the marketing year for the crop described in the certificate. If a producer has less wheat or feed grains to sell than the quantity represented by the export marketing certificates issued to the producer, because of reduced production or other reason or because, in the case of additional certificates issued under subparagraph (C), the producer had disposed of the producer's wheat or feed grains prior to the issuance of such additional certificates, the producer, at any time prior to the end of the marketing year for the crop involved, may sell the extra export marketing certificates to any person for such price as agreed on by the producer and purchaser. Any certificate may be reconveyed without restriction.

99 STAT. 1451

"(2) To be eligible to receive export certificates under this subsection for a crop of wheat or feed grains, a producer of such commodity must participate in the program under this title for such crop, and—

"(A) if there is no acreage limitation or set-aside in effect for the crop, limit the acreage on the farm planted to the crop for harvest to the farm's wheat or feed grain crop acreage base, as applicable;

"(B) if an acreage limitation is in effect for the crop, limit the acreage on the farm planted to the crop for harvest to the farm's wheat or feed grain crop acreage base, as applicable, reduced to the extent required under the acreage limitation program, and comply with any other terms of the acreage limitation program established by the Secretary; or

"(C) if a set-aside program is in effect for the crop, comply with the set-aside and other terms of the set-aside program established by the Secretary.

Prohibitions.
Exports.

"(3) Whenever the Secretary issues certificates under this subsection for a crop of wheat or feed grains, no person may export wheat or feed grains or products thereof, from the United States during the marketing year for the crop without surrendering to the Secretary, at the time of export, export marketing certificates for such crop representing the quantity of the commodity being exported or, in the case of wheat or feed grain products, the equivalent quantity of the commodity contained in the products being exported. Persons that fail to comply with the requirements of the preceding sentence shall be subject, for each violation thereof, to a fine of not more than $25,000 or imprisonment for not to exceed 1 year, or both such fine and imprisonment. This paragraph shall not apply to exports of commodities or products owned by the Federal Government or any agency or instrumentality thereof, nor to commodities or products provided to the exporter by the Commodity Credit Corporation under an export development program.

"(4) Any person who falsely makes, issues, alters, forges, or counterfeits any export marketing certificate, or with fraudulent intent possesses, transfers, or uses any such falsely made, issued, altered, forged, or counterfeited export marketing certificate, shall be subject to a fine of not more than $10,000 or imprisonment of not more than 10 years, or both such fine and imprisonment.

"(5) For purposes of facilitating the transfer of export certificates under this subsection, the Commodity Credit Corportation may buy and sell certificates in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary.".

COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION SALES PRICE RESTRICTIONS

SEC. 1007. Effective only for the marketing years for the 1986 through 1990 crops, section 407 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1427) is amended by—

99 STAT. 1452

Prohibition.
Loans.

(1) in the third sentence, striking out the langauge following the third colon and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "*Provided*, That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Corporation may not sell any of its stocks of wheat, corn, grain sorghum, barley, oats, and rye, respectively, at less than (A) 115 percent of the current national average loan rate for the commodity, adjusted for such current market differentials reflecting grade, quality, location, and other value factors as the Secretary determines appropriate plus reasonble carrying charges, or (B) if the Secretary permits the repayment of loans made for a crop of the commodity at a rate that is less than the loan level determined for such crop, 115 percent of the averge loan repayment rate that is determined for such crop during the period of such loans.";

(2) in the fifth sentence, striking out "current basic county support rate including the value of any applicable price-support payment in kind (or a comparable price if there is no current basic county support rate)" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "current basic county loan rate (or a comparable price if there is no current basic county loan rate)"; and

Prohibition.

(3) in the seventh sentence, striking out ", but in no event shall the purchase price exceed the then current support price for such commodities" and inserting in lieu thereof: "or unduly affecting market prices, but in no event shall the purchase price exceed the Corporation's minimum sales price for such commodities for unrestricted use".

DISASTER PAYMENTS FOR 1985 THROUGH 1990 CROPS OF PEANUTS, SOYBEANS, SUGAR BEETS, AND SUGARCANE

SEC. 1008. Effective only for the 1985 through 1990 crops of peanuts, soybeans, sugar beets, and sugarcane, section 201 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446) (as amended by section 901 of this Act) is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(k)(1) If the Secetary determines that the producers on a farm are prevented from planting any portion of the acreage on the farm intended for peanuts, soybeans, sugar beets, or sugarcane to peanuts, soybeans, sugar beets, sugarcane, or other nonconserving crops because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers, the Secretary may make a prevented planting disaster payment to the producers in an amount equal to the product obtained by multiplying—

"(A) the number of acres so affected but not to exceed the acreage planted to peanuts, soybeans, sugar beets, or sugarcane for harvest (including any acreage that the producers were prevented from planting to such commodity or to other nonconserving crops in lieu of peanuts, soybeans, sugar beets, or sugarcane because of drought, flood or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers) in the immediately preceding year, by

"(B) 75 percent of the farm program payment yield established by the Secretary, by

"(C) a payment rate equal to 50 percent of the loan and purchase level for the crop.

99 STAT. 1453

"(2) If the Secretary determines that because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers, the total quantity of peanuts, soybeans, sugar beets, or sugarcane that the producers are able to harvest on any farm is less than the result of multiplying 60 percent of the farm program payment yield established by the Secretary for such crop by the acreage planted for harvest for such crop, the Secretary may make a reduced yield disaster payment to the producers at a rate equal to 50 percent of the loan and purchase level for the crop for the deficiency in production below 60 percent for the crop.

"(3) The Secretary may make such adjustments in the amount of payments made available under this paragraph with respect to an individual farm so as to assure the equitable allotment of such payments among producers, taking into account other forms of Federal disaster assistance provided to the producers for the crop involved.".

COST REDUCTION OPTIONS

7 USC 1308a.

SEC. 1009. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, whenever the Secretary of Agriculture determines that an action authorized under subsection (c), (d), or (e) will reduce the total of the direct and indirect costs to the Federal Government of a commodity program administered by the Secretary without adversely affecting income to small- and medium-sized producers participating in such program, the Secretary shall take such action with respect to the commodity program involved.

Contract.

(b) In the announcement of the specific provisions of any commodity program administered by the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary shall include a statement setting forth which, if any, of the actions are to be initially included in the program, and a statement that the Secretary reserves the right to initiate at a later date any action not previously included but authorized by this section, including the right to reopen and change a contract entered into by a producer under the program if the producer voluntarily agrees to the change.

Loans.

(c) When a nonrecourse loan program is in effect for a crop of a commodity, the Secretary may enter the commercial market to purchase such commodity if the Secretary determines that the cost of such purchases plus appropriate carrying charges will probably be less than the comparable cost of later acquiring the commodity through defaults on nonrecourse loans under the program.

Loans.

(d) When the domestic market price of a commodity for which a nonrecourse loan program is in effect is insufficient to cover the principal and accumulated interest on a loan made under such program, thereby encouraging default by a producer, the Secretary may provide for settlement of such loan and redemption by the producer of the commodity securing such loan for less than the total of the principal and all interest accumulated thereon if the Secretary determines that such reduction in the settlement price will yield savings to the Federal Government due to—

(1) receipt by the Federal Government of a portion rather than none of the accumulated interest;

(2) avoidance of default; or

Prohibition.

(3) elimination of storage, handling, and carrying charges on the forfeited commodity,

but the Secretary may not reduce the settlement price to less than the principal due on the loan.

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Loan.

(e) When a production control or loan program is in effect for a crop of a major agricultural commodity, the Secretary may at any time prior to harvest reopen the program to participating producers for the purpose of accepting bids from producers for the conversion of acreage planted to such crop to diverted acres in return for payment in kind from Commodity Credit Corporation surplus stocks of the commodity to which the acreage was planted, if the Secretary determines that (1) changes in domestic or world supply or demand conditions have substantially changed after announcement of the program for that crop, and (2) without action to further adjust production, the Federal Government and producers will be faced with a burdensome and costly surplus. Such payments in kind shall not be included within the payment limitation of $50,000 per person established under section 1001 of this Act, but shall be limited to a total $20,000 per year per producer for any one commodity.

(f) The authority provided in this section shall be in addition to, and not in place of, any authority granted to the Secretary under any other provision of law.

MULTIYEAR SET-ASIDES

SEC. 1010. Notwithstanding any other provision of law:

Contracts.
Wheat.
Feedgrain.
Cotton.
Rice.
Livestock.
Regulations.
7 USC 1445i.

(1) The Secretary of Agriculture may enter into multiyear set-aside contracts for a period not to extend beyond the 1990 crops. Such contracts may be entered into only as a part of the programs in effect for the 1986 through 1990 crops of wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, and rice, and only producers participating in one or more of such programs shall be eligible to contract with the Secretary under this section. Producers agreeing to a multiyear set-aside agreement shall be required to devote the set-aside acreage to vegetative cover capable of maintaining itself through such period to provide soil protection, water quality enhancement, wildlife production, and natural beauty. Grazing of livestock under this section shall be prohibited, except in areas of a major disaster, as determined by the President, if the Secretary finds there is a need for such grazing as a result of such disaster. Producers entering into agreements under this section shall also agree to comply with all applicable State and local laws and regulations governing noxious weed control.

Contract.

(2) The Secretary shall provide cost-sharing incentives to farm operators for the establishment of vegetative cover, whenever a multiyear set-aside contract is entered into under this section.

Regulations.

(3) The Secretary may issue such regulations as the Secretary determines necessary to carry out this section.

(4) The Secretary shall carry out the program authorized by this section through the Commodity Credit Corporation.

SUPPLEMENTAL SET-ASIDE AND ACREAGE LIMITATION AUTHORITY

Wheat.
Feedgrain.

SEC. 1011. Effective for the 1986 through 1990 crops of wheat and feed grains, section 113 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1445h) is amended to read as follows:

"SUPPLEMENTAL SET-ASIDE AND ACREAGE LIMITATION AUTHORITY

99 STAT. 1455

Ante, pp. 1395, 1383.

"SEC. 113. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or prior announcement made by the Secretary to the contrary, the Secretary may announce and provide for a set-aside or acreage limitation program under section 105C or 107D for one or more of the 1986 through 1990 crops of wheat and feed grains if the Secretary determines that such action is in the public interest as a result of the imposition of restrictions on the export of any such commodity by the President or other member of the executive branch of the Federal Government. To carry out effectively a set-aside or acreage limitation program authorized under this section, the Secretary may make such modifications and adjustments in such program as the Secretary determines necessary because of any delay in instituting such program.".

PRODUCER RESERVE PROGRAM FOR WHEAT AND FEED GRAINS

SEC. 1012. (a) Except as provided by subsection (b), effective beginning with the 1986 crops, section 110 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1445e) is amended by—

(1) in the first sentence of subsection (a)—

(A) striking out "and" after "supply" and inserting in lieu thereof a comma; and

(B) inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: ", and provide for adequate, but not excessive, carryover stocks to ensure a reliable supply of the commodities";

(2) in the third sentence of subsection (b)—

(A) in clause (1), striking out "nor more than five years" and inserting in lieu thereof ", with extensions as warranted by market conditions";

(B) in clause (4), striking out "before the market price for wheat or feed grains has reached" and inserting in lieu thereof "when the total amount of wheat or feed grains in storage under programs under this section is below the upper limits for such storage as set forth in clauses (A) and (B) of subsection (e)(2) and the market price for wheat or feed grains is below";

Loans.

(C) in clause (5), striking out "a specified level, as determined by the Secretary" and inserting in lieu thereof "the higher of 140 percent of the nonrecourse loan rate for the commodity or the established price for such commodity, as determined under title I";

(3) adding at the end of subsection (b) the following:

"Whenever—

"(A)(i) the total quantity of wheat stored under storage programs established under this section is less than 17 percent of the estimated total domestic and export usage of wheat during the then current marketing year for wheat, as determined by the Secretary; or

"(ii) the total quantity of feed grains stored under storage programs established under this section is less than 7 percent of the estimated total domestic and export usage of feed grains during the then current marketing year for feed grains, as determined by the Secretary; and

Loans.

"(B) the market price of the commodity, as determined by the Secretary, does not exceed 140 percent of the nonrecourse loan rate for the commodity;

the Secretary shall encourage participation in the programs authorized under this section by offering producers increased storage 99 STAT. 1456 payments and loan levels, interest waivers, or such other incentives as the Secretary determines necessary to maintain the total amount of storage under the programs at the levels specified in clauses (A) and (B). The Secretary shall ensure that producers are afforded a fair and equitable opportunity to participate in each producer storage program, taking into account regional differences in the time of harvest."; and

(4) in subsection (e)—

(A) inserting "(1)" after the subsection designation;

(B) inserting before the period at the end of the second sentence the following: ", subject to the upper limits on the total quantity of wheat and feed grains that may be stored under storage programs established under this section set out in paragraph (2)";

(C) striking out the third sentence; and

(D) adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) Prior to the harvest of each crop of wheat and feed grains, the Secretary shall determine and establish upper limits on the total quantity of wheat and feed grains that may be stored under storage programs established under this section to be effective during the marketing year for such crop, as follows:

Prohibition.

"(A) The upper limit on the total quantity of wheat that may be stored under such programs shall not exceed 30 percent of the estimated total domestic and export usage of wheat during the marketing year for the crop of wheat, as determined by the Secretary.

"(B) The upper limit on the total quantity of feed grains that may be stored under such programs shall not exceed 15 percent of the estimated total domestic and export usage of feed grains during the marketing year for the crop, as determined by the Secretary.

"(C) Notwithstanding clauses (A) and (B), the Secretary may establish the upper limits at higher levels—not in excess of 110 percent of the levels determined under clauses (A) and (B)—if the Secretary determines that the higher limits are necessary to achieve the purposes of this section.".

7 USC 1445e note.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a)(2)(B) of this section shall take effect with respect to any loan made under section 110 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1445e) the date for repayment of which occurs after the date of enactment of this Act.

EXTENSION OF THE RESERVE

"Sec. 1013. Section 302(i) of the Food Security Wheat Reserve Act of 1980 (7 U.S.C. 1736f-1(i)) is amended by striking out "1985" both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

NORMALLY PLANTED ACREAGE

Sec. 1014. Section 1001 of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 1309) is amended by—

(1) striking out "1985" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "1990"; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Loans.

"(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, whenever marketing quotas are in effect for any of the 1987 through 1990 crops of wheat, the Secretary of Agriculture may require, as a condition of eligibility for loans, purchases, and payments on any commodity under the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.), that the acreage normally planted to crops designated by the Secretary, adjusted as considered necessary by the Secretary to be fair and equitable among producers, shall be reduced by a quantity equal to—

99 STAT. 1457

"(1) the acreage that the Secretary determines would normally be planted to wheat on a farm; minus

"(2) the individual farm program acreage for the farm under section 107D(d)(3)(A) of such Act.".

Ante, pp. 1383.

SPECIAL GRAZING AND HAY PROGRAM

Sec. 1015. (a) Section 109 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1445d) is amended by striking out "1985" in the first sentence of subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

ADVANCE ANNOUNCEMENT OF PROGRAMS

Wheat.
Feedgrains.
Cotton.
Rice.

Sec. 1016. Section 406 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1426) is amended by

(1) inserting "(a)" after the section designation; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture may offer an option to producers of the 1987 through 1991 crops of wheat, feed grains, upland cotton and rice with respect to participation in commodity price support, production adjustment, and payment programs as provided in this subsection.

"(2) With respect to the 1987 through 1991 crops of wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, and rice, in any county in the United States, if the Secretary has not made final announcement of the terms of the commodity price support production adjustment, and payment program for wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, or rice on or before the later of—

"(A) 60 days prior to the normal planting date of such commodity in such county, as determined by the Secretary; or

"(B)(1) in the case of wheat, June 1 of the calendar year prior to the crop year for which such program is announced;

"(ii) in the case of feed grains, September 30 of the calendar year prior to the crop year for which such program is announced;

"(iii) in the case of upland cotton, November 1 of the calendar year prior to the crop year for which such program is announced; and

"(iv) in the case of rice, January 31 of the calendar year that is the same as the crop year for which such program is announced,

than the Secretary may permit producers of any such commodity in such county to elect to receive price support, payments, or other program benefits as provided in (I) the program announced for such commodity for the current crop year or (II) paragraph (3).

"(3)(A)(i) The Secretary may permit producer eligible to make the election provided by this subsection to participate in the program described in this paragraph or, at the discretion of the Secretary, the program announced for the commodity for the current crop year, by complying with the terms of the program announced for the preceding crop of the commodity.

99 STAT. 1458

"(B)(i) Except as provided in clause (ii), the Secretary may make available to producers of a commodity who exercise the election provided by this subsection and who comply fully with the terms and conditions of any acreage reduction program established for the preceding year's crop of the commodity—

Loans.

"(I) loans and purchases at the level established for the crop for which the election is made;

"(II) deficiency payments calculated on the same basis as the deficiency payments which were calculated for the crop immediately preceding the crop with respect to which the election is made; and

Loans.

"(III) payments equal to the difference between the level of loans and purchases for the crop with respect to which the election is made and the level of loans and purchases for the crop immediately preceding the crop with respect to which the election is made.

Payments authorized by subclause (III) of the preceding sentence shall be made in the form of cash or in-kind commodities.

"(ii) In the case of the 1991 crop, the Secretary shall make available to producers of a commodity who exercise the election provided by this section and who comply fully with the terms and conditions of any acreage reduction program established for the 1990 crop of the commodity—

Loans.
Prohibition.

"(I) loans and purchases at the level established for the 1991 crop under legislation enacted subsequent to the date of the enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985, except that if legislation is enacted subsequent to the enactment of such Act which provides that loans and purchases shall not be made with respect to the 1991 crop of a commodity, the Secretary may make available to producers of such commodity eligible for the election provided by this subsection loans and purchases at the level determined for the 1990 crop, or if legislation is not enacted subsequent to the enactment of such Act which provides that loans and purchases shall be made with respect to the 1991 crop of any such commodity, and if loans and purchases are available to producers of such commodity under laws previously enacted, none of the provisions of this section shall apply to the 1991 crop;

"(II) deficiency payments calculated on the basis of the established price for the commodity determined for the 1990 crop; and

Loans.

"(III) payments equal to the difference between the level of loans and purchases that the producer is eligible to receive under subclause (I) for such commodity for the 1991 crop and the level of loans and purchases determined for such commodity for the 1990 crop.

Payments authorized by subclause (III) of the preceding sentence shall be made in cash or in the form of in-kind commodities.

"(C) The Secretary shall consider the crop acreage base and farm program payment yield for any farm with respect to which a producer exercises the election provided by this section to be equal to the crop acreage base and farm program payment yield that was established, or would have been established, for such farm for the year preceding the year for which the election is made.".

99 STAT. 1459

DETERMINATIONS OF THE SECRETARY

7 USC 1385 note.

SEC. 1017. (a) The first sentence of section 385 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1385) is amended by inserting "extra long staple cotton," after "upland cotton,".

Loans.

(b) The Secretary of Agriculture shall determine the rate of loans, payments, and purchases under a program established under the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.) for any of the 1986 through 1990 crops of a commodity without regard to the requirements for notice and public participation in rulemaking prescribed in section 553 of title 5, United States Code, or in any directive of the Secretary.

APPLICATION OF TERMS IN THE AGRICULTURAL ACT OF 1949

Wheat.
Feedgrains.
Cotton.
Rice.

SEC. 1018. Effective only for the 1986 through 1990 crops of wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, and rice, subsection (k) of section 408 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1428(k)) is amended to read as follows:

Loans.
7 USC 1422, 1423, 1426, 1427, 1431.

"(k)(1) Reference made in sections 402, 403, 406, 407, and 416 to the terms 'support price', 'level of support', and 'level of price support' shall be considered to apply as well to the loan and purchase level for wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, and rice under this Act.

Loans.
7 USC 1421.

"(2) References made to the terms 'price support', 'price support operations', and 'price support program' in such sections and in section 401(a) shall be considered as applying as well to loan and purchase operations for wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, and rice under this Act.".

NORMAL SUPPLY

Wheat.
Corn.
Cotton.
Rice.
7 USC 1310a.

SEC. 1019. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the Secretary of Agriculture determines that the supply of wheat, corn, upland cotton, or rice for the marketing year for any of the 1986 through 1990 crops of such commodity is not likely to be excessive and that program measures to reduce or control the planted acreage of the crop are not necessary, such a decision shall constitute a determination that the total supply of the commodity does not exceed the normal supply and no determination to the contrary shall be made by the Secretary with respect to such commodity for such marketing year.

MARKETING YEAR FOR CORN

SEC. 1020. Section 301(b)(7) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1301(b)(7)) is amended by striking out "Corn, October

1-September 30;" and inserting in lieu thereof "Corn, September 1-August 31;".

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE CORPORATION EMERGENCY FUNDING AUTHORITY

SEC. 1021. Section 516(c)(1) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1516(c)(1)) is amended by striking out the last sentence.

CROP INSURANCE STUDY

99 STAT. 1460

Wheat.

SEC. 1022. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study—

(1) of the practice of offsetting the quantity of winter and spring wheat of a producer for the purpose of determining the amount of benefits due such producer under a policy insured under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.); and

(2) of the feasibility and desirability of including winterkill of winter wheat as a loss covered by crop insurance under such Act.

Report.
Regulations.

(b) Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall report to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate on the results of the study conducted under subsection (a), together with any recommendations for any legislation or regulations necessary to rectify any inequities identified in such study.

NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL COST OF PRODUCTION STANDARDS REVIEW BOARD

SEC. 1023. (a) Subsection (c) of section 1006 of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 4102(c)) is amended to read as follows:

"(c) A person may serve as a member of the Board for one or more terms.".

(b) Section 1014 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 4110) is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

LIQUID FUELS

SEC. 1024. Section 423(a) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1433b) is amended by striking out all after "the Commodity Credit Corporation" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "the Corporation may, under terms and conditions established by the Secretary, make its accumulated stocks of agricultural commodities available, at no cost or reduced cost, to encourage the purchase of such commodities for the production of liquid fuels and agricultural commodity byproducts. In carrying out the program established by this section, the Secretary shall ensure, insofar as possible, that any use of agricultural commodities made available be made in such manner as to encourage increased use and avoid displacing usual marketings of agricultural commodities.".

SUBTITLE B—UNIFORM BASE ACREAGE AND YIELD PROVISIONS

ACREAGE BASE AND PROGRAM YIELD SYSTEM FOR THE WHEAT, FEED GRAIN, UPLAND COTTON, AND RICE PROGRAMS

SEC. 1031. Effective for the 1986 through 1990 crops of wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, and rice, the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.) is amended by inserting after title IV the following new title:

"TITLE V—ACREAGE BASE AND PROGRAM YIELD SYSTEM FOR THE WHEAT, FEED GRAIN, UPLAND COTTON, AND RICE PROGRAMS

7 USC 1461.

"SEC. 501. The purpose of this title is to prescribe a system for establishing farm and crop acreage bases and program yields for the wheat, feed grain, upland cotton, and rice programs under this Act that is efficient, equitable, flexible, and predictable.

99 STAT. 1461

7 USC 1462.

"SEC. 502. For purposes of this title—

"(1) the term 'program crop' means any crop of wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, or rice; and

"(2) the term 'county committee' means the county committee established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)) for the county in which the farm is administratively located.

7 USC 1463.

"SEC. 503. (a)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Secretary shall provide for the establishment and maintenance of farm acreage bases for the 1986 and subsequent crop years.

"(2) With respect to the 1986 crop year, the Secretary may forgo the establishment of farm acreage bases under this title.

Regulations.

"(b)(1) The county committee, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, shall determine the farm acreage base for a farm for a crop year. Such farm acreage base shall include the number of acres equal to the sum of the crop acreage bases for the farm.

"(2) In the case of farm acreage bases established for the 1987 and subsequent crop years, the determination of the farm acreage base shall also include (in addition to the crop acreage bases for the farm) the sum of (A) the average of the acreage on the farm planted to soybeans in the 1986 and subsequent crop years, and (B) the average of the acreage on the farm devoted by the producer to a conserving use in the normal course of farming operations in the 1986 and subsequent crop years.

Prohibition.
7 USC 1464.

"SEC. 504. (a)(1) The Secretary shall provide for the establishment and maintenance of crop acreage bases for each program crop, including any program crop produced under an established practice of double cropping. The sum of the crop acreage bases for all program crops produced on any farm for any crop year shall not exceed the farm acreage base for such farm for such crop year, except to the extent that the excess is due to an established practice of double cropping.

"(2) The term 'double cropping' means a farming practice, as defined by the Secretary, which has been carried out on a farm in at least 3 of the 5 crop years immediately preceding the crop year for which the crop acreage base for the farm is established.

"(b)(1)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the crop acreage base for a program crop for any farm for the 1986 and subsequent crop years shall be the number of acres that is equal to the average of the acreage planted and considered planted to such program crop for harvest on the farm in each of the five crop years preceding such crop year.

"(B)(i) In the case of upland cotton and rice, except as provided in clause (ii), if no planted and considered planted acreage has been established for a farm for each of the five crop years preceding such crop year, the crop acreage base for such crop shall be equal to the average of the acreage planted and considered planted to such crop for harvest on the farm in each of the five crop years preceding such crop year, excluding all crop years in which planted and considered planted acreage was not established for the farm.

Prohibition.

"(ii) Any crop acreage base established in accordance with paragraph (1)(A) and paragraph (1)(B)(i) shall not exceed a number of acres equal to the average of the acreage planted and considered planted to such crop for harvest on the farm in each of the two crop years preceding such crop year.

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"(2) The acreage considered planted to a program crop shall include—

"(A) any reduced acreage, set-aside acreage, and diverted acreage on the farm;

"(B) any acreage on the farm that producers were prevented from planting to such crop because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster, or other condition beyond the control of the producers;

"(C) acreage in an amount equal to the difference between the permitted acreage for a program crop and the acreage planted to the crop, if the acreage considered to be planted is planted to a nonprogram crop, other than soybeans and extra long staple cotton; and

"(D) any acreage on the farm which the Secretary determines is necessary to be included in establishing a fair and equitable crop acreage base.

Regulations.

"(3) For the purpose of determining the crop acreage base for the 1986 and subsequent crop years for any farm, the county committee, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, may construct a planting history for such crop if—

"(A) planting records for such crop for any of the five crop years preceding such crop year are incomplete or unavailable; or

"(B) during at least one but not more than four of the five crop years preceding such crop year, the program crop was not produced on the farm.

"(c) The Secretary may make adjustments to reflect crop rotation practices and to reflect such other factors as the Secretary determines should be considered in determining a fair and equitable crop acreage base.

"(d) If a county committee determines, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, that the occurrence of a natural disaster or other similar condition beyond the control of the producer prevented the planting of a program crop on any farm within the county (or substantially destroyed any such program crop after it had been planted but before it had been harvested), the producer may plant any other crop, including any other program crop, on the acreage of such farm that, but for the occurrence of such disaster or other condition, would have been devoted to the production of a progam crop. For purposes of determining the farm acreage base or the crop acreage base, any acreage on the farm on which a substitute crop, including any program crop, is planted under this subsection shall be taken into account as if such acreage had been planted to the program crop for which the other crop was substituted.

Prohibition.
7 USC 1465.

"Sec. 505. (a) The Secretary may provide for an upward adjustment of any crop acreage base for any farm for any crop year. Except as provided in subsection (b), such adjustment may not exceed the number of acres that is equal to 10 percent of the farm acreage base for such farm for such crop year. Any upward adjustment in a crop acreage base must be offset by an equivalent downward adjustment in one or more other crop acreage bases established for the farm for such crop year.

"(b) The Secretary may suspend, on a nationwide basis, any limitation contained in subsection (a) with respect to the crop acreage base for any program crop if the Secretary determines that—

99 STAT. 1463

"(1) a short supply or other similar emergency situation exists with respect to the program crop; or

"(2) market factors exist that require the suspension of the limitation to achieve the purposes of the program.

7 USC 1466.

"Sec. 506. (a) The Secretary shall provide for the establishment of a farm program payment yield for each farm for each program crop for each crop year.

"(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the farm program payment yield for each of the 1986 and 1987 crop years shall be the average of the farm program payment yields for the farm for the

1981 through 1985 crop years, excluding the year in which such yield was the highest and the year in which such yield was the lowest.

"(2) If no crop of the commodity was produced on the farm or no farm program payment yield was established for the farm for any of the 1981 through 1985 crop years, the farm program payment yield shall be established on the basis of the average farm program payment yield for such crop years for similar farms in the area.

"(3) If the Secretary determines such action is necessary, the Secretary may establish national, State, or county program payment yields on the basis of—

"(A) historical yields, as adjusted by the Secretary to correct for abnormal factors affecting such yields in the historical period; or

"(B) the Secretary's estimate of actual yields for the crop year involved if historical yield data is not available.

"(4) If national, State, or county program payment yields are established, the farm program payment yields shall balance to the national, State, or county program payment yields.

"(c)(1) With respect to the 1988 and subsequent crop years, the Secretary may (A) establish the farm program payment yield as provided in subsection (b), or (B) establish a farm program payment yield for any program crop for any farm on the basis of the average of the yield per harvested acre for the crop for such farm for each of the five crop years immediately preceding such crop year, excluding the crop year with the highest yield per harvested acre, the crop year with the lowest yield per harvested acre, and any crop year in which such crop was not planted on the farm. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the farm program payment yield for the 1983 through 1986 crop years and the actual yield per harvested acre with respect to the 1987 and subsequent crop years shall be used in determining farm program payment yields.

Regulations.

"(2) The county committee, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, may adjust any program yield for any program crop for any farm if the program yield for the crop on the farm does not accurately reflect the productive potential of the farm because of the occurrence of a natural disaster or other similar condition beyond the control of the producer.

"(d) In the case of any farm for which the actual yield per harvested acre for any program crop referred to in subsection (c)(1) for any crop year is not available, the county committee may assign the farm a yield for the crop for such crop year on the basis of actual yields for the crop for such crop year on similar farms in the area.

Regulations.
7 USC 1467.

"SEC. 507. Effective for each of the 1986 and subsequent crop years, each county committee, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, may require any producer who seeks to establish a farm acreage base, crop acreage base, or farm program payment yield for a farm for a crop year to provide planting and production history of such farm for each of the five crop years immediately preceding such crop year.

99 STAT. 1464

Regulations.
7 USC 1468.

"SEC. 508. Each county committees may, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, provide for the establishment of a farm acreage base, crop acreage base, and farm program payment yield with respect to any farm administratively located within the county if such farm acreage base, crop acreage base, or farm program payment yield cannot otherwise be established under this title. Such bases and farm program payment yields shall be established in a fair and equitable manner, but no such bases or farm program payment yields shall be established for a farm if the producer on such farm is subject to sanctions under any provision of Federal law for cultivating highly erodible land or converted wetland.

7 USC 1469.

"SEC. 509. The Secretary shall establish an administrative appeal procedure which provides for an administrative review of determinations made with respect to farm acreage bases, crop acreage bases, and farm program payment yields.".

Subtitle C—Honey

HONEY PRICE SUPPORT

SEC. 1041. Effective only for the 1986 through 1990 crops of honey, subsection (b) of section 201 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446) is amended to read as follows:

Loans.

"(b)(1) For each of the 1986 through 1990 crops of honey, the price of honey shall be supported through loans, purchases, or other operations as follows:

"(A) For the 1986 crop, the loan and purchase level for honey shall be 64 cents per pound.

"(B) For the 1987 crop, the loan and purchase level for honey shall be 63 cents per pound.

Loans.

"(C) For each of the 1988, 1989, and 1990 crops, the loan and purchase level for honey shall be the same as the level established for the preceding crop year reduced by 5 percent, except that such level may not be less than an amount equal to 75 percent of the simple average price received by producers of honey in the 5 preceding crop years, excluding the year in which the average price was the highest and the year in which the average price was the lowest in such period.

Loans.

"(2) The Secretary may permit a producer to repay a loan made to the producer under this subsection for a crop at a level that is the lesser of—

"(A) the loan level determined for such crop; or

"(B) such level as the Secretary determines will—

"(i) minimize the number of loan forfeitures;

"(ii) not result in excessive total stocks of honey;

"(iii) reduce the costs incurred by the Federal Government in storing honey; and

"(iv) maintain the competitiveness of honey in domestic and export markets.

"(3)(A) If the Secretary determines that a person has knowingly pledged adulterated or imported honey as collateral to secure a loan made under this subsection, such person shall, in addition to any other penalties or sanctions prescribed by law, be ineligible for a loan, purchase, or payment under this subsection for the 3 crop years succeeding such determination.

99 STAT. 1465

"(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), honey shall be considered adulterated if—

"(i) any substance has been substituted wholly or in part for such honey;

"(ii) such honey contains a poisonous or deleterious substance that may render such honey injurious to health, except that in any case in which such substance is not added to such honey, such honey shall not be considered adulterated if the quantity of such substance in or on such honey does not ordinarily render it injurious to health; or

"(iii) such honey is for any other reason unsound, unhealthy, unwholesome, or otherwise unfit for human consumption.".

TITLE XI—TRADE

Subtitle A—Public Law 480 and Use of Surplus Commodities in International Programs

TITLE II OF PUBLIC LAW 480—FUNDING LEVELS

Effective date.

SEC. 1101. Effective October 1, 1985, section 204 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1724) is amended by—

(1) striking out "calendar" both places it appears in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "fiscal"; and

(2) inserting after the first sentence the following: "The President may waive the limitation in the preceding sentence if the President determines that such waiver is necessary to undertake programs of assistance to meet urgent humanitarian needs.".

MINIMUM QUANTITY OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES DISTRIBUTED UNDER TITLE II

SEC. 1102. Section 201(b) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1721(b)) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) The minimum quantity of agricultural commodities distributed under this title for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1987, September 30, 1988, September 30, 1989, and September 30, 1990, shall be 1,900,000 metric tons, of which not less than 1,425,000 metric tons for nonemergency programs shall be distributed through nonprofit voluntary agencies, cooperatives, and the World Food Program; unless the President determines and reports to the Congress, together with his reasons, that such quantity cannot be used effectively to carry out the purposes of this title.".

TITLE II OF PUBLIC LAW 480—MINIMUM FOR FORTIFIED OR PROCESSED FOOD AND NONPROFIT AGENCY PROPOSALS

SEC. 1103. Section 201 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1721) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

President of U.S.

"(c)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), in distributing agricultural commodities under this title, the President shall—

"(A) consider—

"(i) the nutritional assistance to recipients and benefits to the United States that would result from distributing such commodities in the form of processed and protein-fortified products, including processed milk, plant protein products, and fruit, nut, and vegetable products;

"(ii) the nutritional needs of the proposed recipients of the commodities;

"(iii) the cost effectiveness of providing such commodities, for purposes of selecting commodities for distribution under nonemergency programs; and

"(iv) the purposes of this title; and

"(B) ensure that at least 75 percent of the quantity of agricultural commodities required to be distributed each fiscal year under subsection (b) for nonemergency programs be in the form of processed or fortified products or bagged commodities.

"(2) The President may waive the requirement under paragraph (1)(B) or make available a smaller percentage of fortified or processed food than required under paragraph (1)(B) during any fiscal year in which the President determines that the requirements of the programs established under this title will not be best served by the distribution of fortified or processed food in the amounts required under paragraph (1)(B).".

FOOD ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS OF VOLUNTARY AGENCIES

SEC. 1104. (a) Title II of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1721 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

7 USC 1726a.

"SEC. 207. (a) A nonprofit voluntary agency requesting a nonemergency food assistance agreement under this title shall include in such request a description of the intended uses of any foreign currency proceeds that would be generated with the commodities provided under the agreement.

"(b) Such agreements shall provide, in the aggregate for each fiscal year, for the use of foreign currency proceeds under this subsection in an amount that is not less than 5 percent of the aggregate value of the commodities distributed under nonemergency programs under this title for such fiscal year.".

7 USC 1726a note.

(b) Section 207 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (as added by subsection (a)) shall apply with respect to agreements entered into after December 31, 1985.

EXTENSION OF THE PUBLIC LAW 480 AUTHORITIES

SEC. 1105. Section 409 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1736c) is amended by—

(1) striking out "1985" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "1990"; and

(2) in the second sentence—

(A) striking out "amendment" and inserting in lieu thereof "amendments"; and

(B) inserting "and the Food Security Act of 1985" after "Agriculture and Food Act of 1981".

99 STAT. 1467

FACILITATION OF EXPORTS

China.

SEC. 1106. It is the sense of Congress that the President should work with the People's Republic of China to facilitate the export of agricultural commodities to the People's Republic of China.

FARMER-TO-FARMER PROGRAM UNDER PUBLIC LAW 480

Prohibition.
7 USC 1736 note.

SEC. 1107. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, not less than one-tenth of 1 percent of the funds available for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986, and September 30, 1987, to carry out the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 shall be used to carry out paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 406(a) of that Act. Any such funds used to carry out paragraph (2) of section 406(a) shall not constitute more than one-fourth of the funds used as provided by the first sentence of this subsection, shall be used for activities in direct support of the farmer-to-farmer program under paragraph (1) of section 406(a), and shall be administered whenever possible in conjunction with programs under sections 296 through 300 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

7 USC 1691 note.
7 USC 1736.
2 USC 2220a–e.
Report.

(b) Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Agency for International Development, in conjunction with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall submit to Congress a report indicating the manner in which the Agency intends to implement the provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 406(a) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 with the funds made available under subsection (a).

FOOD FOR DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

SEC. 1108. Section 302(c)(1)(C) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1727a(c)(1)(C)) is amended by striking out "15" and inserting in lieu thereof "10".

USE OF SURPLUS COMMODITIES IN INTERNATIONAL PROGRAMS

Ante, p. 271.

SEC. 1109. Section 416 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1431) is amended by—

(1) striking out the last two sentences of subsection (a); and

(2) amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

Ante, p. 1466.
Post, p. 1472.

"(b)(1) The Secretary, subject to the requirements of paragraph (10), may furnish eligible commodities for carrying out programs of assistance in developing countries and friendly countries under title II of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 and under the Food for Progress Act of 1985, as approved by the

Secretary, and for such purposes as are approved by the Secretary. To ensure that the furnishing of commodities under this subsection is coordinated with and complements other United States foreign assistance, assistance under this subsection shall be coordinated through the mechanism designated by the President to coordinate assistance under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954.

7 USC 1691 note.

"(2) As used in this subsection, the term 'eligible commodities' means—

Dairy products. Grains. Oilseeds.

"(A) dairy products, grains, and oilseeds acquired by the Commodity Credit Corporation through price support operations that the Secretary determines meet the criteria specified in subsection (a); and

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"(B) such other edible agricultural commodities as may be acquired by the Secretary or the Commodity Credit Corporation in the normal course of operations and that are available for disposition under this subsection, except that no such commodities may be acquired for the purpose of their use under this subsection.

"(3)(A) Commodities may not be made available for disposition under this subsection in amounts that (i) will, in any way, reduce the amounts of commodities that traditionally are made available through donations to domestic feeding programs or agencies, or (ii) will prevent the Secretary from fulfilling any agreement entered into by the Secretary under a payment-in-kind program under this Act or other Acts administered by the Secretary.

"(B)(i) The requirements of section 401(b) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 shall apply with respect to commodities furnished under this subsection. Commodities may not be furnished for disposition to any country under this subsection except on determinations by the Secretary that—

7 USC 1731.

"(I) the receiving country has the absorptive capacity to use the commodities efficiently and effectively; and

"(II) such disposition of the commodities will not interfere with usual marketings of the United States, nor disrupt world prices of agricultural commodities and normal patterns of commercial trade with developing countries.

Commerce and trade.

"(ii) The requirement for safeguarding usual marketings of the United States shall not be used to prevent the furnishing under this subsection of any eligible commodity for use in countries that—

"(I) have not traditionally purchased the commodity from the United States; or

"(II) do not have adequate financial resources to acquire the commodity from the United States through commercial sources or through concessional sales arrangements.

"(C) The Secretary shall take reasonable precautions to ensure that—

"(i) commodities furnished under this subsection will not displace or interfere with sales that otherwise might be made; and

"(ii) sales or barter under paragraph (7) will not unduly disrupt world prices of agricultural commodities nor normal patterns of commercial trade with friendly countries.

Commerce and trade.

"(4) Agreements may be entered into under this subsection to provide eligible commodities in installments over an extended period of time.

"(5)(A) Section 203 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 shall apply to the commodities furnished under this subsection.

7 USC 1723.

"(B) The Commodity Credit Corporation may pay the processing and domestic handling costs incurred, as authorized under this subsection, in the form of eligible commodities, as defined in paragraph (2)(A), if the Secretary determines that such in-kind payment will not disrupt domestic markets.

Prohibition.

"(6) The cost of commodities furnished under this subsection, and expenses incurred under section 203 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 in connection with those commodities, shall be in addition to the level of assistance programmed under that Act and shall not be considered expenditures for international affairs and finance.

99 STAT. 1469

"(7) Eligible commodities, and products thereof, furnished under this subsection may be sold or bartered only with the approval of the Secretary and solely as follows:

"(A) Sales and barter that are incidental to the donation of the commodities or products.

"(B) Sales and barter to finance the distribution, handling, and processing costs of the donated commodities or products in the importing country or in a country through which such commodities or products must be transshipped, or other activities in the importing country that are consistent with providing food assistance to needy people.

"(C) Sales and barter of commodities and products furnished to intergovernmental agencies or organizations, insofar as they are consistent with normal programming procedures in the distribution of commodities by those agencies or organizations.

"(D)(i) Sales of commodities and products furnished to nonprofit and voluntary agencies, or cooperatives, for food assistance under agreements that provide for the use, by the agency or cooperative, of foreign currency proceeds generated from such sale of commodities or products for the purposes established in clause (ii) of this subparagraph.

Transportation.

"(ii) Foreign currency proceeds generated from the sales of commodities and products under this subparagraph shall be used by nonprofit and voluntary agencies, or cooperatives, for activities carried out by the agency or cooperative that will enhance the effectiveness of transportation, distribution, and use of commodities and products donated under this subsection, including food for work programs and cooperative and agricultural projects.

"(iii) Except as otherwise provided in clause (v), such agreements, taken together for each fiscal year, shall provide for sales of commodities and products for foreign currency proceeds in amounts that are, in the aggregate, not less than 5 percent of the aggregate value of all commodities and products furnished for carrying out programs of assistance under this subsection in such fiscal year. The minimum allocation requirements of this clause apply with respect to commodities and products made available under this subsection for carrying out programs of assistance under title II of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, and not with respect to commodities and products made available to carry out the Food for Progress Act of 1985.

Ante, p. 1466.

Post, p. 1472.

Transportation.

"(iv) Foreign currency proceeds generated from the sale of commodities or products under this subparagraph shall be expended within the country of origin within one year of acquisition of such currency, except that the Secretary may permit the use of such proceeds (I) in countries other than the country of origin as necessary to expedite the transportation of commodities and products furnished under this subsection, and (II) after one year of acquisition as appropriate to achieve the purposes of clause (i).

Prohibition.

"(v) The provisions of clause (iii) of this subparagraph establishing minimum annual allocations for sales and use of proceeds shall not apply to the extent that there have not been sufficient requests for such sales and use of proceeds nor to the extent required under paragraph (3).

"(E) Sales and barter to cover expenses incurred under paragraph (5)(a). 99 STAT. 1470

No portion of the proceeds or services realized from sales or barter under this paragraph may be used to meet operating and overhead expenses, except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (C) and except for personnel and administrative costs incurred by local cooperatives. Prohibition.

"(8)(A) To the maximum extent practicable, expedited procedures shall be used in the implementation of this subsection.

"(B) The Secretary shall be responsible for regulations governing sales and barter, and the use of foreign currency proceeds, under paragraph (7) of this subsection that will provide reasonable safeguards to prevent the occurrence of abuses in the conduct of activities provided for in paragraph (7). Regulations.

"(9)(A) Each recipient of commodities and products approved for sale or barter under paragraph (7) shall report to the Secretary information with respect to the items required to be included in the Secretary's report pursuant to clauses (i) through (iv) of subparagraph (B). Reports pursuant to this subparagraph shall be submitted in accordance with regulations of the Secretary. Such regulations shall require at least one report annually, to be submitted not later than December 31 following the end of the fiscal year in which the commodities and products are received; except that a report shall not be required with respect to fiscal year 1985. Regulations. Reports.

"(B) Not later than February 15, 1987, and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall report to the Congress on sales and barter, and use of foreign currency proceeds, under paragraph (7) during the preceding fiscal year. Such report shall include information on—

"(i) the quantity of commodities furnished for such sale or barter;

"(ii) the amount of funds (including dollar equivalents for foreign currencies) and value of services generated from such sales and barter in such fiscal year;

"(iii) how such funds and services were used;

"(iv) the amount of foreign currency proceeds that were used under agreements under subparagraph (D) of paragraph (7) in such fiscal year, and the percentage of the quantity of all commodities and products furnished under this subsection in such fiscal year such use represented;

"(v) the Secretary's best estimate of the amount of foreign currency proceeds that will be used, under agreements under subparagraph (D) of paragraph (7), in the then current fiscal year and the next following fiscal year (if all requests for such use are agreed to), and the percentage that such estimated use represents of the quantity of all commodities and products that the Secretary estimates will be furnished under this subsection in each such fiscal year;

"(vi) the effectiveness of such sales, barter, and use during such fiscal year in facilitating the distribution of commodities and products under this subsection;

"(vii) the extent to which sales, barter, or uses—

"(I) displace or interfere with commercial sales of United States agricultural commodities and products that otherwise would be made,

"(II) affect usual marketings of the United States,

"(III) disrupt world prices of agricultural commodities or normal patterns of trade with friendly countries, or Commerce and trade.

99 STAT. 1471

"(IV) discourage local production and marketing of agricultural commodities in the countries in which commodities and products are distributed under this subsection; and

"(viii) the Secretary's recommendations, if any, for changes to improve the conduct of sales, barter, or use activities under paragraph (7).

"(10)(A) Subject to the limitations established under paragraph (3), the Secretary shall make available for disposition under this subsection in each of the fiscal years 1986 through 1990 not less than the minimum quantities of eligible commodities specified in subparagraph (B).

"(B) The minimum quantity of eligible commodities that shall be made available for disposition under this subsection in each fiscal year shall be—

Grains.
Oilseed.

"(i) 500,000 metric tons of grains and oilseeds from the Corporation's uncommitted stocks, or an amount equal to 10 percent of the Corporation's uncommitted stocks of grains and oilseeds as of the end of such fiscal year (as estimated by the Secretary), whichever is less; and

Securities.

"(ii) 10 percent of the Corporation's uncommitted stocks of dairy products, but not less than 150,000 metric tons of such products to the extent that uncommitted stocks are available.

Federal Register, publication.

The Secretary shall make such estimation of expected year-end levels of the Corporation's uncommitted stocks prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. The Secretary's determination as to the amount of the Corporation's stocks that shall be made available for disposition under this subsection for such fiscal year shall be published in the Federal Register, along with a breakdown by kind of commodity and the quantity of each kind of commodity that shall be made available, before the beginning of such fiscal year.

Post, p. 1472.

"(C) Of the aggregate amounts made available each fiscal year pursuant to both clauses (i) and (ii) of subparagraph (B), not less than 75,000 metric tons shall be made available to carry out the Food for Progress Act of 1985.

"(D)(i) The Secretary—

"(I) may waive the minimum quantity requirements of subparagraphs (A) and (B) for a fiscal year to the extent that the Secretary determines and reports to Congress that there are not sufficient requests for eligible commodities under this subsection for such fiscal year, except that the waiver authority of this subclause may not be used to waive the minimum quantity requirement of subparagraph (C);

"(II) may waive the minimum quantity requirement of subparagraph (C) in accordance with subsection (f)(2) of the Food for Progress Act of 1985; and

"(III) may waive the minimum quantity requirements of subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) for a fiscal year, if the Secretary determines that the restrictions on the furnishing of commodities under paragraph (3) prevent the making available of commodities in such quantities.

Securities.

"(ii) For any fiscal year in which the minimum levels of uncommitted Commodity Credit Corporation stocks specified in subparagraph (B) are not made available and during which any requests for commodities under this subsection are rejected, the Secretary shall provide a detailed, written explanation to Congress, at the end of such fiscal year, of the reasons for the rejections of such requests.

99 STAT. 1472

7 USC 1701.
15 USC 714 note.

"(11)(A) The Secretary may furnish eligible commodities under this subsection in connection with (i) concessional sales agreements entered into under title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 or other statutes, or (ii) agricultural export bonus or promotion programs carried out under the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act or other statutes.

"(B) Eligible commodities may be furnished by the Secretary under this subsection in connection with agreements by recipient countries to acquire additional agricultural commodities from the United States through commercial arrangements.

Prohibition.

"(C) The amount of any commodity furnished under subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph in any fiscal year shall not be considered for the purpose of determining whether the requirements of paragraph (10)(A) of this subsection have been met during such fiscal year.".

FOOD FOR PROGRESS

Food for Progress Act of 1985.
7 USC 1736o.
Contracts.

SEC. 1110. (a) This section may be cited as the "Food for Progress Act of 1985".

(b) In order to use the food resources of the United States more effectively in support of countries that have made commitments to introduce or expand free enterprise elements in their agricultural economies through changes in commodity pricing, marketing, input availability, distribution, and private sector involvement, the President is authorized to enter into agreements with developing countries to furnish commodities made available pursuant to subsections (e) and (f) of this section. Such agreements may provide for commodities to be furnished on a multiyear basis.

(c) As used in this section, the term "commodities" means agricultural commodities and the products thereof.

(d) In determining whether to enter into an agreement with countries under this section, the President shall consider whether a potential recipient country is committed to carry out, or is carrying out, policies that promote economic freedom, private, domestic production of food commodities for domestic consumption, and the creation and expansion of efficient domestic markets for the purchase and sale of such commodities. Such policies may provide for, among other things—

(1) access, on the part of farmers in the country, to private, competitive markets for their product;

(2) market pricing of commodities to foster adequate private sector incentives to individual farmers to produce food on a regular basis for the country's domestic needs;

(3) establishment of market-determined foreign exchange rates;

(4) timely availability of production inputs (such as seed, fertilizer, or pesticides) to farmers;

(5) access to technologies appropriate to the level of agricultural development in the country; and

(6) construction of facilities and distribution systems necessary to handle perishable products.

(e)(1) The Commodity Credit Corporation shall make available to the President such commodities determined to be available under section 401 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 as the President may request for purposes of furnishing commodities under this section. 7 USC 1731.

99 STAT. 1473

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Commodity Credit Corporation may use funds appropriated to carry out title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 in carrying out this section with respect to commodities made available under that Act. 7 USC 1701.

(3) The Commodity Credit Corporation may finance the sale and exportation of commodities, made available under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, which are furnished to a developing country under this section. Payment by a developing country for commodities made available under that Act which are purchased on credit terms under this section shall be on the same basis as the terms provided in section 106 of that Act. 7 USC 1691 note. 7 USC 1706.

(4) In the case of commodities made available under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 for purposes of this section, section 203 of that Act shall apply to commodities furnished on a grant basis to a developing country under this section and section 401(b) of that Act shall apply to all commodities furnished to a developing country under this section. 7 USC 1723. 7 USC 1731.

(f)(1) Commodities made available under section 416(b) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 for use in carrying out this section shall be provided to developing countries on a grant basis. *Ante*, p. 271.

(2) Not less than 75,000 metric tons shall be made available pursuant to section 416(b)(10)(C) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 to

carry out this section unless the President determines there are an insufficient number of eligible recipients.

(3) In carrying out section 416(b) of the Agricultural Act of 1949, the Commodity Credit Corporation may purchase commodities for use under this section if—

Securities. (A) the Commodity Credit Corporation does not hold stocks of such commodities; or

Contracts. (B) Commodity Credit Corporation stocks are insufficient to satisfy commitments made in agreements entered into under this section and such commodities are needed to fulfill such commitments.

Prohibition. (4) No funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation in excess of $30,000,000 (exclusive of the cost of commodities) may be used to carry out this section with respect to commodities made available under section 416(b) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 unless authorized in advance in appropriation Acts.

Prohibition. (5) The cost of commodities made available under section 416(b) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 which are furnished under this section, and the expenses incurred in connection with furnishing such commodities, shall be in addition to the level of assistance programmed under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 and may not be considered expenditures for international affairs and finance.

Prohibition. (g) Not more than 500,000 metric tons of commodities may be furnished under this section in each of the fiscal years 1986 through 1990.

Prohibition. (h) An agreement entered into under this section shall prohibit the resale or transshipment of the commodities provided under the agreement to other countries.

President of U.S. (i) In entering into agreements under this section, the President shall take reasonable steps to avoid displacement of any sales of United States commodities that would otherwise be made to such countries.

99 STAT. 1474

President of U.S. Report. (j) Within 90 days after the end of each fiscal year in which an agreement entered into with a country under this section is in effect, the President shall report to the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate on the status of such agreement and the progress being made to implement private, free enterprise agricultural policies for long-term agricultural development in such country.

Effective date. (k) This section shall be effective during the period beginning October 1, 1985, and ending September 30, 1990.

SALES FOR LOCAL CURRENCIES; PRIVATE ENTERPRISE PROMOTION

SEC. 1111. (a) The first sentence of section 2 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1691) is amended by inserting "to use foreign currencies accruing under this Act to foster and encourage the development of private enterprise in developing countries; to enhance food security in developing countries through local food production;" after "agricultural production;".

(b) The Congress finds that additional steps should be taken to use the agricultural abundance produced by American farmers—

(1) to relieve hunger and promote long-term food security and economic development in developing countries in accordance with the development assistance policy established under section 102 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151-1); and

(2) to promote United States agricultural trade interests.

(c) Section 101 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1701) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 101. (a) In order to carry out the policies and accomplish the objectives set forth in section 2 of this Act, the President is authorized to negotiate and carry out agreements with friendly countries to provide for the sale of agricultural commodities—

"(1) for dollars on credit terms;

"(2) to the extent that sales for dollars under the terms applicable to such sales are not possible, for foreign currencies on credit terms and on terms that permit conversion to dollars at the exchange rate applicable to the sales agreement; or

"(3) for foreign currencies for use under section 108 on terms that permit conversion to dollars. 7 USC 1708.

"(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), for each of the fiscal years 1986 through 1990 sales for foreign currencies for use under section 108 under agreements entered into under this title shall be made at an annual level of not less than 10 percent of the aggregate value of all sales of agricultural commodities under this title.

"(2) The President may reduce the minimum level of sales for foreign currencies required under paragraph (1) during any fiscal year in which the President determines that the level of agricultural commodities furnished under this title will be significantly reduced as a result of compliance with the requirement under paragraph (1).

Prohibition.

"(c) Agreements for sales for foreign currency in a developing country for use under section 108 may not be entered into to the extent that such agreements would generate currency in amounts that cannot be productively used and absorbed in the private sector of such country.

99 STAT. 1475

7 USC 1708.

"(d) Sales for foreign currencies for use under section 108 under agreements entered into under this title shall be made on such terms and conditions as are specified in such agreements.".

7 USC 1704.

(d) Section 103 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 1703) is amended—

(1) by inserting ", in section 108," after "section 104" in subsection (b);

(2) by striking out "for dollars on credit terms" in the last sentence of subsection (d);

(3) in subsection (m)—

(A) by inserting "except as provided in section 108," after "(m)";

(B) by striking out the semicolon and inserting in lieu thereof a period; and

President of U.S.

(C) by adding at the end thereof the following: "In carrying out this subsection, the President shall require that foreign currencies to be used under section 108 that are acquired under an agreement for the sale of commodities be convertible to dollars during the period beginning 10 years after the date of the last delivery of such commodities and ending 30 years after the date of such delivery. Such agreement for sale shall establish a schedule for such conversion but need not specify the exchange rate for such conversion;";

(4) by striking out "for dollars on credit terms" and "for cash dollars" in subsection (n);

(5) by striking out "Take" in subsection (o) and inserting in lieu thereof "take";

(6) by striking out "Assure convertibility" in subsection (p) and inserting in lieu thereof "except as provided in section 108, assure convertibility"; and

(7) by striking out "Assure convertibility" in subsection (q) and inserting in lieu thereof "except as provided in section 108, assure convertibility".

(e) The first sentence of section 105 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 1705) is amended by striking out "section 104" and inserting in lieu thereof "sections 104 and 108".

(f) Section 106(a) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 1706(a)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(3) Payment for sales made for foreign currencies that are to be used under section 108 under an agreement entered into under this title shall be made on such terms as are specified in such agreement.".

(g) Section 106(b) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(4)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, agreements under this title for the sale of agricultural commodities for dollars on credit terms may provide that proceeds from the sale of the commodities in the recipient country shall be used for such private sector development activities as are mutually agreed upon by the United States and the recipient government.

Loans.
Corporations.
Prohibition.

"(B) Proceeds used for private sector development activities pursuant to this paragraph shall be deposited in jointly programmed accounts to be loaned by the recipient government to one or more financial intermediaries operating within the country for use by those financial intermediaries for loans to private individuals, private and voluntary organizations, corporations, cooperatives, and other entities within such country. In the case of a cooperative or private and voluntary organizations, proceeds may be granted to defray the startup costs of becoming a financial intermediary. Such proceeds shall not be used to promote the production of commodities or the products thereof that will compete, as determined by the President, in world markets with similar commodities or the products thereof produced in the United States.".

99 STAT. 1476

(h) Such Act is amended by inserting after section 107 (7 U.S.C. 1707) the following new section:

7 USC 1708.
President of U.S.
Prohibition.

"Sec. 108. (a)(1) In order to foster and encourage the development of private enterprise institutions and infrastructure as the base for the expansion, promotion, and improvement of the production of food and other related goods and services within a developing country and pursuant to an agreement for the sale of agricultural commodities entered into under this title, the President may enter into an agreement with a financial intermediary located or operating in such country under which the President shall lend to such financial intermediary foreign currency that accrues as a result of commodity sales to such country under a sales agreement entered into under this title after the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985. Procurement and other contracting requirements, normally applicable to appropriated funds, shall not apply to such foreign currency.

President of U.S.

"(2) Prior to loaning the foreign currencies as provided in this section, the President shall take such steps as may be necessary to assure that the availability of such foreign currencies to financial intermediaries is adequately publicized within the purchasing country.

Loans.
Corporation.

"(b) To be eligible to obtain foreign currency under this section, a financial intermediary must enter into an agreement with the President under which the intermediary agrees to use such currency to make loans to private individuals, cooperatives, corporations, or other entities within a developing country, at reasonable rates of interest, for the purpose of financing—

"(1) productive, private enterprise investment within such country, including such investment in projects carried out by cooperatives, nonprofit voluntary organizations, and other entities found to be qualified by the President;

"(2) private enterprise facilities for aiding the utilization and distribution, and increasing the consumption of and markets for, United States agricultural commodities and the products thereof; or

"(3) private enterprise support of self-help measures and projects.

"(c) An agreement entered into under this section shall specify the terms and conditions under which the foreign currency shall be used and subsequently repaid, including the following terms and conditions:

"(1) A financial intermediary shall, to the maximum extent feasible, give preference to the financing of agricultural related private enterprise with the funds provided under this section.

Loans.

"(2)(A) A financial intermediary shall repay a loan made under this section, plus accrued interest, at such times and in such manner as will permit conversion of such foreign currency to dollars in accordance with the schedule for such conversion.

Loans.

"(B) A financial intermediary may repay a loan made under this section prior to the repayment date specified in such agreement.

99 STAT. 1477

"(3) To be eligible to receive financing from a financial intermediary under this section, an entity or venture must—

"(A) be owned, directly or indirectly, by citizens of the developing country or any other country eligible to participate in a sales agreement entered into under this title, except that up to 49 percent of such ownership interest may be held by citizens of the United States; and

"(B) not be owned or controlled, in whole or in part, by the government or any governmental subdivision of the developing country.

"(4)(A) The rate of interest charged on funds loaned to a financial intermediary under this section shall be such rate as is determined by the President and the intermediary.

Grants.

"(B) In the case of a cooperative or nonprofit voluntary agency that is acting as a financial intermediary, the President may charge a lower rate of interest on funds loaned to such intermediary under this section than is charged to other types of intermediaries or make a grant from currencies received from sales made under section 101(a)(3) of this Act to defray the startup costs of becoming a financial intermediary.

Ante, p. 1474

Prohibition.

"(5) No currency made available under this section may be used to promote the production of agricultural commodities or the products thereof that will compete, as determined by the President, in world markets with similar agricultural commodities or the products thereof produced in the United States.

Prohibition.
Loans.

"(6) The President may not require a developing country to guarantee the repayment of a loan made to a financial intermediary under this section as a condition of receipt of such loan.

Loans.

"(7) A financial intermediary shall take such steps as may be necessary to publicize in the developing country the availability of loan funds under this section.

"(d)(1) All currencies repaid by financial intermediaries under agreements entered into under this section shall be deposited and accounted for in accordance with section 105.

Ante, p. 1475.

"(2) Currencies repaid by financial intermediaries shall, as determined by the President—

"(A) be used to finance additional productive, private enterprise investment under agreements with financial intermediaries entered into under this section;

"(B) be used for the development of new markets for United States agricultural commodities;

"(C) be used for the payment of United States obligations (including obligations entered into pursuant to other laws of the United States); or

"(D) be converted to dollars.

"(3) Section 1306 of title 31, United States Code, shall apply to currencies used for the purpose specified in paragraph (2)(C).

"(e)(1) Any agreement entered into under this section and section 106(b)(4) shall be subject to periodic audit to determine whether the terms and conditions of the agreement are being fulfilled.

Ante, p. 1475.

President of U.S.

"(2) Not later than 180 days after the end of each fiscal year, the President shall report to the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate on the activities carried out under this section and section 106(b)(4) during the preceding fiscal year, including an evaluation of the impact of investment under this

Ante, p. 1475.

99 STAT. 1478

section and section 106(b)(4) on the development of agricultural-related private enterprise in each participating country.

"(f) The President may provide agricultural technical assistance to further the purposes of this section, including the funding of market development activities. To the maximum extent practicable, the President shall use at least 5 percent of the foreign currencies obtained for use under this section from sales of agricultural commodities made under agreements entered into under this title after the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985 to carry out such assistance.

"(g) For each of the fiscal years 1986 through 1990, and in accordance with the provisions of section 106(b)(4) and this section, the President is encouraged to channel foreign currencies, in an amount equivalent to 25 percent of the value of sales agreements under this title, for loans for private enterprise investment provided there are appropriate proposals for such an amount of foreign currencies.

"(h) The provisions of this section apply notwithstanding any other provision of law.

"(i) As used in this section and in section 106(b)(4)—

"(1) the term 'developing country' means a country that is eligible to participate in a sales agreement entered into under this title; and

"(2) the term 'financial intermediary' means a bank, financial institution, cooperative, nonprofit voluntary agency, or other organization or entity, as determined by the President, that has the capability of making and servicing a loan in accordance with this section.".

CHILD IMMUNIZATION

SEC. 1112. (a) The Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 is amended—

7 USC 1691 note.

(1) in paragraph (11) of section 109 (7 U.S.C. 1709(11)) by inserting immediately before the period at the end thereof ", including the immunization of children";

Health and medical care.

(2) in the first sentence of section 206 (7 U.S.C. 1726) by striking out "or" before "(B)", and by inserting immediately before the period at the end thereof ", or (C) health programs and projects, including immunization of children"; and

(3) in the second sentence of section 301(b) (7 U.S.C. 1727(b)) by inserting "(including immunization of children)" immediately after "health services".

7 USC 1709 note.

(b) In the implementation of health programs undertaken in relation to assistance provided under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, it shall be the goal of the organizations and agencies involved to provide as many additional immunizations of children as possible. Such increased immunization activities should be taken in coordination with similar efforts of other organizations and in keeping with any national plans for expanded programs of immunization. The President shall include information concerning such immunization activities in the annual reports required by section 634 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, including a report on the estimated number of immunizations provided each year pursuant to this subsection.

Reports.

22 USC 2394.

99 STAT. 1479

SPECIAL ASSISTANT FOR AGRICULTURAL TRADE AND FOOD AID

7 USC 1736-1.

SEC. 1113. (a) The President shall appoint a Special Assistant to the President for Agricultural Trade and Food Aid (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Special Assistant").

(b) The Special Assistant shall serve in the Executive Office of the President.

(c) The Special Assistant shall—

(1) assist and advise the President in order to improve and

enhance food assistance programs carried out in the United States and foreign countries;

(2) be available to receive suggestions and complaints concerning the implementation of United States food aid and agricultural export programs anywhere in the United States Government and provide prompt responses thereto, including expediting the program implementation in any instances in which there is unreasonable delay;

(3) make recommendations to the President on means to coordinate and streamline the manner in which food assistance programs are carried out by the Department of Agriculture and the Agency for International Development, in order to improve their overall effectiveness;

(4) make recommendations to the President on measures to be taken to increase use of United States agricultural commodities and the products thereof through food assistance programs;

(5) advise the President on agricultural trade;

Commerce and Trade.

(6) advise the President on the Food for Progress Program and expedite its implementation;

(7) serve as a member of the Development Coordination Committee and the Food Aid Subcommittee of such Committee;

(8) advise departments and agencies of the Federal Government on their policy guidelines on basic issues of food assistance policy to the extent necessary to assure the coordination of food assistance programs, consistent with law, and with the advice of such Subcommittee; and

Report.

(9) submit a report to the President and Congress each year through 1990 containing—

(A) a global analysis of world food needs and production;

(B) an identification of at least 15 target countries which are most likely to emerge as growth markets for agricultural commodities in the next 5 to 10 years; and

(C) a detailed plan for using available export and food aid authorities to increase United States agricultural exports to those targeted countries.

(d) The Special Assistant shall also—

(1) solicit information and advice from private and governmental sources and recommend a plan to the President and Congress on measures that should be taken—

(A) to promote the export of United States agricultural commodities and the products thereof; and

(B) to expand export markets for United States agricultural commodities and the products thereof;

(2) develop and recommend to the President national agricultural policies to foster and promote the United States agricultural industry and to maintain and increase the strength of this vitally important sector of the United States economy; and

99 STAT. 1480

(3)(A) appraise the various programs and activities of the Federal Government, as they affect the United States agricultural industry, for the purpose of determining the extent to which such programs and activities are contributing or not contributing to such industry; and

(B) make recommendations to the President and Congress with respect to the effectiveness of such programs and activities in contributing to such industry.

(d) Section 5312 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"Special Assistant for Agricultural Trade and Food Aid."

Subtitle B—Maintenance and Development of Export Markets

TRADE POLICY DECLARATION

7 USC 1736p.

SEC. 1121. (a) Congress finds that—

(1) the volume and value of United States agricultural exports

have significantly declined in recent years as a result of unfair foreign competition and the high value of the dollar;

(2) this decline has been exacerbated by the lack of uniform and coherent objectives in United States agricultural trade policy and the absence of direction and coordination in trade policy formulation;

(3) agricultural interests have been under-represented in councils of government responsible for determining economic policy that has contributed to a strengthening of the United States dollar;

(4) foreign policy objectives of the United States have been introduced into the trade policy process in a manner injurious to the goal of maximizing United States economic interests through trade; and

(5) the achievement of that goal is in the best interests of the United States.

(b) It is hereby declared to be the agricultural trade policy of the United States to—

(1) provide through all means possible agricultural commodities and their products for export at competitive prices, with full assurance of quality and reliability of supply;

(2) support the principle of free trade and the promotion of fairer trade in agricultural commodities and their products;

(3) cooperate fully in all efforts to negotiate with foreign countries reductions in current barriers to fair trade;

(4) counter aggressively unfair foreign trade practices using all available means, including export restitution, export bonus programs, and, if necessary, restrictions on United States imports of foreign agricultural commodities and their products, as a means to encourage fairer trade;

(5) remove foreign policy constraints to maximize United States economic interests through agricultural trade; and

(6) provide for consideration of United States agricultural trade interests in the design of national fiscal and monetary policy that may foster continued strength in the value of the dollar.

TRADE LIBERALIZATION

7 USC 1736q.

SEC. 1122. (a) Congress finds that—

99 STAT. 1481

(1) the present high level of agricultural protectionism contrasts sharply with the general trade liberalization that has been achieved since the inception of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (hereinafter referred to as "GATT"); and

(2) GATT procedures should explicitly recognize the protective effect of domestic subsidies that alter trade indirectly by reducing the demand for imports and increasing the supply of exports.

(b) It is the sense of Congress that the President should negotiate with other parties to GATT to revise GATT rules and codes with the goal of reducing agricultural export subsidies, tariffs, and nontariff barriers to trade.

AGRICULTURAL TRADE CONSULTATIONS

7 USC 1736r.

SEC. 1123. (a) To improve the orderly marketing of United States agricultural commodities, to achieve higher income for United States producers of agricultural commodities, and to reduce the likelihood of an agricultural commodity price war and the need for export subsidy programs, the Secretary of Agriculture shall, in coordination with the United States Trade Representative, confer with representatives of other major agricultural producing countries and, at the earliest possible date, initiate and pursue agricultural trade consultations among major agricultural producing countries.

(b) It is the sense of Congress that the objectives of the consultations called for in subsection (a) should be to—

(1) increase the exchange of information on worldwide agricultural production, demand, and commodity supply levels;

(2) determine a more equitable sharing of responsibility for maintaining agricultural commodity reserves and managing supplies of agricultural commodities; and

(3) attain increased cooperation in restraining export subsidy programs.

(c) The Secretary of Agriculture shall report to Congress by July 1, 1986, and annually thereafter through fiscal year 1990, on the progress of efforts to initiate and pursue the consultations called for in subsection (a), including any agreements reached with respect to the objectives set forth in subsection (b).

TARGETED EXPORT ASSISTANCE

SEC. 1124. (a) For export activities authorized to be carried out by the Secretary of Agriculture or the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Secretary of Agriculture shall use under this section, in addition to any funds or commodities otherwise required under this Act to be used for such activities, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and each of the fiscal years thereafter through September 30, 1990, not less than $325,000,000 of funds of, or an equal value of commodities owned by, the Corporation. 7 USC 1736s.

(b)(1) Funds or commodities made available for use under this section shall be used by the Secretary only to counter or offset the adverse effect on the export of a United States agricultural commodity or the product thereof of a subsidy (as defined in paragraph (2)), import quotas, or other unfair trade practices of a foreign country

(2) As used in paragraph (1), the term subsidy includes an export subsidy, tax rebate on exports, financial assistance on preferential terms, financial assistance for operating losses, assumption of costs or expenses of production, processing, or distribution, a differential export tax or duty exemption, a domestic consumption quota, or other method of furnishing or ensuring the availability of raw materials at artificially low prices.

(c) The Secretary shall provide export assistance under this section on a priority basis in the case of—

(1) agricultural commodities and the products thereof with respect to which there has been a favorable decision under section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2411); or 98 Stat. 3002, 3003, 3005.

(2) agricultural commodities and the products thereof for which exports have been adversely affected, as defined by the Secretary, by retaliatory actions related to a favorable decision under section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2411).

SHORT-TERM EXPORT CREDIT

SEC. 1125. (a) In making available any guarantees of the repayment of credit extended on terms of up to 3 years in connection with the export sale of United States agricultural commodities or the products thereof, the Commodity Credit Corporation shall take into account— 7 USC 1736t.

(1) the credit needs of countries that are potential purchasers of United States agricultural exports;

(2) the creditworthiness of such countries; and

(3) whether the availability of Commodity Credit Corporation guarantees will improve the competitive position of United States agricultural exports in world markets.

(b) Effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986 and each fiscal year thereafter through the fiscal year ending September 30, 1990, the Commodity Credit Corporation shall make available not less than $5,000,000,000 in credit guarantees under its export credit guarantee program for short-term credit extended to finance the export sales of United States agricultural commodities and the products thereof.

Prohibition.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Agriculture may not charge an origination fee with respect to any credit guarantee transaction under the Export Credit Guarantee Program (GSM-102) in excess of an amount equal to one percent of the credit extended under the transaction.

COOPERATOR MARKET DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

7 USC 1736u.

SEC. 1126. (a) It is the sense of Congress that the cooperator market development program of the Foreign Agricultural Service should be continued to help develop new markets and expand and maintain existing markets for United States agricultural commodities, using nonprofit agricultural trade organizations to the maximum extent practicable.

7 USC 1736u.

(b) The cooperator market development program shall be exempt from the requirements of Circular A 110 issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

(c) Subclause (B) of section 1207(a)(5) of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 1736m(a)(5)(B)) is amended to read as follows: "(B) funding an export market development program for value-added farm products and processed foods at a higher funding level than that provided during the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985; and".

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DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION OF MARKETS FOR UNITED STATES AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES

7 USC 1736v.

SEC. 1127. (a)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Agriculture (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall formulate and carry out a program under which agricultural commodities and the products thereof acquired by the Commodity Credit Corporation are provided to United States exporters, users, and processors and foreign purchasers at no cost to encourage the development, maintenance, and expansion of export markets for United States agricultural commodities and the products thereof, including value-added or high-value agricultural products produced in the United States.

(2)(A) The term "agricultural commodities", as used in this section in referring to United States agricultural commodities, includes, but is not limited to—

(i) wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, rice, soybeans, and dairy products produced in the United States;

(ii) any other agricultural commodity produced in the United States that is determined by the Secretary of Agriculture to be in surplus supply and that can be purchased with funds available under section 32 of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act, and for other purposes", approved August 24, 1935; and

7 USC 612c.

(iii) products of the commodities and products described in clauses (i) and (ii) that are processed in the United States.

Prohibitions.

(B) United States agricultural commodities, as described in clause (ii) of subparagraph (A), may not be purchased with funds available under section 32 of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act, and for other purposes", approved August 24, 1935, for the sole purpose of use under the program under this section; and such commodities, or products thereof, may not be furnished to a United States user, exporter, processor, or foreign purchaser under the program under this section except by mutual agreement of such user, exporter, processor, or purchaser and the Secretary.

(3) In carrying out paragraph (1), the Secretary may provide such commodities in order to make United States commodities more competitive and shall, to the extent necessary, provide such commodities and products—

(A) to counter or offset—

(i) the adverse effect on the export of a United States agricultural commodity or the product thereof of a subsidy (as defined in paragraph (4)) or other unfair trade practice of a foreign country that directly or indirectly benefits producers, processors, or exporters of agricultural commodities in such foreign country;

(ii) the adverse effects of United States agricultural price support levels that are temporarily above the export prices offered by overseas competitors in export markets; or

(iii) fluctuations in the exchange rate of the United States dollar against other major currencies; and

(B) in conjunction with an intermediate export credit program conducted by the Commodity Credit Corporation— Animals.

(i) for the export sale of breeding animals (including, but not limited to, cattle, swine, sheep, and poultry), including

the cost of freight from the United States to designated points of entry in other nations; and

(ii) for the establishment of facilities in the importing nation to improve handling, marketing, processing, storage, or distribution of imported agricultural commodities (through the use of local currency generated from the import and sale of United States agricultural commodities or the products thereof to finance all or part of such facilities).

(4) As used in paragraph (3)(A)(i), the term "subsidy" includes an export subsidy, tax rebate on exports, financial assistance on preferential terms, financial assistance for operating losses, assumption of costs or expenses of production, processing, or distribution, a differential export tax or duty exemption, a domestic consumption quota, or other method of furnishing or ensuring the availability of raw materials at artificially low prices.

(b) In carrying out the program established by this section, the Secretary of Agriculture—

(1) shall take such action as may be necessary to ensure that the program provides equal treatment to domestic and foreign purchasers and users of United States agricultural commodities and the products thereof in any case in which the importation of a manufactured product made, in whole or in part, from a commodity or the product thereof made available for export under this section would place domestic users of the commodity or the product thereof at a competitive disadvantage;

(2) shall, to the extent that agricultural commodities and the products thereof are to be provided to foreign purchasers during any fiscal year, consider for participation all interested foreign purchasers, giving priority to those who have traditionally purchased United States agricultural commodities and the products thereof and who continue to purchase such commodities and the products thereof on an annual basis in quantities greater than the level of purchases in a previous representative period;

(3) shall encourage increased use and avoid displacing usual marketings of United States agricultural commodities and the products thereof;

(4) shall take reasonable precautions to prevent the resale or transshipment to other countries, or use for other than domestic use in the importing country, of agricultural commodities or the products thereof the export of which is assisted under this section; and

(5) may provide to a United States exporter, user, processor, or foreign purchaser, under the program, agricultural commodities of a kind different than the agricultural commodity involved in the transaction for which assistance under this section is being provided.

(c)(1) If a country does not meet the financial qualifications for export credit or credit guarantees provided by the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Secretary may provide to such country agricultural commodities and the products thereof acquired by the Corporation to the extent necessary to reduce the cost to such country of purchasing United States agricultural commodities and to allow such country to meet such qualifications.

(2) The Secretary shall review and adjust annually the quantity of commodities provided to a country under paragraph (1) in order to

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encourage such country to place greater reliance on increased use of commercial trade to meet the qualifications referred to in paragraph (1).

(d)(1) In carrying out this section, the Secretary may make green dollar export certificates available to commercial exporters of United States agricultural commodities and the products thereof.

(2) The Secretary shall make such certificates available under such terms and conditions as the Secretary determines appropriate.

(3) The amount of such certificates to be made available to an exporter may be determined—

(A) on the basis of competitive bids submitted by exporters; or

(B) by announcement of the Secretary.

(4)(A) An exporter may redeem a green dollar export certificate for commodities owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation.

(B) For purposes of redeeming such certificates, the Secretary may establish values for such commodities that are different than the acquisition prices of such commodities.

(5) Such certificates—

(A) may be transferred among commercial exporters of United States agricultural commodities; and

(B) shall be redeemed within 6 months after the date of issuance.

(e) The Secretary of Agriculture shall carry out the program established by this section through the Commodity Credit Corporation.

Prohibition.

(f) Any price restrictions that otherwise may be applicable to dispositions of agricultural commodities owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation shall not apply to agricultural commodities provided under this section.

(g) The program established under this section shall be in addition to, and not in place of, any authority granted to the Secretary of Agriculture or the Commodity Credit Corporation under any other provision of law.

Termination.

(h) The authority provided under this section shall terminate on September 30, 1990.

(i) During the period beginning October 1, 1985, and ending September 30, 1988, the Secretary shall use agricultural commodities and the products thereof referred to in subsection (a) that are equal in value to not less than $2,000,000,000 to carry out this section. To the maximum extent practicable, such commodities shall be used in equal amounts during each of the years in such period.

POULTRY, BEEF AND PORK MEATS AND MEAT-FOOD PRODUCTS, EQUITABLE TREATMENT

7 USC 1736w.

SEC. 1128. In the case of any program operated by the Secretary of Agriculture during the years 1986 through 1989, for the purpose of encouraging or enhancing commercial sales in foreign export markets of agricultural products or commodities produced in the United States, which program includes the payment of a bonus or incentive (in cash, commodities, or other benefits) provided to the purchaser, the Secretary shall seek to expend annually at least 15 per centum of the total funds available (or 15 per centum of the value of any commodities employed to encourage such sales) for program activities to likewise encourage and enhance the export sales of poultry,

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beef or pork meat and meat products.

PILOT BARTER PROGRAM FOR EXCHANGE OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES FOR STRATEGIC MATERIALS

7 USC 1431.

SEC. 1129. Section 416 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(d)(1) The Secretary shall establish and carry out a pilot program under which strategic or other materials that the United States does not produce domestically in amounts sufficient for its requirements and for which national stockpile or reserve goals established by law are unmet shall be acquired in exchange for commodities meeting the criteria specified in subsection (a).

"(2) The program established under paragraph (1) shall be carried out through agreements with at least two countries.

"(3) In establishing the pilot program under paragraph (2), the Secretary shall give priority to—

"(A) the acquisition of materials that involve less risk of loss through deterioration and have lower storage costs than the agricultural commodities or products for which they are exchanged; and

"(B) nations with food and currency reserve shortages.

"(4) To the extent practical, the Secretary shall use private channels of commerce to consummate any exchange of commodities for materials under the program.

"(5) Any materials acquired under the programs shall be held by the Commodity Credit Corporation and may be transferred, on a reimbursable basis, to any Department or agency of the United States that has responsibility for any reserve or other need for the material. Any material acquired, in excess of any required reserve, may be sold by the Corporation to the extent authorized by the Secretary taking into consideration any effect that such sale may have on the commercial market of such material.

Report

"(6) The program established by the Secretary shall be carried out during the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986, and September 30, 1987, and the Secretary shall submit a report to Congress, not later than 60 days after the end of each such fiscal year with respect to the operation of the program.".

AGRICULTURAL EXPORT CREDIT REVOLVING FUND

SEC. 1130. Section 4(d)(6) of the Food for Peace Act of 1966 (7 U.S.C. 1707a(d)(6)) is amended by striking out "1985" both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

INTERMEDIATE EXPORT CREDIT

SEC. 1131. Section 4(b) of the Food for Peace Act of 1966 (7 U.S.C. 1707a(b)) is amended—

Loans

(1) by adding at the end of paragraph (1) the following new sentence: "In addition, the Corporation may guarantee the repayment of loans made to finance such sales.";

(2) in paragraph (2)—

(A) by inserting ", and no loan may be guaranteed," after "financed";

(B) by striking out "or" at the end of clause (A);

(C) by striking out the period at the end of clause (B) and inserting in lieu thereof "; or"; and

(D) by inserting at the end thereof the following new clause:

"(C) otherwise promote the export of United States agricultural commodities.";

(3) by striking out paragraph (7);

(4) by redesignating paragraphs (3) through (6) as paragraphs (4) through (7), respectively;

(5) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:

"(3) The Secretary is encouraged, to the maximum extent practicable, to finance or guarantee the export sales of agricultural commodities under this subsection to purchasers from—

"(A) countries that are previous recipients of credit extended under title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.);

"(B) countries unable, as determined by the Secretary, to utilize other short-term export credit programs offered by the Secretary or the Commodity Credit Corporation; and

"(C) countries that are friendly countries, as defined in section 103(d) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 1703(d)).";

(6) in paragraph (4) (as redesignated by clause (4))—

(A) by inserting "or guarantees" after "financing";

(B) by striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (C);

(C) by striking out "credit" in subparagraph (D);

(D) by striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (D) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and

(E) by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraphs:

"(E) to finance the importation of agricultural commodities by developing nations for use in meeting their food and fiber needs; and

"(F) otherwise to promote the export sales of agricultural commodities.";

(7) in paragraph (5) (as redesignated by clause (4))—

(A) by inserting "or guarantees" after "financing"; and

(B) by striking out "to encourage credit competition, or";

(8) in paragraph (6) (as redesignated by clause (4))—

(A) by inserting "(A)" after the paragraph designation;

(B) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively;

(C) by amending clause (i) (as redesignated) to read as follows:

"(i) Repayment shall be in dollars with interest at a rate determined by the Secretary."; and

(D) by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

Contracts.

"(B) Contracts of guarantee under this subsection shall contain such terms and conditions as the Commodity Credit Corporation shall determine.";

(9) by inserting "or guarantees" after "financing" in paragraph (7) (as redesignated by clause (4));

(10) by inserting "or guaranteed" after "financed" in paragraph (8); and

(11) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(10) For purposes of guaranteeing export sales under this subsection, the Commodity Credit Corporation shall make available—

"(A) for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986,

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through September 30, 1988, not less than $500,000,000; and

"(B) for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1989 and September 30, 1990, not more than $1,000,000,000.".

AGRICULTURAL ATTACHÉ REPORTS

7 USC 1736x.

SEC. 1132. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture shall require appropriate officers and employees of the Department of Agriculture, including those stationed in foreign countries, to prepare and submit annually to the Secretary detailed reports that—

(1) document the nature and extent of—

(A) programs in such countries that provide direct or indirect government support for the export of agricultural commodities and the products thereof; and

(B) other trade practices that may impede the entry of United States agricultural commodities and the products thereof into such countries; and

(2) identify opportunities for the export of United States agricultural commodities and the products thereof to such countries.

(b) The Secretary shall annually compile the information contained in such reports and make such information available to Congress, the Agricultural Policy Advisory Committee and the agricultural technical advisory committees established under section 135 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2155), and other interested parties.

(c) The United States Trade Representative shall—

(1) review the reports prepared under subsection (a) and any other information available to identify export subsidies or other export enhancing techniques (within the meaning of the agreement on Interpretation and Application of Articles VI, XVI, and XXIII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade);

Exports.

(2) identify markets (in order of priority) in which United States export subsidies can be used most efficiently and will have the greatest impact in offsetting the benefits of foreign export subsidies that—

(A) harm United States exports,

(B) are inconsistent with the Agreement on Interpretation and Application of Articles VI, XVI, and XXIII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade,

International agreements.

(C) nullify or impair benefits accruing to the United States under international agreements, or

(D) cause serious prejudice to the interests of the United States and

(3) submit to the Congress and to the Secretary of Agriculture an annual report on—

Exports.

(A) the existence and status of export subsidies and other export enhancing techniques that are the subject of the investigation conducted under paragraph (1), and

(B) the identification and assignment of priority to markets under paragraph (2).

(d) The Secretary and the United States Trade Representative shall convene a meeting, at least once a year, of the Agricultural Policy Advisory Committee and the agricultural technical advisory committees to develop specific recommendations for actions to be taken by the Federal Government and private industry to—

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(1) reduce or eliminate trade barriers or distortions identified in the annual reports required to be submitted under subsections (a) and (c); and

Exports.

(2) expand United States agricultural export opportunities identified in such annual reports.

CONTRACT SANCTITY AND PRODUCER EMBARGO PROTECTION

Exports.
7 USC 1736y.

SEC. 1133. (a) It is hereby declared to be the policy of the United States—

(1) to foster and encourage the export of agricultural commodities and the products of such commodities;

(2) not to restrict or limit the export of such commodities and products except under the most compelling circumstances;

(3) that any prohibition or limitation on the export of such commodities or products should be imposed only in time of a national emergency declared by the President under the Export Administration Act; and

(4) that contracts for the export of such commodities or products entered into before the imposition of any prohibition or limitation on the export of such commodities or products should not be abrogated.

(b) Section 1204 of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 1736j) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking out "involved by" and all that follows through the period and inserting in lieu thereof "involved by making payments available to such producers, as provided in subsection (b) of this section.";

(2) by striking out "clause (1) of" in subsection (b);

(3) by striking out subsection (d); and

(4) by redesignating subsections (e), (f), and (g) as subsections (d), (e), and (f), respectively.

STUDY TO REDUCE FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

Exports.

SEC. 1134. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study to determine the feasibility, practicability and cost of implementing a program to reduce the risk of foreign exchange fluctuations that is incurred by the purchasers of United States agricultural exports under United States export credit promotion programs. The purpose of the study is to examine whether the GSM-102 program and all other United States export credit initiatives relating to agricultural exports would be enhanced by the United States assuming the foreign exchange risk of the buyer which resulted from a rise in the value of the United States dollar compared to the trade-weighted index of the dollar. The index referred to is the "trade-weighted index" published by the Department of Commerce as a measurement of the relative buying power of the dollar compared to the currencies of nations trading with the United States. The elements of the program to be considered in this study would include the following:

Loans.

(1) On the date a foreign buyer receives GSM-102 or other credit for purposes of purchasing United States agricultural products, the maximum loan repayment exchange rate would be tied to the trade-weighted value of the United States dollar on the same date.

Loans.

(2) If in the future the United States dollar gains in strength (a higher trade-weighted index), the buyer would continue to repay the loan at the lower value fixed at the time the GSM-102 credit was extended.

(3) If the United States dollar falls in value during the term of the repayment period, the foreign buyer could calculate his repayment on the lower dollar value.

(b) Not later than six months after the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall report the results of such study to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

Subtitle C—Export Transportation of Agricultural Commodities

FINDINGS AND DECLARATIONS

Defense and national security.
46 USC app. 1241d.

SEC. 1141. (a) The Congress finds and declares—

(1) that a productive and healthy agricultural industry and a strong and active United States maritime industry are vitally important to the economic well-being and national security objectives of our Nation;

(2) that both industries must compete in international markets increasingly dominated by foreign trade barriers and the subsidization practices of foreign governments; and

Vessels.

(3) that increased agricultural exports and the utilization of United States merchant vessels contribute positively to the United States balance of trade and generate employment opportunities in the United States.

(b) It is therefore declared to be the purpose and policy of the Congress in this subtitle—

(1) to enable the Department of Agriculture to plan its export programs effectively, by clarifying the ocean transportation requirements applicable to such programs;

(2) to take immediate and positive steps to promote the growth of the cargo carrying capacity of the United States merchant marine;

(3) to expand international trade in United States agricultural commodities and products and to develop, maintain, and expand markets for United States agricultural exports;

(4) to improve the efficiency of administration of both the commodity purchasing and selling and the ocean transportation activities associated with export programs sponsored by the Department of Agriculture;

(5) to stimulate and promote both the agricultural and maritime industries of the United States and encourage cooperative efforts by both industries to address their common problems; and

(6) to provide in the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, for the appropriate disposition of these findings and purposes.

46 USC 1245 *et seq*

EXEMPTION OF CERTAIN AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CARGO PREFERENCE LAWS

SEC. 1142. The Merchant Marine Act, 1936, (46 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 901 the following:

46 USC 1245 *et seq*

"SEC. 901a. The requirements of section 901(b)(1) of this Act and the Joint Resolution of March 26, 1934 (46 U.S.C. App. 1241-1), shall not apply to any export activities of the Secretary of Agriculture or the Commodity Credit Corporation—

Prohibition
46 USC 1241
46 USC app. 1241e

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"(1) under which agricultural commodities or the products thereof acquired by the Commodity Credit Corporation are made available to United States exporters, users, processors, or foreign purchasers for the purpose of developing, maintaining, or expanding export markets for United States agricultural commodities or the products thereof at prevailing world market prices;

"(2) under which payments are made available to United States exporters, users, or processors or, except as provided in section 901b, cash grants are made available to foreign purchasers, for the purpose described in paragraph (1);

Grants

Infra

"(3) under which commercial credit guarantees are blended with direct credits from the Commodity Credit Corporation to reduce the effective rate of interest on export sales of United States agricultural commodities or the products thereof;

"(4) under which credit or credit guarantees for not to exceed 3 years are extended by the Commodity Credit Corporation to finance or guarantee export sales of United States agricultural commodities or the products thereof; or

"(5) under which agricultural commodities or the products thereof owned or controlled by or under loan from the Commodity Credit Corporation are exchanged or bartered for materials, goods, equipment, or services, but only if such materials, goods, equipment, or services are of a value at least equivalent to the value of the agricultural commodities or products exchanged or bartered therefor (determined on the basis of prevailing world market prices at the time of the exchange or barter), but nothing in this subsection shall be construed to exempt from the cargo preference provisions referred to in section 901b any requirement otherwise applicable to the materials, goods, equipment, or services imported under any such transaction.

Loans.
Prohibition.

"SHIPMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN EXPORTS SPONSORED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

"SEC. 901b. (a)(1) In addition to the requirement for United States-flag carriage of a percentage of gross tonnage imposed by section 901(b)(1) of this Act, 25 percent of the gross tonnage of agricultural commodities or the products thereof specified in subsection (b) shall be transported on United States-flag commercial vessels.

Vessels.
46 USC app. 1241f.
7 USC 1241

"(2) In order to achieve an orderly and efficient implementation of the requirement of paragraph (1)—

"(A) an additional quantity equal to 10 percent of the gross tonnage referred to in paragraph (1) shall be transported in United States-flag vessels in calendar year 1986;

"(B) an additional quantity equal to 20 percent of the gross tonnage shall be transported in such vessels in calendar year 1987; and

"(C) an additional quantity equal to 25 percent of the gross tonnage shall be transported in such vessels in calendar year 1988 and in each calendar year thereafter.

"(b) This section shall apply to any export activity of the Commodity Credit Corporation or the Secretary of Agriculture—

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"(1) carried out under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1691 et seq.);

Ante, p. 1486.

"(2) carried out under section 416 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1431);

"(3) carried out under the Food Security Wheat Reserve Act of 1980 (7 U.S.C. 1736f–1);

"(4) under which agricultural commodities or the products thereof are—

"(A) donated through foreign governments or agencies, private or public, including intergovernmental organizations; or

"(B) sold for foreign currencies or for dollars on credit terms of more than ten years;

"(5) under which agricultural commodities or the products thereof are made available for emergency food relief at less than prevailing world market prices;

Grants.
Vessels.

"(6) under which a cash grant is made directly or through an intermediary to a foreign purchaser for the purpose of enabling the purchaser to obtain United States agricultural commodities or the products thereof in an amount greater than the difference between the prevailing world market price and the United States market price, free along side vessel at United States port; or

"(7) under which agricultural commodities owned or controlled by or under loan from the Commodity Credit Corporation are exchanged or bartered for materials, goods, equipment, or services produced in foreign countries, other than export activities described in section 901a (5).

Ante, p. 1490.

7 USC 1241.

"(c)(1) The requirement for United States-flag transportation imposed by subsection (a) shall be subject to the same terms and conditions as provided in section 901(b) of this Act.

"(2)(A) In order to provide for effective and equitable administration of the cargo preference laws the calendar year for the purpose of compliance with minimum percentage requirements shall be for 12 month periods commencing April 1, 1986.

"(B) In addition, the Secretary of Transportation, in administering this subsection and section 901(b), and consistent with these sections, shall take such steps as may be necessary and practicable without detriment to any port range to preserve during calendar years 1986, 1987, 1988, and 1989 the percentage share, or metric tonnage of bagged, processed, or fortified commodities, whichever is lower, experienced in calendar year 1984 as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture, of waterborne cargoes exported from Great Lake ports pursuant to title II of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1721 et seq.).

"(d) As used in subsection (b), the term 'export activity' does not include inspection or weighing activities, other activities carried out for health or safety purposes, or technical assistance provided in the handling of commercial transactions.

Ante, pp. 1490–1491.
Post, p. 1493.

"(e)(1) The prevailing world market price as to agricultural commodities or the products thereof shall be determined under sections 901a through 901d in accordance with procedures established by the Secretary of Agriculture. The Secretary shall prescribe such procedures by regulation, with notice and opportunity for public comment, pursuant to section 553 of title 5, United States Code.

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"(2) In the event that a determination of the prevailing world market price of any other type of materials, goods, equipment, or service is required in order to determine whether a barter or exchange transaction is subject to subsection (b)(6) or (b)(7), such determination shall be made by the Secretary of Agriculture in consultation with the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies.

"MINIMUM TONNAGE

46 USC app 1241g.

Ante, p 1491.

"Sec. 901c. (a)(1) For fiscal year 1986 and each fiscal year thereafter, the minimum quantity of agricultural commodities to be exported under programs subject to section 901b shall be the average of the tonnage exported under such programs during the base period defined in subsection (b), discarding the high and low years.

President of U.S.

"(2) The President may waive the minimum quantity for any fiscal year required under paragraph (1) if he determines and reports to the Congress, together with his reasons, that such quantity cannot be effectively used for the purposes of such programs or, based on a certification by the Secretary of Agriculture, that the commodities are not available for reasons which include the unavailability of funds.

"(b) The base period utilized for computing the minimum tonnage quantity referred to in subsection (a) for any fiscal year shall be the five fiscal years beginning with the sixth fiscal year preceding such fiscal year and ending with the second fiscal year preceding such fiscal year.

"FINANCING OF SHIPMENT OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES IN UNITED STATES-FLAG VESSELS

46 USC app 1241h.

Ante, p 1491.

"Sec. 901d. (a) The Secretary of Transportation shall finance any increased ocean freight charges incurred in any fiscal year which result from the application of section 901b.

"(b) If in any fiscal year the total cost of ocean freight and ocean freight differential for which obligations are incurred by the Department of Agriculture and the Commodity Credit Corporation on exports of agricultural commodities and products thereof under the agricultural export programs specified in section 901b(b) exceeds 20 percent of the value of such commodities and products and the cost of such ocean freight and ocean freight differential on which obligations are incurred by such Department and Corporation during such year, the Secretary of Transportation shall reimburse the Department of Agriculture and the Commodity Credit Corporation for the amount of such excess. For the purpose of this subsection, commodities shipped from the inventory of the Commodity Credit Corporation shall be valued as provided in section 403(b) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1733(b)).

Securities.
Public debt.

"(c) For the purpose of meeting those expenses required to be assumed under subsections (a) and (b), the Secretary of Transportation shall issue to the Secretary of the Treasury such obligations in such forms and denominations, bearing such maturities and subject to such terms and conditions, as may be prescribed by the Secretary of Transportation with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. Such obligations shall be at a rate of interest as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, taking into consideration the average market yield on outstanding marketable obligations of the United States with remaining periods of maturity comparable to the average maturities of such obligations during the month preceding the issuance of such obligations of the Secretary of Transportation. The Secretary of the Treasury shall purchase any obligations of the Secretary of Transportation issued under this subsection and, for the purpose of purchasing such obligations, the Secretary of the Treasury may use as a public debt transaction the proceeds from the sale of any securities issued under chapter 31 of title 31, United States Code, after the date of the enactment of this Act and the purposes for which securities may be issued under such chapter are extended to include any purchases of the obligations of the Secretary of Transportation under this subsection. All redemptions and purchases by the Secretary of the Treasury of the obligations of the Secretary of Transportation shall be treated as public-debt transactions of the United States.

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31 USC 3101 *et seq*.

"(d) There is authorized to be appropriated annually for each fiscal year, commencing with the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1986, an amount sufficient to reimburse the Secretary of Transportation for the costs, including administrative expenses and the principal and interest due on the obligations to the Secretary of the Treasury incurred under this section. Reimbursement of any such costs shall be made with appropriated funds, as provided in this section, rather than through cancellation of notes.

Ante, p. 1491.

"(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, in the event that the Secretary of Transportation is unable to obtain the funds necessary to finance the increased ocean freight charges resulting from the requirements of subsections (a) and (b) and section 901b(a), the Secretary of Transportation shall so notify the Congress within 10 working days of the discovery of such insufficiency.

"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

46 USC app. 1241i.

Ante, pp. 1490-1494.

Post, pp. 1495, 1496.

"SEC. 901e. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 901a through 901k.

"TERMINATION OF SECTIONS 901A THROUGH 901K

46 USC app. 1241j.

Ante, p. 1493.

Ante, pp. 1491, 1493.

Ante, pp. 1490-1493.

46 USC 1241.

"SEC. 901f. The operation of sections 901a through 901k shall terminate 90 days after the date on which a notification is made pursuant to section 901d(e), except with respect to shipments of agricultural commodities and products subject to contracts entered into before the expiration of such 90-day period, unless within such 90-day period the Secretary of Transportation proclaims that funds are available to finance increased freight charges resulting from the requirements of sections 901b(a) and 901d(a) and (b). In the event of termination under this section, nothing in sections 901a through 901d shall be construed as exempting export activities from or subjecting export activities to the cargo preference laws except to the extent those activities are exempt under section 4(b) of Public Law 95-501 (7 U.S.C. 1707a(b)). In the event of termination under this section, the 50 percent requirement in section 901(b) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936 shall be in full effect.

"NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMISSION ON AGRICULTURAL EXPORT TRANSPORTATION POLICY

46 USC app. 1241k.

Post, pp. 1495, 1496.

"SEC. 901g. (a) There is hereby established an advisory commission to be known as the National Advisory Commission on Agricultural Export Transportation Policy (hereafter in this section through section 901j referred to as the 'Commission').

"(b)(1) The Commission shall be composed of 16 members.

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"(2) Eight members of the Commission shall be appointed by the President.

"(3) The chairman and ranking minority members of the Senate Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry, of the Subcommittee on Merchant Marine of the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, of the House Committee on Agriculture, and of the House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries shall serve as members of the Commission.

"(4)(A) Four of the members appointed by the President shall be representatives of agricultural producers, cooperatives, merchandisers, and processors of agricultural commodities.

"(B) The remaining four members appointed by the President shall be representatives of the United States-flag maritime industry, two of whom shall represent labor and two of whom shall represent management.

"(c)(1) The members of the Commission shall elect a Chairman from among its members.

"(2) Any vacancy in the Commission does not affect its powers but shall be filled in the same manner in which the original appointment was made.

"DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION

"SEC. 901h. (a) It shall be the duty of the Commission to conduct a comprehensive study and review of the ocean transportation of agricultural exports subject to the cargo preference laws referred to in section 901b and to make recommendations to the President and the Congress for improving the efficiency of such transportation on United States-flag vessels in order to reduce the costs incurred by the United States in connection with such transportation. In carrying out such study and review, the Commission shall consider the extent to which any unfair or discriminatory practices of foreign governments increase the cost to the United States of transporting agricultural commodities subject to such cargo preference laws.

Study.
Exports.
46 USC app. 1241*l*.
Ante, p. 1491.

"(b)(1) The Commission shall submit an interim report to the President and the Congress not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this subtitle and such other interim reports as the Commission considers advisable.

Report.

"(2) The Commission shall submit a final report containing its findings and recommendations to the President and the Congress not later than two years after the date of the enactment of this subtitle. The report shall include recommendations for any changes in the provisions of paragraph (1) that would help assure that the cost of ocean freight and ocean freight differential incurred by the Department of Agriculture and the Commodity Credit Corporation on the agricultural export programs specified in section 901b, is not increased above historical levels as a result of the extra demand for United States-flag vessels caused by section 901b.

Report.
Exports.
Vessels.
Report.

"(3) Sixty days after the submission of the final report, the Commission shall cease to exist.

Report.

"(c) The Commission shall include in its reports submitted pursuant to subsection (b) recommendations concerning the feasibility and desirability of achieving the following goals with respect to the ocean transportation of agricultural commodities subject to the cargo preference laws referred to in section 901b:

Reports.

"(1) Ensuring that the timing of commodity purchase agreements entered into by the United States in connection with the export of such commodities, and the methods of implementing such agreements, will minimize cost to the United States.

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"(2) Ensuring that shipments of such commodities are made on the most modern and efficient United States-flag vessels available.

Vessels.

"(3) Ensuring that shipments of such commodities are made under the most advantageous terms available, including—

"(A) charters for full shiploads;

"(B) charters for intermediate or long term;

"(C) charters for consecutive voyages and contracts of affreightment; and

Contracts.

"(D) adjustment of rates in the event that vessels used for shipments of such commodities also carry cargoes on return voyages.

Vessels.

"(4) Reduction and elimination of impediments, including delays in port, to the efficient loading and operation of the vessels employed for shipment of such commodities.

Vessels.

"(5) Utilization of open and competitive bidding for the ocean transportation of such commodities.

"INFORMATION AND ASSISTANCE TO BE FURNISHED TO THE COMMISSION

"SEC. 901i. (a) Each department, agency, and instrumentality of the United States, including independent agencies, shall furnish to the Commission, upon request made by the Chairman, such statistical data, reports, and other information as the Commission considers necessary to carry out its functions.

Reports.
46 USC app. 1241m.

"(b) The Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of Transportation shall make available to the Commission such staff, personnel, and administrative services as may reasonably be required to carry out the Commission's duties.

"COMPENSATION AND TRAVEL AND SUBSISTENCE EXPENSES OF COMMISSION MEMBERS

46 USC app. 1241n.

"Sec. 901j. Members of the Commission shall serve without compensation in addition to compensation they may otherwise be entitled to receive as employees of the United States or as Members of Congress, but shall be reimbursed for travel, subsistence, and other necessary expenses incurred in the performance of duties vested in the Commission.

"DEFINITION OF UNITED STATES FLAG VESSEL ELIGIBLE TO CARRY CARGOES UNDER CERTAIN SECTIONS

46 USC app. 1241o. *Ante*, pp. 1491-1493.

"Sec. 901k. A United States flag vessel eligible to carry cargoes under sections 901b through 901d means a vessel, as defined in section 3 of title 1, United States Code, that is necessary for national security purposes and, if more than 25 years old, is within five years of having been substantially rebuilt and certified by the Secretary of Transportation as having a useful life of at least five years after that rebuilding.".

EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS

Prohibition. 46 USC app. 1241p. 5 USC 500 *et seq.*

Sec. 1143. This subtitle shall not be construed as modifying in any manner the provisions of section 4(b)(8) of the Food for Peace Act of 1966 (7 U.S.C. 1707a(b)(8)) or chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code.

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Subtitle D—Agricultural Imports

TRADE CONSULTATIONS

7 USC 2275.

Sec. 1151. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture shall require consultation between the Administrator of the Foreign Agricultural Service and the heads of other appropriate agencies and offices of the Department of Agriculture, including the Administrator of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, before relaxing or removing any restriction on the importation of any agricultural commodity or a product thereof into the United States.

(b) The Secretary shall consult with the United States Trade Representative before relaxing or removing any restriction on the importation of any agricultural commodity or a product thereof into the United States.

APRICOT STUDY

Sec. 1152. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture, in conjunction with the United States Trade Representative, not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, shall complete a study to determine—

(1) the effect of apricot imports into the United States on the domestic apricot industry; and

(2) the extent and nature of apricot subsidies existing in the countries from which such apricot imports are derived.

Report.

(b) The Secretary shall report the results of the study conducted under subsection (a), as soon as the study is completed, to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

STUDY RELATING TO BRAZILIAN ETHANOL IMPORTS

Corn. Grains.

Sec. 1155. The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study to determine the impact that the import of Brazilian ethanol has on the domestic price of corn and other grains and the domestic ethanol refining industry. The Secretary of Agriculture shall also, in consultation with the International Trade Commission and the United States Trade Representative, determine what relief should be granted because of the interference of subsidized Brazilian ethanol with the domestic ethanol industry. Not later than 60 days after the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall report the results of such

Report.

study to the Committee on Agriculture and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

STUDY OF OAT IMPORTS

SEC. 1156. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study of the impact of domestic farm programs of the increased importation of oats into the United States.

(b) By no later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall submit to the Congress a report on the study conducted under subsection (a). Report.

Subtitle E—Trade Practices

TOBACCO PESTICIDE RESIDUES

SEC. 1161. (a) Section 213 of the Dairy and Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 511r) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law:

"(1)(A) All flue-cured or burley tobacco offered for importation into the United States shall be accompanied by a certification by the importer, in such form as the Secretary of Agriculture shall prescribe, that the tobacco does not contain any prohibited residue of any pesticide that has been cancelled, suspended, revoked, or otherwise prohibited under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 135 et seq.). Any flue-cured or burley tobacco that is not accompanied by such certification shall be inspected by the Secretary at the point of entry to determine whether that tobacco meets the pesticide residue requirements. Subsection (d) of this section shall apply with respect to fees and charges imposed to cover the costs of such inspection. 7 USC 136 note.

"(B) Any tobacco that is determined by the Secretary not to meet the pesticide residue requirements shall not be permitted entry into the United States.

"(C) The customs fraud provisions under section 592 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1592), and criminal fraud provisions under section 1001 of title 18, United States Code, shall apply with respect to the certification requirement in subparagraph (A).

"(2) The Secretary shall by regulation provide for pesticide residue standards with respect to pesticides that are cancelled, suspended, revoked, or otherwise prohibited under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 135 et seq.), that shall apply to flue-cured and burley tobacco, whether domestically produced or imported. Regulation.

"(3) The Secretary, to such extent and at such times as the Secretary determines appropriate, shall sample and test flue-cured and burley tobacco offered for importation or for sale in the United States to determine whether it conforms with the pesticide residue requirements. The Secretary shall by regulation impose fees and charges for such inspections. Regulation.

"(4) If the Secretary determines, as a result of tests conducted under paragraph (3), that certain flue-cured or burley tobacco offered for importation does not meet the requirements of this subsection, then such tobacco shall not be permitted entry into the United States.

"(5)(A) Subject to subparagraph (B), if the Secretary determines that domestically produced Flue-cured or Burley tobacco does not meet the requirements of this section, such tobacco may not be moved in commerce among the States and shall be destroyed by the Secretary.

"(B) This paragraph shall apply only to tobacco produced after the date of enactment of this provision that receives price support under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1281 et seq.) or the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.).".

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7 USC 511r.

(b) The second sentence of section 213(d) of such Act is amended by inserting "and subsection (e)" after "subsection (a)(1)".

ASSESSMENT OF EXPORT DISPLACEMENT

7 USC 1736z.

SEC. 1162. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture shall assess each program, project, or activity administered by the Secretary or the Department of Agriculture that—

(1) provides assistance for establishing, expanding, or facilitating the production, marketing, or use of any agricultural commodity in a foreign country; and

(2) the Secretary determines is likely to have a detrimental impact on efforts to promote the export of United States agricultural commodities;

in order to determine if such program, project, or activity is likely to have such a detrimental impact.

(b) The Secretary shall provide the results of the assessment required under subsection (a)—

(1) in the case of current programs, projects, or activities, in a report made to the Congress not later than one year from the date of enactment of this section; and

(2) in the case of programs, projects, or activities undertaken after the date of enactment of this section, on a regular basis.

EXPORT SALES OF DAIRY PRODUCTS

Commerce and trade.
7 USC 1731 note.

SEC. 1163. (a) In each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986, September 30, 1987, and September 30, 1988, the Secretary of Agriculture shall sell for export, at such prices as the Secretary determines appropriate, not less than 150,000 metric tons of dairy products owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation, of which not less than 100,000 metric tons shall be butter and not less than 20,000 metric tons shall be cheese, if that disposition of such commodities will not interfere with the usual marketings of the United States nor disrupt world prices of agricultural commodities and normal patterns of commercial trade.

(b) Such sales shall be made through the Commodity Credit Corporation under existing authority available to the Secretary or the Commodity Credit Corporation.

(c) Through September 30, 1988, the Secretary shall report semiannually to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate on the volume of sales made under this section.

UNFAIR TRADE PRACTICES

SEC. 1164. The Congress finds that—

Citrus.
Wheat.
Flour.
Poultry.
Fruits.
Raisins.
98 Stat. 3003.
19 USC 2412.

(1) United States producers and processors of citrus, wheat flour, poultry, canned fruits, and raisins have filed petitions under section 302 of the Trade Act of 1974 alleging that the subsidies and discriminatory tariffs of the European Communities are inconsistent with the principles and terms of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (hereafter referred to in this section as the "GATT") and have placed United States exporters at a competitive disadvantage;

(2) throughout the past decade, the European Communities has repeatedly rebuffed extensive United States efforts to resolve these matters through bilateral consultations and multilateral negotiations, as well as through consultations under the provisions of the GATT;

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(3) after many years of frustrated discussions, the United States had no choice but to invoke the dispute settlement procedures of the GATT as the only remaining means of seeking redress for American producers and processors;

(4) investigatory panels, established by the GATT to review United States complaints with respect to citrus, canned fruits, and raisins, concluded that European Communities subsidies and discriminatory tariffs had nullified and impaired rights of United States exporters and were in violation of the GATT and recommended that the European Communities take necessary steps to rectify the matters;

(5) the European Communities has effectively and repeatedly prevented adoption by the GATT of each of these reports, most recently, the favorable report involving the 15-year-old citrus complaint;

(6) on May 1, 1985, the President concluded that the GATT dispute settlement process with respect to the citrus complaint was terminated and, pursuant to section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974, the President had to consider a subsequent course of action to redress the injury to United States citrus exporters;

98 Stat. 3002, 3003, 3005.
19 USC 2411.
Citrus.
Pasta.
Lemons.
Walnuts.

(7) on June 20, 1985, the President announced that a reasonable and appropriate course of action in response to the unwillingness of the European Communities to implement the unanimous finding of the GATT panel or to negotiate a mutually acceptable resolution of the citrus complaint is to withdraw an equivalent amount of concessions from imported European Communities pasta products and, in response, the European Communities notified the United States that the European Communities would retaliate by increasing the European Communities duties on United States lemon and walnut imports;

(8) on July 19, 1985, the United States and the European Communities agreed to suspend until October 31, 1985, the tariff increases, in order to provide the European Communities with additional time to resolve the citrus complaint; and

Citrus.
Pasta.
Lemons.
Walnuts.
Effective date.

(9) despite this suspension, the European Communities has failed to present to the United States an acceptable proposal to resolve the citrus complaint, and effective November 1, 1985, the United States reinstated the pasta tariff increase, and in turn, the European Communities reinstated the lemon and walnut tariff increase.

(b) The President shall take all appropriate and feasible action within the power of the Presidency (including, but not limited to, the actions described in section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2411)) to—

(1) ensure a prompt and satisfactory resolution of all complaints regarding subsidies and discriminatory tariffs of the European Communities which—

Citrus.
Wheat.
Flour.
Poultry.
Fruits.
Raisins.
98 Stat. 3003.
19 USC 2412.
Commerce and trade.

(A) are set forth in petitions filed under section 302 of the Trade Act of 1974 by United States exporters of citrus, wheat flour, poultry, canned fruits, and raisins, and

(B) are pending before the GATT on the date of enactment of this Act; and

(2) balance the level of concessions in the trade between the United States and the European Communities.

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THAI RICE

SEC. 1165. (a) Congress finds that—

(1) Rice ranks 9th among major domestic field crops in value of production;

(2) Rice accounts for about 5 percent of the value of major field crops produced in the United States;

(3) The value of domestic rice production annually is over $1,500,000,000;

(4) Ending stocks for rice have sharply increased since 1980;

(5) The projected 1985–1986 carryover of rice as a percentage of annual use is 62 percent;

(6) Between 1980 and 1983, rice stocks rose and prices fell, pushing rice program costs from less than one-tenth to over nine-tenths of the value of United States rice production;

(7) Over the last several years, the percentage of world rice exports from the United States has fallen from a high of 25 percent to 18 percent in 1985;

(8) In the last several years, Thailand has become the largest rice exporter in the world, accounting for 30 percent of the world market;

(9) Thai rice imports into the United States have displaced normal sales of United States rice and have increased Government costs;

(10) In 1983, the United States imported 33.2 million pounds of rice from Thailand, in 1984 the United States imported 51.3 million pounds of rice (an increase of 53 percent), and in the first six months of 1985, rice imports from Thailand to the United States have already reached 58.3 million pounds; and

(11) A petition has been filed with the Department of Commerce asking that countervailing duties be imposed upon imports of Thai rice into the United States.

(b) Based upon these findings, it is the sense of Congress that—

(1) our domestic rice industry is of vital importance and must be protected from unfair foreign competition; and

(2) the Secretary of Commerce should give immediate consideration to the countervailing duty petition referred to in subsection (a)(11).

END USERS OF IMPORTED TOBACCO

SEC. 1166. Section 213 of the Dairy and Tobacco Adjustment Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 511r) is amended by adding after the subsection added by section 1161 of this Act the following:

"(f)(1) The certification required under subsection (e)(1) of this section shall also include the identification of any and all end users of such tobacco of which the importer has knowledge. Any flue cured or burley tobacco permitted entry into the United States must be accompanied by a written identification of any and all end users of such tobacco. In cases in which the importer has no knowledge of the identity of an end user, the importer shall identify any and all purchasers to whom the importer expects to transfer such imported tobacco. The importer shall file with the Department of Agriculture an amended statement if, at any time after the time of entry of such

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tobacco imports, the importer has knowledge of any additional purchaser or end user. In those cases in which the importer has not identified all end users of such imported tobacco, the Secretary of Agriculture shall take all steps available to ascertain the identity of any and all such end users, including requesting such information from purchasers of such imported tobacco. Domestic purchasers of imported tobacco shall be required to supply any relevant information to the Department of Agriculture upon demand under this subsection.

Report.

"(2) The Secretary shall provide to the Senate Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry, and the House Committee on Agriculture, on or before April 1, 1986, a report on the implementation of this authority to identify each end user and purchaser of imported tobacco. Such report shall identify the end users and purchasers of imported tobacco and the quantity, in pounds, bought by such end user or purchaser, as well as all steps taken by the Department of Agriculture to ascertain such identities. The Secretary shall provide an additional report, beginning November 15, 1986, and annual reports thereafter, on the implementation of this authority.

Reports.

"(3) As used in this subsection, the term 'end user of imported tobacco' means—

"(A) a domestic manufacturer of cigarettes or other tobacco products;

"(B) an entity that mixes, blends, processes, alters in any manner, or stores, imported tobacco for export; and

"(C) any other individual that the Secretary may identify as making use of imported tobacco for the production of tobacco products.".

BARTER OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES FOR STRATEGIC AND CRITICAL MATERIALS

SEC. 1167. (a) Congress finds that—

Defense and national security.
7 USC 1727g note.

(1) the Commodity Credit Corporation, the General Services Administration, and the Department of Agriculture have authority to barter or exchange agricultural commodities for strategic and critical materials for the national defense stockpile;

(2) from 1950 to 1973, the Department of Agriculture conducted a highly successful barter program using agricultural commodities to acquire strategic and critical materials;

(3) private commercial firms in the United States have entered into effective barter agreements with foreign governments or private parties in foreign countries to barter or exchange commodities and services to supplement customary commercial transactions in international markets;

Defense and national security.

(4) barter can be an effective secondary method of reducing excess supplies of agricultural commodities and adding needed strategic and critical materials to the national defense stockpile;

(5) barter can be used to help overcome certain currency exchange and balance-of-trade problems and to develop new markets for United States agricultural products;

(6) barter can be used to promote United States foreign policy interests; and

(7) several nations are potential partners in a revival of a coherent and well-managed government barter program.

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(b) Section 4(h) of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714b(h)) is amended—

(1) in the fourth sentence—

(A) by striking out "is authorized," and inserting in lieu thereof "shall, to the maximum extent practicable, in consultation with the Secretary of State, and"; and

(B) by striking out "to";

Commerce and trade.

(2) in the fifth sentence, by striking out "normal commercial trade channels shall be utilized and priority shall be given" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Secretary shall: (1) use normal commercial trade channels; (2) take action to avoid displacing usual marketings of United States agricultural commodities and the products thereof; (3) take reasonable precautions to prevent the resale or transshipment to other countries, or use for other than domestic use in the importing country, of agricultural commodities used for such exchange; and (4) give priority";

(3) by inserting after the fifth sentence the following new sentence: "The Corporation may solicit bids from, and utilize, private trading firms to effect such exchange of goods.";

(4) in the eighth sentence (as amended by clause (3)), by striking out "when" and inserting in lieu thereof "in the same fiscal year such materials are"; and

Petroleum and petroleum products.

(5) by inserting after the eighth sentence (as amended by clause (3)) the following new sentence: "If the volume of petroleum products (including crude oil) stored in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve is less than the level prescribed under section 154 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6234), the Corporation shall, to the maximum extent practicable and with the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture, make available annually to the Secretary of Energy, upon the request

of the Secretary of Energy, a quantity of agricultural products owned by the Corporation with a market value at the time of such request of at least $300,000,000 for use by the Secretary of Energy in acquiring petroleum products (including crude oil) produced abroad for placement in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve through an exchange of such agricultural products. The terms and conditions of each such exchange, including provisions for full reimbursement to the Commodity Credit Corporation, shall be determined by the Secretary of Energy and the Secretary of Agriculture.".

(c) Section 310 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1727g) is amended by inserting after the second sentence the following new sentence: "To the maximum extent practicable, the Secretary shall solicit bids from, and utilize, private trading firms to arrange or make barters or exchanges for strategic or other materials under clause (a).".

7 USC 1736aa. (d)(1) The Secretary of Agriculture shall encourage United States exporters of agricultural commodities and the products thereof to barter such commodities and products for foreign products needed by such exporters.

(2) The Secretary shall provide technical advice and assistance relating to the barter of agricultural commodities and the products thereof to any United States exporter who requests such advice or assistance.

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TITLE XII—CONSERVATION

SUBTITLE A—DEFINITIONS

DEFINITIONS

Post, pp. 1506-1514. 16 USC 3801.

SEC. 1201. (a) For purposes of subtitles A through E:

(1) The term "agricultural commodity" means—

(A) any agricultural commodity planted and produced in a State by annual tilling of the soil, including tilling by one-trip planters; or

(B) sugarcane planted and produced in a State.

(2) The term "conservation district" means any district or unit of State or local government formed under State or territorial law for the express purpose of developing and carrying out a local soil and water conservation program. Such district or unit of government may be referred to as a "conservation district", "soil conservation district", "soil and water conservation district", "resource conservation district", "natural resource district", "land conservation committee", or a similar name.

(3) The term "cost sharing payment" means a payment made by the Secretary to an owner or operator of a farm or ranch containing highly erodible cropland under the provisions of section 1234 (b) of this Act.

(4)(A) The term "converted wetland" means wetland that has been drained, dredged, filled, leveled, or otherwise manipulated (including any activity that results in impairing or reducing the flow, circulation, or reach of water) for the purpose or to have the effect of making the production of an agricultural commodity possible if—

(i) such production would not have been possible but for such action; and

(ii) before such action—

(I) such land was wetland; and

(II) such land was neither highly erodible land nor highly erodible cropland.

Prohibition. (B) Wetland shall not be considered converted wetland if production of an agricultural commodity on such land during a crop year—

(i) is possible as a result of a natural condition, such as drought; and

(ii) is not assisted by an action of the producer that destroys natural wetland characteristics.

(5) The term "field" means such term as is defined in section 718.2(b)(9) of title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (as of January 1, 1985), except that any highly erodible land on which an agricultural commodity is produced after the date of enactment of this Act and that is not exempt under section 1212 shall be considered as part of the field in which such land was included on such date, unless the Secretary permits modification of the boundaries of the field to carry out subtitles A through E.

Post, p. 1506.

(6) The term "highly erodible cropland" means highly erodible land that is in cropland use, as determined by the Secretary.

(7)(A) The term "highly erodible land" means land—

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(i) that is classified by the Soil Conservation Service as class IV, VI, VII, or VIII land under the land capability classification system in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act; or

(ii) that has, or that if used to produce an agricultural commodity, would have an excessive average annual rate of erosion in relation to the soil loss tolerance level, as established by the Secretary, and as determined by the Secretary through application of factors from the universal soil loss equation and the wind erosion equation, including factors for climate, soil erodibility, and field slope.

Regulations.

(B) For purposes of this paragraph, the land capability class or rate of erosion for a field shall be that determined by the Secretary to be the predominant class or rate of erosion under regulations issued by the Secretary.

(8) The term "hydric soil" means soil that, in its undrained condition, is saturated, flooded, or ponded long enough during a growing season to develop an anaerobic condition that supports the growth and regeneration of hydrophytic vegetation.

(9) The term "hydrophytic vegetation" means a plant growing in—

(A) water; or

(B) a substrate that is at least periodically deficient in oxygen during a growing season as a result of excessive water content.

(10) The term "in-kind commodities" means commodities that are normally produced on land that is the subject of an agreement entered into under subtitle D.

Post, p. 1509.

(11) The term "rental payment" means a payment made by the Secretary to an owner or operator of a farm or ranch containing highly erodible cropland to compensate the owner or operator for retiring such land from crop production and placing such land in the conservation reserve in accordance with subtitle D.

(12) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture.

(13) The term "shelterbelt" means a vegetative barrier with a linear configuration composed of trees, shrubs, and other approved perennial vegetation.

(14) The term "State" means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

(15) The term "vegetative cover" means—

(A) perennial grasses, legumes, forbs, or shrubs with an expected life span of 5 or more years; or

(B) trees.

(16) The term "wetland", except when such term is part of the term "converted wetland", means land that has a predominance

of hydric soils and that is inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances does support, a prevalence of hydrophytic vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions.

99 STAT. 1506 **(b) The Secretary shall develop—**

(1) criteria for the identification of hydric soils and hydrophytic vegetation; and

(2) lists of such soils and such vegetation.

SUBTITLE B—HIGHLY ERODIBLE LAND CONSERVATION

PROGRAM INELIGIBILITY

16 USC 3811. *Infra.*

SEC. 1211. Except as provided in section 1212, and notwithstanding any other provision of law, following the date of enactment of this Act, any person who in any crop year produces an agricultural commodity on a field on which highly erodible land is predominate shall be ineligible for—

(1) as to any commodity produced during that crop year by such person—

(A) any type of price support or payment made available under the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.), the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), or any other Act;

Loans. *Ante*, p. 1503.

(B) a farm storage facility loan made under section 4(h) of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714b(h));

(C) crop insurance under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.);

Disaster assistance.

(D) a disaster payment made under the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.); or

Loans.

(E) a loan made, insured, or guaranteed under the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.) or any other provision of law administered by the Farmers Home Administration, if the Secretary determines that the proceeds of such loan will be used for a purpose that will contribute to excessive erosion of highly erodible land; or

(2) a payment made under section 4 or 5 of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714b or 714c) during such crop year for the storage of an agricultural commodity acquired by the Commodity Credit Corporation.

EXEMPTIONS

Prohibitions. Loans. 16 USC 3812.

SEC. 1212. (a)(1) During the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on the later of January 1, 1990, or the date that is 2 years after the date land on which a crop of an agricultural commodity is produced was mapped by the Soil Conservation Service for purposes of classifying such land under the land capability classification system in effect on the date of enactment of this Act, except as provided in paragraph (2), no person shall become ineligible under section 1211 for program loans, payments, and benefits as the result of the production of a crop of an agricultural commodity on any land that was—

Supra.

(A) cultivated to produce any of the 1981 through 1985 crops of an agricultural commodity; or

(B) set aside, diverted or otherwise not cultivated under a program administered by the Secretary for any such crops to reduce production of an agricultural commodity.

(2) If, as of January 1, 1990, or 2 years after the Soil Conservation

99 STAT. 1507 **Service has completed a soil survey for the farm, whichever is later, a person is actively applying a conservation plan based on the local Soil Conservation Service technical guide and approved by the local soil conservation district, in consultation with the local committees established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic**

Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)) and the Secretary, or by the Secretary, such person shall have until January 1, 1995, to comply with the plan without being subject to program ineligibility.

(b) No person shall become ineligible under section 1211 for program loans, payments, and benefits as the result of the production of a crop of an agricultural commodity— *Ante*, p. 1506.

(1) planted before the date of enactment of this Act;

(2) planted during any crop year beginning before the date of enactment of this Act;

(3) on highly erodible land in an area—

(A) within a conservation district, under a conservation system that has been approved by a conservation district after the district has determined that the conservation system is in conformity with technical standards set forth in the Soil Conservation Service technical guide for such district; or

(B) not within a conservation district, under a conservation system determined by the Secretary to be adequate for the production of such agricultural commodity on any highly erodible land subject to this title; or

(4) on highly erodible land that is planted in reliance on a determination by the Soil Conservation Service that such land was not highly erodible land, except that this paragraph shall not apply to any agricultural commodity that was planted on any land after the Soil Conservation Service determines that such land is highly erodible land.

(c) Section 1211 shall not apply to a loan described in section 1211 made before the date of enactment of this Act.

SOIL SURVEYS

SEC. 1213. The Secretary shall, as soon as is practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, complete soil surveys on those private lands that do not have a soil survey suitable for use in determining the land capability class for purposes of this subtitle. In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall, insofar as possible, concentrate on those localities where significant amounts of highly erodible land are being converted to the production of agricultural commodities. 16 USC 3813.

Subtitle C—Wetland Conservation

PROGRAM INELIGIBILITY

SEC. 1221. Except as provided in section 1222 and notwithstanding any other provision of law, following the date of enactment of this Act, any person who in any crop year produces an agricultural commodity on converted wetland shall be ineligible for— 16 USC 3821. *Post*, p. 1508.

(1) as to any commodity produced during that crop year by such person—

(A) any type of price support or payment made available under the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.), the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), or any other Act;

99 STAT. 1508

(B) a farm storage facility loan made under section 4(h) of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714b(h)); Loans. *Ante*, p. 1503.

(C) crop insurance under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.);

(D) a disaster payment made under the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.); or Disaster assistance.

(E) a loan made, insured, or guaranteed under the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.) or any other provision of law administered by the Farmers Home Administration, if the Secretary determines that the proceeds of such loan will be used for a purpose that will contribute to conversion of wetlands Loans.

(other than as provided in this subtitle) to produce an agricultural commodity; or

(2) a payment made under section 4 or 5 of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714b or 714c) during such crop year for the storage of an agricultural commodity acquired by the Commodity Credit Corporation.

EXEMPTIONS

Prohibitions. Loans. *Ante*, p. 1507. 16 USC 3822.

SEC. 1222. (a) No person shall become ineligible under section 1221 for program loans, payments, and benefits as the result of the production of a crop of an agricultural commodity on—

(1) converted wetland if the conversion of such wetland was commenced before the date of enactment of this Act;

Livestock. Fish and fishing. Rice. Flood control.

(2) an artificial lake, pond, or wetland created by excavating or diking non-wetland to collect and retain water for purposes such as water for livestock, fish production, irrigation (including subsurface irrigation), a settling basin, cooling, rice production, or flood control;

(3) a wet area created by a water delivery system, irrigation, irrigation system, or application of water for irrigation; or

(4) wetland on which production of an agricultural commodity is possible as a result of a natural condition, such as drought, and without action by the producer that destroys a natural wetland characteristic.

(b) Section 1221 shall not apply to a loan described in section 1221 made before the date of enactment of this Act.

(c) The Secretary may exempt a person from section 1221 for any action associated with the production of an agricultural commodity on converted wetland if the effect of such action, individually and in connection with all other similar actions authorized by the Secretary in the area, on the hydrological and biological aspect of wetland is minimal.

CONSULTATION WITH SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR

16 USC 3823.

SEC. 1223. The Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of the Interior on such determinations and actions as are necessary to carry out this subtitle, including—

(1) the identification of wetland;

Supra.

(2) the determination of exemptions under section 1222; and

Regulations. *Post*, p. 1515.

(3) the issuance of regulations under section 1244 to carry out this subtitle.

99 STAT. 1509

Subtitle D—Conservation Reserve

CONSERVATION RESERVE

Contracts. 16 USC 3831.

SEC. 1231. (a) During the 1986 through 1990 crop years, the Secretary shall formulate and carry out a conservation reserve program, in accordance with this subtitle, through contracts to assist owners and operators of highly erodible cropland in conserving and improving the soil and water resources of their farms or ranches.

(b) The Secretary shall enter into contracts with owners and operators of farms and ranches containing highly erodible cropland to place in the conservation reserve—

(1) during the 1986 crop year, not less than 5, nor more than 45, million acres;

(2) during the 1986 through 1987 crop years, a total of not less than 15, nor more than 45, million acres;

(3) during the 1986 through 1988 crop years, a total of not less than 25, nor more than 45, million acres;

(4) during the 1986 through 1989 crop years, a total of not less than 35, nor more than 45, million acres; and

(5) during the 1986 through 1990 crop years, a total of not less than 40, nor more than 45, million acres.

(c)(1)(A) Notwithstanding subsection (b), effective for each of the fiscal years 1986 through 1989, the Secretary may reduce by up to 25 percent the number of acres of highly erodible land required to be placed under contract during each fiscal year if the Secretary determines that the rental payments to be made under section 1233(b) on such acres are likely to be significantly lower in the succeeding year.

Post, p. 1511.

(B) Paragraph (A) shall not affect the requirements of paragraph (5) of subsection (b).

Prohibition.

(2) The Secretary may include in the program established under this subtitle lands that are not highly erodible lands but that pose an off-farm environmental threat or, if permitted to remain in production, pose a threat of continued degradation of productivity due to soil salinity.

(d) Under the program established under this subtitle, the Secretary shall not place under contract more than 25 percent of the cropland in any one county, except that the Secretary may exceed the limitation established by this subsection in a county to the extent that the Secretary determines that such action would not adversely affect the local economy of such county.

Prohibition.

(e) For the purpose of carrying out this subtitle, the Secretary shall enter into contracts of not less than 10, nor more than 15, years.

DUTIES OF OWNERS AND OPERATORS

SEC. 1232. (a) Under the terms of a contract entered into under this subtitle, during the term of such contract, an owner or operator of a farm or ranch must agree—

Contracts.
16 USC 3832.

(1) to implement a plan approved by the local conservation district (or in an area not located within a conservation district, a plan approved by the Secretary) for converting highly erodible cropland normally devoted to the production of an agricultural commodity on the farm or ranch to a less intensive use (as defined by the Secretary), such as pasture, permanent grass, legumes, forbs, shrubs, or trees, substantially in accordance with a schedule outlined in the plan;

99 STAT. 1510

(2) to place highly erodible cropland subject to the contract in the conservation reserve established under this subtitle;

(3) not to use such land for agricultural purposes, except as permitted by the Secretary;

(4) to establish approved vegetative cover on such land;

(5) on the violation of a term or condition of the contract at any time the owner or operator has control of such land—

(A) to forfeit all rights to receive rental payments and cost sharing payments under the contract and to refund to the Secretary any rental payments and cost sharing payments received by the owner or operator under the contract, together with interest thereon as determined by the Secretary, if the Secretary, after considering the recommendations of the soil conservation district and the Soil Conservation Service, determines that such violation is of such nature as to warrant termination of the contract; or

(B) to refund to the Secretary, or accept adjustments to, the rental payments and cost sharing payments provided to the owner or operator, as the Secretary considers appropriate, if the Secretary determines that such violation does not warrant termination of the contract;

(6) on the transfer of the right and interest of the owner or operator in land subject to the contract—

(A) to forfeit all rights to rental payments and cost sharing payments under the contract; and

(B) to refund to the United States all rental payments and cost sharing payments received by the owner or operator, or accept such payment adjustments or make such refunds as the Secretary considers appropriate and consistent with the objectives of this subtitle,

unless the transferee of such land agrees with the Secretary to assume all obligations of the contract;

(7) not to conduct any harvesting or grazing, nor otherwise make commercial use of the forage, on land that is subject to the contract, nor adopt any similar practice specified in the contract by the Secretary as a practice that would tend to defeat the purposes of the contract, except that the Secretary may permit harvesting or grazing or other commercial use of the forage on land that is subject to the contract in response to a drought or other similar emergency;

Prohibition. Forest and forest products.

(8) not to conduct any planting of trees on land that is subject to the contract unless the contract specifies that the harvesting and commercial sale of trees such as Christmas trees are prohibited, nor otherwise make commercial use of trees on land that is subject to the contract unless it is expressly permitted in the contract, nor adopt any similar practice specified in the contract by the Secretary as a practice that would tend to defeat the purposes of the contract, except that no contract shall prohibit activities consistent with customary forestry practice, such as pruning, thinning, or stand improvement of trees, on lands converted to forestry use;

(9) not to adopt any practice specified by the Secretary in the contract as a practice that would tend to defeat the purposes of this subtitle; and

99 STAT. 1511

(10) to comply with such additional provisions as the Secretary determines are desirable and are included in the contract to carry out this subtitle or to facilitate the practical administration thereof.

(b) The plan referred to in subsection (a)(1)—

(1) shall set forth—

(A) the conservation measures and practices to be carried out by the owner or operator during the term of the contract; and

(B) the commercial use, if any, to be permitted on the land during such term; and

(2) may provide for the permanent retirement of any existing cropland base and allotment history for the land.

(c) To the extent practicable, not less than one eighth of the number of acres of land that is placed in the conservation reserve under this subtitle in each of the 1986 through 1990 crop years shall be devoted to trees.

DUTIES OF THE SECRETARY

Contracts. 16 USC 3833. *Ante*, p. 1509.

SEC. 1233. In return for a contract entered into by an owner or operator under section 1232, the Secretary shall—

(1) share the cost of carrying out the conservation measures and practices set forth in the contract for which the Secretary determines that cost sharing is appropriate and in the public interest;

(2) for a period of years not in excess of the term of the contract, pay an annual rental payment in an amount necessary to compensate for—

(A) the conversion of highly erodible cropland normally devoted to the production of an agricultural commodity on a farm or ranch to a less intensive use; and

(B) the retirement of any cropland base and allotment history that the owner or operator agrees to retire permanently; and

(3) provide conservation technical assistance to assist the owner or operator in carrying out the contract.

PAYMENTS

Contracts. 16 USC 3834

SEC. 1234. (a) The Secretary shall provide payment for obligations incurred by the Secretary under a contract entered into under this subtitle—

(1) with respect to any cost-sharing payment obligation incurred by the Secretary, as soon as possible after the obligation is incurred; and

(2) with respect to any annual rental payment obligation incurred by the Secretary—

(A) as soon as practicable after October 1 of each calendar year; or

(B) at the discretion of the Secretary, at any time prior to such date during the year that the obligation is incurred.

(b) In making cost sharing payments to owners and operators under contracts entered into under this subtitle, the Secretary shall pay 50 percent of the cost of establishing conservation measures and practices set forth in such contracts for which the Secretary determines that cost-sharing is appropriate and in the public interest.

99 STAT. 1512

(c)(1) In determining the amount of annual rental payments to be paid to owners and operators for converting highly erodible cropland normally devoted to the production of an agricultural commodity to less intensive use, the Secretary may consider, among other things, the amount necessary to encourage owners or operators of highly erodible cropland to participate in the program established by this subtitle.

(2) The amounts payable to owners or operators in the form of rental payments under contracts entered into under this subtitle may be determined through—

(A) the submission of bids for such contracts by owners and operators in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe; or

(B) such other means as the Secretary determines are appropriate.

(3) In determining the acceptability of contract offers, the Secretary may—

(A) take into consideration the extent of erosion on the land that is the subject of the contract and the productivity of the acreage diverted;

(B) where appropriate, accept contract offers that provide for the establishment of—

(i) shelterbelts and windbreaks; or

(ii) permanently vegetated stream borders, filter strips of permanent grass, forbs, shrubs, and trees that will reduce sedimentation substantially;

(C) establish different criteria in various States and regions of the United States to determine the extent to which erosion may be abated; and

(D) give priority to offers made by owners and operators who are subject to the highest degree of economic stress, such as a general tightening of agricultural credit or an unfavorable relationship between production costs and prices received for agricultural commodities.

(d)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, payments under this subtitle—

(A) shall be made in cash or in commodities in such amount and on such time schedule as is agreed on and specified in the contract; and

(B) may be made in advance of determination of performance.

(2) If such payment is made with in-kind commodities, such payment shall be made by the Commodity Credit Corporation—

(A) by delivery of the commodity involved to the owner or operator at a warehouse or other similar facility located in the county in which the highly erodible cropland is located or at such other location as is agreed to by the Secretary and the owner or operator;

(B) by the transfer of negotiable warehouse receipts; or

(C) by such other method, including the sale of the commodity in commercial markets, as is determined by the Secretary to be appropriate to enable the owner or operator to receive efficient and expeditious possession of the commodity.

(3) If stocks of a commodity acquired by the Commodity Credit Corporation are not readily available to make full payment in kind to the owner or operator, the Secretary may substitute full or partial payment in cash for payment in kind.

Regulations.

(e) If an owner or operator who is entitled to a payment under a contract entered into under this subtitle dies, becomes incompetent, is otherwise unable to receive such payment, or is succeeded by another person who renders or completes the required performance, the Secretary shall make such payment, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary and without regard to any other provision of law, in such manner as the Secretary determines is fair and reasonable in light of all of the circumstances.

99 STAT. 1513

Prohibition.

(f)(1) The total amount of rental payments, including rental payments made in the form of in-kind commodities, made to an owner or operator under this subtitle for any fiscal year may not exceed $50,000.

Regulations.

(2)(A) The Secretary shall issue regulations—

(i) defining the term "person" as used in this subsection; and

(ii) prescribing such rules as the Secretary determines necessary to ensure a fair and reasonable application of the limitation contained in this subsection.

(B) The regulations issued by the Secretary on December 18, 1970, under section 101 of the Agricultural Act of 1970 (7 U.S.C. 1307), shall be used to determine whether corporations and their stockholders may be considered as separate persons under this subsection.

(3) Rental payments received by an owner or operator shall be in addition to, and not affect, the total amount of payments that such owner or operator is otherwise eligible to receive under this Act or the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.).

CONTRACTS

Prohibition.
16 USC 3835.

SEC. 1235. (a)(1) No contract shall be entered into under this subtitle concerning land with respect to which the ownership has changed in the 3-year period preceding the first year of the contract period unless—

(A) the new ownership was acquired by will or succession as a result of the death of the previous owner;

(B) the new ownership was acquired before January 1, 1985; or

(C) the Secretary determines that the land was acquired under circumstances that give adequate assurance that such land was not acquired for the purpose of placing it in the program established by this subtitle.

Prohibitions.

(2) Paragraph (1) shall not—

(A) prohibit the continuation of an agreement by a new owner after an agreement has been entered into under this subtitle; or

(B) require a person to own the land as a condition of eligibility for entering into the contract if the person—

(i) has operated the land to be covered by a contract under this section for at least 3 years preceding the date of the contract or since January 1, 1985, whichever is later; and

(ii) controls the land for the contract period.

(b) If during the term of a contract entered into under this subtitle an owner or operator of land subject to such contract sells or otherwise transfers the ownership or right of occupancy of such land, the new owner or operator of such land may—

(1) continue such contract under the same terms or conditions;

(2) enter into a new contract in accordance with this subtitle; or

(3) elect not to participate in the program established by this subtitle. 99 STAT. 1514

(c)(1) The Secretary may modify a contract entered into with an owner or operator under this subtitle if—

(A) the owner or operator agrees to such modification; and

(B) the Secretary determines that such modification is desirable—

(i) to carry out this subtitle;

(ii) to facilitate the practical administration of this subtitle; or

(iii) to achieve such other goals as the Secretary determines are appropriate, consistent with this subtitle.

(2) The Secretary may modify or waive a term or condition of a contract entered into under this subtitle in order to permit all or part of the land subject to such contract to be devoted to the production of an agricultural commodity during a crop year, subject to such conditions as the Secretary determines are appropriate.

(d)(1) The Secretary may terminate a contract entered into with an owner or operator under this subtitle if—

(A) the owner or operator agrees to such termination; and

(B) the Secretary determines that such termination would be in the public interest.

(2) At least 90 days before taking any action to terminate under paragraph (1) all conservation reserve contracts entered into under this subtitle, the Secretary shall provide written notice of such action to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

BASE HISTORY

16 USC 3836.

SEC. 1236. (a) A reduction, based on a ratio between the total cropland acreage on the farm and the acreage placed in the conservation reserve authorized by this subtitle, as determined by the Secretary, shall be made during the period of the contract, in the aggregate, in crop bases, quotas, and allotments on the farm with respect to crops for which there is a production adjustment program.

Regulations. Contracts. *Ante*, pp. 1506, 1507.

(b) Notwithstanding sections 1211 and 1221, the Secretary, by appropriate regulation, may provide for preservation of cropland base and allotment history applicable to acreage converted from the production of agricultural commodities under this section, for the purpose of any Federal program under which the history is used as a basis for participation in the program or for an allotment or other limitation in the program, unless the owner and operator agree under the contract to retire permanently that cropland base and allotment history.

Subtitle E—Administration

USE OF COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION

16 USC 3841.

SEC. 1241. (a)(1) During each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986, and September 30, 1987, the Secretary shall use the facilities, services, authorities, and funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation to carry out subtitle D.

Ante, p. 1509. Prohibition.

(2) During the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988, and each fiscal year thereafter, the Secretary may use the facilities, services, authorities, and funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation to carry out subtitle D, except that the Secretary may not use funds of the Corporation for such purpose unless the Corporation has received funds to cover such expenditures from appropriations made to carry out this subtitle.

99 STAT. 1515

Ante, pp. 1504-1514.

(b) The authority provided by subtitles (A) through (E) shall be in addition to, and not in place of, other authority granted to the Secretary and the Commodity Credit Corporation.

USE OF OTHER AGENCIES

16 USC 3842.

SEC. 1242. (a) In carrying out subtitles B, C, and D, the Secretary

Ante, pp. 1506, 1507, 1509.

shall use the services of local, county, and State committees established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)).

Schools and colleges.

(b)(1) In carrying out subtitle D, the Secretary may utilize the services of the Soil Conservation Service and the Forest Service, the Fish and Wildlife Service, State forestry agencies, State fish and game agencies, land-grant colleges, local, county, and State committees established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h), soil and water conservation districts, and other appropriate agencies.

Schools and colleges.

(2) In carrying out subtitle D at the State and county levels, the Secretary shall consult with, to the extent practicable, the Fish and Wildlife Service, State forestry agencies, State fish and game agencies, land-grant colleges, soil-conservation districts, and other appropriate agencies.

ADMINISTRATION

Regulations. 16 USC 3843.

SEC. 1243. (a) The Secretary shall establish, by regulation, an appeal procedure under which a person who is adversely affected by any determination made under subtitles A through E may seek review of such determination.

Ante, p. 1506.

(b) Ineligibility under section 1211 or 1212 of a tenant or sharecropper for benefits shall not cause a landlord to be ineligible for benefits for which the landlord would otherwise be eligible with respect to commodities produced on lands other than those operated by the tenant or sharecropper.

(c) In carrying out subtitles B through E, the Secretary shall provide adequate safeguards to protect the interests of tenants and sharecroppers, including provision for sharing, on a fair and equitable basis, in payments under the program established by subtitle D.

REGULATIONS

16 USC 3844.

SEC. 1244. Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall issue such regulations as the Secretary determines are necessary to carry out subtitles A through E, including regulations that—

(1) define the term "person";

(2) govern the determination of persons who shall be ineligible for program benefits under subtitles B and C, so as to ensure a fair and reasonable determination of ineligibility; and

(3) protect the interests of landlords, tenants, and sharecroppers.

99 STAT. 1516

AUTHORIZATION FOR APPROPRIATIONS

16 USC 3845.

Ante, pp. 1504–1514.

SEC. 1245. There are authorized to be appropriated without fiscal year limitation such sums as may be necessary to carry out subtitles A through E.

Subtitle F—Other Conservation Provisions

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR WATER RESOURCES

State and local governments. 16 USC 2005a.

SEC. 1251. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Agriculture may formulate plans and provide technical assistance to property owners and agencies of State and local governments and interstate river basin commissions, at their request, to—

(1) protect the quality and quantity of subsurface water, including water in the Nation's aquifers;

(2) enable property owners to reduce their vulnerability to flood hazards that also may affect water resources; and

(3) control the salinity in the Nation's agricultural water resources.

Report.

(b) The Secretary shall submit by February 15, 1987, to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the

Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report evaluating the plans and technical assistance authorized in subsection (a). Such report shall include any recommendations as to whether the plan and assistance should be extended, how any plan and assistance could be improved, and any other relevant information and data relating to costs and other elements of the plan or assistance that would be helpful to such Committees. Report.

SOIL AND WATER RESOURCES CONSERVATION

SEC. 1252. (a) Subsection (d) of section 5 of the Soil and Water Resources Conservation Act of 1977 (16 U.S.C. 2004(b)) is amended to read as follows:

"(d) The Secretary shall conduct four comprehensive appraisals under this section, to be completed by December 31, 1979, December 31, 1986, December 31, 1995, and December 31, 2005, respectively. The Secretary may make such additional interim appraisals as the Secretary considers appropriate.".

(b) Subsection (b) of section 6 of such Act (16 U.S.C. 2205(b)) is amended to read as follows: 16 USC 2005.

"(b) The initial program shall be completed not later than December 31, 1979, and program updates shall be completed by December 31, 1987, December 31, 1997, and December 31, 2007, respectively.".

(c) Section 7 of such Act (16 U.S.C. 2006) is amended by—

(1) striking out subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new subsection:

"(a)(1) At the time Congress convenes in 1980, 1987, 1996, and 2006, the President shall transmit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate the appraisal developed under section 5 and completed prior to the end of the previous year. President of U.S.

"(2) At the time Congress convenes in 1980, 1988, 1998, and 2008, the President shall transmit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate the initial program or updated program developed under section 6 and completed prior to the end of the previous year, together with a detailed statement of policy regarding soil and water conservation activities of the United States Department of Agriculture."; President of U.S.

99 STAT. 1517

(2) striking out subsection (b); and

(3) redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (b).

(d) Section 10 of such Act (16 U.S.C. 2009) is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "2008".

DRY LAND FARMING

SEC. 1253. The first sentence of section 7(a) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590g(a)) is amended by—

(1) striking out "and" at the end of clause (5); and

(2) inserting before the period the following:

", and (7) the promotion of energy and water conservation through dry land farming".

SOFTWOOD TIMBER

SEC. 1254. Section 608 of the Agricultural Programs Adjustment Act of 1984 (7 U.S.C. 1981 note) is amended to read as follows: 98 Stat. 140.

"SOFTWOOD TIMBER

"SEC. 608. (a)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Agriculture (hereinafter in this section referred to as the 'Secretary') may implement a program, pursuant to the recommendations contained in the study mandated by section 608 of the Agricultural Programs Adjustment Act of 1984 (7 U.S.C. 1421 note), under which a distressed loan (as determined by the Secretary) made or insured under the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.), or a portion thereof, may be Loans. 7 USC 1981 note.

reamortized with the use of future revenue produced from the planting of softwood timber crops on marginal land (as determined by the Secretary) that—

"(A) was previously used to produce an agricultural commodity or as pasture; and

"(B) secures a loan made or insured under such Act.

"(2) Accrued interest on a loan reamortized under this section may be capitalized and interest charged on such interest.

"(3) All or a portion of the payments on such reamortized loan may be deferred until such softwood timber crop produces revenue or for a term of 45 years, whichever comes first.

"(4) Repayment of such reamortized loan shall be made not later than 50 years after the date of reamortization.

"(b) The interest rate on such reamortized loans shall be determined by the Secretary, but not in excess of the current average yield on outstanding marketable obligations of the United States with periods to maturity comparable to the average maturities of such loans, plus not to exceed 1 percent, as determined by the Secretary and adjusted to the nearest one-eighth of 1 percent.

"(c) To be eligible for such program—

"(1) the borrower of such reamortized loan must place not less than 50 acres of such land in softwood timber production;

Prohibition.

"(2) such land (including timber) may not have any lien against such land other than a lien for—

99 STAT. 1518

7 USC 1921 note.

"(A) a loan made or insured under the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act to secure such reamortized loan; or

"(B) a loan made under this section, at the time of reamortization or thereafter, that is subject to a lien on such land (including timber) in favor of the Secretary; and

"(3) the total amount of loans secured by such land (including timber) may not exceed $1,000 per acre.

"(d)(1) To assist such borrowers to place such land in softwood timber production, the Secretary may make loans to such borrowers for such purpose in an aggregate amount not to exceed the actual cost of tree planting for land placed in the program.

"(2) Any such loan shall be secured by the land (including timber) on which the trees are planted.

"(3) Such loans shall be made on the same terms and conditions as are provided in this section for reamortized loans.

"(e) The Secretary shall issue such rules as are necessary to carry out this section, including rules prescribing terms and conditions for—

"(1) reamortizing and making loans under this section;

"(2) entering into security instruments and agreements under this section; and

"(3) management and harvesting practices of the timber crop.

"(f) There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this section.

Prohibition.

"(g) No more than 50,000 acres may be placed in such program.".

AMENDMENT TO FARMLAND PROTECTION POLICY ACT

SEC. 1255. (a) Section 1546 of the Farmland Protection Policy Act (7 U.S.C. 4207) is amended by striking out "Within one year after the enactment of this subtitle," and inserting in lieu thereof "On January 1, 1987, and at the beginning of each subsequent calendar year.".

Regulations.

(b) Section 1548 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 4209) is amended by striking out "any State, local unit of government, or" and inserting before the period ": *Provided*, That the Governor of an affected State where a State policy or program exists to protect farmland may bring an action in the Federal district court of the district where a Federal program is proposed to enforce the requirements of section 1541 of this subtitle and regulations issued pursuant thereto".

7 USC 4202.

TITLE XIII—CREDIT

JOINT OPERATIONS

SEC. 1301. (a) Sections 302 and 311(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1922 and 1941(a), respectively) are each amended by—

(1) striking out "and partnerships" each place it appears after "corporations" and inserting ", partnerships, and joint operations" in lieu thereof;

(2) striking out ", and partnerships" each place it appears after "corporations" and inserting ", partnerships, and joint operations" in lieu thereof; and

(3) striking out "members, stockholders, or partners, as applicable," each place it appears and inserting "individuals" in lieu thereof.

(b) Section 343 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1991) is amended by—

(1) striking out "and" before "(6)"; and

(2) inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: ", and (7) the term 'joint operation' means a joint farming operation in which two or more farmers work together sharing equally or unequally land, labor, equipment, expenses, and income".

ELIGIBILITY FOR REAL ESTATE AND OPERATING LOANS

SEC. 1302. (a) Section 302 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1922) is amended by—

(1) inserting "(a)" after the section designation; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Prohibition.
7 USC 1923.

"(b) The Secretary may not restrict eligibility for loans made or insured under this subtitle for purposes set forth in section 303 solely to borrowers of loans that are outstanding on the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985.".

(b) Section 311 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 1941) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Prohibition.
7 USC 1942.

"(c) The Secretary may not restrict eligibility for loans made or insured under this subtitle for purposes set forth in section 312 solely to borrowers of loans that are outstanding on the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985.".

FAMILY FARM RESTRICTION

SEC. 1303. Sections 302 and 311 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1922 and 1941) are each amended by adding, at the end of the parenthetical provision in clause (3) of the second sentence, the following: "or, in the case of holders of the entire interest who are related by blood or marriage and all of whom are or will become farm operators, the ownership interest of each such holder separately constitutes not larger than a family farm, even if their interests collectively constitute larger than a family farm, as defined by the Secretary".

WATER AND WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITIES

SEC. 1304. (a) Section 306(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926(a)) is amended by—

Regulations.

(1) adding at the end of paragraph (2) the following:

"The Secretary shall fix the grant rate for each project in conformity with regulations issued by the Secretary that shall provide for a graduated scale of grant rates establishing higher rates for projects in communities that have lower community population and income levels."; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following:

Grants.

"(16)(A) The Secretary may make grants to private nonprofit organizations for the purpose of enabling them to provide to associations described in paragraph (1) of this subsection technical assistance and training to—

"(i) identify, and evaluate alternative solutions to, problems

99 STAT. 1520

relating to the obtaining, storage, treatment, purification, or distribution of water or the collection, treatment, or disposal of waste in rural areas;

"(ii) prepare applications to receive financial assistance for any purpose specified in paragraph (2) of this subsection from any public or private source; and

"(iii) improve the operation and maintenance practices at any existing works for the storage, treatment, purification, or distribution of water or the collection, treatment, or disposal of waste in rural areas.

Grants.

"(B) In selecting recipients of grants to be made under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall give priority to private nonprofit organizations that have experience in providing the technical assistance and training described in subparagraph (A) to associations serving rural areas in which residents have low income and in which water supply systems or waste facilities are unhealthful.

Prohibition.
Grants.

"(C) Not less than 1 nor more than 2 per centum of any funds provided in Appropriations Acts to carry out paragraph (2) of this subsection for any fiscal year shall be reserved for grants under subparagraph (A) unless the applications, qualifying for grants, received by the Secretary from eligible nonprofit organizations for the fiscal year total less than 1 per centum of those funds.

"(17) In the case of water and waste disposal facility projects serving more than one separate rural community, the Secretary shall use the median population level and the community income level of all the separate communities to be served in applying the standards specified in paragraph (2) of this subsection and section 307(a)(3)(A).

Post, p. 1521.
Grants.

"(18) Grants under paragraph (2) of this subsection may be used to pay the local share requirements of another Federal grant-in-aid program to the extent permitted under the law providing for such grant-in-aid program.

Loans.

"(19)(A) In the approval and administration of a loan made under paragraph (1) for a water or waste disposal facility, the Secretary shall consider fully any recommendation made by the loan applicant or borrower concerning the technical design and choice of materials to be used for such facility.

"(B) If the Secretary determines that a design or materials, other than those that were recommended, should be used in the water or waste disposal facility, the Secretary shall provide such applicant or borrower with a comprehensive justification for such determination.".

(b)(1) The Secretary of Agriculture shall—

Study.
Loans.
Grants.
Ante, p. 1519.

(A) conduct a study of the practicality and cost effectiveness of making loans and grants under section 306 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926) for the construction of water and waste disposal facilities in rural areas at individual locations, rather than central or community locations; and

(B) in such study consider the feasibility of small multiuser drinking water facilities, the costs involved in connecting rural residents into the community water systems, improvements to small community water systems, and alternative rural drinking water systems.

Report.

(2) Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit a report on the results of the study

99 STAT. 1521

required under paragraph (1) to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

INTEREST RATES—WATER AND WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITY AND COMMUNITY FACILITY LOANS

SEC. 1304A. Section 307(a)(3)(A) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1927(a)(3)(A)) is amended by—

(1) striking out "where the median family income of the persons to be served by such facility is below the poverty line prescribed by the Office of Management and Budget, as adjusted under section 624 of the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2971d)" and inserting in lieu thereof "where the median household income of the persons to be served by such facility is below the higher of 80 per centum of the statewide nonmetropolitan median household income or the poverty line established by the Office of Management and Budget, as revised under section 673(2) of the Community Services Block Grant Act (42 U.S.C. 9902(2))"; and

(2) inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "; and not in excess of 7 per centum per annum on loans for such facilities that do not qualify for the 5 per centum per annum interest rate but are located in areas where the median household income of the persons to be served by the facility does not exceed 100 per centum of the statewide nonmetropolitan median household income".

MINERAL RIGHTS AS COLLATERAL

SEC. 1305. Section 307 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1927) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

Supra

"(d) With respect to a farm ownership loan made after the date of the enactment of this subsection, unless appraised values of the rights to oil, gas, or other minerals are specifically included as part of the appraised value of collateral securing the loan, the rights to oil, gas, or other minerals located under the property shall not be considered part of the collateral securing the loan. Nothing in this subsection shall prevent the inclusion of, as part of the collateral securing the loan, any payment or other compensation the borrower may receive for damages to the surface of the collateral real estate resulting from the exploration for or recovery of minerals.".

Loans.
Petroleum and petroleum products.

FARM RECORDKEEPING TRAINING FOR LIMITED RESOURCE BORROWERS

SEC. 1306. The first sentence of section 312(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1942(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" at the end of clause (10); and

(2) by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following new clause: ", and (12) training in maintaining records of farming and ranching operations for limited resource borrowers receiving loans under section 310D".

Loans.

7 USC 1934.

NONSUPERVISED ACCOUNTS

SEC. 1307. Section 312 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1942) is amended by adding at the end the following:

Supra.

"(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, the Secretary shall reserve not more than 10 percent of any loan made under this subtitle or $5,000 of such loan, whichever is less, to be placed in a nonsupervised bank account which may be used at the discretion of the borrower for necessary family living needs or purposes not inconsistent with previously agreed upon farming or ranching plans. If the borrower exhausts this reserve, the Secretary may review and adjust the farm plan with the borrower and consider rescheduling the loan, extending additional credit, the use of income proceeds to pay necessary farm and home and other expenses, or additional available loan servicing.".

Loans.
Banks and banking.

99 STAT. 1522

ELIGIBILITY FOR EMERGENCY LOANS

98 Stat. 138

SEC. 1308. (a) Section 321(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1961(a)) is amended by—

(1) inserting after "United States" in clause (1) of the first sentence "and who are owner-operators (in the case of loans for a purpose under subtitle A) or operators (in the case of loans for a purpose under subtitle B) of not larger than family farms";

Corporations

(2) in clause (2) of the first sentence, striking out "farm cooperatives or private domestic corporations or partnerships in which a majority interest is held by members, stockholders, or partners who are citizens of the United States if the cooperative, corporation, or partnership is engaged primarily in farming, ranching, or aquaculture," and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "farm cooperatives, private domestic corporations, partnerships, or joint operations (A) that are engaged primarily in farming, ranching, or aquaculture, and (B) in which a majority interest is held by individuals who are citizens of the United States and who are owner-operators (in the case of loans for a purpose under subtitle A) or operators (in the case of loans for a purpose under subtitle B) of not larger than family farms (or in the case of such cooperatives, corporations, partnerships, or joint operations in which a majority interest is held by individuals who are related by blood or marriage, as defined by the Secretary, such individuals must be either owners or operators of not larger than a family farm and at least one such individual must be an operator of not larger than a family farm),"; and

Corporations

(3) inserting after the first sentence the following: "In addition to the foregoing requirements of this subsection, in the case of farm cooperatives, private domestic corporations, partnerships, and joint operations, the family farm requirement of the preceding sentence shall apply as well to all farms in which the entity has an ownership and operator interest (in the case of loans for a purpose under subtitle A) or an operator interest (in the case of loans for a purpose under subtitle B).".

(b)(1) Subsection (b) of section 321 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1961(b)) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) An applicant shall be ineligible for financial assistance under this subtitle for crop losses if crop insurance was available to the applicant for such crop losses under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.).".

Prohibition
7 USC 1961 note.

(2) The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall not apply to a person whose eligibility for an emergency loan is the result of damage to an annual crop planted or harvested before the end of 1986.

99 STAT. 1523

(3) Section 324(b)(1) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 1964(b)(1)) is amended by striking out "but (A)" and all that follows through "Secretary" and inserting in lieu thereof "but not in excess of 8 percent per annum".

(c) Subsection (a) of section 324 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 1964(a)) is amended to read as follows:

Prohibition

"(a) No loan made or insured under this subtitle may exceed the amount of the actual loss caused by the disaster or $500,000, whichever is less, for each disaster.".

Repeal

(d) Section 330 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 1971) is repealed.

SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS

SEC. 1309. Subsection (d) of the second paragraph of section 331 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1981(d)) is amended to read as follows:

Securities.
Contracts.

"(d) compromise, adjust, reduce, or charge-off claims, and adjust, modify, subordinate, or release the terms of security instruments, leases, contracts, and agreements entered into or administered by the Farmers Home Administration under any of its programs, as circumstances may require, to carry out this title. The Secretary may release borrowers or others obligated on a debt incurred under this title from personal liability with or without payment of any consideration at the time of the compromise, adjustment, reduction, or charge-off of any claim, except that no compromise, adjustment, reduction, or charge-off of any claim may be made or carried out—

"(1) on terms more favorable than those recommended by the appropriate county committee utilized pursuant to section 332; or

Post, p. 1524

"(2) after the claim has been referred to the Attorney General, unless the Attorney General approves;".

OIL AND GAS ROYALTIES

SEC. 1310. (a) Subtitle D of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act is amended by inserting after section 331B the following new section:

Loans. 7 USC 1981c.

"SEC. 331C. (a) The Secretary shall permit a borrower of a loan made or insured under this title to make a prospective payment on such loan with proceeds from—

Real property.

"(1) the leasing of oil, gas, or other mineral rights to real property used to secure such loan; or

"(2) the sale of oil, gas, or other minerals removed from real property used to secure such loan, if the value of the rights to such oil, gas, or other minerals has not been used to secure such loan.

Prohibition. Loans.

"(b) Subsection (a) shall not apply to a borrower of a loan made or insured under this title with respect to which a liquidation or foreclosure proceeding is pending on the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985.".

7 USC note prec 1961.

(b) Section 204 of the Emergency Agricultural Credit Adjustment Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 1947 note) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Loans.

"(e)(1) The Secretary shall permit a borrower of a loan made or insured under this title to make a prospective payment on such loan with proceeds from—

99 STAT. 1524

Real property.

"(A) the leasing of oil, gas, or other mineral rights to real property used to secure such loan; or

"(B) the sale of oil, gas, or other minerals removed from real property used to secure such loan if the value of the rights to such oil, gas, or other minerals has not been used to secure such loan.

Prohibition.

"(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to a borrower of a loan made or insured under this title with respect to which a liquidation or foreclosure proceeding is pending on the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985."

COUNTY COMMITTEES

Regulations.

SEC. 1311. Section 332(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1982(a)) is amended to read as follows:

"(a) In each county or area in which activities are carried out under this title, there shall be a county committee composed of three members. Two members shall be elected, from among their number, by farmers deriving the principal part of their income from farming who reside within the county or area, and one member, who shall reside within the county or area, shall be appointed by the Secretary for a term of three years. At the first election of county committee members under this subsection, one member shall be elected for a term of one year and one member shall be elected for a term of two years. Thereafter, elected members of the county committee shall be elected for a term of three years. The Secretary, in selecting the appointed member of the county committee, shall ensure that, to the greatest extent practicable, the committee is fairly representative of the farmers in the county or area. The Secretary may appoint an alternate for each member of the county committee. Appointed and alternate members of the county committee shall be removable by the Secretary for cause. The Secretary shall issue such regulations as are necessary relating to the election and appointment of members and alternate members of the county committees.".

PROMPT APPROVAL OF LOANS AND LOAN GUARANTEES

SEC. 1312. (a) Subtitle D of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act is amended by inserting after section 333 (7 U.S.C. 1983) the following new section:

7 USC 1983a.

"SEC. 333A. (a)(1) The Secretary shall approve or disapprove an application for a loan or loan guarantee made under this title, and notify the applicant of such action, not later than 60 days after the Secretary has received a complete application for such loan or loan guarantee.

"(2) If an application for a loan or loan guarantee under this title is incomplete, the Secretary shall inform the applicant of the reasons such application is incomplete not later than 20 days after the Secretary has received such application.

"(3) If an application for a loan or loan guarantee under this title is disapproved by the Secretary, the Secretary shall state the reasons for the disapproval in the notice required under paragraph (1).

"(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), if an application for an insured loan under this title is approved by the Secretary, the

99 STAT. 1525

Secretary shall provide the loan proceeds to the applicant not later than 15 days (or such longer period as the applicant may approve) after the application for the loan is approved by the Secretary.

"(2) If the Secretary is unable to provide the loan proceeds to the applicant within such 15-day period because sufficient funds are not available to the Secretary for such purpose, the Secretary shall provide the loan proceeds to the applicant as soon as practicable (but in no event later than 15 days unless the applicant agrees to a longer period) after sufficient funds for such purpose become available to the Secretary.

"(c) In an application for a loan or loan guarantee under this title is disapproved by the Secretary, but such action is subsequently reversed or revised as the result of an appeal within the Department of Agriculture or to the courts of the United States and the application is returned to the Secretary for further consideration, the Secretary shall act on the application and provide the applicant with notice of the action within 15 days after return of the application to the Secretary.

"(d) In carrying out the approved lender program established by exhibit A to subpart B of part 1980 of title 7, Code of Federal Regulations, the Secretary shall ensure that each request of a lending institution for designation as an approved lender under such program is reviewed, and a decision made on the application, not later than 15 days after the Secretary has received a complete application for such designation.

"(e)(1) As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985, the Secretary shall take such steps as are necessary to make personnel, including the payment of overtime for such personnel, and other resources of the Department of Agriculture available to the Farmers Home Administration as are sufficient to enable the Farmers Home Administration to expeditiously process loan applications that are submitted by farmers and ranchers.

"(2) In carrying out paragraph (1), the Secretary may use any authority of law provided to the Secretary, including—

"(A) the Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund established under section 309; and

7 USC 1929.

"(B) the employment procedures used in connection with the emergency loan program established under subtitle C.".

Effective date.
7 USC 1983a note.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall be effective with respect to applications for loans or loan guarantees under the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.) received by the Secretary of Agriculture after the date of enactment of this Act.

APPEALS

SEC. 1313. (a) Subtitle D of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act is amended by inserting after section 333A (as added by section 1312) the following new section:

Ante, p. 1524. Loans. Regulations. 7 USC 1983b.

"SEC. 333B. (a) The Secretary shall provide an applicant for or borrower of a loan, or an applicant for or recipient of a loan guarantee, under this title who has been directly and adversely affected by a decision of the Secretary made under this title (hereafter in this section referred to as the 'appellant') with written notice of the decision, an opportunity for an informal meeting, and an opportunity for a hearing with respect to such decision, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary consistent with this section.

"(b)(1) Not later than 10 days after such adverse decision, the Secretary shall provide the appellant with written notice of the decision, an opportunity for an informal meeting, an opportunity for a hearing, and the procedure to appeal such decision (including any deadlines for filing appeals).

"(2) Upon the request of the appellant and in order to provide an opportunity to resolve differences and minimize formal appeals, the Secretary shall hold an informal meeting with the appellant prior to the initiation of any formal appeal of the decision of the Secretary.

"(c)(1) An appellant shall have the right to have—

"(A) access to the personal file of the appellant maintained by the Secretary, including a reasonable opportunity to inspect and reproduce the file at an office of the Farmers Home Administration located in the area of the appellant; and

"(B) representation by an attorney or nonattorney during the inspection and reproduction of files under subparagraph (A) and at any informal meeting or hearing.

"(2) The Secretary may charge an appellant for any reasonable costs incurred in reproducing files under paragraph (1)(A).".

Study. Loans.

(b)(1) The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study of the administrative appeals procedure used in the farm loan programs of the Farmers Home Administration.

(2) In conducting such study, the Secretary shall examine—

(A) the number and type of appeals initiated by loan applicants and borrowers;

(B) the extent to which initial administrative actions are reversed on appeal;

(C) the reasons that administrative actions are reversed, modified, or sustained on appeal;

(D) the number and disposition of appeals in which the loan applicant or borrower is represented by legal counsel;

(E) the quantity of time required to complete action on appeals and the reasons for delays;

(F) the feasibility of the use of administrative law judges in the appeals process; and

(G) the desirability of electing members of county committees established under section 332 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1982).

Ante, p. 1524. Report.

(c) Not later than September 1, 1986, the Secretary shall submit a report describing the results of the study required under this section to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

DISPOSITION AND LEASING OF FARMLAND

SEC. 1314. (a) Section 335 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1985) is amended by—

(1) striking out "Real" in subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof "Except as provided in subsection (e), real";

(2) in subsection (c)—

(A) striking out "The" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "Except as provided in subsection (e), the"; and

Conservation.
State and local governments.

(B) adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the Secretary may for conservation purposes grant or sell an easement, restriction, development rights, or the equivalent thereof, to a unit of local or State government or a private nonprofit organization separately from the underlying fee or sum of all other rights possessed by the United States."; and

99 STAT. 1527

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e)(1) The Secretary shall to the extent practicable sell or lease farmland administered under this title in the following order of priority:

"(A) Sale of such farmland to operators (as of the time immediately before such sale) of not larger than family-size farms.

"(B) Lease of such farmland to operators (as of the time immediately before such lease is entered into) of not larger than family-size farms.

Prohibition.

"(2) The Secretary shall not offer for sale or sell any such farmland if the placing of such farmland on the market will have a detrimental effect on the value of farmland in the area.

"(3)(A) The Secretary shall consider granting, and may grant, to an operator of not larger than a family-size farm, in conjunction with paragraph (3), a lease with an option to purchase farmland administered under this title.

Regulations.

"(B) The Secretary shall issue regulations providing for leasing such land, or leasing such land with an option to purchase, on a fair and equitable basis.

"(C) In leasing such land, the Secretary shall give special consideration to a previous owner or operator of such land if such owner or operator has financial resources, and farm management skills and experience, that the Secretary determines are sufficient to assure a reasonable prospect of success in the proposed farming operation.

Real property.
Contracts.
Small business.

"(D) To the extent the Secretary may lease or operate real property under this subsection, the Secretary shall, if the Secretary determines to administer such property through management contracts, offer the contracts on a competitive bid basis, giving preference to persons who will live in, and own and operate qualified small businesses in, the area where the property is located.

"(4)(A)(i) The Secretary may sell farmland administered under this title through an installment sale or similar device that contains such terms as the Secretary considers necessary to protect the investment of the Federal Government in such land.

Contracts.

"(ii) The Secretary may subsequently sell any contract entered into to carry out clause (i).

"(B) The Secretary shall offer such land for sale to operators of not larger than family-size farms at a price that reflects the average annual income that may be reasonably anticipated to be generated from farming such land.

Regulations.

"(C) If two or more qualified operators of not larger than family-size farms desire to purchase, or lease with an option to purchase, such land, the appropriate county committee shall, by majority vote, select the operator who may purchase such land, on such basis as the Secretary may prescribe by regulation.

"(5)(A) If the Secretary determines that farmland administered under this title is not suitable for sale or lease to an operator of not larger than a family-size farm because such farmland is in a tract or tracts that the Secretary determines to be larger than that necessary for family-size farms, the Secretary shall subdivide such land into tracts suitable for such operator.

"(B) The Secretary shall dispose of such subdivided farmland in accordance with this subsection.

99 STAT. 1528

"(6) If suitable farmland is available for disposition under this subsection, the Secretary shall—

"(A) publish an announcement of the availability of such farmland in at least one newspaper that is widely circulated in the county in which the farmland is located; and

"(B) post an announcement of the availability of such farmland in a prominent place in the local office of the Farmers Home Administration that serves the county in which the farmland is located.

"(7) In the case of farmland administered under this title that is highly erodible land (as defined in section 1201 of the Food Security Act of 1985), the Secretary may require the use of specified conservation practices on such land as a condition of the sale or lease of such land.

Conservation

Ante, p. 1504.

"(8) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, compliance by the Secretary with this subsection shall not cause any acreage allotment, marketing quota, or acreage base assigned to such property to lapse, terminate, be reduced, or otherwise be adversely affected.".

(b) The Secretary of Agriculture shall implement the amendments made by this section not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

7 USC 1985 note.

RELEASE OF NORMAL INCOME SECURITY

SEC. 1315. Section 335 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1985) (as amended by section 1314(3)) is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Ante, p. 1526.

"(f)(1) As used in this subsection, the term 'normal income security' has the same meaning given such term in section 1962.17(b) of title 7, Code of Federal Regulations (as of January 1, 1985).

"(2) Until such time as the Secretary accelerates a loan made or insured under this title, the Secretary shall release from the normal income security provided for such loan an amount sufficient to pay the essential household and farm operating expenses of the borrower, as determined by the Secretary.".

Loans.

LOAN SUMMARY STATEMENTS

SEC. 1316. Section 337 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1987) is amended by—

(1) inserting "(a)" after the section designation; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b)(1) As used in this subsection, the term 'summary period' means—

"(A) the period beginning on the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985 and ending on the date on which the first loan summary statement is issued after such date of enactment; or

"(B) the period beginning on the date of issuance of the preceding loan summary statement and ending on the date of issuance of the current loan summary statement.

"(2) On the request of a borrower of a loan made or insured (but not guaranteed) under this title, the Secretary shall issue to such borrower a loan summary statement that reflects the account activity during the summary period for each loan made or insured under this title to such borrower, including—

"(A) the outstanding amount of principal due on each such loan at the beginning of the summary period;

"(B) the interest rate charged on each such loan;

"(C) the amount of payments made on and their application to each such loan during the summary period and an explanation of the basis for the application of such payments;

"(D) the amount of principal and interest due on each such loan at the end of the summary period;

"(E) the total amount of unpaid principal and interest on all such loans at the end of the summary period;

"(F) any delinquency in the repayment of any such loan;

"(G) a schedule of the amount and date of payments due on each such loan; and

"(H) the procedure the borrower may use to obtain more information concerning the status of such loans.".

AUTHORIZATION OF LOAN AMOUNTS

SEC. 1317. (a) Subsection (b) of section 346 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1994(b)) is amended to read as follows:

"(b)(1)(A) For each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986, through September 30, 1988, real estate and operating loans may be insured, made to be sold and insured, or guaranteed in accordance with subtitles A and B, respectively, from the Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund established under section 309 in an amount equal to $4,000,000,000, of which not less than $520,000,000 shall be for farm ownership loans under subtitle A.

7 USC 1929.

"(B) Subject to subparagraph (C), such amount shall be apportioned as follows:

"(i) For the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986—

"(I) $2,000,000,000 for insured loans, of which not less than $260,000,000 shall be for farm ownership loans; and

"(II) $2,000,000,000 for guaranteed loans, of which not less than $260,000,000 shall be for guarantees of farm ownership loans.

"(ii) For the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987—

"(I) $1,500,000,000 for insured loans, of which not less than $195,000,000 shall be for farm ownership loans; and

"(II) $2,500,000,000 for guaranteed loans, of which not less than $325,000,000 shall be for guarantees of farm ownership loans.

"(iii) For the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988—

"(I) $1,000,000,000 for insured loans, of which not less than $130,000,000 shall be for farm ownership loans; and

"(II) $3,000,000,000 for guaranteed loans, of which not less than $390,000,000 shall be for guarantees of farm ownership loans.

"(C) For each of the fiscal years referred to in subparagraph (A), the Secretary may transfer not more than 25 percent of the amounts authorized for guaranteed loans to amounts authorized for insured loans.

"(D)(i) For each of the fiscal years 1986, 1987, and 1988, emergency loans may be made or insured or guaranteed in accordance with subtitle C from the Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund as follows: $1,300,000,000 for fiscal year 1986, $700,000,000 for fiscal year 1987, and $600,000,000 for fiscal year 1988.

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"(E) Loans for each of the fiscal years 1986, 1987, and 1988 are authorized to be insured, or made to be sold and insured, or guaranteed under the Rural Development Insurance Fund as follows:

"(i) Insured water and waste disposal facility loans, $340,000,000.

"(ii) Industrial development loans, $250,000,000.

"(iii) Insured community facility loans, $115,000,000.".

7 USC 1994.

(b) Section 346(e)(1) of such Act is amended by—

(1) striking out "20" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "25"; and

(2) striking out "fiscal year 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "each fiscal year".

(c) Section 346 of such Act (as amended by subsection (b)) is amended—

(1) striking out subsection (d); and

(2) redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (d).

FARM DEBT RESTRUCTURE AND CONSERVATION SET-ASIDE

CONSERVATION EASEMENTS

SEC. 1318. (a) The Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 349. (a) For purposes of this section: 7 USC 1997.

"(1) The term 'governmental entity' means any agency of the United States, a State, or a unit of local government of a State.

"(2) The terms 'highly erodible land' and 'wetland' have the meanings, respectively, that such terms are given in section 1201 of the Food Security Act of 1985. *Ante*, p. 1504.

"(3) The term 'wildlife' means fish or wildlife as defined in section 2(a) of the Lacey Act Amendments of 1981 (16 U.S.C. 3371(a)).

"(5) The term 'recreational purposes' includes hunting.

"(b) Subject to subsection (c), the Secretary may acquire and retain an easement in real property, for a term of not less than 50 years, for conservation, recreational, and wildlife purposes. Real property.

"(c) Such easement may be acquired or retained for real property if such property— Real property.

"(1) is wetland, upland, or highly erodible land;

"(2) is determined by the Secretary to be suitable for the purposes involved;

"(3)(A)(i) secures any loan made under any law administered by the Farmers Home Administration and held by the Secretary; and Loans.

"(ii) the borrower of such loan is unable, as determined by the Secretary, to repay such loan in a timely manner; or

"(B) is administered under this title by the Secretary; and

"(4) was (except in the case of wetland) row cropped each year of the 3-year period ending on the date of the enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985.

"(d) The terms and conditions specified in each such easement shall—

"(1) specify the purposes for which such real property may be used; Real property.

"(2) identify the conservation measures to be taken, and the recreational and wildlife uses to be allowed, with respect to such real property; and

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"(3) require such owner to permit the Secretary, and any person or governmental entity designated by the Secretary, to have access to such real property for the purpose of monitoring compliance with such easement.

"(e) Any such easement acquired by the Secretary shall be purchased from the borrower involved by canceling that part of the aggregate amount of such outstanding loans of the borrower held by the Secretary under laws administered by the Farmers Home Administration that bears the same ratio to the aggregate amount of the outstanding loans of such borrower held by the Secretary under all such laws as the number of acres of the real property of such borrower that are subject to such easement bears to the aggregate number of acres securing such loans. In no case shall the amount so cancelled exceed the value of the land on which the easement is acquired. Loans. Real property. Prohibition.

"(f) If the Secretary elects to use the authority provided by this section, the Secretary shall consult with the Director of the Fish and Wildlife Service for purposes of—

"(1) selecting real property in which the Secretary may acquire easements under this section; Real property.

"(2) formulating the terms and conditions of such easements; and

"(3) enforcing such easements.

"(g) The Secretary, and any person or governmental entity designated by the Secretary, may enforce an easement acquired by the Secretary under this section.

Prohibition.

"(h) This section shall not apply with respect to the cancellation of any part of any loan that was made after the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985.".

Ante, pp. 1526, 1528.
Ante, p. 1530.

(b)(1) The last sentence of section 335(c) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1985(c)) is amended by inserting ", other than easements acquired under section 349" before the period at the end thereof.

(2) The second sentence of section 1001 of the Agricultural Act of 1970 (16 U.S.C. 1501) is amended—

(1) by striking out "perpetual"; and

(2) by inserting "for a term of not less than 50 years" after "easements".

ADMINISTRATION OF GUARANTEED FARM LOAN PROGRAMS

Ante, p. 1530.
7 USC 1998.

SEC. 1319. The Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.) is amended by adding after the section added by section 1318 the following:

"SEC. 350. Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, the Secretary shall ensure that farm loan guarantee programs carried out under this title are designed so as to be responsive to borrower and lender needs and to include provisions under reasonable terms and conditions for advances, before completion of the liquidation process, of guarantee proceeds on loans in default.".

INTEREST RATE REDUCTION PROGRAM

Ante, p. 1531.

SEC. 1320. Effective only for the period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending September 30, 1988, the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.) is amended by adding after the section added by section 1319 the following:

Loans.
7 USC 1999.

"SEC. 351. (a) The Secretary shall establish and carry out in accordance with this section an interest rate reduction program for loans guaranteed under this title.

Contracts.
Loans.

"(b) Under such program, the Secretary shall enter into a contract with, and make payments to, a legally organized institution to reduce during the term of such contract the interest rate paid by a borrower on a guaranteed loan made by such institution if—

"(1) the borrower—

"(A) is unable to obtain sufficient credit elsewhere to finance the actual needs of the borrower at reasonable rates and terms, taking into consideration private and cooperative rates and terms for a loan for a similar purpose and period of time in the community in or near which the borrower resides;

"(B) is otherwise unable to make payments on such loan in a timely manner; and

"(C) has a total estimated cash income during the 12-month period beginning on the date such contract is entered into (including all farm and nonfarm income) that will equal or exceed the total estimated cash expenses to be incurred by the borrower during such period (including all farm and nonfarm expenses); and

"(2) the lender reduces during the term of such contract the annual rate of interest payable on such loan by a minimum percentage specified in such contract.

Contracts.
Loans.

"(c) In return for a contract entered into by a lender under subsection (b) for the reduction of the interest rate paid on a loan, the Secretary shall make payments to the lender in an amount equal to not more than 50 percent of the cost of reducing the annual rate of interest payable on such loan, except that such payments may not exceed the cost of reducing such rate by more than 2 percent.

"(d) The term of a contract entered into under this section to reduce the interest rate on a guaranteed loan may not exceed the outstanding term of such loan, or 3 years, whichever is less.

Contracts. Prohibition. Loans.

"(e)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, the Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund established under section 309 may be used by the Secretary to carry out this section.

7 USC 1929.

"(2) The total amount of funds used by the Secretary to carry out this section may not exceed $490,000,000.".

Prohibition.

HOMESTEAD PROTECTION

SEC. 1321. The Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act is amended by adding after the section added by section 1320 the following:

Supra.

"SEC. 352. (a) As used in this section:

7 USC 2000.

"(1) The term 'Administrator' means the Administrator of the Small Business Administration.

"(2) The term 'farm program loan' means any loan made by the Administrator under the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 631 et seq.) for any of the purposes authorized for loans under subtitles A or B of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.).

Loans.

"(3) The term 'homestead property' means the principal residence and adjoining property possessed and occupied by a borrower specified in paragraph (2) of this subsection.

"(4) The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Agriculture.

"(b)(1) If the Secretary forecloses a loan made or insured under the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.), the Administrator forecloses a farm program loan made under the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 631 et seq.), or a borrower of a loan made or insured by either agency declares bankruptcy or goes into voluntary liquidation to avoid foreclosure or bankruptcy, the Secretary or Administrator may upon application by the borrower, permit the borrower to retain possession and occupancy of any principal residence of the borrower, and a reasonable amount of adjoining land for the purpose of family maintenance.

Loans.

"(2) The value of the homestead property shall be determined insofar as possible by an independent appraisal made within six months from the date of the borrower's application to retain possession and occupancy of the homestead property.

"(3) The period of occupancy of homestead property under this subsection may not exceed five years, but in no case shall be the Secretary or the Administrator grant a period of occupancy less than three years, subject to compliance with the requirements of subsection (c).

Prohibition.

"(c) To be eligible to occupy homestead property, a borrower of a loan made or insured by the Secretary or the Administrator must—

Loans.

"(1) apply for such occupancy during the three-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act;

"(2) have exhausted all other remedies for the extension or restructuring of such loan, including all remedies afforded under section 331(d);

Ante, p. 1523.

"(3) have made gross annual farm sales of at least $40,000 in at least two calendar years during the five-year period beginning on January 1, 1981, and ending on December 31, 1985 (or the equivalent crop or fiscal years);

"(4) have received from farming operations at least 60 per centum of the gross annual income of the borrower and any spouse of the borrower during at least two years of such five-year period;

"(5) have occupied the homestead property, and engaged in farming or ranching operations on adjoining land, or other land controlled by said borrower, during such five-year period;

"(6) during the period of occupancy of the homestead property, pay a reasonable sum as rent for such property to the Secretary or the Administrator in an amount substantially equivalent to rents charged for similar residential properties in the area in which the homestead property is located, and failure to make rental payments in a timely fashion shall constitute cause for the termination of all rights of a borrower to possession and occupancy of the homestead property under this subsection;

"(7) during the period of occupancy of homestead property, maintain such property in good condition; and

"(8) agree to such other terms and conditions as are prescribed by the Secretary or the Administrator in order to facilitate the administration of this subsection.

"(d) At the end of the period of occupancy described in subsection (c), the Secretary or the Administrator shall grant to the borrower a first right of refusal to reacquire the homestead property on such terms and conditions (which may include payment of principal in installments) as the Secretary or the Administrator shall determine.

"(e) At the time any reacquisition agreement is entered into, the Secretary or the Administrator may not demand a total payment of principal that is in excess of the value of the homestead property as established under subsection (b)(2).".

EXTENSION OF CREDIT TO ALL RURAL UTILITIES THAT PARTICIPATE IN THE PROGRAM ADMINISTERED BY THE RURAL ELECTRIFICATION ADMINISTRATION

Loans.
Banks and banking.

SEC. 1322. Section 3.8 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C. 2129) is amended by—

(1) inserting "(1)" immediately before "Any association"; and

(2) adding at the end thereof a new subsection (2) as follows:

"(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, cooperatives and other entities that have received a loan, loan commitment, or loan guarantee from the Rural Electrification Administration, or a loan or loan commitment from the Rural Telephone Bank, or that have been certified by the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration to be eligible for such a loan, loan commitment, or loan guarantee, and subsidiaries of such cooperatives or other entities, shall also be eligible to borrow from a bank for cooperatives.".

NONPROFIT NATIONAL RURAL DEVELOPMENT AND FINANCE CORPORATIONS

Loans.
7 USC 1932 note.

SEC. 1323. (a)(1) For the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, the Secretary of Agriculture (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall guarantee loans made by public agencies or private organizations (including loans made by financial institutions such as insurance companies) to nonprofit national rural development and finance corporations that establish similar and affiliated statewide rural development and finance programs for the purpose of providing loans, guarantees, and other financial assistance to profit or nonprofit local businesses to improve business, industry, and employment opportunities in a rural area (as determined by the Secretary).

(2) To be eligible to obtain a loan guarantee under this subsection, a corporation must—

(A) demonstrate to the Secretary the ability of the corporation to administer a national revolving rural development loan program;

(B) be prepared to commit financial resources under the control of the corporation to the establishment of affiliated statewide rural development and finance programs; and

(C) have secured commitments of significant financial support from public agencies and private organizations for such affiliated statewide programs.

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(3) A national rural development and finance corporation receiving a loan guarantee under this subsection shall base a determination to establish an affiliated statewide program in large part on the willingness of States and private organizations to sponsor and make funds available to such program.

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, of the amounts available to guarantee loans in accordance with section 310B of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1932) from the Rural Development Insurance Fund, $20,000,000 shall be used by the Secretary to guarantee loans under the national rural development and finance program established under this subsection, to remain available until expended.

Grants.

(b)(1) For the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, the Secretary shall make grants, from funds transferred under paragraph (2), to national rural development and finance corporations for the purpose of establishing a rural development program to provide financial and technical assistance to compliment the loan guarantees made to such corporations under subsection (a).

(2) All funds authorized under the Rural Development Loan Fund, including those on deposit and available upon date of enactment, under sections 623 and 633 of the Community Economic Development Act of 1981 (42 U.S.C. 9801 et seq.) shall be transferred to the Secretary provided that—

42 USC 9812, 9822.

Grants.

(A) all funds on deposit and available on date of enactment shall be used for the purpose of making grants under paragraph (1) and shall remain available until expended; and

(B) notwithstanding any other provision of law, all loans to intermediary borrowers made prior to date of enactment, shall upon date of enactment, for the life of such loan, bear a rate of interest not to exceed that in effect upon the date of issuance of such loans.

PROTECTION FOR PURCHASERS OF FARM PRODUCTS

7 USC 1631.

SEC. 1324. (a) Congress finds that—

(1) certain State laws permit a secured lender to enforce liens against a purchaser of farm products even if the purchaser does not know that the sale of the products violates the lender's security interest in the products, lacks any practical method for discovering the existence of the security interest, and has no reasonable means to ensure that the seller uses the sales proceeds to repay the lender;

(2) these laws subject the purchaser of farm products to double payment for the products, once at the time of purchase, and again when the seller fails to repay the lender;

(3) the exposure of purchasers of farm products to double payment inhibits free competition in the market for farm products; and

Commerce and trade.

(4) this exposure constitutes a burden on and an obstruction to interstate commerce in farm products.

(b) The purpose of this section is to remove such burden on and obstruction to interstate commerce in farm products.

(c) For the purposes of this section—

(1) The term "buyer in the ordinary course of business" means a person who, in the ordinary course of business, buys farm products from a person engaged in farming operations who is in the business of selling farm products.

99 STAT. 1536

(2) The term "central filing system" means a system for filing effective financing statements or notice of such financing statements on a statewide basis and which has been certified by the Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture; the Secretary shall certify such system if the system complies with the requirements of this section; specifically under such system—

(A) effective financing statements or notice of such financing statements are filed with the office of the Secretary of State of a State;

(B) the Secretary of State records the date and hour of the filing of such statements;

(C) the Secretary of State compiles all such statements into a master list—

(i) organized according to farm products;

(ii) arranged within each such product—

(I) in alphabetical order according to the last name of the individual debtors, or, in the case of debtors doing business other than as individuals, the first word in the name of such debtors; and

(II) in numerical order according to the social security number of the individual debtors or, in the case of debtors doing business other than as individuals, the Internal Revenue Service taxpayer identification number of such debtors; and

(III) geographically by county or parish; and

(IV) by crop year;

(iii) containing the information referred to in paragraph (4)(D);

(D) the Secretary of State maintains a list of all buyers of farm products, commission merchants, and selling agents who register with the Secretary of State, on a form indicating—

(i) the name and address of each buyer, commission merchant and selling agent;

(ii) the interest of each buyer, commission merchant, and selling agent in receiving the lists described in subparagraph (E); and

(iii) the farm products in which each buyer, commission merchant, and selling agent has an interest;

(E) the Secretary of State distributes regularly as prescribed by the State to each buyer, commission merchant, and selling agent on the list described in subparagraph (D) a copy in written or printed form of those portions of the master list described in paragraph (C) that cover the farm products in which such buyer, commission merchant, or selling agent has registered an interest;

(F) the Secretary of State furnishes to those who are not registered pursuant to (2)(D) of this section oral confirmation within 24 hours of any effective financing statement on request followed by written confirmation to any buyer of farm products buying from a debtor, or commission merchant or selling agent selling for a seller covered by such statement.

(3) The term "commission merchant" means any person engaged in the business of receiving any farm product for sale, on commission, or for or on behalf of another person.

99 STAT. 1537

(4) The term "effective financing statement" means a statement that—

(A) is an original or reproduced copy thereof;

(B) is signed and filed with the Secretary of State of a State by the secured party;

(C) is signed by the debtor;

(D) contains,

(i) the name and address of the secured party;

(ii) the name and address of the person indebted to the secured party;

(iii) the social security number of the debtor or, in the case of a debtor doing business other than as an individual, the Internal Revenue Service taxpayer identification number of such debtor;

(iv) a description of the farm products subject to the security interest created by the debtor, including the amount of such products where applicable; and a reasonable description of the property, including county or parish in which the property is located;

(E) must be amended in writing, within 3 months, similarly signed and filed, to reflect material changes;

(F) remains effective for a period of 5 years from the date of filing, subject to extensions for additional periods of 5 years each by refiling or filing a continuation statement within 6 months before the expiration of the initial 5 year period;

(G) lapses on either the expiration of the effective period of the statement or the filing of a notice signed by the secured party that the statement has lapsed, whichever occurs first;

(H) is accompanied by the requisite filing fee set by the Secretary of State; and

(I) substantially complies with the requirements of this subparagraph even though it contains minor errors that are not seriously misleading.

(5) The term "farm product" means an agricultural commodity such as wheat, corn, soybeans, or a species of livestock such as cattle, hogs, sheep, horses, or poultry used or produced in farming operations, or a product of such crop or livestock in its unmanufactured state (such as ginned cotton, wool-clip, maple syrup, milk, and eggs), that is in the possession of a person engaged in farming operations.

(6) The term "knows" or "knowledge" means actual knowledge.

(7) The term "security interest" means an interest in farm products that secures payment or performance of an obligation.

(8) The term "selling agent" means any person, other than a commission merchant, who is engaged in the business of negotiating the sale and purchase of any farm product on behalf of a person engaged in farming operations.

(9) The term "State" means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

(10) The term "person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, trust, or any other business entity.

99 STAT. 1538

(11) The term "Secretary of State" means the Secretary of State or the designee of the State.

(d) Except as provided in subsection (e) and notwithstanding any other provision of Federal, State, or local law, a buyer who in the ordinary course of business buys a farm product from a seller engaged in farming operations shall take free of a security interest created by the seller, even though the security interest is perfected; and the buyer knows of the existence of such interest.

(e) A buyer of farm products takes subject to a security interest created by the seller if—

(1)(A) within 1 year before the sale of the farm products, the buyer has received from the secured party or the seller written notice of the security interest organized according to farm products that—

(i) is an original or reproduced copy thereof;

(ii) contains,

(I) the name and address of the secured party;

(II) the name and address of the person indebted to the secured party;

(III) the social security number of the debtor or, in the case of a debtor doing business other than as an individual, the Internal Revenue Service taxpayer identification number of such debtor;

(IV) a description of the farm products subject to the security interest created by the debtor, including the amount of such products where applicable, crop year, county or parish, and a reasonable description of the property; and

(iii) must be amended in writing, within 3 months, similarly signed and transmitted, to reflect material changes;

(iv) will lapse on either the expiration period of the statement or the transmission of a notice signed by the secured party that the statement has lapsed, whichever occurs first; and

(v) any payment obligations imposed on the buyer by the secured party as conditions for waiver or release of the security interest; and

(B) the buyer has failed to perform the payment obligations, or

(2) in the case of a farm product produced in a State that has established a central filing system—

(A) the buyer has failed to register with the Secretary of State of such State prior to the purchase of farm products; and

(B) the secured party has filed an effective financing statement or notice that covers the farm products being sold; or

(3) in the case of a farm product produced in a State that has established a central filing system, the buyer—

(A) receives from the Secretary of State of such State written notice as provided in subparagraph (c)(2)(E) or (c)(2)(F) that specifies both the seller and the farm product being sold by such seller as being subject to an effective financing statement or notice; and

(B) does not secure a waiver or release of the security interest specified in such effective financing statement or notice from the secured party by performing any payment obligation or otherwise; and

99 STAT. 1539

(f) What constitutes receipt, as used in this section, shall be determined by the law of the State in which the buyer resides.

Prohibition

(g)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) and notwithstanding any other provision of Federal, State, or local law, a commission merchant or selling agent who sells, in the ordinary course of business, a farm product for others, shall not be subject to a security interest created by the seller in such farm product even though the security interest is perfected and even though the commission merchant or selling agent knows of the existence of such interest.

(2) A commission merchant or selling agent who sells a farm product for others shall be subject to a security interest created by the seller in such farm product if—

(A) within 1 year before the sale of such farm product the commission merchant or selling agent has received from the secured party or the seller written notice of the security interest; organized according to farm products, that—

(i) is an original or reproduced copy thereof;

(ii) contains,

(I) the name and address of the secured party;

(II) the name and address of the person indebted to the secured party;

(III) the social security number of the debtor or, in the case of a debtor doing business other than as an individual, the Internal Revenue Service taxpayer identification number of such debtor;

(IV) a description of the farm products subject to the security interest created by the debtor, including the amount of such products, where applicable, crop year, county or parish, and a reasonable description of the property, etc.; and

(iii) must be amended in writing, within 3 months, similarly signed and transmitted, to reflect material changes;

(iv) will lapse on either the expiration period of the statement or the transmission of a notice signed by the secured party that the statement has lapsed, whichever occurs first; and

(v) any payment obligations imposed on the commission merchant or selling agent by the secured party as conditions for waiver or release of the security interest; and

(B) the commission merchant or selling agent has failed to perform the payment obligations;

(C) in the case of a farm product produced in a State that has established a central filing system—

(i) the commission merchant or selling agent has failed to register with the Secretary of State of such State prior to the purchase of farm products; and

(ii) the secured party has filed an effective financing statement or notice that covers the farm products being sold; or

(D) in the case of a farm product produced in a State that has established a central filing system, the commission merchant or selling agent—

(i) receives from the Secretary of State of such State written notice as provided in subsection (c)(2)(E) or (c)(2)(F) that specifies both the seller and the farm products being sold by such seller as being subject to an effective financing statement or notice; and

(ii) does not secure a waiver or release of the security interest specified in such effective financing statement or notice from the secured party by performing any payment obligation or otherwise.

(3) What constitutes receipt, as used in this section, shall be determined by the law of the State in which the buyer resides.

(h)(1) A security agreement in which a person engaged in farming operations creates a security interest in a farm product may require the person to furnish to the secured party a list of the buyers, commission merchants, and selling agents to or through whom the person engaged in farming operations may sell such farm product.

(2) If a security agreement contains a provision described in paragraph (1) and such person engaged in farming operations sells the farm product collateral to a buyer or through a commission merchant or selling agent not included on such list, the person engaged in farming operations shall be subject to paragraph (3) unless the person—

(A) has notified the secured party in writing of the identity of the buyer, commission merchant, or selling agent at least 7 days prior to such sale; or

(B) has accounted to the secured party for the proceeds of such sale not later than 10 days after such sale.

(3) A person violating paragraph (2) shall be fined $5,000 or 15 per centum of the value or benefit received for such farm product described in the security agreement, whichever is greater.

Regulations.

(i) The Secretary of Agriculture shall prescribe regulations not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act to aid States in the implementation and management of a central filing system.

Effective date.

(j) This section shall become effective 12 months after the date of enactment of this Act.

PROHIBITING COORDINATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Regulations.
Loans.
7 USC 1989 note.

SEC. 1325. The Secretary of Agriculture shall not use or require the submission of the coordinated financial statement referred to in the proposed regulations of the Farmers Home Administration published in the Federal Register of November 8, 1983 (48 F.R. 51312-51317) in connection with an application submitted on or after the date of the enactment of this Act for any loan under any program of the Department of Agriculture carried out by the Farmers Home Administration.

REGULATORY RESTRAINT

12 USC 2254 note

SEC. 1326. (a) Congress finds and declares that—

(1) high production costs and low commodity prices have combined to reduce farm income to the lowest levels since the depths of the Depression in the 1930's, to subject many agricultural producers, through no fault of their own, to severe economic hardship, and in many cases temporarily but seriously to impair producers' ability to meet loan repayment schedules in a timely fashion; and

Loans. Banks and banking.

(2) a policy of adverse classification of agricultural loans by bank examiners under these circumstances will trigger a wave of foreclosures and similar actions on the part of banks, thereby depressing land values and prices for agricultural facilities and equipment and having a devastating effect on farmers and the banking industry, and upon rural areas of the United States in general.

Banks and banking. Loans.

(b) It is therefore the sense of Congress that the Federal bank regulatory agencies should ensure, in their examination procedures, that examiners exercise caution and restraint and give due consideration not only to the current cash flow of agricultural borrowers under financial stress, but to factors such as their loan collateral and ultimate ability to repay as well, for so long as the adverse economic effects of the cost-price squeeze of recent years continue to impair the ability of these borrowers to meet scheduled repayments on their loans.

STUDY OF FARM CREDIT SYSTEM

SEC. 1327. (a) The Farm Credit Administration shall conduct a study of the need for the establishment of a fund to be used—

Loans.

(1) to insure institutions of the Farm Credit System against losses on loans made by such institutions; or

(2) for any other purpose that would—

(A) assist in stabilizing the financial condition of such System; and

Loans.

(B) provide for the protection of the capital that borrowers of such loans have invested in such System.

(b) In conducting the study required under subsection (a), the Farm Credit Administration shall—

(1) consider the advisability of using the revolving funds provided for under section 4.1 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C. 2152) to provide initial capital for the fund referred to in subsection (a); and

(2) estimate the amount and level of future assessments levied on institutions of the Farm Credit System that would be necessary to ensure the long-term liquidity of such fund.

Report.

(c) Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Farm Credit Administration shall submit a report containing the results of the study required under subsection (a) to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

CONTINUATION OF SMALL FARMER TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

7 USC 1981 note.

SEC. 1328. The Secretary of Agriculture shall, during the period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending on September 30, 1988, maintain at substantially current levels the small farmer training and technical assistance program in the office of the Administrator of the Farmers Home Administration.

STUDY OF FARM AND HOME PLAN

Loans.

SEC. 1329. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study of the appropriateness of the Farm and Home Plan (Form FmHA

431-2) used by the Farmers Home Administration in connection with loans made or insured under the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.).

(b) After carrying out such study, if the Secretary finds the plan is inappropriate, the Secretary shall—

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(1) evaluate other alternative farm plan forms for use in connection with such loans;

(2) evaluate the need to develop a new farm plan form for such use; and

(3) specify the steps that should be taken to improve or replace the current form.

Report

(c) Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall report the results of the study required under subsection (a) to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act Amendments of 1985.

TITLE XIV—AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH, EXTENSION, AND TEACHING

Subtitle A—General Provisions

SHORT TITLE

7 USC 3101 note.

Sec. 1401. This title may be cited as the "National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act Amendments of 1985".

FINDINGS

Sec. 1402. Section 1402 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3101) is amended by—

(1) in paragraph (8)—

(A) striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (N);

(B) inserting "and" at the end of subparagraph (O); and

(C) adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(P) research on new or improved food processing (such as food irradiation) or value-added food technologies;";

(2) in paragraph (10)—

(A) striking out "The research" and all that follows through the colon in the matter preceding the subparagraphs and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "The research, extension, and teaching programs must be maintained and constantly adjusted to meet ever-changing challenges. National support of cooperative research, extension, and teaching efforts must be reaffirmed and strengthened to meet major needs and challenges in the following areas:";

(B) redesignating subparagraphs (B), (C), (D), (E), (F), and (G) as subparagraphs (C), (D), (F), (G), (H), and (I), respectively;

(C) inserting after subparagraph (A) the following new subparagraph:

"(B) Agricultural policy.—The effects of technological, economic, sociological, and environmental developments on the agricultural structure of the United States are strong and continuous. It is critical that emerging agricultural-related technologies, economic changes, and sociological and environmental developments, both national and international, be analyzed on a continuing basis in an interdisciplinary fashion to determine the effect of those forces on the structure of agriculture and to improve agricultural policy decisionmaking.";

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(D) inserting after subparagraph (D) (as redesignated by subparagraph (B)) the following new subparagraph:

Regulations.

"(E) Coordination of Biotechnology Responsibilities of Federal Government.—Biotechnology guidelines and regulations must be made consistent throughout the Federal Government so they may promote scientific development and protect the public. The biotechnology risk assessment processes used by various Federal agencies must be standardized.";

(E) striking out subparagraph (F) (as redesignated by subparagraph (B)) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new subparagraph:

Forest and forest products. Conservation.

"(F) Natural Resources.—Improved management of soil, water, forest, and range resources is vital to maintain the resource base for food, fiber, and wood production. An expanded research program in the areas of soil and water conservation and forest and range production practices is needed to develop more economical and effective management systems. Key objectives of this research are—

"(i) incorporating water and soil-saving technologies into current and evolving production practices;

"(ii) developing more cost-effective and practical conservation technologies;

"(iii) managing water in stressed environments;

"(iv) protecting the quality of the surface water and groundwater resources of the United States;

"(v) establishing integrated multidisciplinary organic farming research projects, including research on alternative farming systems, that will identify options from which individual farmers may select the production components that are most appropriate for their individual situations;

"(vi) developing better targeted pest management systems; and

"(vii) improving forest and range management technologies that meet demands more efficiently, better protect multiresource options, and enhance quality of output.";

(F) in subparagraph (G) (as redesignated by subparagraph (B))—

(i) striking out "to" before "the economy"; and

(ii) striking out "owner-operated" before "family farms"; and

(G) striking out subparagraph (I) (as redesignated by subparagraph (B)) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new subparagraph:

Schools and colleges.

"(I) International Food and Agriculture.—United States agricultural production has proven its ability to produce abundant quantities of food for an expanding world population. Despite rising expectation for improved diets in the world today, there are instances of drought, civil unrest, economic crisis, or other conditions that preclude the local production or distribution of food. There are instances where localized problems impede the ability of farmers to produce needed food products. It is also recognized that many nations have progressive and effective agricultural research programs that produce results of interest and applicability to United States agriculture. The exchange of knowledge and information between nations is essential to the well-being of all nations. A dedicated effort involving the Federal Government, the State cooperative institutions, and other colleges and universities is needed to expand international food and agricultural research, extension, and teaching programs. Improved cooperation and communication by the Department of Agriculture and the cooperators with international agricultural research centers, counterpart agencies, and universities in other nations are

99 STAT. 1544

necessary to improve food and agricultural progress throughout the world.";

(3) striking out the period at the end of paragraph (11) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(4) adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(12) the agricultural system of the United States—

"(A) is increasingly dependent on science and technology to maintain and improve productivity levels, manage the resource base, provide high quality products, and protect the environment; and

Science and technology.

"(B) requires a constant source of food and agricultural scientific expertise to maintain this dynamic system.".

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 1403. Section 1404(8) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3103(8)) is amended by—

(1) striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (H);

(2) inserting "and" at the end of subparagraph (I); and

(3) adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(J) international food and agricultural issues, such as agricultural development, development of institutions, germ plasm collection and preservation, information exchange and storage, and scientific exchanges;".

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE

SEC. 1404. Section 1405 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3121) is amended by—

(1) striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (10); and

(2) striking out paragraph (11) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new paragraphs:

"(11) coordinate the efforts of States, State cooperative institutions, State extension services, the Joint Council, the Advisory Board, and other appropriate institutions in assessing the current status of, and developing a plan for, the effective transfer of new technologies, including biotechnology, to the farming community, with particular emphasis on addressing the unique problems of small- and medium-sized farms in gaining information about those technologies; and

Science and technology.

"(12) establish appropriate controls with respect to the development and use of the application of biotechnology to agriculture.".

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JOINT COUNCIL ON FOOD AND AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES

SEC. 1405. (a) Section 1407(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3122(a)) is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

(b) Section 1407(b) of such Act is amended by inserting before the last sentence the following new sentence: "To ensure that the views of food technologists are considered by the Joint Council, one of the members of the Joint Council shall, as determined to be appropriate by the Secretary, be appointed by the Secretary from among distinguished persons who are food technologists from accredited or certified departments of food technology, as determined by the Secretary.".

(c) Section 1407(d)(2) of such Act is amended by—

(1) striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (F);

(2) striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (G) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(3) adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(H) coordinate with the Secretary in assessing the current status of, and developing a plan for, the effective transfer of new technologies to the farming community.".

NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH AND EXTENSION USERS ADVISORY BOARD

SEC. 1406. (a) Section 1408(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3123(a)) is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

(b) Section 1408(f)(2) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 3123(f)(2)) is amended by—

(1) striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (E);

(2) striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (F) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(3) adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(G) coordinating with the Secretary in assessing the current status of, and developing a plan for, the effective transfer of new technologies to the farming community.".

FEDERAL-STATE PARTNERSHIP

SEC. 1407. (a) The first sentence of section 1409A(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3124a(a)) is amended by—

(1) striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (2);

(2) striking out the period at the end of paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(3) adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(4) international agricultural programs under title XII of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2220a et seq.).".

(b) Section 1409A of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

"(d)(1) To promote research for purposes of developing agricultural policy alternatives, the Secretary is encouraged—

"(A) to designate at least one State cooperative institution to conduct research in an interdisciplinary fashion; and

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"(B) to report on a regular basis with respect to the effect of emerging technological, economic, sociological, and environmental developments on the structure of agriculture.

"(2) Support for this effort should include grants to examine the role of various food production, processing, and distribution systems that may primarily benefit small- and medium-sized family farms, such as diversified farm plans, energy, water, and soil conservation technologies, direct and cooperative marketing, production and processing cooperatives, and rural community resource management.

"(e) To address more effectively the critical need for reducing farm input costs, improving soil, water, and energy conservation on farms and in rural areas, using sustainable agricultural methods, adopting alternative processing and marketing systems, and encouraging rural resources management, the Secretary is encouraged to designate at least one State agricultural experiment station and one Agricultural Research Service facility to examine these issues in an integrated and comprehensive manner, while conducting ongoing pilot projects contributing additional research through the Federal-State partnership.".

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE

SEC. 1408. Section 1410 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3125) is amended by—

(1) inserting "and" at the end of paragraph (2);

(2) striking out "; and" at the end of paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof a period; and

(3) striking out paragraph (4).

COMPETITIVE, SPECIAL, AND FACILITIES RESEARCH GRANTS

SEC. 1409. (a)(1) The third sentence of section 2(b) of the Act entitled "An Act to facilitate the work of the Department of Agriculture, and for other purposes", approved August 4, 1965 (7 U.S.C. 450i(b)), is amended by—

(A) inserting ", with emphasis on biotechnology," after "(2) research" in paragraph (2);

(B) striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (5);

(C) striking out the period at the end of paragraph (6) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and

Science and technology. Conservation.

(D) adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

"(7) research to reduce farm input costs through the collection of national and international data and the transfer of appropriate technology relating to sustainable agricultural systems, soil, energy, and water conservation technologies, rural and farm resource management, and the diversification of farm product processing and marketing systems; and

"(8) research to develop new and alternative industrial uses for agricultural crops.".

Prohibition.

(2) Section 2(b) of such Act is amended by inserting after the fourth sentence the following new sentence: "No grant may be made under this subsection for any purpose for which a grant may be made under subsection (d) or for the planning, repair, rehabilitation, acquisition, or construction of a building or a facility.".

99 STAT. 1547

Effective date. 7 USC 450i.

(3) Effective October 1, 1985, section 2(b) of such Act is amended by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following new sentences: "There are authorized to be appropriated, for the purpose of carrying out this subsection, $70,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986, through September 30, 1990. Four percent of the amount appropriated for each of such fiscal years to carry out this subsection may be retained by the Secretary to pay administrative costs incurred by the Secretary to carry out this subsection.".

7 USC 450i.

(b)(1) Section 2(c) of such Act is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence:

Prohibition. Grants.

"No grant may be made under this subsection for any purpose for which a grant may be made under subsection (d) or for the planning, repair, rehabilitation, acquisition, or construction of a building or facility.".

Effective date.

(2) Effective October 1, 1985, section 2(c) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Four percent of the amount appropriated for any fiscal year to carry out this subsection may be retained by the Secretary to pay administrative costs incurred by the Secretary to carry out this subsection.".

(c) Section 2 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Prohibition.

"(i) The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App. 2) and title XVIII of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2281 et seq.) shall not apply to a panel or board created for the purpose of reviewing applications or proposals submitted under this section.".

GRANTS FOR SCHOOLS OF VETERINARY MEDICINE

SEC. 1410. Section 1415(c)(1) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3151(c)(1)) is amended by striking out "Four" and inserting in lieu thereof "Five".

RESEARCH FACILITIES

SEC. 1411. (a) The first section of the Act entitled "An Act to assist the States to provide additional facilities for research at the State agricultural experiment stations", approved July 22, 1963 (7 U.S.C. 390), is amended by—

(1) inserting "on a matching funds basis" after "funds";

(2) inserting "and equipment" after "facilities"; and

(3) striking out "an adequate research program" and inserting in lieu thereof "agricultural research and related academic programs".

(b) Section 2 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390a) is amended by—

(1) striking out "which are to become a part of such buildings"; and

(2) inserting "matching" after "means of".

(c) Section 3 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390b) is amended by—

(1) striking out paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new paragraph:

"(1) the term 'State' means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and the Virgin Islands of the United States;"; and

99 STAT. 1548

(2) in paragraph (2), inserting ", forestry, or veterinary medicine" after "to conduct agricultural".

(d)(1) Effective October 1, 1985, subsection (a) of section 4 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390c(a)) is amended to read as follows:

"(a) There are authorized to be appropriated, for grants to eligible institutions under this Act to be used for the purpose set out in section 2, $20,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986, through September 30, 1990.".

7 USC 390e.

(2) Subsection (b) of section 4 of such Act is amended to read as follows:

Prohibition.
Grants.
Ante, p. 1547.

"(b) No grant may be made under section 2 for an amount exceeding a percentage determined by the Secretary of the cost of the project for which such grant is made. The remaining cost of such project shall be paid with funds from non-Federal sources.".

(e) The first sentence of section 5 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390d) is amended by—

(1) striking out "apportioned"; and

(2) striking out ", which are to become part of such buildings".

Repeal.

(f) Section 6 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390e) is repealed.

(g) Section 7 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390f) is amended by—

(1) inserting "equipment and" after "multiple-purpose"; and

(2) inserting "and related programs, including forestry and veterinary medicine," after "research".

Repeal.

(h) Section 8 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390g) is repealed.

(i)(1) The first sentence of section 9(a) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390h(a)) is amended by—

(A) striking out "authorized to receive" and inserting in lieu thereof "that receives";

(B) striking out "section 4" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 2"; and

(C) striking out "section 4(b)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 3(2)".

(2) Section 9(b) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390h(b)) is amended by—

(A) striking out "allotted funds received" and inserting in lieu thereof "funds received under this Act"; and

(B) striking out "allocated or".

(j) Clause [illegible] of section 10 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390i) is amended to read as follows: "(3) those eligible institutions, if any, that were prevented, because of failure to repay funds as required by section 7(b), from receiving any grant under this Act".

(k) Sections 7, 9, 10, and 11 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 390f, 390h, 390i, 390j) are redesignated as sections 6, 7, 8, and 9, respectively.

(l) Such Act (7 U.S.C. 390 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

Research Facilities Act.
7 USC 390 note.

"SEC. 10. This Act may be cited as the 'Research Facilities Act'.".

GRANTS AND FELLOWSHIPS FOR FOOD AND AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES EDUCATION

SEC. 1412. (a) Section 1417(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3152(a)) is amended by—

(1) in the second sentence of paragraph (2), striking out "Such grants shall be made without regard to matching funds, but each" and inserting in lieu thereof "Each"; and

(2) striking out the last sentence of paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new sentence: 99 STAT. 1549

"Each recipient institution shall have a significant ongoing commitment to the food and agricultural sciences generally and to the specific subject area for which such grant is to be used.".

(b) Subsection (d) of section 1417 of such Act is amended to read as follows: 7 USC 3152

"(d) There are authorized to be appropriated for purposes of carrying out this section $50,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1982, through September 30, 1990.".

(c) Section 1417 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e) The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App. 2) and title XVIII of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2281 et seq.) shall not apply to a panel or board created for the purpose of reviewing applications or proposals submitted under this section.". Prohibition

FOOD AND HUMAN NUTRITION RESEARCH AND EXTENSION PROGRAM

SEC. 1413. Sections 1424 and 1427 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3174 and 3177) are repealed. Repeal

ANIMAL HEALTH AND DISEASE RESEARCH

SEC. 1414. (a) The first sentence of section 1432(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3194(a)) is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

(b) The first sentence of section 1433(a) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 3195(a)) is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

(c) Section 1434(a) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 3196(a)) is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

EXTENSION AT 1890 LAND-GRANT COLLEGES

SEC. 1415. The third sentence of section 1444(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3221(a)) is amended by—

(1) striking out ", through the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985,"; and

(2) inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: ", and related acts pertaining to cooperative extension work at the land-grant institutions identified in the Act of May 8, 1914 (38 Stat. 372, chapter 79; 7 U.S.C. 341 et seq.)".

GRANTS TO UPGRADE 1890 LAND-GRANT COLLEGE EXTENSION FACILITIES

SEC. 1416. (a) It is the intent of Congress to assist institutions eligible to receive funds under the Act of August 30, 1890 (26 Stat. 417, chapter 841; 7 U.S.C. 321 et seq.), including Tuskegee Institute (hereafter in this section referred to as "eligible institutions"), in the acquisition and improvement of extension facilities and equipment so that eligible institutions may participate fully with the State cooperative extension services in a balanced way in meeting the extension needs of the people of their respective States. Tuskegee Institute. 7 USC 3224.

(b) There are authorized to be appropriated for the purpose of carrying out this section $10,000,000 for each of the fiscal years

99 STAT. 1550 ending September 30, 1986, through September 30, 1990, such sums to remain available until expended.

(c) Four percent of the sums appropriated under this section shall be available to the Secretary of Agriculture for administration of the grants program under this section. The remaining funds shall be made available for grants to the eligible institutions for the purpose of assisting the institutions in the purchase of equipment and land, and the planning, construction, alteration, or renovation of buildings, to provide adequate facilities to conduct extension work in their respective States.

(d) Grants awarded under this section shall be made in such amounts and under such terms and conditions as the Secretary of Agriculture shall determine necessary for carrying out this section.

Prohibition. (e) Federal funds provided under this section may not be used for the payment of any overhead costs of the eligible institutions.

Regulations. (f) The Secretary of Agriculture may promulgate such rules and regulations as the Secretary considers necessary to carry out this section.

RESEARCH AT 1890 LAND-GRANT COLLEGES

Prohibition. SEC. 1417. (a) Section 1445(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3222(a)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "No more than 5 percent of the funds received by an institution in any fiscal year, under this section, may be carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year.".

(b) Paragraph (2) of section 1445(g) is amended to read as follows:

"(2) If it appears to the Secretary from the annual statement of receipts and expenditures of funds by any eligible institution that an amount in excess of 5 percent of the preceding annual appropriation allotted to that institution under this section remains unexpended, such amount in excess of 5 percent of the preceding annual appropriation allotted to that institution shall be deducted from the next succeeding annual allotment to the institution.".

INTERNATIONAL AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH AND EXTENSION

SEC. 1418. Section 1458(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3291(a)) is amended by—

(1) in paragraph (3), striking out "the training of" and inserting in lieu thereof "providing technical assistance, training, and advice to"; and

(2) in paragraph (4), inserting "through the development of highly qualified scientists with specialization in international development" after "countries".

INTERNATIONAL TRADE DEVELOPMENT CENTERS

Effective date. SEC. 1419. (a) Effective October 1, 1985, the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3101 et seq.) is amended by inserting, after section 1458, the following:

"GRANTS TO STATES FOR INTERNATIONAL TRADE DEVELOPMENT CENTERS

7 USC 3292. "SEC. 1458A. (a) The Secretary shall establish and carry out a 99 STAT. 1551 program to make grants to States for the establishment and operation of international trade development centers, or the expansion of existing international trade development centers, in the United States to enhance the exportation of agricultural products and related products. Such grants shall be based on a matching formula of 50 per centum Federal and 50 per centum State funding (including funds received by the State from private sources and from units of local government).

Schools and colleges.

"(b) In making grants under subsection (a), the Secretary shall give preference to States that intend to use, as sites for international trade development centers, land-grant colleges and universities (as defined in section 1404(10) of this Act) that—

"(1) operate agricultural programs;

"(2) have existing international trade programs that use an interdisciplinary approach and are operated jointly with State and Federal agencies to address international trade problems; and

"(3) have an effective and progressive communications system that might be linked on an international basis to conduct conferences or trade negotiations.

"(c) Such centers may—

Transportation. Marketing.

"(1) through research, establish a permanent data base to address the problems faced by potential exporters, including language barriers, interaction with representatives of foreign governments, transportation of goods and products, insurance and financing within foreign countries, and collecting international marketing data;

"(2) be used to house permanent or temporary exhibits that will stimulate and educate trade delegations from foreign nations with respect to agricultural products and related products produced in the United States and be made available for use by State and regional entities for exhibits, trade seminars, and negotiations involving such products; and

"(3) carry out such other activities relating to the exportation of agricultural products and related products as the Secretary may approve.

"(d) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.".

Effective date.

(b) Effective October 1, 1985, the table of contents of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 is amended by inserting a new item:

"Sec. 1458A. Grants to States for international trade development centers."

after the item

"Sec. 1458. International agricultural research and extension.".

AGRICULTURAL INFORMATION EXCHANGE WITH IRELAND

SEC. 1420. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture shall undertake discussions with representatives of the Government of Ireland that may lead to an agreement that will provide for the development of a program between the United States and Ireland whereby there will be—

(1) a greater exchange of—

Science and technology.

(A) agricultural scientific and educational information, techniques, and data;

Marketing.

(B) agricultural marketing information, techniques, and data; and

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(C) agricultural producer, student, teacher, agribusiness (private and cooperative) personnel; and

(2) the fostering of joint investment ventures, cooperative research, and the expansion of United States trade with Ireland.

(b) The Secretary shall periodically report to the Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate to keep such Committees apprised of the progress and accomplishments, and such other information as the Secretary considers appropriate, with regard to the development of such program.

STUDIES

Repeal.

SEC. 1421. Sections 1459, 1460, 1461, and 1462 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3301, 3302, 3303, and 3304) are repealed.

AUTHORIZATION FOR APPROPRIATIONS FOR CERTAIN AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH PROGRAMS

Effective date.

SEC. 1422. (a) Effective October 1, 1985, section 1463(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3311(a)) is amended by striking out "$505,000,000" and all that follows through "subsequent fiscal year" and inserting in lieu thereof "$600,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $610,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, $620,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988, $630,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1989, and $640,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1990".

Effective date.

(b) Effective October 1, 1985, section 1463(b) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 3311(b)) is amended by striking out "$120,000,000" and all that follows through "subsequent fiscal year" and inserting in lieu thereof "$270,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $280,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, $290,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988, $300,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1989, and $310,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1990".

AUTHORIZATION FOR APPROPRIATIONS FOR EXTENSION EDUCATION

Effective date.

SEC. 1423. Effective October 1, 1985, section 1464 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3312) is amended by striking out "$260,000,000" and all that follows through "subsequent fiscal year" and inserting in lieu thereof "$370,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $380,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, $390,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988, $400,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1989, and $420,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1990".

CONTRACTS, GRANTS, AND COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS

SEC. 1424. Section 1472 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3318) is amended by—

(1) redesignating subsections (b), (c), and (d) as subsections (c), (d), and (e), respectively; and

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(2) inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection:

Schools and colleges.
31 USC 6301 *et seq.*

"(b)(1) Notwithstanding chapter 63 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary may use a cooperative agreement as the legal instrument reflecting a relationship between the Secretary and a State cooperative institution, State department of agriculture, college, university, other research or educational institution or organization, Federal or private agency or organization, individual, or any other party, if the Secretary determines that—

"(A) the objectives of the agreement will serve a mutual interest of the parties to the agreement in agricultural research, extension, and teaching activities, including statistical reporting; and

"(B) all parties will contribute resources to the accomplishment of those objectives.

"(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any Federal agency may participate in any such cooperative agreement by contributing funds through the appropriate agency of the Department of Agriculture or otherwise if it is mutually agreed that the objectives of the agreement will further the authorized programs of the contributing agency.".

INDIRECT COSTS

SEC. 1425. Section 1473 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3319) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentences: "The prohibition on the use of such funds for the reimbursement of indirect costs shall not apply to funds for international agricultural programs conducted by a State cooperative institution and administered by the Secretary or to funds provided by a Federal agency for such cooperative program or project through a fund transfer, advance, or reimbursement. The Secretary shall limit the amount of such reimbursement to an amount necessary to carry out such program or agreement.".

COST-REIMBURSABLE AGREEMENTS

SEC. 1426. The National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 is amended by inserting after section 1473 (7 U.S.C. 3319) the following new section: *Supra.*

"COST-REIMBURSABLE AGREEMENTS

7 USC 3319a. "SEC. 1473A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Agriculture may enter into cost-reimbursable agreements with State cooperative institutions without regard to any requirement for competition, for the acquisition of goods or services, including personal services, to carry out agricultural research, extension, or teaching activities of mutual interest. Reimbursable costs under such agreements shall include the actual direct costs of performance, as mutually agreed on by the parties, and the indirect costs of performance, not exceeding 10 percent of the direct cost.".

TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT

SEC. 1427 The National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (as amended by section 1425) is

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amended by inserting after section 1473A the following new sections: *Ante*, p. 1553.

"TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT FOR SMALL- AND MEDIUM-SIZED FARMING OPERATIONS

7 USC 3319b. "SEC. 1473B. It is the sense of Congress that the agricultural research, extension, and teaching activities conducted by the Secretary of Agriculture relating to the development, application, transfer, or delivery of agricultural technology, and, to the greatest extent practicable, any funding that is received by the Secretary of Agriculture for such activities, should be directed to technology that can be used effectively by small- and medium-sized farming operations.

"SPECIAL TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT RESEARCH PROGRAM

7 USC 3319c.
31 USC 6301 *et seq.*

"SEC. 1473C. (a) Notwithstanding chapter 63 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary may enter into a cooperative agreement with a private agency, organization, or individual to share the cost of a research project, or to allow the use of a Federal facility or service on a cost-sharing or cost reimbursable basis, to develop new agricultural technology to further a research program of the Secretary.

Prohibition. "(b) For each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986, through September 30, 1990, not more than $3,000,000 of the funds appropriated to the Agricultural Research Service for such fiscal year may be used to carry out this section.

"(c)(1) To be eligible to receive a contribution under this section, matching funds in an amount equal to at least 50 percent of such contribution shall be provided from non-Federal sources by the recipient or recipients of such contribution.

"(2) Funds received by the Secretary under this section shall be deposited in a separate account or accounts, to be available until expended. Such funds may be used to pay directly the costs of such research projects and to repay or make advances to appropriations or funds that do or will initially bear all or part of such costs.

Prohibition.

"(3) The amount of funds or in kind assistance that may be made available under this section by the Secretary for a particular research project may not exceed—

"(A) an amount of $50,000 in any fiscal year; or

"(B) a total amount of $150,000.".

SUPPLEMENTAL AND ALTERNATIVE CROPS

Supra.

SEC. 1428. The National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3101 et seq.) (as amended by section 1426) is amended by inserting after section 1473C the following new section:

"SUPPLEMENTAL AND ALTERNATIVE CROPS

7 USC 3319d.

"SEC. 1473D. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, during the period beginning October 1, 1986, and ending September 30, 1990, the Secretary shall develop and implement a research and pilot project program for the development of supplemental and alternative crops, using such funds as are appropriated to the Secretary each fiscal year under this title.

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"(b) The development of supplemental and alternative crops is of critical importance to producers of agricultural commodities whose livelihood is threatened by the decline in demand experienced with respect to certain of their crops due to changes in consumption patterns or other related causes.

Grants.

"(c)(1) The Secretary shall use such research funding, special or competitive grants, or other means, as the Secretary determines, to further the purposes of this section in the implementation of a comprehensive and integrated program.

"(2) The program developed and implemented by the Secretary shall include—

"(A) an examination of the adaptation of supplemental and alternative crops;

"(B) the establishment and extension of various methods of planting, cultivating, harvesting, and processing supplemental and alternative crops at pilot sites in areas adversely affected by declining demand for crops grown in the area;

"(C) the transfer of such applied research from pilot sites to on-farm practice as soon as practicable;

Grants.

"(D) the establishment through grants, cooperative agreements, or other means of such processing, storage, and transportation facilities near such pilot sites for supplemental and alternative crops as the Secretary determines will facilitate the achievement of a successful pilot program; and

"(E) the application of such other resources and expertise as the Secretary considers appropriate to support the program.

Prohibition.
Grants.

"(3) The pilot program may include, but shall not be limited to, agreements, grants, and other arrangements—

"(A) to conduct comprehensive resource and infrastructure assessments;

"(B) to develop and introduce supplemental and alternative income-producing crops;

"(C) to develop and expand domestic and export markets for such crops; and

"(D) to provide technical assistance to farm owners and operators, marketing cooperatives, and others.

Schools and colleges.

"(d) The Secretary shall use the expertise and resources of the Agricultural Research Service, the Cooperative State Research Service, the Extension Service, and the land-grant colleges and universities for the purpose of carrying out this section.".

AQUACULTURE

SEC. 1429. (a) Section 1475 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3322) is amended by—

(1) in the first sentence of subsection (b)—

(A) striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (2);

(B) inserting "and" after the semicolon at the end of paragraph (3); and

(C) inserting after paragraph (3) the following new paragraph:

"(4) nonprofit private research institutions;";

(2) in the last sentence of subsection (b), inserting "(of which amount an in-kind contribution may not exceed 50 percent)" after "matching grant"; Prohibition

(3) in the first sentence of subsection (d), striking out "State agencies" and all that follows through "universities," and inserting in lieu thereof "any of the non-Federal entities specified in subsection (b)";

(4) adding at the end of subsection (d) the following new sentence: "To the extent practicable, the aquaculture research, development, and demonstration centers established under this subsection shall be geographically located so that they are representative of the regional aquaculture opportunities in the United States."; and

(5) in the first sentence of subsection (e), inserting "the House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries," after "House Committee on Agriculture,".

(b) Section 1476 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 3323) is repealed. Repeal.

(c) Section 1477 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 3324) is amended to read as follows:

"AUTHORIZATION FOR APPROPRIATIONS

"SEC. 1477. There is authorized to be appropriated $7,500,000 for each fiscal year beginning after the effective date of this subtitle, and ending with the fiscal year ending September 30, 1990.".

RANGELAND RESEARCH

SEC. 1430. (a) The first sentence of section 1482(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3335(a)) is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

(b) Section 1483(a) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 3336(a)) is amended by striking out "1985" and all that follows through "subsequent fiscal year" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

AUTHORIZATION FOR APPROPRIATIONS FOR FEDERAL AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH FACILITIES

SEC. 1431. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1988, through September 30, 1990, such sums as may be necessary for the planning, construction, acquisition, alteration, and repair of buildings and other public improvements, including the cost of acquiring or obtaining rights to use land, of or used by the Agricultural Research Service, except that—

(1) the cost of planning any one facility shall not exceed $500,000; and Prohibition.

(2) the total cost of any one facility shall not exceed $5,000,000. Prohibition.

(b) Not later than 60 days after the end of each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986, through September 30, 1990, the Secretary of Agriculture shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report specifying—

(1) the location of each building, laboratory, research facility, and other public improvement of or to be used by the Agricultural Research Service that is planned, constructed, acquired, repaired, or remodeled, with funds appropriated under subsection (a), in the fiscal year involved; and

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(2) with respect to each such building, laboratory, research facility, and improvement—

(A) the amount of such funds obligated in the fiscal year; and

(B) the amount of such funds expended in the fiscal year for such item.

DAIRY GOAT RESEARCH

Effective date.

SEC. 1432. Effective October 1, 1985, section 1432(b)(5) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act Amendments of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 3222 note) is amended by striking out "September" the first place it appears and all that follows through "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1986, through September 30, 1990".

GRANTS TO UPGRADE 1890 LAND-GRANT COLLEGE RESEARCH FACILITIES

Libraries.

SEC. 1433. (a) Section 1433(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act Amendments of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 3223(a)) is amended by inserting ", including agricultural libraries," after "equipment".

(b) Section 1433(b) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 3223(b)) is amended by—

(1) striking out "and" after "1985,"; and

(2) inserting "and September 30, 1987," after "1986,".

SOYBEAN RESEARCH ADVISORY INSTITUTE

Repeal.

SEC. 1434. Section 1446 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act Amendments of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 2281 note) is repealed.

SMITH-LEVER ACT

SEC. 1435. (a) Section 2 of the Act of May 8, 1914 (38 Stat. 372, chapter 79; 7 U.S.C. 342) (hereafter in this section referred to as the Smith-Lever Act) (7 U.S.C. 342) is amended by—

7 USC 341 note.

(1) inserting "development of practical applications of research knowledge and" after "consist of the"; and

(2) inserting "of existing or improved practices or technologies" after "practical demonstrations".

(b) Section 3 of the Smith-Lever Act (7 U.S.C. 343) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

Education.

"(f)(1) The Secretary of Agriculture may conduct educational, instructional, demonstration, and publication distribution programs through the Federal Extension Service and enter into cooperative agreements with private nonprofit and profit organizations and individuals to share the cost of such programs through contributions from private sources as provided in this subsection.

Prohibition.

"(2) The Secretary may receive contributions under this subsection from private sources for the purposes described in paragraph (1) and provide matching funds in an amount not greater than 50 percent of such contributions.

Study.

(c)(1) The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study to determine whether any funds that are—

(A) appropriated after the date of the enactment of this Act to carry out the Smith-Lever Act (7 U.S.C. 341 et seq.), other than section 8 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 347a); and

(B) in excess of the aggregate amount appropriated to carry out the Smith-Lever Act (other than section 8 of such Act) in the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985,

can be allocated more effectively among the States.

7 USC 347a.

(2) Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report summarizing the results of such study and containing the recommendations of the Secretary regarding the allocation of such funds.

Report.

(d) This section and the amendments made by this section shall become effective on October 1, 1985.

Effective date.
7 USC 343 note.

MARKET EXPANSION RESEARCH

SEC. 1436. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture, using available funds, shall increase and intensify research programs conducted by or for the Department of Agriculture that are directed at developing technology to overcome barriers to expanded sales of United States agricultural commodities and the products thereof in domestic and foreign markets, including research programs for the development of procedures to meet plant quarantine requirements and improvement in the transportation and handling of perishable agricultural commodities.

Transportation.
7 USC 1632.

(b)(1) The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a research and development program to formulate new uses for farm and forest products. Such program shall include, but not be limited to, research and development of industrial, new, and value-added products.

Forest and forest products.

(2) To the extent practicable, the Secretary of Agriculture shall carry out the program authorized in this subsection with colleges and universities, private industry, and Federal and State entities through a combination of grants, cooperative agreements, contracts, and interagency agreements.

Schools and colleges.
Contracts.

(3)(A) There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out the program authorized under this subsection.

(B) In addition, the Secretary may use funds appropriated or made available to the Secretary under provisions of law other than subparagraph (A) to carry out such program.

(C) To the extent requests are made for matching funds under such program, the total amount of funds used by the Secretary to carry out the program under this subsection may not be less than $10,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986, through September 30, 1990.

Prohibition.

(4) Funds appropriated under subparagraph (A) or made available under subparagraph (B) may be transferred among appropriation accounts to carry out the purposes of the program authorized under this subsection.

(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Federal share of the cost of each research or development project funded under this subsection may not exceed 50 percent of the cost of such project.

Prohibition.

PESTICIDE RESISTANCE STUDY

SEC. 1437. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture is encouraged to conduct a study on the detection and management of pesticide resistance and, within 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, submit to the President and Congress a report on such study.

Report.

(b) The study shall include—

(1) a review of existing efforts to examine and identify the mechanisms, genetics, and ecological dynamics of target populations of insect and plant pests developing resistance to pesticides;

(2) a review of existing efforts to monitor current and historical patterns of pesticide resistance; and

(3) a strategy for the establishment of a national pesticide resistance monitoring program, involving Federal, State, and local agencies, as well as the private sector.

EXPANSION OF EDUCATION STUDY

SEC. 1438. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of Education are authorized to take such joint action as may be necessary to expand the scope of the study, known as the Study of Agriculture Education on the Secondary Level, currently being conducted by the National Academy of Sciences and sponsored jointly by the Departments of Agriculture and Education to include—

Science and technology.

(1) a study of the potential use of modern technology in the teaching of agriculture programs at the secondary school level; and

Science and technology.

(2) recommendations of the National Academy of Sciences on how modern technology can be most effectively utilized in the teaching of agricultural programs at the secondary school level.

(b) Any increase in the cost of conducting such study as a result of expanding the scope of such study pursuant to subsection (a) shall be borne by the Secretary of Agriculture out of funds appropriated to the Department of Agriculture for research and education or from funds made available to the National Academy of Sciences from private sources to expand the scope of such study.

CRITICAL AGRICULTURAL MATERIALS

98 Stat. 182.

SEC. 1439. (a) Section 5(b)(9) of the Critical Agricultural Materials Act (7 U.S.C. 178c(b)(9)) is amended by inserting ", carrying out demonstration projects to promote the development or commercialization of such crops (including projects designed to expand domestic or foreign markets for such crops)," after "purposes,".

(b) Section 5 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in carrying out a demonstration project referred to in subsection (b)(9), the Secretary may—

Contracts. Grants.

"(1) enter into a contract or cooperative agreement with, or provide a grant to, any person, or public or private agency or organization, to participate in, carry out, support, or stimulate such project;

"(2) make available for purposes of clause (1) agricultural commodities or the products thereof acquired by the Commodity Credit Corporation under price support operations conducted by the Corporation; or

98 Stat. 184. 7 USC 178n.

"(3) use any funds appropriated pursuant to section 16(a), or any funds provided by any person, or public or private agency or organization, to carry out such project or reimburse the Commodity Credit Corporation for agricultural commodities or products that are utilized in connection with such project.".

99 STAT. 1560

SPECIAL GRANTS FOR FINANCIALLY STRESSED FARMERS AND DISLOCATED FARMERS

SEC. 1440. (a) Section 502 of the Rural Development Act of 1972 (7 U.S.C. 2662) is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(f) SPECIAL GRANTS FOR FINANCIALLY STRESSED FARMERS AND DISLOCATED FARMERS.—(1)(A) The Secretary shall provide special grants for programs to develop income alternatives for farmers who have been adversely affected by the current farm and rural economic crisis and those displaced from farming.

Education.

"(B) Such programs shall consist of educational and counseling services to farmers to—

"(i) assess human and nonhuman resources;

"(ii) assess income earning alternatives;

"(iii) identify resources and opportunities available to the farmer in the local community, county, and State;

"(iv) implement financial planning and management strategies; and

"(v) provide linkages to specific resources and opportunities that are available to the farmer, such as reentering agriculture, new business opportunities, other off-farm jobs, job search programs, and retraining skills.

"(C) The Secretary also may provide support to mental health officials in developing outreach programs in rural areas.

"(2) Grants may be made under paragraph (1) during the period beginning on the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985 and ending 3 years after such date.".

(b) Section 503(c) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 2663(c)) is amended by inserting "and section 502(f)" after "section 502(e)" both times it appears.

ANNUAL REPORT ON FAMILY FARMS

SEC. 1441. Section 102(b) of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2266(b)) is amended by—

(1) designating the first and second sentences as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively; and

(2) amending paragraph (2) (as so designated) to read as follows:

"(2) The Secretary shall also include in each such report—

"(A) information on how existing agricultural and agriculture-related programs are being administered to enhance and strengthen the family farm system of agriculture in the United States;

"(B) an assessment of how tax, credit, and other current Federal income, excise, estate, and other tax laws, and proposed changes in such laws, may affect the structure and organization of, returns to, and investment opportunities by family and nonfamily farm owners and operators, both foreign and domestic;

Science and technology.

"(C) identification and analysis of new food and agricultural production and processing technological developments, especially in the area of biotechnology, and evaluation of the potential effect of such developments on—

99 STAT. 1561

"(i) the economic structure of the family farm system;

"(ii) the competitive status of domestically-produced agricultural commodities and foods in foreign markets; and

"(iii) the achievement of Federal agricultural program objectives;

"(D) an assessment of the credit needs of family farms and the extent to which those needs are being met, and an analysis of the effects of the farm credit situation on the economic structure of the family farm system;

"(E) an assessment of how economic policies and trade policies of the United States affect the financial operation of, and prospects for, family farm operations;

"(F) an assessment of the effect of Federal farm programs and policies on family farms and non-family farms that—

"(i) derive the majority of their income from non-farm sources; and

"(ii) derive the majority of their income from farming operations; and

"(G) such other information as the Secretary considers appropriate or determines would aid Congress in protecting, preserving, and strengthening the family farm system of agriculture in the United States.".

CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO TABLES OF CONTENTS

SEC. 1442. (a) The table of contents of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 (Public Law 95-113; 91 Stat. 913) (as amended by sections 1413, 1420, 1425, 1426, 1427, and 1428(b)) is amended by—

(1) striking out the items relating to sections 1424, 1427, 1459, 1460, 1461, 1462, 1476;

(2) inserting after the item relating to section 1473 the following new items:

"Sec. 1473A. Cost-reimbursable agreements.
"Sec. 1473B. Technology development for small and medium-sized farming operations.
"Sec. 1473C. Special technology development research program.
"Sec. 1473D. Supplemental and alternative crops."; and

(3) striking out the item relating to section 1477 and inserting in lieu thereof the following new item:

"Sec. 1477. Authorization for appropriations.".

(b) The table of contents of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (Public Law 97-98; 95 Stat. 1213) (as amended by section 1433) is amended by striking out the item relating to section 1446.

Subtitle B—Human Nutrition Research

FINDINGS

7 USC 3173 note.

SEC. 1451. Congress finds that—

(1) nutrition and health considerations are important to United States agricultural policy;

Ante, p. 1544.

(2) section 1405 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3121) designates the Department of Agriculture as the lead agency of the Federal Government for human nutrition research (except with respect to the biomedical aspects of human nutrition concerned with diagnosis or treatment of disease);

(3) section 1423 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 3173) requires the Secretary of Agriculture to establish research into food and human nutrition as a separate and distinct mission of the Department of Agriculture;

(4) the Secretary has established a nutrition education program; and

(5) nutrition research continues to be of great importance to those involved in agricultural production.

HUMAN NUTRITION RESEARCH

7 USC 3173 note.

SEC. 1452. (a) Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture (hereafter in this subtitle referred to as the "Secretary") shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a comprehensive plan for implementing a national food and human nutrition research program, including recommendations relating to research directions, educational activities, and funding levels necessary to carry out such plan.

Report.

(b) Not later than 1 year after the date of the submission of the plan required under subsection (a), and each year thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to such committees an annual report on the human nutrition research activities conducted by the Secretary.

DIETARY ASSESSMENT AND STUDIES

7 USC 3173 note.

SEC. 1453. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall jointly conduct an assessment of existing scientific literature and research relating to—

(1) the relationship between dietary cholesterol and blood cholesterol and human health and nutrition; and

(2) dietary calcium and its importance in human health and nutrition.

In conducting the assessments under this subsection, the Secretaries shall consult with agencies of the Federal Government involved in related research. On completion of such assessments, the Secretaries shall each recommend such further studies as the Secretaries consider useful.

Report.

(b) Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall each submit to the House Committees on Agriculture and Energy and Commerce and the Senate Committees on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry and Labor and Human Resources a report that shall include the results of the assessments conducted under subsection (a) and recommendations made under such subsection, for more complete studies of the issues examined under such subsection, including a protocol, feasibility assessment, budget estimates and a timetable for such research as each Secretary shall consider appropriate.

Subtitle C—Agricultural Productivity Research

DEFINITIONS

7 USC 4701.

SEC. 1461. For purposes of this subtitle:

(1) The term "extension" shall have the same meaning given to such term by section 1404(7) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3103(7)).

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(2) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture.

(3) The term "State" means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

(4) The term "State agricultural experiment stations" shall have the meaning given to such term by section 1404(13) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3101(13)).

7 USC 3103.

FINDINGS

SEC. 1462. Congress finds that—

Conservation.
7 USC 4702.

(1) highly productive and efficient agricultural systems and sound conservation practices are essential to ensure the long-term agricultural viability and profitability of farms and ranches in the United States;

Schools and colleges.

(2) agricultural research and technology transfer activities of the Secretary (including activities of the Extension Service, the Agricultural Research Service, and the Cooperative State Research Service), State cooperative extension services, land-grant and other colleges and universities, and State agricultural experiment stations—

(A) have contributed greatly to innovation in agriculture; and

(B) have a continuing role to play in improving agricultural productivity;

(3) the annual irretrievable loss of billions of tons of precious topsoil through wind and water erosion reduces agricultural productivity;

(4) many farmers and ranchers are highly dependent on machines and energy resources for agricultural production;

(5) public funding of a properly planned and balanced agricultural research program is essential to improving efficiency in agricultural production and conservation practices; and

(6) expanded agricultural research and extension efforts are needed to assist farmers and ranchers to—

(A) improve agricultural productivity; and

Conservation.

(B) implement soil, water, and energy conservation practices.

PURPOSES

7 USC 4703.

SEC. 1463. It is the purpose of this subtitle to—

(1) facilitate and promote scientific investigation in order to—

(A) enhance agricultural productivity;

(B) maintain the productivity of land;

(C) reduce soil erosion and loss of water and plant nutrients; and

Conservation.

(D) conserve energy and natural resources; and

(2) facilitate the conduct of research projects in order to study agricultural production systems that—

(A) are located, to the extent practicable, in areas that

99 STAT. 1564

possess various soil, climatic, and physical characteristics;

(B) have been, and will continue to be, managed using farm production practices that rely on—

(i) items purchased for the production of an agricultural commodity; and

Conservation.

(ii) a variety of conservation practices; and

(C) are subjected to a change from the practices described in subparagraph (B)(i) to the practices described in subparagraph (B)(ii).

INFORMATION STUDY

Reports.
7 USC 4704.
Post, p. 1565.

SEC. 1464. (a) Subject to section 1468, the Secretary shall inventory and classify by subject matter all studies, reports, and other materials developed by any person or governmental agency with the participation or financial assistance of the Secretary, that could be used to promote the purposes of this subtitle.

(b) In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary shall—

Reports.

(1) identify, assess, and classify existing information and research reports that will further the purposes of this subtitle, including information and research relating to legume-crop rotation, the use of green manure, animal manures, and municipal wastes in agricultural production, soil acidity, liming in relation to nutrient release, intercropping, the role of organic matter in soil productivity and erosion control, the effect of topsoil loss on soil productivity, and biological methods of weed, disease, and insect control;

Reports.

(2) identify which of such reports provide useful information and make such useful reports available to farmers and ranchers; and

(3) identify gaps in such information and carry out a research program to fill such gaps.

RESEARCH PROJECTS

7 USC 4705.

SEC. 1465. (a) Subject to section 1468, in cooperation with Federal and State research agencies and agricultural producers, the Secretary shall conduct such research projects as are needed to obtain data, draw conclusions, and demonstrate technologies necessary to promote the purposes of this subtitle.

Studies.

(b) In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary shall conduct projects and studies in areas that are broadly representative of United States agricultural production, including production on small farms.

(c) In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary may conduct research projects involving crops, soils, production methods, and weed, insect, and disease pests on individual fields or other areas of land.

(d) In the case of a research project conducted under this section that involves the planting of a sequence of crops, the Secretary shall conduct such project for a term of—

(1) at least 5 years; and

(2) to the extent practicable, 12 to 15 years.

(e)(1) In coordination with the Extension Service and State cooperative extension services, the Secretary shall take such steps as are necessary to ensure that farmers and ranchers are aware of projects conducted under this section.

(2) The Secretary shall ensure that such projects are open for public observation at specified times.

(f)(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary may indemnify an operator of a project conducted under this section for damage incurred or undue losses sustained as a result of a rigid requirement of research or demonstration under such project that is not experienced in normal farming operations.

(2) An indemnity payment under paragraph (1) shall be subject to any agreement between a project grantee and operator entered into prior to the initiation of such project.

COORDINATION

SEC. 1466. The Secretary shall— 7 USC 4706.

(1) establish a panel of experts consisting of representatives of the Agricultural Research Service, Cooperative State Research Service, Soil Conservation Service, Extension Service, State cooperative extension services, State agricultural experiment stations, and other specialists in agricultural research and technology transfer; and

(2) ensure that a research project under this subtitle is designed after taking into consideration the views of such panel.

REPORTS

SEC. 1467. The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate— 7 USC 4707.

(1) not later than 180 days after the effective date of this subtitle, a report describing the design of research projects established in accordance with sections 1465 and 1466; *Ante*, p. 1564; *Supra*

(2) not later than 15 months after the effective date of this subtitle, a report describing the results of the program carried out under section 1464; and *Ante*, p. 1564.

(3) not later than April 1, 1987, and each April 1 thereafter, a report describing the progress of projects conducted under this subtitle, including—

(A) a summary and analysis of data collected under such projects; and

(B) recommendations based on such data for new basic or applied research.

AGREEMENTS

SEC. 1468. The Secretary may carry out sections 1464 and 1465 through agreements with land-grant colleges or universities, other universities, State agricultural experiment stations, nonprofit organizations, or Federal or State governmental entities, that have demonstrated appropriate expertise in agricultural research and technology transfer. Schools and colleges. 7 USC 4708.

DISSEMINATION OF DATA

SEC. 1469. The Secretary shall— 7 USC 4709.

(1) make available through the Extension Service and State cooperative extension services—

(A) the information and research reports identified under section 1464; and Schools and colleges.

(B) the information and conclusions resulting from any research project conducted under section 1465; and

99 STAT. 1566 (2) otherwise take such steps as are necessary to ensure that such material is made available to the public.

AUTHORIZATION FOR APPROPRIATIONS

7 USC 4710. SEC. 1470. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this subtitle, to remain available until expended.

EFFECTIVE DATE

7 USC 4701 note. SEC. 1471. This subtitle shall become effective on October 1, 1985.

TITLE XV—FOOD STAMP AND RELATED PROVISIONS

Subtitle A—Food Stamp Provisions

PUBLICLY OPERATED COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH CENTERS

SEC. 1501. (a) Section 3 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2012) is amended by—

(1) in subsection (f), striking out "which" and all that follows through "providing" and inserting in lieu thereof ", or a publicly operated community mental health center, under part B of title XIX of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300x et seq.) to provide"; and

(2) inserting ", or a publicly operated community mental health center," after "private nonprofit institution" in the last sentence of subsection (i).

(b) Section 10 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 2019) is amended by inserting "publicly operated community mental health centers or" after "purchased, and".

DETERMINATION OF FOOD SALES VOLUME

SEC. 1502. Section 3(k) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2012(k)) is amended by inserting after "food sales volume" in clause (1) the following: ", as determined by visual inspection, sales records, purchase records, or other inventory or accounting recordkeeping methods that are customary or reasonable in the retail food industry,".

THRIFTY FOOD PLAN

SEC. 1503. The first sentence of section 3(o) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2012(o)) is amended by striking out "fifty-four" and inserting in lieu thereof "fifty".

DEFINITIONS OF THE DISABLED

SEC. 1504. Section 3(r) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2012(r)) is amended by—

(1) inserting before the semicolon at the end of paragraph (2) the following: ", federally or State administered supplemental benefits of the type described in section 1616(a) of the Social
42 USC 1382e. Security Act if the Secretary determines that such benefits are conditioned on meeting the disability or blindness criteria used
42 USC 1381. under title XVI of the Social Security Act, or federally or State administered supplemental benefits of the type described in
99 STAT. 1567 section 212(a) of Public Law 93-66 (42 U.S.C. 1382 note)";

(2) inserting before the semicolon at the end of paragraph (3) the following: "or receives disability retirement benefits from a governmental agency because of a disability considered permanent under section 221(i) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 421(i))";

(3) inserting "or non-service-connected" after "service-connected" in paragraph (4)(A);

(4) striking out "or" at the end of paragraph (5);

(5) striking out the period at the end of paragraph (6) and inserting in lieu thereof "; or"; and

(6) adding at the end thereof the following:

"(7) is an individual receiving an annuity under section 2(a)(1)(iv) or 2(a)(1)(v) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 (45 U.S.C. 231a(a)(1)(iv) or 231a(a)(1)(v)), if the individual's service as an employee under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, after December 31, 1936, had been included in the term 'employment' as defined in the Social Security Act, and if an application for disability benefits had been filed.".

42 USC 1305

STATE AND LOCAL SALES TAXES

SEC. 1505. (a) Section 4(a) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2013(a)) is amended by inserting before the period at the end of the first sentence the following: ", except that a State may not participate in the food stamp program if the Secretary determines that State or local sales taxes are collected within that State on purchases of food made with coupons issued under this Act".

(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect with respect to a State beginning on the first day of the fiscal year that commences in the calendar year during which the first regular session of the legislature of such State is convened following the date of enactment of this Act.

Effective date
7 USC 2013 note

(2) Upon a showing by a State, to the satisfaction of the Secretary, that the application of paragraph (1), without regard to this paragraph, would have an adverse and disruptive effect on the administration of the food stamp program in such State or would provide inadequate time for retail stores to implement changes in sales tax policy required as a result of the amendment made by subsection (a), the Secretary may delay the effective date of subsection (a) with respect to such State to a date not later than October 1, 1987.

RELATION OF FOOD STAMP AND COMMODITY DISTRIBUTION PROGRAMS

SEC. 1506. Section 4(b) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2013(b)) is amended by—

(1) striking out the first sentence; and

(2) striking out "also" in the second sentence.

CATEGORICAL ELIGIBILITY

SEC. 1507. (a)(1) Section 5(a) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014) is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following: "Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act except sections 6(b), 6(d)(2), and 6(g) and the third sentence of section 3(i), and during the period beginning on the date of the enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985 and ending on September 30, 1989, households in which each member receives benefits under a State plan approved under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act, supplemental security income benefits under title XVI of the Social Security Act, or aid to the aged, blind, or disabled under title I, X, XIV, or XVI of the Social Security Act, shall be eligible to participate in the food stamp program.".

Blind persons.
Disabled persons.
Post, pp. 1572, 1573;
Ante, p. 1566.
42 USC 601.
99 STAT. 1568
42 USC 1381.
42 USC 301, 1201, 1351.

(2) During the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on September 30, 1989, section 5(j) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014(j)) shall not apply.

Prohibition.
7 USC 2014 note.

(b) Section 11(i) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(i)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "No household shall have its application to participate in the food stamp program denied nor its benefits under the food stamp program terminated solely on the basis that its application to participate has been denied or its benefits have been terminated under any of the programs carried out under the statutes specified in the second sentence of

Prohibition.

Ante, p. 1567.

section 5(a) and without a separate determination by the State agency that the household fails to satisfy the eligibility requirements for participation in the food stamp program.".

7 USC 2014 note.

(c) Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall—

(1) evaluate the implementation of the second sentence of section 5(a) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended by subsection (a) of this section; and

Report.

(2) submit to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives a report summarizing the results of such evaluation.

THIRD PARTY PAYMENTS

Post, p. 1569.

SEC. 1508. Section 5 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014) is amended by—

(1) inserting "except as provided in subsection (k)," after "household," in subsection (d)(1); and

State and local governments.

(2) adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(k)(1) For purposes of subsection (d)(1), except as provided in paragraph (2), assistance provided to a third party on behalf of a household by a State or local government shall be considered money payable directly to the household if the assistance is provided in lieu of—

"(A) a regular benefit payable to the household for living expenses under a State plan for aid to families with dependent children approved under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.); or

"(B) a benefit payable to the household for living expenses under—

"(i) a State or local general assistance program; or

"(ii) another basic assistance program comparable to general assistance (as determined by the Secretary).

Prohibition.

"(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to—

"(A) medical assistance;

"(B) child care assistance;

"(C) energy assistance;

"(D) assistance provided by a State or local housing authority; or

Regulations.

"(E) emergency and special assistance, to the extent excluded in regulations prescribed by the Secretary.".

99 STAT. 1569

EXCLUDED INCOME

Ante, p. 1568. *Infra*.

SEC. 1509. (a) Section 5(d) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014(d)), as amended by section 1508, is amended by—

(1) inserting "and except as provided in subsection (k)," after the comma at the end of clause (1);

(2) in clause (3)—

(A) striking out "higher education" and inserting in lieu thereof "post-secondary education"; and

Loans.

(B) adding at the end thereof "and to the extent loans include any origination fees and insurance premiums,";

Prohibition. Loans. Grants.

(3) inserting "no portion of any non-Federal educational loan on which payment is deferred, grant, scholarship, fellowship, veterans' benefits, and the like that are provided for living expenses, and no portion of any Federal educational loan on which payment is deferred, grant, scholarship, fellowship, veterans' benefits, and the like to the extent it provides income assistance beyond that used for tuition and mandatory school fees," in the proviso to clause (5) after "child care expenses,";

(4) inserting ", but household income that otherwise is included under this subsection shall be reduced by the extent that the cost of producing self-employment income exceeds the income derived from self-employment as a farmer" before the comma in clause (9);

(5) inserting "except as otherwise provided in subsection (k) of this section" after "food stamp program" in clause (10).

(b) Section 5(k) of such Act, as added by section 1508, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

Loans.
Grants.

"(3) For purposes of subsection (d)(1), educational loans on which payment is deferred, grants, scholarships, fellowships, veterans' educational benefits, and the like that are provided to a third party on behalf of a household for living expenses shall be treated as money payable directly to the household.".

(c) Section 5 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014), as amended by section 1508, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(l) Notwithstanding section 142(b) of the Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1552(b)), earnings to individuals participating in on-the-job training programs under section 204(5) of the Job Training Partnership Act shall be considered earned income for purposes of the food stamp program, except for dependents less than 19 years of age.".

29 USC 1604.

CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENTS

SEC. 1510. Section 5 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014), as amended by sections 1508 and 1509—

(1) in subsection (d) by—

(A) striking out "and" at the end of clause (11); and

(B) inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: ", and (13) at the option of a State agency and subject to subsection (m), child support payments that are excluded under section 402(a)(8)(A)(vi) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 602(a)(8)(A)(vi))"; and

98 Stat. 1146.

(2) adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(m) If a State agency excludes payments from income for purposes of the food stamp program under subsection (d)(13), such State agency shall pay to the Federal Government, in a manner prescribed by the Secretary, the cost of any additional benefits provided to households in such State that arise under such program as the result of such exclusion.".

99 STAT. 1570

DEDUCTIONS FROM INCOME

SEC. 1511. Section 5(e) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014(e)) is amended by—

(1) in the second sentence, striking out "homeownership component" and inserting in lieu thereof "homeowners' costs and maintenance and repair component";

Effective date.

(2) effective May 1, 1986, in the third sentence, striking out "18" and inserting in lieu thereof "20";

Effective date.
Prohibitions.
District of Columbia.
Alaska.
Hawaii.
Guam.
Virgin Islands.

(3) effective May 1, 1986, amending the fourth sentence by—

(A) amending the proviso to clause (2) to read as follows: ": *Provided*, That the amount of such excess shelter expense deduction shall not exceed $147 a month in the forty-eight contiguous States and the District of Columbia, and shall not exceed, in Alaska, Hawaii, Guam, and the Virgin Islands of the United States, $256, $210, $179, and $109 a month, respectively, adjusted on October 1, 1986, and on each October 1 thereafter, to the nearest lower dollar increment to reflect changes in the shelter (exclusive of homeowners' costs and maintenance and repair component of shelter costs), fuel, and utilities components of housing costs in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, as appropriately adjusted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics after consultation with the Secretary, for the twelve months ending the preceding June 30,";

(B) in clause (1), striking out "the same as" and all that follows through "clause (2) of this subsection", and inserting in lieu thereof "$160 a month";

(C) striking out ", or (2)" and inserting in lieu thereof "and (2)"; and

(D) striking out ", or (3)" and all that follows down to the period at the end thereof; and

(4) after the seventh sentence, inserting the following: "If a State agency elects to use a standard utility allowance that reflects heating or cooling costs, it shall be made available to households receiving a payment, or on behalf of which a payment is made, under the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (42 U.S.C. 8621 et seq.) or other similar energy assistance program, provided that the household still incurs out-of-pocket heating or cooling expenses. A State agency may use a separate standard utility allowance for households on behalf of which such payment is made, but may not be required to do so. A State agency not electing to use a separate allowance, and making a single standard utility allowance available to households incurring heating or cooling expenses (other than households described in the sixth sentence of this subsection) may not be required to reduce such allowance due to the provision (direct or indirect) of assistance under the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981. For purposes of the food stamp program, assistance provided under the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 shall be considered to be prorated over the entire heating or cooling season for which it

99 STAT. 1571

was provided. A State agency shall allow a household to switch between any standard utility allowance and a deduction based on its actual utility costs at the end of any certification period and up to one additional time during each twelve-month period.".

INCOME FROM SELF-EMPLOYMENT

SEC. 1512. Section 5(f)(1)(A) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014(f)(1)(A)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, if the averaged amount does not accurately reflect the household's actual monthly circumstances because the household has experienced a substantial increase or decrease in business earnings, the State agency shall calculate the self-employment income based on anticipated earnings.".

RETROSPECTIVE BUDGETING AND MONTHLY REPORTING SIMPLIFICATION

SEC. 1513. (a) Section 5(f)(2) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014(f)(2)) is amended by—

(1) amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:

"(A) Household income for—

"(i) migrant farmworker households, and

"(ii) households—

"(I) that have no earned income, and

"(II) in which all adult members are elderly or disabled members,

shall be calculated on a prospective basis, as provided in paragraph (3)(A).";

(2) in subparagraph (B)—

(A) striking out "(i)";

(B) inserting "the first sentence of" after "under" the first place it appears; and

(C) striking out "(ii)" and all that follows through "this Act,"; and

(3) striking out subparagraph (C) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(C) Except as provided in subparagraphs (A) and (B), household income for households that have earned income and for households that include any member who has recent work history shall be calculated on a retrospective basis as provided in paragraph (3)(B).

"(D) Household income for all other households may be calculated, at the option of the State agency, on a prospective basis as provided in paragraph (3)(A) or on a retrospective basis as provided in paragraph (3)(B).".

(b) Section 6(c)(1) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2015(c)(1)) is amended by—

(1) amending the first sentence to read as follows: "State agencies shall require households with respect to which household income is determined on a retrospective basis under section 5(f)(2)(C) of this Act to file periodic reports of household circumstances in accordance with standards prescribed by the Secretary, except that a State agency may, with the prior approval of the Secretary, select categories of households (including all such households) that may report at specified less frequent intervals on a showing by the State agency, which is satisfactory to the Secretary, that to require households in such categories to report monthly would result in unwarranted expenditures for administration of this subsection."; and *Supra.*

(2) inserting after the second sentence the following: "State agencies may require households, other than households with respect to which household income is required by section 5(f)(2)(A) to be calculated on a prospective basis, to file periodic reports of household circumstances in accordance with the standards prescribed by the Secretary under the preceding provisions of this paragraph.". *Ante*, p. 1571.

RESOURCES LIMITATION

SEC. 1514. Section 5(g) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014(g)) is amended by—

(1) effective May 1, 1986, in the first sentence, striking out "$1,500, or, in the case of a household consisting of two or more persons, one of whom is age 60 or over, if its resources exceed $3,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$2,000, or, in the case of a household which consists of or includes a member who is 60 years of age or older, if its resources exceed $3,000"; Effective date.

(2) in the second sentence—

(A) inserting "and inaccessible resources" after "relating to licensed vehicles"; and

(B) after "physically disabled household member" inserting "and any other property, real or personal, to the extent that it is directly related to the maintenance or use of such vehicle"; and Real property.

(3) adding at the end thereof the following: "The Secretary shall exclude from financial resources the value of a burial plot for each member of a household.".

DISASTER TASK FORCE

SEC. 1515. Section 5(h)(2) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014(h)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

"(2) The Secretary shall—

"(A) establish a Food Stamp Disaster Task Force to assist States in implementing and operating the disaster program and the regular food stamp program in the disaster area; and

"(B) if the Secretary, in the Secretary's discretion, determines that it is cost-effective to send members of the Task Force to the disaster area, the Secretary shall send them to such area as soon as possible after the disaster occurs to provide direct assistance to State and local officials.".

ELIGIBILITY DISQUALIFICATIONS

SEC. 1516. Section 6 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2015) is amended by— *Ante*, p. 1571.

(1) in the first sentence of subsection (d)(1)—

Prohibition.

(A) striking out "no household shall be eligible for assistance under this Act if it includes a" and inserting in lieu thereof "(A) no person shall be eligible to participate in the food stamp program who is";

(B) by striking out "eighteen" in the matter preceding clause (i) of the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "sixteen";

(C) striking out all that follows "(iii)" through "days; or (iv)"; and

Prohibition.

(D) inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "; and (B) no household shall be eligible to participate in the food stamp program (i) if the head of the household is a physically and mentally fit person between the ages of sixteen and sixty and such individual refuses to do any of those acts described in clause (A) of this sentence, or (ii) if the head of the household voluntarily quits any job without good cause, but, in such case, the period of ineligibility shall be ninety days";

(2) adding at the end of subsection (d)(1) the following: "Any period of ineligibility for violations under this paragraph shall end when the household member who committed the violation complies with the requirement that has been violated. If the household member who committed the violation leaves the household during the period of ineligibility, such household shall no longer be subject to sanction for such violation and, if it is otherwise eligible, may resume participation in the food stamp program, but any other household of which such person thereafter becomes the head of the household shall be ineligible for the balance of the period of ineligibility.";

(3) in subsection (d)(2) by—

(A) striking out "or" at end of clause (D);

(B) inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "; or (F) a person between the ages of sixteen and eighteen who is not a head of a household or who is attending school, or enrolled in an employment training program, on at least a half-time basis"; and

(4) inserting at the end of clause (2) of subsection (e) the following: "or is an individual who is not assigned to or placed in an institution of higher learning through a program under the Job Training Partnership Act,"; and

29 USC 1501 note.

(5) in clause (2) of subsection (f)—

(A) striking out "section 203(a)(7)" and "(8 U.S.C. 1153(a)(7))" in subclause (D) and inserting in lieu thereof "sections 207 and 208" and "(8 U.S.C. 1157 and 1158)", respectively;

(B) striking out "because of persecution" and all that follows through "natural calamity" in subclause (D);

(C) striking out "because of the judgment of the Attorney General" and all that follows in subclause (F) through "political opinion".

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING PROGRAM

SEC. 1517. (a) Section 6(d) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2015(d)) is amended by—

(1) amending clause (A)(ii) of paragraph (1) to read as follows:

"(ii) refuses without good cause to participate in an employment and training program under paragraph (4), to the extent required under paragraph (4), including any reasonable employment requirements as are prescribed by the State agency in accordance with paragraph (4), and the period of ineligibility shall be two months;"; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following:

"(4)(A) Not later than April 1, 1987, each State agency shall implement an employment and training program designed by the State agency and approved by the Secretary for the purpose of assisting members of households participating in the food stamp program in gaining skills, training, or experience that will increase their ability to obtain regular employment. 99 STAT. 1574

"(B) For purposes of this Act, an 'employment and training program' means a program that contains one or more of the following components:

"(i) Job search programs with terms and conditions comparable to those prescribed in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of section 402(a)(35) of part A of title IV of the Social Security Act, except that the State agency shall have no obligation to incur costs exceeding $25 per participant per month, as provided in subparagraph (B)(vi), and the State agency shall retain the option to apply employment requirements prescribed under this clause to program applicants at the time of application.

Prohibition. 42 USC 602.

"(ii) Job search training programs that include, to the extent determined appropriate by the State agency, reasonable job search training and support activities that may consist of jobs skills assessments, job finding clubs, training in techniques for employability, job placement services, or other direct training or support activities, including educational programs, determined by the State agency to expand the job search abilities or employability of those subject to the program.

"(iii) Workfare programs operated under section 20.

Workfare. 7 USC 2029.

"(iv) Programs designed to improve the employability of household members through actual work experience or training, or both, and to enable individuals employed or trained under such programs to move promptly into regular public or private employment. An employment or training experience program established under this clause shall—

"(I) limit employment experience assignments to projects that serve a useful public purpose in fields such as health, social services, environmental protection, urban and rural development and redevelopment, welfare, recreation, public facilities, public safety, and day care;

Environmental protection. Safety.

"(II) to the extent possible, use the prior training, experience, and skills of the participating member in making appropriate employment or training experience assignments;

"(III) not provide any work that has the effect of replacing the employment of an individual not participating in the employment or training experience program; and

"(IV) provide the same benefits and working conditions that are provided at the job site to employees performing comparable work for comparable hours.

"(v) As approved by the Secretary, other programs, projects, and experiments, such as a supported work program, aimed an accomplishing the purpose of the employment and training program.

"(C) The State agency may provide that participation in an employment and training program may supplement or supplant other employment-related requirements imposed on those subject to the program.

"(D)(i) Each State agency may exempt from any requirement for participation in any program under this paragraph categories of household members to which the application of such participation requirement is impracticable as applied to such categories due to factors such as the availability of work opportunities and the cost-effectiveness of the employment requirements. In making such a determination, the State agency may designate a category consisting of all such household members residing in a specific area of the State. Each State may exempt, with the approval of the Secretary, members of households that have participated in the food stamp program 30 days or less. 99 STAT. 1575 "(ii) Each State agency may exempt from any requirement for participation individual household members not included in any category designated as exempt under clause (i) but with respect to whom such participation is impracticable because of personal circumstances such as lack of job readiness and employability, the remote location of work opportunities, and unavailability of child care.

"(iii) Any exemption of a category or individual under this subparagraph shall be periodically evaluated to determine whether, on the basis of the factors used to make a determination under clauses (i) or (ii), the exemption continues to be valid. Such evaluations shall occur no less often than at each certification or recertification in the case of exemptions under clause (ii).

"(E) Each State agency shall establish requirements for participation by individuals not exempt under subparagraph (D) in one or more employment and training programs under this paragraph, including the extent to which any individual is required to participate. Such requirements may vary among participants.

Prohibition

"(F)(i) The total hours of work in an employment and training program carried out under this paragraph required of members of a household, together with the hours of work of such members in any program carried out under section 20, in any month collectively may not exceed a number of hours equal to the household's allotment for such month divided by the higher of the applicable State minimum wage or Federal minimum hourly rate under the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938.

7 USC 2029

29 USC 201

Prohibition

"(ii) The total hours of participation in such program required of any member of a household, individually, in any month, together with any hours worked in another program carried out under section 20 and any hours worked for compensation (in cash or in kind) in any other capacity, shall not exceed one hundred and twenty hours per month.

"(G)(i) The State agency may operate any program component under this paragraph in which individuals elect to participate.

"(ii) The State agency shall permit, to the extent it determines practicable, individuals not subject to requirements imposed under subparagraph (E) or who have complied, or are in the process of complying, with such requirements to participate in any program under this paragraph.

Transportation.

"(H) The State agency shall reimburse participants in programs carried out under this paragraph, including those participating under subparagraph (G), for the actual costs of transportation, and other actual costs, that are reasonably necessary and directly related to participation in the program, except that the State agency may limit such reimbursement to each participant to $25 per month.

Indians.

"(I) The Secretary shall promulgate guidelines that (i) enable State agencies, to the maximum extent practicable, to design and operate an employment and training program that is compatible and consistent with similar programs operated within the State, and (ii) ensure, to the maximum extent practicable, that employment and training programs are provided for Indians on reservations.

99 STAT. 1576

"(J)(i) For any fiscal year, the Secretary shall establish performance standards for each State that, in the case of persons who are subject to employment requirements under this section and who are not exempt under subparagraph (D), designate the minimum percentages (not to exceed 50 percent through September 30, 1989) of such persons that State agencies shall place in programs under this paragraph. Such standards need not be uniform for all the States, but may vary among the several States. The Secretary shall consider the cost to the States in setting performance standards and the degree of participation in programs under this paragraph by exempt persons.

"(ii) In making any determination as to whether a State agency has met a performance standard under clause (i), the Secretary shall—

"(I) consider the extent to which persons have elected to participate in programs under this paragraph;

"(II) consider such factors as placement in unsubsidized employment, increases in earnings, and reduction in the number of persons participating in the food stamp program; and

"(III) consider other factors determined by the Secretary to be related to employment and training.

"(iii) The Secretary shall vary the performance standards established under clause (i) according to differences in the characteristics of persons required to participate and the type of program to which the standard is applied.

"(iv) The Secretary may delay establishing performance standards for up to 18 months after national implementation of the provisions of this paragraph, in order to base performance standards on State agency experience in implementing this paragraph.

"(K)(i) The Secretary shall ensure that State agencies comply with the requirements of this paragraph and section 11(e)(22).

7 USC 2020 note.

"(ii) If the Secretary determines that a State agency has failed, without good cause, to comply with such a requirement, including any failure to meet a performance standard under subparagraph (J), the Secretary may withhold from such State, in accordance with section 16 (a), (c), and (h), such funds as the Secretary determines to be appropriate, subject to administrative and judicial review under section 14.

7 USC 2025.

7 USC 2023.

"(L) The facilities of the State public employment offices and agencies operating programs under the Job Training Partnership Act may be used to find employment and training opportunities for household members under the programs under this paragraph.".

29 USC 1501 note.

(b) Section 11(e) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(e)) is amended by—

(1) striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (20);

(2) striking out the period at the end of paragraph (21) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(3) adding at the end thereof the following:

"(22) the plans of the State agency for carrying out employment and training programs under section 6(d)(4), including the nature and extent of such programs, the geographic areas and households to be covered under such program, and the basis, including any cost information, for exemptions of categories and individuals and for the choice of employment and training program components reflected in the plans.".

Ante, pp. 1572, 1573.

99 STAT. 1577

(c) Section 16 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2025) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(h)(1) The Secretary shall allocate among the State agencies in each fiscal year, from funds appropriated for such fiscal year under section 18(a)(1), the amount of $40,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $50,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, $60,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988, and $75,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1989 and September 30, 1990, to carry out the employment and training program under section 6(d)(4), except as provided in paragraph (3), during such fiscal year.

Ante, pp. 1572, 1573.

"(2) If, in carrying out such program during such fiscal year, a State agency incurs costs that exceed the amount allocated to the State agency under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall pay such State agency an amount equal to 50 per centum of such additional costs, subject to the first limitation in paragraph (3).

Transportation. Prohibition.

"(3) The Secretary shall also reimburse each State agency in an amount equal to 50 per centum of the total amount of payments made or costs incurred by the State agency in connection with transportation costs and other expenses reasonably necessary and directly related to participation in an employment and training program under section 6(d)(4), except that such total amount shall not exceed an amount representing $25 per participant per month and such reimbursement shall not be made out of funds allocated under paragraph (1).

Prohibition.

"(4) Funds provided to a State agency under this subsection may be used only for operating an employment and training program under section 6(d)(4), and may not be used for carrying out other provisions of the Act.

"(5)(A) The Secretary shall monitor the employment and training programs carried out by State agencies under section 6(d)(4) to measure their effectiveness in terms of the increase in the numbers of household members who obtain employment and the numbers of such members who retain such employment as a result of their participation in such employment and training programs.

"(B) The Secretary shall, not later than January 1, 1989, report to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate on the effectiveness of such employment and training programs.".

(d) Subsection (b) of section 20 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 2029(b)) is amended to read as follows:

Workfare.

"(b)(1) A household member shall be exempt from workfare requirements imposed under this section if such member is—

"(A) exempt from section 6(d)(1) as the result of clause (B), (C), (D), (E), or (F) of section 6(d)(2);

"(B) at the option of the operating agency, subject to and currently actively and satisfactorily participating at least 20 hours a week in a work training program required under title IV of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.);

"(C) mentally or physically unfit;

"(D) under sixteen years of age;

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"(E) sixty years of age or older; or

"(F) a parent or other caretaker of a child in a household in which another member is subject to the requirements of this section or is employed fulltime.

"(2)(A) Subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C), in the case of a household that is exempt from work requirements imposed under this Act as the result of participation in a community work experience program established under section 409 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 609), the maximum number of hours in a month for which all members of such household may be required to participate in such program shall equal the result obtained by dividing—

"(i) the amount of assistance paid to such household for such month under title IV of such Act, together with the value of the food stamp allotment of such household for such month; by

42 USC 601.

"(ii) the higher of the Federal or State minimum wage in effect for such month.

Prohibition.

"(B) In no event may any such member be required to participate in such program more than 120 hours per month.

"(C) For the purpose of subparagraph (A)(i), the value of the food stamp allotment of a household for a month shall be determined in accordance with regulations governing the issuance of an allotment to a household that contains more members than the number of members in an assistance unit established under title IV of such Act.".

STAGGERING OF COUPON ISSUANCE

SEC. 1518. Section 7 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2016) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(h)(1) The State agency may implement a procedure for staggering the issuance of coupons to eligible households throughout the entire month: *Provided*, That the procedure ensures that, in the transition period from other issuance procedures, no eligible household experiences an interval between coupon issuances of more than 40 days, either through regular issuances by the State agency or through supplemental issuances.

"(2) For any eligible household that applies for participation in the food stamp program during the last fifteen days of a month and is issued benefits within that period, coupons shall be issued for the first full month of participation by the the eighth day of the first full month of participation.".

ALTERNATIVE MEANS OF COUPON ISSUANCE

SEC. 1519. Section 7(g)(1) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2016(g)(1)) is amended by striking out "may" in the matter preceding clause (A) and inserting in lieu thereof "shall".

SIMPLIFIED APPLICATIONS AND STANDARDIZED BENEFITS

SEC. 1520. Section 8 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2017) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e)(1) The Secretary may permit not more than five statewide projects (upon the request of a State) and not more than five projects in political subdivisions of States (upon the request of a State or political subdivision) to operate a program under which a household shall be considered to have satisfied the application requirements prescribed under section 5(a) and the income and resource requirements prescribed under subsections (d) through (g) of section 5 if such household—

"(A) includes one or more members who are recipients of—

"(i) aid to families with dependent children under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.);

"(ii) supplemental security income under title XVI of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1381 et seq.); or

"(iii) medical assistance under title XIX of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.); and

"(B) has an income that does not exceed the applicable income standard of eligibility described in section 5(c).

Ante, p. 1567.

Ante, pp. 1569-1572.

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"(2) Except as provided in paragraph (3), a State or political subdivision that elects to operate a program under this subsection shall base the value of an allotment provided to a household under subsection (a) on—

"(A)(i) the size of the household; and

"(ii)(I) benefits paid to such household under a State plan for aid to families with dependent children approved under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act; or

"(II) the income standard of eligibility for medical assistance under title XIX of such Act; or

"(B) at the option of the State or political subdivision, the standard of need for such size household under the programs referred to in clause (A)(ii).

"(3) The Secretary shall adjust the value of allotments received by households under a program operated under this subsection to ensure that the average allotment by household size for households participating in such program and receiving such aid to families with dependent children, such supplemental security income, or such medical assistance, as the case may be, is not less than the average allotment that would have been provided under this Act but for the operation of this subsection, for each category of households, respectively, in a State or political subdivision, for any period during which such program is in operation.

"(4) The Secretary shall evaluate the impact of programs operated under this subsection on recipient households, administrative costs, and error rates.

"(5) The administrative costs of such programs shall be shared in accordance with section 16.

Ante, p. 1577.

"(6) In implementing this section, the Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of Health and Human Services to ensure that to the extent practicable, in the case of households participating in such programs, the processing of applications for, and determinations of eligibility to receive, food stamp benefits are simplified and are unified with the processing of applications for, and determinations of eligibility to receive, benefits under such titles of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.).".

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION SUBMITTED BY RETAIL STORES

Women.
Children.
Regulations.

SEC. 1521. Section 9(c) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2018(c)) is amended by inserting before the period at the end of the second sentence the following: ", except that such information may be disclosed to and used by State agencies that administer the special supplemental food program for women, infants and children, authorized under section 17 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, for purposes of administering the provisions of that Act and the regulations issued under that Act".

42 USC 1786.

99 STAT. 1580

CREDIT UNIONS

Ante, p. 1566.

12 USC 1751.

SEC. 1522. Section 10 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2019), as amended by section 1501, is amended by—

(1) inserting ", or which are insured under the Federal Credit Union Act and have retail food stores or wholesale food concerns in their field of membership" after "Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation" the first place it appears; and

(2) inserting "or the Federal Credit Union Act" after "Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation" the second place it appears.

CHARGES FOR REDEMPTION OF COUPONS

Prohibition.
Ante, p. 1566;
Supra.

SEC. 1523. (a) Section 10 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2019), as amended by sections 1501 and 1522, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "No financial institution may impose on or collect from a retail food store a fee or other charge for the redemption of coupons that are submitted to the financial institution in a manner consistent with the requirements, other than any requirements relating to cancellation of coupons, for the presentation of coupons by financial institutions to the Federal Reserve banks.".

Regulations.

(b) The Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, shall issue regulations implementing the amendment made by subsection (a).

HOURS OF OPERATION

Ante, p. 1577.

SEC. 1524. Section 16(b)(1) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2025(b)(1)) is amended by inserting ", including standards for the periodic review of the hours that food stamp offices are open during the day, week, or month to ensure that employed individuals are adequately served by the food stamp program," after "States".

CERTIFICATION OF INFORMATION

Ante, p. 1566;
Infra.

SEC. 1525. Section 11(e)(2) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(e)(2)) is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "One adult member of a household that is applying for a coupon allotment shall be required to certify in writing, under penalty of perjury, the truth of the information contained in the application for the allotment;".

FRAUD DETECTION

Supra.

SEC. 1526. Section 11(e) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(e)), as amended by sections 1517 and 1525, is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(23) in a project area in which 5,000 or more households participate in the food stamp program, for the establishment and operation of a unit for the detection of fraud in the food stamp program, including the investigation, and assistance in the prosecution, of such fraud; and".

99 STAT. 1581

VERIFICATION

SEC. 1527. Section 11(e)(3) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(e)(3)) is amended by—

Ante, pp. 1566, 1580.

(1) striking out "only" after "verification";

(2) inserting ", household size (in any case such size is questionable)," after "Act)"; and

(3) striking out "any factors" and all that follows through "by the Secretary" and inserting in lieu thereof "such other eligibility factors as the State agency determines are necessary".

PHOTOGRAPHIC IDENTIFICATION CARDS

SEC. 1528. Section 11(e)(16) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(e)(16)) is amended by—

(1) striking out "last sentence" and inserting in lieu thereof "fourth sentence";

(2) inserting "and would be cost effective" after "integrity";

(3) striking out the semicolon at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof a period; and

(4) adding at the end thereof the following: "The State agency may permit a member of a household to comply with this paragraph by presenting a photographic identification card used to receive assistance under a welfare or public assistance program;".

ELIGIBILITY OF THE HOMELESS

SEC. 1529. Section 11(e)(2) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(e)(2)), as amended by section 1525, is amended by—

(1) striking out the semicolon at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof a period; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following: "The State agency shall provide a method of certifying and issuing coupons to eligible households that do not reside in permanent dwellings or who do not have fixed mailing addresses. In carrying out the preceding sentence, the State agency shall take such steps as are necessary to ensure that participation in the food stamp program is limited to eligible households.".

EXPANDED FOOD AND NUTRITION EDUCATION PROGRAM

SEC. 1530. Section 11(f) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(f)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "State agencies shall encourage food stamp program participants to participate in the expanded food and nutrition education program conducted under section 3(d) of the Act of May 8, 1914 (7 U.S.C. 343(d)), commonly known as the Smith-Lever Act and any program established under sections 1584 through 1588 of the Food Security Act of 1985. At the request of personnel of such education program, State agencies, wherever practicable, shall allow personnel and information materials of such education program to be placed in food stamp offices.".

Ante, p. 1557.

Post, pp. 1596, 1597.

99 STAT. 1582

FOOD STAMP PROGRAM INFORMATION AND SIMPLIFIED APPLICATION AT SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION OFFICES

SEC. 1531. (a) Effective October 1, 1986, clause (2) of the first sentence of section 11(i) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(i)), as amended by section 1531, is amended by—

Effective date.

Ante, p. 1568.

(1) inserting "applicants for or" after "members are";

(2) striking out "permitted" and all that follows through "office", and inserting in lieu thereof "informed of the availability of benefits under the food stamp program and be assisted in making a simple application to participate in such program at the social security office".

Effective date.

(b) Effective October 1, 1986, section 11(j) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(j)) is amended to read as follows:

Regulations.

"(j)(1) Any individual who is an applicant for or recipient of social security benefits (under regulations prescribed by the Secretary in conjunction with the Secretary of Health and Human Services) shall be informed of the availability of benefits under the food stamp program and informed of the availability of a simple application to participate in such program at the social security office.

"(2) The Secretary and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall revise the memorandum of understanding in effect on the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985, regarding services to be provided in social security offices under this subsection and subsection (i), in a manner to ensure that—

"(A) applicants for and recipients of social security benefits are adequately notified in social security offices that assistance may be available to them under this Act;

"(B) applications for assistance under this Act from households in which all members are applicants for or recipients of supplemental security income will be forwarded immediately to the State agency in an efficient and timely manner; and

"(C) the Secretary of Health and Human Services receives from the Secretary reimbursement for costs incurred to provide such services.".

Report.

(c) Not later than April 1, 1987, the Secretary of Agriculture shall submit a report, to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate, describing the nature and extent of the costs being incurred by the Secretary of Health and Human Services to comply with subsections (i) and (j) of section 11 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended by subsections (a) and (b).

RETAIL FOOD STORES AND WHOLESALE FOOD CONCERNS

SEC. 1532. (a) Section 12 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2021) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

Regulations.

"(e)(1) In the event any retail food store or wholesale food concern that has been disqualified under subsection (a) is sold or the ownership thereof is otherwise transferred to a purchaser or transferee, the person or persons who sell or otherwise transfer ownership of the retail food store or wholesale food concern shall be subjected to a civil money penalty in an amount established by the Secretary through regulations to reflect that portion of the disqualification period that has not yet expired. If the retail food store or wholesale food concern has been disqualified permanently, the civil money

99 STAT. 1583

penalty shall be double the penalty for a ten-year disqualification period, as calculated under regulations issued by the Secretary. The disqualification period imposed under subsection (b) shall continue in effect as to the person or persons who sell or otherwise transfer ownership of the retail food store or wholesale food concern notwithstanding the imposition of a civil money penalty under this subsection.

Prohibition.
Post, p. 1585.

"(2) At any time after a civil money penalty imposed under paragraph (1) has become final under the provisions of section 14(a), the Secretary may request the Attorney General to institute a civil action against the person or persons subject to the penalty in a district court of the United States for any district in which such person or persons are found, reside, or transact business to collect the penalty and such court shall have jurisdiction to hear and decide such action. In such action, the validity and amount of such penalty shall not be subject to review.".

(b) Section 9(b) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2018(b)) is amended by—

(1) inserting "(1)" after the subsection designation; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2)(A) A buyer or transferee (other than a bona fide buyer or transferee) of a retail food store or wholesale food concern that has been disqualified under section 12(a) may not accept or redeem coupons until the Secretary receives full payment of any penalty imposed on such store or concern.

Prohibition.

Ante, p. 1582.

"(B) A buyer or transferee may not, as a result of the sale or transfer of such store or concern, be required to furnish a bond under section 12(d).".

LIABILITY FOR OVERISSUANCE OF COUPONS

SEC. 1533. Section 13(a) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2022(a)) is amended by—

(1) inserting "(1)" after the subsection designation; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) Each adult member of a household shall be jointly and severally liable for the value of any overissuance of coupons.".

COLLECTION OF CLAIMS

SEC. 1534. Section 13(b)(1)(B) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2022(b)(1)(B)) is amended by—

(1) striking out "may" and inserting in lieu thereof "shall"; and

(2) inserting ", unless the State agency demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Secretary that such other means are not cost effective" before the period at the end thereof.

FOOD STAMP INTERCEPT OF UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

SEC. 1535. (a) Section 13 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2022) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c)(1) As used in this subsection, the term 'uncollected overissuance' means the amount of an overissuance of coupons, as determined under subsection (b)(1), that has not been recovered pursuant to subsection (b)(1).

"(2) A State agency may determine on a periodic basis, from information supplied pursuant to section 3(b) of the Wagner-Peyser

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Act (29 U.S.C. 49b(b)), whether an individual receiving compensation under the State's unemployment compensation law (including amounts payable pursuant to an agreement under a Federal unemployment compensation law) owes an uncollected overissuance.

"(3) A State agency may recover an uncollected overissuance—

"(A) by—

"(i) entering into an agreement with an individual described in paragraph (2) under which specified amounts will be withheld from unemployment compensation otherwise payable to the individual; and

"(ii) furnishing a copy of the agreement to the State agency administering the unemployment compensation law; or

"(B) in the absence of an agreement, by obtaining a writ, order, summons, or other similar process in the nature of garnishment from a court of competent jurisdiction to require the withholding of amounts from the unemployment compensation.".

(b)(1) Section 11(e) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(e)), as amended by section 1526, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

Ante, p. 1580.

"(24) at the option of the State, for procedures necessary to obtain payment of uncollected overissuance of coupons from

Ante, p. 1583.

unemployment compensation pursuant to section 13(c).".

(2) Section 3(b) of the Wagner-Peyser Act (29 U.S.C. 49b(b)) is amended by—

(A) striking out "or" the second place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof a comma; and

(B) inserting after "such Act," the following: "or of a State agency charged with the administration of the food stamp program in a State under the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.),".

(3) Section 303(d) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 503(d)) is amended by—

(A) redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively; and

(B) inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:

"(2)(A) For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'unemployment compensation' means any unemployment compensation payable under the State law (including amounts payable pursuant to an agreement under a Federal unemployment compensation law).

"(B) The State agency charged with the administration of the State law—

"(i) may require each new applicant for unemployment compensation to disclose whether the applicant owes an uncollected overissuance (as defined in section 13(c)(1) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977) of food stamp coupons,

Ante, p. 1583.

"(ii) may notify the State food stamp agency to which the uncollected overissuance is owed that the applicant has been determined to be eligible for unemployment compensation if the applicant discloses under clause (i) that the applicant owes an uncollected overissuance and the applicant is determined to be so eligible,

"(iii) may deduct and withhold from any unemployment compensation otherwise payable to an individual—

"(I) the amount specified by the individual to the State agency to be deducted and withheld under this clause,

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"(II) the amount (if any) determined pursuant to an agreement submitted to the State food stamp agency under section 13(c)(3)(A) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977, or

Ante, p. 1583.

"(III) any amount otherwise required to be deducted and withheld from the unemployment compensation pursuant to section 13(c)(3)(B) of such Act, and

"(iv) shall pay any amount deducted and withheld under clause (iii) to the appropriate State food stamp agency.

"(C) Any amount deducted and withheld under subparagraph (B)(iii) shall for all purposes be treated as if it were paid to the individual as unemployment compensation and paid by the individual to the State food stamp agency to which the uncollected overissuance is owed as repayment of the individual's uncollected overissuance.

"(D) A State food stamp agency to which an uncollected overissuance is owed shall reimburse the State agency charged with the administration of the State unemployment compensation law for the administrative costs incurred by the State agency under this paragraph that are attributable to repayment of uncollected overissuance to the State food stamp agency to which the uncollected overissuance is owed.".

(c)(1) The proviso of the first sentence of section 16(a) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2025(a)) is amended by striking out "section 13(b)(1) of this Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsections (b)(1) and (c) of section 13".

Post, p. 1589.

(2) The first sentence of section 18(e) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 2027(e)) is amended by striking out "section 13(b) of this Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsections (b) and (c) of section 13".

ADMINISTRATIVE AND JUDICIAL REVIEW

SEC. 1536. The last sentence of section 14(a) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2023(a)) is amended by—

(1) striking out "an application" and inserting in lieu thereof "on application"; and

(2) striking out "showing of irreparable injury" and inserting in lieu thereof "consideration by the court of the applicant's likelihood of prevailing on the merits and of irreparable injury".

STATE AGENCY LIABILITY, QUALITY CONTROL, AND AUTOMATIC DATA PROCESSING

Effective date

SEC. 1537. (a) Effective with respect to the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1985, and each fiscal year thereafter, section 16(d) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2025) is amended by—

(1) in paragraph (2)(A), inserting before the period at the end thereof the following:

"less any amount payable as a result of the use by the State agency of correctly processed information received from an automatic information exchange system made available by any Federal department or agency"; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following:

"(6) To facilitate the implementation of paragraphs (2) and (3), each State agency shall submit to the Secretary expeditiously data regarding its operations in each fiscal year sufficient for the Secretary to establish the payment error rate for the State agency for such fiscal year and determine the amount for which the State agency will be liable for such fiscal year under paragraphs (2) and (3). The Secretary shall make a determination for a fiscal year, and notify the State agency of such determination, within nine months following the end of each fiscal year. The Secretary shall initiate efforts to collect the amount owed by the State agency as a claim established under paragraphs (2) and (3) for a fiscal year, subject to the conclusion of any formal or informal appeal procedure and administrative or judicial review under section 14 (as provided for in paragraph (5)), before the end of the fiscal year following such fiscal year.".

99 STAT. 1586

Ante, p. 1585

(b) Section 11 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(o)(1) The Secretary shall develop, after consultation with, and with the assistance of, an advisory group of State agencies appointed by the Secretary without regard to the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, a model plan for the comprehensive automation of data processing and computerization of information systems under the food stamp program. The plan shall be developed and made available for public comment through publication of the proposed plan in the Federal Register not later than October 1, 1986. The Secretary shall complete the plan, taking into consideration public comments received, not later than February 1, 1987. The elements of the plan may include intake procedures, eligibility determinations and calculation of benefits, verification procedures, coordination with related Federal and State programs, the issuance of benefits, reconciliation procedures, the generation of notices, and program reporting. In developing the plan, the Secretary shall take into account automated data processing and information systems already in existence in States and shall provide for consistency with such systems.

5 USC app. 1

Federal Register, publication.

"(2) Not later than October 1, 1987, each State agency shall develop and submit to the Secretary for approval a plan for the use of an automated data processing and information retrieval system to administer the food stamp program in such State. The State plan shall take into consideration the model plan developed by the Secretary under paragraph (1) and shall provide time frames for completion of various phases of the State plan. If a State agency already has a sufficient automated data processing and information retrieval system, the State plan may, subject to the Secretary's approval, reflect the existing State system.

Report.

"(3) Not later than April 1, 1988, the Secretary shall prepare and submit to Congress an evaluation of the degree and sufficiency of each State's automated data processing and computerized information systems for the administration of the food stamp program, including State plans submitted under paragraph (2). Such report shall include an analysis of additional steps needed for States to achieve effective and cost-efficient data processing and information systems. The Secretary, thereafter, shall periodically update such report.

Report.

"(4) Based on the Secretary's findings in such report submitted under paragraph (3), the Secretary may require a State agency, as necessary to rectify identified shortcomings in the administration of the food stamp program in the State, except where such direction would displace State initiatives already under way, to take specified steps to automate data processing systems or computerize information systems for the administration of the food stamp program in the State if the Secretary finds that, in the absence of such systems, there will be program accountability or integrity problems that will substantially affect the administration of the food stamp program in the State.

99 STAT. 1587

"(5)(A) Subject to subparagraph (B), in the case of a plan for an automated data processing and information retrieval system submitted by a State agency to the Secretary under paragraph (2), such State agency shall—

"(i) commence implementation of its plan not later than October 1, 1988; and

"(ii) meet the time frames set forth in the plan.

"(B) The Secretary shall extend a deadline imposed under subparagraph (A) to the extent the Secretary deems appropriate based on the Secretary's finding of a good faith effort of a State agency to implement its plan in accordance with subparagraph (A).".

(c) Section 11(g) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2020(g)) is amended by—

Ante, p. 1586

(1) inserting "the State plan for automated data processing submitted pursuant to subsection (o)(2) of this section," after "pursuant to subsection (d) of this section,", and

(2) striking out "16(a) and 16(c)" and inserting in lieu thereof "16(a), 16(c), and 16(g)".

QUALITY CONTROL STUDIES AND PENALTY MORATORIUM

7 USC 2025 note.

SEC. 1538. (a)(1)(A) The Secretary of Agriculture (hereinafter referred to in this section as the "Secretary") shall conduct a study of the quality control system used for the food stamp program established under the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.).

(B) The study shall—

(i) examine how best to operate such system in order to obtain information that will allow the State agencies to improve the quality of administration; and

(ii) provide reasonable data on the basis of which Federal funding may be withheld for State agencies with excessive levels of erroneous payments.

Contracts.

(2)(A) The Secretary shall also contract with the National Academy of Sciences to conduct a concurrent independent study for the purpose described in paragraph (1).

(B) For purposes of such study, the Secretary shall provide to the National Academy of Sciences any relevant data available to the Secretary at the onset of the study and on an ongoing basis.

(3) Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary and the National Academy of Sciences shall report the results of their respective studies to the Congress.

(b)(1) During the 6-month period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "moratorium period"), the Secretary shall not impose any reductions in payments to State agencies pursuant to section 16 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2025).

Ante, pp. 1580, 1577, 1585, 1588.

(2) During the moratorium period, the Secretary and the State agencies shall continue to—

(A) operate the quality control systems in effect under the Food Stamp Act of 1977; and

(B) calculate error rates under section 16 of such Act.

99 STAT. 1588

Regulations.

(c)(1) Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall publish regulations that shall—

7 USC 2011 note.

(A) restructure the quality control system used under the Food Stamp Act of 1977 to the extent the Secretary determines to be appropriate, taking into account the studies conducted under subsection (a); and

(B) establish, taking into account the studies conducted under subsection (a), criteria for adjusting the reductions that shall be made for quarters prior to the implementation of the restructured quality control system so as to eliminate reductions for those quarters that would not be required if the restructured quality control system had been in effect during those quarters.

(2) Beginning 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act the Secretary shall—

(A) implement the restructured quality control system; and

(B) reduce payments to State agencies—

(i) for quarters after implementation of such system in accordance with the restructured quality control system; and

Regulations.

(ii) for quarters before implementation of such system, as provided under the regulations described in paragraph (1)(B)."

GEOGRAPHICAL ERROR-PRONE PROFILES

Ante, pp. 1580, 1577, 1585, 1588.

SEC. 1539. Section 16 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2025) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(i)(1) The Department of Agriculture may use quality control information made available under this section to determine which project areas have payment error rates (as defined in subsection (d)(1)) that impair the integrity of the food stamp program.

"(2) The Secretary may require a State agency to carry out new or modified procedures for the certification of households in areas identified under paragraph (1) if the Secretary determines such procedures would improve the integrity of the food stamp program and be cost effective.

Report.

"(3) Not later than 12 months after the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985, and each 12 months thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report that lists project areas identified under paragraph (1) and describes any procedures required to be carried out under paragraph (2).".

PILOT PROJECTS

Ante, p. 818.

SEC. 1540. (a) Section 17(b)(1) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2026(b)(1)) is amended by striking out "December 31, 1985" the last place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1990".

Repeal.
7 USC 2026.

(b) Section 17(d) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 is repealed.

(c) Section 17 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2226) is amended by redesignating subsections (e) and (f) as subsections (d) and (e).

99 STAT. 1589

AUTHORIZATION CEILING; AUTHORITY TO REDUCE BENEFITS

SEC. 1541. Section 18 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2027) is amended by—

(1) inserting, after the first sentence of subsection (a)(1), the following:

"To carry out the provisions of this Act, there are hereby authorized to be appropriated not in excess of $13,037,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986; not in excess of $13,936,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987; not in excess of $14,741,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988; not in excess of $15,435,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1989; and not in excess of $15,970,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1990."; and

(2) in the second sentence of subsection (b), striking out "the limitation set herein," and inserting in lieu thereof "the appropriation amount authorized in subsection (a)(1),".

TRANSFER OF FUNDS

SEC. 1542. (a) Section 18 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2027) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Prohibition.

"(f) No funds appropriated to carry out this Act may be transferred to the Office of the Inspector General, or the Office of the General Counsel, of the Department of Agriculture.".

Effective date.
7 USC 2027 note.

(b) The amendment made by this section shall become effective on October 1, 1986.

PUERTO RICO BLOCK GRANT

Ante, p. 818.

SEC. 1543. Section 19 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2028) is amended by—

(1) striking out "for each fiscal year" in subsection (a)(1)(A) and inserting in lieu thereof "for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $852,750,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, $879,750,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988, $908,250,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1989, and $936,750,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1990,";

(2) striking out "noncash" in subsection (a)(1)(A); and

(3) striking out "a single agency which shall be" in clause (i) of subsection (b)(1)(A) and inserting in lieu thereof "the agency or agencies directly."

Subtitle B—Commodity Distribution Provisions

TRANSFER OF SECTION 32 COMMODITIES

SEC. 1561. Section 32 of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act, and for other purposes", approved August 24, 1935 (7 U.S.C. 612c), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "A public or private nonprofit organization that receives agricultural commodities or the products thereof under clause (2) of the second sentence may transfer such commodities or products to another public or private nonprofit organization that agrees to use such commodities or products to provide, without cost or waste, nutrition assistance to individuals in low-income groups.".

99 STAT. 1590

COMMODITY DISTRIBUTION PROGRAMS

SEC. 1562. (a) Section 4 of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by—

(1) striking out "1982, 1983, 1984, and 1985" in the first sentence of subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, and 1990"; and

(2) in subsection (b), striking out "under 18 years of age" and inserting in lieu thereof "18 years of age and under".

(b) Section 5(a) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by—

(1) striking out ", which projects shall operate no longer than two years, and" in clause (1) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon;

(2) striking out "1982 through 1985" in clause (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "1986 through 1990".

(c) Section 5 of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

Aged persons.

"(f) The Secretary shall, in any fiscal year, approve applications of additional sites for the program in areas in which the program currently does not operate to the full extent that this can be done within the appropriations available for the program for the fiscal year and without reducing actual participation levels (including participation of elderly persons under subsection (g)) in areas in which the program is in effect.

Women.
Children and youth.
Aged persons.

"(g) If a local agency that administers the commodity supplemental food program determines that the amount of funds made available to the agency to carry out this section exceeds the amount of funds necessary to provide assistance under such program to women, infants, and children, the agency, with the approval of the Secretary, may permit low-income elderly persons (as defined by the Secretary) to participate in and be served by such program.".

Aged persons.
7 USC 612c note.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in implementing the commodity supplemental food program under section 4 of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973, the Secretary of Agriculture shall allow agencies distributing agricultural commodities to low-income elderly people under such programs on the date of enactment of this Act to continue such distribution at levels no lower than existing caseloads.

Repeal.

(e)(1) Section 209 of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is repealed.

(2) Clause (2) of section 5(a) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by striking out "amount appropriated for the provision of commodities to State agencies" and inserting in lieu thereof "sum of (A) the amount appropriated for the commodity supplemental food program and (B) the value of all additional commodities donated by the Secretary to State and local agencies that are provided without charge or credit for distribution to program participants".

EMERGENCY FEEDING ORGANIZATIONS—DEFINITIONS

SEC. 1563. Section 201A of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by inserting, before the semicolon at the end of paragraph (1), the following: "(including the activities and projects of charitable institutions, food banks, hunger centers, soup kitchens, and similar public or private nonprofit eligible recipient agencies) hereinafter in this title referred to as 'emergency feeding organizations' ".

99 STAT. 1591

TEMPORARY EMERGENCY FOOD ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

SEC. 1564. (a) Section 202 of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

"(c) In addition to any commodities described in subsection (a), in carrying out this Act, the Secretary may use agricultural commodities and the products thereof made available under clause (2) of the second sentence of section 32 of the Act entitled 'An Act to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act, and for other purposes', approved August 24, 1935 (7 U.S.C. 612c).

Dairy products.
Wheat.
Rice.
Honey.
Cornmeal.

"(d) Commodities made available under this Act shall include, but not be limited to, dairy products, wheat or the products thereof, rice, honey, and cornmeal.

Effective date.
Report.

"(e) Effective April 1, 1986, the Secretary shall submit semiannually to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report on the types and amounts of commodities made available for distribution under this Act.".

7 USC 612c note.

(b) Section 212 of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1973 is amended to read as follows:

"PROGRAM TERMINATION

7 USC 612c note.

"Sec. 212. Except for section 207, this Act shall terminate on September 30, 1987."

REPEAL OF PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE FOOD SECURITY WHEAT RESERVE

Sec. 1565. (a) Section 202 of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by—

(1) striking out the subsection designation for subsection (a); and

(2) striking out subsection (b).

Prohibitions.

(b) The second sentence of section 203A of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by striking out ", except that wheat from the Food Security Wheat Reserve may not be used to pay such costs".

REPORT ON COMMODITY DISPLACEMENT

Sec. 1566. Section 203C(a) of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "The Secretary shall submit to Congress each year a report as to whether and to what extent such displacements or substitutions are occurring.".

DISTRIBUTION OF SURPLUS COMMODITIES TO SPECIAL NUTRITION PROJECTS; PROCESSING AGREEMENTS

Dairy products.
Wheat.
Rice.
Honey.
Cornmeal.

Sec. 1567. (a) Section 1114(a) of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 1431e) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Commodities made available under this section shall include, but not be limited to, dairy products, wheat or the products thereof, rice, honey, and cornmeal.".

99 STAT. 1592

(b) Section 1114(a) of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 1431e) is amended by—

(1) inserting "(1)" after "(a)";

(2) adding, at the end thereof, the following:

"(2)(A) Effective through June 30, 1987, whenever a commodity is made available without charge or credit under any nutrition program administered by the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary shall encourage consumption of such commodity through agreements with private companies under which the commodity is reprocessed into end-food products for use by eligible recipient agencies. The expense of reprocessing shall be paid by such eligible recipient agencies.

"(B) To maintain eligibility to enter into, and to continue, any agreement with the Secretary of Agriculture under subparagraph (A), a private company shall annually settle all accounts with the Secretary and any appropriate State agency regarding commodities processed under such agreements.".

Repeal.

(c) Section 203 of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is repealed.

STATE COOPERATION

SEC. 1568. (a) Section 203B(b) of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Each State agency shall encourage distribution of such commodities in rural areas.".

Rural areas.

(b) Section 203B of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(d) Each State agency receiving commodities under this title may—

"(1) enter into cooperative agreements with State agencies of other States for joint provision of such commodities to an emergency feeding organization that serves needy persons in a single geographical area part of which is situated in each of such States; or

"(2) transfer such commodities to any such emergency feeding organization in the other State under such agreement.".

AUTHORIZATION FOR FUNDING AND RELATED PROVISIONS

SEC. 1569. (a) Section 204 of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by—

(1) redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and

(2) after subsection (b), inserting the following:

"(c)(1) There are authorized to be appropriated $50,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1986, and September 30, 1987, for the Secretary to make available to the States for State and local payments for costs associated with the distribution of commodities by emergency feeding organizations under this title. Funds appropriated under this paragraph for any fiscal year shall be allocated to the States on an advance basis, dividing such funds among the States in the same proportions as the commodities distributed under this title for such fiscal year are divided among the States. If a State agency is unable to use all of the funds so allocated to it, the Secretary shall reallocate such unused funds among the other States.

99 STAT. 1593

"(2) Each State shall make available to emergency feeding organizations in the State not less than 20 per centum of the funds provided as authorized in paragraph (1) that it has been allocated for a fiscal year, as necessary to pay for, or provide advance payments to cover, the direct expenses of the emergency feeding organizations for distributing commodities to needy persons, but only to the extent such expenses are actually so incurred by such organizations. As used in this paragraph, the term 'direct expenses' includes costs of transporting, storing, handling, and distributing commodities incurred after they are received by the organization; costs associated with determinations of eligibility, verification, and documentation; costs involved in publishing announcements of times and locations of distribution; and costs of recordkeeping, auditing, and other administrative procedures required for participation in the program under this title. If a State makes a payment, using State funds, to cover direct expenses of emergency feeding organizations, the amount of such payment shall be counted toward the amount a State must make available for direct expenses of emergency feeding organizations under this paragraph.

"(3) States to which funds are allocated for a fiscal year under this subsection shall submit financial reports to the Secretary, on a regular basis, as to the use of such funds. No such funds may be used by States or emergency feeding organizations for costs other than those involved in covering the expenses related to the distribution of commodities by emergency feeding organizations.

Reports.
Prohibition.

"(4)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), effective January 1, 1987, to be eligible to receive funds under this subsection, a State

Effective date.

shall provide in cash or in kind (according to procedures approved by the Secretary for certifying these in-kind contributions) from non-Federal sources a contribution equal to the difference between—

"(i) the amount of such funds so received; and

"(ii) any part of the amount allocated to the State and paid by the State—

"(I) to emergency feeding organizations; or

"(II) for the direct expenses of such organizations;

for use in carrying out this title.

"(B)(i) Except as provided in clause (ii), subparagraph (A) shall apply to States beginning on January 1, 1987.

"(ii) If the legislature of a State does not convene in regular session before January 1, 1987, paragraph (1) shall apply to such State beginning on October 1, 1987.

"(C) Funds allocated to a State under this section may, upon State request, be allocated before States satisfy the matching requirement specified in subparagraph (A), based on the estimated contribution required. The Secretary shall periodically reconcile estimated and actual contributions and adjust allocations to the State to correct for overpayments and underpayments.

Prohibition.

"(5) States may not charge for commodities made available to emergency feeding organizations, and may not pass on to such organizations the cost of any matching requirements, under this Act.".

99 STAT. 1594

REAUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 1570. Section 210 of the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by—

(1) in subsection (c)—

(A) striking out "the fiscal years ending September 30, 1984, and September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "the period beginning October 1, 1983, and ending September 30, 1987";

(B) striking out "prior to the beginning of the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "as early as feasible but not later than the beginning of the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987"; and

(C) striking out "second twelve months" and inserting in lieu thereof "such fiscal year"; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following:

Regulations.

"(d) The regulations issued by the Secretary under this section shall include provisions that set standards with respect to liability for commodity losses under the program under this title in situations in which there is no evidence of negligence or fraud, and conditions for payment to cover such losses. Such provisions shall take into consideration the special needs and circumstances of emergency feeding organizations".

REPORT

7 USC 612a note.

SEC. 1571. Not later than April 1, 1987, the Secretary of Agriculture shall report to Congress on the activities of the program conducted under the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983. Such report shall include information on—

(1) the volume and types of commodities distributed under the program;

(2) the types of State and local agencies receiving commodities for distribution under the program;

(3) the populations served under the program and their characteristics;

Transportation.

(4) the Federal, State, and local costs of commodity distribution operations under the program (including transportation, storage, refrigeration, handling, distribution, and administrative costs); and

(5) the amount of Federal funds provided to cover State and local costs under the program.

Subtitle C—Nutrition and Miscellaneous Provisions

SCHOOL LUNCH PILOT PROJECT

SEC. 1581. (a) As used in this section, the term "eligible school district" means a school district that on the date of enactment of this Act, is participating in the pilot project study provided for under the last proviso of the paragraph under the heading "CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAMS" in title III of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1981, and for other purposes", approved December 15, 1980 (Public Law 96-258; 94 Stat. 3113).

Effective date.

(b) Effective through the school year ending June 30, 1987, the Secretary shall permit an eligible school district to receive assistance to carry out the school lunch program operated in the district in the form of, in lieu of commodities, all cash assistance or all commodity letters of credit assistance.

99 STAT. 1595

(c) If an eligible school district elects to receive assistance in the form of all cash assistance or all commodity letters of credit assistance under subsection (a), the Secretary shall provide bonus commodities to the district only in the form of commodities, to the same extent as bonus commodities are provided to other school districts participating in the school lunch program.

GLEANING OF FIELDS

SEC. 1582. (a) Congress finds that—

(1) food banks, soup kitchens, and other emergency food providers help needy persons seeking food assistance at no cost to the Government;

(2) gleaning is a partnership between food producers and nonprofit organizations through which food producers permit members of such organizations to collect grain, vegetables, and fruit which have not been harvested and distribute such items to programs which provide food to needy individuals;

(3) support of gleaning to supply food to the poor is part of the Judeo-Christian heritage as set out in the Book of Leviticus: "When you reap the harvests of your land, do not reap to the very edges of your field or gather the gleanings of your harvest. Do not go over your vineyard a second time or pick up the grapes that have fallen. Leave them for the poor and the alien.";

(4) a 1977 General Accounting Office analysis estimated that during the 1974 harvest 60,000,000 tons of grain, vegetables, and fruit, valued at $5,000,000,000, were unharvested;

(5) the diets of millions of people in the United States could have been supplemented with such lost grain, vegetables, and fruit;

State and local governments.

(6) a number of State and local governments have enacted "Good Samaritan" laws which limit the liability of food donors and provide an incentive for food contributions; and

(7) numerous civil, religious, charitable, and other nonprofit organizations throughout the country have begun gleaning programs to harvest such food items and channel them to the needy in the United States.

(b) It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) food producers who permit gleaning of their fields and civic, religious, charitable, and other nonprofit organizations which glean fields and distribute the resulting harvest to help the needy should be commended for their efforts; and

State and local governments.
Transportation.

(2) State and local governments should be encouraged to enact tax and other incentives designed to increase the number of food producers who permit gleaning of their fields and the number of shippers who donate, or charge reduced rates for, transportation of gleaned produce.

ISSUANCE OF RULES

7 USC 2011 note

SEC. 1583. Not later than April 1, 1987, the Secretary shall issue rules to carry out the amendments made by this title.

99 STAT. 1596

NUTRITION EDUCATION FINDINGS

7 USC 3175a.
7 USC 2011 note.

SEC. 1584. Congress finds that individuals in households eligible to participate in programs under the Food Stamp Act of 1977 and other low-income individuals, including those residing in rural areas, should have greater access to nutrition and consumer education to enable them to use their food budgets, including food assistance, effectively and to select and prepare foods that satisfy their nutritional needs and improve their diets.

PURPOSE

7 USC 3175b.
Supra. Infra.
Post, p. 1597.

SEC. 1585. The purpose of the program provided for under sections 1584 through 1588 is to expand effective food, nutrition, and consumer education services to the greatest practicable number of low-income individuals, including those participating in or eligible to participate in the programs under the Food Stamp Act of 1977, to assist them to—

(1) increase their ability to manage their food budgets, including food stamps and other food assistance;

(2) increase their ability to buy food that satisfies nutritional needs and promotes good health; and

(3) improve their food preparation, storage, safety, preservation, and sanitation practices.

PROGRAM

7 USC 3175c.

Supra.

SEC. 1586. The cooperative extension services of the States shall, with funds made available under this subtitle, carry out an expanded program of food, nutrition, and consumer education for low-income individuals in a manner designed to achieve the purpose set forth in section 1585. In operating the program, the cooperative extension services may use the expanded food and nutrition education program, and other food, nutrition, and consumer education activities of the cooperative extension services or similar activities carried out by them in collaboration with other public or private nonprofit agencies or organizations. In carrying out their responsibilities under the program, the cooperative extension services are encouraged to—

(1) provide effective and meaningful food, nutrition, and consumer education services to as many low-income individuals as possible;

(2) employ educational methodologies, including innovative approaches, that accomplish the purpose set forth in section 1585; and

(3) to the extent practicable, coordinate activities carried out under the program with the delivery to low-income individuals of benefits under food assistance programs.

ADMINISTRATION

7 USC 3175d.
Supra.

SEC. 1587. (a) The program provided for under section 1586 shall be administered by the Secretary of Agriculture through the Extension Service, in consultation with the Food and Nutrition Service and the Human Nutrition Information Service. The Secretary shall ensure that the Extension Service coordinates activities carried out under this subtitle with the ongoing food, nutrition, and consumer education activities of other agencies of the Department of Agriculture.

(b) The Secretary of Agriculture, not later than April 1, 1989, shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report evaluating the effectiveness of the program provided for under section 1586.

Report.

Ante, p. 1596.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

7 USC 3175e.

Ante, p. 1596.

SEC. 1588. (a) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated to carry out sections 1584 through 1588 $5,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986; $6,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987; and $8,000,000 for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1988, September 30, 1989, and September 30, 1990.

(b) Any funds appropriated under this section for a fiscal year shall be allocated in the manner specified in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of section 1425(c)(2) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977.

7 USC 3175.

(c) Any funds appropriated to carry out sections 1584 through 1588 shall supplement any other funds appropriated to the Department of Agriculture for use by the Department and the cooperative extension services of the States for food, nutrition, and consumer education for low-income households.

NUTRITION MONITORING

7 USC 3178a.

SEC. 1589. The Secretary of Agriculture shall—

(1) in conducting the Department of Agriculture's continuing survey of food intakes of individuals and any nationwide food consumption survey, include a sample that is representative of low-income individuals and, to the extent practicable, the collection of information on food purchases and other household expenditures by such individuals;

(2) to the extent practicable, continue to maintain the nutrient data base established by the Department of Agriculture; and

(3) encourage research by public and private entities relating to effective standards, methodologies, and technologies for accurate assessment of the nutritional and dietary status of individuals.

Research and development.

TITLE XVI—MARKETING

Research and development.

Subtitle A—Beef Promotion and Research Act of 1985

AMENDMENT TO BEEF RESEARCH AND INFORMATION ACT

Beef Promotion and Research Act of 1985.

SEC. 1601. (a) This section may be cited as the "Beef Promotion and Research Act of 1985".

(b) Sections 2 through 20 of the Beef Research and Information Act (7 U.S.C. 2901-2918) are amended to read as follows:

7 USC 2901 note.

"CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF POLICY

7 USC 2901.

"SEC. 2. (a) Congress finds that—

"(1) beef and beef products are basic foods that are a valuable part of human diet;

99 STAT. 1598

"(2) the production of beef and beef products plays a significant role in the Nation's economy, beef and beef products are produced by thousands of beef producers and processed by numerous processing entities, and beef and beef products are consumed by millions of people throughout the United States and foreign countries;

"(3) beef and beef products should be readily available and marketed efficiently to ensure that the people of the United States receive adequate nourishment;

"(4) the maintenance and expansion of existing markets for beef and beef products are vital to the welfare of beef producers and those concerned with marketing, using, and producing beef products, as well as to the general economy of the Nation;

"(5) there exist established State and national organizations conducting beef promotion, research, and consumer education programs that are invaluable to the efforts of promoting the consumption of beef and beef products; and

"(6) beef and beef products move in interstate and foreign commerce, and beef and beef products that do not move in such channels of commerce directly burden or affect interstate commerce of beef and beef products.

Prohibition.

"(b) It, therefore, is declared to be the policy of Congress that it is in the public interest to authorize the establishment, through the exercise of the powers provided herein, of an orderly procedure for financing (through assessments on all cattle sold in the United States and on cattle, beef, and beef products imported into the United States) and carrying out a coordinated program of promotion and research designed to strengthen the beef industry's position in the marketplace and to maintain and expand domestic and foreign markets and uses for beef and beef products. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit the right of individual producers to raise cattle.

"DEFINITIONS

7 USC 2902.

"Sec. 3. For purposes of this Act—

"(1) the term 'beef' means flesh of cattle;

"(2) the term 'beef products' means edible products produced in whole or in part from beef, exclusive of milk and products made therefrom;

Post, p. 1599.

"(3) the term 'Board' means the Cattlemen's Beef Promotion and Research Board established under section 5(1);

"(4) the term 'cattle' means live domesticated bovine animals regardless of age;

"(5) the term 'Committee' means the Beef Promotion Operating Committee established under section 5(4);

"(6) the term 'consumer information' means nutritional data and other information that will assist consumers and other persons in making evaluations and decisions regarding the purchasing, preparing, and use of beef and beef products;

"(7) the term 'Department' means the Department of Agriculture.

"(8) the term 'importer' means any person who imports cattle, beef, or beef products from outside the United States;

"(9) the term 'industry information' means information and programs that will lead to the development of new markets, marketing strategies, increased efficiency, and activities to enhance the image of the cattle industry;

99 STAT. 1599

Infra.

"(10) The term 'order' means a beef promotion and research order issued under section 4.

"(11) the term 'person' means any individual, group of individuals, partnership, corporation, association, cooperative, or any other entity;

"(12) the term 'producer' means any person who owns or acquires ownership of cattle, except that a person shall not be considered to be a producer if the person's only share in the proceeds of a sale of cattle or beef is a sales commission, handling fee, or other service fee;

"(13) the term 'promotion' means any action, including paid advertising, to advance the image and desirability of beef and beef products with the express intent of improving the competitive position and stimulating sales of beef and beef products in the marketplace;

"(14) the term 'qualified State beef council' means a beef promotion entity that is authorized by State statute or is organized and operating within a State, that receives voluntary contributions and conducts beef promotion, research, and consumer information programs, and that is recognized by the Board as the beef promotion entity within such State;

"(15) the term 'research' means studies testing the effectiveness of market development and promotion efforts, studies relating to the nutritional value of beef and beef products, other related food science research, and new product development;

"(16) the term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Agriculture;

"(17) The term 'State' means each of the 50 States; and

"(18) the term 'United States' means the several States and the District of Columbia.

"ISSUANCE OF ORDERS

7 USC 2903.

"SEC. 4. (a) During the period beginning on the effective date of this section and ending thirty days after receipt of a proposal for a beef promotion and research order, the Secretary shall publish such proposed order and give due notice and opportunity for public comment on such proposed order. Such proposal may be submitted by any organization meeting the requirements for certification under section 6 or any interested person, including the Secretary. *Post*, p. 1603.

"(b) After notice and opportunity for public comment are given, as provided for in subsection (a), the Secretary shall issue a beef promotion and research order. The order shall become effective not later than one hundred and twenty days following publication of the proposed order. Effective date.

"REQUIRED TERMS IN ORDERS

7 USC 2904.
Supra.

"SEC. 5. An order issued under section 4(b) shall contain the following terms and conditions:

"(1) The order shall provide for the establishment and selection of a Cattlemen's Beef Promotion and Research Board. Members of the Board shall be cattle producers and importers appointed by the Secretary from (A) nominations submitted by eligible State organizations certified under section 6 (or, if the Secretary determines that there is no eligible State organization in a State, the Secretary may provide for nominations from such State to be made in a different manner), and (B) nominations submitted by importers under such procedures as the

99 STAT. 1600

Secretary determines appropriate. In determining geographic representation for cattle producers on the Board, whole States shall be considered as a unit. Each State that has a total cattle inventory greater than five hundred thousand head shall be entitled to at least one representative on the Board. A State that has a total inventory of fewer than 500,000 cattle shall be grouped, as far as practicable, with other States each of which has a combined total inventory of not less than 500,000 cattle, into geographically contiguous units in a manner prescribed in the order. A unit may be represented on the Board by more than one member. For each additional million head of cattle within a unit, such unit shall be entitled to an additional member on the Board. The Board may recommend a change in the level of inventory per unit necessary for representation on the Board and, on such recommendation, the Secretary may change the level necessary for representation on the Board. The number of members on the Board that represent importers shall be determined by the Secretary on a proportional basis, by converting the volume of imported beef and beef products into live animal equivalencies.

"(2) The order shall define the powers and duties of the Board, which shall be exercised at an annual meeting, and shall include only the following powers:

"(A) To administer the order in accordance with its terms and provisions.

"(B) To make rules and regulations to effectuate the terms and provisions of the order. Regulations.

"(C) To elect members of the Board to serve on the Committee.

"(D) To approve or disapprove budgets submitted by the Committee.

"(E) To receive, investigate, and report to the Secretary complaints of violations of the order.

"(F) To recommend to the Secretary amendments to the order.

In addition, the order shall determine the circumstances under which special meetings of the Board may be held.

"(3) The order shall provide that the term of appointment to the Board shall be three years with no member serving more than two consecutive terms, except that initial appointments shall be proportionately for one-year, two-year, and three-year terms; and that Board members shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses incurred in performing their duties as members of the Board.

"(4)(A) The order shall provide that the Board shall elect from its membership ten members to serve on the Beef Promotion Operating Committee, which shall be composed of ten members of the Board and ten producers elected by a federation that includes as members the qualified State beef councils. The producers elected by the federation shall be certified by the Secretary as producers that are directors of a qualified State beef council. The Secretary also shall certify that such directors are duly elected by the federation as representatives to the Committee.

"(B) The Committee shall develop plans or projects of promotion and advertising, research, consumer information, and industry information, which shall be paid for with assessments collected by the Board. In developing plans or projects, the Committee shall—

99 STAT. 1601

"(i) to the extent practicable, take into account similarities and differences between certain beef, beef products, and veal; and

"(ii) ensure that segments of the beef industry that enjoy a unique consumer identity receive equitable and fair treatment under this Act.

"(C) The Committee shall be responsible for developing and submitting to the Board, for its approval, budgets on a fiscal year basis of its anticipated expenses and disbursements, including probable costs of advertising and promotion, research, consumer information, and industry information projects. The Board shall approve or disapprove such budgets and, if approved, shall submit such budget to the Secretary for the Secretary's approval.

Prohibition.

"(D) The total costs of collection of assessments and administrative staff incurred by the Board during any fiscal year shall not exceed 5 per centum of the projected total assessments to be collected by the Board for such fiscal year. The Board shall use, to the extent possible, the resources, staffs, and facilities of existing organizations.

Prohibition.

"(5) The order shall provide that terms of appointment to the Committee shall be one year, and that no person may serve on the Committee for more than six consecutive terms. Committee members shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses incurred in performing their duties as members of the Committee. The Committee may utilize the resources, staffs, and facilities of the Board and industry organizations. An employee of an industry organization may not receive compensation for work performed for the Committee, but shall be reimbursed from assessments collected by the Board for reasonable expenses incurred in performing such work.

"(6) The order shall provide that, to ensure coordination and efficient use of funds, the Committee shall enter into contracts or agreements for implementing and carrying out the activities authorized by this Act with established national nonprofit industry-governed organizations, including the federation referred to in paragraph (4), to implement programs of promotion, research, consumer information, and industry information. Any such contract or agreement shall provide that—

"(A) the person entering the contract or agreement shall develop and submit to the Committee a plan or project together with a budget or budgets that shows estimated costs to be incurred for the plan or project; Contracts.

"(B) the plan or project shall become effective on the approval of the Secretary; and

"(C) the person entering the contract or agreement shall keep accurate records of all of its transactions, account for funds received and expended, and make periodic reports to the Committee of activities conducted, and such other reports as the Secretary, the Board, or the Committee may require. Contracts.

"(7) The order shall require the Board and the Committee to— Records.

99 STAT. 1602

"(A) maintain such books and records, which shall be available to the Secretary for inspection and audit, as the Secretary may prescribe;

"(B) prepare and submit to the Secretary, from time to time, such reports as the Secretary may prescribe; and Reports.

"(C) account for the receipt and disbursement of all funds entrusted to them.

"(8)(A) The order shall provide that each person making payment to a producer for cattle purchased from the producer shall, in the manner prescribed by the order, collect an assessment and remit the assessment to the Board. The Board shall use qualified State beef councils to collect such assessments.

"(B) If an appropriate qualified State beef council does not exist to collect an assessment in accordance with paragraph (1), such assessment shall be collected by the Board.

"(C) The order also shall provide that each importer of cattle, beef, or beef products shall pay an assessment, in the manner prescribed by the order, to the Board. The assessments shall be used for payment of the costs of plans and projects, as provided for in paragraph (4), and expenses in administering the order, including more administrative costs incurred by the Secretary after the order has been promulgated under this Act, and to establish a reasonable reserve. The rate of assessment prescribed by the order shall be one dollar per head of cattle, or the equivalent thereof in the case of imported beef and beef products. A producer who can establish that the producer is participating in a program of an established qualified State beef council shall receive credit, in determining the assessment due from such producer, for contributions to such program of up to 50 cents per head of cattle or the equivalent thereof. There shall be only one qualified State beef council in each State. Any person marketing from beef from cattle of the person's own production shall remit the assessment to the Board in the manner prescribed by the order.

"(9) The order shall provide that the Board, with the approval of the Secretary, may invest, pending disbursement, funds collected through assessments only in obligations of the United States or any agency thereof, in general obligations of any State or any political subdivision thereof, in any interest-bearing account or certificate of deposit of a bank that is a member of the Federal Reserve System, or in obligations fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States.

"(10) The order shall prohibit any funds collected by the Board under the order from being used in any manner for the purpose of influencing governmental action or policy, with the exception of recommending amendments to the order.

"(11) The order shall require that each person making payment to a producer, any person marketing beef from cattle of the person's own production directly to consumers, and any importer of cattle, beef, or beef products maintain and make available for inspection such books and records as may be required by the order and file reports at the time, in the manner, and having the content prescribed by the order. Such information shall be made available to the Secretary as is appropriate to the administration or enforcement of this Act, the order, or any regulation issued under this Act. In addition, the Secretary shall authorize the use of information regarding persons paying producers that is accumulated under a law or regulation other than this Act or regulations under this Act.

Regulations.

99 STAT. 1603

Prohibitions.

"All information so obtained shall be kept confidential by all officers and employees of the Department, and only such information so obtained as the Secretary deems relevant may be disclosed by them and then only in a suit or administrative hearing brought at the request of the Secretary, or to which the Secretary or any officer of the United States is a party, and involving the order. Nothing in this paragraph may be deemed to prohibit—

"(A) the issuance of general statements, based on the reports, of the number of persons subject to the order or statistical data collected therefrom, which statements do not identify the information furnished by any person; or

"(B) the publication, by direction of the Secretary, of the name of any person violating the order, together with a statement of the particular provisions of the order violated by the person.

"No information obtained under the authority of this Act may be made available to any agency or officer of the United States for any purpose other than the implementation of this Act and any investigatory or enforcement act necessary for the implementation of this Act. Any person violating the provisions of this paragraph shall be subject to a fine of not more than $1,000, or to imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, and if an officer or employee of the Board or the Department, shall be removed from office.

"(12) The order shall contain terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, as necessary to effectuate the provisions of the order.

"CERTIFICATION OF ORGANIZATIONS TO NOMINATE

7 USC 2905.

Ante, p. 1599.

"SEC. 6. (a) The eligibility of any State organization to represent producers and to participate in the making of nominations under section 5(1) shall be certified by the Secretary. The Secretary shall certify any State organization that the Secretary determines meets the eligibility criteria established under subsection (b) and such determination as to eligibility shall be final.

"(b) A State cattle association or State general farm organization may be certified as described in subsection (a) if such association or organization meets all of the following eligibility criteria:

"(1) The association or organization's total paid membership is comprised of at least a majority of cattle producers or the association or organization's total paid membership represents at least a majority of the cattle producers in the State.

"(2) The association or organization represents a substantial number of producers that produce a substantial number of cattle in the State.

"(3) The association or organization has a history of stability and permanency.

"(4) A primary or overriding purpose of the association or organization is to promote the economic welfare of cattle producers.

"(c) Certification of State cattle associations and State general farm organizations shall be based on a factual report submitted by the association or organization involved.

Report.

99 STAT. 1604

"(d) If more than one State organization is certified in a State (or in a unit referred to in section 5(1)), such organizations may caucus to determine any of such State's (or such unit's) nominations under section 5(1).

Ante, p. 1599.

"REQUIREMENT OF REFERENDUM

"SEC. 7. (a) For the purpose of determining whether the initial order shall be continued, not later than 22 months after the issuance of the order (or any earlier date recommended by the Board), the Secretary shall conduct a referendum among persons who have been producers or importers during a representative period, as determined by the Secretary. The order shall be continued only if the Secretary determines that it has been approved by not less than a majority of the producers voting in the referendum who, during a representative period as determined by the Secretary, have been engaged in the production of cattle. If continuation of the order is not approved by a majority of those voting in the referendum, the Secretary shall terminate collection of assessments under the order within six months after the Secretary determines that continuation of the order is not favored by a majority voting in the referendum and shall terminate the order in an orderly manner as soon as practicable after such determination.

7 USC 2906.

"(b) After the initial referendum, the Secretary may conduct a referendum on the request of a representative group comprising 10 per centum or more of the number of cattle producers to determine whether cattle producers favor the termination or suspension of the order. The Secretary shall suspend or terminate collection of assessments under the order within six months after the Secretary determines that suspension or termination of the order is favored by a majority of the producers voting in the referendum who, during a representative period as determined by the Secretary, have been engaged in the production of cattle and shall terminate or suspend the order in an orderly manner as soon as practicable after such determination.

"(c) The Department shall be reimbursed from assessments collected by the Board for any expenses incurred by the Department in connection with conducting any referendum under this section, except for the salaries of Government employees. Any referendum conducted under this section shall be conducted on a date established by the Secretary, whereby producers shall certify that they were engaged in the production of cattle during the representative period and, on the same day, shall be provided an opportunity to vote in the referendum. Each referendum shall be conducted at county extension offices, and there shall be provision for an absentee mail ballot on request.

"REFUNDS

"SEC. 8. (a) During the period prior to the approval of the continuation of an order pursuant to the referendum required under section 7(a), subject to subsection (f), the Board shall—

7 USC 2907.

Supra.

"(1) establish an escrow account to be used for assessment refunds;

"(2) place funds in such account in accordance with subsection (b); and

"(3) refund assessments to persons in accordance with this section.

99 STAT. 1605

"(b) Subject to subsection (f), the Board shall place in such account, from assessments collected under section 7 during the period

Ante, p. 1604.

referred to in subsection (a), an amount equal to the product obtained by multiplying—

"(1) the total amount of assessments collected under section 7 during such period; by

"(2) the greater of—

"(A) the average rate of assessment refunds provided to producers under State beef promotion, research, and consumer information programs financed through producer assessments, as determined by the Board; or

"(B) 15 percent.

"(c) Subject to subsections (d), (e), and (f) and notwithstanding any other provision of this subtitle, any person shall have the right to demand and receive from the Board a one-time refund of all assessments collected under section 7 from such person during the period referred to in subsection (a) if such person—

"(1) is responsible for paying such assessment; and

"(2) does not support the program established under this Act.

Regulations.

"(d) Such demand shall be made in accordance with regulations, on a form, and within a time period prescribed by the Board.

"(e) Such refund shall be made on submission of proof satisfactory to the Board that the producer, person, or importer—

"(1) paid the assessment for which refund is sought; and

"(2) did not collect such assessment from another producer, person, or importer.

"(f)(1) If the amount in the escrow account required to be established by subsection (a) is not sufficient to refund the total amount of assessments demanded by all eligible persons under this section and the continuation of an order is approved pursuant to the referendum required under section 10(a), the Board shall—

Post, p. 1606.

Ante, p. 1599.

"(A) continue to place in such account, from assessments collected under section 5, the amount required under subsection (b), until such time as the Board is able to comply with subparagraph (B); and

"(B) provide to all eligible persons the total amount of assessments demanded by all eligible producers.

"(2) If the amount in the escrow account required to be established by subsection (a) is not sufficient to refund the total amount of assessments demanded by all eligible persons under this section and the continuation of an order is not approved pursuant to the referendum required under section 7(a), the Board shall prorate the amount of such refunds among all eligible persons who demand such refund.

"ENFORCEMENT

7 USC 2908.

"SEC. 9. (a) If the Secretary believes that the administration and enforcement of this Act or an order would be adequately served by such procedure, following an opportunity for an administrative hearing on the record, the Secretary may—

"(1) issue an order to restrain or prevent a person from violating an order; and

"(2) assess a civil penalty of not more than $5,000 for violation of such order.

Regulations.

"(b) The district courts of the United States are vested with jurisdiction specifically to enforce, and to prevent and restrain a 99 STAT. 1606 person from violating, an order or regulation made or issued under this Act.

"(c) A civil action authorized to be brought under this section shall be referred to the Attorney General for appropriate action.

"INVESTIGATIONS; POWER TO SUBPOENA AND TAKE OATHS AND AFFIRMATIONS; AID OF COURTS

Regulations.
7 USC 2909.

"SEC. 10. The Secretary may make such investigations as the Secretary deems necessary for the effective administration of this

Act or to determine whether any person subject to this Act has engaged or is about to engage in any act that constitutes or will constitute a violation of this Act, the order, or any rule or regulation issued under this Act. For the purpose of such investigation, the Secretary may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any records that are relevant to the inquiry. The attendance of witnesses and the production of records may be required from any place in the United States. In case of contumacy by, or refusal to obey a subpoena to, any person, the Secretary may invoke the aid of any court of the United States within the jurisdiction of which such investigation or proceeding is carried on, or where such person resides or carries on business, in requiring the attendance and testimony of the person and the production of records. The court may issue an order requiring such person to appear before the Secretary to produce records or to give testimony regarding the matter under investigation. Any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by such court as a contempt thereof. Process in any such case may be served in the judicial district in which such person is an inhabitant or wherever such person may be found.

"ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Prohibition.
7 USC 2910.

"SEC. 11. (a) Nothing in this Act may be construed to preempt or supersede any other program relating to beef promotion organized and operated under the laws of the United States or any State.

"(b) The provisions of this Act applicable to the order shall be applicable to amendments to the order.

"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

7 USC 2911.

"SEC. 12. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this Act. Sums appropriated to carry out this Act shall not be available for payment of the expenses or expenditures of the Board or the Committee in administering any provisions of the order issued under section 4(b) of this Act.".

Ante, p. 1599.

Effective date.
7 USC 2901 note.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall take effect on January 1, 1986.

Subtitle B—Pork Promotion, Research, and Consumer Information

Pork Promotion, Research and Consumer Information Act of 1985.
7 USC 4801 note.

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 1611. This subtitle may be cited as the "Pork Promotion, Research, and Consumer Information Act of 1985".

FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF PURPOSE

7 USC 4801.

SEC. 1612. (a) Congress finds that—

(1) pork and pork products are basic foods that are a valuable and healthy part of the human diet;

(2) the production of pork and pork products plays a significant role in the economy of the United States because pork and pork products are—

(A) produced by thousands of producers, including many small- and medium-sized producers; and

(B) consumed by millions of people throughout the United States on a daily basis;

(3) pork and pork products must be available readily and marketed efficiently to ensure that the people of the United States receive adequate nourishment;

(4) the maintenance and expansion of existing markets, and development of new markets, for pork and pork products are vital to—

(A) the welfare of pork producers and persons concerned with producing and marketing pork and pork products; and

(B) the general economy of the United States;

Commerce and trade.

(5) pork and pork products move in interstate and foreign commerce;

(6) pork and pork products that do not move in such channels of commerce directly burden or affect interstate commerce in pork and pork products; and

(7) in recent years, increasing quantities of low-cost, imported pork and pork products have been brought into the United States and replaced domestic pork and pork products in normal channels of trade.

(b)(1) It is the purpose of this subtitle to authorize the establishment of an orderly procedure for financing, through adequate assessments, and carrying out an effective and coordinated program of promotion, research, and consumer information designed to—

(A) strengthen the position of the pork industry in the marketplace; and

(B) maintain, develop, and expand markets for pork and pork products.

(2) Such procedure shall be implemented, and such program shall be conducted, at no cost to the Federal Government.

Prohibition.

(3) Nothing in this subtitle may be construed to—

(A) permit or require the imposition of quality standards for pork or pork products;

(B) provide for control of the production of pork or pork products; or

(C) otherwise limit the right of an individual pork producer to produce pork and pork products.

DEFINITIONS

7 USC 4802.

SEC. 1613. For purposes of this subtitle:

Post, p. 1612.

(1) The term "Board" means the National Pork Board established under section 1619.

(2) The term "consumer information" means an activity intended to broaden the understanding of sound nutritional attributes of pork or pork products, including the role of pork or pork products in a balanced, healthy diet.

99 STAT. 1608

Post, p. 1609.

(3) The term "Delegate Body" means the National Pork Producers Delegate Body established under section 1617.

(4) The term "imported" means entered, or withdrawn from a warehouse for consumption, in the customs territory of the United States.

Animals.

(5) The term "importer" means a person who imports porcine animals, pork, or pork products into the United States.

Post, p. 1609.

(6) The term "order" means a pork and pork products promotion, research, and consumer information order issued under section 1614.

(7) The term "person" means an individual, group of individuals, partnership, corporation, association, organization, cooperative, or other entity.

(8) The term "porcine animal" means a swine raised for—

(A) feeder pigs;

(B) seedstock; or

(C) slaughter.

(9) The term "pork" means the flesh of a porcine animal.

(10) The term "pork product" means a product produced or processed in whole or in part from pork.

(11) The term "producer" means a person who produces porcine animals in the United States for sale in commerce.

(12) The term "promotion" means an action, including paid advertising, taken to present a favorable image for porcine animals, pork, or pork products to the public with the intent of improving the competitive position and stimulating sales of porcine animals, pork, or pork products.

(13) The term "research" means—

(A) research designed to advance, expand, or improve the image, desirability, nutritional value, usage, marketability, production, or quality of porcine animals, pork, or pork products; or

(B) dissemination to a person of the results of such research.

(14) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture.

(15) The term "State" means each of the 50 States.

(16) The term "State association" means—

(A) the single organization of pork producers in a State that is—

(i) organized under the laws of the State in which such association operates; and

(ii) recognized by the chief executive officer of such State as representing the pork producers of such State; or

(B) if such organization does not exist on the effective date of this subtitle, an organization that represents not fewer than 50 pork producers who market annually, in the aggregate, not less than 10 percent of the volume (measured in pounds) of porcine animals marketed in such State.

(17) The term "to market" means to sell or to otherwise dispose of a porcine animal, pork, or pork product in commerce.

99 STAT. 1609

PORK AND PORK PRODUCT ORDERS

7 USC 4803.

SEC. 1614. (a) To carry out this subtitle, the Secretary shall, in accordance with this subtitle, issue and, from time to time, amend orders applicable to persons engaged in—

(1) the production and sale of porcine animals, pork, and pork products in the United States; and

(2) the importation of porcine animals, pork, or pork products into the United States.

Regulations.

(b) The Secretary may issue such regulations as are necessary to carry out this subtitle.

NOTICE AND HEARING

7 USC 4804.

SEC. 1615. During the period beginning on the effective date of this subtitle and ending 30 days after receipt of a proposal for an initial order submitted by any person affected by this subtitle, the Secretary shall—

(1) publish such proposed order; and

(2) give due notice of and opportunity for public comment on such proposed order.

FINDINGS AND ISSUANCE OF ORDERS

7 USC 4805.
Supra.

SEC. 1616. (a) After notice and opportunity for public comment have been provided in accordance with section 1615, the Secretary shall issue and publish an order if the Secretary finds, and sets forth in such order, that the issuance of such order and all terms and conditions thereof will assist in carrying out this subtitle.

Prohibition.

(b) Not more than one order may be in effect at a time.

(c) An order shall become effective on a date that is not more than 90 days following the publication of such order.

Infra, Post, pp. 1610–1614.
Ante, p. 1617.

(d) An order shall contain such terms and conditions as are required in sections 1617 through 1620 and, except as provided in section 1621, no others.

NATIONAL PORK PRODUCERS DELEGATE BODY

7 USC 4806.

SEC. 1617. (a) The order shall provide for the establishment and appointment by the Secretary, not later than 60 days after the effective date of such order, of a National Pork Producers Delegate Body.

(b)(1) The Delegate Body shall consist of—

(A) producers, as appointed by the Secretary in accordance with paragraph (2), from nominees submitted as follows:

(i) in the case of the initial Delegate Body appointed by each State in accordance with section 1618. *Post*, p. 1611.

(ii) in the case of each succeeding Delegate Body, each State association shall submit nominations selected by such association pursuant to a selection process that—

(I) is approved by the Secretary;

(II) requires public notice of the process to be given at least one week in advance by publication in a newspaper or newspaper of general circulation in such State and in pork production and agriculture trade publications; and

(III) that provides complete and equal access to the nominating process to every producer who has paid all assessments due under section 1620 and not demanded a refund under section 1624,

99 STAT. 1610

Post, p. 1614.
Post, p. 1619.

or pursuant to an election of nominees conducted in accordance with section 1618. *Post*, p. 1611.

(iii) In the case of a State that has a State association that does not submit nominations or that does not have a State association, such State shall submit nominations in a manner prescribed by the Secretary; and

(B) importers, as appointed by the Secretary in accordance with paragraph (3).

(2) The number of producer members appointed to the Delegate Body from each State shall equal at least two members, and additional members, allocated as follows:

(A) Shares shall be assigned to each State—

(i) for the 1986 calendar year, on the basis of one share for each $400,000 of farm market value of porcine animals marketed from such State (as determined by the Secretary based on the annual average of farm market value in the most recent 3 calendar years preceding such year), rounded to the nearest $400,000; and

(ii) for each calendar year thereafter, on the basis of one share for each $1,000 of the aggregate amount of assessments collected (minus refunds under section 1624) in such State from persons described in section 1620(a)(1) (A) and (B), rounded to the nearest $1,000.

(B) If during a calendar year the number of such shares of a State is—

(i) less than 301, the State shall receive a total of two producer members;

(ii) more than 300 but less than 601, the State shall receive a total of three producer members;

(iii) more than 600 but less than 1,001, the State shall receive a total of four producer members; and

(iv) more than 1,000, the State shall receive four producer members, plus one additional member for each 300 additional shares in excess of 1,000 shares, rounded to the nearest 300.

(3) The number of importer members appointed to the Delegate Body shall be determined as follows:

(A) Shares shall be assigned to importers—

Animals. (i) for the 1986 calendar year, on the basis of one share for each $575,000 of market value of marketed porcine animals, pork, or pork products (as determined by the Secretary based on the annual average of imports in the most recent 3 calendar years preceding such year), rounded to the nearest $575,000; and

(ii) for each calendar year thereafter, on the basis of one share for each $1,000 of the aggregate amount of assessments collected (minus refunds under section 1624) from importers, rounded to the nearest $1,000.

(B) The number of importer members appointed to the Delegate Body shall equal a total of—

(i) three members for the first 1,000 such shares; and

(ii) one additional member for each 300 additional shares in excess of 1,000 shares, rounded to the nearest 300.

(c)(1) A producer member of the Delegate Body may, in a vote conducted by the Delegate Body for which the member is present, cast a number of votes equal to—

(A) the number of shares attributable to the State of the member; divided by

(B) the number of producer members from such State.

(2) An importer member of the Delegate Body may, in a vote conducted by the Delegate Body for which the member is present, cast a number of votes equal to—

(A) the number of shares allocated to importers; divided by

(B) the number of importer members.

(3) Members entitled to cast a majority of the votes (including fractions thereof) on the Delegate Body shall constitute a quorum.

(4) A majority of the votes (including fractions thereof) cast at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be decisive of a motion or election presented to the Delegate Body for a vote.

(d) A member of the Delegate Body shall serve for a term of 1 year, except that the term of a member of the Delegate Body shall continue until the successor of such member, if any, is appointed in accordance with subsection (b)(1).

(e)(1) At the first annual meeting, the Delegate Body shall select a Chairman by a majority vote.

(2) At each annual meeting thereafter, the President of the Board shall serve as the Chairman of the Delegate Body.

(f) A member of the Delegate Body shall serve without compensation, but may be reimbursed by the Board from assessments collected under section 1620 for transportation expenses incurred in performing duties as a member of the Delegate Body. *Post*, p. 1614.

(g)(1) The Delegate Body shall—

(A) nominate—

(i) not less than 23 persons for appointment to the Board, for the first year for which nominations are made; and

(ii) not less than 1½ persons (rounded up to the nearest person) for each vacancy in the Board that requires nominations thereafter; and

(B) submit such nominations to the Secretary.

(2) The Delegate Body shall meet annually to make such nominations.

(3) A majority of the Delegate Body shall vote in person in order to nominate members to the Board.

(h) The Delegate Body shall—

(1) recommend the rate of assessment prescribed by the initial order and any increase in such rate pursuant to section 1620(5); and

(2) determine the percentage of the aggregate amount of assessments collected in a State that each State association shall receive under section 1620(c)(1).

SELECTION OF DELEGATE BODY

SEC. 1618. (a)(1) Not later than 30 days after the effective date of the order, the Secretary shall call for the nomination within each State of candidates for appointment as producer members of the initial Delegate Body. 7 USC 4807.

(2) Each State association may nominate producers who are residents of such State to serve as such candidates.

99 STAT. 1612

(3)(A) Additional producers who are residents of a State may be nominated as candidates of such State by written petition signed by 100 producers or 5 percent of the pork producers in such State, whichever is less. The Secretary shall establish and publicize the procedures governing the time and place for filing petitions.

(b)(1) After the Secretary has received the nominations required under subsection (a) and not later than 45 days after the effective date of the order, the Secretary shall call for an election within each State of persons for appointment as producer members of the initial Delegate Body.

(2) To be eligible to vote in an election held in a State, a person must be a producer who is a resident of such State.

(3)(A) Notice of each such election shall be given by the Secretary—

(i) by publication in a newspaper or newspapers of general circulation in each State, and in pork production and agriculture trade publications, at least 1 week prior to the election; and

(ii) in any other reasonable manner determined by the Secretary.

(B) The notice shall set forth the period of time and places for voting and such other information as the Secretary considers necessary.

Ante, p. 1609.

(4) Each State shall nominate to the Delegate Body the number of producer members required under section 1617(b)(2)(B).

(5) The producers who receive the highest number of votes in each State shall be nominated for appointment as members of the Delegate Body from such State.

(c)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (3), after the election of the producer members of the initial Delegate Body, the Board shall administer all subsequent nominations and elections of the producer members to be nominated for appointment as members of the Delegate Body, with the assistance of the Secretary and in accordance with subsections (a)(3) and (b).

(2) The Board shall determine the timing of an election referred to in paragraph (1).

(3) To be eligible to vote in such an election in a State, a person must—

(A) be a producer who is a resident of such State;

Post, p. 1614.

(B) have paid all assessments due under section 1620; and

Post, p. 1619.

(C) not demanded a refund of an assessment under section 1624.

(d)(1) Prior to the expiration of the term of any producer member of the Delegate Body, the Board shall appoint a nominating committee of producers who are residents of the State represented by such member.

(2) Such committee shall nominate producers of such State as candidates to fill the position for which an election is to be held.

(3) Additional producers who are residents of a State may be nominated to fill such positions in accordance with subsection (a)(3).

NATIONAL PORK BOARD

7 USC 4808.

99 STAT. 1613

SEC. 1619. (a)(1) The order shall provide for the establishment and appointment by the Secretary of a 15-member National Pork Board.

Ante, p. 1609.

(2) The Board shall consist of producers representing at least 12 States and importers appointed by the Secretary from nominations submitted under section 1617(g).

(2) The Board shall consist of producers or importers appointed by the Secretary from nominations submitted under section 1617(g).

(3) A member of the Board shall serve for a 3-year term, with no such member serving more than two consecutive 3-year terms, except that initial appointments to the Board shall be staggered

with an equal number of members appointed, to the maximum extent possible, to 1-year, 2-year, and 3-year terms, except that the term of a member of the Board shall continue until the successor of such member, if any, is appointed in accordance with paragraph (2).

(4) The Board shall select its President by a majority vote.

(5)(A) A majority of the members of the Board shall constitute a quorum at a meeting of the Board.

(B) A majority of votes cast at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall determine a motion or election.

(6) A member of the Board shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed by the Board from assessments collected under section 1620 for reasonable expenses incurred in performing duties as a member of the Board.

Post, p. 1614.

(b)(1) The Board shall—

(A) develop, at the initiative of the Board or other person, proposals for promotion, research, and consumer information plans and projects;

(B) submit such plans and projects to the Secretary for approval;

(C) administer the order, in accordance with the order and this subtitle;

(D) prescribe such rules as are necessary to carry out such order;

(E) receive, investigate, and report to the Secretary complaints of violations of such order;

(F) make recommendations to the Secretary with respect to amendments to such order; and

(G) employ a staff and conduct routine business.

(2) The Board shall prepare and submit to the Secretary, for the approval of the Secretary, a budget for each fiscal year of anticipated expenses and disbursements of the Board in the administration of the order, including the projected cost of—

Contracts.

(A) any promotion, research or consumer information plan or project to be conducted by the Board directly or by way of contract or agreement; and

(B) the budgets, plans, or projects for which State associations are to receive funds pursuant to section 1620(c)(1).

Prohibition.

(3) No plan, project, or budget referred to in paragraph (1) or (2) may become effective unless approved by the Secretary.

Contracts.

(4)(A) The Board, with the approval of the Secretary, may enter into contracts or agreements with a person for—

(i) the development and conduct of activities authorized under an order; and

(ii) the payment of the cost thereof with funds collected through assessments under such order.

(B) Such contract or agreement shall require that—

(i) the contracting party develop and submit to the Board a plan or project, together with a budget or budgets that include the estimated cost to be incurred under such plan or project;

99 STAT. 1614

(ii) such plan or project become effective on the approval of the Secretary; and

(iii) the contracting party—

(I) keep accurate records of all relevant transactions of the party;

(II) make periodic reports to the Board of—

(aa) relevant activities the party has conducted; and

(bb) an accounting for funds received and expended under such contract; and

(III) make such other reports as the Secretary or Board may require.

ASSESSMENTS

7 USC 4809.
Ante, p. 1609.

SEC. 1620. (a)(1) The order shall provide that, not later than 30 days after the effective date of the order under section 1616(c) an assessment shall be paid, in the manner prescribed in the order.

Upon the appointment of the Board, the assessments held in escrow shall be distributed to the Board. Except as provided in paragraph (3), assessments shall be payable by—

Animals.

(A) each producer for each porcine animal described in subparagraph (A) or (C) of section 1613(8) produced in the United States that is sold or slaughtered for sale;

Ante, p. 1607.

(B) each producer for each porcine animal described in subsection 1613(8)(B) that is sold; and

(C) each importer for each porcine animal, pork, or pork product that is imported into the United States.

(2) Such assessment shall be collected and remitted to the Board once it is appointed pursuant to section 1619, but, until that time, to the Secretary, who shall promptly proceed to distribute the funds received by him in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c), except that the Secretary shall retain the funds to be received by the Board until such time as the Board is appointed pursuant to section 1619, by—

Ante, p. 1612.

(A) in the case of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1), the purchaser of the porcine animal referred to in such subparagraph;

(B) in the case of subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1), the producer of the porcine animal referred to in such subparagraph; and

(C) in the case of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1), the importer referred to in such subparagraph.

Animals.

(3) A person is not required to pay an assessment for a porcine animal, pork, or pork product under paragraph (1) if such person proves to the Board that an assessment was paid previously under such paragraph by a person for such porcine animal (of the same category described in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of section 1613(8)), pork, or pork product.

(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the rate of assessment prescribed by the initial order shall be the lesser of—

(A) 0.25 percent of the market value of the porcine animal, pork, or pork product sold or imported; or

(B) an amount established by the Secretary based on a recommendation of the Delegate Body.

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (3), the rate of assessment in the initial order may be increased by not more than 0.1 percent per year on recommendation of the Delegate Body.

99 STAT. 1615

(3) The rate of assessment may not exceed 0.50 percent of such market value unless—

(A) after the initial referendum required under section 1622(a), the Delegate Body recommends an increase in such rate above 0.50 percent; and

Post, p. 1618.

(B) such increase is approved in a referendum conducted under section 1622(b).

Animals.

(4)(A) Pork or pork products imported into the United States shall be assessed based on the equivalent value of the live porcine animal from which such pork or pork products were produced, as determined by the Secretary.

(B) The Secretary may waive the collection of assessments on a type of such imported pork or pork products if the Secretary determines that such collection is not practicable.

(c) Funds collected by the Board from assessments collected under this section shall be distributed and used in the following manner:

Animals.

(1)(A) Each State association, shall receive an amount of funds equal to the product obtained by multiplying—

(i) the aggregate amount of assessments attributable to porcine animals produced in such State by persons described in subsection (a)(1) (A) and (B) minus that State's share of refunds determined pursuant to paragraph (4) by such persons pursuant to section 1624; and

Post, p. 1619.

(ii) a percentage applicable to such State association determined by the Delegate Body, but in no event less than sixteen and one-half percent, or

(B) in the case of a State association that was conducting a pork promotion program in the period from July 1, 1984, to June 30, 1985, if greater than (A) an amount of funds equal to the amount of funds that would have been collected in such State pursuant to the pork promotion program in existence in such State from July 1, 1984; to June 30, 1985, had the porcine animals, subject to assessment and to which no refund was received in such State in each year following the enactment of this Act, been produced from July 1, 1984, to June 30, 1985, and been subject to the rates of assessments then in effect and the rate of return then in effect from each State to the Council described in paragraph (2)(A), and other national entities involved in pork promotion, research and consumer information.

(C) A State association shall use such funds and any proceeds from the investment of such funds for financing—

(i) promotion, research, and consumer information plans and projects, and

(ii) administrative expenses incurred in connection with such plans and projects.

(2)(A) The National Pork Producers Council, a nonprofit corporation of the type described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 and incorporated in the State of Iowa, shall receive an amount of funds equal to— Iowa. 26 USC 501.

(i) 37½ percent of the aggregate amount of assessments collected under this section throughout the United States from the date assessment commences pursuant to subsection (a)(1) until the first day of the month following the month in which the Board is appointed pursuant to section 1619. *Ante*, p. 1612.

(ii) 35 percent thereafter until the referendum is conducted pursuant to section 1622, *Post*, p. 1618.

(iii) 25 percent until twelve months after the referendum is conducted, and

(iv) no funds thereafter except in so far as it obtains such funds from the Board pursuant to sections 1619 or 1620, each of which amounts determined under (i), (ii), and (iii) shall be less the Council's share of refunds determined pursuant to paragraph (4). *Ante*, p. 1612, 1614.

(B) The Council shall use such funds and proceeds from the investment of such funds for financing—

(i) promotion, research, and consumer information plans and projects, and

(ii) administrative expenses of the Council.

(3)(A) The Board shall receive the amount of funds that remain after the distribution required under paragraphs (1) and (2).

(B) The Board shall use such funds and any proceeds from the investment of such funds pursuant to subsection (g) for—

(i) financing promotion, research, and consumer information plans and projects in accordance with this title;

(ii) such expenses for the administration, maintenance, and functioning of the Board as may be authorized by the Secretary;

(iii) accumulation of a reasonable reserve to permit an effective promotion, research, and consumer information program to continue in years when the amount of assessments may be reduced; and

(iv) administrative costs incurred by the Secretary to carry out this title, including any expenses incurred for the conduct of a referendum under this title.

(4)(A) Each State's share of refunds shall be determined by multiplying the aggregate amount of refunds received by producers in such State by the percentage applicable to such State pursuant to paragraph (1)(A)(ii).

(B) The National Pork Producers Council's share of refunds shall be determined by multiplying its applicable percent of the aggregate amount of assessments by the product of—

(i) subtracting from the aggregate amount of refunds received by all producers the aggregate amount of State share or refunds in every State determined pursuant to subparagraph (A), and

(ii) adding to that sum the aggregate amount of refunds received by importers.

Prohibition.

(d) No promotion funded with assessments collected under this subtitle may make—

(1) a false or misleading claim on behalf of pork or a pork product; or

(2) a false or misleading statement with respect to an attribute or use of a competing product.

Prohibition.

26 USC 4911.

(e) No funds collected through assessments authorized by this section may, in any manner, be used for the purpose of influencing legislation, as defined in section 4911 (d) and (e)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

(f) The Board shall—

Reports.

99 STAT. 1617

(1) maintain such books and records, and prepare and submit to the Secretary such reports from time to time, as may be required by the Secretary for appropriate accounting of the receipt and disbursement of funds entrusted to the Board or a State association, as the case may be; and

Report.

(2) cause a complete audit report to be submitted to the Secretary at the end of each fiscal year.

(g) The Board, with the approval of the Secretary, may invest funds collected through assessments authorized under this section, pending disbursement for a plan or project, only in—

(1) an obligation of the United States, or of a State or political subdivision thereof;

(2) an interest-bearing account or certificate of deposit of a bank that is a member of the Federal Reserve System; or

(3) an obligation fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States.

PERMISSIVE PROVISIONS

7 USC 4810.

SEC. 1621. (a) On the recommendation of the Board, and with the approval of the Secretary, an order may contain one or more of the following provisions:

Animals.

(1) Each person purchasing a porcine animal from a producer for commercial use, and each importer, shall—

Records.

(A) maintain and make available for inspection such books and records as may be required by the order; and

Reports.

Animals.

(B) file reports at the time, in the manner, and having the content prescribed by the order,

including documentation of the State of origin of a purchased porcine animal or the place of origin of an imported porcine animal, pork, or pork product.

(2) A term or condition—

(A) incidental to, and not inconsistent with, the terms and conditions specified in this subtitle; and

(B) necessary to effectuate the other provisions of such order.

(b)(1) Information referred to in subsection (a)(1) shall be made available to the Secretary and the Board as is appropriate or necessary for the effectuation, administration, or enforcement of this subtitle or an order.

(2)(A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), information obtained under subsection (a)(1) shall be kept confidential by officers or employees of the Department of Agriculture or the Board.

(B) Such information may be disclosed only—

(i) in a suit or administrative hearing involving the order with respect to which the information was furnished or acquired—

(I) brought at the direction or on the request of the Secretary; or

(II) to which the Secretary or an officer of the United States is a party; and

(ii) if the Secretary considers such information to be relevant to such suit or hearing.

(C) Nothing in this section prohibits—

(i) the issuance of a general statement based on the reports of a number of persons subject to an order, or statistical data collected therefrom, if such statement or data does not identify the information furnished by any person; or

(ii) the publication, by direction of the Secretary, of the name of a person violating an order, together with a statement of the particular provisions of the order violated by such person.

(c) A person who willfully violates subsection (a)(1) or (b) shall, on conviction, be—

(1) subject to a fine of not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than 1 year, or both; and

(2) if such person is an employee of the Department of Agriculture or the Board, removed from office.

REFERENDUM

SEC. 1622. (a) For the purpose of determining whether an order then effect shall be continued during the period beginning not earlier than 24 months after the issuance of the order and ending not later than 30 months after the issuance of the order, the Secretary shall conduct a referendum among persons who have been pork producers and importers during a representative period, as determined by the Secretary. 7 USC 4811.

(b)(1) Such order shall be continued only if the Secretary determines that such order has been approved by not less than a majority of the producers and importers voting in the referendum.

(2) If the continuation of such order is not approved by a majority of the producers and importers voting in the referendum, the Secretary shall terminate—

(A) collection of assessments under the order not later than 6 months after the date of such determination; and

(B) the order in an orderly manner as soon as practicable after the date of such determination.

(c) The Secretary shall be reimbursed from assessments collected by the Board for any expenses incurred in connection with a referendum conducted under this section or section 1623. *Infra.*

(d) A referendum shall be conducted in such manner as prescribed by the Secretary.

(e) A referendum to amend the initial order shall be conducted pursuant to this section.

SUSPENSION AND TERMINATION OF ORDERS

SEC. 1623. (a) If after the initial referendum provided for in section 1622(a) the Secretary determines that an order, or a provision of the order, obstructs or does not tend to effectuate the declared policy of this subtitle, the Secretary shall terminate or suspend the operation of such order or provision. 7 USC 4812. *Supra.*

(b)(1)(A) Except as provided in paragraph (2), after the initial referendum provided for in section 1622(a), on the request of a number of persons equal to at least 15 percent of persons who have been producers and importers during a representative period, as determined by the Secretary, the Secretary shall conduct a referendum to determine whether the producers and importers favor the termination or suspension of the order.

(B) The Secretary shall—

(i) suspend or terminate collection of assessments under the order not later than 6 months after the date the Secretary determines that suspension or termination of the order is favored by a majority of the producers and importers voting in the referendum; and

(ii) terminate the order in an orderly manner as soon as practicable after the date of such determination.

Prohibition. *Ante*, p. 1618.

(2) Except with respect to a referendum required to be conducted under section 1622, the Secretary shall not be required by paragraph (1) to conduct more than one referendum under this subtitle in a 2-year period.

Prohibition.

(c) The termination or suspension of an order, or a provision of an order, shall not be considered an order within the meaning of this subtitle.

REFUNDS

7 USC 4813.

SEC. 1624. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subtitle, prior to the approval of the continuation of an order pursuant to the referendum required under section 1622(a), any person shall have the right to demand and receive from the Board a refund of an assessment collected under section 1620 if such person—

Ante, p. 1614.

(1) is responsible for paying such assessment; and

(2) does not support the program established under this subtitle.

(b) Such demand shall be made in accordance with regulations, on a form, and within a time period prescribed by the Board and approved by the Secretary, but not later than 30 days after the end of the month in which the assessment was paid.

(c) Such refund shall be made not later than 30 days after demand is received therefore on submission of proof satisfactory to the Board that the producer, person, or importer—

(1) paid the assessment for which refund is sought; and

(2) did not collect such assessment from another producer, person, or importer.

PETITION AND REVIEW

7 USC 4814.

SEC. 1625. (a)(1) A person subject to an order may file with the Secretary a petition—

(A) stating that such order, a provision of such order, or an obligation imposed in connection with such order is not in accordance with law; and

(B) requesting a modification of such order or an exemption from such order.

Regulations.

(2) Such person shall be given an opportunity for a hearing on the petition, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary.

(3) After such hearing, the Secretary shall make a determination granting or denying such petition.

(b)(1) A district court of the United States in the district in which such person resides or does business shall have jurisdiction to review such determination if a complaint for such purpose is filed not later than 20 days after the date such person receives notice of such determination.

(2) Service of process in such proceeding may be made on the Secretary by delivering a copy of the complaint to the Secretary.

(3) If a court determines that such determination is not in accordance with law, the court shall remand such proceedings to the Secretary with directions to—

(A) make such ruling as the court shall determine to be in accordance with law; or

(B) take such further proceedings as, in the opinion of the court, the law requires.

ENFORCEMENT

Regulation. 7 USC 4815.

SEC. 1626. (a)(1) A district court of the United States shall have jurisdiction specifically to enforce, and to prevent and restrain a person from violating an order, rule, or regulation issued under this subtitle.

(2) A civil action authorized to be brought under this subsection shall be referred to the Attorney General for appropriate action, except that the Secretary is not required to refer to the Attorney General a violation of this subtitle if the Secretary believes that the administration and enforcement of this subtitle would be adequately served by providing a suitable written notice or warning to a person who committed such violation or by administrative action under subsection (b).

Regulation.

(b)(1)(A) A person who willfully violates an order, rule, or regulation issued by the Secretary under this subtitle may be assessed—

(i) a civil penalty by the Secretary of not more than $1,000 for each such violation; and

(ii) in the case of a willful failure to pay, collect, or remit an assessment as required by an order, an additional penalty equal to the amount of such assessment.

(B) Each such violation shall be a separate offense.

Regulation.

(C) In addition to or in lieu of such civil penalty, the Secretary may issue an order requiring such person to cease and desist from violating such order, rule, or regulation.

Prohibition.

(D) No penalty may be assessed or cease-and-desist order issued unless the Secretary gives such person notice and opportunity for a hearing on the record with respect to such violation.

(E) An order issued under this paragraph by the Secretary shall be final and conclusive unless such person files an appeal from such order with the appropriate United States court of appeals not later than 30 days after such person receives notice of such order.

(2)(A) A person against whom an order is issued under paragraph (1) may obtain review of such order in the court of appeals of the United States for the circuit in which such person resides or does business, or in the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, by—

(i) filing a notice of appeal in such court not later than 30 days after the date of such order; and

(ii) simultaneously sending a copy of such notice by certified mail to the Secretary.

(B) The Secretary shall file promptly in such court a certified copy of the record on which such violation was found.

(C) A finding of the Secretary shall be set aside only if the finding is found to be unsupported by substantial evidence.

(3)(A) A person who fails to obey a valid cease-and-desist order issued under paragraph (1) by the Secretary, after an opportunity for a hearing, shall be subject to a civil penalty assessed by the Secretary of not more than $500 for each offense.

(B) Each day during which such failure continues shall be considered a separate violation of such order.

(4)(A) If a person fails to pay a valid civil penalty imposed under this subsection by the Secretary, the Secretary shall refer the matter to the Attorney General for recovery of the amount assessed in an appropriate district court of the United States.

(B) In such action, the validity and appropriateness of the order imposing such civil penalty shall not be subject to review.

99 STAT. 1621

(c) The remedies provided in subsections (a) and (b) shall be in addition to, and not exclusive of, other remedies that may be available.

INVESTIGATIONS

7 USC 4816.

SEC. 1627. (a) The Secretary may make such investigations as the Secretary considers necessary—

(1) for the effective administration of this subtitle; or

Regulation.

(2) to determine whether a person subject to this subtitle has engaged, or is about to engage, in an act that constitutes, or will constitute, a violation of this subtitle or an order, rule, or regulation issued under this subtitle.

(b)(1) For the purpose of such investigation, the Secretary may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any records that are relevant to the inquiry.

(2) Such attendance of witnesses and the production of such records may be required from any place in the United States.

(c)(1) In the case of contumacy, or refusal to obey a subpoena, by a person, the Secretary may invoke the aid of a court of the United States with jurisdiction over such investigation or proceeding, or where such person resides or does business, in requiring the attendance and testimony of such person and the production of such records.

(2) The court may issue an order requiring such person to appear before the Secretary to produce records or to give testimony touching the matter under investigation.

(3) A failure to obey an order issued under this section by the court may be punished by the court as a contempt thereof.

(4) Process in such case may be served in the judicial district in which such person is an inhabitant or wherever such person may be found.

PREEMPTION

7 USC 4817.

SEC. 1628. (a) This subtitle is intended to occupy the field of—

(1) promotion and consumer education involving pork and pork products; and

(2) obtaining funds therefor from pork producers.

Regulation. Prohibition.

(b) The regulation of such activity (other than a regulation or requirement relating to a matter of public health or the provision of State or local funds for such activity) that is in addition to or different from this subtitle may not be imposed by a State.

Ante, p. 1614. *Ante*, p. 1618.

(c) This section shall apply only during a period beginning on the date of the commencement of the collection of assessments under section 1620 and ending on the date of the termination of the collection of assessments under section 1622(a)(3) or 1622(b)(1)(B).

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISION

7 USC 4818.

SEC. 1629. The provisions of this subtitle applicable to orders shall be applicable to amendments to orders.

AUTHORIZATION FOR APPROPRIATIONS

7 USC 4819.

99 STAT. 1622

Ante, p. 1620.

SEC. 1630. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for the Secretary to carry out this subtitle, subject to reimbursement from the Board under section 1620(c)(3)(B)(iv).

(b) Sums appropriated to carry out this subtitle shall not be available for payment of an expense or expenditure incurred by the Board in administering an order.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Effective date. 7 USC 4801 note.

SEC. 1631. This subtitle shall become effective on January 1, 1986.

Watermelon Research and Promotion Act. 7 USC 4901 note.

Subtitle C—Watermelon Research and Promotion Act

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 1641. This subtitle may be cited as the "Watermelon Research and Promotion Act".

FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF POLICY

7 USC 4901 note.

SEC. 1642. (a) Congress finds that—

(1) the per capita consumption of watermelons in the United States has declined steadily in recent years;

(2) watermelons are an important cash crop to many farmers in the United States and are an economical, enjoyable, and healthful food for consumers;

(3) approximately 2,607,600,000 pounds of watermelons with a farm value of $158,923,000 were produced in 1981 in the United States;

(4) watermelons move in the channels of interstate commerce, and watermelons that do not move in such channels directly affect interstate commerce;

(5) the maintenance and expansion of existing markets and the establishment of new or improved markets and uses for watermelons are vital to the welfare of watermelon growers and those concerned with marketing, using, and handling watermelons, as well as the general economic welfare of the Nation; and

(6) the development and implementation of coordinated programs of research, development, advertising, and promotion are necessary to maintain and expand existing markets and establish new or improved markets and uses for watermelons.

Prohibition.

(b) It is declared to be the policy of Congress that it is essential in the public interest, through the exercise of the powers provided herein, to authorize the establishment of an orderly procedure for the development, financing (through adequate assessments on watermelons harvested in the United States for commercial use), and carrying out of an effective, continuous, and coordinated program of research, development, advertising, and promotion designed to strengthen the watermelon's competitive position in the marketplace, and establish, maintain, and expand domestic and foreign markets for watermelons produced in the United States. The purpose of this subtitle is to so authorize the establishment of such procedure and the development, financing, and carrying out of such program. Nothing in this subtitle may be construed to dictate quality standards nor provide for the control of production or otherwise limit the right of individual watermelon producers to produce watermelons.

DEFINITIONS

7 USC 4902.

SEC. 1643. As used in this subtitle—

(1) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture;

(2) the term "person" means any individual, group of individuals, partnership, corporation, association, cooperative, or other entity;

(3) the term "watermelon" means all varieties of watermelon grown by producers in the forty-eight contiguous States of the United States;

(4) the term "handler" means any person (except a common or contract carrier of watermelons owned by another person) who handles watermelons in a manner specified in a plan issued under this subtitle or in regulations promulgated thereunder;

(5) the term "producer" means any person engaged in the growing of five or more acres of watermelons;

(6) the term "promotion" means any action taken by the Board, under this subtitle, to present a favorable image for watermelons to the public with the express intent of improving the competitive position of watermelons in the marketplace and stimulating sales of watermelons, and shall include, but not be limited to, paid advertising; and

(7) the term "Board" means the National Watermelon Promotion Board provided for in section 1644.

Infra.

ISSUANCE OF PLANS

7 USC 4903.

SEC. 1644. To effectuate the declared policy of this subtitle, the Secretary shall, under the provisions of this subtitle, issue, and from time to time may amend, orders (applicable to producers and handlers of watermelons) authorizing the collection of assessments on watermelons under this subtitle and the use of such funds to cover the costs of research, development, advertising, and promotion with respect to watermelons under this subtitle. Any order issued by the Secretary under this subtitle shall hereinafter in this subtitle be referred to as a "plan". Any plan shall be applicable to watermelons produced in the forty-eight contiguous States of the United States.

NOTICE AND HEARINGS

7 USC 4904.

SEC. 1645. (a) When sufficient evidence, as determined by the Secretary, is presented to the Secretary by watermelon producers and handlers, or whenever the Secretary has reason to believe that a plan will tend to effectuate the declared policy of this subtitle, the Secretary shall give due notice and opportunity for a hearing on a proposed plan. Such hearing may be requested by watermelon producers or handlers or by any other interested person, including the Secretary, when the request for such hearing is accompanied by a proposal for a plan.

(b) After notice and opportunity for hearing as provided in subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary shall issue a plan if the Secretary finds, and sets forth in such plan, on the evidence introduced at the hearing that the issuance of the plan and all the terms and conditions thereof will tend to effectuate the declared policy of this subtitle.

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REGULATIONS

7 USC 4905.

SEC. 1646. The Secretary may issue such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this subtitle and the powers vested in the Secretary under this subtitle.

REQUIRED TERMS IN PLANS

7 USC 4906.

SEC. 1647. (a) Any plan issued under this subtitle shall contain the terms and provisions described in this section.

(b) The plan shall provide for the establishment by the Secretary of the National Watermelon Promotion Board and for defining its powers and duties, which shall include the powers to—

(1) administer the plan in accordance with its terms and conditions;

Regulations.

(2) make rules and regulations to effectuate the terms and conditions of the plan;

Report.

(3) receive, investigate, and report to the Secretary complaints of violations of the plan; and

(4) recommend to the Secretary amendments to the plan.

(c) The plan shall provide that the Board shall be composed of representatives of producers and handlers, and one representative of the public, appointed by the Secretary from nominations submitted in accordance with this subsection. An equal number of representatives of producers and handlers shall be nominated by producers and handlers, and the representative of the public shall be nominated by the producer and handler members of the Board, in such manner as may be prescribed by the Secretary. If producers and handlers fail to select nominees for appointment to the Board, the Secretary may appoint persons on the basis of representation as provided for in the plan. If the Board fails to nominate a public representative, the Secretary shall choose such representative for appointment.

(d) The plan shall provide that all Board members shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred in performing their duties as members of the Board.

(e) The plan shall provide that the Board shall prepare and submit to the Secretary for the Secretary's approval a budget, on a fiscal period basis, of its anticipated expenses and disbursements in the administration of the plan, including probable costs of research, development, advertising, and promotion.

(f) The plan shall provide for the fixing by the Secretary of assessments to cover costs incurred under the budgets provided for in subsection (e), and under section 1648(f), based on the Board's recommendation as to the appropriate rate of assessment, and for the collection of the assessments by the Board. *Post*, p. 1625.

(g) The plan shall provide that—

(1) funds collected by the Board shall be used for research, development, advertising, or promotion of watermelons and such other expenses for the administration, maintenance, and functioning of the Board as may be authorized by the Secretary, including any referendum and administrative costs incurred by the Department of Agriculture under this subtitle;

Prohibition.

(2) no advertising or sales promotion program under this subtitle shall make any reference to private brand names nor use false or unwarranted claims in behalf of watermelons or their products or false or unwarranted statements with respect to attributes or use of any competing products;

Prohibition.

(3) no funds collected by the Board shall in any manner be used for the purpose of influencing governmental policy or action, except as provided by subsections (b)(4) and (f); and

(4) assessments shall be made on watermelons produced by producers and watermelons handled by handlers, and the rate of such assessments shall be the same, on a per-unit basis, for producers and handlers. If a person performs both producing and handling functions, both assessments shall be paid by such person.

Regulations.

(h) The plan shall provide that, notwithstanding any other provisions of this subtitle, any watermelon producer or handler against whose watermelons an assessment is made and collected under this subtitle and who is not in favor of supporting the research, development, advertising, and promotion program provided for under this subtitle shall have the right to demand a refund of the assessment from the Board, under regulations, and on a form and within a time period (not less than 90 days), prescribed by the Board and approved by the Secretary. A producer or handler who timely makes demand in accord with the regulations, on submission of proof satisfactory to the Board that the producer or handler paid the assessment for which the refund is sought, shall receive such refund within 60 days after demand therefor.

(i) The plan shall provide that the Board, subject to the provisions of subsections (e), (f), and (g), shall develop and submit to the Secretary, for the Secretary's approval, any research, development, advertising, or promotion program or project, and that a program or project must be approved by the Secretary before becoming effective.

Contracts.

(j) The plan shall provide the Board with authority to enter into contracts or agreements, with the approval of the Secretary, for the development and carrying out of research, development, advertising, or promotion programs or projects, and the payment of the cost thereof with funds collected under this subtitle.

Report.

(k) The plan shall provide that the Board shall (1) maintain books and records, (2) prepare and submit to the Secretary such reports from time to time as may be prescribed for appropriate accounting with respect to the receipt and disbursement of funds entrusted to it, and (3) cause a complete audit report to be submitted to the Secretary at the end of each fiscal period.

PERMISSIVE TERMS IN PLANS

7 USC 4907.

SEC. 1648. (a) Any plan issued under this subtitle may contain one or more of the terms and provisions described in this section, but except as provided in section 1647 no others. *Ante*, p. 1624.

(b) The plan may provide for the exemption, from the provisions of the plan, of watermelons used for nonfood uses, and authority for the Board to establish satisfactory safeguards against improper use of such exemption.

Post, p. 1626.

(c) The plan may provide for the designation of different handler payment and reporting schedules with respect to assessments, as provided for in sections 1647 and 1649, to recognize differences in marketing practices and procedures used in different production

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areas.

Ante, p. 1624.

(d) The plan may provide for the establishment, issuance, effectuation, and administration of appropriate programs or projects for the advertising and other sales promotion of watermelons and for the disbursement of necessary funds for such purposes. Any such program or project shall be directed toward increasing the general demand for watermelons, and promotional activities shall comply with the provisions of section 1647(g).

(e) The plan may provide for establishing and carrying out research and development projects and studies to the end that the marketing and use of watermelons may be encouraged, expanded, improved, or made more efficient, and for the disbursement of necessary funds for such purposes.

Prohibition.

(f) The plan may provide authority for the accumulation of reserve funds from assessments collected under this subtitle, to permit an effective and continuous coordinated program of research, development, advertising, and promotion in years when watermelon production and assessment income may be reduced, except that the total reserve fund may not exceed the amount budgeted for two years operation.

(g) The plan may provide for the use of funds from assessments collected under this subtitle, with the approval of the Secretary, for the development and expansion of sales of watermelons in foreign markets.

(h) The plan may contain terms and conditions incidental to and not inconsistent with the terms and conditions specified in this subtitle and necessary to effectuate the other provisions of the plan.

ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES

Records.
Prohibition.
7 USC 4908.

SEC. 1649. (a) Each handler required to pay assessments under a plan, as provided for under section 1647(f), shall be responsible for payment to the Board, as it may direct, of the assessments. A handler also shall collect from any producer, or shall deduct from the proceeds paid to any producer, on whose watermelons a producer assessment is made, the assessments required to be paid by the producer. The handler shall remit producer assessments to the Board as the Board directs. Such handler shall maintain a separate record with respect to each producer for whom watermelons were handled. Such records shall indicate the total quantity of watermelons handled by the handler, including those handled for producers and for the handler, the total quantity of watermelons handled by the handler that are included under the terms of the plan, as well as those that are exempt under the plan, and such other information as may be prescribed by the Board. To facilitate the collection and payment of assessments, the Board may designate different handlers or classes of handlers to recognize differences in marketing practices or procedures used in any State or area. The handler shall be assessed an equal amount as the producer. No more than one assessment on a producer nor more than one assessment on a handler shall be made on any watermelons.

Records.
Regulation.

(b) Handlers responsible for payment of assessments under subsection (a) shall maintain and make available for inspection by the Secretary such books and records as required by the plan and file reports at the times, in the manner, and having the content prescribed by the plan, to the end that information and data shall be made available to the Board and to the Secretary that is appropriate

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or necessary to the effectuation, administration, or enforcement of this subtitle or of any plan or regulation issued under this subtitle.

Prohibition.

(c) All information obtained under subsections (a) and (b) shall be kept confidential by all officers and employees of the Department of Agriculture and of the Board, and only such information so furnished or acquired as the Secretary deems relevant shall be disclosed by them, and then only in a suit or administrative hearing brought at the direction, or on the request, of the Secretary, or to which the Secretary or any officer of the United States is a party, and involving the plan with reference to which the information to be disclosed was furnished or acquired. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to prohibit—

(1) the issuance of general statements based on the reports of a number of handlers subject to a plan if such statements do not identify the information furnished by any person; or

(2) the publication by direction of the Secretary of the name of any person violating any plan together with a statement of the particular provisions of the plan violated by such person.

Any such officer or employee violating the provisions of this subsection shall be subject to a fine of not more than $1,000 or imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, and shall be removed from office.

PETITION AND REVIEW

Regulation.
7 USC 4909.

SEC. 1650. (a) Any person subject to a plan may file a written petition with the Secretary, stating that the plan or any provision of the plan, or any obligation imposed in connection therewith, is not in accordance with law and praying for a modification thereof or to be exempted therefrom. The person shall be given an opportunity for a hearing on the petition, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary. After the hearing, the Secretary shall make a ruling on the petition, which shall be final if in accordance with the law.

(b) The district courts of the United States in any district in which the person is an inhabitant, or in which the person's principal place of business is located, are hereby vested with jurisdiction to review such ruling, provided that a complaint for that purpose is filed within twenty days from the date of the entry of the ruling. Service of process in such proceedings may be had on the Secretary by delivering to the Secretary a copy of the complaint. If the court determines that the ruling is not in accordance with law, it shall remand the proceedings to the Secretary with directions either to (1) make such ruling as the court shall determine to be in accordance with law, or (2) take such further proceedings as, in its opinion, the law requires. The pendency of proceedings instituted under subsection (a) shall not impede or delay the United States or the Secretary from obtaining relief under section 1851(a).

ENFORCEMENT

Regulations.
Prohibition.
7 USC 4910.

SEC. 1651. (a) The several district courts of the United States are vested with jurisdiction specifically to enforce, and to prevent and restrain any person from violating, any plan or regulation made or issued under this subtitle. The facts relating to any civil action that may be brought under this subsection shall be referred to the Attorney General for appropriate action, except that nothing in this subtitle shall be construed as requiring the Secretary to refer to the Attorney General violations of this subtitle whenever the Secretary believes that the administration and enforcement of the plan or regulation would be adequately served by administrative action under subsection (b) or suitable written notice or warning to any person committing the violations.

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Regulation.

(b)(1) Any person who violates any provision of any plan or regulation issued by the Secretary under this subtitle, or who fails or refuses to pay, collect, or remit any assessment or fee required of the person thereunder, may be assessed a civil penalty by the Secretary of not less than $500 nor more than $5,000 for each violation. Each violation shall be a separate offense. In addition to or in lieu of such civil penalty, the Secretary may issue an order requiring the person to cease and desist from continuing the violation. No penalty shall be assessed nor cease and desist order issued unless the person is given notice and opportunity for a hearing before the Secretary with respect to the violation. The order of the Secretary assessing a penalty or imposing a cease and desist order shall be final and conclusive unless the person affected by the order files an appeal from the Secretary's order with the appropriate United States court of appeals.

(2) Any person against whom a violation is found and a civil penalty assessed or cease and desist order issued under paragraph (1) may obtain review in the court of appeals of the United States for the circuit in which such person resides or carries on business or in the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit by filing a notice of appeal in such court within thirty days after the date of the order and by simultaneously sending a copy of the notice by certified mail to the Secretary. The Secretary shall promptly file in such court a certified copy of the record on which the violation was found. The findings of the Secretary shall be set aside only if found to be unsupported by substantial evidence.

(3) Any person who fails to obey a cease and desist order after it has become final and unappealable, or after the appropriate court of appeals has entered a final judgment in favor of the Secretary, shall be subject to a civil penalty assessed by the Secretary, after opportunity for a hearing and for judicial review under the procedures specified in paragraphs (1) and (2), of not more than $500 for each offense. Each day during which the failure continues shall be deemed a separate offense.

(4) If any person fails to pay an assessment of a civil penalty after it has become a final and unappealable order, or after the appropriate court of appeals has entered final judgment in favor of the Secretary, the Secretary shall refer the matter to the Attorney General for recovery of the amount assessed in any appropriate district court of the United States. In such action, the validity and appropriateness of the final order imposing the civil penalty shall not be subject to review.

INVESTIGATION AND POWER TO SUBPOENA

Regulation.
7 USC 4911.

SEC. 1652. (a) The Secretary may make such investigations as the Secretary deems necessary to carry out effectively the Secretary's responsibilities under this subtitle or to determine whether a handler or any other person has engaged or is engaging in any acts or practices that constitute a violation of any provision of this subtitle, or of any plan or regulation issued under this subtitle. For the purpose of an investigation, the Secretary may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, and documents that are relevant to the inquiry. The attendance of witnesses and the production of records may be required from any place in the United States. In case of contumacy by, or refusal to obey a subpoena issued to, any person, including a handler, the Secretary may invoke the aid of any court of the United States within the jurisdiction of which such investigation or proceeding is carried on, or where such person resides or carries on business, in requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of books, papers, and documents; and such court may issue an order requiring the person to appear before the Secretary, there to produce records, if so ordered, or to give testimony touching the matter under investigation. Any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by the court as contempt thereof. All process

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in any such case may be served in the judicial district in which the person is an inhabitant or wherever the person may be found. The site of any hearing held under this subsection shall be within the judicial district in which the handler or other person is an inhabitant or in which the person's principal place of business is located.

(b) No person shall be excused from attending and testifying or from producing books, papers, and documents before the Secretary, or in obedience to the subpoena of the Secretary, or in any cause or proceeding, criminal or otherwise, based on, or growing out of, any alleged violation of this subtitle, or of any plan or regulation issued thereunder, on the grounds that the testimony or evidence, documentary or otherwise, required of the person may tend to incriminate the person or subject the person to a penalty or forfeiture. However, no person shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture on account of any transaction, matter, or thing concerning which the person is compelled, after having claimed the person's privilege against self-incrimination, to testify or produce evidence, documentary or otherwise, except that any individual so testifying shall not be exempt from prosecution and punishment for perjury committed in so testifying.

Prohibition.
Regulation.

REQUIREMENT OF REFERENDUM

Prohibition.
7 USC 4912.
Ante, p. 1623.
Ante, p. 1625.

SEC. 1653. The Secretary shall conduct a referendum among producers and handlers not exempt under sections 1643(5) and 1648(b) who, during a representative period determined by the Secretary, have been engaged in the production or handling of watermelons, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the issuance of a plan is approved or favored by producers and handlers. The referendum shall be conducted at the county extension offices. No plan issued under this subtitle shall be effective unless the Secretary determines that the issuance of the plan is approved or favored by not less than two-thirds of the producers and handlers voting in such referendum, or by the producers and handlers of not less than two-thirds of the watermelons produced and handled during the representative period by producers and handlers voting in such referendum, and by not less than a majority of the producers and a majority of the handlers voting in the referendum. The ballots and other information or reports that reveal or tend to reveal the vote of any producer or handler or the person's volume of watermelons produced or handled shall be held strictly confidential and shall not be disclosed. Any officer or employee of the Department of Agriculture violating the provisions hereof shall be subject to the penalties provided in section 1649(c) of this subtitle.

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Ante, p. 1626.

SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION OF PLANS

7 USC 4913.

SEC. 1654. (a) Whenever the Secretary finds that a plan or any provision thereof obstructs or does not tend to effectuate the declared policy of this subtitle, the Secretary shall terminate or suspend the operation of the plan or provision.

(b) The Secretary may conduct a referendum at any time, and shall hold a referendum on request of the Board or 10 per centum or more of the watermelon producers and handlers eligible to vote in a referendum, to determine if watermelon producers and handlers favor the termination or suspension of the plan. The Secretary shall terminate or suspend the plan at the end of the marketing year whenever the Secretary determines that the termination or suspension is favored by a majority of those voting in the referendum, and who produce or handle more than 50 per centum of the volume of the watermelons produced by the producers or handled by the handlers voting in the referendum. Any such referendum shall be conducted at county extension offices.

AMENDMENT PROCEDURE

7 USC 4914.

SEC. 1655. The provisions of this subtitle applicable to plans shall be applicable to amendments to plans.

SEPARABILITY

Provisions held invalid.
Prohibition.
7 USC 4915.

SEC. 1656. If any provision of this subtitle or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this subtitle and the application of such provision to other persons and circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

Prohibition.
7 USC 4916.

SEC. 1657. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this subtitle, except that the funds so appropriated shall not be available for the payment of any expenses or expenditures of the Board in administering any provision of any plan issued under authority of this subtitle.

Subtitle D—Marketing Orders

MAXIMUM PENALTY FOR ORDER VIOLATIONS

7 USC 674.

SEC. 1661. (a) Section 8c(14) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c(14)), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, is amended by striking out "$500" and inserting in lieu thereof "$5,000".

Prohibition.
7 USC 608c note.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall not apply with respect to any violation described in section 8c(14) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act occurring before the date of the enactment of this Act.

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LIMITATION ON AUTHORITY TO TERMINATE MARKETING ORDERS

7 USC 674.

SEC. 1662. (a) Section 8c(16) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c(16)), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, is amended by—

(1) in subparagraph (A)—

(A) striking out "The Secretary" and inserting in lieu thereof "(i) Except as provided in clause (ii), the Secretary"; and

(B) adding at the end thereof the following:

"(ii) The Secretary may not terminate any order issued under this section for a commodity for which there is no Federal program established to support the price of such commodity unless the Secretary gives notice of, and a statement of the reasons relied upon by the Secretary for, the proposed termination of such order to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives not later than 60 days before the date such order will be terminated."; and

(2) in subparagraph (C), striking out "The termination" and inserting in lieu thereof "Except as otherwise provided in this subsection with respect to the termination of an order issued under this section, the termination".

Prohibition.
7 USC 608c note.

(b) The Secretary of Agriculture may not terminate any marketing order under section 8c(16) of the of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c(16)), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, if such termination becomes effective before January 16, 1986.

CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION

SEC. 1663. Section 8d(2) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7

U.S.C. 608d(2)), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, is amended by—

(1) inserting in the first sentence after "pursuant to this section" the following: ", as well as information for marketing order programs that is categorized as trade secrets and commercial or financial information exempt under section 552(b)(4) of title 5 of the United States Code from disclosure under section 552 of such title,"; and

Milk.

(2) inserting after the first sentence the following: "Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, any such information relating to a marketing agreement or order applicable to milk may be released upon the authorization of any regulated milk handler to whom such information pertains. The Secretary shall notify the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives not later than 10 legislative days before the contemplated release under law, of the names and addresses of producers participating in such marketing agreements and orders, and shall include in such notice a statement of reasons relied upon by the Secretary in making the determination to release such names and addresses.".

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Subtitle E—Grain Inspection

GRAIN STANDARDS

SEC. 1671. Section 4 of the United States Grain Standards Act (7 U.S.C. 76) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(c) If the Government of any country requests that moisture content remain a criterion in the official grade designations of grain, such criterion shall be included in determining the official grade designation of grain shipped to such country.".

NEW GRAIN CLASSIFICATIONS

7 USC 76 note.

SEC. 1672. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture shall direct the Federal Grain Inspection Service and the Agricultural Research Service to cooperate in developing new means of establishing grain classifications taking into account characteristics other than those visually evident.

Report.
Wheat.

(b) The Secretary shall report to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate, semiannually, with the first report due not later than December 31, 1985, on the status of cooperative efforts required under subsection (a), as such efforts relate to more accurately classifying types of wheat and other grains currently in use.

STUDY OF GRAIN STANDARDS

SEC. 1673. (a)(1) The Office of Technology Assessment shall conduct a study of United States grain export quality standards and grain handling practices.

(2) The Office of Technology Assessment shall conduct such study—

(A) in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture; and

(B) in accordance with Section 3(d) of Technology Assessment Act of 1972 (2 U.S.C. 472(d)).

(b) In conducting such study, the Office of Technology Assessment shall—

(1) evaluate the competitive problems the United States faces in international grain markets that may be attributed to grain quality standards and handling practices rather than price;

(2) identify the extent to which United States grain export quality standards and handling practices have contributed

toward the recent decline in United States grain exports; and

(3) perform a comparative analysis between—

(A) the grain quality standards and practices of the United States and the major grain export competitors of the United States;

(B) the grain handling technology of the United States and the major grain export competitors of the United States;

Regulation.

(4) evaluate the consequences on United States export grain sales, the cost of exporting grain, and the prices received by farmers should United States export grain elevators be subject, by law or regulation, to requirements that—

Prohibition.

(A) no dockage or foreign material (including but not limited to dust or particles of whatever origin) once removed from grain shall be recombined with any grain if there is a possibility that the recombined product may be exported from the United States;

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Prohibition.

(B) no dockage or foreign material of any origin may be added to any grain that may be exported if the result will be to reduce the grade or quality of the grain or to reduce the ability of the grain to resist spoilage; and

Prohibition.

(C) no blending of grain with a similar grain of different moisture content may be permitted if the difference between the moisture contents of the grains being blended is more than 1 percent; and

Exports.

(5) evaluate the current method of establishing grain classification, the feasibility of utilizing new technology to correctly classify grains, and the impact of new seed varieties on exports and users of grain.

Report.

(c) Not later than December 1, 1986, the Office of Technology Assessment shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report containing the results of the study required under this section, together with such comments and recommendations for the improvement of United States grain export quality standards and handling practices as the Office of Technology Assessment considers appropriate.

TITLE XVII—RELATED AND MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS

Subtitle A—Processing, Inspection, and Labeling

POULTRY INSPECTION

SEC. 1701. (a) Section 17 of the Poultry Products Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 466) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all poultry, or parts or products thereof, capable of use as human food offered for importation into the United States shall—

"(A) be subject to the same inspection, sanitary, quality, species verification, and residue standards applied to products produced in the United States; and

"(B) have been processed in facilities and under conditions that are the same as those under which similar products are processed in the United States.

Prohibition.

"(2) Any such imported poultry article that does not meet such standards shall not be permitted entry into the United States.

"(3) The Secretary shall enforce this subsection through—

"(A) random inspections for such species verification and for residues; and

"(B) random sampling and testing of internal organs and fat of carcasses for residues at the point of slaughter by the exporting country, in accordance with methods approved by the Secretary.".

(b) The amendment made by this section shall become effective 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act.

Effective date.
21 USC 466 note

INSPECTION AND OTHER STANDARDS FOR IMPORTED MEAT AND MEAT FOOD PRODUCTS

Prohibition.

SEC. 1702. (a) Section 20(f) of the Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 620(f)) is amended by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Each foreign country from which such meat articles are offered for importation into the United States shall obtain a certification issued by the Secretary stating that the country maintains a program using reliable analytical methods to ensure compliance with the United States standards for residues in such meat articles. No such meat article shall be permitted entry into the United States from a country for which the Secretary has not issued such certification. The Secretary shall periodically review such certifications and shall revoke any certification if the Secretary determines that the country involved is not maintaining a program that uses reliable analytical methods to ensure compliance with United States standards for residues in such meat articles. The consideration of any application for a certification under this subsection and the review of any such certification, by the Secretary, shall include the inspection of individual establishments to ensure that the inspection program of the foreign country involved is meeting such United States standards.".

(b) Section 20 of the Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 620) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

Animals.
Prohibition.

"(g) The Secretary may prescribe terms and conditions under which cattle, sheep, swine, goats, horses, mules, and other equines that have been administered an animal drug or antibiotic banned for use in the United States may be imported for slaughter and human consumption. No person shall enter cattle, sheep, swine, goats, horses, mules, and other equines into the United States in violation of any order issued under this subsection by the Secretary.".

EXAMINATION AND REPORT OF LABELING AND SANITATION STANDARDS FOR IMPORTATION OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES

Study.

SEC. 1703. (a)(1) The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study of Department of Health and Human Services and Department of Agriculture product purity and inspection requirements and regulations currently in effect for imported food products and agricultural commodities. The study shall evaluate the effectiveness of Federal regulations and inspection procedures to detect prohibited chemical residues and foreign matter in or on food or raw agricultural commodities in processed or unprocessed form.

Regulations.
Animals.

(2) The study shall include a review of Federal regulations and inspection procedures currently in effect to detect in imported live animals chemicals and chemical residues the use of which is prohibited in the production of domestic live animals.

Reports.

(3) The study shall include recommendations regarding the feasibility of requiring that quality control reports relating to product purity and inspection procedures be submitted from processing plants certified by the Secretary of Agriculture as eligible to export meat and meat food products to the United States.

(4) The study shall include recommendations on the adequacy of the Department of Health and Human Services and the Department of Agriculture to prescribe and enforce food sanitation requirements

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and chemical and chemical residue standards for imported agricultural commodities and food products.

(b) The study also shall evaluate the feasibility of requiring all imported meat and meat food products, agricultural commodities, and products of such commodities to bear a label stating the country of origin of such commodities and products. The study shall include an evaluation of the feasibility of requiring any person owning or operating an eating establishment that serves any meat or meat food product required to be marked or labeled under paragraph (1) or (2) of section 7(c) of the Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 607(c)) to inform individuals purchasing food from such establishment that meat or meat food products served at the establishment may be imported articles—

(1) by displaying a sign indicating that imported meat is served in such establishment; or

(2) by providing the information specified in paragraph (1) of such section 7(c) on the menus offered to such individuals.

(c) The Secretary shall submit the results of the study conducted under subsection (a) to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate not later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act.

POTATO INSPECTION

Report.
7 USC 499n note.

SEC. 1704. The Secretary of Agriculture shall perform random spot checks of potatoes entering through ports of entry in the northeastern United States. The Secretary of Agriculture shall report to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives the results of such spot checks.

Subtitle B—Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Committees

LOCAL COMMITTEES

SEC. 1711. (a) The fifth paragraph of section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)) is amended—

(1) by striking out the third sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"There shall be 3 local administrative areas in each county, except that, in counties with less than one hundred and fifty farmers, the county committee selected as hereinafter provided may reduce the number of local administrative areas to one, and except that the Secretary may include more than one county or parts of different counties in a local administrative area when the Secretary determines that there are insufficient farmers in an area to establish a slate of candidates for a community committee and hold an election.

(2) by striking out "annually" in the fourth sentence (as it existed before the amendments made by this section);

(3) by inserting after the fourth sentence (as it existed before the amendments made by this section) the following new sentences: "Each member of a local committee shall be elected for a term of 3 years. Each local committee shall meet (A) once each year and shall receive compensation for such meeting by the Secretary at not less than the level in effect on December 31, 1985, and (B) at the direction of the county committee and with the approval of the State committee, such additional times during the year as may be necessary to carry out this section without compensation. The meetings of a local committee shall be held on different days of the year."; and

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(4) by inserting after the eighth sentence (as it existed before the amendments made by this section) the following new sentences: "The local committees in each county shall (A) in a

county in which there is more than one local committee, serve as advisors and consultants to the county committee; (B) periodically meet with the county committee and State committee to be informed on farm program issues; (C) communicate with producers within their communities on issues or concerns regarding farm programs; (D) report to the county committee, the State committee, and other interested persons on changes to, or modifications of, farm programs recommended by producers in their communities; and (E) perform such other functions as are required by law or as the Secretary may specify. The Secretary shall ensure that information concerning changes in Federal laws in effect with respect to agricultural programs and the administration of such laws are communicated in a timely manner to local committees in areas that contain agricultural producers who might be affected by such changes.".

(b)(1) The amendments made by this section shall become effective on January 1, 1986, except that the amendments made by clauses (2) and (3) of subsection (a) shall not apply with respect to the term of office of any member of a local committee elected before January 1, 1986.

Effective date. Prohibition. 16 USC 590h note.

(2) If the number of local administrative areas and local committees in a county increases as a result of a change in the number of local administrative areas in the county under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (as amended by subsection (a)(1)), any member of a local committee in such county elected before January 1, 1986, shall serve the unexpired portion of any term commenced before the date of such increase as a member of the local committee for the administrative area in which such member resides.

16 USC 590h.

COUNTY COMMITTEES

SEC. 1712. The first sentence of the fifth paragraph of section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)) is amended—

(1) by inserting "and as otherwise directed by law with respect to other programs and functions," after "Alaska,"; and

(2) by inserting a semicolon and "and the Secretary may use the services of such committees in carrying out other programs and functions of the Department of Agriculture" before the period at the end thereof.

SALARY AND TRAVEL EXPENSES

SEC. 1713. (a) Section 388(b) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1388(b)) is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after the subsection designation; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2)(A) The Secretary shall provide compensation to members of such county committees (at not less than the level in effect on December 31, 1985 for county committees) for work actually performed by such persons in cooperating in carrying out the Acts in connection with which such committees are used.

"(B) The rate of compensation received by such persons for such work on the date of enactment of the Food Security Act of 1985 shall be increased at the discretion of the Secretary.".

(b) Section 388 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

7 USC 1388.

"(c)(1) The Secretary shall make payments to members of local, county, and State committees to cover expenses for travel incurred by such persons (including, in the case of a member of a local or county committee, travel between the home of such member and the local county office of the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service) in cooperating in carrying out the Acts in connection with which such Committees are used.

"(2) Such travel expenses shall be paid in the manner authorized under section 5703 of title 5, United States Code, for the payment of expenses and allowances for individuals employed intermittently in the Federal Government service.".

Effective date.
7 USC 1388 note.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall become effective on January 1, 1986.

National Agricultural Policy Commission Act of 1985.
7 USC 5001 note.

Subtitle C—National Agricultural Policy Commission Act of 1985

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 1721. This subtitle may be cited as the "National Agricultural Policy Commission Act of 1985".

DEFINITIONS

7 USC 5001.

SEC. 1722. As used in this subtitle—

Infra.

(1) the term "Commission" means the National Commission on Agricultural Policy established under section 1723;

(2) the term "Governor" means the chief executive officer of a State; and

(3) the term "State" means the fifty States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION

Study.
National Commission and Agricultural Policy.
7 USC 5002.

SEC. 1723. (a) There is established a National Commission on Agricultural Policy to conduct a study of—

(A) the structure, procedures, and methods of formulating and administering agricultural policies, programs, and practices of the United States; and

Rural areas.
State and local governments.

(B) conditions in rural areas of the United States and the manner in which such conditions relate to the provision of public services by Federal, State, and local governments.

(b) In addition to the members specified in subsection (c), the Commission shall be composed of fifteen members appointed by the President and selected as follows:

President of U.S.

(1) The President shall request Governors of States to nominate members representing individuals and industries directly affected by agricultural policies, including—

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(A) producers of major agricultural commodities or the products thereof in the United States;

(B) processors or refiners of United States agricultural commodities or the products thereof;

(C) exporters, transporters, or shippers of United States agricultural commodities or the products thereof;

(D) suppliers of agricultural equipment or materials to United States farmers;

(E) providers of financing or credit for agricultural purposes; and

(F) consumers of United States agricultural commodities or the products thereof.

(2) The Governor of a State may submit to the President a list of not less than two, nor more than four, nominees to serve on the Commission who represent individuals and industries referred to in paragraph (1).

President of U.S.

(3)(A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), the President shall appoint 15 individuals from a total of, to the extent practicable, not less than sixty individuals nominated by States under paragraph (2) to serve on the Commission.

(B) The President may appoint to the Commission not more than—

(i) one individual nominated by a particular State; and

(ii) seven individuals of the same political party.

(C) If the President determines that the individuals nominated by States under paragraph (2) are not broadly representative of the individuals and industries referred to in paragraph (1), the President may substitute no more than three other individuals to serve on the Commission who represent such individuals and industries.

Prohibition.

(c)(1) The chairmen and ranking minority members of the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate shall—

(A) serve as ex officio members of the Commission; and

(B) have the same voting rights as the members of the Commission selected and appointed under subsection (b).

(2) The chairmen and ranking minority members may designate other members of the respective committees to serve in their stead as members of the Commission.

(d) A vacancy in the Commission shall be filled in the manner in which the original appointment was made.

(e) The Commission shall elect a chairman from among the members of the Commission who are selected and appointed under the provisions of subsection (b).

(f) The Commission shall meet at the call of the chairman or a majority of the Commission.

CONDUCT OF STUDY

7 USC 5003.

SEC. 1724. The Commission shall study—

(1) the structure, procedures, and methods of formulating and administering agricultural policies, programs, and practices of the United States, including—

(A) the effectiveness of existing agricultural programs in improving farm income;

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(B) the manner in which the programs may be improved to retain a family-farm system of agricultural production;

(C) the effect of legislative and administrative changes in agricultural policy on planning and long-term profitability of farmers;

(D) the effect on farmers of the existing system and structure of formulating and implementing agriculture policy;

(E) the effect of national and international economic trends on United States agricultural production;

(F) the means of adjusting the agricultural policies, programs, and practices of the United States to meet changing economic conditions;

(G) potential areas of conflict and compatibility between the structure of making agricultural policy and long-term stability in policy and practices;

(H) changing demographic trends and the manner in which such trends affect agriculture and agricultural policy consistency; and

(I) the role of State and local governments in future agricultural policy; and

State and local governments.

(2) conditions in rural areas of the United States and the manner in which such conditions relate to the provision of public services by Federal, State, and local governments, including an analysis of—

State and local governments.

(A) conditions that reflect the declining rural economy, including economic and demographic trends, rural and agricultural income and debt, and other appropriate social and economic indicators of such conditions;

(B) trends and fiscal conditions of rural local governments;

(C) trends and patterns in the delivery of rural public services;

Transportation. Communications and telecommunications. Banks and banking. Regulations. Rural areas.

(D) the impact of the deregulation of transportation, telecommunications, and banking on the rural economy and delivery of public services; and

(E) trends and patterns of Federal, State, and local government financing, delivery, and regulation of public services in rural areas of the United States.

REPORTS

7 USC 5004.

SEC. 1725. Not later than twelve months after the date of the enactment of this Act, and each twelve months thereafter during the existence of the Commission, the Commission shall submit an annual report to the President and Congress containing the findings and recommendations of the Commission with respect to the matters referred to in section 1724. The Commission may not comment on legislation pending before Congress unless specifically requested to do so by the Chairman of an appropriate committee.

Ante, p. 1638.

ADMINISTRATION

7 USC 5005.

SEC. 1726. (a) The heads of executive agencies, the General Accounting Office, the International Trade Commission, and the Congressional Budget Office, to the extent permitted by law, shall provide the Commission with such information as the Commission may require in carrying out the duties and functions of the Commission.

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(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), members of the Commission shall serve without any additional compensation for work performed on the Commission.

(2) Such members who are private citizens of the United States may be allowed travel expenses, including a per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by law for persons serving intermittently in the Government service under sections 5701 through 5707 of title 5, United States Code.

(c) Subject to the availability of funds appropriated in advance and such rules as may be adopted by the Commission and without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service or the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to the classification and General Schedule pay rates, the Chairman of the Commission may appoint and fix the compensation of a director and such additional staff personnel as the Commission determines are necessary to carry out duties and functions of the Commission.

5 USC 5101 *et seq.*
5 USC 5331 *et seq.*

(d)(1) On the request of the Commission, the Secretary of Agriculture shall furnish the Commission with such personnel and support services as are necessary to assist the Commission in carrying out duties and functions of the Commission.

(2) On the request of the Commission, the heads of other executive agencies and the General Accounting Office may furnish the Commission with such personnel and support services as the head of the agency or Office and the Chairman of the Commission agree are necessary to assist the Commission in carrying out duties and functions of the Commission.

Prohibition.

(3) The Commission shall not be required to pay or reimburse an agency or the Office for personnel and support services provided under this section.

Records.
5 USC app. 12.

(e)(1) In accordance with section 12 of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall maintain records of—

(A) the disposition of any funds that may be at the disposal of the Commission; and

(B) the nature and extent of activities of the Commission.

(2) The Comptroller General of the United States shall have access to such records for the purpose of audit and examination.

(f) The Commission shall be exempt from sections 7(d), 10(e), 10(f), and 14 of the Federal Advisory Committees Act and sections 4301 through 4308 of title 5 of the United States Code. 5 USC app. 7, 10, 14.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 1727. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this subtitle. 7 USC 5006.

(b) To the maximum extent practicable, this subtitle shall be carried out using funds otherwise available to the Secretary of Agriculture for the expenses of advisory committees.

TERMINATION

SEC. 1728. This subtitle and the Commission shall terminate five years after the date of enactment of this Act. 7 USC 5007.

Subtitle C—National Aquaculture Improvement Act of 1985

National Aquaculture Improvement Act of 1985. 16 USC 2801 note.

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 1731. This subtitle may be cited as the "National Aquaculture Improvement Act of 1985".

FINDINGS, PURPOSE, AND POLICY

SEC. 1732. Section 2 of the National Aquaculture Act of 1980 (16 U.S.C. 2801) is amended—

(1) by amending subsection (a)(3)—

(A) by striking out "10 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "13 percent", and

(B) by striking out "3 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "6 percent";

(2) by amending subsection (a)(7) by inserting "scientific," before "economic,", and by inserting "the lack of supportive Government policies," immediately after "management information,";

(3) by amending subsection (b)—

(A) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (2),

(B) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4), and

(C) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:

"(3) establishing the Department of Agriculture as the lead Federal agency with respect to the coordination and dissemination of national aquaculture information by designating the Secretary of Agriculture as the permanent chairman of the coordinating group and by establishing a National Aquaculture Information Center within the Department of Agriculture; and"; and

(4) by amending subsection (c) by inserting "for reducing the United States trade deficit in fisheries products," immediately after "potential" in the first sentence.

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 1733. Section 3 of the National Aquaculture Act of 1980 (16 U.S.C. 2802) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraph (8) as paragraph (9); and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (7) the following new paragraph:

"(8) The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Agriculture.".

NATIONAL AQUACULTURE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

SEC. 1734. Section 4 of the National Aquaculture Act of 1980 (16 U.S.C. 2803) is amended as follows:

(1) Subsection (a) is amended—

(A) by striking out "Secretaries" each place it appears in paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary";

(B) by amending the first sentence of paragraph (2) by inserting "the Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of the Interior," immediately after "shall consult with"

(C) by striking out paragraph (3).

(2) Subsection (b) is amended—

(A) by inserting "to" immediately after "determine" in paragraph (1);

(B) by striking out "Secretaries deem" in paragraph (6) and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary deems"; and

(C) by striking out "Secretaries" in the matter following paragraph (6) and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary".

(3) Subsection (c) is amended—

(A) by striking out "Secretaries determine" in paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary determines";

(B) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (2)(A);

(C) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (2)(B) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(D) by inserting immediately after paragraph (2)(B) the following new subparagraph:

"(C) the concurrence of the Secretaries.".

FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF SECRETARIES

SEC. 1735. Section 5 of the National Aquaculture Act of 1980 (16 U.S.C. 2804) is amended as follows:

(1) Subsection (c) is amended to read as follows:

"(c) INFORMATION SERVICES.—(1) In addition to performing such other mandatory functions under this Act—

"(A) the Secretaries shall collect and analyze scientific, technical, legal, and economic information relating to aquaculture, including acreages, water use, production, marketing, culture techniques, and other relevant matters;

"(B) the Secretary shall—

"(i) establish, within the Department of Agriculture, a National Aquaculture Information Center that shall serve as a repository for the information generated under subparagraph (A) and other provisions of this Act and shall, on a request basis, make that information available to the public,

"(ii) arrange with foreign nations for the exchange of information relating to aquaculture and support a translation service, and

Study.

"(iii) conduct a study of the extent to which the United States aquaculture industry has access to relevant Federal programs which assist the agricultural sector and report to Congress on the findings of such study by December 31, 1986;

Study.

"(C) the Secretary of Commerce shall conduct a study, and report to Congress thereon by December 31, 1987, to determine whether existing capture fisheries could be adversely affected by competition from products produced by commercial aquacultural enterprises and include in such study an assessment of any adverse effect, by species and by geographical region, on such fisheries and recommend measures to ameliorate any such effect; and

Study.

"(D) the Secretary of the Interior, in consultation with the Secretary of Commerce, shall undertake a study, and report to Congress thereon by December 31, 1987, to identify exotic species introduced into the United States waters as a result of aquaculture activities, and to determine the potential benefits and impacts of the introduction of exotic species.

"(2) Any production information submitted to the Secretaries under paragraph (1)(A) shall be confidential and may only be disclosed if required under court order. The Secretaries shall preserve such confidentiality. The Secretaries may release or make public any information in any aggregate or summary form that does not directly or indirectly disclose the identity, business transactions, or trade secrets of any person who submits such information.".

(2) Subsection (d) is amended—

(A) by striking out "Secretaries" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary";

(B) by inserting "and in consultation with the Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of the Interior," immediately after "group" in the first sentence;

(C) in the second sentence by—

(i) striking out "Each such" and inserting in lieu thereof "Such"; and

(ii) striking out "under section 4(d)";

(D) by striking out "deem" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "deems"; and

(E) by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "The report required by this subsection shall be submitted to the Congress not later than February 1, 1988.". Report.

COORDINATION OF NATIONAL ACTIVITIES REGARDING AQUACULTURE

SEC. 1736. Section 6 of the National Aquaculture Act of 1980 (16 U.S.C. 2805) is amended as follows:

(1) Subsection (a) is amended by inserting ", who shall be the permanent chairman of the coordinating group" immediately after "Agriculture" in paragraph (1).

(2) Subsection (c) is repealed.

(3) Subsections (d), (e), and (f) are redesignated as subsections (c), (d), and (e), respectively.

(4) Subsection (e), as redesignated by paragraph (3), is amended by striking out "subsection (d)" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (c)".

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 1737. Section 10 of the National Aquaculture Act of 1980 (16 U.S.C. 2809) is amended by striking out "1985" in each of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "1985, and $1,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1986, 1987, and 1988". 98 Stat. 3407.

Subtitle E—Special Study and Pilot Projects on Futures Trading

FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF POLICY

SEC. 1741. (a) Congress finds that there is a need for investigation and development of alternative price support programs carried out by the Department of Agriculture; that agricultural producers and others have insufficient knowledge concerning the nature and extent of price stabilization available in the private sector; and that more information is needed to accurately assess the Federal budgetary impact of producer participation in such private sector risk avoidance services. 7 USC 1421 note.

(b) It is declared to be the policy of the United States that the Department of Agriculture conduct economic research to develop more information concerning the manner in which producers might utilize agricultural commodity futures markets and options markets in connection with their marketing of the agricultural commodities of their own production; and to determine the nature and effect widespread utilization of such markets by producers would have on the prices they receive for their agricultural commodities, and to determine the feasibility of interfacing traditional Federal price support programs with private sector risk avoidance services. Research and development.

STUDY BY THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

7 USC 1421 note.

SEC. 1742. The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study utilizing the services of the various agencies of the United States, including, but not limited to, the United States Department of Agriculture and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, to determine the manner in which agricultural commodity futures markets and agricultural commodity options markets might be used by producers of agricultural commodities traded on such markets to provide such producers with price stability and income protection; the extent of the price stability and income protection producers might reasonably expect to receive from such participation; and of the Federal budgetary impact of such participation compared with the cost of the applicable established price support programs for agricultural commodities. The Secretary shall report the results of such study to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry of the Senate and to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives on or before December 31, 1988.

PILOT PROGRAM

Wheat.
Feedgrains.
Soybean.
Cotton.
7 USC 1421 note.
Supra.

SEC. 1743. In connection with the study to be undertaken by the Secretary as required by section 1742 of this subtitle, the Secretary shall conduct a pilot program with respect to the crops of wheat, feed grains, soybean, and cotton in at least 40 counties which actively produce reasonable quantities of such major agricultural commodities traded on the commodity futures markets and the commodity options markets. The Secretary shall, in cooperation with the futures and options industry and the chairman of the commodity futures trading commission, conduct an extensive educational program for producers in the counties selected for the pilot program. The program shall, among other things, provide that a reasonable number of producers, as determined by the Secretary, may at their election and in accordance with pilot program requirements developed by the Secretary, participate in the trading of designated agricultural commodities on a futures market or options market in a manner designed to protect and maximize the return on agricultural commodities of their own production marketed by them in accordance with program requirements. Participating producers shall be assured by the Secretary under the terms of the program, using funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation, that the net return received for the agricultural commodities that such producers allocate to the program in the manner specified by the Secretary is no less than the price support loan level for such agricultural commodity in the county where it is produced. In the formulation of the pilot program the Secretary shall utilize the services of an advisory panel selected by the Secretary consisting of producers, processors, exporters, and futures and options traders on organized futures exchanges.

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Subtitle F—Animal Welfare

FINDINGS

7 USC 2131 note.

SEC. 1751. For the purposes of this subtitle, the Congress finds that—

Research and development.

(1) the use of animals is instrumental in certain research and education for advancing knowledge of cures and treatment for diseases and injuries which afflict both humans and animals;

(2) methods of testing that do not use animals are being and continue to be developed which are faster, less expensive, and more accurate than traditional animal experiments for some purposes and further opportunities exist for the development of these methods of testing;

(3) measures which eliminate or minimize the unnecessary duplication of experiments on animals can result in more productive use of Federal funds; and

(4) measures which help meet the public concern for laboratory animal care and treatment are important in assuring that research will continue to progress.

STANDARDS AND CERTIFICATION PROCESS

SEC. 1752. (a) Section 13 of the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2143) is amended by—

(1) redesignating subsections (b) through (d) as subsections (f) through (h) respectively; and

(2) striking out the first two sentences of subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new sentences: "(1) The Secretary shall promulgate standards to govern the humane handling, care, treatment, and transportation of animals by dealers, research facilities, and exhibitors.

"(2) The standards described in paragraph (1) shall include minimum requirements—

"(A) for handling, housing, feeding, watering, sanitation, ventilation, shelter from extremes of weather and temperatures, adequate veterinary care, and separation by species where the Secretary finds necessary for humane handling, care, or treatment of animals; and

"(B) for exercise of dogs, as determined by an attending veterinarian in accordance with general standards promulgated by the Secretary, and for a physical environment adequate to promote the psychological well-being of primates.

"(3) In addition to the requirements under paragraph (2), the standards described in paragraph (1) shall, with respect to animals in research facilities, include requirements—

"(A) for animal care, treatment, and practices in experimental procedures to ensure that animal pain and distress are minimized, including adequate veterinary care with the appropriate use of anesthetic, analgesic, tranquilizing drugs, or euthanasia;

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"(B) that the principal investigator considers alternatives to any procedure likely to produce pain to or distress in an experimental animal;

"(C) in any practice which could cause pain to animals—

"(i) that a doctor of veterinary medicine is consulted in the planning of such procedures;

"(ii) for the use of tranquilizers, analgesics, and anesthetics;

"(iii) for pre-surgical and post-surgical care by laboratory workers, in accordance with established veterinary medical and nursing procedures;

"(iv) against the use of paralytics without anesthesia; and

"(v) that the withholding of tranquilizers, anesthesia, analgesia, or euthanasia when scientifically necessary shall continue for only the necessary period of time;

Prohibition.

"(D) that no animal is used in more than one major operative experiment from which it is allowed to recover except in cases of—

"(i) scientific necessity; or

"(ii) other special circumstances as determined by the Secretary; and

"(E) that exceptions to such standards may be made only when specified by research protocol and that any such exception shall be detailed and explained in a report outlined under paragraph (7) and filed with the Institutional Animal Committee.".

7 USC 2143.

(b) Section 13(a) of such Act is further amended—

(1) by designating the third and fourth sentences as paragraph (4);

(2) by designating the fifth sentence as paragraph (5); and

(3) by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Prohibition.

"(6)(A) Nothing in this Act—

"(i) except as provided in paragraphs (7) of this subsection, shall be construed as authorizing the Secretary to promulgate rules, regulations, or orders with regard to the design, outlines, or guidelines of actual research or experimentation by a research facility as determined by such research facility;

Regulations.

"(ii) except as provided subparagraphs (A) and (C) (ii) through (v) of paragraph (3) and paragraph (7) of this subsection, shall be construed as authorizing the Secretary to promulgate rules, regulations, or orders with regard to the performance of actual research or experimentation by a research facility as determined by such research facility; and

Research and development.

"(iii) shall authorize the Secretary, during inspection, to interrupt the conduct of actual research or experimentation.

Prohibition.

"(B) No rule, regulation, order, or part of this Act shall be construed to require a research facility to disclose publicly or to the Institutional Animal Committee during its inspection, trade secrets or commercial or financial information which is privileged or confidential.

Research and development.

"(7)(A) The Secretary shall require each research facility to show upon inspection, and to report at least annually, that the provisions of this Act are being followed and that professionally acceptable standards governing the care, treatment, and use of animals are being followed by the research facility during actual research or experimentation.

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"(B) In complying with subparagraph (A), such research facilities shall provide—

"(i) information on procedures likely to produce pain or distress in any animal and assurances demonstrating that the principal investigator considered alternatives to those procedures;

"(ii) assurances satisfactory to the Secretary that such facility is adhering to the standards described in this section; and

"(iii) an explanation for any deviation from the standards promulgated under this section.

Prohibition.

"(8) Paragraph (1) shall not prohibit any State (or a political subdivision of such State) from promulgating standards in addition to those standards promulgated by the Secretary under paragraph (1).".

Ante, p. 1645.

(c) Section 13 of such Act is further amended by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsections:

"(b)(1) The Secretary shall require that each research facility establish at least one Committee. Each Committee shall be appointed by the chief executive officer of each such research facility and shall be composed of not fewer than three members. Such members shall possess sufficient ability to assess animal care, treatment, and practices in experimental research as determined by the needs of the research facility and shall represent society's concerns regarding the welfare of animal subjects used at such facility. Of the members of the Committee—

"(A) at least one member shall be a doctor of veterinary medicine;

"(B) at least one member—

Prohibitions.

"(i) shall not be affiliated in any way with such facility other than as a member of the Committee;

"(ii) shall not be a member of the immediate family of a person who is affiliated with such facility; and

"(iii) is intended to provide representation for general community interests in the proper care and treatment of animals; and

"(C) in those cases where the Committee consists of more than three members, not more than three members shall be from the same administrative unit of such facility.

"(2) A quorum shall be required for all formal actions of the Committee, including inspections under paragraph (3).

"(3) The Committee shall inspect at least semiannually all animal study areas and animal facilities of such research facility and review as part of the inspection—

"(A) practices involving pain to animals, and

"(B) the condition of animals,

to ensure compliance with the provisions of this Act to minimize pain and distress to animals. Exceptions to the requirement of inspection of such study areas may be made by the Secretary if animals are studied in their natural environment and the study area is prohibitive to easy access.

Reports.

"(4)(A) The Committee shall file an inspection certification report of each inspection at the research facility. Such report shall—

"(i) be signed by a majority of the Committee members involved in the inspection;

Research and development.

"(ii) include reports of any violation of the standards promulgated, or assurances required, by the Secretary, including any deficient conditions of animal care or treatment, any deviations of research practices from originally approved proposals that adversely affect animal welfare, any notification to the facility regarding such conditions, and any corrections made thereafter;

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"(iii) include any minority views of the Committee; and

"(iv) include any other information pertinent to the activities of the Committee.

Report.

"(B) Such report shall remain on file for at least three years at the research facility and shall be available for inspection by the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service and any funding Federal agency.

"(C) In order to give the research facility an opportunity to correct any deficiencies or deviations discovered by reason of paragraph (3), the Committee shall notify the administrative representative of the research facility of any deficiencies or deviations from the provisions of this Act. If, after notification and an opportunity for correction, such deficiencies or deviations remain uncorrected, the Committee shall notify (in writing) the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service and the funding Federal agency of such deficiencies or deviations.

Records.
Reports.

"(5) The inspection results shall be available to Department of Agriculture inspectors for review during inspections. Department of Agriculture inspectors shall forward any Committee inspection records which include reports of uncorrected deficiencies or deviations to the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service and any funding Federal agency of the project with respect to which such uncorrected deficiencies and deviations occurred.

"(c) In the case of Federal research facilities, a Federal Committee shall be established and shall have the same composition and responsibilities provided in subsection (b), except that the Federal Committee shall report deficiencies or deviations to the head of the Federal agency conducting the research rather than to the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service. The head of the Federal agency conducting the research shall be responsible for—

"(1) all corrective action to be taken at the facility; and

"(2) the granting of all exceptions to inspection protocol.

"(d) Each research facility shall provide for the training of scientists, animal technicians, and other personnel involved with animal care and treatment in such facility as required by the Secretary. Such training shall include instruction on—

"(1) the humane practice of animal maintenance and experimentation;

"(2) research or testing methods that minimize or eliminate the use of animals or limit animal pain or distress;

"(3) utilization of the information service at the National Agricultural Library, established under subsection (e); and

"(4) methods whereby deficiencies in animal care and treatment should be reported.

"(e) The Secretary shall establish an information service at the National Agricultural Library. Such service shall, in cooperation with the National Library of Medicine, provide information—

"(1) pertinent to employee training;

"(2) which could prevent unintended duplication of animal experimentation as determined by the needs of the research facility; and

"(3) on improved methods of animal experimentation, including methods which could—

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"(A) reduce or replace animal use; and

"(B) minimize pain and distress to animals, such as anesthetic and analgesic procedures.

Research and development.

"(f) In any case in which a Federal agency funding a research project determines that conditions of animal care, treatment, or practice in a particular project have not been in compliance with standards promulgated under this Act, despite notification by the Secretary or such Federal agency to the research facility and an opportunity for correction, such agency shall suspend or revoke Federal support for the project. Any research facility losing Federal support as a result of actions taken under the preceding sentence shall have the right of appeal as provided in sections 701 through 706 of title 5, United States Code.".

INSPECTIONS

SEC. 1753. Section 16(a) of the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2146(a)) is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following: "The Secretary shall inspect each research facility at least once each year and, in the case of deficiencies or deviations from the standards promulgated under this Act, shall conduct such follow-up inspections as may be necessary until all deficiencies or deviations from such standards are corrected.".

PENALTY FOR RELEASE OF TRADE SECRETS

7 USC 2157.

SEC. 1754. The Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2131-2156) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following section:

"SEC. 27. (a) It shall be unlawful for any member of an Institutional Animal Committee to release any confidential information of the research facility including any information that concerns or relates to—

"(1) the trade secrets, processes, operations, style of work, or apparatus; or

"(2) the identity, confidential statistical data, amount or source of any income, profits, losses, or expenditures,

of the research facility.

"(b) It shall be unlawful for any member of such Committee—

"(1) to use or attempt to use to his advantages; or

"(2) to reveal to any other person,

any information which is entitled to protection as confidential information under subsection (a).

"(c) A violation of subsection (a) or (b) is punishable by—

"(1) removal from such Committee; and

"(2)(A) a fine of not more than $1,000 and imprisonment of not more than one year; or

"(B) if such violation is willful, a fine of not more than $10,000 and imprisonment of not more than three years.

"(d) Any person, including any research facility, injured in its business or property by reason of a violation of this section may recover all actual and consequential damages sustained by such person and the cost of the suit including a reasonable attorney's fee.

Prohibition.

"(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect any other rights of a person injured in its business or property by reason of a violation of this section. Subsection (d) shall not be construed to limit the exercise of any such rights arising out of or relating to a violation of subsections (a) and (b).".

INCREASED PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION OF THE ACT

SEC. 1755. (a) Subsection (b) of section 19 of the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2149(b)) is amended—

(1) in the first sentence by striking out "$1,000 for each such violation" and inserting in lieu thereof "$2,500 for each such violation"; and

(2) in the sixth sentence by striking out "$500 for each offense" and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,500 for each offense".

(b) Subsection (d) of such section is amended by striking out "$1,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$2,500".

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 1756. (a) Section 2 of the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2132) is amended by—

(1) striking out "and" after the semicolon in subsection (i);

(2) striking out the period at the end of subsection (j) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and

(3) adding after subsection (j) the following new subsections:

"(k) The term 'Federal agency' means an Executive agency as such term is defined in section 105 of title 5, United States Code, and with respect to any research facility means the agency from which the research facility receives a Federal award for the conduct of research, experimentation, or testing, involving the use of animals; Animals.

"(l) The term 'Federal award for the conduct of research, experimentation, or testing, involving the use of animals' means any mechanism (including a grant, award, loan, contract, or cooperative agreement) under which Federal funds are provided to support the conduct of such research. Research and development. Grant. Loan. Contract.

"(m) The term 'quorum' means a majority of the Committee members;

"(n) The term 'Committee' means the Institutional Animal Committee established under section 13(b); and *Ante*, p. 1647.

"(o) The term 'Federal research facility' means each department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States which uses live animals for research or experimentation.". Research and development.

(b) For purposes of this Act, the term "animal" shall have the same meaning as defined in section 2(g) of the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2132(g)). 7 USC 2131 note.

CONSULTATION WITH THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

SEC. 1757. Section 15(a) of the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2145(a)) is amended by adding after the first sentence the following: "The Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of Health and Human Services prior to issuance of regulations.". Regulations.

TECHNICAL AMENDMENT

SEC. 1758. Section 14 of the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2144) is amended by changing "section 13" to "sections 13 (a), (f), (g), and (h)" wherever it appears.

EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 1759. This subtitle shall take effect 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act. 7 USC 2131 note.

Subtitle G—Miscellaneous

COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION STORAGE CONTRACTS

SEC. 1761. Section 4(h) of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714b(h)) is amended by inserting, after the colon at the end of the second proviso, the following: "*And provided further*, That any contract entered into by the Corporation for the use of a storage facility shall provide at least that (1) the rental rate *Ante*, p. 1503.

charged for an extended term in excess of one year shall be at an annual rate less than that which is charged for a one-year contract, (2) any obligation of the Corporation to pay for the use of any space in a facility shall be relieved to the extent that the Corporation does not use the space and payment is made by another person for the use of such space, and (3) if the Corporation determines that it no longer needs the space reserved in the facility, the Corporation may be relieved, for the remaining term of the contract, of its obligations to an extent and in a manner that will provide significant savings to the Corporation while permitting the owner of the facility reasonable time to lease such space to another person:".

WEATHER AND CLIMATE INFORMATION IN AGRICULTURE

15 USC 313 note.

SEC. 1762. (a) Congress finds that—

(1) agricultural and silvicultural operations are vulnerable to damage from atmospheric conditions that accurate and timely reporting of weather information can help prevent;

(2) the maintenance of current weather and climate analysis and information dissemination systems, and Federal, State, and private efforts to improve these systems, is essential if agriculture and silviculture are to mitigate damage from atmospheric conditions;

(3) agricultural and silvicultural weather services at the Federal level should be maintained with joint planning between the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the Department of Agriculture; and

(4) efforts should be made, involving user groups, weather and climate information providers, and Federal and State governments, to expand the use of weather and climate information in agriculture and silviculture.

(b) It, therefore, is declared to be the policy of Congress that it is in the public interest to maintain an active Federal involvement in providing agricultural and silvicultural weather and climate information and that efforts should be made, among users of this information and among private providers of this information, to improve use of this information.

EMERGENCY FEED PROGRAM

Livestock.

SEC. 1763. (a) Paragraph (2) of section 1105(b) of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2267(b)) is amended by striking out "feed for such person's livestock" and inserting in lieu thereof "feed that has adequate nutritive value and is suitable for each of such person's respective particular types of livestock".

Transportation. *Ante*, pp. 1418, 1452.

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(b) Section 407 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1427) is amended by inserting after the fifth sentence the following new sentence: "Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section relating to the authority of the Commodity Credit Corporation to make available to certain persons in certain areas during emergencies feed for livestock, the Commodity Credit Corporation (1) may make such feed available to such persons in areas in which feed grains are normally produced and normally available for feed purposes, but in which they are unavailable because of a catastrophe described in the fourth sentence of this section, (2) may make such feed available to such persons through feed dealers in the areas, (3) shall make such feed available at a price not less than the price prescribed in the fourth sentence of this section, and (4) shall bear any expenses incurred in connection with making such feed available to such persons under this sentence, including transportation and handling costs.".

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES PRODUCTION CONTROL

21 USC 881a.

SEC. 1764. (a) As used in this section:

(1) The term "controlled substance" has the same meaning

given such term in section 102(6) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801(6)).

21 USC 802.

(2) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture.

(3) The term "State" means each of the fifty States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, following the date of enactment of this Act, any person who is convicted under Federal or State law of planting, cultivation, growing, producing, harvesting, or storing a controlled substance in any crop year shall be ineligible for—

(1) as to any commodity produced during that crop year, and the four succeeding crop years, by such person—

(A) any price support or payment made available under the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.), the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), or any other Act;

Loan.

(B) a farm storage facility loan made under section 4(h) of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714b(h));

Ante, pp. 1503, 1651.

(C) crop insurance under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.);

Disaster assistance.

(D) a disaster payment made under the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.); or

(E) a loan made, insured or guaranteed under the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.) or any other provision of law administered by the Farmers Home Administration; or

(2) a payment made under section 4 or 5 of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714b or 714c) for the storage of an agricultural commodity that is—

(A) produced during that crop year, or any of the four succeeding crop years, by such person; and

(B) acquired by the Commodity Credit Corporation.

Regulations.

(c) Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall issue such regulations as the Secretary determines are necessary to carry out this section, including regulations that—

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(1) define the term "person";

(2) govern the determination of persons who shall be ineligible for program benefits under this section; and

(3) protect the interests of tenants and sharecroppers.

STUDY OF UNLEADED FUEL IN AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY

42 USC 7545 note.

SEC. 1765. (a)(1) The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency and the Secretary of Agriculture shall jointly conduct a study of the use of fuel containing lead additives, and alternative lubricating additives, in gasoline engines that are—

(A) used in agricultural machinery; and

(B) designed to combust fuel containing such additives.

(2) The study shall analyze the potential for mechanical problems (including but not limited to valve recession) that may be associated with the use of other fuels in such engines.

Contracts.

(b)(1) For purposes of the study required under this section, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency and the Secretary of Agriculture are authorized to enter into such contracts and other arrangements as may be appropriate to obtain the necessary technical information.

(2) The Secretary of Agriculture shall specify the types and items of agricultural machinery to be included in the study required under this section. Such types and items shall be representative of the types and items of agricultural machinery used on farms in the United States.

(3) All testing of engines carried out for purposes of such study shall reflect actual agricultural conditions to the extent practicable, including revolutions per minute and payloads.

(c) Not later than January 1, 1987—

(1) the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency and the Secretary of Agriculture shall publish the results of the study required under this section; and

Federal Register, publication.

(2) the Administrator shall publish in the Federal Register notice of the publication of such study and a summary thereof.

(d)(1) After notice and opportunity for hearing, but not later than 6 months after publication of the study, the Administrator shall—

(A) make findings and recommendations on the need for lead additives in gasoline to be used on a farm for farming purposes, including a determination of whether a modification of the regulations limiting lead content of gasoline would be appropriate in the case of gasoline used on a farm for farming purposes; and

Report.

(B) submit to the President and Congress a report containing—

(i) the study;

(ii) a summary of the comments received during the public hearing (including the comments of the Secretary); and

(iii) the findings and recommendations of the Administrator made in accordance with clause (1).

Report.

(2) The report shall be transmitted to—

(A) the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives;

(B) the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate;

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(C) the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives; and

(D) the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

(e)(1) Between January 1, 1986, and December 31, 1987, the Administrator shall monitor the actual lead content of leaded gasoline sold in the United States.

(2) The Administrator shall determine the average lead content of such gasoline for each 3-month period between January 1, 1986, and December 31, 1987.

(3) If the actual lead content falls below an average of 0.2 of a gram of lead per gallon in any such 3-month period, the Administrator shall—

(A) report to Congress; and

(B) publish a notice thereof in the Federal Register.

Federal Register, publication. Prohibition. Regulations.

(f) Until January 1, 1988, no regulation of the Administrator issued under section 211 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7545) regarding the control or prohibition of lead additives in gasoline may require an average lead content per gallon that is less than 0.1 of a gram per gallon.

(g) To carry out this section, there is authorized to be appropriated $1,000,000, to be available without fiscal year limitation.

POTATO ADVISORY COMMISSION

SEC. 1767. It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the Secretary of Agriculture should consider the recommendations of the potato advisory commission established by the Secretary on an ad hoc basis;

Business and industry. Commerce and trade.

(2) such commission should address industry concerns including trade, quality inspections, and pesticide use, to the extent practicable;

(3) such commission should meet periodically; and

(4) the recommendations and actions of such committee should be reported to the Chairmen of the Committee on Agri-

culture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives, and to the public.

VIRUSES, SERUMS, TOXINS, AND ANALAGOUS PRODUCTS

SEC. 1768. (a) The first sentence of the eighth paragraph of the matter under the heading "BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY" of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and fourteen", approved March 4, 1913 (21 U.S.C. 151), is amended by striking out "from one State or Territory or the District of Columbia to any other State or Territory or the District of Columbia" and inserting in lieu thereof "in or from the United States, the District of Columbia, any territory of the United States, or any place under the jurisdiction of the United States".

(b) The fourth sentence of such paragraph (21 U.S.C. 154) is amended by inserting "or otherwise to carry out this paragraph," after "animals," the first place it appears.

Regulation.
21 USC 154a.

(c) Such paragraph is amended by inserting after the fourth sentence the following new sentences: "In order to meet an emergency condition, limited market or local situation, or other special circumstance (including production solely for intrastate use under a State-operated program), the Secretary may issue a special license under an expedited procedure on such conditions as are necessary to assure purity, safety, and a reasonable expectation of efficacy. The Secretary shall exempt by regulation from the requirement of preparation pursuant to an unsuspended and unrevoked license any virus, serum, toxin, or analogous product prepared by any person, firm, or corporation—

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Animals.
Corporation.

"(1) solely for administration to animals of such person, firm, or corporation;

Corporation.

"(2) solely for administration to animals under a veterinarian-client-patient relationship in the course of the State licensed professional practice of veterinary medicine by such person, firm, or corporation; or

"(3) solely for distribution within the State of production pursuant to a license granted by such State under a program determined by the Secretary to meet criteria under which the State—

"(A) may license virus, serum, toxin, and analogous products and establishments that produce such products;

"(B) may review the purity, safety, potency, and efficacy of such products prior to licensure;

"(C) may review product test results to assure compliance with applicable standards for purity, safety, and potency, prior to release to the market;

"(D) may deal effectively with violations of State law regulating virus, serum, toxin, and analogous products; and

"(E) exercises the authority referred to in subclauses (A) through (D) consistent with the intent of this paragraph of prohibiting the preparation, sale, barter, exchange, or shipment of worthless, contaminated, dangerous, or harmful virus, serum, toxin, or analogous products.".

(d) The seventh sentence of such paragraph (21 U.S.C. 157) (as it existed before the amendments made by this section) is amended by striking out "licensed under this Act".

Regulation.
Commerce and trade.
21 USC 159.

(e) Such paragraph is amended by inserting after the eighth sentence (21 U.S.C. 158) (as it existed before the amendments made by this section) the following new sentences: "The procedures of sections 402, 403, and 404 of the Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 672, 673, and 674) (relating to detentions, seizures and condemnations, and injunctions, respectively) shall apply to the enforcement of this paragraph with respect to any product prepared, sold, bartered, exchanged, or shipped in violation of this paragraph or a regulation promulgated under this paragraph. The provisions (including penalties) of section 405 of such Act (21 U.S.C. 675) shall apply to the performance of official duties under this paragraph. Congress finds that (i) the products and activities that are regulated under this paragraph are either in interstate or foreign commerce or substantially affect such commerce or the free flow thereof, and (ii) regulation of the products and activities as provided in this paragraph is necessary to prevent and eliminate burdens on such commerce and to effectively regulate such commerce.".

Effective date. 21 USC 151 note.

(f)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by this section shall become effective on the date of enactment of this Act.

Corporation. Commerce and trade.

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(2)(A) Subject to subparagraphs (B) through (D), in the case of a person, firm, or corporation preparing, selling, bartering, exchanging, or shipping a virus, serum, toxin, or analogous product during the 12-month period ending on the date of enactment of this Act solely for intrastate commerce or for exportation, such product shall not after such date of enactment, as a result of its not having been licensed or produced in a licensed establishment, be considered in violation of the eighth paragraph of the matter under the heading "BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY" of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and fourteen", approved March 14, 1913 (as amended by this section), until the first day of the 49th month following the date of enactment of this Act.

Ante, p. 1654.

Corporation.

(B) The exemption granted by subparagraph (A) may be extended by the Secretary of Agriculture for a period up to 12 months in an individual case on a showing by a person, firm, or corporation of good cause and a good faith effort to comply with such eighth paragraph with due diligence.

Corporation.

(C) The exemption granted by subparagraph (A) must be claimed by the person, firm, or corporation preparing such product by the first day of the 13th month following the date of enactment of this Act, in the form and manner prescribed by the Secretary, unless the Secretary grants an extension of the time to claim such exemption in an individual case for good cause shown.

Corporation.

(D) On the issuance by the Secretary of a license to such person, firm, or corporation for such product prior to the first day of the 49th month following the date of enactment of this Act, or the end of an extension of the exemption granted by the Secretary, the exemption granted by subparagraph (A) shall terminate with respect to such product.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR FEDERAL INSECTICIDE, FUNGICIDE, AND RODENTICIDE ACT

SEC. 1768. Section 31 of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136y) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 31. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

"There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this Act for the period beginning October 1, 1985, and ending September 30, 1986, $68,604,200 of which not more than $11.993,100 shall be available for research under this Act.".

USER FEES FOR REPORTS, PUBLICATIONS, AND SOFTWARE

SEC. 1769. Section 1121 of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 2242a) is amended to read as follows:

"USER FEES FOR REPORTS, PUBLICATIONS, AND SOFTWARE

"SEC. 1121. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture may—

Reports.

"(1) furnish, on request, copies of software programs, pamphlets, reports, or other publications, regardless of their form, including electronic publications, prepared in the Department of Agriculture in carrying out any of its missions or programs; and

"(2) charge such fees therefor as the Secretary determines are reasonable.

"(b) The imposition of such charges shall be consistent with section 9701 of title 31, United States Code.

"(c) All moneys received in payment for work or services performed, or for software programs, pamphlets, reports, or other publications provided, under this section— Reports.

"(1) shall be available until expended to pay directly the costs of such work, services, software programs, pamphlets, reports, or publications; and

"(2) may be credited to appropriations or funds that incur such costs.".

CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION

SEC. 1770. (a) In the case of information furnished under a provision of law referred to in subsection (d), neither the Secretary of Agriculture, any other officer or employee of the Department of Agriculture or agency thereof, nor any other person may— 7 USC 2276.

(1) use such information for a purpose other than the development or reporting of aggregate data in a manner such that the identity of the person who supplied such information is not discernible and is not material to the intended uses of such information; or

(2) disclose such information to the public, unless such information has been transformed into a statistical or aggregate form that does not allow the identification of the person who supplied particular information.

(b)(1) In carrying out a provision of law referred to in subsection (d), no department, agency, officer, or employee of the Federal Government, other than the Secretary of Agriculture, shall require a person to furnish a copy of statistical information provided to the Department of Agriculture.

(2) A copy of such information—

(A) shall be immune from mandatory disclosure of any type, including legal process; and

(B) shall not, without the consent of such person, be admitted as evidence or used for any purpose in any action, suit, or other judicial or administrative proceeding. Prohibition.

(c) Any person who shall publish, cause to be published, or otherwise publicly release information collected pursuant to a provision of law referred to in subsection (d), in any manner or for any purpose prohibited in section (a), shall be fined not more than $10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 1 year, or both.

(d) For purposes of this section, a provision of law referred to in this subsection means—

(1) the first section of the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to collect and publish statistics of the grade and staple length of cotton", approved March 3, 1927 (7 U.S.C. 471) (commonly referred to as the "Cotton Statistics and Estimates Act");

(2) the first section of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the collection and publication of statistics of tobacco by the Department of Agriculture", approved January 14, 1929 (7 U.S.C. 501);

(3) the first section of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the collection and publication of statistics of peanuts by the Department of Agriculture", approved June 24, 1936 (7 U.S.C. 951);

(4) section 203(g) of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1622(g));

(5) section 526(a) of the Revised Statutes (7 U.S.C. 2204(a));

(6) the Act entitled "An Act providing for the publication of statistics relating to spirits of turpentine and resin", approved August 15, 1935 (7 U.S.C. 2248);

(7) section 42 of title 13, United States Code;

(8) section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish the Department of Commerce and Labor", approved February 14, 1903 (15 U.S.C. 1516); or

(9) section 2 of the joint resolution entitled "Joint resolution relating to the publication of economic and social statistics for Americans of Spanish origin or descent", approved June 16, 1976 (15 U.S.C. 1516a).

LAND CONVEYANCE TO IRWIN COUNTY, GEORGIA

SEC. 1771. The Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed to execute and deliver to the Board of Education of Irwin County, Georgia, its successors and assigns, a quitclaim deed conveying and releasing unto the said Board of Education of Irwin County, Georgia, its successors and assigns, all right, title, and interest of the United States of America in and to a tract of land, situate in said Irwin County, Georgia, containing 0.303 acres together with improvements in Land Lot Number 39 in the 3rd Land District of Irwin County, Georgia, being more particularly described in a deed dated July 13, 1946, from the United States conveying said land to Irwin County Board of Education, recorded in the land records of the office of the Clerk of Court for Irwin County, Georgia, in deed book 20, page 117.

NATIONAL TREE SEED LABORATORY

16 USC 580g.

SEC. 1772. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, fees received by the National Tree Seed Laboratory, administered by the Forest Service, United States Department of Agriculture, for the provision of a tree seed testing service, shall be retained and deposited as a reimbursement to current appropriations used to cover the costs of providing such service.

CONTROL OF GRASSHOPPERS AND MORMON CRICKETS ON FEDERAL LANDS

7 USC 148f.

SEC. 1773. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture shall carry out a program to control grasshoppers and Mormon Crickets on all Federal lands.

(b)(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary of Agriculture shall expend or transfer, and upon request, the Secretary of the Interior shall transfer to the Secretary of Agriculture, from any no-year appropriations, funds for the prevention, suppression, and control of actual or potential grasshopper and Mormon Cricket outbreaks on lands under the jurisdiction of the Federal Government.

(2)(A) Appropriated funds made available to the Secretary of the Interior shall be available for the payment of obligations incurred on Federal lands subject to the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior.

(B) Funds transferred pursuant to this paragraph shall be requested as promptly as possible by the Secretary of Agriculture.

(C) Funds transferred pursuant to this section shall be replenished by supplemental or regular appropriations which shall be requested as promptly as possible.

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(c)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), from any funds made available to the Department of the Interior until expended, moneys shall be made available for the transfer by the Secretary of the Interior to the Secretary of Agriculture for the prevention, suppression, and control of grasshoppers and Mormon Cricket outbreaks on Federal lands under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior.

Prohibition.

(2) No funds shall be made available under this authority, until contingency funds specifically available to the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service for grasshopper emergencies have been exhausted.

(d) On request of the administering agency or the Department of Agriculture of an affected State, the Secretary of Agriculture shall immediately treat Federal, State, or private lands that are infested by grasshoppers or Mormon Crickets at levels of economic infestation, unless the Secretary determines that delaying treatment will optimize biological control and not cause greater economic damage to adjacent landowners.

(e) The Secretary of Agriculture shall—

(1) pay out of appropriated funds made available to the Secretary or transferred to the Secretary by the Secretary of the Interior—100 percent of the cost of grasshopper or Mormon Cricket control on Federal lands;

(2) pay out of appropriated funds made available to the Secretary—

(A) 50 percent of the cost of such control on State lands; and

(B) 33.3 percent of the cost of such control on private rangelands; and

(3) participate in prevention, control, or suppression programs for grasshoppers and Mormon Crickets in conjunction with other Federal, State and private prevention, control or suppression efforts.

(f) From appropriated funds made available or transferred by the Secretary of the Interior to the Secretary of Agriculture for such purposes, the Secretary of Agriculture shall provide adequate funding for a program to train personnel to effectively accomplish the objective of this section.

STUDY OF A STRATEGIC ETHANOL RESERVE

42 USC 6231 note.

SEC. 1778. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study of the cost effectiveness, the economic benefits, and the feasibility of establishing, maintaining, and utilizing a Strategic Ethanol Reserve relative to the existing Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

(b) The study shall be completed within one year after the enactment of this section and shall include, among other considerations—

Employment and unemployment. Commerce and trade.

(1) the benefits and losses related to the U.S. economy, farm income, employment, government commodity programs, and the trade deficit of utilizing a Strategic Ethanol Reserve, as opposed to the Strategic Petroleum Reserve; and

(2) the savings from storing ethanol as opposed to storing the amount of CCC-held grain necessary to produce the ethanol.

(c) If the study shows that the Strategic Ethanol Reserve is cost effective, beneficial to the U.S. economy, and feasible in comparison with the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, the Secretary of Agriculture may establish, maintain, and utilize a Strategic Ethanol Reserve.

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TITLE XVIII—GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE

EFFECTIVE DATE

7 USC 1281 note.

SEC. 1801. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, this Act and the amendments made by this Act shall become effective on the date of the enactment of this Act.

Approved December 23, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R [illegible] S. 1714):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-271 [illegible] Comm. on Agriculture) and Pt. II (Comm. on Merchant Marine and Fisheries) and No. 99-447 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-145 (accompanying S. 1714 (Comm. on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Sept. 20, 26, Oct. 1-3, 7, 8, considered and passed House.
Oct 25, 28-31, Nov. 1, 18-22, S. 1714 considered in Senate.
Nov. 23, H.R. 2100 considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 1714.
Dec. 18, House and Senate agreed to conference report.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 21, No. 52 (1985):
Dec. 23, Presidential statement.

Public Law 99-205
99th Congress

An Act

Dec. 23, 1985
[S 1884]

To amend the Farm Credit Act of 1971, to restructure and reform the Farm Credit System, and for other purposes.

Farm Credit Amendments Act of 1985.
Banks and banking.
Loans.
12 U.S.C 2001 note.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Farm Credit Amendments Act of 1985".

TITLE I—PROVISIONS TO STRENGTHEN THE OPERATION OF FARM CREDIT SYSTEM LENDING INSTITUTIONS

CAPITAL AND FINANCING

SEC. 101. Part A of title IV of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by—

12 USC 2151.

(1) amending section 4.0 to read as follows:

12 USC 1131.
12 USC 1141d.
12 USC 2001 note.

"SEC. 4.0. REVOLVING FUNDS; INVESTMENTS.—The revolving fund established by Public Law 87-343, 75 Stat. 758, as amended, and the revolving fund established by Public Law 87-494, 76 Stat. 109, as amended, and continued by Public Law 96-592, shall be merged and shall be available to the Farm Credit Administration for the purchase, on behalf of the United States, of capital stock of the Capital Corporation. The Farm Credit Administration may make such purchases of stock as the Farm Credit Administration determines, in its discretion, are necessary to achieve the purposes of this Act.";

(2) striking out section 4.1;

12 USC 2154.

(3) in section 4.3—

(A) redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c); and

(B) by striking out the matter preceding subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"SEC. 4.3. CAPITAL ADEQUACY OF BANKS AND ASSOCIATIONS.—(a) The Farm Credit Administration shall cause System institutions to achieve and maintain adequate capital by establishing minimum levels of capital for such System institutions and by using such other methods as the Farm Credit Administration deems appropriate. The Farm Credit Administration may establish such minimum level of capital for a System institution as the Farm Credit Administration, in its discretion, deems to be necessary or appropriate in light of the particular circumstances of the System institution.

"(b)(1) Failure of a System institution to maintain capital at or above its minimum level as established under subsection (a) may be deemed by the Farm Credit Administration, in its discretion, to constitute an unsafe and unsound practice within the meaning of this Act.

"(2)(A) In addition to, or in lieu of, any other action authorized by law, including paragraph (1), the Farm Credit Administration may issue a directive to a System institution that fails to maintain capital at or above its required level as established under subsection (a). Such directive may require the System institution to submit and adhere to a plan acceptable to the Farm Credit Administration describing the means and timing by which the System institution shall achieve its required capital level, but may not require merger or consolidation without a majority vote of the voting stockholders or the contributors to the guaranty fund of the institution.

99 STAT. 1679

Post, p. 1700.
Post, p. 1694.

"(B) Any directive issued under this paragraph, including plans submitted pursuant thereto, shall be enforceable under the provisions of section 5.31 of this Act to the same extent as an effective and outstanding order issued under section 5.25 of this Act that has become final.

"(3) The Farm Credit Administration may consider such System institution's progress in adhering to any plan required under paragraph (2) whenever such System institution, or an affiliate thereof, seeks the requisite approval of the Farm Credit Administration for any proposal that would divert earnings, diminish capital, or otherwise impede such System institution's progress in achieving its minimum capital level. The Farm Credit Administration may deny such approval where it determines that such proposal would adversely affect the ability of the System institution to comply with such plan."; and

(4) in section 4.4— 12 USC 2155.

(A) redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and

(B) inserting, after subsection (b), the following:

"(c) For purposes of this part, the term 'bank' shall include the Capital Corporation.".

APPOINTMENT OF CONSERVATOR OR RECEIVER

SEC. 102. Section 4.12 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by striking out subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 12 USC 2183.

"(b) The Farm Credit Administration may appoint a conservator or receiver for any System institution on the determination by the Farm Credit Administration that one or more of the following exists, or is occurring, with respect to the institution: (1) insolvency, in that the assets of the institution are less than its obligations to its creditors and others, including its members; (2) substantial dissipation of assets or earnings due to any violation of law, rules, or regulations, or to any unsafe or unsound practice; (3) an unsafe or unsound condition to transact business; (4) willful violation of a cease and desist order that has become final; (5) concealment of books, papers, records, or assets of the institution or refusal to submit books, papers, records, or other material relating to the affairs of the institution for inspection to any examiner or to any lawful agent of the Farm Credit Administration. The Farm Credit Administration shall have exclusive power and jurisdiction to appoint a conservator or receiver. If the Farm Credit Administration determines that a ground for the appointment of a conservator or receiver as herein provided exists, the Farm Credit Administration may appoint ex parte and without notice a conservator or receiver for the institution. In the event of such appointment, the institution, within thirty days thereafter, may bring an action in the United States district court for the judicial district in which the home office of such institution is located, or in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, for an order requiring the Farm Credit Administration to remove such conservator or receiver, and the court, shall on the merits, dismiss such action or direct the Farm Credit Administration to remove such conservator or receiver. On the commencement of such an action, the court having jurisdiction of any other action or enforcement proceeding authorized under this Act to which the institution is a party shall stay such action or proceeding during the pendency of the action for removal of the conservator or receiver.".

99 STAT. 1680

FARM CREDIT SYSTEM CAPITAL CORPORATION

SEC. 103. Title IV of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by inserting, after section 4.28, the following:

"PART D1—FARM CREDIT SYSTEM CAPITAL CORPORATION

12 USC 2216.

Ante, p. 1678.

"SEC. 4.28A. EXISTENCE OF CORPORATION.—The Farm Credit Administration, not later than 60 days after enactment of the Farm Credit Amendments Act of 1985, shall (1) charter the Farm Credit System Capital Corporation (referred to in this Act as 'the Capital Corporation'), which, subject to the provisions of this part and the regulations of the Farm Credit Administration, shall be a federally chartered instrumentality of the United States and an institution of the Farm Credit System, and (2) revoke the charter for the Farm

12 USC 2211. Credit System Capital Corporation issued under part D of this title. The charter issued to the Farm Credit System Capital Corporation pursuant to this paragraph shall be reviewed on December 31, 1987. Report. The Farm Credit Administration Board shall submit to Congress by December 31, 1987, a report and analysis of the Capital Corporation together with any recommendations for legislation to extend the charter of the Farm Credit System Capital Corporation.

12 USC 2216a. "SEC. 4.28B. PURPOSES.—For the sole purpose of carrying out a program of financial and technical assistance to institutions within the Farm Credit System (and their borrowers) which are experiencing financial difficulties, the Capital Corporation shall, in accordance with this part—

"(1) carry out a program of financial assistance among institutions of the Farm Credit System;

"(2) acquire from other Farm Credit System institutions and participate with such institutions in nonperforming assets of such institutions;

"(3) hold, restructure, collect, and otherwise administer nonperforming assets acquired from or participated in with other Farm Credit System institutions, and guarantee performing and nonperforming assets held by other Farm Credit institutions;

"(4) provide technical assistance and related services to other Farm Credit System institutions in connection with the administration of their loan portfolios;

"(5) provide assistance and related services to Farm Credit System institutions to assist them in restructuring or refinancing loans of their member-borrowers; and

"(6) receive and administer financial assistance for Farm Credit System institutions that originates outside of the Farm Credit System.

12 USC 2216b. "SEC. 4.28C. BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE CAPITAL CORPORATION.—(a)(1) The Board of Directors of the Capital Corporation shall consist of five members, of which—

"(A)(i) three members shall be elected by the farm credit banks that own the voting stock in the Corporation, with— 99 STAT. 1681

"(I) one such member being elected from an institution and a district that, at the time of such election, is or is projected to be a net contributor of capital to the Corporation;

"(II) one such member being elected from an institution and a district that, at the time of such election, is or is projected to be a net recipient of capital (other than through the sale of loans or other assets at fair market value) from the Corporation; and

"(III) one such member being elected without regard to the restrictions in clause (i) and (ii).

"(ii) Each such bank shall have the right to cast one vote to fill each such vacancy without regard to the number of voting shares owned by such bank.

"(B) two members shall be appointed by the Chairman of the Farm Credit Administration Board.

"(2) Members appointed by the Chairman under paragraph (1)(B) shall be selected from United States citizens—

"(A) who are not borrowers from, shareholders in, or employees or agents of any institution of the Farm Credit System; and

"(B) who are experienced in financial services and credit.

"(3) The Farm Credit Administration Board shall, in its sole discretion and for purposes of the election of directors to the Capital Corporation only, project whether—

"(A) institutions within a district are or will be a net contributor of capital to the Corporation, or

"(B) the institutions within a district are or are expected to become net recipients of capital from the Corporation.

"(4) The Farm Credit Administration Board shall issue regulations providing for fair and equitable representation of all public and private interests on the Board of Directors of the Capital Corporation. The bylaws of the Corporation shall prescribe the procedures, established pursuant to regulations issued by the Board, under which directors of the Corporation will be nominated and elected. Regulations.

"(5) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), in the event the Secretary of the Treasury purchases any obligation of the Farm Credit System Capital Corporation under section 4.28J, and for so long as such obligation remains outstanding, the Board of Directors of the Capital Corporation shall be expanded by two members, of which— *Post*, p. 1686.

"(A) one member shall be appointed by the Secretary of Agriculture; and

"(B) one member shall be selected by the other members of the Board of the Capital Corporation, including the appointee of the Secretary of Agriculture, which member shall not be a—

"(i) borrower from, shareholder in, or employee or agent of any institution of the Farm Credit System; or

"(ii) a government employee.

"(b) Members of the Board of Directors shall serve two-year terms, except that, of the members first elected or appointed to the Board of Directors, one elected member and one appointed member shall serve initial terms of one year.

"(c) The Board of Directors shall elect, on an annual basis, a Chairman from among the members of the Board.

"(d)(1) Members of the Board may succeed themselves and may serve until their successors are duly seated.

99 STAT. 1682

"(2) Vacancies on the Board shall be filled in the same manner as the vacant position was previously filled.

"Sec. 4.28D. Compensation of Board Members.—Members of the board of directors of the Capital Corporation shall receive compensation, including reasonable allowances for necessary expenses, in attending meetings of the board. The compensation shall not be in excess of the level set by the Farm Credit Administration. 12 USC 2216c.

"Sec. 4.28E. Board Procedures.—The board of directors of the Capital Corporation shall adopt such rules as it may deem appropriate for the transaction of its business and shall keep permanent and accurate records and minutes of its acts and proceedings. Records. 12 USC 2216d.

"Sec. 4.28F. Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation.—The chief executive officer of the Capital Corporation shall be selected by the board of directors of the Capital Corporation, subject to the approval of the Farm Credit Administration, and shall serve at the pleasure of the board. 12 USC 2216e.

"Sec. 4.28G. General Corporate Powers.—(a) The Capital Corporation shall be a body corporate and, subject to regulation by the Farm Credit Administration, shall have the power to— 12 USC 2216f.

"(1) operate under the direction of its board of directors;

"(2) adopt, alter, and use a corporate seal, which shall be judicially noted;

"(3) provide for one or more vice presidents, a secretary, a treasurer, and such other officers, employees, and agents, as may be necessary, define their duties, and require surety bonds or make other provisions against losses occasioned by acts of such persons;

"(4) prescribe by its board of directors its bylaws, not inconsistent with law, which shall provide for the classes of its stock and the manner in which its stock shall be issued, transferred, and retired; the manner in which its officers, employees, and agents are selected; its property is acquired, held, and transferred; its loans, commitments, and other financial assistance are made; its general business is conducted; and the privileges granted by law are exercised and enjoyed; Securities.

"(5) enter into contracts and make advance, progress, or other payments with respect to such contracts; Contracts.

Contracts.

"(6) contract with System institutions for local administration, servicing, and restructuring of loan and loan-related assets and management of acquired properties of the Corporation;

"(7) sue and be sued in its corporate name and complain and defend, in any court of competent jurisdiction, State or Federal;

Real property.
Gifts and property.

"(8) acquire, hold, lease, mortgage, or dispose of, at public or private sale, real and personal property, and guarantee, sell, or exchange any securities or obligations, and otherwise exercise all the usual incidents of ownership of property necessary and convenient to its business;

Securities.

"(9) authorize, through its board of directors, the issuance and sale of obligations, including notes, bonds, debentures, capital notes, and voting or nonvoting securities, to the Secretary of the Treasury or the Farm Credit Administration, under such terms and conditions as shall be determined;

Insurance.

"(10) obtain insurance against loss;

Contracts.

"(11) modify or consent to modification with respect to the rate of interest, time of payment of any installment of principal or interest, security, or any other term of any contract or agreement to which it is a party or in which it has an interest under this Act;

99 STAT. 1683

"(12) borrow from any commercial bank on its own individual responsibility on such terms and conditions as it may determine with the approval of the Farm Credit Administration;

Securities.

12 USC 2153.

Ante, p. 1678.
Securities.

"(13) join with Farm Credit System banks in the issuance of System-wide notes, bonds, debentures, and other similar obligations under section 4.2(d) of this Act, or assume liability with respect to outstanding System-wide obligations. If it satisfies the requirements applicable to banks under section 4.3(c) of this Act, it shall be jointly and severally liable with the System banks for the payment of principal and interest on such obligations, and pay on such obligations any sums as may be called on by the Farm Credit Administration to make payments of principal or interest that any bank or banks primarily liable therefor are unable to make;

Securities.

"(14) require other institutions of the Farm Credit System, through purchase of stock in, or obligations of, the Capital Corporation, to make funds available to the Capital Corporation to enable it to make financial assistance available to institutions of the Farm Credit System as provided in paragraph (15). The Capital Corporation may also assess at such times and under such circumstances as it deems appropriate, System Institutions for the purpose of covering its operating expenses not to include interest costs. The guidelines to be used by the Capital Corporation in obtaining funds from other institutions of the Farm Credit System for the purpose of aggregating resources to assist System institutions, to the extent practicable, shall give priority to obtaining funds through the use of transactions that require the Capital Corporation, on reasonable terms, to repay the contributed funds from surpluses accumulated by the Capital Corporation, and otherwise shall be in conformity with regulations issued by the Farm Credit Administration;

Regulations.

"(15) administer financial assistance under regulations of the Farm Credit Administration which shall—

Securities.

"(A) include standards to ensure that, consistent with sound business practices and subject to the criteria established under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, the available capital and reserves of System institutions are committed to providing financial assistance to those institutions of the Farm Credit System eligible therefor. The term 'available capital and reserves', as used in this subparagraph, shall not include capital stock, participation certificates and allocated equities held by borrowers that are not associations chartered under this Act;

"(B) establish criteria pursuant to which the Capital Corporation shall require other institutions of the Farm Credit System, through the purchase of stock in, or obligations of, the Capital Corporation to make funds available to the Capital Corporation under paragraph (14). Such criteria shall—

Securities

"(i) provide for an equitable sharing of the burden of such assessments or purchases, taking into account (I) the relative financial strength and ability to pay of the contributing institutions; (II) the effect, including the effect on loan interest rates, on current borrowers and members of each System institution; and (III) the effect on lending rates of financial assistance already provided to other System institutions; and

"(ii) be designed to ensure that (I) the capital strength, earning capacity, loanable funds and overall financial viability of each System institution providing funds to the Capital Corporation are maintained at such a level that credit shall continue to be available to eligible borrowers on reasonable and competitive terms, (II) each bank shall continue to have access to funds in the public financial markets, and (III) each bank is able to maintain adequate financial resources to satisfy its liability on its own obligations and on that portion of systemwide notes, bonds, debentures, or other obligations for which it is primarily liable; and

"(C) establish criteria to be used in determining eligibility of System institutions for financial assistance from the Capital Corporation and the types and amounts of financial assistance that can be obtained from the Corporation. Such regulations shall provide that an institution shall be eligible to receive financial assistance when its financial condition has deteriorated to a point where its continued operation is jeopardized and the provision of such financial assistance is necessary to ensure that farm credit services will continue to be available to borrowers in the institution's territory;

"(16) purchase at fair market value from any other System institution, on the request of such institution, loans (or interests in loans) that have been placed in nonaccrual status and assets (or interests in assets) in the account for acquired properties;

"(17) require System institutions to sell to the Capital Corporation loans, assets, and interests described in paragraph (16) as a condition to receiving financial assistance from the Capital Corporation;

"(18) exercise all the rights and privileges of any System institution with respect to any loan which it has acquired or in which it has participated, including the adjustment of interest rates, compromise of indebtedness, waiver of default, and other such rights and privileges;

"(19) assume debt or other liabilities from System institutions in connection with the acquisition of loans or interests therein or other assets from such institutions;

"(20) refinance, reamortize, guarantee, or compromise indebtedness, and otherwise provide debt adjustment assistance, with respect to any loan to a borrower of a System institution purchased under paragraph (16) or participated in by the Capital Corporation, and, after a determination by the Capital Corporation that the borrower could not reasonably be anticipated to meet loan servicing charges under a refinanced, reamortized, or otherwise restructured loan under reasonable terms and conditions acceptable to the Capital Corporation, liquidate any such loan;

"(21) purchase from associations undergoing liquidation all assets which are performing loans not voluntarily purchased by other associations;

99 STAT. 1685

"(22) adopt a salary scale for officers and employees of the Capital Corporation, in accordance with the directives of the board of directors; and

Securities.

"(23) deposit its securities and its current funds with any member of the Federal Reserve System or any insured State nonmember bank as defined in section 2 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act and pay fees therefor and receive interest thereon as may be agreed.

12 USC 1813.

The Capital Corporation shall have such other incidental powers as are necessary to carry out its powers, duties, and functions in accordance with this Act.

Termination.

"(b) The powers of the Capital Corporation set forth in subsection (a) of this section, to the extent they authorize the financial assistance of any type to borrowers and System institutions, shall be limited after December 31, 1990, as provided in this subsection. The powers of the Capital Corporation to directly or indirectly increase the level of such financial assistance to a borrower or institution or to provide directly or indirectly any such financial assistance to a borrower or institution not receiving such assistance on December 31, 1990, shall terminate on that date. All other powers, including those necessary for management and orderly liquidation of commitments made and obligations incurred in providing such assistance to borrowers and institutions on or before December 31, 1990, shall remain in effect thereafter.

"(c) Officers or employees of the Capital Corporation, like other Farm Credit System employees, shall not be considered officers or employees of the Federal Government. Funds held by the Capital Corporation shall not be construed to be Government funds or appropriated moneys.

12 USC 2211.

Securities.

Contracts.

"SEC. 4.28H. SUCCESSION OF THE CORPORATION.—On the issuance by the Farm Credit Administration of the new charter for the Capital Corporation under this part, the Capital Corporation shall succeed to the assets of and be liable for and assume all debts, obligations, contracts, and other liabilities of the Farm Credit System Capital Corporation chartered under part D of this title (referred to in this section as 'the predecessor corporation'), matured or unmatured, accrued, absolute, contingent or otherwise, and whether or not reflected or reserved against on balance sheets, books of account, or records of the predecessor corporation. The stock of the predecessor corporation shall be converted into stock of the Capital Corporation. The existing contractual obligations, security instruments, and title instruments of the predecessor corporation shall, by operation of law and without any further action by the Farm Credit Administration, the predecessor corporation, or any court, become and be converted into obligations, entitlements, and instruments of the Capital Corporation chartered under this part. To the extent that, on the extinguishing of liabilities assumed by the Capital Corporation under this section, and full performance or other final disposition of contract obligations under contracts assumed by the Capital Corporation under this section, there remain surplus funds attributable to such obligations or contracts, the Capital Corporation shall distribute such surplus funds among the System institutions that contributed funds to the predecessor corporation on the basis of the relative amount of funds so contributed by each institution.

99 STAT. 1686

Ante, p. 1678; *Post*, p. 1707.

"SEC. 4.28I. LIMITATION OF POWERS.—(a) The powers of the Capital Corporation under this part shall be exercised only for the purposes specified in this part and shall not be exercised in a manner that would result in the Capital Corporation supplanting the Farm Credit System institutions operating under titles I through III of this Act as the primary providers of credit and other financial services to farmers, ranchers, and their cooperatives.

"(b) Sales by the Capital Corporation of real property formerly securing a liquidated loan shall be conducted pursuant to guidelines adopted by the Capital Corporation that are compatible with the following criteria: Real property.

"(1) Notice of pending sales shall be made public.

"(2) Previous owners shall be advised of the pending sale and shall not be precluded from purchasing their former property.

"(3) The sale of real property acquired by the Corporation in large tracts shall be discouraged.

"SEC. 4.28J. AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.—(a) On certification by the Farm Credit Administration that (1) the Farm Credit System is in need of financial assistance to address financial stress of System institutions, (2) the System has committed its available capital surplus and reserves to address such financial stress of System institutions, (3) the salaries and benefits of the senior executive officers of System institutions (except associations) will be frozen, such freeze to remain in effect until the earlier of five years after the freeze begins or such time as the Secretary no longer holds any obligations issued by the Capital Corporation, and (4) the System has used such capital surplus and reserves to the extent that further contributions from, or losses incurred by, System institutions likely will preclude such institutions from making credit available to eligible borrowers on reasonable terms, the Secretary of the Treasury, in the Secretary's discretion, may purchase any obligations issued by the Capital Corporation under this part, as heretofore, now, or hereafter in force; and for such purpose the Secretary of the Treasury may use as a public-debt transaction the proceeds of the sale of any securities hereafter issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as now or hereafter in force, and the purposes for which securities may be issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as now or hereafter in force, are extended to include such purchases. The authorities provided to the Secretary of the Treasury by the preceding sentence shall be effective for any fiscal year only to such extent or in such amounts as provided in advance in appropriation Acts. The Secretary of the Treasury, at any time, may sell, on such terms and conditions and at such price or prices as the Secretary shall determine, any of the obligations acquired by the Secretary under this section. All redemptions, purchases, and sales by the Secretary of the Treasury of such obligations under this section shall be treated as public-debt transactions of the United States. Each purchase of obligations by the Secretary of the Treasury under this subsection shall be on terms and conditions as shall be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, taking into consideration the objectives that System institutions retain the ability to make credit available to eligible borrowers on reasonable terms and that banks of the System continue to have access to funds in the public financial markets.

Securities.
12 USC 2216i.

31 USC 774.

"(b) The Farm Credit Administration promptly shall submit a copy of any certification made under subsection (a) to Congress, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall, not later than forty-five days after such certification is made, make known to the Congress and the Farm Credit Administration the Secretary's decision as to exercising the authority under subsection (a) and the reasons and documentation therefor, if that decision is not to purchase obligations of the Capital Corporation.

99 STAT. 1687

"SEC. 4.28K. INITIAL CAPITALIZATION.—The Farm Credit Administration shall provide for the initial capitalization of the Capital Corporation by requiring, in accordance with section 4.28G, institutions of the System to contribute capital to the Capital Corporation in such amounts and under such terms and conditions as the Farm Credit Administration, in consultation with System institutions, may prescribe.

12 USC 2216j.
Ante, p. 1682.

"SEC. 4.28L. TAX STATUS OF CONSOLIDATED OBLIGATIONS.—Consolidated notes, bonds, debentures, or other obligations, the issuance of

Securities.
12 USC 2216k.

which is joined in by the Capital Corporation pursuant to paragraph (13) of section 4.28G, shall have the same tax status as provided by this Act with respect to such obligations issued by the banks.".

CONFORMING AMENDMENT

SEC. 104. Title IV of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is further amended by inserting before section 4.2 the following:

12 USC 2152.

"SEC. 4.1. REQUIREMENTS TO PURCHASE STOCK AND PAY ASSESSMENTS AND CONTRIBUTE CAPITAL TO CAPITAL CORPORATION.—The Federal land banks, the Federal intermediate credit banks, the banks for cooperatives, the Federal land bank associations, and the production credit associations shall purchase stock in, or obligations of, the Capital Corporation, pay assessments, make capital contributions, and take such other related actions as required by the Capital Corporation in the exercise of its powers under this Act. Any payment for retirement of stock so purchased, or repayment of obligations so purchased, by the Capital Corporation shall be distributed among all holders of such stock or obligations on the basis of the book value of the stock or obligations held by each such holder at the time of the distribution.".

CENTRAL RESERVE

SEC. 105. Part A of title IV of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 4.9 the following:

Effective date.
Securities.
12 USC 2161.

"SEC. 4.9A. CENTRAL RESERVE FOR FARM CREDIT SYSTEM.—(a) The Farm Credit Administration may, effective January 1, 1991, establish and maintain a central reserve for the Farm Credit System.

"(b) Such central reserve shall be held in the form of Treasury securities and demand deposits.

"(c) The Farm Credit Administration may use the reserve to make temporary deposits and temporary investments in financially troubled banks or associations of the Farm Credit System.

"(d)(1) The Farm Credit Administration may order payments into such central reserve of one-tenth of 1 percent of the proceeds of each individual, consolidated, or System-wide note, bond, debenture, or other obligation issued by the Farm Credit System, or any part thereof, under this Act.

"(2) Such payments under paragraph (1) may be ordered during any period when such central reserve contains the unobligated sum the Farm Credit Administration deems inadequate to achieve the purposes of such central reserve, but not more than a sum equal to 3 percent of the total of loans outstanding on December 31 of the last preceding calendar year from institutions in the Farm Credit System to persons other than other such institutions.

99 STAT. 1688

"(e) The Farm Credit Administration shall require a bank or association to repay in whole or in part a temporary deposit or retire in whole or in part a temporary investment, made in such bank or association under this section, at such time as in the opinion of the Farm Credit Administration such bank or association has resources available therefor and the need for such temporary deposit or temporary investment is reduced or no longer exists.

"(f) The Farm Credit Administration shall issue rules and regulations implementing this section.".

TITLE II—REGULATION OF THE FARM CREDIT SYSTEM

RESTRUCTURE OF THE FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION

SEC. 201. Part B of title V of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by—

(1) amending sections 5.7 through 5.12 to read as follows:

12 USC 2241.

"SEC. 5.7. THE FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION.—The Farm Credit Administration shall be an independent agency in the executive branch of the Government. It shall be composed of the Farm Credit Administration Board and such other personnel as are employed in carrying out the functions, powers, and duties vested in the Farm Credit Administration by this Act.

"SEC. 5.8. THE FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION BOARD; APPOINTMENT; TERM OF OFFICE; ORGANIZATION AND COMPENSATION.—(a) The management of the Farm Credit Administration shall be vested in a Farm Credit Administration Board (referred to in this part as 'the Board'). The Board shall consist of three members, who shall be citizens of the United States and broadly representative of the public interest. Members of the Board shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Not more than two members of the Board shall be members of the same political party. Of the persons thus appointed, one shall be designated by the President to serve as Chairman of the Board for the duration of the member's term. The members of the Board shall be ineligible during the time they are in office and for two years thereafter to hold any office, position, or employment in any institution of the Farm Credit System. 12 USC 2242.

"(b) The term of office of each member of the Board shall be six years, except that the terms of the two members, other than the Chairman, first appointed under subsection (a) shall expire, one on the expiration of two years after the date of appointment, and one on the expiration of four years after the date of appointment. Members of the Board shall not be appointed to succeed themselves, except that the members first appointed under subsection (a) for a term of less than six years may be reappointed for a full six-year term and members appointed to fill unexpired terms of three years or less may be reappointed for a full six-year term. Any vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term on like appointment. Any member of the Board shall continue to serve as such after the expiration of the member's term until a successor has been appointed and qualified.

"(c) Each member of the Board, within fifteen days after notice of appointment, shall subscribe to the oath of office. The Board may transact business if a vacancy exists, provided a quorum is present.

A quorum shall consist of two members of the Board. The Board shall hold at least one meeting each month and such additional meetings at such times and places as it may fix and determine. Such meetings shall be held on the call of the Chairman or any two Board members. The Board shall adopt such rules as it deems appropriate for the transaction of its business and shall keep permanent and accurate records and minutes of its acts and proceedings. Records.

"(d) The members of the Board shall devote their full time and attention to the business of the Board. The Chairman of the Board shall receive compensation at the rate prescribed for level III of the Executive Schedule under section 5314 of title 5 of the United States Code. Each of the other members of the Board shall receive compensation at the rate prescribed for level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5 of the United States Code. Each member of the Board shall be reimbursed for necessary travel, subsistence, and other expenses in the discharge of the member's official duties without regard to other laws with respect to allowance for travel and subsistence of officers and employees of the United States. This subsection shall be subject to the provisions of section 5.11 of this Act. *Post*, p. 1690.

"SEC. 5.9. POWERS OF THE BOARD; CIVIL PROCEEDINGS.—The Board shall manage and administer, and establish policies for, the Farm Credit Administration. It— 12 USC 2243.

"(1) shall approve the rules and regulations for the implementation of this Act not inconsistent with its provisions;

"(2) shall provide for the examination of the condition of, and general regulation of the performance of the powers, functions, and duties vested in, each institution of the Farm Credit System;

"(3) shall provide for the performance of all the powers and duties vested in the Farm Credit Administration; and

"(4) may require such reports as it deems necessary from the institutions of the Farm Credit System.

12 USC 2244. "SEC. 5.10. CHAIRMAN; RESPONSIBILITIES; GOVERNING STANDARDS.—(a) The Chairman of the Board shall be the executive officer of the Board and the chief executive officer of the Farm Credit Administration. The Chairman shall be responsible for directing the implementation of the policies and regulations adopted by the Board and the execution of all of the administrative functions and duties of the Farm Credit Administration. The Chairman shall be the spokesman for the Board and the Farm Credit Administration and shall represent the Board and the Farm Credit Administration in their official relations within the Government. Under policies adopted by the Board, the Chairman shall consult on a regular basis with the Secretary of the Treasury in connection with the exercise by the System of the powers conferred under section 4.2 of this Act, with the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System in connection with the effect of System lending activities on national monetary policy, and with the Secretary of Agriculture in connection with the effect of System policies on farmers and the agricultural economy. 12 USC 2153.

"(b) In carrying out responsibilities under this Act, the Chairman of the Board shall be governed by general policies adopted by the Board and by such regulatory decisions, findings, and determinations as the Board may by law be authorized to make and, as to third persons, all acts of the Chairman of the Board shall be conclusively presumed to be in compliance with such general policies and regulatory decisions, findings, and determinations.

99 STAT. 1690

"(c) The Chairman of the Board shall enforce the rules, regulations, and orders of the Board. Except as provided in section 518 of title 28 of the United States Code, relating to litigation before the Supreme Court, attorneys designated by the Chairman shall represent the Farm Credit Administration in any civil proceeding or civil action brought in connection with the administration of conservatorships and receiverships. Attorneys designated by the Chairman may represent the Farm Credit Administration in any other civil proceedings or civil action when so authorized by the Attorney General under provisions of title 28.

12 USC 2245. "SEC. 5.11. ORGANIZATION OF THE FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION.—The Chairman of the Board, in carrying out the powers and duties now or hereafter vested in the Chairman by this Act and acts supplementary thereto, may establish and fix the powers and the duties of such divisions or other units as the Chairman may deem necessary to the efficient functioning of the Farm Credit Administration and the successful execution of the powers and duties vested in the Board and the Farm Credit Administration. The Chairman of the Board shall appoint such personnel as may be necessary to carry out the functions of the Farm Credit Administration. Officers and employees of the Farm Credit Administration shall be subject to the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 and shall be considered officers or employees of the United States for the purposes of sections 201 through 203, and sections 205 through 209, of title 18 of the United States Code. Officers and employees of the Farm Credit Administration shall be subject to section 5373 of title 5 of the United States Code. The powers of the Chairman as chief executive officer of the Farm Credit Administration may be exercised and performed by the Chairman through such other officers and employees of the Farm Credit Administration as the Chairman shall designate. The operations of the Farm Credit Administration, and the salaries of members of the Board and employees of the Administration, shall be funded and paid for from the fund created under section 5.15 of this Act. 2 USC 701 note. *Infra.*

12 USC 2246. "SEC. 5.12. ADVISORY COMMITTEES.—The Chairman of the Board may establish one or more advisory committees in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act and may appoint to such

committee or committees individuals who are members of the Federal Farm Credit Board when such Board is terminated by the Farm Credit Amendments Act of 1985.";

(2) striking out section 5.13; 12 USC 2247.

(3) redesignating section 5.14 as section 5.13, and, in section 5.13, as so redesignated, striking out "Governor" and inserting in lieu thereof "Board"; 12 USC 2248.

(4) redesignating section 5.15 as section 5.14, and, in the second sentence of section 5.14, as so redesignated, striking out "section 5.16(b)" and "section 5.16(a)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 5.15(b)" and "section 5.15(a)", respectively; 12 USC 2249.

(5) redesignating section 5.16 as section 5.15; 12 USC 2250.

(6) redesignating section 5.17 as section 5.16, and, in section 5.16, as so redesignated— 12 USC 2251.

(A) striking out "section 5.15" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "section 5.14";

(B) striking out "Federal Farm Credit" in paragraph (2) of the first sentence; and

(C) striking out "section 5.16" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 5.15"; and

(7) redesignating section 5.18 as section 5.17 and amending subsection (a) thereof to read as follows: 12 USC 2252.

"(a) The Farm Credit Administration shall have the following powers, functions, and responsibilities in connection with the institutions of the Farm Credit System and the administration of this Act:

"(1) Modify the boundaries of farm credit districts, with due regard for the farm credit needs of the country, as approved by the Board, with the concurrence of the district boards involved.

Discrimination, prohibition.

"(2) Where necessary or appropriate to carry out the policy and objectives of this Act, issue and amend or modify Federal charters of institutions of the System; approve change in names of banks operating under this Act; approve the merger of districts when agreed to by the boards of the districts involved and by a majority vote of the voting stockholders and contributors to the guaranty funds of each bank for each of such districts, voting in the same manner as is provided in section 4.10 of this Act; approve mergers of banks operating under the same title of this Act, merger of Federal land bank associations, merger of production credit associations, and the consolidation or division of the territories that they serve when agreed to by a majority vote of the voting stockholders or contributors to the guaranty fund of each of the institutions involved; and approve consolidations of boards of directors or management agreements when agreed to by a majority vote of the voting stockholders or contributors to the guaranty fund of each of the institutions involved. In issuing charters and certificates of territory for district-wide mergers of associations where stockholders of one or more associations did not approve the merger, the charter of the new or merged association shall not include the territory of the disagreeing association or associations; charters issued during calendar year 1985 for district-wide new or merged associations which included the territory of a disagreeing association shall be revoked and reissued to exclude such territory, unless subsequently agreed to by the board of directors of such association or associations; and the Farm Credit Administration shall ensure that the board of directors of district banks does not discriminate against the disapproving associations in exercising its supervisory authorities. Such associations shall not be (i) charged any assessment under this Act at a rate higher than that charged other like associations in the district or (ii) discriminated against in the provision of any financial service and assistance (including, but not limited to, access to credit and rates of interest on loans and discounts) by a district Farm Credit bank to the association and its member-borrowers. The Chairman of the Farm Credit Administration Board, after

12 USC 2181.

consultation with the respective district board or boards and the board of directors of the Capital Corporation may require two or more banks of the Farm Credit System (other than Central Banks for Cooperatives) operating under the same title to merge if the Chairman determines that one of such banks has failed to meet outstanding obligations of such bank.

Reports.
Post, p. 1693.
99 STAT. 1692
Reports.
12 USC 2207.

"(3) Make annual reports directly to Congress on the condition of the System and its institutions, based on the examinations carried out under section 5.19 of this Act, and on the manner and extent to which the purposes and objectives of this Act are being carried out and, from time to time, recommend directly legislative changes. The annual reports shall include a summary and analysis of the reports submitted to the Farm Credit Administration by the Federal land banks and Federal intermediate credit banks under section 4.19(b) of this Act relating to programs for serving young, beginning, and small farmers and ranchers.

12 USC 2153.

"(4) Approve the issuance of obligations of the System under subsections (c) and (d) of section 4.2 of this Act for the purpose of funding the authorized operations of the institutions of the System, and prescribe collateral therefor.

Regulations.

"(5) Grant approvals provided for under this Act either on a case-by-case basis or through regulations that confer approval on actions of Farm Credit System institutions that meet standards and criteria established by the Farm Credit Administration, including standards and criteria with respect to (A) interest rates on obligations of Farm Credit System institutions and on loans made or discounted by such institutions, and (B) the payment of dividends or patronage refunds by Farm Credit System institutions.

"(6) Establish standards for the System institutions with respect to loan security requirements and regulate the borrowing, repayment, and transfer of funds and equities between institutions of the System.

"(7) Conduct loan and collateral security review.

Securities.
Ante, p. 1678.

"(8) Make investments in stock of the Capital Corporation out of the revolving fund referred to in section 4.0, and require the retirement of such stock.

"(9) Regulate the preparation by System institutions and the dissemination to stockholders and investors of information on the financial condition and operations of such institutions.

"(10) Prescribe rules and regulations necessary or appropriate for carrying out this Act.

Safety.
Post, p. 1694.

"(11) Exercise the powers conferred on it under part C of this title for the purpose of ensuring the safety and soundness of System institutions.

"(12) Exercise such incidental powers as may be necessary or appropriate to fulfill its duties and carry out the purposes of this Act.

"(13) Sue and be sued, complain and defend in any court of law or equity, State or Federal. All suits of a civil nature at common law or in equity to which the Farm Credit Administration shall be a party shall be deemed to arise under the laws of the United States, and the United States district courts shall have original jurisdiction thereof, without regard to the amount of the controversy; and the Farm Credit Administration may, without bond or security, remove any such action, suit, or proceeding from a State court to the United States district court for the district or division embracing the place where the same is pending by following any procedure for removal now or hereafter in effect. Service of process on the Farm Credit Administration shall be in accordance with provisions of title 28 of the United States Code and rules adopted under title 28 for suits in which an agency of the United States is a party. The Farm Credit Administration shall designate an agent at its principal office to accept service of process.

99 STAT. 1693

Bonds.

"(14) Require surety bonds or other provisions for protection of the assets of the institutions of the System against losses occasioned by employees.

"(15) Except for associations, approve the salary scale for employees of the institutions of the System, and approve the compensation of the chief executive officer of such institutions: *Provided*, That no salary scale or rate of compensation shall be approved under this provision unless determined to be fair and reasonable.".

DELEGATIONS

Repeal.
12 USC 2253.

SEC. 202. (a) Section 5.19 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is repealed.

(b) Part B of title V of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is further amended by inserting, after section 5.17, as so redesignated by section 201 of this title, the following:

Ante, p. 1690.
Effective date.
12 USC 2253.

"SEC. 5.18. PRIOR DELEGATIONS.—Any delegations by the Farm Credit Administration and redelegations thereof made in accordance with section 5.19 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 as in effect prior to the effective date of the Farm Credit Amendments Act of 1985 may continue in full force and effect, at the discretion of the Farm Credit Administration, for the period ending twelve months after the date of enactment of such Act.".

FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION EXAMINATIONS; CONFORMING AMENDMENT

12 USC 2254.

SEC. 203. (a) Section 5.20 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is redesignated as section 5.19 and amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 5.19. EXAMINATIONS.—(a) Each institution of the System shall be examined by Farm Credit Administration examiners at such times as the Chairman of the Board may determine, but in no event less than once each year. Such examinations shall include, but are not limited to, an analysis of credit and collateral quality and capitalization of the institution, and appraisals of the effectiveness of the institution's management and application of policies governing the carrying out of this Act and regulations of the Farm Credit Administration and servicing all eligible borrowers. At the direction of the Chairman of the Board, Farm Credit Administration examiners also shall make examinations of the condition of any organization, other than federally regulated financial institutions, to, for, or with which any institution of the System contemplates making a loan or discounting paper. For the purposes of this Act, examiners of the Farm Credit Administration shall be subject to the same requirements, responsibilities, and penalties as are applicable to examiners under the National Bank Act, the Federal Reserve Act, and Federal Deposit Insurance Act, and other provisions of law and shall have the same powers and privileges as are vested in such examiners by law.

12 USC 38 and note; 226 and note.
12 USC 1811 note.
Report.

"(b) Each institution of the System shall make and publish an annual report of condition as prescribed by the Farm Credit Administration. Each such report shall contain financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and contain such additional information as the Farm Credit Administration by regulation may require. Such financial statements of System institutions shall be audited by an independent public accountant.

99 STAT. 1694

Report.

"(c) The Farm Credit Administration may publish the report of examination of any System institution that does not, before the end of the 120th day after the date of notification of the recommendations and suggestions of the Farm Credit Administration, based on such examination, comply with such recommendations and suggestions to the satisfaction of the Farm Credit Administration. The Farm Credit Administration shall give notice of intention to publish in the event of such noncompliance at least 90 days before such publication. Such notice of intention may be given any time after such notification of recommendations and suggestions.".

12 USC 2255–2259. (b) Sections 5.21, 5.22, 5.23, 5.24, and 5.25 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 are redesignated as sections 5.20, 5.21, 5.22, 5.23, and 5.24, respectively.

ENFORCEMENT POWERS

Supra. Sec. 204. Title V of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by inserting after section 5.24, as so redesignated by section 203(b), the following:

"PART C—ENFORCEMENT POWERS OF FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION

12 USC 2261. "Sec. 5.25. Cease and Desist Proceedings.—(a) If, in the opinion of the Farm Credit Administration, any institution in the Farm Credit System, or any director, officer, employee, agent, or other person participating in the conduct of the affairs of such an institution is engaging or has engaged, or the Farm Credit Administration has reasonable cause to believe that the institution or any director, officer, employee, agent, or other person participating in the conduct of the affairs of such institution is about to engage, in an unsafe or unsound practice in conducting the business of such institution, or is violating or has violated, or the Farm Credit Administration has reasonable cause to believe that the institution or any director, officer, employee, agent, or other person participating in the conduct of the affairs of such institution is about to violate, a law, rule, or regulation, or any condition imposed in writing by the Farm Credit Administration in connection with the granting of any application or other request by the institution or any written agreement entered into with the Farm Credit Administration, the Farm Credit Administration may issue and serve upon the institution or such director, officer, employee, agent, or other person a notice of charges in respect thereof. The notice shall contain a statement of the facts constituting the alleged violation or violations or the unsafe or unsound practice or practices, and shall fix a time and place at which a hearing will be held to determine whether an order to cease and desist therefrom should issue against the institution or the director, officer, employee, agent, or other person participating in the conduct of the affairs of such institution. Such hearing shall be fixed for a date not earlier than thirty days nor later than sixty days after service of such notice unless an earlier or a later date is set by the Farm Credit Administration at the request of any party so served. Unless the party or parties so served shall appear at the hearing personally or by a duly authorized representative, they shall be deemed to have consented to the issuance of the cease and desist order. In the event of such consent, or if upon the record made at any such hearing, the Farm Credit Administration shall find that any violation or unsafe or unsound practice specified in the notice of charges has been established, the Farm Credit Administration may issue and serve upon the institution or the director, officer, employee, agent, or other person participating in the conduct of the affairs of such institution an order to cease and desist from any such violation or practice. Such order may, by provisions that may be mandatory or otherwise, require the institution or its directors, officers, employees, agents, and other persons participating in the conduct of the affairs of such institution to cease and desist from the same, and, further, to take affirmative action to correct the conditions resulting from any such violation or practice.

99 STAT. 1695

Effective date. "(b) A cease and desist order shall become effective at the expiration of thirty days after the service of such order upon the institution or other person concerned (except in the case of a cease and desist order issued upon consent, which shall become effective at the time specified therein), and shall remain effective and enforceable as provided therein except to such extent as it is stayed, modified, terminated, or set aside by action of the Farm Credit Administration or a reviewing court.

12 USC 2262.

"SEC. 5.26. TEMPORARY CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS.—(a) Whenever the Farm Credit Administration shall determine that the violation or threatened violation or the unsafe or unsound practice or practices, specified in the notice of charges served upon the institution or any director, officer, employee, agent, or other person participating in the conduct of the affairs of such institution under section 5.25, or the continuation thereof, is likely to cause insolvency or substantial dissipation of assets or earnings of the institution, or is likely to seriously weaken the condition of the institution or otherwise seriously prejudice the interests of the investors in Farm Credit System obligations or shareholders in the institution prior to the completion of the proceedings conducted under section 5.25, the Farm Credit Administration may issue a temporary order requiring the institution or such director, officer, employee, agent, or other person to cease and desist from any such violation or practice and to take affirmative action to prevent such insolvency, dissipation, condition, or prejudice pending completion of such proceedings. Such order shall become effective upon service upon the institution or such director, officer, employee, agent, or other person participating in the conduct of the affairs of such institution and, unless set aside, limited, or suspended by a court in proceedings authorized by subsection (b), shall remain effective and enforceable pending the completion of the administrative proceedings pursuant to such notice and until such time as the Farm Credit Administration shall dismiss the charges specified in such notice, or if a cease and desist order is issued against the institution or such director, officer, employee, agent, or other person, until effective date of such order.

Ante, p. 1694.

"(b) Within ten days after the institution concerned or any director, officer, employee, agent, or other person participating in the conduct of the affairs of such institution has been served with a temporary cease and desist order, the institution or such director, officer, employee, agent, or other person may apply to the United States district court for the judicial district in which the home office of the institution is located, or the United States district court for the District of Columbia, for an injunction setting aside, limiting, or suspending the enforcement, operation, or effectiveness of such order pending the completion of the administrative proceedings pursuant to the notice of charges served upon the institution or such director, officer, employee, agent, or other person under section 5.25, and such court shall have jurisdiction to issue such injunction.

99 STAT. 1696

12 USC 2263.

"SEC. 5.27. ENFORCEMENT OF TEMPORARY CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS.—In the case of violation or threatened violation of, or failure to obey, a temporary cease and desist order issued under section 5.26, the Farm Credit Administration may apply to the United States district court, or the United States court of any territory, within the jurisdiction of which the home office of the institution is located, for an injunction to enforce such order, and, if the court shall determine that there has been such violation or threatened violation or failure to obey, it shall be the duty of the court to issue such injunction.

Ante, p. 1695.

Crimes and misdemeanors.
12 USC 2264.

"SEC. 5.28. SUSPENSION OR REMOVAL OF DIRECTOR OR OFFICER.—Whenever, in the opinion of the Farm Credit Administration, any director or officer of any institution in the Farm Credit System has committed any violation of law, rule, or regulation or of a cease and desist order that has become final, or has engaged or participated in any unsafe or unsound practice in connection with the institution, or has committed or engaged in any act, omission, or practice which constitutes a breach of a fiduciary duty as such director or officer, and the Farm Credit Administration determines that the institution has suffered or will probably suffer substantial financial loss or other damage or that the interests of its shareholders or investors in Farm Credit System obligations could be seriously prejudiced by reason of such violation or practice or breach of fiduciary duty, or that the director or officer has received financial gain by reason of such violation or practice or breach of fiduciary duty, and that such violation or practice or breach of fiduciary duty is one involving personal dishonesty on the part of such director or officer, or one that demonstrates a willful or continuing disregard for the safety or soundness of the System institution, the Farm Credit Administration may serve upon such director or officer a written notice of its intention to remove him from office.

"(b) Whenever, in the opinion of the Farm Credit Administration, any director or officer of an institution in the Farm Credit System, by conduct or practice with respect to another institution in the Farm Credit System or other business institution that resulted in substantial financial loss or other damage, has evidenced either his personal dishonesty or a willful or continuing disregard for its safety and soundness and, in addition, has evidenced his unfitness to continue as a director or officer, and whenever, in the opinion of the Farm Credit Administration, any other person participating in the conduct of the affairs of an institution in the Farm Credit System, by the conduct or practice with respect to such institution or other institution in the Farm Credit System or other business institution that resulted in substantial financial loss or other damage, has evidenced either personal dishonesty or a willful or continuing disregard for its safety and soundness and, in addition, has evidenced his unfitness to participate in the conduct of the affairs of such institution, the Farm Credit Administration may serve upon such director, officer, or other person a written notice of its intention to remove that director, officer, or other person from office or to prohibit his further participation in any manner in the conduct of the affairs of the institution.

99 STAT. 1697

"(c) In respect to any director or officer of an institution in the Farm Credit System or any other person referred to in subsection (a) or (b) of this section, the Farm Credit Administration may, if it deems it necessary for the protection of the institution or the interests of its shareholders and the investors in the Farm Credit System obligations, by written notice to such effect served upon such director, officer, or other person, suspend such director, officer, or other person from office or prohibit such director, officer, or other person from further participation in any manner in the conduct of the affairs of the institution. Such suspension or prohibition shall become effective upon service of such notice and, unless stayed by a court in proceedings authorized by subsection (e) of this section, shall remain in effect pending the completion of the administrative proceedings pursuant to the notice served under subsection (a) or (b) and until such time as the Farm Credit Administration shall dismiss the charges specified in such notice, or, if an order of removal or prohibition is issued against the director or officer or other person, until the effective date of any such order. Copies of any such notice shall also be served upon the institution of which the person is a director or officer or in the conduct of whose affairs the person has participated.

"(d) A notice of intention to remove a director, officer, or other person from office or to prohibit such director's, officer's, or other person's participation in the conduct of the affairs of an institution in the Farm Credit System, shall contain a statement of the facts constituting grounds therefor, and shall fix a time and place at which a hearing will be held thereon. Such hearing shall be fixed for a date not earlier than thirty days nor later than sixty days after the date of service of such notice, unless an earlier or a later date is set by the Farm Credit Administration at the request of (1) such director or officer or other person, and for good cause shown, or (2) the Attorney General of the United States. Unless such director, officer, or other person shall appear at the hearing in person or by a duly authorized representative, such director, officer, or other person shall be deemed to have consented to the issuance of an order of such removal or prohibition. In the event of such consent, or if upon the record made at any such hearing the Farm Credit Administration shall find that any of the grounds specified in such notice have been established, the Farm Credit Administration may issue such orders of suspension or removal from office, or prohibition from participation in the conduct of the affairs of the institution, as it may deem appropriate. A copy of an order issued under this subsection shall be served upon the institution concerned. Any such order shall become effective at the expiration of thirty days after service upon such institution and the director, officer, or other person concerned (except in the case of an order issued upon consent, which shall become effective at the time specified therein). Such order shall remain effective and enforceable except to such extent as it is stayed, modified, terminated, or set aside by action of the agency or a reviewing court.

"(e) Within ten days after any director, officer, or other person has been suspended from office or prohibited from participation in the conduct of the affairs of a System institution under subsection (d)(3) of this section, such director, officer, or other person may apply to the United States district court for the judicial district in which the home office of the institution is located, or the United States district court for the District of Columbia, for a stay of either such suspension or prohibition, or both, pending the completion of the administrative proceedings pursuant to the notice served upon such director, officer, or other person under subsection (a) or (b), and such court shall have jurisdiction to stay either such suspension or prohibition, or both.

99 STAT. 1698

12 USC 2265.

"SEC. 5.29. SUSPENSION OR REMOVAL OF DIRECTOR OR OFFICER CHARGED WITH FELONY.—(a) Whenever any director or officer of an institution in the Farm Credit System, or other person participating in the conduct of the affairs of such institution, is charged in any information, indictment, or complaint authorized by a United States attorney, with the commission of or participation in a crime involving dishonesty or breach of trust that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under State or Federal law, the Farm Credit Administration may, if continued service or participation by the individual may pose a threat to the interest of the institution's shareholders or the investors in the Farm Credit System obligations or may threaten to impair public confidence in the institution or Farm Credit System, by written notice served upon such director, officer, or other person, suspend such director, officer, or other person from office or prohibit such director, officer, or other person from further participation in any manner in the conduct of the affairs of the institution. A copy of such notice shall also be served upon the institution. Such suspension or prohibition shall remain in effect until such information, indictment, or complaint is finally disposed of or until terminated by the Farm Credit Administration. In the event that a judgment of conviction with respect to such crime is entered against such director, officer, or other person, and at such time as such judgment is not subject to further appellate review, the Farm Credit Administration may, if continued service or participation by the individual may pose a threat to the interests of the institution's shareholders or the investors in Farm Credit System obligations or may threaten to impair public confidence in the institution or the Farm Credit System, issue and serve upon such director, officer, or other person an order removing such director, officer, or other person from office or prohibiting such director, officer, or other person from further participation in any manner in the conduct of the affairs of the institution except with the consent of the Farm Credit Administration. A copy of such order shall also be served upon such institution, whereupon such director or officer shall cease to be a director or officer of such institution. A finding of not guilty or other disposition of the charge shall not preclude the Farm Credit Administration from thereafter instituting proceedings to remove such director, officer, or other person from office or to prohibit further participation in Farm Credit System affairs under section 5.28. Any notice of

Ante, p. 1696.

suspension or order of removal issued under this paragraph shall remain effective and outstanding until the completion of any hearing or appeal authorized under subsection (b) unless terminated by the Farm Credit Administration.

"(b) Within thirty days from service of any notice of suspension or order of removal issued under subsection (a), the director, officer, or other person concerned may request in writing an opportunity to appear before the Farm Credit Administration to show that the continued service to or participation in the conduct of the affairs of the institution by such individual does not, or is not likely to, pose a threat to the interest in Farm Credit System obligations. Upon receipt of any such request, the Farm Credit Administration shall fix a time (not more than thirty days after receipt of such request, unless extended at the request of the concerned director, officer, or other person) and place at which the director, officer, or other person may appear, personally or through counsel, before the Chairman
99 STAT. 1699
of the Farm Credit Administration or designated employees of the Farm Credit Administration to submit written materials (or, at the discretion of the Farm Credit Administration, oral testimony) and oral argument. Within sixty days of such hearing, the Farm Credit Administration shall notify the director, officer, or other person whether the suspension or prohibition from participation in any manner in the conduct of the affairs of the institution will be continued, terminated, or otherwise modified, or whether the order removing such director, officer, or other person from office or prohibiting such individual from further participation in any manner in the conduct of the affairs of the institution will be rescinded or otherwise modified. Such notification shall contain a statement of the basis for the Farm Credit Administration's decision, if adverse to the director, officer, or other person. The Farm Credit Administration may prescribe such rules as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this subsection.

12 USC 2266.
Ante, p. 1698.
5 USC 500 *et seq.*

"SEC. 5.30. HEARINGS AND JUDICIAL REVIEW.—(a) Any hearing provided for in this part (other than the hearing provided for in section 5.29) shall be held in the Federal judicial district or in the territory in which the home office of the institution is located unless the party afforded the hearing consents to another place, and shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 5 of title 5 of the United States Code. Such hearing shall be private, unless the Farm Credit Administration, in its discretion, after fully considering the views of the party afforded the hearing, determines that a public hearing is necessary to protect the public interest. After such hearing, and within ninety days after the Farm Credit Administration has notified the parties that the case has been submitted to it for final decision, it shall render its decision (which shall include findings of fact upon which its decision is predicated) and shall issue and serve upon each party to the proceeding an order or orders consistent with the provisions of this part. Judicial review of any such order shall be exclusively as provided in this subsection (g). Unless a petition for review is timely filed in a court of appeals of the United States, as hereinafter provided in subsection (b), and thereafter until the record in the proceeding has been filed as so provided, the Farm Credit Administration may at any time, upon such notice and in such manner as it shall deem proper, modify, terminate, or set aside any such order. Upon such filing of the record, the Farm Credit Administration may modify, terminate, or set aside any such order with permission of the court.

"(b) Any party to the proceeding, or any person required by an order issued under this part to cease and desist from any of the violations or practices stated therein, may obtain a review of any order served under subsection (a) (other than an order issued with the consent of the System institution or the director or officer or other person concerned, or an order issued under section 5.29) by the filing in the court of appeals of the United States for the circuit in which the home office of the institution is located, or in the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, within thirty days after the date of service of such order, a written petition praying that the order of the Farm Credit Administration be modified, terminated, or set aside. A copy of such petition shall be forthwith transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Farm Credit Administration, and thereupon the Farm Credit Administration shall file in the court the record in the proceeding, as provided in section 2112 of title 28 of the United States Code. Upon the filing of such petition, such court shall have jurisdiction, which upon the filing of the record shall except as provided in the last sentence of subsection (a) be exclusive, to affirm, modify, terminate, or set aside, in whole or in part, the order of the Farm Credit Administration. Review of such proceedings shall be had as provided in chapter 7 of title 5 of the United States Code. The judgment and decree of the court shall be final, except that the same shall be subject to review by the Supreme Court upon certiorari, as provided in section 1254 of title 28 of the United States Code.

Record.

99 STAT. 1700

5 USC 701 *et seq.*

"(c) The commencement of proceedings for judicial review under subsection (b) shall not, unless specifically ordered by the court, operate as a stay of any order issued by the Farm Credit Administration.

Prohibition.

"SEC. 5.31. JURISDICTION AND ENFORCEMENT.—The Farm Credit Administration may in its discretion apply to the United States district court, or the United States court of any territory, within the jurisdiction of which the home office of the institution is located, for the enforcement of any effective and outstanding notice or order issued under this part, and such courts shall have jurisdiction and power to order and require compliance herewith; but except as otherwise provided in this part no court shall have jurisdiction to affect by injunction or otherwise the issuance or enforcement of any notice or order under this part, or to review, modify, suspend, terminate, or set aside any such notice or order.

12 USC 2267.

Prohibition.

"SEC. 5.32. PENALTY.—(a) Any institution in the System that violates or any officer, director, employee, agent, or other person participating in the conduct of the affairs of such an institution who violates the terms of any order that has become final and was issued under section 5.25 or 5.26 of this Act, shall forfeit and pay a civil penalty of not more than $1,000 per day for each day during which such violation continues, but the Farm Credit Administration may, in its discretion, compromise, modify, or remit any civil money penalty that is subject to imposition or has been imposed under such authority. The penalty may be assessed and collected by the Farm Credit Administration by written notice.

12 USC 2268.

Ante, pp. 1694, 1695.

"(b) In determining the amount of the penalty, the Farm Credit Administration shall take into account the appropriateness of the penalty with respect to the size of financial resources and good faith of the System institution or person charged, the gravity of the violation, the history of previous violations, and such other matters as justice may require.

"(c) The System institution or person assessed shall be afforded an opportunity for a hearing by the Farm Credit Administration, upon request made within ten days after issuance of the notice of assessment. In such hearing all issues shall be determined on the record pursuant to section 554 of title 5 of the United States Code. The Farm Credit Administration determination shall be made by final order which may be reviewed only as provided in subsection (d). If no hearing is requested as herein provided, the assessment shall constitute a final and unappealable order.

"(d) Any System institution or person against whom an order imposing a civil money penalty has been entered after a Farm Credit Administration hearing under this section may obtain review by the United States court of appeals for the circuit in which the home office of the System institution is located, or the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, by filing a notice of appeal in such court within twenty days after the service of such order, and simultaneously sending a copy of such notice by

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registered or certified mail to the Farm Credit Administration. The Farm Credit Administration shall promptly certify and file in such Court the record upon which the penalty was imposed, as provided in section 2112 of title 28 of the United States Code. The findings of the Farm Credit Administration shall be set aside if found to be unsupported by substantial evidence as provided by section 706(2)(E) of title 5 of the United States Code.

"(e) If any System institution or person fails to pay an assessment after it has become a final and unappealable order, or after the court of appeals has entered final judgment in favor of the Farm Credit Administration, the Farm Credit Administration shall refer the matter to the Attorney General, who shall recover the amount assessed by action in the appropriate United States district court. In such action, the validity and appropriateness of the final order imposing the penalty shall not be subject to review.

Regulations.

Ante, p. 1700.

"(f) The Farm Credit Administration shall promulgate regulations establishing procedures necessary to implement sections 5.31 and 5.32.

"(g) All penalties collected under authority of this section shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States.

12 USC 2269.

Ante, pp. 1696, 1698.

"SEC. 5.33. FURTHER PENALTIES.—Any director or officer, or former director or officer of a System institution, or any other person, against whom there is outstanding and effective any notice or order (which is an order which has become final) served upon such director, officer, or other person under section 5.28 or 5.29 of this Act, and who (1) participates in any manner in the conduct of the affairs of the institution involved, or directly or indirectly solicits or procures, or transfers or attempts to transfer, or votes or attempts to vote, any proxies, consents, or authorizations in respect of any voting rights in such institution, or (2) without the prior written approval of the Farm Credit Administration, votes for a director, serves or acts as a director, officer, or employee of any System institution, shall upon conviction be fined not more than $5,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both.

12 USC 2270.

"SEC. 5.34. REPLACEMENT OF SUSPENDED OR REMOVED DIRECTORS.—If at any time, because of the suspension or removal of one or more directors pursuant to section 5.28 or 5.29 of this Act, there shall be on the board of directors of a System institution less than a quorum of directors not so suspended, the Chairman shall appoint persons to serve temporarily as directors in their place and stead so as to establish a quorum until such time as those who have been removed are reinstated or their respective successors are duly elected and take office.

12 USC 2271.

Ante, p. 1699.

"SEC. 5.35. DEFINITIONS.—As used in this part—

"(1) the terms 'cease and desist order that has become final' and 'order which has become final' mean a cease and desist order, or an order, issued by the Farm Credit Administration with the consent of the System institution or the director or officer or other person concerned, or with respect to which no petition for review of the action of the Farm Credit Administration has been filed and perfected in a court of appeals as specified in section 5.30(b) of this Act, or with respect to which the action of the court in which such petition is so filed is not subject to further review by the Supreme Court of the United States in proceedings provided for in section 5.30(b) of this Act, or an order issued under section 5.29 of this Act;

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"(2) the term 'violation' includes without limitation any action (alone or with another or others) for or toward causing, bringing about, participating in, counseling, or aiding or abetting a violation;

Post, p. 1703.
12 USC 2211.

"(3) the terms 'institution in the System', 'System institution', and 'institution' mean all institutions enumerated in section 1.2 of this Act, any service organization chartered under part D of title IV of this Act, and the Capital Corporation; and

"(4) the term 'unsafe or unsound practice' shall have the meaning given to it by the Farm Credit Administration by regulations, rule, or order.

12 USC 2272.

"SEC. 5.36. NOTICE OF SERVICE.—Any service required or authorized to be made by the Farm Credit Administration under this section may be made by registered mail, or in such other manner reasonably calculated to give actual notice as the Farm Credit Administration may by regulation or otherwise provide. Any such service by mail is complete upon mailing. Copies of any notice or order served by the Farm Credit Administration on any association or any director or officer thereof or other person participating in the conduct of its affairs, under the provisions of this part, shall also be sent to the supervisory bank.

Crimes and misdemeanors.
12 USC 2273.

"SEC. 5.37. ANCILLARY PROVISIONS; SUBPENA POWER; ETC.—In the course of or in connection with any proceeding under this part or any examination or investigation under this Act, the Farm Credit Administration or any designated representative thereof, including any person designated to conduct any hearing under this part, shall have the power to administer oaths and affirmations, to take or cause to be taken depositions, and to issue, revoke, quash, or modify subpenas and subpenas duces tecum; and the Farm Credit Administration is empowered to make rules and regulations with respect to any such proceedings, claims, examinations, or investigations. The attendance of witnesses and the production of documents provided for in this section may be required from any place in any State or in any territory or other place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States at any designated place where such proceeding is being conducted. The Farm Credit Administration or any party to proceedings under this part may apply to the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, or the United States district court for the judicial district or the United States court in any territory in which such proceeding is being conducted, or where the witness resides or carries on business, for enforcement of any subpena or subpena duces tecum issued pursuant to this part, and such courts shall have jurisdiction and power to order and require compliance therewith. Witnesses subpenaed under this section shall be paid the same fees and mileage that are paid witnesses in the district courts of the United States. Any court having jurisdiction of any proceeding instituted under this part by a System institution or a director or officer thereof, may allow to any such party such reasonable expenses and attorneys' fees as it deems just and proper; and such expenses and fees shall be paid by the System institution or from its assets. Any person who willfully shall fail or refuse to attend or testify or to answer any lawful inquiry or to produce books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, contracts, agreements, or other records, if in such person's power so to do, in obedience to the subpena of the Farm Credit Administration, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be subject to a fine of not more than $1,000 or to imprisonment for a term of not more than one year or both.".

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TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS

Ante, p. 1702.

SEC. 205. (a)(1) Title V of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is further amended by inserting after section 5.37, as added by section 204, the following heading:

"PART D—MISCELLANEOUS".

5 USC 5314, 5315.
12 USC 393, 2001 notes, 2260, 2275.
12 USC 2096.

(2) Sections 5.26, 5.27, 5.28, 5.29, and 5.30 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 are redesignated as sections 5.40, 5.41, 5.42, 5.43, and 5.44, respectively.

(b) Section 2.15 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by—

(1) in the first sentence of subsection (a)—

(A) striking out "rules and regulations" and inserting in lieu thereof "standards"; and

(B) striking out "and approved by the Farm Credit Administration";

(2) in the first sentence of subsection (b)—

(A) striking out "regulations" and inserting in lieu thereof "standards"; and

(B) striking out "with the approval of the Farm Credit Administration as provided in" and inserting in lieu thereof "subject to the provisions of"; and

(3) in the last sentence of subsection (b)—

(A) striking out "regulations" and inserting in lieu thereof "standards"; and

(B) striking out "or of Farm Credit Administration".

12 USC 2002. (c) Section 1.2 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by striking out "supervision of" and inserting "regulation by" in lieu thereof.

(d) Title I of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by—

12 USC 2012. (1) in section 1.4—

(A) striking out "supervision" in the matter preceding paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "regulation";

(B) in paragraph (17), striking out "vested in or delegated to the bank";

(C) striking out paragraph (19); and

(D) redesignating paragraphs (20), (21), (22), and (23) as paragraphs (19), (20), (21), and (22), respectively;

12 USC 2013. (2) in section 1.5(d), striking out "to the Governor of the Farm Credit Administration,";

(3) in section 1.5(e)—

(A) striking out the first sentence; and

(B) striking out "other" in the second sentence;

12 USC 2031. (4) in section 1.13—

(A) striking out "GOVERNOR" in the section heading and inserting in lieu thereof "FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION";

(B) striking out "the Governor of" in the seventh sentence;

(C) striking out "Governor" each place that word appears in the eighth, ninth, and tenth sentences and inserting in lieu thereof "Farm Credit Administration"; and

(D) striking out "him" and "he" in the tenth sentence and inserting in lieu thereof, in both instances, "the Farm Credit Administration";

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12 USC 2033. (5) in section 1.15—

(A) inserting "the regulation" before "of the Farm Credit Administration" in the matter preceding paragraph (1); and

(B) striking out "or delegated to" in paragraph (12);

12 USC 2051. (6) in section 1.17(b)—

(A) striking out paragraph (2); and

(B) redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (2); and

12 USC 2054. (7) in section 1.20, striking out "the Governor of the Farm Credit Administration".

(e) Title II of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by—

12 USC 2072. (1) in section 2.1—

(A) striking out "supervision of" in the matter preceding paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "regulation by";

(B) striking out "vested in or delegated to the intermediate credit bank" in paragraph (14); and

(C) striking out paragraph (21);

12 USC 2073. (2) in the first sentence of section 2.2(d), striking out "the Governor of the Farm Credit Administration, and may";

(3) in section 2.2(f)—

(A) striking out "Dividends" and all that follows through "noncumulative" and inserting "Noncumulative" in lieu thereof in the first sentence; and

(B) striking out ", when the Governor of the Farm Credit Administration holds no stock in the bank," in the second sentence;

(4) in section 2.2(g), striking out "After all stock held" and all that follows through "other stock" and inserting in lieu thereof "The bank may retire stock";

(5) in section 2.2(h), striking out "Governor" and inserting in lieu thereof "Farm Credit Administration";

(6) in the first sentence of section 2.3(c)— 12 USC 2074.

(A) striking out "(a)(1) and (2)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(a)(2)"; and

(B) striking out "(in the case of financing institutions under subsection (a)(2) of this section)";

(7) striking out subsections (a) and (b) of section 2.6; 12 USC 2077.

(8) in section 2.6(c), by striking out "If, at" and all that follows through "the net earnings of such bank" and inserting in lieu thereof "At the end of each fiscal year, the net earnings of each Federal intermediate credit bank";

(9) in the first sentence of section 2.7, striking out ", of all the stock held by the Governor of the Farm Credit Administration at par; third"; 12 USC 2078.

(10) in section 2.10— 12 USC 2091.

(A) striking out "the Governor of" in the sixth sentence;

(B) striking out "Governor" in the seventh sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "Farm Credit Administration";

(C) striking out "Governor" in the eighth sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "Farm Credit Administration"; and

(D) in the ninth sentence—

(i) striking out "Governor" and inserting in lieu thereof "Farm Credit Administration"; and

(ii) striking out "him" and "he" and inserting in lieu thereof in both places "Farm Credit Administration";

(11) in section 2.12— 12 USC 2093.

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(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), inserting "regulation by" before "the Farm Credit Administration"; and

(B) striking out "or the Farm Credit Administration" in paragraph (19);

(12) in section 2.13(c), striking out "the Governor of the Farm Credit Administration and"; 12 USC 2094.

(13) in section 2.13(d)—

(A) striking out "to the Governor and"; and

(B) striking out ", except that all" and all that follows through "voting hereunder".

(14) in section 2.13(j), striking out "the Governor or";

(15) in section 2.14(b), striking out ", except that when the Governor" and all that follows through "Administration"; and 12 USC 2095.

(16) striking out the last two sentences of section 2.17. 12 USC 2098.

(e) Title III of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by—

(1) in section 3.1— 12 USC 2122.

(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), striking out "supervision" and inserting in lieu thereof "regulation";

(B) in paragraph (13)(A), inserting "under regulations issued" after "authorized";

(C) striking out paragraph (16); and

(D) redesignating paragraphs (17), (18), and (19) as paragraphs (16), (17), and (18), respectively;

(2) in section 3.2(a), striking out "Governor with the advice and consent of the Federal Farm Credit Board"; and inserting in lieu thereof "Farm Credit Administration"; 12 USC 2123.

(3) in section 3.3(d), inserting "under regulations issued by" after "authorized"; 12 USC 2124.

(4) in section 3.3(e), striking out ", except for stock held by the Governor,".

(5) in section 3.4, striking out "the Governor of"; 12 USC 2125.

12 USC 2126. (6) in section 3.5—

(A) striking out the first sentence and all that follows through "nonvoting" in the second sentence and inserting "Nonvoting" in lieu thereof; and

(B) in the fourth sentence, striking out "When the requirements of section 4.0(b) have been met, voting" inserting in lieu thereof "Voting"; *Ante*, p. 1678.

12 USC 2132. (7) striking out subsection (a) of section 3.11;

(8) in section 3.11—

(A) in subsection (b), striking out "Whenever" and all that follows through "Administration, the net" and inserting in lieu thereof "At the end of each fiscal year, the net"; and

(B)(i) in subsection (c), striking out "subsection (a) or (b)" and inserting "subsection (b)" in lieu thereof; and

(ii) in subsection (d), striking out "subsection (a) or (b)" and inserting "subsection (b)" in lieu thereof;

12 USC 2133. (9) in section 3.12—

(A) striking out ", any stock held by the Governor of the Farm Credit Administration at par"; and

(B) striking out "stock held by the Governor of the Farm Credit Administration,"; and

12 USC 2134. (10) striking out the last two sentences of section 3.13.

(f) Title IV of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is further amended by—

12 USC 2153. (1) in section 4.2—

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(A) in the matter preceding subsection (a), striking out "supervision of" and inserting in lieu thereof "regulation by";

(B) in subsection (b)—

(i) striking out "4.3(b)" and inserting in lieu thereof "4.3(c)"; and

(ii) striking out "Governor" and inserting in lieu thereof "Farm Credit Administration";

(C) in subsection (c), striking out "Governor" and inserting in lieu thereof "Farm Credit Administration"; and

(D) in subsection (d)—

(i) striking out "Governor" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "Farm Credit Administration"; and

(ii) in the second sentence, striking out "Governor" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Farm Credit Administration";

Ante, p. 1679. (2) in section 4.4(b)—

(A) striking out "Governor to execute" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "execution of"; and

(B) striking out "by the Governor" in the second sentence;

12 USC 2156. (3) in section 4.5, striking out "Governor" in the fourth sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "Farm Credit Administration";

12 USC 2182. (4) in the second sentence of section 4.11, striking out "Governor with the advice and consent of the Federal Farm Credit Board" and inserting in lieu thereof "Farm Credit Administration";

12 USC 2183. (5) in section 4.12(a), striking out "Federal Farm Credit Board" in the third sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "Farm Credit Administration";

12 USC 2205. (6) in the first sentence of section 4.17, inserting ", as provided in section 5.17(a)(5) of this Act," after "with the approval of";

12 USC 2206. (7) in section 4.18, inserting "under regulations issued" after "authorized";

12 USC 2211. (8) in section 4.25—

(A) striking out "the Governor of" in the second sentence;

(B) striking out "Governor" in the third sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "Farm Credit Administration"; and

(C) striking out "Governor" in the fourth sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "Farm Credit Administration";

(9) in section 4.26— 12 USC 2212.

(A) striking out "GOVERNOR" in the section heading and inserting in lieu thereof "FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION";

(B) striking out "Governor" wherever that word appears in the text and inserting in lieu thereof "Farm Credit Administration";

(C) striking out "he" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "the Farm Credit Administration"; and

(10) in section 4.27, striking out "supervision" and inserting in lieu thereof "regulation". 12 USC 2213.

(g) Title V of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is further amended by—

(1) in section 5.0— 12 USC 2221.

(A) striking out "Federal Farm Credit Board" in the first and second sentences and inserting in lieu thereof "Farm Credit Administration"; and

(B) striking out "5.18(2)" in the third sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "5.17(2)";

(2) in section 5.1(b), striking out "Federal Farm Credit Board" and inserting in lieu thereof "Farm Credit Administration Board"; 12 USC 2222.

(3) in section 5.2(a), striking out "Governor with the advice and consent of the Federal Farm Credit Board" and inserting in lieu thereof "Farm Credit Administration Board"; 12 USC 2223.

(4) in section 5.2(d), striking out "sections 5.1 and 5.2" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 5.1 and this section";

(5) in section 5.6(a), striking out "supervision of" in paragraph (5) and inserting in lieu thereof "regulation by"; and 12 USC 2227.

(6) in section 5.15(b), as so redesignated by section 201(5)— *Ante*, p. 1690. 12 USC 2250.

(A) striking out "said Administration" both places that phrase appears in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "the Farm Credit Administration"; and

(B) striking out "the Administration" and "such Administration" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "the Farm Credit Administration".

TITLE III—PROTECTION FOR FARMERS AND OTHER FARM CREDIT SYSTEM BORROWERS

DISCLOSURE AND ACCESS TO INFORMATION

SEC. 301. (a) Section 4.13 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is redesignated as section 4.13B. 12 USC 2201.

(b) The Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by inserting before section 4.13B, as so redesignated by subsection (a), the following: 12 USC 2001 note.

"SEC. 4.13. DISCLOSURE.—(a) In accordance with regulations of the Farm Credit Administration, System institutions shall provide to their borrowers, for all loans that are not subject to the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), meaningful and timely disclosure of the following: 12 USC 2199.

"(1) the current rate of interest on the loan;

"(2) in the case of an adjustable or variable rate loan, the amount and frequency by which the interest rate can be increased during the term of the loan or, if there are no such limitations, a statement to that effect, and the factors (including, but not limited to, the cost of funds, operating expenses, and provision for loan losses) that will be taken into account by the lending institution in determining adjustments to the interest rate;

"(3) the effect, as shown by a representative example or examples, of the required purchase of stock or participation certificates in the institution on the effective rate of interest; and

"(4) any change in the interest rate applicable to the borrower's loan.

"(b) In accordance with regulations of the Farm Credit Administration, System institutions shall develop a policy governing forbearance. Each System institution shall provide borrowers with a copy of the institution's policy regarding forbearance at such time or times as the Farm Credit Administration shall prescribe in such regulations.

12 USC 2200. **"SEC. 4.13A. ACCESS TO DOCUMENTS AND INFORMATION.—In accordance with regulations of the Farm Credit Administration, System institutions shall provide their borrowers, at the time of execution of loans, copies of all documents signed by the borrower and at any time thereafter, on a borrower's request, copies of all documents signed or delivered by the borrower and at any time, on request, a copy of the institution's articles of incorporation or charter and bylaws."**

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NOTICE ON APPLICATIONS

Ante, p. 1707. SEC. 302. Section 4.13B of the Farm Credit Act of 1971, as so redesignated by section 301(a), is amended by (1) inserting "written" before "notice" and (2) inserting, before the period at the end thereof, the following: ", and of the applicant's right to review under section 4.14" *Infra.*

RECONSIDERATION

SEC. 303. Section 4.14 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended to read as follows:

12 USC 2202. "SEC. 4.14. RECONSIDERATION OF ACTION ON LOAN APPLICATION.—The board of directors of each Farm Credit System institution shall establish one or more credit review committee(s), which shall include farmer board respresentation. Any loan applicant who has received written notice, under section 4.13, of a decision to deny or reduce the loan applied for, if the applicant so requests in writing within thirty days after receiving such notice, may obtain a review of such decision in person before the credit review committee. When a loan applicant requests review of an adverse credit decision, a majority of persons serving on such reviews committee must be persons who were not involved in making the adverse decision. Promptly after any such review, the applicant shall be notified in writing of the credit review committee's decision and the reasons therefor." *Ante*, p. 1707.

NOTICE WITH RESPECT TO STOCKHOLDERS ON LOAN DEFAULT

SEC. 304. (a) The sixth sentence of section 1.16(a) of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by inserting, before the period at the end thereof, the following: "and on written notice to the stockholder" 12 USC 2034.

12 USC 2094. (b) Section 2.13(k) of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by inserting, before the period at the end thereof, the following: ", on written notice to the borrower and approval by the bank of such retirement"

MINIMIZING THE ADVERSE EFFECT ON BORROWERS OF SYSTEM INSTITUTION INSOLVENCY

Regulations. *Ante*, p. 1679. SEC. 305. (a) Section 4.12(a) of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by inserting, immediately after the first sentence, the following: "In the case of a voluntary liquidation of an association, such regulations, among other things, shall direct the supervising bank to institute such measures as it deems appropriate to minimize the adverse effect of the liquidation on those borrowers whose loans are purchased by or otherwise transferred to another System institution."

(b) Section 4.12 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by inserting after the subsection (b) added by section 102, the following:

"(c) In the case of an involuntary liquidation of an association, regulations of the Farm Credit Administration, among other things, shall direct the supervising bank to institute such measures as it deems appropriate to minimize the adverse effect of the liquidation on those borrowers whose loans are purchased by or otherwise transferred to another System institution.". Regulations.

MINERAL RIGHTS LIMITATION

SEC. 306. The Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by adding at the end of title IV the following: Real property. Prohibitions.

"PART F—MISCELLANEOUS

"SEC. 4.35. LIMITATION ON SEPARATE SALE.—If real property is acquired by any institution of the Farm Credit System through foreclosure, no institution of the Farm Credit System shall sell the surface rights to that real property to any person unless the institution also sells all mineral rights to that real property to that person. 12 USC 2219.

"SEC. 4.36. LIMITATION ON SALE OF TRACTS OF REAL ESTATE.—No institution of the Farm Credit System shall sell any real property that previously served as security for a loan in a tract larger than a normal family size farm in the vicinity of the property for less than the amount it can receive from the Capital Corporation.". 12 USC 2219a.

LOAN REVIEW

SEC. 307. Each local lending institution of the Farm Credit System established under the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C. 2001 et seq.) shall—

(1) review each loan that has been placed in non-accrual status by such institution to determine whether such loan may be restructured based on changes in the circumstances of such institution as the result of this Act and the amendments made by this Act; and

(2) notify in writing the borrower of each such loan of the provisions of this section.

TITLE IV—IMPLEMENTATION PROCEDURES

EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 401. The provisions of titles I, II, III, and VI of this Act shall become effective thirty days after enactment. *Ante*, pp. 1678, 1688, 1707; *Post*, p. 1711. 12 USC 2001 note.

INTERIM IMPLEMENTATION

SEC. 402. (a) Until the Chairman of the Farm Credit Administration Board provided for under the amendment made by section 201(1) of this Act is appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate, the Governor of the Farm Credit Administration, under the Farm Credit Act of 1971 as in effect on the day before the date of enactment of this Act, shall perform the functions of the Chairman prescribed for the Chairman by this Act. 12 USC 2241 note. *Ante*, p. 1688. 12 USC 2001 note.

(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), until at least two members of the Farm Credit Administration Board provided under the amendment made by section 201(1) of this Act are appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate, the Governor of the Farm Credit Administration, under the Farm Credit Act of 1971 as in effect on the day before the date of enactment of this Act, shall perform the functions of the Farm Credit Administration Board prescribed for such Board by this Act. 12 USC 2001 note.

(2) When the Chairman of such Board is so appointed and confirmed, the Chairman shall assume any responsibilities and powers of the Board being exercised by the Governor under this subsection.

(c) In carrying out the duties and functions specified in subsections (a) and (b), the Governor of the Farm Credit Administration shall serve at the pleasure of the President.

Regulations. (d) All regulations of the Farm Credit Administration or the institutions of the System, and all charters, bylaws, resolutions, stock classifications, and policy directives issued or approved by the Farm Credit Administration, and all elections held and appointments made under the Farm Credit Act of 1971, before the date of enactment of this Act, shall be continuing and remain valid until superseded, modified, or replaced under the authority of this Act.

SENSE OF CONGRESS

SEC. 403. It is the sense of Congress that the pressing needs of the Farm Credit System and the United States agricultural industry require the implementation of this Act as soon as practicable, and that the President should ensure that the members of the Farm Credit Administration Board constituted under section 201(1) are appointed not later than thirty days after enactment of this Act. *Ante*, p. 1709.

TITLE V—NATIONAL COMMISSION ON AGRICULTURAL FINANCE

President of U.S. 12 USC 2001 note. SEC. 501. (a) The President shall appoint a National Commission on Agricultural Finance. Such Commission shall be comprised of 15 members, of whom 7 shall be appointed by the President and 4 each by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President pro tempore of the Senate. The Commission shall consist of representatives of the financial community, the agricultural sector, and government.

Study. (b) The National Commission on Agricultural Finance shall conduct a study of methods to ensure the availability of adequate credit to agricultural producers and agribusiness, taking into account the long-term financing needs of the agricultural economy; the roles of the commercial banks, the Farm Credit System, and the Farmers Home Administration in meeting those financial needs.

(c) In conducting such study, the National Commission on Agricultural Finance shall—

(1) evaluate the financial circumstances relative to both lenders and borrowers of farm credit;

(2) evaluate the structure, performance, and conduct of private lenders—commercial bankers and the Farm Credit System—and public lenders;

(3) explore the need for long-term assistance in stabilizing the value of agricultural assets; and

(4) evaluate the effect on suppliers, producers, processors, and local communities when financial institutions fail.

Report. (d) Not later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall submit a report containing the results of the study required by this section, together with comments and recommendations for legislation providing for a sound, reasonable, and primarily self-supporting credit program for farmers and ranchers as the Commission considers appropriate, to Congress.

(e) The Commission shall be comprised of volunteers and no Federal funds shall be expended by the Commission.

TITLE VI—MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

12 USC 2013. SEC. 601. Section 1.5 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(h) Nothing in this section limits the power of the Farm Credit Administration to provide general direction to Federal land banks with regard to the payment of dividends and patronage refunds.".

12 USC 2051. SEC. 602. Subsection (a) of section 1.17 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended to read as follows:

"(a) Federal land banks shall be required to carry a reserve account. Such reserve account shall be kept in accordance with standards set by the Farm Credit Administration.".

SEC. 603. Section 1.18 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by— 12 USC 2052.

(1) amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

"(a) Federal land bank associations shall be required to carry a reserve account. Such reserve account shall be kept in accordance with standards set by the Farm Credit Administration."; and

(2) adding at the end of subsection (b) the following: "Nothing in this subsection limits the power of the Farm Credit Administration to provide general direction to Federal land bank associations with regard to the payment of dividends and patronage refunds.".

SEC. 604. Subsection (f) of section 2.2 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Federal intermediate credit banks shall be subject to the general direction of the Farm Credit Administration with regard to the payment dividends." *Ante*, p. 1704. 12 USC 2073.

SEC. 605. Section 2.14 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by— *Ante*, p. 1705. 12 USC 2095.

(1) striking out the parenthetical matter in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(including provision for valuation reserves against loan assets in an amount equal to one-half of 1 percent of the loans outstanding at the end of the fiscal year to the extent that such earnings in such year in excess of other operating expenses permit, or in such greater amounts as are deemed necessary under generally accepted accounting principles, until such reserves equal or exceed 3½ percent of the loans outstanding at the end of the fiscal year, beyond which 3½ percent further additions to such reserves may be made, if deemed necessary under generally accepted accounting principles)";

(2)(A) in the first sentence of subsection (b), striking out "so provide," and inserting in lieu thereof "so provide and subject to the general directions of the Farm Credit Administration,"; and

(B) in the second sentence of subsection (b), striking out "Any" and inserting in lieu thereof "In accordance with the foregoing, any".

SEC. 606. Section 3.4 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 is amended by adding before the period at the end thereof the following: ", subject to the general direction of the Farm Credit Administration". *Ante*, p. 1705. 12 USC 2125.

99 STAT. 1712

SEC. 607. Section 5.2 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C. 2223) is amended— *Ante*, p. 1707.

(1) by striking out "; APPOINTMENT" in the caption;

(2) in subsection (a)—

(A) by designating the first and second sentences as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively; and

(B) by amending paragraph (2) (as so designated) to read as follows:

"(2)(A) The seventh member shall be elected by the borrowers at large in a district.

"(B) For purposes of this section, the term 'borrowers at large in a district' means—

"(i) a voting shareholder of a Federal land bank association and a direct borrower, and a borrower through an agency, from a Federal land bank;

"(ii) a voting shareholder of a production credit association; and

"(iii) a voting shareholder or subscriber to the guaranty fund of a bank for cooperatives.";

(3) in the second sentence of subsection (b)—

(A) by striking out "and" before "in the case"; and

(B) by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "; and in the case of an election by the borrowers at large, such notice shall be sent to all borrowers at large in the district"; and

(4) by inserting after the fifth sentence of subsection (c) the following new sentence: "Each borrower at large shall be entitled to cast one vote.".

Approved December 23, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1884 (H.R. 3792):

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
    Dec. 3, considered and passed Senate.
    Dec. 10, considered and passed House, amended.
    Dec. 17, Senate concurred in House amendment with amendments.
    Dec. 18, House concurred in Senate amendments.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 21, No. 52 (1985):
    Dec. 23, Presidential statement.

BUDGET/RECONCILIATION ACT

*Public Law 99-177
99th Congress

99 STAT. 1037

Joint Resolution

Increasing the statutory limit on the public debt.

Dec. 12, 1985
[H.J. Res. 372]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (b) of section 3101 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking out the dollar limitation contained in such subsection and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,847,800,000,000, or $2,078,700,000,000 on and after October 1, 1985,".

Ante, p. 814.

SEC. 2. MINIMUM CORPORATE TAX BY CORPORATIONS.

Report.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, the Senate Committee on Finance is directed to report to the Senate by July 1, 1986, legislation providing for payment of an alternative minimum corporate tax by corporations on the broadest feasible definition of income to assure that all of those with economic income pay their fair share of taxes: *Provided,* That said alternative minimum corporate tax shall take effect for corporate tax years commencing on or after October 1, 1986. The revenue raised by this tax shall be applied to reduce the Federal deficit.

Effective date.

Report.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, the Committee on Ways and Means is directed to report to the House of Representatives legislation providing for payment of an alternative minimum corporate tax by corporations based upon the broadest feasible definition of income to assure that all of those with economic income pay their fair share of taxes: *Provided,* That, the Committee on Ways and Means shall report such legislation prior to October 1, 1986.

SEC. 3. ACHILLE LAURO HIJACKING.

(a) The Senate finds that—

Vessels.
Terrorism.
Leon Klinghoffer.

(1) the four men identified as the hijackers of the Achille Lauro were responsible for brutally murdering an innocent American citizen, Leon Klinghoffer, and for terrorizing hundreds of innocent crew members and passengers for two days;

(2) the United States urges all countries to aid in the swift apprehension, prosecution, and punishment of the terrorists; and

(3) the United States should not tolerate any country providing safe harbor or safe passage to the terrorists.

(b) It is the sense of the Senate that—

(1) the United States demands that no country provide safe harbor or safe passage to these terrorists;

(2) the United States expects full cooperation of all countries in the apprehension, prosecution, and punishment of these terrorists;

(3) the United States cannot condone the release of terrorists or the making of concessions to terrorists; and

(4) the United States identify those individuals responsible for the seizure of the Achille Lauro and the cold-blooded murder of

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*Note: The printed text of Public Law 99-177 is a reprint of the hand enrollment, signed by the President on December 12, 1985.

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Leon Klinghoffer, as well as those countries and groups that aid and abet such terrorist activities, and take the strongest measures to ensure that those responsible for this brutal act against an American citizen are brought to justice.

Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.
2 USC 901 note.

TITLE II—DEFICIT REDUCTION PROCEDURES

SEC. 200. SHORT TITLE AND TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This title may be cited as the "Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985".

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—

Sec. 200. Short title and table of contents.

PART A—CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET PROCESS

Subpart I—Congressional Budget

Sec. 201. Congressional budget.

Subpart II—Amendments to Title IV of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974

Sec. 211. New spending authority.
Sec. 212. Credit authority.
Sec. 213. Description by Congressional Budget Office.
Sec. 214. General Accounting Office study; off-budget agencies; member user group.

Subpart III—Additional Provisions to Improve Budget Procedures

Sec. 221. Congressional Budget Office.
Sec. 222. Current services budget for congressional budget purposes.
Sec. 223. Study of off-budget agencies.
Sec. 224. Changes in functional categories.
Sec. 225. Jurisdiction of Committee on Government Operations.
Sec. 226. Continuing study of congressional budget process.
Sec. 227. Early election of committees of the House.
Sec. 228. Rescissions and transfers in appropriation bills.

Subpart IV—Technical and Conforming Amendments

Sec. 231. Table of contents.
Sec. 232. Additional technical and conforming amendments.

PART B—BUDGET SUBMITTED BY THE PRESIDENT

Sec. 241. Submission of President's budget; maximum deficit amount may not be exceeded.
Sec. 242. Supplemental budget estimates and changes.

PART C—EMERGENCY POWERS TO ELIMINATE DEFICITS IN EXCESS OF MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNT

Sec. 251. Reporting of excess deficits.
Sec. 252. Presidential order.
Sec. 253. Compliance report by Comptroller General.
Sec. 254. Congressional action.
Sec. 255. Exempt programs and activities.
Sec. 256. Exceptions, limitations, and special rules.
Sec. 257. Definitions.

PART D—BUDGETARY TREATMENT OF SOCIAL SECURITY TRUST FUNDS

Sec. 261. Treatment of trust funds.

PART E—MISCELLANEOUS AND RELATED PROVISIONS

Sec. 271. Waivers and suspensions; rulemaking powers.
Sec. 272. Restoration of trust fund investments.
Sec. 273. Revenue estimates.
Sec. 274. Judicial review.
Sec. 275. Effective dates.

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PART A—CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET PROCESS

Subpart I—Congressional Budget

SEC. 201. CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—

2 USC 622.

(1) Section 3 of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

"(6) The term 'deficit' means, with respect to any fiscal year, the amount by which total budget outlays for such fiscal year exceed total revenues for such fiscal year. In calculating the deficit for purposes of comparison with the maximum deficit amount under the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 and in calculating the excess deficit for purposes of sections 251 and 252 of such Act (notwithstanding section 710(a) of the Social Security Act), for any fiscal year, the receipts of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund for such fiscal year and the taxes payable under sections 1401(a), 3101(a), and 3111(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 during such fiscal year shall be included in total revenues for such fiscal year, and the disbursements of each such Trust Fund for such fiscal year shall be included in total budget outlays for such fiscal year. Notwithstanding any other provision of law except to the extent provided by section 710(a) of the Social Security Act, the receipts, revenues, disbursements, budget authority, and outlays of each off-budget Federal entity for a fiscal year shall be included in total budget authority, total budget outlays, and total revenues and the amounts of budget authority and outlays set forth for each major functional category, for such fiscal year. Amounts paid by the Federal Financing Bank for the purchase of loans made or guaranteed by a department, agency, or instrumentality of the Government of the United States shall be treated as outlays of such department, agency, or instrumentality.

Ante, p. 1038.
Post, p. 1063, 1072.
42 USC 911.

26 USC 1401, 3101, 3111.

42 USC 911

"(7) The term 'maximum deficit amount' means—

"(A) with respect to the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1985, $171,900,000,000;

"(B) with respect to the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1986, $144,000,000,000;

"(C) with respect to the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1987, $108,000,000,000;

"(D) with respect to the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1988, $72,000,000,000;

"(E) with respect to the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1989, $36,000,000,000; and

"(F) with respect to the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1990, zero.

"(8) The term 'off-budget Federal entity' means any entity (other than a privately-owned Government-sponsored entity)—

"(A) which is established by Federal law, and

"(B) the receipts and disbursements of which are required by law to be excluded from the totals of—

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"(i) the budget of the United States Government submitted by the President pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, or

"(ii) the budget adopted by the Congress pursuant to title III of this Act.

Infra.

"(9) The term 'entitlement authority' means spending authority described by section 401(c)(2)(C).

Post, p. 1056.

"(10) The term 'credit authority' means authority to incur direct loan obligations or to incur primary loan guarantee commitments.".

(2) Paragraph (2) of section 3 of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 is amended by inserting before the comma the following: "or to collect offsetting receipts.".

2 USC 622.

(b) Congressional Budget Process.—Title III of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is amended to read as follows:

"TITLE III—CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET PROCESS

"TIMETABLE

2 USC 631.

"SEC. 300. The timetable with respect to the congressional budget process for any fiscal year is as follows:

	"On or before:	Action to be completed:
President of U.S.	First Monday after January 3	President submits his budget.
Report.	February 15	Congressional Budget Office submits report to Budget Committees.
	February 25	Committees submit views and estimates to Budget Committees.
Report.	April 1	Senate Budget Committee reports concurrent resolution on the budget.
	April 15	Congress completes action on concurrent resolution on the budget.
	May 15	Annual appropriation bills may be considered in the House.
Report.	June 10	House Appropriations Committee reports last annual appropriation bill.
	June 15	Congress completes action on reconciliation legislation.
	June 30	House completes action on annual appropriation bills.
	October 1	Fiscal year begins.

"ANNUAL ADOPTION OF CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET

2 USC 632.

"SEC. 301. (a) CONTENT OF CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET.—On or before April 15 of each year, the Congress shall complete action on a concurrent resolution on the budget for the fiscal year beginning on October 1 of such year. The concurrent resolution shall set forth appropriate levels for the fiscal year beginning on October 1 of such year, and planning levels for each of the two ensuing fiscal years, for the following—

"(1) totals of new budget authority, budget outlays, direct loan obligations, and primary loan guarantee commitments;

"(2) total Federal revenues and the amount, if any, by which the aggregate level of Federal revenues should be increased or decreased by bills and resolutions to be reported by the appropriate committees;

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"(3) the surplus or deficit in the budget;

"(4) new budget authority, budget outlays, direct loan obligations, and primary loan guarantee commitments for each major functional category, based on allocations of the total levels set forth pursuant to paragraph (1); and

"(5) the public debt.

"(b) ADDITIONAL MATTERS IN CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.—The concurrent resolution on the budget may—

"(1) set forth, if required by subsection (f), the calendar year in which, in the opinion of the Congress, the goals for reducing unemployment set forth in section 4(b) of the Employment Act of 1946 should be achieved;

15 USC 1022a.
Post, p. 1053.

"(2) include reconciliation directives described in section 310;

"(3) require a procedure under which all or certain bills or resolutions providing new budget authority or new entitlement authority for such fiscal year shall not be enrolled until the Congress has completed action on any reconciliation bill or reconciliation resolution or both required by such concurrent resolution to be reported in accordance with section 310(b); and

"(4) set forth such other matters, and require such other procedures, relating to the budget, as may be appropriate to carry out the purposes of this Act.

"(c) CONSIDERATION OF PROCEDURES OR MATTERS WHICH HAVE THE EFFECT OF CHANGING ANY RULE OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—If the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives reports any concurrent resolution on the budget which includes any procedure or matter which has the effect of changing

Reports.

any rule of the House of Representatives, such concurrent resolution shall then be referred to the Committee on Rules with instructions to report it within five calendar days (not counting any day on which the House is not in session). The Committee on Rules shall have jurisdiction to report any concurrent resolution referred to it under this paragraph with an amendment or amendments changing or striking out any such procedure or matter.

Report

"(d) Views and Estimates of Other Committees.—On or before February 25 of each year, each committee of the House of Representatives having legislative jurisdiction shall submit to the Committee on the Budget of the House and each committee of the Senate having legislative jurisdiction shall submit to the Committee on the Budget of the Senate its views and estimates (as determined by the committee making such submission) with respect to all matters set forth in subsections (a) and (b) which relate to matters within the jurisdiction or functions of such committee. The Joint Economic Committee shall submit to the Committees on the Budget of both Houses its recommendations as to the fiscal policy appropriate to the goals of the Employment Act of 1946. Any other committee of the House of Representatives or the Senate may submit to the Committee on the Budget of its House, and any joint committee of the Congress may submit to the Committees on the Budget of both Houses, its views and estimates with respect to all matters set forth in subsections (a) and (b) which relate to matters within its jurisdiction or functions.

15 USC 1021 note.

"(e) Hearings and Report.—In developing the concurrent resolution on the budget referred to in subsection (a) for each fiscal year, the Committee on the Budget of each House shall hold hearings and shall receive testimony from Members of Congress and such appropriate representatives of Federal departments and agencies, the general public, and national organizations as the committee deems desirable. Each of the recommendations as to short-term and medium-term goals set forth in the report submitted by the members of the Joint Economic Committee under subsection (d) may be considered by the Committee on the Budget of each House as part of its consideration of such concurrent resolution, and its report may reflect its views thereon, including its views on how the estimates of revenues and levels of budget authority and outlays set forth in such concurrent resolution are designed to achieve any goals it is recommending. The report accompanying such concurrent resolution shall include, but not be limited to—

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Reports.

Report.

"(1) a comparison of revenues estimated by the committee with those estimated in the budget submitted by the President;

"(2) a comparison of the appropriate levels of total budget outlays and total new budget authority, total direct loan obligations, total primary loan guarantee commitments, as set forth in such concurrent resolution, with those estimated or requested in the budget submitted by the President;

"(3) with respect to each major functional category, an estimate of budget outlays and an appropriate level of new budget authority for all proposed programs and for all existing programs (including renewals thereof), with the estimate and level for existing programs being divided between permanent authority and funds provided in appropriation Acts, and with each such division being subdivided between controllable amounts and all other amounts;

"(4) an allocation of the level of Federal revenues recommended in the concurrent resolution among the major sources of such revenues;

"(5) the economic assumptions and objectives which underlie each of the matters set forth in such concurrent resolution and any alternative economic assumptions and objectives which the committee considered;

Taxes.

"(6) projections (not limited to the following), for the period of five fiscal years beginning with such fiscal year, of the estimated levels of total budget outlays and total new budget authority, the estimated revenues to be received, and the estimated surplus or deficit, if any, for each fiscal year in such period, and the estimated levels of tax expenditures (the tax expenditures budget) by major functional categories;

State and local governments.

"(7) a statement of any significant changes in the proposed levels of Federal assistance to State and local governments;

"(8) information, data, and comparisons indicating the manner in which, and the basis on which, the committee determined each of the matters set forth in the concurrent resolution; and

Post, p. 1044.

"(9) allocations described in section 302(a).

"(f) ACHIEVEMENT OF GOALS FOR REDUCING UNEMPLOYMENT.—

15 USC 1022a. President of U.S. Report.

"(1) If, pursuant to section 4(c) of the Employment Act of 1946, the President recommends in the Economic Report that the goals for reducing unemployment set forth in section 4(b) of such Act be achieved in a year after the close of the five-year period prescribed by such subsection, the concurrent resolution on the budget for the fiscal year beginning after the date on which such Economic Report is received by the Congress may set forth the year in which, in the opinion of the Congress, such goals can be achieved.

Report.

15 USC 1022a.

"(2) After the Congress has expressed its opinion pursuant to paragraph (1) as to the year in which the goals for reducing unemployment set forth in section 4(b) of the Employment Act of 1946 can be achieved, if, pursuant to section 4(e) of such Act, the President recommends in the Economic Report that such goals be achieved in a year which is different from the year in which the Congress has expressed its opinion that such goals should be achieved, either in its action pursuant to paragraph (1) or in its most recent action pursuant to this paragraph, the concurrent resolution on the budget for the fiscal year beginning after the date on which such Economic Report is received by the Congress may set forth the year in which, in the opinion of the Congress, such goals can be achieved.

"(3) It shall be in order to amend the provision of such resolution setting forth such year only if the amendment thereto also proposes to alter the estimates, amounts, and levels (as described in subsection (a)) set forth in such resolution in germane fashion in order to be consistent with the economic goals (as described in sections 3(a)(2) and 4(b) of the Employment Act of 1946) which such amendment proposes can be achieved by the year specified in such amendment.

15 USC 1022, 1022a.

"(g) COMMON ECONOMIC ASSUMPTIONS.—The joint explanatory statement accompanying a conference report on a concurrent resolution on the budget shall set forth the common economic assumptions upon which such joint statement and conference report are based, or upon which any amendment contained in the joint explanatory statement to be proposed by the conferees in the case of technical disagreement is based.

"(h) BUDGET COMMITTEES CONSULTATION WITH COMMITTEES.—The Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives shall consult with the committees of its House having legislative jurisdiction during the preparation, consideration, and enforcement of the concurrent resolution on the budget with respect to all matters which relate to the jurisdiction or functions of such committees.

"(i) MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNT MAY NOT BE EXCEEDED.—

Report.

"(1)(A) Except as provided in paragraph (2), it shall not be in order in either the House of Representatives or the Senate to consider any concurrent resolution on the budget for a fiscal year under this section, or to consider any amendment to such a concurrent resolution, or to consider a conference report on such a concurrent resolution, if the level of total budget outlays for such fiscal year that is set forth in such concurrent resolution or conference report exceeds the recommended level of Federal revenues set forth for that year by an amount that is greater than the maximum deficit amount for such fiscal year as determined under section 3(7), or if the adoption of such amendment would result in a level of total budget outlays for

Ante, p. 1039.

that fiscal year which exceeds the recommended level of Federal revenues for that fiscal year, by an amount that is greater than the maximum deficit amount for such fiscal year as determined under section 3(7).

"(B) In the House of Representatives the point of order established under subparagraph (A) with respect to the consideration of a conference report or with respect to the consideration of a motion to concur, with or without an amendment or amendments, in a Senate amendment, the stage of disagreement having been reached, may be waived only by a vote of three- 99 STAT. 1044 fifths of the Members present and voting, a quorum being present.

"(2) Paragraph (1) of this subsection shall not apply if a declaration of war by the Congress is in effect.

"COMMITTEE ALLOCATIONS

"SEC. 302. (a) ALLOCATION OF TOTALS.— 2 USC 633.

"(1) For the House of Representatives, the joint explanatory statement accompanying a conference report on a concurrent resolution on the budget shall include an estimated allocation, based upon such concurrent resolution as recommended in such conference report, of the appropriate levels of total budget outlays, total new budget authority, total entitlement authority, and total credit authority among each committee of the House of Representatives which has jurisdiction over laws, bills and resolutions providing such new budget authority, such entitlement authority, or such credit authority. The allocation shall, for each committee, divide new budget authority, entitlement authority, and credit authority between amounts provided or required by law on the date of such conference report (mandatory or uncontrollable amounts), and amounts not so provided or required (discretionary or controllable amounts), and shall make the same division for estimated outlays that would result from such new budget authority.

"(2) For the Senate, the joint explanatory statement accompanying a conference report on a concurrent resolution on the budget shall include an estimated allocation, based upon such concurrent resolution as recommended in such conference report, of the appropriate levels of total budget outlays, total new budget authority and new credit authority among each committee of the House of Representatives and the Senate which has jurisdiction over bills and resolutions providing such new budget authority.

"(b) REPORTS BY COMMITTEES.—As soon as practicable after a concurrent resolution on the budget is agreed to—

"(1) the Committee on Appropriations of each House shall, after consulting with the Committee on Appropriations of the other House, (A) subdivide among its subcommittees the allocation of budget outlays, new budget authority, and new credit authority allocated to it in the joint explanatory statement accompanying the conference report on such concurrent resolution, and (B) further subdivide the amount with respect to each such subcommittee between controllable amounts and all other amounts; and

"(2) every other committee of the House and Senate to which an allocation was made in such joint explanatory statement shall, after consulting with the committee or committees of the other House to which all or part of its allocation was made, (A) subdivide such allocation among its subcommittees or among programs over which it has jurisdiction, and (B) further subdivide the amount with respect to each subcommittee or program between controllable amounts and all other amounts.

Each such committee shall promptly report to its House the subdivisions made by it pursuant to this subsection.

99 STAT. 1045

"(c) Point of Order.—It shall not be in order in the House of Representatives or the Senate to consider any bill or resolution, or amendment thereto, providing—

"(1) new budget authority for a fiscal year;

Post, p. 1056.

"(2) new spending authority as described in section 401(c)(2) for a fiscal year; or

"(3) new credit authority for a fiscal year;

within the jurisdiction of any committee which has received an appropriate allocation of such authority pursuant to subsection (a) for such fiscal year, unless and until such committee makes the allocation or subdivisions required by subsection (b), in connection with the most recently agreed to concurrent resolution on the budget for such fiscal year.

Post, p. 1047.

"(d) Subsequent Concurrent Resolutions.—In the case of a concurrent resolution on the budget referred to in section 304, the allocations under subsection (a) and the subdivisions under subsection (b) shall be required only to the extent necessary to take into account revisions made in the most recently agreed to concurrent resolution on the budget.

Report.

"(e) Alteration of Allocations.—At any time after a committee reports the allocations required to be made under subsection (b), such committee may report to its House an alteration of such allocations. Any alteration of such allocations must be consistent with any actions already taken by its House on legislation within the committee's jurisdiction.

"(f) Legislation Subject to Point of Order.—

"(1) In the house of representatives.—After the Congress has completed action on a concurrent resolution on the budget for a fiscal year, it shall not be in order in the House of Representatives to consider any bill, resolution, or amendment providing new budget authority for such fiscal year, new entitlement authority effective during such fiscal year, or new credit authority for such fiscal year, or any conference report on any such bill or resolution, if—

"(A) the enactment of such bill or resolution as reported;

"(B) the adoption and enactment of such amendment; or

"(C) the enactment of such bill or resolution in the form recommended in such conference report,

would cause the appropriate allocation made pursuant to subsection (b) for such fiscal year of new discretionary budget authority, new entitlement authority, or new credit authority to be exceeded.

Ante, p. 1040.

"(2) In the senate.—At any time after the Congress has completed action on the concurrent resolution on the budget required to be reported under section 301(a) for a fiscal year, it shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill or resolution (including a conference report thereon), or any amendment to a bill or resolution, that provides for budget outlays or new budget authority in excess of the appropriate allocation of such outlays or authority reported under subsection (b) in connection with the most recently agreed to concurrent resolution on the budget for such fiscal year.

Post, p. 1056.

"(g) Determinations by Budget Committees.—For purposes of this section, the levels of new budget authority, spending authority as described in section 401(c)(2), outlays, and new credit authority for a fiscal year shall be determined on the basis of estimates made

99 STAT. 1046

by the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives or the Senate, as the case may be.

"CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET MUST BE ADOPTED BEFORE LEGISLATION PROVIDING NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY, NEW SPENDING AUTHORITY, NEW CREDIT AUTHORITY, OR CHANGES IN REVENUES OR THE PUBLIC DEBT LIMIT IS CONSIDERED

2 USC 634.

"Sec. 303. (a) In General.—It shall not be in order in either the House of Representatives or the Senate to consider any bill or resolution (or amendment thereto) as reported to the House or Senate which provides—

"(1) new budget authority for a fiscal year;

"(2) an increase or decrease in revenues to become effective during a fiscal year;

"(3) an increase or decrease in the public debt limit to become effective during a fiscal year;

"(4) new entitlement authority to become effective during a fiscal year; or

"(5) new credit authority for a fiscal year,

until the concurrent resolution on the budget for such fiscal year has been agreed to pursuant to section 301. *Ante*, p. 1040.

"(b) EXCEPTIONS.—Subsection (a) does not apply to any bill or resolution—

"(1) providing new budget authority which first becomes available in a fiscal year following the fiscal year to which the concurrent resolution applies; or

"(2) increasing or decreasing revenues which first become effective in a fiscal year following the fiscal year to which the concurrent resolution applies.

After May 15 of any calendar year, subsection (a) does not apply in the House of Representatives to any general appropriation bill, or amendment thereto, which provides new budget authority for the fiscal year beginning in such calendar year.

"(c) WAIVER IN THE SENATE.—

Reports.

"(1) The committee of the Senate which reports any bill or resolution (or amendment thereto) to which subsection (a) applies may at or after the time it reports such bill or resolution (or amendment), report a resolution to the Senate (A) providing for the waiver of subsection (a) with respect to such bill or resolution (or amendment), and (B) stating the reasons why the waiver is necessary. The resolution shall then be referred to the Committee on the Budget of the Senate. That committee shall report the resolution to the Senate within 10 days after the resolution is referred to it (not counting any day on which the Senate is not in session) beginning with the day following the day on which it is so referred, accompanied by that committee's recommendations and reasons for such recommendations with respect to the resolution. If the committee does not report the resolution within such 10-day period, it shall automatically be discharged from further consideration of the resolution and the resolution shall be placed on the calendar.

"(2) During the consideration of any such resolution, debate shall be limited to one hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the majority leader and minority leader or their designees, and the time on any debatable motion or appeal shall be limited to twenty minutes, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the resolution. In the event the manager of the resolution is in favor of any such motion or appeal, the time in opposition thereto shall be controlled by the minority leader or his designee. Such leaders, or either of them, may, from the time under their control on the passage of such resolution, allot additional time to any Senator during the consideration of any debatable motion or appeal. No amendment to the resolution is in order.

99 STAT. 1047

"(3) If, after the Committee on the Budget has reported (or been discharged from further consideration of) the resolution, the Senate agrees to the resolution, then subsection (a) shall not apply with respect to the bill or resolution (or amendment thereto) to which the resolution so agreed to applies.

"PERMISSIBLE REVISIONS OF CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS ON THE BUDGET

"SEC. 304. (a) IN GENERAL.—At any time after the concurrent resolution on the budget for a fiscal year has been agreed to pursuant to section 301, and before the end of such fiscal year, the

2 USC 635.

Ante, p. 1040.

two Houses may adopt a concurrent resolution on the budget which revises or reaffirms the concurrent resolution on the budget for such fiscal year most recently agreed to.

"(b) MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNT MAY NOT BE EXCEEDED.—The provisions of section 301(i) shall apply with respect to concurrent resolutions on the budget under this section (and amendments thereto and conference reports thereon) in the same way they apply to concurrent resolutions on the budget under such section 301(i) (and amendments thereto and conference reports thereon).

"PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE CONSIDERATION OF CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS ON THE BUDGET

2 USC 636.

"SEC. 305. (a) PROCEDURE IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AFTER REPORT OF COMMITTEE; DEBATE.—

"(1) When the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives has reported any concurrent resolution on the budget, it is in order at any time after the fifth day (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays) following the day on which the report upon such resolution by the Committee on the Budget has been available to Members of the House and, if applicable, after the first day (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays) following the day on which a report upon such resolution by the Committee on Rules pursuant to section 301(c) has been available to Members of the House (even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to) to move to proceed to the consideration of the concurrent resolution. The motion is highly privileged and is not debatable. An amendment to the motion is not in order, and it is not in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to.

Ante, p. 1040.

"(2) General debate on any concurrent resolution on the budget in the House of Representatives shall be limited to not more than 10 hours, which shall be divided equally between the majority and minority parties, plus such additional hours of debate as are consumed pursuant to paragraph (3). A motion further to limit debate is not debatable. A motion to recommit the concurrent resolution is not in order, and it is not in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the concurrent resolution is agreed to or disagreed to.

"(3) Following the presentation of opening statements on the concurrent resolution on the budget for a fiscal year by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on the Budget of the House, there shall be a period of up to four hours for debate on economic goals and policies.

"(4) Only if a concurrent resolution on the budget reported by the Committee on the Budget of the House sets forth the economic goals (as described in sections 3(a)(2) and 4(b) of the Full Employment Act of 1946) which the estimates, amounts, and levels (as described in section 301(a)) set forth in such resolution are designed to achieve, shall it be in order to offer to such resolution an amendment relating to such goals, and such amendment shall be in order only if it also proposes to alter such estimates, amounts, and levels in germane fashion in order to be consistent with the goals proposed in such amendment.

15 USC 1022, 1022a.
Ante, p. 1040.

"(5) Consideration of any concurrent resolution on the budget by the House of Representatives shall be in the Committee of the Whole, and the resolution shall be considered for amendment under the five-minute rule in accordance with the applicable provisions of rule XXIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives. After the Committee rises and reports the resolution back to the House, the previous question shall be considered as ordered on the resolution and any amendments thereto to final passage without intervening motion; except that it shall be in order at any time prior to final passage (notwithstanding any other rule or provision of law) to adopt an amendment (or a series of amendments) changing any figure or figures in the resolution as so reported to the extent necessary to achieve mathematical consistency.

"(6) Debate in the House of Representatives on the conference report on any concurrent resolution on the budget shall be limited to not more than 5 hours, which shall be divided equally between the majority and minority parties. A motion further to limit debate is not debatable. A motion to recommit the conference report is not in order, and it is not in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the conference report is agreed to or disagreed to.

"(7) Appeals from decisions of the Chair relating to the application of the Rules of the House of Representatives to the procedure relating to any concurrent resolution on the budget shall be decided without debate.

"(b) Procedure in Senate After Report of Committee; Debate; Amendments.—

"(1) Debate in the Senate on any concurrent resolution on the budget, and all amendments thereto and debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, shall be limited to not more than 50 hours, except that with respect to any concurrent resolution referred to in section 304(a) all such debate shall be limited to not more than 15 hours. The time shall be equally divided between, and controlled by, the majority leader and the minority leader or their designees.

Ante, p. 1047.

"(2) Debate in the Senate on any amendment to a concurrent resolution on the budget shall be limited to 2 hours, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the concurrent resolution, and debate on any amendment to an amendment, debatable motion, or appeal shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the concurrent resolution, except that in the event the manager of the concurrent resolution is in favor of any such amendment, motion, or appeal, the time in opposition thereto shall be controlled by the minority leader or his designee. No amendment that is not germane to the provisions of such concurrent resolution shall be received. Such leaders, or either of them, may, from the time under their control on the passage of the concurrent resolution, allot additional time to any Senator during the consideration of any amendment, debatable motion, or appeal.

99 STAT. 1049

"(3) Following the presentation of opening statements on the concurrent resolution on the budget for a fiscal year by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate, there shall be a period of up to four hours for debate on economic goals and policies.

"(4) Subject to the other limitations of this Act, only if a concurrent resolution on the budget reported by the Committee on the Budget of the Senate sets forth the economic goals (as described in sections 3(a)(2) and 4(b) of the Employment Act of 1946) which the estimates, amounts, and levels (as described in section 301(a)) set forth in such resolution are designed to achieve, shall it be in order to offer to such resolution an amendment relating to such goals, and such amendment shall be in order only if it also proposes to alter such estimates, amounts, and levels in germane fashion in order to be consistent with the goals proposed in such amendment.

15 USC 1022, 1022a.
Ante, p. 1040.

"(5) A motion to further limit debate is not debatable. A motion to recommit (except a motion to recommit with instructions to report back within a specified number of days, not to exceed 3, not counting any day on which the Senate is not in session) is not in order. Debate on any such motion to recommit shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the concurrent resolution.

"(6) Notwithstanding any other rule, an amendment or series of amendments to a concurrent resolution on the budget proposed in the Senate shall always be in order if such amendment or series of amendments proposes to change any figure or figures then contained in such concurrent resolution so as to make such concurrent resolution mathematically consistent or so as to maintain such consistency.

"(c) ACTION ON CONFERENCE REPORTS IN THE SENATE.—

"(1) The conference report on any concurrent resolution on the budget shall be in order in the Senate at any time after the third day (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays) following the day on which such conference report is reported and is available to Members of the Senate. A motion to proceed to the consideration of the conference report may be made even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to.

"(2) During the consideration in the Senate of the conference report on any concurrent resolution on the budget, debate shall be limited to 10 hours, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the majority leader and minority leader or their designees. Debate on any debatable motion or appeal related to the conference report shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the conference report.

"(3) Should the conference report be defeated, debate on any request for a new conference and the appointment of conferees shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the manager of the conference report and the minority leader or his designee, and should any motion be made to instruct the conferees before the conferees are named, debate on such motion shall be limited to one-half hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the conference report. Debate on any amendment to any such instructions shall be limited to 20 minutes, to be equally divided between and controlled by the mover and the manager of the conference report. In all cases when the manager of the conference report is in favor of any motion, appeal, or amendment, the time in opposition shall be under the control of the minority leader or his designee.

"(4) In any case in which there are amendments in disagreement, time on each amendment shall be limited to 30 minutes, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the manager of the conference report and the minority leader or his designee. No amendment that is not germane to the provisions of such amendments shall be received.

"(d) REQUIRED ACTION BY CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.—If at the end of 7 days (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays) after the conferees of both Houses have been appointed to a committee of conference on a concurrent resolution on the budget, the conferees are unable to reach agreement with respect to all matters in disagreement between the two Houses, then the conferees shall submit to their respective Houses, on the first day thereafter on which their House is in session—

Report.

"(1) a conference report recommending those matters on which they have agreed and reporting in disagreement those matters on which they have not agreed; or

Report.

"(2) a conference report in disagreement, if the matter in disagreement is an amendment which strikes out the entire text of the concurrent resolution and inserts a substitute text.

"(e) CONCURRENT RESOLUTION MUST BE CONSISTENT IN THE SENATE.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to vote on the question of agreeing to—

"(1) a concurrent resolution on the budget unless the figures then contained in such resolution are mathematically consistent; or

Report.

"(2) a conference report on a concurrent resolution on the budget unless the figures contained in such resolution, as recommended in such conference report, are mathematically consistent.

"LEGISLATION DEALING WITH CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET MUST BE HANDLED BY BUDGET COMMITTEES

"SEC. 306. No bill or resolution, and no amendment to any bill or resolution, dealing with any matter which is within the jurisdiction of the Committee on the Budget of either House shall be considered in that House unless it is a bill or resolution which has been reported by the Committee on the Budget of that House (or from the consideration of which such committee has been discharged) or unless it is an amendment to such a bill or resolution. 2 USC 637. 99 STAT. 1051

"HOUSE COMMITTEE ACTION ON ALL APPROPRIATION BILLS TO BE COMPLETED BY JUNE 10

"SEC. 307. On or before June 10 of each year, the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives shall report annual appropriation bills providing new budget authority under the jurisdiction of all of its subcommittees for the fiscal year which begins on October 1 of that year. Report. 2 USC 638.

"REPORTS, SUMMARIES, AND PROJECTIONS OF CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET ACTIONS

"SEC. 308. (a) REPORTS ON LEGISLATION PROVIDING NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY, NEW SPENDING AUTHORITY, OR NEW CREDIT AUTHORITY, OR PROVIDING AN INCREASE OR DECREASE IN REVENUES OR TAX EXPENDITURES.— 2 USC 639.

"(1) Whenever a committee of either House reports to its House a bill or resolution, or committee amendment thereto, providing new budget authority (other than continuing appropriations), new spending authority described in section 401(c)(2), or new credit authority, or providing an increase or decrease in revenues or tax expenditures for a fiscal year, the report accompanying that bill or resolution shall contain a statement, or the committee shall make available such a statement in the case of an approved committee amendment which is not reported to its House, prepared after consultation with the Director of the Congressional Budget Office— *Post*, p. 1056.

"(A) comparing the levels in such measure to the appropriate allocations in the reports submitted under section 302(b) for the most recently agreed to concurrent resolution on the budget for such fiscal year; *Ante*, p. 1044.

"(B) including an identification of any new spending authority described in section 401(c)(2) which is contained in such measure and a justification for the use of such financing method instead of annual appropriations;

"(C) containing a projection by the Congressional Budget Office of how such measure will affect the levels of such budget authority, budget outlays, spending authority, revenues, tax expenditures, direct loan obligations, or primary loan guarantee commitments under existing law for such fiscal year and each of the four ensuing fiscal years, if timely submitted before such report is filed; and

"(D) containing an estimate by the Congressional Budget Office of the level of new budget authority for assistance to State and local governments provided by such measure, if timely submitted before such report is filed. State and local governments.

"(2) Whenever a conference report is filed in either House and such conference report or any amendment reported in disagreement or any amendment contained in the joint statement of managers to be proposed by the conferees in the case of technical disagreement on such bill or resolution provides new budget authority (other than continuing appropriations), new spending authority described in section 401(c)(2), or new credit authority, or provides an increase or decrease in revenues for a fiscal year, the statement of managers accompanying such conference report shall contain the information described in para- 99 STAT. 1052 graph (1), if available on a timely basis. If such information is not available when the conference report is filed, the committee shall make such information available to Members as soon as practicable prior to the consideration of such conference report.

"(b) UP-TO-DATE TABULATIONS OF CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET ACTION.—

"(1) The Director of the Congressional Budget Office shall issue to the committees of the House of Representatives and the Senate reports on at least a monthly basis detailing and tabulating the progress of congressional action on bills and resolutions providing new budget authority, new spending authority described in section 401(c)(2), or new credit authority, or providing an increase or decrease in revenues or tax expenditures for a fiscal year. Such reports shall include but are not limited to an up-to-date tabulation comparing the appropriate aggregate and functional levels (including outlays) included in the most recently adopted concurrent resolution on the budget with the levels provided in bills and resolutions reported by committees or adopted by either House or by the Congress, and with the levels provided by law for the fiscal year preceding such fiscal year. *Post*, p. 1056.

"(2) The Committee on the Budget of each House shall make available to Members of its House summary budget scorekeeping reports. Such reports—

"(A) shall be made available on at least a monthly basis, but in any case frequently enough to provide Members of each House an accurate representation of the current status of congressional consideration of the budget;

"(B) shall include, but are not limited to, summaries of tabulations provided under subsection (b)(1); and

"(C) shall be based on information provided under subsection (b)(1) without substantive revision.

The chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives shall submit such reports to the Speaker.

"(c) FIVE-YEAR PROJECTION OF CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET ACTION.—As soon as practicable after the beginning of each fiscal year, the Director of the Congressional Budget Office shall issue a report projecting for the period of 5 fiscal years beginning with such fiscal year—

"(1) total new budget authority and total budget outlays for each fiscal year in such period;

"(2) revenues to be received and the major sources thereof, and the surplus or deficit, if any, for each fiscal year in such period;

Taxes. "(3) tax expenditures for each fiscal year in such period;

"(4) entitlement authority for each fiscal year in such period; and

"(5) credit authority for each fiscal year in such period.

"HOUSE APPROVAL OF REGULAR APPROPRIATION BILLS

2 USC 640. "SEC. 309. It shall not be in order in the House of Representatives to consider any resolution providing for an adjournment period of more than three calendar days during the month of July until the House of Representatives has approved annual appropriation bills providing new budget authority under the jurisdiction of all the subcommittees of the Committee on Appropriations for the fiscal year beginning on October 1 of such year. For purposes of this section, the chairman of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives shall periodically advise the Speaker as to changes in jurisdiction among its various subcommittees.

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"RECONCILIATION

2 USC 641. "SEC. 310. (a) INCLUSION OF RECONCILIATION DIRECTIVES IN CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS ON THE BUDGET.—A concurrent resolution on the budget for any fiscal year, to the extent necessary to

effectuate the provisions and requirements of such resolution, shall—

"(1) specify the total amount by which—

"(A) new budget authority for such fiscal year;

"(B) budget authority initially provided for prior fiscal years;

"(C) new entitlement authority which is to become effective during such fiscal year; and

"(D) credit authority for such fiscal year,

contained in laws, bills, and resolutions within the jurisdiction of a committee, is to be changed and direct that committee to determine and recommend changes to accomplish a change of such total amount;

"(2) specify the total amount by which revenues are to be changed and direct that the committees having jurisdiction to determine and recommend changes in the revenue laws, bills, and resolutions to accomplish a change of such total amount;

"(3) specify the amounts by which the statutory limit on the public debt is to be changed and direct the committee having jurisdiction to recommend such change; or

"(4) specify and direct any combination of the matters described in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3).

"(b) LEGISLATIVE PROCEDURE.—If a concurrent resolution containing directives to one or more committees to determine and recommend changes in laws, bills, or resolutions is agreed to in accordance with subsection (a), and—

"(1) only one committee of the House or the Senate is directed to determine and recommend changes, that committee shall promptly make such determination and recommendations and report to its House reconciliation legislation containing such recommendations; or Report.

"(2) more than one committee of the House or the Senate is directed to determine and recommend changes, each such committee so directed shall promptly make such determination and recommendations and submit such recommendations to the Committee on the Budget of its House, which, upon receiving all such recommendations, shall report to its House reconciliation legislation carrying out all such recommendations without any substantive revision. Report.

For purposes of this subsection, a reconciliation resolution is a concurrent resolution directing the Clerk of the House of Representatives or the Secretary of the Senate, as the case may be, to make specified changes in bills and resolutions which have not been enrolled.

99 STAT. 1054

"(c) COMPLIANCE WITH RECONCILIATION DIRECTIONS.—Any committee of the House of Representatives or the Senate that is directed, pursuant to a concurrent resolution on the budget, to determine and recommend changes of the type described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) with respect to laws within its jurisdiction, shall be deemed to have complied with such directions—

"(1) if—

"(A) the amount of the changes of the type described in paragraph (1) of such subsection recommended by such committee do not exceed or fall below the amount of the changes such committee was directed by such concurrent resolution to recommend under such paragraph by more than 20 percent of the total of the amounts of the changes such committee was directed to make under paragraphs (1) and (2) of such subsection, and

"(B) the amount of the changes of the type described in paragraph (2) of such subsection recommended by such committee do not exceed or fall below the amount of the changes such committee was directed by such concurrent resolution to recommend under that paragraph by more than 20 percent of the total of the amounts of the changes such committee was directed to make under paragraphs (1) and (2) of such subsection; and

"(2) if the total amount of the changes recommended by such committee is not less than the total of the amounts of the changes such committee was directed to make under paragraphs (1) and (2) of such subsection.

"(d) LIMITATION ON AMENDMENTS TO RECONCILIATION BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS.—

"(1) It shall not be in order in the House of Representatives to consider any amendment to a reconciliation bill or reconciliation resolution if such amendment would have the effect of increasing any specific budget outlays above the level of such outlays provided in the bill or resolution (for the fiscal years covered by the reconciliation instructions set forth in the most recently agreed to concurrent resolution on the budget), or would have the effect of reducing any specific Federal revenues below the level of such revenues provided in the bill or resolution (for such fiscal years), unless such amendment makes at least an equivalent reduction in other specific budget outlays, an equivalent increase in other specific Federal revenues, or an equivalent combination thereof (for such fiscal years), except that a motion to strike a provision providing new budget authority or new entitlement authority may be in order.

"(2) It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any amendment to a reconciliation bill or reconciliation resolution if such amendment would have the effect of decreasing any specific budget outlay reductions below the level of such outlay reductions provided (for the fiscal years covered) in the reconciliation instructions which relate to such bill or resolution set forth in a resolution providing for reconciliation, or would have the effect of reducing Federal revenue increases below the level of such revenue increases provided (for such fiscal years) in such instructions relating to such bill or resolution, unless such amendment makes a reduction in other specific budget outlays, an increase in other specific Federal revenues, or a combination thereof (for such fiscal years) at least equivalent to any increase in outlays or decrease in revenues provided by such amendment, except that a motion to strike a provision shall always be in order.

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"(3) Paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not apply if a declaration of war by the Congress is in effect.

"(4) For purposes of this section, the levels of budget outlays and Federal revenues for a fiscal year shall be determined on the basis of estimates made by the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives or of the Senate, as the case may be.

"(5) The Committee on Rules of the House of Representatives may make in order amendments to achieve changes specified by reconciliation directives contained in a concurrent resolution on the budget if a committee or committees of the House fail to submit recommended changes to its Committee on the Budget pursuant to its instruction.

"(e) PROCEDURE IN THE SENATE.—

Ante, p. 1047.

"(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the provisions of section 305 for the consideration in the Senate of concurrent resolutions on the budget and conference reports thereon shall also apply to the consideration in the Senate of reconciliation bills reported under subsection (b) and conference reports thereon.

"(2) Debate in the Senate on any reconciliation bill reported under subsection (b), and all amendments thereto and debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, shall be limited to not more than 20 hours.

"(f) COMPLETION OF RECONCILIATION PROCESS.—

Congress.

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Congress shall complete action on any reconciliation bill or reconciliation resolution reported under subsection (b) not later than June 15 of each year.

"(2) POINT OF ORDER IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—It shall not be in order in the House of Representatives to consider any resolution providing for an adjournment period of more than three calendar days during the month of July until the House of Representatives has completed action on the reconciliation legislation for the fiscal year beginning on October 1 of the calendar year to which the adjournment resolution pertains, if reconciliation legislation is required to be reported by the concurrent resolution on the budget for such fiscal year.

"(g) Limitation on Changes to the Social Security Act.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it shall not be in order in the Senate or the House of Representatives to consider any reconciliation bill or reconciliation resolution reported pursuant to a concurrent resolution on the budget agreed to under section 301 or 304, or a resolution pursuant to section 254(b) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, or any amendment thereto or conference report thereon, that contains recommendations with respect to the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance program established under title II of the Social Security Act.

Ante, p. 1044.
Ante, p. 1047.
Post, p. 1078.

42 USC 401.

"NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY, NEW SPENDING AUTHORITY, AND REVENUE LEGISLATION MUST BE WITHIN APPROPRIATE LEVELS

2 USC 642.

"Sec. 311. (a) Legislation Subject to Point of Order.—Except as provided by subsection (b), after the Congress has completed action on a concurrent resolution on the budget for a fiscal year, it shall not be in order in either the House of Representatives or the Senate to consider any bill, resolution, or amendment providing new budget authority for such fiscal year, providing new entitlement authority effective during such fiscal year, or reducing revenues for such fiscal year, or any conference report on any such bill or resolution, if—

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"(1) the enactment of such bill or resolution as reported;

"(2) the adoption and enactment of such amendment; or

"(3) the enactment of such bill or resolution in the form recommended in such conference report;

would cause the appropriate level of total new budget authority or total budget outlays set forth in the most recently agreed to concurrent resolution on the budget for such fiscal year to be exceeded, or would cause revenues to be less than the appropriate level of total revenues set forth in such concurrent resolution or, in the Senate, would otherwise result in a deficit for such fiscal year that exceeds the maximum deficit amount specified for such fiscal year in section 3(7) (except to the extent that paragraph (1) of section 301(i) or section 304(b), as the case may be, does not apply by reason of paragraph (2) of such subsection).

Ante, pp. 1039, 1040.
Ante, p. 1047.

"(b) Exception in the House of Representatives.—Subsection (a) shall not apply in the House of Representatives to any bill, resolution, or amendment which provides new budget authority or new entitlement authority effective during such fiscal year, or to any conference report on any such bill or resolution, if—

"(1) the enactment of such bill or resolution as reported;

"(2) the adoption and enactment of such amendment; or

"(3) the enactment of such bill or resolution in the form recommended in such conference report,

would not cause the appropriate allocation of new discretionary budget authority or new entitlement authority made pursuant to section 302(a) for such fiscal year, for the committee within whose jurisdiction such bill, resolution, or amendment falls, to be exceeded.

Ante, p. 1044.

"(c) Determination of Budget Levels.—For purposes of this section, the levels of new budget authority, budget outlays, new entitlement authority, and revenues for a fiscal year shall be determined on the basis of estimates made by the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives or of the Senate, as the case may be.".

Subpart II—Amendments to Title IV of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974

SEC. 211. NEW SPENDING AUTHORITY.

2 USC 651.

Section 401 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is amended to read as follows:

"BILLS PROVIDING NEW SPENDING AUTHORITY

"SEC. 401. (a) CONTROLS ON LEGISLATION PROVIDING SPENDING AUTHORITY.—It shall not be in order in either the House of Representatives or the Senate to consider any bill, resolution, or conference report, as reported to its House which provides new spending authority described in subsection (c)(2) (A) or (B) (or any amendment which provides such new spending authority), unless that bill, resolution, conference report, or amendment also provides that such new spending authority as described in subsection (c)(2) (A) or (B) is to be effective for any fiscal year only to such extent or in such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts.

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"(b) LEGISLATION PROVIDING ENTITLEMENT AUTHORITY.—

"(1) It shall not be in order in either the House of Representatives or the Senate to consider any bill or resolution which provides new spending authority described in subsection (c)(2)(C) (or any amendment which provides such new spending authority) which is to become effective before the first day of the fiscal year which begins during the calendar year in which such bill or resolution is reported.

"(2) If any committee of the House of Representatives or the Senate reports any bill or resolution which provides new spending authority described in subsection (c)(2)(C) which is to become effective during a fiscal year and the amount of new budget authority which will be required for such fiscal year if such bill or resolution is enacted as so reported exceeds the appropriate allocation of new budget authority reported under section 302(b) in connection with the most recently agreed to concurrent resolution on the budget for such fiscal year, such bill or resolution shall then be referred to the Committee on Appropriations of that House with instructions to report it, with the committee's recommendations, within 15 calendar days (not counting any day on which that House is not in session) beginning with the day following the day on which it is so referred. If the Committee on Appropriations of either House fails to report a bill or resolution referred to it under this paragraph within such 15-day period, the committee shall automatically be discharged from further consideration of such bill or resolution and such bill or resolution shall be placed on the appropriate calendar.

Ante, p. 1044.

"(3) The Committee on Appropriations of each House shall have jurisdiction to report any bill or resolution referred to it under paragraph (2) with an amendment which limits the total amount of new spending authority provided in such bill or resolution.

"(c) DEFINITIONS.—

"(1) For purposes of this section, the term 'new spending authority' means spending authority not provided by law on the effective date of this Act, including any increase in or addition to spending authority provided by law on such date.

"(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'spending authority' means authority (whether temporary or permanent)—

"(A) to enter into contracts under which the United States is obligated to make outlays, the budget authority for which is not provided in advance by appropriation Acts;

"(B) to incur indebtedness (other than indebtedness incurred under chapter 31 of title 31 of the United States

Code) for the repayment of which the United States is liable, the budget authority for which is not provided in advance by appropriation Acts; 31 USC 3101 *et seq.*

"(C) to make payments (including loans and grants), the budget authority for which is not provided for in advance by appropriation Acts, to any person or government if, under the provisions of the law containing such authority, the United States is obligated to make such payments to persons or governments who meet the requirements established by such law;

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"(D) to forego the collection by the United States of proprietary offsetting receipts, the budget authority for which is not provided in advance by appropriation Acts to offset such foregone receipts; and

"(E) to make payments by the United States (including loans, grants, and payments from revolving funds) other than those covered by subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D), the budget authority for which is not provided in advance by appropriation Acts.

Such term does not include authority to insure or guarantee the repayment of indebtedness incurred by another person or government.

"(d) EXCEPTIONS.—

"(1) Subsections (a) and (b) shall not apply to new spending authority if the budget authority for outlays which will result from such new spending authority is derived—

"(A) from a trust fund established by the Social Security Act (as in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act); or 42 USC 1305.

"(B) from any other trust fund, 90 percent or more of the receipts of which consist or will consist of amounts (transferred from the general fund of the Treasury) equivalent to amounts of taxes (related to the purposes for which such outlays are or will be made) received in the Treasury under specified provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954. 26 USC 1 *et seq.*

"(2) Subsections (a) and (b) shall not apply to new spending authority which is an amendment to or extension of the State and Local Fiscal Assistance Act of 1972, or a continuation of the program of fiscal assistance to State and local governments provided by that Act, to the extent so provided in the bill or resolution providing such authority. 31 USC 6702.

"(3) Subsections (a) and (b) shall not apply to new spending authority to the extent that—

"(A) the outlays resulting therefrom are made by an organization which is (i) a mixed-ownership Government corporation (as defined in section 201 of the Government Corporation Control Act), or (ii) a wholly owned Government corporation (as defined in section 101 of such Act) which is specifically exempted by law from compliance with any or all of the provisions of that Act, as of the date of enactment of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985; or Corporation. 31 USC 9101. 31 USC 9101.

"(B) the outlays resulting therefrom consist exclusively of the proceeds of gifts or bequests made to the United States for a specific purpose.". Gifts and property.

SEC. 212. CREDIT AUTHORITY.

Section 402 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is amended to read as follows: 2 USC 652.

"LEGISLATION PROVIDING NEW CREDIT AUTHORITY

"SEC. 402. (a) CONTROLS ON LEGISLATION PROVIDING NEW CREDIT AUTHORITY.—It shall not be in order in either the House of Representatives or the Senate to consider any bill, resolution, or conference report, as reported to its House, or any amendment which

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provides new credit authority described in subsection (b)(1), unless that bill, resolution, conference report, or amendment also provides that such new credit authority is to be effective for any fiscal year only to such extent or in such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts.

Ante, p. 1039.

"(b) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this Act, the term 'new credit authority' means credit authority (as defined in section 3(10) of this Act) not provided by law on the effective date of this section, including any increase in or addition to credit authority provided by law on such date.".

SEC. 213. DESCRIPTION BY CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE.

2 USC 653.

(a) CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE ANALYSIS.—Section 403(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is amended by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (2), by striking out the period and inserting "; and" at the end of paragraph (3), and by inserting at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(4) a description of each method for establishing a Federal financial commitment contained in such bill or resolution.".

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The second sentence of section 403(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "estimates and comparison" and inserting in lieu thereof "estimates, comparison, and description".

SEC. 214. GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE STUDY; OFF-BUDGET AGENCIES; MEMBER USER GROUP.

Title IV of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new sections:

"STUDY BY THE GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE OF FORMS OF FEDERAL FINANCIAL COMMITMENT THAT ARE NOT REVIEWED ANNUALLY BY CONGRESS

Report.
2 USC 654.
Ante, p. 1056.

"SEC. 405. The General Accounting Office shall study those provisions of law which provide spending authority as described by section 401(c)(2) and which provide permanent appropriations, and report to the Congress its recommendations for the appropriate form of financing for activities or programs financed by such provisions not later than eighteen months after the effective date of this section. Such report shall be revised from time to time.

"OFF-BUDGET AGENCIES, PROGRAMS, AND ACTIVITIES

2 USC 655.

Post, p. 1063.

Ante, pp. 1040, 1047.

"SEC. 406. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, budget authority, credit authority, and estimates of outlays and receipts for activities of the Federal budget which are off-budget immediately prior to the date of enactment of this section, not including activities of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance and Federal Disability Insurance Trust Funds, shall be included in a budget submitted pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, and in a concurrent resolution on the budget reported pursuant to section 301 or section 304 of this Act and shall be considered, for purposes of this Act, budget authority, outlays, and spending authority in accordance with definitions set forth in this Act.

Banks and banking.

99 STAT. 1060

98 Stat. 2324.

"(b) All receipts and disbursements of the Federal Financing Bank with respect to any obligations which are issued, sold, or guaranteed by a Federal agency shall be treated as a means of financing such agency for purposes of section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, and for purposes of this Act.

"MEMBER USER GROUP

2 USC 656.

"SEC. 407. The Speaker of the House of Representatives, after consulting with the Minority Leader of the House, may appoint a Member User Group for the purpose of reviewing budgetary scorekeeping rules and practices of the House and advising the Speaker from time to time on the effect and impact of such rules and practices.".

Subpart III—Additional Provisions to Improve Budget Procedures

SEC. 221. CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE.

(a) Reporting Date.—Section 202(f)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is amended by striking out "April 1" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "February 15". 2 USC 602.

(b) Additional Reporting Requirement.—Section 202(f) of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

> "(3) On or before January 15 of each year, the Director, after consultation with the appropriate committees of the House of Representatives and Senate, shall submit to the Congress a report listing (A) all programs and activities funded during the fiscal year ending September 30 of that calendar year for which authorizations for appropriations have not been enacted for that fiscal year, and (B) all programs and activities for which authorizations for appropriations have been enacted for the fiscal year ending September 30 of that calendar year, but for which no authorizations for appropriations have been enacted for the fiscal year beginning October 1 of that calendar year.". Report.

(c) Studies.—Section 202 of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(h) Studies.—The Director shall conduct continuing studies to enhance comparisons of budget outlays, credit authority, and tax expenditures.".

SEC. 222. CURRENT SERVICES BUDGET FOR CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET PURPOSES.

(a) Current Services Budget.—The first sentence of section 1109(a) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking out "Before November 11 of each year" and inserting in lieu thereof "On or before the first Monday after January 3 of each year (on or before February 5 in 1986)".

(b) Joint Economic Committee Review.—Section 1109(b) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking out "January 1" and inserting in lieu thereof "March 1".

SEC. 223. STUDY OF OFF-BUDGET AGENCIES.

Section 606 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is repealed Repeal. 2 USC 661.

SEC. 224. CHANGES IN FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.

Section 1104(c) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Committees of the House of Representatives and Senate shall receive prompt notification of all such changes.".

SEC. 225. JURISDICTION OF COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS.

Clause 1(j) of Rule X of the Rules of the House of Representatives is amended by inserting after item (5) the following new item:

"(6) Measures providing for off-budget treatment of Federal agencies or programs.".

SEC. 226. CONTINUING STUDY OF CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET PROCESS.

Clause 3 of Rule X of the Rules of the House of Representatives is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(i) The Committee on Rules shall have the function of reviewing and studying, on a continuing basis, the congressional budget process, and the committee shall, from time to time, report its findings and recommendations to the House.". Report.

SEC. 227. EARLY ELECTION OF COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE.

Clause 6(a)(1) of Rule X of the Rules of the House of Representatives is amended by striking out "at" and inserting in lieu thereof "within the seventh calendar day beginning after", and by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "It shall always be in order to consider resolutions recommended by the respective party caucuses to change the composition of standing committees.".

SEC. 228. RESCISSIONS AND TRANSFERS IN APPROPRIATION BILLS.

(a) Rescissions.—Clause 2(b) of Rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Representatives is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: ", and except rescissions of appropriations contained in appropriation Acts".

(b) Transfers.—Clause 6 of Rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Representatives is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: ", and shall not apply to transfers of unexpended balances within the department or agency for which they were originally appropriated, reported by the Committee on Appropriations".

Subpart IV—Technical and Conforming Amendments

SEC. 231. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

The table of contents set forth in section 1(b) of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 with respect to title III is amended to read as follows:

"TITLE III—CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET PROCESS

"Sec. 300. Timetable.
"Sec. 301. Annual adoption of concurrent resolution on the budget.
"Sec. 302. Committee allocations.
"Sec. 303. Concurrent resolution on the budget must be adopted before legislation providing new budget authority, new spending authority, new credit authority or changes in revenues or the public debt limit is considered.
"Sec. 304. Permissible revisions of concurrent resolutions on the budget.
"Sec. 305. Procedures relating to consideration of concurrent resolutions on the budget.
"Sec. 306. Legislation dealing with congressional budget must be handled by budget committees.
"Sec. 307. House committee action on all appropriation bills to be completed by June 10.
"Sec. 308. Reports, summaries, and projections of congressional budget actions.
99 STAT. 1062 "Sec. 309. House approval of regular appropriation bills.
"Sec. 310. Reconciliation.
"Sec. 311. New budget authority, new spending authority, and revenue legislation must be within appropriate levels.".

SEC. 232. ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

(a) Table of Contents.—The table of contents set forth in section 1(b) of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 is amended—

(1) by striking out the item relating to section 402 and inserting in lieu thereof the following new item:

"Sec. 402. Legislation providing new credit authority.";

(2) by inserting after the item relating to section 404 the following new items:

"Sec. 405. Study by the General Accounting Office of forms of Federal financial commitment that are not reviewed annually by Congress.
"Sec. 406. Off-budget agencies, programs, and activities.
"Sec. 407. Member user group."; and

(3) by striking out the item relating to section 606.

2 USC 622. (b) Technical Amendment.—Paragraph (4) of section 3 of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 is amended—

(1) by adding "and" after the semicolon at the end of subparagraph (A);

(2) by striking out subparagraph (B); and

(3) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (B).

(c) Technical Amendment.—Subparagraph (2) of clause 4(b) of rule X of the Rules of the House of Representatives is amended by striking out "first concurrent resolution" and inserting in lieu thereof "concurrent resolutions".

(d) Technical Amendment.—Clause 4(g) of rule X of the Rules of the House of Representatives is amended by striking out "March

15" and inserting in lieu thereof "February 25".

(e) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Clause 2(l)(1) of rule XI of the Rules of the House of Representatives is amended—

(1) by striking out "(except as provided in subdivision (C))" in subparagraph (A) thereof; and

(2) by repealing subparagraph (C) thereof.

(f) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Clause 2(l)(3)(B) of rule XI of the Rules of the House of Representatives is amended by inserting "(1)" after "section 308(a)", and by striking out "new budget authority or new or increased tax expenditures" and inserting in lieu thereof "new budget authority (other than continuing appropriations), new spending authority described in section 401(c)(2) of such Act, new credit authority, or an increase or decrease in revenues or tax expenditures".

(g) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Rule XLIX of the Rules of the House of Representatives is amended by striking out ", 304, or 310" in clause 1 and inserting in lieu thereof "or 304".

(h) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Clause 1(e)(2) of Rule X of the Rules of the House of Representatives is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: ", and any resolution pursuant to section 254(b) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

PART B—BUDGET SUBMITTED BY THE PRESIDENT

SEC. 241. SUBMISSION OF PRESIDENT'S BUDGET; MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNT MAY NOT BE EXCEEDED.

(a) SUBMISSION OF PRESIDENT'S BUDGET.—The first sentence of section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking out "During the first 15 days of each regular session of Congress" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "On or before the first Monday after January 3 of each year (or on or before February 5 in 1986)". 98 Stat. 2324.

(b) MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNT MAY NOT BE EXCEEDED.—Section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(f)(1) The budget transmitted pursuant to subsection (a) for a fiscal year shall be prepared on the basis of the best estimates then available, in such a manner as to ensure that the deficit for such fiscal year shall not exceed the maximum deficit amount for such fiscal year as determined under paragraph (7) of section 3 of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974. *Ante*, p. 1039.

"(2) The deficit set forth in the budget so transmitted for any fiscal year shall not exceed the maximum deficit amount for such fiscal year as determined under paragraph (7) of section 3 of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974, with budget outlays and Federal revenues at such levels as the President may consider most desirable and feasible.

"(3) Paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not apply if a declaration of war by the Congress is in effect.".

SEC. 242. SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGET ESTIMATES AND CHANGES.

(a) CHANGE IN DATE OF SUBMISSION.—The first sentence of section 1106(b) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking out "April 11 and".

(b) REVISIONS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SUMMARIES.—Section 1106 of title 31 of such Code is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c) Subsection (f) of section 1105 shall apply to revisions and supplemental summaries submitted under this section to the same extent that such subsection applies to the budget submitted under section 1105(a) to which such revisions and summaries relate.". *Supra.*

PART C—EMERGENCY POWERS TO ELIMINATE DEFICITS IN EXCESS OF MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNT

2 USC 901.

SEC. 251. REPORTING OF EXCESS DEFICITS.

(a) Initial Estimates, Determinations, and Report by OMB and CBO.—

(1) Estimates and determinations.—The Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the Director of the Congressional Budget Office (in this part referred to as the "Directors") shall with respect to each fiscal year—

(A) estimate the budget base levels of total revenues and budget outlays that may be anticipated for such fiscal year as of August 15 of the calendar year in which such fiscal year begins (or as of January 10, 1986, in the case of the fiscal year 1986),

(B) determine whether the projected deficit for such fiscal year will exceed the maximum deficit amount for such fiscal year and whether such deficit excess will be greater than $10,000,000,000 (zero in the case of fiscal years 1986 and 1991), and

(C) estimate the rate of real economic growth that will occur during such fiscal year, the rate of real economic growth that will occur during each quarter of such fiscal year, and the rate of real economic growth that will have occurred during each of the last two quarters of the preceding fiscal year.

(2) Report.—The Directors jointly shall report to the Comptroller General on August 20 of the calendar year in which such fiscal year begins (or on January 15, 1986, in the case of the fiscal year 1986), estimating the budget base levels of total revenues and total budget outlays for such fiscal year, identifying the amount of any deficit excess for such fiscal year, stating whether such excess is greater than $10,000,000,000 (zero in the case of fiscal years 1986 and 1991), specifying the estimated rate of real economic growth for such fiscal year, for each quarter of such fiscal year, and for each of the last two quarters of the preceding fiscal year, indicating whether the estimate includes two or more consecutive quarters of negative real economic growth, and specifying (if the excess is greater than $10,000,000,000, or zero in the case of fiscal years 1986 and 1991), by account, for non-defense programs, and by account and programs, projects, and activities within each account, for defense programs, the base from which reductions are taken and the amounts and percentages by which such accounts must be reduced during such fiscal year, in accordance with the succeeding provisions of this part, in order to eliminate such excess.

(3) Determination of reductions.—The amounts and percentages by which such accounts must be reduced during a fiscal year shall be determined as follows:

(A)(i) If the deficit excess for the fiscal year is greater than $10,000,000,000 (zero in the case of fiscal years 1986 and 1991), such deficit excess shall be divided into halves.

(ii) In the case of fiscal year 1986, the amount of such excess—

(I) shall be multiplied by seven twelfths before being divided into halves in accordance with clause (i), and

(II) shall not exceed $11,700,000,000.

(B) Subject to the exemptions, exceptions, limitations, special rules, and definitions set forth in this section and in sections 255, 256, and 257, the reductions necessary to eliminate one-half of the deficit excess for the fiscal year (as adjusted under subparagraph (A)(ii) in the case of fiscal year 1986) shall be made in outlays under accounts within major functional category 050 (in this part referred to as outlays under "defense programs"), and the reductions nec-

Post, pp. 1082, 1086, 1092.

essary to eliminate the other half of the deficit excess (or the adjusted deficit excess, in the case of fiscal year 1986) shall be made in outlays under other accounts of the Federal Government (in this part referred to as outlays under "non-defense programs").

99 STAT. 1065

(C)(i) The total amount by which outlays for automatic spending increases scheduled to take effect during the fiscal year are to be reduced shall be determined in accordance with clause (ii) of this subparagraph.

(ii) Each such automatic spending increase shall be reduced—

(I) to zero (a uniform percentage reduction of 100 percent), or

(II) by a uniform percentage reduction of less than 100 percent calculated in a manner to reduce total outlays for the fiscal year by one-half of the deficit excess (or the adjusted deficit excess, in the case of fiscal year 1986), if the elimination of all such increases would reduce total outlays for the fiscal year by more than one-half of the deficit excess (or the adjusted deficit excess, in the case of fiscal year 1986) for the fiscal year.

(D) The total amount of the outlay reductions determined under subparagraph (C) shall be divided into two amounts:

(i) an amount equal to the outlay reductions attributable to programs specified in subparagraph (A) of section 257(l); and

Post, p. 1092.

(ii) an amount equal to the outlay reductions attributable to programs specified in subparagraph (B) of section 257(l).

Defense and national security.

(E)(i) For purposes of subparagraph (B), one-half of the amount of the reductions determined under clause (i) of subparagraph (D) shall be credited as reductions in outlays under defense programs, and the total amount of reductions in outlays under defense programs required under subparagraph (B) shall be reduced accordingly.

(ii) Sequestration of new budget authority and unobligated balances to achieve the remaining reductions in outlays under defense programs required under subparagraph (B) shall be determined as provided in subsection (d).

(F)(i) For purposes of subparagraph (B)—

(I) one-half of the amount of the reductions determined under clause (i) of subparagraph (D), and

(II) the amount of the reductions determined under clause (ii) of subparagraph (D),

shall be credited as reductions in outlays under non-defense programs, and the total amount of reductions in outlays under non-defense programs required under subparagraph (B) shall be reduced accordingly.

(ii) The maximum reduction permissible for each program to which an exception, limitation, or special rule set forth in subsection (c) or (f) of section 256 applies shall be determined, and the total amount of reductions in outlays under non-defense programs required under subparagraph (B) shall be reduced by the amount of the reduction determined with respect to each such program.

Post, p. 1086.

(iii)(I) Except as provided in subclause (II), the maximum reduction permissible for each of the programs to which the special rules set forth in sections 256(d) and 256(k) apply shall be determined, and the total amount of outlays under non-defense programs required under subparagraph (B) shall be reduced by the amount of the maximum reductions so determined.

99 STAT. 1066

(II) If the maximum reduction determined in accordance with subclause (I) with respect to the programs to which that subclause relates would reduce outlays for such programs by an amount in excess of the remaining amount of the reduction in outlays in non-defense programs required under subparagraph (B), outlays for such programs shall instead be reduced proportionately by such lesser percentage as will achieve such remaining required reductions.

Ante, p. 1056.

(iv)(I) Sequestrations and reductions under the remaining non-defense programs shall be applied on a uniform percentage basis so as to reduce new budget authority, new loan guarantee commitments, new direct loan obligations, obligation limitations, and spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to the extent necessary to achieve any remaining required outlay reductions.

Post, p. 1072.

(II) For purposes of determining reductions under subclause (I), any reduction in outlays of the Commodity Credit Corporation under an order issued by the President under section 252 for a fiscal year, with respect to contracts entered into during that fiscal year, that will occur during the succeeding fiscal year, shall be credited as reductions in outlays for the fiscal year in which the order is issued.

The determination of which accounts are within major functional category 050 and which are not, for purposes of subparagraph (B), shall be made by the Directors in a manner consistent with the budget submitted by the President for the fiscal year 1986; except that for such purposes no part of the accounts entitled "Federal Emergency Management Agency, Salaries and expenses (58-0100-0-1-999)" and "Federal Emergency Management Agency, Emergency management planning and assistance (58-0101-0-1-999)" shall be treated as being within functional category 050.

Report.

(4) ADDITIONAL SPECIFICATIONS.—The report submitted under paragraph (2) must also specify (with respect to the fiscal year involved)—

Post, p. 1092.

(A) the amount of the automatic spending increase (if any) which is scheduled to take effect in the case of each program providing for such increases, the amount and percentage by which such increase is to be reduced, the amount by which the deficit excess (as adjusted under paragraph (3)(A)(ii), in the case of fiscal year 1986) will be reduced as a result of the elimination or reduction of automatic spending increases (stated separately for increases under programs listed in subparagraph (A) of section 257(1) and increases under programs listed in subparagraph (B) of that section), and the amount (if any) of each such increase, stated in terms of percentage points, which will take effect after reduction under this part;

Post, p. 1086.

(B) the amount of the savings (if any) to be achieved in the application of each of the special rules set forth in subsections (c) through (l) of section 256, along with a statement of (i) the new Federal matching rate resulting from the application of subsection (e) of that section, and (ii) the amount of the percentage reduction in payments to the States under section 204 of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970; and

99 STAT. 1067

26 USC 3304 note.
Defense and national security.

(C)(i) for defense programs, by account and by program, project, and activity within each account, the reduction (stated in terms of both percentage and amount) in new budget authority and unobligated balances, together with the estimated outlay reductions resulting therefrom; and

Ante, p. 1056.

(ii) for non-defense programs, by account, the reduction, stated in terms of both percentage and amount, in new budget authority, new loan guarantee commitments, new direct loan obligations, obligation limitations, and spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, together with the estimated outlay reductions resulting therefrom.

(5) BASIS FOR DIRECTORS' ESTIMATES, DETERMINATIONS, AND SPECIFICATIONS.—The estimates, determinations, and specifica-

tions of the Directors under the preceding provisions of this subsection and under subsection (c)(1) shall utilize the budget base, criteria, and guidelines set forth in paragraph (6) and in sections 255, 256, and 257. In the event that the Directors are unable to agree on any items required to be set forth in the report, they shall average their differences to the extent necessary to produce a single, consistent set of data that achieves the required deficit reduction. The report of the Directors shall also indicate the amount initially proposed for each averaged item by each Director.

Post, pp. 1082, 1086, 1092.

(6) Budget base.—In computing the amounts and percentages by which accounts must be reduced during a fiscal year as set forth in any report required under this subsection for such fiscal year, the budget base shall be determined by—

(A) assuming (subject to subparagraph (C)) the continuation of current law in the case of revenues and spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974;

Ante, p. 1056.

(B) assuming, in the case of all accounts to which subparagraph (A) does not apply, appropriations equal to the prior year's appropriations except to the extent that annual appropriations or continuing appropriations for the entire fiscal year have been enacted;

(C) assuming that expiring provisions of law providing revenues and spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 do expire, except that excise taxes dedicated to a trust fund and agricultural price support programs administered through the Commodity Credit Corporation are extended at current rates; and

(D) assuming (i) that Federal pay adjustments for statutory pay systems (I) will be as recommended by the President, but (II) will in no case result in a reduction in the levels of pay in effect immediately before such adjustments; and (ii) that medicare spending levels for inpatient hospital services will be based upon the regulations most recently issued in final form or proposed by the Health Care Financing Administration pursuant to sections 1886(b)(3)(B), 1886(d)(3)(A), and 1886(e)(4) of the Social Security Act.

98 Stat. 1075.
42 USC 1395ww.
2 USC 684.

Deferrals proposed under section 1013 of the Impoundment Control Act of 1974 during the period beginning October 1 of such fiscal year (or the date of the enactment of this joint resolution in the case of fiscal year 1986) and ending with the date on which the final order is issued under section 252(b) for such fiscal year (or February 1, 1986, in the case of fiscal year 1986) shall not be taken into account in determining such budget base.

Post, p. 1072.

(b) Report to President and Congress by Comptroller General.—

(1) Report to be based on OMB-CBO report.—The Comptroller General shall review and consider the report issued by the Directors for the fiscal year and, with due regard for the data, assumptions, and methodologies used in reaching the conclusions set forth therein, shall issue a report to the President and the Congress on August 25 of the calendar year in which such fiscal year begins (or on January 20, 1986, in the case of the fiscal year 1986), estimating the budget base levels of total revenues and total budget outlays for such fiscal year, identifying the amount of any deficit excess for such fiscal year (adjusted in accordance with subsection (a)(3)(A)(ii), in the case of fiscal year 1986), stating whether such deficit excess (or adjusted deficit excess, in the case of fiscal year 1986) will be greater than $10,000,000,000 (zero in the case of fiscal years 1986 and 1991), specifying the estimated rate of real economic growth for such fiscal year, for each quarter of such fiscal year, and for each of the last two quarters of the preceding fiscal year, indicating whether the estimate includes two or more consecu-

tive quarters of negative economic growth, and specifying (if the excess is greater than $10,000,000,000, or zero in the case of fiscal years 1986 and 1991), by account, for non-defense programs, and by account and programs, projects, and activities within each account, for defense programs, the base from which reductions are taken and the amounts and percentages by which such accounts must be reduced during such fiscal year in order to eliminate such deficit excess (or adjusted deficit excess, in the case of fiscal year 1986). Such report shall be based on the estimates, determinations, and specifications of the Directors and shall utilize the budget base, criteria, and guidelines set forth in subsection (a)(6) and in sections 255, 256, and 257.

Post, pp. 1082, 1086, 1092.

(2) Contents of report.—The report of the Comptroller General under this subsection shall—

(A) provide for the determination of reductions in the manner specified in subsection (a)(3); and

(B) contain estimates, determinations, and specifications for all of the items contained in the report submitted by the Directors under subsection (a).

Such report shall explain fully any differences between the contents of such report and the report of the Directors.

(c) Revised Estimates, Determinations, and Reports.—

(1) Report by omb and cbo.—On October 5 of the fiscal year (except in the case of the fiscal year 1986), the Directors shall submit to the Comptroller General a revised report—

(A) indicating whether and to what extent, as a result of laws enacted and regulations promulgated after the submission of their initial report under subsection (a), the excess deficit (adjusted in accordance with subsection (a)(3)(A)(ii), in the case of fiscal year 1986) identified in the report submitted under such subsection has been eliminated, reduced, or increased, and

(B) adjusting the determinations made under subsection (a) to the extent necessary.

The revised report submitted under this paragraph shall contain estimates, determinations, and specifications for all of the items contained in the initial report and authorized under subsection (d)(3)(D)(i) and shall be based on the same economic and technical assumptions, employ the same methodologies, and utilize the same definition of the budget base and the same criteria and guidelines as those used in the report submitted by the Directors under subsection (a) (except that subdivision (II) of paragraph (6)(D)(i) of such subsection shall not apply), and shall provide for the determination of reductions in the manner specified in subsection (a)(3).

(2) Report by comptroller general.—

(A) On October 10 of the fiscal year (except in the case of the fiscal year 1986), the Comptroller General shall submit to the President and the Congress a report revising the report submitted by the Comptroller General under subsection (b), adjusting the estimates, determinations, and specifications contained in that report to the extent necessary in the light of the revised report submitted to him by the Directors under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

(B) The revised report of the Comptroller General under this paragraph shall provide for the determination of reductions as specified in subsection (a)(3) and shall contain all of the estimates, determinations, and specifications required (in the case of the report submitted under subsection (b)) pursuant to subsection (b)(2)(B).

(d) Sequestration of Defense Programs.—

(1) Determination of uniform percentage.—The total amount of reductions in outlays under defense programs required for a fiscal year under subsection (a)(3)(B) after the reduction under subsection (a)(3)(E)(i) shall be calculated as a percentage of the total amount of outlays for the fiscal year

estimated to result from new budget authority and unobligated balances for defense programs.

(2) SEQUESTRATION OF NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY AND UNOBLIGATED BALANCES.—

(A) Sequestration to achieve the remaining reduction in outlays under defense programs shall be made by reducing new budget authority and unobligated balances (if any) in each program, project, or activity under accounts within defense programs by the percentage determined under paragraph (1), computed on the basis of the combined outlay rate for new budget authority and unobligated balances for such program, project, or activity determined under subparagraph (B).

(B)(i) The combined outlay rate for new budget authority and unobligated balances for a program, project, or activity shall be determined by the Directors from data then available to them as supplemented by additional data from the heads of the appropriate departments or agencies of the executive branch. If the outlay rate for unobligated balances is not available for any program, project, or activity, the outlay rate used shall be the outlay rate for new budget authority.

(ii) The weighted average (by budget authority) for the combined outlay rates so determined for all the programs, projects, and activities within an account shall be compared to the historical outlay rates for that account previously estimated by the Directors. If the Directors determine that it is necessary to make the combined outlay rate for a program, project, or activity as determined under the first sentence of this subparagraph consistent with the historical rates for such account, they may adjust the outlay rate for such program, project, or activity.

(C) For purposes of this paragraph:

(i) The term "outlay rate", with respect to any program, project, or activity, means—

(I) the ratio of outlays resulting in the fiscal year involved from new budget authority for such program, project, or activity to such new budget authority; or

(II) the ratio of outlays resulting in the fiscal year involved from unobligated balances for such program, project, or activity to such unobligated balances.

(ii) The term "combined outlay rate", with respect to any program, project, or activity, means the weighted average (by budget authority) of the ratios determined under subclauses (I) and (II) of clause (i) for such program, project, or activity.

(3) SEQUESTRATION FROM NATIONAL DEFENSE ACCOUNTS THROUGH TERMINATION OR MODIFICATION OF EXISTING CONTRACTS.—

(A)(i) Subject to the provisions of this paragraph, the President, with respect to any fiscal year, may provide for—

(I) the termination or modification of an existing contract within any program, project, or activity within a account within major functional category 050; and

(II) the crediting, to the amount of new budget authority and unobligated balances otherwise required to be reduced from such program, project, or activity, of the net reduction achieved for the appropriate fiscal year by such termination or modification, based upon the combined outlay rate for such program, project, or activity determined under paragraph (2)(B).

(ii) The remaining required outlay reductions in such program, project, or activity shall be achieved by sequestering new budget authority and unobligated balances based upon the combined outlay rate for such program, project, or activity determined under paragraph (2)(B).

President of U.S. Report.

(B) Not later than September 5 of the calendar year in which the fiscal year begins (January 15 in the case of fiscal year 1986), the President shall transmit to the Comptroller General and the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives and make available to the Directors a report concerning the contracts proposed to be terminated or modified under this paragraph for such fiscal year. The report shall—

Contracts.

(i) identify the contracts proposed to be terminated or modified and the proposed date of termination or modification of each such contract;

(ii) identify the anticipated outlay savings for the fiscal year involved and the anticipated reduction in obligated balances with respect to each such proposed termination or modification, together with an explanation of the relationship between the obligated balances that could be cancelled and the estimated outlay savings resulting therefrom;

(iii) provide documentation of the anticipated savings in outlays and obligated balances; and

(iv) provide a complete rationale for the effect of each proposed termination or modification on the contract concerned and on the program, project, or activity involved.

(C) Not later than September 30 of the calendar year in which the fiscal year begins (February 15 in the case of fiscal year 1986), the Comptroller General shall certify to the President and the Congress, with respect to each contract which is proposed to be terminated or modified—

(i) whether the Comptroller General is able to verify that the estimated outlay savings for the fiscal year involved are achievable and would be achieved in that year; and

(ii) whether the ratio between the projected outlay savings and the anticipated reduction in obligated balances is reasonable.

Report.

(D)(i) In the case of a fiscal year other than fiscal year 1986, each proposed contract termination or modification described in subparagraph (A) with respect to which the certification by the Comptroller General under subparagraph (C) is affirmative (with respect to both clause (i) and clause (ii) of such subparagraph) shall be included in the report of the Directors under subsection (c)(1). The report shall include the information about each such contract described in subparagraph (B)(ii).

(ii) In the case of fiscal year 1986, each proposed contract termination or modification described in subparagraph (A) with respect to which the certification by the Comptroller General under subparagraph (C) is affirmative (with respect to both clause (i) and (ii) of such subparagraph) shall be included in the modification authorized by section 252(a)(6)(D)(iii) in the order issued by the President under section 252(a)(1) with respect to fiscal year 1986.

Post, p. 1072.

(iii) The authority of the President described in subparagraph (A) is not effective in the case of any proposed contract termination or modification with respect to which the certification by the Comptroller General under subparagraph (C) is not affirmative (with respect to both clause (i) and clause (ii) of such subparagraph).

(E) For any contract termination or modification proposed pursuant to this paragraph, the President shall certify to Congress, within thirty days after the effective date of the contract termination or modification, that the amounts proposed for deobligation under such contract have in fact been deobligated and cancelled.

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(e) Dates for Submission of Reports and Issuance of Orders.—If the date specified for the submission of a report by the Directors or the Comptroller General under this section or for the issuance of an order by the President under section 252 falls on a Sunday or legal holiday, such report shall be submitted or such order issued on the following day.

Infra.

(f) Printing of Reports.—Each report submitted under this section shall be printed in the Federal Register on the date it is issued; and the reports of the Comptroller General submitted to the Congress under subsections (b) and (c)(2) shall be printed as documents of the House of Representatives and the Senate.

Federal Register, publication.

(g) Exception.—The preceding provisions of this section shall not apply if a declaration of war by the Congress is in effect.

SEC. 252. PRESIDENTIAL ORDER.

2 USC 902.

(a) Issuance of Initial Order.—

Report.

(1) In general.—On September 1 following the submission of a report by the Comptroller General under section 251(b) which identifies an amount greater than $10,000,000,000 (zero in the case of fiscal years 1986 and 1991) by which the deficit for a fiscal year will exceed the maximum deficit amount for such fiscal year (or on February 1, 1986, in the case of the fiscal year 1986), the President, in strict accordance with the requirements of paragraph (3) and section 251(a)(3) and (4) and subject to the exemptions, exceptions, limitations, special rules, and definitions set forth in sections 255, 256, and 257, shall eliminate the full amount of the deficit excess (as adjusted by the Comptroller General in such report in accordance with section 251(a)(3)(A)(ii), in the case of fiscal year 1986) by issuing an order that (notwithstanding the Impoundment Control Act of 1974)—

Ante, p. 1063.

Post, pp. 1082, 1086, 1092.

2 USC 621 note.

(A) modifies or suspends the operation of each provision of Federal law that would (but for such order) require an automatic spending increase to take effect during such fiscal year, in such a manner as to prevent such increase from taking effect, or reduce such increase, in accordance with such report; and

(B) eliminates the remainder of such deficit excess (or adjusted deficit excess, in the case of fiscal year 1986) by sequestering new budget authority, unobligated balances, new loan guarantee commitments, new direct loan obligations, and spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, and reducing obligation limitations, in accordance with such report—

Ante, p. 1056.

(i) for funds provided in annual appropriation Acts, from each affected program, project, and activity (as set forth in the most recently enacted applicable appropriation Acts and accompanying committee reports for the program, project, or activity involved, including joint resolutions providing continuing appropriations and committee reports accompanying Acts referred to in such resolutions), applying the same reduction percentage as the percentage by which the account involved is reduced in the report submitted under section 251(b), or from each affected budget account if the program, project, or activity is not so set forth, and

Ante, p. 1063.

(ii) for funds not provided in annual appropriation Acts, from each budget account activity as identified in

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the program and financing schedules contained in the appendix to the Budget of the United States Government for that fiscal year, applying the same reduction percentage as the percentage by which the account is reduced in such report.

(2) Special sequestration procedures for national defense for fiscal year 1986.—

(A) In general.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (B)(i) of paragraph (1), the order issued by the President under paragraph (1) with respect to fiscal year 1986 shall sequester, from each program, project, or activity within an account within major functional category 050, such amounts of new budget authority and unobligated balances as are specified (in accordance with section 251(a)(3)(E)(ii)) in the report submitted by the Comptroller General under section 251(b).

Ante, p. 1063

(B) FLEXIBILITY WITH RESPECT TO MILITARY PERSONNEL ACCOUNTS.—

(i) Notwithstanding subparagraph (B)(i) of paragraph (1), the order issued by the President under paragraph (1) with respect to fiscal year 1986 may, with respect to any military personnel account—

(I) exempt any program, project, or activity within such account from the order;

(II) provide for a lower uniform percentage to be applied to reduce any program, project, or activity within such account than would otherwise apply; or

(III) take actions described in both subclauses (I) and (II).

(ii) If the President uses the authority under clause (i), the total amount by which outlays are not reduced for fiscal year 1986 in military personnel accounts by reason of the use of such authority shall be determined. Reductions in outlays under defense programs in such total amount shall be achieved by a uniform percentage sequestration of new budget authority and unobligated balances in each program, project, and activity within each account within major functional category 050 other than those military personnel accounts for which the authority provided under clause (i) has been exercised, computed on the basis of the outlay rate for each such program, project, and activity determined under section 251(d).

Ante, p. 1063.

(iii) The President may not use the authority provided by clause (i) unless he notifies the Comptroller General and the Congress on or before January 10, 1986, of the manner in which such authority will be exercised.

(C) FLEXIBILITY AMONG PROGRAMS, PROJECTS, AND ACTIVITIES WITHIN ACCOUNTS.—

(i) New budget authority and unobligated balances for any program, project, or activity within an account within major functional category 050 may be reduced under an order issued by the President under paragraph (1) for fiscal year 1986, subject to clauses (ii) and (iii) of this subparagraph, by up to two times the percentage otherwise applicable to the program, project, or activity (determined after any reduction under subparagraph (B)). To the extent such reductions are made under such an order, the President may provide in the order for an increase in new budget authority and unobligated balances for another program, project, or activity within the same account within major functional category 050 for fiscal year 1986, but such program, project, or activity may not be increased above the level in the base set forth in such order.

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(ii) No order issued by the President under paragraph (1) for fiscal year 1986 may result in a base closure or realignment that would otherwise be subject to section 2687 of title 10, United States Code.

Ante, p. 716.

(iii) New budget authority and unobligated balances for any program, project, or activity within major functional category 050 for fiscal year 1986 which is 10 percent (or more) greater than the amount requested in the budget submitted by the President under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, for fiscal year 1986 may not be reduced by more than the percentage applicable to the program, project, or activity (determined after any reduction under subparagraph (B)).

Ante, p. 1063.

(3) Order to be based on comptroller general's report.—The order must provide for reductions in the manner specified in section 251(a)(3), must incorporate the provisions of the report submitted under section 251(b), and must be consistent with such report in all respects. The President may not modify or recalculate any of the estimates, determinations, specifications, bases, amounts, or percentages set forth in the report submitted under section 251(b) in determining the reductions to be specified in the order with respect to programs, projects, and activities, or with respect to budget activities, within an account, with the exception of the authority granted to the President for fiscal year 1986 with respect to defense programs pursuant to paragraph (2)(C).

Ante, p. 1063.

(4) Effect of sequestration under initial order.—Notwithstanding section 257(7), amounts sequestered under an order issued by the President under paragraph (1) for fiscal year 1987 or any subsequent fiscal year shall be withheld from obligation pending the issuance of a final order under subsection (b) and shall be permanently cancelled in accordance with such final order upon the issuance of such order.

Post, p. 1092.

President of U.S.

(5) Accompanying message.—At the time the actions described in the preceding provisions of this subsection with respect to any fiscal year are taken, the President shall transmit to both Houses of the Congress a message containing all the information required by section 251(a)(4) and further specifying in strict accordance with paragraph (3)—

Ante, p. 1063.

(A) within each account, for each program, project, and activity, or budget account activity, the base from which each sequestration or reduction is taken and the amounts which are to be sequestered or reduced for each such program, project, and activity or budget account activity; and

(B) such other supporting details as the President may determine to be appropriate.

99 STAT. 1075

Upon receipt in the Senate and the House of Representatives, the message (and any accompanying proposals made under subsection (c)) shall be referred to all committees with jurisdiction over programs, projects, and activities affected by the order.

(6) Effective date of initial order.—

(A) Fiscal year 1986.—The order issued by the President under paragraph (1) with respect to the fiscal year 1986 shall be effective as of March 1, 1986.

(B) Fiscal years 1987-1991.—The order issued by the President under paragraph (1) with respect to the fiscal year 1987 or any subsequent fiscal year shall be effective as of October 1 of such fiscal year (and the President shall withhold from obligation as provided in paragraph (4), pending the issuance of his final order under subsection (b), any amounts that are to be sequestered or reduced under such order).

(C) Treatment of automatic spending increases.—

(i) Fiscal year 1986.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any automatic spending increase that would (but for this clause) be first paid during the period beginning with the date of the enactment of this joint resolution and ending with the effective date of an order issued by the President under paragraph (1) for the fiscal year 1986 shall be suspended until such order becomes effective, and the amounts that would otherwise be expended during such period with respect to such increases shall be withheld. If such order provides that automatic spending increases shall be reduced to zero during such fiscal year, the increases suspended pursuant to the preceding sentence and any legal rights thereto shall be permanently cancelled. If such order provides for the payment of automatic spending increases during such fiscal year in amounts that are less than would have been paid but for such order, or provides for the payment of the full amount of such increases, the increases suspended pursuant to such sentence shall be restored to the extent necessary to pay such reduced or full increases, and lump-sum payments in the amounts necessary to pay such reduced or full increases shall be made, for the period for which such increases were suspended pursuant to this clause.

(ii) FISCAL YEARS 1987–1991.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any automatic spending increase that would (but for this clause) be first paid during the period beginning with the first day of such fiscal year and ending with the date on which a final order is issued pursuant to subsection (b) shall be suspended until such final order becomes effective, and the amounts that would otherwise be expended during such period with respect to such increases shall be withheld. If such final order provides that automatic spending increases shall be reduced to zero during such fiscal year, the increases suspended pursuant to the preceding sentence and any legal rights thereto shall be permanently cancelled. If such final order provides for the payment of automatic spending increases during such fiscal year in amounts that are less than would have been paid but for such final order, or provides for the payment of the full amount of such increases, the increases suspended pursuant to such sentence shall be restored to the extent necessary to pay such reduced or full increases, and lump-sum payments in the amounts necessary to pay such reduced or full increases shall be made, for the period for which such increases were suspended pursuant to this clause.

(iii) PROHIBITION AGAINST RECOUPMENT.—Notwithstanding clauses (i) and (ii), if an amount required by either such clause to be withheld is paid, no recoupment shall be made against an individual to whom payment was made.

(iv) EFFECT OF LUMP-SUM PAYMENTS ON NEEDS-RELATED PROGRAMS.—Lump-sum payments made under the last sentence of clause (i) or clause (ii) shall not be considered as income or resources or otherwise taken into account in determining the eligibility of any individual for aid, assistance, or benefits under any Federal or federally-assisted program which conditions such eligibility to any extent upon the income or resources of such individual or his or her family or household, or in determining the amount or duration of such aid, assistance, or benefits.

(D) SPECIAL RULES FOR FISCAL YEAR 1986.—(i) For purposes of applying this section and section 251 with respect to the fiscal year 1986—

Ante, p. 1063.

(I) the order issued by the President under paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be considered the final order of the President under this section; and

(II) the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate may, after consultation with each other, define the term "program, project, and activity", and report to their respective

Houses, with respect to matters within their jurisdiction, and the order issued by the President shall sequester funds in accordance with such definition.

(ii) If the Comptroller General declares in the report issued under section 251(b) for fiscal year 1986 that as a result of laws enacted and regulations promulgated after the date of the enactment of this joint resolution and prior to the issuance of such report the excess deficit for the fiscal year (adjusted in accordance with section 251(a)(3)(A)(ii) has been eliminated, the order issued under this subsection for the fiscal year shall so state (and shall make available for obligation and expenditure any amounts withheld pursuant to subparagraph (C)(i) of this paragraph).

(iii) The order issued by the President under paragraph (1) with respect to fiscal year 1986 shall be modified before the effective date for such order prescribed under subparagraph (A) to include in the order the changes in budget authority and unobligated balances, and related changes in outlay reductions, authorized for such fiscal year under section 251(d)(3)(D)(ii).

(b) ISSUANCE OF FINAL ORDER.—

99 STAT. 1077

(1) IN GENERAL.—On October 15 of the fiscal year (except in the case of the fiscal year 1986), after the submission of the revised report submitted by the Comptroller General under section 251(c)(2), the President shall issue a final order under this section to eliminate the full amount of the deficit excess as identified by the Comptroller General in the revised report submitted under section 251(c)(2) but only to the extent and in the manner provided in such report. The order issued under this subsection—

President of U.S.
Ante, p. 1063.

(A) shall include the same reductions and sequestrations as the initial order issued under subsection (a), adjusted to the extent necessary to take account of any changes in relevant amounts or percentages determined by the Comptroller General in the revised report submitted under section 251(c)(2),

(B) shall make such reductions and sequestrations in strict accordance with the requirements of section 251(a)(3) and (4), and

(C) shall utilize the same criteria and guidelines as those which were used in the issuance of such initial order under subsection (a).

The provisions of subsection (a)(3) shall apply to the revised report submitted under section 251(c)(2) and to the order issued under this subsection in the same manner as such provisions apply to the initial report issued under section 251(b) and to the order issued under subsection (a).

(2) ORDER REQUIRED IF EXCESS DEFICIT IS ELIMINATED.—If the Comptroller General issues a revised report under section 251(c)(2) stating that as a result of laws enacted and regulations promulgated after the submission of the initial report of the Comptroller General under section 251(b) the excess deficit for a fiscal year (adjusted in accordance with section 251(a)(3)(A)(ii), in the case of fiscal year 1986) has been eliminated, the order issued under this subsection shall so state and shall make available for obligation and expenditure any amounts withheld pursuant to subsection (a)(4) or (a)(6)(C).

Report.

(3) EFFECTIVE DATE OF FINAL ORDER.—

(A) Except as provided in subsection (a)(6)(A), the final order issued by the President under paragraph (1) shall become effective on the date of its issuance, and shall supersede the order issued under subsection (a)(1).

(B) Any modification or suspension by such order of the operation of a provision of law that would (but for such order) require an automatic spending increase to take effect during the fiscal year shall apply for the one-year period beginning with the date on which such automatic increase would have taken effect during such fiscal year (but for such order).

(c) Proposal of Alternatives by the President.—A message transmitted pursuant to subsection (a)(5) with respect to a fiscal year may be accompanied by a proposal setting forth in full detail alternative ways to reduce the deficit for such fiscal year to an amount not greater than the maximum deficit amount for such fiscal year.

Prohibition.

(d) Existing Programs, Projects, and Activities Not To Be Eliminated.—No action taken by the President under subsection (a) or (b) of this section shall have the effect of eliminating any program, project, or activity of the Federal Government.

Prohibition.

(e) Relative Budget Priorities Not To Be Altered.—Nothing in the preceding provisions of this section shall be construed to give the President new authority to alter the relative priorities in the Federal budget that are established by law, and no person who is or becomes eligible for benefits under any provision of law shall be denied eligibility by reason of any order issued under this part.

2 USC 903.

SEC. 253. COMPLIANCE REPORT BY COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

Ante, p. 1072.

On or before November 15 of each fiscal year (or on or before April 1, 1986, in the case of the fiscal year 1986), the Comptroller General shall submit to the Congress and the President a report on the extent to which the President's order issued under section 252(b) for such fiscal year complies with all of the requirements contained in section 252, either certifying that the order fully and accurately complies with such requirements or indicating the respects in which it does not.

2 USC 904.

SEC. 254. CONGRESSIONAL ACTION.

(a) Special Procedures in the Event of a Recession.—

(1) In general.—The Director of the Congressional Budget Office shall notify the Congress at any time if—

(A) during the period consisting of the quarter during which such notification is given, the quarter preceding such notification, and the four quarters following such notification, such Office or the Office of Management and Budget has determined that real economic growth is projected or estimated to be less than zero with respect to each of any two consecutive quarters within such period, or

(B) the Department of Commerce preliminary reports of actual real economic growth (or any subsequent revision thereof) indicate that the rate of real economic growth for each of the most recent reported quarter and the immediately preceding quarter is less than one percent.

Upon such notification the Majority Leader of each House shall introduce a joint resolution (in the form set forth in paragraph (2)) declaring that the conditions specified in this paragraph are met and suspending the relevant provisions of this title for the remainder of the current fiscal year or for the following fiscal year or both.

(2) Form of joint resolution.—

(A) The matter after the resolving clause in any joint resolution introduced pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be as follows: "That the Congress declares that the conditions specified in section 254(a)(1) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 are met; and—

Ante, pp. 1039, 1040, 1044, 1047, 1055.
Ante, p. 1063.
Ante, p. 1063.

"(1) the provisions of sections 3(7), 301(i), 302(f), 304(b), and 311(a) of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974, section 1106(c) of title 31, United States Code, and part C of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 are suspended for the remainder of the current fiscal year, and

"(2) the provisions of sections 3(7), 301(i), 304(b), and 311(a) (insofar as it relates to section 3(7)) of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974, sections 302(f) and 311(a) (except insofar as it relates to section 3(7)) of that Act (but only if a concurrent resolution on the budget under section 301 of that Act, for the fiscal year following the current fiscal year, has been agreed to prior to the introduction of this joint resolution), sections 1105(f) and 1106(c) of title 31, United States Code, and part C of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 are suspended for the fiscal year following the current fiscal year.

99 STAT. 1079

Ante, pp. 1044, 1055.

Ante, p. 1039.

Ante, p. 1040.

Ante, p. 1063.

Ante, p. 1063.

This joint resolution shall not have the effect of suspending any final order which was issued for the current fiscal year under section 252(b) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 if such order was issued before the date of the enactment of this joint resolution.".

Ante, p. 1072.

(B) The title of the joint resolution shall be "Joint resolution suspending certain provisions of law pursuant to section 254(a)(2) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985."; and the joint resolution shall not contain any preamble.

Ante, p. 1078.

(3) COMMITTEE ACTION.—Each joint resolution introduced pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be referred to the Committee on the Budget of the House involved; and such Committee shall report the joint resolution to its House without amendment on or before the fifth day on which such House is in session after the date on which the joint resolution is introduced. If the Committee fails to report the joint resolution within the five-day period referred to in the preceding sentence, it shall be automatically discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution, and the joint resolution shall be placed on the appropriate calendar.

(4) CONSIDERATION OF JOINT RESOLUTION.—

(A) A vote on final passage of a joint resolution reported to a House of the Congress or discharged pursuant to paragraph (3) shall be taken on or before the close of the fifth calendar day of session of such House after the date on which the joint resolution is reported to such House or after the Committee has been discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution. If prior to the passage by one House of a joint resolution of that House, that House receives the same joint resolution from the other House, then—

(i) the procedure in that House shall be the same as if no such joint resolution had been received from the other House, but

(ii) the vote on final passage shall be on the joint resolution of the other House.

When the joint resolution is agreed to, the Clerk of the House of Representatives (in the case of a House joint resolution agreed to in the House of Representatives) or the Secretary of the Senate (in the case of a Senate joint resolution agreed to in the Senate) shall cause the joint resolution to be engrossed, certified, and transmitted to the other House of the Congress as soon as practicable.

(B)(i) A motion in the House of Representatives to proceed to the consideration of a joint resolution under this paragraph shall be highly privileged and not debatable. An amendment to the motion shall not be in order, nor shall it be in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to.

99 STAT. 1080

(ii) Debate in the House of Representatives on a joint resolution under this paragraph shall be limited to not more than five hours, which shall be divided equally between those favoring and those opposing the joint resolution. A motion to postpone, made in the House of Representatives with respect to the consideration of a joint resolution under this paragraph, and a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business, shall not be in order. A motion further to limit debate shall not be debatable. It shall not be in order to move to table or to recommit a joint resolution under this paragraph or to move to reconsider the vote by which the joint resolution is agreed to or disagreed to.

(iii) All appeals from the decisions of the Chair relating to the application of the Rules of the House of Representatives to the procedure relating to a joint resolution under this paragraph shall be decided without debate.

(iv) Except to the extent specifically provided in the preceding provisions of this subsection or in subparagraph (D), consideration of a joint resolution under this subparagraph shall be governed by the Rules of the House of Representatives.

(C)(i) A motion in the Senate to proceed to the consideration of a joint resolution under this paragraph shall be privileged and not debatable. An amendment to the motion shall not be in order, nor shall it be in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to.

(ii) Debate in the Senate on a joint resolution under this paragraph, and all debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, shall be limited to not more than five hours. The time shall be equally divided between, and controlled by, the majority leader and the minority leader or their designees.

(iii) Debate in the Senate on any debatable motion or appeal in connection with a joint resolution under this paragraph shall be limited to not more than one hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the joint resolution, except that in the event the manager of the joint resolution is in favor of any such motion or appeal, the time in opposition thereto shall be controlled by the minority leader or his designee.

(iv) A motion in the Senate to further limit debate on a joint resolution under this paragraph is not debatable. A motion to table or to recommit a joint resolution under this paragraph is not in order.

(D) No amendment to a joint resolution considered under this paragraph shall be in order in either the House of Representatives or the Senate.

(b) Congressional Response to Presidential Order.—

(1) Reporting of resolutions, and reconciliation bills and resolutions, in the Senate.—

Ante, p. 1063.

Ante, p. 1040.

(A) Committee alternatives to presidential order.—Within two days after the submission of a report by the Comptroller General under section 251(c)(2), each standing committee of the Senate may submit to the Committee on the Budget of the Senate information of the type described in section 301(d) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 with respect to alternatives to the order envisioned by such report insofar as such order affects laws within the jurisdiction of the committee.

Report.

Ante, p. 1072.

(B) Initial budget committee action.—Not later than two days after issuance of a final order by the President under section 252(b) with respect to a fiscal year, the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may report to the Senate a resolution. The resolution may affirm the impact of the order issued under such section, in whole or in part. To the extent that any part of the order is not affirmed, the resolution shall state which parts are not affirmed and shall contain instructions to committees of the Senate of the type referred to in section 310(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to achieve at least the total level of deficit reduction contained in those sections which are not affirmed. *Ante*, p. 1053.

(C) RESPONSE OF COMMITTEES.—Committees instructed pursuant to subparagraph (B), or affected thereby, shall submit their responses to the Budget Committee no later than 10 days after the resolution referred to in subparagraph (B) is agreed to, except that if only one such Committee is so instructed such Committee shall, by the same date, report to the Senate a reconciliation bill or reconciliation resolution containing its recommendations in response to such instructions. A committee shall be considered to have complied with all instructions to it pursuant to a resolution adopted under subparagraph (B) if it has made recommendations with respect to matters within its jurisdiction which would result in a reduction in the deficit at least equal to the total reduction directed by such instructions.

(D) BUDGET COMMITTEE ACTION.—Upon receipt of the recommendations received in response to a resolution referred to in subparagraph (B), the Budget Committee shall report to the Senate a reconciliation bill or reconciliation resolution, or both, carrying out all such recommendations without any substantive revisions. In the event that a committee instructed in a resolution referred to in subparagraph (B) fails to submit any recommendation (or, when only one committee is instructed, fails to report a reconciliation bill or resolution) in response to such instructions, the Budget Committee shall include in the reconciliation bill or reconciliation resolution reported pursuant to this subparagraph legislative language within the jurisdiction of the noncomplying committee to achieve the amount of deficit reduction directed in such instructions.

(E) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any reconciliation bill or reconciliation resolution reported under subparagraph (D) with respect to a fiscal year, any amendment thereto, or any conference report thereon if—

(i) the enactment of such bill or resolution as reported;

(ii) the adoption and enactment of such amendment; or

(iii) the enactment of such bill or resolution in the form recommended in such conference report,

would cause the amount of the deficit for such fiscal year to exceed the maximum deficit amount for such fiscal year, unless the report submitted under section 251(c)(1) projects negative real economic growth for such fiscal year, or for each of any two consecutive quarters during such fiscal year. *Ante*, p. 1063.

(F) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN AMENDMENTS.—In the Senate, an amendment which adds to a resolution reported under subparagraph (B) an instruction of the type referred to in such subparagraph shall be in order during the consideration of such resolution if such amendment would be in order but for the fact that it would be held to be nongermane on the basis that the instruction constitutes new matter.

(G) DEFINITION.—For purposes of subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), the term "day" shall mean any calendar day on which the Senate is in session.

(2) PROCEDURES.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), in the Senate the provisions of sections 305 and 310 of the

Ante, pp. 1047, 1053.

Congressional Budget Act of 1974 for the consideration of concurrent resolutions on the budget and conference reports thereon shall also apply to the consideration of resolutions, and reconciliation bills and reconciliation resolutions reported under this paragraph and conference reports thereon.

(B) Limit on debate.—Debate in the Senate on any resolution reported pursuant to paragraph (1)(B), and all amendments thereto and debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, shall be limited to 10 hours.

Ante, p. 1053.

(C) Limitation on amendments.—Section 310(d)(2) of the Congressional Budget Act shall apply to reconciliation bills and reconciliation resolutions reported under this subsection.

(D) Bills and resolutions received from the house.—Any bill or resolution received in the Senate from the House, which is a companion to a reconciliation bill or reconciliation resolution of the Senate for the purposes of this subsection, shall be considered in the Senate pursuant to the provisions of this subsection.

(E) Definition.—For purposes of this subsection, the term "resolution" means a simple, joint, or concurrent resolution.

(c) Certain Resolutions Treated as Reconciliation Bills.—Resolutions described in subsection (b) of this section and bills reported as a result thereof shall be considered in the Senate to be reconciliation bills or resolutions for purposes of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.

2 USC 621 note.

2 USC 905.

SEC. 255. EXEMPT PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES.

(a) Social Security Benefits and Tier I Railroad Retirement Benefits.—Increases in benefits payable under the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance program established under title II of

99 STAT. 1083

42 USC 401.
45 USC 231b, 231c.

the Social Security Act, or in benefits payable under section 3(a), 3(f)(3), 4(a), or 4(f) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, shall not be considered "automatic spending increases" for purposes of this title; and no reduction in any such increase or in any of the benefits involved shall be made under any order issued under this part.

(b) Veterans Programs.—The following programs shall be exempt from reduction under any order issued under this part:

Veterans' compensation (36–0153–0–1–701); and

Veterans' pensions (36–0154–0–1–701).

(c) Net Interest.—No reduction of payments for net interest (all of major functional category 900) shall be made under any order issued under this part.

26 USC 32.

(d) Earned Income Tax Credit.—Payments to individuals made pursuant to section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall be exempt from reduction under any order issued under this part.

(e) Offsetting Receipts and Collections.—Offsetting receipts and collections shall not be reduced under any order issued under this part.

Post, p. 1092.
Ante, p. 1063.
Post, p. 1086.

(f) Certain Program Bases.—Outlays for programs specified in paragraph (1) of section 257 shall be subject to reduction only in accordance with the procedures established in section 251(a)(3)(C) and 256(b).

(g) Other Programs and Activities.—

Claims, etc.

(1) The following budget accounts and activities shall be exempt from reduction under any order issued under this part:

Activities resulting from private donations, bequests, or voluntary contributions to the Government;

Alaska Power Administration, Operations and maintenance (89–0304–0–1–271);

Appropriations for the District of Columbia (to the extent they are appropriations of locally raised funds);

Bonneville Power Administration fund and borrowing authority established pursuant to section 13 of Public Law 93-454 (1974), as amended (89-4045-0-3-271); 16 USC 838k.

Bureau of Indian Affairs miscellaneous trust funds, tribal trust funds (14-9973-0-7-999);

Claims, defense (97-0102-0-1-051);

Claims, judgments, and relief acts (20-1895-0-1-806);

Coinage profit fund (20-5811-0-2-803);

Compensation of the President (11-0001-0-1-802); President of U.S.

Eastern Indian land claims settlement fund (14-2202-0-1-806);

Exchange stabilization fund (20-4444-0-3-155);

Federal payment to the railroad retirement account (60-0113-0-1-601);

Foreign military sales trust fund (11-8242-0-7-155);

Health professions graduate student loan insurance fund (Health Education Assistance Loan Program) (75-4305-0-3-553);

Intragovernmental funds, including those from which the outlays are derived primarily from resources paid in from other government accounts, except to the extent such funds are augmented by direct appropriations for the fiscal year during which an order is in effect;

Payment of Vietnam and USS Pueblo prisoner-of-war claims (15-0104-0-1-153);

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Payment to civil service retirement and disability fund (24-0200-0-1-805);

Payments to copyright owners (03-5175-0-2-376);

Payments to health care trust funds (75-0580-0-1-572);

Payments to military retirement fund (97-0040-0-1-054);

Payments to social security trust funds (75-0404-0-1-571);

Payments to state and local government fiscal assistance trust fund (20-2111-0-1-851);

Payments to the foreign service retirement and disability fund (11-1036-0-1-153 and 19-0540-0-1-153);

Payments to trust funds from excise taxes or other receipts properly creditable to such trust funds;

Postal service fund (18-4020-0-3-372);

Salaries of Article III judges;

Soldiers and Airmen's Home, payment of claims (84-8930-0-7-705);

Southeastern Power Administration, Operations and maintenance (89-0302-0-1-271);

Southwestern Power Administration, Operations and maintenance (89-0303-0-1-271);

Tennessee Valley Authority fund, except non-power programs and activities (64-4110-0-3-999);

Western Area Power Administration, Construction, rehabilitation, operations, and maintenance (89-5068-0-2-271); and

Western Area Power Administration, Colorado River basins power marketing fund (89-4452-0-3-271).

(2) Prior legal obligations of the Government in the following budget accounts and activities shall be exempt from any order issued under this part:

Agency for International Development, Housing, and other credit guarantee programs (72-4340-0-3-151);

Agricultural credit insurance fund (12-4140-0-3-351);

Biomass energy development (20-0114-0-1-271);

Check forgery insurance fund (20-4109-0-3-803);

Community development grant loan guarantees (86-0162-0-1-451);

Credit union share insurance fund (25-4468-0-3-371);

Economic development revolving fund (13-4406-0-3-452);

Employees life insurance fund (24-8424-0-8-602);

Energy security reserve (Synthetic Fuels Corporation) (20-0112-0-1-271);

Export-Import Bank of the United States, Limitation of program activity (83-4027-0-3-155);

Federal Aviation Administration, Aviation insurance revolving fund (69-4120-0-3-402);

Federal Crop Insurance Corporation fund (12-4085-0-3-351);

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (51-8419-0-8-371);

Federal Emergency Management Agency, National flood insurance fund (58-4236-0-3-453);

Federal Emergency Management Agency, National insurance development fund (58-4235-0-3-451);

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Federal Housing Administration fund (86-4070-0-3-371);

Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation fund (82-4037-0-3-371);

Federal ship financing fund (69-4301-0-3-403);

Federal ship financing fund, fishing vessels (13-4417-0-3-376);

Geothermal resources development fund (89-0206-0-1-271);

Government National Mortgage Association, Guarantees of mortgage-backed securities (86-4238-0-3-371);

Health education loans (75-4307-0-3-553);

Homeowners assistance fund, Defense (97-4090-0-3-051);

Indian loan guarantee and insurance fund (14-4410-0-3-452);

International Trade Administration, Operations and administration (13-1250-0-1-376);

Low-rent public housing, Loans and other expenses (86-4098-0-3-604);

Maritime Administration, War-risk insurance revolving fund (69-4302-0-3-403);

Overseas Private Investment Corporation (71-4030-0-3-151);

Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation fund (16-4204-0-3-601);

Rail service assistance (69-0122-0-1-401);

Railroad rehabilitation and improvement financing fund (69-4411-0-3-401);

Rural development insurance fund (12-4155-0-3-452);

Rural electric and telephone revolving fund (12-4230-8-3-271);

Rural housing insurance fund (12-4141-0-3-371);

Small Business Administration, Business loan and investment fund (73-4154-0-3-376);

Small Business Administration, Lease guarantees revolving fund (73-4157-0-3-376);

Small Business Administration, Pollution control equipment contract guarantee revolving fund (73-4147-0-3-376);

Small Business Administration, Surety bond guarantees revolving fund (73-4156-0-3-376);

Veterans Administration, Loan guaranty revolving fund (36-4025-0-3-704);

Veterans Administration, National service life insurance fund (36-8132-0-7-701);

Veterans Administration, Service-disabled veterans insurance fund (36-4012-0-3-701);

Veterans Administration, Servicemen's group life insurance fund (36-4009-0-3-701);

Veterans Administration, United States Government life insurance fund (36-8150-0-7-701);

Veterans Administration, Veterans insurance and indemnities (36-0120-0-1-701);

Veterans Administration, Veterans reopened insurance fund (36-4010-0-3-701); and

Veterans Administration, Veterans special life insurance fund (36-8455-0-8-701).

(h) Low-Income Programs.—The following programs shall be exempt from reduction under any order issued under this part:

Aid to families with dependent children (75-0412-0-1-609); 99 STAT. 1086

Child nutrition (12-3539-0-1-605);

Food stamp programs (12-3505-0-1-605 and 12-3550-0-1-605);

Grants to States for Medicaid (75-0512-0-1-551);

Supplemental Security Income Program (75-0406-0-1-609); and

Women, infants, and children program (12-3510-0-1-605).

(i) Identification of Programs.—For purposes of subsections (g) and (h), programs are identified by the designated budget account identification code numbers set forth in the Budget of the United States Government, 1986—Appendix.

SEC. 256. EXCEPTIONS, LIMITATIONS, AND SPECIAL RULES. 2 USC 906.

(a) Effect of Reductions and Sequestrations.—

(1) Reductions in automatic spending increases.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any change in the Consumer Price Index or any other index measuring costs, prices, or wages (or in any component of any such index), under a program listed in section 257(1), that is not taken into account for purposes of determining the amount of an automatic spending increase (if any) under such program for a fiscal year for which an order is issued under section 252 shall not be taken into account for purposes of determining any automatic spending increase during any fiscal year thereafter.

Post, p. 1092.

Ante, p. 1072.

(2) Sequestrations.—Any amount of new budget authority, unobligated balances, obligated balances, new loan guarantee commitments, new direct loan obligations, spending authority (as defined in section 401(c)(2) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974), or obligation limitations which is sequestered or reduced pursuant to an order issued under section 252 is permanently cancelled, with the exception of amounts sequestered in special or trust funds, which shall remain in such funds and be available in accordance with and to the extent permitted by law, including the provisions of this Act.

Ante, p. 1056.

Ante, p. 1072.

(b) Treatment of Federal Administrative Expenses.—

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, administrative expenses incurred by the departments and agencies, including independent agencies, of the Federal Government in connection with any program, project, activity, or account shall be subject to reduction pursuant to an order issued under section 252, without regard to any exemption, exception, limitation, or special rule which is otherwise applicable with respect to such program, project, activity, or account under this part.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, administrative expenses of any program, project, activity, or account which is self-supporting and does not receive appropriations shall be subject to reduction under a sequester order, unless specifically exempted in this joint resolution.

State and local government.

(3) Payments made by the Federal Government to reimburse or match administrative costs incurred by a State or political subdivision under or in connection with any program, project, activity, or account shall not be considered administrative expenses of the Federal Government for purposes of this section, and shall be subject to reduction or sequestration under this part to the extent (and only to the extent) that other payments made by the Federal Government under or in connection with that program, project, activity, or account are subject to such

99 STAT. 1087

reduction or sequestration; except that Federal payments made to a State as reimbursement of administrative costs incurred by such State under or in connection with the unemployment compensation programs specified in subsection (h)(1) shall be subject to reduction or sequestration under this part notwithstanding the exemption otherwise granted to such programs under that subsection.

Education.

(c) Effect of Orders on the Guaranteed Student Loan Program.—(1) Any reductions which are required to be achieved from the student loan programs operated pursuant to part B of title IV of

20 USC 1071.
Ante, p. 1072.

the Higher Education Act of 1965, as a consequence of an order issued pursuant to section 252, shall be achieved only from loans described in paragraphs (2) and (3) by the application of the measures described in such paragraphs.

(2) For any loan made during the period beginning on the date that an order issued under section 252 takes effect with respect to a fiscal year and ending at the close of such fiscal year, the rate used in computing the special allowance payment pursuant to section

20 USC 1087-1.

438(b)(2)(A)(iii) of such Act for each of the first four special allowance payments for such loan shall be adjusted by reducing such rate by the lesser of—

(A) 0.40 percent, or

(B) the percentage by which the rate specified in such section exceeds 3 percent.

(3) For any loan made during the period beginning on the date that an order issued under section 252 takes effect with respect to a fiscal year and ending at the close of such fiscal year, the origination fee which is authorized to be collected pursuant to section 438(c)(2) of

20 USC 1087-1.

such Act shall be increased by 0.50 percent.

(d) Special Rules for Medicare Program.—

(1) Maximum percentage reduction in individual payment amounts.—The maximum permissible reduction for the health

42 USC 1395.

insurance programs under title XVIII of the Social Security Act for any fiscal year, pursuant to an order issued under section

Ante, p. 1072.

252, consists only of a reduction of—

(A) 1 percent in the case of fiscal year 1986, and

(B) 2 percent in the case of any subsequent fiscal year,

in each separate payment amount otherwise made for a covered service under those programs without regard to this part.

(2) Timing of application of reductions.—

(A) In general.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), if a reduction is made under paragraph (1) in payment amounts pursuant to a sequestration order, the reduction shall be applied to payment for services furnished during the effective period of the order. For purposes of the previous sentence, in the case of inpatient services furnished for an individual, the services shall be considered to be furnished on the date of the individual's discharge from the inpatient facility.

(B) Payment on the basis of cost reporting periods.—In the case in which payment for services of a provider of

42 USC 1395.

services is made under title XVIII of the Social Security Act on a basis relating to the reasonable cost incurred for the services during a cost reporting period of the provider, if a reduction is made under paragraph (1) in payment amounts pursuant to a sequestration order, the reduction shall be

99 STAT. 1088

applied to payment for costs for such services incurred at any time during each cost reporting period of the provider any part of which occurs during the effective period of the order, but only (for each such cost reporting period) in the same proportion as the fraction of the cost reporting period that occurs during the effective period of the order.

(C) Effective period of order for fiscal year 1986.—For purposes of this paragraph, the effective period of a sequestration order for fiscal year 1986 is the period beginning on March 1, 1986, and ending on September 30, 1986.

(3) NO INCREASE IN BENEFICIARY CHARGES IN ASSIGNMENT-RELATED CASES.—If a reduction in payment amounts is made under paragraph (1) for services for which payment under part B of title XVIII of the Social Security Act is made on the basis of an assignment described in section 1842(b)(3)(B)(ii), in accordance with section 1842(b)(6)(B), or under the procedure described in section 1870(f)(1), of such Act, the person furnishing the services shall be considered to have accepted payment of the reasonable charge for the services, less any reduction in payment amount made pursuant to a sequestration order, as payment in full.

42 USC 1395; 42 USC 1395u. 98 Stat. 1093.

42 USC 1395gg.

(4) NO EFFECT ON COMPUTATION OF AAPCC.—In computing the adjusted average per capita cost for purposes of section 1876(a)(4) of the Social Security Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall not take into account any reductions in payment amounts which have been or may be effected under this part.

42 USC 1395mm.

(e) TREATMENT OF CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT PROGRAM.—Any order issued by the President under section 252 shall accomplish the full amount of any required reduction in expenditures under sections 455 and 458 of the Social Security Act by reducing the Federal matching rate for State administrative costs under such program, as specified (for the fiscal year involved) in section 455(a) of such Act, to the extent necessary to reduce such expenditures by that amount.

Ante, p. 1072.

98 Stat. 1311, 1312.
42 USC 655, 658.

(f) TREATMENT OF FOSTER CARE AND ADOPTION ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.—Any order issued by the President under section 252 shall make the reduction which is otherwise required under the foster care and adoption assistance programs (established by part E of title IV of the Social Security Act) only with respect to payments and expenditures made by States in which increases in foster care maintenance payment rates or adoption assistance payment rates (or both) are to take effect during the fiscal year involved, and only to the extent that the required reduction can be accomplished by applying a uniform percentage reduction to the Federal matching payments that each such State would otherwise receive under section 474 of that Act (for such fiscal year) for that portion of the State's payments which is attributable to the increases taking effect during that year. No State may, after the date of the enactment of this joint resolution, make any change in the timetable for making payments under a State plan approved under part E of title IV of the Social Security Act which has the effect of changing the fiscal year in which expenditures under such part are made.

Ante, p. 1072.

42 USC 670.
State and local government.

98 Stat. 1167, 3296.
42 USC 674.

42 USC 670.

(g) FEDERAL PAY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of any order issued under section 252—

(A) Federal pay under a statutory pay system, and

(B) elements of military pay,

shall be subject to reduction under an order in the same manner as other administrative expense components of the Federal budget; except that no such order may reduce or have the effect of reducing the rate of pay to which any individual is entitled under any such statutory pay system or the rate of any element of military pay to which any individual is entitled under title 37, United States Code, or any increase in rates of pay which is scheduled to take effect under section 5305 of title 5, United States Code, section 1009 of title 37, United States Code, or any other provision of law.

(2) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this subsection:

(A) The term "statutory pay system" shall have the meaning given that term in section 5301(c) of title 5, United States Code.

(B) The term "elements of military pay" means—

(i) the elements of compensation of members of the uniformed services specified in section 1009 of title 37, United States Code,

Ante, pp. 636–638.
98 Stat. 2536.
37 USC 405.
37 USC 203.

(ii) allowances provided members of the uniformed services under sections 403a and 405 of such title, and

(iii) cadet pay and midshipman pay under section 203(c) of such title.

(C) The term "uniformed services" shall have the meaning given that term in section 101(3) of title 37, United States Code.

Ante, p. 1072.

(h) Treatment of Payments And Advances Made With Respect to Unemployment Compensation Programs.—(1) For purposes of section 252—

42 USC 1104.

(A) any amount paid as regular unemployment compensation by a State from its account in the Unemployment Trust Fund (established by section 904(a) of the Social Security Act),

42 USC 1321.
42 USC 1323.

(B) any advance made to a State from the Federal unemployment account (established by section 904(g) of such Act) under title XII of such Act and any advance appropriated to the Federal unemployment account pursuant to section 1203 of such Act, and

42 USC 1109.
5 USC 8501 *et seq.*

(C) any payment made from the Federal Employees Compensation Account (as established under section 909 of such Act) for the purpose of carrying out chapter 85 of title 5, United States Code, and funds appropriated or transferred to or otherwise deposited in such Account,

shall not be subject to reduction.

26 USC 3304 note.
Ante, p. 1072.
26 USC 3304 note.

(2)(A) A State may reduce each weekly benefit payment made under the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970 for any week of unemployment occurring during any period with respect to which payments are reduced under an order issued under section 252 by a percentage not to exceed the percentage by which the Federal payment to the State under section 204 of such Act is to be reduced for such week as a result of such order.

26 USC 3304.

(B) A reduction by a State in accordance with subparagraph (A) shall not be considered as a failure to fulfill the requirements of section 3304(a)(11) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

Ante, p. 1072.
30 USC 801 note.
Ante, p. 1072.

(i) Treatment of Mine Worker Disability Compensation Increases as Automatic Spending Increases.—An order issued by the President under section 252 may not result in eliminating or reducing an increase in disability benefits under the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act except in the manner provided for automatic spending increases under section 252(a)(1)(A), and no such increase may, pursuant to such section, be reduced below zero.

Agriculture and agricultural commodities.

(j) Commodity Credit Corporation.—

(1) Powers and authorities of the commodity credit corporation.—This title shall not restrict the Commodity Credit Corporation in the discharge of its authority and responsibility as a corporation to buy and sell commodities in world trade, to use the proceeds as a revolving fund to meet other obligations and otherwise operate as a corporation, the purpose for which it was created.

Ante, p. 1072.

(2) Reduction in payments made under contracts.—(A) Payments and loan eligibility under any contract entered into with a person by the Commodity Credit Corporation prior to the time an order has been issued under section 252 shall not be reduced by an order subsequently issued. Subject to subparagraph (B), after an order is issued under such section for a fiscal year, any cash payments made by the Commodity Credit Corporation—

(i) under the terms of any one-year contract entered into in such fiscal year and after the issuance of the order; and

(ii) out of an entitlement account,

to any person (including any producer, lender, or guarantee entity) shall be subject to reduction under the order.

(B) Each contract entered into with producers or producer cooperatives with respect to a particular crop of a commodity and subject to reduction under subparagraph (A) shall be reduced in accordance with the same terms and conditions. If some, but not all, contracts applicable to a crop of a commodity have been entered into prior to the issuance of an order under section 252, the order shall provide that the necessary reduction in payments under contracts applicable to the commodity be uniformly applied to all contracts for the next succeeding crop of the commodity, under the authority provided in paragraph (3).

(3) Delayed reduction in outlays permissible.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this joint resolution, if an order under section 252 is issued with respect to a fiscal year, any reduction under the order applicable to contracts described in paragraph (1) may provide for reductions in outlays for the account involved to occur in the fiscal year following the fiscal year to which the order applies. No other account, or other program, project, or activity, shall bear an increased reduction for the fiscal year to which the order applies as a result of the operation of the preceding sentence.

(4) Uniform percentage rate of reduction and other limitations.—All reductions described in paragraph (2) which are required to be made in connection with an order issued under section 252 with respect to a fiscal year—

(A) shall be made so as to ensure that outlays for each program, project, activity, or account involved are reduced by a percentage rate that is uniform for all such programs, projects, activities, and accounts, and may not be made so as to achieve a percentage rate of reduction in any such item exceeding the rate specified in the order; and

(B) with respect to commodity price support and income protection programs, shall be made in such manner and under such procedures as will attempt to ensure that—

(i) uncertainty as to the scope of benefits under any such program is minimized;

(ii) any instability in market prices for agricultural commodities resulting from the reduction is minimized; and

(iii) normal production and marketing relationships among agricultural commodities (including both contract and non-contract commodities) are not distorted.

In meeting the criterion set out in clause (iii) of subparagraph (B) of the preceding sentence, the President shall take into consideration that reductions under an order may apply to programs for two or more agricultural commodities that use the same type of production or marketing resources or that are alternative commodities among which a producer could choose in making annual production decisions.

(5) No double reduction.—No agricultural price support or income protection program that is subject to reduction under an order issued under section 252 for a fiscal year may be subject, as well, to modification or suspension under such order as an automatic spending increase.

Ante, p. 1072.

(6) Certain authority not to be limited.—Nothing in this joint resolution shall limit or reduce, in any way, any appropriation that provides the Commodity Credit Corporation with budget authority to cover the Corporation's net realized losses.

(k) Community and Migrant Health Centers, Indian Health Services and Facilities, and Veterans' Medical Care.—

(1) The maximum permissible reduction in budget authority for any account listed in paragraph (2) for any fiscal year, pursuant to an order issued under section 252, shall be—

(A) 1 percent in the case of the fiscal year 1986, and

(B) 2 percent in the case of any subsequent fiscal year.

(2) The accounts referred to in paragraph (1) are as follows:

(A) Community health centers (75-0350-0-1-550).

(B) Migrant health centers (75-0350-0-1-550).

(C) Indian health facilities (75-0391-0-1-551).
(D) Indian health services (75-0390-0-1-551).
(E) Veterans' medical care (36-0160-0-1-703).

For purposes of the preceding provisions of this paragraph, programs are identified by the designated budget account identification code numbers set forth in the Budget of the United States Government—Appendix.

(l) **Treatment of Obligated Balances.**—

(1) **In general.**—Except as provided in paragraph (2), obligated balances shall not be subject to reduction under an order issued under section 252.

Ante, p. 1072.
Contracts.

(2) **Exception.**—Existing contracts in major functional category 050 (other than (A) those contracts which include a specified penalty for cancellation or modification by the Government and which if so cancelled or modified would result (due to such penalty) in a net loss to the Government for the fiscal year, and (B) those contracts the reduction of which would violate the legal obligations of the Government) shall be subject to reduction, in accordance with section 251(d)(3), under an order issued under section 252.

Ante, p. 1063.

(3) **Definition.**—For purposes of this subsection, the term "existing contracts" shall include all military and civilian contracts in major functional category 050 which exist at the time the order involved is issued under section 252.

99 STAT. 1092

Ante, p. 1072.

2 USC 907.

SEC. 257. DEFINITIONS.

For purposes of this title:

Ante, pp. 1082, 1086.

(1) The term "automatic spending increase" (except as otherwise provided in sections 255 and 256) means—

(A) increases in budget outlays due to changes in indexes in the following Federal programs:

Black lung benefits (20-8144-0-7-601);
Central Intelligence Agency retirement and disability system fund (56-3400-0-1-054);
Civil service retirement and disability fund (24-8135-0-7-602);
Comptrollers general retirement system (05-0107-0-1-801);
Foreign service retirement and disability fund (19-8186-0-7-602);
Judicial survivors' annuities fund (10-8110-0-7-602);
Longshoremen's and harborworkers' compensation benefits (16-9971-0-7-601);
Military retirement fund (97-8097-0-7-602);
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration retirement (13-1450-0-1-306);
Pensions for former Presidents (47-0105-0-1-802);
Railroad retirement tier II (60-8011-0-7-601);
Retired pay, Coast Guard (69-0241-0-1-403);
Retirement pay and medical benefits for commissioned officers, Public Health Service (75-0379-0-1-551);
Special benefits, Federal Employees' Compensation Act (16-1521-0-1-600);
Special benefits for disabled coal miners (75-0409-0-1-601); and
Tax Court judges survivors annuity fund (23-8115-0-7-602); and

(B) increases in budget outlays due to changes in indexes in the following Federal programs:

7 USC 1781 note.

National Wool Act (12-4336-0-3-351);
Special milk program (12-3502-0-1-605); and
Vocational rehabilitation (91-0301-0-1-506).

For purposes of the preceding provisions of this paragraph, programs are identified by the designated budget account identification code numbers set forth in the Budget of the United States Government, 1986—Appendix.

(2) The terms "budget outlays" and "budget authority" have the meaning given to such terms in sections 3(1) and 3(2), respectively, of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974.

2 USC 622.

(3) The term "concurrent resolution on the budget" has the meaning given to such term in section 3(4) of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974.

(4) The term "deficit" has the meaning given to such term in section 3(6) of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974.

Ante, p. 1039.

(5) The term "maximum deficit amount", with respect to any fiscal year, means the maximum deficit amount for such fiscal

99 STAT. 1093

year determined under section 3(7) of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974.

Ante, p. 1039.

(6) The term "real economic growth", with respect to any fiscal year, means the growth in the gross national product during such fiscal year, adjusted for inflation, consistent with Department of Commerce definitions.

(7) The terms "sequester" and "sequestration" (subject to section 252(a)(4)) refer to or mean the cancellation of new budget authority, unobligated balances, obligated balances, new loan guarantee commitments, new direct loan obligations, and spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, and the reduction of obligation limitations.

Ante, p. 1072.

Ante, p. 1056.

(8) The term "account" means an item for which appropriations are made in any appropriation Act used to determine the budget base, and, for items not provided for in appropriation Acts, such term means an item for which there is a designated budget account identification code number in the Appendix to the President's budget.

PART D—BUDGETARY TREATMENT OF SOCIAL SECURITY TRUST FUNDS

SEC. 261. TREATMENT OF TRUST FUNDS.

(a) FISCAL YEARS 1986 THROUGH 1992.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 710 of the Social Security Act (as added by paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 346 of the Social Security Amendments of 1983) is amended—

42 USC 911.

(A) by striking out all beginning with "the" the first place it appears down through "Disability Insurance Trust Fund, the" and inserting in lieu thereof "the";

(B) by striking out the comma after "Hospital Insurance Trust Fund";

(C) by striking out "sections 1401, 3101, and 3111" and inserting in lieu thereof "sections 1401(b), 3101(b), and 3111(b)";

(D) by redesignating all after the section designation as subsection (b);

(E) by inserting immediately after the section designation the following:

"(a) The receipts and disbursements of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, and the taxes imposed under sections 1401(a), 3101(a), and 3111(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, shall not be included in the totals of the budget of the United States Government as submitted by the President or of the congressional budget and shall be exempt from any general budget limitation imposed by statute on expenditures and net lending (budget outlays) of the United States Government."; and

Taxes.

26 USC 1401, 3101, 3111.

(F) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Prohibition. 42 USC 1305. "(c) No provision of law enacted after the date of the enactment of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (other than a provision of an appropriation Act that appropriates funds authorized under the Social Security Act as in effect on the date of 99 STAT. 1094 the enactment of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985) may provide for payments from the general fund of the Treasury to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund or the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, or for payments from either such Trust Fund to the general fund of the Treasury.".

42 USC 911 note. (2) APPLICATION.—The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1985, and ending before October 1, 1992.

42 USC 911. (b) FISCAL YEAR 1993 AND THEREAFTER.—Section 710(a) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 911 note), as amended by section 346(b) of the Social Security Amendments of 1983 (to be effective with respect to fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1992) is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after the subsection designation; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

42 USC 1305. "(2) No provision of law enacted after the date of the enactment of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (other than a provision of an appropriation Act that appropriates funds authorized under the Social Security Act as in effect on the date of the enactment of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985) may provide for payments from the general fund of the Treasury to any Trust Fund specified in paragraph (1) or for payments from any such Trust Fund to the general fund of the Treasury.".

PART E—MISCELLANEOUS AND RELATED PROVISIONS

SEC. 271. WAIVERS AND SUSPENSIONS; RULEMAKING POWERS.

2 USC 621 note. (a) BUDGET ACT WAIVERS IN THE SENATE.—Section 904 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is amended by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d), and by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection:

Ante, pp. 1047, 1050. "(c) Sections 305(b)(2) and 306 of this Act may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by the affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.".

2 USC 901 note. *Ante*, pp. 1040, 1044, 1047, 1053, 1055. (b) OTHER WAIVERS AND SUSPENSIONS IN THE SENATE.—Sections 301(i), 302(f), 304(b), 310(d), 310(g), and 311(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by the affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. This subsection shall not apply to any joint resolution reported or discharged pursuant to section 254(a) of this joint resolution. *Ante*, p. 1078.

2 USC 901 note. (c) RULEMAKING POWERS.—The provisions of this title, other than those relating to the activities of the executive and judicial branches of the Government, are enacted by the Congress—

(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the House of Representatives and the Senate, respectively, and as such they shall be considered as part of the rules of each House, respectively, or of that House to which they specifically apply, and such rules shall supersede other rules only to the extent that they are inconsistent therewith; and

(2) with full recognition of the constitutional right of either House to change such rules (so far as relating to such House) at any time, in the same manner and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of such House.

SEC. 272. RESTORATION OF TRUST FUND INVESTMENTS.

2 USC 901 note.

99 STAT. 1095

(a) Restoration of Social Security Trust Funds and Certain Other Funds.—

(1) Reissuance of obligations.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall immediately reissue to each fund listed in paragraph (3) obligations under chapter 31 of title 31, United States Code, which are identical, with respect to interest rate and maturity, to public debt obligations held by such fund which— 31 USC 3101 *et seq.*

(A) were redeemed during the period beginning with September 1, 1985, and ending with September 29, 1985, and

(B) as determined by such Secretary on the basis of standard investment procedures for such fund in effect on September 1, 1985, would not have been redeemed if H.J. Res. 372 (99th Congress, 1st Session), as deemed passed by the House of Representatives on August 1, 1985, had been enacted into law on August 1, 1985. *Ante*, p. 1037.

Such obligations shall be substituted for obligations which are held by such fund on the date of the enactment of this joint resolution in a manner which will ensure that, after such substitution, the holdings of such fund will replicate to the maximum extent practicable the holdings which would have been held by such fund on such date if H.J. Res. 372 (99th Congress, 1st Session), as deemed passed by the House of Representatives on August 1, 1985, had been enacted into law on August 1, 1985. *Ante*, p. 1037.

(2) Appropriation to funds of interest lost on or after September 1, 1985.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall pay on the normal interest payment date to each fund listed in paragraph (3), from amounts in the general fund of the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, an amount determined by such Secretary to be equal to the excess of—

(A) the net amount of interest which would have been earned by such fund, during the period beginning with September 1, 1985, and ending with the date of the enactment of this joint resolution, if all noninvestments, redemptions, and disinvestments with respect to such fund which—

(i) occurred during such period, and

(ii) would not have occurred if H.J. Res. 372 (99th Congress, 1st Session), as deemed passed by the House of Representatives on August 1, 1985, had been enacted into law on August 1, 1985, *Ante*, p. 1037.

had not occurred, over

(B) the net amount of interest actually earned by such fund during such period.

(3) Funds affected.—The funds referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) are the following:

(A) the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund,

(B) the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund,

(C) the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund,

(D) the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund,

(E) the Railroad Retirement Account,

(F) the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund, and

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(G) all other funds (other than the funds referred to in subsection (b) or (c)) listed in Table III of the Monthly Statement of the Public Debt issued by the Department of the Treasury for November 30, 1985.

(b) Restoration of Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund.—

(1) Issuance of obligations.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall immediately issue to the Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund obligations under chapter 31 of title 31,

31 USC 3101 *et seq.* United States Code, which such Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, determines would have been issued to such fund on October 1, 1985, if H.J. Res. 372 (99th Congress, 1st Session), as deemed passed by the House of Representatives on August 1, 1985, had been enacted into law on August 1, 1985. *Ante*, p. 1037. Such obligations shall be market-based special obligations issued at prices, including accrued interest, prevailing for such obligations on October 1, 1985. Such obligations shall be substituted for all obligations which were purchased by such fund during the period beginning with October 1, 1985, and ending with November 14, 1985, with amounts which were transferred to such fund on October 1, 1985.

(2) APPROPRIATION TO FUND OF INTEREST LOST ON OR AFTER OCTOBER 1, 1985.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall immediately pay to the Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund, from amounts in the general fund of the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, an amount determined by such Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, to be equal to the excess of—

(i) the interest which would have been earned by such fund during the period beginning with October 1, 1985, and ending with November 14, 1985, if the obligations issued pursuant to paragraph (1) had been issued on October 1, 1985, over

(ii) the amount of interest actually collected by such fund during such period on obligations purchased by such fund with amounts which were transferred to such fund on October 1, 1985.

(B) INVESTMENT OF INTEREST RECEIPTS.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall immediately invest the amount paid to the Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund pursuant to subparagraph (A) in obligations designated by the Secretary of Defense. Such obligations shall be market-based special obligations issued with an issue date of November 15, 1985, and at prices, including accrued interest, prevailing for such obligations on November 15, 1985.

(c) APPROPRIATION TO CERTAIN FUNDS WITH RESPECT TO UNINVESTED BALANCES AFTER DECEMBER 6, 1985.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall immediately pay, from amounts in the general fund not otherwise appropriated, to each fund which is listed in Table III of the Monthly Statement of the Public Debt issued by the Department of the Treasury for November 30, 1985, and which invests in market-based special obligations under chapter 31 of title 31, United States Code, an amount equal to the interest which 31 USC 3101 *et seq.* would have been earned by such fund during the period beginning with December 7, 1985, and ending with the date of the enactment of this joint resolution, if the daily balance in such fund which the Secretary of the Treasury was requested to invest during such period but was unable to invest, because of the expiration of the temporary debt limit, had been invested each day during such period, overnight, in obligations under such chapter 31 earning interest at a rate determined by the Secretary of the Treasury in accordance with the standard practice of the Department of the Treasury.

(2) EXPIRATION OF TEMPORARY DEBT LIMIT DEFINED.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term "expiration of the temporary debt limit" means the expiration of the period described in section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act to temporarily increase the limit on the public debt and to restore the investments of the Social Security Trust Funds and other trust funds", approved November 14, 1985 (Public Law 99-155). *Ante*, p. 814.

(d) Additional Appropriation to OASDI Trust Funds of Interest Lost From Actions Taken In September and October 1984.—

(1) In general.—On December 31, 1985, the Secretary of the Treasury shall pay to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund, from amounts in the general fund of the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, amounts determined under this subsection.

(2) Amount paid to each trust fund.—The amount paid to each such Trust Fund pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be an amount determined jointly by the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of Health and Human Services to be sufficient to fully compensate such Trust Fund for interest losses arising from the premature redemption, during the period beginning with September 1, 1984, and ending with October 31, 1984, of securities maturing during the period beginning with calendar year 1987 and ending with calendar year 1991.

(3) Limitation.—The total amount paid from the general fund of the Treasury pursuant to paragraph (1) shall not exceed $550,000,000.

(4) Adjustments.—

(A) Determination of shortfalls and excesses in payments to trust funds.—As soon as practicable after May 31, 1986, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall jointly determine any shortfall or excess in the amount paid to each Trust Fund pursuant to paragraph (1) caused by—

(i) the difference between actual interest rates and interest rates assumed for purposes of paragraph (1), and

(ii) the difference between the actual amount of securities redeemed in January 1986 for purposes of compliance with section 201(l)(3)(B) of the Social Security Act and the amount of securities assumed for purposes of paragraph (i) to be redeemed in such month for purposes of compliance with such section.

42 USC 401.

(B) Payment of shortfalls and excesses.—On June 30, 1986, the Secretary of the Treasury shall—

(i) in the case of a shortfall in the amount paid to either Trust Fund determined pursuant to subparagraph (A), pay to such Trust Fund, from amounts in the general fund of the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the amount of such shortfall, or

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(ii) in the case of an excess in the amount paid to either Trust Fund determined pursuant to subparagraph (A), pay to the general fund of the Treasury, from such Trust Fund, the amount of such excess (but not to exceed the amount paid to such Trust Fund pursuant to paragraph (1)).

SEC. 273. REVENUE ESTIMATES.

2 USC 921.

For the purposes of revenue legislation which is income, estate and gift, excise, and payroll taxes (i.e., Social Security), considered or enacted in any session of Congress, the Congressional Budget Office shall use exclusively during that session of Congress revenue estimates provided to it by the Joint Committee on Taxation. During that session of Congress such revenue estimates shall be transmitted by the Congressional Budget Office to any committee of the House of Representatives or the Senate requesting such estimates, and shall be used by such Committees in determining such estimates. The Budget Committees of the Senate and House shall determine all estimates with respect to scoring points of order and with respect to the execution of the purposes of this title and the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974.

2 USC 621 note.

2 USC 922.

SEC. 274. JUDICIAL REVIEW.

(a) Expedited Review.—

(1) Any Member of Congress may bring an action, in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, for declaratory judgment and injunctive relief on the ground that any order that might be issued pursuant to section 252 violates the Constitution. *Ante*, p. 1072.

(2) Any Member of Congress, or any other person adversely affected by any action taken under this title, may bring an action, in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, for declaratory judgment and injunctive relief concerning the constitutionality of this title.

(3) Any Member of Congress may bring an action, in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, for declaratory and injunctive relief on the ground that the terms of an order issued under section 252 do not comply with the requirements of this title.

(4) A copy of any complaint in an action brought under paragraph (1), (2), or (3) shall be promptly delivered to the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives, and each House of Congress shall have the right to intervene in such action.

(5) Any action brought under paragraph (1), (2), or (3) shall be heard and determined by a three-judge court in accordance with section 2284 of title 28, United States Code.

98 Stat. 3359. Nothing in this section or in any other law shall infringe upon the right of the House of Representatives to intervene in an action brought under paragraph (1), (2), or (3) without the necessity of adopting a resolution to authorize such intervention.

(b) Appeal to Supreme Court.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any order of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia which is issued pursuant to an action brought under paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subsection (a) shall be reviewable by appeal directly to the Supreme Court of the United States. Any such appeal shall be taken by a notice of appeal filed within 10 days after such order is entered; and the jurisdictional statement shall be filed within 30 days after such order is entered. No stay of an order issued pursuant to an action brought under paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subsection (a) shall be issued by a single Justice of the Supreme Court.

(c) Expedited Consideration.—It shall be the duty of the District Court for the District of Columbia and the Supreme Court of the United States to advance on the docket and to expedite to the greatest possible extent the disposition of any matter brought under subsection (a).

(d) Noncompliance With Sequestration Procedures.—

(1) If it is finally determined by a court of competent jurisdiction that an order issued by the President under section 252(b) for any fiscal year— *Ante*, p. 1072.

(A) does not reduce automatic spending increases under any program specified in section 257(l) to the extent that such increases are required to be reduced by part C of this title (or reduces such increases by a greater extent than is so required), *Ante*, p. 1092. *Ante*, p. 1063.

(B) does not sequester the amount of new budget authority, new loan guarantee commitments, new direct loan obligations, or spending authority which is required to be sequestered by such part (or sequesters more than that amount) with respect to any program, project, activity, or account, or

(C) does not reduce obligation limitations by the amount by which such limitations are required to be reduced under such part (or reduces such limitations by more than that amount) with respect to any program, project, activity, or account, the President shall, within 20 days after such determination is made, revise the order in accordance with such determination. President of U.S.

(2) If the order issued by the President under section 252(b) for any fiscal year— *Ante*, p. 1072.

(A) does not reduce any automatic spending increase to the extent that such increase is required to be reduced by part C of this title,

(B) does not sequester any amount of new budget authority, new loan guarantee commitments, new direct loan obligations, or spending authority which is required to be sequestered by such part, or *Ante*, p. 1063.

(C) does not reduce any obligation limitation by the amount by which such limitation is required to be reduced under such part,

on the claim or defense that the constitutional powers of the President prevent such sequestration or reduction or permit the avoidance of such sequestration or reduction, and such claim or defense is finally determined by the Supreme Court of the United States to be valid, then the entire order issued pursuant to section 252(b) for such fiscal year shall be null and void. *Ante*, p. 1072.

(e) TIMING OF RELIEF.—No order of any court granting declaratory or injunctive relief from the order of the President issued under section 252, including but not limited to relief permitting or requiring the expenditure of funds sequestered by such order, shall take effect during the pendency of the action before such court, during the time appeal may be taken, or, if appeal is taken, during the period before the court to which such appeal is taken has entered its final order disposing of such action.

99 STAT. 1100

(f) ALTERNATIVE PROCEDURES FOR THE JOINT REPORTS OF THE DIRECTORS.—

(1) In the event that any of the reporting procedures described in section 251 are invalidated, then any report of the Directors referred to in section 251(a) or (c)(1) shall be transmitted to the joint committee established under this subsection. *Ante*, p. 1063.

(2) Upon the invalidation of any such procedure there is established a Temporary Joint Committee on Deficit Reduction, composed of the entire membership of the Budget Committees of the House of Representatives and the Senate. The Chairman of these two committees shall act as Co-Chairmen of the Joint Committee. Actions taken by the Joint Committee shall be determined by the majority vote of the members representing each House. The purposes of the Joint Committee are to receive the reports of the Directors as described in paragraph (1), and to report (with respect to each such report of the Directors) a joint resolution as described in paragraph (3).

(3) No later than 5 days after the receipt of a report of the Directors in accordance with paragraph (1), the Joint Committee shall report to the House of Representatives and the Senate a joint resolution setting forth the contents of the report of the Directors.

(4) The provisions relating to the consideration of a joint resolution under section 254(a)(4) shall apply to the consideration of a joint resolution reported pursuant to this subsection in the House of Representatives and the Senate, except that debate in each House shall be limited to two hours. *Ante*, p. 1078.

(5) Upon its enactment, the joint resolution shall be deemed to be the report received by the President under section 251(b) or (c)(2) (whichever is applicable). *Ante*, p. 1063.

(g) PRESERVATION OF OTHER RIGHTS.—The rights created by this section are in addition to the rights of any person under law, subject to subsection (e).

(h) ECONOMIC DATA, ASSUMPTIONS, AND METHODOLOGIES.—The economic data, assumptions, and methodologies used by the Comptroller General in computing the base levels of total revenues and total budget outlays, as specified in any report issued by the Comptroller General under section 251(b) or (c)(2), shall not be subject to review in any judicial or administrative proceeding.

2 USC 901 note.

SEC. 275. EFFECTIVE DATES.

(a) In General.—

(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) and in subsections (b) and (c), this title and the amendments made by this title shall become effective on the date of the enactment of this title and shall apply with respect to fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1985.

Ante, p. 1039.

(2)(A) The amendment made by section 201(a)(2), and the amendment made by section 201(b) insofar as it relates to subsections (c), (f), and (g) of section 302 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and to subsections (c), (d), and (g) of section 310 of that Act), shall become effective April 15, 1986.

Ante, p. 1044.
Ante, p. 1053.
Ante, p. 1058.

(B) The amendment made by section 212 shall become effective February 1, 1986.

99 STAT. 1101

(b) Expiration.—

Ante, p. 1063.

(1) Part C of this title, and the other provisions contained in or added by this title which are listed in paragraph (2), shall expire September 30, 1991.

(2) The other provisions referred to in paragraph (1) are as follows:

Ante, p. 1039.

(A) section 3(7) of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 and the second sentence of section 3(6) of such Act (as added by section 201(a)(1) of this joint resolution);

Ante, p. 1040, 1047, 1050.

(B) sections 301(i) and 304(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and the portion of section 311(a) of such Act which begins with "or, in the Senate" and ends with "paragraph (2) of such subsection)" (as added by section 201(b) of this joint resolution);

Ante, p. 1063.

(C) sections 1105(f) and 1106(c) of title 31, United States Code (as added by sections 241(b) and 242(b) of this joint resolution); and

Ante, p. 1094.

(D) section 271(b) of this joint resolution.

Ante, p. 1093.

(c) OASDI Trust Funds.—The amendments made by part D shall apply as provided in such part.

Approved December 12, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 372:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-351 (Comm. of Conference) and No. 99-433 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-144 (Comm. on Finance).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
- Aug. 1, Sept. 4, considered and passed House.
- Oct. 3-6, 8-10, considered and passed Senate, amended.
- Nov. 1, House receded and concurred in Senate amendment and in others with amendments.
- Nov. 1, 4-6, Senate agreed to conference report; concurred in House amendments with amendments.
- Nov. 6, House disagreed to Senate amendments.
- Nov. 7, Senate insisted on amendments, agreed to further conference.
- Dec. 11, House and Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 21, No. 50 (1985):
- Dec. 12, Presidential statement.

COMMERCE ACTS

Public Law 99-5
99th Congress

99 STAT. 7

An Act

To give effect to the Treaty Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Canada Concerning Pacific Salmon, signed at Ottawa, January 28, 1985.

Mar. 15, 1985
[H.R. 1093]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Pacific Salmon Treaty Act of 1985".

Pacific Salmon Treaty Act of 1985.
16 USC 3631 note.

SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

Fish and fishing.
16 USC 3631.

As used in this title, unless the context otherwise requires, the term—

(a) "Commission" means the Pacific Salmon Commission established by the Treaty;

(b) "enhancement" means manmade improvements to natural habitats, or the application of artificial fish culture technology, that will lead to the increase of salmon stocks;

(c) "Magnuson Act" means the Act entitled "the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act," as approved April 13, 1976, and as later amended (16 U.S.C. section 1801 et seq.);

(d) "Panel" means any of the Panels established by the Treaty;

(e) "person" means any individual (whether or not a citizen or national of the United States), any corporation, partnership, association, or other entity (whether or not organized or existing under the laws of any State);

(f) "salmon" means any anadromous species of the family Salmonidae and genus Oncorhynchus, commonly known as Pacific salmon, including but not limited to:

Popular names	Scientific name
Chinook or King Salmon	Oncorhynchus tshawytscha
Coho or Silver Salmon	Oncorhynchus kisutch
Pink or Humpback Salmon	Oncorhynchus gorbuscha
Chum or Dog Salmon	Oncorhynchus keta
Sockeye or Red Salmon	Oncorhynchus nerka

and shall also include Steelhead (Salmo gairdneri);

(g) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Commerce;

(h) "Treaty" means the Treaty between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Canada Concerning Pacific Salmon, signed at Ottawa, January 28, 1985;

(i) "treaty Indian tribe" means any of the federally recognized Indian tribes of the Columbia River basin, Washington coast or Puget Sound areas having reserved fishing rights to salmon stocks subject to the Treaty under treaties with the United States Government; and

(j) "United States Section" means the four United States Commissioners appointed by the President pursuant to this title.

99 STAT. 8

SEC. 3. UNITED STATES SECTION.

16 USC 3632.

(a) COMMISSIONERS.—The United States shall be represented on the Commission by four United States Commissioners who are knowledgeable or experienced concerning Pacific salmon, to be ap-

pointed by and serve at the pleasure of the President. Of these, one shall be an official of the United States Government who shall be a nonvoting member of the United States Section; one shall be a resident of the State of Alaska and shall be appointed from a list of at least six qualified individuals nominated by the Governor of that State; one shall be a resident of the States of Oregon, or Washington and shall be appointed from a list of at least six qualified individuals nominated by the Governors of those States; and one shall be appointed from a list of at least six qualified individuals nominated by the treaty Indian tribes of the States of Idaho, Oregon or Washington. Two of the initial appointments shall be for two-year terms; all other appointments shall be for four-year terms. Each Commissioner is eligible for reappointment. Any individual appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of any term of office shall be appointed for the remainder of that term. Unless otherwise agreed, the chairmanship of the United States Section shall rotate annually among all four members with the order of rotation determined by lot at the first meeting.

(b) ALTERNATE COMMISSIONERS.—The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary and the Secretary of the Interior, shall designate an Alternate Commissioner for each Commissioner from the respective lists referred to in section 3(a), and may designate an Alternate Commissioner for the Federal Commissioner. In the absence of a Commissioner, the Alternate Commissioner may exercise all functions of such Commissioner at any meeting of the Commission or of the United States Section. Alternate Commissioners are eligible for reappointment and may attend all meetings of the United States Section.

(c) SOUTHERN PANEL.—The United States shall be represented on the southern Panel by six Panel members, of whom—

(1) one shall be an official of the United States Government, with salmon fishery management responsibility and expertise;

(2) one shall be an official of the State of Oregon, with salmon fishery management responsibility and expertise;

(3) one shall be an official of the State of Washington, with salmon fishery management responsibility and expertise;

(4) two shall be appointed from a list submitted by the treaty Indian tribes of individuals with salmon fishery management responsibility and expertise; and

(5) one shall be appointed from the commercial or recreational sector who is knowledgeable and experienced in the salmon fisheries for which the southern Panel is responsible.

(d) NORTHERN PANEL.—The United States shall be represented on the northern Panel by six Panel members, of whom—

(1) one shall be an official of the United States Government, with salmon fishery management responsibility and expertise;

(2) one shall be an official of the State of Alaska, with salmon fishery management responsibility and expertise; and

(3) four shall be individuals knowledgeable and experienced in the salmon fisheries for which the northern Panel is responsible.

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(e) FRASER RIVER PANEL.—The United States shall be represented on the Fraser River Panel by four Panel members, of whom—

(1) one shall be an official of the United States Government, with salmon fishery management responsibility and expertise;

(2) one shall be an official of the State of Washington, with salmon fishery management responsibility and expertise;

(3) one shall be appointed from a list submitted by the treaty Indian tribes of individuals with salmon fishery management responsibility and expertise for the fisheries for which the Fraser River Panel is responsible; and

(4) one shall be appointed from the commercial sector of the salmon fishing industry concerned with fisheries for which the Fraser River Panel is responsible.

(f) PANEL APPOINTMENTS.—Panel members described in subsections (c)(2), (c)(3), (d)(2), and (e)(2) shall be appointed by the Governor of the applicable State. Panel members described in subsections (c)(4) and (e)(3) shall be appointed by the Secretary of the Interior from lists of nominations provided by the appropriate treaty Indian tribes. All other Panel members shall be appointed by the Secretary: *Provided,* That at least one member of the northern Panel shall be a voting member of the North Pacific Fishery Management Council, at least one member of the southern Panel shall be a voting member of the Pacific Fishery Management Council; and the Panel members described in subsections (c)(5), (d)(3), and (e)(4) shall be appointed from lists of nominations provided by the Governors of the applicable States. The appointing authorities listed above may also designate an alternate Panel member, meeting the same qualifications and having the same term of office, to service in the absence of a Panel member appointed under this subsection. Panel members and alternate Panel members, other than the southern Panel member described in subsection (c)(5), shall serve four-year terms; except that the Secretary of State shall designate one-half of the initial appointments to each Panel as serving two-year terms. The southern Panel member described in subsection (c)(5) and the corresponding alternate shall each be appointed for one-year terms; the first such member shall be appointed from the commercial sector and an alternate shall be appointed from the recreational sector, with the alternate succeeding to the member position in the subsequent year; thereafter the member and alternate positions shall rotate between the commercial and recreational sectors on an annual basis. Any individual appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of any term of office shall be appointed for the remainder of that term. Panel members and alternates shall be eligible for reappointment and may attend all meetings of the relevant United States Panel Section.

(g) VOTING REQUIREMENTS.—(1) The United States Section shall operate with the objective of attaining consensus decisions in the development and exercise of its single vote within the Commission. A decision of the United States Section shall be taken when there is no dissenting vote.

(2) All decisions and recommendations of the United States Section of the northern and southern Panels shall require the concurring vote of a majority of the United States Panel members present and voting, except that decisions and recommendations of the southern Panel shall require the concurring vote of the members designated in subsections (c)(2) and (c)(3) and one of those members designated in subsection (c)(4).

99 STAT. 10

(3) All decisions and recommendations of the United States Section of the Fraser River Panel shall require the concurring vote of all United States Panel members present and voting, except that orders referred to in article VI(6) of the Treaty may be agreed to on the basis of a majority, provided that the Panel members representing the State and Tribal fishery management authorities concur.

(4) All decisions and recommendations of any joint Panel shall require the concurring votes of each Panel under the voting rules specified in paragraphs (2) and (3).

(5) To assist in the resolution of disputes affecting decisions of the United States Section or of the United States Panel sections, a three-person Conciliation Board may be established. The members of the Conciliation Board shall be selected by the United States Section as follows: each non-Federal Commissioner shall submit a list of no fewer than three qualified nominees; one person shall be selected from each list by consensus decision of the Federal Commissioner and the other two non-Federal Commissioners. The Conciliation Board shall operate under such bylaws as may be established by the United States Section.

(6) In any matter where the Fraser River Panel is unable to act because the United States Fraser River Panel members have been unable to reach a decision in accordance with paragraph (3) of this subsection, and upon a determination by the Chairman of the United States Section that an action of the Panel is required, the

United States Section shall act for the United States Panel members in the Fraser River Panel.

Report.

(7) In any matter where the Secretary of State determines that the United States is in jeopardy of not fulfilling its international obligations under the Treaty, the Secretary of State shall so certify to the United States Section. Such certification shall include the reasons for such determination and shall specify the date by which a decision by the United States Section is desired. If the United States Section has not reached a decision by the date specified, the Secretary of State, after consultation with the Secretary and the Secretary of the Interior, shall report on the matter to the President.

5 USC app.

(h) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out their functions under the Treaty, the Commissioners and Panel members may consult with such other interested parties as they consider appropriate. The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App. 1 et seq.) shall not apply.

16 USC 3633.

SEC. 4. AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITY.

(a) The Secretary of State is authorized to—

(1) receive and transmit, on behalf of the United States, reports, requests, recommendations, proposals, and other communications of and to the Commission and Panels;

(2) in consultation with the Secretary and the Secretary of the Interior, approve, disapprove, object to, or withdraw objections to fishery regimes, including enhancement programs and Fraser River Panel regulations proposed in accordance with the Treaty, on the condition that the United States shall be obligated to carry out such regimes or regulations only to the extent that funds are made available for such purposes in appropriation Acts; and

99 STAT. 11

(3) act upon, or refer to other appropriate authority, any communication referred to in paragraph (1) of this subsection other than a proposed fishery regime or Fraser River Panel regulation.

Indians.

(b) Recommendations of the Commission on fishery regimes or Fraser River Panel regulations approved by the Secretary of State pursuant to subsection (a)(2) shall be forwarded immediately to the States of Alaska, Oregon, Washington, and Idaho and to the treaty Indian tribes, as appropriate. In the exercise of their general fishery management authority, the States and treaty Indian tribes may adopt corresponding laws, regulations, or orders within their respective jurisdictions.

Indians.

(c) In cooperation with the appropriate Regional Fishery Management Councils, States and treaty Indian tribes, the Secretary shall prepare, as appropriate, all statements, reports, and information required by the Treaty and submit such documents to the Secretary of State, who shall transmit them to the Commission.

16 USC 3634.
Indians.

SEC. 5. INTERAGENCY COOPERATION.

(a) In carrying out the provisions of the Treaty and this title, the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior, may arrange for cooperation with agencies of the United States, the States, treaty Indian tribes, private institutions and organizations, and may execute such memoranda as may be necessary to reflect such agreements.

(b) Agencies of the United States may cooperate in the conduct of scientific and other programs, and may furnish facilities and personnel, for the purposes of assisting the Commission and Panels in carrying out their responsibilities under the Treaty. Such agencies may accept reimbursement from the Commission for providing such services, facilities, and personnel.

16 USC 3635.
Indians.

SEC. 6. PREEMPTION.

If any State or treaty Indian tribe has taken any action, or omitted to take any action, the results of which place the United States in jeopardy of not fulfilling its international obligations under the Treaty, or any fishery regime or Fraser River Panel regulation adopted thereunder, the Secretary shall inform the State or tribe of the manner in which the action or inaction places the United States in jeopardy of not fulfilling its international obligations under the Treaty, of any remedial action which would relieve this concern, and of the intention to promulgate Federal regulations if such remedial actions are not undertaken within fifteen days unless an earlier action is required to avoid violation of United States Treaty obligations. Should United States action be required to meet Treaty obligations to Canada in respect to treaty Indian fisheries conducted in terminal areas subject to the continuing jurisdiction of a United States district court, such action shall be taken within the framework of such court jurisdiction. Otherwise, regulations may be promulgated by the Secretary pursuant to section 7(a) of this title which shall supersede any State or treaty Indian tribal law, regulation or order determined by the Secretary to place the United States in jeopardy of not fulfilling its international obligations under the Treaty. Timely notice of all such determinations shall be disseminated by electronic media and shall be published in local newspapers in the major fishing ports affected and in the Federal Register. In order to enable the United States to fulfill its obligations under article IV(7) of the Treaty, the States of Alaska, Idaho, Oregon and Washington and the treaty Indian tribes shall advise the Secretary of all pertinent laws or regulations pertaining to the harvest of Pacific salmon, together with such amendments thereto as may be adopted from time to time.

Public availability. Federal Register, publication.

99 STAT. 12

SEC. 7. RULEMAKING.

16 USC 3636.

Regulations.

(a) The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of the Department in which the Coast Guard is operating and the appropriate Regional Fishery Management Council, shall promulgate such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the United States international obligations under the Treaty and this title, pursuant to section 6, as well as conforming amendatory regulations applicable to the United States Exclusive Economic Zone. Any such regulation may be made applicable, as necessary, to all persons and all vessels subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, wherever located. Such regulations as are necessary and appropriate to carry out obligations of the United States under the Treaty involve a foreign affairs function, and as such shall not be subject to sections 4 through 8 of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 553-557), or the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).

(b) The Secretary, in cooperation with the Regional Fishery Management Councils, States, and treaty Indian tribes, may promulgate regulations applicable to nationals or vessels of the United States, or both, which are in addition to, and not in conflict with, fishery regimes and Fraser River Panel regulations adopted under the Treaty. Such regulations shall not discriminate between residents of different States.

(c) Regulations promulgated by the Secretary under this title shall be subject to judicial review by the district courts of the United States to the extent authorized by, and in accordance with, chapter 7 of title 5, United States Code; except that section 705 of such title is not applicable, and the appropriate court shall only set aside any such regulation on a ground specified in section 706(2) (A), (B), (C), or (D) of such title. A civil action filed pursuant to this section shall be assigned for hearing at the earliest possible date, shall take precedence over other matters pending on the docket of the United States district court at that time, and shall be expedited in every way by such court and any appellate court.

5 USC 701 *et seq.*
5 USC 705.

5 USC 706.
Hearing.

SEC. 8. PROHIBITED ACTS AND PENALTIES.

16 USC 3637.

(a) It is unlawful for any person or vessel subject to the jurisdiction of the United States—

(1) to violate any provision of this title, or of any regulation adopted hereunder, or of any Fraser River Panel regulation approved by the United States under the Treaty;

(2) to refuse to permit any officer authorized to enforce the

provisions of this title to board a fishing vessel subject to such person's control for purposes of conducting any search or inspection in connection with the enforcement of this title;

(3) to forcibly assault, resist, oppose, impede, intimidate, or interfere with any such authorized officer in the conduct of any search or inspection described in subparagraph (2);

(4) to resist a lawful arrest for any act prohibited by this section;

(5) to ship, transport, offer for sale, sell, purchase, import, export, or have custody, control, or possession of, any fish taken or retained in violation of this title; or

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(6) to interfere with, delay, or prevent, by any means, the apprehension or arrest of another person, knowing that such other person has committed any act prohibited by this section.

(b) Any person who commits any act that is unlawful under subsection (a) of this section shall be liable to the United States for a civil penalty as provided by section 308 of the Magnuson Act (16 U.S.C. 1858).

(c) Any person who commits an act that is unlawful under paragraph (2), (3), (4), or (6) of subsection (a) of this section shall be guilty of an offense punishable as provided by section 309(b) of the Magnuson Act (16 U.S.C. 1859(b)).

(d)(1) Any vessel (including its gear, furniture, appurtenances, stores, and cargo) used in the commission of an act which is prohibited under subsection (a) of this section, and any fish (or the fair market value thereof) taken or retained, in any manner, in connection with or as a result of the commission of any act which is prohibited by subsection (a) of this section, shall be subject to forfeiture as provided by section 310 of the Magnuson Act (16 U.S.C. 1860).

(2) Any fish seized pursuant to this title may be disposed of pursuant to the order of a court of competent jurisdiction or, if perishable, in a manner prescribed by regulation of the Secretary.

(e) The Secretary and the Secretary of the Department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall enforce the provisions of this title and shall have the authority provided by subsections 311 (a), (b)(1), and (c) of the Magnuson Act (16 U.S.C. 1861 (a), (b)(1), and (c)).

(f) The district courts of the United States shall have exclusive jurisdiction over any case or controversy arising under this section and may, at any time—

(1) enter restraining orders or prohibitions;

(2) issue warrants, process in rem, or other process;

(3) prescribe and accept satisfactory bonds or other security; and

(4) take such other actions as are in the interest of justice.

16 USC 3638.

SEC. 9. GENERAL STANDARD.

All actions taken under sections 3(g), 4, 6, and 7 shall—

(a) take into account the best scientific information available;

(b) result in measures necessary and appropriate for the conservation, management, utilization and development of the Pacific salmon resource, with due consideration of social and economic concerns; and

(c) be consistent with United States obligations under the Treaty, domestic Indian treaties and other applicable law.

16 USC 3639.

SEC. 10. ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

(a) The United States Section shall appoint an advisory committee of not less than twelve but not more than twenty members who are knowledgeable and experienced with respect to fisheries subject to the Treaty. One-half the membership of the committee shall be residents of the State of Alaska and one member shall be a resident of the State of Idaho. Each member shall serve a term of two years and shall be eligible for reappointment.

(b) Members of the advisory committee may attend all public meetings of the Commission and Panels and all nonexecutive sessions of the United States Section and United States Panel sections. At nonexecutive meetings of the United States Section and United

99 STAT. 14

States Panel sections, members of the advisory committee shall be given the opportunity to examine and to be heard on any nonadministrative matter under consideration.

(c) The members of the advisory committee shall receive no compensation for their services as such members.

(d) The Chairman of the United States Section shall call a meeting of the advisory committee at least one time each year.

SEC. 11. ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS.

16 USC 3640.

(a) Commissioners and Alternate Commissioners who are not State or Federal employees shall receive compensation at the daily rate of GS–18 of the General Schedule when engaged in the actual performance of duties for the United States Section or for the Commission.

5 USC 5332.

(b) Panel Members and Alternate Panel Members who are not State or Federal employees shall receive compensation at the daily rate of GS–16 of the General Schedule when engaged in the actual performance of duties for the United States Section or for the Commission.

(c) Travel and other necessary expenses shall be paid for all United States Commissioners, Alternate Commissioners, Panel Members, Alternate Panel Members, members of the Joint Technical Committee, and members of the Advisory Committee when engaged in the actual performance of duties for the United States Section or for the Commission.

(d) Except for officials of the United States Government, such individuals shall not be considered to be Federal employees while engaged in the actual performance of duties for the United States Section or for the Commission, except for the purposes of injury compensation or tort claims liability as provided in chapter 81 of title 5, United States Code, and chapter 71 of title 28, United States Code.

5 USC 8101 *et seq.*

28 USC 2671 *et seq.*

SEC. 12. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

16 USC 3641.

There are authorized to be appropriated from time to time such sums as may be necessary for carrying out the purposes and provisions of the Treaty and this title including—

(a) necessary travel expenses of the Commissioners, Panel members, alternate Commissioners, alternate Panel members, United States members of joint technical committees established under article IV of the Treaty, and advisory committee members in accordance with the Federal Travel Regulations and sections 5701, 5702, 5704 through 5708, and 5731 of title 5, United States Code;

(b) the United States share of the joint expenses of the Commission: *Provided,* That the United States Commissioners and Panel members and alternates shall not, with respect to commitments concerning the United States share of the joint expenses of the Organization, be subject to section 262b of title 22, United States Code, insofar as it limits the authority of United States representatives to international organizations with respect to such commitments;

(c) amounts for research, enhancement, and other activities necessary to carry out the purposes of the Treaty and this title; and

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(d) such amounts as may be due to settle accounts upon termination of the International Pacific Salmon Fisheries Commission.

SEC. 13. REPEALER.

Effective date.

The Sockeye Salmon or Pink Salmon Fishing Act of July 29, 1947 (16 U.S.C. 776–776f), as amended by the Act of July 11, 1957, sections 1–3, is repealed, effective December 31, 1985. The Secretary of State shall dispose of any United States property held by the International Pacific Salmon Fisheries Commission on the date of its

16 USC 776, 776a.

16 USC 3642.

termination in a manner which would further the purposes of this title.

16 USC 3643.

SEC. 14. SAVINGS.

Indians.

This title shall not be interpreted or applied so as to affect or modify rights established in existing Indian treaties and other existing Federal laws, including the Order entered in Confederated Tribes and Bands of the Yakima Indian Nation v. Baldrige, Civil No. 80-342 (WD WASH.). This section shall not be interpreted or applied so as to affect or modify any rights or obligations of the United States pursuant to the Treaty.

16 USC 3644.

SEC. 15. RESTRICTION ON SPENDING AUTHORITY.

New spending authority or authority to enter into contracts provided in this Act shall be effective only to such extent, or in such amounts, as are provided in advance in appropriation Acts.

Approved March 15, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1093:

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-16 (Comm. on Merchant Marine and Fisheries).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Mar. 5, considered and passed House.
Mar. 7, considered and passed Senate.

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99 STAT. 118

Public Law 99-62
99th Congress

An Act

July 11, 1985
[H.R. 2800]

To provide authorization of appropriations for activities under the Land Remote-Sensing Commercialization Act of 1984.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 609 of the Land Remote-Sensing Commercialization Act of 1984 (15 U.S.C. 4278) is amended by striking "$75,000,000 for fiscal year 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "$295,000,000 for fiscal years 1985 through 1989, of which not more than $125,000,000 shall be available for fiscal years 1985 and 1986,".

98 Stat. 466.

Approved July 11, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2800 (S. 1279):

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-177 (Comm. on Science and Technology).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-86 accompanying S. 1279 (Comm. on Commerce, Science, and Transportation).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
June 24, considered and passed House.
June 26, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 1279.
June 27, Senate receded from its amendment and concurred in House bill.

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99 STAT. 120

Public Law 99-64
99th Congress

An Act

July 12, 1985
[S. 883]

To reauthorize the Export Administration Act of 1979, and for other purposes.

Exports.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

Titles I and II of this Act may be cited as the "Export Administration Amendments Act of 1985".

Export Administration Amendments Act of 1985.
50 USC app. 2401 note.

TITLE I—AMENDMENTS TO EXPORT ADMINISTRATION ACT OF 1979

SEC. 101. REFERENCE TO THE ACT.

Except as a otherwise expressly provided, whenever in this title an amendment is expressed in terms of an amendment to a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of the Export Administration Act of 1979.

50 USC app. 2401 note.

SEC. 102. FINDINGS.

Commerce and trade.

Section 2 (50 U.S.C. App. 2401) is amended as follows:

(1) Paragraph (2) is amended by striking out "by strengthening the trade balance and the value of the United States dollar, thereby reducing inflation" and inserting in lieu thereof "by earning foreign exchange, thereby contributing favorably to the trade balance".

(2) Paragraph (3) is amended by striking out "which would strengthen the Nation's economy" and inserting in lieu thereof "consistent with the economic, security, and foreign policy objectives of the United States".

(3) Paragraph (6) is amended to read as follows:

"(6) Uncertainty of export control policy can inhibit the efforts of United States business and work to the detriment of the overall attempt to improve the trade balance of the United States.".

(4) Paragraph (9) is amended by striking out "achievement of a positive balance of payments" and inserting in lieu thereof "a positive contribution to the balance of payments".

(5) Section 2 is amended by adding at the end the following:

Hazardous materials.

"(10) It is important that the administration of export controls imposed for foreign policy purposes give special emphasis to the need to control exports of goods and substances hazardous to the public health and the environment which are banned or severely restricted for use in the United States, and which, if exported, could affect the international reputation of the United States as a responsible trading partner.

Defense and national security.

"(11) The acquisition of national security sensitive goods and technology by the Soviet Union and other countries the actions or policies of which run counter to the national security interests of the United States, has led to the significant enhancement of Soviet bloc military-industrial capabilities. This enhancement poses a threat to the security of the United States, its allies, and other friendly nations, and places additional demands on the defense budget of the United States.

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"(12) Availability to controlled countries of goods and technology from foreign sources is a fundamental concern of the United States and should be eliminated through negotiations and other appropriate means whenever possible.

"(13) Excessive dependence of the United States, its allies, or countries sharing common strategic objectives with the United States, on energy and other critical resources from potential adversaries can be harmful to the mutual and individual security of all those countries.".

SEC. 103. DECLARATION OF POLICY.

Section 3 (50 U.S.C. App. 2402) is amended as follows:

(1) Paragraph (3) is amended by inserting before the period at the end "or common strategic objectives".

(2) Paragraph (7) is amended—

(A) by striking out "every reasonable effort" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "reasonable and prompt efforts"; and

(B) by striking out "resorting to the imposition of controls on exports from the United States" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "imposing export controls".

(3) Paragraph (8) is amended—

(A) by striking out "every reasonable effort" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "reasonable and prompt efforts"; and

(B) by striking out "resorting to the imposition of export controls" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "imposing export controls".

(4) Paragraph (9) is amended—

(A) by inserting "or common strategic objectives" after "commitments" each place it appears; and

(B) by inserting before the period at the end the following: ", and to encourage other friendly countries to cooperate in restricting the sale of goods and technology that can harm the security of the United States".

(5) Section 3 is amended by adding at the end the following:

Research and development.

"(12) It is the policy of the United States to sustain vigorous scientific enterprise. To do so involves sustaining the ability of scientists and other scholars freely to communicate research findings, in accordance with applicable provisions of law, by means of publication, teaching, conferences, and other forms of scholarly exchange.

Commerce and trade.

"(13) It is the policy of the United States to control the export of goods and substances banned or severely restricted for use in the United States in order to foster public health and safety and to prevent injury to the foreign policy of the United States as well as to the credibility of the United States as a responsible trading partner.

"(14) It is the policy of the United States to cooperate with countries which are allies of the United States and countries which share common strategic objectives with the United States in minimizing dependence on imports of energy and other critical resources from potential adversaries and in developing alternative supplies of such resources in order to minimize strategic threats posed by excessive hard currency earnings derived from such resource exports by countries with policies adverse to the security interests of the United States.

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International agreements.
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

"(15) It is the policy of the United States, particularly in light of the Soviet massacre of innocent men, women, and children aboard Korean Air Lines flight 7, to continue to object to exceptions to the International Control List for the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, subject to periodic review by the President.".

SEC. 104. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

(a) VALIDATED LICENSES AUTHORIZING MULTIPLE EXPORTS.—Section 4(a)(2) (50 U.S.C. App. 2403(a)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

"(2) Validated licenses authorizing multiple exports, issued pursuant to an application by the exporter, in lieu of an individual validated license for each such export, including, but not limited to, the following:

"(A) A distribution license, authorizing exports of goods to approved distributors or users of the goods in countries other than controlled countries. The Secretary shall grant the distribution license primarily on the basis of the reliability of the applicant and foreign consignees with respect to the prevention of diversion of goods to controlled countries. The Secretary shall have the responsibility of determining, with the assistance of all appropriate agencies, the reliability of applicants and their immediate consignees. The Secretary's determination shall be based on appropriate investigations of each applicant and periodic reviews of licensees and their compliance with the terms of licenses issued under this Act. Factors such as the applicant's products or volume of business, or the consignees' geographic location, sales distribution area, or degree of foreign ownership, which may be relevant with respect to individual cases, shall not be determinative in creating categories or general criteria for the denial of applications or withdrawal of a distribution license.

"(B) A comprehensive operations license, authorizing exports and reexports of technology and related goods, including items from the list of militarily critical technologies developed pursuant to section 5(d) of this Act which are included on the control list in accordance with that section, from a domestic concern to and among its foreign subsidiaries, affiliates, joint venturers, and licensees that have long-term, contractually defined relations with the exporter, are located in countries other than controlled countries, and are approved by the Secretary. The Secretary shall grant the license to manufacturing, laboratory, or related operations on the basis of approval of the exporter's systems of control, including internal proprietary controls, applicable to the technology and related goods to be exported rather than approval of individual export transactions. The Secretary and the Commissioner of Customs, consistent with their authorities under section 12(a) of this Act, and with the assistance of all appropriate agencies, shall periodically, but not less frequently than annually, perform audits of licensing procedures under this subparagraph in order to assure the integrity and effectiveness of those procedures.

Post, p. 128.

Post, p. 148.

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"(C) A project license, authorizing exports of goods or technology for a specified activity.

"(D) A service supply license, authorizing exports of spare or replacement parts for goods previously exported.".

(b) CONTROL LIST.—Section 4(b) is amended—

50 USC app. 2403.

(1) by striking out "Commodity" and "commodity"; and

(2) by striking out "consisting of any goods or technology subject to export controls under this Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "stating license requirements (other than for general licenses) for exports of goods and technology under this Act".

(c) FOREIGN AVAILABILITY.—Section 4(c) is amended—

(1) by striking out "significant" and inserting in lieu thereof "sufficient";

(2) by inserting after "those produced in the United States" the following: "so as to render the controls ineffective in achieving their purposes"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following: "In complying with the provisions of this subsection, the President shall give strong emphasis to bilateral or multilateral negotiations to eliminate foreign availability. The Secretary and the Secretary of Defense shall cooperate in gathering information relating to foreign availability, including the establishment and maintenance of a jointly operated computer system.".

(d) NOTIFICATION OF PUBLIC AND CONSULTATION WITH BUSINESS.—Section 4(f) is amended to read as follows:

"(f) NOTIFICATION OF THE PUBLIC; CONSULTATION WITH BUSINESS.—The Secretary shall keep the public fully apprised of changes in export control policy and procedures instituted in conformity with this Act with a view to encouraging trade. The Secretary shall meet regularly with representatives of a broad spectrum of enterprises, labor organizations, and citizens interested in or affected by export controls, in order to obtain their views on United States export control policy and the foreign availability of goods and technology.".

SEC. 105. NATIONAL SECURITY CONTROLS.

(a) AUTHORITY.—

(1) TRANSFERS TO EMBASSIES OF CONTROLLED COUNTRIES.—Section 5(a)(1) (50 U.S.C. App. 2404(a)(1)) is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "The authority contained in this subsection includes the authority to

prohibit or curtail the transfer of goods or technology within the United States to embassies and affiliates of controlled countries.".

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 5(a)(2) is amended—

(A) by striking out "(A)"; and

(B) by striking out subparagraph (B).

(3) SAFEGUARDS TO PREVENT DIVERSIONS.—Section 5(a)(3) is amended by striking out the last sentence.

(b) POLICY TOWARD INDIVIDUAL COUNTRIES.—

President of U.S.

(1) CONTROLLED COUNTRIES.—Section 5(b) is amended by striking out the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(1) In administering export controls for national security purposes under this section, the President shall establish as a list of controlled countries those countries set forth in section 620(f) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, except that the President may add any country to or remove any country from such list of controlled countries if he determines that the export of goods or technology to such country would or would not (as the case may be) make a significant contribution to the military potential of such country or a combination of countries which would prove detrimental to the national security of the United States. In determining whether a country is added to or removed from the list of controlled countries, the President shall take into account—

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22 USC 2370.

"(A) the extent to which the country's policies are adverse to the national security interests of the United States;

"(B) the country's Communist or non-Communist status;

"(C) the present and potential relationship of the country with the United States;

"(D) the present and potential relationships of the country with countries friendly or hostile to the United States;

"(E) the country's nuclear weapons capability and the country's compliance record with respect to multilateral nuclear weapons agreements to which the United States is a party; and

"(F) such other factors as the President considers appropriate.

Nothing in the preceding sentence shall be interpreted to limit the authority of the President provided in this Act to prohibit or curtail the export of any goods or technology to any country to which exports are controlled for national security purposes other than countries on the list of controlled countries specified in this paragraph.".

Ante, p. 123.

(2) EXPORTS TO COCOM COUNTRIES.—Section 5(b) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(2) No authority or permission to export may be required under this section before goods or technology are exported in the case of exports to a country which maintains export controls on such goods or technology cooperatively with the United States pursuant to the agreement of the group known as the Coordinating Committee, if the goods or technology is at such a level of performance characteristics that the export of the goods or technology to controlled countries requires only notification of the participating governments of the Coordinating Committee.".

(3) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 5(b)(1), as amended by paragraph (1) of this subsection, is amended in the last sentence by striking out "specified in the preceding sentence" and inserting in lieu thereof "set forth in this paragraph".

(c) CONTROL LIST.—

50 USC app. 2404.

(1) ANNUAL REVIEW.—Section 5(c) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1) by striking out "commodity"; and

(B) by amending paragraph (3) to read as follows:

Federal Register, publication.

50 USC app. 2402.

"(3) The Secretary shall review the list established pursuant to this subsection at least once each year in order to carry out the policy set forth in section 3(2)(A) of this Act and the provisions of this section, and shall promptly make such revisions of the list as may be necessary after each such review. Before beginning each annual review, the Secretary shall publish notice of that annual review in the Federal Register. The Secretary shall provide an opportunity during such review for comment and the submission of data, with or without oral presentation, by interested Government agencies and other affected or potentially affected parties. The Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register any revisions in the list, with an explanation of the reasons for the revisions. The Secretary shall further assess, as part of such review, the availability from sources outside the United States of goods and technology comparable to those subject to export controls imposed under this section.".

99 STAT. 125

Commerce and trade.

(2) Effective date.—The amendment made by paragraph (1)(B) of this subsection shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

50 USC app. 2404 note.

(d) Export Licenses.—Section 5(e) is amended—

50 USC app. 2404.

(1) in paragraph (1) by striking out "a qualified general license in lieu of a validated license" and inserting in lieu thereof "the multiple validated export licenses described in section 4(a)(2) of this Act in lieu of individual validated licenses", and

Ante, p. 122.

(2) by striking out paragraphs (3) and (4) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(3) The Secretary, subject to the provisions of subsection (l) of this section, shall not require an individual validated export license for replacement parts which are exported to replace on a one-for-one basis parts that were in a good that has been lawfully exported from the United States.

"(4) The Secretary shall periodically review the procedures with respect to the multiple validated export licenses, taking appropriate action to increase their utilization by reducing qualification requirements or lowering minimum thresholds, to combine procedures which overlap, and to eliminate those procedures which appear to be of marginal utility.

"(5) The export of goods subject to export controls under this section shall be eligible, at the discretion of the Secretary, for a distribution license and other licenses authorizing multiple exports of goods, in accordance with section 4(a)(2) of this Act. The export of technology and related goods subject to export controls under this section shall be eligible for a comprehensive operations license in accordance with section 4(a)(2)(B) of this Act.".

(e) Indexing.—Section 5(g) is amended to read as follows:

50 USC app. 2404.

"(g) Indexing.—In order to ensure that requirements for validated licenses and other licenses authorizing multiple exports are periodically removed as goods or technology subject to such requirements becomes obsolete with respect to the national security of the United States, regulations issued by the Secretary may, where appropriate, provide for annual increases in the performance levels of goods or technology subject to any such licensing requirement. The regulations issued by the Secretary shall establish as one criterion for the removal of goods or technology from such license requirements the anticipated needs of the military of controlled countries. Any such goods or technology which no longer meets the performance levels established by the regulations shall be removed from the list established pursuant to subsection (c) of this section unless, under such exceptions and under such procedures as the Secretary shall prescribe, any other department or agency of the United States objects to such removal and the Secretary determines, on the basis of such objection, that the goods or technology shall not be removed from the list. The Secretary shall also consider, where appropriate, removing site visitation requirements for goods and technology which are removed from the list unless objections described in this subsection are raised.".

(f) Multilateral Export Controls.—Section 5(i) is amended—

99 STAT. 126

(1) by striking out paragraph (3);

(2) in paragraph (4)—

(A) by striking out "(4)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(3)"; and

(B) by striking out "pursuant to paragraph (3)" and inserting in lieu thereof "by the members of the Committee"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

"(4) Agreement to enhance full compliance by all parties with the export controls imposed by agreement of the Committee through the establishment of appropriate mechanisms.

International agreements.

"(5) Agreement to improve the International Control List and minimize the approval of exceptions to that list, strengthen enforcement and cooperation in enforcement efforts, provide sufficient funding for the Committee, and improve the structure and function of the Secretariat of the Committee by upgrading professional staff, translation services, data base maintenance, communications, and facilities.

"(6) Agreement to coordinate the systems of export control documents used by the participating governments in order to verify effectively the movement of goods or technology subject to controls by the Committee from the country of any such government to any other place.

Penalties.

"(7) Agreement to establish uniform, adequate criminal and civil penalties to deter more effectively diversions of items controlled for export by agreement of the Committee.

"(8) Agreement to increase on-site inspections by national enforcement authorities of the participating governments to ensure that end users who have imported items controlled for export by agreement of the Committee are using such items for the stated end uses, and that such items are, in fact, under the control of those end users.

"(9) Agreement to strengthen the Committee so that it functions effectively in controlling export trade in a manner that better protects the national security of each participant to the mutual benefit of all participants.".

(g) Commercial Agreements With Certain Countries.—Section 5(j) is amended to read as follows:

50 USC app. 2404.

"(j) Commercial Agreements With Certain Countries.—(1) Any United States firm, enterprise, or other nongovernmental entity which enters into an agreement with any agency of the government of a controlled country, that calls for the encouragement of technical cooperation and that is intended to result in the export from the United States to the other party of unpublished technical data of United States origin, shall report to the Secretary the agreement with such agency in sufficient detail.

"(2) The provisions of paragraph (1) shall not apply to colleges, universities, or other educational institutions.".

(h) Negotiations With Other Countries.—Section 5(k) is amended—

(1) by inserting after "conducting negotiations with other countries" the following: ", including those countries not participating in the group known as the Coordinating Committee,"; and

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(2) by adding at the end the following: "In cases where such negotiations produce agreements on export restrictions comparable in practice to those maintained by the Coordinating Committee, the Secretary shall treat exports, whether by individual or multiple licenses, to countries party to such agreements in the same manner as exports to members of the Coordinating Committee are treated, including the same manner as exports are treated under subsection (b)(2) of this section and section 10(o) of this Act.".

Post, p. 143.
50 USC app. 2404.

(i) Diversion of Controlled Goods or Technology.—Section 5(l) is amended to read as follows:

"(l) Diversion of Controlled Goods or Technology.—(1) Whenever there is reliable evidence, as determined by the Secretary, that goods or technology which were exported subject to national security controls under this section to a controlled country have been diverted to an unauthorized use or consignee in violation of the conditions of an export license, the Secretary for as long as that diversion continues—

"(A) shall deny all further exports, to or by the party or parties responsible for that diversion or who conspired in that diversion, of any goods or technology subject to national security controls under this section, regardless of whether such goods or technology are available from sources outside the United States; and

"(B) may take such additional actions under this Act with respect to the party or parties referred to in subparagraph (A) as the Secretary determines are appropriate in the circumstances to deter the further unauthorized use of the previously exported goods or technology.

"(2) As used in this subsection, the term 'unauthorized use' means the use of United States goods or technology in the design, production, or maintenance of any item on the United States Munitions List, or the military use of any item on the International Control List of the Coordinating Committee.".

(j) ADDITIONAL NATIONAL SECURITY PROVISIONS.—Section 5 is amended by adding at the end the following new subsections:

50 USC app. 2404.

"(m) GOODS CONTAINING MICROPROCESSORS.—Export controls may not be imposed under this section on a good solely on the basis that the good contains an embedded microprocessor, if such microprocessor cannot be used or altered to perform functions other than those it performs in the good in which it is embedded. An export control may be imposed under this section on a good containing an embedded microprocessor referred to in the preceding sentence only on the basis that the functions of the good itself are such that the good, if exported, would make a significant contribution to the military potential of any other country or combination of countries which would prove detrimental to the national security of the United States.

"(n) SECURITY MEASURES.—The Secretary and the Commissioner of Customs, consistent with their authorities under section 12(a) of this Act, and in consultation with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, shall provide advice and technical assistance to persons engaged in the manufacture or handling of goods or technology subject to export controls under this section to develop security systems to prevent violations or evasions of those export controls.

Post, p. 148.

"(o) RECORDKEEPING.—The Secretary, the Secretary of Defense, and any other department or agency consulted in connection with a license application under this Act or a revision of a list of goods or technology subject to export controls under this Act, shall make and keep records of their respective advice, recommendations, or decisions in connection with any such license application or revision, including the factual and analytical basis of the advice, recommendations, or decisions.

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"(p) NATIONAL SECURITY CONTROL OFFICE.—To assist in carrying out the policy and other authorities and responsibilities of the Secretary of Defense under this section, there is established in the Department of Defense a National Security Control Office under the direction of the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy. The Secretary of Defense may delegate to that office such of those authorities and responsibilities, together with such ancillary functions, as the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate.

Establishment.

"(q) EXCLUSION FOR AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES.—This section does not authorize export controls on agricultural commodities, including fats, oils, and animal hides and skins.".

SEC. 106. MILITARILY CRITICAL TECHNOLOGIES.

(a) Section 5(d) (50 U.S.C. App. 2404(d)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2)—

(A) in subparagraph (B) by striking out "and" after "test equipment,";

(B) by adding "and" at the end of subparagraph (C);

(C) by inserting after subparagraph (C) the following:

"(D) keystone equipment which would reveal or give insight into the design and manufacture of a United States military system,"; and

(D) by striking out "countries to which exports are controlled under this section" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: ", or available in fact from sources outside the United States to, controlled countries"; and

(2) by striking out paragraphs (4) through (6) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(4) The Secretary and the Secretary of Defense shall integrate items on the list of militarily critical technologies into the control list in accordance with the requirements of subsection (c) of this section. The integration of items on the list of militarily critical technologies into the control list shall proceed with all deliberate speed. Any disagreement between the Secretary and the Secretary of Defense regarding the integration of an item on the list of militarily critical technologies into the control list shall be resolved by the President. Except in the case of a good or technology for which a validated license may be required under subsection (f)(4) or (h)(6) of this section, a good or technology shall be included on the control list only if the Secretary finds that controlled countries do not possess that good or technology, or a functionally equivalent good or technology, and the good or technology or functionally equivalent good or technology is not available in fact to a controlled country from sources outside the United States in sufficient quantity and of comparable quality so that the requirement of a validated license for the export of such good or technology is or would be ineffective in achieving the purpose set forth in subsection (a) of this section. The Secretary and the Secretary of Defense shall jointly submit a report to the Congress, not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of the Export Administration Amendments Act of 1985, on actions taken to carry out this paragraph. For the purposes of this paragraph, assessment of whether a good or technology is functionally equivalent shall include consideration of the factors described in subsection (f)(3) of this section.

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"(5) The Secretary of Defense shall establish a procedure for reviewing the goods and technology on the list of militarily critical technologies at least annually for the purpose of removing from the list of militarily critical technologies any goods or technology that are no longer militarily critical. The Secretary of Defense may add to the list of militarily critical technologies any good or technology that the Secretary of Defense determines is militarily critical, consistent with the provisions of paragraph (2) of this subsection. If the Secretary and the Secretary of Defense disagree as to whether any change in the list of militarily critical technologies by the addition or removal of a good or technology should also be made in the control list, consistent with the provisions of the fourth sentence of paragraph (4) of this subsection, the President shall resolve the disagreement.

President of U.S.

"(6) The establishment of adequate export controls for militarily critical technology and keystone equipment shall be accompanied by suitable reductions in the controls on the products of that technology and equipment.

Report.

"(7) The Secretary of Defense shall, not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of the Export Administration Amendments Act of 1985, report to the Congress on efforts by the Department of Defense to assess the impact that the transfer of goods or technology on the list of militarily critical technologies to controlled countries has had or will have on the military capabilities of those countries.".

SEC. 107. FOREIGN AVAILABILITY.

(a) Consultations on Foreign Availability.—Section 5(f)(1) (50 U.S.C. App. 2404(f)(1)) is amended by inserting after "The Secretary, in consultation with" the following: "the Secretary of Defense and other".

(b) Determinations of Foreign Availability.—Section 5(f)(3) is amended to read as follows:

"(3) The Secretary shall make a foreign availability determination under paragraph (1) or (2) on the Secretary's own initiative or upon receipt of an allegation from an export license applicant that such availability exists. In making any such determination, the Secretary shall accept the representations of applicants made in writing and supported by reasonable evidence, unless such representations are contradicted by reliable evidence, including scientific or physical examination, expert opinion based upon adequate factual information, or intelligence information. In making determinations of foreign availability, the Secretary may consider such factors as cost, reliability, the availability and reliability of spare parts and the cost and quality thereof, maintenance programs, durability, quality of end products produced by the item proposed for export, and scale of production. For purposes of this paragraph, 'evidence' may include such items as foreign manufacturers' catalogues, brochures, or operation or maintenance manuals, articles from reputable trade publications, photographs, and depositions based upon eyewitness accounts.".

(c) NEGOTIATIONS ON FOREIGN AVAILABILITY.—Section 5(f)(4) is amended by striking out the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "In any case in which export controls are maintained under this section notwithstanding foreign availability, on account of a determination by the President that the absence of the controls would prove detrimental to the national security of the United States, the President shall actively pursue negotiations with the governments of the appropriate foreign countries for the purpose of eliminating such availability. If, within 6 months after the President's determination, the foreign availability has not been eliminated, the Secretary may not, after the end of that 6-month period, require a validated license for the export of the goods or technology involved. The President may extend the 6-month period described in the preceding sentence for an additional period of 12 months if the President certifies to the Congress that the negotiations involved are progressing and that the absence of the export control involved would prove detrimental to the national security of the United States.".

President of U.S.

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(d) OFFICE OF FOREIGN AVAILABILITY.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Section 5(f)(5) is amended to read as follows:

50 USC app. 2404.

"(5) The Secretary shall establish in the Department of Commerce an Office of Foreign Availability which, in the fiscal year 1985, shall be under the direction of the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Trade Administration, and, in the fiscal year 1986 and thereafter, shall be under the direction of the Under Secretary of Commerce for Export Administration. The Office shall be responsible for gathering and analyzing all the necessary information in order for the Secretary to make determinations of foreign availability under this Act. The Secretary shall make available to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate at the end of each 6-month period during a fiscal year information on the operations of the Office, and on improvements in the Government's ability to assess foreign availability, during that 6-month period, including information on the training of personnel, the use of computers, and the use of Foreign Commercial Service officers. Such information shall also include a description of representative determinations made under this Act during that 6-month period that foreign availability did or did not exist (as the case may be), together with an explanation of such determinations.".

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 5(f)(6) is amended by striking out "Office of Export Administration" and inserting in lieu thereof "Office of Foreign Availability".

(e) REGULATIONS ON FOREIGN AVAILABILITY.—Section 5(f) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(7) The Secretary shall issue regulations with respect to determinations of foreign availability under this Act not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of the Export Administration Amendments Act of 1985.".

(f) Technical Advisory Committees.—

(1) Membership.—Section 5(h)(1) is amended by inserting ", the intelligence community," after "Departments of Commerce, Defense, and State".

(2) Matters on which committees consulted.—Section 5(h)(2) is amended in the second sentence—

(A) by striking out "and" at the end of clause (C); and

(B) by inserting before the period at the end of the second sentence the following: ", and (E) any other questions relating to actions designed to carry out the policy set forth in section 3(2)(A) of this Act.".

50 USC app. 2402.

50 USC app. 2404.

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(3) Foreign availability certifications.—Section 5(h)(6) is amended by striking out "and provides adequate documentation" and all that follows through the end of the paragraph and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "the technical advisory committee shall submit that certification to the Congress at the same time the certification is made to the Secretary, together with the documentation for the certification. The Secretary shall investigate the foreign availability so certified and, not later than 90 days after the certification is made, shall submit a report to the technical advisory committee and the Congress stating that—

Report.

"(A) the Secretary has removed the requirement of a validated license for the export of the goods or technology, on account of the foreign availability,

"(B) the Secretary has recommended to the President that negotiations be conducted to eliminate the foreign availability, or

"(C) the Secretary has determined on the basis of the investigation that the foreign availability does not exist.

To the extent necessary, the report may be submitted on a classified basis. In any case in which the Secretary has recommended to the President that negotiations be conducted to eliminate the foreign availability, the President shall actively pursue such negotiations with the governments of the appropriate foreign countries. If, within 6 months after the Secretary submits such report to the Congress, the foreign availability has not been eliminated, the Secretary may not, after the end of that 6-month period, require a validated license for the export of the goods or technology involved. The President may extend the 6-month period described in the preceding sentence for an additional period of 12 months if the President certifies to the Congress that the negotiations involved are progressing and that the absence of the export control involved would prove detrimental to the national security of the United States.".

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(i) Standard for Foreign Availability.—Subsections (f)(1), (f)(2), and (h)(6) of section 5 are each amended by striking out "sufficient quality" and inserting in lieu thereof "comparable quality".

50 USC app. 2404.

(j) Technical Amendments.—

(1) Subsection (f)(1) of section 5 is amended in the second sentence by striking out "such destinations" and inserting in lieu thereof "controlled countries".

(2) Subsections (f)(4) and (h)(6) of section 5 are each amended by striking out "countries to which exports are controlled under this section" and inserting in lieu thereof "controlled countries".

SEC. 108. FOREIGN POLICY CONTROLS.

(a) Authority.—Section 6(a) (50 U.S.C. App. 2405(a)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking out "or (8)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(8), or (13)"; and

(B) by inserting in the second sentence after "Secretary of State" the following: ", the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of the Treasury, the United States Trade Representative,";

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through (4) as paragraphs (3) through (5), respectively;

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(3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:

"(2) Any export control imposed under this section shall apply to any transaction or activity undertaken with the intent to evade that export control, even if that export control would not otherwise apply to that transaction or activity."; and

(4) in paragraph (3), as redesignated by paragraph (2) of this subsection, by striking out "(e)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(f)".

(b) CRITERIA.—Section 6(b) is amended to read as follows:

50 USC app. 2405.
President of U.S.

"(b) CRITERIA.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, the President may impose, extend, or expand export controls under this section only if the President determines that—

"(A) such controls are likely to achieve the intended foreign policy purpose, in light of other factors, including the availability from other countries of the goods or technology proposed for such controls, and that foreign policy purpose cannot be achieved through negotiations or other alternative means;

"(B) the proposed controls are compatible with the foreign policy objectives of the United States and with overall United States policy toward the country to which exports are to be subject to the proposed controls;

"(C) the reaction of other countries to the imposition, extension, or expansion of such export controls by the United States is not likely to render the controls ineffective in achieving the intended foreign policy purpose or to be counterproductive to United States foreign policy interests;

"(D) the effect of the proposed controls on the export performance of the United States, the competitive position of the United States in the international economy, the international reputation of the United States as a supplier of goods and technology, or on the economic well-being of individual United States companies and their employees and communities does not exceed the benefit to United States foreign policy objectives; and

"(E) the United States has the ability to enforce the proposed controls effectively.

"(2) With respect to those export controls in effect under this section on the date of the enactment of the Export Administration Amendments Act of 1985, the President, in determining whether to extend those controls, as required by subsection (a)(3) of this section, shall consider the criteria set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection and shall consider the foreign policy consequences of modifying the export controls.".

(c) CONSULTATION WITH INDUSTRY.—Section 6(c) is amended to read as follows:

"(c) CONSULTATION WITH INDUSTRY.—The Secretary in every possible instance shall consult with and seek advice from affected United States industries and appropriate advisory committees established under section 135 of the Trade Act of 1974 before imposing any export control under this section. Such consultation and advice shall be with respect to the criteria set forth in subsection (b)(1) and such other matters as the Secretary considers appropriate.".

19 USC 2155.

(d) CONSULTATION WITH OTHER COUNTRIES.—Section 6 is amended—

50 USC app. 2405.

(1) by redesignating subsections (d) through (k) as subsections (e) through (l), respectively; and

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(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection:

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"(d) CONSULTATION WITH OTHER COUNTRIES.—When imposing export controls under this section, the President shall, at the earliest appropriate opportunity, consult with the countries with which the United States maintains export controls cooperatively, and with such other countries as the President considers appropriate, with respect to the criteria set forth in subsection (b)(1) and such other matters as the President considers appropriate.".

Ante, p. 132.

(e) CONSULTATION WITH THE CONGRESS.—Section 6(f), as redesignated by subsection (d) of this section, is amended to read as follows:

President of U.S.

"(f) CONSULTATION WITH THE CONGRESS.—(1) The President may impose or expand export controls under this section, or extend such controls as required by subsection (a)(3) of this section, only after consultation with the Congress, including the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate.

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Report.

"(2) The President may not impose, expand, or extend export controls under this section until the President has submitted to the Congress a report—

"(A) specifying the purpose of the controls;

"(B) specifying the determinations of the President (or, in the case of those export controls described in subsection (b)(2), the considerations of the President) with respect to each of the criteria set forth in subsection (b)(1), the bases for such determinations (or considerations), and any possible adverse foreign policy consequences of the controls;

"(C) describing the nature, the subjects, and the results of, or the plans for, the consultation with industry pursuant to subsection (c) and with other countries pursuant to subsection (d);

"(D) specifying the nature and results of any alternative means attempted under subsection (e), or the reasons for imposing, expanding, or extending the controls without attempting any such alternative means; and

"(E) describing the availability from other countries of goods or technology comparable to the goods or technology subject to the proposed export controls, and describing the nature and results of the efforts made pursuant to subsection (h) to secure the cooperation of foreign governments in controlling the foreign availability of such comparable goods or technology.

Such report shall also indicate how such controls will further significantly the foreign policy of the United States or will further its declared international obligations.

Report.

"(3) To the extent necessary to further the effectiveness of the export controls, portions of a report required by paragraph (2) may be submitted to the Congress on a classified basis, and shall be subject to the provisions of section 12(c) of this Act. Each such report shall, at the same time it is submitted to the Congress, also be submitted to the General Accounting Office for the purpose of assessing the report's full compliance with the intent of this subsection.

Post, p. 150.

Report.

"(4) In the case of export controls under this section which prohibit or curtail the export of any agricultural commodity, a report submitted pursuant to paragraph (2) shall be deemed to be the report required by section 7(g)(3)(A) of this Act.

Post, p. 140.
Report.

"(5) In addition to any written report required under this section, the Secretary, not less frequently than annually, shall present in oral testimony before the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a report on policies and actions taken by the Government to carry out the provisions of this section.".

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(f) EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN ITEMS FROM FOREIGN POLICY CONTROLS.—Section 6(g), as redesignated by subsection (d) of this section, is amended—

Ante, p. 132.

(1) by inserting after the first sentence the following: "This section also does not authorize export controls on donations of goods (including, but not limited to, food, educational materials, seeds and hand tools, medicines and medical supplies, water resources equipment, clothing and shelter materials, and basic household supplies) that are intended to meet basic human needs."; and

(2) by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "This subsection shall not apply to any

export control on medicine, medical supplies, or food, except for donations, which is in effect on the date of the enactment of the Export Administration Amendments Act of 1985. Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this subsection, the President may impose export controls under this section on medicine, medical supplies, food, and donations of goods in order to carry out the policy set forth in paragraph (13) of section 3 of this Act.". *Ante*, p. 121.

(g) Foreign Availability.—

(1) In general.—Section 6(h), as redesignated by subsection (d) of this section, is amended— *Ante*, p. 132.

(A) by inserting "(1)" immediately before the first sentence; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

"(2) Before extending any export control pursuant to subsection (a)(3) of this section, the President shall evaluate the results of his actions under paragraph (1) of this subsection and shall include the results of that evaluation in his report to the Congress pursuant to subsection (f) of this section. President of U.S.

"(3) If, within 6 months after the date on which export controls under this section are imposed or expanded, or within 6 months after the date of the enactment of the Export Administration Amendments Act of 1985 in the case of export controls in effect on such date of enactment, the President's efforts under paragraph (1) are not successful in securing the cooperation of foreign governments described in paragraph (1) with respect to those export controls, the Secretary shall thereafter take into account the foreign availability of the goods or technology subject to the export controls. If the Secretary affirmatively determines that a good or technology subject to the export controls is available in sufficient quantity and comparable quality from sources outside the United States to countries subject to the export controls so that denial of an export license would be ineffective in achieving the purposes of the controls, then the Secretary shall, during the period of such foreign availability, approve any license application which is required for the export of the good or technology and which meets all requirements for such a license. The Secretary shall remove the good or technology from the list established pursuant to subsection (l) of this section if the Secretary determines that such action is appropriate.

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"(4) In making a determination of foreign availability under paragraph (3) of this subsection, the Secretary shall follow the procedures set forth in section 5(f)(3) of this Act.".

Ante, p. 129.
50 USC app. 2405 note.

(2) Amendments not applicable to certain existing controls.—The amendments made by paragraph (1) of this subsection shall not apply to export controls in effect under subsection (i), (j), or (k) of section 6 of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (as redesignated by subsection (d) of this section) immediately before the date of the enactment of this Act, or to export controls made effective by subsection (i)(2) of this section or by section 6(n) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (as added by subsection (l)(1) of this section). *Ante*, p. 132. *Post*, p. 136.

(h) International Obligations.—Section 6(i), as redesignated by subsection (d) of this section, is amended by striking out "(f), and (g)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(e), (g), and (h)". *Ante*, p. 132.

(i) Countries Supporting International Terrorism.—Section 6(j), as redesignated by subsection (d) of this section, is amended to read as follows:

"(j) Countries Supporting International Terrorism.—(1) The Secretary and the Secretary of State shall notify the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate at least 30 days before any license is approved for the export of goods or technology valued at more than $7,000,000 to any country concerning which the Secretary of State has made the following determinations:

"(A) Such country has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism.

"(B) Such exports would make a significant contribution to the military potential of such country, including its military logistics capability, or would enhance the ability of such country to support acts of international terrorism.

President of U.S.
Report.

"(2) Any determination which has been made with respect to a country under paragraph (1) of this subsection may not be rescinded unless the President, at least 30 days before the proposed rescission would take effect, submits to the Congress a report justifying the rescission and certifying that—

"(A) the country concerned has not provided support for international terrorism, including support or sanctuary for any major terrorist or terrorist group in its territory, during the preceding 6-month period; and

"(B) the country concerned has provided assurances that it will not support acts of international terrorism in the future.".

(j) Crime Control Instruments.—

(1) Concurrence of secretary of state.—Section 6(k)(1), as redesignated by subsection (d) of this section, is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: "Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act—

"(A) any determination of the Secretary of what goods or technology shall be included on the list established pursuant to subsection (l) of this section as a result of the export restrictions imposed by this subsection shall be made with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, and

"(B) any determination of the Secretary to approve or deny an export license application to export crime control or detection instruments or equipment shall be made in concurrence with the recommendations of the Secretary of State submitted to the

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Secretary with respect to the application pursuant to section 10(e) of this Act,

Post, p. 142.

except that, if the Secretary does not agree with the Secretary of State with respect to any determination under subparagraph (A) or (B), the matter shall be referred to the President for resolution.".

50 USC app. 2405
note.

(2) Applicability of amendment.—The amendment made by paragraph (1) of this subsection shall apply to determinations of the Secretary of Commerce which are made on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Ante, p. 132.

(k) Control List.—Section 6(l), as redesignated by subsection (d) of this section, is amended—

(1) in the first sentence by striking out "commodity"; and

(2) by amending the second sentence to read as follows: "The Secretary shall clearly identify on the control list which goods or technology, and which countries or destinations, are subject to which types of controls under this section.".

(l) Additional Provisions on Foreign Policy Controls.—

(1) Contract sanctity, extension of certain controls, and expanded authority.—Section 6 is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(m) Effect on Existing Contracts and Licenses.—The President may not, under this section, prohibit or curtail the export or reexport of goods, technology, or other information—

"(1) in performance of a contract or agreement entered into before the date on which the President reports to the Congress, pursuant to subsection (f) of this section, his intention to impose controls on the export or reexport of such goods, technology, or other information, or

"(2) under a validated license or other authorization issued under this Act,

unless and until the President determines and certifies to the Congress that—

"(A) a breach of the peace poses a serious and direct threat to the strategic interest of the United States,

"(B) the prohibition or curtailment of such contracts, agreements, licenses, or authorizations will be instrumental in remedying the situation posing the direct threat, and

"(C) the export controls will continue only so long as the direct threat persists.

South Africa. Effective date.

"(n) Extension of Certain Controls.—Those export controls imposed under this section with respect to South Africa which were in effect on February 28, 1982, and ceased to be effective on March 1, 1982, September 15, 1982, or January 20, 1983, shall become effective on the date of the enactment of this subsection, and shall remain in effect until 1 year after such date of enactment. At the end of that 1-year period, any of those controls made effective by this subsection may be extended by the President in accordance with subsections (b) and (f) of this section.

"(o) Expanded Authority to Impose Controls.—(1) In any case in which the President determines that it is necessary to impose controls under this section without any limitation contained in subsection (c), (d), (e), (g), (h), or (m) of this section, the President may impose those controls only if the President submits that determination to the Congress, together with a report pursuant to subsection (f) of this section with respect to the proposed controls, and only if a law is enacted authorizing the imposition of those controls. If a joint resolution authorizing the imposition of those controls is introduced in either House of Congress within 30 days after the Congress receives the determination and report of the President, that joint resolution shall be referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and to the appropriate committee of the House of Representatives. If either such committee has not reported the joint resolution at the end of 30 days after its referral, the committee shall be discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution.

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"(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'joint resolution' means a joint resolution the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: 'That the Congress, having received on   a determination of the President under section 6(o)(1) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 with respect to the export controls which are set forth in the report submitted to the Congress with that determination, authorizes the President to impose those export controls.', with the date of the receipt of the determination and report inserted in the blank.

Ante, p. 136.

"(3) In the computation of the periods of 30 days referred to in paragraph (1), there shall be excluded the days on which either House of Congress is not in session because of an adjournment of more than 3 days to a day certain or because of an adjournment of the Congress sine die.".

50 USC app. 2405 note.

(2) Applicability of amendments.—Subsections (m) and (o) of section 6 of the Export Administration Act of 1979, as added by paragraph (1) of this subsection, shall not apply to export controls in effect immediately before the date of the enactment of this Act, or to export controls made effective by subsection (i)(2) of this section or by section 6(n) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (as added by paragraph (1) of this subsection).

SEC. 109. PETITIONS FOR MONITORING OR SHORT SUPPLY CONTROLS.

Section 7(c) (50 U.S.C. App. 2406(c)) is amended to read as follows:

"(c) Petitions for Monitoring or Controls.—(1)(A) Any entity, including a trade association, firm, or certified or recognized union or group of workers, that is representative of an industry or a substantial segment of an industry that processes metallic materials capable of being recycled may transmit a written petition to the Secretary requesting the monitoring of exports or the imposition of export controls, or both, with respect to any such material, in order to carry out the policy set forth in section 3(2)(C) of this Act.

50 USC app. 2402.

"(B) Each petition shall be in such form as the Secretary shall prescribe and shall contain information in support of the action requested. The petition shall include any information reasonably available to the petitioner indicating that each of the criteria set forth in paragraph (3)(A) of this subsection is satisfied.

Federal Register, publication.

"(2) Within 15 days after receipt of any petition described in paragraph (1), the Secretary shall publish a notice in the Federal Register. The notice shall—

"(A) include the name of the material that is the subject of the petition,

"(B) include the Schedule B number of the material as set forth in the Statistical Classification of Domestic and Foreign Commodities Exported from the United States,

"(C) indicate whether the petitioner is requesting that controls or monitoring, or both, be imposed with respect to the exportation of such material, and

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"(D) provide that interested persons shall have a period of 30 days beginning on the date of publication of such notice to submit to the Secretary written data, views or arguments, with or without opportunity for oral presentation, with respect to the matter involved.

At the request of the petitioner or any other entity described in paragraph (1)(A) with respect to the material that is the subject of the petition, or at the request of any entity representative of producers or exporters of such material, the Secretary shall conduct public hearings with respect to the subject of the petition, in which case the 30-day period may be extended to 45 days.

"(3)(A) Within 45 days after the end of the 30- or 45-day period described in paragraph (2), as the case may be, the Secretary shall determine whether to impose monitoring or controls, or both, on the export of the material that is the subject of the petition, in order to carry out the policy set forth in section 3(2)(C) of this Act. In making such determination, the Secretary shall determine whether—

50 USC app. 2402.

"(i) there has been a significant increase, in relation to a specific period of time, in exports of such material in relation to domestic supply and demand;

"(ii) there has been a significant increase in the domestic price of such material or a domestic shortage of such material relative to demand;

"(iii) exports of such material are as important as any other cause of a domestic price increase or shortage relative to demand found under clause (ii);

"(iv) a domestic price increase or shortage relative to demand found under clause (ii) has significantly adversely affected or may significantly adversely affect the national economy or any sector thereof, including a domestic industry; and

"(v) monitoring or controls, or both, are necessary in order to carry out the policy set forth in section 3(2)(C) of this Act.

Federal Register, publication.

"(B) The Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register a detailed statement of the reasons for the Secretary's determination pursuant to subparagraph (A) of whether to impose monitoring or controls, or both, including the findings of fact in support of that determination.

Federal Register, publication.

"(4) Within 15 days after making a determination under paragraph (3) to impose monitoring or controls on the export of a material, the Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register proposed regulations with respect to such monitoring or controls. Within 30 days after the publication of such proposed regulations, and after considering any public comments on the proposed regulations, the Secretary shall publish and implement final regulations with respect to such monitoring or controls.

"(5) For purposes of publishing notices in the Federal Register and scheduling public hearings pursuant to this subsection, the Secretary may consolidate petitions, and responses to such petitions, which involve the same or related materials.

"(6) If a petition with respect to a particular material or group of materials has been considered in accordance with all the procedures prescribed in this subsection, the Secretary may determine, in the absence of significantly changed circumstances, that any other petition with respect to the same material or group of materials which is filed within 6 months after the consideration of the prior petition has been completed does not merit complete consideration under this subsection.

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"(7) The procedures and time limits set forth in this subsection with respect to a petition filed under this subsection shall take precedence over any review undertaken at the initiative of the Secretary with respect to the same subject as that of the petition.

"(8) The Secretary may impose monitoring or controls, on a temporary basis, on the export of a metallic material after a petition is filed under paragraph (1)(A) with respect to that material but before the Secretary makes a determination under paragraph (3) with respect to that material only if—

"(A) the failure to take such temporary action would result in irreparable harm to the entity filing the petition, or to the national economy or segment thereof, including a domestic industry, and

"(B) the Secretary considers such action to be necessary to carry out the policy set forth in section 3(2)(C) of this Act.

50 USC app. 2402.

"(9) The authority under this subsection shall not be construed to affect the authority of the Secretary under any other provision of this Act, except that if the Secretary determines, on the Secretary's own initiative, to impose monitoring or controls, or both, on the export of metallic materials capable of being recycled, under the authority of this section, the Secretary shall publish the reasons for such action in accordance with paragraph (3) (A) and (B) of this subsection.

"(10) Nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed to preclude submission on a confidential basis to the Secretary of information relevant to a decision to impose or remove monitoring or controls under the authority of this Act, or to preclude consideration of such information by the Secretary in reaching decisions required under this subsection. The provisions of this paragraph shall not be construed to affect the applicability of section 552(b) of title 5, United States Code.".

SEC. 110. SHORT SUPPLY CONTROLS.

(a) DOMESTICALLY PRODUCED CRUDE OIL.—Section 7(d) (50 U.S.C. App. 2406(d)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1) by striking out "unless" and all that follows through "met" and inserting in lieu thereof "subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection";

(2) in paragraph (2)(A) by striking out "makes and publishes" and inserting in lieu thereof "so recommends to the Congress after making and publishing";

(3) in paragraph (2)(B)—

(A) by striking out "reports such findings" and inserting in lieu thereof "includes such findings in his recommendation"; and

(B) by striking out "thereafter" and all that follows through the end of the sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "after receiving that recommendation, agrees to a joint resolution which approves such exports on the basis of those findings, and which is thereafter enacted into law."; and

(4) by adding at the end the following:

"(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 20 of this Act, the provisions of this subsection shall expire on September 30, 1990.".

Post, p. 155.

(b) REFINED PETROLEUM PRODUCTS.—Section 7(e)(1) is amended in the first sentence by striking out "No" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "In any case in which the President determines that

99 STAT. 140

it is necessary to impose export controls on refined petroleum products in order to carry out the policy set forth in section 3(2)(C) of this Act, the President shall notify the Congress of that determination. The President shall also notify the Congress if and when he determines that such export controls are no longer necessary. During any period in which a determination that such export controls are necessary is in effect, no".

50 USC app. 2402.

50 USC app. 2406.

(c) UNPROCESSED RED CEDAR.—Section 7(i) is amended—

(1) in the last sentence of paragraph (1) by inserting "harvested from State or Federal lands" after "red cedar logs";

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) as paragraphs (3), (4), and (5), respectively;

(3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:

"(2) To the maximum extent practicable, the Secretary shall utilize the multiple validated export licenses described in section 4(a)(2) of this Act in lieu of validated licenses for exports under this subsection."; and

Ante, p. 122.

(4) by amending paragraph (5)(A), as redesignated by paragraph (2) of this subsection, to read as follows:

"(A) lumber of American Lumber Standards Grades of Number 3 dimension or better, or Pacific Lumber Inspection Bureau Export R-List Grades of Number 3 common or better;".

(d) AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES.—Section 7(g)(3) is amended to read as follows:

President of U.S. Report.

"(3)(A) If the President imposes export controls on any agricultural commodity in order to carry out the policy set forth in paragraph (2)(B), (2)(C), (7), or (8) of section 3 of this Act, the President shall immediately transmit a report on such action to the Congress, setting forth the reasons for the controls in detail and specifying the period of time, which may not exceed 1 year, that the controls are proposed to be in effect. If the Congress, within 60 days after the date of its receipt of the report, adopts a joint resolution pursuant to paragraph (4) approving the imposition of the export controls, then such controls shall remain in effect for the period specified in the report, or until terminated by the President, whichever occurs first. If the Congress, within 60 days after the date of its receipt of such report, fails to adopt a joint resolution approving such controls, then such controls shall cease to be effective upon the expiration of that 60-day period.

Congress.

"(B) The provisions of subparagraph (A) and paragraph (4) shall not apply to export controls—

"(i) which are extended under this Act if the controls, when imposed, were approved by the Congress under subparagraph (A) and paragraph (4); or

"(ii) which are imposed with respect to a country as part of the prohibition or curtailment of all exports to that country.

"(4)(A) For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'joint resolution' means only a joint resolution the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: 'That, pursuant to section 7(g)(3) of the Export Administration Act of 1979, the President may impose export controls as specified in the report submitted to the Congress on   .', with the blank space being filled with the appropriate date.

"(B) On the day on which a report is submitted to the House of Representatives and the Senate under paragraph (3), a joint resolution with respect to the export controls specified in such report shall be introduced (by request) in the House by the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, for himself and the ranking minority member of the Committee, or by Members of the House designated by the chairman and ranking minority member; and shall be introduced (by request) in the Senate by the majority leader of the Senate, for himself and the minority leader of the Senate, or by Members of the Senate designated by the majority leader and minority leader of the Senate. If either House is not in session on the day on which such a report is submitted, the joint resolution shall be introduced in that House, as provided in the preceding sentence, on the first day thereafter on which that House is in session.

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"(C) All joint resolutions introduced in the House of Representatives shall be referred to the appropriate committee and all joint resolutions introduced in the Senate shall be referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

"(D) If the committee of either House to which a joint resolution has been referred has not reported the joint resolution at the end of 30 days after its referral, the committee shall be discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution or of any other joint resolution introduced with respect to the same matter.

"(E) A joint resolution under this paragraph shall be considered in the Senate in accordance with the provisions of section 601(b)(4) of the International Security Assistance and Arms Export Control Act of 1976. For the purpose of expediting the consideration and passage of joint resolutions reported or discharged pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph, it shall be in order for the Committee on Rules of the House of Representatives to present for consideration a resolution of the House of Representatives providing procedures for the immediate consideration of a joint resolution under this paragraph which may be similar, if applicable, to the procedures set forth in section 601(b)(4) of the International Security Assistance and Arms Export Control Act of 1976.

90 Stat. 765.

"(F) In the case of a joint resolution described in subparagraph (A), if, before the passage by one House of a joint resolution of that House, that House receives a resolution with respect to the same matter from the other House, then—

"(i) the procedure in that House shall be the same as if no joint resolution had been received from the other House; but

"(ii) the vote on final passage shall be on the joint resolution of the other House.

"(5) In the computation of the period of 60 days referred to in paragraph (3) and the period of 30 days referred to in subparagraph (D) of paragraph (4), there shall be excluded the days on which either House of Congress is not in session because of an adjournment of more than 3 days to a day certain or because of an adjournment of the Congress sine die.".

(e) CONTRACT SANCTITY.—Section 7 is amended by striking out subsection (j) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

50 USC app. 2406.
Forests and forest products.

"(j) EFFECT OF CONTROLS ON EXISTING CONTRACTS.—The export restrictions contained in subsection (i) of this section and any export controls imposed under this section shall not affect any contract to harvest unprocessed western red cedar from State lands which was entered into before October 1, 1979, and the performance of which would make the red cedar available for export. Any export controls imposed under this section on any agricultural commodity (including fats, oils, and animal hides and skins) or on any forest product or fishery product, shall not affect any contract to export entered into before the date on which such controls are imposed. For purposes of this subsection, the term 'contract to export' includes, but is not limited to, an export sales agreement and an agreement to invest in an enterprise which involves the export of goods or technology.".

Agriculture and agricultural commodities.
Fish and fishing.

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SEC. 111. LICENSING PROCEDURES.

(a) REDUCTION OF PROCESSING TIME.—Section 10 (50 U.S.C. App. 2409) is amended—

(1) by striking out "60" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "40";

(2) by striking out "90" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "60"; and

(3) by striking out "30" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "20".

(b) AMENDMENTS WITH REGARD TO EXPORTS TO COCOM COUNTRIES.—

(1) ACTION ON APPLICATIONS NOT REFERRED TO OTHER DEPARTMENTS OR AGENCIES.—Section 10(c) is amended by striking out "In each case" and inserting in lieu thereof "Except as provided in subsection (o), in each case".

(2) REFERRALS TO OTHER DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES.—Section 10(d) is amended—

(A) by striking out "In each case" and inserting in lieu thereof "Except in the case of exports described in subsection (o), in each case"; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

"Notwithstanding the 10-day period set forth in subsection (b), in the case of exports described in subsection (o), in each case in which the Secretary determines that it is necessary to refer an application to any other department or agency for its information and recommendations, the Secretary shall, immediately upon receipt of the properly completed application, refer the application to such department or agency for its review. Such review shall be concurrent with that of the Department of Commerce.".

(3) ACTION BY OTHER DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES.—Section 10(e) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1) by striking out the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Any department or agency to which an application is referred pursuant to subsection (d) shall submit to the Secretary the information or recommendations requested with respect to the application. The information or recommendations shall be submitted within 20 days after the department or agency receives the application or, in the case of exports described in subsection (o), before the expiration of the time periods permitted by that subsection."; and

(B) in paragraph (2)—

(i) by striking out "If the head" and inserting in lieu thereof "(A) Except in the case of exports described in subsection (o), if the head", and

(ii) by adding at the end the following:

"(B) In the case of exports described in subsection (o), if the head of any such department or agency notifies the Secretary, before the expiration of the 15-day period provided in subsection (o)(1), that more time is required for review by such department or agency, the Secretary shall notify the applicant, pursuant to subsection (o)(1)(C), that additional time is required to cons[illegible] the application, and such department or agency shall have ad[illegible]al time to consider the application within the limits permitted [illegible] subsection (o)(2). If such department or agency does not submit its recommendations within the time periods permitted under subsection (o), it shall be deemed by the Secretary to have no objection to the approval of such application.". 99 STAT. 143

50 USC app. 2409.

(4) ACTION BY THE SECRETARY.—Section 10(f) is amended in paragraphs (1) and (4) by adding at the end of each such paragraph the following: "The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply in the case of exports described in subsection (o).".

(c) RIGHT OF APPLICANT TO RESPOND TO NEGATIVE RECOMMENDATIONS.—Section 10(f)(2) is amended—

(1) by inserting "in writing" after "inform the applicant"; and

(2) by striking out ", and shall accord" and all that follows through the end of the paragraph and inserting in lieu thereof the following: ". Before a final determination with respect to the application is made, the applicant shall be entitled—

"(A) to respond in writing to such questions, considerations, or recommendations within 30 days after receipt of such information from the Secretary; and

"(B) upon the filing of a written request with the Secretary within 15 days after the receipt of such information, to respond in person to the department or agency raising such questions, considerations, or recommendations.

The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply in the case of exports described in subsection (o).".

(d) RIGHTS OF APPLICANT WITH RESPECT TO PROPOSED DENIAL.—Section 10(f)(3) is amended by striking out the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "In cases where the Secretary has determined that an application should be denied, the applicant shall be informed in writing, within 5 days after such determination is made, of—

"(A) the determination,

"(B) the statutory basis for the proposed denial,

"(C) the policies set forth in section 3 of this Act which would be furthered by the proposed denial,

50 USC app. 2402.

"(D) what if any modifications in or restrictions on the goods or technology for which the license was sought would allow such export to be compatible with export controls imposed under this Act,

"(E) which officers and employees of the Department of Commerce who are familiar with the application will be made reasonably available to the applicant for considerations with regard to such modifications or restrictions, if appropriate,

"(F) to the extent consistent with the national security and foreign policy of the United States, the specific considerations which led to the determination to deny the application, and

"(G) the availability of appeal procedures.

The Secretary shall allow the applicant at least 30 days to respond to the Secretary's determination before the license application is denied.".

(e) Additional Provisions.—Section 10 is amended—

(1) in the section heading by adding "; other inquiries" after "applications"; and

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(2) by adding at the end the following new subsections:

"(k) Changes in Requirements for Applications.—Except as provided in subsection (b)(3) of this section, in any case in which, after a license application is submitted, the Secretary changes the requirements for such a license application, the Secretary may request appropriate additional information of the applicant, but the Secretary may not return the application to the applicant without action because it fails to meet the changed requirements.

"(l) Other Inquiries.—(1) In any case in which the Secretary receives a written request asking for the proper classification of a good or technology on the control list, the Secretary shall, within 10 working days after receipt of the request, inform the person making the request of the proper classification.

"(2) In any case in which the Secretary receives a written request for information about the applicability of export license requirements under this Act to a proposed export transaction or series of transactions, the Secretary shall, within 30 days after receipt of the request, reply with that information to the person making the request.

"(m) Small Business Assistance.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Secretary shall develop and transmit to the Congress a plan to assist small businesses in the export licensing application process under this Act. The plan shall include, among other things, arrangements for counseling small businesses on filing applications and identifying goods or technology on the control list, proposals for seminars and conferences to educate small businesses on export controls and licensing procedures, and the preparation of informational brochures.

Business and industry.

"(n) Reports on License Applications.—(1) Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, and not later than the end of each 3-month period thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate a report listing—

"(A) all applications on which action was completed during the preceding 3-month period and which required a period longer than the period permitted under subsection (c), (f)(1), or (h) of this section, as the case may be, before notification of a decision to approve or deny the application was sent to the applicant; and

"(B) in a separate section, all applications which have been in process for a period longer than the period permitted under subsection (c), (f)(1), or (h) of this section, as the case may be, and upon which final action has not been taken.

"(2) With regard to each application, each listing shall identify—

"(A) the application case number;

"(B) the value of the goods or technology to which the application relates;

"(C) the country of destination of the goods or technology;

"(D) the date on which the application was received by the Secretary;

"(E) the date on which the Secretary approved or denied the application;

"(F) the date on which the notification of approval or denial of the application was sent to the applicant; and

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"(G) the total number of days which elapsed between receipt of the application, in its properly completed form, and the earlier of the last day of the 3-month period to which the report relates, or the date on which notification of approval or denial of the application was sent to the applicant.

"(3) With respect to an application which was referred to other departments or agencies, the listing shall also include—

"(A) the departments or agencies to which the application was referred;

"(B) the date or dates of such referral; and

"(C) the date or dates on which recommendations were received from those departments or agencies.

"(4) With respect to an application referred to any other department or agency which did not submit or has not submitted its recommendations on the application within the period permitted under subsection (e) of this section to submit such recommendations, the listing shall also include—

"(A) the office responsible for processing the application and the position of the officer responsible for the office; and

"(B) the period of time that elapsed before the recommendations were submitted or that has elapsed since referral of the application, as the case may be.

"(5) Each report shall also provide an introduction which contains—

"(A) a summary of the number of applications described in paragraph (1) (A) and (B) of this subsection, and the value of the goods or technology involved in the applications, grouped according to—

"(i) the number of days which elapsed before action on the applications was completed, or which has elapsed without action on the applications being completed, as follows: 61 to 75 days, 76 to 90 days, 91 to 105 days, 106 to 120 days, and more than 120 days; and

"(ii) the number of days which elapsed before action on the applications was completed, or which has elapsed without action on the applications being completed, beyond the period permitted under subsection (c), (f)(1), or (h) of this section for the processing of applications, as follows: not more than 15 days, 16 to 30 days, 31 to 45 days, 46 to 60 days, and more than 60 days; and

"(B) a summary by country of destination of the number of applications described in paragraph (1) (A) and (B) of this subsection, and the value of the goods or technology involved in the applications, on which action was not completed within 60 days.

"(o) EXPORTS TO MEMBERS OF COORDINATING COMMITTEE.—(1) Fifteen working days after the date of formal filing with the Secretary of an individual validated license application for the export of goods or technology to a country that maintains export controls on such goods or technology pursuant to the agreement of the governments participating in the group known as the Coordinating Committee, a license for the transaction specified in the application shall become valid and effective and the goods or technology are authorized for export pursuant to such license unless—

"(A) the application has been otherwise approved by the Secretary, in which case it shall be valid and effective according to the terms of the approval;

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"(B) the application has been denied by the Secretary pursuant to this section and the applicant has been so informed, or the applicant has been informed, pursuant to subsection (f)(3) of this section, that the application should be denied; or

"(C) the Secretary requires additional time to consider the application and the applicant has been so informed.

"(2) In the event that the Secretary notifies an applicant pursuant to paragraph (1)(C) that more time is required to consider an individual validated license application, a license for the transaction specified in the application shall become valid and effective and the goods or technology are authorized for export pursuant to such license 30 working days after the date that such license application was formally filed with the Secretary unless—

"(A) the application has been otherwise approved by the Secretary, in which case it shall be valid and effective according to the terms of the approval; or

"(B) the application has been denied by the Secretary pursuant to this section and the applicant has been so informed, or the applicant has been informed, pursuant to subsection (f)(3) of this section, that the application should be denied.

"(3) In reviewing an individual license application subject to this subsection, the Secretary shall evaluate the information set forth in the application and the reliability of the end-user.

"(4) Nothing in this subsection shall affect the scope or availability of licenses authorizing multiple exports set forth in section 4(a)(2) of this Act.

Ante, p. 122.

Effective date.

"(5) The provisions of this subsection shall take effect 4 months after the date of the enactment of the Export Administration Amendments Act of 1985.".

SEC. 112. VIOLATIONS.

(a) In General.—Section 11(a) (50 U.S.C. App. 2410(a)) is amended by inserting after "violates" the following: "or conspires to or attempts to violate".

(b) Willful Violations.—Section 11(b) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking out "exports anything contrary to" and inserting in lieu thereof "violates or conspires to or attempts to violate";

(B) by striking out "such exports" and inserting in lieu thereof "the exports involved";

(C) by inserting after "benefit of" the following: ", or that the destination or intended destination of the goods or technology involved is,"; and

(D) by striking out "country to which exports are restricted for national security or" and inserting in lieu thereof "controlled country or any country to which exports are controlled for";

(2) in paragraph (2) by striking out the last sentence; and

(3) by adding after paragraph (2) the following new paragraphs:

"(3) Any person who possesses any goods or technology—

"(A) with the intent to export such goods or technology in violation of an export control imposed under section 5 or 6 of this Act or any regulation, order, or license issued with respect to such control, or

Ante, pp. 123, 131.

"(B) knowing or having reason to believe that the goods or technology would be so exported,

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shall, in the case of a violation of an export control imposed under

Ante, p. 123. section 5 (or any regulation, order, or license issued with respect to such control), be subject to the penalties set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection and shall, in the case of a violation of an export *Ante*, p. 131. control imposed under section 6 (or any regulation, order, or license issued with respect to such control), be subject to the penalties set forth in subsection (a).

Penalties. "(4) Any person who takes any action with the intent to evade the provisions of this Act or any regulation, order, or license issued under this Act shall be subject to the penalties set forth in subsection (a), except that in the case of an evasion of an export control imposed under section 5 or 6 of this Act (or any regulation, order, or license issued with respect to such control), such person shall be subject to the penalties set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection.

"(5) Nothing in this subsection or subsection (a) shall limit the power of the Secretary to define by regulations violations under this Act.".

50 USC app. 2410. (c) CIVIL PENALTIES; ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS.—Section 11(c) is amended—

(1) by striking out "head" and all that follows in paragraph (1) through "thereof," and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary (and officers and employees of the Department of Commerce specifically designated by the Secretary)"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:

"(3) An exception may not be made to any order issued under this Act which revokes the authority of a United States person to export goods or technology unless the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate are first consulted concerning the exception.

"(4) The President may by regulation provide standards for establishing levels of civil penalty provided in this subsection based upon the seriousness of the violation, the culpability of the violator, and the violator's record of cooperation with the Government in disclosing the violation.".

(d) REFUNDS OF PENALTIES.—Section 11(e) is amended—

(1) by inserting after "subsection (c)" the following: ", or any amounts realized from the forfeiture of any property interest or proceeds pursuant to subsection (g),"; and

(2) by inserting after "refund any such penalty" the following: "imposed pursuant to subsection (c)".

(e) FORFEITURES; PRIOR CONVICTIONS.—Section 11 is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (g) as subsection (i); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (f) the following new subsections:

"(g) FORFEITURE OF PROPERTY INTEREST AND PROCEEDS.—(1) Any person who is convicted under subsection (a) or (b) of a violation of an export control imposed under section 5 of this Act (or any regulation, order, or license issued with respect to such control) shall, in addition to any other penalty, forfeit to the United States—

"(A) any of that person's interest in, security of, claim against, or property or contractual rights of any kind in the goods or tangible items that were the subject of the violation;

"(B) any of that person's interest in, security of, claim against, or property or contractual rights of any kind in tangible property that was used in the export or attempt to export that was the subject of the violation; and

"(C) any of that person's property constituting, or derived from, any proceeds obtained directly or indirectly as a result of the violation.

"(2) The procedures in any forfeiture under this subsection, and the duties and authority of the courts of the United States and the Attorney General with respect to any forfeiture action under this subsection or with respect to any property that may be subject to forfeiture under this subsection, shall be governed by the provisions of section 1963 of title 18, United States Code.

"(h) PRIOR CONVICTIONS.—No person convicted of a violation of section 793, 794, or 798 of title 18, United States Code, section 4(b) of the Internal Security Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 783(b)), or section 38 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2778) shall be eligible, at the discretion of the Secretary, to apply for or use any export license under this Act for a period of up to 10 years from the date of the conviction. The Secretary may revoke any export license under this Act in which such person has an interest at the time of the conviction.".

(f) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 11(i), as redesignated by subsection (e) of this section, is amended by striking out "or (f)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(f), (g), or (h)".

Ante, p. 147.

SEC. 113. ENFORCEMENT.

(a) GENERAL AUTHORITY.—Section 12(a) (50 U.S.C. App. 2411(a)) is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" immediately before the first sentence;

(2) by striking out "such investigations and" and inserting in lieu thereof "such investigations within the United States, and the Commissioner of Customs (and officers or employees of the United States Customs Service specifically designated by the Commissioner) may make such investigations outside of the United States, and the head of such department or agency (and such officers or employees) may";

(3) by striking out "the district court of the United States for any district in which such person is found or resides or transacts business, upon application, and" and inserting in lieu thereof "a district court of the United States,";

(4) by adding at the end the following new sentence: "In addition to the authority conferred by this paragraph, the Secretary (and officers or employees of the Department of Commerce designated by the Secretary) may conduct, outside the United States, pre-license investigations and post-shipment verifications of items licensed for export, and investigations in the enforcement of section 8 of this Act."; and

50 USC app. 2407.

(5) by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:

"(2)(A) Subject to subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, the United States Customs Service is authorized, in the enforcement of this Act, to search, detain (after search), and seize goods or technology at those ports of entry or exit from the United States where officers of the Customs Service are authorized by law to conduct such searches, detentions, and seizures, and at those places outside the United States where the Customs Service, pursuant to agreements or other arrangements with other countries, is authorized to perform enforcement activities.

"(B) An officer of the United States Customs Service may do the following in carrying out enforcement authority under this Act:

"(i) Stop, search, and examine a vehicle, vessel, aircraft, or person on which or whom such officer has reasonable cause to suspect there are any goods or technology that has been, is being, or is about to be exported from the United States in violation of this Act.

"(ii) Search any package or container in which such officer has reasonable cause to suspect there are any goods or technology that has been, is being, or is about to be exported from the United States in violation of this Act.

"(iii) Detain (after search) or seize and secure for trial any goods or technology on or about such vehicle, vessel, aircraft, or person, or in such package or container, if such officer has probable cause to believe the goods or technology has been, is being, or is about to be exported from the United States in violation of this Act.

"(iv) Make arrests without warrant for any violation of this Act committed in his or her presence or view or if the officer has probable cause to believe that the person to be arrested has committed or is committing such a violation.

The arrest authority conferred by clause (iv) of this subparagraph is in addition to any arrest authority under other laws.

50 USC app. 2407.

"(3)(A) Subject to subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, the Secretary shall have the responsibility for the enforcement of section 8 of this Act and, in the enforcement of the other provisions of this Act, the Secretary is authorized to search, detain (after search), and seize goods or technology at those places within the United States other than those ports specified in paragraph (2)(A) of this subsection. The search, detention (after search), or seizure of goods or technology at those ports and places specified in paragraph (2)(A) may be conducted by officers or employees of the Department of Commerce designated by the Secretary with the concurrence of the Commissioner of Customs or a person designated by the Commissioner.

"(B) The Secretary may designate any employee of the Office of Export Enforcement of the Department of Commerce to do the following in carrying out enforcement authority under this Act:

"(i) Execute any warrant or other process issued by a court or officer of competent jurisdiction with respect to the enforcement of the provisions of this Act.

"(ii) Make arrests without warrant for any violation of this Act committed in his or her presence or view, or if the officer or employee has probable cause to believe that the person to be arrested has committed or is committing such a violation.

"(iii) Carry firearms in carrying out any activity described in clause (i) or (ii).

"(4) The authorities first conferred by the Export Administration Amendments Act of 1985 under paragraph (3) shall be exercised pursuant to guidelines approved by the Attorney General. Such guidelines shall be issued not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of the Export Administration Amendments Act of 1985.

Ante, p. 147.

"(5) All cases involving violations of this Act shall be referred to the Secretary for purposes of determining civil penalties and administrative sanctions under section 11(c) of this Act, or to the Attorney General for criminal action in accordance with this Act.

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"(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the United States Customs Service may expend in the enforcement of export controls under this Act not more than $12,000,000 in the fiscal year 1985 and not more than $14,000,000 in the fiscal year 1986.

Federal Register, publication.

"(7) Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of the Export Administration Amendments Act of 1985, the Secretary, with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall publish in the Federal Register procedures setting forth, in accordance with this subsection, the responsibilities of the Department of Commerce and the United States Customs Service in the enforcement of this Act. In addition, the Secretary, with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Treasury, may publish procedures for the sharing of information in accordance with subsection (c)(3) of this section, and procedures for the submission to the appropriate departments and agencies by private persons of information relating to the enforcement of this Act.

"(8) For purposes of this section, a reference to the enforcement of this Act or to a violation of this Act includes a reference to the enforcement or a violation of any regulation, order, or license issued under this Act.".

50 USC app. 2411.

(b) Confidentiality.—Section 12(c)(3) is amended—

(1) by striking out "Departments or agencies which obtain" and inserting in lieu thereof "Any department or agency which obtains";

(2) by inserting ", including information pertaining to any investigation," after "enforcement of this Act";

(3) by striking out "the department" and inserting in lieu thereof "each department"; and

(4) by adding at the end the following: "The Secretary and the Commissioner of Customs, upon request, shall exchange any licensing and enforcement information with each other which is necessary to facilitate enforcement efforts and effective license decisions. The Secretary, the Attorney General, and the

Commissioner of Customs shall consult on a continuing basis with one another and with the heads of other departments and agencies which obtain information subject to this paragraph, in order to facilitate the exchange of such information.".

SEC. 114. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE.

Section 13 (50 U.S.C. App. 2412) is amended—

(1) in the section heading by striking out "Exemption From Certain Provisions Relating to";

(2) in subsection (a) by inserting "and subsection (c) of this section" after "11(c)(2)"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

"(c) Procedures Relating to Civil Penalties and Sanctions.—(1) In any case in which a civil penalty or other civil sanction (other than a temporary denial order or a penalty or sanction for a violation of section 8) is sought under section 11 of this Act, the charged party is entitled to receive a formal complaint specifying the charges and, at his or her request, to contest the charges in a hearing before an administrative law judge. Subject to the provisions of this subsection, any such hearing shall be conducted in accordance with sections 556 and 557 of title 5, United States Code. With the approval of the administrative law judge, the Government may present evidence in camera in the presence of the charged party or his or her representative. After the hearing, the administrative law judge shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law in a written decision, which shall be referred to the Secretary. The Secretary shall, in a written order, affirm, modify, or vacate the decision of the administrative law judge within 30 days after receiving the decision. The order of the Secretary shall be final and is not subject to judicial review.

50 USC app. 2407; *ante*, p. 146.

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"(2) The proceedings described in paragraph (1) shall be concluded within a period of 1 year after the complaint is submitted, unless the administrative law judge extends such period for good cause shown.

"(3) An administrative law judge referred to in this subsection shall be appointed by the Secretary from among those considered qualified for selection and appointment under section 3105 of title 5, United States Code. Any person who, for at least 2 of the 10 years immediately preceding the date of the enactment of the Export Administration Amendments Act of 1985, has served as a hearing commissioner of the Department of Commerce shall be included among those considered as qualified for selection and appointment to such position.

"(d) Imposition of Temporary Denial Orders.—(1) In any case in which it is necessary, in the public interest, to prevent an imminent violation of this Act or any regulation, order, or license issued under this Act, the Secretary may, without a hearing, issue an order temporarily denying United States export privileges (hereinafter in this subsection referred to as a 'temporary denial order') to a person. A temporary denial order may be effective no longer than 60 days unless renewed in writing by the Secretary for additional 60-day periods in order to prevent such an imminent violation, except that a temporary denial order may be renewed only after notice and an opportunity for a hearing is provided.

"(2) A temporary denial order shall define the imminent violation and state why the temporary denial order was granted without a hearing. The person or persons subject to the issuance or renewal of a temporary denial order may file an appeal of the issuance or renewal of the temporary denial order with an administrative law judge who shall, within 10 working days after the appeal is filed, recommend that the temporary denial order be affirmed, modified, or vacated. Parties may submit briefs and other material to the judge. The recommendation of the administrative law judge shall be submitted to the Secretary who shall either accept, reject, or modify the recommendation by written order within 5 working days after receiving the recommendation. The written order of the Secretary under the preceding sentence shall be final and is not subject to judicial review. The temporary denial order shall be affirmed only if it is reasonable to believe that the order is required in the public interest to prevent an imminent violation of this Act or any regulation, order, or license issued under this Act.

Ante, p. 143. "(e) Appeals From License Denials.—A determination of the Secretary, under section 10(f) of this Act, to deny a license may be appealed by the applicant to an administrative law judge who shall have the authority to conduct proceedings to determine only whether the item sought to be exported is in fact on the control list. Such proceedings shall be conducted within 90 days after the appeal is filed. Any determination by an administrative law judge under this subsection and all materials filed before such judge in the proceedings shall be reviewed by the Secretary, who shall either affirm or vacate the determination in a written decision within 30 days after receiving the determination. The Secretary's written

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decision shall be final and is not subject to judicial review. Subject to the limitations provided in section 12(c) of this Act, the Secretary's decision shall be published in the Federal Register.". *Ante*, p. 150.

SEC. 115. ANNUAL REPORT.

(a) Contents of Report.—Section 14(a)(15) (50 U.S.C App. 2413(a)(15)) is amended by striking out "an analysis" and all that follows through "process, and".

(b) Additional Reporting Requirements.—Section 14 is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(d) Report on Exports to Controlled Countries.—The Secretary shall include in each annual report a detailed report which lists every license for exports to controlled countries which was approved under this Act during the preceding fiscal year. Such report shall specify to whom the license was granted, the type of goods or technology exported, and the country receiving the goods or technology. The information required by this subsection shall be subject to the provisions of section 12(c) of this Act.

"(e) Report on Domestic Economic Impact of Exports to Controlled Countries.—The Secretary shall include in each annual report a detailed description of the extent of injury to United States industry and the extent of job displacement caused by United States exports of goods and technology to controlled countries. The annual report shall also include a full analysis of the consequences of exports of turnkey plants and manufacturing facilities to controlled countries which are used by such countries to produce goods for export to the United States or to compete with United States products in export markets.".

SEC. 116. UNDER SECRETARY OF COMMERCE FOR EXPORT ADMINISTRATION; REGULATIONS.

(a) In General.—Section 15 (50 U.S.C. App. 2414) is amended to read as follows:

"ADMINISTRATIVE AND REGULATORY AUTHORITY

President of U.S. "Sec. 15. (a) Under Secretary of Commerce.—The President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, an Under Secretary of Commerce for Export Administration who shall carry out all functions of the Secretary under this Act which were delegated to the office of the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Trade Administration before the date of the enactment of the Export Administration Amendments Act of 1985, and such other functions under this Act which were delegated to such office before such date of enactment, as the Secretary may delegate. The President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, two Assistant Secretaries of Commerce to assist the Under Secretary in carrying out such functions.

"(b) Issuance of Regulations.—The President and the Secretary may issue such regulations as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act. Any such regulations issued to carry out the provisions of section 5(a), 6(a), 7(a), or 8(b) may apply to the financing, transporting, or other servicing of exports and the participation therein by any person. Any such regulations the purpose of which is to carry out the provisions of section 5, or of section 4(a) for the purpose of administering the provisions of section 5, may be issued only after the regulations are submitted for review to the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of State, and such other departments and agencies as the Secretary considers appropriate. The preceding sentence does not require the concurrence or approval of any official, department, or agency to which such regulations are submitted.

Ante, pp. 123, 131; 50 USC app. 2406, 2407.

Ante, p. 122.

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"(c) AMENDMENTS TO REGULATIONS.—If the Secretary proposes to amend regulations issued under this Act, the Secretary shall report to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives on the intent and rationale of such amendments. Such report shall evaluate the cost and burden to United States exporters of the proposed amendments in relation to any enhancement of licensing objectives. The Secretary shall consult with the technical advisory committees authorized under section 5(h) of this Act in formulating or amending regulations issued under this Act. The procedures defined by regulations in effect on January 1, 1984, with respect to sections 4 and 5 of this Act, shall remain in effect unless the Secretary determines, on the basis of substantial and reliable evidence, that specific change is necessary to enhance the prevention of diversions of exports which would prove detrimental to the national security of the United States or to reduce the licensing and paperwork burden on exporters and their distributors.".

Report.

Ante, p. 130.

50 USC app. 2403.

(b) PAY FOR THE UNDER SECRETARY.—Section 5314 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting "Under Secretary of Commerce for Export Administration," after "Under Secretary of Commerce for Economic Affairs,".

(c) PAY FOR THE ASSISTANT SECRETARIES.—Section 5315 of such title is amended by striking out

"Assistant Secretaries of Commerce (8)."

and inserting in lieu thereof

"Assistant Secretaries of Commerce (11).".

5 USC 5315.

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The provisions of section 15(a) of the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended by subsection (a) of this section, and the amendments made by subsections (b) and (c) of this section shall take effect on October 1, 1986.

5 USC 5314 note.

(e) BUDGET ACT.—Any new spending authority (within the meaning of section 401 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974) which is provided under this section shall be effective for any fiscal year only to the extent or in such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts.

50 USC app. 2414 note.
2 USC 651.

SEC. 117. DEFINITIONS.

Section 16 (50 U.S.C. App. 2415) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (3), by inserting "natural or manmade substance," after "article,";

(2) by amending paragraph (4) to read as follows:

"(4) the term 'technology' means the information and knowhow (whether in tangible form, such as models, prototypes, drawings, sketches, diagrams, blueprints, or manuals, or in intangible form, such as training or technical services) that can be used to design, produce, manufacture, utilize, or reconstruct goods, including computer software and technical data, but not the goods themselves;";

(3) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (8); and

(4) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following new paragraphs:

"(5) the term 'export' means—

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"(A) an actual shipment, transfer, or transmission of goods or technology out of the United States;

"(B) a transfer of goods or technology in the United States to an embassy or affiliate of a controlled country; or

"(C) a transfer to any person of goods or technology either within the United States or outside of the United States with the knowledge or intent that the goods or technology will be shipped, transferred, or transmitted to an unauthorized recipient;

"(6) the term 'controlled country' means a controlled country under section 5(b)(1) of this Act; *Ante*, p. 123.

"(7) the term 'United States' means the States of the United States, the District of Columbia, and any commonwealth, territory, dependency, or possession of the United States, and includes the outer Continental Shelf, as defined in section 2(a) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1331(a)); and".

SEC. 118. EFFECT ON OTHER ACTS.

(a) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—

(1) Section 17(a) (50 U.S.C. App. 2416(a)) is amended by striking out "Nothing" and inserting in lieu thereof "Except as otherwise provided in this Act, nothing".

(2) Section 17(c) is amended by striking out the last sentence.

(b) ACT NOT TO AFFECT CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF AGRICULTURAL ACT OF 1970.—Section 17 is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(f) AGRICULTURAL ACT OF 1970.—Nothing in this Act shall affect the provisions of the last sentence of section 812 of the Agricultural Act of 1970 (7 U.S.C. 612c-3).".

SEC. 119. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Section 18 (50 U.S.C. App. 2417) is amended to read as follows:

"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

"SEC. 18. (a) REQUIREMENT OF AUTHORIZING LEGISLATION.—(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, money appropriated to the Department of Commerce for expenses to carry out the purposes of this Act may be obligated or expended only if—

"(A) the appropriation thereof has been previously authorized by law enacted on or after the date of the enactment of the Export Administration Amendments Act of 1985; or

"(B) the amount of all such obligations and expenditures does not exceed an amount previously prescribed by law enacted on or after such date.

"(2) To the extent that legislation enacted after the making of an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this Act authorizes the obligation or expenditure thereof, the limitation contained in paragraph (1) shall have no effect.

"(3) The provisions of this subsection shall not be superseded except by a provision of law enacted after the date of the enactment of the Export Administration Amendments Act of 1985 which specifically repeals, modifies, or supersedes the provisions of this subsection.

"(b) AUTHORIZATION.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Commerce to carry out the purposes of this Act—

"(1) $24,600,000 for the fiscal year 1985, of which $8,712,000

shall be available only for enforcement, $1,851,000 shall be available only for foreign availability assessments under subsections (f) and (h)(6) of section 5 of this Act, and $14,037,000 shall be available for all other activities under this Act; *Ante*, pp. 129, 131.

"(2) $29,382,000 for the fiscal year 1986, of which $9,243,000 shall be available only for enforcement, $2,000,000 shall be available only for foreign availability assessments under subsections (f) and (h)(6) of section 5 of this Act, and $18,139,000 shall be available for all other activities under this Act; and

"(3) such additional amounts for each of the fiscal years 1985 and 1986 as may be necessary for increases in salary, pay, retirement, other employee benefits authorized by law, and other nondiscretionary costs.".

SEC. 120. TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.

Section 20 (50 U.S.C. App. 2419) is amended to read as follows:

"TERMINATION DATE

"SEC. 20. The authority granted by this Act terminates on September 30, 1989.".

SEC. 121. IMPORT SANCTIONS.

Chapter 4 of title II of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 (19 U.S.C. 1861 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

"SEC. 233. IMPORT SANCTIONS FOR EXPORT VIOLATIONS. 19 USC 1864.

"(a) Any person who violates any national security export control imposed under section 5 of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2404), or any regulation, order, or license issued under that section, may be subject to such controls on the importing of goods or technology into the United States as the President may prescribe. *Ante*, p. 123.

"(b) Except as provided in subsection (a) of this section, any person who violates any regulation issued under a multilateral agreement, formal or informal, to control exports for national security purposes, to which the United States is a party, may be subject to such controls on the importing of goods or technology into the United States as the President may prescribe, but only if—

"(1) negotiations with the government or governments, party to the multilateral agreement, with jurisdiction over the violation have been conducted and been unsuccessful in restoring compliance with the regulation involved;

"(2) the President, after the failure of such negotiations, has notified the government or governments described in paragraph (1) and the other parties to the multilateral agreement that the United States proposes to subject the person committing the violation to specific controls on the importing of goods or technology into the United States upon the expiration of 60 days from the date of such notification; and

"(3) a majority of the parties to the multilateral agreement (other than the United States), before the end of that 60-day period, have expressed to the President concurrence in the proposed import controls or have abstained from stating a position with respect to the proposed controls.".

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SEC. 122. HOURS OF OFFICE OF EXPORT ADMINISTRATION.

The Secretary of Commerce shall modify the office hours of the Office of Export Administration of the Department of Commerce on at least four days of each workweek so as to accommodate communications to the Office by exporters throughout the continental United States during the normal business hours of those exporters.

SEC. 123. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.

(a) ARMS EXPORT CONTROL ACT.—Section 38(e) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2778(e)) is amended by striking out "(f)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(g)".

(b) MINERAL LEASING ACT OF 1920.—Subsection (u) of section 28 of the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920 (30 U.S.C. 185) is amended—

(1) by striking out "1969 (Act of December 30, 1969; 83 Stat. 841)" and inserting in lieu thereof "1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2401 and following)"; and

(2) by striking out "1969" each subsequent place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "1979".

SEC. 124. AMENDMENT TO THE FOREIGN ASSISTANCE ACT OF 1961.

Section 502B(a)(2) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2304(a)(2)) is amended by inserting after "Senate" the first place it appears the following: "and the chairman of the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate (when licenses are to be issued pursuant to the Export Administration Act of 1979).".

SEC. 125. EXPORT OF HORSES.

46 USC 3901, 3902.

The Act of March 3, 1891 (46 U.S.C. 466a and 466b), is amended by adding at the end the following:

46 USC app. 466c.

"SEC. 3. EXPORT OF HORSES.

"(a) RESTRICTION ON EXPORT OF HORSES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no horse may be exported by sea from the United States, or any of its territories or possessions, unless such horse is part of a consignment of horses with respect to which a waiver has been granted under subsection (b).

"(b) GRANTING OF WAIVERS.—The Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, may issue regulations providing for the granting of waivers permitting the export by sea of a specified consignment of horses, if the Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, determines that no horse in that consignment is being exported for purposes of slaughter.

"(c) PENALTIES.—

"(1) CRIMINAL PENALTY.—Any person who knowingly violates this section or any regulation, order, or license issued under this section shall be fined not more than 5 times the value of the consignment of horses involved or $50,000, whichever is greater, or imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both.

"(2) CIVIL PENALTY.—The Secretary of Commerce, after providing notice and an opportunity for an agency hearing on the record, may impose a civil penalty of not to exceed $10,000 for each violation of this section or any regulation, order, or license issued under this section, either in addition to or in lieu of any other liability or penalty which may be imposed.".

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SEC. 126. ALASKAN OIL STUDY.

(a) REVIEW OF ALASKAN OIL POLICY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall undertake a comprehensive review of the issues and related data concerning possible changes in the existing incentives to produce crude oil from the North Slope of Alaska (including changes in Federal and State taxation, pipeline tariffs, and Federal leasing policies) and possible changes in the existing distribution of crude oil from the North Slope of Alaska (including changes in export restrictions which would permit exports at free market levels and at levels of 50,000 barrels per day, 100,000 barrels per day, 200,000 barrels per day, and 500,000 barrels per day), as well as the appropriateness of continuing existing controls. Such review shall include, but not be limited to, a study of—

(A) the effect of such changes on the energy and national security of the United States and its allies;

(B) the role of such changes in United States foreign policymaking, including international energy policymaking;

Employment and unemployment.

(C) the impact of such changes on employment levels in the maritime industry, the oil industry, and other industries;

(D) the impact of such changes on the refiners and on consumers;

(E) the impact of such changes on the revenues and expenditures of the Federal Government and the government of Alaska;

(F) the effect of such changes on incentives for oil and gas exploration and development in the United States; and

Commerce and trade.

(G) the effect of such changes on the overall trade deficit of the United States, and the trade deficit of the United States with respect to particular countries, including the effect of such changes on trade barriers of other countries.

President of U.S.

(2) FINDINGS, OPTIONS, AND RECOMMENDATIONS.—The President shall develop, after consulting with appropriate State and Federal officials and other persons, findings, options, and recommendations regarding the production and distribution of crude oil from the North Slope of Alaska.

President of U.S. Report.

(b) CONSULTATION AND REPORT.—In carrying out subsection (a), the President shall consult with the Committees on Foreign Affairs and Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the appropriate committees of the Senate. Not later than 9 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall transmit to each of those committees a report which contains the results of the review under subsection (a)(1), and the findings, options, and recommendations developed under subsection (a)(2).

TITLE II—EXPORT PROMOTION PROGRAMS

SEC. 201. REQUIREMENT OF PRIOR AUTHORIZATION.

15 USC 4051.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, money appropriated to the Department of Commerce for expenses to carry out any export promotion program may be obligated or expended only if—

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(1) the appropriation thereof has been previously authorized by law enacted on or after the date of the enactment of this Act; or

(2) the amount of all such obligations and expenditures does not exceed an amount previously prescribed by law enacted on or after such date.

(b) EXCEPTION FOR LATER LEGISLATION AUTHORIZING OBLIGATIONS OR EXPENDITURES.—To the extent that legislation enacted after the making of an appropriation to carry out any export promotion program authorizes the obligation or expenditure thereof, the limitation contained in subsection (a) shall have no effect.

(c) PROVISIONS MUST BE SPECIFICALLY SUPERSEDED.—The provisions of this section shall not be superseded except by a provision of law enacted after the date of the enactment of this Act which specifically repeals, modifies, or supersedes the provisions of this section.

Business and industry.

(d) EXPORT PROMOTION PROGRAM DEFINED.—For purposes of this title, the term "export promotion program" means any activity of the Department of Commerce designed to stimulate or assist United States businesses in marketing their goods and services abroad competitively with businesses from other countries, including, but not limited to—

Commerce and trade.

(1) trade development (except for the trade adjustment assistance program) and dissemination of foreign marketing opportunities and other marketing information to United States producers of goods and services, including the expansion of foreign markets for United States textiles and apparel and any other United States products;

(2) the development of regional and multilateral economic policies which enhance United States trade and investment interests, and the provision of marketing services with respect to foreign countries and regions;

(3) the exhibition of United States goods in other countries; and

(4) the operations of the United States and Foreign Commercial Service, or any successor agency.

15 USC 4052.

SEC. 202. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There is authorized to be appropriated $113,273,000 for each of the fiscal years 1985 and 1986 to the Department of Commerce to carry out export promotion programs.

15 USC 4053.

SEC. 203. BARTER ARRANGEMENTS.

(a) REPORT ON STATUS OF FEDERAL BARTER PROGRAMS.—The Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of Energy shall, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, submit to the Congress a report on the status of Federal programs relating to the barter or exchange of commodities owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation for materials and products produced in foreign countries. Such report shall include details of any changes necessary in existing law to allow the Department of Agriculture and, in the case of petroleum resources, the Department of Energy, to implement fully any barter program.

(b) AUTHORITIES OF THE PRESIDENT.—The President is authorized—

(1) to barter stocks of agricultural commodities acquired by the Government for petroleum and petroleum products, and for other materials vital to the national interest, which are produced abroad, in situations in which sales would otherwise not occur; and

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(2) to purchase petroleum and petroleum products, and other materials vital to the national interest, which are produced abroad and acquired by persons in the United States through barter for agricultural commodities produced in and exported from the United States through normal commercial trade channels.

(c) OTHER PROVISIONS OF LAW NOT AFFECTED.—In the case of any petroleum, petroleum products, or other materials vital to the national interest, which are acquired under subsection (b), nothing in this section shall be construed to render inapplicable the provisions of any law then in effect which apply to the storage, distribution, or use of such petroleum, petroleum products, or other materials vital to the national interest.

President of U.S.

(d) CONVENTIONAL MARKETS NOT TO BE DISPLACED BY BARTERS.—The President shall take steps to ensure that, in making any barter described in subsection (a) or (b)(1) or any purchase authorized by subsection (b)(2), existing export markets for agricultural commodities operating on conventional business terms are safeguarded from displacement by the barter described in subsection (a), (b)(1), or (b)(2), as the case may be. In addition, the President shall ensure that any such barter is consistent with the international obligations of the United States, including the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade.

61 Stat. A3.

(e) REPORT TO THE CONGRESS.—The Secretary of Energy shall report to the Congress on the effect on energy security and on domestic energy supplies of any action taken under this section which results in the acquisition by the Government of petroleum or petroleum products. Such report shall be submitted to the Congress not later than 90 days after such acquisition.

TITLE III—NUCLEAR AGREEMENTS FOR COOPERATION

SEC. 301. AGREEMENTS FOR COOPERATION.

(a) NOTIFICATION OF AND CONSULTATION WITH THE CONGRESS; HEARINGS.—Section 123 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2153) is amended—

(1) in subsection a. by inserting after "Assessment Statement" the following: "(A) which shall analyze the consistency of the text of the proposed agreement for cooperation with all the

requirements of this Act, with specific attention to whether the proposed agreement is consistent with each of the criteria set forth in this subsection, and (B)";

(2) in subsection b. by inserting before "the President" the following: "the President has submitted text of the proposed agreement for cooperation, together with the accompanying unclassified Nuclear Proliferation Assessment Statement, to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, the President has consulted with such Committees for a period of not less than thirty days of continuous session (as defined in section 130 g. of this Act) concerning the consistency of the terms of the proposed agreement with all the requirements of this Act, and"; and

Post, p. 160.

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(3) in subsection d. by inserting before the sentence which begins "Any such proposed agreement" the following: "During the sixty-day period the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate shall each hold hearings on the proposed agreement for cooperation and submit a report to their respective bodies recommending whether it should be approved or disapproved.".

(b) Congressional Review of Agreements.—Subsection d. of section 123 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2153(d)) is amended—

(1) by striking out "adopts a concurrent resolution" and inserting in lieu thereof "adopts, and there is enacted, a joint resolution";

(2) by striking out the period at the end of the first proviso and inserting in lieu thereof ": *Provided further*, That an agreement for cooperation exempted by the President pursuant to subsection a. from any requirement contained in that subsection shall not become effective unless the Congress adopts, and there is enacted, a joint resolution stating that the Congress does favor such agreement."; and

(3) by striking out "130 of this Act for the consideration of Presidential submissions" and inserting in lieu thereof "130 i. of this Act".

(c) Procedures for Consideration of Agreements.—

(1) Technical changes.—Section 130 a. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2159(a)) is amended—

(A) in the first sentence—

(i) by striking out "123 d.,"; and

(ii) by striking out ", and in addition, in the case of a proposed agreement for cooperation arranged pursuant to subsection 91 c., 144 b., or 144 c., the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate,"; and

(B) in the proviso, by striking out "and if, in the case of a proposed agreement for cooperation arranged pursuant to subsection 91 c., 144 b., or 144 c. of this Act, the other relevant committee of that House has reported such a resolution, such committee shall be deemed discharged from further consideration of that resolution".

(2) Procedures for consideration of joint resolutions.—Section 130 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 is amended—

(A) by amending subsection g.—

(i) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as clauses (A) and (B);

(ii) by striking out "g. For" and inserting in lieu thereof "g. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), for"; and

(iii) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) For purposes of this section insofar as it applies to section 123—

Ante, p. 159.

"(A) continuity of session is broken only by an adjournment of Congress sine die at the end of a Congress; and

"(B) the days on which either House is not in session because of an adjournment of more than three days are excluded in the computation of any period of time in which Congress is in continuous session."; and

99 STAT. 161

(B) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"i. (1) For the purposes of this subsection, the term 'joint resolution' means a joint resolution, the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: 'That the Congress (does or does not) favor the proposed agreement for cooperation transmitted to the Congress by the President on .', with the date of the transmission of the proposed agreement for cooperation inserted in the blank, and the affirmative or negative phrase within the parenthetical appropriately selected.

Ante, p. 160.

"(2) On the day on which a proposed agreement for cooperation is submitted to the House of Representatives and the Senate under section 123 d., a joint resolution with respect to such agreement for cooperation shall be introduced (by request) in the House by the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, for himself and the ranking minority member of the Committee, or by Members of the House designated by the chairman and ranking minority member; and shall be introduced (by request) in the Senate by the majority leader of the Senate, for himself and the minority leader of the Senate, or by Members of the Senate designated by the majority leader and minority leader of the Senate. If either House is not in session on the day on which such an agreement for cooperation is submitted, the joint resolution shall be introduced in that House, as provided in the preceding sentence, on the first day thereafter on which that House is in session.

42 USC 2121, 2164.

"(3) All joint resolutions introduced in the House of Representatives shall be referred to the appropriate committee or committees, and all joint resolutions introduced in the Senate shall be referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations and in addition, in the case of a proposed agreement for cooperation arranged pursuant to section 91 c., 144 b., or 144 c., the Committee on Armed Services.

"(4) If the committee of either House to which a joint resolution has been referred has not reported it at the end of 45 days after its introduction, the committee shall be discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution or of any other joint resolution introduced with respect to the same matter; except that, in the case of a joint resolution which has been referred to more than one committee, if before the end of that 45-day period one such committee has reported the joint resolution, any other committee to which the joint resolution was referred shall be discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution or of any other joint resolution introduced with respect to the same matter.

90 Stat. 765.

"(5) A joint resolution under this subsection shall be considered in the Senate in accordance with the provisions of section 601(b)(4) of the International Security Assistance and Arms Export Control Act of 1976. For the purpose of expediting the consideration and passage of joint resolutions reported or discharged pursuant to the provisions of this subsection, it shall be in order for the Committee on Rules of the House of Representatives to present for consideration a resolution of the House of Representatives providing procedures for the immediate consideration of a joint resolution under this subsection which may be similar, if applicable, to the procedures set forth in section 601(b)(4) of the International Security Assistance and Arms Export Control Act of 1976.

"(6) In the case of a joint resolution described in paragraph (1), if prior to the passage by one House of a joint resolution of that House, that House receives a joint resolution with respect to the same matter from the other House, then—

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"(A) the procedure in that House shall be the same as if no joint resolution had been received from the other House; but

"(B) the vote on final passage shall be on the joint resolution of the other House.".

(d) APPLICABILITY OF AMENDMENTS.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to any agreement for cooperation which is entered into after the date of the enactment of this Act.

42 USC 2153 note.

Approved July 12, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 883 (H.R. 1786):

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-180 (Comm. of Conference).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Apr. 3, considered and passed Senate.
Apr. 16, H.R. 1786 considered and passed House; S. 883, amended, passed in lieu.
June 27, House and Senate agreed to conference report.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 21, No. 28 (1985):
July 12, Presidential statement.

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99 STAT. 171

Public Law 99-73
99th Congress

An Act

To authorize appropriations to the Secretary of Commerce for the programs of the National Bureau of Standards for fiscal year 1986, and for other purposes.

July 29, 1985
[H.R. 1617]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "National Bureau of Standards Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1986".

National Bureau of Standards Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1986.

AUTHORIZATIONS FOR PROGRAM ACTIVITIES

SEC. 2. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce (hereinafter referred to as the "Secretary") for fiscal year 1986, to carry out activities performed by the National Bureau of Standards, the sums set forth in the following line items:

(1) Measurement Research and Standards, $36,843,000.
(2) Materials Science and Engineering, $21,943,000.
(3) Engineering Measurements and Standards, $33,555,000.
(4) Computer Science and Technology, $9,657,000.
(5) Center for Fire Research, $5,827,000.
(6) Technical Competence Fund, $8,481,000.
(7) Central Technical Support, $8,179,000.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this or any other Act for fiscal year 1986—

(1) of the total of the amounts authorized under paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (6) of subsection (a), $2,000,000 is authorized only for steel technology;

(2) of the total amount authorized under paragraph (3) of subsection (a), $3,895,000 is authorized only for the Center for Building Technology, and $50,000 is authorized only for the purpose of assisting the creation and maintenance of data bases on structural failures; and

(3) of the total of the amounts authorized under paragraphs (1), (2), (7), and (8) of subsection (a), $2,575,000 is authorized for transfer to the Working Capital Fund.

(c)(1) Funds may be transferred among the line items listed in subsection (a) so long as the net funds transferred to or from any line item do not exceed 10 percent of the amount authorized for that line item in such subsection.

(2) In addition, the Secretary may propose transfers to or from any line item exceeding 10 percent of the amount authorized for that

line item in subsection (a); but a full and complete explanation of any such proposed transfer and the reason therefor must be transmitted in writing to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, and the appropriate authorizing committees of the House of Representatives and the Senate, and the proposed transfer may be made only when 30 calendar days have passed after the transmission of such written explanation.

Prohibitions. (3) No transfer described in paragraph (1) or (2) may have the 99 STAT. 172 effect of reducing the amount available for any of the particular purposes set forth in subsection (b) below the applicable dollar amount specified in that subsection; and none of the funds transferred under either such paragraph may be used for the construction of the Cold Neutron Source Facility.

Research and development. (d) The National Bureau of Standards shall seek reimbursements of not less than $500,000 from other Federal agencies to expand its efforts in support of basic scientific research on the atmospheric, climatic, and environmental consequences of nuclear explosions and nuclear exchanges.

AUTHORIZATION FOR EXPENSES OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

SEC. 3. In addition to the sums authorized in section 2, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for fiscal year 1986 such sums as may be necessary for expenses of the National Bureau of Standards incurred outside the United States, to be paid for in foreign currencies that the Secretary of the Treasury determines to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States.

AUTHORIZATION FOR SALARY ADJUSTMENTS

SEC. 4. In addition to the sums authorized in the preceding provisions of this Act, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for fiscal year 1986 such additional sums as may be necessary to restore the salary, pay, retirement, and other employee benefits of the National Bureau of Standards to the levels in effect at the end of fiscal year 1985 and to make any adjustments in the Bureau's salary, pay, retirement, and other employee benefits which may be provided for by law.

COST RECOVERY AUTHORITY

SEC. 5. (a) Section 12(f) of the Act of March 3, 1901 (15 U.S.C. 278b(f)), is amended—

(1) by striking out "first"; and

(2) by inserting immediately before the period at the end thereof the following: ", and to ensure the availability of working capital necessary to replace equipment and inventories".

15 USC 275c. (b) Fees for calibration services, standard reference materials, and other comparable services provided by the National Bureau of Standards shall be at least sufficient to meet the requirements set forth in the amendments made by subsection (a), and any funds recovered in excess of such requirements shall be returned to the Treasury of the United States.

Effective date. 15 USC 275c note. (c) The amendments made by subsection (a) (and the provisions of subsection (b)) shall be effective October 1, 1984.

COMPENSATION OF DIRECTOR

SEC. 6. (a) Section 5 of the Act of March 3, 1901 (15 U.S.C. 274), is amended—

(1) by striking out "He" at the beginning of the second, third, and fourth sentences and inserting in lieu thereof "The Director"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The Director shall be compensated at the rate now or hereafter in effect for Level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code.".

(b)(1) Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"Director, National Bureau of Standards, Department of Commerce.".

(2) Section 5316 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking out "Director, National Bureau of Standards, Department of Commerce.".

(c) The amendments made by this section shall be effective October 1, 1985.

Effective date.
5 USC 5315 note.

STRUCTURAL FAILURES

15 USC 281a.

SEC. 7. The National Bureau of Standards, on its own initiative but only after consultation with local authorities, may initiate and conduct investigations to determine the causes of structural failures in structures which are used or occupied by the general public. No part of any report resulting from such investigation shall be admitted as evidence or used in any suit or action for damages arising out of any matter mentioned in such report.

SCIENTIFIC POSITIONS

SEC. 8. In order to maintain a highly qualified scientific staff at the National Bureau of Standards, a goal of 20 positions is established for the Senior Scientists Program at the National Bureau of Standards.

OFFICE OF PRODUCTIVITY, TECHNOLOGY, AND INNOVATION

SEC. 9. In addition to the sums authorized in the preceding provisions of this Act, there is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for fiscal year 1986 the sum of $2,715,000 for the activities of the Office of Productivity, Technology, and Innovation.

NATIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION SERVICE

SEC. 10. In addition to the sums authorized in the preceding provisions of this Act, there is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for fiscal year 1986 the sum of $537,000 for the patent licensing activities of the National Technical Information Service.

AVAILABILITY OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 11. Appropriations made under authority provided in this Act shall remain available for obligation, for expenditure, or for obligation and expenditure for such periods as may be specified in the Acts making such appropriations.

COST REDUCTION REPORT

SEC. 12. Within 90 days after the enactment of this Act, the Director of the National Bureau of Standards shall review the recommendations of the President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control and such other recommendations as may be included in the Office of Management and Budget report entitled "Management of the United States Government—1986", and shall submit a report to

99 STAT. 174 **the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, and the appropriate committees of the House and Senate on the implementation status of each such recommendation which affects the National Bureau of Standards and which is within the authority and control of the Director.**

Approved July 29, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1617 (S. 796):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-43 (Comm. on Science and Technology) and No. 99-187 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-31 accompanying S. 796 (Comm. on Commerce, Science, and Transportation).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Apr. 18, considered and passed House.
Apr. 23, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 796.
July 15, House and Senate agreed to conference report.

DEFENSE ACTS

Public Law 99-17
99th Congress

99 STAT. 41

Joint Resolution

To approve the obligation of funds made available by Public Law 98-473 for the procurement of MX missiles, subject to the enactment of a second joint resolution.

Apr. 4, 1985
[S.J. Res. 71]

Weapons.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, **That subject to the enactment (after the enactment of this joint resolution) of a joint resolution further approving the obligation of such funds, the Congress approves the obligation of funds available for fiscal year 1985 for the procurement of additional operational MX missiles (in addition to the funds previously authorized to be obligated).**

Approved April 4, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 71 (H.J. Res. 180):

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-23 accompanying H.J. Res. 180 (Comm. on Armed Services).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Mar. 18, 19, considered and passed Senate.
Mar. 25, 26, H.J. Res. 180 considered in House; S.J. Res. 71 passed in lieu.

Public Law 99-18
99th Congress

99 STAT. 42

Joint Resolution

To approve the obligation and availability of prior year unobligated balances made available for fiscal year 1985 for the procurement of additional operational MX missiles.

Apr. 4, 1985
[H.J. Res. 181]

Weapons.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, **That the Congress approves the obligation and availability of prior year unobligated balances made available for fiscal year 1985 for the procurement of additional operational MX missiles.**

Approved April 4, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 181 (S.J. Res. 75):

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-22 (Comm. on Appropriations).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-14 accompanying S.J. Res. 75 (Comm. on Appropriations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Mar. 20, S.J. Res. 75 considered and passed Senate.
Mar. 27, 28, considered and passed House.
Mar. 28, considered and passed Senate.

99 STAT. 583

Public Law 99-145
99th Congress

An Act

Nov. 8, 1985
[S. 1160]

To authorize appropriations for military functions of the Department of Defense and to prescribe military personnel levels for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1986, to revise and improve military compensation programs, to improve defense procurement procedures, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1986 for national security programs of the Department of Energy, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS

(a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the "Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986".

(b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents of this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—PROCUREMENT

Part A—Funding Authorizations

Sec. 101. Army.
Sec. 102. Navy and Marine Corps.
Sec. 103. Air Force.
Sec. 104. Reserve components.
Sec. 105. Defense Agencies.
Sec. 106. NATO cooperative programs.
Sec. 107. Reductions in authorizations due to savings from lower inflation and prior-year cost savings.
Sec. 108. Provisions relating to transfers of prior-year funds.
Sec. 109. Report on reductions and transfers.
Sec. 110. Improvement in conventional readiness capability.

Part B—Army Program Limitations

Sec. 121. Sergeant York Division Air Defense (DIVAD) gun.
Sec. 122. Bradley Fighting Vehicle.
Sec. 123. Conditions on procurement of certain combat vehicles.
Sec. 124. Sale of L119 howitzers overseas.
Sec. 125. Restrictions on purchase of 5-ton trucks.
Sec. 126. Other Army programs.

Part C—Navy Program Limitations

Sec. 131. A6 aircraft rewing program.
Sec. 132. Limitations on Navy aircraft procurement.

Part D—Air Force Program Limitations

Sec. 141. MX missile program.
Sec. 142. Competition for Air Force fighter aircraft procurement.
Sec. 143. Advanced technology bomber.
Sec. 144. Special operations forces HH-53 helicopters.

Part E—Other Limitations

Sec. 151. C-12 aircraft.
Sec. 152. Adequate airlift for special operations forces.

TITLE II—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

Part A—Authorizations of Appropriations and Program Limitations

99 STAT. 584
Sec. 201. Authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 202. Reductions in authorizations due to savings from lower inflation and prior-year cost savings.
Sec. 203. Authorization of transfers of prior-year funds.
Sec. 204. Limitations on funds for the Army.
Sec. 205. Limitations on funds for the Navy (including the Marine Corps).
Sec. 206. Limitations on funds for the Air Force.
Sec. 207. Limitations on funds for the Defense Agencies.
Sec. 208. Testing of antisatellite weapons and space survivability program.
Sec. 209. Small intercontinental ballistic missile program.
Sec. 210. Advanced Medium-Range Air-to-Air Missile (AMRAAM) system.
Sec. 211. High-speed Anti-Radiation Missile (HARM) program.

Part B—Strategic Defense Initiative

Sec. 221. Funding for fiscal year 1986.
Sec. 222. Requirement for specific authorization for deployment of Strategic Defense Initiative system.

Sec. 223. Reports on Strategic Defense Initiative.
Sec. 224. Congressional policy regarding consultation with other members of NATO on the Strategic Defense Initiative.
Sec. 225. Congressional expression on the Strategic Defense Initiative and the ABM Treaty.
Sec. 226. Report on strategic and theater ballistic missile defenses.

TITLE III—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Sec. 301. Authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 302. Authorization of appropriations for working-capital funds.
Sec. 303. Limitation on the use of O&M funds to purchase investment items.
Sec. 304. Assistance for the Tenth International Pan American Games.
Sec. 305. Authorization of appropriations for transportation of humanitarian relief supplies to Afghan refugees.
Sec. 306. Extension and expansion of authority of the Secretary of Defense to transport humanitarian relief supplies to certain countries.
Sec. 307. Limitation concerning Air National Guard and Air Force Reserve flying units.
Sec. 308. Commissary and exchange privileges for survivors of certain reservists.

TITLE IV—MILITARY PERSONNEL AUTHORIZATIONS

PART A—ACTIVE FORCES

Sec. 401. Authorization of end strengths.
Sec. 402. Extension of quality control on enlistments into the Army.

PART B—RESERVE FORCES

Sec. 411. Authorization of average strengths for Selected Reserve.
Sec. 412. Authorization of end strengths for Reserves on active duty in support of the reserve components.
Sec. 413. Increase in number of certain personnel authorized to be on active duty in support of the reserve components.

PART C—MILITARY TRAINING

Sec. 421. Authorization of training student loads.

TITLE V—DEFENSE PERSONNEL POLICY

PART A—CIVILIAN PERSONNEL

Sec. 501. Waiver of civilian personnel ceilings for fiscal year 1986.
Sec. 502. Prohibition on managing civilian personnel by end-strengths during fiscal year 1986.
Sec. 503. Exercise of certain authorities relating to civilian employees of the Department of Defense.
Sec. 504. Modification and study of Department of Defense civilian personnel classification and pay systems.

PART B—ACTIVE MILITARY PERSONNEL

Sec. 511. Adjustment in Marine Corps officer grade table.
Sec. 512. Service agreements of cadets and midshipmen.
Sec. 513. Transfers to and from temporary disability retired list.
Sec. 514. Change in title of grade of commodore to rear admiral (lower half).
Sec. 515. Temporary increase in the number of general and flag officers authorized to be on active duty in three- and four-star grades.
Sec. 516. Grade of retired regular members recalled to active duty.

99 STAT. 585

PART C—RESERVE MILITARY PERSONNEL

Sec. 521. Extension of certain reserve officer management programs.
Sec. 522. Retention until age 60 of reserve civilian technicians.
Sec. 523. Authority to retain in active status until age 62 up to 10 Army reserve major generals.
Sec. 524. Requirement of muster test of Army Individual Ready Reserve.

PART D—MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 531. Appointments of warrant officers.
Sec. 532. Prisoner-of-war medal.
Sec. 533. Clarification of precedence of the award of the purple heart.
Sec. 534. Espionage under the UCMJ.

TITLE VI—COMPENSATION AND OTHER PERSONNEL BENEFITS

PART A—BASIC PAY AND ALLOWANCES

Sec. 601. Military pay raise for fiscal year 1986.
Sec. 602. Adjustments in variable housing allowance program.
Sec. 603. Payment of variable housing allowance in Alaska and Hawaii.
Sec. 604. Authority to pay BAQ and VHA in advance.
Sec. 605. Eligibility for basic allowance for quarters.
Sec. 606. Reimbursement for accommodations in place of quarters.
Sec. 607. Increase in family separation allowance.

PART B—TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION

Sec. 611. Increase in dislocation allowance.
Sec. 612. Revision of travel and transportation allowances.
Sec. 613. Temporary lodging expenses.
Sec. 614. Allowances for transportation of baggage and household effects.
Sec. 615. Travel allowance for travel performed in connection with certain leave.
Sec. 616. Travel during ship overhaul.
Sec. 617. Definition of residence of a student dependent.
Sec. 618. Extension of test program for flat rate per diem system.
Sec. 619. Travel and transportation allowances for travel within the administrative limits of a member's duty station.
Sec. 620. Transportation allowances for survivors of deceased member to attend burial ceremonies of deceased member.

PART C—BONUSES AND SPECIAL AND INCENTIVE PAYS

Subpart 1—Active Forces

Sec. 631. Lump-sum payments of selective reenlistment bonuses.
Sec. 632. Special pay for nuclear officers.
Sec. 633. Incentive pay for submarine duty.
Sec. 634. Career sea pay.
Sec. 635. Incentive pay for hazardous duty.
Sec. 636. Extension of aviation officer continuation pay.
Sec. 637. Change in definition of engineering and scientific duty.
Sec. 638. Incentive pay for duty subject to hostile fire.
Sec. 639. Revision of special pay for dental officers.
Sec. 640. Special pay for medical officers.
Sec. 641. Special pay for qualified enlisted members extending duty at certain locations overseas.

Subpart 2—Reserve Forces

Sec. 642. Selected Reserve enlistment bonus.
Sec. 643. Selected Reserve reenlistment bonus.
Sec. 644. Selected Reserve enlistment bonus for prior-service personnel.
Sec. 645. Selected Reserve affiliation bonus.
Sec. 646. Individual Ready Reserve bonuses.
Sec. 647. Selected Reserve hazardous duty incentive pay.

PART D—HEALTH-CARE MATTERS

Sec. 651. CHAMPUS dental care for active-duty dependents.
Sec. 652. Enhanced health-care benefits for survivors of certain reservists.
Sec. 653. Licensure requirement for defense health-care professionals.
99 STAT. 586 Sec. 654. Study of medical casualty investigations.

PART E—MILITARY RETIREMENT

Sec. 666. Limitation on amounts available for obligation for basic pay and for retired pay accrual charge.
Sec. 667. Legislative proposal to amend military retirement system for new entrants.

PART F—EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

Sec. 671. Department of Defense educational loan repayment programs.
Sec. 672. Specialized training assistance in the health profession for members of reserve components.
Sec. 673. Right of members of naval service to transfer certain educational entitlement to spouse or dependent children.
Sec. 674. Changes in eligibility requirements for the all-volunteer force educational assistance program.

PART G—MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 681. Legal representation of civilians overseas.
Sec. 682. Accrued leave.
Sec. 683. Pay allotments for Navy and Marine Corps.
Sec. 684. Extension to PHS and NOAA of authority to collect debts from pay of members.
Sec. 685. Surcharge for sales at animal disease prevention and control centers.

TITLE VII—SURVIVOR BENEFIT PLAN IMPROVEMENTS

Sec. 701. Short title.

PART A—GENERAL PROGRAM CHANGES

Sec. 711. Establishment of two-tier benefit system and elimination of social security offset.
Sec. 712. SBP coverage for members who die after 20 years of service.
Sec. 713. Annuity for survivors of certain retirement-eligible reservists.

Sec. 714. Indexing of threshold amount for calculation of reduction of retired pay
Sec. 715. SBP coverage upon remarriage.
Sec. 716. Option to cover both a former spouse and dependent children of a member.
Sec. 717. Authority to repay refunded SBP deductions in installments.
Sec. 718. Effective date of DIC offset.
Sec. 719. Technical amendments to SBP statute.

Part B—Provisions Relating to Rights for Spouses and Former Spouses

Sec. 721. Spousal concurrence for elections.
Sec. 722. Clarification of status of spousal agreements.
Sec. 723. Former spouse coverage to be provided in spouse category rather than insurable interest category.
Sec. 724. Notice of elections available.

Part C—Effective Date and Report

Sec. 731. Effective date.
Sec. 732. Report on establishing needs-based survivor benefit annuity program for surviving spouses of certain retired reservists.

TITLE VIII—MILITARY FAMILY POLICY AND PROGRAMS

Sec. 801. Short title.
Sec. 802. Office of Family Policy.
Sec. 803. Transfer of Military Family Resource Center.
Sec. 804. Surveys of military families.
Sec. 805. Family members serving on advisory committees.
Sec. 806. Employment opportunities for military spouses.
Sec. 807. Youth sponsorship program.
Sec. 808. Dependent student travel within the United States.
Sec. 809. Relocation and housing.
Sec. 810. Food programs.
Sec. 811. Reporting of child abuse.
Sec. 812. Miscellaneous reporting requirements.
Sec. 813. Effective date.

99 STAT. 587

TITLE IX—PROCUREMENT POLICY REFORM AND OTHER PROCUREMENT MATTERS

Sec. 901. Short title.

Part A—Program Management Matters

Sec. 911. Regulations relating to allowable costs.
Sec. 912. Multiple sources for major defense acquisition programs.
Sec. 913. Minimum percentage of competitive procurements.
Sec. 914. Regulations to control prices that may be paid for spare parts.
Sec. 915. Should-cost analyses.
Sec. 916. Limitations on progress payments.
Sec. 917. Cost and price management in defense procurement.
Sec. 918. Contracted advisory and assistance services.
Sec. 919. Revision and extension of procurement technical assistance cooperative agreement program.

Part B—Procurement Personnel Matters

Sec. 921. Post-Government-service employment bars on senior defense officials.
Sec. 922. Improved reporting and disclosure for former employees of the Department of Defense; prevention of conflicts of interest.
Sec. 923. Requirements relating to private employment contacts between certain Department of Defense procurement officials and defense contractors.
Sec. 924. Management of Department of Defense procurement personnel.
Sec. 925. Assignment of principal contracting officers.

Part C—False Claims, Debarment, Burden of Proof, and Related Matters

Sec. 931. Increased penalties for false claims in defense procurement.
Sec. 932. Prohibition on felons convicted of defense-contract-related felonies and penalty on employment of such persons by defense contractors.
Sec. 933. Burden of proof in Government contract dispute resolution.
Sec. 934. Reimbursement, interest charges, and penalties for overpayments.
Sec. 935. Subpoenas of defense contractor records.

Part D—Reports

Sec. 951. Report on prohibition on including general and administrative overhead expenses in the computation of contractor profits.
Sec. 952. Report on use of independent cost estimates for major defense acquisition programs.
Sec. 953. GAO study of feasibility of civilian defense acquisition agency.
Sec. 954. Report on suspension and debarment of defense contractors.

Sec. 955. Report on the use of competition under section 8(a) set-aside program.
Sec. 956. Report on efforts to increase defense contract awards to Indian-owned business.

PART E—TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO FEDERAL PROCUREMENT LAW

Sec. 961. Technical corrections to Federal procurement law.

TITLE X—MATTERS RELATING TO ARMS CONTROL

Sec. 1001. Policy on compliance with existing strategic offensive arms agreements.
Sec. 1002. Annual report on Soviet compliance with arms control commitments.
Sec. 1003. Study of arms control verification capabilities.
Sec. 1004. Sense of Congress relating to United States-Soviet negotiations on reduction in nuclear arms.
Sec. 1005. Pilot program for exchange of certain high-ranking military and civilian personnel with the Soviet Union.
Sec. 1006. Report on nuclear winter findings and policy implications.

TITLE XI—MATTERS RELATING TO NATO

Sec. 1101. Limited authority to exceed permanent ceiling on United States forces assigned to NATO.
Sec. 1102. North Atlantic Treaty Organization cooperative projects.
Sec. 1103. NATO cooperative research and development.

TITLE XII—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MANAGEMENT

PART A—MANAGEMENT OF FACILITIES AND DOD ORGANIZATION

Sec. 1201. Annual Selected Acquisition Reports.
99 STAT. 588 Sec. 1202. Base closures and realignments.
Sec. 1203. Demonstration project to test the use of a certain computer system in military hospitals.
Sec. 1204. Continued operation by the Secretary of Defense of the Defense Dependents' education system.
Sec. 1205. Authority to enroll certain children in overseas schools of the Defense Dependents' education system.
Sec. 1206. Limitation on size of headquarters staffs.
Sec. 1207. Report on organizational structure of the military health-care delivery system.
Sec. 1208. Annual report on Guard and Reserve equipment.
Sec. 1209. Moratorium on franchise agreements by military exchange services.
Sec. 1210. Priority for Air Force Shuttle Operations and Planning Complex.
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TITLE I—PROCUREMENT

Part A—Funding Authorizations

SEC. 101. ARMY

(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 for procurement for the Army as follows:

(1) For aircraft, $3,676,100,000.

(2) For missiles, $3,272,700,000.

(3) For weapons and tracked combat vehicles, $5,211,000,000.

(4) For ammunition, $2,549,000,000.

(5) For other procurement, $5,323,500,000, of which—

(A) $1,002,700,000 is for tactical and support vehicles;

(B) $3,131,300,000 is for communications and electronics equipment;

(C) $1,307,400,000 is for other support equipment; and

(D) $105,300,000 is for non-centrally managed items.

(b) Authorization of Transfers of Prior-Year Funds.—There are hereby authorized to be transferred to, and merged with, amounts appropriated for procurement for the Army for fiscal year 1986 pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in subsection (a) the following amounts:

(1) Aircraft.—$101,800,000 for procurement of aircraft, to be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1985 for procurement of aircraft for the Army.

(2) Missiles.—$25,000,000 for procurement of missiles, to be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1985 for procurement of missiles for the Army.

(3) Weapons and tracked combat vehicles.—$117,900,000 for procurement of weapons and tracked combat vehicles, of
99 STAT. 591 which—

(A) $52,600,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1984 for procurement of weapons and tracked combat vehicles for the Army;

(B) $40,000,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1985 for procurement of weapons and tracked combat vehicles for the Army;

(C) $25,300,000 shall be derived from amounts available for fiscal year 1985 for procurement of weapons and tracked combat vehicles for the Army resulting from the sale of M48A5 tanks under a letter of offer issued pursuant to section 21(a)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act; *Ante*, p. 196.

(4) AMMUNITION.—$140,000,000 for procurement of ammunition, of which—

(A) $30,000,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1984 for procurement of ammunition for the Army; and

(B) $110,000,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1985 for procurement of ammunition for the Army.

(5) OTHER PROCUREMENT.—$230,600,000 for other procurement, of which—

(A) $79,000,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1984 for other procurement for the Army; and

(B) $151,600,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1985 for other procurement for the Army.

(c) AUTHORIZED MULTIYEAR CONTRACTS.—(1) Subject to paragraph (3), the Secretary of the Army may enter into multiyear contracts in accordance with section 2306(h) of title 10, United States Code, for procurement of the following:

T-700 series engines.

Chassis for the M1A1 tank.

AGT 1500 turbine engine for the M1 tank.

Laser range finder and thermal integrated sight fire control components for the M1 tank.

Electronic unit and control panel components for the ballistic computer for the M1 tank.

Transmission system for the Bradley Fighting Vehicle.

(2) The Secretary of the Army may not enter into a multiyear contract for procurement of the Armored Combat Earthmover.

(3) A multiyear contract authorized by paragraph (1) may not be entered into unless the total anticipated cost over the period of the contract is no more than 90 percent of the total anticipated cost of carrying out the same program through annual contracts.

(d) REMOVAL OF LIMITATION ON CONTRACTORS FOR 120-MILLIMETER MORTAR.—The Secretary of the Army may select a contractor for the supply of 120-millimeter mortars for the Army as if section 101(e) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-525; 98 Stat. 2499), had not been enacted.

(e) MULTIYEAR CONTRACT FOR 1985 MLRS PROGRAM PROCUREMENT.—Notwithstanding section 1502(a) of title 31, United States Code, or any other Act, funds appropriated for the multiple-launch rocket system (MLRS) program of the Army for fiscal year 1985 may be used to enter into contracts for purchases in economic-order quantities of materials and components for use with end items 99 STAT. 592 under the program proposed for procurement during fiscal year 1989.

SEC. 102. NAVY AND MARINE CORPS

(a) AIRCRAFT.—(1) Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 for procurement of aircraft for the Navy in the amount of $11,599,900,000.

(2) Funds appropriated for fiscal year 1985 for procurement of aircraft for the Navy are hereby authorized to be transferred to, and merged with, amounts appropriated for procurement of aircraft for the Navy for fiscal year 1986 pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in paragraph (1) in the amount of $109,000,000.

(b) WEAPONS.—(1)(A) Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 in the total amount of $5,655,100,000 for procurement of weapons (including missiles and torpedoes) for the Navy.

(B) There are hereby authorized to be transferred to, and merged with, amounts appropriated for procurement of weapons for the Navy for fiscal year 1986 the amount of $15,000,000, to be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1985 for procurement of weapons for the Navy.

(2) Funds appropriated or otherwise made available for procurement of weapons for the Navy for fiscal year 1986 pursuant to the authorizations in paragraph (1) are available as follows:

(A) For missile programs, $4,430,400,000.

(B) For torpedo programs:

For the MK-48 torpedo program, $417,400,000.

For the MK-46 torpedo program, $129,100,000.

For the MK-60 CAPTOR mine program, $59,600,000.

For the MK-30 mobile target program, $20,600,000.

For the MK-38 minimobile target program, $3,500,000.

For the antisubmarine rocket (ASROC) program, $15,600,000.

For the modification of torpedoes and related equipment, $141,200,000.

For the torpedo support equipment program, $47,400,000.

For the antisubmarine warfare range support program, $23,200,000.

(C) For other weapons:

For the MK-15 close-in weapon system program, $150,100,000.

For the MK-75 76-millimeter gun mount program, $20,000,000.

For other weapons programs, $77,300,000.

(D) For spares and repair parts, $166,600,000.

(c) SHIPBUILDING AND CONVERSION.—(1)(A) Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 for shipbuilding and conversion for the Navy in the total amount of $10,001,200,000.

(B) Funds appropriated for fiscal years before fiscal year 1986 are hereby authorized to be transferred to, and merged with, amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in subparagraph (A) in the total amount of $859,600,000. Such amount shall be derived in accordance with paragraph (3).

(2) Funds appropriated or otherwise made available for shipbuilding and conversion for fiscal year 1986 pursuant to the authorizations in paragraph (1) are available as follows:

99 STAT. 593 For the Trident submarine program, $1,481,800,000.

For the SSN-688 nuclear attack submarine program, $2,698,400,000.

For the aircraft carrier service life extension program (SLEP), $133,400,000.

For the CG-47 Aegis cruiser program, $2,766,200,000.

For the DDG-51 guided missile destroyer program, $164,300,000.

For the LSD-41 landing ship dock program, $414,400,000.

For the LHD-1 amphibious assault ship program, $1,314,200,000.

For the MCM-1 mine countermeasures ship program, $167,100,000.

For the MSH-1 coastal mine hunter ship program, $184,500,000.

For the TAO-187 fleet oiler program, $328,500,000.

For the TAGOS ocean surveillance ship program, $115,100,000.

For the acoustic research vessel program, $68,900,000.

For the strategic sealift ready reserve program, $228,400,000.

For the TACS auxiliary crane ship program, $82,500,000.

For the TAVB aviation logistics support ship program, $26,900,000.

For the LCAC landing craft air cushion program, $307,000,000.

For the battleship reactivation program, $53,500,000.

For service craft and landing craft, $72,100,000.

For the moored training ship program, $26,500,000.

For outfitting and post delivery, $341,100,000.

(3) Amounts transferred pursuant to paragraph (1)(B) to amounts appropriated for shipbuilding and conversion pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in paragraph (1)(A) shall be derived from amounts appropriated for shipbuilding and conversion for the Navy for fiscal years before fiscal year 1986 as follows:

(A) $357,500,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal years before fiscal year 1983.

(B) $153,000,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1983.

(C) $156,100,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1984.

(D) $193,000,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1985.

(4)(A) The Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to transfer to and merge with amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorizations of appropriations in paragraph (1) amounts described in subparagraph (B).

(B) Amounts that may be transferred under subparagraph (A) are amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1985 and prior years for shipbuilding and conversion for the Navy and remaining available for obligation as a result of cost savings in carrying out shipbuilding programs for fiscal year 1985 and prior years. Any such transfer is in addition to the transfers described in paragraph (3).

(5)(A) The Secretary of the Navy may transfer to amounts available for the battleship reactivation program for fiscal year 1986 such amounts as may be available as a result of cost savings in carrying out shipbuilding programs for fiscal year 1986 and prior years. Any such transfer is in addition to the transfers described in paragraphs (3) and (4).

(B) Section 1401 shall not apply to any transfer under this paragraph of funds appropriated for fiscal year 1986.

Post, p. 742.

(d) OTHER PROCUREMENT, NAVY.—(1)(A) Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 for other procurement for the Navy in the amount of $6,040,800,000.

(B) There is hereby authorized to be transferred to, and merged with, amounts appropriated for other procurement for the Navy, the amount of $221,000,000, to be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal years 1984 and 1985 for other procurement for the Navy, of which—

(i) $70,000,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1984; and

(ii) $151,000,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1985.

(2) Funds appropriated or otherwise made available for other procurement for the Navy for fiscal year 1986 pursuant to the authorizations in paragraph (1) are available as follows:

(A) $935,000,000 is available only for the ship support equipment program;

(B) $2,134,500,000 is available only for the communications and electronics equipment program;

(C) $1,206,800,000 is available only for aviation support equipment;

(D) $1,396,500,000 is available only for the ordnance support equipment program;

(E) a total of $685,000,000 is available only for programs for civil engineering support equipment, supply support equipment, and personnel/command support equipment;

(F) $279,800,000 is available only for spares and repair parts; and

(G) $125,300,000 is available only for non-centrally managed items.

(e) Procurement, Marine Corps.—(1) Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 for procurement for the Marine Corps (including missiles, tracked combat vehicles, and other weapons) in the amount of $1,727,400,000.

(2) There is hereby authorized to be transferred to, and merge with, amounts appropriated for procurement for the Marine Corps for fiscal year 1986 pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in paragraph (1) $28,000,000 to be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1985 for procurement for the Marine Corps.

(f) Authorized Multiyear Contracts.—(1) The Secretary of the Navy may enter into multiyear contracts in accordance with section 2306(h) of title 10, United States Code, for procurement of the following:

LHD-1 class amphibious assault ships.
MK-46 torpedoes and modification kits.

(2) The Secretary of the Navy may not enter into a multiyear contract for the procurement of the P-3C Orion antisubmarine warfare patrol aircraft.

(g) Funding for Ship Contract Design.—Any request submitted to Congress for appropriations for a fiscal year after fiscal year 1986 for ship contract design necessary to support the procurement of ships included (at the time the request is submitted) in the Navy's five-year shipbuilding and conversion plan shall be reflected in the Shipbuilding and Conversion account of the Navy.

99 STAT. 595

SEC. 103. AIR FORCE

(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 for procurement for the Air Force as follows:

(1) For aircraft, $24,435,300,000.

(2) For missiles, $9,008,600,000.

(3) For other procurement, $8,571,100,000, of which—

(A) $1,432,400,000 is for munitions and associated support equipment;

(B) $320,800,000 is for vehicular equipment;

(C) $2,635,800,000 is for electronics and telecommunications equipment;

(D) $4,655,400,000 is for other base maintenance and support equipment; and

(E) $54,700,000 is available only for non-centrally managed items.

(b) Authorization of Transfers of Prior-Year Funds.—There are hereby authorized to be transferred to, and merged with, amounts appropriated for procurement for the Air Force for fiscal year 1986 pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in subsection (a) the following amounts:

(1) Aircraft.—$406,000,000 for procurement of aircraft, to be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1985 for procurement of aircraft for the Air Force.

(2) Missiles.—$42,800,000 for procurement of missiles, to be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal years before fiscal year 1986 for procurement of missiles for the Air Force, of which—

(A) $35,000,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1985; and

(B) $7,800,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal years before fiscal year 1985.

(3) Other procurement.—$282,000,000 for other procurement, to be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal years

before fiscal year 1986 for other procurement for the Air Force, of which—

(A) $86,000,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1984; and

(B) $196,000,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1985.

SEC. 104. RESERVE COMPONENTS

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 for procurement of aircraft, missiles, tracked combat vehicles, ammunition, other weapons, and other procurement for the reserve components of the Armed Forces as follows:

For the Army National Guard, $223,400,000.
For the Air National Guard, $210,000,000.
For the Naval Reserve, $45,000,000.
For the Marine Corps Reserve, $60,000,000.
For the Air Force Reserve, $120,000,000.

(b) AUTHORIZATIONS IN ADDITION TO OTHER AMOUNTS.—The authorizations of appropriations contained in subsection (a) are in addition to any other amounts authorized to be appropriated by this or any other Act.

99 STAT. 596

SEC. 105. DEFENSE AGENCIES

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 for the Defense Agencies in the amount of $1,342,300,000.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF TRANSFERS OF PRIOR-YEAR FUNDS.—There is hereby authorized to be transferred to, and merged with, amounts appropriated for procurement for the Defense Agencies for fiscal year 1986 pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in subsection (a) the amount of $36,000,000, to be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal years before fiscal year 1986 for procurement for the Defense Agencies, of which—

(1) $15,000,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1984; and

(2) $21,000,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1985.

SEC. 106. NATO COOPERATIVE PROGRAMS

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR COOPERATIVE DEFENSE PROGRAMS.—(1) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Defense for fiscal year 1986 the amount of $75,000,000 for North Atlantic Treaty Organization cooperative defense programs as follows:

For acquisition of point air defense of United States airbases in the Federal Republic of Germany, $30,000,000.

For acquisition of point air defense of United States airbases and other critical United States military facilities in Italy, $15,000,000.

For acquisition of point air defense and port defense for facilities in Belgium, $15,000,000.

For acquisition of point air defense of United States airbases in Turkey, $15,000,000.

(2) None of the amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorizations in paragraph (1) may be obligated—

(A) for implementation of a cooperative program until the Secretary of Defense submits to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a copy of each government-to-government agreement relating to that program; or

(B) for acquisitions in connection with a NATO cooperative defense program in which the financial obligations of the United States exceed the collective financial obligations of European countries in connection with such program.

(b) EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY PROVIDED SECRETARY OF DEFENSE IN CONNECTION WITH THE NATO AWACS PROGRAM.—Effective on October 1, 1985, section 103(a) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1982 (Public Law 97-86; 95 Stat. 1100), is amended by striking out "fiscal year 1985" both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "fiscal year 1986".

SEC. 107. REDUCTIONS IN AUTHORIZATIONS DUE TO SAVINGS FROM LOWER INFLATION AND PRIOR-YEAR COST SAVINGS

(a) CERTAIN FY86 AUTHORIZATION REDUCTIONS TO BE FROM COST SAVINGS.—Authorization reductions described in subsection (b)—

(1) may not be derived through cancellation of any authorized program, stretchout of procurement under any authorized program, or any other change in an authorized program; but

99 STAT. 597

(2) may be derived only through cost reductions in programs of the Department of Defense under this title that are achieved without a reduction in the quantity or quality of goods or services acquired by the Department, including reductions due to the rate of inflation for fiscal year 1986 being lower than the rate assumed in the President's budget for fiscal year 1986.

Ante, p. 590.
Ante, pp. 592–596.

(b) IDENTIFICATION OF AMOUNTS.—Subsection (a) applies to the following amounts that represent reductions from amounts requested in the President's Budget for fiscal year 1986 and that have been incorporated into the amounts authorized in sections 101 through 105:

(1) Aircraft, Army, $5,000,000.
(2) Missiles, Army, $4,000,000.
(3) Weapons and tracked combat vehicles, Army, $7,000,000.
(4) Ammunition, Army, $3,000,000.
(5) Other procurement, Army, $5,000,000.
(6) Aircraft, Navy, $15,000,000.
(7) Weapons, Navy, $7,000,000.
(8) Shipbuilding and conversion, Navy, $14,000,000.
(9) Other procurement, Navy, $6,000,000.
(10) Procurement, Marine Corps, $2,000,000.
(11) Aircraft, Air Force, $32,000,000.
(12) Missiles, Air Force, $13,000,000.
(13) Other Procurement, Air Force, $9,000,000.
(14) Defense Agencies, $1,000,000.

SEC. 108. PROVISIONS RELATING TO TRANSFERS OF PRIOR-YEAR FUNDS

Ante, p. 592.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF TRANSFERS SUBJECT TO PROVISIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS ACTS.—Transfers authorized by this title (other than a transfer described in section 102(c)(5)(B)) may be made only to the extent provided in appropriation Acts.

(b) SOURCE OF TRANSFERRED FUNDS.—(1) All amounts transferred under this title shall be derived from funds that remain available for obligation.

(2) Except as provided in paragraphs (3) and (4), such funds—

(A) may not be derived through cancellation of any program, stretchout of procurement under any program, or any other program change; but

(B) may be derived only through cost reductions (including reductions due to rates of inflation being lower than rates assumed when such funds were budgeted) under programs for which such funds were authorized and appropriated that are achieved without a reduction in the quantity or quality of goods or services acquired by the Department of Defense.

Ante, p. 590.

(3)(A) Funds for the transfer authorized by section 101(b)(3)(B) may be derived from the Sergeant York Air Defense Gun.

(B) Funds for the transfer authorized by section 101(b)(4)(B) may be derived from 120-millimeter mortar ammunition.

(C) Funds for the transfer authorized by section 101(b)(5)(B) may be derived from the Single Channel Objective Tactical Terminal and M9 Armored Combat Earthmover programs.

(4) Paragraph (2) shall not apply to funds for the transfers authorized by section 101(b)(3)(C) and section 131(c). *Post*, p. 603.

SEC. 109. REPORT ON REDUCTIONS AND TRANSFERS

The Secretary of Defense may not implement a program change under a reduction described in section 107 or under a transfer under *Ante*, p. 596. this title until the Secretary submits to the Committees on Armed 99 STAT. 598 Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report describing the programs in which such reductions will be made in accordance with section 107 and the programs that are the source of *Ante*, p. 596. the funds transferred under this title.

SEC. 110. IMPROVEMENT IN CONVENTIONAL READINESS CAPABILITY

(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that the United States should place greater emphasis on the improvement of the capabilities of United States conventional forces, particularly in cooperation with other member nations of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, and that such an improvement would reduce the threat of nuclear war.

(b) Increased Authorizations for Conventional Capability.—Accordingly, authorizations of appropriations for programs to improve the conventional readiness capabilities of the Armed Forces in addition to the amounts requested in the President's budget for fiscal year 1986 have been included in the appropriate provisions of this Act, and similar emphasis on conventional defense capabilities is to be expected in future legislation authorizing appropriations for the Department of Defense.

Part B—Army Program Limitations

SEC. 121. SERGEANT YORK DIVISION AIR DEFENSE (DIVAD) GUN

(a) Limitation on Further Procurement.—The Secretary of the Contracts. Army may not obligate funds to execute option III of the production contract for procurement of fire units of the Sergeant York Division Air Defense (DIVAD) Gun system or to enter into a new contract for production and assembly of that system until—

(1) the initial production testing and the follow-on evaluation I are completed and the results of the testing and evaluation demonstrate that the Sergeant York System meets or exceeds the pass/fail criteria of the tests established jointly by the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of Defense;

(2) the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation of the Report. Department of Defense submits to the Secretary of Defense and the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report giving the Director's evaluation of the results of such testing and evaluation;

(3) the Secretary of Defense reports to those committees on Report. the results of such testing and evaluation and certifies that such testing reliably demonstrates that the operational capabilities of the Sergeant York system meet or exceed the performance specifications of the contract;

(4) the Secretary of the Army submits to those committees a Report. report describing a contractor guarantee of the performance of the system described in subsection (b)(1); and

(5) 30 days have elapsed after the report under paragraph (4) is received by those committees.

(b) Performance Guarantee.—(1) The guarantee of the contractor under subsection (a)(4) shall provide that each fire unit of the system shall operate in accordance with the performance specifications of the contract for the system for the maximum feasible duration and in any event for not less than one year.

(2) The terms of a guarantee under this subsection shall be in addition to terms of any previous guarantee or warranty of the 99 STAT. 599 system by the contractor required under section 2403 of title 10, United States Code, or any predecessor provision. 98 Stat. 2601.

(3) A guarantee under this subsection shall apply to contracts for fiscal years after fiscal year 1985.

SEC. 122. BRADLEY FIGHTING VEHICLE

(a) REQUIREMENT FOR REPORTS ON TESTING.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives two reports with respect to the Bradley Fighting Vehicle. The reports shall describe the results of the first and second phases, respectively, of the live-fire survivability testing program being carried out with respect to such vehicle. The reports shall be submitted in both classified and unclassified versions.

(b) REQUIRED ELEMENTS OF TESTING PROGRAM.—In phase 1 of the testing program referred to in subsection (a), at least 10 live-fire tests using antiarmor weapons of the Soviet Union shall be conducted against such vehicle in its current configuration. In phase 2 of the testing program, similar tests shall be conducted against such vehicle in a configuration with enhanced survivability features.

(c) CONTENT OF REPORTS.—The reports required by this section shall include the following:

(1) A complete analysis of the results of the testing program referred to in subsection (a), including an accounting of all of the test shots which were fired at the test vehicle, the distances from which the shots were fired, and the effects of such shots.

(2) A description and justification for the measures of merit and the pass/fail criterion used in the testing program.

(3) A justification for exempting from the testing program any overmatch or undermatch weapon which would likely be encountered in combat conditions.

(4) Potential problems that were revealed by the tests and a proposed design modification for remedying such problems.

(5) The estimated unit cost of each proposed survivability modification and the overall program cost for the modifications.

(6) A comparison of the estimated unit cost of the Bradley Fighting Vehicle in both the configuration used in phase 1 of the testing program and the configuration in phase 2 of the testing program.

(d) DATE FOR SUBMISSION OF REPORTS.—The reports required by this section shall be submitted as follows:

(1) The report regarding the results of phase 1 of the testing program shall be submitted by December 1, 1985.

(2) The report regarding the results of phase 2 of the testing program shall be submitted by June 1, 1986.

SEC. 123. CONDITIONS ON PROCUREMENT OF CERTAIN COMBAT VEHICLES

(a) TESTING REQUIREMENTS.—(1) Chapter 139 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

10 USC 2362
Contract

"§ 2362. Testing requirements: wheeled or tracked armored vehicles

"(a) The Secretary of Defense shall provide that a contract for procurement by the Department of Defense under a major vehicle program may not be entered into unless the testing carried out during the development of the vehicle meets the requirements of subsection (b).

99 STAT. 600

"(b) The testing of a vehicle referred to in subsection (a) shall include testing of the vulnerability of such vehicle to the most capable weapon that is likely to be a combat threat to the vehicle and against which the vehicle is designed to survive. Such tests—

"(1) shall be carried out in a manner modeled after the Joint Live-Fire Test Program for the Bradley Fighting Vehicle; and

"(2) if the test vehicle is to replace an existing vehicle, shall at least include test shots fired under the same conditions at both the test vehicle and the vehicle it is to replace, with each vehicle being equipped with all of the elements with which the vehicle would be equipped in combat.

"(c)(1) The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the defense committees a report with respect to the testing of each vehicle for which testing is required under this section. Report.

"(2) A report under paragraph (1)—

"(A) shall be submitted in both a classified and unclassified form;

"(B) shall be submitted with the first request to Congress for appropriations for procurement—

"(i) of the vehicle; or

"(ii) of modifications to an existing vehicle.

"(3) Each such report shall include—

"(A) a complete description of the firing parameters used in the testing and an analysis of the effect on the vehicle of each test shot made;

"(B) a description and justification of the merit and pass/fail criterion used in carrying out the test;

"(C) a description of the potential shortcomings of the vehicle that were revealed by the testing and (if any were revealed) the plan of the Secretary to incorporate into the design of the vehicle changes that are considered cost effective and that are necessary to overcome such shortcomings; and

"(D) if the test vehicle is to replace an existing vehicle, a comparison—

"(i) of the estimated unit cost of each newly developed vehicle (or of the newly developed survivability modifications being made to an existing vehicle); with

"(ii) the unit cost of the vehicle that is to be replaced by the test vehicle.

"(d) The Secretary of Defense shall include in the Department of Defense plan referred to as the Test and Evaluation Master Plan that is established for any major vehicle program an estimated cost and schedule of the testing to be carried out with respect to the program.

"(e) In this section:

"(1) 'Major vehicle program' means a major defense acquisition program for the acquisition of—

"(A) a newly developed combat wheeled or tracked armored vehicle; or

"(B) a combat wheeled or tracked armored vehicle with significant newly developed survivability modifications.

"(2) 'Major defense acquisition program' means a program subject to the Selected Acquisition Report requirements of section 139a of this title. 10 USC 139a.

99 STAT. 601

"(3) 'Defense committees' means the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"2362. Testing requirements: wheeled or tracked armored vehicles.".

(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on January 1, 1987. 10 USC 2362 note.

SEC. 124. SALE OF L119 HOWITZERS OVERSEAS

(a) Limitation on Sale to Foreign Governments.—Howitzers designated as L119 howitzers that are produced by a United States arsenal may be sold to a friendly foreign government only if not less than 30 percent of the dollar value of such howitzers is produced in the United Kingdom, as follows: United Kingdom.

(1) Five percent of the dollar value consists of basic issue items.

(2) Ten percent of the dollar value consists of fire control items.

(3) Fifteen percent of the dollar value consists of commercial items.

(b) Period of Applicability.—Subsection (a) applies only during the period of coproduction of the L119 howitzer, as determined jointly by the United States and the United Kingdom.

SEC. 125. RESTRICTIONS ON PURCHASE OF 5-TON TRUCKS

(a) Testing of Competing Engines Before Contract Award.—(1) Except as provided in subsection (b), the Secretary of the Army may not enter into a new contract for the procurement of 5-ton trucks for the Army until the Secretary certifies to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives that each truck engine described in paragraph (2) has been tested as provided in paragraph (3).

(2) The truck engines referred to in paragraph (1) are engines that—

(A) meet the specifications of the Army for engines for 5-ton trucks; and

(B) are commercially available from sources competing for the award of a contract for the supply of engines to the Army for the 5-ton trucks that are to be procured under a multiyear contract that is to succeed the multiyear contract referred to in subsection (b).

(3) The testing referred to in paragraph (1) shall be carried out in 5-ton trucks configured in the M939 validated technical data package of the Army and shall include tests to determine—

(A) whether the engine is durable after testing in a mission profile for at least 20,000 miles; and

(B) whether the performance reliability of the engine for high ambient temperature cooling, cold starting, deep water fording, grade climbing, and noise is acceptable.

(b) Authority for Extension of Existing Multiyear Contract.—(1) The Secretary of the Army may extend for a period not to exceed 18 months the multiyear contract for the procurement of 5-ton trucks that is in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) Funds available to the Army for the procurement of 5-ton trucks during fiscal year 1985 and funds appropriated for the procurement of 5-ton trucks for the Army for fiscal year 1986 may be used for the procurement of 5-ton trucks under an extension of the contract referred to in paragraph (1). 99 STAT. 602

(c) New Multiyear Contract.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary of the Army shall take such action as is appropriate, consistent with the limitation set out in subsection (a), to award a multiyear contract for the procurement of 5-ton trucks not later than May 1, 1986. Such a contract shall be for a period of five fiscal years. A contract under this paragraph may only be entered into in accordance with section 2306(h) of title 10, United States Code.

(2) A contract under paragraph (1) may not be entered into unless the anticipated cost over the period of the contract is no more than 90 percent of the anticipated cost of carrying out the same program through annual contracts.

(3) Not later than February 1, 1986, the Secretary shall determine whether it is impracticable to award a contract under paragraph (1) on or before May 1, 1986. If the Secretary determines that such action is impracticable, he shall notify the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives of the determination on or before February 1, 1986.

SEC. 126. OTHER ARMY PROGRAMS

(a) Copperhead Projectile Program.—Of the amount authorized in section 101 for procurement of ammunition, $235,000,000 is authorized for the Copperhead projectile. Not more than $200,000,000 may be obligated or expended for that projectile from funds appro- *Ante*, p. 590.

priated or otherwise made available to the Army for fiscal year 1986, after the date of the enactment of this Act, until the Secretary of Defense submits to Congress a written plan to establish a second production source for the Copperhead projectile.

(b) SAFETY MODIFICATIONS FOR PERSHING II MISSILE PROGRAM.—(1) In carrying out the Pershing II missile program for fiscal year 1986, the Secretary of the Army may purchase safety modifications (including 36 inert missile motors for the Pershing II missile) using funds made available for such program for such fiscal year.

(2) The Secretary may not obligate any funds for the safety modifications authorized by paragraph (1) until the Secretary submits to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report providing a detailed plan for the purchase of such safety modifications.

(c) AH-64 APACHE HELICOPTERS.—The Secretary of the Army may not obligate funds appropriated or otherwise made available for a fiscal year after fiscal year 1985 for procurement of AH-64 Apache attack helicopters until the Director of the Defense Contract Audit Agency reports to the Secretary that the contractor for such helicopters has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Director—

(1) that the contractor has implemented an effective and reliable system of internal accounting controls; and

(2) that the contractor has accumulated documentation (including journals, vouchers, invoices, and expense data) to support the contractor's final submission for settlement of indirect expenses for calendar years 1979 through 1983 and that such documentation is available to the Director. 99 STAT. 603

PART C—NAVY PROGRAM LIMITATIONS

SEC. 131. A6 AIRCRAFT REWING PROGRAM

(a) AUTHORIZED PROGRAM.—The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to carry out a program to replace the wings of the A6 aircraft. The amount obligated to carry out such program during fiscal year 1985 may not exceed $240,000,000.

(b) REQUIRED WARRANTY.—Funds may be obligated for the program authorized by subsection (a) only under a firm fixed-price contract which includes a warranty guaranteeing a wing fatigue life of at least 8,800 hours.

(c) AUTHORIZATION FOR TRANSFER OF FUNDS.—There are hereby authorized to be transferred to, and merged with, amounts appropriated for procurement for aircraft for the Navy for fiscal year 1985, to the extent provided in appropriation Acts, $240,000,000 for the program authorized by subsection (a). Such amount shall be derived from amounts appropriated for procurement of aircraft for the Navy for fiscal years before fiscal year 1986 as follows:

(1) $103,000,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal years before fiscal year 1985 remaining available for obligation.

(2) $137,000,000 shall be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1985 remaining available for obligation.

SEC. 132. LIMITATIONS ON NAVY AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT

Funds appropriated for fiscal year 1986 for aircraft for the Navy—

(1) may not be obligated for procurement of A6E aircraft until the Secretary of the Navy certifies to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives that the wing for the A6E aircraft to be procured is warranted for at least a 4,000-hour test-equivalent fatigue life; and

(2) may be obligated for procurement of F14 aircraft only for aircraft that are configured so as to incorporate the F110 engine.

PART D—AIR FORCE PROGRAM LIMITATIONS

SEC. 141. MX MISSILE PROGRAM

(a) LIMITATIONS ON FY86 MX PROGRAM.—(1) Not more than 12 MX missiles may be procured with funds appropriated or otherwise made available in an appropriation law for fiscal year 1986 for the procurement of missiles for the Air Force.

(2) Of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available in an appropriation law for fiscal year 1986 for the procurement of missiles for the Air Force—

(A) $1,746,000,000 shall be available only for the procurement of 12 MX missiles and related weapons system and support costs; and

(B) $105,000,000 shall be available only for the procurement of initial spares for the MX missile program.

(b) LIMITATIONS ON DEPLOYMENT AND BASING OF MX MISSILES.—(1) The number of MX missiles deployed at any time in existing Minuteman silos may not exceed 50.

(2) Funds appropriated pursuant to this or any other Act may not be used—

99 STAT. 604

(A) to modify, or prepare for modification, more than 50 existing Minuteman silos for the deployment of MX missiles;

(B) to acquire basing sets to modify more than 50 existing Minuteman silos for the deployment of MX missiles; or

(C) to procure long-lead items for the deployment of more than 50 MX missiles.

(c) ADDITIONAL LIMITATIONS ON THE DEPLOYMENT AND BASING OF MX MISSILES.—Unless a basing mode for the MX missile other than existing Minuteman silos is specifically authorized by legislation enacted after the date of the enactment of this Act, after procurement of 50 MX missiles for deployment in existing Minuteman silos—

(1) further procurement of MX missiles shall be limited to those missiles necessary to support the operational test program and for the MX missile reliability testing program; and

(2) during fiscal year 1987, depending upon the most efficient production rate, from 12 to 21 MX missiles should be procured for such purposes.

SEC. 142. COMPETITION FOR AIR FORCE FIGHTER AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT

(a) REQUIRED COMPETITION.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall establish during fiscal year 1986 a competition for the procurement of fighter aircraft to meet the requirements of the active and reserve forces of the Air Force. Such competition shall be among all suitable aircraft.

(b) COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAW.—Procurement of tactical fighter aircraft for the Air Force for fiscal year 1986 shall be carried out in accordance with all applicable provisions of law, including section 136a (relating to the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation), section 139c (relating to independent cost estimates), and chapter 137 (relating to competition in contracting), of title 10, United States Code.

98 Stat. 1185.
10 USC 2301 *et seq.*

SEC. 143. ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY BOMBER

(a) REPORT ON TOTAL PROGRAM COST.—Not later than February 1, 1986, the Secretary of Defense shall transmit to Congress a report setting forth the total program cost for the advanced technology bomber program. The Secretary shall include in the report the Secretary's evaluation of the reliability of the cost estimates for the program.

(b) LIMITATION ON EXPENDITURE OF PROCUREMENT FUNDS.—No funds appropriated pursuant to the authorizations of appropriations in this title may be obligated or expended for the advanced technology bomber program until the report required by subsection (a) is transmitted to Congress.

SEC. 144. SPECIAL OPERATIONS FORCES HH-53 HELICOPTERS

(a) Air Force Aircraft Funds.—Of the amount authorized in section 103(a) for procurement of aircraft for the Air Force, $50,000,000 is available only for modification of HH-53 helicopters to the PAVE LOW mission configuration. *Ante*, p. 595.

(b) Certification Requirement.—None of the amount described in subsection (a) may be obligated or expended until the Secretary of the Air Force certifies that sufficient funds have been budgeted in the fiscal year 1987 five-year defense plan to meet, at the earliest practicable date, and sustain the highest readiness level prescribed 99 STAT. 605 for all PAVE LOW HH-53 helicopters in the Joint Chiefs of Staff Unit Status Report System.

Part E—Other Limitations

SEC. 151. C-12 AIRCRAFT

None of the funds appropriated pursuant to authorizations in this title may be obligated or expended for procurement of C-12 aircraft unless such aircraft are procured through competitive procedures (as defined in section 2302(2) of title 10, United States Code), which shall be restricted to turboprop aircraft. 98 Stat. 1186, 3087.

SEC. 152. ADEQUATE AIRLIFT FOR SPECIAL OPERATIONS FORCES

None of the funds appropriated pursuant to authorizations in this title may be obligated or expended for the procurement of MC-130 aircraft or the modification of HH-53 or CH-47 helicopters until the Secretary of Defense—

(1) submits, in consultation with the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a plan for meeting the immediate airlift requirements of the Joint Special Operations Command and a second plan for meeting, by 1991, the airlift requirements of the Joint Special Operations Command and the special operations forces of unified commanders-in-chief; and

(2) certifies that the plans required by paragraph (1) are funded in the Fiscal Year 1987 Five-Year Defense Plan.

TITLE II—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

Part A—Authorizations of Appropriations and Program Limitations

SEC. 201. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

(a) In General.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 for the use of the Armed Forces for research, development, test, and evaluation in amounts as follows:

(1) For the Army, $4,848,663,000.

(2) For the Navy (including the Marine Corps), $10,106,401,000.

(3) For the Air Force, $13,719,721,000.

(4) For the Defense Agencies, $6,813,969,000 of which $93,500,000 is authorized for the activities of the Director of Test and Evaluation, Defense.

(b) General Authorization for Civilian Pay Contingencies.—There are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986, in addition to the amounts authorized to be appropriated in subsection (a), such sums as may be necessary for unbudgeted amounts for salary, pay, retirement, and other employee benefits authorized by

law for civilian employees of the Department of Defense whose compensation is provided for by funds authorized to be appropriated in subsection (a).

99 STAT. 606

SEC. 202. REDUCTIONS IN AUTHORIZATIONS DUE TO SAVINGS FROM LOWER INFLATION AND PRIOR-YEAR COST SAVINGS

(a) CERTAIN FY86 AUTHORIZATION REDUCTIONS TO BE FROM COST SAVINGS.—Authorization reductions described in subsection (b)—

(1) may not be derived through cancellation of any authorized program or any other change in an authorized program; but

(2) may be derived only through cost reductions (including reductions due to the rate of inflation being lower than the rate assumed in the President's budget for fiscal year 1986) in programs of the Department of Defense under this title that are achieved without a reduction in the quantity or quality of goods or services acquired by the Department.

(b) IDENTIFICATION OF AMOUNTS.—Subsection (a) applies to the following amounts that represent reductions from amounts requested in the President's Budget for fiscal year 1986 and that have been incorporated into the amounts authorized in section 201:

Ante, p. 605.

(1) For the Army, $4,000,000.

(2) For the Navy (including the Marine Corps), $11,000,000.

(3) For the Air Force, $14,000,000.

SEC. 203. AUTHORIZATION OF TRANSFERS OF PRIOR-YEAR FUNDS

(a) AUTHORIZED TRANSFERS.—There are hereby authorized to be transferred to, and merged with, amounts appropriated for research, development, test, and evaluation for the Armed Forces pursuant to the authorizations of appropriations in section 201 the following amounts:

Ante, p. 605.

(1) ARMY.—$85,000,000, to be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1985 for research, development, test, and evaluation for the Army.

(2) NAVY.—$183,000,000, to be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1985 for research, development, test, and evaluation for the Navy (including the Marine Corps).

(3) AIR FORCE.—$256,000,000, to be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1985 for research, development, test, and evaluation for the Air Force.

(4) DEFENSE AGENCIES.—$47,000,000, to be derived from amounts appropriated for fiscal year 1985 for research, development, test, and evaluation for the Defense Agencies.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF TRANSFERS SUBJECT TO PROVISIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS ACTS.—Transfers authorized by subsection (a) may be made only to the extent provided in appropriation Acts.

(c) SOURCE OF TRANSFERRED FUNDS.—(1) All amounts transferred under this section shall be derived from funds that remain available for obligation.

(2) Such funds—

(A) may not be derived through cancellation of any program, stretchout of procurement under any program, or any other program change; but

(B) may be derived only through cost reductions (including reductions due to rates of inflation being lower than rates assumed when such funds were budgeted) under programs for which such funds were authorized and appropriated that are achieved without a reduction in the quantity or quality of goods or services acquired by the Department of Defense.

(d) REPORT ON REDUCTIONS AND TRANSFERS.—The Secretary of Defense may not implement a program change under a reduction described in section 202 or under a transfer under this section until **the Secretary submits to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report describing the programs in which such reductions will be made in accordance with section 202 and the programs that are the source of the funds transferred under this section.**

Supra.

99 STAT. 607

Ante, p. 606.

SEC. 204. LIMITATIONS ON FUNDS FOR THE ARMY

(a) In General.—Of the amount authorized in section 201 for the Army— *Ante*, p. 605.

(1) $52,836,000 is available only for the Missile/Rocket Components program, of which—

(A) $10,000,000 is available only for the development of the Fiber Optics Guided Missile; and

(B) $10,000,000 is available only for development of the Hypervelocity Missile;

(2) $23,583,000 is available only for the Stinger Missile program;

(3) $18,898,000 is available only for the M1 E1 Tank Development program, of which $15,000,000 is available only for a fuel-efficient modification for the AGT-1500 tank engine;

(4) $20,000,000 is available only for the development, test integration, and evaluation of the Hellfire Missile for the Blackhawk helicopter; and

(5) $42,000,000 is available only for the Software Initiative (STARS) program.

(b) Report.—Not later than December 15, 1985, the Secretary of the Army shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report delineating a program plan for the fuel-efficient modification for the AGT-1500 transverse-mounted tank engine and for the Advanced Integrated Propulsion system. Such plan shall include the total system cost and system milestones for such programs.

SEC. 205. LIMITATIONS ON FUNDS FOR THE NAVY (INCLUDING THE MARINE CORPS)

(a) In General.—Of the amount authorized in section 201 for the Navy (including the Marine Corps)— *Ante*, p. 605.

(1) $17,500,000 is available only for the Low-Cost Anti-Radiation Seeker program;

(2) $4,464,000 is available only for the Advanced Mine Development program;

(3) $5,900,000 is available only for the Naval Oceanography program;

(4) $12,000,000 is available only for the Battlegroup Quick Reaction Surveillance System program;

(5) $4,000,000 is available only for unique Wallops Island Test Range activity;

(6) $10,000,000 is available only for the Skipper/Practice Bomb program;

(7) $1,500,000 is available only for a classified sensor development program; and

(8) $2,500,000 is available only to establish a second source for the competitive procurement of the Navy Five-Inch and Army 155-Millimeter Guided Projectile systems.

(b) Report.—Not later than December 15, 1985, the Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report delineating a 99 STAT. 608 program plan for the Low-Cost Anti-Radiation Seeker Program. Such plan shall include the total system cost and system milestones for such program.

(c) SSN-21 Combat System Advanced and Engineering Programs.—(1) Of the amount authorized in section 201 for the Navy, *Ante*, p. 605. $200,000,000 is available only for the SSN-21 Combat System Advanced and Engineering program. None of such amount may be obligated or expended for the Submarine Advanced Combat System (SUBACS) program unless the Secretary of the Navy submits to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives written certification that—

(A) the Secretary has initiated action to negotiate and sign prior to February 1, 1986, a modification to the full-scale engineering development contract which would provide for— Contract.

(i) a cost ceiling for such development with no liability of the United States for cost growth above such ceiling; and

(ii) penalties for late delivery of equipment and failure to meet performance criteria;

(B) before completion of full-scale engineering development for the SUBACS Basic system under such program, such contractor will provide to the United States a complete technical data package—

(i) at no additional cost to the Government;

(ii) containing no manufacturing or proprietary data rights; and

(iii) of such quality as to allow production of such system by a second source;

(C) the Secretary has begun action to provide, to the maximum extent possible, competition for procurement of components for production of the SUBACS Basic system; and

(D) the Secretary has begun action to establish competition in development and production of the follow-on systems to the SUBACS Basic system.

(2) During the period of any negotiations for a contract modification referred to in paragraph (1)(A), the monthly rate of expenditure for the SUBACS program may not exceed the rate of expenditure for such program.

(3) The Secretary shall also provide, within the amount of funds provided for the SSN-21 Combat System Advanced Engineering Program, that one or more firms that are potential competitors for the attack submarine combat system for fiscal year 1989 be established as associate contractors for the SUBACS Basic program with full access to all SUBACS development information.

(4) If the Secretary determines that it is not possible to make a certification under paragraph (1), the Secretary may obligate and expend funds necessary to develop an advanced combat system (other than SUBACS) for the SSN-21 submarine and other applicable platforms.

(d) Rolling Airframe Missile Program.—Funds appropriated for fiscal year 1986 for research, development, test, and evaluation for the Navy may not be obligated for the Rolling Airframe Missile program or the NATO Sea Sparrow program unless the Secretary of the Navy certifies to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives that—

Contract.

(1) the Secretary has entered into a firm fixed-price production contract for the Rolling Airframe Missile program;

99 STAT. 609

Contract.

(2) such contract includes options of the United States for procurement under such program for fiscal years after fiscal year 1986 with maximum prices established for such options; and

(3) the contractor for such contract has provided a complete data package to the Navy—

(A) at no additional cost to the United States; and

(B) containing no manufacturing or proprietary data rights of the contractor.

(e) Acquisition of Anti-Submarine Warfare Training Systems.—The Secretary of the Navy shall initiate a competitive procurement of three service test models of the LAMPS Mark I anti-submarine warfare shipboard training system for the Naval Reserve during fiscal year 1986. Of the funds appropriated pursuant to the authorizations of appropriations in section 201(a)(2), $6,800,000 may not be obligated before such test models are procured.

SEC. 206. LIMITATIONS ON FUNDS FOR THE AIR FORCE

Ante, p. 605.

Of the amount authorized in section 201 for the Air Force—

(1) $60,000,000 is available only for research, development, test, and evaluation for the Integrated Electronic Warfare system (INEWS) and the Integrated Communication, Navigation, Identification Avionics (ICNIA) system;

(2) $22,000,000 is available only for the research, development, test, and evaluation to modify the F-4 aircraft to satisfy the Air Force air defense mission;

(3) $19,570,000 is available only for a classified reconnaissance system;

(4) $211,276,000 is available only for the Very High Speed Integrated Circuits (VHSIC) program;

(5) $15,000,000 is available only for the Pave Tiger system; and

(6) $11,742,000 is available only for the Software Engineering Institute.

SEC. 207. LIMITATIONS ON FUNDS FOR THE DEFENSE AGENCIES

Ante, p. 605.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Of the amount authorized in section 201 for the Defense Agencies—

(1) $300,000,000 is available only for the Joint Advanced Systems program;

(2) $81,250,000 is available only for the University Research Initiative program, of which $1,000,000 is available only for computer and related research at Syracuse University, Syracuse, New York;

(3) $1,000,000 is available for use by the Defense Logistics Agency to conduct a demonstration of advanced clothing manufacturing technology and to procure and field test military clothing produced using advanced manufacturing techniques;

(4) $500,000 is available only for use by the Defense Logistics Agency for the Military Sewn Products Automation Program (MILSPA); and

(5) $142,000,000 is available only for the Strategic Computing Initiative.

99 STAT. 610

Report.

(b) LIMITATION OF FUNDS FOR THE JOINT TACTICAL INFORMATION DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM (JTIDS).—Of the amount authorized in section 201 for the Defense Agencies, $200,000,000 is available only for research and development of a common Joint Tactical Information Distribution System (JTIDS) program. None of such amount may be obligated or expended until the Secretary of Defense selects a single JTIDS program to meet the operational requirements of both the Navy and the Air Force. If the Secretary of Defense determines that such a selection is not feasible or is not practicable, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report in writing setting forth the specific reasons for not proceeding with a common JTIDS program. The Secretary may not obligate or expend funds for the development or procurement of separate JTIDS programs for the Navy and Air Force until seven days of continuous session of Congress have expired following the date on which such report was submitted. For purposes of the preceding sentence, continuity of a session of Congress is determined as provided in section 7307(b)(2) of title 10, United States Code.

10 USC 139 note.

SEC. 208. TESTING OF ANTISATELLITE WEAPONS AND SPACE SURVIVABILITY PROGRAM

Prohibitions.

(a) REQUIREMENT REGARDING THE USE OF FUNDS.—None of the funds appropriated pursuant to an authorization in this or any other Act may be obligated or expended to test against an object in space the miniature homing vehicle (MHV) anti-satellite warhead launched from an F-15 aircraft unless the President has made a determination and a certification to the Congress as provided in section 8100 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1985 (as contained in section 101(h) of Public Law 98-473 (98 Stat. 1941)).

(b) LIMITATION ON NUMBER OF TESTS.—Not more than three tests described in subsection (a) may be conducted before October 1, 1986.

Ante, p. 605.

(c) FUNDING FOR AIR FORCE SPACE SURVIVABILITY PROGRAM.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated for the Air Force in section 201, $15,000,000 is available only for the satellite survivability project of the Air Force Space Survivability Program.

SEC. 209. SMALL INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE PROGRAM

Ante, p. 605.

(a) AMOUNT AUTHORIZED FOR FY86.—Of the amount authorized in section 201 for the Air Force, $724,500,000 is available only for research, development, test, and evaluation carried out with respect to the small mobile intercontinental ballistic missile within the intercontinental ballistic missile modernization program.

(b) MAINTENANCE OF PRIORITY FOR SMALL MOBILE ICBM PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Defense shall continue to carry out the program to develop a small mobile intercontinental ballistic missile, and to provide for the allocation of defense industrial resources for that program, in accordance with the priority for that program (known as "Brick-Bat") in effect on June 1, 1985, under the system provided by existing laws and regulations for determining relative program precedence for assignment of production resources.

Report.

(c) PROCEDURES REQUIRED BEFORE DECISIONS ON FULL-SCALE DEVELOPMENT AND BASING SITE SELECTION FOR SMALL ICBM.—(1) Before any decision may be made by the President or the Secretary of Defense with regard to the full-scale development of a small intercontinental ballistic missile or the selection of basing areas for the deployment of such missile, the Secretary of the Air Force shall prepare and submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a legislative environmental impact statement with respect to such development and such selection. In making any such decision, the President and the Secretary of Defense shall take into consideration the findings and conclusions contained in any such report.

99 STAT. 611

(2) The legislative environmental impact statement required by paragraph (1) shall be prepared in accordance with the requirements applicable to such statements prepared under section 1506.8 of title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on May 16, 1985).

(3) A legislative environmental impact statement prepared and submitted to the appropriate committees pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be deemed to meet all the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) with respect to all aspects of the full-scale development of a small intercontinental ballistic missile and the selection of basing areas for the deployment of such missile.

(4) Preparation of a legislative environmental impact statement pursuant to paragraph (1) shall not relieve the Secretary of Defense from any obligation for the subsequent preparation of administrative environmental impact statements with respect to the environmental impact on specifically selected sites within the chosen areas for the deployment and peacetime operation of small intercontinental ballistic missiles.

SEC. 210. ADVANCED MEDIUM-RANGE AIR-TO-AIR MISSILE (AMRAAM) SYSTEM

Ante, p. 605.

(a) LIMITATION ON FUNDING.—(1) Of the amount authorized in section 201 for the Air Force, $101,382,000 is available for the Advanced Medium-Range Air-to-Air Missile (AMRAAM) program.

(2) Of the amount appropriated pursuant to the authorization in section 201 for the Air Force, $54,382,000 may not be obligated or expended until the Secretary of Defense submits to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a certification as described in subsection (b).

(b) CERTIFICATION.—A certification under subsection (a) shall be in writing and shall include confirmation by the Secretary of the following:

(1) That (A) the design of the AMRAAM system has been completed, (B) system performance has not been degraded from the original development specification (DS 32050-000, as amended by the draft Development Concept Paper (DCP) of June 14, 1985), and (C) the flight test program has been revised to incorporate the maximum practicable number of selected

changes in the design of the AMRAAM system that reduce the costs of the system and that are qualified and flight tested before production.

(2) That a fixed-price type contract for an amount not more than $556,580,480 has been entered into with the development contractor for research, development, test, and evaluation for such program.

(3) That the total production cost for the program, for a minimum of 17,000 missiles, will not exceed $5,200,000,000 (in fiscal year 1984 dollars) and that the missiles procured will perform in accordance with the development specification referred to in paragraph (1).

(c) NONCERTIFICATION.—If the Secretary of Defense cannot make a certification under subsection (a) by March 1, 1986, the AMRAAM program shall be terminated as of that date with no subsequent Government liability.

SEC. 211. HIGH-SPEED ANTI-RADIATION MISSILE (HARM) PROGRAM

Report.
Ante, p. 605.

(a) LIMITATION ON NAVY FUNDING.—Of the amount appropriated pursuant to the authorization in section 201 for the Navy (including the Marine Corps), $100,000,000 may not be obligated or expended until the Secretary of the Navy submits to Congress a certification as described in subsection (c) or a report as described in subsection (d).

Report.
Ante, p. 605.

(b) LIMITATION ON AIR FORCE FUNDING.—Of the amount appropriated pursuant to the authorization in section 201 for the Air Force, $50,000,000 may not be obligated or expended until the Secretary of the Air Force submits to Congress a certification as described in subsection (c) or a report as described in subsection (d).

(c) CERTIFICATION.—A certification under subsection (a) or (b) shall be in writing and shall include a certification by the Secretary concerned of the following:

(1) That the test and evaluation of the High-Speed Anti-Radiation Missile (HARM) shows conclusively that the missile system meets all performance specifications and objectives delineated in the HARM weapon system specification—AS 3400 Revision A, dated August 6, 1982.

(2) That a current production missile has been disassembled and that there is complete correlation with such missile and the current technical-data package (including the engineering drawings and software) and that HARM production missiles are being constructed to these drawings.

(3) That the HARM missile system is capable of engaging the intended threat as approved by the Director of Central Intelligence.

(4) That the program to develop the HARM low-cost seeker is structured to meet an intended Initial Operational Capability (IOC) date during 1991.

(d) REPORT ON DEFICIENCIES.—(1) If the Secretary of the Navy cannot make a certification under subsection (c) because of deficiencies in the HARM system, then the Secretary may obligate and expend funds without regard to the limitation in subsection (a) after submitting to Congress a written report described in paragraph (3).

(2) If the Secretary of the Air Force cannot make a certification under subsection (c) because of deficiencies in the HARM system, then the Secretary may obligate and expend funds without regard to the limitation in subsection (b) after submitting to Congress a written report described in paragraph (3).

(3) A report under paragraph (1) or (2) shall include—

(A) a detailed list of the deficiencies in the HARM system; and

(B) a plan to correct such deficiencies, including milestones and required levels of funding, and a request to Congress to reprogram funds for the purpose of correcting such deficiencies.

(e) PROHIBITION ON EXPENDITURES TO CORRECT SPECIFIED DEFICIENCIES.—The Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force may not obligate or expend any funds to correct deficiencies in the HARM system in order to meet the weapons system performance specifications described in subsection (c)(1).

99 STAT. 613

PART B—STRATEGIC DEFENSE INITIATIVE

SEC. 221. FUNDING FOR FISCAL YEAR 1986

Ante, p. 605.

Of the amount authorized in section 201 for the Defense Agencies, $2,750,000,000 is available for the Strategic Defense Initiative, of which $12,500,000 is available only for the medical application of free-electron lasers and associated material and physical science research.

10 USC 139 note.

SEC. 222. REQUIREMENT FOR SPECIFIC AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPLOYMENT OF STRATEGIC DEFENSE INITIATIVE SYSTEM

A strategic defense system developed as a consequence of research, development, test, and evaluation conducted on the Strategic Defense Initiative program may not be deployed in whole or in part unless—

(1) the President determines and certifies to Congress in writing that—

(A) the system is survivable (that is, the system is able to maintain a sufficient degree of effectiveness to fulfill its mission, even in the face of determined attacks against it); and

(B) the system is cost effective at the margin to the extent that the system is able to maintain its effectiveness against the offense at less cost than it would take to develop offensive countermeasures and proliferate the ballistic missiles necessary to overcome it; and

(2) funding for the deployment of such system has been specifically authorized by legislation enacted after the date on which the President makes the certification to Congress.

SEC. 223. REPORTS ON STRATEGIC DEFENSE INITIATIVE

(a) REPORT ON POTENTIAL RESPONSES TO SDI AND ON RDT&E COSTS.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report as to—

(A) what probable responses can be expected from potential enemies should the Strategic Defense Initiative programs be carried out to procurement and deployment, such as what increase may be anticipated in offensive enemy weapons in an enemy's attempt to penetrate the defensive shield by increasing the numbers or qualities of its offensive weapons;

(B) what can be expected from potential enemies in the deployment of weapons not endangered by the Strategic Defense Initiative, such as cruise missiles and low trajectory submarine missiles;

(C) the degree of the dependency of success for the Strategic Defense Initiative upon a potential enemy's anti-satellite weapons capability; and

(D) the cost estimates for the research, development, test, and evaluation for the proposed Strategic Defense Initiative.

(2) The report required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted to Congress with the request of the Secretary of Defense for appropriations for the Strategic Defense Initiative for fiscal year 1987.

(b) REPORT ON PROCUREMENT AND DEPLOYMENT COSTS.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report on the cost estimates for procurement and deployment of Strategic Defense Initiative programs. The report shall be submitted as soon as possible, but not later than submission of the budget request of the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1989.

99 STAT. 614

SEC. 224. CONGRESSIONAL POLICY REGARDING CONSULTATION WITH OTHER MEMBERS OF NATO ON THE STRATEGIC DEFENSE INITIATIVE

(a) Commendation of President's Action.—The Congress commends the President's attempts to initiate cooperation between the United States and other member nations of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) on the Strategic Defense Initiative.

(b) Consultation and Cooperation With Other NATO Nations.—It is the sense of Congress—

(1) that the mutual defense of NATO member nations is strengthened when there is a high degree of consultation and cooperation among member nations; and

President of U.S.

(2) that the President should continue consultations with other member nations of NATO on the Strategic Defense Initiative program and, to the maximum extent feasible and within national security guidelines, keep such member nations informed of the progress, plans, and potential proposals of the United States regarding such program.

SEC. 225. CONGRESSIONAL EXPRESSION ON THE STRATEGIC DEFENSE INITIATIVE AND THE ABM TREATY

(a) Findings Regarding ABM Treaty.—The Congress finds—

(1) that the President's Commission on Strategic Forces declared in its report to the President, dated March 21, 1984, that "One of the most successful arms control agreements is the Anti-Ballistic Missile Treaty of 1972"; and

23 UST 3435.

(2) that the Secretary of State has stated that the "ABM Treaty requires consultations, and the President has explicitly recognized that any ABM-related deployments arising from research into ballistic missile defenses would be a matter for consultations and negotiation between the Parties".

(b) Sense of Congress Regarding SDI and the ABM Treaty.—It is the sense of Congress—

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

(1) that it fully supports the declared policy of the President that a principal objective of the United States in negotiations with the Soviet Union on nuclear and space arms is to reverse the erosion of the Anti-Ballistic Missile Treaty of 1972;

(2) that action by the Congress in approving funds for research on the Strategic Defense Initiative—

(A) does not express or imply an intention on the part of the Congress that the United States should abrogate, violate, or otherwise erode such treaty; and

(B) does not express or imply any determination or commitment on the part of the Congress that the United States develop, test, or deploy ballistic missile strategic defense weaponry that would contravene such treaty; and

(3) that funds appropriated for the Strategic Defense Initiative program should not be used in a manner inconsistent with any of the treaties commonly known as the Limited Test Ban Treaty, the Threshold Test Ban Treaty, the Outer Space Treaty, or the Anti-Ballistic Missile Treaty of 1972.

23 UST 3435.

99 STAT. 615

SEC. 226. REPORT ON STRATEGIC AND THEATER BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSES

(a) Requirement for Study.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study to examine the feasibility and military value of the early application of defenses against ballistic missile attack from the standpoint of—

(1) defending high value United States and allied capabilities abroad; and

(2) defending United States strategic deterrent capabilities.

(b) Matters To Be Included in Study.—The study shall specifically address—

(1) the contribution such defenses could make to deterrence stability;

(2) the adequacy in this regard of existing programs, including in particular the Strategic Defense Initiative; and

(3) the adequacy of the Army's Anti-Tactical Missile (ATM) program for allied defense.

(c) Report on Study.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report containing the results of such study not later than February 15, 1986.

TITLE III—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

SEC. 301. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

(a) In General.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 for the use of the Armed Forces and other activities and agencies of the Department of Defense for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for operation and maintenance in amounts as follows:

For the Army, $19,177,351,000.
For the Navy, $24,608,847,000.
For the Marine Corps, $1,626,700,000.
For the Air Force, $20,096,089,000.
For the Defense Agencies, $7,553,333,000.
For the Army Reserve, $780,100,000.
For the Naval Reserve, $900,590,000.
For the Marine Corps Reserve, $57,170,000.
For the Air Force Reserve, $902,144,000.
For the Army National Guard, $1,625,780,000.
For the Air National Guard, $1,806,162,000.
For the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, $920,000.
For Defense Claims, $143,300,000.
For the Court of Military Appeals, $3,200,000.

(b) General Authorization for Contingencies.—There are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986, in addition to the amounts authorized to be appropriated in subsection (a), such sums as may be necessary—

(1) for unbudgeted increases in fuel costs;

(2) for unbudgeted increases as a result of inflation in the cost of activities authorized by subsection (a); and

(3) for unbudgeted amounts for salary, pay, retirement, and other employee benefits authorized by law for civilian employees of the Department of Defense whose compensation is provided for by funds authorized to be appropriated in subsection (a).

99 STAT. 616

(c) Additional Authorization for Army National Guard.—In addition to the amounts authorized to be appropriated in subsection (a), there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for the Army National Guard for—

(1) armory operating costs;

(2) modification or repair of work space for full-time National Guard personnel; and

(3) partial Federal funding for major repair and renovation of National Guard facilities.

(d) Transfer of Funds.—Funds are hereby authorized to be transferred, to the extent provided in appropriation Acts, from the Foreign Currency Fluctuations, Defense fund to the operation and maintenance accounts of the military departments in amounts as follows:

For the Army, $156,000,000.
For the Navy, $156,000,000.
For the Air Force, $156,000,000.

SEC. 302. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR WORKING-CAPITAL FUNDS

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 to provide capital for working-capital funds of the Department of Defense in amounts as follows:

For the Army Stock Fund, $393,000,000.
For the Navy Stock Fund, $638,500,000.
For the Marine Corps Stock Fund, $37,700,000.
For the Air Force Stock Fund, $415,900,000.
For the Defense Stock Fund, $174,500,000.

SEC. 303. LIMITATION ON THE USE OF O&M FUNDS TO PURCHASE INVESTMENT ITEMS

Funds appropriated for fiscal year 1986 for operation and maintenance of the Department of Defense pursuant to the authorizations of appropriations in section 301 may not be used to purchase any item with a unit cost of $5,000 or more if purchases of such item during fiscal year 1985 were chargeable to appropriations made to the Department of Defense for procurement.

Ante, p. 615.

SEC. 304. ASSISTANCE FOR THE TENTH INTERNATIONAL PAN AMERICAN GAMES

(a) Authority To Provide Support Services.—The Secretary of Defense may—

(1) provide logistical support and personnel services to the Tenth Pan Am Games;

(2) lend and provide equipment in support of the Tenth Pan Am Games; and

(3) provide such other services in support of the Tenth Pan Am Games as the Secretary considers advisable.

(b) Authorization of Appropriations; Limitation.—(1) There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Defense for fiscal year 1986 an amount not to exceed $10,000,000 for the purpose of carrying out subsection (a).

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (3), funds may not be obligated for the purpose of carrying out subsection (a) unless specifically appropriated for such purpose.

(3) Paragraph (2) does not apply to funds used for pay and nontravel-related allowances for members of the Armed Forces (other than pay and allowances of members of the reserve components called or ordered to active duty to provide support for the Tenth Pan Am Games).

99 STAT. 617

(4) The costs for pay and non-travel-related allowances of members of the Armed Forces (other than members of the reserve components called or ordered to active duty to provide support for the Tenth Pan Am Games) may not be charged to appropriations made pursuant to the authorization in paragraph (1).

(c) Definition.—For the purposes of this section, the term "Tenth Pan Am Games" means the Tenth International Pan American Games, to be held at Indianapolis, Indiana, during the period beginning on August 7, 1987, and ending on August 23, 1987.

SEC. 305. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR TRANSPORTATION OF HUMANITARIAN RELIEF SUPPLIES TO AFGHAN REFUGEES

(a) Authorization of Funds.—There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1986 the sum of $10,000,000 for the purpose of providing transportation for humanitarian relief for persons displaced or who are refugees because of the invasion of Afghanistan by the Soviet Union.

(b) Transportation Under Direction of the Secretary of State.—Transportation provided with funds appropriated pursuant to the authorization in this section shall be under the direction of the Secretary of State.

(c) Means of Transportation To Be Used.—Transportation for humanitarian relief provided with funds appropriated pursuant to the authorization in this section shall be by the most economical commercial or military means available, unless the Secretary of State determines that it is in the national interest of the United States to use means other than the most economical available. Such means may include the use of aircraft and personnel of the reserve components of the Armed Forces.

SEC. 306. EXTENSION AND EXPANSION OF AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE TO TRANSPORT HUMANITARIAN RELIEF SUPPLIES TO CERTAIN COUNTRIES

(a) Section 1540(a) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-525; 98 Stat. 2637), is amended—

(1) by striking out "fiscal year 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "fiscal years 1985 and 1986"; and

(2) by striking out "Central America" and inserting in lieu thereof "any area of the world".

(b) The heading of section 1540 of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"AUTHORIZATION FOR SECRETARY OF DEFENSE TO TRANSPORT HUMANITARIAN RELIEF SUPPLIES TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES".

SEC. 307. LIMITATIONS CONCERNING AIR NATIONAL GUARD AND AIR FORCE RESERVE FLYING UNITS

Funds appropriated to or for the use of the Secretary of the Air Force may not be used to deactivate or divest of its flying mission any flying unit of the Air National Guard or the Air Force Reserve until—

(1) the Secretary has notified in writing the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives of the Secretary's intent to expend funds for such purpose; and

99 STAT. 618

(2) 60 days have elapsed following receipt of that notification.

10 USC 133 note.

SEC. 308. COMMISSARY AND EXCHANGE PRIVILEGES FOR SURVIVORS OF CERTAIN RESERVISTS

(a) BENEFITS FOR CERTAIN DEPENDENTS.—The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe regulations to allow dependents of members of the uniformed services described in subsection (b) to use commissary and exchange stores on the same basis as dependents of members of the uniformed services who die while on active duty for a period of more than 30 days.

(b) COVERED DEPENDENTS.—A dependent referred to in subsection (a) is a dependent of a member of a uniformed service who died—

(1) while on active duty, active duty for training, or inactive duty training (regardless of the period of such duty); or

(B) while traveling to or from the place at which the member is to perform, or has performed, active duty, active duty for training, or inactive duty training (regardless of the period of such duty).

(c) DEFINITION.—For the purposes of this section, the term "uniformed services" has the meaning given such term in section 101 of title 37, United States Code.

TITLE IV—MILITARY PERSONNEL AUTHORIZATIONS

PART A—ACTIVE FORCES

SEC. 401. AUTHORIZATION OF END STRENGTHS

The Armed Forces are authorized strengths for active-duty personnel as of September 30, 1986, as follows:

(1) The Army, 780,800.

(2) The Navy, 581,300.

(3) The Marine Corps, 198,800.

(4) The Air Force, 606,470.

SEC. 402. EXTENSION OF QUALITY CONTROL ON ENLISTMENTS INTO THE ARMY

Effective on October 1, 1985, section 302(a) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1981 (10 U.S.C. 520 note), is amended by striking out "October 1, 1984" and "September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1985" and "September 30, 1986", respectively.

98 Stat. 2516.

PART B—RESERVE FORCES

SEC. 411. AUTHORIZATION OF AVERAGE STRENGTHS FOR SELECTED RESERVE

10 USC 261 note.

(a) IN GENERAL.—For fiscal year 1986, the Selected Reserve of the reserve components of the Armed Forces shall be programmed to attain average strengths of not less than the following:

(1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 440,025.
(2) The Army Reserve, 290,639.
(3) The Naval Reserve, 134,212.
(4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 41,900.
(5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 108,700.
(6) The Air Force Reserve, 75,600.
(7) The Coast Guard Reserve, 12,500.

(b) ADJUSTMENTS.—The average strengths prescribed by subsection (a) for the Selected Reserve of any reserve component shall be proportionately reduced by (1) the total authorized strength of units organized to serve as units of the Selected Reserve of such component which are on active duty (other than for training) at any time during the fiscal year, and (2) the total number of individual members not in units organized to serve as units of the Selected Reserve of such component who are on active duty (other than for training or for unsatisfactory participation in training) without their consent at any time during the fiscal year. Whenever such units or such individual members are released from active duty during any fiscal year, the average strength prescribed for such fiscal year for the Selected Reserve of such reserve component shall be proportionately increased by the total authorized strength of such units and by the total number of such individual members.

SEC. 412. AUTHORIZATION OF END STRENGTHS FOR RESERVES ON ACTIVE DUTY IN SUPPORT OF THE RESERVE COMPONENTS

(a) IN GENERAL.—Within the average strengths prescribed in section 411, the reserve components of the Armed Forces are authorized, as of September 30, 1986, the following number of Reserves to be serving on full-time active duty or, in the case of members of the National Guard, on full-time National Guard duty for the purpose of organizing, administering, recruiting, instructing, or training the reserve components or the National Guard:

Ante, p. 618.

(1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 23,731.
(2) The Army Reserve, 12,157.
(3) The Naval Reserve, 19,010.
(4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 1,475.
(5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 7,269.
(6) The Air Force Reserve, 635.

(b) AUTHORITY TO INCREASE END-STRENGTH LIMIT.—Upon a determination by the Secretary of Defense that such action is in the national interest, the end strengths prescribed by subsection (a) may be increased by a total of not more than the number equal to 2 percent of the total end strengths prescribed.

SEC. 413. INCREASE IN NUMBER OF CERTAIN PERSONNEL AUTHORIZED TO BE ON ACTIVE DUTY IN SUPPORT OF THE RESERVE COMPONENTS

98 Stat. 2517.

(a) SENIOR ENLISTED MEMBERS.—The table in section 517(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"Grade	Army	Navy	Air Force	Marine Corps
E-9	517	165	80	9
E-8	2,295	381	358	74".

98 Stat. 2518.
10 USC 524.

(b) OFFICERS.—The table in section 524(a) of such title is amended to read as follows:

99 STAT. 620

"Grade	Army	Navy	Air Force	Marine Corps
Major or Lieutenant Commander	2,317	850	476	100
Lieutenant Colonel or Commander	1,152	520	318	60
Colonel or Navy Captain	348	177	189	25".

10 USC 517 note.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

PART C—MILITARY TRAINING

SEC. 421. AUTHORIZATION OF TRAINING STUDENT LOADS

(a) IN GENERAL.—For fiscal year 1986, the components of the Armed Forces are authorized average military training student loads as follows:

(1) The Army, 79,686.
(2) The Navy, 71,018.
(3) The Marine Corps, 20,766.
(4) The Air Force, 43,389.
(5) The Army National Guard of the United States, 18,886.
(6) The Army Reserve, 16,985.
(7) The Naval Reserve, 3,355.
(8) The Marine Corps Reserve, 3,790.
(9) The Air National Guard of the United States, 2,751.
(10) The Air Force Reserve, 2,118.

(b) ADJUSTMENTS.—The average military student loads for the Army, the Navy, the Marine Corps, and the Air Force and the reserve components authorized in subsection (a) for fiscal year 1986 shall be adjusted consistent with the personnel strengths authorized in parts A and B. Such adjustment shall be apportioned among the Army, the Navy, the Marine Corps, and the Air Force and the reserve components in such manner as the Secretary of Defense shall prescribe.

TITLE V—DEFENSE PERSONNEL POLICY

PART A—CIVILIAN PERSONNEL

SEC. 501. WAIVER OF CIVILIAN PERSONNEL CEILINGS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1986

The provisions of section 138(c)(2) of title 10, United States Code, shall not apply with respect to fiscal year 1986 or with respect to the appropriation of funds for that year.

SEC. 502. PROHIBITION ON MANAGING CIVILIAN PERSONNEL BY END-STRENGTHS DURING FISCAL YEAR 1986

(a) PROHIBITION.—During fiscal year 1986, the civilian personnel of the Department of Defense may not be managed on the basis of any end-strength, and the management of such personnel during that fiscal year shall not be subject to any constraint or limitation (known as an "end-strength") on the number of such personnel who may be employed on the last day of such fiscal year.

(b) FY86 REPORTS.—Not later than February 1, 1986, the Secretary of Defense and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall each submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on the experience of the Department of Defense during fiscal years 1985 and 1986 (to the date of the report) concerning the management of civilian personnel of the Department without a congressionally imposed civilian end strength and with a statutory prohibition on the management during those fiscal years of such civilian personnel by end strength. Each such report shall include the views of the Secretary or Director, as appropriate, with respect to the desirability of managing such personnel in such a manner.

99 STAT. 621

(c) QUARTERLY REPORTS.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives quarterly reports on the obligation of funds appropriated for civilian personnel of the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1986. Each report shall include—

(A) for each appropriation account, the amounts authorized and appropriated for such personnel for fiscal year 1986;

(B) for each appropriation account and for the entire Department—

(i) the actual number of such personnel employed, and the amount of funds obligated for such personnel, as of the end of the fiscal year quarter described in the report; and

(ii) the projected number of such personnel to be employed, and the amount of funds that will be obligated for such personnel, as of the end of fiscal year 1986.

(2) Each report required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted as soon as possible after the end of the fiscal year quarter described in the report.

SEC. 503. EXERCISE OF CERTAIN AUTHORITIES RELATING TO CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds—

(1) that in National Security Decision Directive 84, issued by the President on March 11, 1983, the President directed the Attorney General to establish, after consultation with the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, an interdepartmental group to—

(A) study security procedures in effect with respect to Federal employees; and

(B) recommend appropriate revisions in Executive orders, regulations, and guidelines pertaining to such procedures; and

(2) that on May 1, 1984, the interdepartmental group referred to in clause (1) requested, in a memorandum to the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, that guidance be furnished to the group on matters relating to the study referred to in paragraph (1)(A).

(b) DIRECTION TO FURNISH GUIDANCE.—Before the end of the 60-day period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall transmit to the interdepartmental group referred to in subsection (a) the guidance requested in the memorandum referred to in subsection (a)(2).

(c) REPORT REQUIREMENT.—Before the end of the 90-day period beginning on the date that the President transmits the guidance pursuant to subsection (b), the interdepartmental group shall transmit to Congress a report on its findings and recommendations.

99 STAT. 622

(d) **Authority of the Secretary of Defense.**—Subject to subsection (e), the Secretary of Defense shall exercise the following authorities with respect to civilian employees of the Department of Defense:

(1) Authorities assigned to the Director of the Office of Personnel Management under section 5.2(a) of Executive Order Number 10577 (5 U.S.C. 3301 note), relating to investigation of the suitability of applicants.

Government organization and employees.

(2) Authorities assigned to the Office of Personnel Management under Executive Order Number 10450 (5 U.S.C. 7311 note), relating to security requirements for Federal employees.

(e) **Authority of the President.**—(1) Subsection (d) shall not take effect if the President directs, on or before the date of the transmittal to Congress of the report described in subsection (c), that the authorities referred to in subsection (d) shall not be exercised by the Secretary of Defense.

(2) The authority of the President under paragraph (1) may not be delegated.

SEC. 504. MODIFICATION AND STUDY OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE CIVILIAN PERSONNEL CLASSIFICATION AND PAY SYSTEMS

(a) **Civilian Faculty Members of Air Force Institute of Technology.**—(1) Section 9314 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by inserting "(a)" before "When"; and

(B) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b)(1) The Secretary of the Air Force may employ as many civilian faculty members at the United States Air Force Institute of Technology as is consistent with the needs of the Air Force and with Department of Defense personnel limits.

"(2) The Secretary shall prescribe regulations determining—

"(A) titles and duties of civilian members of the faculty; and

"(B) rates of basic pay of civilian members of the faculty, notwithstanding chapter 53 of title 5, but subject to the limitation set out in section 5308 of title 5.".

5 USC 5301 *et seq.*

10 USC 9314.

(2)(A) The heading of such section is amended by striking out the colon and the last word.

(B) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 901 of such title is amended by striking out the colon and the last word.

(b) **Exclusion from Civil Service Classification System.**—Section 5102(c) of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "or" at the end of clause (26);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of clause (27) and inserting in lieu thereof "; or"; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new clause:

"(28) civilian members of the faculty of the Air Force Institute of Technology whose pay is fixed under section 9314 of title 10.".

Supra.

5 USC 5102 note.

(c) **Transition.**—Section 9314(b)(2) of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)(1)(B)), and section 5102(c)(28) of title 5, United States Code (as added by subsection (b)), shall not apply to any person who on the date of the enactment of this Act—

(1) is a civilian member of the faculty of the United States Air Force Institute of Technology;

5 USC 5332.

(2) is paid a rate of basic pay under the General Schedule; and

(3) elects, under procedures prescribed by the Secretary of the Air Force, to continue to be paid under the General Schedule.

99 STAT. 623

(d) **Report.**—Not later than December 31, 1985, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress an evaluation of the effects of the pay and classification systems applicable to civilian employees of the Department of Defense on recruitment and retention of scientists, engineers, technicians, and other highly skilled personnel in scientific and engineering organizations in the Department.

Part B—Active Military Personnel

SEC. 511. ADJUSTMENT IN MARINE CORPS OFFICER GRADE TABLE

(a) Increase in Authorized Number of Marine Corps Majors.—The table in section 523(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "2,717", "2,936", "3,154", "3,373", and "3,591" in the items relating to the Marine Corps under the column headed "Major" and inserting in lieu thereof "2,766", "3,085", "3,404", "3,723", and "4,042", respectively.

(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1985. 10 USC 523 note.

SEC. 512. SERVICE AGREEMENTS OF CADETS AND MIDSHIPMEN

(a) Military Academy.—Section 4348 of title 10, United States Code, relating to agreements of cadets at the United States Military Academy, is amended to read as follows: 98 Stat. 2529.

"§ 4348. Cadets: agreement to serve as officer

"(a) Each cadet shall sign an agreement with respect to the cadet's length of service in the armed forces. The agreement shall provide that the cadet agrees to the following:

"(1) That the cadet will complete the course of instruction at the Academy.

"(2) That upon graduation from the Academy the cadet—

"(A) will accept an appointment, if tendered, as a commissioned officer of the Regular Army or the Regular Air Force; and

"(B) will serve on active duty for at least five years immediately after such appointment.

"(3) That if an appointment described in paragraph (2) is not tendered or if the cadet is permitted to resign as a regular officer before completion of the commissioned service obligation of the cadet, the cadet—

"(A) will accept an appointment as a commissioned officer as a Reserve for service in the Army Reserve or the Air Force Reserve; and

"(B) will remain in that reserve component until completion of the commissioned service obligation of the cadet.

"(b)(1) The Secretary of the Army may transfer to the Army Reserve, and may order to active duty for such period of time as the Secretary prescribes (but not to exceed four years), a cadet who breaches an agreement under subsection (a). The period of time for which a cadet is ordered to active duty under this paragraph may be determined without regard to section 651(a) of this title. 10 USC 651.

"(2) A cadet who is transferred to the Army Reserve under paragraph (1) shall be transferred in an appropriate enlisted grade or rating, as determined by the Secretary.

"(3) For the purposes of paragraph (1), a cadet shall be considered to have breached an agreement under subsection (a) if the cadet is separated from the Academy under circumstances which the Secretary determines constitute a breach by the cadet of the cadet's agreement to complete the course of instruction at the Academy and accept an appointment as a commissioned officer upon graduation from the Academy.

"(c) The Secretary of the Army shall prescribe regulations to carry out this section. Those regulations shall include— Regulations.

"(1) standards for determining what constitutes, for the purpose of subsection (b), a breach of an agreement under subsection (a);

"(2) procedures for determining whether such a breach has occurred; and

"(3) standards for determining the period of time for which a person may be ordered to serve on active duty under subsection (b).

"(d) In this section, 'commissioned service obligation', with respect to an officer who is a graduate of the Academy, means the period beginning on the date of the officer's appointment as a commissioned officer and ending on the sixth anniversary of such appointment or, at the discretion of the Secretary of Defense, any later date up to the eighth anniversary of such appointment.

"(e)(1) This section does not apply to a cadet who is not a citizen or national of the United States.

"(2) In the case of a cadet who is a minor and who has parents or a guardian, the cadet may sign the agreement required by subsection (a) only with the consent of a parent or guardian.".

10 USC 6959.

(b) NAVAL ACADEMY.—Section 6959 of such title, relating to agreements of midshipmen at the United States Naval Academy, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 6959. Midshipmen: agreement for length of service

"(a) Each midshipman shall sign an agreement with respect to the midshipman's length of service in the armed forces. The agreement shall provide that the midshipman agrees to the following:

"(1) That the midshipman will complete the course of instruction at the Naval Academy.

"(2) That upon graduation from the Naval Academy the midshipman—

"(A) will accept an appointment, if tendered, as a commissioned officer of the Regular Navy, the Regular Marine Corps, or the Regular Air Force; and

"(B) will serve on active duty for at least five years immediately after such appointment.

"(3) That if an appointment described in paragraph (2) is not tendered or if the midshipman is permitted to resign as a regular officer before completion of the commissioned service obligation of the midshipman, the midshipman—

"(A) will accept an appointment as a commissioned officer in the Naval Reserve or the Marine Corps Reserve or as a Reserve in the Air Force for service in the Air Force Reserve; and

"(B) will remain in that reserve component until completion of the commissioned service obligation of the midshipman.

"(b)(1) The Secretary of the Navy may transfer to the Naval Reserve or the Marine Corps Reserve, and may order to active duty for such period of time as the Secretary prescribes (but not to exceed four years), a midshipman who breaches an agreement under subsection (a). The period of time for which a midshipman is ordered to active duty under this paragraph may be determined without regard to section 651(a) of this title.

99 STAT. 625

10 USC 651.

"(2) A midshipman who is transferred to the Naval Reserve or Marine Corps Reserve under paragraph (1) shall be transferred in an appropriate enlisted grade or rating, as determined by the Secretary.

"(3) For the purposes of paragraph (1), a midshipman shall be considered to have breached an agreement under subsection (a) if the midshipman is separated from the Naval Academy under circumstances which the Secretary determines constitute a breach by the midshipman of the midshipman's agreement to complete the course of instruction at the Naval Academy and accept an appointment as a commissioned officer upon graduation from the Naval Academy.

Regulations.

"(c) The Secretary of the Navy shall prescribe regulations to carry out this section. Those regulations shall include—

"(1) standards for determining what constitutes, for the purpose of subsection (b), a breach of an agreement under subsection (a);

"(2) procedures for determining whether such a breach has occurred; and

"(3) standards for determining the period of time for which a person may be ordered to serve on active duty under subsection (b).

"(d) In this section, 'commissioned service obligation', with respect to an officer who is a graduate of the Academy, means the period beginning on the date of the officer's appointment as a commissioned officer and ending on the sixth anniversary of such appointment or, at the discretion of the Secretary of Defense, any later date up to the eighth anniversary of such appointment.

"(e)(1) This section does not apply to a midshipman who is not a citizen or national of the United States.

"(2) In the case of a midshipman who is a minor and who has parents or a guardian, the midshipman may sign the agreement required by subsection (a) only with the consent of a parent or guardian.".

(c) AIR FORCE ACADEMY.—Section 9348 of such title, relating to agreements of cadets at the United States Air Force Academy, is amended to read as follows: 10 USC 9348.

"§ 9348. Cadets: agreement to serve as officer

"(a) Each cadet shall sign an agreement with respect to the cadet's length of service in the armed forces. The agreement shall provide that the cadet agrees to the following:

"(1) That the cadet will complete the course of instruction at the Academy.

"(2) That upon graduation from the Academy the cadet—

"(A) will accept an appointment, if tendered, as a commissioned officer of the Regular Air Force; and

"(B) will serve on active duty for at least five years immediately after such appointment.

"(3) That if an appointment described in paragraph (2) is not tendered or if the cadet is permitted to resign as a regular officer before completion of the commissioned service obligation of the cadet, the cadet—

99 STAT. 626

"(A) will accept an appointment as a commissioned officer as a Reserve in the Air Force for service in the Air Force Reserve; and

"(B) will remain in that reserve component until completion of the commissioned service obligation of the cadet.

"(b)(1) The Secretary of the Air Force may transfer to the Air Force Reserve, and may order to active duty for such period of time as the Secretary prescribes (but not to exceed four years), a cadet who breaches an agreement under subsection (a). The period of time for which a cadet is ordered to active duty under this paragraph may be determined without regard to section 651(a) of this title. 10 USC 651.

"(2) A cadet who is transferred to the Air Force Reserve under paragraph (1) shall be transferred in an appropriate enlisted grade or rating, as determined by the Secretary.

"(3) For the purposes of paragraph (1), a cadet shall be considered to have breached an agreement under subsection (a) if the cadet is separated from the Academy under circumstances which the Secretary determines constitute a breach by the cadet of the cadet's agreement to complete the course of instruction at the Academy and accept an appointment as a commissioned officer upon graduation from the Academy.

"(c) The Secretary of the Air Force shall prescribe regulations to carry out this section. Those regulations shall include— Regulations.

"(1) standards for determining what constitutes, for the purpose of subsection (b), a breach of an agreement under subsection (a);

"(2) procedures for determining whether such a breach has occurred; and

"(3) standards for determining the period of time for which a person may be ordered to serve on active duty under subsection (b).

"(d) In this section, 'commissioned service obligation', with respect to an officer who is a graduate of the Academy, means the period beginning on the date of the officer's appointment as a commissioned officer and ending on the sixth anniversary of such appointment or, at the discretion of the Secretary of Defense, any later date up to the eighth anniversary of such appointment.

"(e)(1) This section does not apply to a cadet who is not a citizen or national of the United States.

"(2) In the case of a cadet who is a minor and who has parents or a guardian, the cadet may sign the agreement required by subsection (a) only with the consent of a parent or guardian.".

10 USC 4348 note.

(d) DEADLINE FOR REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of each military department shall prescribe the regulations required by section 4348(c), 6959(c), or 9348(c), as appropriate, of title 10, United States Code (as added by the amendments made by subsections (a), (b), and (c)) not later than the end of the 90-day period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act.

10 USC 4348 note.

(e) APPLICABILITY OF AMENDMENTS.—The amendments made by subsections (a), (b), and (c) (other than with respect to the authority of the Secretary of a military department to prescribe regulations)—

(1) shall take effect with respect to each military department on the date on which regulations prescribed by the Secretary of that military department in accordance with subsection (d) take effect; and

99 STAT. 627

Ante, pp. 623–625.

(2) shall apply with respect to each agreement entered into under sections 4348, 6959, and 9348, respectively, of title 10, United States Code, that is entered into on or after the effective date of such regulations and shall apply with respect to each such agreement that was entered into before the effective date of such regulations by an individual who is a cadet or midshipman on such date.

SEC. 513. TRANSFERS TO AND FROM TEMPORARY DISABILITY RETIRED LIST

10 USC 1201 *et seq.*

(a) IMPROVEMENTS IN ADMINISTRATION OF TEMPORARY DISABILITY RETIRED LIST.—Chapter 61 of title 10, United States Code, relating to retirement or separation for physical disability, is amended as follows:

10 USC 1201, 1204.

(1)(A) Sections 1201(1) and 1204(1) are amended by inserting "and stable" after "permanent nature".

10 USC 1202, 1205.

(B) Sections 1202 and 1205 are amended by inserting "and stable" after "permanent nature" the first place it appears in each section.

10 USC 1210.

(2) Section 1210 is amended—

(A) by inserting "and stable" in subsections (b), (c), and (d) after "permanent nature"; and

(B) in subsection (f)—

(i) by inserting "(1)" after "(f)"; and

(ii) by striking out "and rating" and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof "or rating, the Secretary shall—

10 USC 1211.

"(A) treat the member as provided in section 1211 of this title; or

"(B) discharge the member, retire the member, or transfer the member to the Fleet Reserve, Fleet Marine Corps Reserve, or inactive Reserve under any other law if, under that law, the member—

"(i) applies for and qualifies for that retirement or transfer; or

"(ii) is required to be discharged, retired, or eliminated from an active status.

"(2)(A) For the purpose of paragraph (1)(B), a member shall be considered qualified for retirement or transfer to the Fleet Reserve or Fleet Marine Corps Reserve or is required to be discharged, retired, or eliminated from an active status if, were the member reappointed or reenlisted under section 1211 of this title, the member would in all other respects be qualified for or would be required to be retired, transferred to the Fleet Reserve or Fleet

Marine Corps Reserve, discharged, or eliminated from an active status under any other provision of law.

"(B) The grade of a member retired, transferred, discharged, or eliminated from an active status pursuant to paragraph (1)(B) shall be determined under the provisions of law under which the member is retired, transferred, discharged, or eliminated. The member's retired, retainer, severance, readjustment, or separation pay shall be computed as if the member had been reappointed or reenlisted upon removal from the temporary disability retired list and before the retirement, transfer, discharge, or elimination. Notwithstanding section 8301 of title 5, a member who is retired shall be entitled to retired pay effective on the day after the last day on which the member is entitled to disability retired pay.". 5 USC 8301.

(3) The second sentence of section 1211(c) is amended— 10 USC 1211.

99 STAT. 628

(A) by inserting "and if the member is not discharged, retired, or transferred to the Fleet Reserve or Fleet Marine Corps Reserve or inactive Reserve under section 1210 of this title," after "subsection (a) or (b),"; and 10 USC 1210.

(B) by inserting "and the member shall be discharged" before the period.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 1448(c) of such title is amended by inserting "disability" before "retired pay". 10 USC 1448.

SEC. 514. CHANGE IN TITLE OF GRADE OF COMMODORE TO REAR ADMIRAL (LOWER HALF)

(a) CHANGE IN TITLE.—(1) Section 5501 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "Commodore" in clause (4) and inserting in lieu thereof "Rear admiral (lower half)".

(2) Section 41 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by striking out "commodores" and inserting in lieu thereof "rear admirals (lower half)".

(3) Section 24 of the Coast and Geodetic Survey Commissioned Officers' Act of 1948 (33 U.S.C. 853u) is amended by striking out "commodore" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "rear admiral (lower half)". 98 Stat. 2308.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 10.—(1) The following sections of title 10, United States Code, are amended by striking out "commodore" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "rear admiral (lower half)": 101(41), 525(a), 601(c)(2), 611(a), 612(a)(3), 619(a)(2)(B), 619(c)(2)(A)(ii), 625(a), 625(c), 634, 635, 637(b)(2), 638(a)(3), 638(b), 638(c), 645(1)(A)(ii), 5138(a), 5149(b), 5442, 5444, 5457(a), and 6389(f).

(2) Section 5444 of such title is amended by striking out "commodores" in subsections (a) and (f) and inserting in lieu thereof "rear admirals (lower half)". 10 USC 5444.

(3) The tables in sections 5442(a) and 5444(a) of such title are amended by striking out "commodores" and inserting in lieu thereof "rear admirals (lower half)". 10 USC 5442.

(4)(A) The heading of section 625 of such title is amended to read as follows: 10 USC 625.

"§ 625. Authority to vacate promotions to grades of brigadier general and rear admiral (lower half)".

(B) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of subchapter II of chapter 36 of such title is amended to read as follows: 10 USC prec. 619.

"625. Authority to vacate promotions to grades of brigadier general and rear admiral (lower half).".

(5)(A) The heading of section 635 of such title is amended to read as follows: 10 USC 635.

"§ 635. Retirement for years of service: regular brigadier generals and rear admirals (lower half)".

(B) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of subchapter III of chapter 36 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"635. Retirement for years of service: regular brigadier generals and rear admirals (lower half).".

10 USC 5442.

(6)(A) The heading of section 5442 of such title is amended to read as follows:

99 STAT. 629

"§ 5442. Navy: line officers on active duty: rear admirals (lower half) and rear admirals".

(B) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 533 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"5442. Navy: line officers on active duty; rear admirals (lower half) and rear admirals.".

10 USC 5444.

(7)(A) The heading of section 5444 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"§ 5444. Navy: staff corps officers on active duty; rear admirals (lower half) and rear admirals".

(B) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 533 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"5444. Navy: staff corps officers on active duty; rear admirals (lower half) and rear admirals.".

98 Stat. 2873.
10 USC 741.

(8) The table in section 741(a) of such title is amended by striking out "Commodore" and inserting in lieu thereof "Rear admiral (lower half)".

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 14.—(1) The following sections of title 14, United States Code, are amended by striking out "commodore" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "rear admiral (lower half)": 42(b), 256(a), 259(b), 271(d), 289(a), 290(a), 421(b), 724(b), 729(e), 736(b), 740(a), 742(b), and 743.

14 USC 290.

(2)(A) The heading of section 290 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"§ 290. Rear admirals and rear admirals (lower half); continuation on active duty; involuntary retirement".

(B) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 11 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"290. Rear admirals and rear admirals (lower half); continuation on active duty; involuntary retirement.".

14 USC 743.

(3)(A) The heading of section 743 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"§ 743. Rear admiral and rear admiral (lower half); maximum service in grade".

(B) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 21 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"743. Rear admiral and rear admiral (lower half); maximum service in grade.".

98 Stat. 2872.

(d) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 37.—(1) The table in section 201(a) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "Commodore" in the third column and inserting in lieu thereof "Rear admiral (lower half)".

37 USC 202.

(2)(A) Section 202 of such title is amended by striking out "commodore" and inserting in lieu thereof "rear admiral (lower half)".

(B) The heading of such section is amended to read as follows:

"§ 202. Pay grades: retired Coast Guard rear admirals (lower half)".

(C) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 3 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"202. Pay grades: retired Coast Guard rear admirals (lower half).".

(e) Transition Provision.—(1) An officer who on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act is serving in or has the grade of commodore shall as of the date of the enactment of this Act be serving in or have the grade of rear admiral (lower half).

10 USC 611 note.

99 STAT. 630

(2) An officer who on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act is on a list of officers selected for promotion to the grade of commodore shall as of the date of the enactment of this Act be considered to be on a list of officers selected for promotion to the grade of rear admiral (lower half).

SEC. 515. TEMPORARY INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF GENERAL AND FLAG OFFICERS AUTHORIZED TO BE ON ACTIVE DUTY IN THREE- AND FOUR-STAR GRADES

10 USC 525 note.

During fiscal year 1986, the numbers of officers authorized under section 525(b) of title 10, United States Code, to be on active duty in grades above major general and rear admiral are increased as follows:

(1) Army lieutenant generals.—The number of officers of the Army authorized to be serving on active duty in grades above major general is increased by one during any period of that fiscal year that an officer of the Army is serving as the Director of the Department of Defense Task Force on Drug Enforcement. An additional officer in a grade above major general by reason of this paragraph may not be in the grade of general.

(2) Air force generals.—The number of officers of the Air Force authorized to be serving on active duty in the grade of general is increased by one.

(3) Navy vice admirals.—The number of officers of the Navy authorized to be serving on active duty in a grade above rear admiral is increased by three. None of the additional officers in grades above rear admiral by reason of this paragraph may be in the grade of admiral.

(4) Marine corps general officers.—The number of officers of the Marine Corps authorized to be serving on active duty in grades above major general is increased by one, plus an additional one during any period of that fiscal year that an officer of the Marine Corps is serving as the Commander-in-Chief of the United States Central Command. An additional officer in a grade above major general by reason of this paragraph may not be in the grade of general, unless a Marine Corps officer is serving as the Commander-in-Chief of the United States Central Command, in which case one of the additional officers authorized by this paragraph may serve in the grade of general.

SEC. 516. GRADE OF RETIRED REGULAR MEMBERS RECALLED TO ACTIVE DUTY

Section 688 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), a retired member ordered to active duty under this section shall be ordered to active duty in his retired grade.

"(2) A retired member ordered to active duty under this section whose retired grade is above the grade of major general or rear admiral shall be ordered to active duty in the highest permanent grade held by such member while serving on active duty.".

99 STAT. 631

Part C—Reserve Military Personnel

SEC. 521. EXTENSION OF CERTAIN RESERVE OFFICER MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS

(a) Grade Determination for Reserve Medical Officers.—Sections 3359(b) and 8359(b) of title 10, United States Code, are amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1987"

10 USC 3380, 8380.

(b) PROMOTION OF CERTAIN RESERVE OFFICERS SERVING ON ACTIVE DUTY.—Sections 3380(d) and 8380(d) of such title are amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1987"

10 USC 3360 note.

(c) YEARS OF SERVICE FOR MANDATORY TRANSFER TO THE RETIRED RESERVE.—Section 1016(d) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984 (Public Law 98-94; 97 Stat. 668), is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1987"

SEC. 522. RETENTION UNTIL AGE 60 OF RESERVE CIVILIAN TECHNICIANS

(a) ARMY.—(1) Section 3848(c) of title 10, United States Code, relating to reserve component officers of the Army who may be removed from an active status after completing 28 years of service, is amended to read as follows:

"(c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), the Secretary of the Army may authorize the retention in an active status until age 60 of an officer who would otherwise be removed from an active status under this section who—

"(1) is an officer of the Army National Guard of the United States assigned to a headquarters or headquarters detachment of a State or territory, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Canal Zone, or the District of Columbia; or

"(2) is employed—

32 USC 709.

"(A) as a technician under section 709 of title 32 in a position for which membership in the National Guard is required as a condition of employment; or

"(B) as a technician of the Army Reserve in a position for which membership in the Army Reserve is required as a condition of employment.".

98 Stat. 2522.
10 USC 3851.

(2) Section 3851(c) of such title, relating to reserve component officers of the Army who may be removed from an active status after completing 30 years of service, is amended to read as follows:

"(c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), the Secretary of the Army may authorize the retention in an active status until age 60 of an officer who would otherwise be removed from an active status under this section who—

"(1) is an officer of the Army National Guard of the United States assigned to a headquarters or headquarters detachment of a State or territory, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Canal Zone, or the District of Columbia; or

"(2) is employed—

32 USC 709.

"(A) as a technician under section 709 of title 32 in a position for which membership in the National Guard is required as a condition of employment; or

"(B) as a technician of the Army Reserve in a position for which membership in the Army Reserve is required as a condition of employment."

(b) AIR FORCE.—(1) Section 8848(c) of title 10, United States Code, relating to reserve component officers of the Air Force who may be removed from an active status after completing 28 years of service, is amended to read as follows:

"(c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), the Secretary of the Air Force may authorize the retention in an active status until age 60 of an officer who would otherwise be removed from an active status under this section who—

32 USC 709.

"(1) is employed as a technician under section 709 of title 32 in a position for which membership in the National Guard is required as a condition of employment; or

"(2) is employed as a technician of the Air Force Reserve in a position for which membership in the Air Force Reserve is required as a condition of employment.".

10 USC 8851.

(2) Section 8851(c) of such title, relating to reserve component officers of the Air Force Reserve who may be removed from an

active status after completing 30 years of service, is amended to read as follows:

"(c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), the Secretary of the Air Force may authorize the retention in an active status until age 60 of an officer who would otherwise be removed from an active status under this section who—

"(1) is employed as a technician under section 709 of title 32 in a position for which membership in the National Guard is required as a condition of employment; or 32 USC 709.

"(2) is employed as a technician of the Air Force Reserve in a position for which membership in the Air Force Reserve is required as a condition of employment.".

SEC. 523. AUTHORITY TO RETAIN IN ACTIVE STATUS UNTIL AGE 62 UP TO 10 ARMY RESERVE MAJOR GENERALS

Section 3852 of title 10, United States Code, relating to mandatory retirement or discharge of reserve major generals, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(a)" at the beginning of the text of the section; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), an officer in the reserve grade of major general who would otherwise be removed from an active status under this section may, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Army, be retained in an active status, but not later than the date on which he becomes 62 years of age. Not more than 10 officers may be retained under this subsection at any one time.".

SEC. 524. REQUIREMENT OF MUSTER TEST OF ARMY INDIVIDUAL READY RESERVE

(a) Requirement of Muster Test.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a test of the ability of the Army to muster members of the Individual Ready Reserve of the Army in time of war or national emergency. The test—

(1) shall be national in scope; and

(2) shall be conducted through voluntary calls to active duty.

(b) Report.—Not later than February 1, 1986, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on the muster test. The report shall include the findings of the Secretary concerning—

(1) the availability and fitness for duty of members of the Army Individual Ready Reserve; and

99 STAT. 633

(2) the adequacy of current call-up procedures.

Part D—Miscellaneous

SEC. 531. APPOINTMENTS OF WARRANT OFFICERS

(a) Regular Warrant Officers.—Section 555(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Permanent appointments of regular warrant officers, W-1, shall be made by warrant by the Secretary concerned. Permanent appointments of regular chief warrant officers shall be made by commission by the President.".

(b) Reserve Warrant Officers.—Section 597(b) of such title is amended to read as follows: 10 USC 597.

"(b) Appointments made in the permanent reserve grade of warrant officer, W-1, shall be made by warrant by the Secretary concerned. Appointments made in a permanent reserve grade of chief warrant officer shall be made by commission by the Secretary concerned.".

(c) Transition.—(1) The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) apply to any appointment of a warrant officer or chief warrant officer on or after the effective date of this section. 10 USC 555 note.

(2) An officer who on the effective date of this section is serving in a chief warrant officer grade under an appointment by warrant may be appointed in that grade by commission under section 555(b) or

597(b) of title 10, United States Code, as appropriate. The date of rank of an officer who receives an appointment under this paragraph is the date of rank for the officer's appointment by warrant to that grade.

10 USC 555 note. (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section takes effect six months after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 532. PRISONER-OF-WAR MEDAL

(a) AUTHORITY TO ISSUE PRISONER-OF-WAR MEDAL.—(1) Chapter 57 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"§ 1128. Prisoner-of-war medal: issue

10 USC 1128. "(a) The Secretary concerned shall issue a prisoner-of-war medal to any person who, while serving in any capacity with the armed forces, was taken prisoner and held captive—

"(1) while engaged in an action against an enemy of the United States;

"(2) while engaged in military operations involving conflict with an opposing foreign force; or

"(3) while serving with friendly forces engaged in an armed conflict against an opposing armed force in which the United States is not a belligerent party.

"(b) The prisoner-of-war medal shall be of appropriate design, with ribbons and appurtenances.

"(c) In prescribing regulations establishing the order of precedence of awards and decorations authorized to be displayed on the uniforms of members of the armed forces, the Secretary concerned shall accord the prisoner-of-war medal a position of precedence, in relation to other awards and decorations authorized to be displayed—

"(1) immediately following decorations awarded for individual heroism, meritorious achievement, or meritorious service, and

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"(2) before any other service medal, campaign medal, or service ribbon authorized to be displayed.

"(d) Not more than one prisoner-of-war medal may be issued to a person. However, for each succeeding service that would otherwise justify the issuance of such a medal, the Secretary concerned may issue a suitable device to be worn as the Secretary determines.

"(e) For a person to be eligible for issuance of a prisoner-of-war medal, the person's conduct must have been honorable for the period of captivity which serves as the basis for the issuance.

"(f) If a person dies before the issuance of a prisoner-of-war medal to which he is entitled, the medal may be issued to the person's representative, as designated by the Secretary concerned.

"(g) Under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary concerned, a prisoner-of-war medal that is lost, destroyed, or rendered unfit for use without fault or neglect on the part of the person to whom it was issued may be replaced without charge.

"(h) The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that regulations prescribed by the Secretaries of the military departments under this section are uniform so far as practicable.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"1128. Prisoner-of-war medal: issue.".

Ante, p. 633. (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Section 1128 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), applies with respect to any person taken prisoner and held captive after April 5, 1917.

SEC. 533. CLARIFICATION OF PRECEDENCE OF THE AWARD OF THE PURPLE HEART

98 Stat. 2532. Section 1127 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "the lowest position accorded any award or decoration for valor" and inserting in lieu thereof "the bronze star".

SEC. 534. ESPIONAGE UNDER THE UCMJ

(a) NEW PUNITIVE ARTICLE.—Chapter 47 of title 10, United States Code (the Uniform Code of Military Justice), is amended by inserting after section 906 (article 106) the following new section (article):

"§ 906a. Art. 106a. Espionage

Penalties.
10 USC 906a.

"(a)(1) Any person subject to this chapter who, with intent or reason to believe that it is to be used to the injury of the United States or to the advantage of a foreign nation, communicates, delivers, or transmits, or attempts to communicate, deliver, or transmit, to any entity described in paragraph (2), either directly or indirectly, anything described in paragraph (3) shall be punished as a court-martial may direct, except that if the accused is found guilty of an offense that directly concerns (A) nuclear weaponry, military spacecraft or satellites, early warning systems, or other means of defense or retaliation against large scale attack, (B) war plans, (C) communications intelligence or cryptographic information, or (D) any other major weapons system or major element of defense strategy, the accused shall be punished by death or such other punishment as a court-martial may direct.

"(2) An entity referred to in paragraph (1) is—

"(A) a foreign government;

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"(B) a faction or party or military or naval force within a foreign country, whether recognized or unrecognized by the United States; or

"(C) a representative, officer, agent, employee, subject, or citizen of such a government, faction, party, or force.

"(3) A thing referred to in paragraph (1) is a document, writing, code book, signal book, sketch, photograph, photographic negative, blueprint, plan, map, model, note, instrument, appliance, or information relating to the national defense.

"(b)(1) No person may be sentenced by court-martial to suffer death for an offense under this section (article) unless—

"(A) the members of the court-martial unanimously find at least one of the aggravating factors set out in subsection (c); and

"(B) the members unanimously determine that any extenuating or mitigating circumstances are substantially outweighed by any aggravating circumstances, including the aggravating factors set out in subsection (c).

"(2) Findings under this subsection may be based on—

"(A) evidence introduced on the issue of guilt or innocence;

"(B) evidence introduced during the sentencing proceeding; or

"(C) all such evidence.

"(3) The accused shall be given broad latitude to present matters in extenuation and mitigation.

"(c) A sentence of death may be adjudged by a court-martial for an offense under this section (article) only if the members unanimously find, beyond a reasonable doubt, one or more of the following aggravating factors:

"(1) The accused has been convicted of another offense involving espionage or treason for which either a sentence of death or imprisonment for life was authorized by statute.

"(2) In the commission of the offense, the accused knowingly created a grave risk of substantial damage to the national security.

Defense and national security.

"(3) In the commission of the offense, the accused knowingly created a grave risk of death to another person.

"(4) Any other factor that may be prescribed by the President by regulations under section 836 of this title (article 36).".

10 USC 836.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter X of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 906 (article 106) the following new item:

"906a. Art. 106a. Espionage."

TITLE VI—COMPENSATION AND OTHER PERSONNEL BENEFITS

PART A—BASIC PAY AND ALLOWANCES

SEC. 601. MILITARY PAY RAISE FOR FISCAL YEAR 1986

(a) WAIVER OF SECTION 1009 ADJUSTMENT.—Any adjustment required by section 1009 of title 37, United States Code, in elements of the compensation of members of the uniformed services to become effective during fiscal year 1986 shall not be made.

(b) THREE PERCENT PAY RAISE.—The rates of basic pay, basic allowance for subsistence, and basic allowance for quarters of members of the uniformed services are increased by 3 percent effective on October 1, 1985.

99 STAT. 636

SEC. 602. ADJUSTMENTS IN VARIABLE HOUSING ALLOWANCE PROGRAM

(a) VHA FOR CERTAIN MEMBERS PAYING CHILD SUPPORT.—Subsection (a) of section 403a of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

98 Stat. 2534.

"(4) In the case of a member with dependents—

"(A) who is assigned to duty inside the United States;

"(B) who is authorized to receive the basic allowance for quarters at the rate established for a member with dependents solely by reason of the payment of child support by the member; and

"(C) who is not assigned to a housing facility under the jurisdiction of a uniformed service,

the member may be paid a variable housing allowance at the rate applicable to a member without dependents serving in the same grade and at the same location.".

(b) LIMITATIONS ON VHA.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended—

(1) by striking out "is not entitled to" in the matter preceding paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "may not be paid"; and

(2) by striking out paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(2) in the case of a member with dependents who is authorized the basic allowance for quarters at the rate established for a member with dependents solely by reason of the payment of child support by the member, if—

"(A) the member is assigned to a housing facility under the jurisdiction of a uniformed service; or

"(B) the member (i) is assigned to duty outside the United States or in Alaska or Hawaii, and (ii) is authorized a station housing allowance under section 405 of this title; or".

98 Stat. 2536.
37 USC 405.

(c) CLARIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO PAY VHA AT WITH-DEPENDENTS RATE; ELIMINATION OF EXCESS HOUSING COST PAYMENTS.—(1) Subsection (c) of such section is amended by inserting "and with the same dependency status" in paragraph (1) after "in the same pay grade" both places it appears and in paragraph (4) after "in the same pay grade" both places it appears.

(2) Such subsection is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(6)(A) The monthly variable housing allowance that would otherwise be paid to a member under this section shall be reduced by an amount equal to one-half of the amount (if any) by which—

"(i) the total monthly housing allowance prescribed for members of the same grade as such member who are assigned to duty in the same area as such member (or in the same area in which the dependents of the member reside, as appropriate), exceeds "(ii) the monthly housing costs of the member in the area in which the member is assigned to duty (or in the area in which the dependents of the member reside, as appropriate).

"(B) In subparagraph (A), 'total monthly housing allowance' means, in the case of any member, the sum of—

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"(i) the monthly basic allowance for quarters to which the member is entitled; and

"(ii) the monthly variable housing allowance prescribed for the same grade as such member for the area in which the member is assigned to duty (or in the area in which the dependents of the member reside, as appropriate).".

(d) REQUIRED REGULATIONS.—Subsection (e) of such section is amended by— 37 USC 403a.

(1) inserting "(1)" before "The President"; and

(2) adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) Any regulations prescribed under paragraph (1) may not allow—

"(A) an increase in the variable housing allowance rate for a pay grade in a survey area solely to prevent the variable housing allowance rate for a lower pay grade in the survey area from exceeding such rate; or

"(B) a failure to lower the variable housing allowance rate for a pay grade in a survey area in accordance with a decrease in housing costs for such pay grade in such area reported on the variable housing allowance survey.

"(3) Paragraph (2) shall not apply to regulations prescribed with respect to any pay grade in a survey area for which available data describe fewer than 50 persons in the pay grade.".

37 USC 403a note.
Ante, p. 636.

(e) SAVINGS PROVISION.—A member described in paragraph (4) of section 403a(a) of title 37, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), who on September 30, 1985, is receiving variable housing allowance at the rate applicable to a member with dependents shall continue to be entitled to variable housing allowance at the appropriate rate applicable to a member with dependents until the member departs his duty station as a result of a permanent change of station.

37 USC 403a note.

(f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—(1) The amendments made by subsections (a), (b), and (d) shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

(2) The amendments made by subsection (c)(1) shall apply as if included in the enactment of section 403a of title 37, United States Code, by section 602(d) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-525). 98 Stat. 2534.

(3) The amendment made by subsection (c)(2) shall take effect on the first day of the first month beginning 90 days or more after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 603. PAYMENT OF VARIABLE HOUSING ALLOWANCE IN ALASKA AND HAWAII

(a) REPEAL OF AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT OF STATION HOUSING ALLOWANCE IN ALASKA AND HAWAII DURING FISCAL YEAR 1985.—Section 8108 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1985 (as contained in section 101(h) of Public Law 98-473 (98 Stat. 1943)), is repealed.

37 USC 403a note.

(b) CONFORMING AND TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO VHA TRANSITION PROVISION.—Paragraph (2) of section 602(f) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-525; 98 Stat. 2537), is amended to read as follows:

98 Stat. 2536.
Ante, p. 583.

"(2)(A) A member shall be entitled to receive a station housing allowance under section 405 of title 37, United States Code, as if the amendments made by subsection (e) had not been enacted, if the member, on the date of the enactment of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986—

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"(i) is assigned to a permanent duty station in Alaska or Hawaii; and

"(ii) is entitled to payment of a temporary lodging allowance

98 Stat. 2536. 37 USC 405. or a station housing allowance under section 405 of such title.

"(B) A member who is entitled to a station housing allowance by reason of subparagraph (A) shall only be entitled to such allowance until the earlier of—

"(i) the date on which the member departs that station as a result of a permanent change of duty station; or

"(ii) the expiration of the four-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986.

"(C) Any member who is entitled to a station housing allowance by reason of subparagraph (A) shall not be entitled to a variable housing allowance under paragraph (1) or (2) of section 403a of such title (as added by subsection (d)).". 98 Stat. 2534. 37 USC 403a.

SEC. 604. AUTHORITY TO PAY BAQ AND VHA IN ADVANCE

(a) BASIC ALLOWANCE FOR QUARTERS.—Section 403(a) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The allowance authorized by this section may be paid in advance.". 98 Stat. 2534.

(b) VARIABLE HOUSING ALLOWANCE.—Section 403a(a)(1) of such title is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The allowance authorized by this section may be paid in advance.".

37 USC 403 note. (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

SEC. 605. ELIGIBILITY FOR BASIC ALLOWANCE FOR QUARTERS

(a) MEMBERS WITHOUT DEPENDENTS ASSIGNED TO FIELD DUTY OR SEA DUTY.—Section 403(c) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "is not entitled to a basic allowance for quarters while he is on field duty" in paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "who makes a permanent change of station for assignment to a unit conducting field operations is not entitled to a basic allowance for quarters while on that initial field duty";

(2) by striking out "and who is on sea duty" in the second sentence of paragraph (2) and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof "who is assigned to sea duty under a permanent change of station is not entitled to a basic allowance for quarters if the unit to which the member is ordered is deployed and the permanent station of the unit is different than the permanent station from which the member is reporting."; and

(3) by striking out paragraph (3).

37 USC 403 note. (b) EFFECTIVE DATES.—(1) The amendments made by paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

(2) The amendment made by paragraph (3) of subsection (a) shall take effect on January 1, 1986.

SEC. 606. REIMBURSEMENT FOR ACCOMMODATIONS IN PLACE OF QUARTERS

(a) LIMITATION ON AMOUNT AVAILABLE FOR REIMBURSEMENT FOR FISCAL YEAR 1986.—Section 7572(b)(3) of title 10, United States Code is amended— 98 Stat. 2537.

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(1) by striking out "and" after "fiscal year 1984,"; and

(2) by inserting ", and $1,421,000 for fiscal year 1986" after "fiscal year 1985".

(b) EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY.—Section 3 of Public Law 96-357 (10 U.S.C. 7572 note) is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1986". 98 Stat. 2537.

SEC. 607. INCREASE IN FAMILY SEPARATION ALLOWANCE

(a) MONTHLY ALLOWANCE.—Section 427(b) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "$30" and inserting in lieu thereof "$60".

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1985, and shall apply only to family separation allowances payable for months beginning on or after that date. 37 USC 427 note

PART B—TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION

SEC. 611. INCREASE IN DISLOCATION ALLOWANCE

(a) AMOUNT PAYABLE.—Section 407 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "one month" and inserting in lieu thereof "two months".

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by this section shall apply to moves begun after September 30, 1985. 37 USC 407 note.

SEC. 612. REVISION OF TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION ALLOWANCES

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (d) of section 404 of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(1) The travel and transportation allowances authorized for each kind of travel may not be more than one of the following:

"(A) Transportation in kind, reimbursement therefor, or, under regulations prescribed by the Secretaries concerned, when travel by privately-owned conveyance is authorized or approved as more advantageous to the Government, a monetary allowance in place of the cost of transportation, at the rates provided in section 5704 of title 5, based on distances established over the shortest usually traveled route, under mileage tables prepared under the direction of the Secretary of the Army.

"(B) Transportation in kind, reimbursement therefor, or a monetary allowance as provided in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, plus a per diem in place of subsistence in an amount not more than $50 determined by the Secretaries concerned to be sufficient to meet normal and necessary expenses in the area to which travel is to be performed.

"(C) A mileage allowance at a rate per mile prescribed by the Secretaries concerned and based on distances established under clause (1) of this subsection."; and

(2) by designating the second sentence as paragraph (2) and by striking out "clause (2)" in such sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "paragraph (1)(B)".

(b) TRANSPORTATION ALLOWANCE FOR DEPENDENTS.—Section 406(a)(1) of such title is amended by striking out "for his dependents" and all that follows through "to be prescribed" and inserting in lieu thereof ", reimbursement therefor, or a monetary allowance in place of the cost of transportation, plus a per diem, for the member's dependents at rates prescribed by the Secretaries concerned". 37 USC 406.

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(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to travel performed after September 30, 1985. 37 USC 404 note.

SEC. 613. TEMPORARY LODGING EXPENSES

(a) ENTITLEMENT.—Section 404a(a) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the first sentence, by striking out "may" and inserting in lieu thereof "shall";

(2) in the second sentence, by striking out "may" the first place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "are to"; and

(3) in the third sentence, by striking out "may" the first place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "are to".

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1985. 37 USC 404a note.

SEC. 614. ALLOWANCES FOR TRANSPORTATION OF BAGGAGE AND HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS

(a) AUTHORITY TO PAY FOR CERTAIN LABOR PROVIDED BY

MEMBER.—Section 406(k) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(k)";

(2) in the first sentence, by inserting "or in which a member provides all or a part of the labor in connection with the transportation of the baggage and household effects of the member (including packing, crating, and loading)" after "rental vehicle"; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) The Secretary concerned may prescribe in any regulations authorizing the payment of a monetary allowance to a member who participates in a program in which the member provides all or a part of the labor in connection with the transportation of the baggage and household effects of the member—

"(A) the extent to which payment to the member will be made for such labor, and

"(B) the manner in which liability will be allocated among the member, the United States, and the common carriers involved in the event of loss of or damage to any baggage or household effects packed, crated, or loaded by the member.".

37 USC 406 note. (b) TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall expire on September 30, 1989.

37 USC 406 note. (c) PROHIBITION ON RETROACTIVE PAYMENTS.—No allowance may be paid to any member of a uniformed service by virtue of the amendments made by subsection (a) in connection with the transportation of the baggage and household effects provided the member before the date of the enactment of this Act.

37 USC 406 note. (d) REPORT REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit a report to the Congress not later than September 30, 1988, regarding the operation of any program carried out by the military departments under which payment of a monetary allowance is made to a member who provides all or a part of the labor in connection with the transportation of the baggage and household effects of the member and shall include in such report such recommendations for legislative action the Secretary considers appropriate.

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SEC. 615. TRAVEL ALLOWANCE FOR TRAVEL PERFORMED IN CONNECTION WITH CERTAIN LEAVE

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 411b(a)(1) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "if he is a member without dependents,";

(2) by striking out ", if either" and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof a period; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Such allowances may be paid for the member and for the dependents of the member who are authorized to, and do, accompany him at his duty stations.".

37 USC 411b note. (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to orders to change a permanent station that are effective after September 30, 1985.

SEC. 616. TRAVEL DURING SHIP OVERHAUL

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 406b of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(a)" before "Under";

(2) by striking out ", ninety-first, and one hundred and fifty-first calendar day" and inserting in lieu thereof "calendar day, and every sixtieth calendar day after the thirty-first calendar day"; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

"(b) Transportation in kind, reimbursement for personally procured transportation, or a monetary allowance in place of the cost of transportation as provided in section 404(d)(1) of this title may be provided, in lieu of the member's entitlement to transportation, for

37 USC 404.

the member's dependents from the location that was the home port of the ship before commencement of overhaul or inactivation to the port of overhaul or inactivation. The total reimbursement for transportation for the member's dependents may not exceed the cost of Government-procured commercial roundtrip travel.

"(c) A member of the uniformed services on permanent duty aboard a ship which undergoes a change of home port to the overhaul or inactivation port and the member's dependents may be provided the transportation allowances prescribed in subsections (a) and (b) of this section in lieu of the transportation authorized by section 406 of this title and section 2634 of title 10.

37 USC 406.
10 USC 2634.
37 USC 420.

"(d) Section 420 of this title does not apply with respect to transportation or allowances provided under this section.".

37 USC 406b note.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The travel allowances authorized by the amendments made by this section are payable only for travel that commences after September 30, 1985, but may be paid for members assigned to vessels being overhauled or inactivated away from home port on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—(1) The heading for such section is amended by striking out the last four words.

(2) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 7 of such title is amended by striking out the last four words.

SEC. 617. DEFINITION OF RESIDENCE OF A STUDENT DEPENDENT

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 406 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

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"(l) For the purposes of this section, the residence of a dependent of a member who is a student not living with the member while at school shall be considered to be the permanent duty station of the member or the designated residence of dependents of the member if the member's dependents are not authorized to reside with the member.".

37 USC 406 note.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to orders to change a permanent station that are effective after September 30, 1985.

SEC. 618. EXTENSION OF TEST PROGRAM FOR FLAT RATE PER DIEM SYSTEM

(a) AUTHORITY FOR TEST PROGRAM.—The Secretary concerned may carry out a program to test a flat rate per diem system for travel allowances for travel performed by members of the Armed Forces while on temporary duty.

(b) AMOUNT OF FLAT RATE.—Per diem allowances paid under such a test program shall be in an amount determined by the Secretary concerned to be sufficient to meet normal and necessary expenses in the area in which travel is performed, but may not exceed $75 for each day a member is in travel status within the continental United States.

(c) REGULATIONS.—The test program under this section shall be carried out under regulations prescribed by the Secretary concerned.

(d) DEFINITION OF SECRETARY CONCERNED.—For the purposes of this section, the term "Secretary concerned" means—

(1) the Secretary of each military department with respect to matters concerning the respective military departments; and

(2) the Secretary of Defense with respect to matters concerning the defense agencies.

(e) DURATION OF PROGRAM.—The test program under this section shall be carried out during the period beginning on October 1, 1985, and ending on September 30, 1986.

SEC. 619. TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION ALLOWANCES FOR TRAVEL WITHIN THE ADMINISTRATIVE LIMITS OF A MEMBER'S DUTY STATION

(a) AUTHORITY TO PAY PARKING FEES.—The second sentence of section 408 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by inserting "plus parking fees" after "fixed rate a mile".

37 USC 408 note. (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to parking fees incurred after September 30, 1985.

SEC. 620. TRANSPORTATION ALLOWANCES FOR SURVIVORS OF DECEASED MEMBER TO ATTEND BURIAL CEREMONIES OF DECEASED MEMBER

(a) AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE ROUND-TRIP TRAVEL ALLOWANCE.—(1) Chapter 7 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 411e the following new section:

37 USC 411f. **"§ 411f. Travel and transportation allowances: transportation for survivors of deceased member to attend the member's burial ceremonies**

"(a) Under uniform regulations prescribed by the Secretaries concerned, round trip travel and transportation allowances may be 99 STAT. 643 provided the dependents of a member who dies while on active duty for a period of 30 days or more in order to attend the burial ceremonies of the deceased member.

"(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), allowances under this section are limited to travel and transportation to a location in the United States, Puerto Rico, and the possessions of the United States and may not exceed the rates for 2 days.

"(2) If a deceased member was ordered or called to active duty from a place outside the United States, Puerto Rico, or the possessions of the United States, the allowances authorized under this section may be provided to and from such place and may be extended to accommodate the time necessary for such travel.

"(c) In this section, the term 'dependents' includes the dependents specified in paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 401 of this title. 37 USC 401. However, if no person qualifies under such paragraphs, the parents of a member (including stepparent or parent by adoption, or any person, including a former stepparent, who has stood in loco parentis to the member at any time for a continuous period of at least 5 years before the member became 21 years of age) may be paid the travel and transportation allowances authorized under this section.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 411e the following new item:

"411f. Travel and transportation allowances: transportation for survivors of deceased member to attend the member's burial ceremonies.".

37 USC 411f note. (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The travel and transportation allowance authorized by the amendments made by this section is payable only for travel that commences after September 30, 1985.

PART C—BONUSES AND SPECIAL AND INCENTIVE PAYS

Subpart 1—Active Forces

SEC. 631. LUMP-SUM PAYMENTS OF SELECTIVE REENLISTMENT BONUSES

(a) SPECIFICATION OF MINIMUM TO BE PAID IN ADVANCE.—Paragraph (1) of section 308(b) of title 37, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: 98 Stat. 2540.

"(1) Not less than 75 percent of the amount of a bonus under this section shall be paid in a lump sum at the beginning of the period for which the bonus is paid, with any remaining amount paid in equal annual installments.".

37 USC 308 note. (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to bonuses paid for reenlistments or extensions of enlistment effective after September 30, 1986.

SEC. 632. SPECIAL PAY FOR NUCLEAR OFFICERS

(a) CONTINUATION PAY.—(1) Subsection (a) of section 312 of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by inserting "and" at the end of clause (2);

(B) by striking out clause (3);

(C) by redesignating clause (4) as clause (3) and striking out "for one period of four years" in such clause and inserting in lieu thereof "for a period of three, four, or five years, so long as the new period of obligated active service does not extend beyond the end of 26 years of commissioned service,"; and

99 STAT. 644

(D) in the matter following such clause—

(i) by striking out "$7,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$12,000";

(ii) by striking out "semiannually" and "six-month period" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "annually" and "12-month period", respectively; and

(iii) by striking out "shall become fixed" and all that follows through the end of subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "shall be paid in equal annual installments over the length of the contract, commencing at the expiration of any existing period of obligated active service. The Secretary (or his designee) may accept an active service agreement under this section not more than one year in advance of the end of an officer's existing period of obligated active service under such an agreement. In such a case, the amount of the special pay may be paid commencing with the date of acceptance of the agreement, with the number of installments being equal to the number of years covered by the contract plus one.".

(2) Subsection (b) of such section is repealed.

(3) Subsection (c) of such section is redesignated as subsection (b) and is amended by striking out "of four years".

(4) Subsection (d) of such section is redesignated as subsection (c) and is amended—

(A) by striking out "four years' " in the second sentence; and

(B) by striking out "at the end of the four-year period" in that sentence.

(5) Such section is further amended by inserting after subsection (c) (as so redesignated) the following new subsection (d):

"(d)(1) An officer who is performing obligated service under an agreement under subsection (a) of this section may, if the amount that may be paid under such subsection is higher than at the time the officer executed such agreement, execute a new agreement under that subsection. The period of such an agreement shall be a period equal to or exceeding the original period of the officer's existing agreement, so long as the period of obligated active service under the new agreement does not extend beyond the end of 26 years of commissioned service. If a new agreement is executed under this subsection, the existing active-service agreement shall be cancelled, effective on the day before an anniversary date of that agreement after the date on which the amount that may be paid under this section is increased.

"(2) This subsection shall be carried out under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy.".

(6) Subsection (e) of such section is amended by striking out "September 30, 1987" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1990".

(b) NUCLEAR-CAREER ACCESSION BONUS.—(1) Subsection (a)(1) of section 312b of such title is amended—

37 USC 312b.

(A) by striking out "of $3,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "not to exceed $8,000"; and

(B) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Upon acceptance of the agreement by the Secretary, the amounts payable upon selection for training and upon completion of training, respectively, as determined under subsection (b) of this section, shall become fixed.".

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(2) Subsection (b) of such section is amended to read as follows:

"(b) The Secretary of the Navy shall determine annually the total amount of the bonus to be paid under this section and of that amount the portions that are to be paid—

"(1) upon selection for officer naval nuclear power training; and

"(2) upon successful completion, as a commissioned officer, of training for duty in connection with the supervision, operation, and maintenance of naval nuclear propulsion plants.".

(3) Subsection (d) of such section is amended by striking out "September 30, 1987" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1990".

37 USC 312c.

(c) ANNUAL INCENTIVE BONUS.—(1) Subsection (a) of section 312c of such title is amended as follows:

(A) The first sentence is designated as paragraph (1) and amended—

(i) by redesignating clauses (1) through (5) as clauses (A) through (E), respectively;

(ii) by striking out ", but has completed less than twenty-six years of commissioned service" in clause (C) (as so designated); and

(iii) by striking out "$6,000" and "October 1, 1987" and inserting in lieu thereof "$10,000" and "October 1, 1990", respectively.

(B) The second sentence is designated as paragraph (2) and is amended by inserting "technically" before "qualified".

(C) The third sentence is designated as paragraph (3) and is amended by striking out "nuclear service year" the second place it appears and all that follows in that sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "nuclear service year on which he—

"(A) was not on active duty;

"(B) was not technically qualified for duty in connection with the supervision, operation, and maintenance of naval nuclear propulsion plants;

"(C) was performing obligated service as the result of an active-service agreement executed under section 312 of this title; or

Ante, p. 643.

37 USC 301a.

"(D) was entitled to receive aviation career incentive pay in accordance with section 301a while serving in a billet other than a billet that required the officer—

"(i) be technically qualified for duty in connection with the supervision, operation, and maintenance of naval nuclear propulsion plants; and

"(ii) be qualified for the performance of operational flying duties.".

(D) The fourth sentence is repealed.

(2) Subsection (b) of such section is amended as follows:

(A) The first sentence is designated as paragraph (1) and amended—

(i) by redesignating clauses (1) through (4) as clauses (A) through (D), respectively; and

(ii) by striking out "$3,500" and "October 1, 1987" and inserting in lieu thereof "$4,500" and "October 1, 1990", respectively.

(B) The second sentence is designated as paragraph (2) and is amended by inserting "technically" before "qualified".

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(C) The third sentence is designated as paragraph (3) and is amended by striking out "nuclear service year" and all that follows in that sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "nuclear service year on which he—

"(A) was not in an assignment involving the direct supervision, operation, or maintenance of naval nuclear propulsion plants;

"(B) was performing obligated service as the result of an active-service agreement executed under section 312 of this title; or

Ante, p. 643.

"(C) was entitled to receive aviation career incentive pay in accordance with section 301a while serving in a billet other than a billet—

37 USC 301a.

"(i) involving the direct supervision, operation, or maintenance of naval nuclear propulsion plants; and

"(ii) that required the officer be qualified for the performance of operational flying duties.".

(3) Subsection (e) of such section is amended by striking out "October 1, 1987" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1990".

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

37 USC 312 note.

SEC. 633. INCENTIVE PAY FOR SUBMARINE DUTY

(a) INCREASE IN RATES OF INCENTIVE PAY FOR OFFICERS.—The table pertaining to commissioned officers in section 301c(b) of title 37, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

"Pay grade	Years of service computed under section 205						
	2 or less	Over 2	Over 3	Over 4	Over 6	Over 8	Over 10
O-10	$265	$265	$265	$265	$265	$265	$265
O-9	265	265	265	265	265	265	265
O-8	265	265	265	265	265	265	265
O-7	265	265	265	265	265	265	265
O-6	440	440	440	440	440	440	440
O-5	440	440	440	440	440	440	440
O-4	270	270	270	300	440	440	440
O-3	265	265	265	290	440	440	440
O-2	175	175	175	175	175	175	265
O-1	130	130	130	130	130	130	265

"Pay grade	Years of service computed under section 205						
	Over 12	Over 14	Over 16	Over 18	Over 20	Over 22	Over 26
O-10	$265	$265	$265	$265	$265	$265	$265
O-9	265	265	265	265	265	265	265
O-8	265	265	265	265	265	265	265
O-7	265	265	400	395	395	305	265
O-6	440	440	440	440	440	440	440
O-5	440	440	440	440	440	440	440
O-4	440	440	440	440	440	440	440
O-3	440	440	440	440	440	440	440
O-2	265	265	265	265	265	265	265
O-1	265	265	265	265	265	265	265"

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

37 USC 301c note.

99 STAT. 647

SEC. 634. CAREER SEA PAY

(a) INCREASE IN RATES FOR OFFICERS.—The tables pertaining to warrant officers and commissioned officers in section 305a(b) of title 37, United States Code, are amended to appear as follows:

98 Stat. 2541.

"WARRANT OFFICERS

"Pay grade	Years of sea duty								
	1 or less	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	Over 4	Over 5	Over 6	Over 7	Over 8
W-1	$130	$135	$140	$150	$170	$175	$200	$250	$270
W-2	150	150	150	150	170	260	265	265	270
W-3	150	150	150	150	170	270	280	285	290
W-4	150	150	150	150	170	290	310	310	310

"WARRANT OFFICERS

"Pay grade	Years of sea duty							
	Over 9	Over 10	Over 11	Over 12	Over 14	Over 16	Over 18	Over 20
W-1	$275	$280	$290	$300	$300	$300	$300	$300
W-2	275	280	290	310	330	350	370	390
W-3	300	310	310	330	350	370	390	410
W-4	310	320	330	350	370	390	410	410

"COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

"Pay grade	Years of sea duty						
	Over 3	Over 4	Over 5	Over 6	Over 7	Over 8	Over 9
O-1	$150	$160	$185	$190	$195	$205	$215
O-2	150	160	185	190	195	205	215
O-3	150	160	185	190	195	205	215
O-4	185	190	200	205	215	215	220
O-5	225	225	225	225	230	245	250
O-6	225	230	230	240	255	265	280

"Pay grade	Years of sea duty						
	Over 10	Over 11	Over 12	Over 14	Over 16	Over 18	Over 20
O-1	$225	$225	$240	$250	$260	$270	$280
O-2	225	225	240	250	260	270	280
O-3	225	225	240	260	270	280	290
O-4	225	225	240	270	280	290	300
O-5	260	265	265	285	300	315	340
O-6	290	300	310	325	340	355	380"

37 USC 305a note.

(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

SEC. 635. INCENTIVE PAY FOR HAZARDOUS DUTY

(a) Hazardous Duty Incentive Pay for Officers and for Certain Additional Duties.—(1) Subsection (a) of section 301 of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

98 Stat. 2542.

(A) in clause (1), by striking out "an enlisted crew member" and inserting in lieu thereof "a crew member"; and

99 STAT. 648

(B) by striking out clause (10) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(10) involving (A) the servicing of aircraft or missiles with highly toxic fuels or propellants, (B) the testing of aircraft or missile systems (or components of such systems) during which highly toxic fuels or propellants are used, or (C) the handling of chemical munitions (or components of such munitions); or".

(2) Subsection (b) of such section is amended to read as follows:

"(b) For the performance of hazardous duty described in clause (1) of subsection (a) of this section, a member is entitled to monthly incentive pay as follows:

"Pay Grade	Monthly Rate
O-10	$110
O-9	110
O-8	110
O-7	110
O-6	250
O-5	250
O-4	225
O-3	175
O-2	150
O-1	125
W-4	250
W-3	175
W-2	150
W-1	125
E-9	200
E-8	200

E-7	200
E-6	175
E-5	150
E-4	125
E-3	110
E-2	110
E-1	110".

(3) Paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of such section is amended to read as follows:

"(1) For the performance of hazardous duty described in clauses (2) through (10) of subsection (a) of this section, a member is entitled to $110 a month. However, a member performing hazardous duty described in clause (3) of that subsection who also performs as an essential part of such duty parachute jumping at a high altitude with a low opening is entitled to $165 a month.".

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1985. 37 USC 301 note.

SEC. 636. EXTENSION OF AVIATION OFFICER CONTINUATION PAY

Effective on October 1, 1985, section 301b of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" in subsections (e)(2), (e)(3), and (f) and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1987". 98 Stat. 2540, 2541.

SEC. 637. CHANGE IN DEFINITION OF ENGINEERING AND SCIENTIFIC DUTY

(a) DEFINITION.—(1) Subsection (a) of section 315 of title 37, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(a) In this section, 'engineering or scientific duty' means service performed by an officer—

"(1) that requires an engineering or science degree; and

"(2) that requires a skill designated (under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense for the armed forces, by the Secretary of Commerce for the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, or by the Secretary of Health and Human Services for the Public Health Service) as critical and as a skill in which there is a critical shortage of officers in the uniformed service concerned.". 99 STAT. 649

(2) The matter preceding clause (1) of section 315(b) of such title is amended to read as follows: 37 USC 315.

"(b) Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary concerned, an officer of a uniformed service who—".

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1985. 37 USC 315 note.

SEC. 638. INCENTIVE PAY FOR DUTY SUBJECT TO HOSTILE FIRE

(a) INCREASE IN INCENTIVE PAY FOR DUTY SUBJECT TO HOSTILE FIRE.—The first sentence of section 310 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "at the rate of $65 a month" and inserting in lieu thereof "at the lowest rate for hazardous duty incentive pay specified in section 301(c)(1) of this title". 98 Stat. 2542.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1985. 37 USC 310 note.

SEC. 639. REVISION OF SPECIAL PAY FOR DENTAL OFFICERS

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 302b of title 37, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 302b. Special pay: dental officers of the armed forces

"(a)(1) An officer who—

"(A) is an officer of the Dental Corps of the Army or the Navy or an officer of the Air Force designated as a dental officer; and

"(B) is on active duty under a call or order to active duty for a period of not less than one year,

is entitled to special pay in accordance with this subsection.

"(2) An officer described in paragraph (1) of this subsection who is serving in a pay grade below pay grade O-7 is entitled to variable special pay at the following rates:

"(A) $1,200 per year, if the officer is undergoing dental internship training or has less than three years of creditable service.

"(B) $2,000 per year, if the officer has at least three but less than six years of creditable service and is not undergoing dental internship training.

"(C) $4,000 per year, if the officer has at least six but less than 10 years of creditable service.

"(D) $6,000 per year, if the officer has at least 10 but less than 14 years of creditable service.

"(E) $4,000 per year, if the officer has at least 14 but less than 18 years of creditable service.

"(F) $3,000 per year, if the officer has 18 or more years of creditable service.

"(3) An officer described in paragraph (1) of this subsection who is serving in a pay grade above pay grade O-6 is entitled to variable special pay at the rate of $1,000 per year.

"(4) Subject to subsection (b) of this section, an officer entitled to variable special pay under paragraph (2) or (3) of this subsection is entitled to additional special pay for any 12-month period during which the officer is not undergoing dental internship or residency training. Such additional special pay shall be paid at the following rates:

"(A) $6,000 per year, if the officer has at least three but less than 14 years of creditable service.

"(B) $8,000 per year, if the officer has at least 14 but less than 18 years of creditable service.

"(C) $10,000 per year, if the officer has 18 or more years of creditable service.

"(5) An officer who is entitled to variable special pay under paragraph (2) or (3) of this subsection and who is board certified is entitled to additional special pay at the following rates:

"(A) $2,000 per year, if the officer has less than 12 years of creditable service.

"(B) $3,000 per year, if the officer has at least 12 but less than 14 years of creditable service.

"(C) $4,000 per year, if the officer has 14 or more years of creditable service.

"(b)(1) An officer may not be paid additional special pay under subsection (a)(4) of this section for any 12-month period unless the officer first executes a written agreement under which the officer agrees to remain on active duty for a period of not less than one year beginning on the date the officer accepts the award of such special pay.

Regulations.
37 USC 303a.

"(2) Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense under section 303a(a) of this title, the Secretary of the military department concerned may terminate at any time an officer's entitlement to the special pay authorized by subsection (a)(4) of this section. If such entitlement is terminated, the officer concerned is entitled to be paid such special pay only for the part of the period on active duty that the officer served, and the officer may be required to refund any amount in excess of that entitlement.

Regulations.

"(c) Regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense under section 303a(a) of this title shall include standards for determining—

"(1) whether an officer is undergoing internship or residency training for purposes of subsections (a)(2)(A), (a)(2)(B), and (a)(4) of this section; and

"(2) whether an officer is board certified for purposes of subsection (a)(5) of this section.

"(d) Special pay payable to an officer under paragraphs (2), (3), and (5) of subsection (a) of this section shall be paid monthly. Special pay payable to an officer under subsection (a)(4) of this section shall be paid annually at the beginning of the 12-month period for which the officer is entitled to such payment.

"(e) An officer who voluntarily terminates service on active duty before the end of the period for which a payment was made to such officer under subsection (a)(4) of this section shall refund to the United States an amount which bears the same ratio to the amount paid to such officer as the unserved part of such period bears to the total period for which the payment was made.

"(f) A discharge in bankruptcy under title 11 shall not release a person from an obligation to reimburse the United States required under the terms of an agreement described in subsection (b) of this section if the final decree of the discharge in bankruptcy was issued within a period of five years after the last day of a period which such person had agreed to serve on active duty. This subsection applies to a discharge in bankruptcy in any proceeding which begins after September 30, 1985.

"(g) For purposes of this section, creditable service of an officer is computed by adding—

"(1) all periods which the officer spent in dental internship or residency training during which the officer was not on active duty; and

"(2) all periods of active service in the Dental Corps of the Army or Navy, as an officer of the Air Force designated as a dental officer, or as a dental officer of the Public Health Service.".

(b) REPEAL OF CONTINUATION PAY FOR DENTISTS.—Section 311 of such title is repealed. 37 USC 311.

(c) AUTHORITY FOR CERTAIN DENTAL OFFICERS TO EXECUTE NEW AGREEMENTS.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), a dental officer who on October 1, 1985, is performing obligated service under an agreement under section 311 of title 37, United States Code, that— 37 USC 302b note. *Supra.*

(A) was executed after June 29, 1985; and

(B) is affected by the limitation in section 8091 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1985 (as contained in section 101(h) of Public Law 98-473), 98 Stat. 1940.

may execute a new agreement under section 302b of such title (as amended by subsection (a)). *Ante*, p. 649.

(2) A dental officer may not execute a new agreement under paragraph (1) unless the amount that may be paid such officer under an agreement under section 302b of title 37, United States Code (as amended by subsection (a)), is greater than the amount to be paid the officer under the existing agreement of the officer under section 311 of such title. *Supra.*

(3) In executing a written agreement under paragraph (1), the officer shall agree to remain on active duty for an additional length of time equal to or exceeding the length of time originally required by the existing agreement, beginning on the date the officer accepts the award of special pay under the new agreement.

(4) If a new agreement is executed under this subsection, the existing agreement of the officer shall be canceled.

(5) For the purposes of this section, the term "dental officer" has the meaning given that term in section 101 of title 10, United States Code.

(d) SAVE PAY.—(1) An officer described in paragraph (2) who, after September 30, 1985, is entitled to special pay under section 302b of title 37, United States Code (as amended by subsection (a)), shall be entitled to such pay in an annual amount that is not less than the total annual amount of dental continuation pay under section 311 of title 37, United States Code, and special pay for dental officers under section 302b of that title to which that officer was entitled on September 30, 1985. 37 USC 302b note.

(2) Paragraph (1) applies to an officer who on September 30, 1985, is entitled to dental continuation pay under section 311 of title 37, United States Code; or to special pay for dental officers under section 302b of that title.

(e) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 5 of such title is amended—

(1) by striking out the item relating to section 302b and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"302b. Special pay: dental officers of the armed forces."; and

(2) by striking out the item relating to section 311.

37 USC 302b note.

(f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section take effect on October 1, 1985.

99 STAT. 652

SEC. 640. SPECIAL PAY FOR MEDICAL OFFICERS

Section 302 of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "is not" in subsection (h)(1)(B) and inserting in lieu thereof "who is"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(i) A discharge in bankruptcy under title 11 that is entered less than 5 years after the termination of an agreement under this section does not discharge the person signing such agreement from a debt arising under such agreement or under paragraph (1) of this subsection. This paragraph applies to any case commenced under title 11 after September 30, 1985."

SEC. 641. SPECIAL PAY FOR QUALIFIED ENLISTED MEMBERS EXTENDING DUTY AT CERTAIN LOCATIONS OVERSEAS

(a) INCREASE IN RATE OF MONTHLY SPECIAL PAY.—Section 314(a) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "$50" and inserting in lieu thereof "$80".

37 USC 314 note.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

Subpart 2—Reserve Forces

SEC. 642. SELECTED RESERVE ENLISTMENT BONUS

Section 308c of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" in subsection (f) and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1987".

SEC. 643. SELECTED RESERVE REENLISTMENT BONUS

(a) INCREASE IN RATES; TWO-YEAR EXTENSION.—Section 308b of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) by striking out "$450" and "$900" in paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,250" and "$2,500", respectively; and

(B) by striking out "$150" in paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "$416.66";

(2) by striking out "$25" in subsection (d)(2) and inserting in lieu thereof "$69.44"; and

(3) by striking out "September 30, 1985" in subsection (g) and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1987".

37 USC 308b note.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

SEC. 644. SELECTED RESERVE ENLISTMENT BONUS FOR PRIOR-SERVICE PERSONNEL

(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) Chapter 5 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 308h the following new section:

37 USC 308i.

"§ 308i. Special pay: prior service enlistment bonus

"(a)(1) A person who is a former enlisted member of an armed force who enlists in the Selected Reserve of the Ready Reserve of an armed force for a period of three or six years in a critical military skill designated for such a bonus by the Secretary concerned and who meets the requirements of paragraph (2) may be paid a bonus as prescribed in subsection (b).

"(2) A bonus may only be paid under this section to a person who—

99 STAT. 653

"(A) has completed his military service obligation but has less than 10 years of total military service;

"(B) has received an honorable discharge at the conclusion of military service;

"(C) is not being released from active service for the purpose of enlistment in a reserve component; and

"(D) has not previously been paid a bonus for enlistment, reenlistment, or extension of enlistment in a reserve component.

"(b) The bonus to be paid under subsection (a) shall be—

"(1) an initial payment of—

"(A) an amount not to exceed $1,250, in the case of a member who enlists for a period of three years; or

"(B) an amount not to exceed $2,500 in the case of a member who enlists for a period of six years; and

"(2) a subsequent payment of an amount not to exceed $416.66 upon the completion of each year of the period of such reenlistment or extension of enlistment during which such member has satisfactorily participated in unit training.

"(c) A member may not be paid more than one bonus under this section.

"(d) A person who receives a bonus payment under this section and who fails during the period for which the bonus was paid to serve satisfactorily in the element of the Selected Reserve of the Ready Reserve with respect to which the bonus was paid shall refund to the United States an amount that bears the same relation to the amount of the bonus paid to such person as the period that such person failed to serve satisfactorily bears to the total period for which the bonus was paid.

"(e) An obligation to reimburse the United States imposed under subsection (d) of this section is, for all purposes, a debt owed to the United States.

"(f) Under regulations prescribed pursuant to subsection (h) of this section, the Secretary concerned may remit or cancel the whole or any part of an obligation to reimburse the United States imposed under subsection (d) of this section.

"(g) A discharge in bankruptcy under title 11 that is entered less than five years after the termination of an enlistment for which a bonus was paid under this section shall not discharge the person receiving such bonus payment from the debt arising under subsection (d) of this section. This subsection applies to any case commenced under title 11 after September 30, 1985.

"(h) This section shall be administered under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense for the armed forces under his jurisdiction and by the Secretary of Transportation for the Coast Guard when the Coast Guard is not operating as a service in the Navy.

"(i) No bonus may be paid under this section to any person for an enlistment after September 30, 1987.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 308h the following new item:

"308i. Special pay: prior service enlistment bonus.".

(b) **Effective Date.**—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

37 USC 308i note.

99 STAT. 654

SEC. 645. SELECTED RESERVE AFFILIATION BONUS

(a) Increase and Extension.—Section 308e of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "$25" in subsection (c)(1) and inserting in lieu thereof "up to $50 as determined by the Secretary concerned"; and

(2) by striking out "September 30, 1985" in subsection (e) and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1987".

37 USC 308e note.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

SEC. 646. INDIVIDUAL READY RESERVE BONUSES

37 USC 308g, 308h.

(a) TWO-YEAR EXTENSION OF REENLISTMENT AND ENLISTMENT BONUSES.—(1) Sections 308g(h) and 308h(g) of such title are amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1987".

(b) ENHANCED IRR BONUS FOR PERSONS WITH CRITICAL SKILLS.—(1) Subsection (a)(1) of section 308h of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "for a period of not less than three years" and inserting in lieu thereof "for a period of three years, or for a period of six years,".

(2) Subsection (b) of such section is amended—

(A) by inserting "(1)" after "(b)";

(B) by striking out ", except that" and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof a period; and

(C) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

"(2) The amount of a bonus under this section—

"(A) may not exceed $1,500, in the case of a person who enlists for a period of six years; and

"(B) may not exceed $750 in the case of a person who enlists for a period of three years.

"(3) A bonus paid under this section shall be paid as follows:

"(A) In the case of a bonus under paragraph (2)(A) of this subsection—

"(i) $500 shall be paid at the time of the reenlistment, enlistment, or extension of enlistment for which the bonus is paid; and

"(ii) the remainder shall be paid in equal annual increments.

"(B) In the case of a bonus under paragraph (2)(B) of this subsection, the amount of the bonus shall be paid in equal annual increments.".

(c) AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE MUSTER OR DRILL FOR ENHANCED BONUS.—Subsection (f) of such section is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(f)"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) Regulations under this section may require that as a condition of receiving a bonus under this section the person receiving the bonus agree to participate in an annual muster of the Reserves, or in active duty for training, as may be required by the Secretary concerned.".

37 USC 308h note.

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

99 STAT. 655

SEC. 647. SELECTED RESERVE HAZARDOUS DUTY INCENTIVE PAY

(a) MODIFICATION OF COMPUTATION OF HAZARDOUS DUTY PAY FOR RESERVES.—Section 301(f) of title 37, United States Code, relating to incentive pay for hazardous duty, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(f)";

(2) by inserting "for the entire month" before the period at the end; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2)(A) If in any calendar month a member performs duty as described in paragraph (1) of this subsection and while entitled to basic pay also performs hazardous duty as described in the same clause of subsection (a) as constitutes the predicate for his entitlement under paragraph (1) of this subsection, the earned units of measuring entitlement for incentive pay under this section shall be combined. If the sum of units determined under the preceding sentence equals or exceeds the minimum standard prescribed by the President for entitlement to pay specified under subsections (b) and

(c) of this section for a member of corresponding grade who is entitled to basic pay for the entire relevant month, the member shall be entitled to an increase in compensation equal to 1/30 of the monthly incentive pay authorized by subsection (b) or (c) of this section for the performance of that hazardous duty by a member of corresponding grade who is entitled to basic pay for the entire month.

"(B) A member who qualifies for entitlement under this paragraph is entitled to the increase for each day in the relevant month in which he is entitled to basic pay pursuant to section 204 of this title or to compensation under section 206 of this title. 37 USC 204, 206.

"(C) In this paragraph, 'units' means the significant increments of performance prescribed as qualifying standards in regulations promulgated by the President pursuant to this section.".

(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply to payments of incentive pay for hazardous duty performed after September 30, 1985. 37 USC 301 note.

Part D—Health-Care Matters

SEC. 651. CHAMPUS DENTAL CARE FOR ACTIVE-DUTY DEPENDENTS

(a) Dental Benefits for Dependents of Active-Duty Members.—(1) Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1076 the following new section:

"§ 1076a. Dependents' dental program 10 USC 1076a.

"(a)(1) The Secretary of Defense may establish dental benefit plans for spouses and children (as described in section 1072(2)(D) of this title) of members of the uniformed services who are on active duty for a period of more than 30 days. Any plan under this section shall provide for voluntary enrollment of participants and shall include provisions for premium-sharing between the Department of Defense and members enrolling in the program. 98 Stat. 2869. 10 USC 1072.

"(2) A plan under this section shall be administered under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense in consultation with the other administering Secretaries.

"(b)(1) Members enrolling in a dental benefit plan established under subsection (a) shall be required to pay a share of the member's premium.

99 STAT. 656

"(2) The Secretary of Defense shall establish the amount of the premium to be paid by a member enrolled in a plan under this section.

"(c) A member's share of the premium for a plan established under subsection (a) shall be paid by deductions from the basic pay of the member.

"(d) The dental benefits provided under such a plan may not include a benefit other than—

"(1) diagnostic, oral examination, and preventive services and palliative emergency care; and

"(2) basic restorative services of amalgam and composite restorations and stainless steel crowns for primary teeth, and dental appliance repairs.

"(e) Any such plan shall provide that a member whose spouse or child receives care under a plan established under this section—

"(1) may not be required to pay for any charge for care described in subsection (d)(1); and

"(2) shall be required to pay 20 percent of the charges for care described in subsection (d)(2).

"(f) If a member who is enrolled in a plan established under this section is transferred to a duty station where dental care is provided to the member's spouse or children under a program other than a plan established under this section, the member may discontinue participation under the plan established under this section. If the member is later transferred to a station where dental care is not provided to such member's spouse or children except under a plan established under this section, the member may re-enroll in such a plan.

Contract.

"(g) The authority of the Secretary of Defense to enter into a contract under this section for any fiscal year is subject to the availability of appropriations for that purpose.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1076 the following new item:

"1076a. Dependents' dental program.".

10 USC 1077.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 1077 of such title is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Ante, p. 655.
10 USC 1076.

"(c) A dependent participating under a dental plan established under section 1076a of this title may not be provided dental care under section 1076(a) of this title except for emergency dental care and care that is not covered by such plan.".

Contract.
Prohibition.
10 USC 1076a note.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The Secretary of Defense may not enter into a contract under section 1076a of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), or otherwise obligate funds under that section before September 30, 1986.

SEC. 652. ENHANCED HEALTH-CARE BENEFITS FOR SURVIVORS OF CERTAIN RESERVISTS

(a) MEDICAL AND DENTAL CARE IN FACILITIES OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES.—Section 1076(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

Supra.

"(a)(1) A dependent described in paragraph (2) is entitled, upon request, to the medical and dental care prescribed by section 1077 of this title in facilities of the uniformed services, subject to the availability of space and facilities and the capabilities of the medical and dental staff.

99 STAT. 657

"(2) A dependent referred to in paragraph (1) is a dependent of a member of a uniformed service—

"(A) who is on active duty for a period of more than 30 days or who died while on that duty; or

"(B) who died from an injury or illness incurred or aggravated—

"(i) while on active duty under a call or order to active duty of 30 days or less, on active duty for training, or on inactive duty training; or

"(ii) while traveling to or from the place at which the member is to perform, or has performed, such active duty, active duty for training, or inactive duty training.".

10 USC 1086.

(b) CHAMPUS CARE.—Section 1086(c)(2) of such title is amended to read as follows:

10 USC 1072.

"(2) A dependent (other than a dependent covered by section 1072(2)(E) of this title) of a member of a uniformed service—

"(A) who died while on active duty for a period of more than 30 days; or

"(B) who died from an injury or illness incurred or aggravated—

"(i) while on active duty under a call or order to active duty of 30 days or less, on active duty for training, or on inactive duty training; or

"(ii) while traveling to or from the place at which the member is to perform, or has performed, such active duty, active duty for training, or inactive duty training.".

10 USC 1076 note.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply only with respect to dependents of members of the uniformed services whose deaths occur after September 30, 1985.

SEC. 653. LICENSURE REQUIREMENT FOR DEFENSE HEALTH-CARE PROFESSIONALS

(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"§1094. Licensure requirement for health-care professionals

10 USC 1094.

"(a)(1) A person under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of a military department may not provide health care independently as a health-care professional under this chapter unless the person has a current license to provide such care.

Prohibition.

"(2) The Secretary of Defense may waive paragraph (1) with respect to any person in unusual circumstances. The Secretary shall prescribe by regulation the circumstances under which such a waiver may be granted.

Regulation.

"(b) The commanding officer of each health care facility of the Department of Defense shall ensure that each person who provides health care independently as a health-care professional at the facility meets the requirement of subsection (a).

"(c)(1) A person (other than a person subject to chapter 47 of this title) who provides health care in violation of subsection (a) is subject to a civil money penalty of not more than $5,000.

37 USC 801 *et seq.*

"(2) The provisions of subsections (b) and (d) through (g) of section 1128A of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320a-7a) shall apply to the imposition of a civil money penalty under paragraph (1) in the same manner as they apply to the imposition of a civil money penalty under that section, except that for purposes of this subsection—

99 STAT. 658

"(A) a reference to the Secretary in that section is deemed a reference to the Secretary of Defense; and

"(B) a reference to a claimant in subsection (e) of that section is deemed a reference to the person described in paragraph (1).

"(d) In this section:

"(1) 'License'—

"(A) means a grant of permission by an official agency of a State, the District of Columbia, or a Commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United States to provide health care independently as a health-care professional; and

"(B) includes, in the case of such care furnished in a foreign country by any person who is not a national of the United States, a grant of permission by an official agency of that foreign country for that person to provide health care independently as a health-care professional.

"(2) 'Health-care professional' means a physician, dentist, clinical psychologist, or nurse and any other person providing direct patient care as may be designated by the Secretary of Defense in regulations.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"1094. Licensure requirement for health-care professionals.".

(b) TRANSITION.—Section 1094 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), does not apply during the three-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act with respect to the provision of health care by any person who on the date of the enactment of this Act is a member of the Armed Forces.

10 USC 1094 note.

SEC. 654. STUDY OF MEDICAL CASUALTY INVESTIGATIONS

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall study the procedures used by the military departments for medical casualty investigations relating to members of the Armed Forces who die or are seriously injured while on active duty.

(b) SCOPE OF STUDY.—The study by the Secretary under subsection (a) shall include consideration of the following:

(1) The need, and appropriate standards, for uniform policies of the military departments with respect to autopsies of members of the Armed Forces who die while on active duty, taking into account religious sensibilities of members and their families.

(2) The need, and appropriate standards, for a policy of the Department of Defense with respect to independent review of

autopsies, and other aspects of medical casualty investigations, conducted by the Armed Forces, including the appropriate role of the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology.

(3) Appropriate policies and procedures for retaining, in safekeeping, all medical investigative materials (including photographs, specimens, slide and other records of any autopsy) and, to the extent not inconsistent with national security, making such materials available to survivors of members of the Armed Forces who die while on active duty.

(4) The desirability of establishing an independent board of medical examination in the Department of Defense, to consist of five or more practitioners of medicine who are recognized

experts in the investigation of causes of death, with the function of advising the Secretary of Defense on the operation of the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology and on the reliability and independence of the Institute's investigations of military casualties.

(c) Report.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report on the results of the study under subsection (a). The report shall include—

(A) the Secretary's findings and recommendations;

(B) an analysis and description of all actions taken by the Department of Defense to implement any such recommendation; and

(C) the Secretary's recommendations with respect to any legislation needed to implement any such recommendation.

(2) The report shall be submitted not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Part E—Military Retirement

SEC. 666. LIMITATION ON AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR OBLIGATION FOR BASIC PAY AND FOR RETIRED PAY ACCRUAL CHARGE

From amounts appropriated or otherwise available to the Department of Defense for military personnel accounts for fiscal year 1986, the total amount obligated from each such account for military basic pay and payments into the Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund pursuant to section 1466(a) of title 10, United States Code, may not exceed the following:

(1) For the Department of the Army—

(A) for payments from the appropriation account "Military Personnel, Army", $15,951,800,000;

(B) for payments from the appropriation account "Reserve Personnel, Army", $1,595,500,000; and

(C) for payments from the appropriation account "National Guard Personnel, Army", $2,503,600,000.

(2) For the Department of the Navy—

(A) for payments from the appropriation account "Military Personnel, Navy", $11,689,900,000;

(B) for payments from the appropriation account "Military Personnel, Marine Corps", $3,659,600,000;

(C) for payments from the appropriation account "Reserve Personnel, Navy", $939,300,000; and

(D) for payments from the appropriation account "Reserve Personnel, Marine Corps", $202,200,000.

(3) For the Department of the Air Force—

(A) for payments from the appropriation account "Military Personnel, Air Force", $13,533,500,000;

(B) for payments from the appropriation account "Reserve Personnel, Air Force", $437,300,000; and

(C) for payments from the appropriation account "National Guard Personnel, Air Force", $754,500,000.

SEC. 667. LEGISLATIVE PROPOSAL TO AMEND MILITARY RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR NEW ENTRANTS

(a) Requirement for Submission of Legislative Proposal

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Report.

MAKING CHANGES IN MILITARY RETIREMENT SYSTEM.—(1) Not later than September 15, 1985, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report (including draft legislation) proposing two separate sets of changes in the military nondisability retirement system.

99 STAT. 660

(2)(A) Each of the sets of changes to be proposed in the report under paragraph (1) shall include changes which, if enacted, would result in reductions in the amount required to be paid by the Secretary of Defense into the Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund pursuant to section 1466(a) of title 10, United States Code, during fiscal year 1986 in a total amount that would enable the Department of Defense to remain within the limits on obligations for basic pay and payments into such Fund prescribed by section 666 solely through such reductions.

(B) One of the sets of changes to be proposed in such report shall consist only of changes in the military retirement system other than changes in the procedure for periodic cost-of-living adjustments in retired or retainer pay which, if enacted, would result in the required reductions.

(3) Structural changes in the military retirement system to be proposed by the Secretary of Defense in either set of changes proposed in the report under paragraph (1)—

(A) should apply only to individuals who initially become members of the Armed Forces after the effective date of such changes; and

(B) should, to the maximum extent possible and consistent with military requirements, encourage members who are eligible for retirement to remain on active duty beyond 20 years of service.

Report.

(4) At the same time the Secretary of Defense submits the report required by paragraph (1), the Secretary shall submit separate reports on the following:

(A) The anticipated effects that the changes proposed in the report under paragraph (1) would have on recruiting and retention in the Armed Forces.

(B) Proposals for additional changes in other elements of the military compensation system or in other military personnel programs, including changes in promotion and retention policies.

(C) A description of the changes in military retirement, compensation, or personnel programs that would be necessary if the reductions resulting from the funding limitations set forth in section 666 were $1,800,000,000, $2,900,000,000, $3,600,000,000, $4,000,000,000, or $5,400,000,000, as well as an evaluation of the effects such changes would have on recruiting and retention in the Armed Forces.

(D) A plan that could be used to implement over a period of four or more years the changes proposed in the report under paragraph (1).

(b) SPECIFICATION OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS FOR FY86 RETIREMENT LEGISLATION.—In determining the cost, or the amount to be saved, as the result of the enactment of any legislative proposal that would make changes in the military retirement system effective during fiscal year 1985 or 1986, the actuarial methods and assumptions used shall be the same as those approved by the Board of Actuaries (in accordance with section 1465(d) of title 10, United States Code) for use in calculating the military retirement accrual percentage for the President's budget for fiscal year 1986.

(c) RECALCULATION OF ACCRUAL PERCENTAGE UPON CHANGE IN BENEFITS.—(1) If a significant change in the military retirement system is enacted into law that takes effect during fiscal year 1985 or 1986, the accrual percentage shall be recalculated taking into account that change in law. Any such recalculation shall be made using the actuarial methods and assumptions described in subsection (b).

99 STAT. 661

(2) In making determinations under section 1466(a) of title 10,

United States Code, for months during fiscal years 1985 and 1986 beginning on or after the effective date of any such change in law, the accrual percentage as recalculated under paragraph (1) shall be used in lieu of the accrual percentage that would otherwise be applicable.

(d) Definition of Accrual Percentage.—For purposes of this section, the term "accrual percentage" means the single level percentage of basic pay determined under section 1465(c)(1) of title 10, United States Code, for the purposes of computations under sections 1465(b) and 1466(a) of that title.

98 Stat. 2623.

Part F—Educational Assistance Programs

SEC. 671. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE EDUCATIONAL LOAN REPAYMENT PROGRAMS

10 USC prec. 2001.

(a) Codification of Section 902 Program.—(1) Part III of subtitle A of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new chapter:

"CHAPTER 109—EDUCATIONAL LOAN REPAYMENT PROGRAMS

"Sec.

"2171. General educational loan repayment program.
"2172. Education loans for certain health professionals who serve in the Selected Reserve.

10 USC 2171.

"§ 2171. General educational loan repayment program

"(a)(1) Subject to the provisions of this section, the Secretary of Defense may repay—

"(A) any loan made, insured, or guaranteed under part B of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1071 et seq.); or

"(B) or any loan made under part E of such title (20 U.S.C. 1087aa et seq.).

Repayment of any such loan shall be made on the basis of each complete year of service performed by the borrower.

"(2) The Secretary may repay loans described in paragraph (1) in the case of any person for—

"(A) service performed—

"(i) as an enlisted member of the Selected Reserve of the Ready Reserve of an armed force; and

"(ii) in a reserve component and military specialty specified by the Secretary of Defense; or

"(B) service performed on active duty as an enlisted member in a military specialty specified by the Secretary.

In the case of service described in clause (A) of the first sentence of this paragraph, the Secretary may repay a loan described in paragraph (1) only if the person to whom the loan was made performed such service after the loan was made.

"(b) The portion or amount of a loan that may be repaid under subsection (a) is—

99 STAT. 662

"(1) 15 percent or $500, whichever is greater, for each year of service, in the case of service described in subsection (a)(2)(A); or

"(2) 33⅓ percent or $1,500, whichever is greater, for each year of service, in the case of service described in subsection (a)(2)(B).

"(c) If a portion of a loan is repaid under this section for any year, interest on the remainder of such loan shall accrue and be paid in the same manner as is otherwise required.

"(d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize refunding any repayment of a loan.

"(e) Any individual who transfers from service described in clause (A) or (B) of subsection (a)(2) to service described in the other clause of such subsection during a year shall be eligible to have repaid a portion of such loan determined by giving appropriate fractional credit for each portion of the year so served, in accordance with regulations of the Secretary concerned.

"(f) The Secretary of Defense shall, by regulation, prescribe a schedule for the allocation of funds made available to carry out the provisions of this section during any year for which funds are not sufficient to pay the sum of the amounts eligible for repayment under subsection (a). Regulation.

"§ 2172. Education loans for certain health professionals who serve in the Selected Reserve

10 USC 2172.

"(a) Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense and subject to the other provisions of this section, the Secretary concerned may repay—

"(1) a portion of a loan made, insured, or guaranteed under part B of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1071 et seq.);

"(2) a loan made under part E of such title (20 U.S.C. 1087aa et seq.) after October 1, 1975; and

"(3) a health education assistance loan made or insured under part C of title VII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 294 et seq.).

"(b) The Secretary concerned may repay loans described in subsection (a) only in the case of a person who—

"(1) performs satisfactory service as an officer in the Selected Reserve of an armed force; and

"(2) possesses professional qualifications in a health profession that the Secretary of Defense has determined to be needed critically in order to meet identified wartime combat medical skill shortages.

"(c)(1) The amount of any repayment of a loan made under this section on behalf of any person shall be determined on the basis of each complete year of service that is described in subsection (b)(1) and performed by the person after the date on which the loan was made.

"(2) Subject to paragraph (3), the portion of a loan that may be repaid under this section on behalf of any person may not exceed $3,000 for each year of service described in paragraph (1).

"(3) The total amount that may be repaid on behalf of any person under this section may not exceed $20,000.

"(d) The authority provided in this section shall apply only in the case of a person first appointed as a commissioned officer before October 1, 1988.".

99 STAT. 663

(2) The tables of chapters at the beginning of subtitle A of such title and at the beginning of part III of such subtitle are amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 108 the following new item:

"109. Educational Loan Repayment Programs .... 2171".

(3) Section 902 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1981 (10 U.S.C. 2141 note), is repealed. 98 Stat. 2572.

(b) Persons to Whom Applicable.—(1) The authority provided under section 2171 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall apply only— 10 USC 2171 note. *Ante*, p. 661.

(A) in the case of persons who enlist or reenlist in the Selected Reserve of the Ready Reserve of an Armed Force or enlist or reenlist for service on active duty after September 30, 1980;

(B) with respect to service performed after that date; and

(C) with respect to loans made after October 1, 1975.

(2) The authority provided under section 2172 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall apply only— 10 USC 2172 note. *Ante*, p. 662.

(A) in the case of a person who is first appointed as a commissioned officer of an Armed Force after September 30, 1985; and

(B) with respect to service performed after that date.

SEC. 672. SPECIALIZED TRAINING ASSISTANCE IN THE HEALTH PROFESSION FOR MEMBERS OF RESERVE COMPONENTS

10 USC 2121 note.

(a) Authorization of Program.—The Secretary of each military department, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, may establish and maintain a program to provide financial assistance to persons engaged in specialized training in the health professions.

10 USC 2121 note.

(b) Eligibility Requirements.—To be eligible for financial assistance under this section, a person must be—

(1) a commissioned officer in the Selected Reserve of a reserve component of the Armed Forces; and

(2) engaged in a course of specialized training (approved by the Secretary of the military department concerned) in a health profession.

10 USC 2121 note.

10 USC 2120 *et seq.*

(c) Amount of Assistance.—A person participating in the program provided for under this section shall be entitled to a monthly stipend at the rate paid, on October 1, 1985, to persons participating in the Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarship Program under chapter 105 of title 10, United States Code. That rate shall be increased annually by the Secretary of Defense effective on July 1 of each year by an amount (rounded to the next highest multiple of $1) equal to—

(1) the amount of such stipend (as previously adjusted (if at all)), multiplied by

(2) the overall precentage of the adjustment (if such adjustment is an increase) in the rates of basic pay for members of the uniformed services made effective for the fiscal year in which the school year ends.

10 USC 2121 note.

(d) Qualifications.—To be eligible for participation in the program provided for in this section, a person must be a citizen of the United States and must—

(1) be qualified in a health profession as required in regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense;

(2) sign an agreement that, unless sooner separated, the participant will—

99 STAT. 664

(A) complete the specialized program of training approved by the Secretary of the military department concerned; and

(B) meet such other requirements as the Secretary concerned may prescribe.

10 USC 2121 note.

(e) Selected Reserve Obligation.—A member who participates in a program provided for under this section incurs a Selected Reserve obligation of three years for each year or part thereof for which financial assistance is provided under this section.

10 USC 2121 note.

(f) Failure To Complete Program of Training.—(1) A member of the program who, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, is dropped from the program for deficiency in training, or for other reasons, shall be required, at the discretion of the Secretary concerned—

(A) to perform one year of active duty for each year (or part thereof) for which such person was provided financial assistance under this section; or

(B) repay the United States an amount equal to the total amount paid to such person under the program.

(2) The Secretary of a military department, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, may relieve a member participating in the program who is dropped from the program from any requirement that may be imposed under paragraph (1), but such relief shall not relieve him from any military obligation imposed by any other law.

10 USC 2121 note.

10 USC 2120 *et seq.*

(g) Limitations on Number of Participants.—The number of persons who may be provided financial assistance under this section at any one time, when added to the total number of persons who are participating in the scholarship program provided for under chapter 105 of title 10, United States Code, at any time, may not exceed 6,000.

(h) DEFINITION.—For the purposes of this section, the term "specialized course of training" means a course of advanced training— 10 USC 2121 note.

(1) in a health profession; and

(2) designated by the Secretary of the military department concerned to be training in a health profession skill critically needed by the military department concerned.

(i) CHANGE IN NUMBER OF PERSONS AUTHORIZED TO RECEIVE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.—Section 2124 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "5,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "6,000".

(j) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect on October 1, 1985. 10 USC 2124 note.

SEC. 673. RIGHT OF MEMBERS OF NAVAL SERVICE TO TRANSFER CERTAIN EDUCATIONAL ENTITLEMENT TO SPOUSE OR DEPENDENT CHILDREN

Section 2147(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(A)" after "(a)(1)";

(2) by striking out the second sentence; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(B) The Secretary of the Navy may authorize a member of the Navy or Marine Corps who is entitled to educational assistance under section 2142 of this title and whose enlistment that established such entitlement was the member's second reenlistment as a member of the armed forces to transfer all or part of such entitlement to the spouse or dependent child of such member after the completion of four years of active service of that second reenlistment if that reenlistment was for a period of at least six years. 10 USC 2142

99 STAT. 665

"(C) A transfer under this paragraph may be revoked at any time by the person making the transfer.".

SEC. 674. CHANGES IN ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR THE ALL-VOLUNTEER FORCE EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

Chapter 30 of title 38, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in section 1411(a)(1)(B), by striking out "and without a break in service on active duty since December 31, 1976,"; and 98 Stat. 2554. 38 USC 1411.

(2) in section 1412(a)(1)(B), by striking out "and without a break in service on active duty since December 31, 1976,". 98 Stat. 2555. 38 USC 1412.

PART G—MISCELLANEOUS

SEC. 681. LEGAL REPRESENTATION OF CIVILIANS OVERSEAS

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1037(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out the period at the end of the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "and of persons not subject to the Uniform Code of Military Justice who are employed by or accompanying the armed forces in an area outside the United States and the territories and possessions of the United States, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.".

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to costs incurred after September 30, 1985. 10 USC 1037 note.

SEC. 682. ACCRUED LEAVE

Section 501 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "September 1, 1976" in subsections (b)(3) and (f) and inserting in lieu thereof "February 9, 1976"

SEC. 683. PAY ALLOTMENTS FOR NAVY AND MARINE CORPS

(a) STANDARDIZATION OF NAVAL SERVICE PAY ALLOTMENTS WITH ARMY AND AIR FORCE.—(1) Section 701 of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by striking out "of the Army or the Air Force" in subsections (a), (c), and (d)(1) and inserting in lieu thereof "of the Army, Navy, Air Force, or Marine Corps";

(B) by striking out "of the Army or the Air Force" in subsections (b) and (d)(2) and inserting in lieu thereof "of the Army, Navy, or Air Force"; and

(C) by striking out "Secretary of the Army or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be" in subsections (a) and (d) and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary of the military department concerned".

(2) The heading of such section is amended to read as follows:

"§ 701. Members of the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps; contract surgeons".

(3) The item relating to such section in the table of sections in the beginning of chapter 13 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"701. Members of the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps; contract surgeons.".

Repeal. 37 USC 702, 705, 805.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) Sections 702, 705, and 805 of such title are repealed.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 13 of such title is amended by striking out the items relating to sections 702 and 705.

(3) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 15 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 805.

SEC. 684. EXTENSION TO PHS AND NOAA OF AUTHORITY TO COLLECT DEBTS FROM PAY OF MEMBERS

98 Stat. 2613.

Section 1007(c) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "armed forces" and inserting in lieu thereof "uniformed services".

SEC. 685. SURCHARGE FOR SALES AT ANIMAL DISEASE PREVENTION AND CONTROL CENTERS

10 USC 133 note.

(a) REQUIRED SURCHARGE.—The Secretary of Defense shall require that each time a sale is recorded at a military animal disease prevention and control center the person to whom the sale is made shall be charged a surcharge of $2.

(b) DEPOSIT OF RECEIPTS IN TREASURY.—Amounts received from surcharges under this section shall be deposited in the Treasury in accordance with section 3302 of title 31.

10 USC 133 note.

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 1033 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984 (Public Law 98-94; 97 Stat. 672), is repealed.

10 USC 133 note.

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

Survivor Benefit Plan Amendments of 1985. 10 USC 1447 note.

TITLE VII—SURVIVOR BENEFIT PLAN IMPROVEMENTS

SEC. 701. SHORT TITLE

This title may be cited as the "Survivor Benefit Plan Amendments of 1985".

PART A—GENERAL PROGRAM CHANGES

SEC. 711. ESTABLISHMENT OF TWO-TIER BENEFIT SYSTEM AND ELIMINATION OF SOCIAL SECURITY OFFSET

(a) REVISION IN SBP ANNUITY COMPUTATION.—Section 1451 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 1451. Amount of annuity

10 USC 1450.

"(a)(1) In the case of a standard annuity provided to a beneficiary under section 1450(a) of this title (other than under section 1450(a)(4)), the monthly annuity payable to the beneficiary shall be determined as follows:

"(A) If the beneficiary is under 62 years of age when becoming entitled to the annuity, the monthly annuity shall be the amount equal to 55 percent of the base amount (as the base amount is adjusted from time to time under subsection 1401a of this title). 10 USC 1401a.

"(B) If the beneficiary is 62 years of age or older when becoming entitled to the annuity, the monthly annuity shall be the amount equal to 35 percent of the base amount (as the base amount is adjusted from time to time under section 1401a of this title). However, if the beneficiary is eligible to have the annuity computed under subsection (e) and if, at the time the beneficiary becomes entitled to the annuity, computation of the annuity under that subsection is more favorable to the beneficiary, the annuity shall be computed under that subsection.

"(2) In the case of a reserve-component annuity provided to a beneficiary under section 1450(a) of this title (other than under section 1450(a)(4)), the monthly annuity payable to the beneficiary shall be determined as follows: 10 USC 1450.

"(A) If the beneficiary is under 62 years of age when becoming entitled to the annuity, the monthly annuity shall be the amount equal to a percentage of the base amount (as the base amount is adjusted from time to time under section 1401a of this title) that— 10 USC 1401a.

"(i) is less than 55 percent; and

"(ii) is determined under subsection (f).

"(B) If the beneficiary is 62 years of age or older when becoming entitled to the annuity, the monthly annuity shall be the amount equal to a percentage of the base amount (as the base amount is adjusted from time to time under section 1401a of this title) that—

"(i) is less than 35 percent; and

"(ii) is determined under subsection (f).

However, if the beneficiary is eligible to have the annuity computed under subsection (e) and if, at the time the beneficiary becomes entitled to the annuity, computation of the annuity under that subsection is more favorable to the beneficiary, the annuity shall be computed under that subsection.

"(b)(1) In the case of a standard annuity provided to a beneficiary under section 1450(a)(4) of this title, the monthly annuity payable to the beneficiary shall be the amount equal to 55 percent of the retired pay of the person who elected to provide the annuity after the reduction in that pay in accordance with section 1452(c) of this title. 10 USC 1452.

"(2) In the case of a reserve-component annuity provided to a beneficiary under section 1450(a)(4) of this title, the monthly annuity payable to the beneficiary shall be the amount equal to a percentage of the retired pay of the person who elected to provide the annuity after the reduction in such pay in accordance with section 1452(c) of this title that—

"(A) is less than 55 percent; and

"(B) is determined under subsection (f).

"(3) For the purposes of paragraph (2), a person—

"(A) who provides an annuity that is determined in accordance with that paragraph;

"(B) who dies before becoming 60 years of age; and

"(C) who at the time of death is otherwise entitled to retired pay,

shall be considered to have been entitled to retired pay at the time of death. The retired pay of such person for the purposes of such paragraph shall be computed on the basis of the rates of basic pay in effect on the date on which the annuity provided by such person is to become effective in accordance with the designation of such person under section 1448(e) of this title. 10 USC 1448.

"(c)(1) In the case of an annuity provided under section 1448(d) or 1448(f) of this title, the amount of the annuity shall be determined as follows: *Post*, pp. 670, 671.

99 STAT. 668

"(A) If the person receiving the annuity is under 62 years of age when the member or former member dies, the monthly annuity shall be the amount equal to 55 percent of the retired pay to which the member or former member would have been entitled if the member or former member had been entitled to that pay based upon his years of active service when he died.

"(B) If the person receiving the annuity is 62 years of age or older when the member or former member dies, the monthly annuity shall be the amount equal to 35 percent of the retired pay to which the member or former member would have been entitled if the member or former member had been entitled to that pay based upon his years of active service when he died. However, if the beneficiary is eligible to have the annuity computed under subsection (e) and if, at the time the beneficiary becomes entitled to the annuity, computation of the annuity under that subsection is more favorable to the beneficiary, the annuity shall be computed under that subsection.

"(2) An annuity computed under paragraph (1) that is paid to a surviving spouse shall be reduced by the amount of dependency and indemnity compensation to which the surviving spouse is entitled under section 411(a) of title 38. Any such reduction shall be effective on the date of the commencement of the period of payment of such compensation under title 38. 98 Stat. 38, 2736.

"(3) In the case of an annuity provided by a member described in section 1448(d)(1)(C) of this title, the retired pay to which the member would have been entitled when he died shall be determined based upon the rate of basic pay in effect at the time of death for the highest grade other than a commissioned officer grade in which the member served on active duty satisfactorily, as determined by the Secretary concerned. *Post*, p. 670.

"(4) In the case of an annuity paid under section 1448(f) of this title, the retired pay of the person providing the annuity shall for the purposes of paragraph (1) be computed on the basis of the rates of basic pay in effect on the effective date of the annuity. *Post*, p. 671

"(d)(1) The annuity of a person whose annuity is computed under clause (A) of subsection (a)(1), (a)(2), or (c)(1) shall be reduced on the first day of the month after the month in which the person becomes 62 years of age.

"(2)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the reduced amount of the annuity shall be the amount of the annuity that the person would be receiving on that date if the annuity had initially been computed under clause (B) of that subsection.

"(B) In the case of a person eligible to have the annuity computed under subsection (e) and for whom, at the time the person becomes 62 years of age, an annuity computed with a reduction under subsection (e)(3) is more favorable than an annuity with a reduction described in subparagraph (A), the reduction in the annuity shall be computed in the same manner as a reduction under subsection (e)(3).

"(e)(1) The following beneficiaries under the plan are eligible to have an annuity under the Plan computed under this subsection:

"(A) A beneficiary receiving an annuity under the Plan on October 1, 1985, as the widow or widower of the person providing the annuity.

"(B) A spouse beneficiary of a person who on October 1, 1985—

99 STAT. 669

"(i) is a participant in the Plan;

"(ii) is entitled to retired pay or is qualified for that pay except that he has not applied for and been granted that pay; or

"(iii) would be eligible for retired pay under chapter 67 of this title but for the fact that he is under 60 years of age. 10 USC 1331 *et seq.*

"(2) Subject to paragraph (3), an annuity computed under this subsection shall be determined as follows:

"(A) In the case of a beneficiary of a standard annuity under section 1450(a) of this title, the annuity shall be the amount equal to 55 percent of the base amount (as the base amount is adjusted from time to time under section 1401a of this title). 10 USC 1450. 10 USC 1401a.

"(B) In the case of a beneficiary of a reserve-component annuity under section 1450(a) of this title, the annuity shall be the percentage of the base amount (as the base amount is adjusted from time to time under section 1401a of this title) that—

"(i) is less than 55 percent; and

"(ii) is determined under subsection (f).

"(C) In the case of a beneficiary of an annuity under section 1448(d) or 1448(f) of this title, the annuity shall be the amount equal to 55 percent of the retired pay of the person providing the annuity (as that pay is determined under subsection (c)). *Post*, pp. 670, 671.

"(3) An annuity computed under this subsection shall be reduced by the lesser of—

"(A) the amount of the survivor benefit, if any, to which the widow or widower would be entitled under title II of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) based solely upon service by the person concerned as described in section 210(l)(1) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 410(l)(1)) and calculated assuming that the person concerned lives to age 65; or

"(B) 40 percent of the amount of the monthly annuity as determined under paragraph (2).

"(4)(A) For the purpose of paragraph (3), a widow or widower shall not be considered as entitled to a benefit under title II of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) to the extent that such benefit has been offset by deductions under section 203 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 403) on account of work.

"(B) In the computation of any reduction made under paragra (3), there shall be excluded any period of service described in sect. 210(l)(1) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 410(l)(1))—

"(i) which was performed after December 1, 1980; and

"(ii) which involved periods of service of less than 30 continuous days for which the person concerned is entitled to receive a refund under section 6413(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 of the social security tax which the person had paid. 26 USC 6413.

"(f) The percentage to be applied in determining the amount of an annuity computed under subsection (a)(2), (b)(2), or (e)(2)(B) shall be determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense. Such regulations shall be prescribed taking into consideration—

"(1) the age of the person electing to provide the annuity at the time of such election;

"(2) the difference in age between such person and the beneficiary of the annuity;

"(3) whether such person provided for the annuity to become effective (in the event he died before becoming 60 years of age) on the day after his death or on the 60th anniversary of his birth;

99 STAT. 670

"(4) appropriate group annuity tables; and

"(5) such other factors as the Secretary considers relevant.

"(g)(1) Whenever retired pay is increased under section 1401a of this title (or any other provision of law), each annuity that is payable under the Plan shall be increased at the same time by the same total percent. The amount of the increase shall be based on the monthly annuity payable before any reduction under section 1450(c) of this title or under subsection (c)(2). 10 USC 1401a. 10 USC 1450.

"(2) The monthly amount of an annuity payable under this subchapter, if not a multiple of $1, shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $1.".

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 641 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98–525; 98 Stat. 2545), is repealed, effective as of September 1, 1985. Repeal. 10 USC 1451 and note.

10 USC 1448 note.

10 USC 1447 *et seq.*

(c) Option for Certain Participants To Withdraw.—A person who during the period beginning on October 19, 1984, and ending on the date of the enactment of this Act became a participant in the Survivor Benefit Plan under subchapter II of chapter 73 of title 10, United States Code, may elect to withdraw from the Plan before the end of the one-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act. Any person who makes a withdrawal shall be paid the amount of the contributions by such person under the Plan, plus interest on such amount as determined by the Secretary of Defense.

SEC. 712. SBP COVERAGE FOR MEMBERS WHO DIE AFTER 20 YEARS OF SERVICE

(a) In General.—Section 1448(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(d)(1) The Secretary concerned shall pay an annuity under this subchapter to the surviving spouse of a member who dies on active duty after—

"(A) becoming eligible to receive retired pay;

"(B) qualifying for retired pay except that he has not applied for or been granted that pay; or

"(C) completing 20 years of active service but before he is eligible to retire as a commissioned officer because he has not completed 10 years of active commissioned service.

"(2) The Secretary concerned shall pay an annuity under this subchapter to the dependent child of a member described in paragraph (1) if the member and the member's spouse die as a result of a common accident.

"(3) If a member described in paragraph (1) is required under a court order or spousal agreement to provide an annuity to a former spouse upon becoming eligible to be a participant in the Plan or has made an election under subsection (b) to provide an annuity to a former spouse, the Secretary—

"(A) may not pay an annuity under paragraph (1) or (2); but

"(B) shall pay an annuity to that former spouse as if the member had been a participant in the Plan and had made an election under subsection (b) to provide an annuity to the former spouse, or in accordance with that election, as the case may be, if the Secretary receives a written request from the former spouse concerned that the election be deemed to have been made in the same manner as provided in section 1450(f)(3) of this title.

98 Stat. 2548.

99 STAT. 671

"(4) An annuity that may be provided under this subsection shall be provided in preference to an annuity that may be provided under any other provision of this subchapter on account of service of the same member.

"(5) The amount of an annuity under this subsection is computed under section 1451(c) of this title.".

Ante, p. 666.

10 USC 1448 note.

(b) Persons Covered.—(1) Section 1448(d) of title 10, United States Code, as amended by subsection (a), applies to the surviving spouse and dependent children of a person who dies on active duty after September 20, 1972, and the former spouse of a person who dies after September 7, 1982.

(2) In the case of the surviving spouse and children of a person who dies during the period beginning on September 21, 1972, and ending on October 1, 1985, the Secretary concerned shall take appropriate steps to locate persons eligible for an annuity under section 1448(d) of title 10, United States Code, as amended by subsection (a). Any such person must submit an application to the Secretary for such an annuity before October 1, 1988, to be eligible to receive such annuity. Any such annuity shall be effective only for months after the month in which the Secretary receives such application.

SEC. 713. ANNUITY FOR SURVIVORS OF CERTAIN RETIREMENT-ELIGIBLE RESERVISTS

(a) Eligibility.—Section 1448 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(f)(1) The Secretary concerned shall pay an annuity under this subchapter to the surviving spouse of a person who is eligible to provide a reserve-component annuity and who dies—

"(A) before being notified under section 1331(d) of this title that he has completed the years of service required for eligibility for retired pay under chapter 67 of this title; or

10 USC 1331.

10 USC 1331 *et seq.*

"(B) during the 90-day period beginning on the date he receives notification under section 1331(d) of this title that he has completed the years of service required for eligibility for retired pay under chapter 67 of this title if he had not made an election under subsection (a)(2)(B) to participate in the Plan.

"(2) The Secretary concerned shall pay an annuity under this subchapter to the dependent child of a person described in paragraph (1) if the person and the person's spouse die as a result of a common accident.

"(3) If a person described in paragraph (1) is required under a court order or spousal agreement to provide an annuity to a former spouse upon becoming eligible to be a participant in the Plan or has made an election under subsection (b) to provide an annuity to a former spouse, the Secretary—

"(A) may not pay an annuity under paragraph (1) or (2); but

"(B) shall pay an annuity to that former spouse as if the person had been a participant in the Plan and had made an election under subsection (b) to provide an annuity to the former spouse, or in accordance with that election, as the case may be, if the Secretary receives a written request from the former spouse concerned that the election be deemed to have been made in the same manner as provided in section 1450(f)(3) of this title.

98 Stat. 2548.

"(4) The amount of an annuity under this subsection is computed under section 1451(c) of this title.".

Ante, p. 666.

(b) Effective Date of Annuity.—Section 1450(j) of such title is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "An annuity payable under section 1448(f) of this title shall be effective on the day after the date of the death of the person upon whose service the right to the annuity is based.".

10 USC 1450.

99 STAT. 672

Ante, p. 671.

(c) Persons Covered.—(1) Section 1448(f) of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall apply to the surviving spouse and dependent children of any person who dies after September 30, 1978, and the former spouse of a person who dies after September 7, 1982.

10 USC 1448 note.

(2) In the case of the surviving spouse and dependents of a person who dies during the period beginning on September 30, 1978, and ending on October 1, 1985, the Secretary concerned shall take appropriate steps to locate persons eligible for an annuity under section 1448(f) of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a). Any such person must submit an application to the Secretary for such an annuity before October 1, 1988, to be eligible to receive such annuity. Any such annuity shall be effective only for months after the month in which the Secretary receives such application.

SEC. 714. INDEXING OF THRESHOLD AMOUNT FOR CALCULATION OF REDUCTION OF RETIRED PAY

(a) In General.—Section 1452(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(a)";

(2) in the first sentence—

(A) by redesignating clauses (1) and (2) as clauses (A) and (B), respectively;

(B) in clause (A) (as so redesignated)—

(i) by inserting "(as adjusted from time to time under paragraph (4))" after "$300"; and

(ii) by striking out "an annuity by virtue of eligibility under section 1448(a)(1)(A) of this title" and inserting in lieu thereof "a standard annuity"; and

(C) in clause (B) (as so redesignated), by striking out "an annuity by virtue of eligibility under section 1448(a)(1)(B)" and inserting in lieu thereof "a reserve-component annuity";

(3) by designating the second sentence as paragraph (2) and striking out "As long as" and all that follows through "that amount" and inserting in lieu thereof "If there is a dependent child as well as a spouse or former spouse, the amount prescribed under paragraph (1)";

(4) by designating the third sentence as paragraph (3) and in such sentence—

(A) by striking out "the first sentence of this subsection" and inserting in lieu thereof "paragraph (1)"; and

(B) by inserting "or former spouse" after "eligible spouse"; and

(5) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(4)(A) Whenever there is an increase in the rates of basic pay of members of the uniformed services effective on or after October 1, 1985, the amount under paragraph (1)(A) with respect to which the percentage factor of 2½ is applied shall be increased by the overall percentage of such increase in the rates of basic pay. The increase under the preceding sentence shall apply only with respect to

99 STAT. 673

persons whose retired pay is computed based on the rates of basic pay in effect on or after the date of such increase in rates of basic pay.

Effective date.

"(B) In addition to the increase under paragraph (4)(A), the amount under paragraph (1)(A) with respect to which the percentage factor of 2½ is applied shall be further increased at the same time and by the same percentage as an increase in retired pay under section 1401a of this title effective on or after October 1, 1985. Such increase under the preceding sentence shall apply only with respect to persons who initially participate in the Plan on a date which is after both the effective date of such increase under section 1401a and the effective date of the rates of basic pay upon which their retired pay is computed.".

10 USC 1401a.

10 USC 1452 note.

(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by clause (5) of subsection (a) shall apply only with respect to persons who first participate in the Plan on or after the effective date of this title.

SEC. 715. SBP COVERAGE UPON REMARRIAGE

(a) Option Not To Resume Coverage Upon Remarriage.—Section 1448(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(6)(A) A person—

"(i) who is a participant in the Plan and is providing coverage for a spouse or a spouse and child;

"(ii) who does not have an eligible spouse beneficiary under the Plan; and

"(iii) who remarries,

may elect not to provide coverage under the Plan for the person's spouse.

"(B) If such an election is made, no reduction in the retired pay of such person under section 1452 of this title may be made. An election under this paragraph—

10 USC 1452.

"(i) is irrevocable;

"(ii) shall be made within one year after the person's remarriage; and

"(iii) shall be made in such form and manner as may be prescribed in regulations under section 1455 of this title.

10 USC 1455.

"(C) If a person makes an election under this paragraph—

"(i) not to participate in the Plan;

"(ii) to provide an annuity for the person's spouse at less than the maximum level; or

"(iii) to provide an annuity for a dependent child but not for the person's spouse,

the person's spouse shall be notified of that election.

"(D) This paragraph does not affect any right or obligation to elect to provide an annuity to a former spouse under subsection (b).".

(b) Option To Provide Higher Coverage Upon Payment of Amount Not Previously Withheld.—Section 1448 of such title is amended by adding after subsection (f), as added by the amendment made by section 713(a), the following new subsection: *Ante*, p. 671.

"(g)(1) A person—

"(A) who is a participant in the Plan and is providing coverage under subsection (a) for a spouse or a spouse and child, but at less than the maximum level; and

"(B) who remarries,

may elect, within one year of such remarriage, to increase the level of coverage provided under the Plan to a level not in excess of the current retired pay of that person.

99 STAT. 674

"(2) Such an election shall be contingent on the person paying to the United States the amount determined under paragraph (3) plus interest on such amount at a rate determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.

"(3) The amount referred to in paragraph (2) is the amount equal to the difference between—

"(A) the amount that would have been withheld from such person's retired pay under section 1452 of this title if the higher level of coverage had been in effect from the time the person became a participant in the Plan; and 10 USC 1452.

"(B) the amount of such person's retired pay actually withheld.

"(4) An election under paragraph (1) shall be made in such manner as the Secretary shall prescribe and shall become effective upon receipt of the payment required by paragraph (2).

"(5) A payment received under this subsection by the Secretary of Defense shall be deposited into the Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund. Any other payment received under this subsection shall be deposited in the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.".

SEC. 716. OPTION TO COVER BOTH A FORMER SPOUSE AND DEPENDENT CHILDREN OF A MEMBER

(a) Option To Provide Coverage.—Section 1448(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(other than a child who is a beneficiary under an election under paragraph (4))" in the second sentence of paragraph (2) after "that spouse or child";

(2) by redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (5); and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following new paragraph (4):

"(4) A person who elects to provide an annuity for a former spouse under paragraph (2) or (3) may, at the time of the election, elect to provide coverage under that annuity for both the former spouse and a dependent child, if the child resulted from the person's marriage to that former spouse.".

(b) Revision for Former Spouse Coverage Already in Effect.—A person who before the date of the enactment of this Act made an election under section 1448(b) of title 10, United States Code, to provide an annuity for a former spouse may elect, within the one-year period beginning on that date of enactment, to change that election so as to provide an annuity for the former spouse and the dependent children of the person, as authorized by paragraph (4) of that section added by subsection (a). Such an election may be made even though the former spouse for whom the annuity was provided has died. 10 USC 1448 note.

SEC. 717. AUTHORITY TO REPAY REFUNDED SBP DEDUCTIONS IN INSTALLMENTS

Section 1450(k) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(k)";

(2) by striking out "had never been made," and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof "had never been made."; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

99 STAT. 675

"(2) A widow or widower whose annuity is readjusted under paragraph (1) shall repay any amount refunded under subsection (e) by reason of the adjustment under subsection (c). If the repayment is not made in a lump sum, the widow or widower shall pay interest on the amount to be repaid commencing on the date on which the first such payment is due and applied over the period during which any part of the repayment remains to be paid. The manner in which such repayment shall be made, and the rate of any such interest, shall be prescribed in regulations under section 1455 of this title. An amount repaid under this paragraph (including any such interest) received by the Secretary of Defense shall be deposited into the Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund. Any other amount repaid under this paragraph shall be deposited into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.".

10 USC 1455.

SEC. 718. EFFECTIVE DATE OF DIC OFFSET

Section 1450(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "A reduction in an annuity under this section required by the preceding sentence shall be effective on the date of the commencement of the period of payment of such compensation under title 38.".

SEC. 719. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO SBP STATUTE

Subchapter II of chapter 73 of title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

10 USC 1447. (1) Section 1447 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

"(11) 'Retired pay' includes retainer pay.

"(12) 'Standard annuity' means an annuity provided by virtue of eligibility under section 1448(a)(1)(A) of this title. 10 USC 1448.

"(13) 'Reserve-component annuity' means an annuity provided by virtue of eligibility under section 1448(a)(1)(B) of this title.".

10 USC 1447. (2) Section 1447(2)(C) is amended—

(A) by striking out "an annuity by virtue of eligibility under section 1448(a)(1)(A) of this title" in subclause (i) and inserting in lieu thereof "a standard annuity"; and

(B) by striking out "an annuity by virtue of eligibility under section 1448(a)(1)(B) of this title" in subclause (ii) and inserting in lieu thereof "a reserve-component annuity".

Ante, p. 674. (3) Paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 1448(b) are each amended by striking out "an annuity under this paragraph by virtue of eligibility under subsection (a)(1)(B)" and inserting in lieu thereof "a reserve-component annuity".

10 USC 1450. (4) Section 1450(b) is amended by striking out "under this section" and inserting in lieu thereof "under the Plan".

Ante, p. 672. (5) Section 1450(j) is amended by striking out "any person providing an annuity by virtue of eligibility under section 1448(a)(1)(B) of this title" and inserting in lieu thereof "a person providing a reserve-component annuity".

98 Stat. 2546. (6) Section 1450(l) is amended—

(A) by striking out "the plan" both places it appears in the first sentence of paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "the Plan"; and

(B) by striking out "the provision of" in paragraph (2).

10 USC 1452. (7) Section 1452(c) is amended—

(A) by striking out "the annuity by virtue of eligibility under section 1448(a)(1)(A) of this title" and inserting in lieu thereof "a standard annuity";

(B) by striking out "the annuity by virtue of eligibility under section 1448(a)(1)(B) of this title" and inserting in lieu thereof "a reserve-component annuity"; and

(C) by striking out "this section" in the third sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "this subsection".

(8)(A) The following sections are each amended by striking out "or retainer" each place it appears: 1448(a)(1)(A), 1448(a)(2)(A), 1448(b)(3)(B), 1450(d), 1450(e), 1450(l)(1), 1450(l)(3)(A)(i), 1452.

(B) The heading for section 1452, and the item relating to that section in the table of sections at the beginning of such subchapter, are each amended by striking out the penultimate and antepenultimate words.

PART B—PROVISIONS RELATING TO RIGHTS FOR SPOUSES AND FORMER SPOUSES

SEC. 721. SPOUSAL CONCURRENCE FOR ELECTIONS

(a) CONCURRENCE FOR SBP COVERAGE.—Section 1448(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(with his spouse's concurrence, if required under paragraph (3))" in paragraph (2)(A) after "unless he elects"; and

(2) by striking out paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(3)(A) A married person who is eligible to provide a standard annuity may not without the concurrence of the person's spouse elect—

"(i) not to participate in the Plan;

"(ii) to provide an annuity for the person's spouse at less than the maximum level; or

"(iii) to provide an annuity for a dependent child but not for the person's spouse.

"(B) A married person who elects to provide a reserve-component annuity may not without the concurrence of the person's spouse elect—

"(i) to provide an annuity for the person's spouse at less than the maximum level; or

"(ii) to provide an annuity for a dependent child but not for the person's spouse.

"(C) A person may make an election described in subparagraph (A) or (B) without the concurrence of the person's spouse if the person establishes to the satisfaction of the Secretary concerned—

"(i) that the spouse's whereabouts cannot be determined; or

"(ii) that, due to exceptional circumstances, requiring the person to seek the spouse's consent would otherwise be inappropriate.

"(D) This paragraph does not affect any right or obligation to elect to provide an annuity for a former spouse (or for a former spouse and dependent child) under subsection (b)(2).

"(E) If a married person who is eligible to provide a standard annuity elects to provide an annuity for a former spouse (or for a former spouse and dependent child) under subsection (b)(2), that person's spouse shall be notified of that election.".

(b) CONCURRENCE FOR ELECTION OF COVERAGE AT LESS THAN MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—Section 1447(2)(C) of such title is amended by inserting "(with the concurrence of the person's spouse, if required under section 1448(a)(3) of this title)" after "designated by the person". 10 USC 1447. *Ante*, p. 676.

SEC. 722. CLARIFICATION OF STATUS OF SPOUSAL AGREEMENTS

Section 1450(f)(3) of title 10, United States Code, is amended— 98 Stat. 2548.

(1) in subparagraph (A)—

(A) by inserting "or has been filed with the court of appropriate jurisdiction in accordance with applicable State law" after "by a court order"; and

(B) by inserting "or receives a statement from the clerk of the court (or other appropriate official) that such agreement has been filed with the court in accordance with applicable State law" before the period; and

(2) in subparagraphs (B) and (C), by inserting "or filing" after "court order".

SEC. 723. FORMER SPOUSE COVERAGE TO BE PROVIDED IN SPOUSE CATEGORY RATHER THAN INSURABLE INTEREST CATEGORY

(a) SPECIFICATION OF BENEFICIARIES.—Section 1450(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting "or the eligible former spouse" in clauses (1) and (2) after "widow or widower";

(2) in clause (3)—

(A) by inserting "(with the concurrence of the person's spouse, if required under section 1448(a)(3) of this title)" after "title applies"; and

Ante, p. 676.

(B) by inserting "or former spouse" after "the spouse"; and

(3) by striking out "former spouse or other" both places it appears in clause (4).

Ante, p. 674.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) Section 1450 of such title is amended by striking out "widow or widower" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "widow, widower, or former spouse".

Ante, p. 672.

(2) Section 1452 of such title is amended—

(1) by inserting "or former spouse" after "spouse" the first two places it appears in subsection (a); and

(2) by inserting "or former spouse" after "spouse" both places it appears in subsection (b).

10 USC 1448 note.

10 USC 1447 *et seq.*

10 USC 1450.

(c) ONE-YEAR OPEN PERIOD TO SWITCH COMPUTATION OF SBP ANNUITY.—A person who, before the effective date of this title, participated in the Survivor Benefit Plan under subchapter II of chapter 73 of title 10, United States Code, and had elected to provide an annuity to a former spouse may, with the concurrence of such former spouse, elect to terminate such annuity and provide an annuity to such former spouse under section 1450(a)(1) of such title. Any such election shall be made before the end of the 12-month period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act.

10 USC 1448 note.

(d) ONE-YEAR OPEN PERIOD FOR NEW FORMER SPOUSE COVERAGE.—A person who before the effective date of this part was a participant in the Survivor Benefit Plan and did not elect to provide an annuity to a former spouse may elect to provide an annuity to a former spouse under the Plan. Any such election shall be made before the end of the 12-month period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act.

99 STAT. 678

SEC. 724. NOTICE OF ELECTIONS AVAILABLE

Section 1455 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out paragraphs (1) and (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(1) provide that before the date the member becomes entitled to retired pay—

"(A) if the member is married, the member and the member's spouse shall be informed of the elections available under section 1448(a) of this title and the effects of such elections; and

Ante, pp. 673, 676.

"(B) if the notification referred to in section 1448(a)(3)(E) of this title is required, any former spouse of the member shall be informed of the elections available and the effects of such elections; and

Ante, p. 676.

"(2) establish procedures for depositing the amounts referred to in sections 1448(g), 1450(k)(2), and 1452(d) of this title.".

Ante, pp. 673; 674; 10 USC 1452.

PART C—EFFECTIVE DATE AND REPORT

SEC. 731. EFFECTIVE DATE

10 USC 1447 note.

(a) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Except as otherwise provided in this title, the amendments made by this title shall take effect on the first day of the first month beginning more than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) PROSPECTIVE BENEFITS ONLY.—No benefit shall accrue to any person by reason of the enactment of this title for any period before the effective date under subsection (a).

SEC. 732. REPORT ON ESTABLISHING NEEDS-BASED SURVIVOR BENEFIT ANNUITY PROGRAM FOR SURVIVING SPOUSES OF CERTAIN RETIRED RESERVISTS

(a) REQUIREMENT FOR REPORT.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report containing a plan for establishing a needs-based survivor annuity program for surviving spouses of members of the uniformed services who—

(1) died before September 30, 1978; and

(2) at the time of death would have been eligible for retired pay under chapter 67 of title 10, United States Code, but for the fact they were under 60 years of age.

10 USC 1331 *et seq*.

(b) SCOPE OF PLAN.—The plan shall take into consideration the surviving spouse's income for purposes of determining eligibility under the plan. In developing the plan, the Secretary of Defense should analyze a variety of options, including a plan similar to the Minimum Income Widows Program established pursuant to Public Law 92-425, and shall provide an accounting of the number of potential beneficiaries and the projected cost under each such option.

86 Stat. 706.

(c) DEADLINE FOR REPORT.—The report required by this section shall be submitted by December 31, 1985.

TITLE VIII—MILITARY FAMILY POLICY AND PROGRAMS

Military Family Act of 1985.

SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE

10 USC 133 note.

This title may be cited as the "Military Family Act of 1985".

99 STAT. 679

SEC. 802. OFFICE OF FAMILY POLICY

10 USC 133 note.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is hereby established in the Office of the Secretary of Defense an Office of Family Policy (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Office"). The Office shall be under the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Force Management and Personnel.

(b) DUTIES.—The Office—

(1) shall coordinate programs and activities of the military departments to the extent that they relate to military families; and

(2) shall make recommendations to the Secretaries of the military departments with respect to programs and policies regarding military families.

(c) STAFF.—The Office shall have not less than five professional staff members.

(d) REPORT.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit a report to Congress concerning the Office no later than September 30, 1986. The report shall include—

(1) a description of the activities of the Office and the composition of its staff; and

(2) the recommendations of the Office for legislative and administrative action to enhance the well-being of military families.

SEC. 803. TRANSFER OF MILITARY FAMILY RESOURCE CENTER

10 USC 133 note.

The Military Family Resource Center of the Department of Defense is hereby transferred from the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs to the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Force Management and Personnel.

10 USC 133 note.

SEC. 804. SURVEYS OF MILITARY FAMILIES

The Secretary of Defense may conduct surveys of members of the Armed Forces serving on active duty, members of the families of such members, and retired members of the Armed Forces to determine the effectiveness of existing Federal programs relating to military families and the need for new programs. Responses to surveys conducted under this section shall be voluntary. With respect to such surveys, family members of members of the Armed Forces and retired members of the Armed Forces shall be considered to be employees of the United States for purposes of section 3502(4)(A) of title 44, United States Code.

10 USC 133 note.

SEC. 805. FAMILY MEMBERS SERVING ON ADVISORY COMMITTEES

A committee within the Department of Defense which advises or assists the Department in the performance of any function which affects members of military families and which includes members of military families in its membership shall not be considered an advisory committee under section 3(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) solely because of such membership.

10 USC 133 note.

SEC. 806. EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR MILITARY SPOUSES

(a) AUTHORITY.—The President shall order such measures as the President considers necessary to increase employment opportunities for spouses of members of the Armed Forces. Such measures may include—

(1) excepting, pursuant to section 3302 of title 5, United States Code, from the competitive service positions in the Department of Defense located outside of the United States to provide employment opportunities for qualified spouses of members of the Armed Forces in the same geographical area as the permanent duty station of the members; and

99 STAT. 680

(2) providing preference in hiring for positions in nonappropriated fund activities to qualified spouses of members of the Armed Forces stationed in the same geographical area as the nonappropriated fund activity for positions in wage grade UA-8 and below and equivalent positions and for positions paid at hourly rates.

(b) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe regulations—

(1) to implement such measures as the President orders under subsection (a);

(2) to provide preference hiring to qualified spouses of members of the Armed Forces in hiring for any position in the Department of Defense above grade GS-7 (or its equivalent) if the spouse is among persons determined to be best qualified for the position and if the position is located in the same geographical area as the permanent duty station of the member;

(3) to ensure that notice of any vacant position in the Department of Defense is provided in a manner reasonably designed to reach spouses of members of the Armed Forces whose permanent duty stations are in the same geographic area as the area in which the position is located; and

(4) to ensure that the spouse of a member of the Armed Forces who applies for a vacant position in the Department of Defense shall, to the extent practicable, be considered for any such position located in the same geographic area as the permanent duty station of the member.

(c) STATUS OF PREFERENCE ELIGIBLES.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to provide a spouse of a member of the Armed Forces with preference in hiring over an individual who is a preference eligible.

SEC. 807. YOUTH SPONSORSHIP PROGRAM

10 USC 133 note.

The Secretary of Defense shall direct that there be established at each military installation a youth sponsorship program to facilitate the integration of dependent children of members of the Armed Forces into new surroundings when moving to that military installation as a result of a parent's permanent change of station. Such a program shall, to the extent feasible, provide for involvement of dependent children of members presently stationed at the military installation.

SEC. 808. DEPENDENT STUDENT TRAVEL WITHIN THE UNITED STATES

10 USC 133 note.

Funds available to the Department of Defense for the travel and transportation of dependent students of members of the Armed Forces stationed overseas may be obligated for transportation allowances for travel within or between the contiguous States.

SEC. 809. RELOCATION AND HOUSING

10 USC 133 note.

Report.
Contracts.

(a) Relocation Assistance.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report on the desirability and feasibility of providing relocation assistance to members of the uniformed services and their families through contracts entered into by the Department of Defense with firms which provide such assistance to individuals. Such report shall be submitted not later than March 1, 1986.

99 STAT. 681

(b) Amortization Period for Parking Facilities for House Trailers and Mobile Homes.—Section 403(k) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "15-year period" and inserting in lieu thereof "25-year period".

(c) Cost of Unaccompanied Personnel Housing for Members of Uniformed Service.—Section 5911 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(h) A member of the uniformed service on a permanent change of duty station or temporary duty orders and occupying unaccompanied personnel housing—

"(1) is exempt from the requirement of subsection (c) to pay a rental rate or charge based on the reasonable value of the quarters and facilities provided; and

"(2) shall pay such lesser rate or charge as the Secretary of Defense establishes by regulation.".

SEC. 810. FOOD PROGRAMS

10 USC 133 note.

(a) Food Costs for Certain Enlisted Members.—Section 1011 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c) Spouses and dependent children of enlisted members in pay grades E-1, E-2, E-3, and E-4 may not be charged for meals sold at messes in excess of a level sufficient to cover food costs.".

(b) Report on Issuance of Food Stamps Coupons to Overseas Households of Members Stationed Outside the United States.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report on the feasibility of having the Department issue food stamp coupons to overseas households of members stationed outside the United States.

(2) The report shall include—

(A) an estimate of the cost of providing the coupons; and

(B) legislative and administrative recommendations for providing for the issuance of the coupons.

(3) The report shall be submitted not later than December 31, 1985.

SEC. 811. REPORTING OF CHILD ABUSE

10 USC 133 note.

(a) In General.—The Secretary of Defense shall request each State to provide for the reporting to the Secretary of any report the State receives of known or suspected instances of child abuse and neglect in which the person having care of the child is a member of the Armed Forces (or the spouse of the member).

(b) Definition.—For purposes of this section the term "child

98 Stat. 1752.

abuse and neglect" shall have the same meaning as provided in section 3(1) of the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act (42 U.S.C. 5102).

10 USC 133 note.

SEC. 812. MISCELLANEOUS REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Report.

(a) Housing Availability.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report on the availability and affordability of off-base housing for members of the Armed Forces and their families.

(2) The report shall—

(A) examine the availability of affordable housing for each pay grade and for all geographic areas within the United States and for appropriate overseas locations; and

99 STAT. 682

(B) examine the relocation assistance provided by the Department of Defense incident to a permanent change of station by a member of the Armed Forces in locating housing at the member's new duty station and in disposing of housing at the member's old duty station.

(3) The report shall be submitted within one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Report.
Children and youth.
Education.

(b) Need for Assistance to Dependents Entering New Secondary Schools.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report recommending administrative and legislative action to assist families of members of the Armed Forces making a permanent change of station so that a dependent child who transfers between secondary schools with different graduation requirements is not subjected to unnecessary disruptions in education or inequitable, unduly burdensome, or duplicative education requirements. Such report shall be submitted within one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 813. EFFECTIVE DATE

This title shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

Defense Procurement Improvement Act of 1985.
10 USC 2301 note.

TITLE IX—PROCUREMENT POLICY REFORM AND OTHER PROCUREMENT MATTERS

SEC. 901. SHORT TITLE

This title may be cited as the "Defense Procurement Improvement Act of 1985".

Part A—Program Management Matters

SEC. 911. REGULATIONS RELATING TO ALLOWABLE COSTS

(a) Regulation of Allowable Costs Payable to Defense Contractors.—(1) Chapter 137 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

10 USC 2324.

"§ 2324. Allowable costs under defense contracts

"(a)(1) The Secretary of Defense shall require that a covered contract provide that if the contractor submits to the Department of Defense a proposal for settlement of indirect costs incurred by the contractor for any period after such costs have been accrued and if that proposal includes the submission of a cost which is unallowable because the cost violates a cost principle in the Federal Acquisition Regulation or the Department of Defense Supplement to the Federal Acquisition Regulation, the cost shall be disallowed.

Penalties.

"(2) If the Secretary determines by clear and convincing evidence that a cost submitted by a contractor in its proposal for settlement is unallowable under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall assess a penalty against the contractor in an amount equal to—

"(A) the amount of the disallowed costs; plus

"(B) interest (to be computed based on regulations issued by the Secretary) to compensate the United States for the use of any funds which a contractor has been paid in excess of the amount to which the contractor was entitled.

"(b) If the Secretary determines that a proposal for settlement of indirect costs submitted by a contractor includes a cost determined to be unallowable in the case of such contractor before the submission of such proposal, the Secretary shall assess a penalty against the contractor, in addition to the penalty assessed under subsection (a), in an amount equal to two times the amount of such cost. Penalties.

99 STAT. 683

"(c) An action of the Secretary under subsection (a) or (b)—

"(1) shall be considered a final decision for the purposes of section 6 of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (41 U.S.C. 605); and

"(2) is appealable in the manner provided in section 7 of such Act (41 U.S.C. 606).

"(d) If any penalty is assessed under subsection (a) or (b) with respect to a proposal for settlement of indirect costs, the Secretary may assess an additional penalty of not more than $10,000 per proposal. Penalties.

"(e)(1) The following costs are not allowable under a covered contract:

"(A) Costs of entertainment, including amusement, diversion, and social activities and any costs directly associated with such costs (such as tickets to shows or sports events, meals, lodging, rentals, transportation, and gratuities).

"(B) Costs incurred to influence (directly or indirectly) legislative action on any matter pending before Congress or a State legislature.

"(C) Costs incurred in defense of any civil or criminal fraud proceeding or similar proceeding (including filing of any false certification) brought by the United States where the contractor is found liable or has pleaded nolo contendere to a charge of fraud or similar proceeding (including filing of a false certification).

"(D) Payments of fines and penalties resulting from violations of, or failure to comply with, Federal, State, local, or foreign laws and regulations, except when incurred as a result of compliance with specific terms and conditions of the contract or specific written instructions from the contracting officer authorizing in advance such payments in accordance with applicable regulations of the Secretary of Defense.

"(E) Costs of membership in any social, dining, or country club or organization.

"(F) Costs of alcoholic beverages.

"(G) Contributions or donations, regardless of the recipient.

"(H) Costs of advertising designed to promote the contractor or its products.

"(I) Costs of promotional items and memorabilia, including models, gifts, and souvenirs.

"(J) Costs for travel by commercial aircraft which exceed the amount of the standard commercial fare.

"(2) The Secretary shall prescribe regulations to implement this section. Such regulations may establish appropriate definitions, exclusions, limitations, and qualifications. Regulations.

"(f)(1) The Secretary shall prescribe proposed regulations to amend those provisions of the Department of Defense Supplement to the Federal Acquisition Regulation dealing with the allowability of contractor costs. The amendments shall define in detail and in specific terms those costs which are unallowable, in whole or in part, under covered contracts. These regulations shall, at a minimum, clarify the cost principles applicable to contractor costs of the following: Regulations.

"(A) Air shows.

99 STAT. 684

"(B) Membership in civic, community, and professional organizations.

"(C) Recruitment.

"(D) Employee morale and welfare.

"(E) Actions to influence (directly or indirectly) executive branch action on regulatory and contract matters (other than costs incurred in regard to contract proposals pursuant to solicited or unsolicited bids).

"(F) Community relations.

"(G) Dining facilities.

"(H) Professional and consulting services, including legal services.

"(I) Compensation.

"(J) Selling and marketing.

"(K) Travel.

"(L) Public relations.

"(M) Hotel and meal expenses.

"(N) Expense of corporate aircraft.

"(O) Company-furnished automobiles.

"(P) Advertising.

"(2) The regulations shall require that a contracting officer not resolve any questioned costs until he has obtained—

"(A) adequate documentation with respect to such costs; and

"(B) the opinion of the defense contract auditor on the allowability of such costs.

"(3) The regulations shall provide that, to the maximum extent practicable, the defense contract auditor be present at any negotiation or meeting with the contractor regarding a determination of the allowability of indirect costs of the contractor.

"(4) The regulations shall require that all categories of costs designated in the report of the defense contract auditor as questioned with respect to a proposal for settlement be resolved in such a manner that the amount of the individual questioned costs that are paid will be reflected in the settlement.

"(g) The regulations of the Secretary required to be prescribed under subsections (e) and (f)(1) shall require, to the maximum extent practicable, that such regulations apply to all subcontractors of a covered contract.

"(h)(1) A proposal for settlement of indirect costs applicable to a covered contract shall include a certification by an official of the contractor that, to the best of the certifying official's knowledge and belief, all indirect costs included in the proposal are allowable. Any such certification shall be in a form prescribed by the Secretary.

"(2) The Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of the military department concerned may waive the requirement for certification under paragraph (1) in the case of any contract if the Secretary—

"(A) determines in such case that it would be in the interest of the United States to waive such certification; and

"(B) states in writing the reasons for that determination and makes such determination available to the public.

"(i) The submission to the Department of Defense of a proposal for settlement of costs for any period after such costs have been accrued that includes a cost that is expressly specified by statute or regulation as being unallowable, with the knowledge that such cost is unallowable, shall be subject to the provisions of section 287 of title 18 and section 3729 of title 31.

18 USC 287.
31 USC 2729.

99 STAT. 685

"(j) In this section, 'covered contract' means a contract for an amount more than $100,000 entered into by the Department of Defense other than a fixed-price contract without cost incentives.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"2324. Allowable costs under defense contracts.".

10 USC 2324 note.

(b) REGULATIONS.—(1) Not later than 150 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall prescribe the regulations required by subsections (e) and (f) of section 2324 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a). Such regulations shall be published in accordance with section 22 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 418b). 98 Stat. 3076.

(2) The Secretary shall review such regulations at least once every five years. The results of each such review shall be made public. Public information.

(c) Effective Date.—Section 2324 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall apply only to contracts for which solicitations are issued on or after the date on which such regulations are prescribed. 10 USC 2324 note.

SEC. 912. MULTIPLE SOURCES FOR MAJOR DEFENSE ACQUISITION PROGRAMS

(a) In General.—(1) Chapter 137 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2305 the following new section:

"§ 2305a. Major programs: competitive alternative sources 10 USC 2305a.

"(a)(1) The Secretary of Defense may not begin full-scale development under a major program until—

"(A) the Secretary prepares an acquisition strategy for the program; and

"(B) the Secretary submits to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report describing the acquisition strategy for that program. Report.

"(2) The report required by paragraph (1)(B) shall be submitted not later than the date of the submission of the President's budget to Congress for the fiscal year for which the initial request is made for appropriations for full-scale development of the program. Report.

"(3) If the Secretary proposes to revise an acquisition strategy prepared under paragraph (1) after the report on that strategy is submitted under that paragraph, the Secretary shall submit to the committees a report describing the proposed revision. Such a revision may not be implemented until 60 days after the date on which the report on the revision is received by those committees. Report.

"(4) The Secretary shall ensure that contracts for each major program are awarded in accordance with the acquisition strategy for such program.

"(b)(1) The acquisition strategy prepared under subsection (a) for a major program shall provide that there will be competitive alternative sources available for the system (and each major subsystem) under the program throughout the period from the beginning of full-scale development through the end of production.

"(2) In carrying out this subsection, the Secretary may provide that the requirement for competitive alternative sources for a system or subsystem is satisfied even though the sources for that system or subsystem do not develop or produce identical systems if the systems developed or produced serve similar functions and compete effectively with each other.

99 STAT. 686

"(c)(1) In preparing an acquisition strategy for a major program, the Secretary may waive subsection (b) with respect to full-scale development of that program if the Secretary determines that the application of that subsection to full-scale development of that program—

"(A) would not materially reduce the technological risks associated with the program;

"(B) would not likely result in an improvement in design commensurate with the additional cost;

"(C) would result in unacceptable delays in fulfilling the needs of the Department of Defense; or

"(D) would be adverse to the national security interests of the United States.

"(2) In preparing an acquisition strategy for a major program, the Secretary may waive the requirement of subsection (b) with respect to production under the program if the Secretary determines that the application of that subsection to production under the program—

"(A) would increase the total cost for the program;

"(B) would result in unacceptable delays in fulfilling the needs of the Department of Defense; or

"(C) would be adverse to the national security interests of the United States.

Defense and national security. Report.

"(3) If the Secretary grants a waiver under paragraph (1) or (2), the report submitted under subsection (a) with respect to that program—

"(A) shall include notice that the waiver has been made; and

"(B) shall set forth the reasons for the waiver, together with supporting documentation of comparative cost and schedule estimates and other background material.

"(4) The Secretary shall separately exercise the authority under paragraphs (1) and (2) for each major defense acquisition program.

"(d) In this section:

10 USC 139a.

"(1) 'Major program' means a major defense acquisition program, as such term is defined in section 139a(a) of this title.

"(2) 'Major subsystem', with respect to a major program, means a subsystem of the system developed under the program that is purchased directly by the United States and for which—

Research and development.

10 USC 139a.

"(A) the amount for research, development, test and evaluation is 10 percent or more of the amount specified in section 139a(a)(1)(B) of this title as the research, development, test and evaluation funding criterion for identification of a major defense acquisition program; or

"(B) the amount for production is 10 percent or more of the amount specified in section 139a(a)(1)(B) of this title as the production funding criterion for identification of a major defense acquisition program.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2305 the following new item:

"2305a. Major programs: competitive alternative sources."

10 USC 2305a note.

(b) Effective Date.—Section 2305a of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall apply with respect to major defense acquisition programs for which funds for full-scale development are first requested for a fiscal year after fiscal year 1986.

99 STAT. 687

10 USC 2301 note.

SEC. 913. MINIMUM PERCENTAGE OF COMPETITIVE PROCUREMENTS

(a) Annual Goal.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish for each fiscal year a goal for the percentage of defense procurements to be made during that year (expressed in total dollar value of contracts entered into) that are to be competitive procurements.

(b) Annual Report.—(1) The Secretary shall submit to Congress a report each year on the goal for the next fiscal year. Such report shall propose means for promoting and expanding competition in Department of Defense procurement and shall summarize the accomplishments in meeting the established goals for the prior fiscal year.

(2) The report shall be submitted not later than April 1 of each year with respect to the next fiscal year.

(c) Definition.—For the purposes of this section, the term "competitive procurements" means procurements made by the Department of Defense through the use of competitive procedures, as defined in section 2304 of title 10, United States Code.

98 Stat. 1187.

SEC. 914. REGULATIONS TO CONTROL PRICES THAT MAY BE PAID FOR SPARE PARTS

(a) Identification of Management Problems.—The Congress determines that in the acquisition of spare parts the Department of Defense has in some instances paid unreasonably high prices due to the following management problems:

(1) Some parts have been built to overly detailed specifications.

(2) Some parts have been designed and fabricated in such a manner that excessive engineering and manufacturing steps

have been involved resulting in a price in excess of the intrinsic value of the part.

(3) Some parts have been purchased in very small, and thus highly uneconomic, quantities.

(4) Some parts have had inappropriate amounts of corporate overhead assigned to them, resulting in a price in excess of the intrinsic value of the part.

(5) Some parts have not been purchased directly from the manufacturer, and thus the Government has unnecessarily paid an additional profit to the seller.

(6) Some parts have not been purchased through a competitive process.

(7) Some parts have been sold with unreasonably high profits included in the price.

(b) REPORT.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report—

(A) describing the specific actions taken by the Department of Defense to address the management problems identified in subsection (a); and

(B) evaluating such actions to determine whether the actions have been successful in remedying those management problems.

(2) The report shall be submitted not later than January 31, 1986.

(c) PROPOSALS FOR ADDITIONAL ADMINISTRATIVE OR LEGISLATIVE REMEDIES.—If the Secretary of Defense concludes that the management problems identified in subsection (a) have not been successfully remedied by actions of the Department of Defense, the Secretary—

99 STAT. 688

(1) shall issue proposed regulations to limit the prices that may be charged by defense contractors for spare parts; and

(2) shall, if the Secretary determines that legislation is necessary to remedy any of such problems, submit to Congress proposed legislation to remedy those problems.

(d) CONSTRUCTION OF SECTION.—This section does not supersede the requirements of section 1245 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-525), the provisions of which the Secretary of Defense has failed to comply with as of July 25, 1985.

98 Stat. 2609.

SEC. 915. SHOULD-COST ANALYSES

10 USC 139 note.

(a) REPORT ON ANNUAL PLAN.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress an annual report setting forth the Secretary's plan for the performance during the next fiscal year of cost analyses for major defense acquisition programs for the purpose of determining how much the production of covered systems under such programs should cost. The report shall describe—

(1) which covered systems the Secretary plans to apply such an analysis to;

(2) which covered systems the Secretary does not plan to apply such an analysis to and, in each such case, the reasons for not applying such an analysis; and

(3) which systems were determined not to be covered systems under a major defense acquisition program and the reasons for that determination.

(b) COVERED SYSTEMS.—For the purposes of subsection (a), a system under a major defense acquisition program shall be considered to be a covered system if—

(1) a production contract for the system is to be awarded during the year following the next fiscal year using procedures other than full and open competition;

(2) initial production of the system has already taken place;

(3) the current plans for the Department of Defense include production of substantial quantities of identical or similar items in fiscal years beyond the next fiscal year;

(4) the work to be performed under the contract is sufficiently defined to permit an effective analysis of what production of the system by the contractor should cost; and

(5) major changes in the program are unlikely.

(c) Submittal of Report.—The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than the date on which the budget for the next fiscal year is submitted each year.

(d) Definition.—The term "major defense acquisition program" has the meaning given such term in section 139a(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code.

(e) Effective Date.—This section shall apply to covered systems for which initial production funds are first appropriated for a fiscal year after fiscal year 1986.

10 USC 2307 note.

SEC. 916. LIMITATIONS ON PROGRESS PAYMENTS

(a) In General.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that any payment for work in progress (including materials, labor, and other items) under a defense contract that provides for such payments is commensurate with the work, which meets standards of quality established under the contract, that has been accomplished.

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(b) Requirements With Respect to Undefinitized Contracts.—The Secretary shall ensure that progress payments referred to in subsection (a) are not made for more than 80 percent of the work accomplished under a defense contract so long as the Secretary has not made the contractual terms, specifications, and price definite.

(c) Waiver of Small Purchases.—This section does not apply to contracts for amounts less than the threshold for small purchases applicable under section 2304(g)(2) of title 10, United States Code.

98 Stat. 1187.

(d) Effective Date.—This section shall apply only to contracts for which solicitations are issued on or after 150 days after the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 917. COST AND PRICE MANAGEMENT IN DEFENSE PROCUREMENT

(a) In General.—Chapter 141 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

10 USC 2406.

"§ 2406. Cost and price management

"(a) In this section:

"(1) 'Covered contract' means a contract that is awarded by a defense agency using procedures as defined in chapter 137 of this title and that is subject to the provisions of section 2306(f) of this title, including contracts for full-scale engineering, development, or production.

10 USC 2301 *et seq.*
98 Stat. 1192.

"(2) 'Defense agency' means the Department of Defense, the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, the Department of the Air Force, and the Defense Logistics Agency.

"(b)(1) A defense agency that is responsible for the acquisition of property (including major manufactured end items) or services under a covered contract shall cause to be recorded the contractor's proposed and negotiated cost and pricing data acquired by the agency into appropriate categories. Such categories shall include labor costs, material costs, subcontract costs, overhead costs, general and administrative costs, fee or profit, recurring costs, and nonrecurring costs.

"(2)(A) A defense agency that is responsible for the acquisition of major manufactured end items under a covered contract shall cause to be recorded the proposed and negotiated bills of labor for labor use by the prime contractor and each associate contractor in manufacturing the item and for labor used by each such contractor in performing routine testing relating to the item. The bill of labor relating to the labor used by any such contractor shall reflect such contractor's computation of the work required in manufacturing parts and subassemblies for the end item and in performing routine testing of such parts and subassemblies.

"(B) Each contractor preparing a bill of labor referred to in subparagraph (A) shall specify in the bill of labor the current industrial engineering standard hours of work content (also known as 'should-take times') for the work included in a component of the bill of labor and for the total work included in the bill of labor. The contractor shall base the standard hours of work content specified in the bill of labor on the 'fair day's work' concept, as such term is understood in competitive commercial manufacturing industries in the United States. The contractor's standard hours of work content included in the bill of labor may not vary from time standards derived from commercially available predetermined time standard systems widely used in the United States, as determined by the defense agency, subject to verification by audit.

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"(C) The head of a defense agency acquiring a bill of labor referred to in subparagraph (A) shall provide for the maintenance of the information relating to standard hours of work content included under subparagraph (B) and shall review such information to determine changes in measured work content as work progresses under the contract to which the bill of labor relates.

"(3) A defense agency that is responsible for the acquisition of major manufactured end items under a covered contract shall cause to be recorded the proposed and negotiated bills of material used by the prime contractor and each associate contractor under the contract in manufacturing the item and of material used by each such contractor in performing routine testing relating to the item. The bill of material used by any such contractor shall reflect such contractor's computation of the material required for manufacturing parts and subassemblies for the end item and for routine testing of such parts and subassemblies. The costs set out in the bill of material shall be expressed in current dollars and shall be maintained and received in a manner similar to the manner provided for bills of labor in paragraph (2)(C).

"(4) A defense agency that is responsible for the acquisition of property (including major manufactured end items) or services under a covered contract shall cause to be recorded incurred costs under the contract in the same manner as the defense agency categorizes and records proposed and negotiated costs, including grouping the costs as provided under paragraph (1).

"(c)(1) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a contractor from submitting a request for payment or reimbursement for any bill of labor or any bill of material developed pursuant to an approved system of cost principles and procedures.

"(2) Nothing in this section shall require the submission of the information to be submitted under this section if the contractor does not maintain such information on the date of the enactment of this section.".

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"2406. Cost and price management.".

SEC. 918. CONTRACTED ADVISORY AND ASSISTANCE SERVICES

10 USC 2304 note.

(a) Accounting Procedure.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall require that there be established within each military department an accounting procedure to aid in the identification and control of expenditures for services identified as contracted advisory and assistance services.

(2) Not later than six months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report describing the accounting procedure established in accordance with paragraph (1) and the implementation of that procedure in each military department.

(b) Regulations To Identify Contracted Advisory and Assist-

ANCE SERVICES.—(1) The Secretary shall prescribe regulations which specifically describe—

(A) what services the Department of Defense considers to be contracted advisory and assistance services; and

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(B) of those services, which services are carried out in direct support of a weapon system and are essential to the development, production, or maintenance of the system.

(2) In prescribing regulations under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall consider the following areas:

(A) Management and professional services.

(B) Special studies and analyses.

(C) Management and support services for research and development activities.

(D) Training.

(E) Management review of program-funded organizations.

(F) Public relations.

(G) Other consulting services.

(H) Engineering development and operational systems development related to research and development activities and production activities.

(I) Technical assistance.

(J) Technical representation.

(K) Quality control, testing, and inspection services.

(L) Specialized medical services.

(M) Architectural and engineering services, other than in connection with construction.

(N) Technical and management assistance for weapons systems management and review.

(3) Regulations required by paragraph (1) shall be prescribed not later than six months after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET DOCUMENTS.—Budget documents presented to Congress in support of the annual budget for the Department of Defense—

(1) shall identify the total amount requested for contracted advisory and assistance services (as defined under regulations prescribed under subsection (b));

(2) shall identify the amount requested for each category of such services established by regulations prescribed under subsection (b); and

(3) within each such category, shall separately set forth amounts for such services described in subsection (b)(1)(B).

SEC. 919. REVISION AND EXTENSION OF PROCUREMENT TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT PROGRAM

(a) PROGRAM REVISIONS.—Sections 2411 through 2414 of title 10, United States Code, are amended to read as follows:

98 Stat. 2605, 2606.
10 USC 2411.

"§ 2411. Definitions

"In this chapter:

"(1) 'Eligible entity' means—

"(A) a State (as defined in section 6302(5) of title 31);

"(B) a local government (as defined in section 6302(2) of title 31); and

"(C) a private, nonprofit organization.

"(2) 'Distressed entity' means an eligible entity (within the meaning of paragraph (1)(B)) that—

"(A) has a per capita income of 80 percent or less of the State average; or

"(B) has an unemployment rate one percent greater than the national average for the most recent 24-month period for which statistics are available.

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"(3) 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Defense acting through the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency.

"§ 2412. Purposes 10 USC 2412.

"The purposes of the program authorized by this chapter are—

"(1) to increase assistance by the Department of Defense to eligible entities furnishing procurement technical assistance to business entities; and

"(2) to assist eligible entities in the payment of the costs of establishing and carrying out new procurement technical assistance programs and maintaining existing procurement technical assistance programs.

"§ 2413. Cooperative agreements 10 USC 2413.

"(a) The Secretary, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, may enter into cooperative agreements with eligible entities to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

"(b) Under any such cooperative agreement, the eligible entity shall agree to furnish procurement technical assistance to business entities and the Secretary shall agree to defray not more than one-half of the eligible entity's cost of furnishing such assistance, except that in the case of an eligible entity that is a distressed entity, the Secretary may agree to furnish more than one-half, but not more than three-fourths, of such cost.

"(c) In entering into cooperative agreements under subsection (a), the Secretary shall assure that at least one procurement technical assistance program is carried out in each Department of Defense contract administration services region during each fiscal year.

"§ 2414. Limitation 10 USC 2414.

"The value of the assistance furnished by the Secretary to any eligible entity to carry out a procurement technical assistance program under a cooperative agreement under this chapter during any fiscal year may not exceed $150,000.".

(b) Funding.—Section 2415 of such title is amended— 98 Stat. 2606.

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by striking out "fiscal year 1985 is 50 percent and during fiscal year 1986" in paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "fiscal years 1986 and 1987"; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(3) This subsection shall apply only to the first $3,000,000 appropriated to carry out this chapter in each of fiscal years 1986 and 1987.";

(2) by striking out "fiscal year 1986" in subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof "fiscal year 1987"; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c) For any amount appropriated to carry out this chapter for fiscal year 1986 or 1987 in excess of $3,000,000, the Secretary shall allocate funds available for assistance under this chapter equally to each Defense Contract Administration Services region. If in any such fiscal year there is an insufficient number of satisfactory proposals in a region for cooperative agreements to allow effective use of the funds allocated to that region, the funds remaining with respect to that region shall be reallocated among the remaining regions.".

(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—(1) There are authorized to be appropriated $5,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $6,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 to be available for the purpose of furnishing assistance to carry out procurement technical assistance programs under cooperative agreements entered into under chapter 142 of title 10, United States Code. 98 Stat. 2605.

(2) Amounts appropriated for fiscal years 1986 and 1987 for operation and maintenance for the Department of Defense are available to defray the expenses of administering the provisions of such chapter during each such fiscal year, including the expenses related to the employment of any additional personnel necessary to administer such provisions.

(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall take effect on October 1, 1985. 10 USC 2411 note.

PART B—PROCUREMENT PERSONNEL MATTERS

10 USC 2397a note.

SEC. 921. POST-GOVERNMENT-SERVICE EMPLOYMENT BARS ON SENIOR DEFENSE OFFICIALS

Penalties.

Whoever being a Presidential appointee in Federal employment acts as a primary government representative in the negotiation of a government contract or the settlement thereof with a defense contractor shall not within two years after the termination of said activities with such contractor accept employment from that contractor and upon a knowing violation of this provision the employee shall be punished, upon conviction, with a prison term of up to one year and a fine of up to $5,000 and said defense contractor shall forfeit up to $50,000 in liquidated damages to the Federal Government which shall be provided for in the contract. Regulations. The Secretary of Defense shall implement this provision by appropriate regulations.

SEC. 922. IMPROVED REPORTING AND DISCLOSURE FOR FORMER EMPLOYEES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE; PREVENTION OF CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

(a) REPORTING AND DISCLOSURE BY FORMER EMPLOYEES.—Subsection (a)(1) of section 2397 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "by negotiation"; and

(2) by striking out "$10,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$25,000".

(b) PENALTIES.—Subsection (b)(2) of such section is amended to read as follows:

"(2)(A) If a person to whom this subsection applies (i) was employed by, or served as a consultant or otherwise to, a defense contractor at any time during a year at an annual pay rate of at least $25,000 and the defense contractor was awarded contracts by the Department of Defense during the preceding year that totaled at least $10,000,000, and (ii) within the 2-year period ending on the day before the person began the employment or consulting relationship, the person served on active duty or was a civilian employee for the Department, the person shall file a report with the Secretary of Defense in such manner and form as the Secretary may prescribe. The person shall file the report not later than 90 days after the date on which the person began the employment or consulting relationship.

"(B) The person shall file an additional report each time, during the 2-year period beginning on the date the active duty or civilian employment with the Department terminated, that the person's job 99 STAT. 694 with the defense contractor significantly changes or the person commences an employment or consulting relationship with another defense contractor under the conditions described in the first sentence. A person required to file an additional report under this subparagraph shall file the report within 30 days after the date of the change or the date the employment or consulting relationship commences, as the case may be.".

(c) REPORTS.—Subsection (b)(3) of such section is amended—

(1) by striking out clause (D) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(D) A description of the duties and work performed or to be performed by the person for the defense contractor, and a description of any similar duties or work performed for which the person had at least partial responsibility as a civilian official or employee of the Department of Defense or a member of the armed forces during the 2-year period referred to in paragraph (2)(A)(ii).";

(2) in clause (F)—

(A) by striking out "brief"; and

(B) by striking out "3-year period before that duty or service ended" and inserting in lieu thereof "2-year period referred to in paragraph (2)(A)(ii) and a description of the type of work performed and the extent to which such work was performed by the person for the defense contractor that has employed the person or has retained the person as a consultant"; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new clause:

"(I) A statement describing any disqualification action taken by the person during the 2-year period referred to in paragraph (2)(A)(ii) with respect to any involvement in a matter concerning the defense contractor.".

(d) Former Contractor Employees.—(1) Subsection (c)(1) of such section is amended—

(A) by striking out "fiscal" each place it appears; and

(B) in clause (B)—

(i) by striking out "3-year" and inserting in lieu thereof "2-year"; and

(ii) by striking out "$15,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$25,000".

(2) Subsection (c)(2) of such section is amended—

(A) by striking out clause (C) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(C) A description of the duties and work performed by the person with the Department and a description of any similar duties or work for which the person had at least partial responsibility as an employee or consultant of the defense contractor during the 2-year period referred to in paragraph (1)(B)."; and

(B) by striking out clause (F) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(F) A description of the duties and work performed by the person for the defense contractor and a description of the type of work and the extent to which such work was performed by the person in connection with contracts of the defense contractor with the Department during the 2-year period referred to in paragraph (1)(B).".

(e) Reports Not To Be on Fiscal Year Basis.—Subsection (e) of such section is amended by striking out "fiscal".

99 STAT. 695

(f) Administrative Penalty.—Subsection (f) of section 2397 of such title is amended to read as follows:

10 USC 2397.

"(f)(1) A person who fails to comply with the filing requirements of this section shall be liable to the United States for an administrative penalty in the amount of $10,000, or in such lesser amount as may be determined by the Secretary of Defense, considering all the relevant circumstances.

"(2) The Secretary shall determine whether a person has failed to file a report required by this section and shall determine the amount of the penalty under paragraph (1). The Secretary shall make the determinations on the record after opportunity for an agency hearing as provided in subchapter II of chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code. The determinations of the Secretary shall be subject to judicial review under chapter 7 of such title.".

5 USC 551 *et seq.*
5 USC 701 *et seq.*

SEC. 923. REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT CONTACTS BETWEEN CERTAIN DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE PROCUREMENT OFFICIALS AND DEFENSE CONTRACTORS

(a) In General.—(1) Chapter 141 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2397 the following new section:

"§ 2397a. Requirements relating to private employment contacts between certain Department of Defense procurement officials and defense contractors

10 USC 2397a.

"(a) In this section:

"(1) 'Contract' has the same meaning as provided in section 2397(a)(1) of this title.

10 USC 2397.

"(2) 'Covered defense official' means any individual who is serving—

"(A) as a civilian officer or employee of the Department of

Defense in a position for which the rate of pay is equal to or greater than the minimum rate of pay payable for grade GS-11 under the General Schedule; or

5 USC 5332.

"(B) on active duty in the armed forces in a pay grade of O-4 or higher.

"(3) 'Defense contractor' has the same meaning as provided in section 2397(a)(2) of this title.

"(4) 'Designated agency ethics official' has the same meaning as the term 'designated agency official' in section 209(10) of the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 (92 Stat. 1850; 5 U.S.C. App.).

"(5) 'Employment' means a relationship under which an individual furnishes services in return for any payment or other compensation paid directly or indirectly to the individual for the services.

"(6) 'Procurement function' includes, with respect to a contract, any function relating to—

"(A) the negotiation, award, administration, or approval of the contract;

"(B) the selection of a contractor;

"(C) the approval of changes in the contract;

"(D) quality assurance, operation and developmental testing, the approval of payment, or auditing under the contract; or

"(E) the management of the procurement program.

"(b)(1) If a covered defense official who has participated in the performance of a procurement function in connection with a contract awarded by the Department of Defense contacts, or is contacted by, the defense contractor to whom the contract was awarded (or an agent of such contractor) regarding future employment opportunities for the official with the defense contractor, the official (except as provided in paragraph (2)) shall—

99 STAT. 696

Report.

"(A) promptly report the contact to the official's supervisor and to the designated agency ethics official (or his designee) of the agency in which the covered defense official is employed; and

"(B) for any period for which future employment opportunities for the covered defense official have not been rejected by either the covered defense official or the defense contractor, disqualify himself from all participation in the performance of procurement functions relating to contracts of the defense contractor.

Report.

"(2) A covered defense official is not required to report the first contact with a defense contractor under paragraph (1)(A) or to disqualify himself under paragraph (1)(B) if the defense official terminates the contact immediately. However, if an additional contact of the same or a similar nature is made by or with the defense contractor, the covered defense official shall report (as provided in paragraph (1)) the contact and all contacts of the same or a similar nature made by or with the defense contractor during the 90-day period ending on the date the additional contact is made.

"(c) A report required by subsection (b)(1) shall include—

"(1) the date of each contact covered by the report; and

"(2) a brief description of the substance of the contact.

Report.

"(d)(1)(A) If the Secretary of Defense determines under paragraph (2) that a person has failed promptly to make a report required by subsection (b)(1)(A) or (b)(2) or has failed to disqualify himself in any case in which he is required to do so under subsection (b)(1)(B)—

"(i) the person may not accept or continue employment with the defense contractor during the 10-year period beginning with the date of separation from Government service; and

"(ii) the Secretary may impose on the person an administrative penalty in the amount of $10,000, or in such lesser amount as may be prescribed by the Secretary, taking into consideration all the circumstances.

"(B) An individual who accepts or continues employment prohibited by subparagraph (A)(i) shall be liable to the United States for an administrative penalty as provided in subparagraph (A)(ii). Such penalty may be in addition to any penalty previously imposed on the individual under subparagraph (A)(ii) for failure promptly to make a report relating to the defense contractor by whom the individual is employed as required by subsection (b)(1)(A) or (b)(2).

Penalties.

"(C) The Secretary of Defense may take action against an individual under this paragraph before, on, or after the date on which the individual's employment with the Government is terminated.

"(2)(A) The Secretary of Defense shall determine—

Report. Penalties.

"(i) whether an individual has failed promptly to make a report required by subsection (b)(1)(A) or (b)(2) or has failed to disqualify himself in any case in which he is required to do so under subsection (b)(1)(B) and whether to impose a penalty under paragraph (1)(A)(ii) and the amount of such penalty; and

"(ii) whether an individual is liable to the United States for an administrative penalty under paragraph (1)(B) and the amount of such penalty.

99 STAT. 697

There shall be a rebuttable presumption in favor of a covered defense official that failure to report a contact with a defense contractor or failure to disqualify himself from participation in the performance of certain procurement functions is not a violation of subsection (b)(1)(A) or (b)(2) or subsection (b)(1)(B), as the case may be, if the defense official has received an opinion in writing from the designated agency ethics official under subsection (e) stating that a report or disqualification by the official was not necessary.

"(B) Determinations of the Secretary under subparagraph (A) shall be made on the record after opportunity for an agency hearing as provided in subchapter II of chapter 5 of title 5. The determinations of the Secretary shall be subject to judicial review under chapter 7 of such title.

5 USC 551 *et seq.*

5 USC 701 *et seq.*

"(e) If a designated agency ethics official or his designee receives a report required by subsection (b) or a request for advice from a covered defense official relating to a contact described in such subsection, the designated agency ethics official or his designee may issue a written opinion regarding the necessity of a covered defense official to file a report or disqualify himself from participation in certain procurement functions, as the case may be.

Report.

"(f) A covered defense official should request the advice of his supervisor and the appropriate designated agency ethics official (or his designee) on matters to which this section applies.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2397 the following new item:

"2397a. Requirements relating to private employment contacts between certain Department of Defense procurement officials and defense contractors.".

(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect with respect to contacts (referred to in section 2397a of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a) of this section) made on or after the date of enactment of this Act.

10 USC 2397a note.

SEC. 924. MANAGEMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE PROCUREMENT PERSONNEL

(a) Requirements for Education, Training, and Experience.—(1) Part II of subtitle A of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new chapter:

"CHAPTER 85—PROCUREMENT MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

"Sec.
"1621. Definitions.
"1622. Education, training, and experience requirements: program managers.
"1623. Education, training, and experience requirements: general and flag officers.
"1624. Training program: quality assurance personnel.

10 USC 1621. **"§ 1621. Definitions**

"In this chapter:

"(1) 'Program manager' means an officer or employee of the Department of Defense or member of the armed forces assigned by the Secretary of a military department to have overall responsibility for acquisitions under a major defense acquisition program.

"(2) 'Procurement command' means the Army Materiel Command, the systems commands of the Navy, the Air Force Systems Command, or Air Force Logistics Command (or any successor organization of any such command).

"(3) 'Major defense acquisition program' has the meaning given that term in section 139a(a)(1) of this title. 10 USC 139a.

10 USC 1622. **"§ 1622. Education, training, and experience requirements: program managers**

Regulations. "(a) The Secretary of each military department shall prescribe regulations establishing requirements for the education, training, and experience of any person assigned to duty as the program manager of a major defense acquisition program. Such regulations shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of Defense.

"(b) Regulations under subsection (a) shall require that, before being assigned to duty as a program manager, a person—

"(1) must have attended the program management course at the Defense Systems Management College or a comparable program management course at another institution; and

"(2) must have at least eight years experience in the acquisition, support, and maintenance of weapon systems, at least two of which were performed while assigned to a procurement command.

"(c) A period of time spent pursuing a program of postgraduate education in a technical or management field or attending the course referred to in subsection (b)(1) may be counted toward the eight-year requirement prescribed in subsection (b)(2).

"(d) In assigning any person to duty as a program manager, the Secretary concerned may waive the requirements of subsection (b) in individual cases. The authority to waive such requirements may not be delegated.

10 USC 1623. **"§ 1623. Education, training, and experience: flag and general officers**

Regulations. "(a) The Secretary of each military department shall prescribe regulations establishing requirements for the education, training, and experience of general or flag officers assigned to duty in a procurement command. Such regulations shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of Defense.

"(b) Regulations prescribed under subsection (a) shall require that in order for an officer of a military department to serve in a flag or general officer grade while assigned to duty in a procurement command, the officer must meet the education and experience requirements for program managers prescribed in section 1622(b) of this title. *Supra.*

"(c) The Secretary concerned may waive the requirements for assignment to duty described in subsection (a). The authority to waive such requirements may not be delegated.

10 USC 1624. **"§ 1624. Training program: quality assurance personnel**

"The Secretary of Defense shall develop a training program for all personnel of the Department of Defense who are responsible for assuring quality in contractor facilities. The program shall be at least four weeks in duration. A person assigned to perform quality assurance duties in the Department of Defense shall, to the maximum extent practicable, attend such program during the first six months of the assignment to such duties.".

(2) The tables of chapters at the beginning of subtitle A of title 10,

United States Code, and at the beginning of part II of such subtitle are each amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 83 the following new item:

"85. Procurement Management Personnel .... 1621".

99 STAT. 699

10 USC 1623 note.

(b) Effective Dates.—(1) Section 1623 of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), shall take effect on July 1, 1990.

10 USC 1624 note.

(2) Section 1624 of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), shall take effect on January 1, 1987.

10 USC 1622 note.

(3) The regulations prescribed under subsection (a) of section 1622 of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), shall provide that—

(A) the requirement described in subsection (b)(1) of such section shall take effect on July 1, 1987; and

(B) the requirement described in subsection (b)(2) of such section shall take effect on July 1, 1989.

10 USC 2304 note.

SEC. 925. ASSIGNMENT OF PRINCIPAL CONTRACTING OFFICERS

(a) Developmental Policy.—The Secretary of Defense shall develop a policy regarding the mobility and regular rotation of principal administrative and corporate administrative contracting officers in the Department of Defense.

(b) Report.—The Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives not later than January 1, 1986, a report on such policy.

(c) Implementation.—Such policy shall be implemented not later than April 1, 1986.

Part C—False Claims, Debarment, Burden of Proof, and Related Matters

SEC. 931. INCREASED PENALTIES FOR FALSE CLAIMS IN DEFENSE PROCUREMENT

18 USC 287 note.
98 Stat. 2008, 3137.

(a) Criminal Fines.—Notwithstanding sections 287 and 3623 of title 18, United States Code, the maximum fine that may be imposed under such section for making or presenting any claim upon or against the United States related to a contract with the Department of Defense, knowing such claim to be false, fictitious, or fraudulent, is $1,000,000.

31 USC 3729 note.

(b) Civil Penalties.—Notwithstanding section 3729 of title 31, United States Code, the amount of the liability under that section in the case of a person who makes a false claim related to a contract with the Department of Defense shall be a civil penalty of $2,000, an amount equal to three times the amount of the damages the Government sustains because of the act of the person, and costs of the civil action.

18 USC 287 note.

(c) Effective Date.—Subsections (a) and (b) shall be applicable to claims made or presented on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

10 USC 2304 note.

SEC. 932. PROHIBITION ON FELONS CONVICTED OF DEFENSE-CONTRACT-RELATED FELONIES AND PENALTY ON EMPLOYMENT OF SUCH PERSONS BY DEFENSE CONTRACTORS

(a) Prohibition.—A person who is convicted of fraud or any other felony arising out of a contract with the Department of Defense shall be prohibited from working in a management or supervisory capacity on any defense contract for a period, as determined by the Secretary of Defense, of not less than one year from the date of the conviction.

99 STAT. 700

(b) Penalty.—A defense contractor who knowingly employs a person under a prohibition under subsection (a) shall be fined not more than $500,000.

(c) Effective Date.—Subsection (a) shall apply only with respect to crimes committed after the date of the enactment of this Act.

10 USC 2324 note.

SEC. 933. BURDEN OF PROOF IN GOVERNMENT CONTRACT DISPUTE RESOLUTION

In a proceeding before the Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals, the United States Claims Court, or any other Federal court in which the reasonableness of indirect costs for which a contractor seeks reimbursement from the Department of Defense is in issue, the burden of proof shall be upon the contractor to establish that such costs are reasonable.

SEC. 934. REIMBURSEMENT, INTEREST CHARGES, AND PENALTIES FOR OVERPAYMENTS

10 USC 2304 note.

98 Stat. 1192.

(a) COST AND PRICING DATA.—If the United States makes an overpayment to a contractor under a contract with the Department of Defense subject to 2306(f) of title 10, United States Code, and the overpayment was due to the submission by the contractor of inaccurate, incomplete, or noncurrent cost and pricing data, the contractor shall be liable to the United States—

(1) for interest on the amount of such overpayment to be computed from the date the payment was made to the contractor to the date the Government is repaid by the contractor at the applicable rate prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to Public Law 92-41 (85 Stat. 97); and

(2) if the submission of such inaccurate, incomplete, or noncurrent cost and pricing data was a knowing submission, an amount equal to the amount of the overpayment.

(b) DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT AMENDMENT.—Section 719 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. App. 2168) is amended by striking out the third sentence in subsection (h)(1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Such interest shall be set at a rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to Public Law 92-41. Such interest shall accrue from the time such payments were made to the contractor or subcontractor to the time such price adjustment is effected.".

50 USC app. 2168 note.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall apply only to contracts entered into on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 935. SUBPOENAS OF DEFENSE CONTRACTOR RECORDS

Section 2313 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d)(1) The Director of the Defense Contract Audit Agency (or any successor agency) may require by subpoena the production of books, documents, papers, or records of a contractor, access to which is provided to the Secretary of Defense by subsection (a) or by section 2306(f) of this title.

98 Stat. 1192.

"(2) Any such subpoena, in the case of contumacy or refusal to obey, shall be enforceable by order of an appropriate United States district court.

"(3) The authority provided by paragraph (1) may not be redelegated.

Report.

"(4) The Director (or any successor official) shall submit an annual report to the Secretary of Defense on the exercise of such authority during the preceding year and the reasons why such authority was exercised in any instance. The Secretary shall forward a copy of each such report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives.".

99 STAT. 701

PART D—REPORTS

SEC. 951. REPORT ON PROHIBITION ON INCLUDING GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE OVERHEAD EXPENSES IN THE COMPUTATION OF CONTRACTOR PROFITS

(a) REPORT.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report in writing of his views regarding the desirability and advisability of legislation or regulations that would prohibit, in the case of a contract awarded by the Department of Defense using procedures other than competitive procedures (as defined in section 2304(c) of title 10, United States Code), the inclusion of any actual or imputed general and administrative expenses of the contractor in the total cost to which a percentage is applied in order to calculate anticipated profit to be earned by the contractor. 98 Stat. 1187

(b) Desirability of Waiver Authority.—If the Secretary states in the report that the Secretary favors such a prohibition, the Secretary shall indicate in the report the desirability and advisability of including in any legislation or regulation imposing such a prohibition the authority for the Secretary to waive the prohibition in particular cases if necessary to avoid inequitable economic hardship or if necessary for other expressly stated reasons.

(c) Deadline for Report.—The report shall be submitted not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 952. REPORT ON USE OF INDEPENDENT COST ESTIMATES FOR MAJOR DEFENSE ACQUISITION PROGRAMS

10 USC 139c note

(a) Requirement for Report.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on the continued use of independent cost estimates in the planning, programing, budgeting, and selection process for major defense acquisition programs of the Department of Defense.

(b) Matters To Be Included.—The report shall be a follow-on to the report required by section 1203(c) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984 (Public Law 98-94; 10 U.S.C. 1039 note), and shall include— 10 USC 139 note

(1) an overall assessment of the extent to which such estimates were adopted by the Department of Defense in making decisions on the fiscal year 1987 budget and a general explanation of why such estimates might have been modified or rejected; and

(2) a statement as to whether adequate personnel and financial resources have been allocated at all levels of the Department of Defense to those organizations or offices charged with developing or assessing independent estimates of the costs of major defense acquisition programs.

(c) Deadline.—The report shall be submitted not later than April 1, 1986.

99 STAT. 702

SEC. 953. GAO STUDY OF FEASIBILITY OF CIVILIAN DEFENSE ACQUISITION AGENCY

(a) Study.—The Comptroller General shall carry out a study to review all available evidence, studies, reports, and analyses concerning the organizational structure for defense procurement.

(b) Report.—(1) After conducting such study, the Comptroller General shall submit to Congress a report concerning the advantages and disadvantages of the establishment of an agency either within or outside the Department of Defense with the mission of coordinating, supervising, directing, and performing all procurement functions for the Department of Defense.

(2) The report required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 954. REPORT ON SUSPENSION AND DEBARMENT OF DEFENSE CONTRACTORS

(a) Required Report.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report on the policies prescribed and actions taken by the Secretary to implement the recommendations contained in the report of the Inspector General of the Department of Defense entitled "Review of Suspension and Debarment Activities Within the Department of Defense", dated May 1984.

(b) Cooperation With the Office of Inspector General.—The report under subsection (a) shall be prepared in cooperation with the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of Defense.

(c) Deadline for Report.—The report shall be submitted not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 955. REPORT ON THE USE OF COMPETITION UNDER SECTION 8(a) SET-ASIDE PROGRAM

(a) Requirement for Report.—The Secretary of Defense and the Administrator of the Small Business Administration shall each submit to the Committees on Armed Services and on Small Business of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on the feasibility of providing for the use of competitive procedures for contracts awarded by the Department of Defense under the set-aside program of the Small Business Administration under section 8(a) of the Small Business Act. 15 USC 637.

(b) Deadline for Reports.—The reports required by subsection (a) shall be submitted not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 956. REPORT ON EFFORTS TO INCREASE DEFENSE CONTRACT AWARDS TO INDIAN-OWNED BUSINESSES

(a) Report Requirement.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report on the efforts by the Department of Defense during fiscal years 1984 and 1985 to increase contract awards to Indian-owned businesses in accordance with the memorandum of understanding between the Department of Defense and the Small Business Administration of September 29, 1983. Such report shall include, to the maximum extent practicable, any data regarding the number and value of prime contracts awarded by the Department during such fiscal years to such businesses.

(b) Deadline for Report.—Such report shall be submitted by March 31, 1986.

(c) Definition.—For the purposes of this section, the term 99 STAT. 703 "Indian-owned business" means a business firm owned and controlled by American Indians, including a tribally owned for-profit entity.

Part E—Technical Amendments to Federal Procurement Law

SEC. 961. TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO FEDERAL PROCUREMENT LAW

(a) Simplification of Procedures for Certain Noncompetitive Purchases.—(1) The second sentence of section 2304(f)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "The justification and approval required by paragraph (1) is not required— 98 Stat. 3086.

"(A) when a statute expressly requires that the procurement be made from a specified source;

"(B) when the agency's need is for a brand-name commercial item for authorized resale;

"(C) in the case of a procurement permitted by subsection (c)(7); or

"(D) in the case of a procurement conducted under (i) the Act of June 25, 1938 (41 U.S.C. 46 et seq.), popularly referred to as the Wagner-O'Day Act, or (ii) section 8(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 637(a)).".

(2) The second sentence of section 303(f)(2) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 253(f)(2)) is amended to read as follows: "The justification and approval required by paragraph (1) is not required— 98 Stat. 3086.

"(A) when a statute expressly requires that the procurement be made from a specified source;

"(B) when the agency's need is for a brand-name commercial item for authorized resale;

"(C) in the case of a procurement permitted by subsection (c)(7); or

"(D) in the case of a procurement conducted under (i) the Act of June 25, 1938 (41 U.S.C. 46 et seq.), popularly referred to as the Wagner-O'Day Act, or (ii) section 8(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 637(a)).".

(b) NATO Mutual Support Procurement.—Section 2323(b) of chapter 138 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "section 2304(g)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 2304(a)".

(c) ADP Procurement.—Section 111 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 759) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

98 Stat. 1182.

"(i) The justifications and approvals required by section 303(f)(1) of this Act shall apply in the case of any procurement under this section for which the minimum needs are so restrictive that only one manufacturer is capable of satisfying such needs. Such procurement includes either a sole source procurement or a procurement by specific make and model. Such justification and approval shall be required notwithstanding that more than one bid or offer is made or that the procurement obtains price competition and such procurement shall be treated as a procurement using procedures other than competitive procedures for purposes of section 19(b) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 417(b)).".

98 Stat. 1175.
41 USC 253.

98 Stat. 1197.

(d) Clarification of Regulations Concerning Technical Data.—(1) Section 2320(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "the technical data" and inserting in lieu thereof "the item or process to which the technical data pertains".

98 Stat. 2595.

99 STAT. 704

(2) Section 21(c)(1) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 418a(c)(1)) is amended by striking out "the technical data" and inserting in lieu thereof "the item or process to which the technical data pertains".

98 Stat. 3074.

(3) The second sentence of section 301(c) of the Small Business and Federal Procurement Competition Enhancement Act of 1984 (41 U.S.C. 418a note) is amended by striking out "July 1, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 19, 1985".

98 Stat. 3074.

(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by subsections (a), (b), and (c) shall take effect as if included in the enactment of the Competition in Contracting Act of 1984 (title VII of division B of Public Law 98-369).

10 USC 2304 note.

98 Stat. 1175.
41 USC 251 note.

TITLE X—MATTERS RELATING TO ARMS CONTROL

SEC. 1001. POLICY ON COMPLIANCE WITH EXISTING STRATEGIC OFFENSIVE ARMS AGREEMENTS

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the United States should vigorously pursue with the Soviet Union the resolution of concerns of the United States over Soviet compliance with existing strategic arms control agreements and should seek corrective actions through confidential diplomatic channels, including, if appropriate, the Standing Consultative Commission and the Nuclear and Space Arms negotiations;

(2) the Soviet Union should take positive steps to resolve the compliance concerns of the United States about existing strategic offensive arms agreements in order to maintain the integrity of those agreements and to strengthen the positive environment necessary for the successful negotiation of a new strategic offensive arms agreement;

(3) the United States should continue, through December 31, 1986, to refrain from undercutting the provisions of existing strategic offensive arms agreements—

(A)(i) to the extent that the Soviet Union refrains from undercutting those provisions; and

(ii) if the Soviet Union actively pursues arms reduction agreements in the Nuclear and Space Arms negotiations; or

(B) until a new strategic offensive arms agreement between the United States and the Soviet Union is concluded;

President of U.S.

(4) the President—

(A) should carefully consider the impact of any change in the current policy of the United States regarding existing strategic offensive arms agreements on the long-term security interests of the United States and its allies; and

(B) should consult with Congress before making any change in that policy; and

(5) any decision by the President to continue the existing United States no-undercut policy beyond December 31, 1986, should be a matter for consultation between the President and Congress and for subsequent review and debate by Congress.

President of U.S.

(b) REQUIREMENT FOR REPORT.—Not later than February 1, 1986, the President shall submit to Congress a report containing the following:

99 STAT. 705

(1) A range of projections and comparisons, on a year-by-year basis, of United States and Soviet strategic weapons dismantlements that would be required over the next five years if the United States and the Soviet Union were to adhere to a policy of not undercutting existing strategic arms control agreements.

(2) A range of projections and comparisons, on a year-by-year basis, of likely United States and Soviet strategic offensive force inventories over the next five years assuming a termination at the end of 1985 in the current no-undercut policy.

(3) An assessment of the possible Soviet political, military, and negotiating responses to the termination of the United States no-undercut policy.

(4) Recommendations regarding the future of United States interim restraint policy.

(c) PROPOSAL OF MEASURES.—If the President finds and reports to Congress that—

(1) the Soviet Union has violated the provisions of any strategic arms agreement; and

(2) such violations impair or threaten the security of the United States,

the President may propose to Congress such measures as he considers necessary to protect the security of the United States.

President of U.S.
Defense and national security.

(d) SCOPE OF POLICY.—Nothing in this section shall be construed—

(1) to restrain or inhibit the constitutional powers of the President;

(2) to endorse unilateral United States compliance with existing strategic arms agreements;

(3) as prohibiting the United States from carrying out proportionate responses to Soviet undercutting of strategic arms provisions;

(4) as prohibiting or delaying the development, flight testing, or deployment of the small intercontinental ballistic missile (SICM) as authorized by law; or

(5) as establishing a precedent to continue the no-undercut policy beyond December 31, 1986.

President of U.S.
22 USC 2592a.

SEC. 1002. ANNUAL REPORT ON SOVIET COMPLIANCE WITH ARMS CONTROL COMMITMENTS

Not later than December 1, 1985, and not later than December 1 of each following year, the President shall submit to the Congress a report (in both classified and unclassified versions) containing, with respect to the compliance of the Soviet Union with its arms control commitments, the findings of the President and any additional information necessary to keep the Congress currently informed.

SEC. 1003. STUDY OF ARMS CONTROL VERIFICATION CAPABILITIES

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.
President of U.S.

(a) Interagency Study.—The President shall provide for an interagency study with the purpose of determining possible avenues for cooperation between the United States and the Soviet Union in the development of capabilities not subject to national security restrictions for verification of compliance with arms control agreements. Areas of possible cooperation to be examined shall include—

(1) limited exchanges of data and scientific personnel; and

(2) the conduct of a joint technological effort in the area of seismic monitoring.

99 STAT. 706

(b) Agencies Included.—The President shall provide for participation in the interagency study under subsection (a) by—

(1) the Secretary of State;

(2) the Secretary of Defense;

(3) the Secretary of Energy;

(4) the Director of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency;

(5) the heads of appropriate intelligence agencies;

(6) the Joint Chiefs of Staff; and

(7) such other officers as the President may designate.

(c) Report.—(1) The President shall submit to Congress a report on the results of the interagency study.

(2) The report shall be submitted in both a classified and unclassified version.

(3) The report shall be submitted not later than May 1, 1986.

SEC. 1004. SENSE OF CONGRESS RELATING TO UNITED STATES-SOVIET NEGOTIATIONS ON REDUCTION IN NUCLEAR ARMS

It is the sense of the Congress—

(1) that the President of the United States and the General Secretary of the Communist Party of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics should be commended for their willingness to meet to discuss major issues in United States-Soviet relations; and

(2) that following thorough preparation, such meetings should be used to work for the realization of mutual, equitable, and verifiable reductions in nuclear arms.

SEC. 1005. PILOT PROGRAM FOR EXCHANGE OF CERTAIN HIGH-RANKING MILITARY AND CIVILIAN PERSONNEL WITH THE SOVIET UNION

(a) Submission of Plan.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a plan for the establishment and operation during fiscal year 1986 of a pilot program for the exchange of visits between—

(1) high-ranking officers of the Armed Forces of the United States and high-ranking civilian officials of the Department of Defense; and

(2) corresponding high-ranking officers and officials of the Soviet Union.

(b) Requirements of Plan.—Such plan shall include—

(1) specific identification of the United States officers and officials selected for participation in the program;

(2) the proposed length of the exchange visits with the Soviet Union;

(3) a description of the specific goals of each exchange visit;

(4) an estimate of the cost to the United States of participation in each visit;

(5) a description of any special actions that will be taken to protect classified information of the United States during any visit to the United States by officers or officials of the Soviet Union who are participating in the program; and

(6) any other details of the program that the Secretary considers appropriate.

Ante, p. 615.

99 STAT. 707

(c) Availability of Funds.—Of the funds appropriated pursuant to section 301(a), the sum of $100,000 shall be available only for costs required for participation by the United States in the pilot program described in subsection (a), including costs for travel, subsistence, and other support expenses.

(d) Deadline for Plan.—The Secretary shall submit the plan required by subsection (a) not later than December 1, 1985.

SEC. 1006. REPORT ON NUCLEAR WINTER FINDINGS AND POLICY IMPLICATIONS

98 Stat. 2583.

(a) Continued Participation in Interagency Studies.—Notwithstanding any limitation in any other provision of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in accordance with section 1107(a) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-525), shall participate in any comprehensive interagency study conducted on the atmospheric, climatic, environmental, and biological consequences of nuclear war and the implications that such consequences have for the nuclear weapons strategy and policy, the arms control policy, and the civil defense policy of the United States.

(b) Report on Nuclear Winter Findings.—Not later than March 1, 1986, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives an unclassified report suitable for release to the public, together with classified addenda (if required), concerning the subject described in subsection (a). The Secretary shall include in such report the following:

(1) A detailed review and assessment of the findings in the current body of domestic and international scientific literature on the atmospheric, climatic, environmental, and biological consequences of nuclear explosions and nuclear exchanges.

(2) A thorough evaluation of the implications that such findings have on—

(A) the nuclear weapons policy of the United States, especially with regard to strategy, targeting, planning, command, control, procurement, and deployment;

(B) the nuclear arms control policy of the United States; and

(C) the civil defense policy of the United States.

(3) A discussion of the manner in which the results of such evaluation of policy implications will be incorporated into the nuclear weapons, arms control, and civil defense policies of the United States.

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

(4) An analysis of the extent to which current scientific findings on the consequences of nuclear explosions are being studied, disseminated, and used in the Soviet Union.

TITLE XI—MATTERS RELATING TO NATO

SEC. 1101. LIMITED AUTHORITY TO EXCEED PERMANENT CEILING ON UNITED STATES FORCES ASSIGNED TO NATO

22 USC 1928 note.

Armed forces.

Section 1002(c)(1) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-525; 98 Stat. 2575), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The Secretary of Defense may exceed such permanent ceiling in any year by a number equal to not more than ½ of 1 percent for the purpose of achieving sound management in the rotation of members of the Armed Forces of the United States to and from assignment to permanent duty ashore in European member nations of NATO, but only if the Secretary determines that the increase in such year is necessary for such purpose.".

99 STAT. 708

SEC. 1102. NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION COOPERATIVE PROJECTS

Ante, p. 199.

(a) Revision of Authority.—(1) Section 27 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2767) is amended to read as follows:

"NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION COOPERATIVE PROJECTS

"SEC. 27. (a) The President may enter into a cooperative project agreement with the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) or with one or more member countries of that organization.

President of U.S. International agreements.

"(b) As used in this section—

"(1) the term 'cooperative project' means a jointly managed arrangement, described in a written agreement among the parties, which is undertaken in order to further the objectives of standardization, rationalization, and interoperability of the armed forces of North Atlantic Treaty Organization member countries and which provides—

"(A) for one or more of the other participants to share with the United States the costs of research on and development, testing, evaluation, or joint production (including follow-on support) of certain defense articles;

"(B) for concurrent production in the United States and in another member country of a defense article jointly developed in accordance with clause (A); or

"(C) for procurement by the United States of a defense article or defense service from another member country; and

"(2) the term 'other participant' means a participant in a cooperative project other than the United States.

"(c) Each agreement for a cooperative project shall provide that the United States and each of the other participants will contribute to the cooperative project its equitable share of the full cost of the cooperative project and will receive an equitable share of the results of the cooperative project. The full costs of such cooperative project shall include overhead and administrative costs. The United States and the other participants may contribute their equitable shares of the full cost of such cooperative project in funds or in defense articles or defense services needed for the project. Military assistance and financing received from the United States Government may not be used by any other participant to provide its share of the cost of such cooperative project. Such agreements shall provide that no requirement shall be imposed by a participant for worksharing or other industrial or commercial compensation in connection with such agreement that is not in accordance with such agreement.

Contracts.

"(d) The President may enter into contracts or incur other obligations for a cooperative project on behalf of the other participants, without charge to any appropriation or contract authorization, if each of the other participants in the cooperative project agrees (1) to pay its equitable share of the contract or other obligations, and (2) to make such funds available in such amounts and at such times as may be required by the contract or such other obligations and to pay any damages and costs that may accrue from the performance of or cancellation of such contract or other obligations in advance of the time such payments, damages, or costs are due.

"(e) With the approval of the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Defense, a cooperative agreement entered into by the United States before the date of the enactment of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986, that otherwise meets the requirements of this section may be treated on and after such date as having been made under this section.

99 STAT. 709

Ante, p. 583.

"(f)(1) For those cooperative projects entered into on or after the date of the enactment of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986, the President may reduce or waive the charge or charges which would otherwise be considered appropriate under section 21(e) of this Act in connection with sales under sections 21 and 22 of this Act when such sales are made as part of the cooperative project. However, the President may reduce or waive such charge or charges only if the other participants agree to reduce or waive corresponding charges.

Ante, p. 197. 22 USC 2762.

"(2) Notwithstanding section 21(e)(1)(A) and section 43(b) of this

Ante, p. 204.

Act, administrative surcharges shall not be increased on other sales made under this Act in order to compensate for reductions or waivers of such surcharges under this section. Funds received pursuant to such other sales shall not be available to reimburse the costs incurred by the United States Government for which reduction or waiver is approved by the President under this section.

"(g) Not less than 15 days before a cooperative project agreement is signed on behalf of the United States, the President shall transmit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the chairman of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate a numbered certification with respect to such proposed agreement, setting forth—

"(A) a detailed description of the cooperative project with respect to which the certification is made;

"(B) an estimate of the quantity of the defense articles expected to be produced in furtherance of such cooperative project;

"(C) an estimate of the full cost of the cooperative project, with an estimate of that part of the full cost to be incurred by the United States Government for its participation in such cooperative project and an estimate of that part of the full costs to be incurred by the other participants;

"(D) an estimate of the dollar value of the funds to be contributed by the United States and each of the other participants on behalf of such cooperative project;

"(E) a description of the defense articles and defense services expected to be contributed by the United States and each of the other participants on behalf of such cooperative project;

"(F) a statement of the foreign policy and national security benefits anticipated to be derived from such cooperative project; and

"(G) to the extent known, whether it is likely that prime contracts will be awarded to particular prime contractors or subcontracts will be awarded to particular subcontractors to comply with the proposed agreement.

Ante, p. 203.

Ante, pp. 156, 203, 204.

"(h) Section 36(b) of this Act shall not apply to sales made under section 21 or 22 of this Act and to production and exports made pursuant to cooperative projects under this section, and section 36(c) of this Act shall not apply to the issuance of licenses or other approvals under section 38 of this Act, if such sales are made, such production and exports ensue, or such licenses or approvals are issued as part of a cooperative project.

99 STAT. 710

Ante, p. 197.
22 USC 2762.

"(i) The authority under this section is in addition to the authority under sections 21 and 22 of this Act and under any other provision of law.

Ante, p. 583.

"(j) Notwithstanding the amendments made to this section by the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986, projects entered into under this section before the date of such amendments may be carried through to conclusion in accordance with the terms of this section as in effect immediately before the effective date of amendments.".

Ante, p. 201.

(2) Section 2(b) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2752(b)) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Under the direction of the President, the Secretary of State (taking into account other United States activities abroad, such as military assistance, economic assistance, and food for peace program) shall be responsible for the continuous supervision and general direction of sales, leases, financing, cooperative projects, and exports under this Act, including, but not limited to, determining—

"(1) whether there will be a sale to or financing for a country and the amount thereof;

"(2) whether there will be a lease to a country;

"(3) whether there will be a cooperative project and the scope thereof; and

"(4) whether there will be delivery or other performance under such sale, lease, cooperative project, or export,

to the end that sales, financing, leases, cooperative projects, and exports will be integrated with other United States activities and to the end that the foreign policy of the United States would be best served thereby.".

(3) Section 3(a) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2753(a)) is amended—

Ante, p. 201.

(A) in the text preceding clause (1), by inserting ", and no agreement shall be entered into for a cooperative project (as defined in section 27(b) of this Act)," after "international organization,";

Ante, p. 199.

(B) in paragraph (2)—

(i) by inserting ", or produced in a cooperative project (as defined in section 27 of this Act)" after "so furnished to it";

(ii) by inserting "(or the North Atlantic Treaty Organization or the specified member countries (other than the United States) in case of a cooperative project)" after "international organization" the second place it appears; and

(C) in paragraph (3), by inserting "or service" after "such article" both places it appears.

(4) Section 42(e) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2791(e)) is amended—

Ante, p. 201.

(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting ", and each contract entered into under section 27(d) of this Act," after "of this Act"; and

Ante, p. 199.

(B) in paragraph (3), by inserting "or under contracts entered into under section 27(d) of this Act" after "of this Act".

(5) The amendments made by this subsection are repealed effective as of the effective date of similar amendments to the Arms Export Control Act in the International Security and Development Cooperative Act of 1985 or any other law.

22 USC 2752 note.

Ante, p. 190.

(b) AMENDMENT TO TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE.—(1) Chapter 141 of title 10, United States Code (as amended by section 917), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section

Ante, p. 689.

99 STAT. 711

"§ 2407. Acquisition of defense equipment under North Atlantic Treaty Organization cooperative projects

Contracts.
10 USC 2407.

"(a)(1) If the President delegates to the Secretary of Defense the authority to carry out section 27(d) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2767(d)), relating to North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) cooperative projects (as defined in such section), the Secretary may utilize his authority under this title in carrying out contracts or obligations incurred under such section.

Ante, p. 199.

"(2) Except as provided in subsection (c), chapter 137 of this title shall apply to such contracts (referred to in paragraph (1)) entered into by the Secretary of Defense. Except to the extent waived under subsection (c) or some other provision of law, all other provisions of law relating to procurement, if otherwise applicable, shall apply to such contracts entered into by the Secretary of Defense.

10 USC 2301 *et seq.*

"(b) When contracting or incurring obligations under section 27(d) of the Arms Export Control Act for cooperative projects, the Secretary of Defense may require subcontracts to be awarded to particular subcontractors in furtherance of the cooperative project.

"(c)(1) Subject to paragraph (2), when entering into contracts or incurring obligations under section 27(d) of the Arms Export Control Act outside the United States, the Secretary of Defense may waive with respect to any such contract or subcontract the application of any provision of law, other than a provision of the Arms Export Control Act or section 2304 of this title, that specifically—

22 USC 2751 note.
98 Stat. 1187.
10 USC 2304.

"(A) prescribe procedures to be followed in the formation of contracts;

"(B) prescribe terms and conditions to be included in contracts;

"(C) prescribe requirements for or preferences to be given to goods grown, produced, or manufactured in the United States or in United States Government-owned facilities or for services to be performed in the United States; or

"(D) prescribe requirements regulating the performance of contracts.

"(2) A waiver may not be made under paragraph (1) unless the Secretary determines that the waiver is necessary to ensure that the cooperative project will significantly further NATO standardization, rationalization, and interoperability.

"(3) The authority of the Secretary to make waivers under this subsection may be delegated only to the Deputy Secretary of Defense or the Acquisition Executive designated for the Office of the Secretary of Defense.

"(d)(1) The Secretary of Defense shall notify the Congress each time he requires that a prime contract be awarded to a particular prime contractor or that a subcontract to be awarded to a particular subcontractor to comply with a cooperative agreement. The Secretary shall include in each such notice the reason for exercising his authority to designate a particular contractor or subcontractor, as the case may be.

"(2) The Secretary shall also notify the Congress each time he exercises a waiver under subsection (c) and shall include in such notice the particular provision or provisions of law that were waived.

Report.

99 STAT. 712

Ante, p. 199.

"(3) A report under this subsection shall be required only to the extent that the information required by this subsection has not been provided in a report made by the President under section 27(e) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2767(e)).

"(e)(1) In carrying out a cooperative project under section 27 of the Arms Export Control Act, the Secretary of Defense may agree that a participant (other than the United States) may make a contract for requirements of the United States under the project if the Secretary determines that such a contract will significantly further NATO standardization, rationalization, and interoperability. Except to the extent waived under this section or under any other provision of law, the Secretary shall ensure that such contract will be made on a competitive basis and that United States sources will not be precluded from competing under the contract.

"(2) If a participant (other than the United States) in a NATO cooperative project makes a contract on behalf of such project to meet the requirements of the United States, the contract may permit the contracting party to follow its own procedures relating to contracting.

"(f) In carrying out a cooperative project, the Secretary of Defense may also agree to the disposal of property that is jointly acquired by the members of the project without regard to any laws of the United States applicable to the disposal of property owned by the United States. Disposal of such property may include a transfer of the interest of the United States in such property to one of the other governments participating in the cooperative agreement or the sale of such property. Payment for the transfer or sale of any interest of the United States in any such property shall be made in accordance with the terms of the cooperative agreement.

"(g) Nothing in this section shall be construed as authorizing—

"(1) the Secretary of Defense to waive any of the financial management responsibilities administered by the Secretary of the Treasury; or

"(2) to waive the cargo preference laws of the United States, including the Military Cargo Preference Act of 1904 (10 U.S.C. 2631) and the Cargo Preference Act of 1954 (46 U.S.C. 1241(b)).".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"2407. Acquisition of defense equipment under North Atlantic Treaty Organization cooperative projects.".

SEC. 1103. NATO COOPERATIVE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

10 USC 2407 note.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress hereby finds—

(1) that for more than a decade the member nations of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) have provided in the aggregate significantly larger resources for defense purposes than have the member nations of the Warsaw Treaty Organization;

(2) that, despite this fact, the Warsaw Treaty Organization member nations have produced and deployed many more major combat items such as tanks, armored personnel carriers, artillery pieces and rocket launchers, armed helicopters, and tactical combat aircraft than have the member nations of NATO; and

(3) that a major reason for this discouraging performance by NATO is inadequate cooperation among NATO nations in research, development, and production of military end-items of equipment and munitions.

99 STAT. 713

(b) CONGRESSIONAL REQUEST FOR COOPERATION ON R&D.—The Congress, therefore, urges and requests the President, the Secretary of Defense, and the United States Representative to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization to pursue diligently opportunities for member nations of NATO to cooperate—

(1) in research and development on defense equipment and munitions; and

(2) in the production of defense equipment, including—

(A) coproduction of conventional defense equipment by the United States and other member nations of NATO; and

(B) production by United States contractors of conventional defense equipment designed and developed by other member nations of NATO.

(c) FUNDS FOR COOPERATIVE PROJECTS.—(1) Of the funds appropriated pursuant to the authorizations in section 201(a) $200,000,000 shall be available, in equal amounts, to the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Defense Agencies only for NATO cooperative research and development projects as provided in this section.

Ante, p. 605.

(2) As used in this section, the term "cooperative research and development project" means a project involving joint participation by the United States and one or more other member nations of NATO under a memorandum of understanding (or other formal agreement) to carry out a joint research and development program—

(A) to develop new conventional defense equipment and munitions; or

(B) to modify existing military equipment to meet United States military requirements.

(d) RESTRICTIONS.—(1) A memorandum of understanding (or other formal agreement) to conduct a cooperative research and development project may not be entered into unless the Secretary of Defense determines that the proposed project enhances the ongoing multinational effort to improve NATO's conventional defense capabilities through the application of emerging technology.

(2) The Secretary may not delegate the authority to make a determination under paragraph (1) except to the Deputy Secretary of Defense or the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering.

(e) RESTRICTIONS ON PROCUREMENT OF EQUIPMENT AND SERVICES.—In order to assure substantial participation on the part of other member nations of NATO in approved cooperative research and development projects, funds made available under subsection (c) for such projects may not be used to procure equipment or services from any foreign government, foreign research organization, or other foreign entity.

(f) COOPERATIVE OPPORTUNITIES DOCUMENT.—(1)(A) In order to ensure that opportunities to conduct cooperative research and development projects are considered during the early decision points in the Department of Defense's formal development review process in connection with any planned project of the Department of Defense, the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering shall prepare a formal arms cooperation opportunities document for review by the Defense Systems Acquisition Review Council at its formal meetings.

(B) The Under Secretary shall also prepare an arms cooperation opportunities document for review of each new project for which a Justification of Major Systems New Start document is prepared.

99 STAT. 714

(2) The formal arms cooperation opportunities document referred to in paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) A statement indicating whether or not a project similar to the one under consideration by the Department of Defense is in development or production by one or more of the other NATO member nations.

(B) If a project similar to the one under consideration by the Department of Defense is in development by one or more other member nations of NATO, an assessment by the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering as to whether that project could satisfy, or could be modified in scope so as to satisfy, the military requirements of the project of the United States under consideration by the Department of Defense.

(C) An assessment of the advantages and disadvantages with regard to program timing, developmental and life cycle costs, technology sharing, and Rationalization, Standardization, and Interoperability (RSI) of seeking to structure a cooperative development program with one or more other NATO member nations.

(D) The recommendation of the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering as to whether the Department of Defense should explore the feasibility and desirability of a cooperative development program with one or more other member nations of NATO.

(g) SIDE-BY-SIDE TESTING.—(1) It is the sense of Congress—

(A) that the Department of Defense should perform more side-by-side testing of conventional defense equipment manufactured by the United States and other member nations of NATO; and

(B) that such testing should be conducted at the late stage of the development process when there is usually only a single United States prime contractor.

Ante, p. 605.

(2) In addition to any funds appropriated for activities of the Director of Defense Test and Evaluation pursuant to section 201(a), $50,000,000 shall be available to the Director, from any other funds appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1986, for the acquisition of items of the type specified in paragraph (3) manufactured by other member nations of NATO for side-by-side comparison testing with comparable items of United States manufacture.

(3) Items that may be acquired by the Director of Defense Test and Evaluation under paragraph (2) include the following:

(A) Submunitions and dispensers.
(B) Anti-tank and anti-armor guided missiles.
(C) Mines, for both land and naval warfare.
(D) Runway-cratering devices.
(E) Torpedoes.
(F) Mortar systems.
(G) Light armored vehicles and major subsystems thereof.
(H) Utility vehicles.
(I) High-velocity anti-tank guns.
(J) Short-Range Air Defense Systems (SHORADS).
(K) Mobile air defense systems and components.

(4) The Director of Defense Test and Evaluation shall notify the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives of his intent to obligate funds made

available to carry out this subsection not less than 30 days before such funds are obligated.

Report

(5) Not later than February 1 of each year, the Director of Defense Test and Evaluation shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives a report—

(A) on the systems, subsystems, and munitions produced by other member nations of NATO that were evaluated during the previous fiscal year by the Director; and

(B) on the obligation of any funds under this subsection during the previous fiscal year.

(h) SECRETARY TO ENCOURAGE SIMILAR NATO PROGRAMS.—The Secretary of Defense shall encourage other member nations of NATO to establish programs similar to the one provided for in this section.

TITLE XII—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MANAGEMENT

PART A—MANAGEMENT OF FACILITIES AND DOD ORGANIZATION

SEC. 1201. ANNUAL SELECTED ACQUISITION REPORTS

Subsection (c) of section 139a of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(c)(1) Each Selected Acquisition Report for the first quarter for a fiscal year shall include—

"(A) the same information, in detailed and summarized form, as is provided in reports submitted under section 139 of this title;

10 USC 139.

"(B) the current program acquisition unit cost for each major defense acquisition program included in the report and the history of that cost from the date the program was first included in a Selected Acquisition Report to the end of the quarter for which the current report is submitted; and

"(C) such other information as the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate.

"(2) Each Selected Acquisition Report for the first quarter of a fiscal year shall be prepared and submitted with the same content as was used for the Selected Acquisition Report for the first quarter of fiscal year 1984.

"(3) In addition to the material required by paragraphs (1) and (2), each Selected Acquisition Report for the first quarter of a fiscal year shall include—

"(A) a full life-cycle cost analysis for each major defense acquisition program included in the report that—

"(i) is in the full-scale engineering development stage or has completed that stage; and

"(ii) was first included in a Selected Acquisition Report for a quarter after the first quarter of fiscal year 1985;

"(B) if the system that is included in that major defense acquisition program has an antecedent system, a full life-cycle cost analysis for that system; and

"(C) production information for each major defense acquisition program included in the report, including (with respect to each such program)—

"(i) specification of the baseline production rate for each year of production of the program, defined as the production rate for each fiscal year through completion of procurement assumed in the decision to proceed with production (commonly referred to as the "Milestone III" decision);

"(ii) specification of the production rate for each fiscal year through completion of procurement assumed in the cost-effectiveness analysis prepared in conjunction with the decision to proceed with full-scale engineering development (commonly referred to as the "Milestone II" decision);

"(iii) specification of the maximum production rate for each year of production under the program, defined as the production rate for each fiscal year through completion of procurement attainable with the facilities and tooling currently programmed to be available for procurement under the program or otherwise provided by Government funds;

"(iv) specification of the current production rate for each year of production, defined as the production rate for the fiscal year during which the report is submitted and the annual production rate currently programmed for each subsequent fiscal year through completion of procurement, based on the President's Budget for the following fiscal year;

"(v) estimation of any cost variance—

"(I) between the program acquisition unit cost at the current production rate specified under clause (iv) and the program acquisition unit cost at the baseline production rate specified under clause (i); and

"(II) between the total program cost at the current production rate specified under clause (iv) and the total program cost at the baseline production rate specified under clause (i);

"(vi) estimation of any cost variance—

"(I) between the program acquisition unit cost at the current production rate specified under clause (iv) and the program acquisition unit cost at the maximum production rate specified under clause (iii); and

"(II) between the total program cost at the current production rate specified under clause (iv) and the total program cost at the maximum production rate specified under clause (iii); and

"(vii) estimation of any schedule or delivery variance—

"(I) between total quantities assumed in the baseline production rate specified under clause (i) and the current production rate specified under clause (iv); and

"(II) total quantities assumed in the maximum production rate specified under clause (iii) and the current production rate specified under clause (iv).

"(4) Selected Acquisition Reports for the first quarter of a fiscal year shall be known as comprehensive annual Selected Acquisition Reports.".

SEC. 1202. BASE CLOSURES AND REALIGNMENTS

98 Stat. 2624.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2687 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

99 STAT. 717

"§ 2687. Base closures and realignments

"(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no action may be taken to effect or implement—

"(1) the closure of any military installation at which at least 300 civilian personnel are authorized to be employed;

"(2) any realignment with respect to any military installation referred to in paragraph (1) involving a reduction by more than 1,000, or by more than 50 percent, in the number of civilian personnel authorized to be employed at such military installation at the time the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of the military department concerned notifies the Congress under subsection (b) of the Secretary's plan to close or realign such installation; or

"(3) any construction, conversion, or rehabilitation at any military facility other than a military installation referred to in clause (1) or (2) which will or may be required as a result of the relocation of civilian personnel to such facility by reason of any closure or realignment to which clause (1) or (2) applies,

unless and until the provisions of subsection (b) are complied with.

"(b) No action described in subsection (a) with respect to the closure of, or a realignment with respect to, any military installation referred to in such subsection may be taken unless and until—

"(1) the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of the military department concerned notifies the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives, as part of an annual request for authorization of appropriations to such Committees, of the proposed closing or realignment and submits with the notification an evaluation of the fiscal, local economic, budgetary, environmental, strategic, and operational consequences of such closure or realignment; and

"(2) a period of 30 legislative days or 60 calendar days, whichever is longer, expires following the day on which the notice and evaluation referred to in clause (1) have been submitted to such committees, during which period no irrevocable action may be taken to effect or implement the decision.

"(c) This section shall not apply to the closure of a military installation, or a realignment with respect to a military installation, if the President certifies to the Congress that such closure or realignment must be implemented for reasons of national security or a military emergency.

"(d)(1) After the expiration of the period of time provided for in subsection (b)(2) with respect to the closure or realignment of a military installation, funds which would otherwise be available to the Secretary to effect the closure or realignment of that installation may be used by him for such purpose.

"(2) Nothing in this section restricts the authority of the Secretary to obtain architectural and engineering services under section 2807 of this title. 10 USC 2807

"(e) In this section:

"(1) 'Military installation' means a base, camp, post, station, yard, center, or other activity under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of a military department which is located within any of the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, or Guam. Such term does not include any facility used primarily 99 STAT. 718 for civil works, rivers and harbors projects, or flood control projects.

"(2) 'Civilian personnel' means direct-hire, permanent civilian employees of the Department of Defense.

"(3) 'Realignment' includes any action which both reduces and relocates functions and civilian personnel positions, but does not include a reduction in force resulting from workload adjustments, reduced personnel or funding levels, skill imbalances, or other similar causes.

"(4) 'Legislative day' means a day on which either House of Congress is in session.".

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply to closures and realignments completed on or after the date of the enactment of this Act, except that any action taken to effect or implement any closure or realignment for which a public announcement was made pursuant to section 2687(b)(1) of title 10, United States Code, after April 1, 1985, and before the date of enactment of this Act shall be subject to the provisions of section 2687 of such title as in effect on the day before such date of enactment.

10 USC 2687 note

Ante, p. 717

SEC. 1203. DEMONSTRATION PROJECT TO TEST THE USE OF A CERTAIN COMPUTER SYSTEM IN MILITARY HOSPITALS

(a) TEST OF VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION DECENTRALIZED HOSPITAL COMPUTER PROGRAM (DHCP).—The Secretary of Defense (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall carry out a demonstration project for the purpose of testing the use in military hospitals of the hospital-management computer system of the Veterans' Administration known as the Veterans' Administration's decentralized hospital computer program. The purpose of the test shall be to determine the feasibility and cost-effectiveness of the use in military hospitals of such system rather than the use of a centralized hospital-management computer system, including the Composite Health-Care System.

(b) DURATION AND LOCATION OF DEMONSTRATION PROJECT.—The demonstration project under subsection (a) shall be carried out over a six-month period beginning on March 1, 1986, in two military hospitals. One of such hospitals shall be the hospital at March Air Force Base, and the test of the Veterans' Administration decentralized hospital computer program at such Air Force Base shall be expanded to meet the requirements of this section. The second hospital at which the demonstration project shall be carried out shall be designated by the Secretary of Defense. Such hospital may not be under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Air Force and shall be significantly larger than the hospital at March Air Force Base.

(c) USE OF ALL COMPONENTS OF DHCP.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, shall ensure that all available components of the Veterans' Administration system referred to in subsection (a) (including equipment and software) are used at their current functional level in each hospital in which the system is tested under this section.

(d) ASSISTANCE FROM VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION.—The Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall provide, on a reimbursable basis, such personnel and equipment as are requested by the Secretary and determined by the Administrator to be available in order to assist the Secretary in carrying out the demonstration project under subsection (a).

99 STAT. 719

(e) REPORT BY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.—The Secretary shall transmit to Congress a report describing the demonstration project carried out under this section. Such report shall include specific findings and conclusions by the Secretary, and by the Secretary of each military department, with respect to the feasibility and cost-effectiveness of using the Veterans' Administration system referred to in subsection (a) in military hospitals, including the cost advantage that would accrue from acquiring a hospital-management computer system in the near term rather than the date that would apply if the Secretary were to acquire a centralized computer system, including the Composite Health-Care System.

(f) COMPTROLLER GENERAL EVALUATION AND REPORTS.—(1) The Comptroller General shall evaluate—

(A) the acquisition and implementation of the Composite Health-Care System; and

(B) the conduct of the demonstration project.

(2) The Comptroller General shall submit to Congress the reports specified in subsection (g) with respect to such evaluations and such other reports on such evaluations as may be appropriate.

(3) The evaluations required by paragraph (1) shall include consideration of—

(A) whether the Department of Defense has carried out the demonstration project in accordance with this section;

(B) the results of the demonstration project, including the feasibility and cost-effectiveness of using the Veterans' Administration system referred to in subsection (a) in military hospitals in lieu of the Composite Health-Care System; and

(C) the competitive acquisition process followed by the Department of Defense in making the selection of, and contract awards to, vendors for the Composite Health-Care System.

(g) RESTRICTIONS.—(1) The Secretary may not select vendors for the competition phase of the acquisition of the Composite Health-

Care System or enter into any contract related to that phase until the earlier of—

(A) June 1, 1986; or

(B) the end of the 60-day period beginning on the date the Comptroller General submits a report under subsection (f) on the competitive acquisition process followed by the Department of Defense in selecting vendors for such competition phase.

Contract

(2) The Secretary may not enter into a contract for the procurement of a centralized computer system for military hospitals, including the Composite Health-Care System, until the Secretary—

(A) evaluates the results of the project carried out under this section in accordance with subsection (e);

(B) submits to Congress a report on such evaluation; and

(C) a period of 60 days has passed after receipt by Congress of that report.

Contract

(3) The Secretary may not make the final selection of a vendor or enter into a contract for the procurement of a centralized computer system for military hospitals, including the Composite Health-Care System, until the earlier of—

(A) July 1, 1987; or

(B) the end of the 60-day period beginning on the date on which the Comptroller General submits a report under subsection (f) on—

99 STAT. 720

(i) the results of the demonstration project carried out under this section; and

(ii) the competitive acquisition process followed by the Department of Defense leading to the final selection of a vendor.

(h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term "military hospital" means a hospital or medical center under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of a military department.

(2) The term "Composite Health-Care System" means the centralized hospital-management computer system that the Department of Defense is in the process of acquiring (as of the date of the enactment of this Act) for its medical facilities.

SEC. 1204. CONTINUED OPERATION BY THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE OF THE DEFENSE DEPENDENTS' EDUCATION SYSTEM

Repeals

(a) AMENDMENTS TO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ORGANIZATION ACT.—(1) Sections 202(e), 208, 302, and 401(f), of the Department of Education Organization Act (20 U.S.C. 3412(e), 3418, 3442, and 3461(f)), are repealed.

(2) Section 419(a) of such Act (20 U.S.C. 3479(a)) is amended—

(A) by striking out "(1)" after "(a)"; and

(B) by striking out paragraph (2).

(3) Section 503(a) of such Act (20 U.S.C. 3503(a)) is amended—

(A) by striking out "(1)" after "(a)"; and

(B) by striking out paragraph (2).

(4) The table of contents at the beginning of such Act is amended by striking out the items relating to sections 208 and 302.

(5) Section 414(b) of such Act (20 U.S.C. 3474(b)) is amended by striking out "302,".

(b) AMENDMENTS TO DEFENSE DEPENDENTS' EDUCATION ACT OF 1978.—(1) Section 1402 of the Defense Dependents' Education Act of 1978 (20 U.S.C. 921) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c) The Secretary of Defense shall consult with the Secretary of Education on the educational programs and practices of the defense dependents' education system.".

(2)(A) Subsection (a)(1) of section 1410 of such Act (20 U.S.C. 928) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The membership of each such advisory committee shall also include one nonvoting member designated by the organization recognized as the exclusive bargaining representative of the employees working at the school.".

(B) The first sentence of subsection (b) of such section is amended by striking out "Members" and inserting in lieu thereof "Except in the case of a nonvoting member designated under the last sentence of subsection (a)(1), members".

(C) The second sentence of such subsection is amended by striking out "The Secretary of Education, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense," and inserting in lieu thereof "The Secretary of Defense".

(3)(A) Subsection (a) of section 1411 of such Act (20 U.S.C. 929) is amended to read as follows:

Advisory Council on Dependents' Education, establishment.

"(a)(1) There is established in the Department of Defense an Advisory Council on Dependents' Education (hereinafter in this section referred to as the 'Council'). The Council shall be composed of—

99 STAT. 721

"(A) the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Education, or their respective designees;

"(B) 12 individuals appointed jointly by the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Education who shall be individuals who have demonstrated an interest in the field of primary or secondary education and who shall include representatives of professional employee organizations, school administrators, and parents of students enrolled in the defense dependents' education system, and one student enrolled in such system; and

"(C) a representative of the Secretary of Defense and of the Secretary of Education.

"(2) Individuals appointed to the Council from professional employee organizations shall be individuals designated by those organizations.

"(3) The Secretary of Defense, or the Secretary's designee, and the Secretary of Education, or the Secretary's designee, shall serve as cochairmen of the Council.

"(4) The Director shall be the Executive Secretary of the Council.".

(4) Subsection (b)(1) of such section is amended by inserting "the Secretary of Defense and" before "the Secretary of Education".

(5) Subsection (c) of such section is amended—

(A) by striking out "at least four times each year" and inserting in lieu thereof "at least two times each year";

(B) by striking out paragraph (2);

(C) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), and (5) as paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), respectively; and

(D) by striking out "Secretary of Education" in paragraph (4) (as redesignated by subparagraph (C) of this paragraph) and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary of Defense".

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 5316 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking out "Administrator of Education for Overseas Dependents, Department of Education.".

SEC. 1205. AUTHORITY TO ENROLL CERTAIN CHILDREN IN OVERSEAS SCHOOLS OF THE DEFENSE DEPENDENTS' EDUCATION SYSTEM

Section 1404 of the Defense Dependents' Education Act of 1978 (20 U.S.C. 923) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d)(1) The Secretary of Defense may authorize the enrollment in schools of the defense dependents' education system of children in the following classes:

"(A) Children of officers and employees of the United States (including employees of nonappropriated fund activities of the Department of Defense) stationed in overseas areas.

"(B) Children of employees of contractors employed in carrying out work for the United States in overseas areas.

"(C) Children of other citizens or nationals of the United

States or of foreign nationals, if the Secretary determines that enrollment of such children is in the national interest.

"(2) Notwithstanding subsection (c), the Secretary may not waive the tuition requirements of subsection (b)(1) with respect to children referred to in paragraph (1).". 99 STAT. 722

SEC. 1206. LIMITATION ON SIZE OF HEADQUARTERS STAFFS

(a) FREEZE ON HEADQUARTERS PERSONNEL.—As of September 30, 1986, the total number of military and civilian personnel assigned to duty in the agencies of the Department of Defense and the military departments to perform management headquarters activities or management headquarters support activities may not exceed the total number of personnel assigned to perform such activities as of September 30, 1985.

(b) CAP ON OSD PERSONNEL.—The number of military and civilian personnel assigned to the Office of the Secretary of Defense as of September 30, 1986, may not exceed 1,765.

(c) EXCLUSIONS.—In computing the number of military and civilian personnel assigned to duty in any agency of the Department of Defense or any military department to perform management headquarters activities or management headquarters support activities, the number of personnel assigned to such duty in the National Security Agency/Central Security Service, the Defense Intelligence Agency, the Organization of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, or the Naval Intelligence Command shall not be included.

(d) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section, the terms "management headquarters activities" and "management headquarters support activities" have the same meanings prescribed for such terms in Department of Defense Directive 5100.73 entitled "Department of Defense Management Headquarters and Headquarters Support Activities", dated January 7, 1985.

SEC. 1207. REPORT ON ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE OF THE MILITARY HEALTH-CARE DELIVERY SYSTEM

(a) REQUIREMENT FOR REPORT.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report containing a plan for revising the organizational structure of the military health-care delivery system to accomplish the goals described in subsection (b). In addition to recommendations of the Secretary, the report shall contain an analysis and evaluation of the various alternatives for that organizational structure that have been proposed as well as such other measures as the Secretary considers appropriate.

(2) The report of the Secretary shall be prepared through the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs.

(b) GOALS.—The goals referred to in subsection (a) are the following:

(1) Streamlining the process for allocation of resources of the military health-care delivery system, including—

(A) integrating and coordinating the planning, programming, and budgeting of military medical facilities, equipment, and staffing; and

(B) adopting uniform budgeting procedures, uniform measures of workload, and other actions to improve operational efficiency (including the elimination of incentives to the over-use of inpatient care).

(2) Improving the quality of medical care, including adoption of uniform, rigorous quality assurance standards and procedures to monitor the implementation of those standards.

(3) Reducing the cost of health care provided by the Department of Defense (in military medical facilities and under the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services) through adoption or adaptation, where possible, of 99 STAT. 723 competitive strategies, cost containment innovations, or other techniques from the private sector.

(4) Enhancing medical readiness, including—

(A) improving joint medical readiness planning within the continental United States and overseas;

(B) standardizing combat medical equipment;

(C) standardizing the methodology used to determine the number of personnel, force structure, and specialty mix necessary to meet wartime medical manpower requirements; and

(D) redirecting graduate medical education programs to provide training in critical combat specialties.

Study

(c) VIEWS OF OTHER DOD COMPONENTS.—The Secretary of each military department and the Joint Chiefs of Staff shall each carry out an independent study of the matters described in subsection (a). The report submitted under subsection (a) shall include the results of each such study. The study carried out by the Joint Chiefs of Staff shall include comments and contributions from the commanders of each of the unified and specified commands.

(d) DEADLINE FOR REPORT.—The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 1208. ANNUAL REPORT ON GUARD AND RESERVE EQUIPMENT

Section 138(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(3) The Secretary shall include in each report under paragraph (2) the following:

"(A) A listing of each major item of equipment required by the Selected Reserve of the Ready Reserve of each reserve component indicating—

"(i) the full war-time requirement of that component for that item, shown in accordance with deployment schedules and requirements over successive 30-day periods following mobilization;

"(ii) the number of each such item in the inventory of the component;

"(iii) a separate listing of each such item in the inventory that is a deployable item and is not the most desired item;

"(iv) the number of each such item projected to be in the inventory at the end of the third succeeding fiscal year; and

"(v) the number of nondeployable items in the inventory as a substitute for a required major item of equipment.

"(B) A narrative explanation of the plan of the Secretary concerned to provide equipment needed to fill the war-time requirement for each major item of equipment to all units of the Selected Reserve, including an explanation of the plan to equip units of the Selected Reserve that are short major items of equipment at the outset of war.

"(C) For each item of major equipment reported under paragraph (2)(C) in a report for one of the three previous years under this subsection as an item expected to be procured for the Selected Reserve or to be transferred to the Selected Reserve, the quantity of such equipment actually procured for or transferred to the Selected Reserve.".

99 STAT. 724

SEC. 1209. MORATORIUM ON FRANCHISE AGREEMENTS BY MILITARY EXCHANGE SERVICES

(a) IN GENERAL.—During the period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending 30 days after the date Congress receives the report required by subsection (b), but no later than May 1, 1986, the Commanders of the Army and Air Force Exchange Service, the Navy Exchange Service, and the Marine Corps Exchange Service may not begin construction of any facility that—

(1) is located on a military installation in the United States;

(2) is to be used for the operation of a commercial franchise business; and

(3) is not identified in a contract, supplemental agreement to a contract, a contract solicitation, or letter of intent agreed to before the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) Report Requirement.—(1) Not later than February 1, 1986, the Secretary of Defense shall transmit to Congress a report on current and proposed commercial franchise business operations on military installations.

(2) The report required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) A description of current and proposed plans of the exchange services referred to in subsection (a) to operate, or to authorize the operation of, commercial franchise businesses on military installations, specifying the franchises, installations, and types of services provided or to be provided under such plans.

(B) An enumeration of any advantages to commencing or expanding commercial franchise business activities on military installations.

(C) A description of the type and value of appropriated fund support (including Federal land and facilities) provided to activities of the exchange services referred to in subsection (a).

(D) A description of review and approval procedures in effect for determining whether the exchange services will enter into new commercial business franchise activities or will expand existing commercial business franchise activities.

(E) A description of the procedure for deciding whether services should be provided under contract or franchise or by using the resources of the exchange services.

(F) A description of the process by which a military installation is selected for new or increased levels of activities of the exchange services.

(G) A description of the consideration given to the impact that the addition of a new commercial business franchise activity or an expansion of an existing commercial business franchise activity of an exchange service at a military installation will have on private commercial business operations in the vicinity of the installation.

(H) An estimate (after consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury) of—

(i) the amount of tax revenues lost annually by State and local jurisdictions as the result of the operation of commercial franchise businesses on military installations in the United States; and

(ii) the potential effect on State and local tax bases of expansion of such businesses. 99 STAT. 725

(I) The legal basis for and propriety of the operation by an instrumentality of the United States of a commercial business on a military installation under a franchise arrangement.

(c) Prior Notice to Congress.—(1) An officer or employee of the Department of Defense may not enter into a contract for the construction of a facility for or operation of a commercial franchise business on a military installation in the United States until the Secretary of Defense notifies Congress of the intention to enter into the contract. Contract.

(2) Paragraph (1) shall expire at the end of the two-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 1210. PRIORITY FOR AIR FORCE SHUTTLE OPERATIONS AND PLANNING COMPLEX

(a) Dates for IOC.—(1) The Secretary of the Air Force shall give sufficient priority to the completion of the Air Force Shuttle Operations and Planning Complex (SOPC) to ensure an initial operational capability (IOC) date for mission control at such complex in November 1992.

(2) In order to meet that IOC date, the Secretary is encouraged to maximize, to the extent feasible and practicable, commonality of design and equipments at the SOPC with the planned modernization of shuttle control facilities at the Johnson Space Flight Center.

(b) REPORT.—At the time of the submission to Congress of the President's budget for fiscal year 1987, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report setting forth a program plan by which the IOC date as specified in subsection (a) may be met.

SEC. 1211. PROVISION OF URANIUM TETRAFLUORIDE TO CONTRACTORS FOR PRODUCTION OF CONVENTIONAL AMMUNITION

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary of the Army, during fiscal year 1986, may provide uranium tetrafluoride (green salt) from stockpile materials available to the Secretary to a contractor for the production of conventional ammunition for the Army.

(b) CERTIFICATION BY THE SECRETARY.—The Secretary may not provide uranium tetrafluoride to a contractor under this section until the Secretary certifies to Congress that—

(1) such action is necessary to meet the fiscal year 1986 ammunition production requirement because neither uranium tetrafluoride nor depleted uranium metal of the appropriate quality is available to the contractor from commercial sources—

(A) in the quantity needed by the contractor;

(B) during the period in which the material is needed by the contractor; and

(C) at a reasonable price (to be determined by the Comptroller General of the United States after taking into account an appropriate profit and the investment made in facilities as a consequence of the decision of the Secretary to discontinue providing uranium tetrafluoride to contractors beginning in fiscal year 1986);

(2) the contractor has agreed to repay to the United States a quantity of uranium tetrafluoride equivalent to the quantity provided to the contractor by the Secretary and has presented the Secretary with a credible plan for the repayment of the material; and

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(3) the contractor has agreed to pay interest (at a rate determined by the Secretary) for the period beginning on the date on which the uranium tetrafluoride is made available to the contractor and ending on the date on which the material is repaid to the United States.

10 USC 133 note.

SEC. 1212. PROHIBITION OF CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS ON INSTITUTIONS ELIGIBLE TO PROVIDE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES

(a) No solicitation, contract, or agreement for the provision of off-duty postsecondary education services for members of the Armed Forces of the United States, civilian employees of the Department of Defense, or the dependents of such members or employees may discriminate against or preclude any accredited academic institution authorized to award one or more associate degrees from offering courses within its lawful scope of authority solely on the basis of such institution's lack of authority to award a baccalaureate degree.

(b) No solicitation, contract, or agreement for the provision of off-duty postsecondary education services for members of the Armed Forces of the United States, civilian employees of the Department of Defense, or the dependents of such members or employees, other than those for services at the graduate or postgraduate level, may limit the offering of such services or any group, category, or level of courses to a single academic institution. However, nothing in this section shall prohibit such actions taken in accordance with regulations of the Secretary of Defense which are uniform for all armed services as may be necessary to avoid unnecessary duplication of offerings, consistent with the purpose of this provision of ensuring the availability of alternative offerors of such services to the maximum extent feasible.

(c) This section shall apply to contracts entered into after April 1, 1985.

Vessels

(d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require more than one academic institution to be authorized to offer courses aboard a particular naval vessel.

Study

(e)(1) The Comptroller General of the United States shall carry out a study to determine (A) the educational needs of members of the Armed Forces of the United States and civilian employees of the Department of Defense stationed outside the United States and the educational needs of the dependents of such members and employees, (B) the most effective and feasible means of meeting such needs, and (C) the cost of providing such means.

Report

(2) Not later than September 1, 1986, the Comptroller General shall transmit to the Congress a report on the study required by subsection (1). The report shall include the Comptroller General's findings and such recommendations for legislation as the Comptroller General considers appropriate.

Part B—Personnel Management

SEC. 1221. COUNTERINTELLIGENCE POLYGRAPH PROGRAM

(a) Implementation of Program.—During fiscal years 1986 and 1987, the Secretary of Defense shall implement a program of counterintelligence polygraph examinations based upon Department of Defense Directive 5210.48, dated December 24, 1984, for military and civilian personnel of the Department of Defense and

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personnel of defense contractors whose duties involve access to classified information at the level of top secret or classified information within special access programs established under section 4.2(a) of Executive Order 12356.

3 CFR, 1982 Comp., p. 166.

(b) Limitation During Fiscal Years 1986 and 1987.—The total number of persons required to take a counterintelligence polygraph examination under this section—

(1) may not exceed 3,500 during fiscal year 1986; and

(2) may not exceed 7,000 during fiscal year 1987.

(c) Reports.—(1) Not later than December 31, 1985, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on his plans to expand the use of polygraph examinations in the Department of Defense. Such report shall include a discussion of the Secretary's plans for recruiting and training additional polygraph operators.

(2) Not later than December 31, 1986, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on the use of polygraph examinations administered by or for the Department of Defense during fiscal year 1986. The report shall include—

(A) the number of polygraph examinations conducted during such fiscal year;

(B) a description of the purposes and results of such examinations;

(C) a description of the criteria used for selecting programs and individuals for examinations;

(D) the number of persons who refused to submit to an examination;

(E) a description of the actions taken, including denial of clearance or any adverse action, when an individual either failed or refused to take the examination;

(F) an explanation of the uses made of the results of the examinations; and

(G) a detailed accounting of those cases in which more than two examinations were needed to attempt to resolve discrepancies.

(d) POLYGRAPH RESEARCH PROGRAM.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall carry out a continuing research program to support the polygraph activities of the Department of Defense. The program shall include—

(A) an on-going evaluation of the validity of polygraph techniques used by the Department;

(B) research on polygraph countermeasures and anti-countermeasures; and

(C) developmental research on polygraph techniques, instrumentation, and analytic methods.

Report. (2) Not later than December 31 of each year, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives, the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives a report on the results during the preceding fiscal year of the research program referred to in paragraph (1).

(3) There is authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1986 the sum of $590,000 to carry out the research program referred to in paragraph (1).

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(e) NON-APPLICATION OF SECTION.—This section does not apply—

(1) to an individual assigned or detailed to the Central Intelligence Agency or to any expert or consultant under a contract with the Central Intelligence Agency;

(2) to (A) an individual employed by or assigned or detailed to the National Security Agency, (B) an expert or consultant under contract to the National Security Agency, (C) an employee of a contractor of the National Security Agency, or (D) an individual applying for a position in the National Security Agency; or

(3) to an individual assigned to a space where sensitive cryptologic information is produced, processed, or stored.

SEC. 1222. REDUCTION IN SECURITY CLEARANCE BACKLOG

(a) FINDING.—The Congress finds that there are many persons with a security clearance at a level of top secret or above who have not been investigated for more than five years as a result of delays in the program of the Department of Defense for periodic reinvestigations of persons with clearance at such a level.

(b) REDUCTION IN CLEARANCE BACKLOG.—The Secretary of Defense shall take such action as may be necessary to achieve a substantial reduction in the backlog under such periodic-reinvestigation program by the end of fiscal year 1986. The Secretary should seek to obtain a 25-percent reduction in that backlog in fiscal year 1986.

(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 for operation and maintenance of defense agencies $25,000,000 which may be used only for the purpose of carrying out actions required by subsection (b).

(d) REPORT.—Not later than April 1, 1986, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on the level and manner of obligating the funds appropriated pursuant to the authorization in subsection (c) and on the level of reductions of the backlog achieved at the time of the report. Such report also shall include a description of resources and the funding level which would be needed in order to reduce by the end of fiscal year 1987 such backlog by 50 percent below the level of such backlog on the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 1223. AUTHORITY FOR INDEPENDENT CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS BY NAVY AND AIR FORCE INVESTIGATIVE UNITS

The Secretary of the Navy shall prescribe regulations providing to the Naval Investigative Service authority to initiate and conduct criminal investigations on the authority of the Director of the Naval Investigative Service. The Secretary of the Air Force shall prescribe regulations providing to the Air Force Office of Special Investigations authority to initiate and conduct criminal investigations on the authority of the Commander of the Air Force Office of Special Investigations.

SEC. 1224. ESTABLISHMENT OF MINIMUM DRINKING AGE ON MILITARY INSTALLATIONS

Alcohol and alcoholic beverages.

(a) Minimum Drinking Age Based on State Law.—Section 2683 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c)(1) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), the Secretary concerned shall establish and enforce as the minimum drinking age on a military installation located in a State the age established by the law of that State as the State minimum drinking age.

"(2)(A) In the case of a military installation located—

"(i) in more than one State; or

"(ii) in one State but within 50 miles of another State or Mexico or Canada,

the Secretary concerned may establish and enforce as the minimum drinking age on that military installation the lowest applicable age.

"(B) In subparagraph (A), 'lowest applicable age' means the lowest minimum drinking age established by the law—

"(i) of a State in which a military installation is located; or

"(ii) of a State or jurisdiction of Mexico or Canada that is within 50 miles of such military installation.

"(3)(A) The commanding officer of a military installation may waive the requirement of paragraph (1) if such commanding officer determines that the exemption is justified by special circumstances.

"(B) The Secretary of Defense shall define by regulations what constitute special circumstances for the purposes of this paragraph.

"(4) In this subsection:

"(A) 'State' includes the District of Columbia.

"(B) 'Minimum drinking age' means the minimum age or ages established for persons who may purchase, possess, or consume alcoholic beverages.".

(b) Conforming Amendments.—(1) Subsection (b) of such section is amended by striking out "section" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (a)".

(2) Section 6 of the 1951 Amendments to the Universal Military Training and Service Act (50 U.S.C. App. 473) is amended by striking out "The" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "Subject to section 2683(c) of title 10, United States Code, the".

Ante, p. 728.

(c) Clerical Amendments.—(1) The heading of section 2683 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 2683. Relinquishment of legislative jurisdiction; minimum drinking age on military installations".

Alcohol and alcoholic beverages.

(2) The item relating to that section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 159 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"2683. Relinquishment of legislative jurisdiction; minimum drinking age on military installations."

(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

10 USC 2683 note.

(e) Report.—(1) Not later than February 1, 1986, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on—

(A) the effects of the provisions of section 2683(c) of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a); and

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(B) the feasibility and desirability of permitting the sale to members of the Armed Forces who have not attained the minimum drinking age established on a military installation under such section, in establishments located on the military installation, of—

(i) low alcohol malt beverages (2.0 percent or less alcohol by weight); and

(ii) low alcohol wine beverages (6.0 percent or less alcohol by volume).

(2) The report required by paragraph (1) shall include—

(A) comments and recommendations by the Secretary concerning the feasibility and desirability of permitting the sale of the low alcohol beverages described in paragraph (1)(B);

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Motor vehicles.

(B) an analysis of any effects of such sale on—

(i) the incidence of members of the Armed Forces or their dependents operating motor vehicles while under the influence of alcohol or drugs; and

(ii) the incidence of persons operating motor vehicles on a military installation while under the influence of alcohol or drugs;

Motor vehicles.
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(C) an analysis of any effects of the provisions of section 2683(c) of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), on—

(i) the incidence of members of the Armed Forces or their dependents operating motor vehicles while under the influence of alcohol or drugs; and

(ii) the incidence of persons operating motor vehicles on a military installation while under the influence of alcohol or drugs; and

(D) any comments or recommendations the Secretary may consider appropriate, including any proposal for legislative action.

SEC. 1225. CASH AWARDS FOR DISCLOSURES LEADING TO COST SAVINGS

(a) MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.—(1) Section 1124 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting "disclosure," in subsections (a), (b), (c), and (f) before "suggestion".

(2)(A) The heading of such section is amended to read as follows:

"§ 1124. Cash awards for disclosures, suggestions, inventions, and scientific achievements".

(B) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 57 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"1124. Cash awards for disclosures, suggestions, inventions, and scientific achievements.".

10 USC 1124 note.

(3) The amendments made by this subsection shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

(b) CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES.—(1)(A) Section 4514 of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 4514. Expiration of authority; reporting requirement

Awards.

"(a) No award may be made under this subchapter after September 30, 1988.

Report.

"(b)(1) Not later than March 15, 1988, the Comptroller General shall submit to Congress a report on the effectiveness of the awards program under this subchapter.

"(2) The report shall include the views of the Comptroller General as to whether the authority to make awards under this subchapter should be continued after September 30, 1988, and, if so, whether any modification in such authority would be appropriate.".

(B) The item relating to such section in the table of sections for chapter 45 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"4514. Expiration of authority; reporting requirement.".

5 USC 4512.

(2) Section 4512 of such title is amended by striking out subsection (c).

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PART C—CONTRACTING OUT FOR PERFORMANCE OF CERTAIN FUNCTIONS

10 USC 230 note.

SEC. 1231. SPECIFICATION OF CORE-LOGISTICS FUNCTIONS SUBJECT TO CONTRACTING-OUT LIMITATION

(a) IN GENERAL.—A function of the Department of Defense described in subsection (b) shall be deemed for the purposes of section 307(b) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98–525; 98 Stat. 2514), to be a logistics activity identified by the Secretary of Defense under section 307(a)(2) of such Act as necessary to maintain the logistics capability of the Department of Defense described in section 307(a)(1) of such Act.

(b) DESCRIPTION OF FUNCTIONS.—The functions to which subsection (a) applies are the following:

(1) Depot-level maintenance of mission-essential materiel at the following activities of the Army:

Anniston Army Depot, Anniston, Alabama.
Corpus Christi Army Depot, Corpus Christi, Texas.
Crane Army Ammunition Plant, Crane, Indiana.
Fort Wingate Army Depot, Gallup, New Mexico.
Letterkenny Army Depot, Letterkenny, Pennsylvania.
Lexington-Blue Grass Army Depot, Lexington, Kentucky.
McAlester Army Ammunition Plant, McAlester, Oklahoma.
New Cumberland Army Depot, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.
Pueblo Army Depot, Pueblo, Colorado.
Red River Army Depot, Texarkana, Texas.
Rock Island Arsenal, Rock Island, Illinois.
Sacramento Army Depot, Sacramento, California.
Savanna Army Depot, Savanna, Illinois.
Seneca Army Depot, Romulus, New York.
Sharpe Army Depot, Stockton, California.
Sierra Army Depot, Herlong, California.
Tobyhanna Army Depot, Tobyhanna, Pennsylvania.
Tooele Army Depot, Tooele, Utah.
Umatilla Army Depot, Umatilla, Oregon.
Watervliet Arsenal, Watervliet, New York.

(2) Depot-level maintenance of mission-essential materiel at the following activities of the Navy:

Naval Air Rework Facility, Alameda, California.
Naval Air Rework Facility, Cherry Point, North Carolina.
Naval Air Rework Facility, Jacksonville, Florida.
Naval Air Rework Facility, Norfolk, Virginia.
Naval Air Rework Facility, Pensacola, Florida.
Naval Air Rework Facility, North Island, San Diego, California.
Naval Aviation Supply Office, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
Naval Construction Battalion Center, Davisville, Rhode Island.
Naval Construction Battalion Center, Gulfport, Mississippi.
Naval Construction Battalion Center, Port Hueneme, California. 99 STAT. 732
Naval Electronics Systems Engineering Center, San Diego, California.
Naval Ordnance Station, Indian Head, Maryland.
Naval Ordnance Station, Louisville, Kentucky.
Naval Shipyard, Charleston, South Carolina.
Naval Shipyard, Norfolk, Virginia.
Naval Shipyard, Long Beach, California.
Naval Shipyard, Mare Island, California.
Naval Shipyard, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
Naval Shipyard, Portsmouth, Kittery, Maine.
Naval Shipyard, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii.
Naval Shipyard, Puget Sound, Bremerton, Washington.
Naval Ship Repair Facility, Guam.
Naval Supply Center, Charleston, South Carolina.
Naval Supply Center, Jacksonville, Florida.
Naval Supply Center, Norfolk, Virginia.

Naval Supply Center, Oakland, California.
Naval Supply Center, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii.
Naval Supply Center, Puget Sound, Bremerton, Washington.
Naval Supply Center, San Diego, California.
Naval Undersea Warfare Engineering Station, Keyport, Washington.
Naval Weapons Station, Charleston, South Carolina.
Naval Weapons Station, Colts Neck, Earle, New Jersey.
Naval Weapons Station, Concord, California.
Naval Weapons Station, Seal Beach, California.
Naval Weapons Station, Yorktown, Virginia.
Naval Weapons Station, Crane, Indiana.
Navy Ships Parts Control Center, Mechanicsburg, Pennsylvania.
TRIDENT Refit Facility, Bangor, Bremerton, Washington.

(3) Depot-level maintenance of mission-essential materiel at the following activities of the Marine Corps:

Marine Corps Logistics Base, Albany, Georgia.
Marine Corps Logistics Base, Barstow, California.

(4) Depot-level maintenance of mission-essential materiel at the following activities of the Air Force:

Aerospace Guidance and Metrology Center, Newark Air Force Station, Ohio.
Ogden Air Logistics Center, Hill Air Force Base, Utah.
Oklahoma City Air Logistics Center, Tinker Air Force Base, Oklahoma.
Sacramento Air Logistics Center, McClellan Air Force Base, California.
San Antonio Air Logistics Center, Kelly Air Force Base, Texas.
Warner Robins Air Logistics Center, Robins Air Force Base, Georgia.

(5) Depot-level maintenance of mission-essential equipment at the following activities of the Defense Logistics Agency:

Defense Construction Supply Center, Columbus, Ohio.
Defense Depot Mechanicsburg, Mechanicsburg, Pennsylvania.
Defense Depot Memphis, Memphis, Tennessee.
99 STAT. 733 Defense Depot Ogden, Ogden, Utah.
Defense Depot Tracy, Tracy, California.
Defense Electronics Supply Center, Dayton, Ohio.
Defense General Supply Center, Richmond, Virginia.
Defense Industrial Plant Equipment Center, Memphis, Tennessee.
Defense Industrial Supply Center, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
Defense Logistics Service Center, Battle Creek, Michigan.
Defense Subsistence Office, Bayonne, New Jersey.

(6) Depot-level maintenance of mission-essential materiel at the following activities of the Defense Mapping Agency:

Aerospace Center, Kansas City Field Office, Kansas City, Missouri.
Aerospace Center, St. Louis AFS, Missouri.
Office of Distribution Services, Brookmont, Maryland.
Office of Distribution Services, Clearfield, Utah.
Office of Distribution Services, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

(c) MATTERS INCLUDED WITHIN SPECIFIED FUNCTIONS.—The functions described in subsection (b) include—

(1) the facilities and equipment at the activities listed in that subsection; and

(2) the Government personnel who manage and perform the work at those activities.

(d) Exclusion of Certain Functions.—Subsection (b) does not include any function that on the date of the enactment of this Act—

(1) is being performed under contract by non-Government personnel; or

(2) has been announced to Congress for review for conversion to performance by non-Government personnel under Office of Management and Budget Circular A-76.

(e) Definition.—For the purposes of this section, the term "mission-essential materiel" means all materiel which is authorized and available to combat, combat support, combat service support, and combat readiness training forces to accomplish their assigned mission.

(f) Technical Amendment.—Section 307(b)(4) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-525; 98 Stat. 2515), is amended by striking out "30-day period" and inserting in lieu thereof "20-day period". 10 USC 2304 note.

SEC. 1232. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTING FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF FIREFIGHTING AND SECURITY FUNCTIONS

(a) Extension of Prohibition.—Section 1221(a) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984 (Public Law 98-94; 97 Stat. 691), is amended by striking out "October 1, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1986".

(b) Report.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a written report containing—

(A) an assessment of the special needs of the Department of Defense with respect to firefighting and base security; and

(B) an assessment of how those needs are met by both Federal employees and contract personnel.

(2) The report shall be prepared in consultation with the Administrator of the United States Fire Administration of the Federal Emergency Management Agency and shall include the comments of the Administrator on the report. 99 STAT. 734

(3) The report shall be submitted not later than March 1, 1986.

SEC. 1233. SERVICES AND ACTIVITIES TO BE PERFORMED BY NON-GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL

The Secretary of Defense shall take such action as may be necessary to ensure that, in each case in which it has been determined in accordance with law that performance of a service or activity by non-Government personnel would be cost effective and in the best interests of national security, such service or activity is performed by non-Government personnel. 10 USC 2304 note.

SEC. 1234. INCREASE IN THRESHOLDS APPLICABLE TO STATUTORY CONTRACTING-OUT PROCEDURES

(a) Increase In Numbers.—Section 502 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1981 (10 U.S.C. 2304 note), is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(2)(D)(i), by striking out "50 employees" and inserting in lieu thereof "75 employees"; and

(2) in subsection (d), by striking out "10 or fewer" and inserting in lieu thereof "40 or fewer".

(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on January 1, 1986. 10 USC 2304 note.

Part D—Economy and Efficiency

SEC. 1241. FLEXTIME FOR FEDERAL CONTRACTOR EMPLOYEES

(a) Amendments to Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act.—(1) Subsection (a) of section 102 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 328(a)) is amended to read as follows:

"(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the wages of every laborer and mechanic employed by any contractor or subcontractor in his performance of work on any contract of the character specified in section 103 shall be computed on the basis of a standard workweek of forty hours, and work in excess of such standard workweek shall be permitted subject to provisions of this section. For each workweek in which any such laborer or mechanic is so employed such wages shall include compensation, at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay, for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in the workweek."

(2) Section 102(b) of such Act is amended—

(A) by striking out "eight hours in any calendar day or in excess of" in paragraph (1); and

(B) by striking out "eight hours or in excess of" in paragraph (2).

(b) Amendment to Walsh-Healey Act.—Subsection (c) of the first section of the Act entitled "An Act to provide conditions for the purchase of supplies and the making of contracts by the United States, and for other purposes" (41 U.S.C. 35(c)), commonly known as the Walsh-Healey Act, is amended by striking out "eight hours in any one day or in excess of".

41 USC 35 note. (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on January 1, 1986.

SEC. 1242. PROHIBITION ON ESTABLISHMENT OF PAY RATES FOR PREVAILING RATE EMPLOYEES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE USING SURVEYS OF WAGES PAID OUTSIDE THE LOCAL WAGE AREA

(a) Amendment to Section 5343 of Title 5, U.S.C.—Paragraph (2) of section 5343(d) of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(2) When the lead agency determines that there is a number of comparable positions in private industry insufficient to establish the wage schedules and rates, such agency shall—

"(A) establish the wage schedules and rates to be applicable to prevailing rate employees other than prevailing rate employees of the Department of Defense on the basis of—

"(i) local private industry rates; and

"(ii) rates paid for comparable positions in private industry in the nearest wage area that such agency determines is most similar in the nature of its population, employment, manpower, and industry to the local wage area for which the wage survey is being made; and

"(B) establish the wage schedules and rates to be applicable to prevailing rate employees of the Department of Defense only on the basis of local private industry rates.".

5 USC 5343 note. (b) Prohibition on Reduction of Pay.—The rate of pay payable to a prevailing rate employee employed by the Department of Defense on the day before the date of enactment of this Act may not be reduced by reason of the amendment made by subsection (a).

TITLE XIII—TECHNICAL AND CLERICAL AMENDMENTS

SEC. 1301. ELIMINATION OF CERTAIN STATUTORY GENDER-BASED DISTINCTIONS

(a) General Military Law.—(1) Section 772(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out the second sentence.

10 USC 1431. (2) Section 1431(b)(3) of such title is amended by striking out "widow" and inserting in lieu thereof "surviving spouse".

Repeal. (b) Army.—(1)(A) Section 3683 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.

(B) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 353 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 3683.

(C) The repeal made by subparagraph (A) shall not apply in the case of a person who performed active service described in section 3683 of title 10, United States Code, as such section was in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act. 10 USC 3683 note.

(2)(A) Section 3963 of such title is repealed. Repeal.

(B) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 369 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 3963. 10 USC 3963.

(C) The repeal made by subparagraph (C) shall not apply in the case of a member of the Regular Army described in section 3963 of title 10, United States Code, as such section was in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act. 10 USC 3963 note.

(3)(A) Section 4309(b) of such title is amended by striking out "males" and inserting in lieu thereof "persons". 10 USC 4309.

(B) Section 4313(a) of such title is amended by striking out "man" and inserting in lieu thereof "competitor". 10 USC 4313.

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(C) Section 4651 of such title is amended by striking out "male". 10 USC 4651.

(4)(A) Section 4712(d) of such title is amended by striking out clauses (1) through (9) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 10 USC 4712.

"(1) The surviving spouse or legal representative.
"(2) A child of the deceased.
"(3) A parent of the deceased.
"(4) A brother or sister of the deceased.
"(5) The next-of-kin of the deceased.
"(6) A beneficiary named in the will of the deceased.".

(B) Section 4713(a)(2) of such title is amended by striking out clauses (A) through (I) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 10 USC 4713.

"(A) The surviving spouse or legal representative.
"(B) A child of the deceased.
"(C) A parent of the deceased.
"(D) A brother or sister of the deceased.
"(E) The next-of-kin of the deceased.
"(F) A beneficiary named in the will of the deceased.".

(c) NAVY.—(1) Section 6160(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "enlisted man" and inserting in lieu thereof "enlisted member".

(2) Section 6964(e) of such title is amended by striking out "men" and inserting in lieu thereof "persons". 10 USC 6964.

(3)(A) Section 7601(a) of such title is amended by striking out "widows" and inserting in lieu thereof "widows and widowers". 10 USC 7601.

(B) The heading of such section is amended to read as follows:

"§ 7601. Sales: members of the naval service and Coast Guard; widows and widowers; civilian employees and other persons".

(C) The item relating to section 7601 in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 651 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"7601. Sales: members of the naval service and Coast Guard; widows and widowers; civilian employees and other persons.".

(d) AIR FORCE.—(1)(A) Section 8683 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed. Repeal.

(B) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 853 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 8683.

(C) The repeal made by subparagraph (A) shall not apply in the case of a person who performed active service described in section 8683 of title 10, United States Code, as such section was in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act. 10 USC 8683 note.

(2)(A) Section 8963 of such title is repealed. Repeal.

(B) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 869 of such title is amended by striking out the item relating to section 8963. 10 USC 8963.

(C) The repeal made by subparagraph (A) shall not apply in the case of an Air Force nurse or medical specialist described in section 8963 of title 10, United States Code, as such section was in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act. 10 USC 8963 note.

(3) Section 9651 of such title is amended by striking out "male". 10 USC 9651.

(4)(A) Section 9712(d) of such title is amended by striking out clauses (1) through (9) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 10 USC 9712.

"(1) The surviving spouse or legal representative.
"(2) A child of the deceased.
"(3) A parent of the deceased.
"(4) A brother or sister of the deceased.
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"(5) The next-of-kin of the deceased.
"(6) A beneficiary named in the will of the deceased.".

10 USC 9713.

(B) Section 9713(a)(2) of such title is amended by striking out clauses (A) through (I) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(A) The surviving spouse or legal representative.
"(B) A child of the deceased.
"(C) A parent of the deceased.
"(D) A brother or sister of the deceased.
"(E) The next-of-kin of the deceased.
"(F) A beneficiary named in the will of the deceased.".

Repeal.

(e) WORLD WAR II ERA ARMY NURSES.—(1) The Act entitled "An Act to authorize temporary appointment as officers in the Army of the United States of members of the Army Nurse Corps, female persons having the necessary qualifications for appointment in such corps, female dietetic and physical-therapy personnel of the Medical Department of the Army (exclusive of students and apprentices), and female persons having the necessary qualifications for appointment in such department as female dietetic or physical-therapy personnel, and for other purposes", approved June 22, 1944 (58 Stat. 324; 50 U.S.C. App. 1591 et seq.), is repealed.

50 USC app. 1591 note.

(2) The repeal made by paragraph (1) shall not apply in the case of any person appointed and assigned under the first section of the Act repealed by such paragraph, as such Act was in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act.

(f) SOLDIERS' AND AIRMEN'S HOME.—The first sentence of section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act prescribing regulations for the Soldiers' Home located at Washington, in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved March 3, 1883 (24 U.S.C. 52), is amended—

(1) by striking out "wife" both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "spouse"; and

(2) by striking out "his" and inserting in lieu thereof "such".

(g) DEPENDENTS OF PERSONS MISSING IN ACTION.—Section 551(1)(A) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking out "wife" and inserting in lieu thereof "spouse".

SEC. 1302. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS RELATING TO BENEFITS FOR CERTAIN DIA PERSONNEL

10 USC 1601 *et seq.*

(a) CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES.—(1) Section 192 of title 10, United States Code, is transferred to the end of chapter 83 of such title, redesignated as section 1605, and amended—

(A) in subsections (a) and (b), by striking out "Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency, on behalf of the Secretary of Defense," and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary of Defense";

(B) in subsection (a)—

(i) by striking out "military and";

(ii) by striking out "under sections 903, 705, and 2308" and inserting in lieu thereof "sections 705 and 903";

(iii) by striking out "22 U.S.C. 4025;"; and

(iv) by striking out "; 22 U.S.C. 4083" and all that follows in such subsection and inserting in lieu thereof ", 4025, 4083) and under section 5924(4) of title 5."; and

(C) by striking out subsection (c) and redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (c).

(2) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 8 of such title is transferred to the end of the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 83 of such title and is
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amended by striking out "192" and inserting in lieu thereof "1605".

10 USC 1603.

(3) Section 1603 of such title is amended by striking out "chapter" both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "sections 1601 and 1602 of this title".

(b) MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.—(1) Chapter 7 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"§ 431. Benefits for certain members assigned to the Defense Intelligence Agency

37 USC 431.

"(a) The Secretary of Defense may provide to members of the armed forces who are assigned to Defense Attache Offices and Defense Intelligence Agency Liaison Offices outside the United States and who are designated by the Secretary of Defense for the purposes of this subsection allowances and benefits comparable to those provided by the Secretary of State to officers and employees of the Foreign Service under paragraphs (2), (3), (4), (6), (7), (8), and (13) of section 901 and sections 705 and 903 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4081 (2), (3), (4), (6), (7), (8), and (13), 4025, 4083) and under section 5924(4) of title 5.

"(b) The authority of the Secretary of Defense to make payments under subsection (a) of this section is effective for any fiscal year only to the extent that appropriated funds are available for such purpose.

"(c) Members of the armed forces may not receive benefits under both subsection (a) of this section and any other provision of this title for the same purpose. The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out this subsection. Regulations.

"(d) Regulations prescribed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be submitted to the Committee on Armed Services and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Armed Services and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate before such regulations take effect.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"431. Benefits for certain members assigned to the Defense Intelligence Agency.".

(3) The authority of the Secretary of Defense under section 431 of title 37, United States Code, as added by paragraph (1), may be delegated in accordance with section 133(d) of title 10, United States Code. 37 USC 431 note. *Supra*.

SEC. 1303. GENERAL CLERICAL AMENDMENTS

(a) AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 10.—Title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 124(c)(2) is amended by inserting "of the Joint Chiefs of Staff" after "Chairman". 98 Stat. 2611.

(2) Section 139b(d)(3)(B)(i) is amended by inserting "percent" before the semicolon.

(3) Section 140c(b)(1) is amended by striking out "enactment of this section" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 24, 1983".

(4)(A) Section 520b is amended by striking out "enlistments" and inserting in lieu thereof "enlistment". 98 Stat. 2614.

(B) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 31 is amended by striking out "enlistments" and inserting in lieu thereof "enlistment".

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(5) Section 555 is amended by striking out "section 201(c)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 201(b)".

(6) The item relating to section 1043 in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 53 is amended by striking out "Atomospheric" and inserting in lieu thereof "Atmospheric".

(7) Section 1074a(a) is amended by striking out "prescribed by" and all that follows through "the following persons" and inserting in lieu thereof "prescribed by the administering Secretaries, the following persons". 98 Stat. 2869.

(8) Section 1085 is amended by indenting the first line of the text of the section. 98 Stat. 2870.

(9) Section 1437(c)(3)(A) is amended by striking out "(notwithstanding section 144 of this title)".

(10) Section 1440 is amended by striking out "section 1437(c)(3)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 1437(c)(3)(B)".

(11) Section 1450 is amended—

(A) by striking out "subsection (l)" in subsection (i) and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (l)(3)(B)"; and

(B) by striking out "(notwithstanding subsection (h))" in subsection (l)(3)(A).

(12) Section 1489(a) is amended by striking out "Armed Forces" and inserting in lieu thereof "armed forces".

98 Stat. 1187. (13) Section 2304(a)(1)(B) is amended by striking out "krocedures" and inserting in lieu thereof "procedures".

(14) Paragraph (5) of section 2305(b) is reset full measure.

(15) Section 2306 is amended—

(A) by adding a period at the end of subsection (a); and

(B) by striking out "of this title" in subsection (b).

(16) Section 2310 is amended by inserting "this" after "2305 of".

(17) The heading of section 2691 is amended to read as follows:

"§ 2691. Restoration of land used by permit or lease from other agencies".

(18) Section 2821(b) is amended by striking out "paragraph" before the period at the end and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection".

(19) Section 2852 is amended by striking out "section 3324(a) and (b)" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsections (a) and (b) of section 3324".

(20)(A) Section 3843(b) is amended by striking out "after July 1, 1960,".

(B) Sections 3848(a), 3851(a), and 3852 are amended by striking out "After July 1, 1960, each" and inserting in lieu thereof "Each".

(21) Section 5985 is amended by striking out "the Act of March 4, 1911, ch. 265, 36 Stat. 1353, as amended," and inserting in lieu thereof "section 1304 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936 (46 U.S.C. App. 1295c),".

98 Stat. 2543. (22) Section 6148 is amended by redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (d).

98 Stat. 2620. (23) Section 7204(a) is amended—

(A) by running "contribute, out of" in after "Secretary of the Navy may";

(B) by aligning clauses (1) through (4) so as to be cut in

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two ems; and

(C) by aligning the matter after clause (4) flush with the margin.

(24)(A) The heading of section 7309 is amended by striking out the fifth word.

(B) The item relating to that section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 633 is amended by striking out the fifth word.

(25) Section 7431(c) is amended—

(A) by striking out "the" at the beginning of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "The";

(B) by striking out the semicolons at the end of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) and inserting in lieu thereof periods;

(C) by striking out "a summary" at the beginning of paragraph (4) and inserting in lieu thereof "A summary";

(D) by striking out "; and" at the end of paragraph (4) and inserting in lieu thereof a period; and

(E) by striking out "such" at the beginning of paragraph (5) and inserting in lieu thereof "Such".

(26) The item relating to section 8202 in the table of sections

at the beginning of chapter 831 is amended to read as follows:

"8202. Air Force: strength in grade; general officers.".

(27)(A) Section 8848(a) is amended by striking out "After June 30, 1960, each" and inserting in lieu thereof "Each".

(B) Sections 8851(a) and 8852(a) are amended by striking out "After June 30, 1960, except" and inserting in lieu thereof "Except".

(28) Section 9441(b) is amended by striking out "and" at the end of clause (8).

(b) AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 37.—Title 37, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 203(a) is amended by inserting "or as otherwise prescribed by law" before the period.

(2) Section 301(c)(1) is amended by striking out the first comma after "(10)". 98 Stat. 2542.

(3) Sections 308g(f) and 308h(e) are amended by striking out "the date of the enactment of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 24, 1983".

(4) Section 312b(c) is amended by striking out "make an annual report to the House and Senate Armed Services Committees" and inserting in lieu thereof "submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives an annual report".

(5) Section 402(b) is amended by inserting "or as otherwise prescribed by law" before the period at the end of the fourth sentence. 98 Stat. 2537.

(6) Section 403(a) is amended by inserting "or as otherwise prescribed by law" after "of this title".

(7) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 7 is amended—

(A) by striking out the semicolon in the item relating to section 404 and inserting in lieu thereof a colon;

(B) by striking out the item relating to section 405a and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"405a. Travel and transportation allowances: departure allowances.";

and

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(C) by striking out the item relating to section 425 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"425. United States Navy Band; United States Marine Band: allowances while on concert tour.".

(8) The heading of section 405 is amended to read as follows:

"§ 405. Travel and transportation allowances: per diem while on duty outside the United States or in Hawaii or Alaska".

(9) Section 406(k) is amended by striking out "to carry out subsection (b)" and inserting in lieu thereof "for providing transportation of household effects of members of the armed forces under subsection (b)".

(10) Section 429 is amended by inserting "(20 U.S.C. 921 et seq.)" after "Defense Dependents' Education Act of 1978".

(11) Section 557(c) is amended by inserting "of this title" after "section 558" both places it appears.

(12) Section 1006(h) is amended by striking out "section 3324(a) and (b)" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsections (a) and (b) of section 3324".

(13)(A) Section 1012 is amended—

(i) by striking out "under sections 206 (a), (b), and (d), 301(f), 309, 402(b) (last sentence), and 1002 of this title for pay" and inserting in lieu thereof "for the pay, under subsections (a), (b), and (d) of section 206, section 301(f), the last sentence of section 402(b), and section 1002 of this title,";

(ii) by striking out "Disbursements" and inserting in lieu thereof "All such disbursements"; and

(iii) by striking out "under the" and inserting in lieu thereof "as prescribed in those".

(B) The heading of that section is amended to read as follows:

"§ 1012. Disbursement and accounting: pay of enlisted members of the National Guard".

(C) The item relating to that section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 19 is amended to read as follows:

"1012. Disbursement and accounting: pay of enlisted members of the National Guard.".

37 USC 1012 note.
96 Stat. 1052.

(D) The amendments made by this paragraph shall take effect as if included in the enactment of section 2(i) of Public Law 97-258.

SEC. 1304. CLERICAL AMENDMENTS TO FEDERAL PROCUREMENT LAW

(a) DEFENSE PROCUREMENT LAW.—Chapter 138 of title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

98 Stat. 2597, 2598.
10 USC 2324–2328.

(1) Sections 2321, 2322, 2323 (as amended by section 961(b)), 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, and 2328 are redesignated as sections 2341 through 2348, respectively.

Repeal.

(2) Section 2329 is repealed.

10 USC 2330, 2331.

(3) Sections 2330 and 2331 are redesignated as sections 2349 and 2350, respectively.

(4) Sections 2341 and 2342 (as so redesignated) are amended by striking out "section 2323" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 2343".

99 STAT. 742

(5) Section 2323 (as so redesignated) is amended—

(A) by striking out "section 2321" both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "section 2341"; and

(B) by striking out "section 2322" both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "section 2342".

(6) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended—

(A) by striking out the item relating to section 2329; and

(B) by redesignating the remaining items in the table to reflect the redesignations made by paragraphs (1) and (3).

10 USC 2213.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 2213(e)(2) of such title is amended by striking out "section 2331" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 2350".

(c) CIVILIAN AGENCY PROCUREMENT.—The Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 is amended as follows:

98 Stat. 1182.

(1) Section 111(h)(3)(A) (40 U.S.C. 759(h)(3)(A)) is amended by striking out "Board" and inserting in lieu thereof "board".

98 Stat. 3086.

(2) Section 303(f)(1)(C) (41 U.S.C. 253(f)(1)(C)) is amended by striking out "Any" and inserting in lieu thereof "any".

(3) Section 303(g)(1) (41 U.S.C. 253(g)(1)) is amended by inserting a comma after "1984".

41 USC 253c–253g.
98 Stat. 3068.

(4)(A) Sections 303D, 303E, 303F, 303G, and 303H (as added by title II of the Small Business and Federal Procurement Competition Enhancement Act of 1984 (Public Law 98-577)) are redesignated as sections 303C, 303D, 303E, 303F, and 303G, respectively.

(B) The items relating to those sections in the table of contents for such Act are redesignated to reflect the redesignations by subparagraph (A).

98 Stat. 1199.

(d) MILITARY AND CIVILIAN PROCUREMENT.—Section 3551(1) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking out "executive agency" and inserting in lieu thereof "Federal agency".

TITLE XIV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

PART A—FINANCIAL MATTERS

SEC. 1401. TRANSFER AUTHORITY

(a) AUTHORITY TO TRANSFER AUTHORIZATIONS.—(1) Upon determination by the Secretary of Defense that such action is necessary in the national interest, the Secretary may transfer amounts of authorizations made available to the Department of Defense in this Act between any such authorizations (or any subdivisions thereof). Amounts of authorizations so transferred shall be merged with and be available for the same purposes as the authorization to which transferred.

(2) The total amount of authorizations that the Secretary of Defense may transfer under the authority of this section may not exceed $2,000,000,000.

(b) LIMITATIONS.—The authority provided by this section to transfer authorizations—

(1) may only be used to provide authority for items that have a higher priority than the items from which authority is transferred; and

(2) may not be used to provide authority for an item that has been denied authorization by Congress.

(c) NOTICE TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary of Defense shall promptly notify Congress of transfers made under the authority of this section.

SEC. 1402. AUTHORIZATION OF TRANSFERS FOR FY85 PAY SUPPLEMENTAL

There is authorized to be transferred to, and merged with, amounts appropriated to the Department of Defense for operation and maintenance and for military personnel for fiscal year 1985 such sums as may be necessary to provide for civilian and military pay raises provided by law. Such amounts shall be derived from amounts previously appropriated to the Department of Defense remaining available for obligation and no longer required for the purposes for which they were originally provided. Transfers authorized by this section may be made only to the extent provided in appropriation Acts.

SEC. 1403. SPECIAL DEFENSE ACQUISITION FUND

Section 138(g) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "$300,000,000" and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,000,000,000.".

SEC. 1404. REVISIONS TO DEFENSE BUDGET PLAN

(a) REVISED PLANS.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report containing— Report.

(1) a budget plan for the Department of Defense for fiscal years 1987 through fiscal year 1990 in which the total amount of new budget authority proposed for the Department for each fiscal year is not more than three percent over the amount of new budget authority proposed for that Department for the previous fiscal year, adjusted for the official inflation projection for the fiscal year concerned; and

(2) a second budget plan for the Department for the fiscal years referred to in clause (1) in which the total amount of new budget authority proposed for the Department for each fiscal year is not more than the amount of new budget authority proposed for that Department for the previous fiscal year,

adjusted for the official inflation projection for the fiscal year concerned.

(b) BASELINE.—The budget plans required by subsection (a) shall be based on the levels of authorizations of appropriations for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1986 provided by this and any other Act.

(c) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The plans included in the report under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) A single amount for the amount of new budget authority proposed for each appropriation account of the Department of Defense, except that the amount of such new budget authority for the procurement appropriation accounts shall be shown at the budget-activity level.

(2) The annual procurement plan for each of the fiscal years covered for each major defense acquisition program, as defined in section 139a(a) of title 10, United States Code.

(d) DEADLINE FOR SUBMISSION.—The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

99 STAT. 744

31 USC 1105 note.

SEC. 1405. TWO-YEAR BUDGET CYCLE FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that the programs and activities of the Department of Defense could be more effectively and efficiently planned and managed if funds for the Department were provided on a two-year cycle rather than annually.

(b) REQUIREMENT FOR TWO-YEAR BUDGET PROPOSAL.—The President shall include in the budget submitted to the Congress pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, for fiscal year 1988 a single proposed budget for the Department of Defense and related agencies for fiscal years 1988 and 1989. Thereafter, the President shall submit a proposed two-year budget for the Department of Defense and related agencies every other year.

98 Stat. 2324.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than April 1, 1986, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services and on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives a report containing the Secretary's views on the following:

(1) The advantages and disadvantages of operating the Department of Defense and related agencies on a two-year budget cycle.

(2) The Secretary's plans for converting to a two-year budget cycle.

(3) A description of any impediments (statutory or otherwise) to converting the operations of the Department of Defense and related agencies to a two-year budget cycle beginning with fiscal year 1988.

SEC. 1406. REPORT ON BUDGETING FOR INFLATION

(a) REPORT ON SAVINGS FROM LOWER INFLATION.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report containing an explanation of what the Department of Defense does in any fiscal year with funds that are not expended as a result of a decrease in the anticipated rate of inflation during that year.

(b) PROPOSALS FOR NEW BUDGET SYSTEM FOR INFLATION ALLOWANCE.—The Secretary shall include in the report under subsection (a) a proposal, or alternative proposals, for a budget system under which—

(1) funds that are appropriated to the Department of Defense for any fiscal year for procurement or for research, development, test, and evaluation would be appropriated to the Department without the addition of an amount for anticipated inflation during such fiscal year; and

(2) requests would be made to Congress at the end of the fiscal

year for any additional funds made necessary by reason of inflation during the fiscal year.

(c) RECOMMENDATIONS.—The Secretary shall include in such report—

(1) the Secretary's recommendations for procedures that would effectively implement a proposal submitted under subsection (b); and

(2) a discussion of the advantages and disadvantages of instituting such a proposal, together with any other comments and recommendations that the Secretary considers appropriate.

99 STAT. 745

10 USC 133 note.

SEC. 1407. REPORT OF UNOBLIGATED BALANCES

(a) REQUIRED REPORTS.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives reports containing an estimate of the amount of funds in each appropriation account of the Department of Defense that at the time of the report—

(1) is available for obligation; and

(2) is in excess of the amount needed to carry out the programs for which the funds were appropriated.

(b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—Each estimate under subsection (a) shall include amounts attributable to—

(1) inflation savings;

(2) foreign currency savings;

(3) excess working capital fund cash; and

(4) all other savings.

(c) UNANTICIPATED INCREASES.—The report shall also identify unanticipated cost increases resulting from adverse economic trends.

(d) SUBMISSION OF REPORT.—The reports shall be submitted to Congress each year with the President's budget for the next fiscal year, with the April Budget Update, and with the Mid-Session Budget Review. However, the first such report shall be submitted not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 1408. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR PURCHASE OF FOREIGN CURRENCIES

There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 the amount of $2,100,000 for the purchase of foreign currencies from the Treasury Department to pay expenses incurred in carrying out programs of the Department of Defense.

PART B—CHEMICAL WEAPONS

SEC. 1411. CONDITIONS ON SPENDING FUNDS FOR BINARY CHEMICAL MUNITIONS

(a) LIMITATION ON FY86 FUNDS.—Funds appropriated pursuant to authorizations of appropriations in title I may not be used—

(1) for procurement or assembly of binary chemical munitions (or components of such munitions); or

(2) for establishment of production facilities necessary for procurement or assembly of binary chemical munitions (or components of such munitions),

except in accordance with subsections (b) and (c).

(b) NATO CONSULTATION.—Subject to subsection (c), funds referred to in subsection (a) may be used for procurement or assembly of binary chemical munitions or for the establishment of production facilities necessary for the procurement or assembly of binary chemical munitions (or components of such munitions) if the President certifies to Congress that the United States—

(1) has developed a plan under which United States binary chemical munitions can be deployed under appropriate contingency plans to deter chemical weapons attacks against the United States and its allies; and

(2) has consulted with other member nations of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) on that plan.

A plan under clause (1) shall be developed in cooperation with the Supreme Allied Commander, Europe.

(c) CONDITIONS FOR FINAL ASSEMBLY.—Funds referred to in subsection (a) may not be used for the final assembly of complete binary chemical munitions before October 1, 1987, and may only be used for such purpose on or after that date if—

(1) a mutually verifiable international agreement concerning binary and other similar chemical munitions has not been entered into by the United States by that date;

(2) the President, after that date, transmits to Congress a certification that—

Defense and national security.

(A) final assembly of such complete munitions is necessitated by national security interests of the United States and the interests of other NATO member nations;

(B) performance specifications and handling and storage safety specifications established by the Department of Defense with respect to such munitions will be met or exceeded;

(C) applicable Federal safety requirements will be met or exceeded in the handling, storage, and other use of such munitions; and

(D) the plan of the Secretary of Defense for destruction of existing United States chemical warfare stocks developed pursuant to section 1412 (which shall, if not sooner transmitted to Congress, accompany such certification) is ready to be implemented;

Post, p. 747.

(3) final assembly is carried out only after the end of the 60-day period beginning on the date such certification is received by the Congress;

(4) the plan of the Secretary of Defense for land-based storage of such munitions within the United States during peacetime provides that the two components that constitute a binary chemical munition are to be stored in separate States; and

(5) the plan of the Secretary of Defense for the transportation of such munitions within the United States during peacetime provides that the two components that constitute a binary munition are transported separately.

(d) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that existing unitary chemical munitions currently stored in the United States and in European member nations of NATO should be replaced by modern, safer binary chemical munitions.

(e) REPORT.—Not later than October 1, 1986, the President shall submit to Congress a report describing the results of consultations among NATO member nations concerning the organization's chemical deterrent posture. The report shall include descriptions of any consultations concerning—

(1) efforts to provide key civilian workers at military support facilities in Europe—

(A) with personal and collective equipment to protect against the use of chemical munitions; and

(B) with the training required for the use of such equipment;

(2) efforts to upgrade the chemical reconnaissance, decontamination, and protective capabilities of the military forces of each NATO member nation to a level adequate to meet the chemical threat identified in NATO intelligence estimates;

(3) efforts to initiate a NATO-wide study of measures required to protect ports, airfields, logistics centers, and command and control facilities in European member nations of NATO against chemical attack; and

(4) efforts to initiate a NATO-wide study of equitable and efficient sharing among NATO member nations of responsibilities with regard to deterring the use of chemical munitions in Europe.

SEC. 1412. DESTRUCTION OF EXISTING STOCKPILE OF LETHAL CHEMICAL AGENTS AND MUNITIONS

50 USC 1521

(a) In General.—(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Defense (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall, in accordance with the provisions of this section, carry out the destruction of the United States' stockpile of lethal chemical agents and munitions that exists on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) Such destruction shall be carried out in conjunction with the acquisition of binary chemical weapons for use by the Armed Forces.

(b) Date for Completion.—(1) Except as provided by paragraphs (2) and (3), the destruction of such stockpile shall be completed by September 30, 1994.

(2) If a treaty banning the possession of chemical agents and munitions is ratified by the United States, the date for completing the destruction of the United States' stockpile of such agents and munitions shall be the date established by such treaty.

(3)(A) In the event of a declaration of war by the Congress or of a national emergency by the President or the Congress or if the Secretary of Defense determines that there has been a significant delay in the acquisition of an adequate number of binary chemical weapons to meet the requirements of the Armed Forces (as defined by the Joint Chiefs of Staff as of September 30, 1985), the Secretary may defer, beyond September 30, 1994, the destruction of not more than 10 percent of the stockpile described in subsection (a)(1).

(B) The Secretary shall transmit written notice to the Congress of any deferral made under subparagraph (A) within 30 days after the date on which the determination to defer is made or by August 31, 1994, whichever is earlier.

(c) Environmental Protection and Use of Facilities.—(1) In carrying out the requirement of subsection (a)(1), the Secretary shall provide for—

(A) maximum protection for the environment, the general public, and the personnel who are involved in the destruction of the lethal chemical agents and munitions referred to in subsection (a); and

(B) adequate and safe facilities designed solely for the destruction of lethal chemical agents and munitions.

(2) Facilities constructed to carry out this section may not be used for any purpose other than the destruction of lethal chemical weapons and munitions, and when no longer needed to carry out this section, such facilities shall be cleaned, dismantled, and disposed of in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

(d) Plan.—(1) The Secretary shall develop a comprehensive plan to carry out this section.

(2) In developing such plan, the Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.

(3) The Secretary shall transmit a copy of such plan to the Congress not later than March 15, 1986.

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(4) Such plan shall provide—

(A) an evaluation of the comparison of onsite destruction, regional destruction centers, and a national destruction site both inside and outside of the United States;

(B) for technological advances in techniques used to destroy chemical munitions;

(C) for the maintenance of a permanent, written record of the destruction of lethal chemical agents and munitions carried out under this section; and

(D) a description of—

(i) the methods and facilities to be used in the destruction of agents and munitions under this section;

(ii) the schedule for carrying out this section; and

(iii) the management organization established under subsection (e).

(e) Management Organization.—(1) In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall provide for the establishment, not later than May 1, 1986, of a management organization within the Department of the Army.

(2) Such organization shall be responsible for management of the destruction of agents and munitions under this section.

(3) The Secretary shall designate a general officer as the director of the management organization established under paragraph (1). Such officer shall have—

(A) experience in the acquisition, storage, and destruction of chemical agents and munitions;

(B) training in chemical warfare defense operations; and

(C) outstanding qualifications regarding safety in handling chemical agents and munitions.

(f) Identification of Funds.—Funds for carrying out this section shall be set forth in the budget of the Department of Defense for any fiscal year as a separate account. Such funds shall not be included in the budget accounts for any military department. Funds for military construction projects necessary to carry out this section may be set out in the annual military construction budget separately from other funds for such project.

(g) Annual Report.—(1) Except as provided by paragraph (4), the Secretary shall transmit, by December 15 of each year, a report to the Congress on the activities carried out under this section during the fiscal year ending on September 30 of the calendar year in which the report is to be made.

(2) The first such report shall be transmitted by December 15, 1985, and shall contain—

(A) an accounting of the United States' stockpile of lethal chemical agents and munitions on the date of the enactment of this Act; and

(B) a schedule of the activities planned to be carried out under this section during fiscal year 1986.

(3) Each report other than the first one shall contain—

(A) a site-by-site description of the construction, equipment, operation, and dismantling of facilities (during the fiscal year for which the report is made) used to carry out the destruction of agents and munitions under this section, including any accidents or other unplanned occurrences associated with such construction and operation; and

(B) an accounting of all funds expended (during such fiscal year) for activities carried out under this section, with a separate accounting for amounts expended for—

(i) the construction of and equipment for facilities used for the destruction of agents and munitions;

(ii) the operation of such facilities;

(iii) the dismantling or other closure of such facilities;

Research and development.

(iv) research and development; and

(v) program management.

(4) The Secretary shall transmit the final report under this subsection not later than 120 days following the completion of activities under this section.

(h) Prohibition on Acquiring Certain Lethal Chemical Agents and Munitions.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), no agency of the Federal Government may, after the date of the enactment of this Act, develop or acquire lethal chemical agents or munitions other than binary chemical weapons.

(2)(A) The Secretary of Defense may acquire any chemical agent or munition at any time for purposes of intelligence analysis.

Research and development.

(B) Chemical agents and munitions may be acquired for research, development, test, and evaluation purposes at any time, but only in quantities needed for such purposes and not in production quantities.

(i) **Reaffirmation of United States Position On First Use of Chemical Agents and Munitions.**—It is the sense of Congress that the President should publicly reaffirm the position of the United States as set out in the Geneva Protocol of 1925, which the United States ratified with reservations in 1975.

(j) **Definitions.**—For purposes of this section:

(1) The term "chemical agent and munition" means an agent or munition that, through its chemical properties, produces lethal or other damaging effects on human beings, except that such term does not include riot control agents, chemical herbicides, smoke and other obscuration materials.

(2) The term "lethal chemical agent and munition" means a chemical agent or munition that is designed to cause death, through its chemical properties, to human beings in field concentrations.

(3) The term "destruction" means, with respect to chemical munitions or agents—

(A) the demolishment of such munitions or agents by incineration or by any other means; or

(B) the dismantling or other disposal of such munitions or agents so as to make them useless for military purposes and harmless to human beings under normal circumstances.

(k) **Effective Date.**—The provisions of this section shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

SEC. 1413. REPORT CONCERNING THE TESTING OF CHEMICAL WARFARE AGENTS

The Secretary of Defense shall, within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, transmit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives describing the following matters concerning the testing of diluted or undiluted chemical warfare agents:

(1) The criteria and process used for selecting sites for such testing.

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(2) The nature and extent of any consultation carried out with State and local officials before the site for such testing is selected.

(3) The consideration that is given to the proximity of residential dwelling units, schools, child care centers, nursing homes, hospitals, or other health care facilities to the testing site.

(4) Whether an environmental impact statement should be required prior to the approval of a contract for such testing.

(5) Any costs that may have to be incurred by the Federal Government to assist companies that carry out such testing to relocate to more isolated areas.

(6) The degree to which the Secretary estimates that such testing will increase or decrease.

(7) Any recurring problems associated with such testing or the site selection process for such testing.

(8) Any changes in site selection process that are to be implemented by the Secretary or for which legislative action is necessary.

Part C—Drug Interdiction, Law Enforcement, and Other Specific Programs

SEC. 1421. ENHANCED DRUG-INTERDICTION ASSISTANCE

14 USC 89 note.

(a) **Mandatory Assignment of Coast Guard Personnel on Naval Vessels.**—The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Transportation shall provide that there be assigned on board each surface naval vessel at sea in a drug-interdiction area at least one member of the Coast Guard who is trained in law enforcement and has power to arrest, search, and seize property and persons suspected of violations of law.

(b) LAW ENFORCEMENT FUNCTIONS.—Members of the Coast Guard assigned to duty on board naval vessels under this section shall perform such law enforcement functions (including drug-interdiction functions)—

(1) as may be agreed upon by the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Transportation; and

(2) as are otherwise within the jurisdiction of the Coast Guard.

(c) AUTHORIZATION OF NECESSARY COAST GUARD PERSONNEL; FUNDING.—(1) The active-duty military strength level for the Coast Guard for fiscal year 1986 is increased by 500. Additional members of the Coast Guard who are on active duty by reason of this subsection shall be assigned to duty as provided in subsection (a).

(2) Of the funds appropriated for operation and maintenance for the Navy for fiscal year 1986, the sum of $15,000,000 shall be transferred to the Secretary of Transportation and shall be available only for the additional personnel authorized by paragraph (1).

(d) DEFINITIONS.—For the purposes of this section:

(1) The term "drug-interdiction area" means an area outside the land area of the United States in which the Secretary of Defense (in consultation with the Attorney General) determines that activities involving smuggling of drugs into the United States are ongoing.

(2) The term "active-duty military strength level for the Coast Guard for fiscal year 1986" means the full-time equivalent strength level for active-duty military personnel of the Coast Guard for fiscal year 1986 required to be maintained by section 3 of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 1984 (Public Law 98-557; 98 Stat. 2860).

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SEC. 1422. ESTABLISHMENT, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE OF DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE ORGANIZATIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF FUNDS FOR ELEMENTS ASSISTING CIVILIAN DRUG INTERDICTION.—(1) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1986 such sums as may be necessary for the establishment, operation, and maintenance of airborne surveillance, detection, and interdiction units in the Department of Defense.

(2) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1986 such sums as may be necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Directorate of the Department of Defense Task Force on Drug Law Enforcement.

(b) COMMAND, CONTROL, AND COORDINATION.—A special operations headquarters element shall provide necessary command, control, and coordination of appropriate active or Reserve component special operations forces, combat rescue units, and other units for participation by such forces and units in drug law-enforcement assistance missions.

Aircraft and air carriers.

(c) REPORT ON PLANS TO ENHANCE COOPERATION WITH CIVILIAN DRUG ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES.—Not later than December 1, 1985, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the manner in which the Department of Defense plans to obligate and expend funds appropriated or expected to be appropriated pursuant to the authorizations contained in this section. The report shall include a description of—

(1) actions or proposed actions to establish, operate, and maintain reserve component forces, airborne surveillance, detection, and interdiction units, including—

(A) actions or proposed actions to consolidate or establish, in a Special Operations Wing of the Air Force (reserve or active component), command, control, and coordination of Air Force Special Operations aircraft (including aircraft assigned to the Special Operations Wing of the Regular Air Force on or before March 1, 1985); and

(B) in the case of any such aircraft which are not to remain assigned to a Special Operation Wing of the Air Force, the disposition or planned disposition of those aircraft;

(2) actions and proposed actions to use rotary-wing and fixed-wing aircraft of the Department of Defense as well as other measures necessary to furnish (commensurate with military readiness and the provisions of chapter 18 of title 10, United States Code) optimal support to civilian law enforcement agencies; and

10 USC 371 *et seq.*

(3) actions and proposed actions to promote dual use between the reserve component forces and civilian law enforcement agencies of the Department of Defense aircraft and other Department of Defense resources made available to civilian law enforcement agencies for the purpose of carrying out drug interdiction missions.

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SEC. 1423. MILITARY COOPERATION INFORMATION PROGRAMS FOR CIVILIAN LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS

(a) PROVISION OF LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE INFORMATION.—Section 373 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(a)" before "The"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

"(b)(1) At least once each year, the Attorney General of the United States, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall conduct a briefing of law enforcement personnel of each State, including law enforcement personnel of the political subdivisions of each State, regarding information, training, technical assistance, and equipment and facilities available to civilian law enforcement personnel from the Department of Defense.

"(2) Each briefing conducted under paragraph (1) shall include—

"(A) an explanation of the procedures for civilian law enforcement officials—

"(i) to obtain information under section 371 of this title, use of equipment and facilities under section 372 of this title, and training and advice under subsection (a); and

"(ii) to obtain surplus military equipment;

"(B) the types of information, equipment and facilities, and training and advice available to civilian law enforcement officials from the Department of Defense; and

"(C) a current, comprehensive list of military equipment which is suitable for law enforcement purposes and is available to civilian law enforcement officials from the Department of Defense or is available as surplus property from the Administrator of General Services.

"(c) The Attorney General of the United States and the Administrator of General Services shall—

"(1) establish or designate an appropriate office or offices to maintain the list described in subsection (b)(2)(C) and to furnish information to civilian law enforcement officials on the availability of surplus military equipment; and

"(2) make available to civilian law enforcement personnel nationwide, tollfree telephone communication with such office or offices.".

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on January 1, 1986. 10 USC 373 note.

SEC. 1424. STUDY ON THE USE OF THE E-2 AIRCRAFT FOR DRUG INTERDICTION PURPOSES

(a) STUDY BY SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.—The Secretary of the Navy shall conduct a test of the use of E-2 aircraft of the Navy to determine the effectiveness of that aircraft in drug interdiction. The Mexico.

study shall be conducted along the border between the United States and Mexico and shall be carried out over a period of 6 months.

(b) Collection of Data.—As part of the test, the Secretary shall collect data on the contribution on the use of the E-2 aircraft to the apprehension of drug smugglers. This data shall include the number of intercepts which resulted in apprehensions.

(c) Report.—Not later than September 30, 1986, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on the results of the study.

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SEC. 1425. STRATEGIC BOMBER PROGRAMS

(a) Sense of Congress Regarding the Advanced Technology Bomber and the Advanced Cruise Missile.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the capabilities inherent in the technologies associated with the Advanced Technology Bomber program and the Advanced Cruise Missile program are a critical national security asset for maintaining an adequate and credible deterrent posture;

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

(2) such technologies and programs should be developed as rapidly as feasible in order to produce and deploy advanced systems which will complicate the military planning of the Soviet Union and as a consequence enhance the deterrent posture of the ~~United~~ States;

(3) such technologies and programs should be funded at the levels authorized in this Act; and

(4) all the funds appropriated for such programs should be fully used for such programs.

(b) Prohibition on Use of Funds for ATB and ACM for Any Other Purpose.—None of the funds appropriated pursuant to an authorization of appropriations in this Act to carry out the Advanced Technology Bomber program or the Advanced Cruise Missile program may be used for any other purpose.

(c) Sense of Congress on B-1B Bomber Program.—It is the sense of Congress that, consistent with the stated policy of the Department of Defense, the B-1B bomber aircraft procurement program should be terminated after acquisition under such program of 100 aircraft.

(d) Limitation on Number of B-1B Aircraft To Be Procured.—None of the funds appropriated pursuant to an authorization contained in this Act may be obligated or expended for the conduct of research, design, demonstration, development, or procurement of more than 100 B-1B bomber aircraft (including any derivative or modified version of such aircraft).

SEC. 1426. RESTRICTIONS ON CERTAIN NUCLEAR PROGRAMS

(a) Restriction on Funding for MX Missile Warhead.—None of the funds appropriated pursuant to an authorization provided in this or any other Act may be obligated or expended for the production of W-87 warheads for the MX missile program in excess of the numbers of warheads required to arm the number of such missiles authorized by the Congress to be deployed and determined by the President to be necessary for quality assurance and reliability testing.

(b) Employment of the Standard Missile (SM-2(N)).—Except for the studies and report required by this section, none of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act may be expended for research, development, test, or procurement associated with a nuclear variant of the Standard Missile (SM-2(N)) or any associated nuclear warhead until 30 calendar days after the Secretary of the Navy submits to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report which includes the following information:

(1) A description of the circumstances under which the SM-2(N) would be used and an assessment of likely enemy response (including countermeasures).

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(2) A description of the release procedures and circumstances under which release would be authorized for employment of the SM-2(N).

(3) An analysis of conventional alternatives to the SM-2(N), including any necessary modification to the SM-2 or alternative to the Standard Missile or warhead, and the associated costs of those alternatives.

(4) A summary of all studies previously conducted analyzing the impact of the use of nuclear naval surface-to-air missiles on our own vessels and electronics.

(5) A list of all United States ships which may receive the SM-2(N).

(6) The number of additional conventional armed missiles which could be carried by United States ships if the SM-2(N) were not deployed and the impact on fleet air defense from that reduced conventional load.

(7) Any plans or programs for the development of a nuclear naval surface-to-air or air-to-air missile for fleet defense other than the SM-2(N).

(c) REPORT ON REQUIREMENTS FOR SPECIAL NUCLEAR MATERIALS.—(1) Not later than March 1, 1986, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy, after consultation with the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the Director of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, shall submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives detailing the military requirements for special nuclear materials through fiscal year 1991. The report shall include findings and recommendations concerning—

(A) requirements for production of plutonium, highly enriched uranium, and other special nuclear materials; and

(B) the recovery of special nuclear materials for military uses that have been transferred from military uses to civilian research and development uses.

(2) The report should also—

(A) address the availability of special nuclear materials to be derived from the retirement of existing nuclear weapons;

(B) address the feasibility of meeting military needs for special nuclear materials through the blending of high grade and low grade materials stocks;

(C) assess the impact of new materials separation, purification, and production technologies on nuclear proliferation; and

(D) contain the views of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the Director of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency.

PART D—MISCELLANEOUS REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

SEC. 1431. EXTENSION OF TIME FOR SUBMISSION OF REPORTS BY COMMISSION ON MERCHANT MARINE AND DEFENSE

46 USC app. 1120 note.

Section 1536 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-525; 98 Stat. 2633), is amended—

(1) by striking out "on September 30, 1985, and September 30, 1986" in subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof "12 months after the date of the enactment of the law first providing funds for the Commission and 24 months after such date";

(2) in subsection (g)—

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(A) by striking out "June 30, 1985, and June 30, 1986" and inserting in lieu thereof "nine months after the date of the enactment of the law first providing funds for the Commission and not later than 21 months after such date"; and

(B) by striking out "September 30, 1985, and September 30, 1986" and inserting in lieu thereof "12 months after such date of enactment and not later than 24 months after such date of enactment"; and

(3) by striking out "September 30, 1987" in subsection (i) and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1988".

SEC. 1432. REPORT ON NAVAL SHIPBUILDING AND REPAIR BASE

(a) REQUIREMENT FOR REPORT BY SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.—The Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on the industrial base for construction, overhaul, and repair of naval vessels (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "shipyard base").

(b) COMPETITION AND MOBILIZATION CAPABILITY.—The report shall consider the current competitive environment in the shipyard base and the current mobilization capability of the shipyard base.

(c) STUDY OF INCREASE IN NUMBER OF SHIPYARDS.—(1) The report shall include an assessment of how competition in the shipyard base and the mobilization capability of the shipyard base would each be affected by an increase in the number of shipyards in the shipyard base and shall assess alternative ways of achieving such an increase.

(2) In assessing ways to increase the number of shipyards in the shipyard base, the Secretary shall consider the feasibility and desirability of expanding by one the number of shipyards currently engaged in construction of each of the following types of vessels:

(A) Trident nuclear-powered fleet ballistic missile submarines.

(B) Nuclear-powered attack submarines.

(C) Nuclear-powered aircraft carriers.

(D) Complex surface combatants.

(E) Auxiliaries.

(3) In considering ways to increase the number of shipyards constructing each type of vessel listed in paragraph (2), the Secretary shall consider expansion of the shipbuilding base on the West Coast of the United States and increased use of public shipyards.

(d) FACTORS IN ASSESSMENT.—The assessment of the current capabilities of the shipyard base and of each alternative identified under subsection (c)—

(1) shall be made considering the requirements of both peacetime competition and wartime mobilization capability; and

(2) shall include a description of the possible costs and benefits of the current capabilities and each alternative.

(e) DEADLINE FOR REPORT.—The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted not later than January 31, 1986.

SEC. 1433. NUCLEAR REACTOR COMPONENTS FOR SSN-21 CLASS SUBMARINES

Report.

Not more than one-half of the funds appropriated pursuant to authorizations of appropriations in this Act for the design or construction of nuclear reactor components for the SSN-21 class submarine may be obligated until the Secretary of the Navy submits to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on the industrial base for the design and construction of nuclear components for the SSN-21 class submarine. The report shall evaluate the cost effectiveness of increasing the number of firms actively employed in the design of nuclear reactor components and the construction of nuclear reactor components.

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SEC. 1434. AIRCRAFT FUEL CONSERVATION REPORT

(a) SUBMISSION OF REPORT.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report with respect to efforts by the Department of Defense since 1981 to reduce the use of fuel by military aircraft—

(1) during takeoffs; and

(2) in other situations in which the Secretary determines that the use of fuel may be reduced without lowering safety standards.

(b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The report shall include discussion of—

(1) specific fuel conservation initiatives;

(2) estimated cost savings from such initiatives; and

(3) ongoing efforts to further reduce the use of fuel by military aircraft.

(c) Time for Submission of Report.—The report shall be submitted not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 1435. REPORT CONCERNING POSEIDON-CLASS SUBMARINE

(a) Report on Alternative Uses.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report with respect to—

(1) the feasibility of converting a Poseidon-class submarine into an SSN-type submarine or SSGN-type submarine; and

(2) the feasibility of using a Poseidon-class submarine as a training platform.

(b) Deadline for Report.—The report shall be submitted not later than December 15, 1985.

SEC. 1436. REPORT AND DEMONSTRATION PROJECT CONCERNING THE SALE OF CERTAIN UNITED STATES MEAT IN MILITARY COMMISSARIES OVERSEAS

(a) Feasibility Study and Demonstration Project.—The Secretary of Defense shall study the feasibility of providing beef, pork, and lamb produced in the United States for sale in American Military Forces' commissaries located overseas in volumes equivalent to beef, pork, and lamb secured for sale from non-United States producers. Such study—

(1) shall be carried out in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture; and

(2) shall include a demonstration project in which beef, pork, and lamb produced in the United States shall be stocked in three commissaries on Air Force bases in Europe and in three commissaries located on Army bases in Europe for a six-month period in volumes equivalent to beef, pork, and lamb secured for sale from non-United States producers; such United States-produced products shall, to the best of the Secretary's ability, be made available at consumer prices which are competitive when compared with non-United States produced red-meat products offered for sale in the commissary system.

(b) Report.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report on the results of such study and the findings and conclusions of the Secretary under such study. Such report shall include any views provided by the Secretary of Agriculture.

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SEC. 1437. REPORT ON RETENTION OF BASIC POINT DEFENSE MISSILE SYSTEM

(a) Requirement for Report by Secretary of the Navy.—The Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on the removal of the Basic Point Defense Missile System from naval amphibious vessels.

(b) Replacement of the Basic Point Defense Missile System.—(1) The report shall consider the current plans to replace the Basic Point Defense Missile System on amphibious vessels with the Close-in Weapon System (CIWS).

(2) The report shall include an assessment of the effectiveness of the anti-air warfare capabilities of amphibious vessels. This assessment shall be used by the Secretary of the Navy in considering augmenting rather than replacing the Basic Point Defense Missile System on amphibious vessels with the Close-in Weapon System.

(c) Limitations on Removal of Basic Point Defense Missile System.—The Secretary of the Navy may not remove the Basic Point Defense Missile System from amphibious vessels until the report is submitted.

SEC. 1438. REPORT ON RETIREMENT BENEFITS OF PHILIPPINE SCOUTS

(a) In General.—The Secretary of the Army (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall conduct a study of—

(1) the disparity between the pay received by members of the Philippine Scouts who served during World War II and the pay received by other members of the United States Army during such war who had grades and lengths of service that correspond to the grades and lengths of service of such members of the Philippine Scouts; and

(2) the effect of this disparity on the retirement benefits of such members of the Philippine Scouts and their survivors.

(b) Particular Subjects of the Study.—In carrying out such study, the Secretary shall—

(1) compile a list of all persons who served as members of the Philippine Scouts during the period beginning on December 7, 1941, and ending on December 31, 1946;

(2) compile a list of persons described in paragraph (1) who are alive on the date of enactment of this Act;

(3) determine the amount of basic pay each person described in paragraph (2) received for services rendered as a member of the Philippine Scouts during the period described in such paragraph and compare it with the amount of basic pay each such person would have received as a member of the Philippine Scouts during that period if the rates of basic pay during such period for the Philippine Scouts had been the same as the rates of basic pay for other members of the United States Army with corresponding grades and length of service during such period;

(4) determine the amount of retired pay that each person described in paragraph (2) is entitled to receive as retired pay from the Army as a result of service rendered as a Philippine Scout and compare it with the amount such person would receive for periods beginning after the date of enactment of this

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Act if the rate of basic pay payable to such person during the period described in paragraph (1) had been the rate of basic pay payable to any other member of the United States Army with the corresponding grade and length of service during such period; and

(5) determine possible options, and the costs of each, for recalculating the retirement pay of persons described in paragraph (2), including survivor benefits, in order to remedy the disparity in pay received by such persons during their service as Philippine Scouts.

(c) Report.—(1) The Secretary shall transmit, within one year after the date of enactment of this Act, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report containing the findings and conclusions of the Secretary with respect to each of the matters described in paragraphs (1) through (5) of subsection (b).

(2) If the Secretary determines that—

(A) the documents necessary to compile the lists and make the determinations under subsection (b) are not attainable through reasonable efforts; or

(B) the cost of compiling such lists and making such determinations is excessive,

the Secretary shall make a report as soon as practicable to such Committees with a justification of such determination.

(3) If a report is made to the Committees under paragraph (2), the report to such Committees under paragraph (1) shall be based on the best information that can be reasonably obtained without excessive costs.

SEC. 1439. REPORT ON DEATH PENALTY FOR ESPIONAGE

(a) Study.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study of the desirability of reinstating the death penalty as an alternative penalty for persons convicted of espionage relating to the national defense.

(b) REPORT.—The Secretary shall submit to Congress a report containing the results of such study, together with any related recommendations for legislation, not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 1440. REPORT ON IMPACT OF FOREIGN EXPORTS ON THE DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE OF THE UNITED STATES

(a) STUDY.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study regarding the effects that foreign export subsidies have had on the defense industrial base of the United States.

Contracts

(b) SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall include in such study the following:

(1) A compilation of the contracts (including the name of the contracting firms) valued in excess of $1,000,000 awarded to foreign firms by the Department of Defense during fiscal year 1984, fiscal year 1985, and the first six months of fiscal year 1986.

(2) In the case of a product procured by the Department of Defense which was exported to the United States under a contract compiled pursuant to paragraph (1), whether the Secretary of Commerce or the Secretary of the Treasury has determined since 1970 that the product exported to the United States under such contract is subject to a countervailing duty under title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1671 et seq.) and (if so) a description of the subsidy that led to such determination, including a description of the type and amount of the subsidy.

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(c) SUBMISSION OF REPORT.—Not later than June 1, 1986, the Secretary shall submit to the Congress a report containing the results of the study required under subsection (a).

SEC. 1441. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING THE FIRING OF TACTICAL MISSILES FOR TRAINING PURPOSES

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the Congress that, in carrying out the comprehensive analysis of the threat-based munitions and related expendables directed to be made by the Secretary of Defense pursuant to Senate Report 99-41, dated April 29, 1985, the Secretary should also develop standard criteria—

(1) for identifying, in the case of each tactical missile of the Department of Defense, the training objectives that are uniquely served by the live-firing of such missiles and to provide guidance for the development of live-firing and training requirements based on such criteria;

(2) for utilizing, to the maximum extent practicable, the use of tactical missile evaluation programs for live-firing training purposes;

(3) for improving the reporting and evaluation requirements with regard to the live-firing of missiles; and

(4) for increasing, to the maximum extent practicable and without degrading readiness, the use of training devices and simulators as alternatives to exercises involving the live-firing of missiles for training purposes.

(b) REPORT.—The Secretary shall submit a report to the Congress not later than February 1, 1986, informing the Congress of the actions taken by the Secretary to develop standard criteria with respect to the matters referred to in subsection (a).

SEC. 1442. REPORT ON FEASIBILITY OF DRUG TESTING OF PROSPECTIVE RECRUITS

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the feasibility of implementing a program in the Department of Defense designed to detect use of illegal drugs by persons who have been accepted for entry into the Armed Forces but who have not become members of the Armed Forces.

(b) Matters To Be Included.—The Secretary shall include in the report required by subsection (a)—

(1) an explanation of how such a program would operate;

(2) the Secretary's assessment of the value of such a program;

(3) a discussion of any problems that might complicate the administration of such a program;

(4) a discussion of the advantages and disadvantages of instituting such a program;

(5) an estimate of any savings that the United States might realize by detecting use of illegal drugs by persons before they become members of the Armed Forces; and

(6) any recommendations for legislation that the Secretary considers necessary or appropriate to establish such a program.

(c) Deadline for Report.—The Secretary shall submit the report required under subsection (a) not later than October 1, 1985.

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Part E—Miscellaneous Provisions

SEC. 1451. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON INTRODUCTION OF ARMED FORCES INTO NICARAGUA FOR COMBAT

It is the sense of Congress that United States Armed Forces should not be introduced into or over Nicaragua for combat. However, nothing in this section shall be construed as affecting the authority and responsibility of the President or Congress under the Constitution, statutes, or treaties of the United States in force.

SEC. 1452. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONCERNING PROTECTION OF UNITED STATES MILITARY PERSONNEL AGAINST TERRORISM

(a) Finding.—The Congress finds that the protection of members of the Armed Forces against terrorist activity is among the highest national security concerns of the United States.

(b) Sense of Congress.—Therefore, it is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the President should be supported in the vigorous exercise of his powers as Commander-in-Chief to protect members of the Armed Forces against terrorist activity; and

(2) such exercise of power should include the use of such measures as may be appropriate and consistent with law.

SEC. 1453. READINESS OF SPECIAL OPERATIONS FORCES

(a) Congressional Findings.—The Congress finds that—

(1) the first duty of the Government is to provide for the common defense, including safeguarding the peace, safety, and security of the citizens of the United States;

(2) the incidence of terrorist, guerilla, and other violent threats to citizens and property of the United States has rapidly increased;

(3) the special operations forces of the Armed Forces provide the United States with immediate and primary capability to respond to terrorism; and

(4) the special operations forces are the military mainstay of the United States for the purposes of nation-building and training friendly foreign forces in order to preclude deployment or combat involving the conventional or strategic forces of the United States.

(b) Sense of the Congress.—In view of the findings in subsection (a), it is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) the revitalization of the capability of the special operations forces of the Armed Forces should be pursued as a matter of the highest priority;

(2) personnel and other resource allocations should reflect the priority referred to in paragraph (1);

(3) the political and military sensitivity and the importance to national security of the special operations forces require that

the Office of the Secretary of Defense should improve its management supervision of such forces in all aspects of the special operations mission area;

(4) the joint command and control of the special operations forces must permit direct and immediate access by the President and Secretary of Defense; and

(5) the commanders-in-chief of the unified commands should have available, within their operational areas of responsibility, sufficient special operations assets to execute the operations

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plans for which they are responsible or to support additional contingency operations directed from the national level.

SEC. 1454. AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE EXCESS PERSONAL PROPERTY FOR HUMANITARIAN PURPOSES

(a) AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE NONLETHAL EXCESS PROPERTY.—Chapter 151 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"§ 2547. Excess nonlethal supplies: humanitarian relief

10 USC 2547.

"(a) The Secretary of Defense may make available for humanitarian relief purposes any nonlethal excess supplies of the Department of Defense.

"(b) Excess supplies made available for humanitarian relief purposes under this section shall be transferred to the Secretary of State, who shall be responsible for the distribution of such supplies.

"(c) This section does not constitute authority to conduct any activity which, if carried out as an intelligence activity by the Department of Defense, would require—

"(1) a finding under section 662 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2422); or

"(2) a notice to the intelligence committees under section 501(a)(1) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 413).

"(d)(1) The Secretary of State shall submit an annual report on the disposition of all excess supplies transferred by the Secretary of Defense to the Secretary of State under this section during the preceding year.

Report.

"(2) Such reports shall be submitted to the Committees on Armed Services and on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committees on Armed Services and on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

"(3) Such reports shall be submitted not later than June 1 of each year.

"(e) In this section:

"(1) 'Nonlethal excess supplies' means property, other than real property, of the Department of Defense—

"(A) that is excess property, as defined in regulations of the Department of Defense; and

"(B) that is not a weapon, ammunition, or other equipment or material that is designed to inflict serious bodily harm or death.

"(2) 'Intelligence committees' means the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.".

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"2547. Excess nonlethal supplies: humanitarian relief.".

SEC. 1455. ENCOURAGEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION IN UNITED STATES SHIPYARDS OF COMBATANT VESSELS FOR UNITED STATES ALLIES

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Navy shall take such steps as necessary—

(1) to encourage United States shipyards to construct combatant vessels for nations friendly to the United States, subject to the requirement to safeguard sensitive warship technology; and

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(2) to ensure that no effort is made by any element of the Department of the Navy to inhibit, delay, or halt the provision of any United States naval system to a nation allied with the United States if that system is approved for export to a foreign nation, unless approval of such system for export is withheld solely for the purpose of safeguarding sensitive warship technology;

(3) if opportunities arise to construct combatant vessels (including diesel submarines) outside the United States in a shipyard of a friendly foreign nation, with some or all of the costs provided by United States funds—

(A) to encourage United States firms to participate in such construction to the maximum extent possible, subject to the requirement to safeguard sensitive warship technology; and

(B) to ensure, whenever practicable, that at least 51 percent of the dollar value of such construction is provided by United States firms.

(b) Definition.—For the purposes of this section, the term "sensitive warship technology" means technology relating to the design or construction of a combatant naval vessel that is determined by the Secretary of Defense to be vital to United States security.

SEC. 1456. DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE FOR TEXTILE AND APPAREL PRODUCTS

(a) Capability of Domestic Textile and Apparel Industrial Base.—The Secretary of Defense shall monitor the capability of the domestic textile and apparel industrial base to support defense mobilization requirements.

(b) Annual Report.—The Secretary shall submit to Congress not later than April 1 of each of the five years beginning with 1986 a report on the status of such industrial base. Each such report shall include—

(1) an identification of textile and apparel mobilization requirements of the Department of Defense that cannot be satisfied on a timely basis by the domestic industries;

(2) an assessment of the effect any inadequacy in the textile and apparel industrial base would have on a defense mobilization; and

(3) recommendations for ways to alleviate any inadequacy in such industrial base that the Secretary considers critical to defense mobilization requirements.

SEC. 1457. ENCOURAGEMENT OF TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER

Ante, p. 599.

(a) In General.—Chapter 139 of title 10, United States Code (as amended by section 123(a)(1)), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

Research and development.
State and local governments.
Schools and colleges.
10 USC 2363.

"§ 2363. Encouragement of technology transfer

"(a) The Secretary of Defense shall encourage, to the extent consistent with national security objectives, the transfer of technology between laboratories and research centers of the Department of Defense and other Federal agencies, State and local governments, colleges and universities, and private persons in cases that are likely to result in the maximum domestic use of such technology.

"(b) The Secretary shall examine and implement methods, in addition to the encouragement referred to in subsection (a), that are consistent with national security objectives and will enable Department of Defense personnel to promote technology transfer in cases referred to in subsection (a).".

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(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter (as amended by section 123(a)(2)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"2363. Encouragement of technology transfer.".

SEC. 1458. CIVIL AIR PATROL.

(a) REIMBURSEMENT FOR MAJOR ITEMS OF EQUIPMENT.—Section 9441(b)(10) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "authorize the purchase with funds appropriated to the Air Force" and inserting in lieu thereof "reimburse the Civil Air Patrol for costs incurred for the purchase". 98 Stat. 2632

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1985. 10 USC 9441 note

SEC. 1459. NATIONAL SCIENCE CENTER FOR COMMUNICATIONS AND ELECTRONICS

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Scientific and technological developments in communications and electronics are of particular importance to the United States in meeting its national security, industrial, and other needs.

(2) Enhanced training in the technical communications, electronics, and computer disciplines is necessary for a more efficient and effective military force.

(3) The Secretary of the Army, through the Training and Doctrine Command, is responsible for providing training to members of the Army.

(4) The Ninety-seventh Congress, in Senate Concurrent Resolution 130 of that Congress, encouraged the establishment within the United States of a national center dedicated to communications and electronics. 96 Stat. 2674

(5) The Secretary of the Army entered into a Memorandum of Understanding with the National Science Center for Communications and Electronics Foundation Incorporated, a nonprofit corporation of the State of Georgia, in which the Army and such foundation agreed to develop a science center for—

(A) the promotion of engineering principles and practices;

(B) the advancement of scientific education for careers in communications and electronics; and

(C) the portrayal of the communications, electronics, and computer arts.

(b) PURPOSE.—It is the purpose of this section—

(1) to recognize the relationship between the Army and the National Science Center for Communications and Electronics Foundation Incorporated (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Foundation") for the development, construction, and operation of a national science center; and

(2) to authorize the Secretary of the Army (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") to make available a suitable site for the construction of such a center, to accept title to the center facilities when constructed, and to provide for the management, operation, and maintenance of such a center after the transfer of title of the center to the Secretary.

(c) NATIONAL SCIENCE CENTER.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary may provide a suitable parcel of land at or near Fort Gordon, Georgia, for the construction by the Foundation of a National Science Center to meet the objectives expressed in subsection (a). Upon completion of the construction of the center, the Secretary may accept title to the center and may provide for the management, operation, and maintenance of the center. Georgia.

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(2) As a condition to making a parcel of land available to the Foundation for the construction of a National Science Center, the Secretary shall have the right to approve the design of the center, including all plans, specifications, contracts, sites, and materials to be used in the construction of such center and all rights-of-way, easements, and rights of ingress and egress for the center. The Secretary's approval of the design and plans shall be based on good business practices and accepted engineering principles, taking into consideration safety and other appropriate factors.

(d) Gifts.—The Secretary may accept conditional or unconditional gifts made for the benefit of, or in connection with, the center.

(e) Advisory Board.—The Secretary may appoint an advisory board to advise the Secretary regarding the operation of the center in pursuit of the goals of the center described in subsection (a)(5). The Secretary may appoint to the advisory board such members of the Board of Directors of the Foundation as the Secretary considers appropriate. The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the advisory board appointed under this subsection.

(f) Availability of Center to Foundation.—Consistent with the mission of the Armed Forces and the efficient operation of the center, the Secretary may make facilities at the center available to the Foundation—

(1) for its corporate activities; and

(2) for such endeavors in the area of communications and electronics as the Secretary may consider appropriate.

(g) Other Authorized Uses.—(1) The Secretary may make the center available to the public and to other departments and agencies of the Government for research and study and for public exhibitions. The Secretary may charge for such uses as he considers necessary and appropriate.

(2) Any money collected for the use of the facilities of the center shall be deposited to a special fund maintained by the Secretary for the maintenance and operation of the center. The Secretary shall require the Auditor General of the Army to audit the records of such fund at least once every two years and to report the results of the audits to the Secretary.

SEC. 1160. DONATIONS BY COMMISSARY STORES OF CERTAIN UNMARKETABLE FOOD

(a) In General.—Chapter 147 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

10 USC 2485. **"§ 2485. Commissary stores: donation of unmarketable food**

"(a) The Secretary of a military department may donate commissary store food described in subsection (b) to authorized charitable nonprofit food banks.

"(b) Food that may be donated under this section is food of a commissary store—

"(1) that is—

"(A) unmarketable;

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"(B) unsaleable; and

"(C) certified as edible by appropriate food inspection technicians; and

"(2) that would otherwise be destroyed as unusable.

"(c) A donation under this section shall take place at the site of the commissary that is donating the food.

"(d) A donation under this section may only be made to an entity that is authorized by the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of Health and Human Services to receive donations under this section.

"(e) This section does not authorize any service (including transportation) to be provided in connection with a donation under this section.".

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"2485. Commissary stores: donation of unmarketable food."

5 USC 7301 note.

SEC. 1161. LIMITATION ON GRATUITIES AT NAVAL SHIPBUILDING CEREMONIES

(a) General Rule.—A Federal officer, employee, or Member of Congress may not accept, directly or indirectly, any tangible thing of value as a gift or memento in connection with a ceremony to mark the completion of a naval shipbuilding milestone.

(b) Exclusion.—Subsection (a) does not apply to a gift or memento that has a value of less than $100.

(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section, the terms "officer", "employee", and "Member of Congress" have the meanings given those terms in sections 2104, 2105, and 2106, respectively, of title 5, United States Code.

SEC. 1162. AUTHORITY TO TRANSFER CERTAIN AIRCRAFT

(a) In General.—The Secretary of the Navy may transfer title to an aircraft described in subsection (b) to the institution leasing the aircraft if the Secretary certifies—

(1) that at the time of the transfer the aircraft is being used by the organization holding the aircraft for a purpose consistent with the use intended when the aircraft was first leased to the institution; and

(2) that the Department of the Navy no longer needs the aircraft.

(b) Covered Aircraft.—The authority of the Secretary of the Navy under subsection (a) applies with respect to an aircraft—

(1) that on the date of the enactment of this Act is being leased by the Secretary to a State-supported educational institution; and

(2) for which a lease for such aircraft began with such institution on or before January 1, 1976.

(c) Compensation.—A transfer under this section shall be made without compensation or reimbursement to the United States.

SEC. 1163. AUTHORITY TO LEASE AIR FORCE HELICOPTERS TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Notwithstanding any other provision of this or any other Act, the Secretary of the Air Force may lease not more that 12 UH-F1 helicopters to the Department of Forestry of the State of California for the purposes of fighting forest fires, search and rescue missions, and vegetation control activities. The lease of helicopters under this section shall be made subject to such terms and conditions as the 99 STAT. 766 Secretary considers fair, reasonable, and necessary to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 1164. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS CONCERNING ESTABLISHMENT OF TRAVEL OFFICES OR ACQUISITION OF TRAVEL SERVICES

It is the sense of the Congress that the Secretary of each military department should provide, in the establishment of travel offices or the acquisition of travel services for official travel, for free and open competition among commercial travel agencies, scheduled airline traffic offices (SATOs), and other entities which provide such services.

SEC. 1165. AMERICAN STAGE EQUIPMENT FOR UNITED STATES PATRIOTIC EVENTS

It is the sense of Congress that performing groups in the Armed Forces should use domestically manufactured entertainment support items, such as pianos and organs, sound and lighting equipment, and other items essential for quality entertainment, at patriotic and ceremonial events in the Capitol, on the Capitol Grounds, and at all other Federal buildings, unless there is no domestically manufactured item of comparable quality and price.

SEC. 1166. SALE OF CERTAIN RECORDINGS OF UNITED STATES AIR FORCE BAND

(a) Authorized Sale.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of the Air Force may produce recordings of the concert of the United States Air Force Band in Salt Lake City, Utah, on April 18 and 19, 1985, for commercial sale.

(b) Authorized Contract.—The Secretary may enter into an appropriate contract, under such terms as the Secretary determines to be in the best interest of the Government, for the production and sale authorized by subsection (a).

TITLE XV—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS

Department of Energy National Security and Military Applications of Nuclear Energy Authorization Act of 1986.

SEC. 1501. SHORT TITLE

This title may be cited as the "Department of Energy National Security and Military Applications of Nuclear Energy Authorization Act of 1986".

PART A—NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS AUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 1511. OPERATING EXPENSES

Funds are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1986 for operating expenses incurred in carrying out national security programs (including scientific research and development in support of the Armed Forces, strategic and critical materials necessary for the common defense, and military applications of nuclear energy and related management and support activities) as follows:

(1) For naval reactors development, $489,000,000

(2) For weapons activities, $3,519,200,000, to be allocated as follows:

(A) For research and development, $850,300,000.

(B) For weapons testing, $537,800,000.

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(C) For the defense inertial confinement fusion program, $145,000,000.

(D) For production and surveillance, $1,887,400,000.

(E) For program direction, $98,700,000.

(3) For verification and control technology, $90,975,000, of which $3,800,000 shall be used for program direction.

(4) For defense nuclear materials production, $1,556,300,000, to be allocated as follows:

(A) For uranium enrichment, $208,900,000.

(B) For production reactor operations, $576,380,000.

(C) For processing of defense nuclear materials, $493,145,000, of which $74,800,000 shall be used for special isotope separation.

(D) For supporting services, $256,575,000, of which $26,000,000 shall be used for the plasma separation process program.

(E) For program direction, $21,300,000.

(5) For defense nuclear waste and byproduct management, $395,037,000, to be allocated as follows:

(A) For interim waste management, $271,000,000.

(B) For long-term waste management technology, $96,567,000.

(C) For terminal waste storage, $25,070,000.

(D) For program direction, $2,400,000.

(6) For nuclear materials safeguards and security technology development program, $54,325,000, of which $6,925,000 shall be used for program direction.

(7) For security investigations, $33,400,000.

SEC. 1512. PLANT AND CAPITAL EQUIPMENT

Funds are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1986 for plant and capital equipment (including planning, construction, acquisition, and modification of facilities, land acquisition related thereto, and acquisition and fabrication of capital equipment not related to construction) necessary for national security programs as follows:

(1) For weapons activities:

Project 86-D-101, general plant projects, various locations, $26,900,000.

Project 86-D-121, general plant projects, various locations, $28,700,000.

Project 86-D-103, decontamination and waste treatment facility, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Livermore, California, $3,700,000.

Project 86-D-104, strategic defense facility, Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, New Mexico, $4,000,000.

Project 86-D-105, Instrumentation Systems Laboratory, Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, New Mexico, $6,200,000.

Project 86-D-122, structural upgrade of existing plutonium facilities, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, Colorado, $3,000,000.

Project 86-D-123, environmental hazards elimination, various locations, $8,700,000.

Project 86-D-124, safeguards and site security upgrading, phase II, Mound Plant, Miamisburg, Ohio, $3,000,000. 99 STAT. 768

Project 86-D-125, safeguards and site security upgrade, phase II, Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas, $1,500,000.

Project 86-D-130, Tritium loading facility replacement, Savannah River Plant, Aiken, South Carolina, $5,000,000.

Project 86-D-133, Data Communications Laboratory, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico, $3,000,000.

Project 85-D-102, nuclear weapons research, development, and testing facilities revitalization, phase I, various locations, $65,400,000, for a total project authorization of $100,800,000.

Project 85-D-103, safeguards and security enhancements, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory and Sandia National Laboratories, Livermore, California, $16,400,000, for a total project authorization of $21,100,000.

Project 85-D-105, combined device assembly facility, Nevada Test Site, Nevada, $7,000,000, for a total project authorization of $14,600,000.

Project 85-D-106, hardened engineering test building, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Livermore, California, $1,900,000, for a total project authorization of $2,700,000.

Project 85-D-112, enriched uranium recovery improvements, Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, $15,300,000, for a total project authorization of $19,800,000.

Project 85-D-113, powerplant and steam distribution system, Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas, $18,500,000, for a total project authorization of $23,000,000.

Project 85-D-115, renovate plutonium building utility systems, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, Colorado, $17,700,000, for a total project authorization of $20,600,000.

Project 85-D-121, air and water pollution control facilities, Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, $14,000,000, for a total project authorization of $19,000,000.

Project 85-D-123, safeguards and site security upgrade, phase I, Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas, $4,000,000, for a total project authorization of $5,000,000.

Project 85-D-124, safeguards and site security upgrade, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, Colorado, $2,400,000, for a total project authorization of $3,400,000.

Project 85-D-125, tactical bomb production facilities, various locations, $6,000,000, for a total project authorization of $16,000,000.

Project 84-D-102, radiation-hardened integrated circuit laboratory, Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, New Mexico, $15,500,000, for a total project authorization of $37,500,000.

Project 84-D-104, nuclear materials storage facility, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico,

$12,100,000, for a total project authorization of $19,300,000.

Project 84-D-107, nuclear testing facilities revitalization, various locations, $14,900,000, for a total project authorization of $65,940,000.

Project 84-D-112, Trident II warhead production facilities, various locations, $60,700,000, for a total project authorization of $140,700,000.

Project 84-D-113, anti-submarine warfare/standoff weapon warhead production facilities, various locations, $10,000,000.

Project 84-D-115, electrical system expansion, Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas, $3,300,000, for a total project authorization of $14,800,000.

Project 84-D-117, inert assembly and test facility, Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas, $400,000, for a total project authorization of $13,600,000.

Project 84-D-118, high-explosive subassembly facility, Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas, $33,000,000, for a total project authorization of $40,000,000.

Project 84-D-120, explosive component test facility, Mound Plant, Miamisburg, Ohio, $2,300,000, for a total project authorization of $22,300,000.

Project 84-D-211, safeguards and site security upgrading, Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, $7,500,000, for a total project authorization of $23,000,000.

Project 84-D-212, safeguards and site security upgrade, Pinellas Plant, Florida, $3,800,000, for a total project authorization of $7,500,000.

Project 83-D-199, buffer land acquisition, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory and Sandia National Laboratories, Livermore, California, $10,000,000, for a total project authorization of $34,000,000.

Project 82-D-107, utilities and equipment restoration, replacement, and upgrade, phase III, various locations, $170,000,000, for a total project authorization of $740,400,000.

Project 82-D-111, interactive graphics systems, various locations, $4,000,000, for a total project authorization of $24,000,000.

Project 82-D-144, Simulation Technology Laboratory, Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, New Mexico, $10,300,000, for a total project authorization of $34,000,000.

Project 79-7-0, Universal Pilot Plant, Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas, $4,500,000, for a total project authorization of $20,400,000.

(2) For materials production:

Project 86-D-146, general plant projects, various locations, $29,800,000.

Project 86-D-148, special isotope separation plant (design only), site undesignated, $8,000,000.

Project 86-D-149, productivity retention program, phase I, various locations, $24,200,000.

Project 86-D-150, in-core neutron monitoring system, N reactor, Richland, Washington, $4,460,000.

Project 86-D-151, PUREX electrical system upgrade, Richland, Washington, $2,500,000.

Project 86-D-152, reactor electrical distribution system, Savannah River, South Carolina, $2,000,000.

Project 86-D-153, additional line III furnace, Savannah River, South Carolina, $1,500,000.

Project 86-D-154, effluent treatment facility, Savannah River, South Carolina, $2,500,000.

Project 86-D-156, plantwide safeguards systems, Savannah River, South Carolina, $3,000,000.

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Project 86-D-157, hydrofluorination system, FB-Line, Savannah River, South Carolina, $2,200,000.

Project 85-D-137, vault safety special nuclear material inventory system, Richland, Washington, $1,900,000, for a total project authorization of $4,400,000.

Project 85-D-139, fuel processing restoration, Idaho Fuels Processing Facility, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, $12,000,000, for a total project authorization of $22,000,000.

Project 85-D-140, productivity and radiological improvements, Feed Materials Production Center, Fernald, Ohio, $12,000,000, for a total project authorization of $18,000,000.

Project 85-D-145, fuel production facility, Savannah River, South Carolina, $16,000,000, for a total project authorization of $25,800,000.

Project 84-D-135, process facility modifications, Richland, Washington, $15,000,000, for a total project authorization of $32,500,000.

Project 84-D-136, enriched uranium conversion facility modifications, Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, $7,200,000, for a total project authorization of $19,600,000.

Project 83-D-148, non-radioactive hazardous waste management, Savannah River, South Carolina, $3,100,000, for a total project authorization of $22,100,000.

Project 82-D-124, restoration of production capabilities, phases II, III, IV, and V, various locations, $43,900,000, for a total project authorization of $348,534,000.

Project 82-D-201, special plutonium recovery facilities, JB-Line, Savannah River, South Carolina, $4,400,000, for a total project authorization of $83,800,000.

(3) For defense waste and byproducts management:

Project 86-D-171, general plant projects, interim waste operations and long-term waste management technology, various locations, $24,451,000.

Project 86-D-172, B plant F filter, Richland, Washington, $1,000,000.

Project 86-D-173, central waste disposal facility, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, $1,000,000.

Project 86-D-174, low-level waste processing and shipping system, Feed Materials Production Center, Fernald, Ohio, $2,500,000.

Project 86-D-175, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory security ugrade, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory (INEL), Idaho, $2,000,000.

Project 85-D-157, seventh calcined solids storage facility, Idaho Chemical Processing Plant, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, $14,500,000, for a total project authorization of $21,500,000.

Project 85-D-158, central warehouse upgrade, Richland, Washington, $5,000,000, for a total project authorization of $5,700,000.

Project 85-D-159, new waste transfer facilities, H-Area, Savannah River, South Carolina, $9,000,000, for a total project authorization of $20,000,000.

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Project 85-D-160, test reactor area security system upgrade, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory (INEL), Idaho, $2,250,000, for a total project authorization of $4,250,000.

Project 81-T-105, defense waste processing facility, Savannah River, South Carolina, $165,000,000, for a total project authorization of $597,500,000.

(4) For verification and control technology:

Project 85-D-171, space science laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico, $4,500,000, for a total project authorization of $5,500,000.

(5) Nuclear safeguards and security:

Project 86-D-186, Nuclear Safeguards Technology Laboratory, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico, $1,000,000.

(6) For naval reactors development:

Project 86-N-101, general plant projects, various locations, $4,000,000.

Project 86-N-104, reactor modifications, advance test reactor, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, $4,500,000.

Project 82-N-111, materials facility, Savannah River, South Carolina, $11,000,000, for a total project authorization of $176,000,000.

Project 81-T-112, modifications and additions to prototype facilities, various locations, $27,000,000, for a total project authorization of $137,000,000.

(7) For capital equipment not related to construction:

(A) for weapons activities, $267,750,000;

(B) for inertial confinement fusion, $10,000,000;

(C) for materials production, $123,440,000;

(D) for defense waste and byproducts management, $38,997,000;

(E) for verification and control technology, $5,600,000;

(F) for nuclear safeguards and security, $4,600,000; and

(G) for naval reactors development, $29,000,000.

PART B—RECURRING GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 1521. REPROGRAMMING

(a) NOTICE TO CONGRESS.—Except as otherwise provided in this title—

(1) no amount appropriated pursuant to this title may be used for any program in excess of 105 percent of the amount authorized for that program by this title or $10,000,000 more than the amount authorized for that program by this title, whichever is the lesser, and

(2) no amount appropriated pursuant to this title may be used for any program which has not been presented to, or requested of, the Congress,

unless a period of 30 calendar days (not including any day on which either House of Congress is not in session because of adjournment of more than three calendar days to a day certain) has passed after receipt by the appropriate committees of Congress of notice from the Secretary of Energy (hereinafter in this part referred to as the "Secretary") containing a full and complete statement of the action proposed to be taken and the facts and circumstances relied upon in support of such proposed action, or unless each such committee 99 STAT. 772 before the expiration of such period has transmitted to the Secretary written notice to the effect that such committee has no objection to the proposed action.

(b) LIMITATION ON AMOUNT OBLIGATED.—In no event may the total amount of funds obligated pursuant to this title exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated by this title.

SEC. 1522. LIMITS ON GENERAL PLANT PROJECTS

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may carry out any construction project under the general plant projects provisions authorized by this title if the total estimated cost of the construction project does not exceed $1,200,000.

(b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—If at any time during the construction of any general plant project authorized by this title, the estimated cost of the project is revised because of unforeseen cost variations and the revised cost of the project exceeds $1,200,000, the Secretary shall immediately furnish a complete report to the appropriate committees of Congress explaining the reasons for the cost variation.

SEC. 1523. LIMITS ON CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

(a) In General.—Whenever the current estimated cost of a construction project, which is authorized by section 1512 of this title, or which is in support of national security programs of the Department of Energy and was authorized by any previous Act, exceeds by more than 25 percent the higher of—

(1) the amount authorized for the project; or

(2) the amount of the total estimated cost for the project as shown in the most recent budget justification data submitted to the Congress,

construction may not be started or additional obligations incurred in connection with the project above the total estimated cost, as the case may be, unless a period of 30 calendar days (not including any day in which either House of Congress is not in session because of adjournment of more than three days to a day certain) has passed after receipt by the appropriate committees of Congress of written notice from the Secretary containing a full and complete statement of the action proposed to be taken and the facts and circumstances relied upon in support of the action, or unless each committee before the expiration of such period has notified the Secretary it has no objection to the proposed action.

Ante, p. 767.

(b) Exception.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to any construction project which has a current estimated cost of less than $5,000,000.

SEC. 1524. FUND TRANSFER AUTHORITY

To the extent specified in appropriation Acts, funds appropriated pursuant to this title may be transferred to other agencies of the Government for the performance of the work for which the funds were appropriated, and funds so transferred may be merged with the appropriations of the agency to which the funds are transferred.

SEC. 1525. AUTHORITY FOR CONSTRUCTION DESIGN

(a) In General.—(1) Within the amounts authorized by this title for plant engineering and design, the Secretary may carry out advance planning and construction designs (including architectural and engineering services) in connection with any proposed construction project if the total estimated cost for such planning and design does not exceed $2,000,000.

99 STAT. 773

(2) In any case in which the total estimated cost for such planning and design exceeds $300,000, the Secretary shall notify the appropriate committees of Congress in writing of the details of such project at least 30 days before any funds are obligated for design services for such project.

(b) Specific Authority Required.—In any case in which the total estimated cost for advance planning and construction design in connection with any construction project exceeds $2,000,000, funds for such design must be specifically authorized by law.

SEC. 1526. AUTHORITY FOR EMERGENCY CONSTRUCTION DESIGN

In addition to the advance planning and construction design authorized by section 1512, the Secretary may perform planning and design utilizing available funds for any Department of Energy defense activity construction project whenever the Secretary determines that the design must proceed expeditiously in order to meet the needs of national defense or to protect property or human life.

Ante, p. 767.

SEC. 1527. FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR ALL NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Subject to the provisions of appropriation Acts, amounts appropriated pursuant to this title for management and support activities and for general plant projects are available for use, when necessary, in connection with all national security programs of the Department of Energy.

SEC. 1528. ADJUSTMENTS FOR PAY INCREASES

Appropriations authorized by this title for salary, pay, retirement, or other benefits for Federal employees may be increased by such amounts as may be necessary for increases in such benefits authorized by law.

SEC. 1529. AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS

When so specified in an appropriation Act, amounts appropriated for "Operating Expenses" or for "Plant and Capital Equipment" may remain available until expended.

PART C—PROGRAM REVISIONS AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 1531. GENERAL REDUCTION

The total amount that may be appropriated pursuant to the authorizations in this title is the amount equal to the sum of the amounts authorized in this title reduced by $32,280,000. Of such reduction—

(1) $10,000,000 shall be derived from funds for acquisition of automated data processing and computer equipment;

(2) $14,000,000 shall be derived from savings from management initiatives; and

(3) $8,280,000 shall be derived from proposed rescission R85-80.

SEC. 1532. COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS

Contract.
Tennessee.
42 USC 2391 note.

99 STAT. 774

(a) **FINAL SETTLEMENT.**—Subject to the provisions of appropriation Acts, the Secretary of Energy is authorized to obligate during fiscal year 1986 not more than $41,133,000 from funds available to the Department of Energy for the purpose of carrying out a contract with Anderson County and Roane County, Tennessee, and the City of Oak Ridge, Tennessee, that would provide a final financial settlement with those entities and terminate all annual assistance payments made to those entities pursuant to section 91 of the Atomic Energy Community Act of 1955 (42 U.S.C. 2391), and for advance payment of payments in lieu of property taxes for the fiscal years 1986 through 1996 authorized by section 168 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2208).

(b) **REPORT TO CONGRESS.**—Not later than February 1, 1986, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report and the Secretary's recommendations concerning any need for any further financial assistance payments to local governmental entities pursuant to the Atomic Energy Community Act of 1955. In making such recommendations, the Secretary shall consider—

(1) the criteria established by section 91 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954; 42 USC 2121.

(2) changes in the financial circumstances of State and local governmental entities since 1955;

(3) other forms of Federal assistance to State and local governmental entities provided since 1955; and

(4) the deficit of the Federal budget.

Contract.

(c) **LIMITATION.**—No funds may be obligated for the purposes set forth in subsection (a) until—

(1) the Secretary has submitted to the appropriate committees of Congress a copy of an executed contract that complies with the requirements of that subsection; and

(2) a period of 30 calendar days (not including any day on which either House of Congress is not in session because of adjournment of more than three calendar days to a day certain) has passed after receipt of such contract.

SEC. 1533. IMPROVEMENTS TO DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY BUILDING AT OAK RIDGE, TENNESSEE

Research and development

Subject to the provisions of appropriations Acts, the Secretary of Energy is authorized to obligate not more than $5,000,000 during fiscal year 1986 from funds available to the Department of Energy to renovate a building owned by the Department of Energy at Oak Ridge, Tennessee, if the Secretary determines that the Department's research and development requirements of the Strategic Defense Initiatives program require such renovations.

SEC. 1534. COSTS NOT ALLOWED UNDER COVERED CONTRACTS

42 USC 7256a

(a) In General.—The following costs are not allowable under a covered contract:

(1) Costs of entertainment, including amusement, diversion, and social activities and any costs directly associated with such costs (such as tickets to shows or sports events, meals, lodging, rentals, transportation, and gratuities).

(2) Costs incurred to influence (directly or indirectly) legislative action on any matter pending before Congress or a State legislature.

(3) Costs incurred in defense of any civil or criminal fraud proceeding or similar proceeding (including filing of any false certification) brought by the United States where the contractor is found liable or has pleaded nolo contendere to a charge of fraud or similar proceeding (including filing of false certification).

99 STAT. 775

(4) Payments of fines and penalties resulting from violations of, or failure to comply with, Federal, State, local, or foreign laws and regulations, except when incurred as a result of compliance with specific terms and conditions of the contract or specific written instructions from the contracting officer authorizing in advance such payments in accordance with applicable regulations of the Secretary of Energy.

(5) Costs of membership in any social, dining, or country club or organization.

(6) Costs of alcoholic beverages.

(7) Contributions or donations, regardless of the recipient.

(8) Costs of advertising designed to promote the contractor or its products.

(9) Costs of promotional items and memorabilia, including models, gifts, and souvenirs.

(10) Costs for travel by commercial aircraft or by travel by other than common carrier that is not necessary for the performance of the contract and the cost of which exceeds the amount of the standard commercial fare.

(b) Regulations.—Not later than 150 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall prescribe regulations to implement this section. Such regulations may establish appropriate definitions, exclusions, limitations, and qualifications. Such regulations shall be published in accordance with section 22 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 418b).

98 Stat. 3076.

(c) Definition.—In this section, "covered contract" means a contract for an amount more than $100,000 entered into by the Secretary of Energy obligating funds appropriated for national security programs of the Department of Energy.

(d) Effective Date.—Subsection (a) shall apply with respect to costs incurred under a covered contract on or after 30 days after the regulations required by subsection (b) are issued.

SEC. 1535. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS

(a) In General.—Sections 1623(a) and 1626 of the Department of Energy National Security and Military Applications of Nuclear Energy Authorization Act of 1985 (title XVI of Public Law 98-525) are amended by striking out "section 302" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 1602".

98 Stat. 2645, 2646.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall be considered to have been made on the date of the enactment of the Department of Energy National Security and Military Applications of Nuclear Energy Authorization Act of 1985.

TITLE XVI—OTHER GENERAL PROVISIONS

PART A—CIVIL DEFENSE

SEC. 1601. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 to carry out provisions of the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. App. 2251 et seq.) the sum of $130,000,000.

99 STAT. 776

PART B—NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE

SEC. 1611. FUNDING FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE

50 USC 98h note.

(a) ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF FUNDING FOR STOCKPILE TRANSACTION FUND FROM NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVE RECEIPTS.—Section 905 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-525; 98 Stat. 2574), is amended by striking out "during fiscal year 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "during fiscal years 1985 and 1986".

50 USC 98d note.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 903(b) of such Act (98 Stat. 2573) is amended by striking out "October 1, 1986" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1987".

SEC. 1612. PROHIBITION OF REDUCTIONS IN STOCKPILE GOALS

50 USC 98d note.

(a) FREEZE ON GOALS.—(1) No action may be taken before October 1, 1986, to implement or administer any change in a stockpile goal in effect on October 1, 1984, that results in a reduction in the quality or quantity of any strategic and critical material to be acquired for the National Defense Stockpile.

(b) DEFINITION.—For purposes of subsection (a), the term "stockpile goal" means a determination made by the President under section 3(a) of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98b) with respect to the National Defense Stockpile.

SEC. 1613. STUDY OF LOSS OF PRODUCTION CAPACITY OF CRITICAL FERROALLOY PRODUCTS

(a) REQUIREMENT FOR STUDY.—Recognizing the vital role that ferroalloy products have in industries crucial to the national defense, the Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study to determine what effect the loss of all capacity by the United States to produce domestic ferroalloys would have on the defense industrial base and on industrial preparedness of the United States.

(b) SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS.—Such study shall include an evaluation of the effect that the loss of production capacity by the United States for ferrochrome, ferromanganese, ferrosilicon (all grades), silicon manganese, chromium metal, and other militarily critical ferroalloy products would have on the industrial base and on industrial preparedness of the United States.

(c) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall conduct such study through the Undersecretary of Defense for Policy in consultation with the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency and the Secretary of the Interior.

(d) SUBMISSION OF REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report containing the results of the study conducted under subsection (a). Such report shall, to the extent practicable, be unclassified.

PART C—OTHER PROVISIONS

SEC. 1621. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS EXPRESSING SUPPORT FOR THE SELECTIVE SERVICE REGISTRATION PROGRAM

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The program of peacetime registration of young men under the Military Selective Service Act contributes to the national security by reducing the time required for full defense mobilization. 50 USC app. 451.

99 STAT. 777

(2) The Selective Service registration program is an important signal to our allies and to our potential adversaries of the United States defense commitment.

(3) Since the resumption of selective service registration, more than 13,500,000 young men have registered with Selective Service.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—In view of these findings, it is the sense of Congress that the President should recognize, by Presidential proclamation, the contribution of our young men to the success of the peacetime registration program.

SEC. 1622. PROHIBITION ON CIVIL SERVICE EMPLOYMENT OF PERSONS WHO FAIL TO REGISTER UNDER THE MILITARY SELECTIVE SERVICE ACT

(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) Subchapter I of chapter 33 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"§ 3328. Selective Service registration 5 USC 3328.

"(a) An individual—

"(1) who was born after December 31, 1959, and is or was required to register under section 3 of the Military Selective Service Act (50 U.S.C. App. 453); and

"(2) who is not so registered or knowingly and willfully did not so register before the requirement terminated or became inapplicable to the individual,

shall be ineligible for appointment to a position in an Executive agency.

"(b) The Office of Personnel Management, in consultation with the Director of the Selective Service System, shall prescribe regulations to carry out this section. Such regulations shall include provisions prescribing procedures for the adjudication within the Office of determinations of whether a failure to register was knowing and willful. Such procedures shall require that such a determination may not be made if the individual concerned shows by a preponderance of the evidence that the failure to register was neither knowing nor willful.".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 3327 the following new item:

"3328. Selective Service registration.".

(b) REPORT.—(1) The Office of Personnel Management shall submit to Congress a report—

(A) as to whether it is practicable to apply section 3328 of title 5, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), to persons born before January 1, 1960; and *Supra.*

(B) on the relative costs and benefits of corroborating registration of individuals under the Military Selective Service Act for the purposes of that section on a spot-check basis or on an individual basis. 50 USC app. 451.

(2) The report shall be submitted not later than February 1, 1986.

99 STAT. 778

SEC. 1623. AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE COAST GUARD COMMANDANT RESIDENCE-TO-WORK TRANSPORTATION PROVIDED OTHER SERVICE CHIEFS

Effective on October 1, 1985, section 660 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e) Passenger motor vehicles of the United States may be used to provide transportation between the residence and place of work of the Commandant."

SEC. 1624. ACCEPTANCE OF CERTAIN VOLUNTEER SERVICES

(a) Extension of Authority to Coast Guard.—Section 1588(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "Secretary of a military department" and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary concerned"; and

(2) by striking out "operated by that military department" and inserting in lieu thereof "operated by the military department concerned or the Coast Guard, as appropriate".

10 USC 1588 note

(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

24 USC 43 note.

SEC. 1625. AUTHORITY TO EXEMPT CERTAIN PHYSICIANS AT SOLDIERS' AND AIRMEN'S HOME FROM REDUCTIONS IN RETIRED PAY

(a) In General.—The Governor of the United States Soldiers' and Airmen's Home may exempt, at any time, not more than two physicians employed by the Home from the restrictions in subsections (a), (b), and (c) of section 5532 of title 5, United States Code, if the Governor determines that such exemptions are necessary to recruit or retain well-qualified physicians for the Home. An exemption granted under this section shall terminate upon any break in employment with the Home by a physician of three days or more.

(b) Applicability.—An exemption granted to a person under subsection (a) shall apply to the retired pay of that person beginning with the first month after the month in which the exemption is granted.

SEC. 1626. MANAGEMENT OF MILITARY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

(a) Findings.—The Congress finds that—

(1) the National Archives and Records Administration has received a substantial number of military records; and

(2) by reason of the manner in which such records are maintained, many of such records are not readily accessible to the public.

(b) Report.—(1) Not later than March 31, 1986, the Archivist of the United States shall submit to Congress a report outlining a plan—

(A) for improving the management, maintenance, storage, and preservation of military records; and

(B) for improving public access to such records.

(2) In preparing the report, the Archivist shall consider recommendations received from—

(A) officials of the military departments responsible for the maintenance and storage of military records; and

(B) interested public groups.

99 STAT. 779

SEC. 1627. ROBERT C. BYRD HONORS SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM

20 USC 1070d-31. *Ante*, p. 2900.

(a) Designation of Program.—Section 419A of the Higher Education Act of 1965 is amended by striking out "Federal Merit Scholarship Program" and inserting in lieu thereof "Robert C. Byrd Honors Scholarship Program".

Ante, p. 2900. 20 USC 1070d-33.

(b) Designation of Byrd Scholars.—Section 419C of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) Individuals awarded scholarships under this subpart shall be known as 'Byrd Scholars'.".

Ante, p. 2901. 20 USC 1070d-35.

(c) Conforming Amendments.—Section 419E(3) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "Federal"; and

(2) by inserting "under this subpart" after "scholarships".

(d) Clerical Amendment.—The heading of subpart 6 of part A of title IV of such Act is amended to read as follows:

Ante, p. 2900.

"Subpart 6—Robert C. Byrd Honors Scholarship Program".

SEC. 1628. POSTAGE STAMP COMMEMORATING THE 350TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE UNITED STATES NATIONAL GUARD

It is the sense of the Senate that the United States Postal Service should issue a postage stamp during 1986 commemorating the 350th anniversary of the establishment of the United States National Guard.

Approved November 8, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1160 (H.R. 1872) (H.R. 3606):

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-81 accompanying H.R. 1872 (Comm. on Armed Services).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-118 (Comm. of Conference).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
  May 15, June 18-21, 25-27, H.R. 1872 considered and passed House.
  May 17, 20-23, June 3-5, S. 1160 considered and passed Senate.
  June 27, S. 1160 considered and passed House, amended, in lieu of H.R. 1872.
  July 30, Senate agreed to conference report.
  Oct. 29, House agreed to conference report.

Public Law 99-167
99th Congress

99 STAT. 961

An Act

To authorize certain construction at military installations for fiscal year 1986, and for other purposes.

Dec. 3, 1985
[S. 1042]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Military Construction Authorization Act, 1986.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE

This Act may be cited as the "Military Construction Authorization Act, 1986".

TITLE I—ARMY

SEC. 101. AUTHORIZED ARMY CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS

Real property.

(a) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—(1) The Secretary of the Army may acquire real property and may carry out military construction projects in the amounts shown for each of the following installations and locations inside the United States:

UNITED STATES ARMY FORCES COMMAND

Fort Bragg, North Carolina, $68,380,000.
Fort Campbell, Kentucky, $26,200,000.
Fort Carson, Colorado, $51,350,000.
Fort Devens, Massachusetts, $610,000.
Fort Drum, New York, $85,490,000.
Fort Greely, Alaska, $2,500,000.
Fort Hood, Texas, $78,450,000.
Fort Hunter-Liggett, California, $11,100,000.
Fort Indiantown Gap, Pennsylvania, $5,300,000.
Fort Irwin, California, $28,150,000.
Fort Lewis, Washington, $104,980,000.
Fort McCoy, Wisconsin, $940,000.
Fort Meade, Maryland, $18,930,000.
Fort Ord, California, $25,820,000.
Fort Polk, Louisiana, $27,230,000.
Fort Richardson, Alaska, $3,600,000.

Fort Riley, Kansas, $49,290,000.
Fort Sam Houston, Texas, $1,440,000.
Fort Sheridan, Illinois, $3,500,000.
Fort Stewart, Georgia, $29,600,000.
Fort Wainwright, Alaska, $14,000,000.
Presidio of Monterey, California, $2,650,000.
Yakima Firing Center, Washington, $16,430,000.

UNITED STATES ARMY WESTERN COMMAND

Fort Shafter, Hawaii, $6,300,000.
Pohakuloa Training Area, Hawaii, $2,150,000.
Schofield Barracks, Hawaii, $32,460,000.

UNITED STATES ARMY TRAINING AND DOCTRINE COMMAND

Fort A.P. Hill, Virginia, $6,450,000.
Fort Belvoir, Virginia, $34,300,000.
Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, $5,300,000.
Fort Benning, Georgia, $39,650,000.
Fort Bliss, Texas, $31,760,000.
Fort Dix, New Jersey, $6,100,000.
Fort Gordon, Georgia, $46,040,000.
Fort Jackson, South Carolina, $6,600,000.
Fort Knox, Kentucky, $20,770,000.
Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, $6,900,000.
Fort Lee, Virginia, $13,082,000.
Fort Leonard Wood, Missouri, $12,350,000.
Fort McClellan, Alabama, $39,350,000.
Fort Pickett, Virginia, $420,000.
Fort Rucker, Alabama, $11,950,000.
Fort Sill, Oklahoma, $52,000,000.
Fort Story, Virginia, $1,950,000.

MILITARY DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON

Fort Myer, Virginia, $8,300,000.

UNITED STATES ARMY MATERIEL COMMAND

Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland, $4,670,000.
Anniston Army Depot, Alabama, $8,960,000.
Army Materiel and Mechanics Research Center, Massachusetts, $770,000.
Corpus Christi Army Depot, Texas, $4,400,000.
Detroit Arsenal, Michigan, $320,000.
Dugway Proving Ground, Utah, $8,650,000.
Fort Wingate, New Mexico, $490,000.
McAlester Army Ammunition Plant, Oklahoma, $2,300,000.
Navajo Depot Activity, Arizona, $240,000.
New Cumberland Army Depot, Pennsylvania, $38,000,000.
Picatinny Arsenal, New Jersey, $1,000,000.
Pine Bluff Arsenal, Arkansas, $19,000,000.
Pueblo Depot Activity, Colorado, $200,000.
Red River Army Depot, Texas, $820,000.
Redstone Arsenal, Alabama, $25,750,000.
Rock Island Arsenal, Illinois, $29,000,000.
Sacramento Army Depot, California, $4,550,000.
Savanna Army Depot, Illinois, $510,000.
Seneca Army Depot, New York, $1,410,000.
Sierra Army Depot, California, $2,600,000.
Tooele Army Depot, Utah, $11,490,000.
Umatilla Depot Activity, Oregon, $260,000.
Yuma Proving Ground, Arizona, $240,000.

AMMUNITION FACILITIES

Holston Army Ammunition Plant, Tennessee, $320,000.
Indiana Army Ammunition Plant, Indiana, $210,000.
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant, Iowa, $810,000.
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant, Kansas, $570,000.
Lake City Army Ammunition Plant, Missouri, $930,000.

99 STAT. 963

Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant, Louisiana, $640,000.
Newport Army Ammunition Plant, Indiana, $8,000,000.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant, Virginia, $2,910,000.

UNITED STATES ARMY INFORMATION SYSTEMS COMMAND

Fort Huachuca, Arizona, $2,050,000.

UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY

United States Military Academy, New York, $31,000,000.

UNITED STATES ARMY HEALTH SERVICES COMMAND

Fort Detrick, Maryland, $7,600,000.
Tripler Army Medical Center, Hawaii, $970,000.
Walter Reed Army Medical Center, Washington, District of Columbia, $1,150,000.

MILITARY TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT COMMAND

Bayonne Military Ocean Terminal, New Jersey, $3,200,000.
Oakland Army Base, California, $330,000.
Sunny Point Military Ocean Terminal, North Carolina, $1,200,000.

UNITED STATES ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Humphreys Engineer Center, Supt. Activity, Virginia, $11,000,000.

ASSISTANT CHIEF OF ENGINEERS

Various, United States, $3,000,000.

Prohibition

(2) Funds appropriated for construction of an Army aviation museum at Fort Rucker, Alabama, that is authorized in paragraph (1) may not be obligated for that purpose unless the Secretary of the Army determines that an amount equal to the amount appropriated for that purpose has been made available for such purpose from private sources.

(b) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—The Secretary of the Army may acquire real property and may carry out military construction projects in the amounts shown for each of the following installations and locations outside the United States:

UNITED STATES ARMY, JAPAN

Japan, $1,050,000.

EIGHTH UNITED STATES ARMY

Camp Carroll, Korea, $25,380,000.
Camp Casey, Korea, $12,920,000.
Camp Castle, Korea, $1,100,000.
Camp Colbern, Korea, $550,000.
Camp Edwards, Korea, $1,090,000.
Camp Gary Owen, Korea, $580,000.
Camp Giant, Korea, $1,050,000.
Camp Greaves, Korea, $420,000.
Camp Hovey, Korea, $8,300,000.
Camp Howze, Korea, $1,980,000.

99 STAT. 964

Camp Humphreys, Korea, $11,600,000.
Camp Kittyhawk, Korea, $1,600,000.
Camp Kyle, Korea, $3,580,000.
Camp Liberty Bell, Korea, $800,000.
Camp Market, Korea, $710,000.
Camp Page, Korea, $32,650,000.
Camp Pelham, Korea, $2,400,000.
Camp Red Cloud, Korea, $1,730,000.
Camp Stanley, Korea, $5,500,000.
K-16 Army Airfield, Korea, $2,350,000.
Location 177, Korea, $2,290,000.
Yongin, Korea, $2,550,000.
Yongson, Korea, $9,800,000.

BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEMS COMMAND

Kwajalein, $14,600,000.

UNITED STATES ARMY FORCES COMMAND OVERSEAS

Panama, $5,480,000.

UNITED STATES ARMY, EUROPE AND SEVENTH ARMY

Amberg, Germany, $850,000.
Ansbach, Germany, $14,390,000.
Bad Kreuznach, Germany, $1,100,000.
Bad Toelz, Germany, $1,850,000.
Bamberg, Germany, $6,490,000.
Baumholder, Germany, $900,000.
Darmstadt, Germany, $29,200,000.
Frankfurt, Germany, $18,680,000.
Friedberg, Germany, $9,150,000.
Fulda, Germany, $7,200,000.
Giessen, Germany, $1,700,000.
Goeppingen, Germany, $10,250,000.
Grafenwoehr, Germany, $2,450,000.
Haingruen, Germany, $680,000.
Hanau, Germany, $48,140,000.
Heidelberg, Germany, $8,800,000.
Heilbronn, Germany, $2,950,000.
Hohenfels, Germany, $6,300,000.
Kaiserslautern, Germany, $3,450,000.
Karlsruhe, Germany, $4,020,000.
Neu Ulm, Germany, $1,000,000.
Nuremberg, Germany, $8,500,000.
Pirmasens, Germany, $14,000,000.
Schoeningen, Germany, $700,000.
Schweinfurt, Germany, $17,840,000.
Stuttgart, Germany, $4,500,000.
Vilseck, Germany, $10,290,000.
Wiesbaden, Germany, $2,900,000.
Wildflecken, Germany, $20,000,000.
Wuerzburg, Germany, $48,070,000.
Various Locations, Germany, $101,000,000.
Various Locations, Greece, $1,440,000.
Various Locations, Italy, $1,850,000.
Various Locations, Turkey, $7,440,000.

99 STAT. 965

SEC. 102. FAMILY HOUSING

The Secretary of the Army may construct or acquire family housing units (including land acquisition) at the following installations in the number of units shown, and in the amount shown, for each installation:

Fort Ord, California, six hundred units and seventy manufactured home spaces, $50,640,000.

Fort Carson, Colorado, fifty manufactured home spaces, $712,000.

Fort Stewart, Georgia, twenty manufactured home spaces, $253,000.

Bamberg, Germany, one hundred and six units, $7,209,000.

Various locations, Germany, ninety-eight units, $6,120,000.

Vilsek, Germany, three hundred and seventy units, $26,830,000.

Fort Riley, Kansas, fifty manufactured home spaces, $700,000.

Fort Campbell, Kentucky, fifty manufactured home spaces, $689,000.

Fort Devens, Massachusetts, twenty manufactured home spaces, $317,000.

Fort Drum, New York, eight hundred units, $67,500,000.

Fort Bragg, North Carolina, two units by reconfiguration and fifty manufactured home spaces, $637,000.

Dugway Proving Ground, Utah, one hundred and four units and twenty-four manufactured home spaces, $8,674,000.

Fort Myer, Virginia, six units, $596,000.

SEC. 103. IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS

Energy.

(a) AMOUNT AUTHORIZED.—(1) Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of the Army may make expenditures to improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed $167,521,000, of which $10,950,000 is available only for energy conservation projects.

Post, p. 979.

(2) Of the funds appropriated pursuant to authorizations made in subsection (a) and in section 601(a) for support of military family housing, the Secretary of the Army shall use $1,521,000 for housing improvements at Watervliet Arsenal, New York.

(b) WAIVER OF MAXIMUM PER UNIT COST FOR CERTAIN IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS.—Notwithstanding the maximum amount per unit for an improvement project under section 2825(b) of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of the Army may carry out projects to improve existing military family housing units at the following installations in the number of units shown, and in the amount shown, for each installation:

Walter Reed Army Medical Center, Washington, District of Columbia, one unit, $99,000.

Fort Bragg, North Carolina, one hundred and sixty-four units, $4,712,000.

Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland, eighty-one units, $2,762,000.

Fort Monmouth, New Jersey, three hundred and sixty-six units, $14,800,000.

(c) FAMILY HOUSING IMPROVEMENTS AT FORT MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY.—The housing units specified in subsection (b) for Fort Monmouth, New Jersey, includes 135 units authorized in section 101 of this Act and 231 units authorized in section 101 of the Military 99 STAT. 966 Construction Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-407; 98 Stat. 1498).

98 Stat. 1495.

SEC. 104. MADIGAN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER, FORT LEWIS, WASHINGTON

Section 601(c) of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-407; 98 Stat. 1512), is amended by striking out "and the amount specified in subsection (b)" and inserting in lieu thereof ", the amount specified in subsection (b)(1), and $326,800,000 (the amount authorized for the construction of the Madigan Army Medical Center, Fort Lewis, Washington)".

TITLE II—NAVY

Real property.

SEC. 201. AUTHORIZED NAVY CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS

(a) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—The Secretary of the Navy may acquire real property and may carry out military construction projects in the amounts shown for each of the following installations and locations inside the United States:

UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

Marine Corps Logistics Base, Barstow, California, $530,000.

Marine Corps Air Station, Beaufort, South Carolina, $6,905,000.

Marine Corps Mountain Warfare Training Center, Bridgeport, California, $1,470,000.

Marine Corps Camp Detachment, Camp Elmore, Norfolk, Virginia, $3,995,000.

Marine Corps Base, Camp Lejeune, North Carolina, $24,140,000.

Marine Corps Base, Camp Pendleton, California, $25,175,000.

Marine Corps Air Facility, Camp Pendleton, California, $14,310,000.

Marine Corps Air Station, Cherry Point, North Carolina, $36,450,000.

Marine Corps Air Station, El Toro, California, $30,375,000.

Marine Corps Air Station, Kaneohe Bay, Hawaii, $17,420,000.

Marine Corps Air Station, New River, North Carolina, $10,780,000.

Marine Corps Recruit Depot, Parris Island, South Carolina, $3,610,000.

Marine Corps Air Station, Tustin, California, $17,970,000.

Marine Corps Air-Ground Combat Center, Twentynine Palms, California, $22,670,000.

Marine Corps Development and Education Command, Quantico, Virginia, $7,060,000.

Marine Corps Air Station, Yuma, Arizona, $16,750,000.

CHIEF OF NAVAL RESEARCH

Naval Research Laboratory, Washington, District of Columbia, $28,900,000.

OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE NAVY

Navy Finance Center, Cleveland, Ohio, $2,940,000.

CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS

99 STAT. 967 Naval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland, $18,480,000.

Naval Space Command, Dahlgren, Virginia, $4,700,000.

Navy Regional Data Automation Center, Jacksonville, Florida, $10,300,000.

Naval Space Surveillance Field Station, Lewisville, Arkansas, $675,000.

Navy Tactical Interoperability Support Activity, Mayport, Florida, $470,000.

Navy Tactical Interoperability Support Activity, North Island, California, $585,000.

Navy Regional Data Automation Center, Norfolk, Virginia, $10,880,000.

Intelligence Center, Pacific, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, $2,900,000.

Naval Space Surveillance Field Station, San Diego, California, $600,000.

Commandant Naval District, Washington, District of Columbia, $6,300,000.

COMMANDER IN CHIEF, ATLANTIC FLEET

Naval Air Station, Brunswick, Maine, $3,040,000.

Naval Air Station, Cecil Field, Florida, $29,835,000.

Naval Station, Charleston, South Carolina, $9,960,000.

Naval Air Station, Jacksonville, Florida, $5,800,000.

Naval Amphibious Base, Little Creek, Virginia, $16,370,000.

Naval Station, Mayport, Florida, $10,820,000.

Naval Submarine Base, New London, Connecticut, $365,000.

Naval Station, New York, New York, $33,160,000.
Naval Air Station, Norfolk, Virginia, $10,675,000.
Naval Station, Norfolk, Virginia, $800,000.
Naval Air Station, Oceana, Virginia, $16,940,000.

COMMANDER IN CHIEF, PACIFIC FLEET

Naval Facility, Adak, Alaska, $2,650,000.
Naval Air Station, Alameda, California, $8,650,000.
Naval Submarine Base, Bangor, Washington, $5,200,000.
Amphibious Task Force, Camp Pendleton, California, $9,020,000.
Naval Amphibious Base, Coronado, California, $16,150,000.
Naval Station, Everett, Washington, $17,640,000.
Naval Air Station, Fallon, Nevada, $36,500,000.
Naval Air Station, Lemoore, California, $2,300,000.
Naval Station, Long Beach, California, $16,000,000.
Naval Air Station, Miramar, California, $385,000.
Naval Air Station, North Island, California, $18,593,000.
Commander, Oceanographic System, Pacific, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, $1,180,000.
Naval Submarine Base, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, $2,900,000.
Naval Station, San Diego, California, $16,197,000.
Naval Submarine Base, San Diego, California, $14,120,000.
Naval Station Mare Island, Vallejo, California, $735,000.
Naval Air Station, Whidbey Island, Washington, $2,650,000.

CHIEF OF NAVAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING

Fleet and Mine Warfare Training Center, Charleston, South Carolina, $1,180,000.
Naval Amphibious School, Coronado, California, $9,330,000. 99 STAT. 968
Surface Warfare Officers School Command Detachment, Coronado, California, $5,200,000.
Naval Air Station, Corpus Christi, Texas, $4,360,000.
Fleet Combat Training Center, Atlantic, Dam Neck, Virginia, $9,640,000.
Naval Explosive Ordnance Disposal School, Eglin, Florida, $13,700,000.
Naval Training Center, Great Lakes, Illinois, $20,740,000.
Naval Construction Training Center, Gulfport, Mississippi, $2,460,000.
Naval Amphibious School, Little Creek, Virginia, $420,000.
Naval Air Station, Memphis, Tennessee, $11,695,000.
Naval Air Station, Meridian, Mississippi, $450,000.
Naval Submarine School, New London, Connecticut, $13,300,000.
Naval Education and Training Center, Newport, Rhode Island, $19,580,000.
Naval Training Center, Orlando, Florida, $9,400,000.
Naval Air Station, Pensacola, Florida, $225,000.
Naval Technical Training Center, Pensacola, Florida, $5,670,000.
Naval Construction Training Center, Port Hueneme, California, $4,800,000.
Fleet Anti-Submarine Warfare Training Center, Pacific, San Diego, California, $7,850,000.
Fleet Combat Training Center, Pacific, San Diego, California, $305,000.
Fleet Training Center, San Diego, California, $4,750,000.
Naval Training Center, San Diego, California, $2,900,000.
Naval Technical Training Center, San Francisco, California, $1,570,000.
Naval Air Station, Whiting Field, Florida, $810,000.

NAVAL MILITARY PERSONNEL COMMAND

Navy Band, Washington, District of Columbia, $1,900,000.

NAVAL MEDICAL COMMAND

Naval Medical Clinic, Annapolis, Maryland, $12,540,000.
Naval Hospital, Groton, Connecticut, $8,720,000.
Naval Hospital, Jacksonville, Florida, $18,600,000.
Naval Hospital, Long Beach, California, $6,300,000.
Naval Hospital, Oak Harbor, Washington, $13,900,000.
Naval Hospital, Pensacola, Florida, $7,250,000.
Naval Hospital, San Diego, California, $450,000.

CHIEF OF NAVAL MATERIEL

Naval Air Rework Facility, Alameda, California, $22,780,000.
Puget Sound Naval Shipyard, Bremerton, Washington, $30,945,000.
Naval Supply Center, Bremerton, Washington, $1,520,000.
Naval Weapons Station, Charleston, South Carolina, $4,070,000.
Polaris Missile Facility, Atlantic, Charleston, South Carolina, $1,620,000.
Naval Air Rework Facility, Cherry Point, North Carolina, $1,720,000.
Naval Weapons Center, China Lake, California, $9,315,000.
99 STAT. 969 Naval Weapons Station, Earle, New Jersey, $3,720,000.
Naval Construction Battalion Center, Gulfport, Mississippi, $2,550,000.
Naval Ordance Station, Indian Head, Maryland, $1,570,000.
Naval Supply Center, Jacksonville, Florida, $1,555,000.
Naval Undersea Warfare Engineering Station, Keyport, Washington, $2,440,000.
Naval Submarine Base, Kings Bay, Georgia, $388,360,000.
Naval Air Engineering Center, Lakehurst, New Jersey, $600,000.
Long Beach Naval Shipyard, Long Beach, California, $7,160,000.
Naval Ordnance Station, Louisville, Kentucky, $16,950,000.
Naval Air Rework Facility, Norfolk, Virginia, $13,080,000.
Naval Supply Center, Norfolk, Virginia, $2,350,000.
Naval Air Rework Facility, North Island, California, $9,465,000.
Naval Supply Center, Oakland, California, $7,890,000.
Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, $1,860,000.
Navy Public Works Center, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, $13,700,000.
Navy Public Works Center, Pensacola, Florida, $8,430,000.
Pacific Missile Test Center, Point Mugu, California, $10,200,000.
Naval Construction Battalion Center, Port Hueneme, California, $23,650,000.
Naval Ship Weapon Systems Engineering Station, Port Hueneme, California, $10,780,000.
Naval Electronic Systems Engineering Center, Portsmouth, Virginia, $3,255,000.
Norfolk Naval Shipyard, Portsmouth, Virginia, $6,690,000.
Naval Supply Center, San Diego, California, $7,100,000.
Naval Electronic Systems Engineering Activity, Saint Inigoes, Maryland, $15,550,000.
Mare Island Naval Shipyard, Vallejo, California, $815,000.
Naval Air Development Center, Warminster, Pennsylvania, $4,220,000.
Naval Mine Warfare Engineering Activity, Yorktown, Virginia, $4,120,000.

NAVAL OCEANOGRAPHY COMMAND

Naval Oceanography Command Facility, Jacksonville, Florida, $390,000.
Naval Western Oceanography Center, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, $4,500,000.

NAVAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS COMMAND

Naval Radio Station, Sugar Grove, West Virginia, $785,000.

NAVAL SECURITY GROUP COMMAND

Naval Security Group Activity, Adak, Alaska, $980,000.

Naval Security Group Activity, Northwest, Chesapeake, Virginia, $1,385,000.

Naval Security Group Activity, Skaggs Island, California, $395,000.

Naval Security Group Activity, Winter Harbor, Maine, $3,280,000.

(b) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—The Secretary of the Navy may acquire real property and may carry out military construction projects in the amounts shown for each of the following installations and locations outside the United States:

MARINE CORPS

Marine Corps Air Station, Iwakuni, Japan, $1,775,000.

Marine Corps Air Station, Futenma, Okinawa, Japan, $2,990,000.

Marine Corps Base Camp Smedley D. Butler, Okinawa, Japan, $2,250,000.

COMMANDER IN CHIEF, ATLANTIC FLEET

Naval Facility, Antigua, West Indies, $2,410,000.

Naval Facility, Argentia, Newfoundland, Canada, $700,000.

Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, $22,410,000.

Naval Station, Keflavik, Iceland, $21,780,000.

Atlantic Fleet Weapons Training Facility, Roosevelt Roads, Puerto Rico, $7,100,000.

Naval Station, Roosevelt Roads, Puerto Rico, $14,700,000.

COMMANDER IN CHIEF, PACIFIC FLEET

Navy Support Facility, Diego Garcia, Indian Ocean, $16,530,000.

Naval Air Facility, Diego Garcia, Indian Ocean, $22,450,000.

Naval Magazine, Guam, $11,270,000.

Naval Supply Depot, Guam, $6,550,000.

Naval Station, Guam, $10,200,000.

Naval Ship Repair Facility, Guam, $990,000.

Naval Magazine, Subic Bay, Republic of the Philippines, $250,000.

Naval Ship Repair Facility, Subic Bay, Republic of the Philippines, $13,270,000.

COMMANDER IN CHIEF, UNITED STATES NAVAL FORCES EUROPE

Naval Activities, London, United Kingdom, $7,635,000.

Naval Support Activity, Naples, Italy, $7,750,000.

Naval Air Station, Sigonella, Italy, $5,930,000.

Personnel Support Activity, London, United Kingdom, $450,000.

CHIEF OF NAVAL MATERIEL

Navy Public Works Center, Guam, $1,080,000.

Navy Public Works Center, Yokosuka, Japan, $4,400,000.

NAVAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS COMMAND

Naval Communication Area Master Station, Western Pacific, Guam, $8,945,000.

Naval Communication Station, Harold E. Holt, Exmouth, Australia, $2,690,000.

NAVAL SECURITY GROUP COMMAND

Naval Security Group Detachment, Diego Garcia, Indian Ocean, $3,700,000.

HOST NATION INFRASTRUCTURE SUPPORT

Various Locations, $980,000.

SEC. 202. FAMILY HOUSING

99 STAT. 971

(a) In General.—The Secretary of the Navy may construct or acquire family housing units (including land acquisition) at the following installations in the number of units shown, and in the amount shown, for each installation:

Naval Air Station, Adak, Alaska, one hundred units, $15,500,000.

Marine Corps Air Station, El Toro, California, two hundred and eighty-two units, $29,800,000.

Marine Corps Air-Ground Combat Center, Twentynine Palms, California, one hundred units, $8,400,000.

Navy Public Works Center, San Diego, California, two hundred units, $15,200,000.

Fleet Training Group Pacific, Warner Springs, California, forty-four units, $4,400,000.

Naval Weapons Station, Earle, New Jersey, two hundred units, $15,400,000.

Aviation Supply Office, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, one unit, $170,000.

Navy Public Works Center, Subic Bay, Republic of the Philippines, three hundred units, $24,180,000.

(b) Naval Public Works Center, San Diego.—The Secretary of the Navy may construct the two hundred housing units authorized by subsection (a) for the Navy Public Works Center, San Diego, California, at Telegraph Point or at any other suitable and available site.

SEC. 203. IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS

(a) Amount Authorized.—Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of the Navy may make expenditures to improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed $34,020,000.

(b) Waiver of Maximum Per Unit Cost for Certain Improvement Projects.—Notwithstanding the maximum amount per unit for an improvement project under section 2825(b) of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of the Navy may carry out projects to improve existing military family housing units at the following installations in the number of units shown, and in the amount shown, for each installation:

Navy Public Works Center, San Diego, California, three hundred and seventy-two units, $17,610,000.

Naval Air Station, Whidbey Island, Washington, one unit, $56,500.

SEC. 204. TRANSIENT HOUSING UNITS, CHINHAE, KOREA

The Secretary of the Navy may convert the four existing transient housing units contained in Building 706 in Chinhae, Korea, to family housing units.

SEC. 205. RESTRICTION ON FUNDING FOR NAVY STRATEGIC HOMEPORTING

Post, p. 980.

Funds appropriated pursuant to an authorization in section 602 for Naval Strategic Homeporting may not be obligated or expended for such purpose until—

Report.

(1) the Secretary of the Navy has submitted to the Congress a report justifying the expenditure of the funds for such purpose; and

(2) a period of 90 days has elapsed after the day on which the report is received by the Congress.

TITLE III—AIR FORCE

99 STAT. 972

SEC. 301. AUTHORIZED AIR FORCE CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS

Real property.

(a) Inside the United States.—The Secretary of the Air Force may acquire real property and may carry out military construction projects in the amounts shown for each of the following installations and locations inside the United States:

AIR FORCE LOGISTICS COMMAND

Hill Air Force Base, Utah, $28,280,000.
Kelly Air Force Base, Texas, $39,749,000.
McClellan Air Force Base, California, $53,829,000.
Robins Air Force Base, Georgia, $7,350,000.
Tinker Air Force Base, Oklahoma, $31,500,000.
Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio, $21,890,000.

AIR FORCE SYSTEMS COMMAND

Brooks Air Force Base, Texas, $2,500,000.
Edwards Air Force Base, California, $7,250,000.
Eglin Air Force Base, Florida, $14,560,000.
Hanscom Air Force Base, Massachusetts, $24,700,000.
Sunnyvale Air Force Station, California, $2,700,000.

AIR FORCE RESERVE

Billy Mitchell Field, Wisconsin, $500,000.

AIR NATIONAL GUARD

Buckley Air National Guard Base, Colorado, $12,370,000.

AIR TRAINING COMMAND

Chanute Air Force Base, Illinois, $1,730,000.
Goodfellow Air Force Base, Texas, $27,500,000.
Keesler Air Force Base, Mississippi, $10,500,000.
Lackland Air Force Base, Texas, $22,750,000.
Laughlin Air Force Base, Texas, $1,900,000.
Lowry Air Force Base, Colorado, $6,850,000.
Mather Air Force Base, California, $2,700,000.
Randolph Air Force Base, Texas, $3,200,000.
Reese Air Force Base, Texas, $3,250,000.
Sheppard Air Force Base, Texas, $16,150,000.
Vance Air Force Base, Oklahoma, $4,210,000.
Williams Air Force Base, Arizona, $660,000.

AIR UNIVERSITY

Gunter Air Force Station, Alabama, $6,000,000.
Maxwell Air Force Base, Alabama, $12,000,000.

ALASKAN AIR COMMAND

Attu Research Site, Alaska, $910,000.
Eielson Air Force Base, Alaska, $44,950,000.
Elmendorf Air Force Base, Alaska, $5,000,000.

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King Salmon Airport, Alaska, $8,600,000.
Shemya Air Force Base, Alaska, $45,900,000.

MILITARY AIRLIFT COMMAND

Altus Air Force Base, Oklahoma, $11,450,000.
Andrews Air Force Base, Maryland, $10,120,000.
Base 24, Classified Location, $6,170,000.
Bolling Air Force Base, District of Columbia, $250,000.

Charleston Air Force Base, South Carolina, $1,620,000.
Dover Air Force Base, Delaware, $16,890,000.
Eglin Auxiliary Field 9, Florida, $1,700,000.
Kirtland Air Force Base, New Mexico, $60,330,000.
McChord Air Force Base, Washington, $2,240,000.
McGuire Air Force Base, New Jersey, $14,550,000.
Norton Air Force Base, California, $4,570,000.
Pope Air Force Base, North Carolina, $440,000.
Scott Air Force Base, Illinois, $17,150,000.
Travis Air Force Base, California, $10,300,000.

PACIFIC AIR FORCES

Hickam Air Force Base, Hawaii, $480,000.
Wheeler Air Force Base, Hawaii, $2,850,000.

SPACE COMMAND

Cape Cod Air Force Station, Massachusetts, $600,000.
Cavalier Air Force Station, North Dakota, $950,000.
Clear Air Force Station, Alaska, $4,500,000.
Peterson Air Force Base, Colorado, $5,200,000.

SPECIAL PROJECT

Various Locations, $55,000,000.

STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND

Barksdale Air Force Base, Louisiana, $1,400,000.
Base 34, Classified Location, $8,920,000.
Beale Air Force Base, California, $5,850,000.
Belle Fourche Air Force Station, South Dakota, $4,080,000.
Blytheville Air Force Base, Arkansas, $3,750,000.
Carswell Air Force Base, Texas, $1,000,000.
Castle Air Force Base, California, $3,300,000.
Dyess Air Force Base, Texas, $16,950,000.
Ellsworth Air Force Base, South Dakota, $72,064,000.
Fairchild Air Force Base, Washington, $12,500,000.
F.E. Warren Air Force Base, Wyoming, $15,310,000.
Grand Forks Air Force Base, North Dakota, $62,730,000.
Griffiss Air Force Base, New York, $2,740,000.
Grissom Air Force Base, Indiana, $1,700,000.
K.I. Sawyer Air Force Base, Michigan, $22,580,000.
Malmstrom Air Force Base, Montana, $1,300,000.
March Air Force Base, California, $9,000,000.
McConnell Air Force Base, Kansas, $66,490,000.
Minot Air Force Base, North Dakota, $5,000,000.
Offutt Air Force Base, Nebraska, $10,440,000.
99 STAT. 974 Pease Air Force Base, New Hampshire, $1,200,000.
Plattsburgh Air Force Base, New York, $1,050,000.
Vandenberg Air Force Base, California, $1,960,000.
Whiteman Air Force Base, Missouri, $4,650,000.
Wurtsmith Air Force Base, Michigan, $5,300,000.

TACTICAL AIR COMMAND

Bergstrom Air Force Base, Texas, $770,000.
Cannon Air Force Base, New Mexico, $12,500,000.
Davis-Monthan Air Force Base, Arizona, $5,730,000.
England Air Force Base, Louisiana, $2,600,000.
George Air Force Base, California, $5,240,000.
Holloman Air Force Base, New Mexico, $16,850,000.
Homestead Air Force Base, Florida, $7,015,000.
Langley Air Force Base, Virginia, $8,680,000.
Luke Air Force Base, Arizona, $14,780,000.
MacDill Air Force Base, Florida, $8,850,000.
Moody Air Force Base, Georgia, $24,030,000.

Mountain Home Air Force Base, Idaho, $14,600,000.
Myrtle Beach Air Force Base, South Carolina, $430,000.
Nellis Air Force Base, Nevada, $17,860,000.
Seymour-Johnson Air Force Base, North Carolina, $2,320,000.
Shaw Air Force Base, South Carolina, $13,300,000.
Tyndall Air Force Base, Florida, $8,780,000.

UNITED STATES AIR FORCE ACADEMY

Air Force Academy, Colorado, $10,310,000.

(b) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—The Secretary of the Air Force may acquire real property and may carry out military construction projects in the amounts shown for each of the following installations and locations outside the United States:

MILITARY AIRLIFT COMMAND

Lajes Field, Portugal, $25,285,000.
Rhein-Main Air Base, Germany, $1,500,000.

PACIFIC AIR FORCES

Camp Zama, Japan, $1,500,000.
Kadena Air Base, Japan, $27,650,000.
Misawa Air Base, Japan, $9,500,000.
Yokota Air Base, Japan, $10,400,000.
Kimhae Air Base, Korea, $10,400,000.
Kunsan Air Base, Korea, $9,000,000.
Kwang-Ju Air Base, Korea, $16,310,000.
Osan Air Base, Korea, $24,510,000.
Sachon Air Base, Korea, $310,000.
Diego Garcia Air Base, Indian Ocean, $5,300,000.
Clark Air Base, Republic of the Philippines, $15,050,000.

SPACE COMMAND

Thule Air Base, Greenland, $12,350,000.
Sondrestrom Air Base, Greenland, $5,750,000.
GEODSS Site 5, Portugal, $14,650,000.
Pirinclik Air Station, Turkey, $2,600,000.
BMEWS Site III, Fylingdales, United Kingdom, $3,100,000.

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TACTICAL AIR COMMAND

Howard Air Force Base, Panama, $2,172,000.

UNITED STATES AIR FORCES IN EUROPE

Florennes Air Base, Belgium, $5,860,000.
Ahlhorn Air Base, Germany, $350,000.
Bitburg Air Base, Germany, $9,050,000.
Einsiedlerhof, Germany, $2,900,000.
Hahn Air Base, Germany, $8,160,000.
Hessisch Oldendorf Air Station, Germany, $1,230,000.
Kapaun Air Station, Germany, $900,000.
Leipheim Air Base, Germany, $350,000.
Marienfelde Communications Station, Germany, $2,550,000.
Norvenich Air Base, Germany, $350,000.
Pruem Air Station, Germany, $1,250,000.
Ramstein Air Base, Germany, $14,670,000.
Sembach Air Base, Germany, $6,460,000.
Spangdahlem Air Base, Germany, $14,860,000.
Various Locations, Germany, $940,000.
Vogelweh Air Station, Germany, $1,250,000.
Wenigerath Storage Site, Germany, $1,700,000.
Zweibrucken Air Base, Germany, $4,550,000.
Aviano Air Base, Italy, $5,070,000.
Comiso Air Station, Italy, $6,280,000.

Decimomannu Air Base, Italy, $2,800,000.
San Vito Air Station, Italy, $1,590,000.
Morocco, $3,100,000.
Camp New Amsterdam, The Netherlands, $2,710,000.
Keizerveer Air Base, The Netherlands, $270,000.
Woensdrecht Air Base, The Netherlands, $15,980,000.
Vught, The Netherlands, $310,000.
Torrejon Air Base, Spain, $2,900,000.
Ankara Air Station, Turkey, $950,000.
Incirlik Air Base, Turkey, $11,570,000.
Karatas, Turkey, $2,330,000.
RAF Alconbury, United Kingdom, $20,910,000.
RAF Bentwaters, United Kingdom, $12,050,000.
RAF Chicksands, United Kingdom, $1,630,000.
RAF Fairford, United Kingdom, $7,400,000.
RAF Greenham Common, United Kingdom, $2,200,000.
RAF Lakenheath, United Kingdom, $10,320,000.
RAF Mildenhall, United Kingdom, $4,080,000.
RAF Molesworth, United Kingdom, $21,063,000.
RAF Sculthorpe, United Kingdom, $2,350,000.
RAF Upper Heyford, United Kingdom, $4,640,000.
Various Locations, United Kingdom, $3,600,000.
Base 25, Classified Location, $4,500,000.
Base 29, Classified Location, $3,500,000.
Base 30, Classified Location, $4,830,000.
Base 33, Classified Location, $9,450,000.
Various Locations, Europe, $4,450,000.

SEC. 302. FAMILY HOUSING

99 STAT. 976

The Secretary of the Air Force may construct or acquire family housing units (including land acquisition) at the following installations in the number of units shown, and in the amount shown, for each installation:

Florennes, Belgium, four hundred units, $29,200,000.

Hahn Air Base, Germany, four hundred and forty units, $33,000,000.

Ramstein Air Base, Germany, four hundred units, $30,000,000.

Osan Air Base, Korea, family housing support facilities, $1,200,000.

Camp New Amsterdam, The Netherlands, one hundred and forty units, $11,000,000.

Clark Air Base, Republic of the Philippines, four hundred and fifty units, $37,900,000.

Belle Fourche Air Force Station, South Dakota, fifty units, $4,000,000.

SEC. 303. IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS

Energy.

(a) AMOUNT AUTHORIZED.—Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of the Air Force may make expenditures to improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed $61,300,000, of which $19,939,000 is available only for energy conservation projects.

(b) WAIVER OF MAXIMUM PER UNIT COST FOR CERTAIN IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS.—Notwithstanding the maximum amount per unit for an improvement project under section 2825(b) of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of the Air Force may carry out projects to improve existing military family housing units at the following installations in the number of units shown, and in the amount shown, for each installation:

Bolling Air Force Base, District of Columbia, twenty-four units, $1,200,000.

Scott Air Force Base, Illinois, eighty units, $4,006,000.

Offutt Air Force Base, Nebraska, thirty-two units, $2,873,000.

Kirtland Air Force Base, New Mexico, one hundred and ten units, $3,724,000.

Ramstein Air Base, Germany, two hundred and eighty units, $10,279,000.

Andersen Air Force Base, Guam, one hundred units, $6,605,000.

Kadena Air Base, Japan, two hundred and thirty-five units, $12,163,000.

Clark Air Base, Philippines, twenty-nine units, $1,042,000.

(c) IMPROVEMENT PROJECT AT PETERSON AIR FORCE BASE, COLORADO.—(1) To support the United States Space Command (USSPACECOM), the Secretary of the Air Force may carry out an improvement project at Peterson Air Force Base, Colorado, to add to and alter an existing facility and (notwithstanding section 2826 of title 10, United States Code) convert such facility to a family housing unit with a maximum net floor area of 3,100 square feet at a cost not to exceed $81,000.

(2) The amount authorized for the project by paragraph (1) shall not be considered an increase in the amount authorized to be appropriated by this Act for functions of the Department of the Air Force.

(3) For purposes of this subsection, the term "net floor area" has the same meaning given that term by section 2826(f) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 304. RESTRICTION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF FACILITIES IN THE NETHERLANDS

Prohibition.
Post, p. 981.

Funds appropriated to the Air Force pursuant to an authorization in section 603 for the construction of facilities in The Netherlands to support ground launched cruise missiles (GLCM) may not be obligated or expended until the Government of The Netherlands has officially approved the deployment of such missiles in The Netherlands.

SEC. 305. SPECIAL IMPACT ASSISTANCE TO CERTAIN SCHOOL DISTRICTS

Grants.

Of the funds appropriated to the Air Force for fiscal year 1986 for the acquisition of land to expand Melrose Air Force Range, New Mexico, the Secretary of the Air Force may use not more than $50,000 to provide assistance, by grant or otherwise, to school districts in communities near the Melrose Air Force Range for purposes of mitigating any adverse impact on the schools in such districts determined by the Secretary to result from expansion of the range.

TITLE IV—DEFENSE AGENCIES

SEC. 401. AUTHORIZED CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS AND LAND ACQUISITION FOR THE DEFENSE AGENCIES

Real property.

(a) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—The Secretary of Defense may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects in the amounts shown for each of the following installations and locations inside the United States:

DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY

Defense Property Disposal Office, Anchorage, Alaska, $1,390,000.

Defense Property Disposal Office, Alameda, California, $1,320,000.

Defense Property Disposal Office, Barstow, California, $825,000.

Defense Fuel Support Point, San Diego, California, $600,000.

Defense Fuel Support Point, San Pedro, California, $700,000.

Defense Property Disposal Office, Groton, Connecticut, $625,000.

Defense Fuel Support Point, Port Tampa, Florida, $595,000.

Defense Property Disposal Office, Fort Riley, Kansas, $965,000.

Defense Fuel Support Point, Newington, New Hampshire, $1,040,000.

Defense Fuel Support Point, Verona, New York, $1,395,000.

Defense Depot, Mechanicsburg, Pennsylvania, $470,000.

Defense Depot, Memphis, Tennessee, $8,085,000.

Defense Property Disposal Office, Texarkana, Texas, $2,635,000.

Defense Depot, Ogden, Utah, $3,825,000.

Defense Property Disposal Office, Hill Air Force Base, Ogden, Utah, $750,000.

Defense General Supply Center, Richmond, Virginia, $5,355,000.

Defense Property Disposal Office, Richmond, Virginia, $650,000.

Defense Fuel Support Point, Manchester, Washington, $565,000.

Defense Property Disposal Office, F.E. Warren Air Force Base, Cheyenne, Wyoming, $1,020,000.

DEFENSE MAPPING AGENCY

Repromat Secure Storage Facility, Mineral Wells, Texas, $900,000.

NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY

Fort Meade, Maryland, $82,142,000.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

Classified Location, $12,000,000.

Fort McNair, Washington, District of Columbia, $25,000,000.

Classified Location, $3,142,000.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SECTION 6 SCHOOLS

Fort Benning, Georgia, $1,693,000.

Fort Bragg, North Carolina, $5,660,000.

Camp Lejeune, North Carolina, $8,400,000.

Myrtle Beach Air Force Base, South Carolina, $1,400,000.

Quantico, Virginia, $3,500,000.

(b) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—The Secretary of Defense may acquire real property and may carry out military construction projects in the amounts shown for each of the following installations and locations outside the United States:

DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY

Defense Property Disposal Office, Kaiserslautern, Germany, $360,000.

Defense Fuel Support Point, Chimu Wan, Okinawa, Japan, $8,160,000.

Defense Fuel Support Point, Pyongtaek, Korea, $5,820,000.

Defense Fuel Support Point, Uijongbu, Korea, $6,200,000.

NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY

Classified Locations, $7,150,000.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SECTION 6 SCHOOLS

Fort Buchanan, Puerto Rico, $9,753,000.

Naval Station, Roosevelt Roads, Puerto Rico, $1,200,000.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE OVERSEAS DEPENDENTS SCHOOLS

Florennes, Belgium, $7,420,000.

Babenhausen, Germany, $760,000.

Bamberg, Germany, $5,800,000.

Butzbach, Germany, $3,420,000.

Hanau, Germany, $7,480,000.

Heidelberg, Germany, $1,910,000.

Heilbronn, Germany, $2,520,000.

Pirmasens, Germany, $1,630,000.

Schweinfurt, Germany, $3,930,000.

Sembach Air Base, Germany, $2,170,000.

Vilseck, Germany, $6,680,000.

Sigonella, Italy, $5,360,000.
Misawa Air Base, Japan, $4,780,000.
Okinawa, Japan, $300,000.
Osan Air Base, Korea, $2,780,000.
Pusan, Korea, $1,540,000.
Taegu, Korea, $730,000.

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Soesterberg Air Base, Netherlands, $4,460,000.
Clark Air Base, Republic of the Philippines, $7,190,000.
Bicester, United Kingdom, $4,570,000.
Upwood, United Kingdom, $3,240,000.
Woodbridge RAF Station, United Kingdom, $1,060,000.

SEC. 402. FAMILY HOUSING

The Secretary of Defense may construct or acquire twenty family housing units (including land acquisition) at classified installations in the total amount of $1,800,000.

SEC. 403. IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS

Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense may make expenditures to improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed $110,000.

TITLE V—NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION INFRASTRUCTURE

SEC. 501. AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE TO MAKE CONTRIBUTIONS

The Secretary of Defense may make contributions for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization infrastructure program as provided in section 2806 of title 10, United States Code, in an amount not to exceed the amount authorized to be appropriated in section 605 plus the amount collected from the North Atlantic Treaty Organization as a result of construction previously financed by the United States.

Post, p. 982.

TITLE VI—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS AND RECURRING ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

SEC. 601. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, ARMY

(a) In General.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1985, for military construction, land acquisition, and military family housing functions of the Department of the Army in the total amount of $3,312,803,000 as follows:

(1) For military construction projects inside the United States authorized by section 101(a), $1,063,432,000.

Ante, p. 961.

(2) For military construction projects outside the United States authorized by section 101(b), $429,140,000.

(3) For military construction projects inside the United States authorized by section 101 of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1985, $26,000,000.

98 Stat. 1495.

(4) For unspecified minor construction projects under section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, $31,000,000.

(5) For architectural and engineering services and construction design under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, $136,100,000.

(6) For military family housing functions—

(A) for construction and acquisition of military family housing and facilities, $356,337,000; and

(B) for support of military family housing (including the functions described in section 2833 of title 10, United States Code), $1,270,794,000, of which not more than $2,520,000 may be obligated or expended for the leasing of military family housing units in the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and Guam, and not more than $131,047,000 may be obligated or expended for the leasing of military family housing units in foreign countries.

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(b) Authorization of Unobligated Funds.—Funds appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal years before fiscal year 1986 for military construction functions of the Army that remain available for obligation are hereby authorized to be made available, to the extent provided in appropriation Acts, for military construction projects authorized in section 101 in the amount of $291,210,000 (which includes $82,500,000 for the construction of a utility project at Fort Drum, New York, and $56,000,000 for Pershing II security upgrade at various locations, Germany). *Ante*, p. 961.

(c) Limitation on Total Cost of Construction Projects Authorized in Title I.—Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variation authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under section 101 may not exceed—

(1) the total amount authorized to be appropriated under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a);

(2) the amount specified in subsection (b);

(3) $73,000,000 (the balance of the amount authorized for the construction of the Eastern Distribution Center, New Cumberland Army Depot, Pennsylvania); and

(4) $45,000,000 (the balance of the amount authorized under section 101(b) for Pershing II security upgrade at various locations, Germany).

SEC. 602. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, NAVY

(a) In General.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1985, for military construction, land acquisition, and military family housing functions of the Department of the Navy in the total amount of $2,408,184,000 as follows:

(1) For military construction projects inside the United States authorized by section 201(a), $1,304,480,000. *Ante*, p. 966.

(2) For military construction projects outside the United States authorized by section 201(b), $201,185,000.

(3) For unspecified minor construction projects under section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, $21,560,000.

(4) For architectural and engineering services and construction design under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, $139,260,000.

(5) For advances to the Secretary of Transportation for construction of defense access roads under section 210 of title 23, United States Code, $2,960,000.

(6) For military family housing functions—

(A) for construction and acquisition of military family housing and facilities, $154,000,000; and

(B) for support of military housing (including functions described in section 2833 of title 10, United States Code), $584,739,000, of which not more than $3,545,000 may be obligated or expended for the leasing of military family housing units in the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and Guam, and not more than $18,934,000 may be obligated or expended for the leasing of military family housing units in foreign countries. *Post*, p. 987.

99 STAT. 981

(b) Authorization of Unobligated Funds.—Funds appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal years before fiscal year 1986 for military construction functions of the Navy that remain available for obligation are hereby authorized to be made available, to the extent provided in appropriation Acts, for military construction projects authorized in section 201 in the amount of $105,935,000. *Ante*, p. 966.

(c) Limitation on Total Cost of Construction Projects Authorized in Title II.—Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variation authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under section 201 may not exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) and the amount specified in subsection (b).

SEC. 693. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, AIR FORCE

(a) In General.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1985, for military construction, land acquisition, and military family housing functions of the Department of the Air Force in the total amount of $2,700,991,000 as follows:

(1) For military construction projects inside the United States authorized by section 301(a), $1,147,207,000. *Ante*, p. 972

(2) For military construction projects outside the United States authorized by section 301(b), $415,550,000.

(3) For unspecified minor construction projects under section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, $22,000,000.

(4) For architectural and engineering services and construction design under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, $144,096,000.

(5) For advances to the Secretary of Transportation for construction of defense access roads under section 210 of title 23, United States Code, $30,240,000.

(6) For military family housing functions—

(A) for construction and acquisition of military family housing and facilities, $212,600,000; and

(B) for support of military housing (including functions described in section 2833 of title 10, United States Code), $729,298,000, of which not more than $2,711,000 may be obligated or expended for the leasing of military family housing units in the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and Guam, and not more than $45,402,000 may be obligated or expended for the leasing of military family housing units in foreign countries. *Post*, p. 987

(b) Authorization of Unobligated Funds.—Funds appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal years before fiscal year 1986 for military construction functions of the Air Force that remain available for obligation are hereby authorized to be made available, to the extent provided in appropriation Acts, for military construction projects authorized in section 301 in the amount of $100,000,000.

(c) Limitation on Total Cost of Construction Projects Authorized in Title III.—Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variation authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under section 301 may not exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) and the amount specified in subsection (b).

99 STAT. 982

SEC. 604. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, DEFENSE AGENCIES

(a) In General.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1985, for military construction, land acquisition, and military family housing functions of the Department of the Defense (other than the military departments), in the total amount of $258,595,000 as follows:

(1) For military construction projects inside the United States authorized by section 401(a), $95,149,000. *Ante*, p. 977.

(2) For military construction projects outside the United States authorized by section 401(b), $104,146,000.

(3) For unspecified minor construction projects under section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, $4,000,000.

(4) For construction projects under the contingency construction authority of the Secretary of Defense under section 2804 of title 10, United States Code, $5,000,000.

(5) For architectural and engineering services and construction design under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, $30,000,000.

(6) For military family housing functions—

(A) for construction and acquisition of military family housing and facilities, $1,910,000; and

Post, p. 987.

(B) for support of military housing (including functions described in section 2833 of title 10, United States Code), $18,390,000, of which not more than $14,933,000 may be obligated or expended for the leasing of military family housing units in foreign countries.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF UNOBLIGATED FUNDS.—Funds appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal years before fiscal year 1986 for military construction functions of the Defense Agencies that remain available for obligation are hereby authorized to be made available, to the extent provided in appropriations Acts, for military construction projects authorized in section 401 in the amount of $42,025,000.

(c) LIMITATION ON TOTAL COST OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS AUTHORIZED IN TITLE IV.—Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variations authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under section 401 may not exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a), the amount specified in subsection (b), and $53,700,000 (the balance of the amount authorized for the construction of a research and engineering facility at Fort Meade, Maryland).

SEC. 605. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, NATO

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1985, for contributions by the Secretary of Defense under section 2806 of title 10, United States Code, for the share of the United States of the cost of construction projects for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Infrastructure Program, as authorized by section 501, in the amount of $38,000,000.

Ante, p. 979.

SEC. 606. EXPIRATION OF AUTHORIZATIONS; EXTENSION OF CERTAIN PREVIOUS AUTHORIZATIONS

(a) EXPIRATION OF AUTHORIZATIONS AFTER TWO YEARS.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), all authorizations contained in titles I, II, III, IV, and V for military construction projects, land acquisition, family housing projects and facilities, and contributions to the NATO Infrastructure Program (and authorizations of appropriations therefor contained in sections 601 through 605) shall expire on October 1, 1987, or the date of the enactment of the Military Construction Authorization Act for fiscal year 1988, whichever is later.

Ante, pp. 979-982.

Contracts.

(2) The provisions of paragraph (1) do not apply to authorizations for military construction projects, land acquisition, family housing projects and facilities, and contributions to the NATO Infrastructure Program (and authorizations of appropriations therefor), for which appropriated funds have been obligated before October 1, 1987, or the date of the enactment of the Military Construction Authorization Act for fiscal year 1988, whichever is later, for construction contracts, land acquisition, family housing projects and facilities, or contributions to the NATO Infrastructure Program.

(b) EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATION OF CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 1984 PROJECTS.—Notwithstanding the provisions of section 607(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984 (Public Law 98-115; 97 Stat. 780), authorizations for the following projects authorized in sections 101, 201, 301, and 401 of that Act shall remain in effect until October 1, 1986, or the date of enactment of the Military Construction Authorization Act for fiscal year 1987, whichever is later:

97 Stat. 757, 762, 768, 775.

(1) Consolidated heating system in the amount of $1,850,000 at Stuttgart, Germany.

(2) Consolidated heating system in the amount of $1,750,000 at Stuttgart, Germany.

(3) Range modernization in the amount of $2,450,000 at Wildflecken, Germany.

(4) Unaccompanied personnel housing in the amount of $1,400,000 at Argyroupolis, Greece.

(5) Operations building in the amount of $370,000 at Argyroupolis, Greece.

(6) Multipurpose recreation facility in the amount of $480,000 at Argyroupolis, Greece.

(7) Unaccompanied Officer housing in the amount of $600,000 at Perivolaki, Greece.

(8) Operations building in the amount of $410,000 at Perivolaki, Greece.

(9) Multipurpose recreation facility in the amount of $620,000 at Perivolaki, Greece.

(10) Physical fitness training center in the amount of $1,000,000 at Elefsis, Greece.

(11) Operations control center in the amount of $7,800,000 at the Naval Air Station, Brunswick, Maine.

(12) Engine test cell modifications in the amount of $1,180,000 at the Naval Air Station, Cecil Field, Florida.

(13) Land acquisition in the amount of $830,000 at the Naval Weapons Station, Concord, California.

(14) Unaccompanied enlisted personnel housing in the amount of $10,000,000 at the Naval Air Station, Jacksonville, Florida.

(15) Electrical distribution lines in the amount of $7,200,000 at the Naval Shipyard Mare Island, Vallejo, California.

(16) Family housing in the amount of $33,982,000 at RAF Upper Heyford, United Kingdom.

(17) Air freight terminal in the amount of $10,200,000 at Elmendorf, Alaska.

99 STAT. 984

(18) Sewage system in the amount of $2,760,000 at the Naval Training Center, Orlando, Florida.

(19) Physical fitness training center in the amount of $1,000,000 at Fort Hunter Liggett, California.

(20) Child care center in the amount of $3,000,000 at Fort Polk, Louisiana.

(21) Physical fitness training center in the amount of $2,200,000 at Sierra Army Depot, California.

(22) Special Process Laboratories Building in the amount of $39,100,000 at Fort Meade, Maryland.

SEC. 607. ESTABLISHMENT OF CERTAIN AMOUNTS REQUIRED TO BE SPECIFIED BY LAW

Contracts

For projects or contracts initiated during the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on the date of the enactment of the Military Construction Authorization Act for fiscal year 1987 or October 1, 1986, whichever is later, the following amounts apply:

(1) The maximum amount for an unspecified minor military construction project under section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, is $1,000,000.

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(2) The amount of a contract for architectural and engineering services or construction design that makes such a contract subject to the reporting requirement under section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, is $300,000.

(3) The maximum amount per unit for an improvement project for family housing units under section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, is $30,000.

(4) The maximum annual rental for a family housing unit leased in the United States, Puerto Rico, or Guam under section 2828(b) of title 10, United States Code, is $10,000.

(5)(A) The maximum annual rental for a family housing unit leased in a foreign country under section 2828(c) of title 10, United States Code, is $16,800.

(B) The maximum number of family housing units that may be leased at any one time in foreign countries under section 2828(c) of title 10, United States Code, is 32,000.

Real property.

(6) The maximum rental per year for family housing facilities, or for real property related to family housing facilities, leased in a foreign country under section 2828(f) of title 10, United States Code, is $250,000.

TITLE VII—GUARD AND RESERVE FORCES FACILITIES

SEC. 701. AUTHORIZATION FOR GUARD AND RESERVE FACILITIES

10 USC 2231.

There are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1985, for the costs of acquisition, architectural and engineering services, and construction of facilities for the Guard and Reserve Forces, and for contributions therefor, under chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code (including the cost of acquisition of land for those facilities), the following amounts:

(1) For the Department of the Army—

(A) for the Army National Guard of the United States, $149,101,000, and

(B) for the Army Reserve, $70,700,000.

(2) For the Department of the Navy, for the Naval and Marine Corps Reserves, $51,800,000.

99 STAT. 985

(3) For the Department of the Air Force—

(A) for the Air National Guard of the United States, $139,000,000, and

(B) for the Air Force Reserve, $70,650,000.

SEC. 702. ARCHITECTURAL AND ENGINEERING SERVICES RELATED TO CONSTRUCTION OF NATIONAL GUARD ARMORIES

(a) Contributions to States.—Subsection (e) of section 2233 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(e) The Secretary of Defense may procure, or contribute to any State such amounts as the Secretary determines to be necessary to procure, architectural and engineering services and construction design in connection with facilities to be established or developed under this chapter which are not otherwise authorized by law.".

10 USC 2236.

(b) Amount of Contribution.—Subsection (b) of section 2236 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"(b) A contribution made for an armory under clause (4) or (5) of section 2233(a) of this title may not exceed the sum of—

Supra.

"(1) 100 percent of the cost of architectural, engineering and design services (including advance architectural, engineering and design services under section 2233(e) of this title); and

"(2) a percentage of the cost of construction (exclusive of the cost of architectural, engineering and design services) calculated so that upon completion of construction the total contribution (including the contribution for architectural, engineering and design services) equals 75 percent of the total cost of construction (including the cost of architectural, engineering and design services).

Real property.

For the purpose of computing the cost of construction under this subsection, the amount contributed by a State, territory, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or the District of Columbia, as the case may be, may not include the cost or market value of any real property that it has contributed.".

TITLE VIII—GENERAL PROVISIONS

PART A—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM PROVISIONS

SEC. 801. BUILD-TO-LEASE AND RENTAL GUARANTEE PILOT PROGRAMS

(a) Rental Guarantee Program.—(1) Subsection (h) of section 802 of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984 (10 U.S.C. 2821 note), is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1986".

(2) Subsection (g) of such section is amended—

(A) by inserting "(1)" after "(g)"; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(2) In addition to the contracts authorized by subsection (f) and paragraph (1) of this subsection, the Secretary of each military department may enter into one or more agreements under this paragraph for not more than a total of 600 family housing units.".

Contracts.

(b) BUILD-TO-LEASE PROGRAM.—(1) Paragraph (9) of section 2828(g) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking out "October 1, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1986".

98 Stat. 1521.

(2) Paragraph (8) of such section is amended—

(A) by inserting "(A)" after "(8)"; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

"(B) In addition to the contracts authorized by paragraph (7) and subparagraph (A), the Secretary of each military department may enter into one or more contracts under this subparagraph for not more than a total of 600 family housing units.".

Contracts.

SEC. 802. FAMILY HOUSING OCCUPANT LIABILITY

(a) LIABILITY FOR FAILURE TO CLEAN SATISFACTORILY.—Subsection (a) of section 2775 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

98 Stat. 1517, 1518.

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(a)"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) A member of the armed forces—

"(A) who is assigned or provided a family housing unit; and

"(B) who fails to clean satisfactorily that housing unit (as determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of Transportation with respect to the Coast Guard when it is not operating as a service in the Navy) upon termination of the assignment or provision of that housing unit,

Regulations.

shall be liable to the United States for the cost of cleaning made necessary as a result of that failure.".

(b) AUTHORITY OF SECRETARY OF TRANSPORTATION.—Section 2775 of such title is amended—

98 Stat. 1517, 1518.

(1) in subsections (a) and (b), by inserting after "the Secretary of Defense" the following: "and the Secretary of Transportation when the Coast Guard is not operating as a service in the Navy"; and

(2) in subsection (d), by inserting after "or defense agency concerned" the following: ", or the operating expenses account of the Coast Guard, as appropriate".

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) Subsection (b) of such section is amended by inserting "(in the case of liability under subsection (a)(1))" after "including".

(2) Subsection (c)(1) of such section is amended by striking out "subsection (a)" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (a)(1), or the cost of any cleaning made necessary by a failure to clean satisfactorily a family housing unit referred to in subsection (a)(2),".

(3) Subsection (d) of such section is amended by inserting "or failure to clean satisfactorily a family housing unit" after "(or the equipment or furnishings of a family housing unit)".

(4) Subsection (e) of such section is amended to read as follows:

"(e) The Secretary of Defense, and the Secretary of Transportation when the Coast Guard is not operating as a service in the Navy, shall prescribe regulations to carry out this section. Such regulations shall include—

Regulations.

"(1) regulations for determining the cost of repairs and replacements made necessary as the result of abuse or negligence for which a member is liable under subsection (a)(1);

"(2) regulations for determining the cost of cleaning made necessary as a result of the failure to clean satisfactorily for which a member is liable under subsection (a)(2); and

"(3) provisions for limitations of liability, the compromise or waiver of claims, and the collection of amounts owed under this section.".

(d) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—(1) The heading of such section is amended to read as follows:

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"§ 2775. Liability of members assigned to military housing".

(2) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 165 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"2775. Liability of members assigned to military housing.".

SEC. 803. PREOCCUPANCY TERMINATION COSTS

Section 2828(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(d)"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

Contracts.

"(2) The Secretary may enter into an agreement under this paragraph in connection with a lease entered into under subsection (c). Such an agreement—

"(A) shall be for the purpose of compensating a developer for any costs resulting from the termination of the lease during the construction of the housing units that are to be occupied pursuant to the lease;

"(B) may be for a period not in excess of three years; and

"(C) shall include a provision that the obligation of the United States to make payments under the agreement in any fiscal year is subject to the availability of appropriations.".

SEC. 804. ACTIVITIES INCLUDED WITHIN AUTHORIZATIONS FOR MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING

(a) CONSTRUCTION AND ACQUISITION OF FAMILY HOUSING.—Section 2821 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) Amounts authorized by law for construction and acquisition of military family housing and facilities include amounts for—

"(1) minor construction;

"(2) improvements to existing military family housing units and facilities;

"(3) relocation of military family housing units under section 2827 of this title; and

10 USC 2827.

"(4) architectural and engineering services and construction design.".

(b) FAMILY HOUSING SUPPORT.—(1) Chapter 169 of such title is amended by adding at the end of subchapter II the following new section:

10 USC 2833.

"§ 2833. Family housing support

Real property.

"Amounts authorized by law for support of military family housing include amounts for—

"(1) operating expenses;

"(2) leasing expenses;

"(3) maintenance of real property expenses;

"(4) payments of principal and interest on mortgage debts incurred; and

"(5) payments of mortgage insurance premiums authorized under section 222 of the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. 1715m).".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter II of such chapter is amended by adding after the item relating to section 2832 the following new item:

"2833. Family housing support.".

99 STAT. 988

SEC. 805. DOMESTIC FAMILY HOUSING LIMITATIONS

Section 2828(b)(3) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "(3) Not" and inserting in lieu thereof "(3)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), not"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

Contracts.

"(B) During fiscal years 1986 and 1987, the number of housing units that may be leased pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph

(A) may be increased by 500 units for each such fiscal year. The Secretary concerned shall provide written notification to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives concerning the location, purpose, and cost of the additional units permitted by this subparagraph. Such notification shall be made periodically as the leases are entered into.".

SEC. 806. SALE-AND-REPLACEMENT TRANSACTIONS

10 USC 2677a note.

(a) Extension of Authority for Sale-and-Replacement Transactions.—(1) Section 807(c) of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984 (Public Law 98-115; 97 Stat. 786), is amended by striking out "October 1, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1986".

Effective date. 10 USC 2677a note.

(2) The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall take effect as of October 1, 1985.

(b) Approval of Transactions.—The Secretary of Defense may carry out the following sale-and-replacement transactions under the provisions of section 2667a of title 10, United States Code:

(1) The sale and replacement of warehousing facilities at Schofield Barracks, Hawaii.

(2) The sale and replacement of a noncommissioned officers professional education center, a band center, and a combat operations center at March Air Force Base, California.

SEC. 807. TURN-KEY SELECTION PROCEDURES

(a) In General.—Chapter 169 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end of subchapter III the following new section:

"§ 2862. Turn-key selection procedures

10 USC 2862.

Contracts.

"(a)(1) The Secretaries of the military departments, with the approval of the Secretary of Defense, may use one-step turn-key selection procedures for the purpose of entering into contracts for the construction of authorized military construction projects.

"(2) In this section, 'one-step turn-key selection procedures' means procedures used for the selection of a contractor on the basis of price and other evaluation criteria to perform, in accordance with the provisions of a firm fixed-price contract, both the design and construction of a facility using performance specifications supplied by the Secretary concerned.

Prohibition.

"(b) The Secretary of a military department may not, during any fiscal year, enter into more than three contracts for military construction projects using procedures authorized by this section.

"(c) The authority under this section shall expire on October 1, 1990.".

(b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such subchapter is amended by adding after the item relating to section 2861 the following new item:

"2862. Turn-key selection procedures.".

99 STAT. 989

10 USC 2862 note.

(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1986.

SEC. 808. PARTICIPATION IN DEPARTMENT OF STATE HOUSING POOLS

(a) Authority to Participate.—Chapter 169 of title 10, United States Code (as amended by section 804) is further amended by adding at the end of subchapter II the following new section:

Ante, p. 987.

"§ 2834. Participation in Department of State housing pools

10 USC 2834.

Contracts.

"(a) The Secretary concerned may enter into an agreement with the Secretary of State under which the Secretary of State agrees to provide housing and related services for personnel under the jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned who are assigned to duty in a foreign country if the Secretary concerned determines—

"(1) that there is a shortage of adequate housing in the area of the foreign country in which such personnel are assigned to duty; and

"(2) that participation in the Department of State housing pool is the most cost-effective means of providing housing for such personnel.

The Secretary concerned shall reimburse the Secretary of State, as provided in the agreement, for housing and related services furnished personnel under the jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned.

Contracts.

"(b) Agreements entered into with the Secretary of State under this section may not be executed until (1) the Secretary concerned provides to the appropriate committees of Congress written notification of the facts concerning the proposed agreement, and (2) a period of 21 days has elapsed after the day on which the notification is received by the committees.

10 USC 2828.

"(c) In computing the number of leases for which the maximum lease amount may be waived by the Secretary concerned under the second sentence of section 2828(e)(1) of this title, housing made available to the Department of Defense under this section shall be included.".

(b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such subchapter (as amended by section 804) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

"2834. Participation in Department of State housing pools.".

SEC. 809. UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION

Section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking out "Within" and inserting in lieu thereof "Within an amount equal to 125 percent of"; and

(2) in subsection (c), by striking out "Only funds authorized for minor construction projects may be used to accomplish unspecified minor construction projects, except that the" and inserting in lieu thereof "The".

SEC. 810. ACQUISITION OF INTEREST IN LAND

(a) In General.—Section 2672 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "The" at the beginning of such section and inserting in lieu thereof "(a) Subject to subsection (b), the";

(2) by redesignating clauses (1) and (2) as clauses (A) and (B), respectively;

(3) by striking out "$100,000" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "$200,000"; and

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(4) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Prohibition.
Contracts.

"(b) The Secretary of a military department may not enter into a contract under this section for the acquisition of any interest in land the cost of which exceeds $100,000 unless—

"(1) the Secretary has notified the appropriate committees of Congress of his intent to acquire such interest, the cost of the interest, and the reasons for acquiring the interest; and

"(2) a period of 21 days has elapsed from the date the notification is received by the committees.".

(b) Conforming Amendments.—(1) The heading of such section is to read as follows:

"§ 2672. Acquisition: interest in land when cost is not more than $200,000".

(2) The item in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 159 of such title relating to section 2672 is amended to read as follows:

"2672. Acquisition: interests in land when cost is not more than $200,000.".

SEC. 811. TEST OF LONG-TERM FACILITIES CONTRACTS

(a) Authority to Enter Into Long-Term Contracts.—Chapter 169 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end of subchapter I the following new section:

"§ 2809. Test of long-term facilities contracts

10 USC 2809.

Children and youth. Water.

"(a)(1) The Secretary concerned may enter into contracts for the construction, management, and operation of facilities on or near military installations in the United States for the provision of child care services, waste water treatment or depot supply activities in cases in which the Secretary concerned determines that the facilities can be more efficiently and more economically provided under long-term contracts than by other appropriate means.

"(2) Each contract entered into under subsection (a) shall be awarded through the use of competitive procedures as provided in chapter 137 of this title.

10 USC 2301 *et seq.*

"(3) A contract under this section may be for any period not in excess of twenty years, excluding the period for construction. A contract under this section shall include a provision that the obligation of the United States to make payments under the contract in any fiscal year is subject to the availability of appropriations for that purpose.

Prohibition.

"(4) A contract may not be entered into under this section until—

"(A) the Secretary concerned submits to the appropriate committees of the Congress, in writing, a justification of the need for the facility for which the contract is to be awarded and an economic analysis (based upon accepted life cycle costing procedures) which demonstrates that the proposed contract is cost effective when compared with alternative means of furnishing the same facility; and

"(B) a period of 21 calendar days has expired following the date on which the justification and the economic analysis are received by the committees.

Prohibition.

"(b) Each Secretary concerned may enter into not more than 5 contracts under the authority of subsection (a) of this section, other than contracts for child care centers.

"(c) The authority to enter into contracts under this section shall expire on September 30, 1987, but shall not affect the validity of any contract entered into under the authority of this section before that date.".

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(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter I of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

"2809. Test of long-term facilities contracts.".

SEC. 812. AVAILABILITY OF APPROPRIATIONS

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2860 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking out "(a)" and "and except as otherwise provided under subsection (b)"; and

(2) by striking out subsection (b).

10 USC 2860 note.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply to funds appropriated after September 30, 1985.

PART B—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 821. INTERSERVICE EXCHANGES

Section 2571 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

Prohibition.

"(d) No agency or official of the executive branch of the Federal Government may establish any regulation, program, or policy or take any other action which precludes, directly or indirectly, the Secretaries concerned from exercising the authority provided in this section.".

SEC. 822. PLAN FOR CLEANUP OF ROCKY MOUNTAIN ARSENAL

Natural resources. Hazardous materials. Waste disposal. Report.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Army shall develop and transmit to the Congress, by September 1, 1986, a report setting forth a comprehensive plan for completing, not later than September 30, 1993, the cleanup of contaminated sites, structures, equipment, and natural resources at or near the Rocky Mountain Arsenal near Denver, Colorado.

(b) Specific Requirements.—In such plan, the Secretary shall—

(1) describe in detail the various phases for the project, along with the completion dates and a priority ranking of the goals for each such phase;

(2) provide cost estimates for each such phase and for the total project;

(3) provide findings and conclusions reached as a result of consultation, before the transmittal of the plan, with State and local officials (including officials of water districts) and the general public;

(4) provide that consultation and coordination with such officials and the general public will be carried out throughout the process of cleaning up the Arsenal;

(5) provide for priority cleanup of—

(A) the most seriously contaminated areas at the Arsenal, including the areas known as Basin F, Basin A, the South Plants Area, and section 36;

(B) other areas at the Arsenal which should be afforded priority treatment for the benefit of the general public, including the areas known as sections 7, 8, 11, and 12; and

(C) any sites, structures, equipment, or natural resources located outside the Arsenal that have been contaminated by activities carried out at the Arsenal;

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(6) provide for the cleanup of the areas described in paragraph (5) without regard to whether a final disposal site for hazardous substances from the Arsenal has been selected;

(7) establish, as a priority, the use of waste-treatment technologies that will reduce significantly the amount and toxicity level of hazardous substances at or near the Arsenal;

(8) provide for selection of a final disposal site for hazardous substances from the Arsenal in a manner that will take into consideration sites, within and outside of Colorado, that—

(A) are geologically suitable to serve as such a disposal site; and

(B) are located within areas the governing bodies of which have expressed a willingness to have such a disposal site located therein;

(9) provide that all activities in the plan will be carried out in compliance with the requirements of applicable Federal and State environmental laws;

(10) provide findings and conclusions reached as a result of studying the feasibility and cost of cleansing groundwater on an expedited basis at the sources of contamination on the Arsenal; and

(11) include a statement concerning any reprogramming or supplemental appropriation of funds that may be necessary for fiscal year 1987 in order to assure an expeditious implementation of the plan.

SEC. 823. COMMUNITY PLANNING ASSISTANCE

Grants.

The Secretary of Defense may use funds appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1986 for planning and design purposes to provide planning assistance to local communities if the Secretary determines that the financial resources available to the community (by grant or otherwise) are inadequate. The Secretary may use such funds as follows:

(1) To assist communities located near newly established Light Infantry Division Posts at Fort Drum, New York, and Fort Wainwright, Alaska, $500,000.

(2) To assist communities located near newly established homeports under the Naval Strategic Dispersal Program at Staten Island, New York, and Everett, Washington, $500,000.

SEC. 824. PLAN FOR TRANSFER OF SECTION 6 SCHOOLS

(a) Plan Requirement.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a plan which provides for the orderly transfer, not later than July 1, 1990, of all Section 6 Schools to the appropriate local school districts of the States in which such schools are located. 20 USC 241 note.

(2) As used in paragraph (1), the term "Section 6 Schools" means schools of the Department of Defense established under section 6 of Public Law 81-874. 20 USC 241

(b) Deadline for Submission of Plan.—The plan required by subsection (a) shall be submitted not later than March 1, 1986.

SEC. 825. FURNISHING OF BEDDING FOR HOMELESS

Section 2546 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection:

"(d) The Secretary concerned may provide bedding for support of shelters for the homeless that are operated by entities other than the Department of Defense. Bedding may be provided under this subsection without reimbursement, but may only be provided to the extent that the Secretary determines that the provision of such bedding will not interfere with military requirements.".

SEC. 826. USE OF WATERFRONT FACILITIES AT PORT HUENEME, CALIFORNIA

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds received by the Navy from its license agreement with the Oxnard Harbor District for use, on an as-available basis, of the waterfront facilities at the Naval Construction Battalion Center, Port Hueneme, California, may be used for operation and maintenance of waterfront facilities at that installation.

SEC. 827. MATERIAL AT NAVAL BASE, NORFOLK, VIRGINIA

The Secretary of the Navy may provide, without compensation, to the City of Norfolk, Virginia, not more than 50,000 cubic yards of dredged material located at the Naval Base, Norfolk, Virginia, if such city agrees to bear all costs and liabilities associated with loading, transporting, using, or otherwise handling such material.

SEC. 828. ALTERATION IN TRAILER PARK EXPANSION, HANSCOM AIR FORCE BASE, MASSACHUSETTS

(a) Authority to Enter Into Agreement.—In providing for the trailer park at Hanscom Air Force Base, Massachusetts, and the expansion of such park as authorized by section 302 of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-407; 98 Stat. 1508), the Secretary of the Air Force may enter into an agreement with the Massachusetts Port Authority to terminate leasehold rights of the Department of the Air Force with respect to such trailer park in exchange for—

(1) leasehold rights to other land held by such Authority and acceptable to the Secretary; and

(2) the construction, by such Authority, of roads, utilities, and trailer pads on such other land in accordance with specifications of the Secretary.

(b) Limitation.—The termination of the leasehold rights by the Secretary shall not become effective until the completion of the construction described in subsection (a)(2).

Part C—Real Property Transactions

SEC. 831. LAND CONVEYANCE, DAVIS-MONTHAN AIR FORCE BASE, TUCSON, ARIZONA

Recreation. Health and medical care.

(a) Congressional Findings.—The Congress finds that—

(1) the highest and best use of the lands described or identified

in subsection (b) is public park and recreational use or public health use;

(2) the city of Tucson, Arizona, has indicated a willingness to extend the existing lease between such city and the Air Force for the lands described in subsection (c) for an additional 50 years commencing in 2002 at the existing rental rate of $773 per year;

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(3) the Administrator of General Services should—

(A) assign to the Secretary of the Interior lands described in subsection (b)(1) for use as a park or recreational area; and

(B) assign to the Secretary of Health and Human Services lands described in subsection (b)(2) for public health use;

(4) the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretaries of the Interior and Health and Human Services, as the case may be, should, simultaneously with the acceptance of the extension of the lease for the lands described in subsection (c), convey to the city of Tucson, Arizona—

(A) the property described in subsection (b)(1) for use as a park or recreational area through a public benefit discount conveyance under section 203(k)(2) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 484(k)(2)); and

(B) such land as is described in subsection (b)(2) for public health use through a public benefit discount conveyance under section 203(k)(1)(B) of such Act (40 U.S.C. 484(k)(1)(B)).

(b) Description of Land Suitable for Park or Recreational Use and for Public Health Use.—(1) The property referred to in clauses (3)(A) and (4)(A) of subsection (a) is 61 acres of real property adjacent to Golf Links/Craycroft Intersection, Davis-Monthan Air Force Base, Tucson, Arizona.

(2) The property referred to in clauses (3)(B) and (4)(B) of subsection (a) is such portion (not exceeding eight acres) of the land described in paragraph (1) as the Secretary of Health and Human Services, with the concurrence of the Secretaries of the Interior and Defense, determines to be suitable for public health use.

(c) Description of Property Subject to Lease.—The property referred to in subsection (a)(2) is 4,348.81 acres of real property owned by the city of Tucson, Arizona, at Davis-Monthan Air Force Base.

(d) Surveys of Property.—The exact acreage and legal descriptions of the property to be conveyed under this section shall be determined by surveys that are satisfactory to the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretaries of the Interior and Health and Human Services, as the case may be. The cost of such surveys shall be borne by the city of Tucson, Arizona.

SEC. 832. LAND CONVEYANCE, MARCH AIR FORCE BASE, CALIFORNIA

(a) Removal of Reverter.—Section 835 of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-407; 98 Stat. 1527), is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (d); and

(2) by redesignating subsections (e), (f), and (g) as subsections (d), (e), and (f), respectively.

(b) Technical Amendments.—(1) Subsection (a) of such section is amended—

(A) by striking out "Village West Foundation" and inserting in lieu thereof "Air Force Village West"; and

(B) by striking out " 'Foundation'), of San Bernardino" and inserting in lieu thereof " 'Corporation'), of Riverside".

(2) Subsection (b) and subsections (d) and (f), as redesignated by subsection (a), of such section are amended by striking out "Foundation" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Corporation".

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SEC. 833. LAND CONVEYANCE, NAVAL AIR STATION, MIRAMAR, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

(a) AUTHORITY TO SELL OR EXCHANGE.—The Secretary of the Navy (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") is authorized to sell or exchange approximately 475 acres of land lying south of proposed highway SR-52 which comprises a portion of the Naval Air Station, Miramar, California. The lands sold or exchanged may not include lands authorized to be conveyed under section 837 of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-407; 98 Stat. 1529).

(b) SALE OR EXCHANGE REQUIREMENT.—The sale or exchange shall be conducted in accordance with competitive bidding procedures prescribed in section 2304 of title 10, United States Code. In no event may the land described in subsection (a) be sold or exchanged for less than the fair market value thereof.

Housing.

(c) CONSIDERATION.—In consideration for the sale or exchange authorized in subsection (a), the Secretary may accept cash or land in the San Diego area, or both. Any land received shall be a suitable site (as determined by the Secretary) for military family housing.

Housing.

(d) USE OF FUNDS.—(1) The Secretary is authorized to use any proceeds from the sale of lands made under this section solely for the purpose of acquiring in the San Diego area a suitable site for military family housing.

(2) Any funds received by the Secretary under this section and not used for the acquisition of a site for military family housing within 30 months after the receipt of such funds shall be deposited into the general fund of the Treasury.

(e) LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF LAND.—The exact acreage and legal description of the property sold or exchanged under this section shall be in accordance with surveys that are satisfactory to the Secretary.

(f) ADDITIONAL TERMS.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions under this section as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 834. LAND CONVEYANCE, COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

(a) AUTHORITY TO CONVEY.—Subject to subsections (b) and (c), the Secretary of the Air Force (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") is authorized to convey to the United States Olympic Committee, without consideration, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the approximately 3.98 acres of land (together with improvements thereon) near Colorado Springs, Colorado, which are occupied by such Committee under a lease entered into by the Secretary with such Committee pursuant to section 806 of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1980 (Public Law 96-125; 93 Stat. 949).

(b) CONDITIONS.—The conveyance described in subsection (a) shall be subject—

(1) to the condition that the property conveyed shall be used by the United States Olympic Committee solely for activities of such Committee;

(2) to the condition that if the property conveyed is not used for the purpose described in clause (1), all right, title, and interest in and to the property shall revert to the United States, which shall have the right of immediate entry thereon; and

(3) to such other terms and conditions as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

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(c) DESCRIPTION OF LAND.—The exact acreage and legal description of the property to be conveyed under subsection (a) shall be determined by a survey that is satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of the survey shall be borne by such Committee.

SEC. 835. LAND TRANSFER, NAVAL AIR STATION, PENSACOLA, FLORIDA

(a) TRANSFER.—The Secretary of the Navy shall transfer, without reimbursement, to the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs a tract of land consisting of approximately 15.31 acres, together with improvements thereon, at the Naval Air Station, Pensacola, Florida.

Veterans. Cemetery.

(b) Use of Land.—The real property transferred pursuant to subsection (a) shall become part of the Barrancas National Cemetery and shall be administered by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs as part of the National Cemetery System under chapter 24 of title 38, United States Code.

38 USC 1000 *et seq.*

(c) Condition.—If the real property transferred pursuant to subsection (a) is not used for the purpose described in subsection (b), the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall transfer such property, without reimbursement, to the Secretary of the Navy.

(d) Description of Land.—The exact acreage and legal description of the property to be transferred under subsection (a) shall be determined by a survey approved by the Secretary.

SEC. 836. AVIGATION RIGHTS ON SANTA ROSA ISLAND, FLORIDA

The Act entitled "An Act to authorize the Secretary of the Army to sell and convey to Okaloosa County, State of Florida, all right, title, and interest in the United States in and to a portion of Santa Rosa Island, Florida, and for other purposes", approved July 2, 1948 (62 Stat. 1229), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

Prohibition.

"Sec. 5. The prohibition contained in subdivision d. of the first section against the erection of any structure or obstacle on the land conveyed under this Act in excess of seventy-five feet above mean low-water level shall be deemed to be a prohibition against the erection of a structure or obstacle in excess of two hundred feet above mean low-water level in the case of that portion of such land on Santa Rosa Island which is east of the Destin East Pass and known as Holiday Isle.".

SEC. 837. TERMINATION DATE FOR CERTAIN LAND CONVEYANCE AUTHORITY AT EGLIN AIR FORCE BASE, FLORIDA

96 Stat. 1575.

Section 808 of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1983 (Public Law 97-321; 98 Stat. 1575), is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(d) The authority of the Secretary under this section shall terminate on October 1, 1990.".

SEC. 838. LAND EXCHANGE, JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

(a) In General.—Subject to subsections (b) through (f), the Secretary of the Navy (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") is authorized to convey to the NEW MET Company (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Company") all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to approximately 39.5 acres of unimproved land comprising a portion of the Naval Station, Mayport, Florida, located adjacent to the Ribault Bay Village Navy housing area.

(b) Consideration.—In consideration for the conveyance by the Secretary under subsection (a), the Company shall convey to the United States a parcel of land consisting of approximately 31.7 acres located in the vicinity of the Ribault Bay Village Navy housing area.

(c) Obligations of Parties.—The specific obligations of the Secretary and the Company shall be those set forth in a memorandum of understanding between the parties dated February 19, 1985.

(d) Payment by the Company.—If the fair market value of the land conveyed to the Company under subsection (a) exceeds the fair market value of the land conveyed to the United States under subsection (b), as determined by the Secretary, the Company shall pay the difference to the United States.

(e) Survey.—The exact acreages and legal descriptions of the lands to be conveyed under this section shall be determined by surveys which are satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of any such survey shall be borne by the Company.

(f) ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the transaction authorized by this section as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 839. LAND CONVEYANCE, FORT WILLIAM H. HARRISON, MONTANA

(a) AUTHORITY TO CONVEY.—Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary of the Army (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") is authorized to convey, without consideration, to the State of Montana all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to approximately 65.4 acres of unimproved land located in the southeast corner of Fort William H. Harrison, Montana, and presently under license to the State of Montana for National Guard use.

Veterans. Cemetery.

(b) CONDITIONS.—(1) The conveyance authorized by subsection (a) shall be subject to the condition that the property conveyed by the Secretary be used by the State to establish a State veterans' cemetery.

(2) If the property conveyed pursuant to subsection (a) is not used for the purposes described in paragraph (1), all right, title, and interest in and to such property shall revert at no cost to the United States, which shall have the right of immediate entry thereon.

(3) The Secretary shall reserve to the United States in the property conveyed by the Secretary a waterline easement for use by the Veterans' Administration Hospital near Fort William H. Harrison.

(c) LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF LAND.—The exact acreage and legal description of the property to be conveyed under subsection (a) and of the easement to be reserved under subsection (b)(3) shall be determined by surveys that are satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of such surveys shall be borne by the State.

(d) ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The Secretary may require such other terms and conditions with respect to the conveyance as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 840. LAND CONVEYANCE, FORT JACKSON, SOUTH CAROLINA

(a) AUTHORITY TO SELL.—Subject to subsections (b) through (g), the Secretary of the Army (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") may sell all or any portion of that tract of land which comprises a portion of Fort Jackson, South Carolina, known as the Gregg Circle Area, consisting of 300 acres more or less.

99 STAT. 998

Contracts.

(b) CONDITIONS OF SALE.—Before the Secretary enters into a contract for the sale of all or a portion of the property referred to in subsection (a), the prospective buyer shall be required—

(1) to submit to the Secretary a master plan for the development of the land that is acceptable to both the Secretary and the appropriate officials of the city of Columbia, South Carolina; and

(2) at the option of the Secretary, to enter into an agreement with the Secretary under which the prospective buyer agrees that if all or a portion of the land referred to in subsection (a) is conveyed to the buyer, the buyer will be required—

Housing.

(A) to construct, at the option of the Secretary, on a portion of the land to be conveyed or on a portion of the land not conveyed up to 400 units of family housing in accordance with specifications and standards prescribed by the Secretary at the time the land is offered for sale;

(B) to have the housing units ready for occupancy not later than 2 years after the date of the conveyance of such land to the prospective buyer; and

(C) at the option of the Secretary—

(i) lease the housing units to the Army pursuant to section 2828(g) of title 10, United States Code; or

(ii) set aside the housing units for military personnel in exchange for a guarantee by the Secretary of the rental of the set-aside housing units in accordance with section 802 of the Military Construction Authorization Act, 1984 (10 U.S.C. 2821 note). 98 Stat. 1521.

Contracts.

(c) Competitive Bid Requirement; Minimum Sale Price.—(1) The sale of any of the land referred to in subsection (a) shall be carried out under publicly advertised, competitively bid, or competitively negotiated contracting procedures.

Prohibition.

(2) In no event may any of the land referred to in subsection (a) be sold for less than its fair market value.

Prohibition. Contracts.

(d) Report Requirements.—(1) The Secretary may not enter into any contract for the sale of any or all of the land referred to in subsection (a) unless—

(A) the Secretary has submitted a report to the appropriate committees of Congress containing the information required in section 2828(g)(6)(A) of title 10, United States Code; and

(B) a period of 21 days has expired following the date on which the economic report referred to in such section is received by those committees.

(2) Any report submitted under paragraph (1) shall include—

(A) a description of the price and terms of the proposed sale;

(B) a description of the procedures used in selecting a buyer for the land; and

(C) all pertinent information regarding the family housing to be made available for military personnel under this section.

(e) Use of Proceeds of Sale.—(1) The Secretary may use the proceeds from the sale of any of the land referred to in subsection (a)—

Housing.

(A) to provide for military family housing for military personnel stationed at Fort Jackson in the manner prescribed in subsection (b)(2) or in such other manner as the Secretary may prescribe;

(B) to provide for security and access routes to facilities at Fort Jackson for military personnel housed or to be housed in the housing units to be constructed on such land; and

(C) to construct necessary facilities for up to 100 mobile trailer home sites at Fort Jackson.

(2) Any proceeds of the sale not used for such purposes shall be covered into the general fund of the Treasury.

(f) Legal Description of Land.—The exact acreage and legal description of the land to be conveyed under this section shall be determined by a survey approved by the Secretary.

(g) Additional Terms.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with any transaction authorized by this section as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

Housing.

(h) Additional Authority.—The military family housing authorized under this section is in addition to any military family housing otherwise authorized by law.

SEC. 841. LAND CONVEYANCE, NAVAL WEAPONS STATION, CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA

(a) Authority To Convey.—Subject to subsections (b) through (h), the Secretary of the Navy (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Secretary") is authorized to convey to the Westvaco Corporation of New York (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Corporation") all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to approximately 47.83 acres of land, together with improvements thereon, which comprise that portion of the Navy Weapons Station, Charleston, South Carolina, located at Remount Road and Virginia Avenue.

(b) Consideration.—In consideration for the conveyance authorized by subsection (a), the Corporation shall—

(1) pay for the cost of construction of suitable replacement facilities to be constructed in a manner and at a site determined by the Secretary;

(2) pay for the cost of removing any existing improvements on the replacement site; and

(3) pay for the cost of relocating from the facilities located on the land to be conveyed by the Secretary to the replacement facilities.

(c) Authority to Use Funds.—The Secretary is authorized to receive, obligate, and disburse any funds received under subsection (b) to cover design, construction, relocation and related costs specified in the memorandum of understanding referred to in subsection (d).

(d) Obligations of Parties.—The specific obligations of the Secretary and the Corporation shall be those set forth in a memorandum of understanding between the parties that became effective April 17, 1985.

(e) Vacating Property.—Upon completion and occupancy of the replacement facilities by the Navy and payment of all costs by the Corporation, the Navy shall promptly vacate the property described in subsection (a) and convey the property by quitclaim deed to the Corporation.

(f) Payment of Any Excess.—If the fair market value of the property conveyed under subsection (a) exceeds the consideration paid under subsection (b), as determined by the Secretary, the Corporation shall pay the difference to the United States.

(g) Legal Description of Land.—The exact acreage and legal description of any land conveyed under this section shall be determined by a survey which is satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of such survey shall be borne by the Corporation.

(h) Additional Terms.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions under this section as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interest of the United States.

SEC. 842. PROPERTY MANAGEMENT

Colleges and universities.

(a) Fort McNair.—The Administrator of General Services shall transfer approximately 10.5 acres of surplus land adjacent to Fort McNair, Washington, D.C., to the Secretary of the Army, without reimbursement, for use by the Secretary in connection with the National Defense University.

(b) Arlington Hall Station.—Upon the relocation of the Army Intelligence and Security Command and other Defense activities from Arlington Hall Station to new quarters, the Secretary of the Army shall transfer approximately 72 acres of the tract of land known as Arlington Hall Station, together with improvements thereon, to the Secretary of State, without reimbursement, to be used as a center for the training and instruction of personnel in the field of foreign relations, as authorized by chapter 7 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4021-4026), and for such other purposes as the Secretary of State may consider appropriate.

Approved December 3, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1042 (H.R. 1409):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-128 accompanying H.R. 1409 (Comm. on Armed Services) and No. 99-366 (Comm. of Conference).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):

June 5, considered and passed Senate.

Oct. 16, H.R. 1409 considered and passed House; S. 1042, amended, passed in lieu.

Nov. 12, Senate agreed to conference report.

Nov. 19, House agreed to conference report.

99 STAT. 1002

Public Law 99-169
99th Congress

An Act

Dec. 4, 1985
[H.R. 2419]

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1986 for intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the United States Government, the Intelligence Community Staff, and the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System, and for other purposes.

Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1986.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1986".

TITLE I—INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 101. Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 for the conduct of the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the following elements of the United States Government:

(1) The Central Intelligence Agency.
(2) The Department of Defense.
(3) The Defense Intelligence Agency.
(4) The National Security Agency.
(5) The Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, and the Department of the Air Force.
(6) The Department of State.
(7) The Department of the Treasury.
(8) The Department of Energy.
(9) The Federal Bureau of Investigation.
(10) The Drug Enforcement Administration.

CLASSIFIED SCHEDULE OF AUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 102. The amounts authorized to be appropriated under section 101, and the authorized personnel ceilings as of September 30, 1986, for the conduct of the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the elements listed in such section, are those specified in the classified Schedule of Authorizations prepared by the Committee of Conference to accompany H.R. 2419 of the Ninety-ninth Congress. That Schedule of Authorizations shall be made available to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives and to the President. The President shall provide for suitable distribution of the Schedule, or of appropriate portions of the Schedule, within the executive branch.

Supra.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR COUNTERTERRORISM ACTIVITIES OF THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

99 STAT. 1003

SEC. 103. (a) There is authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 the sum of $50,600,000 for the conduct of the activities of the Federal Bureau of Investigation to counter domestic and international terrorism.

(b) Of the sums authorized to be appropriated by subsection (a), $500,000 is authorized to be made available by the Attorney General for making payments in advance for expenses arising out of contractual and reimbursable agreements with State and local law enforcement agencies while engaged in cooperative activities to counter domestic and international terrorism.

PERSONNEL CEILING ADJUSTMENTS

SEC. 104. The Director of Central Intelligence may authorize employment of civilian personnel in excess of the number authorized for fiscal year 1986 under sections 102 and 202 of this Act when he determines that such action is necessary to the performance of important intelligence functions, except that such number may not, for any element of the Intelligence Community, exceed 2 per centum of the number of civilian personnel authorized under such sections for such element. The Director of Central Intelligence shall promptly notify the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate whenever he exercises the authority granted by this section.

RESTRICTION ON SUPPORT FOR MILITARY OR PARAMILITARY OPERATIONS IN NICARAGUA

SEC. 105. (a) Funds available to the Central Intelligence Agency, the Department of Defense, or any other agency or entity of the United States involved in intelligence activities may be obligated and expended during fiscal year 1986 to provide funds, materiel, or other assistance to the Nicaraguan democratic resistance to support military or paramilitary operations in Nicaragua only as authorized in section 101 and as specified in the classified Schedule of Authorizations referred to in section 102, or pursuant to section 502 of the National Security Act of 1947, or to section 106 of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (Public Law 99-88).

Post, p. 1005

Ante, p. 328

(b) Nothing in this section precludes—

(1) administration, by the Nicaraguan Humanitarian Assistance Office established by Executive order 12530, of the program of humanitarian assistance to the Nicaraguan democratic resistance provided for in the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985, or

50 FR 36031

(2) activities of the Department of State to solicit such humanitarian assistance for the Nicaraguan democratic resistance.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION OF A RESEARCH AND ENGINEERING FACILITY AT THE NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY HEADQUARTERS COMPOUND

SEC. 106. The National Security Agency is authorized to secure the design and construction of a research and engineering facility at its headquarters compound at Ft. Meade, Maryland. A single continuous contract may be employed to facilitate completion of the building authorized by this section, and the Secretary of Defense is authorized to contract for design and construction in advance of appropriations therefor, but the cost of such facility may not exceed $75,064,000. Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated under section 101(4) of this Act, there is authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 the sum of $21,364,000 for design and construction of the facility authorized by this section during fiscal year 1986.

99 STAT. 1004

TITLE II—INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY STAFF

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 201. There is authorized to be appropriated for the Intelligence Community Staff for fiscal year 1986 the sum of $22,083,000.

AUTHORIZATION OF PERSONNEL END-STRENGTH

SEC. 202. (a) The Intelligence Community Staff is authorized two-hundred and thirty-three full-time personnel as of September 30, 1986. Such personnel of the Intelligence Community Staff may be permanent employees of the Intelligence Community Staff or personnel detailed from other elements of the United States Government.

(b) During fiscal year 1986, personnel of the Intelligence Community Staff shall be selected so as to provide appropriate representation from elements of the United States Government engaged in intelligence and intelligence-related activities.

(c) During fiscal year 1986, any officer or employee of the United States or a member of the Armed Forces who is detailed to the Intelligence Community Staff from another element of the United States Government shall be detailed on a reimbursable basis, except that any such officer, employee, or member may be detailed on a nonreimbursable basis for a period of less than one year for the performance of temporary functions as required by the Director of Central Intelligence.

INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY STAFF ADMINISTERED IN SAME MANNER AS CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

SEC. 203. During fiscal year 1986, activities and personnel of the Intelligence Community Staff shall be subject to the provisions of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) and the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403a et seq.) in the same manner as activities and personnel of the Central Intelligence Agency.

TITLE III—CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY SYSTEM

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 301. There is authorized to be appropriated for the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability Fund for fiscal year 1986 the sum of $101,400,000.

TITLE IV—PROVISIONS RELATING TO INTELLIGENCE AGENCIES

SEC. 401. (a) Title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 413), relating to accountability for intelligence activities, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

99 STAT. 1005

"FUNDING OF INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

50 USC 414 "SEC. 502. (a) Appropriated funds available to an intelligence agency may be obligated or expended for an intelligence or intelligence-related activity only if—

"(1) those funds were specifically authorized by the Congress for use for such activities; or

"(2) in the case of funds from the Reserve for Contingencies of the Central Intelligence Agency and consistent with the provisions of section 501 of this Act concerning any significant anticipated intelligence activity, the Director of Central Intelligence has notified the appropriate congressional committees of the intent to make such funds available for such activity; or 50 USC 413

"(3) in the case of funds specifically authorized by the Congress for a different activity—

"(A) the activity to be funded is a higher priority intelligence or intelligence-related activity;

"(B) the need for funds for such activity is based on unforseen requirements; and

"(C) the Director of Central Intelligence, the Secretary of Defense, or the Attorney General, as appropriate, has notified the appropriate congressional committees of the intent to make such funds available for such activity;

"(4) nothing in this subsection prohibits obligation or expenditure of funds available to an intelligence agency in accordance with sections 1535 and 1536 of title 31, United States Code.

"(b) Funds available to an intelligence agency may not be made available for any intelligence or intelligence-related activity for which funds were denied by the Congress.

"(c) As used in this section—

"(1) the term 'intelligence agency' means any department, agency, or other entity of the United States involved in intelligence or intelligence-related activities;

"(2) the term 'appropriate congressional committees' means the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

"(3) the term 'specifically authorized by the Congress' means that—

"(A) the activity and the amount of funds proposed to be used for that activity were identified in a formal budget request to the Congress, but funds shall be deemed to be specifically authorized for that activity only to the extent that the Congress both authorized the funds to be appropriated for that activity and appropriated the funds for that activity; or

"(B) although the funds were not formally requested, the Congress both specifically authorized the appropriation of the funds for the activity and appropriated the funds for the activity.".

(b) The table of contents at the end of the first section of such Act is amended by inserting the following after the item relating to section 501:

"Sec. 502. Funding of intelligence activities.".

99 STAT. 1006

(c) The amendment made by section 401(a) of this Act shall not apply with respect to funds appropriated to the Director of Central Intelligence under the heading "ENHANCED SECURITY COUNTERMEASURES CAPABILITIES" in the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (Public Law 99-88). 50 USC 414 note. *Ante*, p. 293

COUNTERINTELLIGENCE CAPABILITIES IMPROVEMENTS REPORT

Sec. 402. (a) Within one hundred and twenty days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate a report on the capabilities, programs, and policies of the United States to protect against, detect, monitor, counter, and limit intelligence activities by foreign powers, within and outside the United States, directed at United States Government activities or information, including plans for improvements which presently are within the authority of the executive branch to effectuate, and recommendations for improvements which would require legislation to effectuate.

(b) The report described in subsection (a) of this section shall be exempt from any requirement for publication or disclosure.

NOTICE TO CONGRESS OF CERTAIN TRANSFERS OF DEFENSE ARTICLES AND DEFENSE SERVICES

Sec. 403. (a)(1) During fiscal year 1986, the transfer of a defense article or defense service exceeding $1,000,000 in value by an intelligence agency to a recipient outside that agency shall be considered a significant anticipated intelligence activity for the purpose of section 501 of the National Security Act of 1947. 50 USC 413.

(2) Paragraph (1) does not apply if—

(A) the transfer is being made to a department, agency, or other entity of the United States (so long as there will not be a subsequent retransfer of the defense articles or defense services outside the United States Government in conjunction with an intelligence or intelligence-related activity); or

(B) the transfer—

(i) is being made pursuant to authorities contained in

22 USC 2311.
22 USC 2751 note.

Ante, p. 204.
40 USC 471 note.

part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, the Arms Export Control Act, title 10 of the United States Code (including a law enacted pursuant to section 7307(b)(1) of that title), or the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, and

(ii) is not being made in conjunction with an intelligence or intelligence-related activity.

(3) An intelligence agency may not transfer any defense articles or defense services outside the agency in conjunction with any intelligence or intelligence-related activity for which funds were denied by the Congress.

(b) As used in this section—

(1) the term "intelligence agency" means any department, agency, or other entity of the United States involved in intelligence or intelligence-related activities;

(2) the terms "defense articles" and "defense services" mean the items on the United States Munitions List pursuant to section 38 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 CFR part 121);

Ante, pp. 156, 203, 204.

99 STAT. 1007

(3) the term "transfer" means—

(A) in the case of defense articles, the transfer of possession of those articles, and

(B) in the case of defense services, the provision of those services; and

(4) the term "value" means—

(A) in the case of defense articles, the greater of—

(i) the original acquisition cost to the United States Government, plus the cost of improvements or other modifications made by or on behalf of the Government; or

(ii) the replacement cost; and

(B) in the case of defense services, the full cost to the Government of providing the services.

TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

AUTHORITY FOR THE CONDUCT OF INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

SEC. 501. The authorization of appropriations by this Act shall not be deemed to constitute authority for the conduct of any intelligence activity which is not otherwise authorized by the Constitution or laws of the United States.

INCREASES IN EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS AUTHORIZED BY LAW

SEC. 502. Appropriations authorized by this Act for salary, pay, retirement, and other benefits for Federal employees may be increased by such additional or supplemental amounts as may be necessary for increases in such compensation or benefits authorized by law.

TITLE VI—FACILITATING NATURALIZATION OF CERTAIN FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SOURCES

IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT AMENDMENT

SEC. 601. Section 316 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1427) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Aliens.

"(g)(1) Whenever the Director of Central Intelligence, the Attorney General and the Commissioner of Immigration determine that a petitioner otherwise eligible for naturalization has made an extraordinary contribution to the national security of the United States or to the conduct of United States intelligence activities, the petitioner may be naturalized without regard to the residence and physical presence requirements of this section, or to the prohibitions of section 313 of this Act, and no residence within the jurisdiction of the court shall be required: *Provided*, That the petitioner has continuously resided in the United States for at least one year prior to naturalization: *Provided further*, That the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any alien described in subparagraphs (A) through (D) of paragraph 243(h)(2) of this Act.

8 USC 1424

8 USC 1253

"(2) A petition for naturalization may be filed pursuant to this subsection in any district court of the United States, without regard to the residence of the petitioner. Proceedings under this subsection 99 STAT. 1008 shall be conducted in a manner consistent with the protection of intelligence sources, methods and activities.

"(3) The number of aliens naturalized pursuant to this subsection in any fiscal year shall not exceed five. The Director of Central Intelligence shall inform the Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives within a reasonable time prior to the filing of each petition under the provisions of this subsection.".

TITLE VII—ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM DEFENSE DEPARTMENT COUNTERINTELLIGENCE OPERATIONS

SEC. 701. (a) During fiscal year 1986, the Secretary of Defense may authorize, without regard to the provisions of section 3302 of title 31, United States Code, use of proceeds from counterintelligence operations conducted by components of the Military Departments to offset necessary and reasonable expenses, not otherwise prohibited by law, incurred in such operations, if use of appropriated funds to meet such expenses would not be practicable.

98 Stat. 1152.

(b) As soon as the net proceeds from such counterintelligence operations are no longer necessary for the conduct of those operations, such proceeds shall be deposited into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

(c) The Secretary of Defense shall establish policies and procedures to govern acquisition, use, management and disposition of proceeds from counterintelligence operations conducted by components of the Military Departments, including effective internal systems of accounting and administrative controls.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS FOR CERTAIN CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY EMPLOYEES SERVING IN UNHEALTHFUL AREAS

SEC. 702. Section 251 of the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement Act of 1964 for Certain Employees (50 U.S.C. 403 note) is amended by inserting "(a)" after "SEC. 251." and by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b) The Director of Central Intelligence may from time to time establish, in consultation with the Secretary of State, a list of places outside the United States which by reason of climatic or other extreme conditions are to be classed as unhealthful posts. Each year of duty at such posts, inclusive of regular leaves of absence, shall be counted as one and a half years in computing the length of service of a participant under this Act for the purpose of retirement, fractional months being considered as full months in computing such service. No extra credit for service at such unhealthful posts shall be credited to any participant who is paid a differential under section 5925 or 5928 of title 5, United States Code, for such service.".

TITLE VIII—ACCESS TO CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORDS FOR NATIONAL SECURITY PURPOSES

SEC. 801. (a) Part III of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding after chapter 89 the following new subpart:

99 STAT. 1009

"Subpart H—Access to Criminal History Record Information

"CHAPTER 91—ACCESS TO CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORDS FOR NATIONAL SECURITY PURPOSES

"Sec.
"9101. Criminal history record information for national security purposes.

5 USC 9101.

"§ 9101. Criminal history record information for national security purposes

Law enforcement. State and local governments.

"(a) As used in this section:

"(1) The term 'criminal justice agency' includes Federal, State, and local agencies and means: (A) courts, or (B) a Government agency or any subunit thereof which performs the administration of criminal justice pursuant to a statute or Executive order, and which allocates a substantial part of its annual budget to the administration of criminal justice.

"(2) The term 'criminal history record information' means information collected by criminal justice agencies on individuals consisting of identifiable descriptions and notations of arrests, indictments, informations, or other formal criminal charges, and any disposition arising therefrom, sentencing, correction supervision, and release. The term does not include identification information such as fingerprint records to the extent that such information does not indicate involvement of the individual in the criminal justice system. The term does not include those records of a State or locality sealed pursuant to law from access by State and local criminal justice agencies of that State or locality.

"(3) The term 'classified information' means information or material designated pursuant to the provisions of a statute or Executive order as requiring protection against unauthorized disclosure for reasons of national security.

"(4) The term 'State' means any of the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and any other territory or possession of the United States.

"(5) The term 'local' and 'locality' means any local government authority or agency or component thereof within a State having jurisdiction over matters at a county, municipal, or other local government level.

"(b)(1) Upon request by the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, or the Central Intelligence Agency, criminal justice agencies shall make available criminal history record information regarding individuals under investigation by such department, office or agency for the purpose of determining eligibility for (A) access to classified information or (B) assignment to or retention in sensitive national security duties. Such a request to a State central criminal history record repository shall be accompanied by the fingerprints of the individual who is the subject of the request if required by State law and if the repository uses the fingerprints in an automated fingerprint identification system. Fees, if any, charged for providing criminal history record information pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed the reasonable cost of providing such information, nor shall they in any event exceed those charged to State or local agencies other than criminal justice agencies for such information.

99 STAT. 1010

"(2) This subsection shall apply notwithstanding any other provision of law or regulation of any State or of any locality within a State, or any other law of the United States.

Claims.

"(3)(A) Upon request by a State or locality, the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, or the Central Intelligence Agency shall enter into an agreement with such State or locality to indemnify and hold harmless such State or locality, and its officers, employees and agents, from any claim against such State or locality, or its officer, employee or agent, for damages, costs and other monetary loss, whether or not suit is instituted, arising from the disclosure or use by such department, office or agency of criminal history record information obtained from the State or locality pursuant to this subsection, if the laws of such State or locality, as of the date of enactment of this section, otherwise have the effect of prohibiting the disclosure of such criminal history record information to such department, office, or agency.

"(B) When the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, or the Central Intelligence Agency and a State or locality have entered into an agreement described in subparagraph (A), and a claim described in such subparagraph is made against such State or locality, or its officer, employee, or agent, the State or locality shall expeditiously transmit notice of such claim to the Attorney General and to the United States Attorney of the district embracing the place wherein the claim is made, and the United States shall have the opportunity to make all determinations regarding the settlement or defense of such claim.

"(c) The Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, or the Central Intelligence Agency shall not obtain criminal history record information pursuant to this section unless it has received written consent from the individual under investigation for the release of such information for the purposes set forth in paragraph (b)(1).

"(d) Criminal history record information received under this section shall be disclosed or used only for the purposes set forth in paragraph (b)(1) or for national security or criminal justice purposes authorized by law, and such information shall be made available to the individual who is the subject of such information upon request.".

(b) The table of contents of part III of title 5, United States Code is amended by adding at the end thereof:

"Subpart H—Access to Criminal History Record Information

"91. Access to Criminal History Records for National Security Purposes ....9101.".

Effective date.
5 USC 9101 note.

SEC. 802. The amendments made by section 801(a) of this Act shall become effective with respect to any inquiry which begins after the date of enactment of this Act conducted by the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, or the Central Intelligence Agency, for the purposes specified in paragraph (b)(1) of section 9101 of title 5, United States Code, as added by this Act.

Ante, p. 1009.

Report.
5 USC 9101 note.

SEC. 803. (a) Within two years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Department of Justice, after consultation with the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, and the Central Intelligence Agency, shall report to the appropriate committees of the Congress concerning the effect of section 9101(b)(3) of title 5, United States Code, as added by this Act, including the effect of the absence of indemnification agreements upon States and localities not eligible under section 9101(b)(3) of title 5, United States Code, for such agreements.

99 STAT. 1011

Ante, p. 1009.

Termination date.
Ante, p. 1009.

(b) Three years after the date of enactment of this Act, section 9101(b)(3) of title 5, United States Code, shall expire.

Approved December 4, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2419 (S. 1271):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-106, Pt. 1 (Comm. on Intelligence), Pt. II (Comm. on Armed Services) and No. 99-373 (Comm. on Conference).
SENATE REPORTS: No. 99-79 accompanying S. 1271 (Comm. on Intelligence) and No. 99-136 accompanying S. 1271 (Comm. on Armed Services and Comm. on Governmental Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
July 18, considered and passed House.
Sept. 26, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 1271.
Nov. 19, House agreed to conference report.
Nov. 21, Senate agreed to conference report.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 21, No. 49 (1985):
Dec. 4, 1985, Presidential statement.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA ACT

Public Law 99-216
99th Congress

An Act

To waive the period of Congressional review for certain District of Columbia acts authorizing the issuance of revenue bonds.

Dec. 26, 1985
[H.R. 3718]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

District of Columbia Revenue Bond Act of 1985.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "District of Columbia Revenue Bond Act of 1985".

SEC. 2. WAIVER OF CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW PERIOD FOR CERTAIN DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA ACTS AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE OF REVENUE BONDS.

(a) WAIVER.—Section 602(c)(1) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act shall not apply to certain acts of the District of Columbia described in subsection (c) authorizing the issuance, sale, and delivery of revenue bonds.

87 Stat. 774.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE OF ACTS.—Notwithstanding section 404(e) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act and any provision in any District of Columbia act described in subsection (c), the District of Columbia acts described in subsection (c) shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

87 Stat. 774.

(c) CERTAIN ACTS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE OF REVENUE BONDS.—The District of Columbia acts authorizing the issuance, sale, and delivery of revenue bonds referred to in subsections (a) and (b) are as follows:

(1) The Georgetown University Higher Education Facilities Revenue Bond Act of 1985, District of Columbia act 6-101, transmitted to the Speaker of the House and the President of the Senate November 7, 1985.

(2) The Sibley Memorial Hospital Revenue Bond Act of 1985, District of Columbia act 6-94, transmitted to the Speaker of the House and the President of the Senate October 23, 1985.

Approved December 26, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3718:

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-372 (Comm. on the District of Columbia).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-227 (Comm. on Governmental Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Nov. 19, considered and passed House.
Dec. 19, considered and passed Senate, amended; House concurred in Senate amendments.

EDUCATION ACT

Public Law 99-194
99th Congress

99 STAT. 1332

An Act

To amend the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965, and for other purposes.

Dec. 20, 1985
[S. 1264]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Arts, Humanities, and Museums Amendments of 1985.
Cultural programs.
20 USC 951 note.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Arts, Humanities, and Museums Amendments of 1985".

TITLE I—AMENDMENTS TO NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES ACT OF 1965

SEC. 101. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT; SHORT TITLE.

The National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 951 et seq.) is amended—

98 Stat. 223.

(1) by striking out

"TITLE I—ENDOWMENTS FOR ARTS AND HUMANITIES", and

(2) in section 1 by striking out "title" and inserting in lieu thereof "Act".

20 USC 951 note.

SEC. 102. DECLARATION OF PURPOSE.

Section 2 of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 951) is amended—

98 Stat. 223.

(1) in clause (2) by striking out "man's",

(2) in clause (3)—

(A) by inserting ", and access to the arts and the humanities," after "education", and

(B) by striking out "men" and inserting in lieu thereof "people of all backgrounds and wherever located",

(3) in clause (7) by striking out "and" at the end thereof,

(4) by redesignating clause (8) as clause (9), and

(5) by inserting after clause (7) the following new clause:

Schools and colleges.

"(8) that Americans should receive in school, background and preparation in the arts and humanities to enable them to recognize and appreciate the aesthetic dimensions of our lives, the diversity of excellence that comprises our cultural heritage, and artistic and scholarly expression; and".

SEC. 103. DEFINITIONS.

Section 3 of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 952) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by inserting "and interpretation" after "study" the first place it appears, and

(B) by inserting "to reflecting our diverse heritage, traditions, and history and" after "particular attention", and

99 STAT. 1333

(2) in subsection (d)(2)—

(A) by inserting "for purposes of sections 5(l) and 7(h) only," after "(2)",

(B) by inserting "or humanistic" after "artistic", and

(C) by inserting "and the National Council on the Humanities, as the case may be," after "the National Council on the Arts".

SEC. 104. ESTABLISHMENT OF A NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES.

98 Stat. 223

Section 4(a) of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 953(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking out "Humanities,," and inserting in lieu thereof "Humanities,", and

(2) by striking out "(hereinafter established)".

SEC. 105. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE ARTS.

Section 5 of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 954) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)(1) by striking out "chairman" and inserting in lieu thereof "chairperson";

(2) in subsection (c)—

(A) by redesignating clauses (4), (5), and (6) as clauses (6), (7), and (8), respectively, and

(B) by inserting after clause (3) the following new clauses:

Minorities

"(4) projects and productions which have substantial artistic and cultural significance and that reach, or reflect the culture of, a minority, inner city, rural, or tribal community;

"(5) projects and productions that will encourage public knowledge, understanding, and appreciation of the arts;",

(C) by striking out "clause (5)" in the second sentence of such subsection and inserting in lieu thereof "clause (8)", and

(D) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"In selecting individuals and groups of exceptional talent as recipients of financial assistance to be provided under this subsection, the Chairperson shall give particular regard to artists and artistic groups that have traditionally been underrepresented.";

(3) in subsection (g)(2)—

(A) in clause (B) by striking out "and" at the end thereof,

(B) in clause (C) by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof ", including a description of the progress made toward achieving the goals of the State plan;", and

(C) by inserting after clause (C) the following new clauses:

"(D) provides—

"(i) assurances that the State agency has held, after reasonable notice, public meetings in the State to allow all groups of artists, interested organizations, and the public to present views and make recommendations regarding the State plan; and

"(ii) a summary of such recommendations and the State agency's response to such recommendations; and

"(E) contains—

"(i) a description of the level of participation during the previous 2 years by artists, artists' organizations, and arts organizations in projects and productions for which financial assistance is provided under this subsection;

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"(ii) a description of the extent to which projects and productions receiving financial assistance under this subsection are available to all people and communities in the State; and

"(iii) a description of projects and productions receiving financial assistance under this subsection that exist or are being developed to secure wider participation of artists, artists' organizations, and arts organizations identified under clause (i) of this subparagraph or that address the availability of the arts to all people or communities identified under clause (ii) of this subparagraph.

No application may be approved unless the accompanying plan satisfies the requirements specified in this subsection."; Prohibition.

(4) in subsection (i) by striking out "he" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Secretary of Labor";

(5) in subsection (l)(1)(D)—

(A) by inserting "and local arts agencies" after "local arts groups", and

(B) by striking out "including support of professional artists in community-based residencies;" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "including—

"(i) support of professional artists in community based residencies;

"(ii) support of rural arts development;

"(iii) support of and models for regional, statewide, or local organizations to provide technical assistance to cultural organizations and institutions;

"(iv) support of and models for visual and performing arts touring; and

"(v) support of and models for professional staffing of arts organizations and for stabilizing and broadening the financial base for arts organizations;";

(6) by striking out "Chairman" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson";

(7) by striking out "his" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "the Chairperson's"; and

(8) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(m) The Chairperson of the National Endowment for the Arts shall, in consultation with State and local agencies, relevant organizations, and relevant Federal agencies, develop a practical system of national information and data collection on the arts, artists and arts groups, and their audiences. Such system shall include artistic and financial trends in the various artistic fields, trends in audience participation, and trends in arts education on national, regional, and State levels. Such system shall also include information regarding the availability of the arts to various audience segments, including rural communities. Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of the Arts, Humanities, and Museums Amendments of 1985, the Chairperson shall submit to the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate a plan for the development and implementation of such system, including a recommendation regarding the need for any additional funds to be appropriated to develop and implement such system. Such system shall be used, along with a summary of the data submitted with State plans under subsection (g), to prepare a periodic report on the state of the arts in the Nation. The state of the arts report shall include a description of the availability of the Endowment's programs to emerging, rural, and culturally diverse artists, arts organizations, and communities and of the participation by such artists, organizations, and communities in such programs. The state of the arts report shall be submitted to the President and the Congress, and provided to the States, not later than October 1, 1988, and biennially thereafter.".

Education.

Ante, p. 1332.

Report.

Report.

Report.

SEC. 106. NATIONAL COUNCIL ON THE ARTS.

Section 6 of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 955) is amended— 98 Stat. 224.

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) by striking out "Chairman" the first place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson",

(B) by striking out "Chairman of the Council" and inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson of the Council",

(C) in clause (1)—

(i) by inserting "(A)" after "who", and

(ii) by inserting before the semicolon at the end thereof the following: "and (B) have established records of distinguished service, or achieved eminence, in the arts",

(D) in the last sentence by striking out "him" and inserting in lieu thereof "the President", and

(E) by adding at the end thereof the following:

President of U.S. Discrimination, prohibition.

"In making such appointments, the President shall give due regard to equitable representation of women, minorities, and individuals with disabilities who are involved in the arts.";

(2) in subsection (c) by striking out "his" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "such member's";

(3) in subsection (d) by striking out "Chairman" and inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson";

(4) in subsection (e) by striking out "Chairman" and inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson"; and

(5) in subsection (f)—

(A) in the first sentence by striking out "his" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Chairperson's",

(B) in the second sentence by striking out "he" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Chairperson",

(C) in the third sentence by striking out "$17,500" and inserting in lieu thereof "$30,000", and

(D) by striking out "Chairman" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson".

SEC. 107. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES.

Section 7 of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 956) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1) by striking out "chairman" and inserting in lieu thereof "chairperson", and

(B) in paragraph (2) by striking out "his" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "the Chairperson's";

(2) in subsection (c)—

(A) by redesignating clauses (4), (5), (6), and (7) as clauses (6), (7), (8), and (9), respectively, and

(B) by inserting after clause (3) the following new clauses:

Research and development. Minorities.

"(4) initiate and support programs and research which have substantial scholarly and cultural significance and that reach, or reflect the diversity and richness of our American cultural heritage, including the culture of, a minority, inner city, rural, or tribal community;

"(5) foster international programs and exchanges;",

(C) in clause (3) by striking out "workships" and inserting in lieu thereof "workshops",

(D) by striking out "clause (6)" in the second sentence of such subsection and inserting in lieu thereof "clause (8)", and

(E) by adding at the end thereof the following:

Education.

"In selecting individuals and groups of exceptional talent as recipients of financial assistance to be provided under this subsection, the Chairperson shall give particular regard to scholars, and educational and cultural institutions, that have traditionally been underrepresented.";

(3) in subsection (f)—

(A) in paragraph (2)(A)—

(i) in the first sentence by striking out "the Arts and Humanities Act of 1980" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Arts, Humanities, and Museums Amendments of 1985",

(ii) in clause (ii) by inserting "officer" after "chief executive" each place it appears,

(iii) in clause (v) by striking out "and" at the end thereof,

(iv) in clause (vi) by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof ", including a description of the progress made toward achieving the goals of the State plan;", and

(v) by inserting after clause (vi) the following new clauses:

"(vii) provides—

"(I) assurances that the State agency has held, after reasonable notice, public meetings in the State to allow scholars, interested organizations, and the public to present views and make recommendations regarding the State plan; and

"(II) a summary of such recommendations and of the response of the State agency to such recommendations; and

"(viii) contains—

"(I) a description of the level of participation during the previous two years by scholars and scholarly organizations in programs receiving financial assistance under this subsection;

"(II) a description of the extent to which the programs receiving financial assistance under this subsection are available to all people and communities in the State; and

"(III) a description of programs receiving financial assistance under this subsection that exist or are being developed to secure wider participation of scholars and scholarly organizations identified under subclause (I) of this clause or that address the availability of the humanities to all people or communities identified under subclause (II) of this clause.

Prohibition.

No application may be approved unless the accompanying plan satisfies the requirements specified in this subsection.";

(B) in paragraph (2)(B)(i)—

(i) by striking out "four" and inserting in lieu thereof "six", and

(ii) by striking out "20 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "25 per centum",

(C) in paragraph (3)—

(i) in clause (G) by striking out "and" at the end thereof,

(ii) in clause (H) by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof ", including a description of the progress made toward achieving the goals of the plan;", and

(iii) by inserting after clause (H) the following new clauses:

"(I) provides—

Grants.

"(i) assurances that the grant recipient has held, after reasonable notice, public meetings in the State to allow scholars, interested organizations, and the public to present views and make recommendations regarding the plan; and

"(ii) a summary of such recommendations and of the response of the grant recipient to such recommendations; and

"(J) contains—

"(i) a description of the level of participation during the previous two years by scholars and scholarly organizations in programs receiving financial assistance under this subsection;

"(ii) a description of the extent to which the programs receiving financial assistance under this subsection are available to all people and communities in the State; and

"(iii) a description of programs receiving financial assistance under this subsection that exist or are being developed to secure wider participation of scholars and scholarly organizations identified under clause (i) of this subparagraph or that address the availability of the humanities to all people or communities identified under clause (ii) of this subparagraph.

Prohibition.

No application may be approved unless the accompanying plan satisfies the requirements specified in this subsection.";

Regulations.

(4) by striking out the last sentence of subsection (g) and inserting in lieu thereof "The Secretary of Labor shall prescribe standards, regulations, and procedures necessary to carry out this subsection not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of the Arts, Humanities, and Museums Amendments of 1985.";

(5) by striking out "Chairman" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson"; and

(6) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

Grants.
State and local governments.

"(j) It shall be a condition of the receipt of any grant under this section that the group or individual of exceptional talent or the State, State agency, or entity receiving such grant furnish adequate assurances to the Secretary of Labor that all laborers and mechanics

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employed by contractors or subcontractors on construction projects assisted under this section shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on similar construction in the locality, as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act, as amended (40 U.S.C. 276a—276a-5). The Secretary of Labor shall have, with respect to the labor standards specified in this subsection, the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (15 F.R. 3176; 5 U.S.C. 133z-15) and section 2 of the Act of June 13, 1934, as amended (40 U.S.C. 276c).

5 USC app.

Education.

"(k) The Chairperson of the National Endowment for the Humanities shall, in consultation with State and local agencies, other relevant organizations, and relevant Federal agencies, develop a practical system of national information and data collection on the humanities, scholars, educational and cultural groups, and their audiences. Such system shall include cultural and financial trends in the various humanities fields, trends in audience participation, and trends in humanities education on national, regional, and State levels. Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of the Arts, Humanities, and Museums Amendments of 1985, the Chairperson shall submit to the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate a plan for the development and implementation of such system, including a recommendation regarding the need for any additional funds to be appropriated to develop and implement such system. Such system shall be used, along with a summary of the data submitted with plans under subsection (f), to prepare a report on the state of the humanities in the Nation. The state of the humanities report shall include a description of the availability of the Endowment's programs to emerging and culturally diverse scholars, cultural and educational organizations, and communities and of the participation of such scholars, organizations, and communities in such programs. The state of the humanities report shall be submitted to the President and the Congress, and provided the States, not later than October 1, 1988, and biennially thereafter.

Report.
Report.
Report.

Report.
Regulation.

"(l) Not later than January 31, 1986, the Chairperson of the National Endowment for the Humanities shall transmit to the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission each plan and each report required under any regulation or management directive that is issued by the Commission and is in effect on such date of enactment.".

SEC. 108. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE NATIONAL COUNCIL ON THE HUMANITIES.

98 Stat. 224.

Section 8 of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 957) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) in the first sentence by striking out "Chairman of the

National Endowment for the Humanities, who shall be the Chairman" and inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson of the National Endowment for the Humanities, who shall be the Chairperson",

(B) in the second sentence by striking out "selected on the basis of" and inserting in lieu thereof "individuals who (1) are selected from among private citizens of the United States who are recognized for their broad knowledge of, expertise in, or commitment to the humanities, and (2) have established records of", and

(C) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"In making such appointments, the President shall give due regard to equitable representation of women, minorities, and individuals with disabilities who are involved in the humanities.";

President of U.S. Discrimination, prohibition.

(2) in subsection (c) by striking out "his" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "such member's";

(3) in subsections (d), (e), and (f) by striking out "Chairman" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson"; and

(4) in subsection (f)—

(A) in the first sentence by striking out "his" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Chairperson's", and

(B) in the second sentence by striking out "he" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Chairperson".

SEC. 109. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE FEDERAL COUNCIL ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES.

Section 9 of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 958) is amended—

98 Stat. 224.

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) in the first sentence by striking out "Chairman of the National Endowment for the Arts, the Chairman of the National Endowment for the Humanities" and inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson of the National Endowment for the Arts, the Chairperson of the National Endowment for the Humanities",

(B) in the second sentence by striking out "Chairman" and inserting in lieu thereof "presiding officer", and

(C) in the last sentence by striking out "he" and inserting in lieu thereof "the President";

(2) in subsection (c)(1) by striking out "Chairman" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson"; and

(3) by striking out subsections (d) and (e) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) The Council shall conduct a study to determine—

Study.

"(1) the nature and level of Federal support provided to museums;

"(2) the areas in which such support overlaps or is inadequate, particularly in case of emerging museums;

"(3) the impact of the Institute of Museum Services in carrying out its stated purpose; and

"(4) the impact and nature of conservation and preservation programs being carried out under this Act and other Federal laws and the areas in which such programs overlap or are inadequate.".

Conservation.

SEC. 110. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

Section 10 of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 959) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in the matter preceding clause (1) by striking out "Chairman of the National Endowment for the Arts and the Chairman of the National Endowment for the Humanities" and inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson of the National Endowment for the Arts and the Chairperson of the National Endowment for the Humanities",

(B) in clause (1)—

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(i) by striking out "he" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Chairperson", and

(ii) by striking out "his" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Chairperson's",

(C) in clause (2) by striking out "Chairman" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson",

(D) in clause (3) by striking out "his" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Chairperson's",

(E) in clause (4) by striking out "section 15" and all that follows through "representation" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 3109 of title 5, United States Code",

(F) in the matter following clause (8) by striking out "Chairman" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson", and

(G) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"In selecting panels of experts under clause (4) to review and make recommendations with respect to the approval of applications for financial assistance under this Act, each Chairperson shall appoint individuals who have exhibited expertise and leadership in the field under review, who broadly represent diverse characteristics in terms of aesthetic or humanistic perspective, and geographical factors, and who broadly represent cultural diversity. Each Chairperson shall assure that the membership of panels changes substantially from year to year, and that no more than 20 per centum of the annual appointments shall be for service beyond the limit of three consecutive years on a subpanel. In making appointments, each Chairperson shall give due regard to the need for experienced as well as new members on each panel. Panels of experts appointed to review or make recommendations with respect to the approval of applications or projects for funding by the National Endowment for the Arts shall, when reviewing such applications and projects, recommend for funding only applications and projects that in the context in which they are presented, in the experts' view, foster excellence, are reflective of exceptional talent, and have significant literary, scholarly, cultural, or artistic merit. Whenever there is pending an application submitted by an individual for financial assistance under section 5(c), such individual may not serve as a member of any subpanel (or panel where a subpanel does not exist) before which such application is pending. The prohibition described in the previous sentence shall commence on the date the application is submitted and continue for so long as the application is pending."; Prohibition.

(2) in subsection (b) by striking out "Chairman" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson"; and

(3) by striking out subsection (d) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new subsections:

"(d)(1) The Chairperson of the National Endowment for the Arts and the Chairperson of the National Endowment for the Humanities shall conduct a post-award evaluation of projects, productions, and programs for which financial assistance is provided by their respective Endowments under sections 5(c) and 7(c). Such evaluation may include an audit to determine the accuracy of the reports required to be submitted by recipients under clauses (i) and (ii) of paragraph (2)(A). As a condition of receiving such financial assistance, a recipient shall comply with the requirements specified in paragraph (2) that are applicable to the project, production, or program for which such financial assistance is received. Reports.

99 STAT. 1341

"(2)(A) The recipient of financial assistance provided by either of the Endowments shall submit to the Chairperson of the Endowment involved—

Report. "(i) a financial report containing such information as the Chairperson deems necessary to ensure that such financial assistance is expended in accordance with the terms and conditions under which it is provided;

Report. "(ii) a report describing the project, production, or program carried out with such financial assistance; and "(iii) if practicable, as determined by the Chairperson, a copy of such project, production, or program.

"(B) Such recipient shall comply with the requirements of this paragraph not later than 90 days after the end of the period for which such financial assistance is provided. The Chairperson may extend the 90-day period only if the recipient shows good cause why such an extension should be granted.

"(3) If such recipient substantially fails to satisfy the purposes for which such financial assistance is provided and the criteria specified in the last sentence of subsection (a), as determined by the Chairperson of the Endowment that provided such financial assistance, then such Chairperson may—

"(A) for purposes of determining whether to provide any subsequent financial assistance, take into consideration the results of the post-award evaluation conducted under this subsection;

"(B) prohibit the recipient of such financial assistance to use the name of, or in any way associate such project, production, or program with the Endowment that provided such financial assistance; and

"(C) if such project, production, or program is published, require that the publication contain the following statement: 'The opinions, findings, conclusions, and recommendations expressed herein do not reflect the views of the National Endowment for the Arts or the National Endowment for the Humanities.'.

Study.
Education.
Schools and colleges.

"(e)(1) The Chairperson of the National Endowment for the Arts and the Chairperson of the National Endowment for the Humanities, with the cooperation of the Secretary of Education, shall conduct jointly a study of—

"(A) the state of arts education and humanities education, as currently taught in the public elementary and secondary schools in the United States; and

"(B) the current and future availability of qualified instructional personnel, and other factors, affecting the quality of education in the arts and humanities in such schools.

Study.

"(2) The Endowments shall consult with the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives in the design and implementation of the study required by this subsection.

Report.
Education.

"(3) Not later than two years after the date of the enactment of the Arts, Humanities, and Museums Amendments of 1985, the Endowments shall submit to the President, the Congress, and the States a report containing—

"(A) the findings of the study under paragraph (1);

"(B) the Endowments' views of the role of the arts and humanities in elementary and secondary education;

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"(C) recommendations designed to encourage making arts and humanities education available throughout elementary and secondary schools;

"(D) recommendations for the participation by the National Endowment for the Arts and the National Endowment for the Humanities in arts education and humanities education in such schools; and

"(E) an evaluation of existing policies of the National Endowment for the Arts and the National Endowment for the Humanities that expressly or inherently affect the Endowments' abilities to expand such participation.

Report.

"(f) Not later than October 1, 1987, each Endowment shall submit to the Congress a report detailing the procedures used in selecting experts for appointment to panels and the procedures applied by panels in making recommendations with respect to approval of applications for financial assistance under this Act, including procedures to avoid possible conflicts of interest which may arise in providing financial assistance under this Act.".

SEC. 111. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) **Funds Authorized for Program Grants.**—Section 11(a)(1) of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 960(a)(1)) is amended— 98 Stat. 224.

(1) in subparagraph (A) by striking out "$115,500,000" and all that follows through "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "$121,678,000 for fiscal year 1986, $123,425,120 for fiscal year 1987, $128,362,125 for fiscal year 1988, and such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1989 and 1990"; and

(2) in subparagraph (B) by striking out "$114,500,000" and all that follows through "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "$95,207,000 for fiscal year 1986, $99,015,280 for fiscal year 1987, $102,975,891 for fiscal year 1988, and such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1989 and 1990;".

(b) **Funds Authorized To Match Non-Federal Funds Received.**—Section 11(a) of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 960(a)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2)—

(A) in subparagraph (A)—

(i) by striking out "October 1, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1990", and

(ii) by striking out "$18,500,000" the first place it appears and all that follows through "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "$8,820,000 for fiscal year 1986, $9,172,800 for fiscal year 1987, $9,539,712 for fiscal year 1988, and such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1989 and 1990", and

(B) in subparagraph (B)—

(i) by striking out "October 1, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1990",

(ii) in clause (ii) by inserting "and subgrantees" after "grantees" each place it appears, and

(iii) by striking out "$12,500,000" and all that follows through "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "$10,780,000 for fiscal year 1986, $11,211,200 for fiscal year 1987, $11,659,648 for fiscal year 1988, and such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1989 and 1990"; and

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(2) in paragraph (3)—

(A) in subparagraph (A)—

(i) by striking out "October 1, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1990", and

(ii) by striking out "$27,000,000" and all that follows through "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "$20,580,000 for fiscal year 1986, $21,403,200 for fiscal year 1987, $22,259,328 for fiscal year 1988, and such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1989 and 1990",

(B) in subparagraph (B)—

(i) by striking out "October 1, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1990", and

(ii) by striking out "$30,000,000" and all that follows through "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "$19,600,000 for fiscal year 1986, $20,384,000 for fiscal year 1987, $21,199,360 for fiscal year 1988, and such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1989 and 1990", and

(C) in subparagraph (C)—

(i) by striking out "Chairman" and inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson", and

(ii) by striking out "he" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Chairperson"; and

(3) in paragraph (4) by striking out "Chairman" each place it appears and by inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson".

(c) FUNDS AUTHORIZED FOR ADMINISTRATION OF PROGRAMS OF THE NATIONAL ENDOWMENTS.—Section 11(c) of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 960(c)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1) by striking out "$14,000,000" and all that follows through "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "$15,982,000 for fiscal year 1986, $16,205,280 for fiscal year 1987, $16,853,491 for fiscal year 1988, and such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1989 and 1990";

(2) in paragraph (2) by striking out "$13,000,000" and all that follows through "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "$14,291,000 for fiscal year 1986, $14,446,640 for fiscal year 1987, $15,024,506 for fiscal year 1988, and such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1989 and 1990"; and

(3) by striking out "Chairman" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson".

(d) AUTHORIZATION MAXIMUMS.—Section 11 of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 960) is amended—

98 Stat. 225.

(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection:

"(d)(1) The total amount of appropriations to carry out the activities of the National Endowment for the Arts shall not exceed—

"(A) $167,060,000 for fiscal year 1986,
"(B) $170,206,400 for fiscal year 1987, and
"(C) $177,014,656 for fiscal year 1988.

"(2) The total amount of appropriations to carry out the activities for the National Endowment for the Humanities shall not exceed—

"(A) $139,878,000 for fiscal year 1986,
"(B) $145,057,120 for fiscal year 1987, and

99 STAT. 1344

"(C) $150,859,405 for fiscal year 1988.".

(e) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 11(e) of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 960(a)), as redesignated by subsection (d) of this section, is amended by striking out "under this title".

SEC. 112. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS.

Prohibition.
Ante, pp. 1333, 1335.
20 USC 954 note.

The amendments made by sections 105(3) and 107(3) shall not apply with respect to plans submitted for financial assistance to be provided with funds appropriated for fiscal year 1986.

TITLE II—AMENDMENTS TO MUSEUM SERVICES ACT

SEC. 201. NATIONAL MUSEUM SERVICES BOARD.

98 Stat. 225.

Section 204 of the Museum Services Act (20 U.S.C. 963) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (1) by striking out the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"Such members shall be selected from among citizens of the United States who are members of the general public and who are—

"(A) broadly representative of the various museums, including museums relating to science, history, technology, art, zoos, and botanical gardens, and of the curatorial, educational, and cultural resources of the United States; and

"(B) recognized for their broad knowledge, expertise, or experience in museums or commitment to museums.

Prohibition.

President of U.S.
Discrimination, prohibition.

Members shall be appointed to reflect various geographical regions of the United States. The Board may not include, at any time, more than three members from a single State. In making such appointments, the President shall give due regard to equitable representation of women, minorities, and persons with disabilities who are involved in such museums.", and

(B) in paragraph (2)(A) by striking out "Chairman" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson";

(2) in the last sentence of subsection (b) by striking out "his" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "such member's"; and

(3) in subsections (c) and (d) by striking out "Chairman" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Chairperson".

SEC. 202. DIRECTOR OF THE INSTITUTE.

98 Stat. 225.

Section 205(a)(2) of the Museum Services Act (20 U.S.C. 964(a)(2)) is amended by striking out "his" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Chairperson's".

SEC. 203. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

98 Stat. 225.

(a) Section 209(a) of the Museum Services Act (20 U.S.C. 967(a)) is amended by striking out "$25,000,000" and all that follows through "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "$21,600,000 for fiscal year 1986, $22,464,000 for fiscal year 1987, $23,362,560 for fiscal year 1988, and such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1989 and 1990".

(b) Section 209(d) of the Museum Services Act (20 U.S.C. 967(d)) is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990".

99 STAT. 1345

TITLE III—AMENDMENTS TO ARTS AND ARTIFACTS INDEMNITY ACT

SEC. 301. FEDERAL COUNCIL MEMBERSHIP.

Section 2(b) of the Arts and Artifacts Indemnity Act (20 U.S.C. 971(b)) is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after the subsection designation; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

Prohibition.

"(2) For purposes of this Act, the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, the Director of the National Gallery of Art, the member designated by the Chairman of the Senate Commission of Art and Antiquities and the member designated by the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall not serve as members of the Council.".

SEC. 302. ELIGIBILITY FOR INDEMNITY.

(a) Section 3(b)(1) of the Arts and Artifacts Indemnity Act (20 U.S.C. 972(b)(1)) is amended by striking out ", or elsewhere when part of an exchange of exhibitions, but in no case shall both parts of such an exhibition be so covered" and inserting in lieu thereof "or elsewhere preferably when part of an exchange of exhibitions".

20 USC 972 note.

(b) The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to any exhibition which is certified under section 3(a) of the Arts and Artifacts Indemnity Act after the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 303. INDEMNITY AGREEMENT.

(a) Section 5(b) of the Arts and Artifacts Indemnity Act (20 U.S.C. 974(b)) is amended by striking out "$400,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$650,000,000".

(b) Section 5(c) of the Arts and Artifacts Indemnity Act (20 U.S.C. 974(c)) is amended by striking out "$50,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$75,000,000".

TITLE IV—ALTERNATIVE FEDERAL FUNDING OF THE ARTS AND HUMANITIES

SEC. 401. STUDY OF ALTERNATIVE FUNDING OF THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES.

(a) Study Required.—(1) The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study to determine the feasibility of supplementing expenditures made from the general fund of the Treasury of the United States for the National Endowment for the

Arts, the National Endowment for the Humanities, and the Institute of Museum Services through other Federal funding mechanisms. The study required by this section shall consider, but is not limited to, the consideration of the following funding sources:

(A) A revolving fund comprised of payments made to the Federal Government through an extension of the existing Federal copyright period for artistic, dramatic, literary, and musical works.

Copyrights.

(B) A revolving fund comprised of payments made to the Federal Government for the right to use or publicly perform artistic, dramatic, literary, and musical works in the public domain.

(2) In carrying out the study required by this section, the Comptroller General shall frequently consult with and seek the advice of the Chairperson of the National Endowment for the Arts, the Chairperson of the National Endowment for the Humanities, the Director of the Institute of Museum Services, the Register of Copyrights, the Chairman of the Labor and Human Resources Committee of the Senate, the Chairman of the Education and Labor Committee of the House of Representatives, the Chairman of the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, and the Chairman of the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives, concerning the scope, direction, and focus of the study.

(3) In conducting the study required by this section, the Comptroller General shall consider the impact which the implementation of each supplemental funding mechanism would have on—

(A) any international copyright treaties, commitments, and obligations to which the United States is a party;

Copyrights.

(B) public participation in the arts and the humanities;

(C) private, corporate, and foundation support for the arts and the humanities;

(D) the overall quality of arts and the humanities in the United States;

(E) the creative activities of individual authors and artists; and

(F) the activities and operations of private copyrighting organizations.

Copyrights

(b) Report.—The Comptroller General shall prepare and submit to the Congress not later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act a report of the study required by this section, together with such recommendations as the Comptroller General deems appropriate.

TITLE V—CONSTITUTIONAL BICENTENNIAL EDUCATION PROGRAM

SEC. 501. EDUCATION PROGRAM FOR THE COMMEMORATION OF THE BICENTENNIAL OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE BILL OF RIGHTS.

(a) General Authority.—(1) The Commission on the Bicentennial of the United States Constitution shall, in accordance with the provisions of this section, carry out an education program for the commemoration of the bicentennial of the Constitution of the United States and the Bill of Rights.

(2) To commemorate the bicentennial anniversary of the Constitution of the United States and the Bill of Rights, the Commission—

(A) is authorized to make grants to local educational agencies, private elementary and secondary schools, private organizations, individuals, and State and local public agencies in the United States for the development of instructional materials and programs on the Constitution of the United States and the Bill of Rights which are designed for use by elementary or secondary school students; and

Grants.
Schools and colleges.

Schools and colleges.

(B) shall implement an annual national bicentennial Constitution and Bill of Rights competition based upon the programs developed and used by elementary and secondary schools.

(3) In carrying out the program authorized by this section, the Chairman of the Commission shall have the same authority as is established in section 10 of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965.

20 USC 959.

99 STAT. 1347

(b) DEFINITION.—For the purpose of this section, the term "Commission" means the Commission on the Bicentennial of the United States Constitution.

(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—(1) There are authorized to be appropriated $5,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, and 1991 to carry out the provisions of this section.

(2) Amounts appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1) may be used for necessary administrative expenses, including staff.

TITLE VI—POET LAUREATE CONSULTANT IN POETRY

2 USC 177.

SEC. 601. AUTHORITY FOR POET LAUREATE CONSULTANT IN POETRY.

Library of Congress.

(a) RECOGNITION OF THE CONSULTANT IN POETRY.—The Congress recognizes that the Consultant in Poetry to the Library of Congress has for some time occupied a position of prominence in the life of the Nation, has spoken effectively for literary causes, and has occasionally performed duties and functions sometimes associated with the position of poet laureate in other nations and societies. Individuals are appointed to the position of Consultant in Poetry by the Librarian of Congress for one- or two-year terms solely on the basis of literary merit, and are compensated from endowment funds administered by the Library of Congress Trust Fund Board. The Congress further recognizes this position is equivalent to that of Poet Laureate of the United States.

Library of Congress.

(b) POET LAUREATE CONSULTANT IN POETRY ESTABLISHED.—(1) There is established in the Library of Congress the position of Poet Laureate Consultant in Poetry. The Poet Laureate Consultant in Poetry shall be appointed by the Librarian of Congress pursuant to the same procedures of appointment as established on the date of enactment of this section for the Consultant in Poetry to the Library of Congress.

(2) Each department and office of the Federal Government is encouraged to make use of the services of the Poet Laureate Consultant in Poetry for ceremonial and other occasions of celebration under such procedures as the Librarian of Congress shall approve designed to assure that participation under this paragraph does not impair the continuation of the work of the individual chosen to fill the position of Poet Laureate Consultant in Poetry.

99 STAT. 1348

(c) POETRY PROGRAM.—(1) The Chairperson of the National Endowment for the Arts, with the advice of the National Council on the Arts, shall annually sponsor a program at which the Poet Laureate Consultant in Poetry will present a major work or the work of other distinguished poets.

(2) There are authorized to be appropriated to the National Endowment for the Arts $10,000 for the fiscal year 1987 and for each succeeding fiscal year ending prior to October 1, 1990, for the purpose of carrying out this subsection.

Appropriation authorization.

Approved December 20, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1264 (H.R. 3248):

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-274 accompanying H.R. 3248 (Comm. on Education and Labor).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-125 (Comm. on Labor and Human Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
  Oct. 3, considered and passed Senate.
  Oct. 10, H.R. 3248 considered and passed House; proceedings vacated and S. 1264 amended, passed in lieu.
  Dec. 3, Senate concurred in House amendments with amendment.
  Dec. 4, House concurred in Senate amendment.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 21, No. 51 (1985):
  Dec. 20, Presidential statement.

Public Law 99-58
99th Congress

An Act

To extend title I and Part B of title II of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act, and for other purposes.

July 2, 1985
[H.R. 1699]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Energy Policy and Conservation Amendments Act of 1985.
42 USC 6201 note.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Energy Policy and Conservation Amendments Act of 1985".

TITLE I—AMENDMENTS TO THE ENERGY POLICY AND CONSERVATION ACT

SEC. 101. EXTENSION OF TITLE I OF THE ENERGY POLICY AND CONSERVATION ACT.

(a) General Extension.—Title I of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new part:

"Part C—Expiration

"EXPIRATION

42 USC 6251.
89 Stat. 875.

"Sec. 171. Except as otherwise provided in title I, all authority under any provision of title I (other than a provision of such title amending another law) and any rule, regulation, or order issued pursuant to such authority, shall expire at midnight, June 30, 1989, but such expiration shall not affect any action or pending proceedings, civil or criminal, not finally determined on such date, nor any action or proceeding based upon any act committed prior to midnight, June 30, 1989.".

50 USC app. 2071 note.

(b) Materials Allocation.—Section 104(b)(1) of such Act is amended by striking out "December 31, 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "June 30, 1989".

(c) Conforming Amendment.—The table of contents for such Act is amended by adding after the item relating to section 167 the following new items:

"Part C—Expiration

"Sec. 171. Expiration.".

SEC. 102. STRATEGIC PETROLEUM RESERVE AMENDMENTS.

42 USC 6239.

(a) Amendments to Strategic Petroleum Reserve Plan.—Section 159(e) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act is amended to read as follows:

Post, p. 103.

"(e) Subject to section 161(g)(2), any amendment transmitted pursuant to subsection (d) may not become effective until 60 days after the date of such transmittal, except that such 60-day period shall not apply if the President determines that such amendment is required by a severe energy supply interruption or by obligations of the United States under the international energy program.".

99 STAT. 103

42 USC 6240. (b) SUSPENSION OF PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE STRATEGIC PETROLEUM RESERVE.—Section 160(e) of such Act is amended—

(1) by inserting "and" at the end of clause (i) of paragraph (1)(B);

(2) by striking out clauses (ii) and (iii) of paragraph (1)(B) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(ii) the President has transmitted such finding to the Congress.";

(3) by striking out paragraphs (2) and (3) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(2) The suspension of the application of subsections (c) and (d) under paragraph (1)(B) may become effective on the day the finding is transmitted to the Congress and shall terminate nine months thereafter or on such earlier date as is specified in such finding."; and

(4) by redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (3).

SEC. 103. STRATEGIC PETROLEUM RESERVE TEST DRAWDOWN AND DISTRIBUTION.

42 USC 6241. (a) DIRECTIVE TO CARRY OUT TEST DRAWDOWN.—Section 161 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act is amended by adding the following new subsection at the end thereof:

"(g)(1) In order to evaluate the implementation of the Distribution Plan, the Secretary shall, commencing within 180 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, carry out a test drawdown and distribution under this subsection through the sale or exchange of approximately 1,100,000 barrels of crude oil from the Reserve. The requirement of this paragraph shall not apply if the President determines, within the 180-day period described in the preceding sentence, that implementation of the Distribution Plan is required by a severe energy supply interruption or by obligations of the United States under the international energy program.

"(2) The Secretary shall carry out such drawdown and distribution in accordance with the Distribution Plan and implementing regulations and contract provisions, modified as the Secretary considers appropriate taking into consideration the artificialities of a test and the absence of a severe energy supply interruption. To meet the requirements of subsections (d) and (e) of section 159, the Secretary shall transmit any such modification of the Plan, along with explanatory and supporting material, to both Houses of the Congress no later than 15 calendar days prior to the offering of any crude oil for sale under this subsection. *Ante*, p. 102.

"(3) At least part of the crude oil that is sold or exchanged under this subsection shall be sold or exchanged to or with entities that are not part of the Federal Government.

"(4) The Secretary may not sell any crude oil under this subsection at a price less than that which the Secretary determines appropriate and, in no event, at a price less than 90 percent of the sales price, as estimated by the Secretary, of comparable crude oil being sold in the same area at the time the Secretary is offering crude oil for sale in such area under this subsection.

"(5) The Secretary may cancel any offer to sell or exchange crude oil as part of any drawdown and distribution under this subsection if the Secretary determines that there are insufficient acceptable offers to obtain such crude oil.

99 STAT. 104

"(6)(A) The minimum required fill rate in effect for any fiscal year shall be reduced by the amount of any crude oil drawdown from the Reserve under this subsection during such fiscal year.

"(B) In the case of a sale of any crude oil under this subsection, the Secretary shall, to the extent funds are available in the SPR Petroleum Account as a result of such sale, acquire crude oil for the Reserve within the 12-month period beginning after the completion of the sale. Such acquisition shall be in addition to any acquisition of crude oil for the Reserve required as part of a fill rate established by any other provision of law.

"(7) Rules, regulations, or orders issued in order to carry out this subsection which have the applicability and effect of a rule as defined in section 551(4) of title 5, United States Code, shall not be subject to the requirements of subchapter II of chapter 5 of such title or to section 523 of this Act.

5 USC 551.
42 USC 6393.

"(8) The Secretary shall transmit to both Houses of the Congress a detailed explanation of the drawdown and distribution carried out under this subsection. Such explanation may be a part of any report made to the President and the Congress under section 165.".

42 USC 6245.

(b) Conforming Amendments.—(1) Section 160(d) of such Act is amended by adding the following new paragraph at the end thereof:

42 USC 6240.

"(3) In determining the number of barrels of crude oil for purposes of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1), any crude oil drawndown from the Reserve as a result of any drawdown and distribution carried out under section 161(g) and not replaced under section 161(g)(6)(B) shall be considered to be within the Reserve.".

Ante, p. 103.

(2) Section 161(b) of such Act is amended by striking out "in subsections (c) and (f)" and inserting in lieu thereof "in subsections (c), (f), and (g)".

42 USC 6241.

(3) Section 167(b)(3) of such Act is amended by inserting ", including a drawdown and distribution carried out under subsection (g) of such section" after "section 161".

42 USC 6247.

(4) Section 167(d) of such Act is amended by inserting ", including a drawdown and distribution carried out subsection (g) of such section" after "section 161".

SEC. 104. EXTENSION OF PART B OF TITLE II OF THE ENERGY POLICY AND CONSERVATION ACT.

(a) General Extension.—Title II of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new part:

"Part D—Expiration

"EXPIRATION

"Sec. 281. Except as otherwise provided in title II, all authority under any provision of title II (other than a provision of such title amending another law) and any rule, regulation, or order issued pursuant to such authority, shall expire at midnight, June 30, 1988, but such expiration shall not affect any action or pending proceedings, civil or criminal, not finally determined on such date, nor any action or proceeding based upon any act committed prior to midnight, June 30, 1988.".

42 USC 6285.
42 USC 6261.

(b) Termination of Certain General Emergency Authorities.—Part A of title II of such Act is amended by adding the following new section at the end thereof:

99 STAT. 105

"TERMINATION DATE

"Sec. 204. Except as provided in section 203(f), authority to carry out the provisions of this part and any rule, regulation, or order issued pursuant to such part shall expire at midnight, June 30, 1985.".

42 USC 6264.
42 USC 6263.

(c) Conforming Amendments.—(1) The table of contents for such Act is amended—

(A) by adding after the item relating to section 203 the following new item:

"Sec. 204. Termination date.";

(B) by adding after the item relating to section 272 the following new items:

"PART D—EXPIRATION

"Sec. 281. Expiration.";

and

(C) by striking out the item relating to section 531.

42 USC 6272. (2) Section 252 of such Act is amended by striking out subsection (j) and by redesignating subsections (k), (l), and (m), and all references thereto, as subsections (j), (k), and (l), respectively.

Repeal. 42 USC 6401. (3) Section 531 of such Act is hereby repealed.

42 USC 6272. (4) Section 252(d)(1) of such Act is amended by striking out "(f) or (k)" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "(f) or (j)".

SEC. 105. LIMITATION ON NEW PLANS OF ACTION.

Section 252 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act, as amended by section 104(c)(2) of this Act, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

42 USC 6272. *Ante*, p. 102. "(m)(1) With respect to any plan of action approved by the Attorney General after the date of enactment of the Energy Policy and Conservation Amendments Act of 1985—

"(A) the defenses under subsection (f) and (j) shall be applicable to Type 1 activities (as that term is defined in the International Energy Agency Emergency Management Manual, dated December 1982) only if—

"(i) the Secretary has transmitted such plan of action to the Congress; and

"(ii)(I) 90 calendar days of continuous session have elapsed since receipt by the Congress of such transmittal; or

"(II) within 90 calendar days of continuous session after receipt of such transmittal, either House of the Congress has disapproved a joint resolution of disapproval pursuant to subsection (n); and

"(B) such defenses shall not be applicable to Type 1 activities if there has been enacted, in accordance with subsection (n), a joint resolution of disapproval.

"(2) The Secretary may withdraw the plan of action at any time prior to adoption of a joint resolution described in subsection (n)(3) by either House of Congress.

"(3) For the purpose of this subsection—

"(A) continuity of session is broken only by an adjournment of the Congress sine die at the end of the second session of Congress; and

"(B) the days on which either House is not in session because of an adjournment of more than three days to a day certain are excluded in the computation of the calendar-day period involved.

"(n)(1)(A) The application of defenses under subsections (f) and (j) for Type 1 activities with respect to any plan of action transmitted to Congress as described in subsection (m)(1)(A)(i) shall be disapproved if a joint resolution of disapproval has been enacted into law during the 90-day period of continuous session after which such transmission was received by the Congress. For the purpose of this subsection, the term 'joint resolution' means only a joint resolution of either House of the Congress as described in paragraph (3).

"(B) After receipt by the Congress of such plan of action, a joint resolution of disapproval may be introduced in either House of the Congress. Upon introduction in the Senate, the joint resolution shall be referred in the Senate immediately to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate.

"(2) This subsection is enacted by the Congress—

"(A) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the Senate and as such it is deemed a part of the rules of the Senate, but applicable only with respect to the procedure to be followed in the Senate in the case of resolutions described by paragraph (3); it supersedes other rules only to the extent that is inconsistent therewith; and

"(B) with full recognition of the constitutional right of the Senate to change the rules (so far as relating to the procedure of the Senate) at any time, in the same manner and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of the Senate.

"(3) The joint resolution disapproving the transmission under subsection (m) shall read as follows after the resolving clause: 'That the Congress of the United States disapproves the availability of the defenses pursuant to section 252 (f) and (j) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act with respect to Type 1 activities under the plan of action submitted to the Congress by the Secretary of Energy on .', the blank space therein being filled with the date and year of receipt by the Congress of the plan of action transmitted as described in subsection (m).

Ante, p. 105.

"(4)(A) If the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate has not reported a joint resolution referred to it under this subsection at the end of 20 calendar days of continuous session after its referral, it shall be in order to move either to discharge the committee from further consideration of such resolution or to discharge the committee from further consideration of any other joint resolution which has been referred to the committee with respect to such plan of action.

"(B) A motion to discharge shall be highly privileged (except that it may not be made after the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources has reported a joint resolution with respect to the plan of action), and debate thereon shall be limited to not more than one hour, to be divided equally between those favoring and those opposing the joint resolution. An amendment to the motion shall not be in order, and it shall not be in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the motion was agreed to or disagreed to.

"(C) If the motion to discharge is agreed to or disagreed to, the motion may not be renewed, nor may another motion to discharge the committee be made with respect to any other joint resolution with respect to the same transmission.

99 STAT. 107

"(5)(A) When the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate has reported or has been discharged from further consideration of a joint resolution, it shall be in order at any time thereafter within the 90-day period following receipt by the Congress of the plan of action (even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to) to move to proceed to the consideration of such joint resolution. The motion shall be highly privileged and shall not be debatable. An amendment to the motion shall not be in order, and it shall not be in order to move to reconsider a vote by which the motion was agreed to or disagreed to.

"(B) Debate on the joint resolution shall be limited to not more than 10 hours and final action on the joint resolution shall occur immediately following conclusion of such debate. A motion further to limit debate shall not be debatable. A motion to recommit such a joint resolution shall not be in order, and it shall not be in order to move to reconsider the vote by which such a joint resolution was agreed to or disagreed to.

"(6)(A) Motions to postpone made with respect to the discharge from committee or consideration of a joint resolution, shall be decided without debate.

"(B) Appeals from the decision of the Chair relating to the application of rules of the Senate to the procedures relating to a joint resolution shall be decided without debate.".

TITLE II—REPORTS CONCERNING COAL IMPORTS

SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

National Coal Imports Reporting Act of 1985.
42 USC 7277 note.

This title may be cited as the "National Coal Imports Reporting Act of 1985".

SEC. 202. REPORT CONCERNING REVIEW OF UNITED STATES COAL IMPORTS.

42 USC 7277.

(a) In General.—The Energy Information Administration shall issue a report quarterly, and provide an annual summary of the quarterly reports to the Congress, on the status of United States coal imports. Such quarterly reports may be published as a part of the Quarterly Coal Report published by the Energy Information Administration.

(b) Contents.—Each report required by this section shall—

(1) include current and previous year data on the quantity, quality (including heating value, sulfur content, and ash content), and delivered price of all coals imported by domestic electric utility plants that imported more than 10,000 tons during the previous calendar year into the United States;

(2) identify the foreign nations exporting the coal, the domestic electric utility plants receiving coal from each exporting nation, the domestically produced coal supplied to such plants, and the domestic coal production, by State, displaced by the imported coal;

(3) identify (to the extent allowed under disclosure policy), at regional and State levels of aggregation, transportation modes and costs for delivery of imported coal from the exporting country port of origin to the point of consumption in the United States; and

(4) specifically highlight and analyze any significant trends of unusual variations in coal imports.

99 STAT. 108

(c) Date of Reports.—The first report required by this section shall be submitted to Congress in March 1986. Subsequent reports shall be submitted within 90 days after the end of each quarter.

(d) Limitation.—Information and data required for the purpose of this section shall be subject to the law regarding the collection and disclosure of such data.

SEC. 203. ANALYSIS OF AND REPORT CONCERNING THE UNITED STATES COAL IMPORT MARKET.

42 USC 7277 note.

(a) In General.—The Secretary of Energy shall, through the Energy Information Administration, conduct a comprehensive analysis of the coal import market in the United States and report the findings of such analysis to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the appropriate committees of the House of Representatives, within nine months of the date of enactment of this Act.

(b) Contents.—The report required by this section shall—

(1) contain a detailed analysis of potential domestic markets for foreign coals, by producing nation, between 1985 and 1995;

(2) identify potential domestic consuming sectors of imported coal and evaluate the magnitude of any potential economic disruptions for each impacted State, including analysis of direct and indirect employment impact in the domestic coal industry and resulting income loss to each State;

(3) identify domestically produced coal that potentially could be replaced by imported coal;

(4) identify contractual commitments of domestic utilities expiring between 1985 and 1995 and describe spot buying practices of domestic utilities, fuel cost patterns, plant modification costs required to burn foreign coals, proximity of navigable waters to utilities, demand for compliance coal, availability of

less expensive purchased power from Canada, and State and local considerations;

(5) evaluate increased coal consumption by domestic electric utilities resulting from increased power sales and analyze the potential coal import market represented by this increased coal consumption, including consumption by existing coal-fired plants, new coal-fired plants projected up to the year 1995, and plants planning to convert to coal by 1995;

(6) identify existing authorities available to the Federal Government relating to coal imports, assess the potential impact of exercising each of these authorities, and describe executive branch plans and strategies to address coal imports;

(7) identify and characterize the coal export policies of all major coal exporting nations, including the United States, Australia, Canada, Colombia, Poland, and South Africa, with specific analysis of—

(A) direct or indirect Government subsidies to coal exporters;

(B) health, safety, and environmental regulations imposed on each coal producer; and

(C) trade policies relating to coal exports;

(8) evaluate the excess capacity of foreign producers, potential development of new export-oriented coal mines in foreign nations, operating costs of foreign coal mines, capacity of ocean vessels to transport foreign coal, and constraints on importing coal into the United States because of port and harbor availability;

(9) identify specifically the participation of all United States corporations involved in mining and exporting coal from foreign nations; and

(10) identify the policies governing coal imports of all coal-importing industrialized nations (including the United States, Japan, and European nations) by considering such factors as import duties or tariffs, import quotas, and other governmental restrictions or trade policies impacting coal imports.

Approved July 2, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1699 (S. 979):

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-152 (Comm. on Energy & Commerce).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
June 4, considered and passed House.
June 18, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 979.
June 27, House concurred in Senate amendments.

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Public Law 99-240
99th Congress

An Act

Jan. 15, 1986
[H.R. 1083]

To amend the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act to improve procedures for the implementation of compacts providing for the establishment and operation of regional disposal facilities for low-level radioactive waste; to grant the consent of the Congress to certain interstate compacts on low-level radioactive waste; and for other purposes.

State and local governments.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Amendments Act of 1985.
42 USC 2021b note.

TITLE I—LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE POLICY AMENDMENTS ACT OF 1985

SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

This Title may be cited as the "Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Amendments Act of 1985".

SEC. 102. AMENDMENT TO THE LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE POLICY ACT.

42 USC 2021b–2021d, 2021b note.

The Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 2021b et seq.) is amended by striking out sections 1, 2, 3, and 4 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

42 USC 2021b note.

"SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

"This Act may be cited as the 'Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act'.

42 USC 2021b.

"SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

"For purposes of this Act:

"(1) AGREEMENT STATE.—The term 'agreement State' means a State that—

"(A) has entered into an agreement with the Nuclear Regulatory Commission under section 274 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2021); and

"(B) has authority to regulate the disposal of low-level radioactive waste under such agreement.

"(2) ALLOCATION.—The term 'allocation' means the assignment of a specific amount of low-level radioactive waste disposal capacity to a commercial nuclear power reactor for which access is required to be provided by sited States subject to the conditions specified under this Act.

"(3) COMMERCIAL NUCLEAR POWER REACTOR.—The term 'commercial nuclear power reactor' means any unit of a civilian light-water moderated utilization facility required to be licensed under section 103 or 104b. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2133 or 2134(b)).

"(4) COMPACT.—The term 'compact' means a compact entered into by two or more States pursuant to this Act.

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"(5) COMPACT COMMISSION.—The term 'compact commission' means the regional commission, committee, or board established in a compact to administer such compact.

"(6) COMPACT REGION.—The term 'compact region' means the area consisting of all States that are members of a compact.

"(7) DISPOSAL.—The term 'disposal' means the permanent isolation of low-level radioactive waste pursuant to the requirements established by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission under applicable laws, or by an agreement State if such isolation occurs in such agreement State.

"(8) GENERATE.—The term 'generate', when used in relation to low-level radioactive waste, means to produce low-level radioactive waste.

"(9) LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE.—The term 'low-level radioactive waste' means radioactive material that—

"(A) is not high-level radioactive waste, spent nuclear fuel, or byproduct material (as defined in section 11e.(2) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014(e)(2))); and

"(B) the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, consistent with existing law and in accordance with paragraph (A), classifies as low-level radioactive waste.

"(10) NON-SITED COMPACT REGION.—The term 'non-sited compact region' means any compact region that is not a sited compact region.

"(11) REGIONAL DISPOSAL FACILITY.—The term 'regional disposal facility' means a non-Federal low-level radioactive waste disposal facility in operation on January 1, 1985, or subsequently established and operated under a compact.

"(12) SECRETARY.—The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Energy.

South Carolina.
Washington.
Nevada.

"(13) SITED COMPACT REGION.—The term 'sited compact region' means a compact region in which there is located one of the regional disposal facilities at Barnwell, in the State of South Carolina; Richland, in the State of Washington; or Beatty, in the State of Nevada.

"(14) STATE.—The term 'State' means any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

42 USC 2021c.

"SEC. 3. RESPONSIBILITIES FOR DISPOSAL OF LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE.

"SECTION 3(a)(1) STATE RESPONSIBILITIES.—Each State shall be responsible for providing, either by itself or in cooperation with other States, for the disposal of—

"(A) low-level radioactive waste generated within the State (other than by the Federal Government) that consists of or contains class A, B, or C radioactive waste as defined by section 61.55 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect on January 26, 1983;

Vessels.

"(B) low-level radioactive waste described in subparagraph (A) that is generated by the Federal Government except such waste that is—

"(i) owned or generated by the Department of Energy;

"(ii) owned or generated by the United States Navy as a result of the decommissioning of vessels of the United States Navy; or

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Research and development.

"(iii) owned or generated as a result of any research, development, testing, or production of any atomic weapon; and

"(C) low-level radioactive waste described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) that is generated outside of the State and accepted for disposal in accordance with sections 5 or 6.

Post, pp. 1846, 1855.

"(2) No regional disposal facility may be required to accept for disposal any material—

"(A) that is not low-level radioactive waste as defined by section 61.55 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect on January 26, 1983, or

"(B) identified under the Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program.

Nothing in this paragraph shall be deemed to prohibit a State, subject to the provisions of its compact, or a compact region from accepting for disposal any material identified in subparagraph (A) or (B).

"(b)(1) The Federal Government shall be responsible for the disposal of—

"(A) low-level radioactive waste owned or generated by the Department of Energy;

Vessels.

"(B) low-level radioactive waste owned or generated by the United States Navy as a result of the decommissioning of vessels of the United States Navy;

Research and development.

"(C) low-level radioactive waste owned or generated by the Federal Government as a result of any research, development, testing, or production of any atomic weapon; and

"(D) any other low-level radioactive waste with concentrations of radionuclides that exceed the limits established by the Commission for class C radioactive waste, as defined by section 61.55 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect on January 26, 1983.

Health.
Safety.

42 USC 2011 note.

"(2) All radioactive waste designated a Federal responsibility pursuant to subparagraph (b)(1)(D) that results from activities licensed by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission under the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, shall be disposed of in a facility licensed by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission that the Commission determines is adequate to protect the public health and safety.

Report.

"(3) Not later than 12 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Congress a comprehensive report setting forth the recommendations of the Secretary for ensuring the safe disposal of all radioactive waste designated a Federal responsibility pursuant to subparagraph (b)(1)(D). Such report shall include—

"(A) an identification of the radioactive waste involved, including the source of such waste, and the volume, concentration, and other relevant characteristics of such waste;

"(B) an identification of the Federal and non-Federal options for disposal of such radioactive waste;

"(C) a description of the actions proposed to ensure the safe disposal of such radioactive waste;

"(D) a description of the projected costs of undertaking such actions;

"(E) an identification of the options for ensuring that the beneficiaries of the activities resulting in the generation of such radioactive wastes bear all reasonable costs of disposing of such wastes; and

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"(F) an identification of any statutory authority required for disposal of such waste.

Prohibition.
Report.

"(4) The Secretary may not dispose of any radioactive waste designated a Federal responsibility pursuant to paragraph (b)(1)(D) that becomes a Federal responsibility for the first time pursuant to such paragraph until ninety days after the report prepared pursuant to paragraph (3) has been submitted to the Congress.

42 USC 2021d

"SEC. 4. REGIONAL COMPACTS FOR DISPOSAL OF LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—

Ante, p. 1843.

"(1) FEDERAL POLICY.—It is the policy of the Federal Government that the responsibilities of the States under section 3 for the disposal of low-level radioactive waste can be most safely and effectively managed on a regional basis.

"(2) INTERSTATE COMPACTS.—To carry out the policy set forth in paragraph (1), the States may enter into such compacts as may be necessary to provide for the establishment and operation of regional disposal facilities for low-level radioactive waste.

"(b) APPLICABILITY TO FEDERAL ACTIVITIES.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—

Prohibition.

"(A) ACTIVITIES OF THE SECRETARY.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), no compact or action taken under a compact shall be applicable to the transportation, management, or disposal of any low-level radioactive waste designated in section 3(a)(1)(B) (i)–(iii).

"(B) FEDERAL LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE DISPOSED OF AT NON-FEDERAL FACILITIES.—Low-level radioactive waste owned or generated by the Federal Government that is disposed of at a regional disposal facility or non-Federal disposal facility within a State that is not a member of a compact shall be subject to the same conditions, regulations, requirements, fees, taxes, and surcharges imposed by the compact commission, and by the State in which such facility is located, in the same manner and to the same extent as any low-level radioactive waste not generated by the Federal Government.

Prohibition.

"(2) Federal low-level radioactive waste disposal facilities.—Any low-level radioactive waste disposal facility established or operated exclusively for the disposal of low-level radioactive waste owned or generated by the Federal Government shall not be subject to any compact or any action taken under a compact.

Prohibition.

"(3) Effect of compacts on federal law.—Nothing contained in this Act or any compact may be construed to confer any new authority on any compact commission or State—

Transportation. Regulations.

"(A) to regulate the packaging, generation, treatment, storage, disposal, or transportation of low-level radioactive waste in a manner incompatible with the regulations of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission or inconsistent with the regulations of the Department of Transportation;

Health. Safety. Pollution.

"(B) to regulate health, safety, or environmental hazards from source material, byproduct material, or special nuclear material;

"(C) to inspect the facilities of licensees of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission;

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Government organization and employees.

"(D) to inspect security areas or operations at the site of the generation of any low-level radioactive waste by the Federal Government, or to inspect classified information related to such areas or operations; or

"(E) to require indemnification pursuant to the provisions of chapter 171 of title 28, United States Code (commonly referred to as the Federal Tort Claims Act), or section 170 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2210) (commonly referred to as the Price-Anderson Act), whichever is applicable.

28 USC 2671 *et seq.*

Prohibition.

"(4) Federal authority.—Except as expressly provided in this Act, nothing contained in this Act or any compact may be construed to limit the applicability of any Federal law or to diminish or otherwise impair the jurisdiction of any Federal agency, or to alter, amend, or otherwise affect any Federal law governing the judicial review of any action taken pursuant to any compact.

Prohibition.

"(5) State authority preserved.—Except as expressly provided in this Act, nothing contained in this Act expands, diminishes, or otherwise affects State law.

Prohibition.

"(c) Restricted Use of Regional Disposal Facilities.—Any authority in a compact to restrict the use of the regional disposal facilities under the compact to the disposal of low-level radioactive waste generated within the compact region shall not take effect before each of the following occurs:

"(1) January 1, 1986; and

"(2) the Congress by law consents to the compact.

"(d) Congressional Review.—Each compact shall provide that every 5 years after the compact has taken effect the Congress may by law withdraw its consent.

42 USC 2021e.

"SEC. 5. LIMITED AVAILABILITY OF CERTAIN REGIONAL DISPOSAL FACILITIES DURING TRANSITION AND LICENSING PERIODS.

"(a) Availability of Disposal Capacity.—

"(1) Pressurized-water and boiling water reactors.—During the seven-year period beginning January 1, 1986 and ending December 31, 1992, subject to the provisions of subsections (b) through (g), each State in which there is located a regional disposal facility referred to in paragraphs (1) through

(3) of subsection (b) shall make disposal capacity available for low-level radioactive waste generated by pressurized water and boiling water commercial nuclear power reactors in accordance with the allocations established in subsection (c).

"(2) OTHER SOURCES OF LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE.—During the seven-year period beginning January 1, 1986 and ending December 31, 1992, subject to the provisions of subsections (b) through (g), each State in which there is located a regional disposal facility referred to in paragraphs (1) through (3) of subsection (b) shall make disposal capacity available for low-level radioactive waste generated by any source not referred to in paragraph (1).

"(3) ALLOCATION OF DISPOSAL CAPACITY.—

"(A) During the seven-year period beginning January 1, 1986 and ending December 31, 1992, low-level radioactive waste generated within a sited compact region shall be accorded priority under this section in the allocation of available disposal capacity at a regional disposal facility referred to in paragraphs (1) through (3) of subsection (b) and located in the sited compact region in which such waste is generated.

"(B) Any State in which a regional disposal facility referred to in paragraphs (1) through (3) of subsection (b) is located may, subject to the provisions of its compact, prohibit the disposal at such facility of low-level radioactive waste generated outside of the compact region if the disposal of such waste in any given calendar year, together with all other low-level radioactive waste disposed of at such facility within that same calendar year, would result in that facility disposing of a total annual volume of low-level radioactive waste in excess of 100 per centum of the average annual volume for such facility designated in subsection (b): *Provided, however,* That in the event that all three States in which regional disposal facilities referred to in paragraphs (1) through (3) of subsection (b) act to prohibit the disposal of low-level radioactive waste pursuant to this subparagraph, each such State shall, in accordance with any applicable procedures of its compact, permit, as necessary, the disposal of additional quantities of such waste in increments of 10 per centum of the average annual volume for each such facility designated in subsection (b).

Prohibition

"(C) Nothing in this paragraph shall require any disposal facility or State referred to in paragraphs (1) through (3) of subsection (b) to accept for disposal low-level radioactive waste in excess of the total amounts designated in subsection (b).

Prohibition

"(4) CESSATION OF OPERATION OF LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITY.—No provision of this section shall be construed to obligate any State referred to in paragraphs (1) through (3) of subsection (b) to accept low-level radioactive waste from any source in the event that the regional disposal facility located in such State ceases operations.

"(b) LIMITATIONS.—The availability of disposal capacity for low-level radioactive waste from any source shall be subject to the following limitations:

"(1) BARNWELL, SOUTH CAROLINA.—The State of South Carolina, in accordance with the provisions of its compact, may limit the volume of low-level radioactive waste accepted for disposal at the regional disposal facility located at Barnwell, South Carolina to a total of 8,400,000 cubic feet of low-level radioactive waste during the 7-year period beginning January 1, 1986, and ending December 31, 1992 (as based on an average annual volume of 1,200,000 cubic feet of low-level radioactive waste).

"(2) RICHLAND, WASHINGTON.—The State of Washington, in accordance with the provisions of its compact, may limit the volume of low-level radioactive waste accepted for disposal at the regional disposal facility located at Richland, Washington to a total of 9,800,000 cubic feet of low-level radioactive waste during the 7-year period beginning January 1, 1986, and ending December 31, 1992 (as based on an average annual volume of 1,400,000 cubic feet of low-level radioactive waste).

"(3) BEATTY, NEVADA.—The State of Nevada, in accordance with the provisions of its compact, may limit the volume of low-level radioactive waste accepted for disposal at the regional disposal facility located at Beatty, Nevada to a total of 1,400,000 cubic feet of low-level radioactive waste during the 7-year period beginning January 1, 1986, and ending December 31, 1992 (as based on an average annual volume of 200,000 cubic feet of low-level radioactive waste).

99 STAT. 1848

"(c) COMMERCIAL NUCLEAR POWER REACTOR ALLOCATIONS.—

"(1) AMOUNT.—Subject to the provisions of subsections (a) through (g) each commercial nuclear power reactor shall upon request receive an allocation of low-level radioactive waste disposal capacity (in cubic feet) at the facilities referred to in subsection (b) during the 4-year transition period beginning January 1, 1986, and ending December 31, 1989, and during the 3-year licensing period beginning January 1, 1990, and ending December 31, 1992, in an amount calculated by multiplying the appropriate number from the following table by the number of months remaining in the applicable period as determined under paragraph (2).

"Reactor Type	4-year Transition Period		3-year Licensing Period	
	In Sited Region	All Other Locations	In Sited Region	All Other Locations
PWR	1027	871	934	685
BWR	2300	1951	2091	1533

"(2) METHOD OF CALCULATION.—For purposes of calculating the aggregate amount of disposal capacity available to a commercial nuclear power reactor under this subsection, the number of months shall be computed beginning with the first month of the applicable period, or the sixteenth month after receipt of a full power operating license, whichever occurs later.

"(3) UNUSED ALLOCATIONS.—Any unused allocation under paragraph (1) received by a reactor during the transition period or the licensing period may be used at any time after such reactor receives its full power license or after the beginning of the pertinent period, whichever is later, but not in any event after December 31, 1992, or after commencement of operation of a regional disposal facility in the compact region or State in which such reactor is located, whichever occurs first.

"(4) TRANSFERABILITY.—Any commercial nuclear power reactor in a State or compact region that is in compliance with the requirements of subsection (e) may assign any disposal capacity allocated to it under this subsection to any other person in each State or compact region. Such assignment may be for valuable consideration and shall be in writing, copies of which shall be filed at the affected compact commissions and States, along with the assignor's unconditional written waiver of the disposal capacity being assigned.

"(5) UNUSUAL VOLUMES.—

"(A) The Secretary may, upon petition by the owner or operator of any commercial nuclear power reactor, allocate to such reactor disposal capacity in excess of the amount calculated under paragraph (1) if the Secretary finds and states in writing his reasons for so finding that making additional capacity available for such reactor through this

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paragraph is required to permit unusual or unexpected operating, maintenance, repair or safety activities.

Prohibition.

"(B) The Secretary may not make allocations pursuant to subparagraph (A) that would result in the acceptance for disposal of more than 800,000 cubic feet of low-level radioactive waste or would result in the total of the allocations made pursuant to this subsection exceeding 11,900,000 cubic feet over the entire seven-year interim access period.

Prohibition.

"(6) LIMITATION.—During the seven-year interim access period referred to in subsection (a), the disposal facilities referred to in subsection (b) shall not be required to accept more than 11,900,000 cubic feet of low-level radioactive waste generated by commercial nuclear power reactors.

"(d)(1) SURCHARGES.—The disposal of any low-level radioactive waste under this section (other than low-level radioactive waste generated in a sited compact region) may be charged a surcharge by the State in which the applicable regional disposal facility is located, in addition to the fees and surcharges generally applicable for disposal of low-level radioactive waste in the regional disposal facility involved. Except as provided in subsection (e)(2), such surcharges shall not exceed—

Prohibition.

"(A) in 1986 and 1987, $10 per cubic foot of low-level radioactive waste;

"(B) in 1988 and 1989, $20 per cubic foot of low-level radioactive waste; and

"(C) in 1990, 1991, and 1992, $40 per cubic foot of low-level radioactive waste.

"(2) MILESTONE INCENTIVES.—

"(A) ESCROW ACCOUNT.—Twenty-five per centum of all surcharge fees received by a State pursuant to paragraph (1) during the seven-year period referred to in subsection (a) shall be transferred on a monthly basis to an escrow account held by the Secretary. The Secretary shall deposit all funds received in a special escrow account. The funds so deposited shall not be the property of the United States. The Secretary shall act as trustee for such funds and shall invest them in interest-bearing United States Government Securities with the highest available yield. Such funds shall be held by the Secretary until—

"(i) paid or repaid in accordance with subparagraph (B) or (C); or

"(ii) paid to the State collecting such fees in accordance with subparagraph (F).

"(B) PAYMENTS.—

"(i) JULY 1, 1986.—The twenty-five per centum of any amount collected by a State under paragraph (1) for low-level radioactive waste disposed of under this section during the period beginning on the date of enactment of the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Amendments Act of 1985 and ending June 30, 1986, and transferred to the Secretary under subparagraph (A), shall be paid by the Secretary in accordance with subparagraph (D) if the milestone described in subsection (e)(1)(A) is met by the State in which such waste originated.

Ante, p. 1842.

"(ii) JANUARY 1, 1988.—The twenty-five per centum of any amount collected by a State under paragraph (1) for low-level radioactive waste disposed of under this section during the period beginning July 1, 1986 and ending December 31, 1987, and transferred to the Secretary under subparagraph (A), shall be paid by the Secretary in accordance with subparagraph (D) if the milestone described in subsection (e)(1)(B) is met by the State in which such waste originated (or its compact region, where applicable).

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"(iii) JANUARY 1, 1990.—The twenty-five per centum of any amount collected by a State under paragraph (1) for low-level radioactive waste disposed of under this section during the period beginning January 1, 1988 and ending

December 31, 1989, and transferred to the Secretary under subparagraph (A), shall be paid by the Secretary in accordance with subparagraph (D) if the milestone described in subsection (e)(1)(C) is met by the State in which such waste originated (or its compact region, where applicable).

"(iv) The twenty-five per centum of any amount collected by a State under paragraph (1) for low-level radioactive waste disposed of under this section during the period beginning January 1, 1990 and ending December 31, 1992, and transferred to the Secretary under subparagrah (A), shall be paid by the Secretary in accordance with subparagraph (D) if, by January 1, 1993, the State in which such waste originated (or its compact region, where applicable) is able to provide for the disposal of all low-level radioactive waste generated within such State or compact region.

"(C) FAILURE TO MEET JANUARY 1, 1993 DEADLINE.—If, by January 1, 1993, a State (or, where applicable, a compact region) in which low-level radioactive waste is generated is unable to provide for the disposal of all such waste generated within such State or compact region—

"(i) each State in which such waste is generated, upon the request of the generator or owner of the waste, shall take title to the waste, shall be obligated to take possession of the waste, and shall be liable for all damages directly or indirectly incurred by such generator or owner as a consequence of the failure of the State to take possession of the waste as soon after January 1, 1993 as the generator or owner notifies the State that the waste is available for shipment; or

"(ii) if such State elects not to take title to, take possession of, and assume liability for such waste, pursuant to clause (i), twenty-five per centum of any amount collected by a State under paragraph (1) for low-level radioactive waste disposed of under this section during the period beginning January 1, 1990 and ending December 31, 1992 shall be repaid, with interest, to each generator from whom such surcharge was collected. Repayments made pursuant to this clause shall be made on a monthly basis, with the first such repayment beginning on February 1, 1993, in an amount equal to one thirty-sixth of the total amount required to be repaid pursuant to this clause, and shall continue until the State (or, where applicable, compact region) in which such low-level radioactive waste is generated is able to provide for the disposal of all such waste generated within such State or compact region or until January 1, 1996, whichever is earlier.

If a State in which low-level radioactive waste is generated elects to take title to, take possession of, and assume liability for such waste pursuant to clause (i), such State shall be paid such amounts as are designated in subparagraph (B)(iv). If a State (or, where applicable, a compact region) in which low-level radioactive waste is generated provides for the disposal of such waste at any time after January 1, 1993 and prior to January 1, 1996, such State (or, where applicable, compact region) shall be paid in accordance with subparagraph (D) a lump sum amount equal to twenty-five per centum of any amount collected by a State under paragraph (1): *Provided, however,* That such payment shall be adjusted to reflect the remaining number of months between January 1, 1993 and January 1, 1996 for which such State (or, where applicable, compact region) provides for the disposal of such waste. If a State (or, where applicable, a compact region) in which low-level radioactive waste is generated is unable to provide for the disposal of all such waste generated within such State or compact region by January 1, 1996, each State in which such waste is generated, upon the request of the generator or owner of the waste, shall take title

99 STAT. 1851

to the waste, be obligated to take possession of the waste, and shall be liable for all damages directly or indirectly incurred by such generator or owner as a consequence of the failure of the State to take possession of the waste as soon after January 1, 1996, as the generator or owner notifies the State that the waste is available for shipment.

"(D) RECIPIENTS OF PAYMENTS.—The payments described in subparagraphs (B) and (C) shall be paid within thirty days after the applicable date—

"(i) if the State in which such waste originated is not a member of a compact region, to such State;

"(ii) if the State in which such waste originated is a member of the compact region, to the compact commission serving such State.

"(E) USES OF PAYMENTS.—

"(i) LIMITATIONS.—Any amount paid under subparagraphs (B) or (C) may only be used to—

"(I) establish low-level radioactive waste disposal facilities;

"(II) mitigate the impact of low-level radioactive waste disposal facilities on the host State;

"(III) regulate low-level radioactive waste disposal facilities; or

"(IV) ensure the decommissioning, closure, and care during the period of institutional control of low-level radioactive waste disposal facilities.

"(ii) REPORTS.—

"(I) RECIPIENT.—Any State or compact commission receiving a payment under subparagraphs (B) or (C) shall, on December 31 of each year in which any such funds are expended, submit a report to the Department of Energy itemizing any such expenditures.

Reports.

"(II) DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY.—Not later than six months after receiving the reports under subclause (I), the Secretary shall submit to the Congress a summary of all such reports that shall include an assessment of the compliance of each such State or compact commission with the requirements of clause (i).

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"(F) PAYMENT TO STATES.—Any amount collected by a State under paragraph (1) that is placed in escrow under subparagraph (A) and not paid to a State or compact commission under subparagraphs (B) and (C) or not repaid to a generator under subparagraph (C) shall be paid from such escrow account to such State collecting such payment under paragraph (1). Such payment shall be made not later than 30 days after a determination of ineligibility for a refund is made.

Prohibition.

"(G) PENALTY SURCHARGES.—No rebate shall be made under this subsection of any surcharge or penalty surcharge paid during a period of noncompliance with subsection (e)(1).

"(e) REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCESS TO REGIONAL DISPOSAL FACILITIES.—

"(1) REQUIREMENTS FOR NON-SITED COMPACT REGIONS AND NON-MEMBER STATES.—Each non-sited compact region, or State that is not a member of a compact region that does not have an operating disposal facility, shall comply with the following requirements:

"(A) By July 1, 1986, each such non-member State shall ratify compact legislation or, by the enactment of legislation or the certification of the Governor, indicate its intent to develop a site for the location of a low-level radioactive waste disposal facility within such State.

"(B) BY JANUARY 1, 1988.—

"(i) each non-sited compact region shall identify the State in which its low-level radioactive waste disposal facility is to be located, or shall have selected the developer for such facility and the site to be developed, and each compact region or the State in which its low-level radioactive waste disposal facility is to be located shall develop a siting plan for such facility providing detailed procedures and a schedule for establishing a facility location and preparing a facility license application and shall delegate authority to implement such plan;

"(ii) each non-member State shall develop a siting plan providing detailed procedures and a schedule for establishing a facility location and preparing a facility license application for a low-level radioactive waste disposal facility and shall delegate authority to implement such plan; and

"(iii) The siting plan required pursuant to this paragraph shall include a description of the optimum way to attain operation of the low-level radioactive waste disposal facility involved, within the time period specified in this Act. Such plan shall include a description of the objectives and a sequence of deadlines for all entities required to take action to implement such plan, including, to the extent practicable, an identification of the activities in which a delay in the start, or completion, of such activities will cause a delay in beginning facility operation. Such plan shall also identify, to the extent practicable, the process for (1) screening for broad siting areas; (2) identifying and evaluating specific candidate sites; and (3) characterizing the preferred site(s), completing all necessary environmental assessments, and preparing a license application for submission to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission or an Agreement State.

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"(C) BY JANUARY 1, 1990.—

"(i) a complete application (as determined by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission or the appropriate agency of an agreement State) shall be filed for a license to operate a low-level radioactive waste disposal facility within each non-sited compact region or within each non-member State; or

"(ii) the Governor (or, for any State without a Governor, the chief executive officer) of any State that is not a member of a compact region in compliance with clause (i), or has not complied with such clause by its own actions, shall provide a written certification to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, that such State will be capable of providing for, and will provide for, the storage, disposal, or management of any low-level radioactive waste generated within such State and requiring disposal after December 31, 1992, and include a description of the actions that will be taken to ensure that such capacity exists.

"(D) By January 1, 1992, a complete application (as determined by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission or the appropriate agency of an agreement State) shall be filed for a license to operate a low-level radioactive waste disposal facility within each non-sited compact region or within each non-member State.

Federal Register, publication.

"(E) The Nuclear Regulatory Commission shall transmit any certification received under subparagraph (C) to the Congress and publish any such certification in the Federal Register.

Contracts.

"(F) Any State may, subject to all applicable provisions, if any, of any applicable compact, enter into an agreement with the compact commission of a region in which a regional disposal facility is located to provide for the disposal of all low-level radioactive waste generated within such

State, and, by virtue of such agreement, may, with the approval of the State in which the regional disposal facility is located, be deemed to be in compliance with subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D).

"(2) PENALTIES FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY.—

"(A) BY JULY 1, 1986.—If any State fails to comply with subparagraph (1)(A)—

"(i) any generator of low-level radioactive waste within such region or non-member State shall, for the period beginning July 1, 1986, and ending December 31, 1986, be charged 2 times the surcharge otherwise applicable under subsection (d); and

"(ii) on or after January 1, 1987, any low-level radioactive waste generated within such region or non-member State may be denied access to the regional disposal facilities referred to in paragraphs (1) through (3) of subsection (b).

"(B) BY JANUARY 1, 1988.—If any non-sited compact region or non-member State fails to comply with paragraph (1)(B)—

"(i) any generator of low-level radioactive waste within such region or non-member State shall—

"(I) for the period beginning January 1, 1988, and ending June 30, 1988, be charged 2 times the surcharge otherwise applicable under subsection (d); and

"(II) for the period beginning July 1, 1988, and ending December 31, 1988, be charged 4 times the surcharge otherwise applicable under subsection (d); and

"(ii) on or after January 1, 1989, any low-level radioactive waste generated within such region or non-member State may be denied access to the regional disposal facilities referred to in paragraphs (1) through (3) of subsection (b).

"(C) BY JANUARY 1, 1990.—If any non-sited compact region or non-member State fails to comply with paragraph (1)(C), any low-level radioactive waste generated within such region or non-member State may be denied access to the regional disposal facilities referred to in paragraphs (1) through (3) of subsection (b).

"(D) BY JANUARY 1, 1992.—If any non-sited compact region or non-member State fails to comply with paragraph (1)(D), any generator of low-level radioactive waste within such region or non-member State shall, for the period beginning January 1, 1992 and ending upon the filing of the application described in paragraph (1)(D), be charged 3 times the surcharge otherwise applicable under subsection (d).

Prohibition.

"(3) DENIAL OF ACCESS.—No denial or suspension of access to a regional disposal facility under paragraph (2) may be based on the source, class, or type of low-level radioactive waste.

"(4) RESTORATION OF SUSPENDED ACCESS; PENALTIES FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY.—Any access to a regional disposal facility that is suspended under paragraph (2) shall be restored after the non-sited compact region or non-member State involved complies with such requirement. Any payment of surcharge penalties pursuant to paragraph (2) for failure to comply with the requirements of subsection (e) shall be terminated after the non-sited compact region or non-member State involved complies with such requirements.

Termination.

"(f)(1) ADMINISTRATION.—Each State and compact commission in which a regional disposal facility referred to in paragraphs (1) through (3) of subsection (b) is located shall have authority—

"(A) to monitor compliance with the limitations, allocations, and requirements established in this section; and

"(B) to deny access to any non-Federal low-level radioactive waste disposal facilities within its borders to any low-level radioactive waste that—

"(i) is in excess of the limitations or allocations established in this section; or

"(ii) is not required to be accepted due to the failure of a compact region or State to comply with the requirements of subsection (e)(1).

"(2) Availability of Information During Interim Access Period.—

99 STAT. 1855

South Carolina. Washington. Nevada.

"(A) The States of South Carolina, Washington, and Nevada may require information from disposal facility operators, generators, intermediate handlers, and the Department of Energy that is reasonably necessary to monitor the availability of disposal capacity, the use and assignment of allocations and the applicability of surcharges.

South Carolina. Washington. Nevada.

"(B) The States of South Carolina, Washington, and Nevada may, after written notice followed by a period of at least 30 days, deny access to disposal capacity to any generator or intermediate handler who fails to provide information under subparagraph (A).

"(C) Proprietary information.—

"(i) Trade secrets, proprietary and other confidential information shall be made available to a State under this subsection upon request only if such State—

"(I) consents in writing to restrict the dissemination of the information to those who are directly involved in monitoring under subparagraph (A) and who have a need to know;

"(II) accepts liability for wrongful disclosure; and

"(III) demonstrates that such information is essential to such monitoring.

"(ii) The United States shall not be liable for the wrongful disclosure by any individual or State of any information provided to such individual or State under this subsection.

Prohibition. Government organization and employees. Commerce and trade.

"(iii) Whenever any individual or State has obtained possession of information under this subsection, the individual shall be subject to the same provisions of law with respect to the disclosure of such information as would apply to an officer or employee of the United States or of any department or agency thereof and the State shall be subject to the same provisions of law with respect to the disclosure of such information as would apply to the United States or any department or agency thereof. No State or State officer or employee who receives trade secrets, proprietary information, or other confidential information under this Act may be required to disclose such information under State law.

"(g) Nondiscrimination.—Except as provided in subsections (b) through (e), low-level radioactive waste disposed of under this section shall be subject without discrimination to all applicable legal requirements of the compact region and State in which the disposal facility is located as if such low-level radioactive waste were generated within such compact region.

"SEC. 6. EMERGENCY ACCESS.

42 USC 2021f.

Health. Safety. Defense and national security.

"(a) In General.—The Nuclear Regulatory Commission may grant emergency access to any regional disposal facility or non-Federal disposal facility within a State that is not a member of a compact for specific low-level radioactive waste, if necessary to eliminate an immediate and serious threat to the public health and safety or the common defense and security. The procedure for granting emergency access shall be as provided in this section.

"(b) Request for Emergency Access.—Any generator of low-level radioactive waste, or any Governor (or, for any State without a Governor, the chief executive officer of the State) on behalf of any generator or generators located in his or her State, may request that

99 STAT. 1856

the Nuclear Regulatory Commission grant emergency access to a regional disposal facility or a non-Federal disposal facility within a State that is not a member of a compact for specific low-level radioactive waste. Any such request shall contain any information and certifications the Nuclear Regulatory Commission may require.

Health. Safety. Defense and national security.

"(c) DETERMINATION OF NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION.—

"(1) REQUIRED DETERMINATION.—Not later than 45 days after receiving a request under subsection (b), the Nuclear Regulatory Commission shall determine whether—

"(A) emergency access is necessary because of an immediate and serious threat to the public health and safety or the common defense and security; and

"(B) the threat cannot be mitigated by any alternative consistent with the public health and safety, including storage of low-level radioactive waste at the site of generation or in a storage facility obtaining access to a disposal facility by voluntary agreement, purchasing disposal capacity available for assignment pursuant to section 5(c) or ceasing activities that generate low-level radioactive waste.

Ante, p. 1846.

"(2) REQUIRED NOTIFICATION.—If the Nuclear Regulatory Commission makes the determinations required in paragraph (1) in the affirmative, it shall designate an appropriate non-Federal disposal facility or facilities, and notify the Governor (or chief executive officer) of the State in which such facility is located and the appropriate compact commission that emergency access is required. Such notification shall specifically describe the low-level radioactive waste as to source, physical and radiological characteristics, and the minimum volume and duration, not exceeding 180 days, necessary to alleviate the immediate threat to public health and safety or the common defense and security. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission shall also notify the Governor (or chief executive officer) of the State in which the low-level radioactive waste requiring emergency access was generated that emergency access has been granted and that, pursuant to subsection (e), no extension of emergency access may be granted absent diligent State action during the period of the initial grant.

Prohibition.

Health. Safety. Defense and national security.

"(d) TEMPORARY EMERGENCY ACCESS.—Upon determining that emergency access is necessary because of an immediate and serious threat to the public health and safety or the common defense and security, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission may at its discretion grant temporary emergency access, pending its determination whether the threat could be mitigated by any alternative consistent with the public health and safety. In granting access under this subsection, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission shall provide the same notification and information required under subsection (c). Absent a determination that no alternative consistent with the public health and safety would mitigate the threat, access granted under this subsection shall expire 45 days after the granting of temporary emergency access under this subsection.

Health. Safety. Defense and national security.

"(e) EXTENSION OF EMERGENCY ACCESS.—The Nuclear Regulatory Commission may grant one extension of emergency access beyond the period provided in subsection (c), if it determines that emergency access continues to be necessary because of an immediate and serious threat to the public health and safety or the common defense and security that cannot be mitigated by any alternative consistent with the public health and safety, and that the generator of low-

99 STAT. 1857

level radioactive waste granted emergency access and the State in which such low-level radioactive waste was generated have diligently though unsuccessfully acted during the period of the initial grant to eliminate the need for emergency access. Any extension granted under this subsection shall be for the minimum volume and duration the Nuclear Regulatory Commission finds necessary to eliminate the immediate threat to public health and safety or the common defense and security, and shall not in any event exceed 180 days.

"(f) Reciprocal Access.—Any compact region or State not a member of a compact that provides emergency access to non-Federal disposal facilities within its borders shall be entitled to reciprocal access to any subsequently operating non-Federal disposal facility that serves the State or compact region in which low-level radioactive waste granted emergency access was generated. The compact commission or State having authority to approve importation of low-level radioactive waste to the disposal facility to which emergency access was granted shall designate for reciprocal access an equal volume of low-level radioactive waste having similar characteristics to that provided emergency access.

"(g) Approval by Compact Commission.—Any grant of access under this section shall be submitted to the compact commission for the region in which the designated disposal facility is located for such approval as may be required under the terms of its compact. Any such compact commission shall act to approve emergency access not later than 15 days after receiving notification from the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, or reciprocal access not later than 15 days after receiving notification from the appropriate authority under subsection (f).

Prohibitions.

"(h) Limitations.—No State shall be required to provide emergency or reciprocal access to any regional disposal facility within its borders for low-level radioactive waste not meeting criteria established by the license or license agreement of such facility, or in excess of the approved capacity of such facility, or to delay the closing of any such facility pursuant to plans established before receiving a request for emergency or reciprocal access. No State shall, during any 12-month period, be required to provide emergency or reciprocal access to any regional disposal facility within its borders for more than 20 percent of the total volume of low-level radioactive waste accepted for disposal at such facility during the previous calendar year.

"(i) Volume Reduction and Surcharges.—Any low-level radioactive waste delivered for disposal under this section shall be reduced in volume to the maximum extent practicable and shall be subject to surcharges established in this Act.

"(j) Deduction From Allocation.—Any volume of low-level radioactive waste granted emergency or reciprocal access under this section, if generated by any commercial nuclear power reactor, shall be deducted from the low-level radioactive waste volume allocable under section 5(c).

Ante, p. 1846.

Prohibition.

"(k) Agreement States.—Any agreement under section 274 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2021) shall not be applicable to the determinations of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission under this section.

99 STAT. 1858

42 USC 2021g.

"SEC. 7. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY.

"(a) Financial and Technical Assistance.—The Secretary shall, to the extent provided in appropriations Act, provide to those compact regions, host States, and nonmember States detemined by the Secretary to require assistance for purposes of carrying out this Act—

Science and technology.
Transportation.
Health.
Safety.

"(1) continuing technical assistance to assist them in fulfilling their responsibilities under this Act. Such technical assistance shall include, but not be limited to, technical guidelines for site selection, alternative technologies for low-level radioactive waste disposal, volume reduction options, management techniques to reduce low-level waste generation, transportation practices for shipment of low-level wastes, health and safety considerations in the storage, shipment and disposal of low-level radioactive wastes, and establishment of a computerized database to monitor the management of low-level radioactive wastes; and

"(2) through the end of fiscal year 1993, financial assistance to assist them in fulfilling their responsibilities under this Act.

Science and technology. Transportation.

"(b) REPORTS.—The Secretary shall prepare and submit to the Congress on an annual basis a report which (1) summarizes the progress of low-level waste disposal siting and licensing activities within each compact region, (2) reviews the available volume reduction technologies, their applications, effectiveness, and costs on a per unit volume basis, (3) reviews interim storage facility requirements, costs, and usage, (4) summarizes transportation requirements for such wastes on an inter- and intra-regional basis, (5) summarizes the data on the total amount of low-level waste shipped for disposal on a yearly basis, the proportion of such wastes subjected to volume reduction, the average volume reduction attained, and the proportion of wastes stored on an interim basis, and (6) projects the interim storage and final disposal volume requirements anticipated for the following year, on a regional basis.

42 USC 2021h.

"SEC. 8. ALTERNATIVE DISPOSAL METHODS.

Ante, p. 1842.

"(a) Not later than 12 months after the date of enactment of the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Amendments Act of 1985, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission shall, in consultation with the States and other interested persons, identify methods for the disposal of low-level radioactive waste other than shallow land burial, and establish and publish technical guidance regarding licensing of facilities that use such methods.

"(b) Not later than 24 months after the date of enactment of the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Amendments Act of 1985, the Commission shall, in consultation with the States and other interested persons, identify and publish all relevant technical information regarding the methods identified pursuant to subsection (a) that a State or compact must provide to the Commission in order to pursue such methods, together with the technical requirements that such facilities must meet, in the judgment of the Commission, if pursued as an alternative to shallow land burial. Such technical information and requirements shall include, but need not be limited to, site suitability, site design, facility operation, disposal site closure, and environmental monitoring, as necessary to meet the performance objectives established by the Commission for a licensed low-level radioactive waste disposal facility. The Commission shall specify and publish such requirements in a manner and form deemed appropriate by the Commission.

42 USC 2021i.

"SEC. 9. LICENSING REVIEW AND APPROVAL.

"In order to ensure the timely development of new low-level radioactive waste disposal facilities, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission or, as appropriate, agreement States, shall consider an application for a disposal facility license in accordance with the laws applicable to such application, except that the Commission and the agreement state shall—

Ante, p. 1842.

"(1) not later than 12 months after the date of enactment of the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Amendments Act of 1985, establish procedures and develop the technical capability for processing applications for such licenses;

"(2) to the extent practicable, complete all activities associated with the review and processing of any application for such a license (except for public hearings) no later than 15 months after the date of receipt of such application; and

"(3) to the extent practicable, consolidate all required technical and environmental reviews and public hearings.

"SEC. 10. RADIOACTIVE WASTE BELOW REGULATORY CONCERN.

"(a) Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Amendments Act of 1985, the Commission shall establish standards and procedures, pursuant to existing authority, and develop the technical capability for considering and acting upon petitions to exempt specific radioactive waste streams from regulation by the Commission due to the presence of radionuclides in such waste streams in sufficiently low concentrations or quantities as to be below regulatory concern.

"(b) The standards and procedures established by the Commission pursuant to subsection (a) shall set forth all information required to be submitted to the Commission by licensees in support of such petitions, including, but not limited to—

"(1) a detailed description of the waste materials, including their origin, chemical composition, physical state, volume, and mass; and

"(2) the concentration or contamination levels, half-lives, and identities of the radionuclides present.

Health
Safety
Regulation.

Such standards and procedures shall provide that, upon receipt of a petition to exempt a specific radioactive waste stream from regulation by the Commission, the Commission shall determine in an expeditious manner whether the concentration or quantity of radionuclides present in such waste stream requires regulation by the Commission in order to protect the public health and safety. Where the Commission determines that regulation of a radioactive waste stream is not necessary to protect the public health and safety, the Commission shall take such steps as may be necessary, in an expeditious manner, to exempt the disposal of such radioactive waste from regulation by the Commission.".

TITLE II—OMNIBUS LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE INTERSTATE COMPACT CONSENT ACT

Omnibus Low-Level Radioactive Waste Interstate Compact Consent Act.
42 USC 2021d note.

SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

This Title may be cited as the "Omnibus Low-Level Radioactive Waste Interstate Compact Consent Act".

99 STAT. 1860

Subtitle A—General Provisions

SEC. 211. CONGRESSIONAL FINDING.

42 USC 2021d note.

The Congress hereby finds that each of the compacts set forth in subtitle B is in furtherance of the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act.

Infra.

SEC. 212. CONDITIONS OF CONSENT TO COMPACTS.

42 USC 2021d note.

The consent of the Congress to each of the compacts set forth in subtitle B—

(1) shall become effective on the date of the enactment of this Act;

Effective date.

(2) is granted subject to the provisions of the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act, as amended; and

(3) is granted only for so long as the regional commission, committee, or board established in the compact complies with all of the provisions of such Act.

SEC. 213. CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW.

42 USC 2021d note.

The Congress may alter, amend, or repeal this Act with respect to any compact set forth in subtitle B after the expiration of the 10-year period following the date of the enactment of this Act, and at such intervals thereafter as may be provided in such compact.

Subtitle B—Congressional Consent to Compacts

SEC. 221. NORTHWEST INTERSTATE COMPACT ON LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE MANAGEMENT.

42 USC 2021d note.

The consent of Congress is hereby given to the states of Alaska, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming to enter into the Northwest Interstate Compact on Low-level Radioactive Waste Management, and to each and every part and article thereof. Such compact reads substantially as follows:

Alaska.
Hawaii.
Idaho.
Montana.
Oregon.
Utah.
Washington.
Wyoming.

"NORTHWEST INTERSTATE COMPACT ON LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE MANAGEMENT

"ARTICLE I—POLICY AND PURPOSE

Health.
Safety.

"The party states recognize that low-level radioactive wastes are generated by essential activities and services that benefit the citizens of the states. It is further recognized that the protection of the health and safety of the citizens of the party states and the most economical management of low-level radioactive wastes can be accomplished through cooperation of the states in minimizing the amount of handling and transportation required to dispose of such wastes and through the cooperation of the states in providing facilities that serve the region. It is the policy of the party states to undertake the necessary cooperation to protect the health and safety of the citizens of the party states and to provide for the most economical management of low-level radioactive wastes on a continuing basis. It is the purpose of this compact to provide the means for such a cooperative effort among the party states so that the protection of the citizens of the states and the maintenance of the viability of the states' economies will be enhanced while sharing the responsibilities of radioactive low-level waste management.

99 STAT. 1861

"ARTICLE II—DEFINITIONS

"As used in this compact:

"(1) 'Facility' means any site, location, structure, or property used or to be used for the storage, treatment, or disposal of low-level waste, excluding federal waste facilities;

"(2) 'Low-level waste' means waste material which contains radioactive nuclides emitting primarily beta or gamma radiation, or both, in concentrations or quantities which exceed applicable federal or state standards for unrestricted release. Low-level waste does not include waste containing more than ten (10) nanocuries of transuranic contaminants per gram of material, nor spent reactor fuel, nor material classified as either high-level waste or waste which is unsuited for disposal by near-surface burial under any applicable federal regulations;

"(3) 'Generator' means any person, partnership, association, corporation, or any other entity whatsoever which, as a part of its activities, produces low-level radioactive waste;

"(4) 'Host state' means a state in which a facility is located.

"ARTICLE III—REGULATORY PRACTICES

Transportation.

"Each party state hereby agrees to adopt practices which will require low-level waste shipments originating within its borders and destined for a facility within another party state to conform to the applicable packaging and transportation requirements and regulations of the host state. Such practices shall include:

"(1) Maintaining an inventory of all generators within the state that have shipped or expect to ship low-level waste to facilities in another party state;

"(2) Periodic unannounced inspection of the premises of such generators and the waste management activities thereon;

"(3) Authorization of the containers in which such waste may be shipped, and a requirement that generators use only that type of container authorized by the state;

"(4) Assurance that inspections of the carriers which transport such waste are conducted by proper authorities, and appropriate enforcement action taken for violations;

Transportation.

"(5) After receiving notification from a host state that a generator within the party state is in violation of applicable packaging or transportation standards, the party state will take appropriate action to assure that such violations do not recur. Such action may include inspection of every individual low-level waste shipment by that generator.

Each party state may impose fees upon generators and shippers to recover the cost of the inspections and other practices under this article. Nothing in this article shall be construed to limit any party state's authority to impose additional or more stringent standards on generators or carriers than those required under this article.

"ARTICLE IV—REGIONAL FACILITIES

"(1) Facilities located in any party state, other than facilities established or maintained by individual low-level waste generators for the management of their own low-level waste, shall accept low-level waste generated in any party state if such waste has been packaged and transported according to applicable laws and regulations.

99 STAT. 1862

"(2) No facility located in any party state may accept low-level waste generated outside of the region comprised of the party states, except as provided in article V.

"(3) Until such time as paragraph (2) of article IV takes effect, facilities located in any party state may accept low-level waste generated outside of any of the party states only if such waste is accompanied by a certificate of compliance issued by an official of the state in which such waste shipment originated. Such certificate shall be in such form as may be required by the host state, and shall contain at least the following:

"(A) The generator's name and address;

"(B) A description of the contents of the low-level waste container.

Regulations.

"(C) A statement that the low-level waste being shipped has been inspected by the official who issued the certificate or by his agent or by a representative of the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission, and found to have been packaged in compliance with applicable Federal regulations and such additional requirements as may be imposed by the host state;

"(D) A binding agreement by the state of origin to reimburse any party state for any liability or expense incurred as a result of an accidental release of such waste during shipment or after such waste reaches the facility.

Health.
Safety.

"(4) Each party state shall cooperate with the other party states in determining the appropriate site of any facility that might be required within the region comprised of the party states, in order to maximize public health and safety while minimizing the use of any one (1) party state as the host of such facilities on a permanent basis. Each party state further agrees that decisions regarding low-level waste management facilities in their region will be reached through a good faith process which takes into account the burdens borne by each of the party states as well as the benefits each has received.

Hazardous materials.
Washington.
Oregon.
Idaho.
Prohibition.

"(5) The party states recognize that the issue of hazardous chemical waste management is similar in many respects to that of low-level waste management. Therefore, in consideration of the State of Washington allowing access to its low-level waste disposal facility by generators in other party states, party states such as Oregon and Idaho which host hazardous chemical waste disposal facilities will allow access to such facilities by generators within other party states. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prevent any party state from limiting the nature and type of hazardous chemical or low-level wastes to be accepted at facilities within its borders or from ordering the closure of such facilities, so long as such action by a host state is applied equally to all generators within the region comprised of the party states.

"(6) Any host state may establish a schedule of fees and requirements related to its facility, to assure that closure, perpetual care, and maintenance and contingency requirements are met, including adequate bonding.

"ARTICLE V—NORTHWEST LOW-LEVEL WASTE COMPACT COMMITTEE

"The governor of each party state shall designate one (1) official of that state as the person responsible for administration of this compact. The officials so designated shall together comprise the northwest low-level waste compact committee. The committee shall meet as required to consider matters arising under this compact. The parties shall inform the committee of existing regulations concerning low-level waste management in their states, and shall afford all parties a reasonable opportunity to review and comment upon any proposed modifications in such regulations. Notwithstanding any provision of article IV to the contrary, the committee may enter into arrangements with states provinces, individual generators, or regional compact entities outside the region comprised of the party states for access to facilities on such terms and conditions as the committee may deem appropriate. However, it shall require a two-thirds (⅔) vote of all such members, including the affirmative vote of the member of any party state in which a facility affected by such arrangement is located, for the committee to enter into such arrangement.

Regulations.

"ARTICLE VI—ELIGIBLE PARTIES AND EFFECTIVE DATE

Alaska.
Hawaii.
Idaho.
Montana.
Oregon.
Utah.
Washington.
Wyoming.
Effective date.

"(1) Each of the following states is eligible to become a party to this compact: Alaska, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. As to any eligible party, this compact shall become effective upon enactment into law by that party, but it shall not become initially effective until enacted into law by two (2) states. Any party state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a statute repealing its approval.

"(2) After the compact has initially taken effect pursuant to paragraph (1) of this article, any eligible party state may become a party to this compact by the execution of an executive order by the governor of the state. Any state which becomes a party in this manner shall cease to be a party upon the final adjournment of the next general or regular session of its legislature or July 1, 1983, whichever occurs first, unless the compact has by then been enacted as a statute by that state.

Effective date.

42 USC 2021b note.

"(3) Paragraph (2) of article IV of this compact shall take effect on July 1, 1983, if consent is given by Congress. As provided in public law 96–573, Congress may withdraw its consent to the compact after every five (5) year period.

"ARTICLE VII—SEVERABILITY

Provisions held invalid.

"If any provision of this compact, or its application to any person or circumstances, is held to be invalid, all other provisions of this compact, and the application of all of its provisions to all other persons and circumstances, shall remain valid; and to this end the provisions of this compact are severable.".

42 USC 2021d note.

SEC. 222. CENTRAL INTERSTATE LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE COMPACT.

Arkansas.
Iowa.
Kansas.
Louisiana.
Minnesota.
Missouri.
Nebraska.
North Dakota.
Oklahoma.

The consent of Congress is hereby given to the states of Arkansas, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, and Oklahoma to enter into the Central Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Compact, and to each and every part and article thereof. Such compact reads substantially as follows:

"CENTRAL INTERSTATE LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE COMPACT

99 STAT. 1864

"Article I. Policy and Purpose

Health.
Safety.
Environmental protection.
42 USC 2021b note.

"The party states recognize that each state is responsible for the management of its non-federal low-level radioactive wastes. They also recognize that the Congress, by enacting the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act (Public Law 96-573) has authorized and encouraged states to enter into compacts for the efficient management of wastes. It is the policy of the party states to cooperate in the protection of the health, safety and welfare of their citizens and the environment and to provide for and encourage the economical management of low-level radioactive wastes. It is the purpose of this compact to provide the framework for such a cooperative effort; to promote the health, safety and welfare of the citizens and the environment of the region; to limit the number of facilities needed to effectively and efficiently manage low-level radioactive wastes and to encourage the reduction of the generation thereof; and to distribute the costs, benefits and obligations among the party states.

"Article II. Definitions

"As used in this compact, unless the context clearly requires a different construction:

"a. 'Commission' means the Central Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Commission;

"b. 'disposal' means the isolation and final disposition of waste;

"c. 'extended care' means the care of a regional facility including necessary corrective measures subsequent to its active use for waste management until such time as the regional facility no longer poses a threat to the environment or public health;

"d. 'facility' means any site, location, structure or property used or ~~to be used for the~~ management of waste;

"e. 'generator' means any person who, in the course of or as incident to manufacturing, power generation, processing, medical diagnosis and treatment, biomedical research, other industrial or commercial activity, other research or mining in a party state, produces or processes waste. 'Generator' does not include any person who receives waste generated outside the region for subsequent shipment to a regional facility;

"f. 'host state' means any party state in which a regional facility is situated or is being developed;

"g. 'low-level radioactive waste' or 'waste' means, as defined in the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act (Public Law 96-573), radioactive waste not classified as: High-level radioactive waste, transuranic waste, spent nuclear fuel, or byproduct material as defined in section 11 e.(2) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended through 1978.

42 USC 2021b note.
42 USC 2014.

"h. 'management of waste' means the storage, treatment or disposal of waste;

"i. 'notification of each party state' means transmittal of written notice to the Governor, presiding officer of each legislative body and any other persons designated by the party state's Commission member to receive such notice;

99 STAT. 1865

"j. 'party state' means any state which is a signatory party to this compact;

"k. 'person' means any individual, corporation, business enterprise, or other legal entity, either public or private;

"l. 'region' means the area of the party states;

"m. 'regional facility' means a facility which is located within the region and which has been approved by the Commission for the benefit of the party States;

"n. 'site' means any property which is owned or leased by a generator and is contiguous to or divided only by a public or private way from the source of generation;

"o. 'state' means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands or any other territorial possession of the United States;

"p. 'storage' means the holding of waste for treatment or disposal; and

"q. 'treatment' means any method, technique or process, including storage for radioactive decay, designed to change the physical, chemical or biological characteristics or composition of any waste in order to render such waste after for transport or management, amendable for recovery, convertible to another usable material, or reduced in volume.

"ARTICLE III. RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

"a. There shall be provided within the region one or more regional facilities which together provide sufficient capacity to manage all wastes generated within the region. It shall be the duty of regional facilities to accept compatible wastes generated in and from party states, and meeting the requirements of this Act, and each party state shall have the right to have the wastes generated within its borders managed at such facility.

Regulation.

"b. To the extent authorized by Federal law and host State law, a host state shall regulate and license any regional facility within its borders and ensure the extended care of such facility.

"c. Rates shall be charged to any user of the regional facility, set by the operator of a regional facility and shall be fair and reasonable and be subject to the approval of the host state. Such approval shall be based upon criteria established by the Commission.

"d. A host state may establish fees which shall be charged to any user of a regional facility and which shall be in addition to the rates approved pursuant to section c. of this Article, for any regional facility within its borders. Such fees shall be reasonable and shall provide the host state with sufficient revenue to cover any costs associated with such facilities. If such fees have been reviewed and approved by the Commission and to the extent that such revenue is insufficient, all party states shall share the costs in a manner to be determined by the Commission.

Regulation.
Transportation.

"e. To the extent authorized by Federal law, each party state is responsible for enforcing any applicable Federal and state laws and regulations pertaining to the packaging and transportation of waste generated within or passing through its borders and shall adopt practices that will ensure that waste shipments originating within its borders and destined for a regional facility will conform to applicable packaging and transportation laws and regulations.

"f. Each party state has the right to rely on the good faith performance of each other party state.

"g. Unless authorized by the Commission, it shall be unlawful after January 1, 1986, for any person:

"1. to deposit at a regional facility, waste not generated within the region;

"2. to accept, at a regional facility, waste not generated within the region;

Exports.

"3. to export from the region, waste which is generated within the region; and

"4. to transport waste from the site at which it is generated, except to a regional facility.

"ARTICLE IV. THE COMMISSION

Central Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Commission, establishment.

"a. There is hereby established the Central Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Commission. The Commission shall consist of one voting member from each party state to be appointed according to the laws of each state. The appointing authority of each party state shall notify the Commission in writing of the identity of its member and any alternates. An alternate may act on behalf of the member only in the absence of such member. Each state is responsible for the expenses of its member of the Commission.

"b. Each Commission member shall be entitled to one vote. Unless otherwise provided herein, no action of the Commission shall be bonding unless a majority of the total membership casts its vote in the affirmative.

"c. The Commission shall elect from among its membership a chairman. The Commission shall adopt and publish, in convenient form, by-laws and policies which are not inconsistent with this compact.

"d. The Commission shall meet at least once a year and shall also meet upon the call of the chairman, by petition of a majority of the membership or upon the call of a host state member.

"e. The Commission may initiate any proceedings or appear as an intervenor or party in interest before any court of law, or any Federal, state or local agency, board or Commission that has jurisdiction over any matter arising under or relating to the terms of the provisions of this compact. The Commission shall determine in which proceedings it shall intervene or otherwise appear and may arrange for such expert testimony, reports, evidence or other participation in such proceedings as may be necessary to represent its views.

"f. The Commission may establish such committees as it deems necessary for the purpose of advising the Commission on any and all matters pertaining to the management of waste.

Contracts.

"g. The Commission may employ and compensate a staff limited only to those persons necessary to carry out its duties and functions. The Commission may also contract with and designate any person to perform necessary functions to assist the Commission. Unless otherwise required by the acceptance of a Federal grant, the staff shall serve at the Commission's pleasure irrespective of the civil service, personnel or other merit laws of any of the party states or the Federal government and shall be compensated from funds of the Commission.

"h. Funding for the Commission shall be as follows:

"1. The Commission shall set and approve its first annual budget as soon as practicable after its initial meeting. Party states shall equally contribute to the Commission budget on an annual basis, an amount not to exceed $25,000 until surcharges are available for that purpose. Host states shall begin imposition of the surcharges provided for in this section as soon as practicable and shall remit to the Commission funds resulting from collection of such surcharges within 60 days of their receipt; and

99 STAT. 1867

"2. Each state hosting a regional facility shall annually levy surcharges on all users of such facilities, based on the volume and characteristics of wastes received at such facilities, the total of which:

"(A) Shall be sufficient to cover the annual budget of the Commission; and

"(B) shall be paid to the Commission, provided, however, that each host state collecting such surcharges may retain a portion of the collection sufficient to cover the administrative costs of collection, and that the remainder be sufficient only to cover the approved annual budget of the Commission.

Audit.
Report.

"i. The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. An independent certified public accountant shall annually audit all receipts and disbursements of Commission funds and submit an audit report to the Commission. Such audit report shall be made a part of the annual report of the Commission required by this Article.

Grants.
Reports.

"j. The Commission may accept for any of its purposes and functions any and all donations, grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services, conditional or otherwise from any person and may receive, utilize and dispose of same. The nature, amount and conditions, if any, attendant upon any donation or grant accepted pursuant to this section, together with the identity of the donor, grantor or lender, shall be detailed in the annual report of the Commission.

Prohibition.

"k. (1) Except as otherwise provided herein, nothing in this compact shall be construed to alter the incidence of liability of any kind for any act, omission, course of conduct, or on account of any casual or other relationships. Generators, transporters of waste, owners and operators of facilities shall be liable for their acts, omissions, conduct or relationships in accordance with all laws relating thereto.

Prohibitions.

"(2) The Commission herein established is a legal entity separate and distinct from the party states and shall be so liable for its actions. Liabilities of the Commission shall not be deemed liabilities of the party states. Members of the Commission shall not be personally liable for actions taken by them in their official capacity.

"l. Any person or party state aggrieved by a final decision of the Commission may obtain judicial review of such decisions in the United States District Court in the District wherein the Commission maintains its headquarters by filing in such court a petition for review within 60 days after the Commission's final decision. Proceedings thereafter shall be in accordance with the rules of procedure applicable in such court.

"m. The Commission shall:

"1. Receive and approve the application of a non-party state to become a party state in accordance with article VII;

Report.

99 STAT. 1868

"2. submit an annual report, and otherwise communicate with, the Governors and the presiding officers of the legislative bodies of the party states regarding the activities of the Commission;

"3. hear and negotiate disputes which may arise between the party states regarding this compact;

"4. require of and obtain from the party states, and non-party states seeking to become party states, data and information necessary to the implementation of Commission and party states' responsibilities;

"5. approve the development and operation of regional facilities in accordance with Article V;

Contracts.
Imports.
Exports.

"6. notwithstanding any other provision of this compact, have the authority to enter into agreements with any person for the importation of waste into the region and for the right of access to facilities outside the region for waste generated within the region. Such authorization to import or export waste requires the approval of the Commission, including the affirmative vote of any host state which may be affected;

"7. revoke the membership of a party state in accordance with Articles V and VII;

"8. require all party states and other persons to perform their duties and obligations arising under this compact by an appropriate action in any forum designated in section e. of Article IV; and

"9. take such action as may be necessary to perform its duties and functions as provided in this compact.

"ARTICLE V. DEVELOPMENT AND OPERATION OF REGIONAL FACILITIES

"a. Following the collection of sufficient data and information from the states, the Commission shall allow each party state the opportunity to volunteer as a host for a regional facility.

"b. If no state volunteers or if no proposal identified by a volunteer state is deemed acceptable by the Commission, based on the criteria in section c. of this Article, then the Commission shall publicly seek applicants for the development and operation of regional facilities.

"c. The Commission shall review and consider each applicant's proposal based upon the following criteria:

"1. The capability of the applicant to obtain a license from the applicable authority;

"2. the economic efficiency of each proposed regional facility, including the total estimated disposal and treatment costs per cubic foot of waste;

"3. financial assurances;

"4. accessibility to all party states; and

Health Safety

"5. such other criteria as shall be determined by the Commission to be necessary for the selection of the best proposal, based on the health, safety and welfare of the citizens in the region and the party states.

"d. The Commission shall make a preliminary selection of the proposal or proposals considered most likely to meet the criteria enumerated in section c. and the needs of the region.

"e. Following notification of each party state of the results of the preliminary selection process, the Commission shall:

"1. Authorize any person whose proposal has been selected to pursue licensure of the regional facility or facilities in accordance with the proposal originally submitted to the Commission or as modified with the approval of the Commission; and

99 STAT. 1869

"2. require the appropriate state or states or the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission to process all applications for permits and licenses required for the development and operation of any regional facility or facilities within a reasonable period from the time that a completed application is submitted.

"f. The preliminary selection or selections made by the Commission pursuant to this Article shall become final and receive the Commission's approval as a regional facility upon the issuance of license by the licensing authority. If a proposed regional facility fails to become licensed, the Commission shall make another selection pursuant to the procedures identified in this Article.

"g. The Commission may, by two-thirds affirmative vote of its membership, revoke the membership of any party state which, after notice and hearing, shall be found to have arbitrarily or capriciously denied or delayed the issuance of a license or permit to any person authorized by the Commission to apply for such license or permit. Revocation shall be in the same manner as provided for in section e. of Article VII.

"ARTICLE VI. OTHER LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Prohibition

"a. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to:

"1. Abrogate or limit the applicability of any act of Congress or diminish or otherwise impair the jurisdiction of any Federal agency expressly conferred thereon by the Congress;

"2. prevent the application of any law which is not otherwise inconsistent with this compact;

"3. prohibit or otherwise restrict the management and waste on the site where it is generated if such is otherwise lawful;

"4. affect any judicial or administrative proceeding pending on the effective date of this compact;

"5. alter the relations between, and the respective internal responsibilities of, the government of a party state and its subdivisions; and

Research and development.

"6. affect the generation or management of waste generated by the Federal government or federal research and development activities.

Prohibition

"b. No party state shall pass or enforce any law or regulation which is inconsistent with this compact.

Regulations.

"c. All laws and regulations or parts thereof of any party state which are inconsistent with this compact are hereby declared null and void for purposes of this compact. Any legal right, obligation, violation or penalty arising under such laws or regulations prior to enactment of this compact shall not be affected.

Prohibition. Regulations.

"d. No law or regulation of a party state or of any subdivision or instrumentality thereof may be applied so as to restrict or make more costly or inconvenient access to any regional facility by the generators of another party state than for the generators of the state where the facility is situated.

"ARTICLE VII. ELIGIBLE PARTIES, WITHDRAWAL, REVOCATION, ENTRY INTO FORCE, TERMINATION

Arkansas. Iowa. Kansas. Louisiana. Minnesota. Missouri. Nebraska. North Dakota. Oklahoma. Prohibition.

"a. This compact shall have as initially eligible parties the states of Arkansas, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota and Oklahoma. Such initial eligibility shall terminate on January 1, 1984.

"b. Any state may petition the Commission for eligibility. A petitioning state shall become eligible for membership in the compact upon the unanimous approval of the Commission.

"c. An eligible state shall become a member of the compact and shall be bound by it after such state has enacted the compact into law. In no event shall the compact take effect in any state until it has been entered into force as provided for in section f. of this Article.

Effective date. Prohibition.

"d. Any party state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a statute repeating the same. Unless permitted earlier by unanimous approval of the Commission, such withdrawal shall take effect five-years after the Governor of the withdrawing state has given notice in writing of such withdrawal to each Governor of the party states. No withdrawal shall affect any liability already incurred by or chargeable to a party state prior to the time of such withdrawal.

Effective date.

"e. Any party state which fails to comply with the terms of this compact or fulfill its obligations hereunder may, after notice and hearing, have its privileges suspended or its membership in the compact revoked by the Commission. Revocation shall take effect one year from the date such party state receives written notice from the Commission of its action. The Commission may require such party state to pay to the Commission, for a period not to exceed five-years from the date of notice of revocation, an amount determined by the Commission based on the anticipated fees which the generators of such party state would have paid to each regional facility and an amount equal to that which such party state would have contributed in accordance with section d. of Article III, in the event of insufficient revenues. The Commission shall use such funds to ensure the continued availability of safe and economical waste management facilities for all remaining party states. Such state shall also pay an amount equal to that which such party state would have contributed to the annual budget of the Commission if such party state would have remained a member of the compact. All legal rights established under this compact of any party state which has its membership revoked shall cease upon the effective date of revocation; however, any legal obligations of such party state arising prior to the effective date of revocation shall not cease until they have been fulfilled. Written notice of revocation of any state's membership in the company shall be transmitted immediately following the vote of the Commission, by the chairman, to the Governor of the affected party state, all other Governors of the party states and the Congress of the United States.

"f. This compact shall become effective after enactment by at least three eligible states and after consent has been given to it by the Congress. The Congress shall have the opportunity to withdraw such consent every five-years. Failure of the Congress to withdraw its consent affirmatively shall have the effect of renewing consent for an additional five-year period. The consent given to this compact by the Congress shall extend to any future admittance of new party states under sections b. and c. of this Article and to the power to ban the exportation of waste pursuant to Article III.

Prohibition.

"g. The withdrawal of a party state from this compact under section d. of this Article or the revocation of a state's membership in this compact under section 3. of this Article shall not affect the applicability of this compact to the remaining party states.

"h. This compact shall be terminated when all party states have withdrawn pursuant to section d. of this Article.

Termination.

99 STAT. 1871

"ARTICLE VIII. PENALTIES

"a. Each party state, consistent with its own law, shall prescribe and enforce penalties against any person for violation of any provision of this compact.

Regulations.

"b. Each party state acknowledges that the receipt by a regional facility of waste packaged or transported in violation of applicable laws and regulations can result in sanctions which may include suspension or revocation of the violator's right of access to the regional facility.

"ARTICLE IX. SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION

Provisions held invalid.

"The provisions of this compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of this compact is declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be contrary to the Constitution of any participating state or of the United States or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstances is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If any provision of this compact shall be held contrary to the Constitution of any state participating therein, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the state affected as to all severable matters. The provisions of this compact shall be liberally construed to give effect to the purpose thereof.".

SEC. 223. SOUTHEAST INTERSTATE LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE MANAGEMENT COMPACT.

42 USC 2021d note.

Alabama.
Florida.
Georgia.
Mississippi.
North Carolina.
South Carolina.
Tennessee.
Virginia.

In accordance with section 4(a)(2) of the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 2021d(a)(2)), the consent of the Congress is hereby given to the States of Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Virginia to enter into the Southeast Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Management Compact. Such compact is substantially as follows:

"SOUTHEAST INTERSTATE LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE MANAGEMENT COMPACT

"ARTICLE 1

"POLICY AND PURPOSE

Research and development.

"There is hereby created the Southeast Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Management Compact. The party States recognize and declare that each state is responsible for providing for the availability of capacity either within or outside the State for disposal of low-level radioactive waste generated within its borders, except for waste generated as a result of defense activities of the federal government or federal research and development activities. They also recognize that the management of low-level radioactive waste is handled most efficiently on a regional basis. The party states further recognize that the Congress of the United States, by enacting the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act (Public Law 96-573), has provided for and encouraged the development of low-level radioactive waste compacts as a tool for disposal of such waste. The party states recognize that the safe and efficient management of low-level radioactive waste generated within the region requires that sufficient capacity to dispose of such waste be properly provided.

42 USC 2021b note.

99 STAT. 1872

"It is the policy of the party states to: enter into a regional low-level radioactive waste management compact for the purpose of providing the instrument and framework for a cooperative effort;

provide sufficient facilities for the proper management of low-level radioactive waste generated in the region; promote the health and safety of the region; limit the number of facilities required to effectively and efficiently manage low-level radioactive waste generated in the region; encourage the reduction of the amounts of low-level waste generated in the region; distribute the costs, benefits, and obligations of successful low-level radioactive waste management equitably among the party states; and ensure the ecological and economical management of low-level radioactive wastes.

Regulations.

"Implicit in the Congressional consent to this compact is the expectation by Congress and the party states that the appropriate federal agencies will actively assist the Compact Commission and the individual party states to this compact by:

"1. expeditious enforcement of federal rules, regulations, and laws;

"2. imposing sanctions against those found to be in violation of federal rules, regulations, and laws;

"3. timely inspection of their licensees to determine their capability to adhere to such rules, regulations, and laws;

"4. timely provision of technical assistance to this compact in carrying out their obligations under the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act, as amended.

42 USC 2021b note

"Article 2

"DEFINITIONS

"As used in this compact, unless the context clearly requires a different construction:

"1. 'Commission' or 'Compact Commission' means the Southeast Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Management Commission.

"2. 'Facility' means a parcel of land, together with the structure, equipment, and improvements thereon or appurtenant thereto, which is used or is being developed for the treatment, storage, or disposal of low-level radioactive waste.

"3. 'Generator' means any person who produces or processes low-level radioactive waste in the course of, or as an incident to, manufacturing, power generation, processing, medical diagnosis and treatment, research, or other industrial or commercial activity. This does not include persons who provide a service to generators by arranging for the collection, transportation, storage, or disposal of wastes with respect to such waste generated outside the region.

"4. 'High-level waste' means irradiated reactor fuel, liquid wastes from reprocessing irradiated reactor fuel, and solids into which such liquid wastes have been converted, and other high-level radioactive waste as defined by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

"5. 'Host state' means any state in which a regional facility is situated or is being developed.

99 STAT. 1873

"6. 'Low-level radioactive waste' or 'waste' means radioactive waste not classified as high-level radioactive waste, transuranic waste, spent nuclear fuel, or by-product material as defined in Section 11e, (2) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, or as may be further defined by Federal law or regulation.

42 USC 2014

"7. 'Party state' means any state which is a signatory party to this compact.

"8. 'Person' means any individual, corporation, business enterprise, or other legal entity (either public or private).

"9. 'Region' means the collective party states.

"10. 'Regional facility' means (1) a facility as defined in this article which has been designated, authorized, accepted, or approved by the Commission to receive waste or (2) the disposal facility in Barnwell County, South Carolina, owned by the State of South Carolina and as licensed for the burial of low-level radioactive waste on July 1, 1982, but in no event shall this disposal facility serve as a regional facility beyond December 31, 1992.

"11. 'State' means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, or any other territorial possession of the United States.

"12. 'Transuranic wastes' means waste material containing transuranic elements with contamination levels as determined by the regulations of (1) the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission or (2) any host state, if it is an agreement state under Section 274 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954.

42 USC 2021.

"13. 'Waste management' means the storage, treatment, or disposal of waste.

"ARTICLE 3

"RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

Prohibition.

"The rights granted to the party states by this compact are additional to the rights enjoyed by sovereign states, and nothing in this compact shall be construed to infringe upon, limit, or abridge those rights.

"(A) Subject to any license issued by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission or a host state, each party state shall have the right to have all wastes generated within its borders stored, treated, or disposed of, as applicable, at regional facilities and, additionally, shall have the right of access to facilities made available to the region through agreements entered into by the Commission pursuant to article 4(e)(9). The right of access by a generator within a party state to any regional facility is limited by its adherence to applicable state and federal law and regulation.

"(B) If no operating regional facility is located within the borders of a party state and the waste generated within its borders must therefore be stored, treated, or disposed of at a regional facility in another party state, the party state without such facilities may be required by the host state or states to establish a mechanism which provides compensation for access to the regional facility according to terms and conditions established by the host state or states and approved by a two-thirds vote of the Commission.

"(C) Each party state must establish the capability to regulate, license, and ensure the maintenance and extended care of any facility within its borders. Host states are responsible for the availability, the subsequent post-closure observation and maintenance, and the extended institutional control of their regional facilities in accordance with the provisions of Article 5, Section (b).

99 STAT. 1874

Regulations. Transportation.

"(D) Each party state must establish the capability to enforce any applicable federal or state laws and regulations pertaining to the packaging and transportation of waste generated within or passing through its borders.

"(E) Each party state must provide to the Commission on an annual basis any data and information necessary to the implementation of the Commission's responsibilities. Each party state shall establish the capability to obtain any data and information necessary to meet its obligation.

"(F) Each party state must, to the extent authorized by federal law, require generators within its borders to use the best available waste management technologies and practices to minimize the volumes of waste requiring disposal.

"ARTICLE 4

"THE COMMISSION

Southeast Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Management Commission, establishment.

"(A) There is hereby created the Southeast Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Management Commission ('Commission' or 'Compact Commission'). The Commission shall consist of two voting members from each party state to be appointed according to the laws of each state. The appointing authorities of each state must notify the Commission in writing of the identity of its members and any alternates. An alternate may act on behalf of the member only in the member's absence.

"(B) Each commission member is entitled to one vote. No action of the Commission shall be binding unless a majority of the total membership cast their vote in the affirmative, or unless a greater than majority vote is specifically required by any other provision of this compact.

"(C) The Commission must elect from among its members a presiding officer. The Commission shall adopt and publish, in convenient form, bylaws which are consistent with this compact.

"(D) The Commission must meet at least once a year and also meet upon the call of the presiding officer, by petition of a majority of the party states, or upon the call of a host state. All meetings of the Commission must be open to the public.

"(E) The Commission has the following duties and powers:

"1. To receive and approve the application of a nonparty state to become an eligible state in accordance with the provisions of Article 7(b).

"2. To receive and approve the application of a nonparty state to become an eligible state in accordance with the provisions of Article 7(c).

Report.

"3. To submit an annual report and other communications to the Governors and to the presiding officer of each body of the legislature of the party states regarding the activities of the Commission.

Health.
Safety.

"4. To develop and use procedures for determining, consistent with consideration for public health and safety, the type and number of regional facilities which are presently necessary and which are projected to be necessary to manage waste generated within the region.

"5. To provide the party states with reference guidelines for establishing the criteria and procedures for evaluating alternative locations for emergency or permanent regional facilities.

99 STAT. 1875

"6. To develop and adopt, within one year after the Commission is constituted as provided in Article 7(d) procedures and criteria for identifying a party state as a host state for a regional facility as determined pursuant to the requirements of this article. In accordance with these procedures and criteria, the Commission shall identify a host state for the development of a second regional disposal facility within three years after the Commission is constituted as provided for in Article 7(d), and shall seek to ensure that such facility is licensed and ready to operate as soon as required but in no event later than 1991.

Health.
Safety.
Transportation.
Environmental protection.

"In developing criteria, the Commission must consider the following; the health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of the party states; the existence of regional facilities within each party state; the minimization of waste transportation; the volumes and types of wastes generated within each party state; and the environmental, economic, and ecological impacts on the air, land, and water resources of the party states.

Reports.
Studies.

"The Commission shall conduct such hearings, require such reports, studies, evidence, and testimony, and do what is required by its approved procedures in order to identify a party state as a host state for a needed facility.

Prohibition.

"7. In accordance with the procedures and criteria developed pursuant to Section (e)(6) of this Article, to designate, by a two-thirds vote, a host state for the establishment of a needed regional facility. The Commission shall not exercise this authority unless the party states have failed to voluntarily pursue the development of such facility. The Commission shall have the authority to revoke the membership of a party state that willfully creates barriers to the siting of a needed regional facility.

"8. To require of and obtain from party states, eligible states seeking to become party states, and nonparty states seeking to become eligible states, data and information necessary to the implementation of Commission responsibilities.

Contracts.
Imports.

"9. Notwithstanding any other provision of this compact, to enter into agreements with any person, state, or similar regional body or group of states for the importation of waste into the region and for the right of access to facilities outside the region for waste generated within the region. The authorization to import requires a two-thirds majority vote of the Commission, including an affirmative vote of both representatives of a host state in which any affected regional facility is located. This shall be done only after an assessment of the affected facility's capability to handle such wastes.

"10. To act or appear on behalf of any party state or states, only upon written request of both members of the Commission for such state or states as an intervenor or party in interest before Congress, state legislatures, any court of law, or any federal, state, or local agency, board, or commission which has jurisdiction over the management of wastes. The authority to act, intervene, or otherwise appear shall be exercised by the Commission, only after approval by a majority vote of the Commission.

"11. To revoke the membership of a party state in accordance with Article 7(f).

"F. The Commission may establish any advisory committees as it deems necessary for the purpose of advising the Commission on any matters pertaining to the management of low-level radioactive waste.

99 STAT. 1876

"G. The Commission may appoint or contract for and compensate such limited staff necessary to carry out its duties and functions. The staff shall serve at the Commission's pleasure irrespective of the civil service, personnel, or other merit laws of any of the party states or the federal government and shall be compensated from funds of the Commission. In selecting any staff, the Commission shall assure that the staff has adequate experience and formal training to carry out such functions as may be assigned to it by the Commission. If the Commission has a headquarters it shall be in a party state.

"H. Funding for the Commission must be provided as follows:

"1. Each eligible state, upon becoming a party state, shall pay twenty-five thousand dollars to the Commission which shall be used for costs of the Commission's services.

"2. Each state hosting a regional disposal facility shall annually levy special fees or surcharges on all users of such facility, based upon the volume of wastes disposed of at such facilities, the total of which:

"a. must be sufficient to cover the annual budget of the Commission;

"b. must represent the financial commitments of all party states to the Commission;

"c. must be paid to the Commission;

Provided, however, That each host state collecting such fees or surcharges may retain a portion of the collection sufficient to cover its administrative costs of collection and that the remainder be sufficient only to cover the approved annual budgets of the Commission.

"3. The Commission must set and approve its first annual budget as soon as practicable after its initial meeting. Host states for disposal facilities must begin imposition of the special fees and surcharges provided for in this section as soon as practicable after becoming party states and must remit to the Commission funds resulting from collection of such special fees and surcharges within sixty days of their receipt.

Audit.
Report.

"I. The Commission must keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. An independent certified public accountant shall annually audit all receipts and disbursements of Commission funds and submit an audit report to the Commission. The audit report shall be made a part of the annual report of the Commission required by Article 4(e)(3).

Grants.

"J. The Commission may accept for any of its purposes and functions any and all donations, grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services (conditional or otherwise) from any

Report.

state, or the United States, or any subdivision or agency thereof, or interstate agency, or from any institution, person, firm, or corporation, and may receive, utilize, and dispose of the same. The nature, amount, and condition, if any, attendant upon any donation or grant accepted pursuant to this section, together with the identity of the donor, grantor, or lender shall be detailed in the annual report to the Commission.

"K. The Commission is not responsible for any costs associated with:

"(1) the creation of any facility,

"(2) the operation of any facility,

99 STAT. 1877

"(3) the stabilization and closure of any facility,

"(4) the post-closure observation and maintenance of any facility, or

"(5) the extended institutional control, after post-closure observation and maintenance of any facility.

Prohibition. Exports.

"L. As of January 1, 1986, the management of wastes at regional facilities is restricted to wastes generated within the region, and to wastes generated within nonparty states when authorized by the Commission pursuant to the provisions of this compact. After January 1, 1986, the Commission may prohibit the exportation of waste from the region for the purposes of management.

"M. 1. The Commission herein established is a legal entity separate and distinct from the party states capable of acting in its own behalf and is liable for its actions. Liabilities of the Commission shall not be deemed liabilities of the party states. Members of the Commission shall not personally be liable for action taken by them in their official capacity.

Prohibition.

"2. Except as specifically provided in this compact, nothing in this compact shall be construed to alter the incidence of liability of any kind for any act, omission, course of conduct, or on account of any causal or other relationships. Generators and transporters of wastes and owners and operators of sites shall be liable for their acts, omissions, conduct, or relationships in accordance with all laws relating thereto.

"ARTICLE 5

"DEVELOPMENT AND OPERATION OF FACILITIES

"A. Any party state which becomes a host state in which a regional facility is operated shall not be designated by the Compact Commission as a host state for an additional regional facility until each party state has fulfilled its obligation, as determined by the Commission, to have a regional facility operated within its borders.

Health. Safety.

"B. A host state desiring to close a regional facility located within its borders may do so only after notifying the Commission in writing of its intention to do so and the reasons therefor. Such notification shall be given to the Commission at least four years prior to the intended date of closure. Notwithstanding the four-year notice requirement herein provided, a host state is not prevented from closing its facility or establishing conditions of its use and operations as necessary for the protection of the health and safety of its citizens. A host state may terminate or limit access to its regional facility if it determines that Congress has materially altered the conditions of this compact.

"C. Each party state designated as a host state for a regional facility shall take appropriate steps to ensure that an application for a license to construct and operate a facility of the designated type is filed with and issued by the appropriate authority.

Prohibition.

"D. No party state shall have any form of arbitrary prohibition on the treatment, storage, or disposal of low-level radioactive waste within its borders.

"ARTICLE 6

"OTHER LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Prohibition.

99 STAT. 1878

"A. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to:

"(1) Abrogate or limit the applicability of any act of Congress or diminish or otherwise impair the jurisdiction of any federal agency expressly conferred thereon by the Congress.

"(2) Abrogate or limit the regulatory responsibility and authority of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission or of an agreement state under Section 274 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 in which a regional facility is located.

42 USC 2021.

"(3) Make inapplicable to any person or circumstance any other law of a party state which is not inconsistent with this compact.

"(4) Make unlawful the continued development and operation of any facility already licensed for development or operation on the date this compact becomes effective, except that any such facility shall comply with Article 3, Article 4, and Article 5 and shall be subject to any action lawfully taken pursuant thereto.

Prohibition.

"(5) Prohibit any storage or treatment of waste by the generator on its own premises.

"(6) Affect any judicial or administrative proceeding pending on the effective date of this compact.

"(7) Alter the relations between, and the respective internal responsibilities of, the government of a party state and its subdivisions.

Research and development.

42 USC 2021b note.

"(8) Affect the generation, treatment, storage, or disposal of waste generated by the atomic energy defense activities of the Secretary of the United States Department of Energy or federal research and development activities as defined in Public Law 96-573.

"(9) Affect the rights and powers of any party state and its political subdivisions to regulate and license any facility within its borders or to affect the rights and powers of any party state and its political subdivisions to tax or impose fees on the waste managed at any facility within its borders.

Prohibition.
Regulation.

"B. No party shall pass any law or adopt any regulation which is inconsistent with this compact. To do so may jeopardize the membership status of the party state.

Prohibition.
Regulation.

"C. Upon formation of the compact no law or regulation of a party state or of any subdivision or instrumentality thereof may be applied so as to restrict or make more inconvenient access to any regional facility by the generators of another party state than for the generators of the state where the facility is situated.

"D. Restrictions of waste management of regional facilities pursuant to Article 4 shall be enforceable as a matter of state law.

"ARTICLE 7

"ELIGIBLE PARTIES; WITHDRAWAL; REVOCATION; ENTRY INTO FORCE; TERMINATION

Alabama.
Florida.
Georgia.
Mississippi.
North Carolina.
South Carolina.
Tennesee.
Virginia.

"A. This compact shall have as initially eligible parties the States of Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Virginia.

"B. Any state not expressly declared eligible to become a party state to this compact in Section (A) of this Article may petition the Commission, once constituted, to be declared eligible. The Commission may establish such conditions as it deems necessary and appropriate to be met by a state wishing to become eligible to become a party state to this compact pursuant to such provisions of this section. Upon satisfactorily meeting the conditions and upon the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the Commission, including the affirmative vote of both representatives of a host state in which any affected regional facility is located, the petitioning state shall be

99 STAT. 1879

eligible to become a party state to this compact and may become a party state in the manner as those states declared eligible in Section (a) of this Article.

"C. Each state eligible to become a party state to this compact shall be declared a party state upon enactment of this compact into law by the state and upon payment of the fees required by Article 4(H)(1). The Commission is the judge of the qualifications of the party states and of its members and of their compliance with the conditions and requirements of this compact and the laws of the party states relating to the enactment of this compact.

"D. 1. The first three states eligible to become party states to this compact which enact this compact into law and appropriate the fees required by Article 4(H)(1) shall immediately, upon the appointment of their Commission members, constitute themselves as the Southeast Low-Level Radioactive Waste Management Commission; shall cause legislation to be introduced in Congress which grants the consent of Congress to this compact; and shall do those things necessary to organize the commission and implement the provisions of this compact.

"2. All succeeding states eligible to become party states to this compact shall be declared party states pursuant to the provisions of Section (C) of this Article.

Effective date.

"3. The consent of Congress shall be required for the full implementation of this compact. The provisions of Article 5 Section (D) shall not become effective until the effective date of the import ban authorized by Article 4, Section (L) as approved by Congress. Congress may by law withdraw its consent only every five years.

Prohibition.

"E. No state which holds membership in any other regional compact for the management of low-level radioactive waste may be considered by the Compact Commission for eligible state status or party state status.

"F. Any party state which fails to comply with the provisions of this compact or to fulfill the obligations incurred by becoming a party state to this compact may be subject to sanctions by the Commission, including suspension of its rights under this compact and revocation of its status as a party state. Any sanction shall be imposed only upon the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the Commission members. Revocation of party state status may take effect on the date of the meeting at which the Commission approves the resolution imposing such sanction, but in no event shall revocation take effect later than ninety days from the date of such meeting. Rights and obligations incurred by being declared a party state to this compact shall continue until the effective date of the sanction imposed or as provided in the resolution of the Commission imposing the sanction.

"The Commission must, as soon as practicable after the meeting at which a resolution revoking status as a party state is approved, provide written notice of the action, along with a copy of the resolution, to the Governors, the Presidents of the Senates, and the Speakers of the Houses of Representatives of the party states, as well as chairmen of the appropriate committees of Congress.

"G. Any party state may withdraw from the compact by enacting a law repealing the compact; provided, that if a regional facility is

99 STAT. 1880

located within such a state, such regional facility shall remain available to the region for four years after the date the Commission receives notification in writing from the governor of such party state of the rescission of the compact. The Commission, upon receipt of the notification, shall as soon as practicable provide copies of such notification to the Governors, the Presidents of the Senates, and the Speakers of the Houses of Representatives of the party states as well as the chairmen of the appropriate committees of Congress.

"H. This compact may be terminated only by the affirmative action of Congress or by the rescission of all laws enacting the compact in each party state.

"ARTICLE 8

"PENALTIES

"A. Each party state, consistently with its own law, shall prescribe and enforce penalties against any person not an official of another state for violation of any provisions of this compact.

Regulation.

"B. Each party state acknowledges that the receipt by a host state of waste packaged or transported in violation of applicable laws and regulations can result in the imposition of sanctions by the host state which may include suspension or revocation of the violator's right of access to the facility in the host state.

"ARTICLE 9

"SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION

Provisions held invalid.

"The provisions of this compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this compact is declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be contrary to the Constitution of any participating state or of the United States, or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any other government, agency, person, or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If any provision of this compact shall be held contrary to the Constitution of any State participating therein, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the state affected as to all severable matters. The provisions of this compact shall be liberally construed to give effect to the purposes thereof.".

42 USC 2021d note.

SEC. 224. CENTRAL MIDWEST INTERSTATE LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE COMPACT.

Illinois. Kentucky.

In accordance with section 4(a)(2) of the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 2021d(a)(2)), the consent of the Congress hereby is given to the States of Illinois and Kentucky to enter into the Central Midwest Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Compact. Such compact is substantially as follows:

"ARTICLE I. POLICY AND PURPOSE

"There is created the Central Midwest Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Compact.

42 USC 2021b note.

"The states party to this compact recognize that the Congress of the United States, by enacting the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 2021), has provided for and encouraged the development of low-level radioactive waste compacts as a tool for managing such waste. The party states acknowledge that Congress declared that each state is responsible for providing for the availability of capacity either within or outside the state for the disposal of low-level radioactive waste generated within its borders, except for waste generated as a result of certain defense activities of the federal government or federal research and development activities. The party states also recognize that the management of low-level radioactive waste is handled most efficiently on a regional basis; and, that the safe and efficient management of low-level radioactive waste generated within the region requires that sufficient capacity to manage such waste be properly provided.

99 STAT. 1881

"a) It is the policy of the party states to enter into a regional low-level radioactive waste management compact for the purpose of:

"1) providing the instrument and the framework for a cooperative effort;

"2) providing sufficient facilities for the proper management of low-level radioactive waste generated in the region;

Health. Safety.

"3) protecting the health and safety of the citizens of the region;

"4) limiting the number of facilities required to manage low-level radioactive waste generated in the region effectively and efficiency;

"5) promoting the volume and source reduction of low-level radioactive waste generated in the region;

"6) distributing the costs, benefits and obligations of successful low-level radioactive waste management equitably among the party states and among generators and other persons who use regional facilities to manage their waste;

"7) ensuring the ecological and economical management of low-level radioactive waste, including the prohibition of shallow-land burial of waste; and

"8) promoting the use of above-ground facilities and other disposal technologies providing greater and safer confinement of low-level radioactive waste than shallow-land burial facilities.

Regulations

"b) Implicit in the Congressional consent to this compact is the expectation by the Congress and the party states that the appropriate federal agencies will actively assist the Compact Commission and the individual party states to this compact by:

"1) expeditious enforcement of federal rules, regulations and laws;

"2) imposition of sanctions against those found to be in violation of federal rules, regulations and laws; and

"3) timely inspection of their licensees to determine their compliance with these rules, regulations and laws.

"ARTICLE II. DEFINITIONS

"As used in this compact, unless the context clearly requires a different construction:

"a) 'Commission' means the Central Midwest Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Commission.

"b) 'Decommissioning' means the measures taken at the end of a facility's operating life to assure the continued protection of the public from any residual radioactivity or other potential hazards present at a facility.

"c) 'Disposal' means the isolation of waste from the biosphere in a permanent facility designed for that purpose.

99 STAT. 1882

"d) 'Eligible' state means either the State of Illinois or the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

"e) 'Extended care' means the continued observation of a facility after closure for the purpose of detecting a need for maintenance, ensuring environmental safety, and determining compliance with applicable licensure and regulatory requirements and includes undertaking any action or clean-up necessary to protect public health and the environment from radioactive releases from a regional facility.

"f) 'Facility' means a parcel of land or site, together with the structures, equipment and improvements on or appurtenant to the land or site, which is used or is being developed for the treatment, storage or disposal of low-level radioactive waste.

"g) 'Generator' means a person who produces or possesses low-level radioactive waste in the course of or incident to manufacturing, power generation, processing, medical diagnosis and treatment, research, or other industrial or commercial activity and who, to the extent required by law, is licensed by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission or a party state, to produce or possess such waste.

"h) 'Host state' means any party state that is designated by the Commission to host a regional facility, provided that a party state with a total volume of waste recorded on low-level radioactive waste manifests for any year that is less than 10 percent of the total volume recorded on such manifests for the region during the same year shall not be designated a host state.

"i) 'Institutional control' means those activities carried out by the host state to physically control access to the disposal site following transfer of control of the disposal site from the disposal site operator to the state or federal government. These activities must include, but need not be limited to, environmental monitoring, periodic surveillance, minor custodial care, and other necessary activities at the site as determined by the host state, and administration of funds to cover the costs for these activities. The period of institutional control will be determined by the host state, but institutional control may not be relied upon for more than 100 years following transfer of control of the disposal site to the state or federal government.

"j) 'Long-term liability' means the financial obligation to compensate any person for medical and other expenses incurred from damages to human health, personal injuries suffered from damages to human health and damages or losses to real or personal property, and to provide for the costs for accomplishing any necessary corrective action or clean-up on real or personal property caused by radioactive releases from a regional facility.

"k) 'Low-level radioactive waste' or 'waste' means radioactive waste not classified as (1) high-level radioactive waste, (2) transuranic waste, (3) spent nuclear fuel, or (4) by-product material as defined in Section 11e. (2) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954. 42 USC 2014

"l) 'Management plan' means the plan adopted by the Commission for the storage, transportation, treatment and disposal of waste within the region.

"m) 'Manifest' means a shipping document identifying the generator of waste, the volume of waste, the quantity of radionuclides in the shipment, and such other information as may be required by the appropriate regulatory agency.

"n) 'Party state' means any eligible state which enacts the compact into law and pays the membership fee.

"o) 'Person' means any individual, corporation, business enterprise or other legal entity, either public or private, and any legal successor, representative, agent or agency of that individual, corporation, business enterprise, or legal entity.

"p) 'Region' means the geographical area of the party states.

"q) 'Regional facility' means a facility which is located within the region and which is established by a party state pursuant to designation of that state as a host state by the Commission.

"r) 'Shallow-land burial' means a land disposal facility in which radioactive waste is disposed of in or within the upper 30 meters of the earth's surface; however, this definition shall not include an enclosed, engineered, strongly structurally enforced and solidified bunker that extends below the earth's surface.

"s) 'Site' means the geographic location of a facility.

"t) 'Source reduction' means those administrative practices that reduce the radionuclide levels in low-level radioactive waste or that prevent the generation of additional low-level radioactive waste.

"u) 'State' means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands or any other territorial possession of the United States.

"v) 'Storage' means the temporary holding of waste for treatment or disposal.

"w) 'Treatment' means any method, technique or process, including storage for radioactive decay, designed to change the physical, chemical or biological characteristics or composition of any waste in order to render the waste safer for transport or management, amenable to recovery, convertible to another usable material or reduced in volume.

"x) 'Volume reduction' means those methods including, but not limited to, biological, chemical, mechanical and thermal methods used to reduce the amount of space that waste materials occupy and to put them into a form suitable for storage or disposal.

"y) 'Waste management' means the source and volume reduction, storage, transportation, treatment or disposal of waste.

"ARTICLE III. THE COMMISSION

Central Midwest Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Commission, establishment

"a) There is created the Central Midwest Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Commission. Upon the eligible states becoming party states, the Commission shall consist of two voting members from each state eligible to be a host state, one voting member from any other party state, and an ex officio non-voting member who is a member of the County Board of or who is a County Commissioner of each host county. The Governor of each party state shall notify the Commission in writing of its members and any alternates.

"b) Each Commission member is entitled to one vote. No action of the Commission is binding unless a majority of the total membership casts its vote in the affirmative.

Public information

"c) The Commission shall elect annually from among its members a chairperson. The Commission shall adopt and publish, in convenient form, by-laws and policies that are not inconsistent with this compact, including procedures that conform with the provisions of the Federal Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. ss. 500 to 559) to the greatest extent practicable in regard to notice, conduct and recording of meetings; access by the public to records; provision of information to the public; conduct of adjudicatory hearings; and issuance of decisions.

99 STAT. 1884

"d) The Commission shall meet at least once annually and shall also meet upon the call of the chairperson or a Commission member.

"e) All meetings of the Commission and its designated committees shall be open to the public with reasonable advance notice. The Commission may, by majority vote, close a meeting to the public for the purpose of considering sensitive personnel or legal strategy matters. However, all Commission actions and decisions shall be made in open meetings and appropriately recorded. A roll call may be required upon request of any member or the presiding officer.

"f) The Commission may establish advisory committees for the purpose of advising the Commission on any matters pertaining to waste management, waste generation and source and volume reduction.

"g) The Office of the Commission shall be in the first state eligible to be a host state. The Commission may appoint or contract for and compensate such staff necessary to carry out its duties and functions. The staff shall serve at the Commission's pleasure with the exception that staff hired as the result of securing federal funds shall be hired and governed under applicable federal statutes and regulations. In selecting any staff, the Commission shall assure that the staff has adequate experience and formal training to carry out the functions assigned to it by the Commission.

Records. Public inspection

"h) All files, records and data of the Commission shall be open to reasonable public inspection and may be copied upon payment of reasonable fees to be established where appropriate by the Commission, except for information privileged against introduction in judicial proceedings. Such fees may be waived or shall be reduced substantially for not-for-profit organizations.

"i) The Commission may:

Contracts. Prohibitions

"1) Enter into an agreement or contract with any person, state or group of states for the right to use regional facilities for waste generated outside of the region and for the right to use facilities outside the region for waste generated within the region. No person may use a regional facility for waste generated outside the region unless both a majority of the members of the Commission and all members from the host state in which any affected regional facility is located vote in favor of permitting such use. No person in the region may use a storage, treatment or disposal facility outside the region without prior Commission approval. No such agreement or contract shall be valid unless specifically approved by a law enacted by the legislature of the host state.

"2) Approve the disposal of waste generated within the region at a facility other than a regional facility.

"3) Appear as an intervenor or party in interest before any court of law or any federal, state or local agency, board or commission in any matter related to waste management. In order to represent its views, the Commission may arrange for any expert testimony, reports, evidence or other participation.

Reports.

"4) Review the emergency closure of a regional facility, determine the appropriateness of that closure, and take whatever actions are necessary to ensure that the interests of the region are protected, provided that a party state with a total volume of waste recorded on low-level radioactive waste manifests for any year that is less than 10 percent of the total volume recorded on such manifests for the region during the same year shall not be designated a host state or be required to store the region's waste. In determining the 10 percent exclusion, there shall not be included waste recorded on low-level radioactive waste manifests by a person whose principal business is providing a service by arranging for the collection, transportation, treatment, storage or disposal of such waste.

Prohibition.

99 STAT. 1885

"5) Take any action which is appropriate and necessary to perform its duties and functions as provided in this compact.

"6) Suspend the privileges or revoke the membership of a party state.

"j) The Commission shall:

"1) Submit an annual report to, and otherwise communicate with, the governors and the appropriate officers of the legislative bodies of the party states regarding the activities of the Commission.

Report.

"2) Here, negotiate, and, as necessary, resolve by final decision disputes which may arise between the party states regarding this compact.

"3) Adopt and amend, as appropriate, a regional management plan that plans for the establishment of needed regional facilities.

"4) Adopt an annual budget.

"k) Funding of the budget of the Commission shall be provided as follows:

"1) Each state, upon becoming a party state, shall pay $50,000 to the Commission which shall be used for the administrative costs of the Commission.

"2) Each state hosting a regional facility shall levy surcharges on each user of the regional facility based upon its portion of the total volume and characteristics of wastes managed at that facility. The surcharges collected at all regional facilities shall:

"A) be sufficient to cover the annual budget of the Commission; and

"B) be paid to the Commission, provided, however, that each host state collecting surcharges may retain a portion of the collection sufficent to cover its administrative costs of collection.

"l) The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The Commission shall contract with an independent certified public accountant to annually audit all receipts and disbursements of Commission funds and to submit an audit report to the Commission. The audit report shall be made a part of the annual report of the Commission required by this Article.

Contracts.
Audit.
Reports.

"m) The Commission may accept for any of its purposes and functions and may utilize and dispose of any donations, grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services from any state or the United States (or any subdivision or agency thereof), or interstate agency, or from any institution, person, firm or corporation. The nature, amount and condition, if any, attendant upon any donation or grant accepted or received by the Commission together with the identity of the donor, grantor, or lender, shall be detailed in the annual report of the Commission. The Commission shall estab-

Grants.
Report.

lish guidelines for the acceptance of donations, grants, equipment, supplies, materials and services and shall review such guidelines annually.

"n) The Commission is not liable for any costs associated with any of the following:

99 STAT. 1886

"1) the licensing and construction of any facility;

"2) the operation of any facility;

"3) the stabilization and closure of any facility;

"4) the extended care of any facility;

"5) the institutional control, after extended care of any facility; or

Transportation.

"6) the transportation of waste to any facility.

"o) The Commission is a legal entity separate and distinct from the party states and is liable for its actions as a separate and distinct legal entity. Members of the Commission are not personally liable for actions taken by them in their official capacity.

"p) Except as provided under Sections (n) and (o) of this Article, nothing in this compact alters liability for any action, omission, course of conduct or liability resulting from any causal or other relationships.

"q) Any person aggrieved by a final decision of the Commission, which adversely affects the legal rights, duties or privileges of such person, may petition a court of competent jurisdiction, within 60 days after the Commission's final decision, to obtain judicial review of said final decision.

"ARTICLE IV. REGIONAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

"The Commission shall adopt a regional management plan designed to ensure the safe and efficient management of waste generated within the region. In adopting a regional waste management plan the Commission shall:

Health.
Safety.

"a) Adopt procedures for determining, consistent with considerations of public health and safety, the type and number of regional facilities which are presently necessary and which are projected to be necessary to manage waste generated within the region.

"b) Develop and adopt policies promoting source and volume reduction of waste generated within the region.

"c) Develop alternative means for the treatment, storage and disposal of waste, other than shallow-land burial or underground injection well.

"d) Prepare a draft regional management plan that shall be made available in a convenient form to the public for comment. The Commission shall conduct one or more public hearings in each party state prior to the adoption of the regional management plan. The regional management plan shall include the Commission's response to public and party state comment.

"ARTICLE V. RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF PARTY STATES

"a) Each party state shall act in good faith in the performance of acts and courses of conduct which are intended to ensure the provision of facilities for regional availability and usage in a manner consistent with this compact.

"b) Other than the provisions of Article V(f), each party state has the right to have all wastes generated within borders managed at regional facilities subject to the provisions contained in Article IX(b) and IX(c). All party states have an equal right of access to any facility made available to the region by any agreement entered into by the Commission pursuant to Article III(i)(1).

99 STAT. 1887

Exports.

"c) Party states or generators may negotiate for the right of access to a facility outside the region and may export waste outside the region subject to Commission approval under Article III(i)(1).

"d) To the extent permitted by federal law, each party state may enforce any applicable federal and state laws, regulations and rules pertaining to the packaging and transportation of waste generated within or passing through its borders. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to require a party state to enter into any agreement with the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Regulations. Transportation. Prohibition. Contracts.

"e) Each party state shall provide to the Commission any data and information the Commission requires to implement its responsibilities. Each party state shall establish the capability to obtain any data and information required by the Commission.

"f) Waste originating from the Maxey Flats nuclear waste disposal site in Fleming County, Kentucky shall not be shipped to the regional facility for storage, treatment or disposal. Disposition of these wastes shall be the sole responsibility of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and shall not be subject to the provisions of this compact.

Kentucky. Prohibition.

"ARTICLE VI. DEVELOPMENT AND OPERATION OF FACILITIES

"a) Any party state may volunteer to become a host state, and the Commission may designate that state as a host state.

"b) If all regional facilities required by the regional management plan are not developed pursuant to Section (a), or upon notification that an existing regional facility will be closed, the Commission may designate a host state.

"c) A party state shall not be selected as a host state for any regional facility unless that state's total volume of waste recorded on low-level radioactive waste manifests for any year is more than 10 percent of the total volume recorded on such manifests for the region during the same year. In determining the 10 percent exclusion, there shall not be included waste recorded on low-level radioactive waste manifests by a person whose principal business is providing a service by arranging for the collection, transportation, treatment, storage or disposal of such waste.

Prohibitions.

"d) Each party state designated as a host state is responsible for determining possible facility locations within its borders. The selection of a facility site shall not conflict with applicable federal and host state laws, regulations and rules not inconsistent with this compact and shall be based on factors including, but not limited to, geological, environmental, engineering and economic viability of possible facility locations.

Prohibition.

"e) Any party state designated as a host state may request the Commission to relieve that state of the responsibility to serve as a host state. The Commission may relieve a party state of this responsibility only upon a showing by the requesting party state that no feasible potential regional facility site of the type it is designated to host exists within its borders.

"f) After a state is designated a host state by the Commission, it is responsible for the timely development and operation of a regional facility.

"g) To the extent permitted by federal and state law, a host state shall regulate and license any facility within its borders and ensure the extended care of that facility.

99 STAT. 1888

"h) The Commission may designate a party state as a host state while a regional facility is in operation if the Commission determines that an additional regional facility is or may be required to meet the needs of the region.

"i) Designation of a host state is for a period of 20 years or the life of the regional facility which is established under that designation, whichever is shorter. Upon request of a host state, the Commission may modify the period of its designation.

"j) A host state may establish a fee system for any regional facility within its borders. The fee system shall be reasonable and equitable. This fee system shall provide the host state with sufficient revenue to cover any costs including, but not limited to, the planning, siting, licensure, operation, pre-closure corrective action or clean-up, monitoring, inspection, decommissioning, extended care and long-term liability, associated with such facilities. This fee system may provide for payment to units of local government affected by a regional facility for costs incurred in connection with such facility. This fee system may also include reasonable revenue beyond the costs incurred for the host state, subject to approval by the Commission. The fee system shall include incentives for source or volume reduction and may be based on the hazard of the waste. A host state shall submit an annual financial audit of the operation of the regional facility to the Commission.

Health.
Safety.

42 USC 10101 note.

"k) A host state shall ensure that a regional facility located within its borders which is permanently closed is properly decommissioned. A host state shall also provide for the extended care of a closed or decommissioned regional facility within its borders so that the public health and safety of the state and region are ensured, unless, pursuant to the federal Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982, the federal government has assumed title and custody of the regional facility and the federal government thereby has assumed responsibility to provide for the extended care of such facility.

Prohibition.
Environmental protection.
Health.
Safety.

"l) A host state intending to close a regional facility located within its borders shall notify the Commission in writing of its intention and the reasons. Notification shall be given to the Commission at least five years prior to the intended date of closure. This Section shall not prevent an emergency closing of a regional facility by a host state to protect its air, land and water resources and the health and safety of its citizens. However, a host state which has an emergency closing of a regional facility shall notify the Commission in writing within three working days of its action and shall, within 30 working days of its action, demonstrate justification for the closing.

Prohibition.
Transportation.

"m) If a regional facility closes before an additional or new facility becomes operational, waste generated within the region may be shipped temporarily to any location agreed on by the Commission until a regional facility is operational, provided that the region's waste shall not be stored in a party state with a total volume of waste recorded on low-level radioactive waste manifests for any year which is less than 10 percent of the total volume recorded on such manifests for the region during the same year. In determining the 10 percent exclusion, there shall not be included waste recorded on low-level radioactive waste manifests by a person whose principal business is providing a service by arranging for the collection, transportation, treatment, storage or disposal of such waste.

99 STAT. 1889

"n) A party state which is designated as a host state by the Commission and fails to fulfill its obligations as a host state may have its privileges under the compact suspended or membership in the compact revoked by the Commission.

"o) The host state shall create an 'Extended Care and Long-Term Liability Fund' and shall allocate sufficient fee revenues, received pursuant to Article VI(j), to provide for the costs of:

"1) decommissioning and other procedures required for the proper closure of a regional facility;

"2) monitoring, inspection and other procedures required for the proper extended care of a regional facility;

Health.
Environmental protection.

"3) undertaking any corrective action or clean-up necessary to protect human health and the environment from radioactive releases from a regional facility; and

Health.
Real property.
Gifts and property.
Insurance.
Contracts.

"4) compensating any person for medical and other expenses incurred from damages to human health, personal injuries suffered from damages to human health and damages or losses to real or personal property, and accomplishing any necessary corrective action or clean-up on real or personal property caused by radioactive releases from a regional facility; the host state may allocate monies in this Fund in amounts as it deems appropriate to purchase insurance or to make other similar financial protection arrangements consistent with the purposes of this Fund; this Section shall in no manner limit the financial responsibilities of the site operator pursuant to Article VI(p) and the party states, or any other states which contract to dispose of wastes at the regional facility, pursuant to Article VI(q).

"p) The operator of a regional facility shall purchase an amount of property and third-party liability insurance deemed appropriate by the host state, pay the necessary periodic premiums at all times and make periodic payments to the Extended Care and Long-Term Liability Fund as set forth in Article VI(o) for such amounts as the host state reasonably determines is necessary to provide for future premiums to continue such insurance coverage, in order to pay the costs of compensating any person for medical and other expenses incurred from damages to human health, personal injuries suffered from damages to human health and damages or losses to real or personal property, and accomplishing any necessary corrective action or clean-up on real or personal property caused by radioactive releases from a regional facility. In the event of such costs resulting from radioactive releases from a regional facility, the host state should, to the maximum extent possible, seek to obtain monies from such insurance prior to using monies from the Extended Care and Long-Term Liability Fund.

Real property.
Insurance.
Health.

"q) All party states, or any other states which contract to dispose of wastes at the regional facility, shall be liable for the cost of extended care and long-term liability in excess of monies available from the Extended Care and Long-Term Liability Fund, as set forth in Article VI(o) and from the property and third-party liability insurance as set forth in Article VI(p). A party state may meet such liability for costs by levying surcharges upon generators located in the party state. The extent of such liability for such party state shall be based on the proportionate share of the total volume of waste placed in the regional facility by generators located in each such party state. Such liability shall be joint and several among the party states with a right of contribution between the party states. However, this Section shall not apply to a party state with a total volume of waste recorded on low-level radioactive waste manifests for any year that is less than 10 percent of the total volume recorded on such manifests for the region during the same year.

Contracts.
Prohibition.

99 STAT. 1890

"ARTICLE VII. OTHER LAWS AND REGULATIONS

"a) Nothing in this compact:

Prohibitions.

"1) abrogates or limits the applicability of any act of Congress or diminishes or otherwise impairs the jurisdiction of any federal agency expressly conferred thereon by the Congress;

"2) prevents the enforcement of any other law of a party state which is not inconsistent with this compact;

"3) prohibits any storage or treatment of waste by the generator on its own premises;

"4) affects any administrative or judicial proceeding pending on the effective date of this compact;

"5) alters the relations between the respective internal responsibility of the government of a party state and its subdivisions;

"6) affects the generation, treatment, storage or disposal of waste generated by the atomic energy defense activities of the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Energy or successor agencies or federal research and development activities as defined in 42 U.S.C. 2021;

Research and development.

"7) affects the rights and powers of any party state or its political subdivisions, to the extent not inconsistent with this compact, to regulate and license any facility or the transportation of waste within its borders or affects the rights and powers of any state or its political subdivisions to tax or impose fees on the waste managed at any facility within its borders;

Transportation.
Taxes.

Contracts

"8) requires a party state to enter into any agreement with the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission; or

"9) alters or limits liability of transporters of waste and owners and operators of sites for their acts, omissions, conduct or relationships in accordance with applicable laws.

"b) For purposes of this compact, all state laws or parts of laws in conflict with this compact are hereby superseded to the extent of the conflict.

Prohibition. Regulations.

"c) No law, rule, regulation, fee or surcharge of a party state, or of any of its subdivisions or instrumentalities, may be applied in a manner which discriminates against the generators of another party state.

Prohibition.

"d) No person who provides a service by arranging for collection, transportation, treatment, storage or disposal for waste generated outside the region shall be allowed to dispose of such waste at a regional facility unless specifically approved by the Commission pursuant to the provisions of Article III(i)(1).

"ARTICLE VIII. ELIGIBLE PARTIES, WITHDRAWAL, REVOCATION, ENTRY INTO FORCE, TERMINATION

Illinois. Kentucky.

"a) Eligible parties to this compact are the State of Illinois and Commonwealth of Kentucky. Eligibility terminates on April 15, 1985.

"b) An eligible state becomes a party state when the state enacts the compact into law and pays the membership fee required in Article III(k)(1).

99 STAT. 1891

"c) The Commission is formed upon the appointment of Commission members and the tender of the membership fee payable to the Commission by the eligible states. The Governor of Illinois shall convene the initial meeting of the Commission. The Commission shall cause legislation to be introduced in the Congress which grants the consent of the Congress to this compact, and shall take action necessary to organize the Commission and implement the provisions of this compact.

"d) Other than the special circumstances for withdrawal in Section (f) of this Article, either party state may withdraw from this compact at any time by repealing the authorizing legislation, but no withdrawal may take effect until 5 years after the governor of the withdrawing state gives notice in writing of the withdrawal to the Commission and to the governor of the other state. Withdrawal does not affect any liability already incurred by or chargeable to a party state prior to the time of such withdrawal. Any host state which grants a disposal permit for waste generated in a withdrawing state shall void the permit when the withdrawal of that state is effective.

Effective date.

"e) This compact becomes effective July 1, 1984, or at any date subsequent to July 1, 1984, upon enactment by the eligible states. However, Article IX(b) shall not take effect until the Congress has by law consented to this compact. The Congress shall have an opportunity to withdraw such consent every 5 years. Failure of the Congress affirmatively to withdraw its consent has the effect of renewing consent for an additional 5 year period. The consent given to this compact by the Congress shall extend to the power of the region to ban the shipment of waste into the region pursuant to Article III(i)(1) and to prohibit exportation of waste generated within the region pursuant to Article III(i)(1).

Prohibition. Exports.

"f) A state which has been designated a host state may withdraw from the compact. The option to withdraw must be exercised within 90 days of the date the governor of the designated state receives written notice of the designation. Withdrawal becomes effective immediately after notice is given in the following manner. The governor of the withdrawing state shall give notice in writing to the Commission and to the governor of each party state. A state which withdraws from the compact under this Section forfeits any funds already paid pursuant to this compact. A designated host state

Effective date.

which withdraws from the compact after 90 days and prior to fulfilling its obligations shall be assessed a sum the Commission determines to be necessary to cover the costs borne by the Commission and remaining party states as a result of that withdrawal.

"ARTICLE IX. PENALTIES

"a) Each party state shall prescribe and enforce penalties against any person who is not an official of another state for violation of any provision of this compact.

"b) Unless otherwise authorized by the Commission pursuant to Article III(i), after January 1, 1986 it is a violation of this compact:

"1) for any person to deposit at a regional facility waste not generated within the region;

"2) for any regional facility to accept waste not generated within the region;

"3) for any person to export from the region waste which is generated within the region; or

99 STAT. 1892

"4) for any person to dispose of waste at a facility other than a regional facility.

Regulation

"c) Each party state acknowledges that the receipt by a host state of waste packaged or transported in violation of applicable laws, rules or regulations may result in the imposition of sanctions by the host state which may include suspension or revocation of the violator's right of access to the facility in the host state.

"d) Each party state has the right to seek legal recourse against any party state which acts in violation of this compact.

"ARTICLE X. SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION

Provisions held invalid

"The provisions of this compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of this compact is declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be contrary to the Constitution of any participating state or the United States, or if the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If any provision of this compact shall be held contrary to the Constitution of any state participating therein, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the state affected as to all severable matters.".

SEC. 225. MIDWEST INTERSTATE LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE MANAGEMENT COMPACT.

42 USC 2021d note.

Iowa.
Indiana.
Michigan.
Minnesota.
Missouri.
Ohio.
Wisconsin.

The consent of Congress is hereby given to the States of Iowa, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Ohio, and Wisconsin to enter into the Midwest Interstate Compact on Low-level Radioactive Waste Management. Such compact is as follows:

"ARTICLE I. POLICY AND PURPOSE

"There is created the Midwest Interstate Low-level Radioactive Waste Compact.

Research and development.

"The states party to this compact recognize that the Congress of the United States, by enacting the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 2021b to 2021d), has provided for and encouraged the development of low-level radioactive waste compacts as a tool for managing such waste. The party states acknowledge that the Congress has declared that each state is responsible for providing for the availability of capacity either within or outside the state for the disposal of low-level radioactive waste generated within its borders, except for waste generated as a result of certain defense activities of the federal government or federal research and development activities. The party states also recognize that the management of low-level radioactive waste is handled most efficiently on a regional basis; and, that the safe and efficient management of low-level radioactive waste generated within the region requires that sufficient capacity to manage such waste be properly provided.

"a. It is the policy of the party states to enter into a regional low-level radioactive waste management compact for the purpose of:

"1. Providing the instrument and framework for a cooperative effort;

"2. Providing sufficient facilities for the proper management of low-level radioactive waste generated in the region;

99 STAT. 1893

Health.
Safety.

"3. Protecting the health and safety of the citizens of the region;

"4. Limiting the number of facilities required to effectively and efficiently manage low-level radioactive waste generated in the region;

"5. Encouraging the reduction of the amounts of low-level radioactive waste generated in the region;

"6. Distributing the costs, benefits and obligations of successful low-level radioactive waste management equitably among the party states, and among generators and other persons who use regional facilities to manage their waste; and

"7. Ensuring the ecological and economical management of low-level radioactive wastes.

Regulations.

"b. Implicit in the Congressional consent to this compact is the expectation by the Congress and the party states that the appropriate federal agencies will actively assist the Compact Commission and the individual party states to this compact by:

"1. Expeditious enforcement of federal rules, regulations and laws;

"2. Imposition of sanctions against those found to be in violation of federal rules, regulations and laws; and

"3. Timely inspection of their licensees to determine their compliance with these rules, regulations and laws.

"ARTICLE II. DEFINITIONS

"As used in this compact, unless the context clearly requires a different construction:

"a. 'Care' means the continued observation of a facility after closure for the purposes of detecting a need for maintenance, ensuring environmental safety, and determining compliance with applicable licensure and regulatory requirements and including the correction of problems which are detected as a result of that observation.

"b. 'Commission' means the Midwest Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Commission.

"c. 'Decommissioning' means the measures taken at the end of a facility's operating life to assure the continued protection of the public from any residual radioactivity or other potential hazards present at a facility.

"d. 'Disposal' means the isolation of waste from the biosphere in a permanent facility designed for that purpose.

"e. 'Eligible state' means a state qualified to be a party state to this compact as provided in Article VIII.

"f. 'Facility' means a parcel of land or site, together with the structures, equipment and improvements on or appurtenant to the land or site, which is used or is being developed for the treatment, storage or disposal of low-level radioactive waste.

"g. 'Generator' means any person who produces or possesses low-level radioactive waste in the course of or incident to manufacturing, power generation, processing, medical diagnosis and treatment, research, or other industrial or commercial activity and who, to the extent required by law, is licensed by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission or a party state, to produce or possess such waste. Generator does not include a person who provides a service by arranging for the collection, transportation, treatment, storage or disposal of wastes generated outside the region.

99 STAT. 1894

"h. 'Host state' means any state which is designated by the Commission to host a regional facility.

"i. 'Low-level radioactive waste' or 'waste' means radioactive waste not classified as high-level radioactive waste, transuranic waste, spent nuclear fuel or by-product material as defined in Section 11(e)(2) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014).

"j. 'Management plan' means the plan adopted by the Commission for the storage, transportation, treatment and disposal of waste within the region.

"k. 'Party state' means any eligible state which enacts the compact into law.

"l. 'Person' means any individual, corporation, business enterprise or other legal entity either public or private and any legal successor, representative, agent or agency of that individual, corporation, business enterprise, or legal entity.

"m. 'Region' means the area of the party states.

"n. 'Regional facility' means a facility which is located within the region and which is established by a party state pursuant to designation of that state as a host state by the Commission.

"o. 'Site' means the geographic location of a facility.

"p. 'State' means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands or any other territorial possession of the United States.

"q. 'Storage' means the temporary holding of waste for treatment or disposal.

"r. 'Treatment' means any method, technique or process, including storage for radioactive decay, designed to change the physical, chemical or biological characteristics or composition of any waste in order to render the waste safer for transport or management, amenable to recovery, convertible to another usable material, or reduced in volume.

"s. 'Waste management' means the storage, transportation, treatment, or disposal of waste.

"ARTICLE III. THE COMMISSION

Midwest Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Commission, establishment.

"a. There is hereby created the Midwest Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Commission. The Commission consists of one voting member from each party state. The Governor of each party state shall notify the Commission in writing of its member and any alternates. An alternate may act on behalf of the member only in that member's absence. The method for selection and the expenses of each Commission member shall be the responsibility of the member's respective state.

Prohibition.

"b. Each Commission member is entitled to one vote. No action of the Commission is binding unless a majority of the total membership cast their vote in the affirmative.

"c. The Commission shall elect annually from among its members a chairperson. The Commission shall adopt and publish, in convenient form, bylaws, and policies which are not inconsistent with this compact, including procedures which substantially conform with the provisions of federal law on administrative procedure compiled at 5 U.S.C. 500 to 559 in regard to notice, conduct and recording of meetings; access by the public to records; provision of information to the public; conduct of adjudicatory hearings; and issuance of decisions.

99 STAT. 1895

"d. The Commission shall meet at least once annually and shall also meet upon the call of the chairperson or a Commission member.

"e. All meetings of the Commission shall be open to the public with reasonable advance notice. The Commission may, by majority vote, close a meeting to the public for the purpose of considering sensitive personnel or legal strategy matters. However, all Commission actions and decisions shall be made in open meetings and appropriately recorded.

"f. The Commission may establish advisory committees for the purpose of advising the Commission on any matters pertaining to waste management.

Contracts.

"g. The office of the Commission shall be in a party state. The Commission may appoint or contract for and compensate such limited staff necessary to carry out its duties and functions. The staff shall serve at the Commission's pleasure with the exception that staff hired as the result of securing federal funds shall be hired and governed under applicable federal statutes and regulations. In selecting any staff, the Commission shall assure that the staff has adequate experience and formal training to carry out the functions assigned to it by the Commission.

"h. The Commission may:

Contracts.

"1. Enter into an agreement with any person, state, or group of states for the right to use regional facilities for waste generated outside of the region and for the right to use facilities outside the region for waste generated within the region. The right of any person to use a regional facility for waste generated outside of the region requires an affirmative vote of a majority of the Commission, including the affirmative vote of the member of the host state in which any affected regional facility is located.

"2. Approve the disposal of waste generated within the region at a facility other than a regional facility.

Reports.

"3. Appear as an intervenor or party in interest before any court of law or any federal, state or local agency, board or commission in any matter related to waste management. In order to represent its views, the Commission may arrange for any expert testimony, reports, evidence or other participation.

"4. Review the emergency closure of a regional facility, determine the appropriateness of that closure, and take whatever actions are necessary to ensure that the interests of the region are protected.

"5. Take any action which is appropriate and necessary to perform its duties and functions as provided in this compact.

"6. Suspend the privileges or revoke the membership of a party state by a two-thirds vote of the membership in accordance with Article VIII.

"i. The Commission shall:

"1. Receive and act on the petition of a nonparty state to become an eligible state.

Report.

"2. Submit an annual report to, and otherwise communicate with, the governors and the appropriate officers of the legislative bodies of the party states regarding the activities of the Commission.

"3. Hear, negotiate, and, as necessary, resolve by final decision disputes which may arise between the party states regarding this compact.

99 STAT. 1896

"4. Adopt and amend, by a two-thirds vote of the membership, in accordance with the procedures and criteria developed pursuant to Article IV, a regional management plan which designates host states for the establishment of needed regional facilities.

"5. Adopt an annual budget.

"j. Funding of the budget of the Commission shall be provided as follows:

"1. Each state, upon becoming a party state, shall pay $50,000 or $1,000 per cubic meter of waste shipped from that state in 1980, whichever is lower, to the Commission which shall be used for the administrative costs of the Commission;

"2. Each state hosting a regional facility shall levy surcharges on all users of the regional facility based upon its portion of the total volume and characteristics of wastes managed at that facility. The surcharges collected at all regional facilities shall:

"(a) Be sufficient to cover the annual budget of the Commission; and "(b) Represent the financial commitments of all party states to the Commission; and

"(c) Be paid to the Commission, provided, however, that each host state collecting surcharges may retain a portion of the collection sufficient to cover its administrative costs of collection, and that the remainder be sufficient only to cover the approved annual budget of the Commission.

Contracts.
Audit.
Report.

"k. The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The Commission shall contract with an independent certified public accountant to annually audit all receipts and disbursements of Commission funds, and to submit an audit report to the Commission. The audit report shall be made a part of the annual report of the Commission required by this Article.

Grants.

Report.

"l. The Commission may accept for any of its purposes and functions and may utilize and dispose of any donations, grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services from any state or the United States (or any subdivision or agency thereof), or interstate agency, or from any institution, person, firm or corporation. The nature, amount and condition, if any, attendant upon any donation or grant accepted or received by the Commission together with the identity of the donor, grantor or lender, shall be detailed in the annual report of the Commission.

"m. The Commission is not liable for any costs associated with any of the following:

"1. The licensing and construction of any facility,

"2. The operation of any facility,

"3. The stabilization and closure of any facility,

"4. The care of any facility,

"5. The extended institutional control, after care of any facility, or

Transportation.

"6. The transportation of waste to any facility.

"n. 1. The Commission is a legal entity separate and distinct from the party states and is liable for its actions as a separate and distinct legal entity. Liabilities of the Commission are not liabilities of the party states. Members of the Commission are not personally liable for actions taken by them in their official capacity.

Prohibition.

"2. Except as provided under sections m. and n.1. of this article, nothing in this compact alters liability for any act, omission,

99 STAT. 1897

course of conduct or liability resulting from any causal or other relationships.

"o. Any person aggrieved by a final decision of the Commission may obtain judicial review of such decision in any court of competent jurisdiction by filing in such court a petition for review within 60 days after the Commission's final decision.

"ARTICLE IV. REGIONAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

"The Commission shall adopt a regional management plan designed to ensure the safe and efficient management of waste generated within the region. In adopting a regional waste management plan the Commission shall:

Health.
Safety.

"a. Adopt procedures for determining, consistent with considerations for public health and safety, the type and number of regional facilities which are presently necessary and which are projected to be necessary to manage waste generated within the region.

"b. Develop and consider policies promoting source reduction of waste generated within the region.

"c. Develop and adopt procedures and criteria for identifying a party state as a host state for a regional facility. In developing these criteria, the Commission shall consider all the following:

Health.
Safety.

"1. The health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of the party states.

"2. The existence of regional facilities within each party state.

Transportation.

"3. The minimization of waste transportation.

"4. The volumes and types of wastes generated within each party state.

"5. The environmental, economic, and ecological impacts on the air, land and water resources of the party states.

Reports. Studies.

"d. Conduct such hearings, and obtain such reports, studies, evidence and testimony required by its approved procedures prior to identifying a party state as a host state for a needed regional facility.

"e. Prepare a draft management plan, including procedures, criteria and host states, including alternatives, which shall be made available in a convenient form to the public for comment. Upon the request of a party state, the Commission shall conduct a public hearing in that state prior to the adoption of the management plan. The management plan shall include the Commission's response to public and party state comment.

"ARTICLE V. RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF PARTY STATES

"a. Each party state shall act in good faith in the performance of acts and courses of conduct which are intended to ensure the provision of facilities for regional availability and usage in a manner consistent with this compact.

"b. Each party state has the right to have all wastes generated within its borders managed at regional facilities subject to the provisions contained in Article IX.c. All party states have an equal right of access to any facility made available to the region by any agreement entered into by the Commission pursuant to Article III.

Exports.

"c. Party states or generators may negotiate for the right of access to a facility outside the region and may export waste outside the region subject to Commission approval under Article III.

Regulations. Transportation. Prohibition.

"d. To the extent permitted by federal law, each party state may enforce any applicable federal and state laws, regulations and rules pertaining to the packaging and transportation of waste generated within or passing through its borders. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a party state to enter into any agreement with the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

"e. Each party state shall provide to the Commission any data and information the Commission requires to implement its responsibilities. Each party state shall establish the capability to obtain any data and information required by the Commission.

"ARTICLE VI. DEVELOPMENT AND OPERATION AND FACILITIES

"a. Any party state may volunteer to become a host state, and the Commission may designate that state as a host state upon a two-thirds vote of its members.

"b. If all regional facilities required by the regional management plan are not developed pursuant to section a., or upon notification that an existing regional facility will be closed, the Commission may designate a host state.

Prohibition.

"c. Each party state designated as a host state is responsible for determining possible facility locations within its borders. The selection of a facility site shall not conflict with applicable federal and host state laws, regulations and rules not inconsistent with this compact and shall be based on factors including, but not limited to, geological, environmental and economic viability of possible facility locations.

"d. Any party state designated as a host state may request the Commission to relieve that state of the responsibility to serve as a host state. The Commission may relieve a party state of this responsibility only upon a showing by the requesting party state that no feasible potential regional facility site of the type it is designated to host exists within its borders.

"e. After a state is designated a host state by the Commission, it is responsible for the timely development and operation of a regional facility.

"f. To the extent permitted by federal and state law, a host state shall regulate and license any facility within its borders and ensure the extended care of that facility.

"g. The Commission may designate a party state as a host state while a regional facility is in operation if the Commission determines that an additional regional facility is or may be required to meet the needs of the region. The Commission shall make this designation following the procedures established under Article IV.

"h. Designation of a host state is for a period of 20 years or the life of the regional facility which is established under that designation, whichever is longer. Upon request of a host state, the Commission may modify the period of its designation.

"i. A host state may establish a fee system for any regional facility within its borders. The fee system shall be reasonable and equitable. This fee system shall provide the host state with sufficient revenue to cover any cost, including but not limited to the planning, siting, licensure, operation, decommissioning, extended care and long-term liability, associated with such facilities. This fee system may also include reasonable revenue beyond costs incurred for the host state, subject to approval by the Commission. A host state shall submit an annual financial audit of the operation of the regional facility to the Commission. The fee system may include incentives for source reduction and may be based on the hazard of the waste as well as the volume.

Audit.

99 STAT. 1899

"j. A host state shall ensure that a regional facility located within its borders which is permanently closed is properly decommissioned. A host state shall also provide for the care of a closed or decommissioned regional facility within its borders so that the public health and safety of the state and region are ensured.

Health
Safety

"k. A host state intending to close a regional facility located within its borders shall notify the Commission in writing of its intention and the reasons. Notification shall be given to the Commission at least five years prior to the intended date of closure. This section shall not prevent an emergency closing of a regional facility by a host state to protect its air, land and water resources and the health and safety of its citizens. However, a host state which has an emergency closing of a regional facility shall notify the Commission in writing within three working days of its action and shall, within 30 working days of its action, demonstrate justification for the closing.

Prohibition.

"l. If a regional facility closes before an additional or new facility becomes operational, waste generated within the region may be shipped temporarily to any location agreed on by the Commission until a regional facility is operational.

"m. A party state which is designated as a host state by the Commission and fails to fulfill its obligations as a host state may have its privileges under the compact suspended or membership in the compact revoked by the Commission.

"ARTICLE VII. OTHER LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Prohibitions.

"a. Nothing in this compact:

"1. Abrogates or limits the applicability of any act of Congress or diminishes or otherwise impairs the jurisdiction of any federal agency expressly conferred thereon by the Congress;

"2. Prevents the enforcement of any other law of a party state which is not inconsistent with this compact;

"3. Prohibits any storage or treatment of waste by the generator on its own premises;

"4. Affects any administrative or judicial proceeding pending on the effective date of this compact;

"5. Alters the relations between and the respective internal responsibility of the government of a party state and its subdivisions;

Research and development.

"6. Affects the generation, treatment, storage or disposal of waste generated by the atomic energy defense activities of the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Energy or successor agencies or federal research and development activities as described in section 31 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2051); or

Transportation. Taxes.

"7. Affects the rights and powers of any party state or its political subdivisions to the extent not inconsistent with this compact, to regulate and license any facility or the transportation of waste within its borders or affects the rights and powers of any party state and its political subdivisions to tax or impose fees on the waste managed at any facility within its borders.

Contracts.

"8. Requires a party state to enter into any agreement with the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

99 STAT. 1900

"9. Alters or limits liability of transporters of waste, owners and operators of sites for their acts, omissions, conduct or relationships in accordance with applicable laws.

"b. For purposes of this compact, all state laws or parts of laws in conflict with this compact are hereby superseded to the extent of the conflict.

Prohibition. Regulations.

"c. No law, rule or regulation of a party state or of any of its subdivisions or instrumentalities may be applied in a manner which discriminates against the generators of another party state.

"ARTICLE VIII. ELIGIBLE PARTIES, WITHDRAWAL, REVOCATION, ENTRY INTO FORCE, TERMINATION

Delaware.
Illinois.
Indiana.
Iowa.
Kansas.
Kentucky.
Maryland.
Michigan.
Minnesota.
Missouri.
Nebraska.
North Dakota.
Ohio.
South Dakota.
Virginia.
Wisconsin.

"a. Eligible parties to this compact are the states of Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, Virginia and Wisconsin. Eligibility terminates on July 1, 1984.

"b. Any state not eligible for membership in the compact may petition the Commission for eligibility. The Commission may establish appropriate eligibility requirements. These requirements may include but are not limited to, an eligibility fee or designation as a host state. A petitioning state becomes eligible for membership in the compact upon the approval of the Commission, including the affirmative vote of all host states. Any state becoming eligible upon the approval of the Commission becomes a member of the compact in the same manner as any state eligible for membership at the time this compact enters into force.

"c. An eligible state becomes a party state when the state enacts the compact into law and pays the membership fee required in Article III.j.1.

"d. The Commission is formed upon the appointment of Commission members and the tender of the membership fee payable to the Commission by three party states. The Governor of the first state to enact this compact shall convene the initial meeting of the Commission. The Commission shall cause legislation to be introduced in the Congress which grants the consent of the Congress to this compact, and shall take action necessary to organize the Commission and implement the provision of this compact.

Prohibition.

"e. Any party state may withdraw from this compact by repealing the authorizing legislation but no withdrawal may take effect until five years after the governor of the withdrawing state gives notice in writing of the withdrawal to the Commission and to the governor of each party state. Withdrawal does not affect any liability already incurred by or chargeable to a party state prior to the time of such withdrawal. Any host state which grants a disposal permit for waste generated in a withdrawing state shall void the permit when the withdrawal of that state is effective.

"f. Any party state which fails to comply with the terms of this compact or fails to fulfill its obligations may have its privileges suspended or its membership in the compact revoked by the Commission in accordance with Article III.h.6. Revocation takes effect one year from the date the affected party state receives written notice from the Commission of its action. All legal rights of the affected party state established under this compact cease upon the effective date of revocation but any legal obligations of that party state arising prior to revocation continue until they are fulfilled. The chairperson of the Commission shall transmit written notice of a revocation of a party state's membership in the compact immediately following the vote of the Commission to the governor of the affected party state, all other governors of the party states and the Congress of the United States.

99 STAT. 1901

"g. This compact becomes effective upon enactment by at least three eligible states and consent to this compact by Congress. The Congress shall have an opportunity to withdraw such consent every five years. Failure of the Congress to affirmatively withdraw its consent has the effect of renewing consent for an additional five year period. The consent given to this compact by the Congress shall extend to any future admittance of new party states under sections b. and c. of this article and to the power of the Commission to ban the shipment of waste from the region pursuant to Article III.

Effective date.

"h. The withdrawal of a party state from this compact under section e. of this article or the suspension or revocation of a state's membership in this compact under section f. of this article does not affect the applicability of this compact to the remaining party states.

"i. A state which has been designated by the Commission to be a host state has 90 days from receipt by the Governor of written notice of designation to withdraw from the compact without any right to receive refund of any funds already paid pursuant to this compact, and without any further payment. Withdrawal becomes effective immediately upon notice as provided in section e. of this article. A designated host state which withdraws from the compact after 90 days and prior to fulfilling its obligations shall be assessed a sum the Commission determines to be necessary to cover the costs borne by the Commission and remaining party states as a result of that withdrawal.

"ARTICLE IX. PENALTIES

"a. Each party state shall prescribe and enforce penalties against any person who is not an official of another state for violation of any provision of this compact.

"b. Unless otherwise authorized by the Commission pursuant to Article III.h. after January 1, 1986, it is a violation of this compact:

"1. For any person to deposit at a regional facility waste not generated within the region;

"2. For any regional facility to accept waste not generated within the region;

"3. For any person to export from the region waste which is generated within the region; or

Exports.

"4. For any person to dispose of waste at a facility other than a regional facility.

"c. Each party state acknowledges that the receipt by a host state of waste packaged or transported in violation of applicable laws, rules and regulations may result in the imposition of sanctions by the host state which may include suspension or revocation of the violator's right of access to the facility in the host state.

Regulations.

"d. Each party state has the right to seek legal recourse against any party state which acts in violation of this compact.

99 STAT. 1902

"ARTICLE X. SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION

"The provisions of this compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of this compact is declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be contrary to the Constitution of any participating state or of the United States or the applicability

Provisions held invalid.

thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If any provision of this compact shall be held contrary to the Constitution of any state participating therein, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the state affected as to all severable matters.".

42 USC 2021d note.
Arizona.
Colorado.
Nevada.
New Mexico.
Utah.
Wyoming.

SEC. 226. ROCKY MOUNTAIN LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE COMPACT.

In accordance with section 4(a)(2) of the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 2021d(a)(2)), the consent of the Congress hereby is given to the States of Arizona, Colorado, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming to enter into the Rocky Mountain Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Compact. Such compact is substantially as follows:

"ROCKY MOUNTAIN LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE COMPACT

"ARTICLE I. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE

Research and development.

"(a) The party states agree that each state is responsible for providing for the management of low-level radioactive waste generated within its borders, except for waste generated as a result of defense activities of the federal government or federal research and development activities. Moreover, the party states find that the United States Congress, by enacting the 'Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act' (P. L. 96-573), has encouraged the use of interstate compacts to provide for the establishment and operation of facilities for regional management of low-level radioactive waste.

42 USC 2021b note.

Health.
Safety.

"(b) It is the purpose of the party states, by entering into an interstate compact, to establish the means for cooperative effort in managing low-level radioactive waste; to ensure the availability and economic viability of sufficient facilities for the proper and efficient management of low-level radioactive waste generated within the region while preventing unnecessary and uneconomic proliferation of such facilities; to encourage reduction of the volume of low-level radioactive waste requiring disposal within the region; to restrict management within the region of low-level radioactive waste generated outside the region; to distribute the costs, benefits and obligations of low-level radioactive waste management equitably among the party states; and by these means to promote the health, safety and welfare of the residents within the region.

"ARTICLE II. DEFINITIONS

"As used in this compact, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"(a) 'Board' means the Rocky Mountain low-level radioactive waste board;

99 STAT. 1903

"(b) 'Carrier' means a person who transports low-level waste;

"(c) 'Disposal' means the isolation of waste from the biosphere, with no intention of retrieval, such as by land burial;

"(d) 'Facility' means any property, equipment or structure used or to be used for the management of low-level waste;

"(e) 'Generate' means to produce low-level waste;

"(f) 'Host state' means a party state in which a regional facility is located or being developed;

"(g) 'Low-level waste' or 'waste' means radioactive waste other than:

"(i) Waste generated as a result of defense activities of the federal government or federal research and development activities;

"(ii) High-level waste such as irradiated reactor fuel, liquid waste from reprocessing irradiated reactor fuel, or solids into which any such liquid waste has been converted;

"(iii) Waste material containing transuranic elements with contamination levels greater than ten (10) nanocuries per gram of waste material;

"(iv) By-product material as defined in Section 11e.(2) of the 'Atomic Energy Act of 1954,' as amended November 8, 1978; or

"(v) Wastes from mining, milling, smelting or similar processing of ores and mineral-bearing material primarily for minerals other than radium.

"(h) 'Management' means collection, consolidation, storage, treatment, incineration or disposal;

"(i) 'Operator' means a person who operates a regional facility;

"(j) 'Person' means an individual, corporation, partnership or other legal entity, whether public or private;

"(k) 'Region' means the combined geographic area within the boundaries of the party states; and

"(l) 'Regional facility' means a facility within any party state which either:

"(i) has been approved as a regional facility by the board; or

"(ii) is the low-level waste facility in existence on January 1, 1982, at Beatty, Nevada. Nevada.

"ARTICLE III. RIGHTS, RESPONSIBILITIES, AND OBLIGATIONS

"(a) There shall be regional facilities sufficient to manage the low-level waste generated within the region. At least one (1) regional facility shall be open and operating in a party state other than Nevada within six (6) years after this compact becomes law in Nevada and in one (1) other state. Nevada.

"(b) Low-level waste generated within the region shall be managed at regional facilities without discrimination among the party states; provided, however, that a host state may close a regional facility when necessary for public health or safety. Health. Safety.

"(c) Each party state which, according to reasonable projections made by the board, is expected to generate twenty percent (20%) or more in cubic feet except as otherwise determined by the board of the low-level waste generated within the region has an obligation to become a host state in compliance with subsection (d) of this article.

"(d) A host state, or a party state seeking to fulfill its obligation to become a host state, shall:

99 STAT. 1904

"(i) Cause a regional facility to be developed on a timely basis as determined by the board, and secure the approval of such regional facility by the board as provided in Article IV before allowing site preparation or physical construction to begin;

"(ii) Ensure by its own law, consistent with any applicable federal law, the protection and preservation of public health and safety in the siting, design, development, licensure or other regulation, operation, closure, decommissioning and long-term care of the regional facilities within the state; Health. Safety.

"(iii) Subject to the approval of the board, ensure that charges for management of low-level waste at the regional facilities within the state are reasonable;

"(iv) Solicit comments from each other party state and the board regarding siting, design, development, licensure or other regulation, operation, closure, decommissioning and long-term care of the regional facilities within the state and respond in writing to such comments;

"(v) Submit an annual report to the board which contains projections of the anticipated future capacity and availability of the regional facilities within the state, together with other information required by the board; and Report.

"(vi) Notify the board immediately if any exigency arises requiring the possible temporary or permanent closure of a regional facility within the state at a time earlier than was projected in the state's most recent annual report to the board. Report.

Nevada.

"(e) Once a party state has served as a host state, it shall not be obligated to serve again until each other party state having an obligation under subsection (c) of this article has fulfilled that obligation. Nevada, already being a host state, shall not be obligated to serve again as a host state until every other party state has so served.

"(f) Each party state:

Transportation. Regulations.

"(i) Agrees to adopt and enforce procedures requiring low-level waste shipments originating within its borders and destined for a regional facility to conform to packaging and transportation requirements and regulations. Such procedures shall include but are not limited to:

"(A) Periodic inspection of packaging and shipping practices;

"(B) Periodic inspections of waste containers while in the custody of carriers; and

"(C) Appropriate enforcement actions with respect to violations.

Transportation. Regulations.

"(ii) Agrees that after receiving notification from a host state that a person in the party state has violated packaging, shipping or transportation requirements or regulations, it shall take appropriate action to ensure that violations do not recur. Appropriate action may include but is not limited to the requirement that a bond be posted by the violator to pay the cost of repackaging at the regional facility and the requirement that future shipments be inspected;

"(iii) May impose fees to recover the cost of the practices provided for in paragraph (i) and (ii) of this subsection;

"(iv) Shall maintain an inventory of all generators within the state that may have low-level waste to be managed at a regional facility; and

Regulations.

"(v) May impose requirements or regulations more stringent than those required by this subsection.

99 STAT. 1905

"ARTICLE IV. BOARD APPROVAL OF REGIONAL FACILITIES

"(a) Within ninety (90) days after being requested to do so by a party state, the board shall approve or disapprove a regional facility to be located within that state.

"(b) A regional facility shall be approved by the board if and only if the board determines that:

"(i) There will be, for the foreseeable future, sufficient demand to render operation of the proposed facility economically feasible without endangering the economic feasibility of operation of any other regional facility; and

"(ii) The facility will have sufficient capacity to serve the needs of the region for a reasonable period of years.

"ARTICLE V. SURCHARGES

"(a) The board shall impose a 'compact surcharge' per unit of waste received at any regional facility. The surcharge shall be adequate to pay the costs and expenses of the board in the conduct of its authorized activities and may be increased or decreased as the board deems necessary.

"(b) A host state may impose a 'state surcharge' per unit of waste received at any regional facility within the state. The host state may fix and change the amount of the state surcharge subject to approval by the board. Money received from the state surcharge may be used by the host state for any purpose authorized by its own law, including but not limited to costs of licensure and regulatory activities related to the regional facility, reserves for decommissioning and long-term care of the regional facility and local impact assistance.

"ARTICLE VI. THE BOARD

"(a) The 'Rocky Mountain low-level radioactive waste board', which shall not be an agency or instrumentality of any party state, is created.

Rocky Mountain Low-Level Radioactive Waste Board, establishment. Prohibition.

"(b) The board shall consist of one (1) member from each party state. The governor shall determine how and for what term its member shall be appointed, and how and for what term any alternate may be appointed to perform that member's duties on the board in the member's absence.

"(c) Each party state is entitled to one (1) vote. A majority of the board constitutes a quorum. Unless otherwise provided in this compact, a majority of the total number of votes on the board is necessary for the board to take any action.

"(d) The board shall meet at least once a year and otherwise as its business requires. Meetings of the board may be held in any place within the region deemed by the board to be reasonably convenient for the attendance of persons required or entitled to attend and where adequate accommodations may be found. Reasonable public notice and opportunity for comment shall be given with respect to any meeting; provided, however, that nothing in this subsection shall preclude the board from meeting in executive session when seeking legal advice from its attorneys or when discussing the employment, discipline or termination of any of its employees.

99 STAT. 1906

"(e) The board shall pay necessary travel and reasonable per diem expenses of its members, alternates, and advisory committee members.

"(f) The board shall organize itself for the efficient conduct of its business. It shall adopt and publish rules consistent with this compact regarding its organization and procedures. In special circumstances the board, with unanimous consent of its members, may take actions by telephone; provided, however, that any action taken by telephone shall be confirmed in writing by each member within thirty (30) days. Any action taken by telephone shall be noted in the minutes of the board.

"(g) The board may use for its purposes the services of any personnel or other resources which may be offered by any party state.

"(h) The board may establish its offices in space provided for that purpose by any of the party states, or, if space is not provided or is deemed inadequate, in any space within the region selected by the board.

Contracts.

"(i) Consistent with available funds, the board may contract for necessary personnel services to carry out its duties. Staff shall be employed without regard for the personnel, civil service, or merit system laws of any of the party states and shall serve at the pleasure of the board. The board may provide appropriate employee benefit programs for its staff.

"(j) The board shall establish a fiscal year which conforms to the extent practicable to the fiscal years of the party states.

Audit. Report.

"(k) The board shall keep an accurate account of all receipts and disbursements. An annual audit of the books of the board shall be conducted by an independent certified public accountant, and the audit report shall be made a part of the annual report of the board.

Report.

"(l) The board shall prepare and include in the annual report a budget showing anticipated receipts and disbursements for the ensuing year.

"(m) Upon legislative enactment of this compact, each party state shall consider the need to appropriate seventy thousand dollars ($70,000.00) to the board to support its activities prior to the collection of sufficient funds through the compact surcharge imposed pursuant to subsection (a) of article V of this compact.

Grants. Report.

"(n) The board may accept any donations, grants, equipment, supplies, materials or services, conditional or otherwise, from any source. The nature, amount and condition, if any, attendant upon any donation, grant or other resources accepted pursuant to this subsection, together with the identity of the donor or grantor, shall be detailed in the annual report of the board.

"(o) In addition to the powers and duties conferred upon the board pursuant to other provisions of this compact, the board:

Report.

"(i) Shall submit communications to the governors and to the presiding officers of the legislatures of the party states regarding the activities of the board, including an annual report to be submitted by December 15;

"(ii) May assemble and make available to the governments of the party states and to the public through its members information concerning low-level waste management needs, technologies and problems;

"(iii) Shall keep a current inventory of all generators within the region, based upon information provided by the party states;

"(iv) Shall keep a current inventory of all regional facilities, including information on the size, capacity, location, specific wastes capable of being managed and the projected useful life of each regional facility;

"(v) May keep a current inventory of all low-level waste facilities in the region, based upon information provided by the party states;

"(vi) Shall ascertain on a continuing basis the needs for regional facilities and capacity to manage each of the various classes of low-level waste;

"(vii) May develop a regional low-level waste management plan;

"(viii) May establish such advisory committees as it deems necessary for the purpose of advising the board on matters pertaining to the management of low-level waste;

Contracts.
Prohibition.

"(ix) May contract as it deems appropriate to accomplish its duties and effectuate its powers, subject to its projected available resources; but no contract made by the board shall bind any party state;

"(x) Shall make suggestions to appropriate officials of the party states to ensure that adequate emergency response programs are available for dealing with any exigency that might arise with respect to low-level waste transportation or management;

"(xi) Shall prepare contingency plans, with the cooperation and approval of the host state, for management of low-level waste in the event any regional facility should be closed;

Records.

"(xii) May examine all records of operators of regional facilities pertaining to operating costs, profits or the assessment or collection of any charge, fee or surcharge;

"(xiii) Shall have the power to sue; and

"(xiv) When authorized by unanimous vote of its members, may intervene as of right in any administrative or judicial proceeding involving low-level waste.

"ARTICLE VII. PROHIBITED ACTS AND PENALTIES

"(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to dispose of low-level waste within the region, except at a regional facility; provided, however, that a generator who, prior to January 1, 1982, had been disposing of only his own waste on his own property may, subject to applicable federal and state law, continue to do so.

Exports.

"(b) After January 1, 1986, it shall be unlawful for any person to export low-level waste which was generated within the region outside the region unless authorized to do so by the board. In determining whether to grant such authorization, the factors to be considered by the board shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

"(i) The economic impact of the export of the waste on the regional facilities;

"(ii) The economic impact on the generator of refusing to permit the export of the waste; and "(iii) The availability of a regional facility appropriate for the disposal of the waste involved.

"(c) After January 1, 1986, it shall be unlawful for any person to manage any low-level waste within the region unless the waste was generated within the region or unless authorized to do so both by the board and by the state in which said management takes place. 99 STAT. 1908 In determining whether to grant such authorization, the factors to be considered by the board shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

"(i) the impact of importing waste on the available capacity and projected life of the regional facilities; Imports.

"(ii) the economic impact on the regional facilities; and

"(iii) the availability of a regional facility appropriate for the disposal of the type of waste involved.

"(d) It shall be unlawful for any person to manage at a regional facility any radioactive waste other than low-level waste as defined in this compact, unless authorized to do so both by the board and the host state. In determining whether to grant such authorization, the factors to be considered by the board shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

"(i) the impact of allowing such management on the available capacity and projected life of the regional facilities;

"(ii) the availability of a facility appropriate for the disposal of the type of waste involved;

"(iii) the existence of transuranic elements in the waste; and

"(iv) the economic impact on the regional facilities.

"(e) Any person who violates subsection (a) or (b) of this article shall be liable to the board for a civil penalty not to exceed ten (10) times the charges which would have been charged for disposal of the waste at a regional facility.

"(f) Any person who violates subsection (c) or (d) of this article shall be liable to the board for a civil penalty not to exceed ten (10) times the charges which were charged for management of the waste at a regional facility.

"(g) The civil penalties provided for in subsections (e) and (f) of this article may be enforced and collected in any court of general jurisdiction within the region where necessary jurisdiction is obtained by an appropriate proceeding commenced on behalf of the board by the attorney general of the party state wherein the proceeding is brought or by other counsel authorized by the board. In any such proceeding, the board, if it prevails, is entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees as part of its costs.

"(h) Out of any civil penalty collected for a violation of subsection (a) or (b) of this article, the board shall pay to the appropriate operator a sum sufficient in the judgment of the board to compensate the operator for any loss of revenue attributable to the violation. Such compensation may be subject to state and compact surcharges as if received in the normal course of the operator's business. The remainder of the civil penalty collected shall be allocated by the board. In making such allocation, the board shall give first priority to the needs of the long-term care funds in the region.

"(i) Any civil penalty collected for a violation of subsection (c) or (d) of this article shall be allocated by the board. In making such allocation, the board shall give first priority to the needs of the long-term care funds in the region.

"(j) Violations of subsection (a), (b), (c), or (d) of this article may be enjoined by any court of general jurisdiction within the region where necessary jurisdiction is obtained in any appropriate proceeding commenced on behalf of the board by the attorney general of the party state wherein the proceeding is brought or by other counsel authorized by the board. In any such proceeding, the board, if it 99 STAT. 1909 prevails, is entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees as part of its costs.

Prohibition.

"(k) No state attorney general shall be required to bring any proceeding under any subsection of this article, except upon his consent.

"ARTICLE VIII. ELIGIBILITY, ENTRY INTO EFFECT, CONGRESSIONAL CONSENT, WITHDRAWAL, EXCLUSION

Arizona.
Colorado.
Nevada.
New Mexico.
Utah.
Wyoming.

"(a) Arizona, Colorado, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming are eligible to become parties to this compact. Any other state may be made eligible by unanimous consent of the board.

"(b) An eligible state may become a party state by legislative enactment of this compact or by executive order of its governor adopting this compact; provided, however, a state becoming a party by executive order shall cease to be a party state upon adjournment of the first general session of its legislature convened thereafter, unless before such adjournment the legislature shall have enacted this compact.

Effective date.

"(c) This compact shall take effect when it has been enacted by the legislatures of two (2) eligible states. However, subsections (b) and (c) of article VII shall not take effect until Congress has by law consented to this compact. Every five (5) years after such consent has been given, Congress may by law withdraw its consent.

Nevada.

"(d) A state which has become a party state by legislative enactment may withdraw by legislation repealing its enactment of this compact; but no such repeal shall take effect until two (2) years after enactment of the repealing legislation. If the withdrawing state is a host state, any regional facility in that state shall remain available to receive low-level waste generated within the region until five (5) years after the effective date of the withdrawal; provided, however, this provision shall not apply to the existing facility in Beatty, Nevada.

"(e) A party state may be excluded from this compact by a two-thirds (⅔) vote of the members representing the other party states, acting in a meeting, on the ground that the state to be excluded has failed to carry out its obligation under this compact. Such an exclusion may be terminated upon a two-thirds (⅔) vote of the members acting in a meeting.

"ARTICLE IX. CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY

"(a) The provisions of this compact shall be broadly construed to carry out the purposes of the compact.

Prohibition.

"(b) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to affect any judicial proceeding pending on the effective date of this compact.

Provisions held invalid.

"(c) If any part or application of this compact is held invalid, the remainder, or its application to other situations or persons, shall not be affected.".

42 USC 2021d note.

SEC. 227. NORTHEAST INTERSTATE LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE MANAGEMENT COMPACT.

Connecticut.
New Jersey.
Delaware.
Maryland.
42 USC 2021d.

In accordance with section 4(a)(2) of the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act, the consent of the Congress is hereby given to the States of Connecticut, New Jersey, Delaware, and Maryland to enter into the Northeast Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Management Compact. Such compact is substantially as follows:

"ARTICLE I. POLICY AND PURPOSE

Research and development.

"There is hereby created the Northeast Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Management Compact. The party states recognize that the Congress has declared that each state is responsible for providing for the availability of capacity, either within or outside its borders, for disposal of low-level radioactive waste generated within its borders, except for waste generated as a result of atomic energy defense activities of the federal government, as defined in the Low-

42 USC 2021b note.

Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act (P.L. 96-573, 'The Act'), or federal research and development activities. They also recognize that the management of low-level radioactive waste is handled most efficiently on a regional basis. The party states further recognize that the Congress of the United States, by enacting the Act has provided for and encouraged the development of regional low-level radioactive waste compacts to manage such waste. The party states recognize that the long-term, safe and efficient management of low-level radioactive waste generated within the region requires that sufficient capacity to manage such waste be properly provided.

Health. Safety.

"In order to promote the health and safety of the region, it is the policy of the party states to: enter into a regional low-level radioactive waste management compact as a means of facilitating an interstate cooperative effort, provide for proper transportation of low-level waste generated in the region, minimize the number of facilities required to effectively and efficiently manage low-level radioactive waste generated in the region, encourage the reduction of the amounts of low-level waste generated in the region, distribute the costs, benefits, and obligations of proper low-level radioactive waste management equitably among the party states, and ensure the environmentally sound and economical management of low-level radioactive waste.

"ARTICLE II. DEFINITIONS

"As used in this compact, unless the context clearly requires a different construction:

"a. 'commission' means the Northeast Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Commission established pursuant to Article IV of this compact;

"b. 'custodial agency' means the agency of the government designated to act on behalf of the government owner of the regional facility;

"c. 'disposal' means the isolation of low-level radioactive waste from the biosphere inhabited by man and his food chains;

"d. 'facility' means a parcel of land, together with the structures, equipment and improvements thereon or appurtenant thereto, which is used or is being developed for the treatment, storage or disposal of low-level waste, but shall not include on-site treatment or storage by a generator;

"e. 'generator' means a person who produces or processes low-level waste, but does not include persons who only provide a service by arranging for the collection, transportation, treatment, storage or disposal of wastes generated outside the region;

"f. 'high-level waste' means 1) the highly radioactive material resulting from the reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel, including liquid waste produced directly in reprocessing and any solid material derived from such liquid waste that contains fission 99 STAT. 1911 products in sufficient concentration; and 2) any other highly radioactive material determined by the federal government as requiring permanent isolation;

"g. 'host state' means a party state in which a regional facility is located or being developed;

"h. 'institutional control' means the continued observation, monitoring, and care of the regional facility following transfer of control of the regional facility from the operator to the custodial agency;

"i. 'low-level waste' means radioactive waste that 1) is neither high-level waste nor transuranic waste, nor spent nuclear fuel, nor by-product material as defined in section 11e (2) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 as amended; and 2) is classified by the federal government as low-level waste, consistent with existing law; but does not include waste generated as a result of atomic energy defense activities of the federal government, as defined in P.L. 96-573, or federal research and development activities;

"j. 'party state' means any state which is a signatory party in good standing to this compact;

"k. 'person' means an individual, corporation, business enterprise or other legal entity, either public or private and their legal successors;

"l. 'post-closure observation and maintenance' means the continued monitoring of a closed regional facility to ensure the integrity and environmental safety of the site through compliance with applicable licensing and regulatory requirements; prevention of unwarranted intrusion, and correction of problems;

"m. 'region' means the entire area of the party states;

"n. 'regional facility' means a facility as defined in this section which has been designated or accepted by the Commission;

"o. 'state' means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands or any other territory subject to the laws of the United States;

"p. 'storage' means the holding of waste for treatment or disposal;

"q. 'transuranic waste' means waste material containing radionuclides with an atomic number greater than 92 which are excluded from shallow land burial by the federal government;

"r. 'treatment' means any method, technique or process, including storage for decay, designed to change the physical, chemical or biological characteristics or composition of any waste in order to render such waste safer for transport or disposal, amenable for recovery, convertible to another usable material or reduced in volume;

"s. 'waste' means low-level radioactive waste as defined in this section;

"t. 'waste management' means the storage, treatment, transportation, and disposal, where applicable, of waste.

"ARTICLE III. RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

"a. There shall be provided within the region one or more regional facilities which, together with such other facilities as may be made available to the region, will provide sufficient capacity to manage all wastes generated within the region.

99 STAT. 1912

"1. Regional facilities shall be entitled to waste generated within the region, unless otherwise provided by the Commission. To the extent regional facilities are available, no waste generated within a party state shall be exported to facilities outside the region unless such exportation is approved by the Commission and the affected host state(s).

Prohibition. Exports.

"2. After January 1, 1986, no person shall deposit at a regional facility waste generated outside the region, and further, no regional facility shall accept waste generated outside the region, unless approved by the Commission and the affected host state(s).

Prohibition.

"b. The rights, responsibilities and obligations of each party state to this compact are as follows:

"1. Each party state shall have the right to have all wastes generated within its borders managed at regional facilities, and shall have the right of access to facilities made available to the region through agreements entered into by the Commission pursuant to Article IV(i)(11). The right of access by a generator within a party state to any regional facility is limited by the generator's adherence to applicable state and federal laws and regulations and the provisions of this compact.

Transportation. Regulations.

"2. To the extent not prohibited by federal law, each party state shall institute procedures which will require shipments of low-level waste generated within or passing through its borders to be consistent with applicable federal packaging and transportation regulations and applicable host state packaging and transportation regulations for management of low-level waste; provided, however, that these practices shall not impose unreasonable, burdensome impediments to the management of low-level waste in the region. Upon notification by a host state that a generator, shipper, or carrier within the party state is in violation of applicable packaging or transportation regulations, the party state shall take appropriate action to ensure that such violations do not recur.

"3. Each party state may impose reasonable fees upon generators, shippers, or carriers to recover the cost of inspections and other practices under this compact.

"4. Each party state shall encourage generators within its borders to minimize the volumes of waste requiring disposal.

"5. Each party state has the right to rely on the good faith performance by every other party state of acts which ensure the provision of facilities for regional availability and their use in a manner consistent with this compact.

"6. Each party state shall provide to the Commission any data and information necessary for the implementation of the Commission's responsibilities, and shall establish the capability to obtain any data and information necessary to meet its obligation as herein defined.

"7. Each party state shall have the capability to host a regional facility in a timely manner and to ensure the post-closure observation and maintenance, and institutional control of any regional facility within its borders.

Prohibition.
Transportation.

"8. No non-host party state shall be liable for any injury to persons or property resulting from the operation of a regional facility or the transportation of waste to a regional facility; however, if the host state itself is the operator of the regional facility, its liability shall be that of any private operator.

99 STAT. 1913

"c. The rights, responsibilities and obligations of a host state are as follows:

"1. To the extent not prohibited by federal law, a host state shall ensure the timely development and the safe operation, closure, post-closure observation and maintenance, and institutional control of any regional facility within its borders.

Prohibition.

"2. In accordance with procedures established in Articles V and IX, the host state shall provide for the establishment of a reasonable structure of fees sufficient to cover all costs related to the development, operation, closure, post-closure observation and maintenance, and institutional control of a regional facility. It may also establish surcharges to cover the regulatory costs, incentives, and compensation associated with a regional facility; provided, however, that without the express approval of the Commission, no distinction in fees or surcharges shall be made between persons of the several states party to this compact.

Regulations.
Prohibition.

"3. To the extent not prohibited by federal law, a host state may establish requirements and regulations pertaining to the management of waste at a regional facility; provided, however, that such requirements shall not impose unreasonable impediments to the management of low-level waste within the region. Nor may a host state or a subdivision impose such restrictive requirements on the siting or operation of a regional facility that, along or as a whole, they serve as unreasonable barriers or prohibitions to the siting or operation of such a facility.

Report.
Audit.

"4. Each host state shall submit to the Commission annually a report concerning each operating regional facility within its borders. The report shall contain projections of the anticipated future capacity and availability of the regional facility, a financial audit of its operations, and other information as may be required by the Commission; and in the case of regional facilities in institutional control or otherwise no longer operating, the host states shall furnish such information as may be required on the facilities still subject to their jurisdiction.

Report.

Studies.

"5. A host state shall notify the Commission immediately if any exigency arises which requires the permanent, temporary, or possible closure of any regional facility located therein at a time earlier than projected in its most recent annual report to the Commission. The Commission may conduct studies, hold hearings, or take such other measures to ensure that the actions taken are necessary and compatible with the obligations of the host state under this compact.

"ARTICLE IV. THE COMMISSION

Northeast Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Commission, establishment.

"a. There is hereby created the Northeast Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Commission. The Commission shall consist of one member from each party state to be appointed by the Governor according to procedures of each party state, except that a host state shall have two members during the period that it has an operating regional facility. The Governor shall notify the Commission in writing of the identity of the member and one alternate, who may act on behalf of the member only in the member's absence.

Prohibition.

"b. Each Commission member shall be entitled to one vote. No action of the Commission shall be binding unless a majority of the total membership cast their vote in the affirmative.

Regulations.

"c. The Commission shall elect annually from among its members a presiding officer and such other officers as it deems appropriate. The Commission shall adopt and publish, in convenient form, such rules and regulations as are necessary for due process in the performance of its duties and powers under this compact.

"d. The Commission shall meet at least once a year and shall also meet upon the call of the presiding officer, or upon the call of a party state member.

"e. All meetings of the Commission shall be open to the public with reasonable prior public notice. The Commission may, by majority vote, close a meeting to the public for the purpose of considering sensitive personnel or legal matters. All Commission actions and decisions shall be made in open meetings and appropriately recorded. A roll call vote may be required upon request of any party state or the presiding officer.

"f. The Commission may establish such committees as it deems necessary.

Contracts.

"g. The Commission may appoint, contract for, and compensate such limited staff as it determines necessary to carry out its duties and functions. The staff shall serve at the Commission's pleasure irrespective of the civil service, personnel or other merit laws of any of the party states or the federal government and shall be compensated from funds of the Commission.

"h. The Commission shall adopt an annual budget for its operations.

"i. The Commission shall have the following duties and powers:

"1. The Commission shall receive and act on the application of a non-party state to become an eligible state in accordance with Article VII(e).

"2. The Commission shall receive and act on the application of an eligible state to become a party state in accordance with Article VII(b).

Report.

"3. The Commission shall submit an annual report to and otherwise communicate with the governors and the presiding officer of each body of the legislature of the party states regarding the activities of the Commission.

"4. Upon request of party states, the Commission shall mediate disputes which arise between the party states regarding this compact.

"5. The Commission shall develop, adopt and maintain a regional management plan to ensure safe and effective management of waste within the region, pursuant to Article V.

Report.
Studies.

"6. The Commission may conduct such legislative or adjudicatory hearings, and require such reports, studies, evidence and testimony as are necessary to perform its duties and functions.

Regulation.

"7. The Commission shall establish by regulation, after public notice and opportunity for comment, such procedural regulations as deemed necessary to ensure efficient operation, the orderly gathering of information, and the protection of the rights of due process of affected persons.

"8. In accordance with the procedures and criteria set forth in Article V, the Commission shall accept a host state's proposed facility as a regional facility.

99 STAT. 1915

"9. In accordance with the procedures and criteria set forth in Article V, the Commission may designate, by a two-thirds vote, host states for the establishment of needed regional facilities. The Commission shall not exercise this authority unless the party states have failed to voluntarily pursue the development of such facilities.

Prohibition.

"10. The Commission may require of and obtain from party states, eligible states seeking to become party states, and non-party states seeking to become eligible states, data and information necessary for the implementation of Commission responsibilities.

Contracts.
Imports.

"11. The Commission may enter into agreements with any person, state, regional body, or group of states for the importation of waste into the region and for the right of access to facilities outside the region for waste generated within the region. Such authorization to import requires a two-thirds majority vote of the Commission, including an affirmative vote of the representatives of the host state in which any affected regional facility is located. This shall be done only after the Commission and the host state have made an assessment of the affected facilities' capability to handle such wastes and of relevant environmental, economic, and public health factors, as defined by the appropriate regulatory authorities.

Exports.

"12. The Commission may, upon petition, grant an individual generator or group of generators in the region the right to export wastes to a facility located outside the region. Such grant of right shall be for a period of time and amount of waste and on such other terms and conditions as determined by the Commission and approved by the affected host states.

"13. The Commission may appear as an intervenor or party in interest before any court of law, federal, state or local agency, board or commission that has jurisdiction over the management of wastes. Such authority to intervene or otherwise appear shall be exercised only after a two-thirds vote of the Commission. In order to represent its views, the Commission may arrange for any expert testimony, reports, evidence or other participation as it deems necessary.

Report.

"14. The Commission may impose sanctions, including but not limited to, fines, suspension of privileges and revocation of the membership of a party state in accordance with Article VII. The Commission shall have the authority to revoke, in accordance with Article VII(g), the membership of a party state that creates unreasonable barriers to the siting of a needed regional facility or refuses to accept host state responsibilities upon designation by the Commission.

Regulation.

"15. The Commission shall establish by regulation criteria for and shall review the fee and surcharge systems in accordance with Articles V and IX.

"16. The Commission shall review the capability of party states to ensure the siting, operation, post-closure observation and maintenance, and institutional control of any facility within its borders.

"17. The Commission shall review the compact legislation every five years prior to federal congressional review provided for in the Act, and may recommend legislative action.

Regulations.

"18. The Commission has the authority to develop and provide to party states such rules, regulations and guidelines as it deems appropriate for the efficient, consistent, fair and reasonable implementation of the compact.

99 STAT. 1916

"j. There is hereby established a Commission operating account. The Commission is authorized to expend monies from such account for the expenses of any staff and consultants designated under section (g) of this Article and for official Commission business. Financial support of the Commission account shall be provided as follows:

"1. Each eligible state, upon becoming a party state, shall pay $70,000 to the Commission, which shall be used for administrative cost of the Commission.

"2. The Commission shall impose a 'commission surcharge' per unit of waste received at any regional facility as provided in Article V.

"3. Until such time as at least one regional facility is in operation and accepting waste for management, or to the extent that revenues under paragraphs (1) and (2) of this section are unavailable or insufficient to cover the approved annual budget of the Commission, each party state shall pay an apportioned amount of the difference between the funds available and the total budget in accordance with the following formula:

"(a) 20 percent in equal shares;

"(b) 30 percent in the proportion that the population of the party state bears to the total population of all party states, according to the most recent U.S. census;

"(c) 50 percent in the proportion that the waste generated for management in each party state bears to the total waste generated for management in the region for the most recent calendar year in which reliable data are available, as determined by the Commission.

Audit.
Report.

"k. The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. An independent certified public accountant shall annually audit all receipts and disbursements of Commission accounts and funds and submit an audit report to the Commission. Such audit report shall be made a part of the annual report of the Commission required by Article IV(i)(3).

Loans.
Grants.

Report.

"l. The Commission may accept, receive, utilize and dispose for any of its purposes and functions any and all donations, loans, grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services (conditional or otherwise) from any state or the United States or any subdivision or agency thereof, or interstate agency, or from any institution, person, firm or corporation. The nature, amount and condition, if any, attendant upon any donation, loans, or grant accepted pursuant to this paragraph, together with the identity of the donor, grantor, or lender, shall be detailed in the annual report of the Commission. The Commission shall by rule establish guidelines for the acceptance of donations, loans, grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services. This shall provide that no donor, grantor or lender may derive unfair or unreasonable advantage in any proceeding before the Commission.

Prohibitions.

"m. The Commission herein established is a body corporate and politic, separate and distinct from the party states and shall be so liable for its own actions. Liabilities of the Commission shall not be deemed liabilities of the party states, nor shall members of the Commission be personally liable for action taken by them in their official capacity.

"1. The Commission shall not be responsible for any costs or expenses associated with the creation, operation, closure, post-closure observation and maintenance, and institutional control of any regional facility, or any associated regulatory activities of the party states.

"2. Except as otherwise provided herein, this compact shall not be construed to alter the incidence of liability of any kind for any act, omission, or course of conduct. Generators, shippers and carriers of wastes, and owners and operators of sites shall be liable for their acts, omissions, conduct, or relationships in accordance with all laws relating thereto.

Courts, U.S. District of Columbia

"n. The United States district courts in the District of Columbia shall have original jurisdiction of all actions brought by or against the Commission. Any such action initiated in a state court shall be removed to the designated United States district court in the manner provided by Act of June 25, 1948 as amended (28 U.S.C. § 1446). This section shall not alter the jurisdiction of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit to review the final administrative decisions of the Commission as set forth in the paragraph below.

Prohibition.

Courts, U.S.

"o. The United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit shall have jurisdiction to review the final administrative decisions of the Commission.

"1. Any person aggrieved by a final administrative decision may obtain review of the decision by filing a petition for review within 60 days after the Commission's final decision.

"2. In the event that review is sought of the Commission's decision relative to the designation of a host state, the Court of Appeals shall accord the matter an expedited review, and, if the Court does not rule within 90 days after a petition for review has been filed, the Commission's decision shall be deemed to be affirmed.

Prohibition.

"3. The courts shall not substitute their judgment for that of the Commission as to the decisions of policy or weight of the evidence on questions of fact. The Court may affirm the decision of the Commission or remand the case for further proceedings if it finds that the petitioners has been aggrieved because the finding, inferences, conclusions or decisions of the Commission are:

"a. in violation of the Constitution of the United States;

"b. in excess of the authority granted to the Commission by this compact;

"c. made upon unlawful procedure to the detriment of any person;

"d. arbitrary or capricious or characterized by abuse of discretion or clearly unwarranted exercise of discretion.

Regulations.

"4. The Commission shall be deemed to be acting in a legislative capacity except in those instances where it decides, pursuant to its rules and regulations, that its determinations are adjudicatory in nature.

"ARTICLE V. HOST STATE SELECTION AND DEVELOPMENT AND OPERATION OF REGIONAL FACILITIES

"a. The Commission shall develop, adopt, maintain, and implement a regional management plan to ensure the safe and efficient management of waste within the region. The plan shall include the following:

"1. a current inventory of all generators within the region;

"2. a current inventory of all facilities within the region, including information on the size, capacity, location, specific waste being handled, and projected useful life of each facility;

Health. Safety.

"3. consistent with considerations for public health and safety as defined by appropriate regulatory authorities, a determination of the type and number of regional facilities which are presently necessary and projected to be necessary to manage waste generated within the region;

"4. reference guidelines, as defined by appropriate regulatory authorities, for the party states for establishing the criteria and procedures to evaluate locations for regional facilities.

"b. The Commission shall develop and adopt criteria and procedures for reviewing a party state which volunteers to host a regional facility within its borders. These criteria shall be developed with public notice and shall include the following factors: the capability of the volunteering party state to host a regional facility in a timely manner and to ensure its post-closure observation and maintenance, and institutional control; and the anticipated economic feasibility of the proposed facility.

"1. Any party state may volunteer to host a regional facility within its borders. The Commission may set terms and conditions to encourage a party state to volunteer to be the first host state.

"2. Consistent with the review required above, the Commission shall, upon a two-thirds affirmative vote, designate a volunteering party state to serve as a host state.

"c. If all regional facilities required by the regional management plan are not developed pursuant to section (b), or upon notification that an existing facility will be closed, or upon determination that an additional regional facility is or may be required, the Commission shall convene to consider designation of a host state.

"1. The Commission shall develop and adopt procedures for designating a party state to be a host state for a regional facility. The Commission shall base its decision on the following criteria:

Health. Safety.

"a. the health, safety and welfare of citizens of the party states as defined by the appropriate regulatory authorities;

"b. the environmental, economic, and social effects of a regional facility on the party states;

The Commission shall also base its decision on the following criteria:

"c. economic benefits and costs;

"d. the volumes and types of waste generated within each party state;

Transportation.

"e. the minimization of waste transportation; and

"f. the existence of regional facilities within the party states.

"2. Following its established criteria and procedures, the Commission shall designate by a two-thirds affirmative vote a party state to serve as a host state. A current host state shall have the right of first refusal for a succeeding regional facility.

Studies.

"3. The Commission shall conduct such hearings and studies, and take such evidence and testimony as is required by its approved procedures prior to designating a host state. Public hearings shall be held upon request in each candidate host state prior to final evaluation and selection.

"4. A party state which has been designated as a host state by the Commission and which fails to fulfill its obligations as a host state may have its privileges under the compact suspended or membership in the compact revoked by the Commission.

"d. Each host state shall be responsible for the timely identification of a site and the timely development and operation of a regional facility. The proposed facility shall meet geologic, environmental and economic criteria which shall not conflict with applicable federal and host state laws and regulations.

99 STAT. 1919

"1. To the extent not prohibited by federal law, a host state may regulate and license any facility within its borders.

Report.

"2. To the extent not prohibited by Federal law, a host state shall ensure the safe operation, closure, post-closure observation and maintenance, and institutional control of a facility, including adequate financial assurances by the operator and adequate emergency response procedures. It shall periodically review and report to the Commission on the status of the post-closure and institutional control funds and the remaining useful life of the facility.

"3. A host state shall solicit comments from each party state and the Commission regarding the siting, operation, financial assurances, closure, post-closure observation and maintenance, and institutional control of a regional facility.

"e. A host state intending to close a regional facility within its borders shall notify the Commission in writing of its intention and reasons therefore.

"1. Except as otherwise provided, such notification shall be given to the Commission at least five years prior to the scheduled date of closure.

Health. Safety.

"2. A host state may close a regional facility within its borders in the event of an emergency or if a condition exists which constitutes a substantial threat to public health and safety. A host state shall notify the Commission in writing within three days of its action and shall, within 30 working days, show justification for the closing.

"3. In the event that a regional facility closes before an additional or new facility becomes operational, the Commission shall make interim arrangements for the storage or disposal of waste generated within the region until such time that a new regional facility is operational.

"f. Fees and surcharges shall be imposed equitably upon all users of a regional facility, based upon criteria established by the Commission.

Regulations.

"1. A host state shall, according to its lawful administrative procedures, approve fee schedules to be charged to all users of the regional facility within its borders. Except as provided herein, such fee schedules shall be established by the operator of a regional facility, under applicable state regulations, and shall be reasonable and sufficient to cover all costs related to the development, operation, closure, post-closure observation and maintenance, institutional control of the regional facility. The host state shall determine a schedule for contributions to the post-closure observation and maintenance, and institutional control funds. Such fee schedules shall not be approved unless the Commission has been given reasonable opportunity to review and make recommendations on the proposed fee schedules.

Regulation.

"2. A host state may, according to its lawful administrative procedures, impose a state surcharge per unit of waste received at any regional facility within its borders. The state surcharge shall be in addition to the fees charged for waste management. The surcharge shall be sufficient to cover all reasonable costs associated with administration and regulation of the facility. The surcharge shall not be established unless the Commission has been provided reasonable opportunity to review and make recommendations on the proposed state surcharge.

99 STAT. 1920

"3. The Commission shall impose a commission surcharge per unit of waste received at any regional facility. The total monies collected shall be adequate to pay the costs and expenses of the Commission and shall be remitted to the Commission on a timely basis as determined by the Commission. The surcharge may be increased or decreased as the Commission deems necessary.

"4. Nothing herein shall be construed to limit the ability of the host state, or the political subdivision in which the regional facility is situated, to impose surcharges for purposes including, but not limited to, host community compensation and host community development incentives. Such surcharges shall be reasonable and shall not be imposed unless the Commission has been provided reasonable opportunity to review and make recommendations on the proposed surcharge. Such surcharge may be recovered through the approved fee and surcharge schedules provided for in this section.

"ARTICLE VI. OTHER LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Prohibition.

"a. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to abrogate or limit the regulatory responsibility or authority of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission or of an Agreement State under Section 274 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended.

42 USC 2021.

"b. The laws or portions of those laws of a party state that are not inconsistent with this compact remain in full force.

Prohibition.

"c. Nothing in this compact shall make unlawful the continued development and operation of any facility already licensed for development or operation on the date this compact becomes effective.

Prohibition.

"d. No judicial or administrative proceeding pending on the effective date of the compact shall be affected by the compact.

Prohibition.

"e. Except as provided for in Article III(b)(2) and (c)(3), this compact shall not affect the relations between and the respective internal responsibilities of the government of a party state and its subdivisions.

Research and development.

42 USC 2021b note.

"f. The generation, treatment, storage, transportation, or disposal of waste generated by the atomic energy defense activities of the federal government, as defined in P.L. 96-573, or federal research and development activities are not affected by this compact.

Taxes.
Transportation.

"g. To the extent that the rights and powers of any state or political subdivision to license and regulate any facility within its borders and to impose taxes, fees, and surcharges on the waste managed at that regional facility do not operate as an unreasonable impediment to the transportation, treatment or disposal of waste, such rights and powers shall not be diminished by this compact.

Prohibition.

"h. No party state shall enact any law or regulation or attempt to enforce any measure which is inconsistent with this compact. Such measures may provide the basis for the Commission to suspend or terminate a party state's membership and privileges under this compact.

"i. All laws and regulations, or parts thereof of any party state or subdivision or instrumentality thereof which are inconsistent with this compact are hereby repealed and declared null and void. Any legal right, obligation, violation or penalty arising under such laws or regulations prior to the enactment of this compact, or not in conflict with it, shall not be affected.

Prohibition.

99 STAT. 1921

"j. Subject to Article III(c)(2), no law or regulation of a party state or subdivision or instrumentality thereof may be applied so as to restrict or make more costly or inconvenient access to any regional facility by the generators of another party state than for the generators of the state where the facility is situated.

Prohibition.

"k. No law, ordinance, or regulation of any party state or any subdivision or instrumentality thereof shall prohibit, suspend, or unreasonably delay, limit or restrict the operation of a siting or licensing agency in the designation, siting, or licensing of a regional facility. Any such provision in existence at the time of ratification of this compact is hereby repealed.

"ARTICLE VII. ELIGIBLE PARTIES, WITHDRAWAL, REVOCATION, ENTRY INTO FORCE, TERMINATION

Connecticut.
Delaware.
Maine.
Maryland.
Massachusetts.
New Hampshire.
New Jersey.
New York.
Pennsylvania.
Rhode Island.
Vermont.

"a. The initially eligible parties to this compact shall be the eleven states of Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont. Initial eligibility will expire June 30, 1984.

"b. Each state eligible to become a party state to this compact shall be declared a party state upon enactment of this compact into law by the state, repeal of all statutes or statutory provisions that pose unreasonable impediments to the capability of the state to host a regional facility in a timely manner, and upon payment of the fees required by Article IV(j)(1). An eligible state may become a party to this compact by an executive order by the governor of the state and upon payment of the fees required by Article IV(j)(1). However, any state which becomes a party state by executive order shall cease to be a party state upon the final adjournment of the next general or regular session of its legislature, unless this compact has by then been enacted as a statute by the state and all statutes and statutory provisions that conflict with the compact have been repealed.

Effective date.

"c. The compact shall become effective in a party state upon enactment by that state. It shall not become initially effective in the region until enacted into law by three party states and consent given to it by the Congress.

"d. The first three states eligible to become party states to this compact which adopt this compact into law as required in Article VII(b) shall immediately, upon the appointment of their Commission members, constitute themselves as the Northeast Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Commission. They shall cause legislation to be introduced in the Congress which grants the consent of the Congress to this compact, and shall do those things necessary to organize the Commission and implement the provisions of this compact.

"1. The Commission shall be the judge of the qualifications of the party states and of its members and of their compliance with the conditions and requirements of this compact and of the laws of the party states relating to the enactment of this compact.

"2. All succeeding states eligible to become party states to this compact shall be declared party states pursuant to the provisions of section (b) of this Article.

"e. Any state not expressly declared eligible to become a party state to this compact in section (a) of this Article may petition the Commission to be declared eligible. The Commission may establish such conditions as it deems necessary and appropriate to be met by a state requesting eligibility as a party state to this compact pursuant to the provisions of this section, including a public hearing on the application. Upon satisfactorily meeting such conditions and upon the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the Commission, including the affirmative vote of the representatives of the host states in which any affected regional facility is located, the petitioning state shall be eligible to become a party state to this compact and may become a party state in the same manner as those states declared eligible in section (a) of this Article.

99 STAT. 1922

Prohibition.

"f. No state holding membership in any other regional compact for the management of low-level radioactive waste may become a member of this compact.

"g. Any party state which fails to comply with the provisions of this compact or to fulfill its obligations hereunder may have its privileges suspended or, upon a two-thirds vote of the Commission, after full opportunity for hearing and comment, have its membership in the compact revoked. Revocation shall take effect one year from the date the affected party state receives written notice from the Commission of its action. All legal rights of the affected party state established under this compact shall cease upon the effective date of revocation, except that any legal obligations of that party state arising prior to revocation will not cease until they have been fulfilled. As soon as practicable after a Commission decision suspending or revoking party state status, the Commission shall provide written notice of the action and a copy of the resolution to the governors and the presiding officer of each body of the state legislatures of the party states, and to chairmen of the appropriate committees of the Congress.

"h. Any party state may withdraw from this compact by repealing its authorization legislation, and all legal rights under this compact of the party state cease upon repeal. However, no such withdrawal shall take effect until five years after the Governor of the withdrawing state has given notice in writing of such withdrawal to the Commission and to the governor of each party state. No withdrawal shall affect any liability already incurred by or chargeable to a party state prior to that time.

"1. Upon receipt of the notification, the Commission shall, as soon as practicable, provide copies to the governors and the presiding officer of each body of the state legislatures of the party states, and to the chairmen of the appropriate committees of the Congress.

"2. A regional facility in a withdrawing state shall remain available to the region for five years after the date the Commission receives written notification of the intent to withdraw or until the prescheduled date of closure, whichever occurs first.

"i. This compact may be terminated only by the affirmative action of the Congress or by the repeal of all laws enacting the compact in each party state. The Congress may by law withdraw its consent every five years after the compact takes effect.

"1. The consent given to this compact by the Congress shall extend to any future admittance of new party states under sections (b) and (e) of this Article.

"2. The withdrawal of a party state from this compact under section (h) or the revocation of a state's membership in this compact under section (g) of this Article shall not affect the applicability of the compact to the remaining party states.

"ARTICLE VIII. PENALTIES

"a. Each party state, consistent with federal and host state regulations and laws, shall enforce penalties against any person not acting as an official of a party state for violation of this compact in the party state. Each party state acknowledges that the shipment to a host state of waste packaged or transported in violation of applicable laws and regulations can result in the imposition of sanctions by the host state. These sanctions may include, but are not limited to, suspension or revocation of the violator's right of access to the facility in the host state.

Regulations.

"b. Without the express approval of the Commission, it shall be unlawful for any person to dispose of any low-level waste within the region except at a regional facility; provided, however, that this restriction shall not apply to waste which is permitted by applicable federal or state regulations to be discarded without regard to its radioactivity.

"c. Unless specifically approved by the Commission and affected host state(s) pursuant to Article IV, it shall be a violation of this compact for: 1) any person to deposit at a regional facility waste not generated within the region; 2) any regional facility to accept waste not generated within the region; and 3) any person to export from the region waste generated within the region.

"d. Primary responsibility for enforcing provisions of the law will rest with the affected state or states. The Commission, upon a two-thirds vote of its members, may bring action to seek enforcement or appropriate remedies against violators of the provisions and regulations for this compact as provided for in Article IV.

"ARTICLE IX. COMPENSATION PROVISIONS

"a. The responsibility for ensuring compensation and clean-up during the operational and post-closure periods rests with the host state, as set forth herein.

"1. The host state shall ensure the availability of funds and procedures for compensation of injured persons, including facility employees, and property damage (except any possible claims for diminution of property values) due to the existence and operation of a regional facility, and for clean-up and restoration of the facility and surrounding areas.

"2. The state may satisfy this obligation by requiring bonds, insurance, compensation funds, or any other means or combination of means, imposed either on the facility operator or as-

Prohibition.

sumed by the state itself, or both. Nothing in this article alters the liability of any person or governmental entity under applicable state and federal laws.

"b. The Commission shall provide a means of compensation for persons injured or property damaged during the institutional control period due to the radioactive and waste management nature of the regional facility. This responsibility may be met by a special fund, insurance, or other means.

Insurance.
Contracts.

"1. The Commission is authorized, at its discretion, to impose a waste management surcharge, to be collected by the operator or owner of the regional facility; to establish a separate insurance entity, formed by but separate from the Commission itself, but under such terms and conditions as it decides, and exempt from state insurance regulation; to contract with this company or other entity for coverage; or to take any other measures, or combination of measures, to implement the goals of this section.

Regulation.

"2. The existence of this fund or other means of compensation shall not imply any liability by the Commission, the non-host party states, or any of their officials and staff, which are exempted from liability by other provisions of this compact. Claims or suits for compensation shall be directed against the fund, the insurance company, or other entity, unless the Commission, by regulation, directs otherwise.

99 STAT. 1924

"c. Not withstanding any other provisions, the Commission fund, insurance, or other means of compensation shall also be available for third party relief during the operational and post-closure periods, as the Commission may direct, but only to the extent that no other funds, insurance, tort compensation, or other means are available from the host state or other entities, under section a. of this Article or otherwise; provided, that this Commission contribution shall not apply to clean-up or restoration of the regional facility and its environs during the operational and post-closure period.

"d. The liability of the Commission's fund, insurance entity, or any other means of compensation shall be limited to the amount currently contained therein; provided that the Commission may set some lower limit to ensure the integrity and availability of the fund or other entity for liability.

"ARTICLE X. SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION

Provisions held invalid.

"The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of this compact is declared by a federal court of competent jurisdiction to be contrary to the Constitution of the United States or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any other government, agency, person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. The provisions of this compact shall be liberally construed to give effect to the purposes thereof.".

Approved January 15, 1986.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1083 (S. 1517) (S. 1518):

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-314, Pt. I (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs) and Pt. II (Comm. on Energy and Commerce).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):

Dec. 9, considered and passed House, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Dec. 19, House concurred in Senate amendments, with amendment, Senate concurred in House amendment.

Public Law 99-7
99th Congress

99 STAT. 18

An Act

To provide that the chairmanship of the Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe shall rotate between members appointed from the House of Representatives and members appointed from the Senate, and for other purposes.

Mar. 27, 1985
[S. 592]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

MEMBERSHIP OF COMMISSION AND APPOINTMENT OF CHAIRMAN AND COCHAIRMAN

SECTION 1. (a) Section 3 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish a Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe", approved June 3, 1976 (22 U.S.C. 3003), is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 3. (a) The Commission shall be composed of twenty-one members as follows:

"(1) Nine Members of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Five Members shall be selected from the majority party and four Members shall be selected, after consultation with the minority leader of the House, from the minority party.

"(2) Nine Members of the Senate appointed by the President of the Senate. Five Members shall be selected from the majority party of the Senate, after consultation with the majority leader, and four Members shall be selected, after consultation with the minority leader of the Senate, from the minority party.

"(3) One member of the Department of State appointed by the President of the United States.

"(4) One member of the Department of Defense appointed by the President of the United States.

"(5) One member of the Department of Commerce appointed by the President of the United States.

"(b) There shall be a Chairman and a Cochairman of the Commission.".

(b) Section 3 of such Act, as amended by subsection (a) of this section, is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(c) At the beginning of each odd-numbered Congress, the President of the Senate, on the recommendation of the majority leader, shall designate one of the Senate Members as Chairman of the Commission. At the beginning of each even-numbered Congress, the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall designate one of the House Members as Chairman of the Commission.

"(d) At the beginning of each odd-numbered Congress, the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall designate one of the House Members as Cochairman of the Commission. At the beginning of each even-numbered Congress, the President of the Senate, on the recommendation of the majority leader, shall designate one of the Senate Members as Cochairman of the Commission.".

22 USC 3003 note.

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(c) On the effective date of this subsection, the President of the Senate, on the recommendation of the majority leader, shall designate one of the Senate Members to serve as Chairman of the Commission for the duration of the Ninety-ninth Congress, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall designate one of the House Members to serve as Cochairman of the Commission for the duration of the Ninety-ninth Congress.

FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMISSION

SEC. 2. Section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish a Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe", approved June 3, 1976 (22 U.S.C. 3002), is amended by inserting "human rights and" after "relating to" in the first sentence.

APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE COMMISSION

SEC. 3. Section 7(a) of the Act entitled "An Act to establish a Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe", approved June 3, 1976 (22 U.S.C. 3007(a)), is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 7. (a)(1) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Commission for each fiscal year such sums as may be necessary to enable it to carry out its duties and functions. Appropriations to the Commission are authorized to remain available until expended.

"(2) Appropriations to the Commission shall be disbursed on vouchers approved—

"(A) jointly by the Chairman and the Cochairman, or

"(B) by a majority of the members of the personnel and administration committee established pursuant to section 8(a).". *Infra.*

FOREIGN TRAVEL FOR OFFICIAL PURPOSES

SEC. 4. Section 7 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish a Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe", approved June 3, 1976 (22 U.S.C. 3007), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) Foreign travel for official purposes by Commission members and staff may be authorized by either the Chairman or the Cochairman.".

STAFF OF THE COMMISSION

SEC. 5. Section 8 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish a Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe", approved June 3, 1976 (22 U.S.C. 3008), is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 8. (a) The Commission shall have a personnel and administration committee composed of the Chairman, the Cochairman, the senior Commission member from the minority party in the House of Representatives, and the senior Commission member from the minority party in the Senate.

"(b) All decisions pertaining to the hiring, firing, and fixing of pay of Commission staff personnel shall be by a majority vote of the personnel and administration committee, except that—

"(1) the Chairman shall be entitled to appoint and fix the pay of the staff director, and the Cochairman shall be entitled to appoint and fix the pay of his senior staff person; and

"(2) the Chairman and Cochairman each shall have the authority to appoint, with the approval of the personnel and administration committee, at least four professional staff members who shall be responsible to the Chairman or the Cochairman (as the case may be) who appointed them.

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The personnel and administration committee may appoint and fix the pay of such other staff personnel as it deems desirable.

"(c) All staff appointments shall be made without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and general schedule pay rates.

5 USC 5101 *et seq.*, 5331.

"(d)(1) For purposes of pay and other employment benefits, rights, and privileges and for all other purposes, any employee of the Commission shall be considered to be a congressional employee as defined in section 2107 of title 5, United States Code.

"(2) For purposes of section 3304(c)(1) of title 5, United States Code, staff personnel of the Commission shall be considered as if they are in positions in which they are paid by the Secretary of the Senate or the Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Effective date.

"(3) The provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection shall be effective as of June 3, 1976.".

EFFECTIVE DATE

22 USC 3002 note.

SEC. 6. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), this Act and the amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act or April 15, 1985, whichever is later.

(b)(1) The amendment made by subsection (b) of the first section shall take effect on the first day of the One Hundredth Congress.

(2) Subsection (d) of section 8 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish a Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe", approved June 3, 1976 (as added by section 5 of this Act), shall be effective as of June 3, 1976.

Approved March 27, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 592:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Mar. 6, considered and passed Senate.
Mar. 19, considered and passed House.

Public Law 99-8
99th Congress

99 STAT. 21

An Act

Apr. 2, 1985
[S. 689]

To authorize appropriations for famine relief and recovery in Africa.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

African Famine Relief and Recovery Act of 1985.

22 USC 2292q note.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "African Famine Relief and Recovery Act of 1985".

SEC. 2. INTERNATIONAL DISASTER ASSISTANCE.

Chapter 9 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2292-2292p) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

22 USC 2292q.

"SEC. 495K. AFRICAN FAMINE ASSISTANCE.

"(a) AUTHORIZATION OF ASSISTANCE.—The President is authorized to provide assistance for famine relief, rehabilitation, and recovery in Africa. Assistance under this section shall be provided for humanitarian purposes and shall be provided on a grant basis. Such assistance shall include—

"(1) relief, rehabilitation, and recovery projects to benefit the poorest people, including the furnishing of seeds for planting, fertilizer, pesticides, farm implements, farm animals and vaccine and veterinary services to protect livestock upon which people depend, blankets, clothing, and shelter, disease prevention and health care projects, water projects (including water purification and well-drilling), small-scale agricultural projects, and food protection and preservation projects; and

"(2) projects to meet emergency health needs, including vaccinations.

"(b) Uses of Funds.—

"(1) Private and voluntary organizations and international organizations.—Funds authorized to be appropriated by this section shall be used primarily for grants to private and voluntary organizations and international organizations. Grants.

"(2) Emergency health projects.—A significant portion of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this section shall be used for emergency health projects pursuant to subsection (a)(2).

"(3) Management support activities.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by this section, $2,500,000 shall be transferred to the 'Operating Expenses of the Agency for International Development' account. These funds shall be used for management support activities associated with the planning, monitoring, and supervision of emergency food and disaster assistance provided in those countries in Africa described in section 5(a) of the African Famine Relief and Recovery Act of 1985. *Post*, p. 22.

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"(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—In addition to the amounts otherwise available for such purpose, there are authorized to be appropriated $137,500,000 for the fiscal year 1985 for use in providing assistance under this section.

"(d) Policies and Authorities To Be Applied.—Assistance under this section shall be furnished in accordance with the policies and general authorities contained in section 491.". 22 USC 2292.

22 USC 2292q note.

SEC. 3. MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE.

(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—In addition to amounts otherwise available for such purpose, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of State for "Migration and Refugee Assistance" for the fiscal year 1985, $37,500,000 for assisting refugees and displaced persons in Africa.

(b) Use of Funds.—

(1) Projects for immediate development needs.—Up to 54 percent of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this section may be made available to the United Nations Office of Emergency Operations in Africa for projects such as those proposed at the second International Conference on Assistance to Refugees in Africa (ICARA II) to address the immediate development needs created by refugees and displaced persons in Africa.

(2) Emergency relief and recovery efforts.—The remaining funds authorized to be appropriated by this section shall be used by the Bureau for Refugee Programs of the Department of State for emergency relief and recovery efforts in Africa.

22 USC 2292q note.

SEC. 4. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ASSISTANCE.

(a) Special Rule on Reimbursement.—If the Department of Defense furnishes goods or services for African supplemental famine assistance activities, the Department of Defense shall be reimbursed for not more than the costs which it incurs in providing those goods or services. These costs do not include military pay and allowances, amortization and depreciation, and fixed facility costs.

(b) Definition of African Supplemental Famine Assistance Activities.—For purposes of this section, the term "African supplemental famine assistance activities" means the provision of the following fiscal year 1985 supplemental assistance for Africa:

(1) Famine assistance pursuant to section 2 of this Act.

(2) Migration and refugee assistance pursuant to section 3 of this Act.

(3) Assistance pursuant to supplemental appropriations for title II of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1721–1726).

(4) Assistance with funds appropriated during fiscal year 1985 for the Emergency Refugee and Migration Assistance Fund (22 U.S.C. 2601(c)).

SEC. 5. GENERAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO ASSISTANCE.

22 USC 2292q note.

(a) COUNTRIES TO BE ASSISTED.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated by this Act shall be available only for assistance in those countries in Africa which have suffered during calendar years 1984 and 1985 from exceptional food supply problems due to drought and other calamities.

(b) "HICKENLOOPER AMENDMENT".—Assistance may be provided with funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act without regard to section 620(e)(1) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2370(e)(1)).

(c) ENSURING THAT ASSISTANCE REACHES INTENDED RECIPIENTS.—The President shall ensure that adequate procedures have been established so that assistance pursuant to this Act is provided to the famine victims for whom it is intended.

SEC. 6. REPORTS ON AFRICAN FAMINE ASSISTANCE.

22 USC 2292q note.

(a) REPORT ON UNITED STATES CONTRIBUTION TO MEET EMERGENCY NEEDS.—

(1) REQUIREMENT FOR REPORT.—Not later than June 30, 1985, the President shall report to the Congress with respect to the United States contribution to meet emergency needs, including food needs, for African famine assistance.

President of U.S.

(2) INFORMATION TO BE INCLUDED IN REPORT.—The report required by this subsection shall describe—

(A) the emergency needs, including food needs, for African famine assistance that are identified by the President's Interagency Task Force on the African Food Emergency, private voluntary and organizations active in famine relief, the United Nations Office for Emergency Operations in Africa, the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization, the World Food Program, and such other organizations as the President considers appropriate; and

(B) the projected fiscal year 1985 contribution by the United States Government to meet an appropriate share of those needs referred to in subparagraph (A).

(b) REPORT ON ASSISTANCE PROVIDED PURSUANT TO THIS ACT.—

(1) REQUIREMENT FOR REPORT.—Not later than September 30, 1985, the President shall report to the Congress on the assistance provided pursuant to this Act.

President of U.S.

(2) INFORMATION TO BE INCLUDED IN REPORT.—

(A) USE OF FUNDS.—The report pursuant to this subsection shall describe the uses, by the Agency for International Development and by the Department of State, of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act, including—

(i) a description of each project or program supported with any of those funds, and the amount allocated to it;

(ii) the identity of each private and voluntary organization or international organization receiving any of those funds, and the amount of funds each received;

(iii) the amount of those funds used for assistance to each country;

(iv) the amount of those funds, if any, which will not have been obligated as of September 30, 1985; and

(v) a list of any projects or programs supported with those funds which are not expected to be completed as of December 31, 1985.

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(B) Department of defense assistance.—The report pursuant to this subsection shall describe any goods or services provided by the Department of Defense with respect to which the special rule set forth in section 4 of this Act were applied.

(C) Need for additional assistance.—The report pursuant to this subsection shall assess the need for additional assistance to meet the short-term emergency resulting from the food supply problem in Africa.

Approved April 2, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 689:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Mar. 19, considered and passed Senate.
Mar. 21, considered and passed House.

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99 STAT. 190

Public Law 99-83
99th Congress

An Act

Aug. 8, 1985
[S. 960]

To authorize international development and security assistance programs and Peace Corps programs for fiscal years 1986 and 1987, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House, of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985.
22 USC 2151 note.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE AND TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the "International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985".

(b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title and table of contents.

TITLE I—MILITARY ASSISTANCE AND SALES AND RELATED PROGRAMS

Sec. 101. Foreign military sales credits.
Sec. 102. Terms of foreign military sales credits.
Sec. 103. Military assistance.
Sec. 104. International military education and training.
Sec. 105. Peacekeeping operations.
Sec. 106. Guaranty Reserve Fund.
Sec. 107. Valuation of certain defense articles.
Sec. 108. Full costing of FMS sales of training.
Sec. 109. Administrative surcharge.
Sec. 110. Contract administration services.
Sec. 111. Catalog data and services.
Sec. 112. Reports on cash flow financing.
Sec. 113. Report on international volume of arms traffic.
Sec. 114. Security assistance surveys.
Sec. 115. North Atlantic Treaty Organization cooperative projects.
Sec. 116. Exchange of training and related support.
Sec. 117. Quarterly reports on United States military advisors abroad.
Sec. 118. Sensitive technology.
Sec. 119. Increase in criminal penalties for certain violations of the Arms Export Control Act.
Sec. 120. Official reception and representation expenses.
Sec. 121. Special Defense Acquisition Fund.
Sec. 122. Leasing authority.
Sec. 123. Military assistance costs; waiver of net proceeds for sale of MAP items.
Sec. 124. Stockpiling of defense articles for foreign countries.
Sec. 125. Security assistance organizations.
Sec. 126. Exchange training.
Sec. 127. Training in maritime skills.
Sec. 128. Special waiver authority.
Sec. 129. Conventional arms transfers.
Sec. 130. Foreign military sales for Jordan.
Sec. 131. Certification concerning AWACS sold to Saudi Arabia.
Sec. 132. Cooperative agreements on air defense in Central Europe.

TITLE II—ECONOMIC SUPPORT FUND

Sec. 201. Purposes and uses of ESF; authorizations of appropriations.
Sec. 202. Assistance for the Middle East.
Sec. 203. Assistance for Cyprus.
Sec. 204. Assistance for Portugal.
Sec. 205. Acquisition of agricultural commodities under commodity import programs.
Sec. 206. Tied aid credit program.
Sec. 207. Restriction on use of funds for nuclear facilities.
Sec. 208. Fiscal year 1985 supplemental authorization.

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TITLE III—DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE

Sec. 301. Development assistance policy.
Sec. 302. Agriculture, rural development, and nutrition.
Sec. 303. Population and health.
Sec. 304. Child Survival Fund.
Sec. 305. Promotion of immunization and oral rehydration.
Sec. 306. Education and human resources development.
Sec. 307. Energy, private voluntary organizations, and selected development activities.
Sec. 308. Private Sector Revolving Fund.
Sec. 309. Private and voluntary organizations and cooperatives in overseas development.
Sec. 310. Promotion of democratic cooperatives.
Sec. 311. Use of private and voluntary organizations, cooperatives, and the private sector.
Sec. 312. Targeted assistance.
Sec. 313. Housing and other guaranty programs.
Sec. 314. Trade credit insurance program.
Sec. 315. Minority set-aside.

TITLE IV—OTHER FOREIGN ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

Sec. 401. American schools and hospitals abroad.
Sec. 402. Voluntary contributions to international organizations and programs.
Sec. 403. Withholding of United States proportionate share for certain programs of international organizations.
Sec. 404. International disaster assistance.
Sec. 405. Trade and development program.
Sec. 406. Operating expenses.

TITLE V—INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM AND FOREIGN AIRPORT SECURITY

Part A—International Terrorism Generally

Sec. 501. Anti-terrorism assistance program.
Sec. 502. Coordination of all United States anti-terrorism assistance to foreign countries.
Sec. 503. Prohibition on assistance to countries supporting international terrorism.
Sec. 504. Prohibition on imports from and exports to Libya.
Sec. 505. Ban on importing goods and services from countries supporting terrorism.
Sec. 506. International anti-terrorism committee.
Sec. 507. International terrorism control treaty.
Sec. 508. State terrorism.

Part B—Foreign Airport Security

Sec. 551. Security standards for foreign air transportation.
Sec. 552. Travel advisory and suspension of foreign assistance.
Sec. 553. United States airmarshal program.
Sec. 554. Enforcement of International Civil Aviation Organization standards.
Sec. 555. International civil aviation boycott of countries supporting international terrorism.
Sec. 556. Multilateral and bilateral agreements with respect to aircraft sabotage, aircraft hijacking, and airport security.
Sec. 557. Research on airport security techniques for detecting explosives.
Sec. 558. Hijacking of TWA flight 847 and other acts of terrorism.
Sec. 559. Effective date.

TITLE VI—INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL

Sec. 601. Short title.
Sec. 602. Authorizations for international narcotics control assistance.
Sec. 603. Development and illicit narcotics production.
Sec. 604. Reports on international narcotics control assistance.
Sec. 605. Exemption from ban on involvement of United States personnel in arrest actions in narcotics control efforts abroad.
Sec. 606. Annual reports on involvement of foreign countries in illicit drug traffic.
Sec. 607. Procurement of weapons to defend aircraft involved in narcotics control efforts.
Sec. 608. Requirement for cost-sharing in international narcotics control assistance programs.

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Sec. 609. Prohibition on use of foreign assistance for reimbursements for drug crop eradications.
Sec. 610. Assistance for Jamaica.
Sec. 611. Assistance for Bolivia.
Sec. 612. Assistance to Peru.
Sec. 613. Reallocation of funds if conditions not met.
Sec. 614. Conditions on United States contributions to the United Nations Fund for Drug Abuse Control.
Sec. 615. Latin American regional narcotics control organization.
Sec. 616. Greater effort by United States Armed Forces to support narcotics control efforts abroad.
Sec. 617. Cuban drug trafficking.
Sec. 618. Prohibition on assistance to countries which do not take adequate steps to halt drug trafficking.
Sec. 619. Drug trafficking and the problem of total confidentiality of certain foreign bank accounts.

TITLE VII—WESTERN HEMISPHERE

Sec. 701. Central America democracy, peace, and development initiative.
Sec. 702. El Salvador.
Sec. 703. Assistance for Guatemala.
Sec. 704. Refugees in Honduras.
Sec. 705. Promoting the development of the Haitian people and providing for orderly emigration from Haiti.
Sec. 706. Military assistance for Paraguay.
Sec. 707. Assistance for Peru.
Sec. 708. Inter-American Foundation.
Sec. 709. Comprehensive reports on assistance for Latin America and the Caribbean.
Sec. 710. Use of private and voluntary organizations.
Sec. 711. Assistance for law enforcement agencies.
Sec. 712. Administration of justice.
Sec. 713. Use of employee stock ownership plans in development efforts.
Sec. 714. International Advisory Commission for the Caribbean Region.
Sec. 715. Exemption of certain safety-related equipment from prohibition on military sales to Chile.
Sec. 716. Rural electrification.
Sec. 717. Facilitating international commerce through Mexico.
Sec. 718. Condemning human rights violations and the subversion of other governments by the Government of Cuba.
Sec. 719. Reports on foreign debt in Latin America.
Sec. 720. Economic assistance for Uruguay.
Sec. 721. Canadian exports to the United States.
Sec. 722. Nicaragua.

TITLE VIII—AFRICA

Sec. 801. Balance-of-payments support for countries in Africa.
Sec. 802. Economic support assistance for Southern Africa.
Sec. 803. Policy toward South African "homelands".
Sec. 804. Assistance for Zaire.
Sec. 805. Assistance for Tunisia.
Sec. 806. Political settlement in Sudan.
Sec. 807. Elections in Liberia.
Sec. 808. Western Sahara.
Sec. 809. Sahel development program.
Sec. 810. African Development Foundation.
Sec. 811. Repeal of Clark amendment.
Sec. 812. Failure of the Ethiopian Government to responsibly ameliorate famine conditions.
Sec. 813. Assistance for the People's Republic of Mozamibque.

TITLE IX—ASIA

Sec. 901. The Philippines.
Sec. 902. Nuclear non-proliferation conditions on assistance for Pakistan.
Sec. 903. Disadvantaged children in Asia.
Sec. 904. Assistance for Afghanistan.
Sec. 905. Assistance for the Cambodian people.
Sec. 906. Prohibition on certain assistance to the Khmer Rouge.
Sec. 907. Political settlement in Sri Lanka.

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Sec. 908. United States policy toward the Republic of Korea.

TITLE X—FOOD AND AGRICULTURAL ASSISTANCE

Sec. 1001. International Fund for Agricultural Development.
Sec. 1002. Public Law 480 title II minimums.
Sec. 1003. Express authority for title II direct distribution, sale, and barter.
Sec. 1004. Role of private voluntary organizations and cooperatives.
Sec. 1005. Multiyear agreements with PVOs and cooperatives.
Sec. 1006. Title II programming reports.

Sec. 1007. Eligible commodities under section 416(b).
Sec. 1008. Long-term agricultural commodity agreements with food deficit countries.

TITLE XI—PEACE CORPS

Sec. 1101. Authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 1102. Number of Peace Corps volunteers.
Sec. 1103. Limitation on length of Peace Corps employment.
Sec. 1104. Peace Corps National Advisory Council.
Sec. 1105. Nonpartisan appointments.

TITLE XII—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS RELATING TO FOREIGN ASSISTANCE

Sec. 1201. Notice to Congress of use of certain authorities relating to human rights conditions.
Sec. 1202. Prohibitions against assistance.
Sec. 1203. Land reform programs.
Sec. 1204. Suspension of assistance to countries violating U.S. export laws in order to manufacture a nuclear explosive device.
Sec. 1205. Reports on economic conditions in certain countries.
Sec. 1206. Egyptian-Israeli relations.
Sec. 1207. Procurement of construction and engineering services.
Sec. 1208. Completion of plans and cost estimates.
Sec. 1209. Reprogramming notifications to Congress.
Sec. 1210. Report on United States assistance to coal exporting nations.
Sec. 1211. Repeal of obsolete provisions and correction of technical references.

TITLE XIII—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Sec. 1301. Effective date.
Sec. 1302. Codification of policy prohibiting negotiations with the Palestine Liberation Organization.
Sec. 1303. Commission for the Preservation of America's Heritage Abroad.
Sec. 1304. Federal Coal Export Commission.

TITLE I—MILITARY ASSISTANCE AND SALES AND RELATED PROGRAMS

SEC. 101. FOREIGN MILITARY SALES CREDITS.

(a) Authorizations of Appropriations.—The first sentence of section 31(a) of the Arms Export Control Act is amended to read as follows: "There are authorized to be appropriated to the President to carry out this Act $5,371,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $5,371,000,000 for fiscal year 1987.". 22 USC 2771.

(b) Aggregate Ceilings and Extended Repayment Terms.—Sections 31 (b) and (c) of such Act are amended to read as follows:

"(b)(1) The total amount of credits extended under section 23 of this Act shall not exceed $5,371,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $5,371,000,000 for fiscal year 1987. *Post*, p. 195.

"(2) Of the aggregate amount of financing provided under this section, not more than $553,900,000 for fiscal year 1986 and not more than $553,900,000 for fiscal year 1987 may be made available at concessional rates of interest. If a country is released from its contractual liability to repay the United States Government with respect to financing provided under this section, such financing shall not be considered to be financing provided at concessional 99 STAT. 194 rates of interest for purposes of the limitation established by this paragraph.

"(c) For fiscal year 1986 and fiscal year 1987, the principal amount of credits provided under section 23 at market rates of interest with respect to Greece, the Republic of Korea, the Philippines, Portugal, Spain, Thailand, and Turkey shall (if and to the extent each country so desires) be repaid in not more than twenty years, following a grace period of ten years on repayment of principal.". *Post*, p. 195.

(c) FMS Financing for Israel.—(1) Of the total amount of credits extended under section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act, not less than $1,800,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and not less than $1,800,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 shall be available only for Israel.

(2) Israel shall be released from its contractual liability to repay the United States Government with respect to the credits provided pursuant to paragraph (1).

Research and development.

(3) If the Government of Israel requests that funds be used for such purposes—

(A) up to $150,000,000 of the amount of credits made available for Israel pursuant to paragraph (1) for each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 shall be available for research and development in the United States for the Lavi program, and

(B) not less than $250,000,000 of the amount of credits made available for Israel pursuant to paragraph (1) for each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 shall be available for the procurement in Israel of defense articles and defense services (including research and development) for the Lavi program.

(d) FMS FINANCING FOR EGYPT.—(1) Of the total amount of credits extended under section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act, not less than $1,300,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and not less than $1,300,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 shall be available only for Egypt.

(2) Egypt shall be released from its contractual liability to repay the United States Government with respect to the credits extended pursuant to paragraph (1).

(e) FMS FINANCING FOR GREECE.—(1) Of the total amount of credits extended under section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act, $500,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 shall be available only for Greece.

(2) For each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987, of the total amount of credits extended for Greece under section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act, Greece shall receive the same proportion of credits extended at concessional rates of interest as the proportion of credits extended at concessional rates of interest which Turkey receives out of the total amount of credits extended for Turkey under that section, and the average annual rate of interest on the credits extended for Greece at concessional rates of interest shall be comparable to the average annual rate of interest on the credits extended for Turkey at concessional rates of interests. Credits extended for Greece for each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 at concessional rates of interest shall not be counted toward any ceiling established by law on concessional financing under the Arms Export Control Act.

22 USC 2751 note.

(f) FMS FINANCING AND MAP FOR TURKEY.— For each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987, the aggregate total of financing under the Arms Export Control Act and assistance under chapter 2 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 provided for Turkey may not exceed $714,280,000. Of this amount, up to $215,000,000 may be used for assistance under chapter 2 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, with the understanding that the United States Government is acting with urgency and determination to oppose any actions aimed at effecting a permanent bifurcation of Cyprus.

22 USC 2311.

99 STAT. 195

SEC. 102. TERMS OF FOREIGN MILITARY SALES CREDITS.

22 USC 2763.

Section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 23. CREDIT SALES.—(a) The President is authorized to finance the procurement of defense articles, defense services, and design and construction services by friendly foreign countries and international organizations, on such terms and conditions as he may determine consistent with the requirements of this section.

Loans.

"(b) The President shall require repayment in United States dollars within a period not to exceed twelve years after the loan agreement with the country or international organization is signed on behalf of the United States Government, unless a longer period is specifically authorized by statute for that country or international organization.

"(c)(1) The President shall charge interest under this section at such rate as he may determine, except that such rate may not be less than 5 percent per year.

"(2) For purposes of financing provided under this section—

"(A) the term 'concessional rate of interest' means any rate of interest which is less than market rates of interest; and

"(B) the term 'market rate of interest' means any rate of interest which is equal to or greater than the current average interest rate (as of the last day of the month preceding the financing of the procurement under this section) that the United States Government pays on outstanding marketable obligations of comparable maturity.

"(d) References in any law to credits extended under this section shall be deemed to include reference to participations in credits.".

SEC. 103. MILITARY ASSISTANCE.

Section 504(a)(1) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows:

22 USC 2312.

"(a)(1) There are authorized to be appropriated to the President to carry out the purposes of this chapter $805,100,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $805,100,000 for fiscal year 1987."

Appropriation authorization.

SEC. 104. INTERNATIONAL MILITARY EDUCATION AND TRAINING.

Section 542 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows:

22 USC 2347a.

"SEC. 542. AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the President to carry out the purposes of this chapter $56,221,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $56,221,000 for fiscal year 1987."

SEC. 105. PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS.

(a) AUTHORIZATIONS.—Section 552(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows:

22 USC 2348a.

"(a) There are authorized to be appropriated to the President to carry out the purposes of this chapter, in addition to amounts otherwise available for such purposes, $37,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $37,000,000 for fiscal year 1987.".

(b) PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS EMERGENCIES.—(1) Section 552 of such Act is amended—

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(A) by inserting in subsection (c) "(1)" immediately after "the President may";

(B) by inserting in subsection (c) immediately before the period at the end of the subsection "; and (2) in the event the President also determines that such unforeseen emergency requires the immediate provision of assistance under this chapter, direct the drawdown of commodities and services from the inventory and resources of any agency of the United States Government of an aggregate value not to exceed $25,000,000 in any fiscal year"; and

(C) by inserting at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) There are authorized to be appropriated to the President such sums as may be necessary to reimburse the applicable appropriation, fund, or account for commodities and services provided under subsection (c)(2).".

(2) Section 652 of such Act is amended by inserting ", 552(c)(2)," immediately after "under section 506(a)".

22 USC 2411.

SEC. 106. GUARANTY RESERVE FUND.

(a) REPORT ON REPLENISHMENT.—For the purpose of providing recommendations for improving the security interests of the United States and the friends and allies of the United States, the President shall prepare and transmit to the Congress within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act a report which sets forth the history of United States foreign military sales financing under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and the Arms Export Control Act. Such report shall include recommendations on replenishing the Guaranty Reserve Fund under section 24 of the Arms Export Control Act and

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22 USC 2151 note, 2751 note.

22 USC 2764.

recommendations on other matters agreed to in consultation with the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and of the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

22 USC 2764.
22 USC 2771.

(b) Additional Funds for Payment of Claims.—The second sentence of section 24(c) of the Arms Export Control Act is amended to read as follows: "Funds authorized to be appropriated by section 31(a) to carry out this Act which are allocated for credits at market rates of interest may be used to pay claims under such guarantees to the extent funds in the Guaranty Reserve Fund are inadequate for that purpose.".

Ante, p. 190.

(c) Designation as Guaranty Reserve Fund.—Such section is further amended by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "That single reserve may, on and after the date of enactment of the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985, be referred to as the 'Guaranty Reserve Fund'.".

SEC. 107. VALUATION OF CERTAIN DEFENSE ARTICLES.

22 USC 2761.

(a) Certain Naval Vessels.—Section 21(a) of the Arms Export Control Act is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) as subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), respectively;

(2) by inserting "(1)" immediately after "(a)"; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) For purposes of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1), the actual value of a naval vessel of 3,000 tons or less and 20 years or more of

99 STAT. 197

age shall be considered to be not less than the greater of the scrap value or fair value (including conversion costs) of such vessel, as determined by the Secretary of Defense.".

22 USC 2794.

(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 47 of such Act is amended in paragraph (2) by inserting ", except as otherwise provided in section 21(a)," after "excess defense article".

SEC. 108. FULL COSTING OF FMS SALES OF TRAINING.

Ante, p. 196.

(a) FMS Sales.—Section 21(a)(1)(C) of the Arms Export Control Act, as so redesignated by the preceding section of this Act, is amended to read as follows:

22 USC 2347.

"(C) in the case of the sale of a defense service, the full cost to the United States Government of furnishing such service, except that in the case of training sold to a purchaser who is concurrently receiving assistance under chapter 5 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, only those additional costs that are incurred by the United States Government in furnishing such assistance.".

22 USC 2761.

(b) NATO Standardization Agreements.—Section 21 of such Act is amended by inserting the following new subsection after subsection (f):

89 Stat. 540.
10 USC 2457.

"(g) The President may enter into North Atlantic Treaty Organization standardization agreements in carrying out section 814 of the Act of October 7, 1975 (Public Law 94-106), and may enter into similar agreements with Japan, Australia, and New Zealand, for the cooperative furnishing of training on bilateral or multilateral basis, if the financial principles of such agreements are based on reciprocity. Such agreements shall include reimbursement for all direct costs but may exclude reimbursement for indirect costs, administrative surcharges, and costs of billeting of trainees (except to the extent that members of the United States Armed Forces occupying comparable accommodations are charged for such accommodations by the United States). Each such agreement shall be transmitted promptly to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Appropriations, Armed Services, and Foreign Relations of the Senate.".

SEC. 109. ADMINISTRATIVE SURCHARGE.

Subparagraph (A) of section 21(e)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act is amended by inserting "(excluding a pro rata share of fixed base operation costs)" immediately after "full estimated costs" 22 USC 2761.

SEC. 110. CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION SERVICES.

Section 21(h) of the Arms Export Control Act is amended by inserting "contract administration services," immediately after "inspection," in the text preceding paragraph (1). 22 USC 2761.

SEC. 111. CATALOG DATA AND SERVICES.

Section 21(h) of the Arms Export Control Act is further amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" immediately after "(h)";

(2) by striking out "(1)" and "(2)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(A)" and "(B)", respectively; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(2) In carrying out the objectives of this section, the President is authorized to provide cataloging data and cataloging services, without charge, to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization or to any member government of that Organization if that Organization or 99 STAT. 198 member government provides such data and services in accordance with an agreement on a reciprocal basis, without charge, to the United States Government.".

SEC. 112. REPORTS ON CASH FLOW FINANCING.

(a) Annual Reports.—Section 25 of the Arms Export Control Act is amended in paragraph (5) of subsection (a)— 22 USC 2765.

(1) by inserting "(A)" immediately after "(5)";

(2) by adding "and" after the semicolon at the end of paragraph; and

(3) by adding at the end of the paragraph the following new subparagraph:

"(B) for each country that is proposed to be furnished credits or guaranties under this Act in the next fiscal year and that has been approved for cash flow financing (as defined in subsection (d) of this section) in excess of $100,000,000 as of October 1 of the current fiscal year—

"(i) the amount of such approved cash flow financing,

"(ii) a description of administrative ceilings and controls applied, and

"(iii) a description of the financial resources otherwise available to such country to pay such approved cash flow financing;".

(b) Definition of Cash Flow Financing.—Such section is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) For the purposes of subsection (a)(5)(B) of this section, the term 'cash flow financing' means the dollar amount of the difference between the total estimated price of a Letter of Offer and Acceptance or other purchase agreement that has been approved for financing under this Act or under section 503(a)(3) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and the amount of the financing that has been approved therefor;". *Post*, p. 205.

SEC. 113. REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL VOLUME OF ARMS TRAFFIC.

Section 25 of the Arms Export Control Act is amended— *Supra.*

(1) in subsection (a) by striking out "No later than February 1" and inserting in lieu thereof "Except as provided in subsection (d) of this section, no later than February 1"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) The information required by subsection (a)(4) of this section shall be transmitted to the Congress no later than April 1 of each year.".

SEC. 114. SECURITY ASSISTANCE SURVEYS.

22 USC 2766.

(a) SURVEYS SUBJECT TO REQUIREMENTS.—Section 26 of the Arms Export Control Act is amended—

(1) in the section caption, by striking out "DEFENSE REQUIREMENT" and inserting in lieu thereof "SECURITY ASSISTANCE";

(2) by striking out "defense requirement" each place it appears in the section and inserting in lieu thereof "security assistance"; and

(3) by adding at the end of the section the following new subsection:

"(d) As used in this section, the term 'security assistance surveys' means any survey or study conducted in a foreign country by United States Government personnel for the purpose of assessing the needs of that country for security assistance, and includes defense requirement surveys, site surveys, general surveys or studies, and engineering assessment surveys.".

99 STAT. 199

22 USC 2766.

(b) SUBMISSION OF SURVEYS TO CONGRESS.—Section 26(c) of such Act is amended by striking out "grant that committee access to" and inserting in lieu thereof "submit to that committee copies of".

SEC. 115. NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION COOPERATIVE PROJECTS.

(a) REVISION OF AUTHORITY.—Section 27 of the Arms Export Control Act is amended to read as follows:

22 USC 2767.
International agreements.

"SEC. 27. NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION COOPERATIVE PROJECTS.—(a) The President may enter into a cooperative project agreement with the North Atlantic Treaty Organization or with one or more member countries of that Organization.

"(b) As used in this section—

"(1) the term 'cooperative project' means a jointly managed arrangement, described in a written agreement among the parties, which is undertaken in order to further the objectives of standardization, rationalization, and interoperability of the armed forces of North Atlantic Treaty Organization member countries and which provides—

"(A) for one or more of the other participants to share with the United States the costs of research on and development, testing, evaluation, or joint production (including follow-on support) of certain defense articles;

"(B) for concurrent production in the United States and in another member country of a defense article jointly developed in accordance with subparagraph (A); or

"(C) for procurement by the United States of a defense article or defense service from another member country; and

"(2) the term 'other participant' means a participant in a cooperative project other than the United States.

"(c) Each agreement for a cooperative project shall provide that the United States and each of the other participants will contribute to the cooperative project its equitable share of the full cost of such cooperative project and will receive an equitable share of the results of such cooperative project. The full costs of such cooperative project shall include overhead and administrative costs. The United States and the other participants may contribute their equitable shares of the full cost of such cooperative project in funds or in defense articles or defense services needed for such cooperative project. Military assistance and financing received from the United States Government may not be used by any other participant to provide its share of the cost of such cooperative project. Such agreements shall provide that no requirement shall be imposed by a participant for worksharing or other industrial or commercial compensation in connection with such agreement that is not in accordance with such agreement.

Contracts.

"(d) The President may enter into contracts or incur other obligations for a cooperative project on behalf of the other participants, without charge to any appropriation or contract authorization, if each of the other participants in the cooperative project agrees (1) to pay its equitable share of the contract or other obligation, and (2) to make such funds available in such amounts and at such times as may be required by the contract or other obligation and to pay any damages and costs that may accrue from the performance of or cancellation of the contract or other obligation in advance of the time such payments, damages, or costs are due.

99 STAT. 200

Waiver.

Ante, p. 190.

22 USC 2761.

22 USC 2762.

"(e)(1) For those cooperative projects entered into on or after the effective date of the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985, the President may reduce or waive the charge or charges which would otherwise be considered appropriate under section 21(e) of this Act in connection with sales under sections 21 and 22 of this Act when such sales are made as part of such cooperative project, if the other participants agree to reduce or waive corresponding charges.

22 USC 2792.

"(2) Notwithstanding provisions of section 21(e)(1)(A) and section 43(b) of this Act, administrative surcharges shall not be increased on other sales made under this Act in order to compensate for reductions or waivers of such surcharges under this section. Funds received pursuant to such other sales shall not be available to reimburse the costs incurred by the United States Government for which reduction or waiver is approved by the President under this section.

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"(f) Not less than 30 days before a cooperative project agreement is signed on behalf of the United States, the President shall transmit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the chairman of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, a numbered certification with respect to such proposed agreement, setting forth—

"(1) a detailed description of the cooperative project with respect to which the certification is made;

"(2) an estimate of the quantity of the defense articles expected to be produced in furtherance of such cooperative project;

"(3) an estimate of the full cost of the cooperative project, with an estimate of the part of the full cost to be incurred by the United States Government for its participation in such cooperative project and an estimate of that part of the full costs to be incurred by the other participants;

"(4) an estimate of the dollar value of the funds to be contributed by the United States and each of the other participants on behalf of such cooperative project;

"(5) a description of the defense articles and defense services expected to be contributed by the United States and each of the other participants on behalf of such cooperative project;

"(6) a statement of the foreign policy and national security benefits anticipated to be derived from such cooperative project; and

"(7) to the extent known, whether it is likely that prime contracts will be awarded to particular prime contractors or that subcontracts will be awarded to particular subcontractors to comply with the proposed agreement.

Post, p. 203.

22 USC 2778.

"(g) Section 36(b) of this Act shall not apply to sales made under section 21 or 22 of this Act and to production and exports made pursuant to cooperative projects under this section, and section 36(c) of this Act shall not apply to the issuance of licenses or other approvals under section 38 of this Act, if such sales are made, such production and exports ensue, or such licenses or approvals are issued, as part of a cooperative project.

"(h) The authority under this section is in addition to the authority under sections 21 and 22 of this Act and under any other provision of law.

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"(i)(1) With the approval of the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Defense, a cooperative agreement which was entered into by the United States before the effective date of the amendment to this section made by the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985 and which meets the requirements of this section as so amended may be treated on and after such date as having been made under this section as so amended. *Ante*, p. 190.

"(2) Notwithstanding the amendment made to this section made by the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985, projects entered into under the authority of this section before the effective date of that amendment may be carried through to conclusion in accordance with the terms of this section as in effect immediately before the effective date of that amendment.".

22 USC 2752. (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) Section 2(b) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Under the direction of the President, the Secretary of State (taking into account other United States activities abroad, such as military assistance, economic assistance, and the food for peace program) shall be responsible for the continuous supervision and general direction of sales, leases, financing, cooperative projects, and exports under this Act, including, but not limited to, determining—

"(1) whether there will be a sale to or financing for a country and the amount thereof;

"(2) whether there will be a lease to a country;

"(3) whether there will be a cooperative project and the scope thereof; and

"(4) whether there will be delivery or other performance under such sale, lease, cooperative project, or export,

to the end that sales, financing, leases, cooperative projects, and exports will be integrated with other United States activities and to the end that the foreign policy of the United States would be best served thereby.".

22 USC 2753. (2) Section 3(a) of such Act is amended—

(A) in the text preceding paragraph (1), by inserting ", and no agreement shall be entered into for a cooperative project (as defined in section 27 of this Act)," after "international organization";

(B) in paragraph (2)—

(i) by inserting ", or produced in a cooperative project (as defined in section 27 of this Act)," after "so furnished to it"; and

(ii) by inserting "(or the North Atlantic Treaty Organization or the specified member countries (other than the United States) in the case of a cooperative project)" after "international organization" the second place it appears; and

(C) in paragraph (3), by inserting "or service" after "such article" both places it appears.

22 USC 2791. (3) Section 42(e) of such Act is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting ", and each contract entered into under section 27(d) of this Act," after "of this Act"; and

(B) in paragraph (3), by inserting ", or under contracts entered into under section 27(d) of this Act," after "of this Act".

SEC. 116. EXCHANGE OF TRAINING AND RELATED SUPPORT.

The Arms Export Control Act is amended by inserting the following new chapter after chapter 2B:

"Chapter 2C—Exchange of Training and Related Support

22 USC 2770a. "SEC. 30A. EXCHANGE OF TRAINING AND RELATED SUPPORT.—(a) Subject to subsection (b), the President may provide training and related support to military and civilian defense personnel of a friendly foreign country or an international organization. Such training and related support shall be provided by a Secretary of a military department and may include the provision of transportation, food services, health services, and logistics and the use of facilities and equipment.

"(b) Training and related support may be provided under this section only pursuant to an agreement or other arrangement providing for the provision by the recipient foreign country or international organization, on a reciprocal basis, of comparable training and related support to military and civilian personnel under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the military department providing the training and related support under this section. Such reciprocal training and related support must be provided within a reasonable period of time (which may not be more than one year) of the provision of training and related support by the United States. To the extent that a foreign country or international organization to which training and related support is provided under this section does not provide such comparable training and related support to the United States within a reasonable period of time, that country or international organization shall be required to reimburse the United States for the full costs of the training and related support provided by the United States.

"(c) Training and related support under this section shall be provided under regulations prescribed by the President.

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"(d) Not later than February 1 of each year, the President shall submit to the Congress a report on the activities conducted pursuant to this section during the preceding fiscal year, including the estimated full costs of the training and related support provided by the United States to each country and international organization and the estimated value of the training and related support provided to the United States by that country or international organization.".

SEC. 117. QUARTERLY REPORTS ON UNITED STATES MILITARY ADVISORS ABROAD.

22 USC 2776.

Section 36(a)(7) of the Arms Export Control Act is amended to read as follows:

"(7) an estimate of—

"(A) the number of United States military personnel, the number of United States Government civilian personnel, and the number of United States civilian contract personnel, who were in each foreign country at the end of that quarter, and

"(B) the number of members of each such category of personnel who were in each foreign country at any time during that quarter,

in implementation of sales and commercial exports under this Act or of assistance under chapter 2, 5, 6, or 8 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, including both personnel assigned to the country and personnel temporarily in the country by detail or otherwise;".

22 USC 2311, 2347, 2348, 2349aa.

99 STAT. 203

SEC. 118. SENSITIVE TECHNOLOGY.

22 USC 2776.

Section 36(b) of the Arms Export Control Act is amended—

(1) by inserting before the period at the end of the second sentence of paragraph (1) the following: ", and a detailed justification of the reasons necessitating the sale of such articles or services in view of the sensitivity of such technology"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

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"(5)(A) If, before the delivery of any major defense article or major defense equipment, or the furnishing of any defense service or design and construction service, sold pursuant to a letter of offer described in paragraph (1), the sensitivity of technology or the capability of the article, equipment, or service is enhanced or upgraded from the level of sensitivity or capability described in the numbered certification with respect to an offer to sell such article, equipment, or service, then, at least 45 days before the delivery of such article or equipment or the furnishing of such service, the President shall prepare and transmit to the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report—

"(i) describing the manner in which the technology or capability has been enhanced or upgraded and describing the significance of such enhancement or upgrade; and

"(ii) setting forth a detailed justification for such enhancement or upgrade.

"(B) The provisions of subparagraph (A) apply to an article or equipment delivered, or a service furnished, within ten years after the transmittal to the Congress of a numbered certification with respect to the sale of such article, equipment, or service.

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"(C) If the enhancement or upgrade in the sensitivity of technology or the capability of major defense equipment, defense articles, defense services, or design and construction services described in a numbered certification submitted under this subsection costs $14,000,000 or more in the case of any major defense equipment, $50,000,000 or more in the case of defense articles or defense services, or $200,000,000 or more in the case of design or construction services, then the President shall submit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a new numbered certification which relates to such enhancement or upgrade and which shall be considered for purposes of this subsection as if it were a separate letter of offer to sell defense equipment, articles, or services, subject to all of the requirements, restrictions, and conditions set forth in this subsection. For purposes of this subparagraph, references in this subsection to sales shall be deemed to be references to enhancements or upgrades in the sensitivity of technology or the capability of major defense equipment, articles, or services, as the case may be.

"(D) For the purposes of subparagraph (A), the term 'major defense article' shall be construed to include electronic devices, which if upgraded, would enhance the mission capability of a weapons system.".

SEC. 119. INCREASE IN CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR CERTAIN VIOLATIONS OF THE ARMS EXPORT CONTROL ACT.

22 USC 2778.

99 STAT. 204

(a) CRIMINAL PENALTIES.—Section 38(c) of the Arms Export Control Act is amended by striking out "not more than $100,000 or imprisoned not more than two years, or both" and inserting in lieu thereof "for each violation not more than $1,000,000 or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both".

22 USC 2778.

50 USC app. 2410.

(b) CIVIL PENALTIES.—Section 38(e) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Notwithstanding section 11(c) of the Export Administration Act of 1979, the civil penalty for each violation involving controls imposed on the export of defense articles and defense services under this section may not exceed $500,000.".

22 USC 2778 note.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect upon the date of enactment of this Act or October 1, 1985, whichever is later. The amendments made by this section apply with respect to violations occurring after the effective date of this section.

SEC. 120. OFFICIAL RECEPTION AND REPRESENTATION EXPENSES.

22 USC 2792.

Section 43 of the Arms Export Control Act is amended—

(1) in subsection (b) by inserting "and official reception and representation expenses" immediately after "administrative expenses"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

22 USC 2761.

"(c) Not more than $72,500 of the funds derived from charges for administrative services pursuant to section 21(e)(1)(A) of this Act may be used each fiscal year for official reception and representation expenses.".

SEC. 121. SPECIAL DEFENSE ACQUISITION FUND.

(a) Continuous Orders for Certain Articles and Services.—Section 51(a) of the Arms Export Control Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

22 USC 2795.

"(3) The Fund may be used to keep on continuous order such defense articles and defense services as are assigned by the Department of Defense for integrated management by a single agency thereof for the common use of all military departments in anticipation of the transfer of similar defense articles and defense services to foreign countries and international organizations pursuant to this Act, the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, or other law.".

22 USC 2151 note.

(b) Revolving Fund.—Section 51(b) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(b) The Fund shall consist of collections from sales made under letters of offer, or transfers made under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, of defense articles and defense services acquired under this chapter (representing the value of such items calculated in accordance with subparagraph (B) or (C) of section 21(a)(1) or section 22 of this Act or section 644(m) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as appropriate), together with such funds as may be authorized and appropriated or otherwise made available for the purposes of the Fund.".

22 USC 2761, 2762.
22 USC 2403.

SEC. 122. LEASING AUTHORITY.

Section 7307(b)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: ", except that any lease or loan of such a vessel under such a law shall be made only in accordance with the provisions of chapter 6 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2796 et seq.) or chapter 2 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2311 et seq.)".

99 STAT. 205

SEC. 123. MILITARY ASSISTANCE COSTS; WAIVER OF NET PROCEEDS FOR SALE OF MAP ITEMS.

(a) Military Assistance Costs.—Section 503(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by adding the following sentence after paragraph (3):

22 USC 2311.

"Sales which are wholly paid from funds transferred under paragraph (3) shall be priced to exclude the costs of salaries of members of the Armed Forces of the United States.".

(b) Waiver of Net Proceeds.—Section 505(f) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "In the case of items which were delivered prior to 1975, the President may waive the requirement that such net proceeds be paid to the United States Government if he determines that to do so is in the national interest of the United States.".

22 USC 2314.

SEC. 124. STOCKPILING OF DEFENSE ARTICLES FOR FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

Section 514(b)(2) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows:

22 USC 2321h.

"(2) The value of such additions to stockpiles in foreign countries shall not exceed $360,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and shall not exceed $125,000,000 for fiscal year 1987.".

SEC. 125. SECURITY ASSISTANCE ORGANIZATIONS.

Section 515(c)(1) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended in the last sentence by striking out "For the fiscal year 1982 and the fiscal year 1983," and inserting in lieu thereof "Pakistan, Tunisia, El Salvador, Honduras,".

22 USC 2321i.

SEC. 126. EXCHANGE TRAINING.

Chapter 5 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"Sec. 544. Exchange Training.—In carrying out this chapter, the President is authorized to provide for attendance of foreign military personnel at professional military education institutions in the

22 USC 2347c.

United States (other than service academies) without charge, and without charge to funds available to carry out this chapter (notwithstanding section 632(d) of this Act), if such attendance is pursuant to an agreement providing for the exchange of students on a one-for-one, reciprocal basis each fiscal year between those United States professional military education institutions and comparable institutions of foreign countries and international organizations.". 22 USC 2392

SEC. 127. TRAINING IN MARITIME SKILLS.

(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Chapter 5 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended by the preceding section of this Act, is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

22 USC 2347d. "SEC. 545. TRAINING IN MARITIME SKILLS.—The President is encouraged to allocate a portion of the funds made available each fiscal year to carry out this chapter for use in providing education and training in maritime search and rescue, operation and maintenance of aids to navigation, port security, at-sea law enforcement, international maritime law, and general maritime skills.".

22 USC 2420. (b) EXEMPTION.—Section 660(b) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "or" at the end of clause (1);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of clause (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "; or"; and

99 STAT. 206

(3) by adding the following new clause after clause (2):

"(3) with respect to assistance, including training, in maritime law enforcement and other maritime skills.".

SEC. 128. SPECIAL WAIVER AUTHORITY.

22 USC 2364. Section 614(a)(4) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows:

"(4)(A) The authority of this subsection may not be used in any fiscal year to authorize—

"(i) more than $750,000,000 in sales to be made under the Arms Export Control Act;

"(ii) the use of more than $250,000,000 of funds made available for use under this Act or the Arms Export Control Act; and 22 USC 2751 note.

"(iii) the use of more than $100,000,000 of foreign currencies accruing under this Act or any other law.

"(B) If the authority of this subsection is used both to authorize a sale under the Arms Export Control Act and to authorize funds to be used under the Arms Export Control Act or under this Act with respect to the financing of that sale, then the use of the funds shall be counted against the limitation in subparagraph (A)(ii) and the portion, if any, of the sale which is not so financed shall be counted against the limitation in subparagraph (A)(i).

Communist aggression. "(C) Not more than $50,000,000 of the $250,000,000 limitation provided in subparagraph (A)(ii) may be allocated to any one country in any fiscal year unless that country is a victim of active Communist or Communist-supported aggression, and not more than $500,000,000 of the aggregate limitation of $1,000,000,000 provided in subparagraphs (A)(i) and (A)(ii) may be allocated to any one country in any fiscal year.".

22 USC 2751 note.

SEC. 129. CONVENTIONAL ARMS TRANSFERS.

(a) NEGOTIATIONS.—At the earliest possible date, the President should, in consultation with United States allies, initiate discussions with the Soviet Union and France aimed at beginning multilateral negotiations to limit and control the transfer of conventional arms to less developed countries.

(b) REPORT.—Within one year after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report which specifies steps being taken to fulfill the requirements of subsection (a) and which examines and analyzes United States policies concerning the export of conventional arms, especially sophisticated weapons, and possible approaches to developing multilateral limitations on conventional arms sales. This report shall examine and analyze—

(1) the lessons of earlier efforts to negotiate restraints on the export of conventional arms;

(2) the evolution of supplier practices and policies;

(3) the evolution of recipient country attitudes regarding conventional arms transfers;

(4) the effect upon regional stability and security of conventional arms transfers by the United States and its allies and the Soviet Union and its allies;

(5) the relationship between arms imports and the external debt of recipient countries, the allocation of their internal resources, and their economic well-being;

(6) the relationship between arms exports by Western European countries and the needs of those countries to support their domestic military procurement programs;

(7) the prospects for engaging the Soviet Union in serious discussions concerning arms transfers, both globally and as they relate to regional security problems;

(8) possible measures by the United States and Western European suppliers to control levels of sophisticated weapons sales, both regionally and globally; and

(9) the timing and phasing of international conventional arms control negotiations.

SEC. 130. FOREIGN MILITARY SALES FOR JORDAN.

(a) MIDDLE EAST PEACE.—The foreign military sales financing authorized by this Act for Jordan is provided and increased in the recognition of progress Jordan has made in the search for a just and lasting peace in the Middle East, to encourage further progress, in recognition of the continuing defense needs of Jordan, and in the expectation that Jordan will enter into direct negotiations with Israel based on United Nations Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338 in order to resolve the state of war between those two countries.

Prohibition.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the Congress that no foreign military sales financing authorized by this Act may be used to finance the procurement by Jordan of United States advanced aircraft, new air defense weapons systems, or other new advanced military weapons systems, and no notification may be made pursuant to section 36(b) of the Arms Export Control Act with respect to a proposed sale to Jordan of United States advanced aircraft, new air defense systems, or other new advanced military weapons systems, unless Jordan is publicly committed to the recognition of Israel and to negotiate promptly and directly with Israel under the basic tenets of United Nations Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338.

Ante, p. 203.

(c) CERTIFICATION.—Any notification made pursuant to section 36(b) of the Arms Export Control Act with respect to a proposed sale to Jordan of United States advanced aircraft, new air defense systems, or other new advanced military weapons, shall be accompanied by a Presidential certification of Jordan's public commitment to the recognition of Israel and to negotiate promptly and directly with Israel under the basic tenets of United Nations Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338.

SEC. 131. CERTIFICATION CONCERNING AWACS SOLD TO SAUDI ARABIA.

(a) THE PRESIDENT'S 1981 AWACS COMMUNICATION TO THE SENATE.—(1) The Congress finds that in his October 28, 1981, communication to the Senate concerning the proposed sale of AWACS aircraft and F-15 enhancement items to Saudi Arabia which was then being reviewed by the Congress (hereafter in this section referred to as the "1981 AWACS communication"), the President stated the following:

"Transfer of the AWACS will take place . . . only after the

Congress has received in writing a Presidential certification, containing agreements with Saudi Arabia, that the following conditions have been met:

"1. **Security of Technology**

99 STAT. 208

"A. That a detailed plan for the security of equipment, technology, information, and supporting documentation has been agreed to by the United States and Saudi Arabia and is in place; and

"B. The security provisions are no less stringent than measures employed by the U.S. for protection and control of its equipment of like kind outside the continental U.S.; and

"C. The U.S. has the right of continual on-site inspection and surveillance by U.S. personnel of security arrangements for all operations during the useful life of the AWACS. It is further provided that security arrangements will be supplemented by additional U.S. personnel if it is deemed necessary by the two parties; and

"D. Saudi Arabia will not permit citizens of third nations either to perform maintenance on the AWACS or to modify any such equipment without prior, explicit mutual consent of the two governments; and

"E. Computer software, as designated by the U.S. Government, will remain the property of the USG.

"2. **Access to Information**

"That Saudi Arabia has agreed to share with the United States continuously and completely the information that it acquires from use of the AWACS.

"3. **Control Over Third-Country Participation**

"A. That Saudi Arabia has agreed not to share access to AWACS equipment, technology, documentation, or any information developed from such equipment or technology with any nation other than the U.S. without the prior, explicit mutual consent of both governments; and

"B. There are in place adequate and effective procedures requiring the screening and security clearance of citizens of Saudi Arabia and that only cleared Saudi citizens and cleared U.S. nationals will have access to AWACS equipment, technology, or documentation, or information derived therefrom, without the prior, explicit mutual consent of the two governments.

"4. **AWACS Flight Operations**

"That the Saudi AWACS will be operated solely within the boundaries of Saudi Arabia, except with the prior, explicit mutual consent of the two governments, and solely for defensive purposes as defined by the United States, in order to maintain security and regional stability.

"5. **Command Structure**

"That agreements as they concern organizational command and control structure for the operation of AWACS are of such a nature to guarantee that the commitments above will be honored.

"6. **Regional Peace and Security**

"That the sale contributes directly to the stability and security of the area, enhances the atmosphere and prospects for progress toward peace, and that initiatives toward the peaceful resolution of disputes in the region have either been successfully completed or that significant progress toward that goal has been accomplished with the substantial assistance of Saudi Arabia.".

(2) The Congress finds that the President also stated in the 1981 AWACS communication that should circumstances arise that might require changes in the arrangements described in that communication, "they would be made only with Congressional participation".

99 STAT. 209

(b) Requirement for Presidential Certification.—As provided in the 1981 AWACS communication, before the E-3A airborne warning and control system (AWACS) aircraft which were the subject of that communication are transferred to Saudi Arabia, the President shall submit to the Congress a written Presidential certification, containing agreements with Saudi Arabia, that the conditions set forth in that communication have been met.

President of U.S.

(c) CONGRESSIONAL PARTICIPATION IN CHANGES IN AWACS ARRANGEMENTS.—In order to facilitate the congressional participation provided for in the 1981 AWACS communication, the President shall notify the Congress promptly of any changes being considered by the United States in the arrangements described in that communication.

SEC. 132. COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS ON AIR DEFENSE IN CENTRAL EUROPE.

(a) GENERAL AUTHORITIES.—The Secretary of Defense may carry out the European air defense agreements. In carrying out those agreements, the Secretary—

(1) may provide without monetary charge to the Federal Republic of Germany articles and services as specified in the agreements; and

(2) may accept from the Federal Republic of Germany (in return for the articles and services provided under paragraph (1)) articles and services as specified in the agreements.

(b) SPECIAL AUTHORITIES.—In connection with the administration of the European air defense agreements, the Secretary of Defense may—

(1) waive any surcharge for administrative services otherwise chargeable under section 21(e)(1)(A) of the Arms Export Control Act;

22 USC 2761.

(2) waive any charge not otherwise waived for services associated with contract administration for the sale under the Arms Export Control Act of Patriot air defense missile fire units to the Federal Republic of Germany contemplated in the agreements;

(3) use, to the extent contemplated in the agreements, the NATO Maintenance and Supply Agency—

(A) for the supply of logistical support in Europe for the Patriot missile system, and

(B) for the acquisition of such logistical support,

to the extent that the Secretary determines that the procedures of that Agency governing such supply and acquisition are appropriate;

(4) share, to the extent contemplated in the agreements, the costs of setup charges of facilities for use by that Agency to perform depot-level support of Patriot missile fire units in Europe; and

(5) deliver to the Federal Republic of Germany one Patriot missile fire unit configured for training, to be purchased by the Federal Republic of Germany under the Arms Export Control Act as contemplated in the agreements, without regard to the requirement in section 22 of that Act for payment in advance of delivery for any purchase under that Act.

22 USC 2762.

(c) RATE CHARGED FOR CERTAIN SERVICES.—Notwithstanding the rate required to be charged under section 21 of the Arms Export Control Act for services furnished by the United States, in the case of 14 Patriot missile fire units which the Federal Republic of Germany purchases from the United States under the Arms Export Control Act as contemplated in the European air defense agreements, the rate charged by the Secretary of Defense for packing, crating, handling, and transportation services associated with that purchase may not exceed the established Department of Defense rate for such services.

99 STAT. 210

22 USC 2751 note.

(d) LIMITATION ON CONTRACT AUTHORITY.—The authority of the Secretary of Defense to enter into contracts under the European air defense agreements is available only to the extent that appropriated funds, other than those made available under section 31 of the Arms Export Control Act, are available for that purpose.

22 USC 2770.

(e) Relation to Fiscal Year 1985 Authorization.—The authorities provided by this section are an extension of, and not in addition to, the authorities provided by section 1007 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1985 (98 Stat. 2579), relating to the authority of the Secretary of Defense to carry out the European air defense agreements during fiscal year 1985.

(f) Definition of European Air Defense Agreements.—For the purposes of this section, the term "European air defense agreements" means—

(1) the agreement entitled "Agreement between the Secretary of Defense of the United States of America and the Minister of Defense of the Federal Republic of Germany on Cooperative Measures for Enhancing Air Defense for Central Europe", signed on December 6, 1983; and

(2) the agreement entitled "Agreement between the Secretary of Defense of the United States of America and the Minister of Defense of the Federal Republic of Germany in implementation of the 6 December 1983 Agreement on Cooperative Measures for Enhancing Air Defense for Central Europe", signed on July 12, 1984.

TITLE II—ECONOMIC SUPPORT FUND

SEC. 201. PURPOSES AND USES OF ESF; AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.

22 USC 2346–2346c, 2346e–2346i.

Sec. 201. (a) Policy Revisions and Authorizations of Appropriations.—Chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by striking out sections 531, 532, 533, 534, 536, 537, 538, 539, and 540 and inserting the following new sections after the chapter heading:

22 USC 2346.
22 USC 2151.
President of U.S.

"Sec. 531. Authority.—(a) The Congress recognizes that, under special economic, political, or security conditions, the national interests of the United States may require economic support for countries or in amounts which could not be justified solely under chapter 1 of part I. In such cases, the President is authorized to furnish assistance to countries and organizations, on such terms and conditions as he may determine, in order to promote economic or political stability. To the maximum extent feasible, the President shall provide assistance under this chapter consistent with the policy directions, purposes, and programs of part I of this Act.

99 STAT. 211
22 USC 2151.

"(b) The Secretary of State shall be responsible for policy decisions and justifications for economic support programs under this chapter, including determinations of whether there will be an economic support program for a country and the amount of the program for each country. The Secretary shall exercise this responsibility in cooperation with the Administrator of the agency primarily responsible for administering part I of this Act.

"(c) As part of the annual presentation materials for foreign assistance submitted to the Congress, the agency primarily responsible for administering this part shall provide a detailed justification for the uses and the purposes of the funds provided under this chapter. Such material shall include, but not be limited to, information concerning the amounts and kinds of cash grant transfers, the amounts and kinds of budgetary and balance-of-payments support provided, and the amounts and kinds of project assistance provided with funds made available under this chapter.

22 USC 2151a–2151d.

"(d) To the maximum extent feasible, funds made available pursuant to this chapter for commodity import programs or other program assistance shall be used to generate local currencies, not less than 50 percent of which shall be available to support activities consistent with the objectives of sections 103 through 106 of this Act, and administered by the agency primarily responsible for administering part I of this Act.

Prohibition.

"(e) Amounts appropriated to carry out this chapter shall be available for economic programs only and may not be used for military or paramilitary purposes.

"Sec. 532. Authorizations of Appropriations.—(a) There are authorized to be appropriated to the President to carry out the purposes of this chapter— 22 USC 2346a.

"(1) $2,015,000,000 for the fiscal year 1986 and $2,015,000,000 for the fiscal year 1987 for the following countries signing the Camp David agreement: Israel and Egypt; and

"(2) $1,785,000,000 for the fiscal year 1986 and $1,785,000,000 for the fiscal year 1987 for assistance under this chapter for recipients or purposes other than the countries referred to in paragraph (1).".

"(b) Amounts appropriated to carry out this chapter are authorized to remain available until expended.".

(b) Emergency Assistance.—Section 535 of such Act is amended— 22 USC 2346d.

(1) by striking out "1982" and "1983" inserting in lieu thereof "1986" and "1987", respectively; and

(2) by redesignating that section as section 533. 22 USC 2346d, 2346b.

SEC. 202. ASSISTANCE FOR THE MIDDLE EAST.

(a) Israel.—(1) Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated to carry out chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, not less than $1,200,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and not less than $1,200,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 shall be available only for Israel. 22 USC 2346.

(2) The total amounts of funds allocated for Israel under that chapter for fiscal year 1986 and fiscal year 1987 shall be made available as a cash transfer on a grant basis. Such transfer shall be made on an expedited basis in the first 30 days of the respective fiscal year. In exercising the authority of this paragraph, the President shall ensure that the level of cash transfer made to Israel does not cause an adverse impact on the total level of nonmilitary exports from the United States to Israel. President of U.S.

(b) Egypt.—(1) Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated to carry out chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, not less than $815,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and not less than $815,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 shall be available only for Egypt. 99 STAT. 212

(2) All of the funds made available to Egypt under that chapter for the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 shall be provided on a grant basis.

(3) Up to $115,000,000 of the amounts provided for Egypt for each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 pursuant to paragraph (1) may be provided as a cash transfer with the understanding that Egypt will undertake economic reforms or development activities which are additional to those which would be undertaken in the absence of the cash transfer.

(c) Cooperative Scientific and Technological Projects.—It is the sense of the Congress that, in order to continue to build the structure of peace in the Middle East, the United States should finance, and where appropriate participate in, cooperative projects of a scientific and technological nature involving Israel and Egypt and other Middle East countries wishing to participate. These cooperative projects should include projects in the fields of agriculture, health, energy, the environment, education, water resources, and the social sciences.

SEC. 203. ASSISTANCE FOR CYPRUS.

(a) Earmarks.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated to carry out chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, not less than $15,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and not less than $15,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 shall be available only for Cyprus. 22 USC 2346.

(b) Cyprus Peace and Reconstruction Fund.—It is the sense of the Congress that, at the appropriate time, $250,000,000 should be authorized to be appropriated to provide assistance for Cyprus under chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 if the President certifies to the Congress that an agreement has been concluded by the Greek and Turkish Cypriots which is supported by Greece and Turkey and which achieves substantial progress toward settlement of the Cyprus dispute. Such an agreement should include an agreement on Varosha/Famagusta, foreign troop levels in the Republic of Cyprus, the disposition of the international airport on Cyprus, or other significant steps which are evidence of substantial progress toward an overall settlement of the Cyprus dispute.

SEC. 204. ASSISTANCE FOR PORTUGAL.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated to carry out chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, $80,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $80,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 shall be available only for Portugal.

SEC. 205. ACQUISITION OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES UNDER COMMODITY IMPORT PROGRAMS.

The President shall use not less than 18 percent of the funds which are authorized to be appropriated to carry out chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 for each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987, and which are made available for commodity import programs, for the purchase of agricultural commodities of United States-origin.

SEC. 206. TIED AID CREDIT PROGRAM.

Exports.
Commerce and trade.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated to carry out chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 which are allocated for Commodity Import Programs—

99 STAT. 213

(1) not less than $50,000,000 for fiscal year 1986, and

(2) an aggregate of not less than $100,000,000 for both fiscal years 1986 and 1987,

shall be deposited in the fund authorized by subsection (c)(2) of section 645 of the Trade and Development Enhancement Act of 1983 (12 U.S.C. 635r) and shall be used by the Agency for International Development in carrying out the program of tied aid credits for United States exports which is provided for in that section. Funds that have not been obligated pursuant to the tied aid credit program by the end of the third quarter of the fiscal year for which they were appropriated may be used for other purposes under chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 if the Administrator of the Agency for International Development certifies to the Congress that (A) no trade credit application acceptable and timely under the Trade and Development Enhancement Act of 1983 is pending, or (B) those funds are not needed for that program because other countries are not engaging in predatory financing practices in order to compete with United States exports.

22 USC 2346.

12 USC 635o note.

SEC. 207. RESTRICTION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR NUCLEAR FACILITIES.

International agreements.

Funds authorized to be appropriated to carry out chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 for fiscal year 1986 or fiscal year 1987 may not be used to finance the construction of, the operation or maintenance of, or the supplying of fuel for, any nuclear facility in a foreign country unless the President certifies to the Congress that such country is a party to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons or the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America (the "Treaty of Tlatelolco"), cooperates fully with the International Atomic Energy Agency, and pursues nonproliferation policies consistent with those of the United States.

21 UST 483.
22 UST 762.

SEC. 208. FISCAL YEAR 1985 SUPPLEMENTAL AUTHORIZATION.

98 Stat. 1837.

(a) AUTHORIZATION.—In addition to the amount appropriated for such purpose by Public Law 98-473, there are authorized to be appropriated $2,008,000,000 for fiscal year 1985 to carry out the purposes of chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961. Of this amount, $1,500,000,000 shall be available only for

Israel, $500,000,000 shall be available only for Egypt, and $8,000,000 shall be available only for the Middle East Regional Program. Amounts appropriated pursuant to this section are authorized to remain available until September 30, 1986.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act.

TITLE III—DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE

SEC. 301. DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE POLICY.

22 USC 2151-1.

Section 102(b) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

"(13) United States encouragement of policy reforms is necessary if developing countries are to achieve economic growth with equity.

"(14) Development assistance should, as a fundamental objective, promote private sector activity in open and competitive markets in developing countries, recognizing such activity to be a productive and efficient means of achieving equitable and long term economic growth.

"(15) United States cooperation in development should recognize as essential the need of developing countries to have access to appropriate technology in order to improve food and water, health and housing, education and employment, and agriculture and industry.

"(16) United States assistance should focus on establishing and upgrading the institutional capacities of developing countries in order to promote long term development. An important component of institution building involves training to expand the human resource potential of people in developing countries.".

SEC. 302. AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, AND NUTRITION.

22 USC 2151a.

Section 103(a)(2) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by striking out the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "There are authorized to be appropriated to the President for purposes of this section, in addition to funds otherwise available for such purposes, $760,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $760,000,000 for fiscal year 1987. Of these amounts, the President may use such amounts as he deems appropriate to carry out the provisions of section 316 of the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1980.".

22 USC 2151a note.

SEC. 303. POPULATION AND HEALTH.

22 USC 2151b.

Section 104(g) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows:

"(g) AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.—(1) There are authorized to be appropriated to the President, in addition to funds otherwise available for such purposes—

"(A) $290,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $290,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 to carry out subsection (b) of this section; and

"(B) $205,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $205,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 to carry out subsection (c) of this section.

"(2) Funds appropriated under this subsection are authorized to remain available until expended.".

SEC. 304. CHILD SURVIVAL FUND.

22 USC 2151b.

Section 104(c)(2)(B) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by striking out "$25,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$25,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $25,000,000 for fiscal year 1987".

SEC. 305. PROMOTION OF IMMUNIZATION AND ORAL REHYDRATION.

(a) POLICY AND GOAL.—Section 104(c) of the Foreign Assistance

Act of 1961 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(3) The Congress recognizes that the promotion of primary health care is a major objective of the foreign assistance program. The Congress further recognizes that simple, relatively low cost means already exist to reduce incidence of communicable diseases among children, mothers, and infants. The promotion of vaccines for immunization, and salts for oral rehydration, therefore, is an essential feature of the health assistance program. To this end, the Congress expects the agency primarily responsible for administering this part to set as a goal the protection of not less than 80 percent of all children, in those countries in which such agency has established development programs, from immunizable diseases by January 1, 1991.".

22 USC 2151b note. 22 USC 2394. *Ante*, p. 214.

(b) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Each annual report required by section 634 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall describe the progress achieved during the preceding fiscal year in carrying out section 104(c)(3) of such Act.

SEC. 306. EDUCATION AND HUMAN RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT.

22 USC 2151c.

The second sentence of section 105(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows: "There are authorized to be appropriated to the President for the purposes of this section, in addition to funds otherwise available for such purposes, $180,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $180,000,000 for fiscal year 1987, which are authorized to remain available until expended.".

SEC. 307. ENERGY, PRIVATE VOLUNTARY ORGANIZATIONS, AND SELECTED DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES.

22 USC 2151d.

(a) AUTHORIZATIONS.—Section 106(e)(1) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows:

"(e)(1) There are authorized to be appropriated to the President for purposes of this section, in addition to funds otherwise available for such purposes, $207,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $207,000,000 for fiscal year 1987.".

(b) COOPERATIVE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.—Section 106 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(f) Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated to carry out this chapter, $5,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $5,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 shall be used to finance cooperative projects among the United States, Israel, and developing countries.".

SEC. 308. PRIVATE SECTOR REVOLVING FUND.

22 USC 2151f.

Section 108(b) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by striking out "fiscal year 1984, up to $20,000,000" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987, up to $18,000,000".

SEC. 309. PRIVATE AND VOLUNTARY ORGANIZATIONS AND COOPERATIVES IN OVERSEAS DEVELOPMENT.

22 USC 2151u.

(a) NOTIFICATION DATE.—Section 123(e) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by striking out "thirty days" in the third sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "one year".

(b) EARMARKING FOR PVOs.—Section 123(f) of such Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "1982, 1983, and 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "1986 through 1989";

(2) by striking out "twelve" and inserting in lieu thereof "thirteen and one half"; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Funds made available under chapter 4 of part II of this Act for the activities of private and voluntary organizations may be considered in determining compliance with the requirements of this subsection.".

22 USC 2346.

SEC. 310. PROMOTION OF DEMOCRATIC COOPERATIVES.

22 USC 2151u.

Section 123 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

99 STAT. 216

"(h) The Congress recognizes that, in addition to their role in social and economic development, cooperatives provide an opportunity for people to participate directly in democratic decisionmaking. Therefore, assistance under this chapter shall be provided to rural and urban cooperatives which offer large numbers of low- and middle-income people in developing countries an opportunity to participate directly in democratic decisionmaking. Such assistance shall be designed to encourage the adoption of self-help, private sector cooperative techniques and practices which have been successful in the United States.".

SEC. 311. USE OF PRIVATE AND VOLUNTARY ORGANIZATIONS, COOPERATIVES, AND THE PRIVATE SECTOR.

22 USC 2151u note.

(a) Study.—The Administrator of the Agency for International Development shall undertake a comprehensive study of additional ways to provide development assistance through nongovernmental organizations, including United States and indigenous private and voluntary organizations, cooperatives, the business community, and other private entities. Such study shall include—

(1) an analysis of the percentage of development assistance allocated to governmental and nongovernmental programs;

(2) an analysis of structural impediments, within both the United States and foreign governments, to additional use of nongovernmental programs; and

(3) an analysis of the comparative economic benefits of governmental and nongovernmental programs.

(b) Report.—The Administrator shall report the results of this study to the Congress no later than September 30, 1986.

SEC. 312. TARGETED ASSISTANCE.

22 USC 2151z.

(a) Requirements.—Section 128 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows:

President of U.S.

"Sec. 128. Targeted Assistance.—(a) The President shall use poverty measurement standards, such as those developed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, and other appropriate measurements in determining target populations for United States development assistance, and shall strengthen United States efforts to assure that a substantial percentage of development assistance under this chapter directly improves the lives of the poor majority, with special emphasis on those individuals living in absolute poverty.

Research and development.

"(b) To the maximum extent possible, activities under this chapter that attempt to increase the institutional capabilities of private organizations or governments, or that attempt to stimulate scientific and technological research, shall be designed and monitored to ensure that the ultimate beneficiaries of these activities are the poor majority.".

22 USC 2394.

(b) Annual Reports.—Section 634(a)(1)(B) of such Act is amended by inserting immediately before the semicolon the following: ", such assessment to include an evaluation of the extent to which programs under chapter 1 of part I directly benefit the poor majority".

22 USC 2151.

SEC. 313. HOUSING AND OTHER GUARANTY PROGRAMS.

22 USC 2182.

(a) Increasing Authorized HIG Program Level.—Section 222(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by striking out "$1,958,000,000" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "$2,158,000,000".

99 STAT. 217

(b) Extending HIG Program Authority.—Such section is further amended by striking out "1986" in the third sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "1988".

22 USC 2182.

(c) Minimum Annual HIG Program Levels.—Section 222 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(k) The total principal amount of guaranties issued under this section for each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 shall be comparable to the total principal amount of such guaranties issued for fiscal year 1984, subject to the dollar limitations on the issuance of guaranties under this section which are contained in subsection (a) and in appropriation Acts.".

22 USC 2182a.

(d) AGRICULTURAL AND PRODUCTIVE CREDIT AND SELF-HELP COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS.—Section 222A(h) of such Act is amended by striking out "1986" and inserting in lieu thereof "1988".

SEC. 314. TRADE CREDIT INSURANCE PROGRAM.

22 USC 2184.

Section 224(e) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by striking out "not to exceed $300,000,000 in the fiscal year 1985" and inserting in lieu therof "except that the aggregate amount of outstanding commitments under subsection (a) may not exceed $300,000,000 of contingent liability for loan principal during fiscal year 1986 and may not exceed $400,000,000 of contingent liability for loan principal during fiscal year 1987".

SEC. 315. MINORITY SET-ASIDE.

22 USC 2151.

22 USC 2151 note.

Except to the extent that the Administrator of the Agency for International Development determines otherwise, not less than 10 percent of the aggregate of the funds made available for each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 to carry out chapter 1 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall be made available only for activities of economically and socially disadvantaged enterprises (within the meaning of section 133(c)(5) of the International Development and Food Assistance Act of 1977), historically black colleges and universities, and private and voluntary organizations which are controlled by individuals who are black Americans, Hispanic Americans, or Native Americans, or who are economically and socially disadvantaged (within the meaning of section 133(c)(5) (B) and (C) of the International Development and Food Assistance Act of 1977). For purposes of this section, economically and socially disadvantaged individuals shall be deemed to include women.

TITLE IV—OTHER FOREIGN ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

SEC. 401. AMERICAN SCHOOLS AND HOSPITALS ABROAD.

22 USC 2174.

Section 214(c) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows:

Appropriation authorization.

"(c)(1) To carry out the purposes of this section, there are authorized to be appropriated to the President $35,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $35,000,000 for fiscal year 1987.

"(2) Amounts appropriated under paragraph (1) are authorized to remain available until expended.".

SEC. 402. VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS TO INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND PROGRAMS.

22 USC 2222

Grants.

(a) AUTHORIZATIONS AND EARMARKINGS.—Section 302(a)(1) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows:

99 STAT. 218

"(a)(1) There are authorized to be appropriated to the President $270,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $270,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 for grants to carry out the purposes of this chapter, in addition to funds available under other Acts for such purposes. Of the amount appropriated for each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 pursuant to these authorizations—

"(A) 59.65 percent shall be for the United Nations Development Program;

"(B) 19.30 percent shall be for the United Nations Children's Fund;

"(C) 7.20 percent shall be for the International Atomic Energy

Agency, except that these funds may be contributed to that Agency only if the Secretary of State determines (and so reports to the Congress) that Israel is not being denied its right to participate in the activities of that Agency;

"(D) 5.44 percent shall be for Organization of American States development assistance programs;

"(E) 3.51 percent shall be for the United Nations Environment Program;

"(F) 0.70 percent shall be for the World Meteorological Organization;

"(G) 0.70 percent shall be for the United Nations Capital Development Fund;

"(H) 0.35 percent shall be for the United Nations Education and Training Program for Southern Africa;

"(I) 0.18 percent shall be for the United Nations Voluntary Fund for the Decade for Women;

"(J) 0.07 percent shall be for the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species;

"(K) 0.70 percent shall be for the World Food Program;

"(L) 0.18 percent shall be for the United Nations Institute for Namibia;

"(M) 0.12 percent shall be for the United Nations Trust Fund for South Africa;

"(N) 0.04 percent shall be for the United Nations Voluntary Fund for Victims of Torture;

"(O) 0.07 percent shall be for the United Nations Industrial Development Organization;

"(P) 0.55 percent shall be for the United Nations Development Program Trust Fund to Combat Poverty and Hunger in Africa;

"(Q) 0.97 percent shall be for contributions to international conventions and scientific organizations;

"(R) 0.18 percent for the United Nations Centre on Human Settlements (Habitat); and

"(S) 0.09 percent shall be for the World Heritage Fund.".

(b) FISCAL YEAR 1985 CONTRIBUTION TO UNITED NATIONS ENVIRONMENT PROGRAM.—Notwithstanding section 614 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 or any other provision of law, $10,000,000 of the funds appropriated for the fiscal year 1985 to carry out chapter 3 of part I of such Act shall be available only for the United Nations Environment Program. This subsection shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act.

22 USC 2364.

22 USC 2221.

Effective date.

99 STAT. 219

SEC. 403. WITHHOLDING OF UNITED STATES PROPORTIONATE SHARE FOR CERTAIN PROGRAMS OF INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Chapter 3 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 307. WITHHOLDING OF UNITED STATES PROPORTIONATE SHARE FOR CERTAIN PROGRAMS OF INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.—(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, none of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this chapter shall be available for the United States proportionate share for programs for the South-West Africa People's Organization, Libya, Iran, Cuba, or the Palestine Liberation Organization or for projects whose purpose is to provide benefits to the Palestine Liberation Organization or entities associated with it.

22 USC 2227.

"(b) The Secretary of State—

Report.

"(1) shall review, at least annually, the budgets and accounts of all international organizations receiving payments of any funds authorized to be appropriated by this chapter; and

"(2) shall report to the appropriate committees of the Congress the amounts of funds expended by each such organization for the purposes described in subsection (a) and the amount contributed by the United States to each such organization.".

SEC. 404. INTERNATIONAL DISASTER ASSISTANCE.

Appropriation authorization. 22 USC 2292a.

The first sentence of section 492(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows: "There are authorized to be appropriated to the President to carry out section 491, $25,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $25,000,000 for fiscal year 1987.".

SEC. 405. TRADE AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.

Appropriation authorization. 22 USC 2421.

The first sentence of section 661(b) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows: "There are authorized to be appropriated to the President for purposes of this section, in addition to funds otherwise available for such purposes, $20,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $20,000,000 for fiscal year 1987.".

SEC. 406. OPERATING EXPENSES.

22 USC 2427.

Section 667(a)(1) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows:

"(1) $387,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $387,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 for necessary operating expenses of the agency primarily responsible for administering part I of this Act; and".

22 USC 2151.

TITLE V—INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM AND FOREIGN AIRPORT SECURITY

Part A—International Terrorism Generally

SEC. 501. ANTI-TERRORISM ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

22 USC 2349aa-4.

(a) AUTHORIZATIONS.—Section 575 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 575. AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.—(a) There are authorized to be appropriated to the President to carry out this chapter $9,840,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $9,840,000 for fiscal year 1987.

"(b) Amounts appropriated under this section are authorized to remain available until expended.".

99 STAT. 220

22 USC 2349aa-2.

(b) ITEMS ON THE MUNITIONS LIST.—Section 573(d)(4) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(4)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), articles on the United States Munitions List established pursuant to the Arms Export Control Act may not be made available under this chapter.

22 USC 2751 note.

"(B) For fiscal years 1986 and 1987, articles on the United States Munitions List may be made available under this chapter if—

"(i) they are small arms in category I (relating to firearms), ammunition in category III (relating to ammunition) for small arms in category I, or articles in category X (relating to protective personnel equipment), and they are directly related to antiterrorism training being provided under this chapter;

"(ii) the recipient country is not prohibited by law from receiving assistance under one or more of the following provisions: chapter 2 of this part, chapter 5 of this part, or the Arms Export Control Act; and

22 USC 2311, 2347.

President of U.S.

"(iii) at least 15 days before the articles are made available to the foreign country, the President notifies the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate of the proposed transfer, in accordance with the procedures applicable to reprogramming notifications pursuant to section 634A of this Act.

Post, p. 278.

"(C) The value (in terms of original acquisition cost) of all equipment and commodities provided under subsection (a) of this section, including articles described in subparagraph (B)(i) of this paragraph, may not exceed $325,000 in fiscal year 1986 or $325,000 in fiscal year 1987.".

22 USC 2349aa-2.

(c) RESTRICTION.—Section 573 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(f) Funds made available to carry out this chapter may not be used for personnel compensation or benefits.".

(d) Expiration of Authority.—Section 577 of such Act is repealed.

Repeal.
22 USC 2349aa-6.

SEC. 502. COORDINATION OF ALL UNITED STATES ANTI-TERRORISM ASSISTANCE TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

22 USC 2349aa-7.

(a) Coordination.—The Secretary of State shall be responsible for coordinating all anti-terrorism assistance to foreign countries provided by the United States Government.

(b) Reports.—Not later than February 1 each year, the Secretary of State, in consultation with appropriate United States Government agencies, shall report to the appropriate committees of the Congress on the anti-terrorism assistance provided by the United States Government during the preceding fiscal year. Such reports may be provided on a classified basis to the extent necessary, and shall specify the amount and nature of the assistance provided.

SEC. 503. PROHIBITION ON ASSISTANCE TO COUNTRIES SUPPORTING INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM.

(a) Prohibition.—Section 620A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows:

22 USC 2371.
Prohibition.

"Sec. 620A. Prohibition on Assistance to Countries Supporting International Terrorism.—(a) The United States shall not provide any assistance under this Act, the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, the Peace Corps Act, or the Arms Export Control Act, to any country which the President determines—

7 USC 1691 note, 22 USC 2501 note.
22 USC 2751 note.

"(1) grants sanctuary from prosecution to any individual or group which has committed an act of international terrorism, or

"(2) otherwise supports international terrorism.

99 STAT. 221

"(b) The President may waive the application of subsection (a) to a country if the President determines that national security or humanitarian reasons justify such waiver. The President shall publish each waiver in the Federal Register and, at least 15 days before the waiver takes effect, shall notify the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate of the waiver (including the justification for the waiver) in accordance with the procedures applicable to reprogramming notifications pursuant to section 634A of this Act.

Federal Register, publication.
Post, p. 278.

"(c) If sanctions are imposed on a country pursuant to subsection (a) because of its support for international terrorism, the President should call upon other countries to impose similar sanctions on that country.".

(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 3(f) of the Arms Export Control Act is amended by striking out ", credits, and guaranties" and ", credits, or guaranties" each place they appear.

22 USC 2753.

SEC. 504. PROHIBITION ON IMPORTS FROM AND EXPORTS TO LIBYA.

22 USC 2349aa-8.

(a) Prohibition on Imports.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President may prohibit any article grown, produced, extracted, or manufactured in Libya from being imported into the United States.

(b) Prohibition on Exports.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President may prohibit any goods or technology, including technical data or other information, subject to the jurisdiction of the United States or exported by any person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, from being exported to Libya.

(c) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the term "United States", when used in a geographical sense, includes territories and possessions of the United States.

22 USC 2349aa-9.

SEC. 505. BAN ON IMPORTING GOODS AND SERVICES FROM COUNTRIES SUPPORTING TERRORISM.

(a) Authority.—The President may ban the importation into the United States of any good or service from any country which supports terrorism or terrorist organizations or harbors terrorists or terrorist organizations.

President of U.S.

(b) Consultation.—The President, in every possible instance, shall consult with the Congress before exercising the authority granted by this section and shall consult regularly with the Congress so long as that authority is being exercised.

President of U.S.

(c) Reports.—Whenever the President exercises the authority granted by this section, he shall immediately transmit to the Congress a report specifying—

(1) the country with respect to which the authority is to be exercised and the imports to be prohibited;

(2) the circumstances which necessitate the exercise of such authority;

(3) why the President believes those circumstances justify the exercise of such authority; and

(4) why the President believes the prohibitions are necessary to deal with those circumstances.

President of U.S.

At least once during each succeeding 6-month period after transmitting a report pursuant to this subsection, the President shall report to the Congress with respect to the actions taken, since the last such report, pursuant to this section and with respect to any changes which have occurred concerning any information previously furnished pursuant to this subsection.

(d) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the term "United States" includes territories and possessions of the United States.

SEC. 506. INTERNATIONAL ANTI-TERRORISM COMMITTEE.

Establishment.

The Congress calls upon the President to seek the establishment of an international committee, to be known as the International Anti-Terrorism Committee, consisting of representatives of the member countries of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, Japan, and such other countries as may be invited and may choose to participate. The purpose of the Committee should be to focus the attention and secure the cooperation of the governments and the public of the participating countries and of other countries on the problems and responses to international terrorism, by serving as a forum at both the political and law enforcement levels.

SEC. 507. INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM CONTROL TREATY.

It is the sense of the Congress that the President should establish a process by which democratic and open societies of the world, which are those most plagued by terrorism, negotiate a viable treaty to effectively prevent and respond to terrorist attacks. Such a treaty should incorporate an operative definition of terrorism, and should establish effective close intelligence-sharing, joint counterterrorist training, and uniform laws on asylum, extradition, and swift punishment for perpetrators of terrorism. Parties to such a treaty should include, but not be limited to, those democratic nations who are most victimized by terrorism.

SEC. 508. STATE TERRORISM.

It is the sense of the Congress that all civilized nations should firmly condemn the increasing use of terrorism by certain states as an official instrument for promoting their policy goals, as evidenced by such examples as the brutal assassination of Major Arthur D. Nicholson, Junior, by a member of the Soviet armed forces.

Part B—Foreign Airport Security

SEC. 551. SECURITY STANDARDS FOR FOREIGN AIR TRANSPORTATION.

(a) Security at Foreign Airports.—Section 1115 of the Federal

Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. App. 1515) is amended to read as follows:

"SECURITY STANDARDS IN FOREIGN AIR TRANSPORTATION

"ASSESSMENT OF SECURITY MEASURES

"SEC. 1115. (a)(1) The Secretary of Transportation shall conduct at such intervals as the Secretary shall deem necessary an assessment of the effectiveness of the security measures maintained at those foreign airports being served by air carriers, those foreign airports from which foreign air carriers serve the United States, those foreign airports which pose a high risk of introducing danger to international air travel, and at such other foreign airports as the Secretary may deem appropriate.

Aircraft and air carriers.

"(2) Each such assessment shall be made by the Secretary of Transportation in consultation with the appropriate aeronautic authorities of the foreign government concerned and each air carrier serving the foreign airport at which the Secretary is conducting such assessment.

"(3) The assessment shall determine the extent to which an airport effectively maintains and administers security measures. In making an assessment of any airport under this subsection, the Secretary shall use a standard which will result in an analysis of the security measures at such airport based upon, at a minimum, the standards and appropriate recommended practices contained in Annex 17 to the Convention on International Civil Aviation, as those standards and recommended practices are in effect on the date of such assessment.

61 Stat. 1180.

"CONSULTATION WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE

"(b) In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary of Transportation shall consult the Secretary of State with respect to the terrorist threat which exists in each country. The Secretary of Transportation shall also consult with the Secretary of State in order to determine which foreign airports are not under the de facto control of the government of the country in which they are located and pose a high risk of introducing danger to international air travel.

"REPORT OF ASSESSMENTS

"(c) Each report to the Congress required by section 315 of this Act shall contain a summary of the assessments conducted pursuant to subsection (a).

49 USC app. 1356.

"NOTIFICATION TO FOREIGN COUNTRY OF DETERMINATION

"(d) Whenever, after an assessment in accordance with subsection (a), the Secretary of Transportation determines that an airport does not maintain and administer effective security measures, the Secretary (after advising the Secretary of State) shall notify the appropriate authorities of such foreign government of such determination, and recommend the steps necessary to bring the security measures in use at that airport up to the standard used by the Secretary in making such assessment.

"NOTICE AND SANCTIONS

"(e)(1) Paragraph (2) of this subsection shall become effective—

Effective date.

"(A) 90 days after notification to the foreign government pursuant to subsection (d), if the Secretary of Transportation finds that the foreign government has failed to bring the security measures at the identified airport up to the standard used by the Secretary in making an assessment of such airport under subsection (a); or

"(B) immediately upon the Secretary of Transportation's determination under subsection (d) if the Secretary of Transportation determines, after consultation with the Secretary of State, that a condition exists that threatens the safety or security of passengers, aircraft, or crew traveling to or from such airport.

99 STAT. 224

The Secretary of Transportation shall immediately notify the Secretary of State of any determination made pursuant to subparagraph (B) so that the Secretary of State may comply with the requirement of section 552(a) of the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985 that a travel advisory be issued.

Post, p. 226.

Aircraft and air carriers. Federal Register, publication.

"(2) Subject to paragraph (1), if the Secretary of Transportation determines pursuant to this section that an airport does not maintain and administer effective security measures—

"(A) the Secretary of Transportation—

"(i) shall publish the identity of such airport in the Federal Register,

"(ii) shall cause the identity of such airport to be posted and prominently displayed at all United States airports regularly being served by scheduled air carrier operations, and

"(iii) shall notify the news media of the identity of such airport;

"(B) each air carrier and foreign air carrier providing service between the United States and such airport shall provide notice of such determination by the Secretary to any passenger purchasing a ticket for transportation between the United States and such airport, with such notice to be made by written material included on or with such ticket;

"(C) the Secretary of Transportation, after consultation with the appropriate aeronautical authorities of the foreign government concerned and each air carrier serving such airport, may, notwithstanding section 1102 of this Act and with the approval of the Secretary of State, withhold, revoke, or impose conditions on the operating authority of any air carrier or foreign air carrier to engage in foreign air transportation utilizing such airport; and

49 USC app. 1502.

"(D) the President may prohibit air carriers and foreign air carriers from providing service between the United States and any other foreign airport which is directly or indirectly served by aircraft flying to or from the airport with respect to which the determination is made under this section.

Report.

"(3) The Secretary of Transportation shall promptly submit to the Congress a report (with a classified annex if necessary) on any action taken under this subsection, setting forth information concerning the attempts made to secure the cooperation of the foreign government in meeting the standard used by the Secretary in making the assessment of the airport under subsection (a).

"LIFTING OF SANCTIONS

"(f)(1) The sanctions required to be imposed with respect to an airport pursuant to subsection (e)(2)(A) and (B) may be lifted only if the Secretary of Transportation, in consultation with the Secretary of State, has determined that effective security measures are maintained and administered at that airport.

"(2) The Congress shall be notified if any sanction imposed pursuant to subsection (e) is lifted.

99 STAT. 225

"AUTHORITY FOR IMMEDIATE SUSPENSION OF AIR SERVICE

49 USC app. 1502, 1514.

"(g) Notwithstanding sections 1102 and 1114 of this Act, whenever the Secretary of Transportation determines that—

"(1) a condition exists that threatens the safety or security of passengers, aircraft, or crew traveling to or from a foreign airport, and

"(2) the public interest requires an immediate suspension of services between the United States and the identified airport,

the Secretary of Transportation shall, without notice or hearing and with the approval of the Secretary of State, suspend the right of any air carrier or foreign air carrier to engage in foreign air transportation to or from that foreign airport and the right of any person to operate aircraft in foreign air commerce to or from that foreign airport.

"CONDITIONS OF AUTHORITY

"(h) The provisions of this section shall be deemed to be a condition to any authority granted under title IV or title VI of this Act to any air carrier or any foreign air carrier, issued under authority vested in the Secretary of Transportation.". 49 USC app. 1371, 1421.

(b) Conforming Amendments.—

(1) Information in semiannual reports.—Section 315(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. App. 1356(a)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Each semiannual report submitted by the Administrator pursuant to the preceding sentence shall include the information described in section 1115(c) of this Act.". *Ante*, p. 222.

(2) Civil penalties.—Section 901(a)(1) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. App. 1471(a)(1)) is amended by inserting "or 1115(e)(2)(B)" after "1114".

(3) Table of contents.—That portion of the table of contents contained in the first section of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 which appears under the center heading

"TITLE XI—MISCELLANEOUS"

is amended by striking out

"Sec. 1115. Security standards in foreign air transportation.".

and inserting in lieu thereof

"Sec. 1115. Security standards in foreign air transportation.

"(a) Assessment of security measures.
"(b) Consultation with the Secretary of State.
"(c) Report of assessments.
"(d) Notification to foreign country of determination.
"(e) Notice and sanctions.
"(f) Lifting of sanctions.
"(g) Authority for immediate suspension of air service.
"(h) Conditions of authority.".

(c) Closing of Beirut International Airport.—It is the sense of the Congress that the President is urged and encouraged to take all appropriate steps to carry forward his announced policy of seeking the effective closing of the international airport in Beirut, Lebanon, at least until such time as the Government of Lebanon has instituted measures and procedures designed to prevent the use of that airport by aircraft hijackers and other terrorists in attacking civilian airlines or their passengers, hijacking their aircraft, or taking or holding their passengers hostage.

99 STAT. 226

SEC. 552. TRAVEL ADVISORY AND SUSPENSION OF FOREIGN ASSISTANCE. 49 USC app. 1515a. Aircraft and air carriers.

(a) Travel Advisory.—Upon being notified by the Secretary of Transportation that the Secretary has determined, pursuant to subsection (e)(1)(B) of section 1115 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 that a condition exists that threatens the safety or security of passengers, aircraft, or crew travelling to or from a foreign airport which the Secretary of Transportation has determined pursuant to that section to be an airport which does not maintain and administer effective security measures, the Secretary of State shall immediately issue a travel advisory with respect to that airport. Any travel advisory issued pursuant to this subsection shall be published in the Federal Register. The Secretary of State shall take the necessary steps to widely publicize that travel advisory. *Ante*, p. 222. Federal Register, publication.

President of U.S.
22 USC 2151 note.
22 USC 2751 note.

(b) SUSPENSION OF FOREIGN ASSISTANCE.—The President shall suspend all assistance under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 or the Arms Export Control Act to any country in which is located an airport with respect to which section 1115(e)(2) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 becomes effective if the Secretary of State determines that such country is a high terrorist threat country. The President may waive the requirements of this subsection if the President determines and reports to the Congress that national security interests or a humanitarian emergency require such waiver.

(c) LIFTING SANCTIONS.—The sanctions required to be imposed pursuant to this section may be lifted only if, pursuant to section 1115(f) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, the Secretary of Transportation, in consultation with the Secretary of State, has determined that effective security measures are maintained and administered at the airport with respect to which the Secretary of Transportation had made the determination described in section 1115 of that Act.

(d) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS.—The Congress shall be notified if any sanction imposed pursuant to this section is lifted.

49 USC app. 1356b.
Aircraft and air carriers.

SEC. 553. UNITED STATES AIRMARSHAL PROGRAM.

(a) STUDY OF NEED FOR EXPANSION OF PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Transportation, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall study the need for an expanded airmarshal program on international flights of United States air carriers. The Secretary of Transportation shall report the results of this study to the Congress within 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act.

(b) AUTHORITY TO CARRY FIREARMS AND MAKE ARRESTS.—The Secretary of Transportation, with the approval of the Attorney General and the Secretary of State, may authorize persons, in connection with the performance of their air transportation security duties, to carry firearms and to make arrests without warrant for any offense against the United States committed in their presence, or for any felony cognizable under the laws of the United States, if they have reasonable grounds to believe that the person to be arrested has committed or is committing a felony.

SEC. 554. ENFORCEMENT OF INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION STANDARDS.

The Secretary of State and the Secretary of Transportation, jointly, shall call on the member countries of the International Civil Aviation Organization to enforce that Organization's existing standards and to support United States actions enforcing such standards.

99 STAT. 227

SEC. 555. INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION BOYCOTT OF COUNTRIES SUPPORTING INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM.

President of U.S.

It is the sense of the Congress that the President—

(1) should call for an international civil aviation boycott with respect to those countries which the President determines—

(A) grant sanctuary from prosecution to any individual or group which has committed an act of international terrorism, or

(B) otherwise support international terrorism; and

(2) should take steps, both bilateral and multilateral, to achieve a total international civil aviation boycott with respect to those countries.

49 USC app. 1515 note.

SEC. 556. MULTILATERAL AND BILATERAL AGREEMENTS WITH RESPECT TO AIRCRAFT SABOTAGE, AIRCRAFT HIJACKING, AND AIRPORT SECURITY.

The Secretary of State shall seek multilateral and bilateral agreement on strengthening enforcement measures and standards for compliance with respect to aircraft sabotage, aircraft hijacking, and airport security.

SEC. 557. RESEARCH ON AIRPORT SECURITY TECHNIQUES FOR DETECTING EXPLOSIVES.

In order to improve security at international airports, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Transportation from the Airport and Airway Trust Fund (in addition to amounts otherwise available for such purpose) $5,000,000, without fiscal year limitation, to be used for research on and the development of airport security devices or techniques for detecting explosives.

SEC. 558. HIJACKING OF TWA FLIGHT 847 AND OTHER ACTS OF TERRORISM.

The Congress joins with all Americans in celebrating the release of the hostages taken from Trans World Airlines flight 847. It is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) purser Uli Derickson, pilot John Testrake, co-pilot Philip Maresca, flight engineer Benjamin Zimmermann, and the rest of the crew of Trans World Airlines flight 847 displayed extraordinary valor and heroism during the hostages' ordeal and therefore should be commended;

(2) the hijackers who murdered United States Navy Petty Officer Stethem should be immediately brought to justice;

(3) all diplomatic means should continue to be employed to obtain the release of the 7 United States citizens previously kidnapped and still held in Lebanon;

(4) acts of international terrorism should be universally condemned; and

(5) the Secretary of State should be supported in his efforts to gain international cooperation to prevent future acts of terrorism.

SEC. 559. EFFECTIVE DATE.

49 USC app. 1515 note.

This part shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act.

99 STAT. 228

TITLE VI—INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL

International Narcotics Control Act of 1985.
22 USC 2151 note.

SEC. 601. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "International Narcotics Control Act of 1985".

SEC. 602. AUTHORIZATIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL ASSISTANCE.

Subsection (a)(1) of section 482 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows: 22 USC 2291a.

"(a)(1) To carry out the purposes of section 481, there are authorized to be appropriated to the President $57,529,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $57,529,000 for fiscal year 1987.". 22 USC 2291.

SEC. 603. DEVELOPMENT AND ILLICIT NARCOTICS PRODUCTION.

Section 126(b) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended— 22 USC 2151x.

(1) by inserting "and under chapter 4 of part II" immediately after "this chapter"; and

(2) by inserting "(1)" after "(b)" and by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) The agency primarily responsible for administering this part may utilize resources for activities aimed at increasing awareness of the effects of production and trafficking of illicit narcotics on source and transit countries.".

SEC. 604. REPORTS ON INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL ASSISTANCE.

Section 481(b) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows: 22 USC 2291.

"(b)(1) Not later than 45 days after the end of each calendar quarter, the President shall transmit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the President of U.S.

Senate, a report on the programming and obligation, on a calendar basis, of funds under this chapter prior to the end of that quarter. The last such report for each fiscal year shall include the aggregate obligations and expenditures made, and the types and quantity of equipment provided, on a calendar quarter basis, prior to end of that fiscal year—

"(A) to carry out the purposes of this chapter with respect to each country and each international organization receiving assistance under this chapter, including the cost of the United States personnel engaged in carrying out such purposes in each such country and with each such international organization;

"(B) to carry out each program conducted under this chapter in each country and by each international organization, including the cost of United States personnel engaged in carrying out each such program; and

"(C) for administrative support services within the United States to carry out the purposes of this chapter, including the cost of United States personnel engaged in carrying out such purposes in the United States.

President of U.S.

"(2) Not later than August 1 of each year, the President shall transmit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, a complete and detailed midyear report on the activities and operations carried out under this chapter prior to such date. Such midyear report shall include, but not be limited to, the status of each agreement concluded prior to such date with other countries to carry out the purposes of this chapter.".

99 STAT. 229

SEC. 605. EXEMPTION FROM BAN ON INVOLVEMENT OF UNITED STATES PERSONNEL IN ARREST ACTIONS IN NARCOTICS CONTROL EFFORTS ABROAD.

22 USC 2291.

Section 481(c) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

Report.

"(2) Paragraph (1) of this subsection shall not prohibit officers and employees of the United States from being present during direct police arrest actions with respect to narcotic control efforts in a foreign country to the extent that the Secretary of State and the government of that country agree to such an exemption. The Secretary of State shall report any such agreement to the Congress before the agreement takes effect.".

SEC. 606. ANNUAL REPORTS ON INVOLVEMENT OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES IN ILLICIT DRUG TRAFFIC.

22 USC 2291.

Section 481(e) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(6) Each report pursuant to this subsection shall describe the involvement of any foreign government (including any communist government) in illicit drug trafficking during the preceding fiscal year, including—

"(A) the direct or indirect involvement of such government (or any official thereof) in the production, processing, or shipment of narcotic and psychotropic drugs and other controlled substances, and

"(B) any other activities of such government (or any official thereof) which have facilitated illicit drug trafficking.".

SEC. 607. PROCUREMENT OF WEAPONS TO DEFEND AIRCRAFT INVOLVED IN NARCOTICS CONTROL EFFORTS.

22 USC 2311.

Of the funds available to carry out chapter 2 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to grant military assistance), $1,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 shall be made available to arm, for defensive purposes, aircraft used in narcotic control eradication or interdiction efforts. The Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate shall be notified of the use of any such funds for that purpose at least 15 days in advance in accordance with the reprogramming procedures applicable under section 634A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961. *Post*, p. 278.

SEC. 608. REQUIREMENT FOR COST-SHARING IN INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.

Section 482 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection: 22 USC 2291a.

"(d) Assistance may be provided under this chapter to a foreign country only if the country provides assurances to the President, and the President is satisfied, that the country will provide at least 25 percent of the costs of any narcotics control program, project, or activity for which such assistance is to be provided. The costs borne by the country may include 'in-kind' contributions.".

99 STAT. 230

SEC. 609. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FOREIGN ASSISTANCE FOR REIMBURSEMENTS FOR DRUG CROP ERADICATIONS.

Chapter 8 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 483. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FOREIGN ASSISTANCE FOR REIMBURSEMENTS FOR DRUG CROP ERADICATIONS.—Funds made available to carry out this Act may not be used to reimburse persons whose illicit drug crops are eradicated.". 22 USC 2291b.

SEC. 610. ASSISTANCE FOR JAMAICA.

Drugs and drug abuse.
22 USC 2346.

In allocating assistance for Jamaica for fiscal year 1986 under chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to the economic support fund), the President shall give major consideration to whether the Government of Jamaica has prepared, presented, and committed itself to a comprehensive plan or strategy for the control and reduction of illicit cultivation, production, processing, transportation, and distribution of marijuana within a specifically stated period of time.

SEC. 611. ASSISTANCE FOR BOLIVIA.

Assistance may be provided to Bolivia for fiscal years 1986 and 1987 under chapter 2 (relating to grant military assistance), chapter 4 (relating to the economic support fund), and chapter 5 (relating to international military education and training) of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, and under chapter 2 of the Arms Export Control Act (relating to foreign military sales financing), only under the following conditions:

22 USC 2311, 2346, 2347.
22 USC 2761.

(1) For fiscal year 1986—

Agriculture and agricultural commodities.

(A) up to 50 percent of the aggregate amount of such assistance allocated for Bolivia may be provided at any time after the President certifies to the Congress that the Government of Bolivia has enacted legislation that will establish its legal coca requirements, provide for the licensing of the number of hectares necessary to produce the legal requirement, and make unlicensed coca production illegal; and

(B) the remaining amount of such assistance may be provided at any time following a certification pursuant to subparagraph (A) if the President certifies to the Congress that the Government of Bolivia achieved the eradication targets for the calendar year 1985 contained in its 1983 narcotics agreements with the United States.

(2) For fiscal year 1987, such assistance may not be provided unless the President certifies to the Congress that the Government of Bolivia has developed a plan to eliminate illicit narcotics production countrywide and is prepared to enter into an agreement with the United States to implement that plan. If that certification is made, then—

(A) up to 50 percent of the aggregate amount of such assistance allocated for Bolivia may be provided at any time after the President certifies to the Congress that the Government of Bolivia has achieved at least half of the eradication target for the calendar year 1986 agreed to by the United States and the Government of Bolivia; and

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(B) the remaining amount of such assistance may be provided at any time after the President certifies to the Congress that the Government of Bolivia fully achieved that eradication target.

SEC. 612. ASSISTANCE TO PERU.

22 USC 2291.

(a) Conditions on Assistance.—United States assistance (as defined by section 481(i)(4) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961) may be provided for Peru—

Agriculture and agricultural commodities.

(1) for fiscal year 1986, only if the President reports to the Congress that the Government of Peru has demonstrated substantial progress in developing a plan that will establish its legal coca requirements, license the number of hectares necessary to produce the legal requirement, and eliminate illicit and unlicensed coca production; and

(2) for fiscal year 1987, only if the President reports to the Congress that the Government of Peru has developed such a plan and is implementing it.

Agriculture and agricultural commodities. 22 USC 2151.

(b) Upper Huallaga Valley Project.—Funds authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1987 to carry out chapter 1 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to development assistance) may be made available for the project of the Agency for International Development in the Upper Huallaga Valley of Peru only if the Administrator of that Agency, after consultation with the Congress, determines that a comprehensive review of that project has been completed which establishes the effectiveness of that project in reducing and eradicating coca leaf production, distribution, and marketing in the Upper Huallaga Valley. The assistance for Peru described in this subsection may be provided only if the report required by subsection (a)(2) has been submitted to the Congress.

SEC. 613. REALLOCATION OF FUNDS IF CONDITIONS NOT MET.

President of U.S.

If any of the assistance described in section 611 is not provided for Bolivia because the conditions specified in that section are not met, or if any of the assistance described in sections 612(a) is not provided for Peru because the conditions specified in that section are not met, the President shall reprogram such assistance in order to provide additional assistance to countries which have taken significant steps to halt illicit drug production or trafficking.

SEC. 614. CONDITIONS ON UNITED STATES CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE UNITED NATIONS FUND FOR DRUG ABUSE CONTROL.

22 USC 2291a.

Section 482(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(3) Funds authorized to be appropriated by this section for fiscal year 1986 and for fiscal year 1987 may be used for a contribution to the United Nations Fund for Drug Abuse Control only if that organization includes in its crop substitution projects a plan for cooperation with the law enforcement forces of the host country.".

SEC. 615. LATIN AMERICAN REGIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL ORGANIZATION.

Law enforcement.

(a) Feasibility Study.—The Secretary of State, with the assistance of the National Drug Enforcement Policy Board, shall conduct a study of the feasibility of establishing a regional organization in Latin America which would combat narcotics production and trafficking through regional information-sharing and a regional enforcement unit.

(b) Report.—No later than six months after the date of enactment of this Act, a report on the advisability of encouraging the establishment of such an organization shall be submitted to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate.

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SEC. 616. GREATER EFFORT BY UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES TO SUPPORT NARCOTICS CONTROL EFFORTS ABROAD.

No later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall report to the Congress on why the United States Armed Forces should not exert greater effort in facilitating and supporting interception of narcotics traffickers, and in gathering narcotics-related intelligence, outside the United States.

President of U.S.
Report.

SEC. 617. CUBAN DRUG TRAFFICKING.

(a) Findings.—The Congress finds that—

(1) the subject of the flow, use, and control of narcotic and psychotropic substances is a matter of great international importance;

(2) the problem of drug abuse and drug trafficking continues to worsen throughout most parts of the world;

(3) the concerns of the governments of many countries have become manifest in several bilateral and multilateral narcotics control projects;

(4) United Nations agencies monitor and apply controls on the flow and use of drugs and coordinate multilateral efforts to control production, trafficking, and abuse of drugs;

(5) the United Nations Fund for Drug Abuse Control funds narcotics projects throughout the world and has been a vehicle since 1971 for multilateral implementation of narcotics control and reduction programs;

(6) the International Narcotics Control Board is charged with monitoring compliance with the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, and the Convention on Psychotropic Substances, and Cuba is a party to both Conventions;

18 UST 1407,
32 UST 543.

(7) the United Nations Commission on Narcotic Drugs is responsible for formulating policies, coordinating activities, supervising the implementation of international conventions, and making recommendations to governments for international drug control;

(8) the promotion of drug abuse and participation in drug trafficking is universally considered egregious criminal behavior wherever it occurs, whether it occurs locally, nationally, or internationally;

(9) a Federal grand jury of the United States has indicted four prominent Cuban officials on charges of conspiring to smuggle drugs into the United States;

(10) United States Government officials have testified at several congressional hearings that the Government of Cuba is facilitating the flow of illicit drugs into the United States in order to obtain hard currency, support guerrilla/terrorist activities, and undermine United States society; and

(11) such alleged conduct on the part of the Government of Cuba would be injurious to the world community and counter to the general principle of international law that no country has the right to use or permit the use of its territory in such a manner as to injure another country or persons therein.

99 STAT. 233

(b) Recommended Actions.—It is the sense of the Congress that the President should—

(1) acting through the Permanent Representative of the United States to the United Nations, take such steps as may be necessary to place the question of the involvement by the Government of Cuba in illicit drug trafficking on the agenda of the United Nations;

(2) acting through the Representative of the United States to the Organization of American States, request the Organization of American States to consider this question as soon as possible; and

(3) request other appropriate international organizations and international forums to consider this question.

(c) Report.—The President shall report to the Congress on the actions taken pursuant to this section.

SEC. 618. PROHIBITION ON ASSISTANCE TO COUNTRIES WHICH DO NOT TAKE ADEQUATE STEPS TO HALT DRUG TRAFFICKING.

22 USC 2291.

Section 481(h) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

22 USC 2751 note.

"(4) In addition to the requirements applicable to major illicit drug producing countries pursuant to paragraph (1), the President shall not provide any assistance under this Act or the Arms Export Control Act to any other country which the President determines has not taken adequate steps to prevent—

"(A) the processing (in whole or in part) in such country of narcotic and psychotropic drugs or other controlled substances,

"(B) the transportation through such country of narcotic and psychotropic drugs or other controlled substances, and

"(C) the use of such country as a refuge for illegal drug traffickers.".

22 USC 2291 note.

SEC. 619. DRUG TRAFFICKING AND THE PROBLEM OF TOTAL CONFIDENTIALITY OF CERTAIN FOREIGN BANK ACCOUNTS.

(a) Findings.—The Congress finds that—

(1) several banks in Latin America and the Caribbean are used by narcotics traffickers as depositories for money obtained in providing illicit drugs to the United States and other countries of the region;

(2) offshore banks which provide total confidentiality provide a service which materially assists the operations of illicit drug traffickers; and

(3) cooperation in gaining access to the bank accounts of such narcotics traffickers would materially assist United States authorities in controlling the activities of such traffickers.

(b) Policy.—The Congress—

(1) requests the President to negotiate treaties or appropriate international agreements with all countries providing confidential banking services (giving high priority to countries in the Caribbean region) to provide disclosure to the United States Government of information contained in official records, and in records of bank accounts, concerning persons under investigation for violations of United States law, in particular those regarding international drug trafficking;

99 STAT. 234

(2) directs the President to include reports on the results of such efforts in the annual International Narcotics Control Strategy Report; and

(3) reaffirms its intention to obtain maximum cooperation on the part of all governments for the purpose of halting international drug trafficking, and constantly to evaluate the cooperation of those governments receiving assistance from the United States.

TITLE VII—WESTERN HEMISPHERE

SEC. 701. CENTRAL AMERICA DEMOCRACY, PEACE, AND DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE.

Part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by adding after chapter 5 the following new chapter:

"CHAPTER 6—CENTRAL AMERICA DEMOCRACY, PEACE, AND DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE

"SEC. 461. STATEMENT OF POLICY.—(a) The Congress finds that— 22 USC 2271.

"(1) the building of democracy, the restoration of peace, the improvement of living conditions, and the application of equal justice under law in Central America are important to the interests of the United States and the community of American States; and

"(2) the interrelated issues of social and human progress, economic growth, political reform, and regional security must be effectively dealt with to assure a democratic and economically and politically secure Central America.

Human rights.

"(b)(1) The achievement of democracy, respect for human rights, peace, and equitable economic growth depends primarily on the cooperation and the human and economic resources of the people and governments of Central America. The Congress recognizes that the United States can make a significant contribution to such peaceful and democratic development through a consistent and coherent policy which includes a long-term commitment of assistance. This policy should be designed to support actively—

"(A) democracy and political reform, including opening the political process to all members of society;

"(B) full observance of internationally recognized human rights, including free elections, freedom of the press, freedom of association, and the elimination of all human rights abuses;

"(C) leadership development, including training and educational programs to improve public administration and the administration of justice;

"(D) land reform, reform in tax systems, encouragement of private enterprise and individual initiative, creation of favorable investment climates, curbing corruption where it exists, and spurring balanced trade;

"(E) the establishment of the rule of law and an effective judicial system; and

"(F) the termination of extremist violence by both the left and the right as well as vigorous action to prosecute those guilty of crimes and the prosecution to the extent possible of past offenders.

99 STAT. 235

"(2) The policy described in paragraph (1) should also promote equitable economic growth and development, including controlling the flight of capital and the effective use of foreign assistance and adhering to approved programs for economic stabilization and fiscal responsibility. Finally, this policy should foster dialog and negotiations—

"(A) to achieve peace based upon the objectives of democratization, reduction of armament, an end to subversion, and the withdrawal of foreign military forces and advisers; and

"(B) to provide a security shield against violence and intimidation.

"(3) It is the purpose of this chapter to establish the statutory framework and to authorize the appropriations and financing necessary to carry out the policy described in this section.

"(c) The Congress finds, therefore, that the people of the United States are willing to sustain and expand a program of economic and military assistance in Central America if the recipient countries can demonstrate progress toward and a commitment to these goals.

President of U.S.
22 USC 2272.
22 USC 2751 note.

"SEC. 462. CONDITIONS ON FURNISHING ASSISTANCE.—The President shall ensure that assistance authorized by this Act and the Arms Export Control Act to Central American countries is furnished in a manner which fosters demonstrated progress toward and commitment to the objectives set forth in section 461. Where necessary to achieve this purpose, the President shall impose conditions on the furnishing of such assistance. In carrying out this section, the President shall consult with the Congress in regard to progress toward the objectives set forth in section 461, and any conditions imposed on the furnishing of assistance in furtherance of those objectives.

International agreements. 22 USC 2273.

"SEC. 463. PEACE PROCESS IN CENTRAL AMERICA.—The Congress—

"(1) strongly supports the initiatives taken by the Contadora group and the resulting Document of Objectives which has been agreed to by Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, and Nicaragua and which sets forth a framework for negotiating a peaceful settlement to the conflict and turmoil in the region; and

"(2) finds that the United States should provide such assistance and support as may be appropriate in helping to reach comprehensive and verifiable final agreements, based on the Document of Objectives, which will ensure peaceful and enduring solutions to the Central American conflicts.

22 USC 2274.

"SEC. 464. ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE COORDINATION.—(a) The Congress finds that participation by Central American countries in an effective forum for dialog on, and the continuous review and advancement of, Central America's political, economic, and social development would foster cooperation between the United States and Central American countries.

Central American Development Organization. Establishment.

"(b) It is the sense of the Congress that—

"(1) the President should enter into negotiations with the countries of Central America to establish a Central American Development Organization (hereafter in this section referred to as the 'Organization') to help provide a continuous and coherent approach to the development of the Central American region; and

"(2) the establishment of the Organization should be based upon the following principles:

"(A) Participation in the Organization should be open to the United States, other donors, and those Central American countries that commit themselves to, among other things, respecting internationally recognized human rights, building democracy, and encouraging equitable economic growth through policy reforms.

"(B) The Organization should be structured to include representatives from both the public and private sectors, including representatives from the labor, agriculture, and business communities.

"(C) The Organization should meet periodically to carry out the functions described in subparagraphs (D) and (E) of this paragraph and should be supported by a limited professional secretariat.

"(D) The Organization should make recommendations affecting Central American countries on such matters as—

"(i) political, economic, and social development objectives, including the strengthening of democratic pluralism and the safeguarding of internationally recognized human rights;

"(ii) mobilization of resources and external assistance needs; and

"(iii) reform of economic policies and structures.

"(E) The Organization should have the capacity for monitoring country performance on recommendations issued in accordance with subparagraph (D) of this paragraph and for evaluating progress toward meeting such country objectives.

Prohibition.

"(F) To the maximum extent practicable, the United States should follow the recommendations of the Organization in disbursing bilateral economic assistance for any Central American country. No more than 75 percent of such United States assistance in any fiscal year should be disbursed until the recommendations of the Organization for that fiscal year have been made final and communicated to the donor countries. The limitation on disbursements contained in the preceding sentence should apply only to recommendations made final and communicated to donor countries prior to the fourth quarter of such fiscal year. The United States representative to the Organization should urge other donor countries to similarly implement the recommendations of the Organization.

"(G) The administrator of the agency primarily responsible for administering part I of this Act, or his designee, should represent the United States Government in the Organization and should carry out his functions in that capacity under the continuous supervision and general direction of the Secretary of State.

22 USC 2151.

"(c) Subject to subsection (d)(2), the President is authorized to participate in the Organization.

"(d)(1) The administrator of the agency primarily responsible for administering part I of this Act, under the supervision and direction of the Secretary of State, shall prepare a detailed proposal to carry out this section and shall keep the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate fully and currently informed concerning the development of this proposal.

99 STAT. 237

President of U.S.

"(2) The President shall transmit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a copy of the text of any agreement, which he proposes to sign, that would provide for the establishment of and United States participation in the Organization no less than sixty days prior to his signature. During that sixty-day period there shall be full and formal consultations with and review by those committees in accordance with procedures applicable to reprogramming notifications pursuant to section 634A of this Act.

Post, p. 278.

22 USC 2275.

"SEC. 465. AUTHORIZATIONS FOR FISCAL YEARS 1988 AND 1989.—(a) In addition to amounts otherwise available for such purposes, there are authorized to be appropriated to the President, for the purpose of furnishing nonmilitary assistance for Central American countries, $1,200,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1988 and 1989, which are authorized to remain available until expended.

"(b) For the purpose of providing the assistance described in subsection (a), funds appropriated pursuant to the authorizations in that subsection may be transferred by the President for obligation in accordance with the authorities of part I of this Act (including chapter 4 of part II), the Peace Corps Act, the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962, the United States Information and Education Exchange Act of 1948, the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961, the National Endowment for Democracy Act, and the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956.

22 USC 2151.
22 USC 2346, 2501 note.
22 USC 2601 note, 1431 note, 2451 note, 4411 note, 2651 note.
22 USC 2276.

"SEC. 466. DEFINITIONS.—For the purposes of this chapter, the term 'Central American countries' includes Belize, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Panama, and regional programs which benefit such countries.".

SEC. 702. EL SALVADOR.

Human rights.

(a) SUPPORT FOR EL SALVADOR.—(1) The Congress finds that—

(A) a free and democratic El Salvador is in the security interest of the United States;

(B) Jose Napoleon Duarte was elected President of El Salvador in 1984 in the most democratic election held in El Salvador in many years;

(C) political violence in El Salvador has declined dramatically under President Duarte's leadership;

(D) President Duarte's policies of respect for human rights, political pluralism, dialogue and reconciliation with the Salvadoran guerrilla forces, legal and social reform, and effective defense against the violent overthrow of the Salvadoran government are deserving of praise from all who believe in a democratic form of government;

(E) the March 31, 1985, legislative and municipal elections were successfully carried out, with 64 percent of the electorate defying guerrilla attacks to vote;

(F) the victory of President Duarte's Christian Democratic Party reaffirms the support for these policies by his fellow citizens, the essential test of any government or movement;

(G) in spite of the state of siege technically in effect due to the insurgent threat, observance of free speech, free press, and free assembly are widely enjoyed in El Salvador and permit public airing of opposing political views;

(H) President Duarte is firmly committed to judicial reform and prosecution of cases involving "death squads";

99 STAT. 238

(I) President Duarte's leadership and popular support has notably weakened the popular support given the guerrillas, as evidenced by the high levels of voter participation in the free elections held in El Salvador since 1982, the reduction in territory in which the guerrillas can freely operate, their inability to mount frontal military attacks, and their resort to economic sabotage, ambushes, political assassination, and urban terrorism with blatant disregard for basic human rights; and

(J) President Duarte has succeeded in reversing the decline in his country's economy which, though still weak, has better prospects than in recent years.

(2) Therefore, it is the sense of the Congress that—

(A) President Duarte is to be congratulated for his outstanding leadership under difficult circumstances and for his efforts to foster democratic government and institutions in his country, and he is encouraged to continue his efforts to promote political pluralism, democratic institutions, and respect for human rights in his country; and

(B) the armed services of El Salvador are to be congratulated for their improved performance and professionalism in defending Salvadoran citizens and their democratically elected government from attack by armed insurgents, and especially for their role in helping to protect and uphold the electoral process.

(3) The Congress reaffirms the importance of continued support for democratic principles and institutions and respect for human rights by the various sectors of Salvadoran society, which is a major factor in United States support for El Salvador.

(b) OBJECTIVES.—The Congress expects that—

(1) the Government of El Salvador will be willing to pursue a dialogue with the armed opposition forces and their political representatives for the purposes of achieving an equitable political settlement of the conflict, including free and fair elections;

(2) the elected civilian government will be in control of the Salvadoran military and security forces, and those forces will comply with applicable rules of international law and with Presidential directives pertaining to the protection of civilians during combat operations, including Presidential directive C-111-03-984 (relating to aerial fire support);

(3) the Government of El Salvador will make demonstrated progress, during the period covered by each report pursuant to subsection (c), in ending the activities of the death squads;

(4) the Government of El Salvador will make demonstrated progress, during the period covered by each report pursuant to subsection (c), in establishing an effective judicial system; and

(5) the Government of El Salvador will make demonstrated progress, during the period covered by each report pursuant to subsection (c), in implementing the land reform program.

(c) Reports.—On October 1, 1985, April 1, 1986, October 1, 1986, and April 1, 1987, the President shall report to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate on the extent to which the objectives described in subsection (b) are being met. With respect to the objective described in paragraph (4) of that subsection, each report shall discuss whether the commission proposed by the President of El Salvador to investigate human rights cases has been established, funded, and given sufficient investigative powers; whether the evidence that commission collects may be used in the Salvadoran judicial process; whether that commission has issued a comprehensive report with regard to its investigation of all Americans murdered in El Salvador; and whether those responsible for the Las Hojas massacre are being prosecuted.

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(d) Aircraft for Aerial Warfare.—(1) The authorities of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and the Arms Export Control Act may not be used to make available to El Salvador any helicopters or other aircraft, and licenses may not be issued under section 38 of the Arms Export Control Act for the export to El Salvador of any such aircraft, unless the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate are notified at least 15 days in advance in accordance with the procedures applicable to reprogramming notifications under section 634A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

22 USC 2301.
22 USC 2751 note.
22 USC 2778.
Post, p. 278.

(2) Paragraph (1) shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act and shall remain in effect until October 1, 1987.

Effective date.

(e) Special Account for Local Currencies.—(1) All local currencies, which are generated with the funds provided to El Salvador for balance-of-payments support for fiscal years 1986 and 1987 under chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to the economic support fund), shall be deposited in accordance with section 609 of that Act in a special account established by the Government of El Salvador.

22 USC 2346.
22 USC 2359.

(2) Local currencies deposited pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be used for projects assisting agrarian reform and the agricultural sector (and particular emphasis shall be placed on projects for these purposes); judicial reform; employment generation; health, education, and other social services; infrastructure repair; and credits and other support for the private sector (principally for small and medium sized businesses).

(3) For purposes of this subsection—

(A) the term "agrarian reform" means projects assisting or enhancing the abilities of agencies, cooperatives, and farms to implement land reform decrees in El Salvador, notwithstanding section 620(g) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961; and

22 USC 2370.

(B) the term "judicial reform" means projects assisting or enhancing the abilities of agencies of the Salvadoran Government to investigate and prosecute politically motivated violence.

(f) Development Assistance.—Of the amounts available to carry out chapter 1 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, $79,600,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $79,600,000 for fiscal year 1987 shall be available only for El Salvador.

22 USC 2151.

(g) Suspension of Assistance if a Military Coup Occurs.—All assistance authorized by this Act which is allocated for El Salvador shall be suspended if the elected President of that country is deposed by military coup or decree.

SEC. 703. ASSISTANCE FOR GUATEMALA.

(a) Conditions on Military Assistance and Sales.—For fiscal years 1986 and 1987, assistance may be provided for Guatemala under chapter 2 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to grant military assistance) and sales may be made and financing may be provided for Guatemala under the Arms Export Control Act (relating to foreign military sales) only if the President makes the following certifications to the Congress:

22 USC 2311.
22 USC 2751 note.

99 STAT. 240

(1) For fiscal year 1986, an elected civilian government is in power in Guatemala and has submitted a formal written request to the United States for the assistance, sales, or financing to be provided.

(2) For both fiscal years 1986 and 1987, the Government of Guatemala made demonstrated progress during the preceding year—

(A) in achieving control over its military and security forces,

(B) toward eliminating kidnapings and disappearances, forced recruitment into the civil defense patrols, and other abuses by such forces of internationally recognized human rights, and

(C) in respecting the internationally recognized human rights of its indigenous Indian population.

(b) CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT AND MOBILE MEDICAL FACILITIES AND RELATED TRAINING.—If the conditions specified in subsection (a) are met, Guatemala may be provided with the following for fiscal years 1986 and 1987 (in addition to such other assistance, sales, or financing as may be provided for Guatemala):

(1) Sales of construction equipment and mobile medical facilities to assist in development programs that will directly assist the poor in Guatemala.

(2) Sales of training, to be provided outside of Guatemala, which is related to the sales described in paragraph (1).

(3) A total for both fiscal years 1986 and 1987 of no more than $10,000,000 in credits under the Arms Export Control Act for sales described in paragraphs (1) and (2).

Such sales and credits shall be provided only to enable the military forces of Guatemala to obtain equipment and training for civilian engineering and construction projects and mobile medical teams, which would not be used in the rural resettlement program.

Ante, p. 193.

(c) PROHIBITION ON FURNISHING WEAPONS.—Funds authorized to be appropriated by title I of this Act may not be used for the procurement by Guatemala of any weapons or ammunition.

(d) SUSPENSION OF ASSISTANCE IF A MILITARY COUP OCCURS.—All assistance authorized by this Act which is allocated for Guatemala shall be suspended if the elected civilian government of that country is deposed by military coup or decree.

(e) RURAL RESETTLEMENT PROGRAM.—Assistance provided for Guatemala for the fiscal year 1986 and fiscal year 1987 under chapter 1 of part I (relating to development assistance) or under chapter 4 of part II (relating to the economic support fund) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961—

22 USC 2151, 2346.

(1) may not be provided to the Government of Guatemala for use in its rural resettlement program; and

(2) shall be provided through private and voluntary organizations to the maximum extent possible.

Human rights.

(f) INVITATION FOR ICRC TO VISIT GUATEMALA.—The Congress calls upon the President to urge the Government of Guatemala to allow the International Committee of the Red Cross—

(1) to conduct an unimpeded visit to Guatemala in order to investigate humanitarian needs in that country and to report on human rights abuses in that country; and

(2) to investigate the possibilities of its providing humanitarian services in that country.

International agreements.

(g) RELATIONS BETWEEN BELIZE AND GUATEMALA.—It is the sense of the Congress that the United States should use its good offices

99 STAT. 241

and influence to encourage the Government of Guatemala to recognize the independence of Belize and to enter into a mutual nonaggression treaty with Belize.

(h) HUMAN RIGHTS GROUPS IN GUATEMALA.—(1) The Congress finds that—

(A) the Group for Mutual Support was formed in 1984 to protest the disappearances of Guatemalan civilians;

(B) the Group for Mutual Support has carried out its work in a peaceful, non-ideological manner, and is the only indigenous human rights group operating in Guatemala; and

(C) two of the Group's six steering committee members, Hector Gomez and Maria Rosario Godyo de Cuevas, were recently killed.

(2) It is the sense of the Congress that—

(A) human rights groups in Guatemala, particularly the Group for Mutual Support, should be allowed to carry out their work against human rights abuses with the full cooperation, protection, and support of the Government of Guatemala; and

(B) whether the Government of Guatemala allows human rights groups, including the Group for Mutual Support, to carry out their work should be taken into account by the United States in determining whether there is human rights progress in Guatemala.

SEC. 704. REFUGEES IN HONDURAS.

International organizations.

Funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act and funds authorized to be appropriated for the "Migration and Refugee Assistance" account for fiscal years 1986 and 1987—

(1) which are to be used for refugee assistance or other assistance for Nicaraguan Indian refugees in Honduras shall be channeled, to the maximum extent possible, through the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, the International Committee of the Red Cross, the Intergovernmental Committee for Migration, or other established and recognized international refugee relief organizations; and

(2) may not be used to facilitate the involuntary repatriation of Salvadoran refugees who are in Honduras.

SEC. 705. PROMOTING THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE HAITIAN PEOPLE AND PROVIDING FOR ORDERLY EMIGRATION FROM HAITI.

(a) Use of PVOs.—To the maximum extent practicable, assistance for Haiti under chapter 1 of part I (relating to development assistance) and under chapter 4 of part II (relating to the economic support fund) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 should be provided through private and voluntary organizations.

22 USC 2151, 2346.

(b) Conditions on Assistance.—Funds available for fiscal year 1986 and for fiscal year 1987 to carry out chapter 1 of part I (relating to development assistance), chapter 4 of part II (relating to the economic support fund), or chapter 5 of part II (relating to international military education and training) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 may be obligated for Haiti only if the President determines that the Government of Haiti—

22 USC 2347.

(1) is continuing to cooperate with the United States in halting illegal emigration to the United States from Haiti;

(2) is cooperating fully in implementing United States development, food, and other economic assistance programs in Haiti (including programs for prior fiscal years); and

99 STAT. 242

Human rights.

(3) is making progress toward improving the human rights situation in Haiti and progress toward implementing political reforms which are essential to the development of democracy in Haiti, such as progress toward the establishment of political parties, free elections, free labor unions, and freedom of the press.

President of U.S.

(c) Reports to the Congress.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act and one year thereafter, the President shall report to the Congress on the extent to which the actions of the Government of Haiti are consistent with each paragraph of subsection (b).

Refugees.

Post, p. 243.

(d) Assistance in Halting Illegal Emigration From Haiti.—Notwithstanding the limitations of section 660 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to police training), funds made available under such Act may be used for programs with Haiti, which shall be consistent with prevailing United States refugee policies, to assist in halting significant illegal emigration from Haiti to the United States.

(e) LIMITATION ON MAP AND FMS FINANCING.—Assistance may not be provided for Haiti for fiscal year 1986 or fiscal year 1987 under chapter 2 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to grant military assistance) or under the Arms Export Control Act (relating to foreign military sales financing), except for necessary transportation, maintenance, communications, and related articles and services to enable the continuation of migrant and narcotics interdiction operations.

22 USC 2311.

22 USC 2751 note.

(f) LITERACY AND OTHER EDUCATION PROGRAMS.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated to carry out chapter 1 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to development assistance) which are allocated for Haiti, $1,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $1,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 shall be available only for literacy and other education programs in Haiti.

22 USC 2151.

SEC. 706. MILITARY ASSISTANCE FOR PARAGUAY.

For the fiscal years 1986 and 1987, none of the funds authorized to be appropriated to carry out chapter 2 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to grant military assistance) or to carry out the Arms Export Control Act (relating to foreign military sales financing) may be used for assistance for Paraguay unless the President certifies to the Congress that the Government of Paraguay has ended the practice of torture and abuse of individuals held in detention by its military and security forces and has instituted procedures to ensure that those arrested are promptly charged and brought to trial.

SEC. 707. ASSISTANCE FOR PERU.

(a) HUMAN RIGHTS TRAINING IN IMET PROGRAMS.—Respect for internationally recognized human rights shall be an important component of the training provided for Peru under chapter 5 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 for fiscal year 1986 and for fiscal year 1987.

22 USC 2347.

(b) STRENGTHENING THE PERUVIAN JUDICIAL SYSTEM.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by this Act to carry out chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to the economic support fund), $1,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $1,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 shall be used to strengthen the judicial system in Peru under section 534 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to administration of justice).

22 USC 2346.

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Post, p. 244.

SEC. 708. INTER-AMERICAN FOUNDATION.

Appropriations authorization.
22 USC 290f.

The first sentence of section 401(s)(2) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1969 is amended to read as follows: "There are authorized to be appropriated $11,969,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $11,969,000 for fiscal year 1987 to carry out the purposes of this section.".

SEC. 709. COMPREHENSIVE REPORTS ON ASSISTANCE FOR LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN.

President of U.S.
22 USC 2394.

(a) REQUIREMENT FOR COMPREHENSIVE ACCOUNTING OF ASSISTANCE.—In the annual reports required by section 634 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, the President shall provide to the Congress a full, complete, and detailed accounting of all assistance provided during the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 for Latin America and the Caribbean under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and the Arms Export Control Act.

22 USC 2151 note.
22 USC 2751 note.

(b) INFORMATION TO BE INCLUDED.—The report provided pursuant to subsection (a) shall include for each fiscal year, among other things, the following with respect to each authorization account:

(1) The specific projects and other activities carried out in each country.

(2) The number of persons from each country who were provided with training, and the types of training provided.

(3) The defense articles and defense services provided for each country.

(4) The types of goods and commodities provided to each country for economic stabilization purposes under chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to the economic support fund), and a copy of each agreement for the furnishing of any assistance under that chapter. 22 USC 2346.

(5) The amounts of local currency generated by United States assistance to each country, the uses of those currencies, and the total amount of those currency still available for use as of the time of the report.

(6) A report on any transfers or reprogrammings of funds, and a description of how transferred or reprogrammed funds modified the amounts requested for each account.

(7) A report on the funds which have been obligated but remain unexpended for each country in each account.

(8) An analysis of the amount of funds and programs provided through nongovernmental as contrasted to governmental channels.

SEC. 710. USE OF PRIVATE AND VOLUNTARY ORGANIZATIONS.

To the maximum extent practicable, assistance under chapter 1 of part I (relating to development assistance) and chapter 4 of part II (relating to the economic support fund) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 for countries in Latin America and the Caribbean should be provided through private and voluntary organizations which have a proven record of development assistance efforts overseas. 22 USC 2151.

SEC. 711. ASSISTANCE FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES.

Section 660 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections: 22 USC 2420.

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"(c) Subsection (a) shall not apply with respect to a country which has a longstanding democratic tradition, does not have standing armed forces, and does not engage in a consistent pattern of gross violations of internationally recognized human rights.

"(d) Notwithstanding the prohibition contained in subsection (a) assistance may be provided to Honduras or El Salvador for fiscal years 1986 and 1987 if, at least 30 days before providing assistance, the President notifies the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, in accordance with the procedures applicable to reprogramming notifications pursuant to section 634A of this Act, that he has determined that the government of the recipient country has made significant progress, during the preceding six months, in eliminating any human rights violations including torture, incommunicado detention, detention of persons solely for the nonviolent expression of their political views, or prolonged detention without trial. Any such notification shall include a full description of the assistance which is proposed to be provided and of the purposes to which it is to be directed.". Human rights. *Post*, p. 278.

SEC. 712. ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to the economic support fund), as amended by title II of this Act, is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 534. ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.—(a) The President may furnish assistance under this chapter to countries and organizations, including national and regional institutions, in order to strengthen the administration of justice in countries in Latin America and the Caribbean. 22 USC 2346c.

"(b) Assistance under this section may only include—

"(1) support for specialized professional training, scholarships, and exchanges for continuing legal education;

"(2) programs to enhance prosecutorial and judicial capabilities and protection for participants in judicial cases;

Ante, p. 243.

"(3) notwithstanding section 660 of this Act, programs to enhance investigative capabilities, conducted under judicial or prosecutorial control;

"(4) strengthening professional organizations in order to promote services to members and the role of the bar in judicial selection, enforcement of ethical standards, and legal reform;

"(5) increasing the availability of legal materials and publications;

"(6) seminars, conferences, and training and educational programs to improve the administration of justice and to strengthen respect for the rule of law and internationally recognized human rights; and

"(7) revision and modernization of legal codes and procedures.

"(c) Not more than $20,000,000 of the funds made available to carry out this chapter for any fiscal year shall be available to carry out this section, in addition to amounts otherwise available for such purposes.

"(d) Funds may not be obligated for assistance under this section unless the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate are

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notified of the amount and nature of the proposed assistance at least 15 days in advance in accordance with the procedures applicable to reprogrammings pursuant to section 634A of this Act.

Post, p. 278.
Expiration date.

"(e) The authority of this section shall expire on September 30, 1987.".

SEC. 713. USE OF EMPLOYEE STOCK OWNERSHIP PLANS IN DEVELOPMENT EFFORTS.

Business and industry.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress declares that—

(1) employee stock ownership plans in industrial, farming, banking, and other enterprises in Central America and the Caribbean can be an important component in achieving United States goals in Central America and the Caribbean; and

(2) employee stock ownership plans should be used as an instrument in financing growth and transfers of equity in the region, in reorganizing state-owned enterprises into viable employee-owned businesses, in expanding political and economic pluralism, and in strengthening democratic institutions in the region.

(b) PLAN FOR EXPANDED USE OF ESOPs.—The President is urged to develop a plan for the expanded use of employee stock ownership plans in development efforts of the United States in Central America and the Caribbean, with an emphasis on policy and infrastructural changes needed to encourage voluntary employee stock ownership initiatives by multinational corporations and other private sector enterprises which have investments, are considering making new investments, or are interested in management contracts and joint ventures in the region.

Establishment.

(c) TASK FORCE.—To assist in this effort, there is established a Presidential Task Force on Project Economic Justice (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Task Force"), which shall consist of individuals appointed by the President who are distinguished leaders of the private sector of the United States, including significant representation of union representatives of workers in successful companies with employee stock ownership plans and of nationally recognized experts in all phases of design, implementation, and operation of employee stock ownership plans. The President shall designate one of the members of the Task Force to serve as Chairman. The Chairman of the Task Force shall appoint a volunteer fund-raising committee, and all the expenses of the Task Force shall be paid without the use of public funds.

(d) Report.—Not later than December 31, 1985, the Task Force shall prepare and transmit to the President and the Congress a report on the expanded use of employee stock ownership plans in the development efforts of the United States in Central America and the Caribbean, including specific recommendations on strategies for using employee stock ownership plans as a means of accelerating the rate of private sector capital formation in Central America and the Caribbean that is systematically linked to expanding ownership and profit-sharing opportunities for all employees.

SEC. 714. INTERNATIONAL ADVISORY COMMISSION FOR THE CARIBBEAN REGION.

(a) Findings.—The Congress finds that—

(1) many of the social, agricultural, educational, and economic problems which confront nations in the Caribbean Region result primarily from social and economic injustice and inadequate economic and agricultural development;

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(2) such problems are not addressed sufficiently by current United States policies toward that region;

(3) the development of the Caribbean Region is of vital importance to the economic and strategic interests of the United States and its allies; and

(4) for purposes of defining development plans, providing an international forum for Caribbean Region development issues, and providing expert advice to donor-aid countries, an international commission is needed as the prime institution for promoting economic cooperation and development in the Caribbean Region.

(b) Invitations to Participate in Commission.—

Establishment.

(1) Invitation to caribbean countries.—The President may invite the countries which comprise the Caribbean Region to participate with the United States in a commission to be known as the International Advisory Commission for the Caribbean Region (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Commission").

(2) Invitation to certain other countries.—The President may also invite the Netherlands, the United Kingdom, France, Canada, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands to participate in the Commission.

(c) Functions of Commission.—It is the sense of the Congress that the Commission should—

(1) examine social, agricultural, educational, and economic issues which affect the Caribbean Region; and

(2) consult with leaders of the countries in the Caribbean Region and with representatives from public and private organizations involved in matters related to the Caribbean Region in order to evaluate the problems and needs of such countries.

(d) Funding for Organizational Meeting of Commission.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated to carry out section 106 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to development assistance for energy, private and voluntary organizations, and selected development activities), up to a total of $100,000 for fiscal years 1986 and 1987 may be made available to—

22 USC 2151d.

(1) pay reasonable administrative expenses associated with the organizational meeting of the Commission; and

(2) pay reasonable travel and lodging expenses incurred by commissioners from other participant governments incident to their attendance at the organizational meeting of the Commission.

(e) Request to Congress Relating to United States Participation in the Commission.—The President should provide cost estimates and request authorization from the Congress in order to provide for the participation of the United States in the Commission (other than United States participation associated with the organizational meeting).

(f) Appointment of United States Representative and Observers.—Upon the creation of the Commission—

(1) the President should consider appointing one individual as the United States representative to the Commission;

(2) the Speaker of the House of Representatives should consider appointing two Members of the House, one from each major political party, as observers at the Commission; and

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(3) the majority leader of the Senate should consider appointing two Members of the Senate, one from each major political party, as observers at the Commission.

SEC. 715. EXEMPTION OF CERTAIN SAFETY-RELATED EQUIPMENT FROM PROHIBITION ON MILITARY SALES TO CHILE.

22 USC 2370 note.

Exports.

Section 726 of the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1981 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c) The prohibition contained in subsection (b) does not prohibit the sale, or the licensing for export, of cartridge actuated devices, propellant actuated devices, and technical manuals for aircraft of the F-5E/F or A/T-37 type which were sold to the Chilean Air Force by the United States before January 1, 1976, so long as the items are provided only for purposes of enhancing the safety of the aircraft crew.".

SEC. 716. RURAL ELECTRIFICATION.

Ante, p. 214.

It is the sense of the Congress that funds appropriated for the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 under section 103(a)(2) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to development assistance for agriculture, rural development, and nutrition) should be used for a comprehensive rural electrification program in Central America in order to establish conditions of stability and a foundation for economic development.

SEC. 717. FACILITATING INTERNATIONAL COMMERCE THROUGH MEXICO.

(a) Finding.—Recognizing that increased levels of balanced international trade are an essential component in an economic development program for the region and that the United States has traditionally been the most important trading partner for each of the nations of Latin America, it is the sense of the Congress that current procedures and laws of the Government of Mexico, and practices of its officials, constitute a significant impediment to the transit of vehicles carrying the commodities of international trade through Mexican territory.

(b) Negotiations and Cooperative Steps Concerning Transit.—As the Government of Mexico has played a valuable role in assisting and encouraging the economic and political development of the region, and in offering advice to the United States as to constructive policies this nation might pursue with respect to peace and prosperity in the area, the Secretary of State, acting independently or with representatives of other Latin America nations, shall initiate negotiations with the Government of Mexico aimed at eliminating or reducing those impediments to international trade. The agenda for such negotiations should include discussions to encourage the Government of Mexico to accede to existing international custom conventions on international in-transit shipments. Such actions are to be taken in concert with the institution by the United States, and the nations of the region where the transiting shipments originate, of appropriate and cooperative steps to make sealed-truck, no-inspection transit administratively acceptable to the Government of Mexico and other transited countries. Similar bilateral or multilateral negotiations by the Secretary of State with nations respecting the same international customs conventions is also encouraged.

(c) Report.—The Secretary of State shall report the status of these negotiations to Congress by January 1, 1986.

SEC. 718. CONDEMNING HUMAN RIGHTS VIOLATIONS AND THE SUBVERSION OF OTHER GOVERNMENTS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF CUBA.

(a) CONDEMNATION OF CERTAIN ACTION BY THE GOVERNMENT OF CUBA.—The Congress condemns— Human rights.

(1) the consistent pattern of gross violations of internationally recognized human rights by the Cuban Government, including—

(A) cruel, inhumane, and degrading treatment and punishment of prisoners;

(B) the suppression of free speech, press, and assembly; and

(C) restrictions on religious activity and the freedom to emigrate; and

(2) the provision by the Cuban government of material aid and personnel support for the purposes of subversion.

(b) CALL UPON THE GOVERNMENT OF CUBA.—The Congress calls upon the Government of Cuba to restore civil liberties and cease in the violation of human rights of the Cuban people and cease the subversion of other governments through material and personnel support.

SEC. 719. REPORTS ON FOREIGN DEBT IN LATIN AMERICA.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

(1) the foreign debt of Latin American countries has soared from $27,000,000,000 in 1970 to over $350,000,000,000 in 1983;

(2) the foreign debt of Latin American countries is a serious obstacle to their economic progress, threatens their stability, and endangers the democratic processes in those nations;

(3) the economic and political futures of many of the Latin American countries hang in the balance and depend upon a successful resolution of the foreign debt crisis; and

(4) the confidence of the American people in the United States system of banking is also involved in a successful resolution of the foreign debt crisis.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than January 1, 1986, the Secretary of State shall prepare and transmit to the Congress a report on—

(1) the magnitude of the foreign debt crisis in the Western Hemisphere;

(2) the impact of the foreign debt crisis on the economies of the countries of Latin America;

(3) the degree to which the national security interests of the United States are implicated in this crisis;

(4) the steps being taken and the policy being pursued by the United States aimed at dealing with this crisis;

(5) the degree to which the foreign debt crisis affects the system of banking in the United States; and

(6) the steps being taken and the policy being pursued by the United States Government aimed at dealing with this crisis.

SEC. 720. ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FOR URUGUAY.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated to carry out chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to the economic support fund), $15,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $15,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 shall be available only for Uruguay. 22 USC 2346.

SEC. 721. CANADIAN EXPORTS TO THE UNITED STATES.

(a) CATTLE AND HOGS.—(1) The Congress finds that—

(A) livestock prices have been in decline for some time due to excessive supply partially caused by dramatic increases in importation of live cattle and hogs from Canada, which has increased by 1,000 percent in the last decade in the case of hogs alone;

(B) American livestock producers are suffering from the same general economic crisis affecting all of agriculture, and many will face liquidation or foreclosure in the near future; and

(C) the disparity between the United States and the Canadian dollar amounts to 32 to 34 percent and results in even further increases in Canadian hogs and cattle being imported into the United States.

(2) Therefore, it is the sense of the Congress that the President should direct appropriate officials of the executive branch, including the United States Trade Representative, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of Commerce, to aggressively pursue discussions with the Canadian Government directed toward immediate reduction in the Canadian export of cattle and hogs to the United States.

Forest and forest products.

(b) SOFTWOOD TIMBER.—(1) The Congress finds that—

(A) softwood timber prices have been in decline for some time due to excessive supply partially caused by dramatic increases in importation of processed softwood timber from Canada, which has increased from 18 percent of the United States market in the last two years to 35 to 40 percent today;

(B) American timber producers are suffering from this economic crisis, and the difficulty in acquiring timber from the National Forest System; and

(C) the disparity between the United States and the Canadian dollar amounts to 32 to 34 percent and results in even further increases in processed softwood timber being imported into the United States.

(2) Therefore, it is the sense of the Congress that the President should direct appropriate officials of the executive branch, including the United States Trade Representative, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of Commerce, to aggressively pursue discussions with the Canadian Government directed toward immediate reduction in the Canadian export of softwood timber to the United States.

SEC. 722. NICARAGUA.

(a) SETTLEMENT OF THE CONFLICT.—The Congress—

(1) strongly supports national reconciliation in Nicaragua and the creation of a framework for negotiating a peaceful settlement to the Nicaraguan conflict; and

(2) finds that the United States should, in assisting efforts to reach comprehensive and verifiable final agreements based on the Contadora Document of Objectives, encourage the Government of Nicaragua to pursue a dialogue with the armed opposition forces and their political representatives for the purposes of achieving an equitable political settlement of the conflict, including free and fair elections.

(b) UNITED STATES CONCERNS ABOUT NICARAGUAN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC POLICIES.—The Congress finds and declares the following:

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(1) Despite positive actions by the Congress signaling support for negotiated solutions to conflicts in Central America, there are disturbing trends in Nicaragua's foreign and domestic policies, including—

(A) President Daniel Ortega's April 1985 trip to the Soviet Union at a time when the Congress signaled its strong disapproval of increasing Nicaraguan-Soviet ties;

(B) the Sandinista government's close military ties with Cuba, the Soviet Union, and its Warsaw Pact allies; the disappointing and insufficient reduction of the number of Cuban advisors in Nicaragua by only 100 out of an approximately 2,500; and the continuing military buildup that Nicaragua's neighbors consider threatening;

(C) the Sandinista government's curtailment of individual liberties, political expression, freedom of worship, and the independence of the media;

(D) the subordination of military, judicial, and internal security functions to the ruling political party; and

(E) the Sandinista government's efforts to export its influence and ideology.

(2) If Nicaragua does not address the concerns described in paragraph (1), the United States has several options to address this challenge to peace and stability in the region, including political, diplomatic, and trade sanctions. In addition, the United States—

(A) should through appropriate regional organizations, such as the Organization of American States, seek to maintain multilateral pressure on Nicaragua to address these concerns; and

(B) should, if called upon to do so, give serious consideration to supporting any sanctions adopted by such an organization.

(3) In assessing whether or not progress is being made in addressing these concerns, the Congress will expect prompt and significant initiatives by the Government of Nicaragua such as—

(A) the removal of foreign military advisors from Nicaragua;

(B) the end to Sandinista support for insurgencies in other countries in the region, including the cessation of military supplies to the rebel forces fighting the democratically elected government in El Salvador;

(C) restoration of individual liberties, political expression, freedom of worship, and the independence of the media; and

(D) progress toward internal reconciliation and a pluralistic democratic system, including steps to liberalize institutions in order to allow the internal opposition in Nicaragua to become a viable partner in the Nicaraguan political process.

(c) RESOLUTION OF THE CONFLICT IN NICARAGUA.—

(1) BASIS FOR POLICY.—The Congress finds that—

(A) the people of Nicaragua are suffering the horrors of a fierce armed conflict that is causing grave hardships and loss of life, has thrown the country into a serious political, social, and economic upheaval, and is of serious concern to the nations of the region and to the United States;

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(B) this conflict is fundamentally a continuation of efforts of the Nicaraguan people to attain a representative government at peace with its neighbors, efforts which began under the Somoza regime; and

(C) the United States recognized these noble aspirations of the Nicaraguan people in the June 23, 1979, resolution of the Seventeenth Meeting of Consultation of Ministers of Foreign Affairs of the Organization of American States, which reads as follows:

"WHEREAS:

"The people of Nicaragua are suffering the horrors of a fierce armed conflict that is causing grave hardships and loss of life and has thrown the country into a serious political, social and economic upheaval;

"The inhumane conduct of the dictatorial regime governing the country, as evidenced by the report of the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights, is the fundamental cause of the dramatic situation faced by the Nicaraguan people; and

"The spirit of solidarity that guides Hemisphere relations places an unavoidable obligation on the American countries to exert every effort within their power, to put an end to the bloodshed and to avoid the prolongation of this conflict which is disrupting the peace of the Hemisphere;

"THE SEVENTEENTH MEETING OF CONSULTATION OF MINISTERS OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS,

"DECLARES:

"That the solution of the serious problem is exclusively within the jurisdiction of the people of Nicaragua.

"That in the view of the Seventeenth Meeting of Consultation of Ministers of Foreign Affairs this solution should be arrived at on the basis of the following:

"1. Immediate and definitive replacement of the Somoza regime.

"2. Installation in Nicaraguan territory of a democratic government, the composition of which should include the principal representative groups which oppose the Somoza regime and which reflects the free will of the people of Nicaragua.

"3. Guarantee of the respect for human rights of all Nicaraguans without exception.

"4. The holding of free elections as soon as possible, that will lead to the establishment of a truly democratic government that guarantees peace, freedom, and justice.

"RESOLVES:

"1. To urge the member states to take steps that are within their reach to facilitate an enduring and peaceful solution of the Nicaraguan problem on the bases set forth above, scrupulously respecting the principle of nonintervention and abstaining from any action that might be in conflict with the above bases or be incompatible with a peaceful and enduring solution to the problem.

"2. To commit their efforts to promote humanitarian assistance to the people of Nicaragua and to contribute to the social and economic recovery of the country.

"3. To keep the Seventeenth Meeting of Consultation of Ministers of Foreign Affairs open while the present situation continues.".

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(2) THE GOVERNMENT OF NICARAGUA.—The Congress further finds that—

(A) the Government of National Reconstruction of Nicaragua formally accepted the June 23, 1979, resolution as a basis for resolving the Nicaraguan conflict in its "Plan to Achieve Peace" which was submitted to the Organization of American States on July 12, 1979;

(B) the June 23, 1979, resolution and its acceptance by the Government of National Reconstruction of Nicaragua was the formal basis for the removal of the Somoza regime and the installation of the Government of National Reconstruction;

Human rights.

(C) the Government of National Reconstruction, now known as the Government of Nicaragua and controlled by the Frente Sandinista (the FSLN), has flagrantly violated the provisions of the June 23, 1979, resolution, the rights of the Nicaraguan people, and the security of the nations in the region, in that it—

(i) no longer includes the democratic members of the Government of National Reconstruction in the political process;

(ii) is not a government freely elected under conditions of freedom of the press, assembly, and organization, and is not recognized as freely elected by its neighbors, Costa Rica, Honduras, and El Salvador;

(iii) has taken significant steps towards establishing a totalitarian Communist dictatorship, including the formation of FSLN neighborhood watch committees and the enactment of laws that violate human rights and grant undue executive power;

(iv) has committed atrocities against its citizens as documented in reports by the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights of the Organization of American States;

(v) has aligned itself with the Soviet Union and Soviet allies, including the German Democratic Republic, Bulgaria, Libya, and the Palestine Liberation Organization;

(vi) has committed and refuses to cease aggression in the form of armed subversion against its neighbors in violation of the Charter of the United Nations, the Charter of the Organization of American States, the Inter-American Treaty of Reciprocal Assistance, and the 1965 United Nations General Assembly Declaration on Intervention; and

International agreements.
59 Stat. 1031.
2 UST 2394.
62 Stat. 1681.

(vii) has built up an army beyond the needs of immediate self-defense, at the expense of the needs of the Nicaraguan people and about which the nations of the region have expressed deepest concern.

(3) THE NICARAGUAN DEMOCRATIC OPPOSITION.—The Congress further finds that—

(A) as a result of these violations, the Government of Nicaragua has lost the support of virtually all independent sectors of Nicaraguan society who initially supported the removal of the Somoza regime (including democratic political parties of the left, center, and right; the leadership of the Church; free unions; and the business, farmer, and professional sectors) and who still seek democracy, reject the rule of the Frente Sandinista, and seek the free elections promised in 1979;

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(B) the Nicaraguan political opposition has joined with the armed opposition groups in issuing the San Jose Manifesto of March 1, 1985, calling for a national dialogue under mediation by the Nicaraguan Bishops Conference to peacefully attain the fulfillment of the Government of Nicaragua's commitments to the Organization of American States, including "the democratization of Nicaragua, conscious that democracy is the only means to carry out an authentic revolution and secure our national identity and sovereignty";

(C) on June 12, 1985, in San Salvador, El Salvador, the political and armed opposition groups representing the entire democratic political spectrum of Nicaragua formed the Unified Nicaraguan Opposition and affirmed their "historical commitment to achieve for Nicaragua the reconciliation of her children, to establish the foundation for democracy and the moral and material reconstruction of the nation"; and

(D) the Unified Nicaraguan Opposition further declared its intention to "give priority at all times to a political solution which will ease the suffering of our people".

(4) CONCERNS IN THE REGION AND UNITED STATES RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Congress further finds that—

(A) Nicaragua's neighbors, Costa Rica, El Salvador, and Honduras, have expressed, individually and through the Contadora process, their belief that their peace and freedom is not safe so long as the Government of Nicaragua excludes from power most of Nicaragua's political leadership and is controlled by a small sectarian party, without regard to the will of the majority of Nicaraguans; and

(B) the United States, given its role in the installation of the current Government of Nicaragua, has a special responsibility regarding the implementation of the commitments made by that Government in 1979, especially to those who fought against Somoza to bring democracy to Nicaragua with United States support.

(5) Resolution of the conflict.—The Congress—

(A) condemns the Government of Nicaragua for violating its solemn commitments to the Nicaraguan people, the United States, and the Organization of American States;

(B) affirms that the Government of Nicaragua will be regarded as having achieved political legitimacy when it fulfills its 1979 commitment to the Organization of American States to implement genuinely democratic elections, under the supervision of the Organization of American States, in which all elements of the Nicaraguan resistance can peacefully participate under conditions recognized as necessary for free elections by international bodies;

(C) urges the Government of Nicaragua to enter a national dialogue, as proposed by the Nicaraguan democratic resistance in San Jose, Costa Rica, on March 1, 1985, under mediation by the Nicaraguan Bishops Conference in order to peacefully resolve the current crisis through internationally recognized elections in which all elements of Nicaraguan society can freely participate;

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(D) supports the Nicaraguan democratic resistance in its efforts to peacefully resolve the Nicaraguan conflict and to achieve the fulfillment of the Government of Nicaragua's solemn commitments to the Nicaraguan people, the United States, and the Organization of American States;

(E) supports efforts by the Contadora nations, the Organization of American States, and other appropriate regional organizations to maintain multilateral pressure on Nicaragua to fulfill its commitments; and

(F) requests that the Secretary of State transmit the text of this subsection to the Foreign Ministers of the member states of the Organization of American States.

22 USC 2151 note.
22 USC 2751 note.

(d) Prohibition Relating to Military or Paramilitary Operations in Nicaragua.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act (except the funds authorized to be appropriated in this section), by the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, or by the Arms Export Control Act shall be used to provide assistance of any kind, either directly or indirectly, to any person or group engaging in an insurgency or other act of rebellion against the Government of Nicaragua. The United States shall not enter into any arrangement conditioning, expressly or impliedly, the provision of assistance under this Act or the purchase of defense articles and services under the Arms Export Control Act upon the provision of assistance by a recipient to persons or groups engaging in an insurgency or other act of rebellion against the Government of Nicaragua.

International agreements.

(e) Limitation on Use of Funds against Nicaragua.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated in this or any other Act can be used to fund directly, or indirectly, activities against the Government of Nicaragua which have not been authorized by, or pursuant to, law and which would place the United States in violation of our obligations under the Charter of the Organization of American States, to which the United States is a signatory, or under international law as defined by treaty commitments agreed to, and ratified by, the Government of the United States.

(f) Food Aid to the Nicaraguan People.—In cooperation with Cardinal Miguel Obando y Bravo and private and voluntary organizations, the President should explore and promote means for providing food aid to the Nicaraguan people through private and voluntary organizations and the Catholic Church.

Effective date.
Appropriation authorization.

(g) Humanitarian Assistance for Nicaraguan Democratic Resistance.—(1) Effective upon the date of enactment of this Act, there are authorized to be appropriated $27,000,000 for humanitarian assistance to the Nicaraguan democratic resistance. Such assistance shall be provided to such department or agency of the United States as the President shall designate, except the Central Intelligence Agency or the Department of Defense.

(2) The assistance authorized by this subsection is authorized to remain available for obligation until March 31, 1986.

Reports

(3) One-third of the assistance authorized by this subsection shall be available for obligation at any time after the appropriation of funds pursuant to such authorization, an additional one-third shall be available for obligation upon submission of the first report required by subsection (j), and the remaining one-third shall be available for obligation upon submission of the second such report.

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President of U.S.

(4) The President shall establish appropriate procedures to ensure that any humanitarian assistance provided by the United States Government to the Nicaraguan democratic resistance is used only for the intended purpose and is not diverted (through barter, exchange, or any other means) for acquisition of weapons, weapons systems, ammunition, or other equipment, vehicles, or material which can be used to inflict serious bodily harm or death.

(5) As used in this subsection, the term "humanitarian assistance" means the provision of food, clothing, medicine, and other humanitarian assistance, and it does not include the provision of weapons, weapons systems, ammunition, or other equipment, vehicles, or material which can be used to inflict serious bodily harm or death.

Effective date.
Appropriation authorization.

(h) ASSISTANCE FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF A CONTADORA AGREEMENT.—Effective upon the date of enactment of this Act, there are authorized to be appropriated $2,000,000, which are authorized to remain available until expended, for payment by the Secretary of State for the expenses arising from implementation by the Contadora nations (Mexico, Panama, Colombia, and Venezuela) of an agreement among the countries of Central America based on the Contadora Document of Objectives of September 9, 1983, including peacekeeping, verification, and monitoring systems.

(i) POLICIES WITH RESPECT TO NICARAGUA.—The President is hereby urged and requested—

(1) to pursue vigorously the use of diplomatic and economic measures to resolve the conflict in Nicaragua, including simultaneous negotiations—

(A) to implement the Contadora Document of Objectives of September 8, 1983; and

(B) to develop, in close consultation and cooperation with other nations, trade and economic measures to complement such policies of the United States and to encourage the Government of Nicaragua to take the necessary steps to resolve the conflict;

(2) to suspend the economic sanctions imposed by the President on May 1, 1985, and the United States military maneuvers in Honduras and off the coast of Nicaragua, if the Government of Nicaragua agrees—

(A) to a cease fire,

(B) to open a dialogue with all elements of the opposition, including the Nicaraguan democratic resistance, and

(C) to suspend the state of emergency in Nicaragua;

(3) to call upon the Nicaraguan democratic resistance to remove from their ranks any individuals who have engaged in human rights abuses; and

(4) to resume bilateral discussions with the Government of Nicaragua with a view to encouraging—

(A) a church-mediated dialogue between the Government of Nicaragua and all elements of the opposition, including the Nicaraguan democratic resistance, in support of internal reconciliation as called for by the Contadora Document of Objectives; and

(B) a comprehensive, verifiable agreement among the nations of Central America, based on the Contadora Document of Objectives.

President of U.S.

(j) REPORTS.—The President shall submit a report to the Congress 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 90 days

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thereafter, on any actions taken to carry out subsections (g) and (h). Each such report shall include—

(1) a detailed statement of any progress made in reaching a negotiated settlement referred to in subsection (i)(1), including the willingness of the Nicaraguan democratic resistance and the Government of Nicaragua to negotiate a settlement;

(2) a detailed accounting of the disbursements made to provide humanitarian assistance with the funds provided pursuant to subsection (g); and

(3) a discussion of the alleged human rights violations by the Nicaraguan democratic resistance and the Government of Nicaragua, including a statement of the steps taken by the Nicaraguan democratic resistance to comply with the request referred to in subsection (i)(3).

(k) SUBMISSION OF REQUEST FOR ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE CENTRAL AMERICA PEACE PROCESS.—If the President determines at any time after the enactment of this Act that—

(1) negotiations based on the Contadora Document of Objectives of September 9, 1983, have produced an agreement, or show promise of producing an agreement, or

(2) other trade and economic measures will assist in a resolution of the conflict, or to stabilization in the region,

the President may submit to the Congress a request for budget and other authority to provide additional assistance for the furtherence of the Central America peace process.

(l) STATEMENT TO BE INCLUDED.—The President's request pursuant to subsection (k) shall include a detailed statement as to progress made to resolve the conflict in the region.

President of U.S.

(m) CONSULTATION WITH THE CONGRESS.—In formulating a request pursuant to subsection (k), the President shall consult with the Congress.

(n) HOUSE PROCEDURES.—(1) The provisions of this subsection apply, during the 99th Congress, to the consideration in the House of Representatives of a joint resolution with respect to the request submitted by the President pursuant to subsection (k).

(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term "joint resolution" means only a joint resolution introduced within 3 legislative days after the Congress receives the request submitted by the President pursuant to subsection (k)—

Ante, p. 190.
22 USC 2412.

(A) the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: "That the Congress hereby approves the additional authority and assistance for the Central America peace process that the President requested pursuant to the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985, notwithstanding section 10 of Public Law 91-672.";

(B) which does not have a preamble; and

(C) the title of which is as follows: "Joint Resolution relating to Central America pursuant to the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985.".

(3) A joint resolution shall, upon introduction, be referred to the appropriate committee or committees of the House of Representatives.

(4) If all the committees of the House to which a joint resolution has been referred have not reported the same joint resolution by the end of 15 legislative days after the first joint resolution was introduced, any committee which has not reported the first joint resolution introduced shall be discharged from further consideration of

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that joint resolution and that joint resolution shall be placed on the appropriate calendar of the House.

(5)(A) At any time after the first joint resolution placed on the appropriate calendar has been on that calendar for a period of 5 legislative days, it is in order for any Member of the House (after consultation with the Speaker as to the most appropriate time for the consideration of that joint resolution) to move that the House resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the consideration of that joint resolution. The motion is highly privileged and is in order even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to. All points of order against the joint resolution under clauses 2 and 6 of Rule XXI of the Rules of the House are waived. If the motion is agreed to, the resolution shall remain the unfinished business of the House until disposed of. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is disagreed to shall not be in order.

(B) Debate on the joint resolution shall not exceed ten hours, which shall be divided equally between a Member favoring and a Member opposing the joint resolution. A motion to limit debate is in order at any time in the House or in the Committee of the Whole and is not debatable.

(C) An amendment to the joint resolution is not in order.

(D) At the conclusion of the debate on the joint resolution, the Committee of the Whole shall rise and report the joint resolution back to the House, and the previous question shall be considered as ordered on the joint resolution to final passage without intervening motion.

(6) As used in this subsection, the term "legislative day" means a day on which the House is in session.

(o) Senate Procedures.—A joint resolution which is introduced in the Senate within 3 calendar days after the day on which the Congress receives a Presidential request described in subsection (k) and which, if enacted, would grant the President the authority to take any or all of the actions described in subsection (k) shall be considered in accordance with procedures contained in paragraphs (3) through (7) of section 8066(c) of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1985 (as contained in Public Law 98-473), except that— 98 Stat. 1935.

(1) references in such paragraphs to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate shall be deemed to be references to the appropriate committee or committees of the Senate; and

(2) amendments to the joint resolution are in order.

(p) Submission of Request for Additional Assistance for Nicaraguan Democratic Resistance.—If the President determines at any time after the enactment of this Act that—

(1) negotiations based on the Contadora Document of Objectives of September 9, 1983, have failed to produce an agreement, or

(2) other trade and economic measures have failed to resolve the conflict,

the President may submit to the Congress a request for budget and other authority to provide additional assistance for the Nicaraguan democratic resistance.

(q) Statement To Be Included.—The President's request pursuant to subsection (p) shall include a detailed statement as to why the negotiations or other measures have failed to resolve the conflict in the region.

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President of U.S.

(r) Consultation With the Congress.—In formulating a request pursuant to subsection (p), the President shall consult with the Congress.

(s) House Procedures.—(1) The provisions of this subsection apply, during the 99th Congress, to the consideration in the House of Representatives of a joint resolution with respect to the request submitted by the President pursuant to subsection (p).

(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term "joint resolution" means only a joint resolution introduced within 3 legislative days after the Congress receives the request submitted by the President pursuant to subsection (p)—

(A) the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: "That the Congress hereby approves the additional authority and assistance for the Nicaraguan democratic resistance that the President requested pursuant to the International

Ante, p. 190. 22 USC 2412.

Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985, notwithstanding section 10 of Public Law 91-672.";

(B) which does not have a preamble; and

(C) the title of which is as follows: "Joint Resolution relating to Central America pursuant to the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985.".

(3) A joint resolution shall, upon introduction, be referred to the appropriate committee or committees of the House of Representatives.

(4) If all the committees of the House to which a joint resolution has been referred have not reported the same joint resolution by the end of 15 legislative days after the first joint resolution was introduced, any committee which has not reported the first joint resolution introduced shall be discharged from further consideration of that joint resolution and that joint resolution shall be placed on the appropriate calendar of the House.

(5)(A) At any time after the first joint resolution placed on the appropriate calendar has been on that calendar for a period of 5 legislative days, it is in order for any Member of the House (after consultation with the Speaker as to the most appropriate time for the consideration of that joint resolution) to move that the House resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the consideration of that joint resolution. The motion is highly privileged and is in order even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to. All points or order against the joint resolution under clauses 2 and 6 of Rule XXI of the Rules of the House are waived. If the motion is agreed to, the resolution shall remain the unfinished business of the House until disposed of. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is disagreed to shall not be in order.

(B) Debate on the joint resolution shall not exceed ten hours, which shall be divided equally between a Member favoring and a Member opposing the joint resolution. A motion to limit debate is in order at any time in the House or in the Committee of the Whole and is not debatable.

(C) An amendment to the joint resolution is not in order.

(D) At the conclusion of the debate on the joint resolution, the Committee of the Whole shall rise and report the joint resolution back to the House, and the previous question shall be considered as ordered on the joint resolution to final passage without intervening motion.

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(6) As used in this subsection, the term "legislative day" means a day on which the House is in session.

(t) Senate Procedures.—A joint resolution which is introduced in the Senate within 3 calendar days after the day on which the Congress receives a Presidential request described in subsection (p) and which, if enacted, would grant the President the authority to take any or all of the actions described in subsection (p) shall be considered in accordance with procedures contained in paragraphs (3) through (7) of section 8066(c) of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1985 (as contained in Public Law 98-473), except that—

98 Stat. 1935.

(1) references in such paragraphs to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate shall be deemed to be references to the appropriate committee or committees of the Senate; and

(2) amendments to the joint resolution are in order.

(u) Congressional Rulemaking Powers.—Subsections (n), (o), (s), and (t) are enacted—

(1) as exercises of the rulemaking powers of the House of Representatives and Senate, and as such they are deemed a part of the Rules of the House and the Rules of the Senate, respectively, but applicable only with respect to the procedure to be followed in the House and the Senate in the case of joint resolutions under this section, and they supersede other rules

only to the extent that they are inconsistent with such rules; and

(2) with full recognition of the constitutional right of the House and the Senate to change their rules at any time, in the same manner, and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of the House or Senate, and of the right of the Committee on Rules of the House of Representatives to report a resolution for the consideration of any measure.

TITLE VIII—AFRICA

SEC. 801. BALANCE-OF-PAYMENTS SUPPORT FOR COUNTRIES IN AFRICA.

(a) ESF Commodity Import and Sector Programs.—Agreements with countries in Africa which provide for the use of funds made available to carry out chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 for the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 to finance imports by 22 USC 2346. those countries (under commodity import programs or sector programs) shall require that those imports be used to meet long-term development needs in those countries in accordance with the following criteria:

(1) Spare parts and other imports shall be allocated on the basis of evaluations, by the agency primarily responsible for administering part I of that Act, of the ability of likely recipients 22 USC 2151. to use such spare parts and imports in a maximally productive, employment generating, and cost effective way.

(2) Imports shall be coordinated with investments in accordance with the recipient country's plans for promoting economic development. The agency primarily responsible for administering part I of that Act shall assess such plans to determine whether they will effectively promote economic development.

(3) Emphasis shall be placed on imports for agricultural activities which will expand agricultural production, particularly activities which expand production for export or production to reduce reliance on imported agricultural products.

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(4) Emphasis shall also be placed on a distribution of imports having a broad development impact in terms of economic sectors and geographic regions.

(5) In order to maximize the likelihood that the imports financed by the United States under such chapter are in addition to imports which would otherwise occur, consideration shall be given to historical patterns of foreign exchange uses.

(6)(A) Seventy-five percent of the foreign currencies generated by the sale of such imports by the government of the country shall be deposited in a special account established by that government and, except as provided in subparagraph (B), shall be available only for use in accordance with the agreement for economic development activities which are consistent with the policy directions of section 102 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and which are the types of activities for which assistance 22 USC 2151-1. may be provided under sections 103 through 106 of that Act. 22 USC 2151a–2151d.

(B) The agreement shall require that the government of the country make available to the United States Government such portion of the amount deposited in the special account as may be determined by the President to be necessary for requirements of the United States Government.

(b) Annual Evaluations.—The agency primarily responsible for administering part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall 22 USC 2151. conduct annual evaluations of the extent to which the criteria set forth in this subsection have been met.

SEC. 802. ECONOMIC SUPPORT ASSISTANCE FOR SOUTHERN AFRICA.

(a) Funds for Southern Africa Regional Programs.—Of the

22 USC 2346. amounts authorized to be appropriated to carry out chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, not less than $30,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and not less than $30,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 shall be available only for regional programs in southern Africa. Not less than 50 percent of each of these amounts shall be allocated to assist sector projects supported by the Southern Africa Development Coordination Conference (SADCC) to enhance the economic development of the nine member states forming this important regional institution, especially in the following sectors: transportation, agricultural research and training, manpower development, and institutional support for the SADCC secretariat.

(b) STUDIES RELATING TO SOUTHERN AFRICA REGIONAL PROGRAMS.—(1) The administrator of the agency primarily responsible for administering part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall conduct a study which evaluates—

(A) the assistance which that agency provides to the Southern Africa Development Coordination Conference and other African regional institutions and economic development organizations, and

(B) ways to improve such assistance.

(2) The administrator shall also conduct a study which assesses what type of bureaucratic mechanism within that agency might be established to coordinate assistance to all African regional institutions.

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(3) The administrator shall submit the results of the studies conducted pursuant to this subsection to the Congress within 3 months after the date of enactment of this Act.

22 USC 2346. (c) SOUTH AFRICA EDUCATIONAL TRAINING PROGRAMS.—Funds available to carry out chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 for fiscal year 1986 and fiscal year 1987 which are used for education or training programs in South Africa may not be used for programs conducted by or through organizations in South Africa which are financed or controlled by the Government of South Africa, such as the "homeland" and "urban council" authorities. Such funds may only be used for programs which in both their character and organizational sponsorship in South Africa clearly reflect the objective of a majority of South Africans for an end to the apartheid system of separate development. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit programs which are consistent with this subsection and which award university scholarships to students who choose to attend a South African-supported university.

Legal assistance. (d) HUMAN RIGHTS FUND FOR SOUTH AFRICA.—Of the amount allocated for the Human Rights Fund for South Africa under chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 for each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987, not less than 35 percent shall be used for direct legal and other assistance to political detainees and prisoners and their families, including the investigation of the killing of protestors and prisoners, and for support for actions of black-led community organizations to resist, through non-violent means, the enforcement of apartheid policies such as—

(1) removal of black populations from certain geographic areas on account of race or ethnic origin,

(2) denationalization of blacks, including any distinctions between the South African citizenships of blacks and whites,

(3) residence restrictions based on race or ethnic origin,

(4) restrictions on the rights of blacks to seek employment in South Africa and live wherever they find employment in South Africa, and

(5) restrictions which make it impossible for black employees and their families to be housed in family accommodations near their place of employment.

SEC. 803. POLICY TOWARD SOUTH AFRICAN "HOMELANDS".

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

(1) the sanctity of the family, individual liberty, maximum freedom of choice, ownership of private property, and equal treatment of all citizens, regardless of race, are principles which are fully supported by the American people;

(2) the forced relocation of blacks by the Government of the Republic of South Africa to designated "homelands" divides families, as families are required to remain in the "homelands" while fathers seek work in the so-called "white areas";

(3) the forced removal of persons living in so-called "black spots" in "white" rural areas in South Africa denies them the fundamental right to live and to farm on land they have legally occupied for years, and subjects them to arbitrary arrest and detention when they seek these rights;

(4) compared to "white" South Africa, the designated "homelands", which are meant to accommodate the largest South African population group on a fraction of South African territory and were established without the consent of the vast majority of the governed, are characterized by high rates of infant mortality, unemployment, and malnutrition and by a severe shortage of medical services; 99 STAT. 262

(5) the policy of the Government of the Republic of South Africa denies blacks their rightful claim to full South African citizenship; and

(6) the recent violence in South Africa must be seen as an inevitable result of the denial of the full rights of citizenship.

(b) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) the policy of separate development and the forced relocation of the people of the Republic of South Africa are inconsistent with fundamental American values and internationally recognized principles of human rights;

(2) the Government of the United States should continue to regard as citizens of South Africa all persons born within the internationally recognized boundaries of the Republic of South Africa, and not differentiate among these citizens on the basis of the South African Government's claim to have granted independence to various "homelands";

(3) at such times that any "homeland" official applies for a visa for travel to the United States, such visa should not be granted unless that official holds a passport which is recognized as valid by the Government of the United States; and

(4) the Government of the United States should urge that the forced relocation of South African citizens be discontinued and that policies be adopted for all South Africa's citizens which protect the sanctity of the family, individual liberty, maximum freedom of choice, ownership of private property, and equal treatment of all citizens, regardless of race.

SEC. 804. ASSISTANCE FOR ZAIRE.

(a) ECONOMIC SUPPORT ASSISTANCE.—Funds allocated for assistance for Zaire under chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 for each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 shall be used only for assistance which is provided in accordance with the provisions applicable to assistance under chapter 1 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961. Such assistance shall be provided, to the maximum extent practicable, through private and voluntary organizations. 22 USC 2346. 22 USC 2151.

(b) MILITARY ASSISTANCE.—For each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987—

(1) the value of assistance provided under chapter 2 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 for Zaire may not exceed $7,000,000; and 22 USC 2311.

(2) financing may not be provided under the Arms Export Control Act for Zaire.

22 USC 2751 note.

SEC. 805. ASSISTANCE FOR TUNISIA.

(a) Policy Concerning Security Assistance.—The United States provides security assistance to Tunisia in recognition of the traditional friendship between the United States and Tunisia and our common interests in the region. The provision of such assistance is also based on the expectation that political stability and development in Tunisia will be best advanced through continued growth of democratic institutions.

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(b) Earmarking of MAP and ESF.—For each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987—

(1) not less than $15,000,000 of the amounts authorized to be appropriated to carry out chapter 2 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, and

22 USC 2311.

(2) not less than $20,000,000 of the amounts authorized to be appropriated to carry out chapter 4 of part II of that Act,

22 USC 2346.

shall be available only for Tunisia.

SEC. 806. POLITICAL SETTLEMENT IN SUDAN.

(a) Findings.—The Congress finds that—

(1) friendship and mutual interests bind the United States and Sudan; and

(2) the peace, security, and economic development of Sudan depend in large part on addressing the problems associated with the traditional north-south division in that country through political rather than military means.

(b) United States Policy.—It is, therefore, the policy of the United States that the provision of security assistance to Sudan shall be based on the expectation that the Government of Sudan will make progress toward reaching a political settlement with all parties to the conflict in the south of Sudan.

SEC. 807. ELECTIONS IN LIBERIA.

In recognition of the special relationship that the United States has with Liberia and of the wide variety of interests that the United States has in Liberia, security assistance for Liberia for fiscal years 1986 and 1987 is based on the expectation of a successful completion of free and fair elections, on a multiparty basis, in October 1985 as proposed by the Government of Liberia and on a return to full civilian, constitutional rule as a consequence of those elections.

SEC. 808. WESTERN SAHARA.

(a) United States Policy.—The policy of the United States shall be to support a negotiated political solution to the conflict in the Western Sahara taking into account the principle of self-determination as outlined in the 1981 Nairobi resolution and to encourage all parties to the conflict to reach a peaceful internationally recognized settlement. As part of this policy, the United States should carefully consider each type of military assistance it furnishes to any of the parties to the conflict and should seek to insure that the furnishing of such military assistance is consistent with United States policy which seeks a negotiated settlement.

(b) Further Statement of Policy.—It is the further policy of the United States to support Morocco's legitimate defense needs and to discourage aggression by any country in North Africa against another.

SEC. 809. SAHEL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.

22 USC 2151s.

(a) Authorizations of Appropriations.—The third sentence of section 121(c) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows: "In addition to the amounts authorized to be appropriated in the preceding sentences and to funds otherwise available for such purposes, there are authorized to be appropriated to the President for purposes of this section $87,750,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $87,750,000 for fiscal year 1987.".

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(b) IMPROVING ADMINISTRATIVE CAPABILITIES OF HOST GOVERNMENTS.—Section 121 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection: 22 USC 2151s.

"(e) Grants shall be made under this section to Sahel Development Program host governments in order to help them enhance their administrative capabilities to meet the administrative requirements resulting from donor country projects and activities.". Grants

SEC. 810. AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION.

(a) AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section 510 of the African Development Foundation Act is amended to read as follows: 22 USC 290h-8.

"AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS

"SEC. 510. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title, in addition to amounts otherwise available for that purpose, $3,872,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $3,872,000 for fiscal year 1987. Funds appropriated under this section are authorized to remain available until expended.".

(b) EXTENSION OF AUTHORITIES.—Section 511 of such Act is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1990". 22 USC 290h-9.

SEC. 811. REPEAL OF CLARK AMENDMENT.

Section 118 of the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1980 (prohibiting assistance for military or paramilitary operations in Angola) is repealed. 22 USC 2293 note.

SEC. 812. FAILURE OF THE ETHIOPIAN GOVERNMENT TO RESPONSIBLY AMELIORATE FAMINE CONDITIONS.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

(1) many thousands of Ethiopian people have suffered and died, and an additional ten million people are in danger of death, through starvation caused by prolonged drought;

(2) the Government of the United States has a continuing commitment to the emergency fund under title II of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (the Food For Peace Act); 7 USC 1721.

(3) United States emergency food assistance for Africa in fiscal year 1985 is more than twice the amount provided in fiscal year 1984, and is the largest amount contributed by any single donor;

(4) the Ethiopian Government, as a client state of the Soviet Union, has considered the equipage and modernization of its five hundred thousand-person military organization more vital than alleviating the suffering of its people caused by drought;

(5) the Ethiopian Government has considered the funding of its military organization more vital than promoting a viable national agrarian policy;

(6) there is evidence that the Government of Ethiopia has used the drought-caused famine to induce cooperation from certain dedicated Ethiopians who seek to bring about fundamental changes in their country;

(7) the United States Government is concerned about the seizure by the Ethiopian Government of an Australian aid ship in an attempt to cut off food to its citizens in the northern regions, an area most severely stricken by famine; and

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(8) the Ethiopian Government deems the appearance and status of its socialist system more worthy of attention than its citizens and agricultural policies in need.

(b) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) the Government of Ethiopia should be condemned for failing in its responsibility to sufficiently ameliorate the severe drought and famine conditions throughout its agrarian countryside;

(2) the Government of Ethiopia should allocate more of its resources toward the development of a more balanced and effective agrarian system;

(3) human rights monitoring groups can be a positive force for human rights in Ethiopia and should be allowed to function and should be supported;

(4) the Government of Ethiopia should initiate a genuine policy of national reconciliation;

(5) the continued improvement of Ethiopia's treatment of the Ethiopian people and respect for human rights would better relations between the United States and Ethiopia;

(6) the President or his representatives should convey to Ethiopian officials the concerns of the Congress expressed in this section at every opportunity; and

(7) the President or his representatives should also convey these concerns of the Congress to the governments of United States allies and urge the cooperation of those governments in efforts to ensure a more responsible Ethiopian Government.

President of U.S.

(c) PROHIBITION ON IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.—(1) The President shall determine, within 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, whether the Ethiopian regime is conducting a deliberate policy of starvation of its people and has not granted fundamental human rights to its citizens. The President shall submit that determination, and the basis for that determination, to the Congress.

(2) If the President determines that such a policy is being conducted and that such rights are not being granted, paragraph (3) shall take effect if the Congress enacts a joint resolution approving that determination.

(3) If the conditions specified in paragraphs (1) and (2) are met—

(A) goods and services of Ethiopian origin may not be imported into the United States; and

(B) except for emergency relief, rehabilitation, and recovery assistance, goods and services of United States origin may not be exported (directly or indirectly) to Ethiopia.

(d) PROHIBITION ON ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE.—The President shall suspend all forms of economic assistance to the Government of Ethiopia. This section shall not be construed to prevent the furnishing of international disaster assistance under section 491 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 or economic assistance which will directly benefit needy people in accordance with section 116 of that Act.

22 USC 2292.

22 USC 2151n.

SEC. 813. ASSISTANCE FOR THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF MOZAMBIQUE.

(a) ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE.—The funds authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years 1986 and 1987 to carry out chapter 1 of part I (relating to development assistance) and chapter 4 of part II (relating to the economic support fund) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 that are allocated for bilateral assistance to the People's Republic of Mozambique shall be used solely for assistance to the private sector of the economy of Mozambique to the maximum extent practicable. To the maximum extent practicable, such funds shall be channeled to non-governmental entities in Mozambique.

22 USC 2151, 2346.

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(b) MILITARY ASSISTANCE.—(1) None of the funds authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 or fiscal year 1987 to carry out chapter 2 of part II (relating to grant military assistance) or chapter 5 of part II (relating to international military education and training) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall be used to provide assistance to the People's Republic of Mozambique unless the President makes the certification described in paragraph (2) before providing any such assistance for that fiscal year.

22 USC 2311, 2347.

(2) The certification required by paragraph (1) is a certification by the President to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and to the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate that the Government of the People's Republic of Mozambique—

(A) is making a concerted and significant effort to comply with internationally recognized human rights;

(B) is making continued progress in implementing essential economic and political reforms, including the restoration of private property and respect for the right to engage in free enterprise in all sectors of the economy;

(C) has implemented a plan by September 30, 1986, to reduce the number of foreign military personnel to no more than 55; and

(D)(i) in the case of a certification with respect to assistance for fiscal year 1986, is committed to holding free elections at a date no later than September 30, 1986, and to that end has demonstrated its good faith efforts to begin discussions with all major political factions in Mozambique which have declared their willingness to find and implement an equitable political solution to the conflict, with such solution to involve a commitment to—

(I) the electoral process with internationally recognized observers; and

(II) the elimination of all restrictions on the formation and activities of opposition political parties; and

(ii) in the case of a certification with respect to assistance for fiscal year 1987, held free elections by September 30, 1986.

TITLE IX—ASIA

SEC. 901. THE PHILIPPINES.

(a) Democracy in the Philippines.—It is the sense of the Congress that the United States should encourage the revitalization of democracy in the Philippines. To that end, the Congress affirms its intention to grant future aid to the Philippines according to the determination of the Congress that United States security interests are enhanced and sufficient progress is made by the Government of the Philippines in—

(1) guaranteeing free, fair, and honest elections in 1986 and 1987, or sooner should any such elections occur;

(2) ensuring the full, fair, and open prosecution of those responsible for the murder of Benigno Aguino, including those involved in the cover-up;

(3) ensuring freedom of speech and freedom of the press, and unrestricted access to the media on the part of all candidates for public office in the local and provincial elections of 1986 and the Presidential election of 1987;

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(4) establishing the writ of habeas corpus and the termination of the Presidential Detention Action and all other forms of detention without charge or trial;

(5) releasing all individuals detained or imprisoned for peaceful political activities;

(6) making substantial progress in terminating extrajudicial killings by the Philippine military and security forces and the prosecution of those responsible for such killings in the past;

(7) implementing structural economic reforms and a strengthening of the private sector, including elimination of corruption and monopolies; and

(8) enhancing the professional capability of the Philippine armed forces and security forces (including the Philippine Constabulary and the Civilian House Defense Forces).

(b) Primary Purpose of United States Assistance.—The Congress finds and declares that the primary purpose of United States assistance to the Philippines should be to maintain and foster friendly relations between the people of the Philippines and the people of the United States and to encourage the restoration of internal security, both of which goals can be best served by the achievement of an open and stable democracy.

(c) CONGRESSIONAL OVERSIGHT.—The Congress, in determining future aid levels for the Philippines, will take into account not only our military bases agreement with that country, but also the extent to which the objectives and goals specified in subsections (a) and (b) have been implemented. The Congress may defer assistance for the Philippines under both chapter 2 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and the Arms Export Control Act if—

Human rights.

22 USC 2311, 2751 note.

(1) significant progress is not achieved with respect to the objectives and goals specified in subsections (a) and (b), or

(2) the Congress finds that such assistance is used to violate the internationally recognized human rights of the Filipino people.

(d) AMOUNTS OF ASSISTANCE.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987—

(1) to carry out the Arms Export Control Act (relating to foreign military sales financing), not more than $20,000,000 may be used for assistance for the Philippines;

(2) to carry out chapter 2 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to grant military assistance), not more than $50,000,000 may be used for assistance for the Philippines; and

22 USC 2346.

(3) to carry out chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to the economic support fund), $110,000,000 shall be available only for the Philippines.

(e) NONLETHAL ASSISTANCE.—Assistance provided for the Philippines for fiscal year 1986 under the Arms Export Control Act or under chapter 2 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall be nonlethal in character.

SEC. 902. NUCLEAR NON-PROLIFERATION CONDITIONS ON ASSISTANCE FOR PAKISTAN.

22 USC 2375.

Section 620E of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Science and technology.

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"(e) No assistance shall be furnished to Pakistan and no military equipment or technology shall be sold or transferred to Pakistan, pursuant to the authorities contained in this Act or any other Act, unless the President shall have certified in writing to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, during the fiscal year in which assistance is to be furnished or military equipment or technology is to be sold or transferred, that Pakistan does not possess a nuclear explosive device and that the proposed United States assistance program will reduce significantly the risk that Pakistan will possess a nuclear explosive device.".

SEC. 903. DISADVANTAGED CHILDREN IN ASIA.

22 USC 2201.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE.—Section 241(b) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by striking out "$2,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$3,000,000"

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(b) ADDITIONAL STEPS TO HELP AMERASIAN CHILDREN.—The Congress finds that Amerasian children are currently the object of discrimination in the countries in Asia where they now reside. Therefore, the President shall report to the Congress on the quality of life of these children and on what additional steps, such as facilitating adoptions, the United States could take to enhance the lives of these children.

22 USC 2374 note.

SEC. 904. ASSISTANCE FOR AFGHANISTAN.

22 USC 2346.

(a) AUTHORIZATION.—The President may make available funds authorized to be appropriated to carry out chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to the economic support fund) for the provision of food, medicine, or other humanitarian assistance to the Afghan people, notwithstanding any other provision of law.

(b) Earmarking of Funds.—Each fiscal year, not less than $15,000,000 of the aggregate amount of funds available to carry out chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall be available only for humanitarian assistance to the Afghan people pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.

(c) Effective Dates.—This section shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act, except that subsection (b) shall not apply to fiscal year 1985.

SEC. 905. ASSISTANCE FOR THE CAMBODIAN PEOPLE.

The President may make available to the noncommunist resistance forces in Cambodia up to $5,000,000 for fiscal year 1986, and up to $5,000,000 for fiscal year 1987, of the funds authorized to be appropriated to carry out chapter 2 (relating to grant military assistance) or chapter 4 (relating to the economic support fund) of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, notwithstanding any other provision of law. 22 USC 2311.

SEC. 906. PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN ASSISTANCE TO THE KHMER ROUGE.

(a) Prohibition.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, none of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or any other Act may be obligated or expended for the purpose or with the effect of promoting, sustaining, or augmenting, directly or indirectly, the capacity of the Khmer Rouge or any of its members to conduct military or paramilitary operations in Cambodia or elsewhere in Indochina.

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(b) Deobligation of Certain Funds.—All funds appropriated before the date of enactment of this section which were obligated but not expended for activities having the purpose or effect described in subsection (a) shall be deobligated and shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.

(c) Exception for Humanitarian Assistance.—This section shall not be construed as limiting the provision of food, medicine, or other humanitarian assistance to the Cambodian people.

SEC. 907. POLITICAL SETTLEMENT IN SRI LANKA.

(a) Findings.—The Congress finds that—

(1) the Government and people of Sri Lanka and the Government and people of the United States share a common devotion to independence, democracy, and human rights;

(2) the United States is concerned over the armed clashes between the security forces of the Government of Sri Lanka and some Sri Lankans who seek through violent means, including terrorist attacks, to divide that nation;

(3) there have been acts of terrorism committed against members of the Sri Lankan security forces, as well as against civilians, and there have been human rights abuses by members of the security forces against civilians, particularly Tamils, despite the efforts of the Government, which the Congress believes must be intensified, to put an end to those abuses;

(4) the differences and grievances in Sri Lanka cannot be resolved through the use of force; and

(5) the United States is a proud participant through its economic assistance programs in Sri Lanka's highly regarded development efforts and looks forward to enhanced cooperation and assistance in the context of a political settlement in Sri Lanka leading to the kind of peaceful climate in which additional aid could be effectively utilized.

(b) Political Settlement.—It is, therefore, the sense of the Congress that—

(1) all parties in Sri Lanka, from all communities in and out of government, should renew their efforts to achieve a joint

political settlement which meets the legitimate concerns of all the people of Sri Lanka, while preserving the territorial integrity of Sri Lanka; and

(2) all parties outside Sri Lanka should do nothing which would impede progress toward such a settlement.

SEC. 908. UNITED STATES POLICY TOWARD THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA.

(a) Findings.—The Congress finds that—

(1) the Government of the Republic of Korea has taken several significant and encouraging steps in liberalizing the political system in that country;

(2) among the steps which have facilitated a more democratic environment are the release of hundreds of student demonstrators, the lifting of a political ban on more than 300 opposition leaders, and the holding of a vigorously contested election for the National Assembly in which the opposition made substantial gains;

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(3) despite these steps, the people of the Republic of Korea, who have become increasingly better educated and prosperous as a result of Korea's extraordinarily rapid economic development, have the desire and the capability to participate more fully and effectively in the government of their own country; and

(4) while internationally recognized human rights are clearly respected much more in the Republic of Korea than in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, continued progress toward democratization in the south is in the interests of both the Republic of Korea and the United States, inasmuch as long-term political stability cannot be assured in the absence of further progress towards democratic government.

(b) United States Policy.—It is the policy of the United States to provide assistance to the Republic of Korea in order to help that country defend itself against external aggression. It is the hope of the United States that the continuing close relations between our two countries, including such assistance, will encourage the establishment of a genuinely democratic system in the Republic of Korea, in which internationally recognized human rights, including freedom of the press, freedom of association, and freedom of assembly are observed.

TITLE X—FOOD AND AGRICULTURAL ASSISTANCE

SEC. 1001. INTERNATIONAL FUND FOR AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT.

22 USC 2151a. Section 103(g) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows:

"(g)(1) In order to carry out the purposes of this section, the President may continue United States participation in and may make contributions to the International Fund for Agricultural Development.

"(2) Of the aggregate amount authorized to be appropriated to carry out part I of this Act, up to $50,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 and up to $50,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 may be made available, by appropriation or by transfer, for United States contributions to the second replenishment of the International Fund for Agricultural Development.".

SEC. 1002. PUBLIC LAW 480 TITLE II MINIMUMS.

7 USC 1721. Paragraph (3) of section 201(b) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 is amended by inserting immediately before the semicolon the following: ", except that for fiscal year 1986 the minimum quantity distributed shall be 1,800,000 metric tons, of which not less than 1,300,000 metric tons for nonemergency programs shall be distributed through nonprofit voluntary agencies and the World Food Program, and for fiscal year

1987 the minimum quantity distributed shall be 1,900,000 metric tons, of which not less than 1,425,000 metric tons for nonemergency programs shall be distributed through nonprofit voluntary agencies and the World Food Program".

SEC. 1003. EXPRESS AUTHORITY FOR TITLE II DIRECT DISTRIBUTION, SALE, AND BARTER.

Section 202(a) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "Such commodities may be furnished for direct distribution, sale, barter, or other appropriate disposition in carrying out the purposes set forth in section 201.".

7 USC 1722.

7 USC 1721.

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SEC. 1004. ROLE OF PRIVATE VOLUNTARY ORGANIZATIONS AND COOPERATIVES.

(a) NUTRITIONAL AND DEVELOPMENT OBJECTIVES.—Section 202(b) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

7 USC 1722.

"(4) In the case of commodities distributed under this title by nonprofit voluntary agencies, consideration shall be given to nutritional and development objectives as established by those agencies in light of their assessment of the needs of the people assisted.".

(b) FOOD FOR DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS.—Section 302(c)(4) of such Act is amended by inserting "and of United States nonprofit voluntary agencies and cooperatives" immediately after "agriculture".

7 USC 1727a.

SEC. 1005. MULTIYEAR AGREEMENTS WITH PVOS AND COOPERATIVES.

Section 202 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

7 USC 1722.

"(c)(1) In agreements with nonprofit voluntary agencies and cooperatives for nonemergency assistance under this title, the President is encouraged, if requested by the nonprofit voluntary agency or cooperative, to approve multiyear agreements to make agricultural commodities available for distribution by that agency or cooperative. Such agreement shall be subject to the availability each fiscal year of the necessary appropriations and agricultural commodities.

Agriculture and agricultural commodities.

"(2) Paragraph (1) does not apply to an agreement which the President determines should be limited to a single year because of the past performance of the nonprofit voluntary agency or cooperative or because the agreement involves a new program of assistance.

"(3) In carrying out a multiyear agreement pursuant to this subsection, a nonprofit voluntary agency or cooperative shall not be required to obtain annual approval from the United States Government in order to continue its assistance program pursuant to the agreement, unless exceptional and unforeseen circumstances have occurred which the President determines require such approval.".

SEC. 1006. TITLE II PROGRAMMING REPORTS.

Section 408(b) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 is amended by striking out "title I" both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "titles I and II".

7 USC 1736b.

SEC. 1007. ELIGIBLE COMMODITIES UNDER SECTION 416(b).

Section 416(b) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1431(b)) is amended by inserting ", rice," after "Dairy products" in the first sentence and by inserting ", rice," after "dairy products" in the third and eighth sentences.

SEC. 1008. LONG-TERM AGRICULTURAL COMMODITY AGREEMENTS WITH FOOD DEFICIT COUNTRIES.

As part of the United States foreign assistance program, the President should explore the possibility of concluding long-term agricultural commodity agreements to help stabilize and increase the flow of concessional and commercial food stuffs with food deficit countries. The President shall prepare and transmit to the Congress a report on his efforts to achieve such long-term agreements by June 1, 1986.

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TITLE XI—PEACE CORPS

SEC. 1101. AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.

22 USC 2502.

Section 3(b) of the Peace Corps Act is amended by amending the first sentence to read as follows: "There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the purposes of this Act $130,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987.".

SEC. 1102. NUMBER OF PEACE CORPS VOLUNTEERS.

(a) Statement of Policy.—Section 2 of the Peace Corps Act (22 U.S.C. 2501) is amended—

(1) by inserting "(a)" immediately after "Sec. 2."; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b) The Congress declares that it is the policy of the United States and a purpose of the Peace Corps to maintain, to the maximum extent appropriate and consistent with programmatic and fiscal considerations, a volunteer corps of at least 10,000 individuals.".

(b) Annual Report.—Section 11 of the Peace Corps Act (22 U.S.C. 2510) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence:

"The President shall also include in the report a description of any plans to carry out the policy set forth in section 2(b) of this Act.".

Supra.

SEC. 1103. LIMITATION ON LENGTH OF PEACE CORPS EMPLOYMENT.

(a) Authority to Make Appointments of More Than Five Years.—Section 7(a) of the Peace Corps Act (22 U.S.C. 2506(a)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2)—

(A) in subparagraph (A)—

(i) by striking out "five" and inserting in lieu thereof "seven and one-half"; and

(ii) by striking out "unless" and all that follows through "basis" and inserting in lieu thereof ", subject to paragraph (5) and except as provided in paragraph (6)"; and

(B) in the third sentence, by inserting "(other than the provisions of section 309)" after "1980"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

"(5) Except as provided in paragraph (6), the Director of the Peace Corps may make appointments or assignments of United States citizens under paragraph (2) for periods of more than five years only in the case of individuals whose performance as employees of the Peace Corps has been exceptional and only in order to achieve one or more of the following purposes:

"(A) To permit individuals who have served at least two and one-half years of such an appointment or assignment abroad to serve in the United States thereafter.

"(B) To permit individuals who have served at least two and one-half years of such an appointment or assignment in the United States to serve abroad thereafter.

"(C) To permit individuals who have served at least two and one-half years of such an appointment or assignment in a recruitment, selection, or training activity to be reassigned to an activity other than the one in which they have most recently so served.

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"(D) To promote the continuity of functions in administering the Peace Corps.

At no time may the number of appointments or assignments of United States citizens in effect under paragraph (2) for periods in excess of five years exceed fifteen percent of the total of all appointments and assignments of United States citizens then in effect under paragraph (2).

"(6) Notwithstanding the limitation set forth in paragraph (2)(A) on the length of an appointment or assignment under paragraph (2) and notwithstanding the limitations set forth in paragraph (5) on the circumstances under which such an appointment or assignment may exceed five years, the Director of the Peace Corps, under special circumstances, may personally approve an extension of an appointment or assignment under paragraph (2) for not more than one year on an individual basis.".

(b) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—The Director of the Peace Corps shall, not later than January 1, 1986, submit to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a report describing the criteria to be applied by the Director in exercising the authority provided by the amendments made by subsection (a) to make appointments or assignments of individuals for periods of more than five years. Not later than each January 1 thereafter, the Director shall submit to the Committees referred to in the preceding sentence a report on— 22 USC 2506 note.

(1) the exercise of such authority during the preceding fiscal year for each of the purposes specified in paragraph (5) of section 7(a) of the Peace Corps Act, as added by subsection (a) of this section; and

(2) the exercise during that fiscal year of the authority under paragraph (6) of such section 7(a), as added by subsection (a) of this section.

SEC. 1104. PEACE CORPS NATIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF COUNCIL.—The Peace Corps Act (22 U.S.C. 2501 and following) is amended by inserting after section 11 the following new section:

"PEACE CORPS NATIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL

"SEC. 12. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—A Peace Corps National Advisory Council (hereinafter in this section referred to as the 'Council') shall be established in accordance with the provisions of this section. 22 USC 2511.

"(b) FUNCTIONS.—(1) The Council shall advise and consult with the President and the Director of the Peace Corps with regard to policies and programs designed to further the purposes of this Act and shall, as the Council considers appropriate, periodically report to the Congress with regard to the Peace Corps.

"(2) Members of the Council shall (subject to subsection (d)(1)) conduct on-site inspections, and make examinations, of the activities of the Peace Corps in the United States and in other countries in order to—

"(A) evaluate the accomplishments of the Peace Corps;

"(B) assess the potential capabilities and the future role of the Peace Corps;

"(C) make recommendations to the President, the Director of the Peace Corps, and, as the Council considers appropriate, the Congress, for the purpose of guiding the future direction of the Peace Corps and of helping to ensure that the purposes and programs of the Peace Corps are carried out in ways that are economical, efficient, responsive to changing needs in developing countries and to changing relationships among people, and in accordance with law; and

"(D) make such other evaluations, assessments, and recommendations as the Council considers appropriate.

"(3) The Council may provide for public participation in its activities.

"(c) Membership.—(1) Persons appointed as members of the Council shall be broadly representative of the general public, including educational institutions, private volunteer agencies, private industry, farm organizations, labor unions, different regions of the United States, different educational, economic, racial, and national backgrounds and age groupings, and both sexes.

"(2)(A) The Council shall consist of fifteen voting members who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. At least seven of such members shall be former Peace Corps volunteers, and not more than eight of such members shall be members of the same political party.

"(B) The first appointments of members of the Council under this paragraph shall be made not more than sixty days after the date of the enactment of this section and, solely for purposes of determining the expiration of their terms, shall be deemed to take effect on the sixtieth day after such date of enactment.

"(C) No member appointed under this paragraph may be an officer or employee of the United States Government.

"(D) Of the members initially appointed under this paragraph, eight shall be appointed to 1-year terms and seven shall be appointed to 2-year terms. Thereafter, all appointed members shall be appointed to 2-year terms.

"(E) A member of the Council appointed to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration of the term for which the member's predecessor was appointed shall be appointed only for the remainder of that term.

"(F) No member of the Council may serve for more than two consecutive 2-year terms.

"(G) Members of the Council shall serve at the pleasure of the President.

"(H) An appointed member of the Council may be removed by a vote of nine members for malfeasance in office, for persistent neglect of or inability to discharge duties, or for offenses involving moral turpitude, and for no other cause.

"(I) Within thirty days after any vacancy occurs in the office of an appointed member of the Council, the President shall nominate an individual to fill the vacancy.

"(3) In addition to the voting members of the Council, the Secretary of State and the Administrator of the Agency for International Development, or their designees, and the Director and Deputy Director of the Peace Corps, shall be non-voting members, ex officio, of the Council.

"(d) Compensation.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), a member of the Council who is not an officer or employee of the United States Government—

"(A) shall be paid compensation out of funds made available for the purposes of this Act at the daily equivalent of the highest rate payable under section 5332 of title 5, United States Code, for each day (including travel time) during which the member is engaged in the actual performance of duties as a Council member, and

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"(B) while away from his or her home or regular place of business on necessary travel, as determined by the Director of the Peace Corps, in the actual performance of duties as a Council member, shall be paid per diem, travel, and transportation expenses in the same manner as is provided under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code.

5 USC 5701.

"(2) A member of the Council may not be paid compensation under paragraph (1)(A) for more than twenty days in any calendar year.

"(e) Quorum.—A majority of the voting members of the Council shall constitute a quorum for the purposes of transacting any business.

"(f) Financial Interests of Members.—A member of the Council shall disclose to the Council the existence of any direct or indirect financial interest of that member in any particular matter before the Council and may not vote or otherwise participate as a Council member with respect to that particular matter.

"(g) Chair and Vice Chair.—At its first meeting and at its first regular meeting in each calendar year thereafter, the Council shall elect a Chair and Vice Chair from among its appointed members who are citizens of the United States. The Chair and Vice Chair may not both be members of the same political party.

"(h) Meetings, Bylaws, and Regulations.—(1) The Council shall hold a regular meeting during each calendar quarter and shall meet at the call of the President, the Director of the Peace Corps, the Council's Chair, or one-fourth of its members.

"(2) The Council shall prescribe such bylaws and regulations as it considers necessary to carry out its functions. Such bylaws and regulations shall include procedures for fixing the time and place of meetings, giving or waiving of notice of meetings, and keeping of minutes of meetings.

"(i) Reports to the President and the Director.—Not later than January 1, 1988, and not later than January 1 of each second year thereafter, the Council shall submit to the President and the Director of the Peace Corps a report on its views on the programs and activities of the Peace Corps. Each report shall contain a summary of the advice and recommendations provided by the Council to the President and the Director during the period covered by the report and such recommendations (including recommendations for administrative or legislative action) as the Council considers appropriate to make to the Congress. Within ninety days after receiving each such report, the President shall submit to the Congress a copy of the report, together with any comments concerning the report that the President or the Director considers appropriate.

"(j) Administrative Assistance.—The Director of the Peace Corps shall make available to the Council such personnel, administrative support services, and technical assistance as are necessary to carry out its functions effectively.".

22 USC 2511 note.

(b) Termination of Similar Advisory Body.—Any advisory body carrying out functions similar to those assigned to the Peace Corps National Advisory Council provided for in subsection (a) shall cease to exist sixty days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

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SEC. 1105. NONPARTISAN APPOINTMENTS.

(a) Political Tests.—The Peace Corps Act (22 U.S.C. 2501 and following) is amended—

(1) by redesignating sections 25, 26, and 27 as sections 26, 27, and 28, respectively; and

22 USC 2522, 2523, 2501 note.

(2) by inserting after section 24 the following new section:

"NONPARTISAN APPOINTMENTS

22 USC 2521a.

"Sec. 25. In carrying out this Act, no political test or political qualification may be used in—

"(1) selecting any person for enrollment as a volunteer or for appointment to a position at, or for assignment to (or for employment for assignment to), a duty station located abroad, or

"(2) promoting or taking any other action with respect to any volunteer or any person assigned to such a duty station.".

(b) Discrimination.—Section 5(a) of the Peace Corps Act (22 U.S.C. 2504(a)) is amended by amending the last sentence to read as follows: "In carrying out this subsection, there shall be no discrimination against any person on account of race, sex, creed, or color.".

TITLE XII—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS RELATING TO FOREIGN ASSISTANCE

SEC. 1201. NOTICE TO CONGRESS OF USE OF CERTAIN AUTHORITIES RELATING TO HUMAN RIGHTS CONDITIONS.

22 USC 2304.

Section 502B of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

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"(g) Whenever the provisions of subsection (e) or (f) of this section are applied, the President shall report to the Congress before making any funds available pursuant to those subsections. The report shall specify the country involved, the amount and kinds of assistance to be provided, and the justification for providing the assistance, including a description of the significant improvements which have occurred in the country's human rights record.".

SEC. 1202. PROHIBITIONS AGAINST ASSISTANCE.

22 USC 2370.

Section 620(f) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" immediately after "(f)";

(2) by redesignating clauses (1), (2), and (3) as clauses (A), (B), and (C), respectively; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the President may remove a country, for such period as the President determines, from the application of this subsection, and other provisions which reference this subsection, if the President determines and reports to the Congress that such action is important to the national interest of the United States. It is the sense of the Congress that when consideration is given to authorizing assistance to a country removed from the application of this subsection, one of the factors to be weighed, among others, is whether the country in question is giving evidence of fostering the establishment of a genuinely democratic system, with respect for internationally recognized human rights.".

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SEC. 1203. LAND REFORM PROGRAMS.

22 USC 2370.

Section 620(g) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following sentence: "This prohibition shall not apply to monetary assistance made available for use by a government (or a political subdivision or agency of a government) to compensate nationals of that country in accordance with a land reform program, if the President determines that monetary assistance for such land reform program will further the national interests of the United States.".

SEC. 1204. SUSPENSION OF ASSISTANCE TO COUNTRIES VIOLATING U.S. EXPORT LAWS IN ORDER TO MANUFACTURE A NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVE DEVICE.

22 USC 2429a.

(a) SUSPENSION OF ASSISTANCE BECAUSE OF ILLEGAL EXPORTS.—Subsection (a)(1) of section 670 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended—

(1) by inserting "(A)" after "country which";

(2) by inserting immediately before the period at the end thereof ", or (B) is a non-nuclear-weapon state which, on or after the date of enactment of the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985, exports illegally (or attempts to export illegally) from the United States any material, equipment, or technology which would contribute significantly to the ability of such country to manufacture a nuclear explosive device, if the President determines that the material, equipment, or technology was to be used by such country in the manufacture of a nuclear explosive device"; and

Ante, p. 190.

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following: "For purposes of clause (B), an export (or attempted export) by a person who is

an agent of, or is otherwise acting on behalf of or in the interests of, a country shall be considered to be an export (or attempted export) by that country.".

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Such section 670 is amended—

(1) in the section caption by inserting "ILLEGAL EXPORTS FOR NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVE DEVICES," after "TRANSFERS,"; and

(2) by striking out "(5) As used in this subsection" and inserting in lieu thereof "(c) As used in this section".

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act. 22 USC 2429a note.

SEC. 1205. REPORTS ON ECONOMIC CONDITIONS IN CERTAIN COUNTRIES.

22 USC 2346 note.

(a) EXTERNAL DEBT BURDEN OF CERTAIN COUNTRIES RECEIVING UNITED STATES ASSISTANCE.—The Congress finds that the Governments of Egypt, Israel, Turkey, and Portugal each have an enormous external debt burden which may be made more difficult by virtue of financing provided for those governments under various United States assistance programs.

(b) ANNUAL REPORTS ON ECONOMIC CONDITIONS.—In order to assist the Congress in examining United States assistance for these countries, the President shall report to Speaker of the House of Representatives and to the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, not later than January 15 of each year, regarding economic conditions prevailing in Egypt, Israel, Turkey, and Portugal which may affect their respective ability to meet their international debt obligations and to stabilize their economies. President of U.S.

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SEC. 1206. EGYPTIAN-ISRAELI RELATIONS.

The Congress notes the recent effort of Egypt to move the peace process forward. However, the Congress continues to be concerned about the less than normal relations between Egypt and Israel. It is the sense of the Congress that all United States foreign assistance to Egypt is provided in the expectation that the Egyptian Government will continue in its efforts to bring peace to the region and that it will continue to support and fulfill the provisions of the Camp David Accords and the Egyptian-Israeli Peace Treaty.

SEC. 1207. PROCUREMENT OF CONSTRUCTION AND ENGINEERING SERVICES.

Section 604(g) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended— 22 USC 2354.

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(g)"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) Paragraph (1) does not apply with respect to an advanced developing country which—

"(A) is receiving direct economic assistance under chapter 1 of part I or chapter 4 of part II of this Act, and 22 USC 2151, 2346.

"(B) if the country has its own foreign assistance programs which finance the procurement of construction or engineering services, permits United States firms to compete for those services.".

SEC. 1208. COMPLETION OF PLANS AND COST ESTIMATES.

Section 611 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended— 22 USC 2361.

(1) in subsection (a) by striking out "$100,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$500,000"; and

(2) in subsection (b) by striking out "the procedures set forth in the Principles and Standards for Planning Water and Related Land Resources, dated October 25, 1973, with respect to such computations" and inserting in lieu thereof "the principles, standards, and procedures established pursuant to the Water Resources Planning Act (42 U.S.C. 1962, et seq.) or acts amendatory or supplementary thereto".

SEC. 1209. REPROGRAMMING NOTIFICATIONS TO CONGRESS.

22 USC 2394-1.

(a) REPROGRAMMING NOTIFICATIONS.—Section 634A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended—

(1) by inserting "(a)" immediately before "None";

(2) by inserting "or the Arms Export Control Act" immediately after "disaster relief and rehabilitation)" and immediately after "this Act" the second place it appears; and

(3) by adding at the end of the section the following new subsections:

"(b) The notification requirement of this section does not apply to the reprogramming—

22 USC 2151.

"(1) of funds to be used for an activity, program, or project under chapter 1 of part I if the amounts to be obligated for that activity, program, or project for that fiscal year do not exceed by more than 10 percent the amount justified to the Congress for that activity, program, or project for that fiscal year; or

22 USC 2291.
22 USC 2347.

"(2) of less than $25,000 to be used under chapter 8 of part I, or under chapter 5 of part II, for a country for which a program under that chapter for that fiscal year was justified to the Congress.

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President of U.S.

"(c) The President shall notify the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives concerning any reprogramming of funds in the International Affairs Budget Function, the authorizations of appropriations for which are in their respective jurisdictions, to the same degree and with the same conditions as the President notifies the Committees on Appropriations. The requirements of this subsection are in addition to, and not in lieu of, other notification requirements.".

22 USC 2413.

(b) ALLOCATION REPORTS.—Section 653 of such Act is amended—

(1) by inserting in subsection (a) "or the Arms Export Control Act" immediately after "sections 451 or 637)";

(2) by striking out subsection (b); and

(3) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (b).

22 USC 2776.

(c) QUARTERLY REPORTS.—Section 36(a) of the Arms Export Control Act is amended—

(1) in paragraph (5), by striking out "cash" and by striking out ", credits to be extended under section 23, and guaranty agreements to be made under section 24"; and

(2) in paragraph (6), by striking out "cash" and by striking out "and credits expected to be extended".

SEC. 1210. REPORT ON UNITED STATES ASSISTANCE TO COAL EXPORTING NATIONS.

President of U.S.

Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the appropriate committees of the Congress a report describing the status and terms of, and containing all other pertinent information relating to, any United States Government assistance which is provided to foreign nations that produce or export coal for the purpose of financing or assisting in the development of coal production, transportation, export, or other coal-related activities or operations.

SEC. 1211. REPEAL OF OBSOLETE PROVISIONS AND CORRECTION OF TECHNICAL REFERENCES.

(a) REPEALS.—The Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended as follows:

22 USC 2151c.

(1) The third sentence of section 105(a) is repealed.

22 USC 2151d.

(2) Section 106(b)(1) is amended by striking out "(A)" and by striking out subparagraph (B).

22 USC 2151h.

(3) Section 110 is amended by striking out "(a)" and by striking out subsection (b).

(4) Chapter 10 of part I is repealed. 22 USC 2293, 2294.

(b) CORRECTION OF CROSS-REFERENCES.—

(1) FOREIGN SERVICE ACT.—Section 636(a)(14) of such Act is amended by striking out "the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended (22 U.S.C. 801 et seq.)" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3901 et seq.)". 22 USC 2396.

(2) TITLE 31 OF THE U.S. CODE.—Section 611(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "section 1311 of the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1955 as amended (31 U.S.C. 200)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 1501 of title 31, United States Code". 22 USC 2361.

(3) ITAR REGULATIONS.—Section 47(6) of the Arms Export Control Act is amended by striking out "combat" and inserting in lieu thereof "military" 22 USC 2794.

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TITLE XIII—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 1301. EFFECTIVE DATE.

22 USC 2151-1 note

Except as otherwise provided in this Act, this Act shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

SEC. 1302. CODIFICATION OF POLICY PROHIBITING NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE PALESTINE LIBERATION ORGANIZATION.

22 USC 2151 note

(a) UNITED STATES POLICY.—The United States in 1975 declared in a memorandum of agreement with Israel, and has reaffirmed since, that "The United States will continue to adhere to its present policy with respect to the Palestine Liberation Organization, whereby it will not recognize or negotiate with the Palestine Liberation Organization so long as the Palestine Liberation Organization does not recognize Israel's right to exist and does not accept Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338.". International agreements.

(b) REAFFIRMATION AND CODIFICATION OF POLICY.—The United States hereby reaffirms that policy. In accordance with that policy, no officer or employee of the United States Government and no agent or other individual acting on behalf of the United States Government shall negotiate with the Palestine Liberation Organization or any representatives thereof (except in emergency or humanitarian situations) unless and until the Palestine Liberation Organization recognizes Israel's right to exist, accepts United Nations Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338, and renounces the use of terrorism.

SEC. 1303. COMMISSION FOR THE PRESERVATION OF AMERICA'S HERITAGE ABROAD.

16 USC 469j.

(a) PURPOSE.—Because the fabric of a society is strengthened by visible reminders of the historical roots of the society, it is in the national interest of the United States to encourage the preservation and protection of the cemeteries, monuments, and historic buildings associated with the foreign heritage of United States citizens.

(b) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a commission to be known as the Commission for the Preservation of America's Heritage Abroad (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Commission").

(c) DUTIES.—The Commission shall—

(1) identify and publish a list of those cemeteries, monuments, and historic buildings located abroad which are associated with the foreign heritage of United States citizens from eastern and central Europe, particularly those cemeteries, monuments, and buildings which are in danger of deterioration or destruction;

(2) encourage the preservation and protection of such cemeteries, monuments, and historic buildings by obtaining, in cooperation with the Department of State, assurances from foreign governments that the cemeteries, monuments, and buildings will be preserved and protected; and

(3) prepare and disseminate reports on the condition of and the progress toward preserving and protecting such cemeteries, monuments, and historic buildings.

(d) Membership.—(1) The Commission shall consist of 21 members appointed by the President, 7 of whom shall be appointed after consultation with the Speaker of the House of Representatives and 7 of whom shall be appointed after consultation with the President pro tempore of the Senate.

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(2)(A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), members of the Commission shall be appointed for terms of 3 years.

(B) Of the members first appointed after consultation with the Speaker of the House of Representatives, 5 shall be appointed for a term of 2 years. Of the members first appointed after consultation with the President pro tempore of the Senate, 5 shall be appointed for 2 years.

(C) A member appointed to fill a vacancy on the Commission shall serve for the remainder of the term for which the member's predecessor was appointed.

(D) A member may retain membership on the Commission until the member's successor has been appointed.

(3) The President shall designate the Chairman of the Commission from among its members.

(e) Meetings.—The Commission shall meet at least once every three months.

(f) Compensation and Per Diem.—(1) Members of the Commission shall receive no pay on account of their service on the Commission.

(2) While away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the Commission, members of the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in the same manner as persons employed intermittently in the Government service are allowed expenses under section 5703 of title 5 of the United States Code.

(g) Authorities.—(1) The Commission or any member it authorizes may, for the purposes of carrying out this section, hold such hearings, sit and act at such times and places, request such attendance, take such testimony, and receive such evidence, as the Commission considers appropriate.

(2) The Commission may appoint such personnel (subject to the provisions of title 5 of the United States Code which govern appointments in the competitive service) and may fix the pay of such personnel (subject to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title, relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates) as the Commission deems desirable.

5 USC 5101 *et seq.*, 5331.

(3) The Commission may procure temporary and intermittent services to the same extent as is authorized by section 3109(b) of title 5 of the United States Code, but at rates for individuals not to exceed the daily equivalent of the maximum annual rate of basic pay then in effect for grade GS-18 of the General Schedule (5 U.S.C. 5332(a)).

(4) Upon request of the Commission, the head of any Federal department or agency, including the Secretary of State, may detail, on a reimbursable basis, any of the personnel of such department or agency to the Commission to assist it in carrying out its duties under this section.

(5) The Commission may secure directly from any department or agency of the United States, including the Department of State, any information necessary to enable it to carry out this section. Upon the request of the Chairman of the Commission, the head of such department or agency shall furnish such information to the Commission.

(6) The Commission may accept, use, and dispose of gifts or donations of money or property.

(7) The Commission may use the United States mails in the same manner and upon the same conditions as other departments and agencies of the United States.

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(8) The Administrator of General Services shall provide to the Commission on a reimbursable basis such administrative support services as the Commission may request.

(h) REPORTS.—The Commission shall transmit an annual report to the President and to each House of Congress as soon as practicable after the end of each fiscal year. Each report shall include a detailed statement of the activities and accomplishments of the Commission during the preceding fiscal year and any recommendations by the Commission for legislation and administrative actions.

SEC. 1304. FEDERAL COAL EXPORT COMMISSION.

15 USC 4011 note.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Commerce shall establish, within ninety days after the date of enactment of this Act, a Federal Coal Export Commission (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Commission").

(b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Commission shall be composed of thirty members appointed by the Secretary of Commerce, as follows:

(1) FEDERAL GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVES.—Ten members shall be representatives of the International Trade Administration, the Department of Energy, the Department of State, the Department of Transportation, the Office of the United States Trade Representative, and a Federal institution involved in export financing.

(2) PRIVATE SECTOR REPRESENTATIVES.—

(A) Five members shall be representatives of export coal producers, including traders and brokers.

(B) Five members shall be representatives of coal labor.

(C) Five members shall be representatives of transporters of export coal, including representatives of rail and barge carriers and port authorities.

(D) Five members shall be representatives of institutions having a substantial interest in United States export coal financing.

(c) EXPENSES.—Members of the Commission shall serve without pay. While away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the Commission, members of the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in the same manner as persons employed intermittently in Government service are allowed expenses under section 5703 of title 5 of the United States Code.

(d) COOPERATION.—All Federal departments and agencies are authorized to cooperate with the Commission and to furnish information, appropriate personnel, and such assistance as may be agreed upon by the Commission and the Federal department or agency involved.

(e) ACTIVITIES.—The Commission shall convene not less than four times a year for consultation on activities leading to increased cooperation among entities involved in United States coal exports, with the goal of expanding the United States share of the international coal market. Activities of the Commission shall include, but are not limited to, the identification of—

(1) diplomatic channels to facilitate the exportation of United States coal and methods to increase the coordination of diplomatic efforts relating to such exports;

(2) domestic and international impediments to coal exports;

(3) foreign markets for United States export coal, with emphasis on increasing United States coal sales to developing nations and expanding the participation of the United States International Development Cooperation Agency in such an effort;

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(4) availability of, and methods of, financing United States coal exports, including the feasibility of increasing Federal export financial and economic assistance; and

(5) methods to promote, market, and coordinate United States coal on the international market.

The Commission shall also examine the potential for small-and medium-sized coal companies to enter the export coal trade through export trading companies with respect to the marketing, transpor-

tation, and financial services which such trading companies may provide pursuant to the Export Trading Company Act of 1982.

15 USC 4001 note.

(f) Report.—The Commission shall submit to the President and the Congress, within two years after its first meeting, a report which details its findings pursuant to subsection (e) and, based upon such findings, makes recommendations which would lead to the expansion of the United States share of the international metallurgical and steam coal market.

(g) Termination.—The Commission shall cease to exist upon submission of its report pursuant to subsection (f).

Approved August 8, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 960 (H.R. 1555):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-39 accompanying H.R. 1555 (Comm. on Foreign Affairs) and No. 99-237 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-34 (Comm. on Foreign Relations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
  May 14, 15, considered and passed Senate.
  May 16, July 9-11, H.R. 1555 considered and passed House; S. 960, amended, passed in lieu.
  July 30, Senate agreed to conference report.
  July 31, House agreed to conference report.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 21, No. 32 (1985):
  Aug. 8, 1985, Presidential statement.

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99 STAT. 405

Public Law 99-93
99th Congress

An Act

Aug. 16, 1985
[H.R. 2068]

To authorize appropriations for fiscal years 1986 and 1987 for the Department of State, the United States Information Agency, the Board for International Broadcasting, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1986 and 1987. 22 USC 2651 note.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE AND TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the "Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1986 and 1987".

(b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title and table of contents.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Sec. 101. Authorizations of appropriations.
Sec. 102. Permanent authorizations of appropriations.
Sec. 103. United Nations peacekeeping forces.
Sec. 104. Security earmark.
Sec. 105. Liaison by the National Commission on Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Cooperation.
Sec. 106. Australian Bicentennial.
Sec. 107. World Commission on Environment and Development.
Sec. 108. Earmarking of refugee assistance funds.
Sec. 109. International Committee of the Red Cross.
Sec. 110. Limitations on use of migration and refugee assistance funds.
Sec. 111. Restrictions on foreign assistance not applicable to migration and refugee assistance.
Sec. 112. Personal services abroad relating to migration and refugee assistance.
Sec. 113. Audits of U.S. funds received by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees.
Sec. 114. Authorized uses of appropriated funds.
Sec. 115. Assistant Secretaries of State.
Sec. 116. Under Secretary of State for Economic and Agricultural Affairs.
Sec. 117. Detail of officers and employees.
Sec. 118. Certain individuals employed abroad deemed to be employees of United States for certain purposes.

Sec. 119. Appointments to the Senior Foreign Service by the Secretary of Commerce.
Sec. 120. Pilot project for Foreign Service associates.
Sec. 121. Feasibility study of a lateral entry program into the Foreign Service for businessmen and farmers.
Sec. 122. Health care benefits.
Sec. 123. Foreign Service Institute facilities.
Sec. 124. International Center.
Sec. 125. Special agents.
Sec. 126. Extraordinary protective services for foreign missions.
Sec. 127. Protecting United States interests under the Foreign Missions Act.
Sec. 128. Peaceful resolution of international disputes.
Sec. 129. Furnishing of excess Government-owned property by the Secretary of State.
Sec. 130. Official residence of Secretary of State.
Sec. 131. Strengthening the personnel system of the Bureau of International Narcotics Matters.
Sec. 132. Sharing of information concerning drug traffickers.
Sec. 133. Extradition treaties.
Sec. 134. Establishment of a travel advisory on the state of Jalisco, Mexico.
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Sec. 135. Commendation of Ambassador to Mexico.
Sec. 136. Soviet employees at United States diplomatic and consular missions in the Soviet Union.
Sec. 137. Responsibility of United States missions abroad to provide support for United States businesses.
Sec. 138. Responsibility of United States missions to promote freedom of the press abroad.
Sec. 139. Emergency telephone service at U.S. consular offices.
Sec. 140. Responsibilities of United States representatives to international organizations.
Sec. 141. United States responsibilities for employees of the United Nations.
Sec. 142. United States contributions to the United Nations if Israel expelled.
Sec. 143. United Nations organizations reform in budget procedures.
Sec. 144. Limitation on assessed payments to the United Nations.
Sec. 145. International Jute Organization.
Sec. 146. INTELSAT.
Sec. 147. Soviet and Communist disinformation and press manipulation.
Sec. 148. Murder of Major Arthur D. Nicholson, Junior.
Sec. 149. Inter-American cooperation in space, science, and technology.
Sec. 150. Department of State Inspector General.
Sec. 151. Employees of the United Nations.
Sec. 152. Representation of minorities and women in the Foreign Service.
Sec. 153. Board of the Foreign Service.
Sec. 154. Damages resulting from delays in the construction of the United States embassy in Moscow.
Sec. 155. Soviet and international Communist behavior.

TITLE II—UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY

Sec. 201. Authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 202. Modernization of Voice of America.
Sec. 203. Radio broadcasting to Cuba.
Sec. 204. Funds for educational and cultural exchanges.
Sec. 205. Funds for worldwide book program initiative.
Sec. 206. Funds for exchange activities associated with the 1987 Pan American Games.
Sec. 207. Funds for international games for the handicapped.
Sec. 208. Ban on domestic activities by the USIA.
Sec. 209. Private sector funding for USIA's private sector program.
Sec. 210. National Endowment for Democracy.
Sec. 211. Promoting democracy and an end to the apartheid policies in South Africa.
Sec. 212. Distribution within the United States of the USIA film entitled "Hal David: Expressing a Feeling".
Sec. 213. Distribution within the United States of three USIA films relating to Afghanistan.
Sec. 214. Notification of program grants.

TITLE III—BOARD FOR INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING

Sec. 301. Authorization of appropriations.
Sec. 302. Improvement of facilities.
Sec. 303. Radio Free Afghanistan.
Sec. 304. Management of RFE/RL, Incorporated.
Sec. 305. Role of the Secretary of State.
Sec. 306. Task force with respect to broadcasts to Soviet Jewry.

TITLE IV—THE ASIA FOUNDATION

Sec. 401. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE V—IRAN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT

Sec. 501. Receipt and determination of certain claims.
Sec. 502. Deductions from arbitral awards.
Sec. 503. En bloc settlement.
Sec. 504. Reimbursement to the Federal Reserve Board of New York.
Sec. 505. Confidentiality of records.

TITLE VI—UNITED STATES SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

Sec. 601. Statement of purpose.
Sec. 602. Findings and declarations of policy.
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Sec. 603. Scholarship program authority.
Sec. 604. Guidelines.
Sec. 605. Authority to enter into agreements.
Sec. 606. Policy regarding other international educational programs.
Sec. 607. Establishment and maintenance of counseling services.
Sec. 608. Board of Foreign Scholarships.
Sec. 609. General authorities.
Sec. 610. English teaching, textbooks, and other teaching materials.
Sec. 611. Reporting requirement.
Sec. 612. Funding of scholarships for fiscal year 1986 and fiscal year 1987.
Sec. 613. Latin American exchanges.
Sec. 614. Feasibility study of training programs in sizable Hispanic populations.
Sec. 615. Compliance with Congressional Budget Act.

TITLE VII—ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT

Sec. 701. Supplemental authorization of appropriations for fiscal year 1985.
Sec. 702. Authorization of appropriations for fiscal years 1986 and 1987.
Sec. 703. Reports on adherence to and compliance with agreements.
Sec. 704. Pay for Deputy Director and Assistant Directors.
Sec. 705. New building in Geneva for the use of the United States arms control negotiating teams.
Sec. 706. Study of measures to enhance crisis stability and control.
Sec. 707. Policy toward banning chemical weapons.
Sec. 708. Policy regarding a joint study by the United States and the Soviet Union of the consequences of nuclear winter.

TITLE VIII—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Sec. 801. Termination of national emergencies by joint resolution.
Sec. 802. United States Institute of Peace.
Sec. 803. Ex gratia payment to the Government of Switzerland.
Sec. 804. Policy toward application of the Yalta Agreement.
Sec. 805. Policy toward treatment of Soviet Pentecostals.
Sec. 806. Democracy on Taiwan.
Sec. 807. Increase United States-China trade.
Sec. 808. Use of United States owned rupees.
Sec. 809. Refugees in Thailand.
Sec. 810. Policy regarding foreign exchange intervention.
Sec. 811. Commending Mayor Teddy Kollek of Jerusalem.
Sec. 812. Japan-United States security relationship and efforts by Japan to fulfill self-defense responsibilities.
Sec. 813. Diplomatic equivalence and reciprocity.
Sec. 814. United States International Narcotics Control Commission.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF STATE

SEC. 101. AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.

The following amounts are authorized to be appropriated for the Department of State to carry out the authorities, functions, duties, and responsibilities in the conduct of the foreign affairs of the United States and for other purposes authorized by law:

(1) Administration of foreign affairs.—For "Administration of Foreign Affairs", $1,828,088,000 for the fiscal year 1986 and $1,873,790,000 for the fiscal year 1987.

(2) International organizations and conferences.—For "International Organizations and Conferences", $534,074,000 for the fiscal year 1986 and $534,074,000 for the fiscal year 1987.

(3) International commissions.—For "International Commissions", $28,704,000 for the fiscal year 1986 and $25,824,000 for the fiscal year 1987.

(4) Migration and refugee assistance.—For "Migration and

Refugee Assistance", $344,730,000 for the fiscal year 1986 and $344,730,000 for the fiscal year 1987.

(5) BILATERAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AGREEMENTS.—For "United States Bilateral Science and Technology Agreements", $2,000,000 for the fiscal year 1986 and $2,000,000 for the fiscal year 1987.

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(6) SOVIET-EAST EUROPEAN RESEARCH AND TRAINING.—For "Soviet-East European Research and Training", $4,800,000 for the fiscal year 1986 and $5,000,000 for the fiscal year 1987.

SEC. 102. PERMANENT AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) OTHER AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

(1) Except for authorizations cited in paragraph (2), the only amounts authorized to be appropriated for any fiscal year for the accounts described in section 101 are those amounts specifically authorized to be appropriated for those accounts.

(2) The other authorizations of appropriations referred to in paragraph (1) are those contained in section 24 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2696), relating to increases in employee benefits authorized by law and to adverse fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and overseas wage and price changes, and in section 821 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4061), relating to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund.

(b) NOTIFICATION TO AUTHORIZING COMMITTEES OF CERTAIN REQUESTS FOR APPROPRIATIONS.—In any fiscal year, whenever the Secretary of State submits to the Congress a request for appropriations pursuant to the authorizations described in subsection (a)(2), the Secretary shall notify the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate of such request.

SEC. 103. UNITED NATIONS PEACEKEEPING FORCES.

The Act entitled "An Act to authorize United States payments to the United Nations for expenses of the United Nations peacekeeping forces in the Middle East, and for other purposes", approved June 19, 1975 (89 Stat. 216), is amended by striking out "there is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of State" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "the Secretary of State may, to the extent funds are authorized and appropriated for this purpose, make payments of".

SEC. 104. SECURITY EARMARK.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for "Administration of Foreign Affairs" by section 101(1), not less than $311,000,000 for the fiscal year 1986 shall be available only for security-related capital projects and improvements and the salaries and expenses associated with security-related personnel.

SEC. 105. LIAISON BY THE NATIONAL COMMISSION ON EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC, AND CULTURAL COOPERATION.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for "Administration of Foreign Affairs" by section 101(1), $250,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $250,000 for the fiscal year 1987 shall be made available to the National Commission on Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Cooperation in order to enable the Commission to maintain a liaison between the United States Government, the United States educational, scientific, cultural, and communications communities, and the United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization (UNESCO).

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SEC. 106. AUSTRALIAN BICENTENNIAL.

(a) FINDING.—The Congress finds that the American-Australian

Corporation.

Bicentennial Foundation, a private, nonprofit corporation established in 1983 for the purpose of coordinating all United States official and private participation in the 1988 Australian Bicentennial celebration, deserves and needs financial support to effectively carry out that purpose.

(b) GRANT TO AMERICAN-AUSTRALIAN BICENTENNIAL FOUNDATION.—From the amounts authorized to be appropriated for "Administration of Foreign Affairs" by section 101(1), the Secretary of State may make a grant in each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 to the American-Australian Bicentennial Foundation in support of its programs and operations to prepare for United States participation in the Australian Bicentennial celebration.

(c) AUTHORITY OF USIA NOT AFFECTED.—Subsection (b) shall not be construed to affect the authority delegated to the Director of the United States Information Agency under section 102(a)(3) of the Mutual Education and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2452(a)(3)).

SEC. 107. WORLD COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENT AND DEVELOPMENT.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for "International Organizations and Conferences" by section 101(2), $750,000 for each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 shall be available only for a voluntary contribution to the World Commission on Environment and Development.

SEC. 108. EARMARKING OF REFUGEE ASSISTANCE FUNDS.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for "Migration and Refugee Assistance" by section 101(4)—

(1) $12,500,000 for the fiscal year 1986 and $25,000,000 for the fiscal year 1987 shall be available only for assistance for refugees resettling in Israel;

(2) $56,000,000 for the fiscal year 1986 and $56,000,000 for the fiscal year 1987 shall be available only for assistance for African refugees; and

(3) $2,500,000 for the fiscal year 1986 and $1,750,000 for the fiscal year 1987 shall be available to combat piracy in the Gulf of Thailand, for assistance to pirate victims, to promote the rescue of refugees in distress at sea in Southeast Asia, and to strengthen protection measures for Indochinese boat refugees.

SEC. 109. INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE OF THE RED CROSS.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

(1) the International Committee of the Red Cross carries out humanitarian missions vital to the United States, including—

(A) the promulgation and implementation of international humanitarian law;

(B) the protection of prisoners of war and of noncombatants in time of conflict;

(C) the protection of political prisoners;

(D) assistance in tracing persons who have disappeared in conflicts or for political reasons;

(E) the provision of medicine, food, and essential assistance to refugees and other victims of man-made disasters; and

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(F) assistance in family reunification;

(2) the scope and number of activities carried out by the International Committee of the Red Cross have, as a result of recent global developments, necessarily increased; and

(3) there is an urgent need for increased support from the international community for the regular budget and special appeals of the International Committee of the Red Cross.

(b) UNITED STATES POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States—

(1) to contribute to the International Committee of the Red Cross, in any financial year, an amount not less than 20 percent of the regular budget of the International Committee of the Red Cross; and

(2) to support generously the special appeals made by the International Committee of the Red Cross.

(c) Earmarking.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for "Migration and Refugee Assistance" by section 101(4), not less than $4,500,000 for each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 shall be available only for contribution to the regular budget of the International Committee of the Red Cross.

91 Stat. 845.

(d) Conforming Amendment.—Section 105 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1978, is repealed.

SEC. 110. LIMITATIONS ON USE OF MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE FUNDS.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for "Migration and Refugee Assistance" by section 101(4), not more than $2,000,000 for the fiscal year 1986 and not more than $2,000,000 for the fiscal year 1987 may be used for enhanced reception and placement services.

SEC. 111. RESTRICTIONS ON FOREIGN ASSISTANCE NOT APPLICABLE TO MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE.

Section 2 of the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962 (22 U.S.C. 2601) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

President of U.S.

"(f) The President may furnish assistance and make contributions under this Act notwithstanding any provision of law which restricts assistance to foreign countries.".

SEC. 112. PERSONAL SERVICES ABROAD RELATING TO MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE.

(a) Authority.—Section 5(a) of the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962 (22 U.S.C. 2605) is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (5);

(2) by redesignating existing paragraph (6) as paragraph (7); and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (5) the following new paragraph (6):

"(6) contracting for personal services abroad, and individuals employed by contract to perform such services shall not be considered to be employees of the United States for purposes of any law administered by the Office of Personnel Management, except that the Secretary of State may determine the applicability to such individuals of section 2(f) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2669(f)) and of any other law administered by the Secretary concerning the employment of such individuals abroad; and".

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22 USC 2605 note.

(b) Effective Date.—Authority provided by the amendment made by subsection (a) shall only apply with respect to funds appropriated after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 113. AUDITS OF U.S. FUNDS RECEIVED BY THE UNITED NATIONS HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR REFUGEES.

The Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962 (22 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

22 USC 2606.

"SEC. 8. AUDITS OF U.S. FUNDS RECEIVED BY THE UNITED NATIONS HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR REFUGEES.

"(a) Program Audits.—Funds may not be made available to the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees under this or any other Act unless by June 1, 1986, the High Commissioner provides for—

"(1) annual program audits by an independent consultant, as selected by the Executive Committee of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, to determine the use of such funds, including audits of the use of such funds by private and voluntary organizations; and

"(2) such audits to be made available through the Executive Committee to the Department of State and for inspection by the Comptroller General of the United States.

"(b) Inspection and Report by Comptroller General.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall inspect each such audit and submit a report of that inspection to the Congress.

Effective date.

"(c) First Program Audit.—The first program audit pursuant to subsection (a)(1) shall begin not later than June 1, 1986.".

SEC. 114. AUTHORIZED USES OF APPROPRIATED FUNDS.

Section 2 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2669) is amended in the text preceding paragraph (a) by striking out ", when funds are appropriated therefor, may" and inserting in lieu thereof "may use funds appropriated or otherwise available to the Secretary to".

SEC. 115. ASSISTANT SECRETARIES OF STATE.

(a) Number of Assistant Secretaries.—The first section of the Act entitled "An Act to strengthen and improve the organization and administration of the Department of State, and for other purposes", approved May 26, 1949 (22 U.S.C. 2652), is amended by striking out "thirteen" and inserting in lieu thereof "fourteen".

(b) Positions at Level IV of the Executive Pay Schedule.—Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "Director, Bureau of Intelligence and Research, Department of State."; and

(2) by striking out "(13)" following "Assistant Secretaries of State" and inserting in lieu thereof "(14)".

SEC. 116. UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE FOR ECONOMIC AND AGRICULTURAL AFFAIRS.

(a) Redesignation.—The first section of the Act entitled "An Act to strengthen and improve the organization and administration of the Department of State, and for other purposes", approved May 26, 1949 (22 U.S.C. 2652), is amended by striking out "Under Secretary of State for Economic Affairs" and inserting in lieu thereof "Under Secretary of State for Economic and Agricultural Affairs".

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(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 5314 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking out "Under Secretary of State for Economic Affairs" and inserting in lieu thereof "Under Secretary of State for Economic and Agricultural Affairs".

SEC. 117. DETAIL OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.

Section 11(a) of the Department of State Appropriations Authorization Act of 1973 (22 U.S.C. 2685(a)) is amended by inserting in the second sentence after "does not exceed one year," the following: "or if the number of officers and employees so detailed, assigned, or otherwise made available at any one time does not exceed fifteen and the period of any such detail, assignment, or availability of an officer or employee does not exceed two years,".

SEC. 118. CERTAIN INDIVIDUALS EMPLOYED ABROAD DEEMED TO BE EMPLOYEES OF UNITED STATES FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES.

(a) Authority.—Section 2(c) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2669(c)) is amended by inserting before the semicolon "for purposes of any law administered by the Office of Personnel Management (except that the Secretary may determine the applicability to such individuals of subsection (f) and of any other law administered by the Secretary concerning the employment of such individuals abroad)".

22 USC 2669 note.

(b) Effective Date.—Authority provided by the amendment made by subsection (a) shall only apply with respect to funds appropriated after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 119. APPOINTMENTS TO THE SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE BY THE SECRETARY OF COMMERCE.

(a) LIMITED APPOINTMENT TO SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE IN DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.—Section 305 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3945) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c)(1) Appointments to the Senior Foreign Service by the Secretary of Commerce shall be excluded in the calculation and application of the limitation in subsection (b).

"(2) Except as provided in paragraph (3), no more than one individual (other than an individual with reemployment rights under section 310 as a career appointee in the Senior Executive Service) may serve under a limited appointment in the Senior Foreign Service in the Department of Commerce at any time.

22 USC 3950.

"(3) The Secretary of Commerce may appoint an individual to a limited appointment in the Senior Foreign Service for a specific position abroad if—

"(A) no career member of the Service who has the necessary qualifications is available to serve in the position; and

"(B) the individual appointed has unique qualifications for the specific position.".

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 2403(c) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 3901 note) is repealed.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

22 USC 3945 note.

SEC. 120. PILOT PROJECT FOR FOREIGN SERVICE ASSOCIATES.

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the Congress that the national interest of the United States would be well served by making more productive use in United States missions abroad of the resources that spouses of American personnel assigned to missions abroad are qualified to provide.

99 STAT. 413

(b) PILOT PROJECT.—(1) The Secretary of State is authorized to design, conduct, and evaluate a pilot project to test appropriate means of increasing employment of qualified spouses of American personnel assigned to United States missions. The intent of the pilot project shall be to construct a feasible program within which spouses' education, training, and relevant work experience can be used effectively within the mission and in the furthering of United States interests in the host country.

(2) The Secretary shall conduct the pilot project described in paragraph (1) in accordance with section 311(b) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3951(b)).

(c) COMMENCEMENT OF DESIGN PHASE.—The Secretary shall undertake the design phase of the pilot project upon the enactment of this Act.

(d) REPORT.—The Secretary shall report to the Congress by February 1, 1986, on the design of the project and plans for its implementation and evaluation. The report shall include an evaluation of the effects of the pilot program on the full-time career positions in the Foreign Service and on the positions for foreign service nationals.

SEC. 121. FEASIBILITY STUDY OF A LATERAL ENTRY PROGRAM INTO THE FOREIGN SERVICE FOR BUSINESSMEN AND FARMERS.

(a) STUDY.—The Secretary of State shall conduct a comprehensive study on the feasibility and desirability of creating a program of lateral entry into the Foreign Service for American businessmen, farmers, and other occupations. This study shall analyze the need for such a program by determining whether or not the personnel of the Foreign Service is composed of many people with a diversity of backgrounds such as business, farming, or other endeavors. The study shall also analyze the costs of putting such a program into effect.

(b) Report.—The Secretary of State shall report the results of such a study to the Congress no later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 122. HEALTH CARE BENEFITS.

Section 904 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4084) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking out "may" and inserting in lieu thereof "shall";

(2) in subsection (b), by inserting ", and other preventive and remedial care and services as necessary," after "inoculations or vaccinations"; and

(3) by amending subsection (d) to read as follows:

"(d) If an individual eligible for health care under this section incurs an illness, injury, or medical condition which requires treatment while assigned to a post abroad or located overseas pursuant to Government authorization, the Secretary may pay the cost of such treatment.".

SEC. 123. FOREIGN SERVICE INSTITUTE FACILITIES.

Public buildings and grounds.
22 USC 4021 note.

(a) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to promote comprehensive training to meet the foreign relations and national security objectives of the United States and to provide facilities designed for that purpose to assure cost efficient training.

99 STAT. 414

(b) Construction of Training Facilities.—The Administrator of General Services may construct a consolidated training facility for the Foreign Service Institute on a site made available by the Secretary of State or acquired by the Administrator of General Services. Such site shall be located outside the District of Columbia but within reasonable proximity to the Department of State. The Administrator of General Services may carry out this subsection only to the extent that funds are provided in advance in appropriation Acts to the Department of State and are transferred to the Administrator of General Services for carrying out this section.

(c) Use of Funds.—(1) Of amounts authorized to be appropriated to the Department of State for fiscal years 1986 and 1987 for "Administration of Foreign Affairs" by section 101(1), a total of not to exceed $11,000,000 may be transferred by the Secretary of State to the Administrator of General Services for carrying out feasibility studies, site acquisition, and design, architectural, and engineering planning under subsection (b) of this section.

(2) Of amounts authorized to be appropriated to the Department of State for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1987, for "Administration of Foreign Affairs", a total not to exceed $50,000,000 may be transferred by the Secretary of State to the Administrator of General Services for carrying out construction under subsection (b) of this section.

(3) Funds may not be obligated for construction of a facility under this section before the end of the period of 30 days of continuous session of Congress beginning on the date on which plans and estimates developed to carry out this section are submitted to the Committees on Foreign Affairs and Public Works and Transportation of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Foreign Relations and Environment and Public Works of the Senate. In determining days of continuous session of Congress for purposes of this paragraph—

(A) continuity of session is broken only by an adjournment of Congress sine die; and

(B) the days on which either House is not in session because of an adjournment of more than 3 days to a day certain are excluded in the determination.

If both Houses of Congress are not in session on the day any plans and estimates are submitted to such committees, such submittal shall be deemed to have been submitted on the first succeeding day on which both Houses are in session. If all such committees do not receive a submittal on the same day, such period shall not begin until the date on which all such committees have received it.

(d) JURISDICTION AND CUSTODY.—The facility constructed under this section and the site of such facility shall be under jurisdiction and in the custody of the Administrator of General Services.

(e) OPERATION, MAINTENANCE, SECURITY, ALTERATION, AND REPAIR.—(1) The Administrator of General Services shall delegate, in accordance with section 205 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 486) and section 15 of the Public Buildings Act of 1959 (40 U.S.C. 614), to the Secretary of State responsibility for the operation, maintenance, and security of and alterations and repairs to the facility constructed pursuant to this section, provided the facility is used by the Secretary for the purposes authorized by this section.

Reports.

(2) Not later than three months after occupancy of such facility, the Secretary of State and the Administrator of General Services shall each submit a report to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Public Works and Transportation of the House of Representatives, and to the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate, on the delegation of responsibility, pursuant to paragraph (1), for the operation, maintenance, and security of and alterations and repairs to the facility constructed pursuant to this section.

(f) EXEMPTION FROM PAYMENT OF CHARGES.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Department of State shall be exempt from the charges required by section 210(j) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 490(j)) for the use of the facility constructed under this section for the Foreign Service Institute.

(2) The Administrator of General Services shall charge the Department of State under such section 210(j) for the costs of any operation, maintenance, repairs, or alterations of such facility carried out by the Administrator of General Services.

SEC. 124. INTERNATIONAL CENTER.

The International Center Act is amended— 96 Stat. 102.

(1) in section 2— 96 Stat. 101.

(A) by striking out "Administrator of General Services" and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary of State, in consultation with the Administrator of General Services,"; and

(B) by striking out "conveyed pursuant to" and inserting in lieu thereof "described in"; and

(2) in section 4— 96 Stat. 101.

(A) by redesignating clauses (a) through (e) as clauses (1) through (5), respectively, and by redesignating clause (f) as clause (7);

(B) by inserting "(a)" after "SEC. 4.";

(C) by striking out "and" at the end of clause (5), as redesignated by subparagraph (A), and inserting after such clause (5) the following: "(6) facilities for security and maintenance, and"; and

(D) by adding at the end of such section the following new subsection:

"(b) The Secretary of State shall periodically advise the Committees on Foreign Affairs and Public Works and Transportation of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate on construction of facilities for security or maintenance under this section.".

SEC. 125. SPECIAL AGENTS.

(a) AUTHORITY RELATING TO INVESTIGATIONS, PROTECTION, ARRESTS,

98 Stat. 2708.
22 USC 2651 note.

and Carrying Firearms.—Title I of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 is amended by redesignating section 37 as section 38 and by inserting the following new section 37 after section 36:

22 USC 2709.

"SEC. 37. SPECIAL AGENTS.

"(a) General Authority.—Under such regulations as the Secretary of State may prescribe, special agents of the Department of

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State and the Foreign Service may—

Defense and national security.

"(1) conduct investigations concerning illegal passport or visa issuance or use;

"(2) for the purpose of conducting such investigations—

"(A) obtain and execute search and arrest warrants, and

"(B) obtain and serve subpoenas and summonses issued under the authority of the United States;

"(3) protect and perform protective functions directly related to maintaining the security and safety of—

"(A) heads of a foreign state, official representatives of a foreign government, and other distinguished visitors to the United States, while in the United States;

"(B) the Secretary of State, Deputy Secretary of State, and official representatives of the United States Government, in the United States or abroad;

"(C) members of the immediate family of persons described in subparagraph (A) or (B); and

"(D) foreign missions (as defined in section 202(a)(4) of this Act) and international organizations (as defined in section 209(b) of this Act), within the United States;

"(4) if designated by the Secretary and qualified, under regulations approved by the Attorney General, for the use of firearms, carry firearms for the purpose of performing the duties authorized by this section; and

"(5) arrest without warrant any person for a violation of section 111, 112, 351, 911, 970, 1001, 1028, 1541, 1542, 1543, 1544, 1545, or 1546 of title 18, United States Code—

"(A) in the case of a felony violation, if the special agent has reasonable grounds to believe that such person—

"(i) has committed or is committing such violation; and

"(ii) is in or is fleeing from the immediate area of such violation; and

"(B) in the case of a felony or misdemeanor violation, if the violation is committed in the presence of the special agent.

"(b) Agreement With Attorney General and Firearms Regulations.—

"(1) Agreement with Attorney General.—The authority conferred by paragraphs (1), (2), (4), and (5) of subsection (a) shall be exercised subject to an agreement with the Attorney General and shall not be construed to affect the investigative authority of any other Federal law enforcement agency.

"(2) Firearms regulations.—The Secretary of State shall prescribe regulations, which shall be approved by the Attorney General, with respect to the carrying and use of firearms by special agents under this section.

"(c) Secret Service not Affected.—Nothing in subsection (a)(3) shall be construed to preclude or limit in any way the authority of the United States Secret Service to provide protective services pursuant to section 202 of title 3, United States Code, or section 3056 of title 18, United States Code, at a level commensurate with protective requirements as determined by the United States Secret Service. The Secretary of State, the Attorney General, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall enter into an interagency agreement with respect to their law enforcement functions.

"(d) Transmission of Regulations to Congress.—The Secretary of State shall transmit the regulations prescribed under this section to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate not less than 20 days before the date on which such regulations take effect.".

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(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 32 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2704) is amended by striking out "security officers" and inserting in lieu thereof "special agents".

(c) Repeal of Existing Authority.—Section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide authority to protect heads of foreign states and other officials" approved August 27, 1964 (22 U.S.C. 2667), and the Act entitled "An Act to authorize certain officers and employees of the Department of State and the Foreign Service to carry firearms" approved June 28, 1955 (22 U.S.C. 2666), are repealed.

SEC. 126. EXTRAORDINARY PROTECTIVE SERVICES FOR FOREIGN MISSIONS.

(a) Permanent Authorization.—Title II of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 4301 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"SEC. 214. EXTRAORDINARY PROTECTIVE SERVICES.

22 USC 4314

"(a) General Authority.—The Secretary may provide extraordinary protective services for foreign missions directly, by contract, or through State or local authority to the extent deemed necessary by the Secretary in carrying out this title, except that the Secretary may not provide under this section any protective services for which authority exists to provide such services under sections 202(7) and 208 of title 3, United States Code.

"(b) Requirement of Extraordinary Circumstances.—The Secretary may provide funds to a State or local authority for protective services under this section only if the Secretary has determined that a threat of violence, or other circumstances, exists which requires extraordinary security measures which exceed those which local law enforcment agencies can reasonably be expected to take.

"(c) Consultation With Congress Before Obligation of Funds.—Funds may be obligated under this section only after regulations to implement this section have been issued by the Secretary after consultation with appropriate committees of the Congress.

"(d) Restrictions on Use of Funds.—Of the funds made available for obligation under this section in any fiscal year—

"(1) not more than 20 percent may be obligated for protective services within any single State during that year; and

"(2) not less than 15 percent shall be retained as a reserve for protective services provided directly by the Secretary or for expenditures in local jurisdictions not otherwise covered by an agreement for protective services under this section.

The limitations on funds available for obligation in this subsection shall not apply to unobligated funds during the final quarter of any fiscal year.

"(e) Period of Agreement With State or Local Authority.—Any agreement with a State or local authority for the provision of protective services under this section shall be for a period of not to exceed 90 days in any calendar year, but such agreements may be renewed after review by the Secretary.

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Contracts.

"(f) Requirement for Appropriations.—Contracts may be entered into in carrying out this section only to such extent or in such amounts as are provided in advance in appropriation Acts.

"(g) Working Capital Fund.—Amounts used to carry out this section shall not be subject to section 208(h).".

22 USC 4308.

(b) Secret Service not Affected.—Section 204(e) of such Act (22

U.S.C. 4304(e)) is amended by striking out "section" and inserting in lieu thereof "title".

(c) Authority to Provide Certain Protective Services by Contract.—Section 208(a) of title 3, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "The Secretary of Treasury may carry out the functions pursuant to section 202(7) by contract.".

(d) Repeal of Existing Authority.—Section 605 of the Foreign Missions Amendments Act of 1983 (97 Stat. 1042) is repealed.

22 USC 4314 note. (e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

SEC. 127. PROTECTING UNITED STATES INTERESTS UNDER THE FOREIGN MISSIONS ACT.

(a) Determinations Relating to Treatment to Foreign Missions.—Section 201(c) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 4301(c)) is amended by inserting immediately before the period at the end thereof ", as well as matters relating to the protection of the interests of the United States".

(b) Expanding the Definition of Foreign Mission.—Section 202(a)(4) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 4302(a)(4)) is amended—

(1) by striking out "official mission to" and inserting in lieu thereof "mission to or agency in"; and

(2) by inserting before the comma at the end of subparagraph (B) "or which engages in some aspect of the conduct of the international affairs of such territory or political entity".

(c) Clarifying That the Secretary Can Require a Foreign Mission to Forego a Benefit.—Section 204(b) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 4304(b)) is amended by inserting "to forego the acceptance, use, or relation of any benefit or" after "(B)".

(d) Considerations Relating to Real Property.—Section 205(b) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 4305(b)) is amended—

(1) by striking out "or" at the end of paragraph (1);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "; or"; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(3) where otherwise necessary to protect the interests of the United States.".

(e) Mandatory Notification with Respect to Real Property Dealings of Foreign Mission.—Section 205(a)(1) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 4305(a)(1)) is amended—

(1) in the first sentence, by striking out "may" and inserting in lieu thereof "shall";

(2) in the first sentence, by inserting ", including any mission to an international organization (as defined in section 209(b)(2))," after "foreign mission"; and

(3) in the second sentence, by striking out "If such a notification is required, the" and inserting in lieu thereof "The". 99 STAT. 419

SEC. 128. PEACEFUL RESOLUTION OF INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES.

Title I of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (as amended by section 125 of this Act) is further amended by redesignating section 38 as section 39 and inserting after section 37 the following new section 38: 22 USC 2651 note.

22 USC 2710. "SEC. 38. EXPENSES RELATING TO PARTICIPATION IN ARBITRATIONS OF CERTAIN DISPUTES.

"(a) International Agreements.—The Secretary of State may use funds available to the Secretary for the expenses of United States participation in arbitrations and other proceedings for the peaceful resolution of disputes under treaties or other international agreements.

Real property. "(b) Contracts Abroad.—The Secretary of State may use funds available to the Secretary for the expenses of United States participation in arbitrations arising under contracts authorized by law for the performance of services or acquisition of property, real or personal, abroad.".

SEC. 129. FURNISHING OF EXCESS GOVERNMENT-OWNED PROPERTY BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

Section 607 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2357) is amended—

(1) in subsection (c)—

(A) by redesignating paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) as subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), respectively;

(B) by striking out "(c) No" and inserting in lieu thereof "(c)(1) Except as provided in subsection (d), no"; and

(C) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) For purposes of transferring property described in this subsection in furtherance of the provisions of chapter 8 of part I of this Act, the phrase 'the agency administering such part I' shall be considered to refer to the Department of State."; and

22 USC 2291.

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following:

Real property. Conservation.

"(d) The Secretary of State, acting through the Assistant Secretary of State for Oceans and International Environmental and Scientific Affairs, is authorized to transfer to any friendly country, international organization, the American Red Cross, or other voluntary nonprofit relief agency described in subsection (a), Government-owned excess property made available under this section or section 608 in order to support activities carried out under part I of this Act which are designed to enhance environmental protection in foreign countries if the Secretary of State makes a written determination—

22 USC 2358. 22 USC 2151.

"(1) that there is a need for such property in the quantity requested and that such property is suitable for the purpose requested;

"(2) as to the status and responsibility of the designated end-user and his ability effectively to use and maintain such property; and

"(3) that the residual value, serviceability, and appearance of such property would not reflect unfavorably on the image of the United States and would justify the costs of packing, crating, handling, transportation, and other accessorial costs, and that the residual value at least equals the total of these costs.".

99 STAT. 420

SEC. 130. OFFICIAL RESIDENCE OF SECRETARY OF STATE.

Gifts and property. 22 USC 2697 note.

(a) Congressional Review.—It is the sense of the Congress that the United States should not accept a gift of any house or other place of residence for the purpose of providing an official residence for the Secretary of State unless the Congress has had an opportunity to review the proposed gift.

(b) Study and Report.—The Secretary of State shall conduct a study of any offer of a gift for the purpose of providing a place of official residence for the Secretary of State. Such study shall include an examination of the costs to the United States associated with accepting such gift, including the costs of acquisition, maintenance, security, and daily operation of a residence. The Secretary shall report the results of any study conducted under this section to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Public Works and Transportation of the House of Representatives and to the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate.

SEC. 131. STRENGTHENING THE PERSONNEL SYSTEM OF THE BUREAU OF INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS MATTERS.

Report.

No later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall report to the Congress on the status of proposals implemented or under consideration to improve the staffing and personnel management in the Bureau of International Narcotics Matters. This report shall explicitly discuss whether a narcotics specialist personnel category in the Foreign Service is an appropriate mechanism to serve these purposes and, if not, what alternatives are contemplated.

8 USC 1182 note.

SEC. 132. SHARING OF INFORMATION CONCERNING DRUG TRAFFICKERS.

(a) Reporting Systems.—In order to ensure that foreign narcotics traffickers are denied visas to enter the United States, as required by section 212(a)(23) of the Immigration and Naturalization Act (22 U.S.C. 1182(a)(23))—

8 USC 1182.

(1) the Department of State shall cooperate with United States law enforcement agencies, including the Drug Enforcement Administration and the United States Customs Service, in establishing a comprehensive information system on all drug arrests of foreign nationals in the United States, so that that information may be communicated to the appropriate United States embassies; and

(2) the National Drug Enforcement Policy Board shall agree on uniform guidelines which would permit the sharing of information on foreign drug traffickers.

(b) Report.—Not later than six months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chairman of the National Drug Enforcement Policy Board shall submit a report to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate on the steps taken to implement this section.

Drugs and drug abuse.
18 USC 3181 note.

SEC. 133. EXTRADITION TREATIES.

The Secretary of State, with the assistance of the National Drug Enforcement Policy Board, shall increase United States efforts to negotiate updated extradition treaties relating to narcotics offenses with each major drug-producing country, particularly those in Latin America.

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Terrorism.

SEC. 134. RECOMMENDATION OF A TRAVEL ADVISORY ON THE STATE OF JALISCO, MEXICO.

(a) Violence Against Americans.—The Congress—

(1) deplores the brutal murder of Drug Enforcement Administration agent Enrique Camarena Salazar, and the abduction and disappearance of numerous other Americans, including John Clay Walker, Alberto Radelat, Dennis Carlson, Rose Carlson, Benjamin Mascarenas, and Patricia Mascarenas; and

Drugs and drug abuse.

(2) finds that the violence perpetrated by drug traffickers in Mexico constitute a danger to the safety of United States citizens living and traveling in the State of Jalisco, Mexico.

(b) Travel Advisory.—The Congress, therefore, recommends that the Secretary of State issue a travel advisory warning United States citizens of the current dangers of traveling in the State of Jalisco, Mexico. Such travel advisory should remain in effect until those responsible for the abduction or murder of any of the United States citizens referred to in subsection (a)(1) have been brought to trial and a verdict has been obtained.

(c) Report.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and each 90 days thereafter, the Secretary of State shall transmit a written report to the Congress on the progress made in the Camarena case, the investigations of the disappearance of United States citizens, and the general safety of United States tourists in Mexico.

Law enforcement.
Drugs and drug abuse.

SEC. 135. COMMENDATION OF AMBASSADOR TO MEXICO.

The Congress commends our fine Ambassador to Mexico, John Gavin, for insuring a full and complete investigation and prosecution of the murderers of Enrique Camerena and for his continuing advocacy of a strong drug enforcement program.

SEC. 136. SOVIET EMPLOYEES AT UNITED STATES DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR MISSIONS IN THE SOVIET UNION.

22 USC 3943 note.

(a) LIMITATION.—To the maximum extent practicable, citizens of the Soviet Union shall not be employed as foreign national employees at United States diplomatic or consular missions in the Soviet Union after September 30, 1986.

President of U.S.

(b) REPORT.—Should the President determine that the implementation of subsection (a) poses undue practical or administrative difficulties, he is requested to submit a report to the Congress describing the number and type of Soviet foreign national employees he wishes to retain at or in proximity to United States diplomatic and consular posts in the Soviet Union, the anticipated duration of their continued employment, the reasons for their continued employment, and the risks associated with the retention of these employees.

SEC. 137. RESPONSIBILITY OF UNITED STATES MISSIONS ABROAD TO PROVIDE SUPPORT FOR UNITED STATES BUSINESSES.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

(1) the United States is faced with increasingly larger trade deficits every year;

22 USC 3904.

(2) section 104 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 provides that the members of the Foreign Service shall represent the interests of the United States in relation to foreign countries;

22 USC 3927.

(3) section 207(c) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 provides that each chief of mission to a foreign country shall have as a principal duty the promotion of United States goods for export to that country; and

99 STAT. 422

(4) the promotion of United States business interests abroad is a fundamental aspect of United States relations with foreign countries.

Business and industry.

(b) POLICY.—It is the sense of the Congress that it is imperative, and in the national interest of the United States, that each United States mission to a foreign country provide such support as may be necessary to United States citizens seeking to do business in that country.

SEC. 138. RESPONSIBILITY OF UNITED STATES MISSIONS TO PROMOTE FREEDOM OF THE PRESS ABROAD.

22 USC 2656 note.

(a) RESPONSIBILITY.—The United States chief of mission to a foreign country in which there is not respect for freedom of the press shall actively promote respect for freedom of the press in that country.

(b) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the term "respect for freedom of the press" means that a government—

(1) allows foreign news correspondents into the country and does not subject them to harassment or restrictions;

(2) allows nongovernment-owned press to operate in the country; and

(3) does not subject the press in the country to systematic censorship.

SEC. 139. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SERVICE AT U.S. CONSULAR OFFICES.

22 USC 2656 note.

It is the sense of the Congress that the Secretary of State should ensure that all United States consular offices are equipped with 24-hour emergency telephone service through which United States citizens can contact a member of the staff of any such office. The Secretary should publicize the telephone number of each such service for the information of United States citizens. Not more than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit a report to the Congress on steps taken in accordance with this section.

Report.

SEC. 140. RESPONSIBILITIES OF UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVES TO INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

(1) international organizations of which the United States is a member are increasingly involved in the consideration of proposals that may have a significant impact on the interstate or foreign commerce of the United States; and

(2) these proposals are not always adequately publicized or considered pursuant to open and fair procedures available to interested persons.

(b) POLICY.—It is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) the United States representatives to United Nations-related agencies and to other international organizations should oppose the adoption of international marketing and distribution regulations or restrictions which unnecessarily impede the export of United States goods and services; and

(2) the Secretary of State, to the extent practicable, should publish procedures to provide interested persons with timely notice and an opportunity to comment on such regulations and restrictions under consideration in international organizations as the Secretary determines may significantly affect—

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Commerce and trade.

(A) the interstate or foreign commerce of the United States;

(B) the policies or programs of the United States Government; or

(C) any State significantly affected by interstate or foreign commerce.

22 USC 4309a.

SEC. 141. UNITED STATES RESPONSIBILITIES FOR EMPLOYEES OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

Title II of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 is amended by adding after section 209 (22 U.S.C. 4309) the following new section:

"SEC. 209A. UNITED STATES RESPONSIBILITIES FOR EMPLOYEES OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

"(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

"(1) pursuant to the Agreement Between the United States and the United Nations Regarding the Headquarters of the United Nations (authorized by Public Law 80-357 (22 U.S.C. 287 note)), the United States has accepted—

"(A) the obligation to permit and to facilitate the right of individuals, who are employed by or are authorized by the United Nations to conduct official business in connection with that organization or its agencies, to enter into and exit from the United States for purposes of conducting official activities within the United Nations Headquarters District, subject to regulation as to points of entry and departure; and

"(B) the implied obligation to permit and to facilitate the acquisition of facilities in order to conduct such activities within or in proximity to the United Nations Headquarters District, subject to reasonable regulation including regulation of the location and size of such facilities; and

"(2) taking into account paragraph (1) and consistent with the obligation of the United States to facilitate the functioning of the United Nations, the United States has no additional obligation to permit the conduct of any other activities, including nonofficial activities, by such individuals outside of the United Nations Headquarters District.

"(b) ACTIVITIES OF UNITED NATIONS EMPLOYEES.—(1) The conduct of any activities, or the acquisition of any benefits (as defined in section 201(a)(1) of this title), outside the United Nations Headquarters District by any individual employed by, or authorized by

22 USC 4301.

the United Nations to conduct official business in connection with, that organization or its agencies, or by any person or agency acting on behalf thereof, may be permitted or denied or subject to reasonable regulation, as determined to be in the best interests of the United States and pursuant to this title.

"(2) The Secretary shall apply to those employees of the United Nations Secretariat who are nationals of a foreign country or members of a foreign mission all terms, limitations, restrictions, and conditions which are applicable pursuant to this title to the members of that country's mission or of any other mission to the United Nations unless the Secretary determines and reports to the Congress that national security and foreign policy circumstances require that this paragraph be waived in specific circumstances.

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"(c) Reports.—The Secretary shall report to the Congress—

"(1) not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this section, on the plans of the Secretary for implementing this section; and

"(2) not later than 6 months thereafter, on the actions taken pursuant to those plans.

"(d) United States Nationals.—This section shall not apply with respect to any United States national.

"(e) Definitions.—For purposes of this section, the term 'United Nations Headquarters District' means the area within the United States which is agreed to by the United Nations and the United States to constitute such a district, together with such other areas as the Secretary of State may approve from time to time in order to permit effective functioning of the United Nations or missions to the United Nations.".

SEC. 142. UNITED STATES CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE UNITED NATIONS IF ISRAEL EXPELLED.

Section 115(b) of the Department of State Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985 (22 U.S.C. 287 note) is amended by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "The United States shall reduce its annual assessed contribution to the United Nations or such specialized agency by 8.34 percent for each month in which United States participation is suspended pursuant to this section.".

SEC. 143. UNITED NATIONS ORGANIZATIONS REFORM IN BUDGET PROCEDURES.

22 USC 287e note.

(a) Findings.—The Congress finds that the United Nations and its specialized agencies which are financed through assessed contributions of member states have not paid sufficient attention in the development of their budgets to the views of the member governments who are major financial contributors to those budgets.

(b) Voting Rights.—In order to foster greater financial responsibility in preparation of the budgets of the United Nations and its specialized agencies which are financed through assessed contributions, the Secretary of State shall seek the adoption by the United Nations and its specialized agencies of procedures which grant voting rights to each member state on matters of budgetary consequence. Such voting rights shall be proportionate to the contribution of each such member state to the budget of the United Nations and its specialized agencies.

(c) Limitation on Assessed Contributions.—No payment may be made for an assessed contribution to the United Nations or its specialized agencies in excess of 20 percent of the total annual budget of the United Nations or its specialized agencies (respectively) for the United States fiscal year 1987 and following years unless the United Nations and its specialized agencies have adopted the voting rights referred to in subsection (b).

SEC. 144. LIMITATION ON ASSESSED PAYMENTS TO THE UNITED NATIONS.

Section 114 of the Department of State Authorization Act, Fiscal

Years 1984 and 1985 (22 U.S.C. 287e note), is amended in subsection (a)—

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(1) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (2);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and

(3) by adding at the end of the subsection the following:

"(4) 25 percent of the amount budgeted for that year for the Second Decade to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination;

"(5) 25 percent of the amount budgeted for any other United Nations agency or conference whose sole or partial purpose is to implement the provisions of General Assembly Resolution 33/79; and

"(6) 25 percent of the amount budgeted for the General Assembly-approved $73,500,000 conference center to be constructed for the Economic Commission for Africa (ECA) in the Ethiopian capital of Addis Ababa.".

SEC. 145. INTERNATIONAL JUTE ORGANIZATION.

The President is authorized to maintain membership of the United States in the International Jute Organization.

Communications and telecommunications.
47 USC 701 note.

SEC. 146. INTELSAT.

(a) Policy.—The Congress declares that it is the policy of the United States—

(1) as a party to the International Telecommunications Satellite Organization (hereafter in this section referred to as "Intelsat"), to foster and support the global commercial communications satellite system owned and operated by Intelsat;

(2) to make available to consumers a variety of communications satellite services utilizing the space segment facilities of Intelsat and any additional such facilities which are found to be in the national interest and which—

(A) are technically compatible with the use of the radio frequency spectrum and orbital space by the existing or planned Intelsat space segment, and

(B) avoid significant economic harm to the global system of Intelsat; and

(3) to authorize use and operation of any additional space segment facilities only if the obligations of the United States under article XIV(d) of the Intelsat Agreement have been met.

23 UST 3813.

(b) Preconditions for Intelsat Consultation.—Before consulting with Intelsat for purposes of coordination of any separate international telecommunications satellite system under article XIV(d) of the Intelsat Agreement, the Secretary of State shall—

(1) in coordination with the Secretary of Commerce, ensure that any proposed separate international satellite telecommunications system comply with the Executive Branch conditions established pursuant to the Presidential Determination No. 85-2; and

3 CFR, 1984 Comp., p. 254.

(2) ensure that one or more foreign authorities have authorized the use of such system consistent with such conditions.

(c) Amendment of Intelsat Agreement.—(1) The Secretary of State shall consult with the United States signatory to Intelsat and the Secretary of Commerce regarding the appropriate scope and character of a modification to article V(d) of the Intelsat Agreement which would permit Intelsat to establish cost-based rates for individual traffic routes, as exceptional circumstances warrant, paying particular attention to the need for avoiding significant economic harm to the global system of Intelsat as well as United States national and foreign policy interests.

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(2)(A) To ensure that rates established by Intelsat for such routes are cost-based, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Commerce and the Chairman of the Federal Communications Commission, shall instruct the United States signatory to

Intelsat to ensure that sufficient documentation, including documentation regarding revenues and costs, is provided by Intelsat so as to verify that such rates are in fact cost-based.

(B) To the maximum extent possible, such documenation will be made available to interested parties on a timely basis.

(3) Pursuant to the consultation under paragraph (1) and taking the steps prescribed in paragraph (2) to provide documentation, the United States shall support an appropriate modification to article V(d) of the Intelsat Agreement to accomplish the purpose described in paragraph (1).

23 UST 3813.

Report.

(d) Congressional Consultation.—In the event that, after United States consultation with Intelsat for the purposes of coordination under article XIV(d) of the Intelsat Agreement for the establishment of a separate international telecommunications satellite system, the Assembly of Parties of Intelsat fails to recommend such a separate system, and the President determines to pursue the establishment of a separate system notwithstanding the Assembly's failure to approve such system, the Secretary of State, after consultation with the Secretary of Commerce, shall submit to the Congress a detailed report which shall set forth—

(1) the foreign policy reasons for the President's determination, and

(2) a plan for minimizing any negative effects of the President's action on Intelsat and on United States foreign policy interests.

(e) Notification to Federal Communications Commission.—In the event the Secretary of State submits a report under subsection (d), the Secretary, 60 calendar days after the receipt by the Congress of such report, shall notify the Federal Communications Commission as to whether the United States obligations under article XIV(d) of the Intelsat Agreement have been met.

(f) Implementation.—In implementing the provisions of this section, the Secretary of State shall act in accordance with Executive order 12046.

3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 158.

(g) Definition.—For the purposes of this section, the term "separate international telecommunications satellite system" or "separate system" means a system of one or more telecommunications satellites separate from the Intelsat space segment which is established to provide international telecommunications services between points within the United States and points outside the United States, except that such term shall not include any satellite or system of satellites established—

(1) primarily for domestic telecommunications purposes and which incidentally provides services on an ancillary basis to points outside the jurisdiction of the United States but within the western hemisphere, or

(2) solely for unique governmental purposes.

SEC. 147. SOVIET AND COMMUNIST DISINFORMATION AND PRESS MANIPULATION.

Report.

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Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall prepare, in consultation with the heads of relevant Federal departments and agencies, and shall transmit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and to the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, an unclassified report on Soviet and Communist disinformation and press manipulation with respect to the United States. Such report shall include a recommendation by the President on the advisability of establishing, within the Department of State, a permanent office of Soviet disinformation and press manipulation. In conducting the study required by this section the Secretary may make use of suitably qualified scholars and journalists.

Study.

SEC. 148. MURDER OF MAJOR ARTHUR D. NICHOLSON, JUNIOR.

It is the sense of the Congress that the United States should declare persona non grata one or more senior defense attaches of the Soviet Union's mission to the United States unless the President certifies to the Congress, within 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act—

(1) that the Soviet Union has made a formal apology for the murder of Major Arthur D. Nicholson, Junior; and

(2) that the Soviet Union has provided satisfactory assurances that it will adhere to agreements concerning the status and safety of military and civilian missions of western nations in the German Democratic Republic.

SEC. 149. INTER-AMERICAN COOPERATION IN SPACE, SCIENCE, AND TECHNOLOGY.

Study.

Report.

The Secretary of State shall conduct an in-depth study of the feasibility and the economic and political benefits of the establishment of a major initiative in Inter-American Cooperation in Space, Science, and Technology. Not more than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit a report to the Congress on the findings of such study and shall include recommendations for implementing such an initiative.

SEC. 150. DEPARTMENT OF STATE INSPECTOR GENERAL.

(a) Establishment Under Inspector General Act.—(1) Section 2(1) of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended—

(A) by striking out "and" immediately before "the Veterans' Administration"; and

(B) by inserting immediately before the semicolon ", and the Department of State".

5 USC app.

(2) Section 11 of such Act is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by inserting "State," after "Labor,"; and

(2) in paragraph (2), by inserting "State," after "Labor,".

22 USC 3929a.

(b) Limitation on Authority of Inspector General of the Department of State and the Foreign Service.—Notwithstanding section 209 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3929), any individual appointed to or serving in the capacity of the Inspector General of the Department of State and the Foreign Service shall be designated as the "Program Inspector General" and may only perform such functions (utilizing appropriate authority under such section) as may be necessary for the purposes of carrying out subsection (g) of such section.

(c) Report.—Not later than six months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the Congress on the steps the Secretary has undertaken to implement the provisions of the amendment made by subsection (a).

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22 USC 287e.

SEC. 151. EMPLOYEES OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

(a) Initial Report.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall report to the Congress on whether, and the extent to which, international civil servants employed by the United Nations, including those seconded to the United Nations, are required to return all or part of their salaries to their respective governments. The Secretary shall also include in this report a description of the steps taken by the Department of State and by the United States Representative to the United Nations to correct this practice.

(b) Report on Steps to Correct Practice.—The Secretary of State shall determine and report to the Congress on whether substantial progress has been made by June 1, 1986, in correcting the practice of international civil servants employed by the United Nations being required to return all or part of their salaries to their respective governments.

(c) Reduction in Contribution if Substantial Progess Not Made.—If the Secretary of State determines pursuant to subsection

(b) that substantial progress has not been made in correcting this practice, the United States shall thereafter reduce the amount of its annual assessed contribution to the United Nations by the amount of that contribution which is the United States proportionate share of the salaries of those international civil servants employed by the United Nations who are returning any portion of their salaries to their respective governments.

(d) National Taxation.—This section does not apply with respect to payments made for purposes of national taxation in accordance with formal treaty reservations concerning such taxation by a member state of the United Nations.

SEC. 152. REPRESENTATION OF MINORITIES AND WOMEN IN THE FOREIGN SERVICE.

22 USC 3922a.

(a) Development of Program.—The head of each agency utilizing the Foreign Service personnel system shall develop, consistent with section 7201 of title 5 of the United States Code, a plan designed to increase significantly the number of members of minority groups and women in the Foreign Service in that agency.

(b) Emphasis on Mid-Levels.—Each plan developed pursuant to this section shall, consistent with section 7201 of title 5 of the United States Code, place particular emphasis on achieving significant increases in the numbers of minority group members and women who are in the mid-levels of the Foreign Service.

(c) Reports to Congress.—The head of each agency utilizing the Foreign Service personnel system shall report annually to the Congress on the plan developed pursuant to this section as part of the report required to be submitted pursuant to section 105(d)(2) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980. Subsequent reports pursuant to that section shall include reports on the implementation of these plans, giving particular attention to the progress being made in increasing, through advancement and promotion, the numbers of members of minority groups and women in the mid-levels of the Foreign Service.

22 USC 3905.

SEC. 153. BOARD OF THE FOREIGN SERVICE.

Section 210 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3930) is amended by striking out "a career member of the Senior Foreign Service designated by the Secretary of State" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "an individual appointed by the President".

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SEC. 154. DAMAGES RESULTING FROM DELAYS IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE UNITED STATES EMBASSY IN MOSCOW.

(a) Restriction; Reimbursement for Damages Incurred.—The Secretary of State shall not permit the Soviet Union to occupy the new chancery building at its new embassy complex in Washington, D.C., or any other new facility in the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area, if the Soviet Union fails to provide prompt and full reimbursement to the United States for damages incurred as a result of the construction of the new United States Embassy in Moscow. The amount of such reimbursement shall be determined by agreement between the United States and the Soviet Union or, in the event of disagreement, by international arbitration pursuant to subsection (b).

(b) International Arbitration.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall initiate actions to begin the international arbitration process, which is provided for in the embassy construction agreement between the United States and the Soviet Union, in order to resolve all United States claims against the Soviet Union for damages arising from delays in the construction of the new United States Embassy complex in Moscow.

(c) Report.—In the event the amount of reimbursement provided to the United States under subsection (a) by the Soviet Union is less than the amount of funds expended for the damages described in subsection (a) that are determined by the Secretary of State to be the responsibility of the Soviet Union, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate. Such report shall contain a detailed explanation of the reasons the Secretary accepted the settlement arrangements of the United States claims and the financial costs to the United States of doing so.

Defense and national security.
Claims.
Report.

(d) SUSPENSION OF RESTRICTIONS.—The Secretary of State may suspend the restrictions in subsection (a) in the interests of United States national security if the Secretary certifies to the Congress that a substantial number of the claims described in subsection (a) are settled and that resolution of any remaining claims is proceeding in a satisfactory manner. If the Secretary exercises the authority under this subsection, the Secretary shall report to the appropriate committees of the Congress every six months concerning progress on resolution of any outstanding claims.

SEC. 155. SOVIET AND INTERNATIONAL COMMUNIST BEHAVIOR.

Report.
Study.

Not later than one year after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary of State shall prepare and transmit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and to chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, an unclassified report on the advisability of establishing a permanent office in the Department of State to study Soviet and international Communist behavior that violates the concepts of national sovereignty and peace between nations. In conducting the study required by this section, the Secretary may make use of suitably qualified journalists and scholars.

TITLE II—UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY

SEC. 201. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

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22 USC 1431 note, 2451 note.
5 USC app.
22 USC 1465 note.

In addition to amounts otherwise available for such purposes, there are authorized to be appropriated for the United States Information Agency $887,900,000 for the fiscal year 1986 and $887,900,000 for the fiscal year 1987 to carry out international information, educational, cultural, and exchange programs under the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948, the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961, Reorganization Plan Number 2 of 1977, the Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act, and other purposes authorized by law. Amounts appropriated under this section are authorized to remain available until expended.

SEC. 202. MODERNIZATION OF VOICE OF AMERICA.

Of the authorizations of appropriations contained in section 201, authorizations of $136,594,000 for the fiscal year 1986 and $136,594,000 for the fiscal year 1987, which shall be available for essential modernization of the facilities and operations of the Voice of America, shall remain available until the appropriations are made and when those amounts are appropriated they are authorized to remain available until expended.

SEC. 203. RADIO BROADCASTING TO CUBA.

22 USC 1465 note.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated by section 201, not less than $11,500,000 for the fiscal year 1986 and not less than $11,700,000 for the fiscal year 1987 shall be available for the implementation of the Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act.

SEC. 204. FUNDS FOR EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL EXCHANGES.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated by section 201—

(1) not less than $128,899,500 for the fiscal year 1986 and not less than $141,996,000 for the fiscal year 1987 shall be available only for grants for the Fulbright Academic Exchange Programs and the International Visitor Program;

(2) not less than $4,891,500 for the fiscal year 1986 and not less than $5,479,000 for the fiscal year 1987 shall be available only for grants for the Humphrey Fellowship Program; and

(3) $45,400,000 for the fiscal year 1986 and $45,100,000 for the fiscal year 1987 shall be allocated to fund grants and exchanges to Latin America and the Caribbean, and the amounts utilized for programs in Central America shall be obligated in a manner consistent with the recommendations of the National Bipartisan Commission on Central America.

SEC. 205. FUNDS FOR WORLDWIDE BOOK PROGRAM INITIATIVE.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated by section 201, not less than $7,500,000 for each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 shall be available only for the worldwide book program initiative.

SEC. 206. FUNDS FOR EXCHANGE ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THE 1987 PAN AMERICAN GAMES.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 by section 201, not less than $1,500,000 for each such fiscal year shall be available only to the Indiana Sports Corporation for exchanges of persons and other exchange-related activities associated with the 1987 Pan American Games to be held in Indianapolis, Indiana.

SEC. 207. FUNDS FOR INTERNATIONAL GAMES FOR THE HANDICAPPED.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1986 by section 201, $3,000,000 shall be available only to reimburse expenses for exchange of athletes, coaches, and officials participating in international games for the handicapped which are conducted in the United States.

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SEC. 208. BAN ON DOMESTIC ACTIVITIES BY THE USIA.

22 USC 1461-1a.

Except as provided in section 501 of the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1461) and this section, no funds authorized to be appropriated to the United States Information Agency shall be used to influence public opinion in the United States, and no program material prepared by the United States Information Agency shall be distributed within the United States. This section shall not apply to programs carried out pursuant to the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2451 et seq.).

SEC. 209. PRIVATE SECTOR FUNDING FOR USIA'S PRIVATE SECTOR PROGRAM.

(a) LIMITATION ON GRANTS.—No grant shall be made to any organization through the Private Sector Program of the United States Information Agency unless—

(1) costs equal to at least 15 percent of grants from the United States Information Agency in fiscal year 1986, and

(2) costs equal to at least 25 percent of grants from the United States Information Agency in fiscal year 1987,

for that organization's exchange and exchange-related programs are provided for from non-United States Government sources.

(b) EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN ORGANIZATIONS.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to grantee organizations which have been in existence for less than one year.

(c) PROHIBITION ON FUNDING 1985 INTERNATIONAL YOUTH YEAR ACTIVITIES.—No funds from fiscal year 1986 appropriations for the United States Information Agency or for any other United States Government agency shall be available for grants related to 1985 International Youth Year activities.

SEC. 210. NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR DEMOCRACY.

(a) REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO THE ENDOWMENT AND ITS GRANTEES.—The National Endowment for Democracy Act (22 U.S.C.

4411 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sections:

22 USC 4414.

"SEC. 505. REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO THE ENDOWMENT AND ITS GRANTEES.

Prohibitions.

"(a) Partisan Politics.—(1) Funds may not be expended, either by the Endowment or by any of its grantees, to finance the campaigns of candidates for public office.

"(2) No funds granted by the Endowment may be used to finance activities of the Republican National Committee or the Democratic National Committee.

"(3) No grants may be made to any institute, foundation, or organization engaged in partisan activities on behalf of the Republican or Democratic National Committee, on behalf of any candidate for public office, or on behalf of any political party in the United States.

"(b) Consultation with Department of State.—The Endowment shall consult with the Department of State on any overseas program funded by the Endowment prior to the commencement of the activities of that program.

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22 USC 4415.

"SEC. 506. FREEDOM OF INFORMATION.

5 USC 552 note.

"(a) Compliance With Freedom of Information Act.—Notwithstanding the fact that the Endowment is not an agency or establishment of the United States Government, the Endowment shall fully comply with all of the provisions of section 552 of title 5, United States Code.

"(b) Publication in Federal Register.—For purposes of complying pursuant to subsection (a) with section 552(a)(1) of such title, the Endowment shall make available to the Director of the United States Information Agency such records and other information as the Director determines may be necessary for such purposes. The Director shall cause such records and other information to be published in the Federal Register.

Report.

5 USC 552.

"(c) Review by USIA.—(1) In the event that the Endowment determines not to comply with a request for records under section 552, the Endowment shall submit a report to the Director of the United States Information Agency explaining the reasons for not complying with such request.

"(2) If the Director approves the determination not to comply with such request, the United States Information Agency shall assume full responsibility, including financial responsibility, for defending the Endowment in any litigation relating to such request.

"(3) If the Director disapproves the determination not to comply with such request, the Endowment shall comply with such request.".

22 USC 4413.

(b) Audits by USIA.—Section 504 of such Act is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (g) and (h) as subsections (h) and (i), respectively, and

(2) by inserting after subsection (f) the following new subsection (g):

"(g) The financial transactions of the Endowment for each fiscal year may also be audited by the United States Information Agency under the conditions set forth in subsection (f)(1).".

(c) Grants to the Endowment.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated by section 201 for the United States Information Agency, not less than $18,400,000 for the fiscal year 1986 and not less than $18,400,000 for the fiscal year 1987 shall be made available to the National Endowment for Democracy.

(d) Reporting Date.—Section 504(i) of the National Endowment for Democracy Act (22 U.S.C. 4413(h)), as redesignated by subsection (b)(1), is amended by striking out "December 31" and inserting in lieu thereof "February 1".

SEC. 211. PROMOTING DEMOCRACY AND AN END TO THE APARTHEID POLICIES IN SOUTH AFRICA.

(a) Purpose.—It is the purpose of this section to encourage funding for programs that would promote democracy and seek to end the apartheid policies in South Africa, and that would be in addition to the programs for South Africa funded under chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2346 et seq.).

(b) USIA GRANTS TO THE NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR DEMOCRACY.—It is the sense of the Congress that the Director of the United States Information Agency should make a grant of up to $500,000 for each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 to the National Endowment for Democracy (in addition to grants otherwise made by the Director to the Endowment) for use by the Endowment in providing financing for programs that are designed to promote democracy and that seek to end the apartheid policies in South Africa.

(c) PROGRAMS DESIGNED TO END THE APARTHEID POLICIES.—The programs funded pursuant to this section shall be programs of support for actions of non-white led community organizations in South Africa to terminate apartheid policies such as—

(1) removal of black populations from certain geographic areas on account of race or ethnic origin;

(2) denationalization of blacks, including any distinctions between the South African citizenships of blacks and whites;

(3) residence restrictions based on race or ethnic origin;

(4) restrictions on the rights of blacks to seek employment in South Africa and live wherever they find employment in South Africa; and

(5) restrictions which make it impossible for black employees and their families to be housed in family accomodations near their place of employment.

(d) ELIGIBLE ORGANIZATIONS IN SOUTH AFRICA.—Any program funded in accordance with this section, which is to be carried out within South Africa, should be a program which in both its character and organizational sponsorship in South Africa clearly reflects the aspirations of the indigenous majority of South Africans for the establishment of democratic institutions and for an end to the apartheid system of separate development, and should not be a program which is financed or controlled by the Government of South Africa.

SEC. 212. DISTRIBUTION WITHIN THE UNITED STATES OF THE USIA FILM ENTITLED "HAL DAVID: EXPRESSING A FEELING".

Notwithstanding section 208 of this Act and the second sentence of section 501 of the United States Information and Education Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1461)—

(1) the Director of the United States Information Agency shall make available to the Archivist of the United States a master copy of the film entitled "Hal David: Expressing a Feeling"; and

(2) upon evidence that necessary United States rights and licenses have been secured and paid for by the person seeking domestic release of the film, the Archivist shall reimburse the Director for any expenses of the Agency in making that master copy available, shall deposit that film in the National Archives of the United States, and shall make copies of that film available for purchase and public viewing within the United States.

Any reimbursement to the Director pursuant to this section shall be credited to the applicable appropriation of the United States Information Agency.

SEC. 213. DISTRIBUTION WITHIN THE UNITED STATES OF THREE USIA FILMS RELATING TO AFGHANISTAN.

Notwithstanding section 208 of this Act and the second sentence of section 501 of the United States Information and Education Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1461)—

(1) the Director of the United States Information Agency shall make available to the Archivist of the United States a master copy of the films entitled "Afghanistan 1982: the Struggle for Freedom Continues", "We are Afghanistan", and "Afghanistan: The Hidden War"; and

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(2) upon evidence that necessary United States rights and licenses have been secured and paid for by the person seeking domestic release of such a film, the Archivist shall reimburse the Director for any expenses of the Agency in making the master copy of such film available, shall deposit such film in the National Archives of the United States, and shall make copies of such film available for purchase and public viewing within the United States.

Any reimbursement to the Director pursuant to this section shall be credited to the applicable appropriation of the United States Information Agency.

SEC. 214. NOTIFICATION OF PROGRAM GRANTS.

(a) APPLICATION TO FISCAL YEARS 1986 AND 1987.—Section 705(b) of the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1477c(b)) is amended by striking out "1984 and 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1986 and 1987".

22 USC 1477c note.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

TITLE III—BOARD FOR INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING

SEC. 301. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) FISCAL YEARS 1986 AND 1987.—Subparagraph (A) of section 8(a)(1) of the Board for International Broadcasting Act of 1973 (22 U.S.C. 2877(a)(1)(A)) is amended to read as follows:

"(A) $125,000,000 for the fiscal year 1986 and $125,000,000 for the fiscal year 1987; and".

22 USC 2877 note.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

SEC. 302. IMPROVEMENT OF FACILITIES.

Section 8 of the Board for International Broadcasting Act of 1973 (22 U.S.C. 2877) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c) Of the authorization of appropriations contained in subsection (a)(1)(A), authorizations of $20,000,000 for the fiscal year 1986 and $18,323,000 for the fiscal year 1987, which shall be available for radio modernization, shall remain available until the appropriations are made and when those amounts are appropriated they are authorized to remain available until expended."

SEC. 303. RADIO FREE AFGHANISTAN.

(a) BIB PURPOSES.—Paragraph (5) of section 2 of the Board for International Broadcasting Act of 1973 (22 U.S.C. 2871(5)) is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" following "Republics" and inserting in lieu thereof a comma, and

(2) by inserting ", and Afghanistan (as long as it is under Soviet occupation)" after "Eastern Europe".

(b) AUTHORITY.—The Board for International Broadcasting Act of 1973 (22 U.S.C. 2871 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

Communications and telecommunications, 22 USC 2883.

"SEC. 14. RADIO BROADCASTING TO AFGHANISTAN IN THE DARI AND PASHTO LANGUAGES.

Funds granted to RFE/RL, Incorporated, under this Act may be used for radio broadcasting to the Afghan people in the Dari and Pashto languages, such broadcasts to be designated 'Radio Free Afghanistan'."

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SEC. 304. MANAGEMENT OF RFE/RL, INCORPORATED.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

(1) RFE/RL, Incorporated, is essential to the continued and

effective furtherance of the open flow of information and ideas throughout Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union;

(2) effective communication of information and ideas can only be accomplished if the long-term credibility of RFE/RL, Incorporated, operating in accordance with the highest standards of professionalism, is maintained;

(3) the performance of RFE/RL, Incorporated, is dependent on proper management, an objective approach to news, quality programming, and effective oversight;

(4) the Board for International Broadcasting, in addition to making grants, is responsible for overseeing broadcast quality and effectiveness and for overseeing effective utilization of Federal funds;

(5) RFE/RL, Incorporated, is responsible for its own management and for daily broadcasts into Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union;

(6) the Board for International Broadcasting and RFE/RL, Incorporated, must remain very distinct and different institutions if they adhere to the Joint Explanatory Statement of the Committee on Conference relating to the Board of International Broadcasting Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1982 and 1983;

22 USC 2871 note.

(7) the President of RFE/RL, Incorporated, who is responsible for the proper management and supervision of the daily operations of the radios, should devote the necessary resources and personnel to strengthen both the oversight and the quality of programming;

(8) the Board for International Broadcasting, in an effort to preserve or enhance its ability to properly oversee the operations of RFE/RL, Incorporated, must avoid even the appearance of involvement in daily operational decisions and management of RFE/RL, Incorporated; and

(9) the absence of satisfactory pre-broadcast review and the lack of sufficient records of actions taken to explain or remedy program problems identified through post-broadcast review, may endanger the long-term credibility of RFE/RL, Incorporated.

(b) ACTIONS TO BE TAKEN BY RFE/RL.—It is the sense of the Congress that RFE/RL, Incorporated, should—

(1) strengthen existing broadcast control procedures and post-broadcast program analysis; and

(2) improve its personnel management system to include such things as better documentation of internal decisionmaking and communication, personnel review, and job description.

(c) ACTIONS TO BE TAKEN BY BIB.—It is the sense of the Congress that the Board for International Broadcasting should—

(1) periodically review and update the Program Policy Guidelines of RFE/RL, Incorporated, with the goal of maintaining their clarity and responsiveness; and

(2) ensure that the distinctions between the Board for International Broadcasting and RFE/RL, Incorporated, remain clear and that these two entities continue to operate within the framework established by law.

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SEC. 305. ROLE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

(a) ROLE.—Section 6 of the Board for International Broadcasting Act of 1973 (22 U.S.C. 2875) is amended—

(1) by inserting "(a)" after "SEC. 6.";

(2) by adding the following at the end of subsection (a), as so designated by paragraph (1): "The Secretary shall report regularly to the Board on the impact of broadcasts by RFE/RL, Incorporated, in Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union."; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Grants.

"(b) No grant may be made under this Act unless RFE/RL, Incorporated, agrees to the presence of an observer representing the Secretary of State at the meetings of its Board of Directors.".

22 USC 2875 note.

(b) Liaison with RFE/RL, Incorporated; Representation at Board Meetings.—The Secretary of State shall—

(1) establish an office within the United States Consulate in Munich, Federal Republic of Germany, which shall be responsible for the daily liaison operations of the Department of State with RFE/RL, Incorporated; and

(2) be represented by an observer at each meeting of the Board for International Broadcasting and of the Board of Directors of RFE/RL, Incorporated.

SEC. 306. TASK FORCE WITH RESPECT TO BROADCASTS TO SOVIET JEWRY.

Study.

(a) Establish Task Force.—There shall be established by the Board for International Broadcasting a task force to conduct a study of the advisability and feasibility of increasing broadcasts to the Jewish population within the Soviet Union.

(b) Study.—The Task Force shall—

(1) investigate the needs of Jewish audiences in the Soviet Union;

(2) study the practicality and desirability of establishing a special program, in accordance with the Program Policy Guidelines of RFE/RL, Inc., of Russian language broadcasting to the Jewish population of the Soviet Union;

(3) study the advisability of incorporating such a special program in a special unit of its Radio Liberty division entitled the "Radio Maccabee Program of Radio Liberty";

(4) make recommendations with respect to the desirable content of broadcast programming; and

(5) identify the needs and concerns of the activist as well as the refusnik population in the Soviet Union.

(c) Report.—Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Board for International Broadcasting shall submit a report to the Congress. Such report shall include the following:

(1) Whether expansion of original programming scheduled ("Jewish Cultural and Social Life") or planned ("Judaism") is fulfilling the needs of the audience, and whether expanded Soviet-Jewish programming should include broadcasts on Jewish history, culture, religion, or other matters of general cultural, intellectual, political, and religious interest to the Soviet Jewish population, as well as Hebrew education courses.

(2) The extent to which such programming is broadcast in Russian, Hebrew, and Yiddish.

(3) Recommendations for implementing expanded program-

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ming within the structure of RFE/RL, Inc., including specific personnel required and providing for a Soviet Jewry administrative unit within Radio Liberty.

(4) The findings of, and the recommendations from, the study required under subsection (b).

(d) Maccabee Programming.—RFE/RL, Incorporated, shall strengthen existing programming dealing with issues of concern to Jewish audiences in the Soviet Union, to be known as Maccabee programming.

(e) Existing Personnel to Conduct Study and Make Report.—The study and the report required by this section shall be carried out by existing personnel of RFE, Inc., or the Board of International Broadcasting.

TITLE IV—THE ASIA FOUNDATION

SEC. 401. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Section 404 of The Asia Foundation Act (22 U.S.C. 4403) is amended to read as follows:

"FUNDING

"SEC. 404. There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of State $10,500,000 for each of the fiscal years 1986 and 1987 for grants to The Asia Foundation pursuant to this title.".

TITLE V—IRAN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT

SEC. 501. RECEIPT AND DETERMINATION OF CERTAIN CLAIMS.

50 USC 1701 note.

(a) AUTHORITY OF FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION.—The Foreign Claims Settlement Commission of the United States is authorized to receive and determine the validity and amounts of claims by nationals of the United States against Iran which are settled en bloc by the United States. In deciding such claims, the Commission shall apply, in the following order—

(1) the terms of any settlement agreement;

(2) the relevant provisions of the Declarations of the Government of the Democratic and Popular Republic of Algeria of January 19, 1981, giving consideration to interpretations thereof by the Iran-United States Claims Tribunal; and

(3) applicable principles of international law, justice, and equity.

Except as otherwise provided in this title, the provisions of title I of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949 (22 U.S.C. 1621 et seq.) shall apply with respect to claims under this section. Any reference in such provisions to "this title" shall be deemed to refer to those provisions and to this section.

(b) CERTIFICATION AND PAYMENT.—The Commission shall certify to the Secretary of the Treasury any awards determined pursuant to subsection (a) in accordance with section 5 of title I of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949 (22 U.S.C. 1624). Such awards shall be paid in accordance with sections 7 and 8 of such title (22 U.S.C. 1626 and 1627), except that—

(1) the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to make payments pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 8(c) of such title in the amount of $10,000 or the principal amount of the award, whichever is less; and

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(2) the Secretary of the Treasury may deduct, pursuant to section 7(b) of such title, an amount calculated in accordance with section 502(a) of this Act, instead of 5 percent of payments made pursuant to section 8(c) of such title.

22 USC 1626.

22 USC 1627.

SEC. 502. DEDUCTIONS FROM ARBITRAL AWARDS.

50 USC 1701 note.

(a) DEDUCTION FOR EXPENSES OF THE UNITED STATES.—Except as provided in section 503, the Federal Reserve Bank of New York shall deduct from the aggregate amount awarded under each enumerated claim before the Iran-United States Claims Tribunal in favor of a United States claimant, an amount equal to 1½ percent of the first $5,000,000 and 1 percent of any amount over $5,000,000, as reimbursement to the United States Government for expenses incurred in connection with the arbitration of claims of United States claimants against Iran before that Tribunal and the maintenance of the Security Account established pursuant to the Declarations of the Democratic and Popular Republic of Algeria of January 19, 1981. The Federal Reserve Bank of New York shall make the deduction required by the preceding sentence whenever the Bank receives an amount from the Security Account in satisfaction of an award rendered by the Iran-United States Claim Tribunal on the enumerated claim involved.

(b) DEDUCTION TREATED AS MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPT.—Amounts deducted by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York pursuant to subsection (a) shall be deposited into the Treasury of the United States to the credit of miscellaneous receipts.

(c) PAYMENT TO UNITED STATES CLAIMANTS.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the payment to United States claimants of amounts received by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York in respect of awards by the Iran-United States Claims Tribunal, after deduction of the amounts calculated in accordance with subsection (a).

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall be effective as of June 7, 1982.

50 USC 1701 note.

SEC. 503. EN BLOC SETTLEMENT.

The deduction by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York provided for in section 502(a) of this Act shall not apply in the case of a sum received by the Bank pursuant to an en bloc settlement of any category of claims of United States nationals against Iran when such sum is to be used for payments in satisfaction of awards certified by the Foreign Claims Settlement Commission pursuant to section 501(b) of this Act.

50 USC 1701 note.

SEC. 504. REIMBURSEMENT TO THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF NEW YORK.

The Secretary of the Treasury may reimburse the Federal Reserve Bank of New York for expenses incurred by the Bank in the performance of fiscal agency agreements relating to the settlement or arbitration of claims pursuant to the Declarations of the Democratic and Popular Republic of Algeria of January 19, 1981.

50 USC 1701 note.

SEC. 505. CONFIDENTIALITY OF RECORDS.

Notwithstanding section 552 of title 5, United States Code (commonly referred to as the Freedom of Information Act), records

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pertaining to the arbitration of claims before the Iran-United States Claims Tribunal may not be disclosed to the general public, except that—

(1) rules, awards, and other decisions of the Tribunal and claims and responsive pleadings filed at the Tribunal by the United States on its own behalf shall be made available to the public, unless the Secretary of State determines that public disclosure would be prejudicial to the interests of the United States or United States claimants in proceedings before the Tribunal, or that public disclosure would be contrary to the rules of the Tribunal; and

(2) the Secretary of State may determine on a case-by-case basis to make such information available when in the judgment of the Secretary the interests of justice so require.

Education.

TITLE VI—UNITED STATES SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

22 USC 4701.

SEC. 601. STATEMENT OF PURPOSE.

The purpose of this title is to establish an undergraduate scholarship program designed to bring students of limited financial means from developing countries to the United States for study at United States institutions of higher education.

22 USC 4702.

SEC. 602. FINDINGS AND DECLARATIONS OF POLICY.

The Congress finds and declares that—

(1) it is in the national interest for the United States Government to provide a stable source of financial support to give students in developing countries the opportunity to study in the United States, in order to improve the range and quality of educational alternatives, increase mutual understanding, and build lasting links between those countries and the United States;

(2) providing scholarships to foreign students to study in the United States has proven over time to be an effective means of creating strong bonds between the United States and the future leadership of developing countries and, at the same time, assists countries substantially in their development efforts;

(3) study in United States institutions by foreign students enhances trade and economic relationships by providing strong English language skills and establishing professional and business contacts;

(4) students from families of limited financial means have, in the past, largely not had the opportunity to study in the United States, and scholarship programs sponsored by the United States have made no provision for identifying, preparing, or supporting such students for study in the United States;

(5) it is essential that the United States citizenry develop its knowledge and understanding of the developing countries and their languages, cultures, and socioeconomic composition as these areas assume an ever larger role in the world community;

(6) the number of United States Government-sponsored scholarships for students in developing countries has been exceeded as much as twelve times in a given year by the number of scholarships offered by Soviet-bloc governments to students in developing countries, and this disparity entails the serious long-run cost of having so many of the potential future leaders of the developing world educated in Soviet-bloc countries;

(7) from 1972 through 1982 the Soviet Union and Eastern European governments collectively increased their education exchange programs to Latin America and the Caribbean by 205 percent while those of the United States declined by 52 percent;

(8) an undergraduate scholarship program for students of limited financial means from developing countries to study in the United States would complement current assistance efforts in the areas of advanced education and training of people of developing countries in such disciplines as are required for planning and implementation of public and private development activities;

(9) the National Bipartisan Commission on Central America has recommended a program of 10,000 United States Government-sponsored scholarships to bring Central American students to the United States, which program would involve careful targeting to encourage participation by young people from all social and economic classes, would maintain existing admission standards by providing intensive English and other training, and would encourage graduates to return to their home countries after completing their education; and

(10) it is also in the interest of the United States, as well as peaceful cooperation in the Western Hemisphere, that particular attention be given to the students of the Caribbean region.

SEC. 603. SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM AUTHORITY.

22 USC 4703.

(a) In General.—The President, acting through the United States Information Agency, shall provide scholarships (including partial assistance) for undergraduate study at United States institutions of higher education by citizens and nationals of developing countries who have completed their secondary education and who would not otherwise have an opportunity to study in the United States due to financial limitations.

President of U.S.

(b) Form of Scholarship; Forgiveness of Loan Repayment.—To encourage students to use their training in their countries of origin, each scholarship pursuant to this section shall be in the form of a loan with all repayment to be forgiven upon the student's prompt return to his or her country of origin for a period which is at least one year longer than the period spent studying in the United States. If the student is granted asylum in the United States pursuant to section 208 of the Immigration and Nationality Act or is admitted to the United States as a refugee pursuant to section 207 of that Act, half of the repayment shall be forgiven.

8 USC 1158.
8 USC 1157.

(c) Consultation.—Before allocating any of the funds made available to carry out this title, the President shall consult with United States institutions of higher education, educational exchange

President of U.S.

organizations, United States missions in developing countries, and the governments of participating countries on how to implement the guidelines specified in section 604.

(d) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this title, the term "institution of higher education" has the same meaning as given to such term by section 1201(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965. 20 USC 1141.

22 USC 4704.

SEC. 604. GUIDELINES.

The scholarship program under this title shall be carried out in accordance with the following guidelines:

(1) Consistent with section 112(b) of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2460(b)), all programs created pursuant to this title shall be nonpolitical and balanced, and shall be administered in keeping with the highest standards of academic integrity.

(2) United States missions shall design ways to identify promising students who are in secondary educational institutions, or who have completed their secondary education, for study in the United States. In carrying out this paragraph, the United States mission in a country shall consult with Peace Corps volunteers and staff assigned to that country and with private and voluntary organizations with a proven record of providing development assistance to developing countries.

(3) United States missions shall develop and strictly implement specific economic need criteria. Scholarships under this title may only be provided to students who meet the economic need criteria.

(4) The program shall utilize educational institutions in the United States and in developing countries to help participants in the programs acquire necessary skills in English and other appropriate education training.

(5) Each participant from a developing country shall be selected on the basis of academic and leadership potential and the economic, political, and social development needs of such country. Such needs shall be determined by each United States mission in consultation with the government of the respective country. Scholarship opportunities shall emphasize fields that are critical to the development of the participant's country, including agriculture, civil engineering, communications, social science, education, public and business administration, health, nutrition, environmental studies, population and family planning, and energy.

(6) The program shall be flexible in order to take advantage of different training and educational opportunities offered by universities, postsecondary vocational training schools, and community colleges in the United States.

Prohibitions.

(7) The program shall be flexible with respect to the number of years of undergraduate education financed but in no case shall students be brought to the United States for a period less than one year.

(8) Adequate allowance shall be made in the scholarship for the purchase of books and related educational material relevant to the program of study.

(9) Further allowance shall be made to provide adequate opportunities for professional, academic, and cultural enrichment for scholarship recipients.

Discrimination prohibition.

(10) The program shall, to the maximum extent practicable, offer equal opportunities for both male and female students to study in the United States.

(11) The United States Information Agency shall recommend to each student, who receives a scholarship under this title for study at a college or university, that the student enroll in a course on the classics of American political thought or which otherwise emphasizes the ideas, principles, and documents upon which the United States was founded.

SEC. 605. AUTHORITY TO ENTER INTO AGREEMENTS.

President of U.S.
International agreements.
22 USC 4705.

The President may enter into agreements with foreign governments in furtherance of the purposes of this title. Such agreements may provide for the creation or continuation of binational or multinational educational and cultural foundations and commissions for the purposes of administering programs under this title.

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SEC. 606. POLICY REGARDING OTHER INTERNATIONAL EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS.

22 USC 4706.

(a) AID-Funded Programs.—The Congress urges the administrator of the agency primarily responsible for administering part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, in implementing programs authorized under that part, to increase assistance for undergraduate scholarships for students of limited financial means from developing countries to study in the United States at United States institutions of higher education. To the maximum extent practicable, such scholarship assistance shall be furnished in accordance with the guidelines contained in section 604 of this title.

22 USC 2151.

(b) USIA-Funded Postgraduate Study in the United States.—The Congress urges the Director of the United States Information Agency to expand opportunities for students of limited financial means from developing countries to receive financial assistance for postgraduate study at United States institutions of higher education.

(c) Study by Americans in Developing Countries.—The Congress urges the President to take such steps as are necessary to expand the opportunities for Americans from all economic classes to study in developing countries.

SEC. 607. ESTABLISHMENT AND MAINTENANCE OF COUNSELING SERVICES.

22 USC 4707.

President of U.S.

(a) Counseling Services Abroad.—For the purpose of assisting foreign students in choosing fields of study, selecting appropriate institutions of higher education, and preparing for their stay in the United States, the President may make suitable arrangements for counseling and orientation services abroad.

Contracts.
President of U.S.

(b) Counseling Services in the United States.—For the purposes of assisting foreign students in making the best use of their opportunities while attending United States institutions of higher education, and assisting such students in directing their talents and initiative into channels which will make them more effective leaders upon return to their native lands, the President may make suitable arrangements (by contract or otherwise) for the establishment and maintenance of adequate counseling services at United States institutions of higher education which are attended by foreign students.

SEC. 608. BOARD OF FOREIGN SCHOLARSHIPS.

22 USC 4708.

The Board of Foreign Scholarships shall advise and assist the President in the discharge of the scholarship program carried out pursuant to this title, in accordance with the guidelines set forth in section 604. The President may provide for such additional secretarial and staff assistance for the Board as may be required to carry out this title.

President of U.S.

SEC. 609. GENERAL AUTHORITIES.

22 USC 4709.

(a) Public and Private Sector Contributions.—The public and private sectors in the United States and in the developing countries shall be encouraged to contribute to the costs of the scholarship program financed under this title.

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President of U.S.

(b) Utilization of Returning Program Participants.—The President shall seek to engage the public and private sectors of developing countries in programs to maximize the utilization of recipients of scholarships under this title upon their return to their own countries.

President of U.S.

(c) PROMOTION ABROAD OF SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM.—The President may provide for publicity and promotion abroad of the scholarship program provided for in this title.

President of U.S.

(d) INCREASING UNITED STATES UNDERSTANDING OF DEVELOPING COUNTRIES.—The President shall encourage United States institutions of higher education, which are attended by students from developing countries who receive scholarships under this title, to provide opportunities for United States citizens attending those institutions to develop their knowledge and understanding of the developing countries, and the languages and cultures of those countries, represented by these foreign students.

22 USC 2151.

(e) OTHER ACTIVITIES TO PROMOTE IMPROVED UNDERSTANDING.—Funds allocated by the United States Information Agency, or the agency primarily responsible for carrying out part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, for scholarships in accordance with this title shall be available to enhance the educational training and capabilities of the people of Latin America and the Caribbean and to promote better understanding between the United States and Latin America and the Caribbean through programs of cooperation, study, training, and research. Such funds may be used for program and administrative costs for institutions carrying out such programs.

22 USC 4710.

SEC. 610. ENGLISH TEACHING, TEXTBOOKS, AND OTHER TEACHING MATERIALS.

President of U.S.
Contracts.

Wherever adequate facilities or materials are not available to carry out the purposes of paragraph (4) of section 604 in the participant's country and the President determines that the purposes of this title are best served by providing the preliminary training in the participant's country, the President may (by purchase, contract, or other appropriate means) provide the necessary materials and instructors to achieve such purpose.

22 USC 4711.

SEC. 611. REPORTING REQUIREMENT.

President of U.S.

Not later than February 1 each year, the President shall submit to the Congress a report on the activities carried on and expenditures made pursuant to this title during the preceding fiscal year.

22 USC 4712.

SEC. 612. FUNDING OF SCHOLARSHIPS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1986 AND FISCAL YEAR 1987.

(a) CENTRAL AMERICAN UNDERGRADUATE SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM.—The undergraduate scholarship program financed by the United States Information Agency for students from Central America for fiscal year 1986 and fiscal year 1987 shall be conducted in accordance with this title.

(b) SCHOLARSHIPS FOR STUDENTS FROM OTHER DEVELOPING COUNTRIES.—Any funds appropriated to the United States Information Agency for fiscal year 1986 or fiscal year 1987 for any purpose (other than funds appropriated for educational exchange programs under section 102(a)(1) of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2452(a)(1)) may be used to carry out this title with respect to students from developing countries outside Central America.

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22 USC 4713.

SEC. 613. LATIN AMERICAN EXCHANGES.

Of any funds authorized to be appropriated for activities authorized by this title, not less than 25 percent shall be allocated to fund grants and exchanges to Latin America and the Caribbean.

Report.
22 USC 4714.

SEC. 614. FEASIBILITY STUDY OF TRAINING PROGRAMS IN SIZABLE HISPANIC POPULATIONS.

No later than December 15, 1985, the Director of the United States Information Agency and the Administrator of the Agency for International Development shall report jointly, to the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, on the feasibility of greater utilization in those two agencies' scholarship and participant training programs of the United States universities in States bordering Latin American and Caribbean which are located in areas characterized by the presence of sizable Hispanic populations.

SEC. 615. COMPLIANCE WITH CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET ACT.

Contracts.
22 USC 4715.
2 USC 621 note.

Any authority provided by this title to enter into contracts shall be effective only—

(1) to the extent that the budget authority for the obligation to make outlays, which is created by the contract, has been provided in advance by an appropriation Act; or

(2) to the extent or in such amounts as are provided in advance in appropriation Acts.

TITLE VII—ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT

SEC. 701. SUPPLEMENTAL AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1985.

Section 49(a)(1) of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act (22 U.S.C. 2589(a)(1)) is amended to read as follows:

"(1) for the fiscal year 1985, $23,789,000, of which amount $4,321,000 shall be available only to pay necessary expenses incurred in connection with arms control negotiations with the Government of the Soviet Union on strategic arms reductions, intermediate-range nuclear forces, and space and defensive weapons;".

SEC. 702. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEARS 1986 AND 1987.

Section 49(a)(2) of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act (22 U.S.C. 2589(a)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

"(2) for the fiscal year 1986, $25,614,000, and for the fiscal year 1987, $25,614,000, of which amounts $6,146,000 shall be available in each fiscal year only to pay necessary expenses incurred in connection with arms control negotiations conducted with the Government of the Soviet Union on strategic arms reductions, intermediate-range nuclear forces, and space and defensive weapons; and".

SEC. 703. REPORTS ON ADHERENCE TO AND COMPLIANCE WITH AGREEMENTS.

The Arms Control and Disarmament Act (22 U.S.C. 2551 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 52. REPORTS ON ADHERENCE TO AND COMPLIANCE WITH AGREEMENTS.

22 USC 2592.

Report.

"The Congress determines that the achievement and maintenance of successful controls upon armaments requires official and public confidence that the parties are expected to adhere to their commitments and that the parties will be held accountable for failure to meet obligations. Without such confidence, existing arms control accords are eroded, and the prospects are jeopardized for new agreements which can place further controls on the competition in nuclear and conventional weapons and which can increase international stability. In accordance with this determination—

President of U.S.
International agreements.

"(1) the President shall submit, not later than January 31 of each year, to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report prepared by the Director, in coordination with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, and the Director of Central Intelligence, on the adherence of the United States to obligations undertaken in arms control agreements and on any problems related to compliance by other nations with the provisions of bilateral and multilateral arms control agreements to which the United States is a party;

Defense and national security.

"(2) the section of the report dealing with United States adherence shall include information on the policies and organization of each relevant agency or department of the United States to ensure adherence, a description of national security programs with a direct bearing on adherence questions and of steps being taken to ensure adherence, and a compilation of any substantive questions raised during the previous year regarding United States adherence, together with an assessment of such issues and the need for any corrective action; and

International agreements.

"(3) the section of the report dealing with problems of compliance by other nations shall include, in the case of each treaty or agreement about which compliance questions exist—

"(A) a description of each significant issue raised and efforts made and contemplated with the other party to seek a resolution of the difficulty;

Defense and national security.

"(B) an assessment of damage, if any, to United States security and other interests; and

"(C) recommendations as to any steps which should be considered to redress any damage to United States national security and to reduce compliance problems.

The report required by this section shall be provided in unclassified form, with classified annexes, as appropriate.".

SEC. 704. PAY FOR DEPUTY DIRECTOR AND ASSISTANT DIRECTORS.

(a) AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 5.—Title 5 of the United States Code, is amended—

(1) in section 5314, by adding at the end thereof the following:

"Deputy Director of the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency.";

(2) in section 5315—

(A) by striking out

"Deputy Director of the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency."; and

(B) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"Assistant Directors, United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency (4)."; and

5 USC 5316.

(3) in section 5316, by striking out

"Assistant Directors, United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency (4).".

2 USC 651.

(b) COMPLIANCE WITH BUDGET ACT.—Any new spending authority (within the meaning of section 401 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974) which is provided under the amendments made by this section shall be effective for any fiscal year only to such extent or in such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts.

SEC. 705. NEW BUILDING IN GENEVA FOR THE USE OF THE UNITED STATES ARMS CONTROL NEGOTIATING TEAMS.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

(1) the United States is party to vital talks on arms control in Geneva, Switzerland;

(2) these talks include negotiations on strategic nuclear weapons, intermediate range nuclear weapons, space and defense systems, a bilateral United States-Soviet forum, called the Standing Consultative Commission, and a multilateral forum, called the Conference on Disarmament;

(3) the United States delegations to these talks occupy buildings and spaces insufficiently secure, modernized, or large enough to permit those delegations to conduct their work efficiently;

(4) the United States delegations to the strategic, intermediate and space and defense talks in particular occupy space in the Botanic Building that is also occupied by offices of numer-

ous other, non-United States organizations, and shares common walls and parking facilities with these delegations;

(5) arms control negotiations require sophisticated security facilities, telecommunications equipment, simultaneous translation capabilities and other specialized services; and

(6) the Soviet Union, for its part, has made available for its negotiating team a modern, secure, well-equipped building dedicated for the use of its arms control negotiating teams.

Report.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) in order to facilitate the effective work of the United States arms control negotiating teams, and to provide for them a dedicated structure capable of supporting their vital tasks on a permanent basis, the Secretary of State should submit to the Congress a report on the feasibility, cost, location, and requirements of a structure to house the United States arms control negotiating teams in Geneva;

(2) this report should be submitted as soon as possible; and

(3) this matter should be included in the consideration of the 1985 supplemental appropriation process.

SEC. 706. STUDY OF MEASURES TO ENHANCE CRISIS STABILITY AND CONTROL.

Defense and national security.

(a) STUDY.—The Secretary of State and the Director of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency shall conduct a detailed and complete study and evaluation of additional measures which both enhance the security of the United States and reduce the likelihood of nuclear weapons use by contributing to crisis stability or crisis control capabilities, including specific consideration of the following measures:

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Communications and telecommunications.

(1) Increased redundancy of direct communications link circuits, including the creation of new survivable circuits and terminals, located outside the national capitals which have access to the command and control system of the country in which they are located.

Communications and telecommunications.

(2) Establishment of redundant, survivable direct communications links between and among all nuclear-armed states.

Communications and telecommunications.

(3) Conclusion of an agreement creating "non-target" sanctuaries only for certain direct communications link circuits to enhance survivability of communications.

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

(4) Creation in advance of standard operating procedures for communicating, and possibly cooperating, with the Soviet Union and other states in the event of nuclear attacks by third parties on either the United States or Soviet Union.

23 UST 1168.

(5) Addition to the Incidents At Sea agreement of a prohibition on the "locking on" of fire control radars on ships and planes of the other side, an agreement on the separation of naval forces during specified periods of crisis, and other such measures relevant to the Incidents At Sea agreement.

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

(6) Placement by the United States and the Soviet Union of unmanned launch sensors in the land-based missile fields of both countries.

(7) Establishment of anti-submarine operations free zones designed to enhance the security of ballistic missile submarines.

(8) Installation of permissive action links aboard the ballistic missile submarines of the United States, which might possibly be activated or deactivated at various levels of alert, and encouragement of the Soviet Union to do the same.

(9) Establishment of training programs for National Command Authority officials to familiarize them with alert procedures, communications capabilities, nuclear weapons release authority procedures, and the crisis control and stability implications thereof.

(10) Include in standard operating procedure the relocation in a crisis of a National Command Authority official outside Washington, D.C. to a secure location with access to the strate-

gic command and control system, and announce the institution of this procedure to relevant foreign governments.

(b) REPORT.—The Secretary of State and the Director of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency shall submit a report of the study and evaluation under subsection (a) to the Committees on Armed Services and Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committees on Armed Services and Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives by January 1, 1986. Such report should be available in both a classified, if necessary, and unclassified format.

SEC. 707. POLICY TOWARD BANNING CHEMICAL WEAPONS.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

(1) chemical weapons are among the most terrible weapons in today's military arsenals;

(2) it is the objective of the United States to eliminate the threat of chemical warfare through a comprehensive and verifiable ban on chemical weapons;

International agreements.

(3) the United States is vigorously pursuing a multilateral agreement to ban chemical weapons;

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

(4) the negotiation of a verifiable, bilateral agreement between the United States and the Soviet Union would be a significant step toward achieving a worldwide ban on chemical weapons;

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(5) bilateral discussions relating to a ban on chemical weapons took place in July and August of 1984 between the United States and Soviet delegations to the Conference on Disarmament; and

(6) such endeavors could serve the security interests of humankind.

President of U.S.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the Congress that the President—

(1) should be commended for his efforts to negotiate a multilateral agreement banning chemical weapons;

(2) should continue to pursue vigorously such an agreement; and

(3) should seek the continuation and development of bilateral discussions between the United States and the Soviet Union to achieve a comprehensive and verifiable ban on chemical weapons.

SEC. 708. POLICY REGARDING A JOINT STUDY BY THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION OF THE CONSEQUENCES OF NUCLEAR WINTER.

President of U.S.

It is the sense of the Congress that the President should propose to the Government of the Soviet Union during any arms control talks held with such Government that—

(1) the United States and the Soviet Union should jointly study the atmospheric, climatic, environmental, and biological consequences of nuclear explosions, sometimes known as "nuclear winter", and the impact that nuclear winter would have on the national security of both nations;

(2) such a joint study should include the sharing and exchange of information and findings on the nuclear winter phenomena and make recommendations on possible joint research projects that would benefit both nations; and

(3) at an appropriate time the other nuclear weapon states (the United Kingdom, France, and the People's Republic of China) should be involved in the study.

TITLE VIII—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 801. TERMINATION OF NATIONAL EMERGENCIES BY JOINT RESOLUTION.

50 USC 1622.

Section 202 of the National Emergencies Act is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by amending paragraph (1) to read as follows:

"(1) there is enacted into law a joint resolution terminating the emergency; or"; and

(B) in the second sentence, by striking out "concurrent" and inserting in lieu thereof "joint";

(2) in subsection (b), by striking out "concurrent" and inserting in lieu thereof "joint"; and

(3) in subsection (c), by striking out "concurrent" each of the six places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "joint".

SEC. 802. UNITED STATES INSTITUTE OF PEACE.

It is the sense of the Congress that, pursuant to title XVII of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1985 (22 U.S.C. 4601 et seq.), nominations to the Board of Directors for the United States Institute of Peace should be submitted to the Senate on a timely basis to permit implementation of the congressional mandate.

98 Stat. 2649.

SEC. 803. EX GRATIA PAYMENT TO THE GOVERNMENT OF SWITZERLAND.

Section 39 of the Trading With the Enemy Act (62 Stat. 1246; 50 U.S.C. App. 39) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(f) Notwithstanding any of the provisions of subsections (a) through (d) of this section, the Attorney General is authorized to pay from property vested in or transferred to the Attorney General under this Act, the sum of $20,000 as an ex gratia payment to the Government of Switzerland in accordance with the terms of the agreement entered into by that Government and the Government of the United States on March 12, 1980.".

SEC. 804. POLICY TOWARD APPLICATION OF THE YALTA AGREEMENT.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

International agreements.

(1) during World War II, representatives of the United States, Britain, and the Soviet Union took part in agreements and understandings concerning other peoples and nations in Europe;

(2) the Soviet Union has not adhered to its obligation undertaken in the 1945 Yalta agreement to guarantee free elections in the countries involved, specifically the pledge for the "earliest possible establishment of free elections of government responsive to the wills of the people and to facilitate where necessary the holding of such elections";

(3) the strong desire of the people of Central and Eastern Europe to exercise their national sovereignty and self-determination and to resist Soviet domination has been demonstrated on many occasions since 1945, including armed resistance to the forcible Soviet takeover of the Baltic Republics and resistance in the Ukraine as well as in the German Democratic Republic in 1953, in Hungary in 1956, in Czechoslovakia in 1968, and in Poland in 1956, 1970, and since 1980;

(4) it is appropriate that the United States express the hopes of the people of the United States that the people of Central and Eastern Europe be permitted to exercise their national sovereignty and self-determination free from Soviet interference; and

(5) it is appropriate for the United States to reject any interpretation or application that, as a result of the signing of the 1945 Yalta executive agreements, the United States accepts and recognizes in any way Soviet hegemony over the countries of Eastern Europe.

(b) POLICY.—(1) The United States does not recognize as legitimate any spheres of influence in Europe and it reaffirms its refusal to recognize such spheres in the present or in the future, by repudiating any attempts to legitimize the domination of East European nations by the Soviet Union through the Yalta executive agreement.

(2) The United States proclaims the hope that the people of

Eastern Europe shall again enjoy the right to self-determination within a framework that will sustain peace, that they shall again have the right to choose a form of government under which they shall live, and that the sovereign rights of self-determination shall be restored to them in accordance with the pledge of the Atlantic Charter and with provisions of the United Nations Charter and the Helsinki Final Act of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe.

55 Stat. 1600.
59 Stat. 1031.

SEC. 805. POLICY TOWARD TREATMENT OF SOVIET PENTECOSTALS.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

(1) it is the policy of the Government of the Soviet Union to hinder and deny the free practice of religion and to deny freedom to emigrate to the victims of religious persecution;

(2) such policies are a violation of the letter and spirit of the Charter of the United Nations, the United Nations Declaration on Human Rights, and the Helsinki Final Act of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe;

(3) members of the 170-member Pentecostal Christian community living in Chuguyevka in the Soviet Far East have allegedly undergone persecution at the hands of the Soviet authorities as a result of their attempts to practice their religious beliefs;

(4) the Soviet authorities allegedly have refused to allow members of that Pentecostal community to emigrate from the Soviet Union;

(5) when, on Monday May 13, 1985, four members of the Pentecostal community of Chuguyevka attempted to enter the United States Embassy in Moscow in an attempt to seek refuge and make their plight known, they were intercepted by Soviet guards stationed outside the Embassy;

(6) in the scuffle that ensued three of the Pentecostals were beaten severely and arrested by the Soviet guards, while the fourth Pentecostal gained entrance to the Embassy and was interviewed by United States officials; and

(7) upon agreeing to leave the United States Embassy the man was driven to the subway in a diplomatic car where he was detained by Soviet police before he could enter the subway.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) the Soviet Union has acted in violation of the human rights of the Pentecostal community in Chuguyevka by hindering the practice of their religious beliefs and refusing to allow them to emigrate from the Soviet Union;

(2) personnel of the Government of the Soviet Union acted in violation of the human rights of the four members of the Pentecostal community who attempted to enter the United States Embassy in Moscow, particularly in using excessive force in an attempt to prevent their entry;

(3) the United States Department of State should continue through all available channels to assure the safety of the four persons who attempted to enter the United States Embassy, and to seek to persuade the Government of the Soviet Union to allow the members of the Pentecostal community in Chuguyevka to emigrate to the West; and

Study.
Asylum.

(4) the Secretary of State should undertake a study of United States policy relating to the granting of asylum in United States embassies abroad and develop recommendations for the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives as to where current policy might be adjusted with relation to incidents over the past five years where asylum has been requested at United States embassies abroad.

SEC. 806. DEMOCRACY ON TAIWAN.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

(1) peace has prevailed in the Taiwan Strait since the

normalization of relations between the United States and the People's Republic of China;

(2) the United States expects the future of Taiwan to be settled peacefully and considers a secure Taiwan free from external threat an indispensable element for the island's further democratization and a goal set forth in the Taiwan Relations Act;

(3) the authorities on Taiwan are striving to achieve greater democracy at the local level;

(4) an increasing number of native Taiwanese have been appointed to responsible positions at the provincial and national level on Taiwan;

(5) martial law measures tend to impede progress toward democracy and to abridge guarantees of human rights;

(6) movement toward greater democracy on Taiwan serves to bolster continued American public support for the moral and legal responsibilities set forth in the Taiwan Relations Act;

22 USC 3301 note.

(7) the United States, in the Taiwan Relations Act, has reaffirmed as a national objective the preservation and enhancement of the human rights of all the people on Taiwan; and

(8) the United States considers democracy a fundamental human right.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is therefore the sense of the Congress that—

(1) one important element of a peaceful future for Taiwan is greater participation in the political process by all the people on Taiwan; and

(2) accordingly, the United States should encourage the authorities on Taiwan, in the spirit of the Taiwan Relations Act, to work vigorously toward this end.

SEC. 807. INCREASE UNITED STATES-CHINA TRADE.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

(1) the People's Republic of China has made substantial progress in promoting market-oriented practices throughout the Chinese economy;

(2) the Chinese economy has responded to this increased liberalization with record growth that last year alone resulted in increases in the real gross national product of an estimated 13 percent;

(3) this growth has created significant new demand for a vast array of products and services that can be met by American producers;

(4) United States trade with the People's Republic of China totalled only $6,000,000,000 in 1984 and was again in deficit by more than $50,000,000;

(5) increased exports are essential to the creation of American jobs and to the vitality of the American economy; and

(6) the People's Republic of China represents the world's largest potential market.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the Congress that, consistent with overall American foreign policy and national security objectives, the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Commerce should take appropriate steps to increase United States-China trade with a view to improving the trade balance, increasing American jobs through export growth, and assuring significant United States participation in the growing Chinese market.

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SEC. 808. USE OF UNITED STATES OWNED RUPEES.

Section 903 of the United States-India Fund for Cultural, Educational, and Scientific Cooperation Act (22 U.S.C. 290j-1) is amended—

(1) by inserting "(a)" after "SEC. 903."; and

(2) by inserting at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b) Pending completion of the negotiation of an agreement with the Government of India, the annual earnings generated by the moneys appropriated by the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1985, may be used for the purposes set out in section 902(a).".

98 Stat. 1545.
22 USC 290j.

SEC. 809. REFUGEES IN THAILAND.

(a) APPRECIATION FOR THE RESPONSE OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THAILAND.—The Congress recognizes and expresses appreciation for the extraordinary willingness of the Government of Thailand to respond in a humanitarian way to the influx of refugees fleeing Vietnamese communist oppression.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the Congress that—

Asylum.

(1) Cambodians, Laotians, and Vietnamese seeking asylum and refuge in Thailand should not be involuntarily repatriated or otherwise put at risk; and

International organizations.

(2) every effort should be made to provide increased security for refugees in camps in Thailand which should include an increased presence by international humanitarian organizations.

(c) REVIEW OF CERTAIN CAMBODIAN REFUGEES.—

(1) The Secretary of State should—

(A) work with the Government of Thailand and the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees to conduct a review of the status of Cambodians who have not been permitted to register at refugee camps in Thailand; and

(B) implement a humanitarian solution to their plight.

(2) The Secretary of State, with the assistance of appropriate agencies, should conduct a review of those Cambodians who have been rejected for admission to the United States to ensure such decisions are consistent with the letter and spirit of United States refugee and immigration law.

(3) The Secretary of State, with the assistance of appropriate agencies, should institute as expeditiously as possible a family reunification program for those refugees in Thailand, including those at the border who have family members in the United States.

Education.

(4) The Secretary of State should provide for a program of educational assistance for Cambodians in the border camps and for improved literacy training in all camps.

SEC. 810. POLICY REGARDING FOREIGN EXCHANGE INTERVENTION.

99 STAT. 453

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds and declares that—

Commerce and trade.

(1) the trade deficit looms larger than any other threat to the ability of the United States to generate jobs and create economic well-being;

(2) the trade deficit continues to deteriorate even from the 1984 level of $123,000,000,000;

(3) the trade deficit will continue to deteriorate until the value of the dollar declines on foreign exchange markets;

(4) the dollar's rise may slow down but is unlikely to fall sufficiently as a result of Congress' contemplated budget deficit reduction measures;

(5) the value of the dollar would probably fall under a number of tax reform proposals but industries losing market share due to the exchange rate may not be able to wait for a complete tax package;

(6) the only remaining timely option for lowering the value of the dollar is intervention in foreign exchange markets by the Secretary of the Treasury or the Federal Reserve Board;

(7) any such intervention must be strong enough to achieve

the intent of the Congress of lowering the dollar's value but sufficiently moderate to prevent a sudden drop in its value;

(8) any such intervention in order to assure a gradual decline and protect against too large a drop in the value of the dollar, will require coordinated action by the central banks of Europe and Japan as well as the United States; and

Banks and banking.

(9) such coordination is especially important to strengthen economic and political ties with the allies of the United States and to promote consistent macroeconomic policies to the mutual benefit of all.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—Therefore, it is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) the Secretary of the Treasury and the Chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, in concert with United States allies and coordinated with the central banks of the Group of Five or other major central banks, should take such steps as are necessary to lower gradually the value of the dollar;

Banks and banking.

(2) such steps should not exclude intervention in the foreign exchange markets;

(3) the Secretary of the Treasury and the Chairman of the Federal Reserve Board should work to ensure that the domestic macroeconomic policies of the United States and its allies are forged to reinforce rather than oppose one another.

SEC. 811. COMMENDING MAYOR TEDDY KOLLEK OF JERUSALEM.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

(1) Mayor Teddy Kollek has worked to promote harmony among all the people of Jerusalem; and

(2) he has promoted freedom of access to religious shrines for Muslims, Christians, and Jews; and

(3) through his efforts the aesthetic character of the city has been enhanced.

(b) COMMENDATION.—Therefore, the Congress commends Mayor Kollek for his efforts over the years.

SEC. 812. JAPAN-UNITED STATES SECURITY RELATIONSHIP AND EFFORTS BY JAPAN TO FULFILL SELF-DEFENSE RESPONSIBILITIES.

22 USC 1928 note.

99 STAT. 454

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress hereby finds—

(1) the Japan-United States security relationship is the foundation of the peace and security of Japan and the Far East, as well as a major contributor to the protection of the United States and of the democratic freedoms and economic prosperity enjoyed by both the United States and Japan;

(2) the threats to our two democracies have increased significantly since 1976, principally through the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan, the expansion of Soviet armed forces in the Far East, the invasion of Cambodia by Vietnam, and the instability in the Persian Gulf region as signified by the continuing Iran-Iraq conflict;

(3) in recognition of these and other threats, the United States has greatly increased its annual defense spending through sustained real growth averaging 8.8 percent yearly between fiscal 1981 and 1985, and cumulative real growth of 50 percent in that period;

Defense and national security.

(4) the United States Government appreciates the May 1981 commitment by the Prime Minister of Japan that, pursuant to the Treaty of Mutual Cooperation and Security of 1960 between Japan and the United States, Japan, on its own initiative, would seek to make even greater efforts for improving its defense capabilities, and pursuant to Japan's own Constitution, it was national policy for his country to acquire and maintain the self-defense forces adequate for the defense of its land area and surrounding airspace and sealanes, out to a distance of 1,000 miles;

11 UST 1632.

(5) the United States Government applauds the policy of Japan to obtain the capabilities to defend its sea and air lanes out to 1,000 miles, expects that these capabilities should be acquired by the end of the decade, and recognizes that achieving those capabilities would significantly improve the national security of both Japan and the United States;

(6) the United States Government appreciates the contribution already made by Japan through the Host Nation Support Program and its recent efforts to increase its defense spending; and

(7) Japan, however, in recent years consistently has not provided sufficient funding and resources to meet its self-defense needs and to meet common United States-Japan defense objectives and alliance responsibilities.

(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of the Congress that Japan, to fulfill its self-defense responsibilities pursuant to the 1960 Mutual Cooperation and Security Treaty with the United States, and in accordance with the national policy declaration made by its Prime Minister in May 1981, to develop a 1,000-mile airspace and sealanes defense capability, should implement a 1986–1990 Mid-Term Defense Plan containing sufficient funding, program acquisition, and force development resources to obtain the agreed-upon 1,000 mile self-defense capabilities by the end of the decade, including the allocation of sufficient budgetary resources annually to reduce substantially the ammunition, logistics, and sustainability shortfalls of its self-defense forces.

President of U.S.

(c) Submission to Congress.—Not later than March 31, 1986, and on an annual basis thereafter, the President shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress, in both a classified and unclassified form, detailed and extensive information to permit the Congress to understand Japan's progress toward actually fulfilling its common defense commitment, including the development and implementation of a 1986–1990 Mid-Term Defense Plan fully funded for Japan to achieve 1,000-mile self-defense capabilities by 1990. Such information shall include a description of actions taken by the United States Government in the preceding year to encourage Japan to meet its 1,000-mile self-defense commitment by 1990.

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SEC. 813. DIPLOMATIC EQUIVALENCE AND RECIPROCITY.

(a) Statement of Congressional Policy.—(1) It is the policy of the Congress that the number of nationals of the Soviet Union admitted to the United States who serve as diplomatic or consular personnel of the Soviet Union to the United States shall be substantially equivalent to the number of United States nationals admitted to the Soviet Union who serve as diplomatic or consular personnel of the United States in the Soviet Union unless the President determines that the admission of additional Soviet diplomatic and consular personnel would be in the best interests of the United States.

(2) The policy expressed in paragraph (1) does not apply to dependents or spouses who do not serve as diplomatic or consular personnel.

(b) Reporting Requirement.—The Secretary of State and the Attorney General shall prepare and, not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, shall transmit to the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate, and to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives, a report setting forth a plan for ensuring that the number of Soviet nationals described in subsection (a) does not exceed the limitation described in that section.

(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—

(1) the term "diplomatic or consular personnel" means the members of the diplomatic mission or the members of the consular post, as the case may be;

(2) the term "members of the diplomatic mission" is used within the meaning of Article 1(b) of the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations (done April 18, 1961); and

23 UST 3227.

(3) the term "members of the consular post" is used within the meaning of Article 1(g) of the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations (done April 24, 1963).

21 UST 77.

SEC. 814. UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL COMMISSION.

22 USC 2291 note.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the United States International Narcotics Control Commission (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Commission").

(b) DUTIES.—The Commission is authorized and directed—

International agreements.

(1) to monitor and promote international compliance with narcotics control treaties, including eradication and other relevant issues; and

(2) to monitor and encourage United States Government and private programs seeking to expand international cooperation against drug abuse and narcotics trafficking.

(c) MEMBERSHIP.—(1) The Commission shall be composed of 12 members as follows:

(A) 7 Members of the Senate appointed by the President of the Senate, 4 of whom (including the member designated as Chair-

99 STAT. 456

man) shall be selected from the majority party of the Senate, after consultation with the majority leader, and 3 of whom (including the member designated as Cochairman) shall be selected from the minority party of the Senate, after consultation with the minority leader.

(B) 5 members of the public to be appointed by the President after consultation with the members of the appropriate congressional committees.

(2) There shall be a Chairman and a Cochairman of the Commission.

(d) POWERS.—In carrying out this section, the Commission may require, by subpoena or otherwise, the attendance and testimony of such witnesses and the production of such books, records, correspondence, memorandums, papers, and documents as it deems necessary. Subpoenas may be issued over the signature of the Chairman of the Commission or any member designated by him, and may be served by any person designated by the Chairman or such member. The Chairman of the Commission, or any member designated by him, may administer oaths to any witness.

(e) REPORT BY PRESIDENT TO COMMISSION.—In order to assist the Commission in carrying out its duties, the President shall submit to the Commission a copy of the report required by section 481(e) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2991(e)).

(f) REPORT TO SENATE.—The Commission is authorized and directed to report to the Senate with respect to the matters covered by this section on a periodic basis and to provide information to Members of the Senate as requested. For each fiscal year for which an appropriation is made the Commission shall submit to the Congress a report on its expenditures under such appropriation.

(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—(1) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Commission $325,000 for each fiscal year, to remain available until expended, to assist in meeting the expenses of the Commission for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this section.

(2) For purposes of section 502(b) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954 (22 U.S.C. 1754(b)), the Commission shall be deemed to be a standing committee of the Senate and shall be entitled to the use of funds in accordance with such section.

99 STAT. 457

(h) STAFF.—The Commission may appoint and fix the pay of such staff personnel as it deems desirable, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the

5 USC 5101 *et seq.*, 5331.

competitive service, and without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates.

(i) TERMINATION.—The Commission shall cease to exist on September 30, 1987.

Approved August 16, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2068 (H.R. 1931) (S. 1003):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-40 accompanying H.R. 1931 (Comm. on Foreign Affairs) and No. 99-240 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-39 accompanying S. 1003 (Comm. on Foreign Relations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
May 2, 8, 9, considered and passed House.
June 6, 7, 10, 11, S. 1003 considered in Senate; H.R. 2068, amended, passed in lieu.
July 31, Senate agreed to conference report.
Aug. 1, House agreed to conference report.

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99 STAT. 562

Public Law 99-139
99th Congress

An Act

Oct. 30, 1985
[S. 1726]

To amend section 51(b) of the Arms Export Control Act, relating to the funding of the Special Defense Acquisition Fund.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Defense and national security.

SECTION 1. FUNDING FOR THE SPECIAL DEFENSE ACQUISITION FUND.

(a) AMENDMENT TO SECTION 51(b) OF THE ARMS EXPORT CONTROL ACT.—Subsection (b) of section 51 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2795(b)) is amended to read as follows:

Ante, p. 204.

"(b) The Fund shall consist of—

"(1) collections from sales made under letters of offer issued pursuant to section 21(a)(1)(A) of this Act representing the actual value of defense articles not intended to be replaced in stock,

Ante, p. 196.

"(2) collections from sales representing the value of asset use charges (including contractor rental payments for United States Government-owned plant and production equipment) and charges for the proportionate recoupment of nonrecurring research, development, and production costs, and

"(3) collections from sales made under letters of offer (or transfers made under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961) of defense articles and defense services acquired under this chapter, representing the value of such items calculated in accordance with subparagraph (B) or (C) of section 21(a)(1) or section 22 of this Act or section 644(m) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as appropriate,

22 USC 2762.
22 USC 2403.

together with such funds as may be authorized and appropriated or otherwise made available for the purposes of the Fund.".

22 USC 2795 note.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect as of October 1, 1985.

Approved October 30, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1726 (S. 960):

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Oct. 10, considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 17, considered and passed House.

Public Law 99-204
99th Congress

99 STAT. 1669

An Act

To amend the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 with respect to the activities of the Overseas Private Investment Corporation.

Dec. 23, 1985
[S. 947]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Overseas Private Investment Corporation Amendments Act of 1985.
22 USC 2151 note.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Overseas Private Investment Corporation Amendments Act of 1985".

SEC. 2. REFERENCE TO THE ACT.

Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to or repeal of a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

22 USC 2151 note.

SEC. 3. INCOME LEVELS IN LESS DEVELOPED COUNTRIES.

Section 231 (22 U.S.C. 2191) is amended in paragraph (2) of the second undesignated paragraph—

(1) by striking out "$680 or less in 1979 United States dollars" and inserting in lieu thereof "$896 or less in 1983 United States dollars"; and

(2) by striking out "$2,950 or more in 1979 United States dollars" and inserting in lieu thereof "$3,887 or more in 1983 United States dollars".

SEC. 4. PROTECTION OF HEALTH, SAFETY, AND THE ENVIRONMENT.

(a) Policy Directives.—Section 231 (22 U.S.C. 2191) is amended—

(1) in the second undesignated paragraph—

(A) in paragraph (1) by striking out "and" after the semicolon;

(B) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(C) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following:

"(3) ensure that the project is consistent with the provisions of sections 118 and 119 of this Act relating to the environment and natural resources of, and biological diversity in, developing countries, and consistent with the intent of regulations issued pursuant to sections 118 and 119 of this Act.";

Regulations.
22 USC 2151p, 2151q.

(2) in subsection (l) by striking out "and" after the semicolon;

(3) in subsection (m) by striking out the period at the end and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(4) by adding at the end the following:

"(n) to refuse to insure, reinsure, guarantee, or finance any investment in connection with a project which the Corporation determines will pose an unreasonable or major environmental, health, or safety hazard, or will result in the significant degradation of national parks or similar protected areas.".

99 STAT. 1670

(b) Notification of Countries of Environmental Restrictions on Certain Activities.—Section 237 (22 U.S.C. 2197) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(m)(1) Before finally providing insurance, reinsurance, guarantees, or financing under this title for any environmentally sensitive investment in connection with a project in a country, the Corporation shall notify appropriate government officials of that country of—

International organizations.

"(A) all guidelines and other standards adopted by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and any other international organization relating to the public health or safety or the environment which are applicable to the project; and

"(B) to the maximum extent practicable, any restriction under any law of the United States relating to public health or safety or the environment that would apply to the project if the project were undertaken in the United States.

The notification under the preceding sentence shall include a summary of the guidelines, standards, and restrictions referred to in subparagraphs (A) and (B), and may include any environmental impact statement, assessment, review, or study prepared with respect to the investment pursuant to section 239(g).

Infra.

"(2) Before finally providing insurance, reinsurance, guarantees, or financing for any investment subject to paragraph (1), the Corporation shall take into account any comments it receives on the project involved.

"(3) On or before September 30, 1986, the Corporation shall notify appropriate government officials of a country of the guidelines, standards, and legal restrictions described in paragraph (1) that apply to any project in that country—

"(A) which the Corporation identifies as potentially posing major hazards to public health and safety or the environment; and

"(B) for which the Corporation provided insurance, reinsurance, guarantees, or financing under this title before the date of enactment of this subsection and which is in the Corporation's portfolio on that date.".

(c) Environmental Impact Assessments.—Section 239(g) (22 U.S.C. 2199(g)) is amended to read as follows:

22 USC 2151p.

"(g) The requirements of section 118(c) of this Act relating to environmental impact statements and environmental assessments shall apply to any investment which the Corporation insures, reinsures, guarantees, or finances under this title in connection with a project in a country.".

SEC. 5. WORKERS RIGHTS; PUBLIC HEARINGS.

(a) Establishment of Requirements.—Title IV of chapter 2 of part I is amended by inserting after section 231 (22 U.S.C. 2191) the following new section:

22 USC 2191a.

"SEC. 231A. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

"(a) Worker Rights.—

"(1) Limitation on OPIC Activities.—The Corporation may insure, reinsure, guarantee, or finance a project only if the country in which the project is to be undertaken is taking steps to adopt and implement laws that extend internationally recognized worker rights, as defined in section 502(a)(4) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2462(a)(4)), to workers in that country (including any designated zone in that country).

99 STAT. 1671

98 Stat. 3019.

"(2) Use of Annual Reports on Workers Rights.—The Corporation shall, in making its determinations under paragraph (1), use the reports submitted to the Congress pursuant to section 505(c) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2465(c)). The restriction set forth in paragraph (1) shall not apply until the first such report is submitted to the Congress.

98 Stat. 3023.

"(3) Waiver.—Paragraph (1) shall not prohibit the Corporation from providing any insurance, reinsurance, guaranty, or financing with respect to a country if the President determines that such activities by the Corporation would be in the national economic interests of the United States. Any such determination shall be reported in writing to the Congress, together with the reasons for the determination.

"(b) Public Hearings.—The Board shall hold at least one public hearing each year in order to afford an opportunity for any person to present views as to whether the Corporation is carrying out its activities in accordance with section 231 and this section or whether any investment in a particular country should have been or should be extended insurance, reinsurance, guarantees, or financing under this title.".

Ante, p. 1669.

(b) Effective Date.—Subsection (a) of section 231A, as added by subsection (a) of this section, shall not apply to projects insured, reinsured, guaranteed, or financed before the date of the enactment of this Act.

22 USC 2191a note.

SEC. 6. INSURANCE FOR LOSS DUE TO BUSINESS INTERRUPTION.

(a) Issuing Authority.—Section 234(a) (22 U.S.C. 2194(a)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) in subparagraph (B) by striking out "and" after the semicolon;

(B) in subparagraph (C) by striking out the period and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

"(D) loss due to business interruption caused by any of the risks set forth in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C)."; and

(2) in paragraph (4)—

(A) by striking out "civil strife insurance for the first time" and inserting in lieu thereof "insurance for the first time for loss due to business interruption";

(B) by striking out "definition of civil strife" and inserting in lieu thereof "definition of 'civil strife' or 'business interruption' ";

(C) by inserting immediately before the period at the end of the paragraph the following: "and, in the case of insurance for loss due to business interruption, an explanation of the underwriting basis upon which the insurance is to be offered"; and

(D) by adding at the end of the paragraph the following: "Any such report with respect to insurance for loss due to business interruption shall be considered in accordance with the procedures applicable to reprogramming notifications pursuant to section 634A of this Act.".

22 USC 2394-1.

(b) Compensation for Loss.—Section 237(f) (22 U.S.C. 2197(f)) is amended in the first sentence—

99 STAT. 1672

(1) by striking out "and (2)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(2)"; and

(2) by inserting immediately before the period at the end of the sentence the following: ", and (3) compensation for loss due to business interruption may be computed on a basis to be determined by the Corporation which reflects amounts lost".

SEC. 7. MAXIMUM CONTINGENT LIABILITY FOR INVESTMENT GUARANTEES.

Section 234(b) (22 U.S.C. 2194(b)) is amended in the last proviso by striking out "10" and inserting in lieu thereof "15".

SEC. 8. POOLING AND RISK-SHARING AGREEMENTS.

Section 234(f)(2) (22 U.S.C. 2194(f)(2)) is amended by striking out "other national or".

SEC. 9. FACULTATIVE REINSURANCE PROGRAM.

(a) Establishment.—Title IV of chapter 2 of part I is amended by inserting after section 234 (22 U.S.C. 2194) the following new section:

"SEC. 234A. FACULTATIVE REINSURANCE PROGRAM.

22 USC 2194b.

Contracts.

"(a) Establishment.—In order to encourage greater availability of political risk insurance for eligible investors, the Corporation shall establish, not later than one year after the date of the enactment of the Overseas Private Investment Corporation Amendments Act of 1985, a pilot program of facultative reinsurance. The program shall provide reinsurance to insurance companies, financial institutions, other persons, or groups thereof, with respect to insurance issued by such companies, institutions, persons, or groups for new investments, and expansions of existing investments, by eligible investors, in excess of limits which the Corporation would otherwise normally apply for its exposure to such investments. Contracts of reinsurance

Ante, p. 1669.

issued under the program shall be on equitable terms. The program, and any project covered by reinsurance under the program, shall be consistent with the provisions of this title.

"(b) PERSONS ELIGIBLE FOR THE PROGRAM.—An insurance company, financial institution, or other person shall be eligible to participate in the facultative reinsurance program established under subsection (a) if that company, institution, or other person is an eligible investor under this title. The Corporation shall take steps to encourage equitable participation in the program by all eligible persons.

"(c) MAXIMUM EXPOSURE.—The exposure of the Corporation under the facultative reinsurance program at any one time may not exceed $150,000,000 or, with respect to any one country, $50,000,000.

"(d) ADVISORY GROUP.—

"(1) ESTABLISHMENT AND MEMBERSHIP.—The Corporation shall establish a group to advise the Corporation on the development and implementation of the program of facultative reinsurance under this section. The group shall be composed of nine members as follows:

"(A) Three officers or employees of the Corporation designated by the Board.

"(B) Four persons appointed by the Board, of whom at least one shall represent an insurance company, one a reinsurance brokerage firm, and one an underwriter, a financial institution, or other person or entity eligible for the facultative reinsurance program under this section. In selecting such persons, the Board shall consider their previous active involvement in the field of political risk insurance or reinsurance and shall consult with any major organizations representing insurance, reinsurance, and brokerage institutions as to the suitability of the respective candidates to represent their industry.

99 STAT. 1673

"(C) Two persons appointed by the Board from among persons who are eligible investors, other than persons described in subparagraph (B).

"(2) FUNCTIONS.—The advisory group shall advise the Corporation on the development and implementation of the facultative reinsurance program under this section, including ways to ensure equitable participation in the program by all eligible persons.

"(3) MEETINGS.—The advisory group shall meet not later than one hundred and eighty days after the date of the enactment of the Overseas Private Investment Corporation Amendments Act of 1985, and not less than once in every one hundred and eighty-day period thereafter.

"(4) FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT.—The advisory group shall not be subject to the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).

"(e) REPORT TO THE CONGRESS.—The Corporation shall, not later than eighteen months after the date of the enactment of the Overseas Private Investment Corporation Amendments Act of 1985, submit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report on the implementation of the facultative reinsurance program established under subsection (a).".

(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—

(1) Section 235(d) (22 U.S.C. 2195(d)) is amended in the first sentence by striking out "or under similar predecessor guaranty authority" and inserting in lieu thereof ", under similar predecessor guaranty authority, or under section 234A".

(2) Section 237(f) (22 U.S.C. 2197(f)) is amended in the last sentence by inserting "or 234A" after "234".

(3) Section 240 (22 U.S.C. 2200) is amended in the last sentence by inserting "and section 234A" after "234".

SEC. 10. EXTENSION OF ISSUING AUTHORITY.

Section 235(a)(5) (22 U.S.C. 2195(a)(5)) is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1988".

SEC. 11. AUDITS OF THE CORPORATION.

Section 239(c) (22 U.S.C. 2199(c)) is amended to read as follows:

"(c)(1) The Corporation shall be subject to the applicable provisions of chapter 91 of title 31, United States Code, except as otherwise provided in this title.

31 USC 9101 *et seq*

"(2) An independent certified public accountant shall perform a financial and compliance audit of the financial statements of the Corporation at least once every three years, in accordance with generally accepted Government auditing standards for a financial and compliance audit, as issued by the Comptroller General. The independent certified public accountant shall report the results of such audit to the Board. The financial statements of the Corporation shall be presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. These financial statements and the report of the accountant shall be included in a report which contains, to the extent applicable, the information identified in section 9106 of title 31, United States Code, and which the Corporation shall submit to the Congress not later than six and one-half months after the end of the last fiscal year covered by the audit. The General Accounting Office may review the audit conducted by the accountant and the report to the Congress in the manner and at such times as the General Accounting Office considers necessary.

Report.

Report.

Report.

"(3) In lieu of the financial and compliance audit required by paragraph (2), the General Accounting Office shall, if the Office considers it necessary or upon the request of the Congress, audit the financial statements of the Corporation in the manner provided in paragraph (2). The Corporation shall reimburse the General Accounting Office for the full cost of any audit conducted under this paragraph.

"(4) All books, accounts, financial records, reports, files, workpapers, and property belonging to or in use by the Corporation and the accountant who conducts the audit under paragraph (2), which are necessary for purposes of this subsection, shall be made available to the representatives of the General Accounting Office.".

SEC. 12. EXEMPTION FROM TAXATION.

Section 239 (22 U.S.C. 2199) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(j) The Corporation, including its franchise, capital, reserves, surplus, advances, intangible property, and income, shall be exempt from all taxation at any time imposed by the United States, by any territory, dependency, or possession of the United States, or by any State, the District of Columbia, or any county, municipality, or local taxing authority.".

SEC. 13. PUBLICATION OF POLICY GUIDELINES.

Section 239, as amended by the preceding section of this Act, is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(k) The Corporation shall publish, and make available to applicants for insurance, reinsurance, guarantees, financing, or other assistance made available by the Corporation under this title, the policy guidelines of the Corporation relating to its programs.".

SEC. 14. EFFECTS OF OPIC ACTIVITIES ON EMPLOYMENT IN THE UNITED STATES.

(a) OPIC Reports.—Section 240A (22 U.S.C. 2200a) is amended—

(1) by inserting "(a)" immediately before "After" in the first sentence; and

(2) by adding at the end of the section the following new subsections:

"(b)(1) Each annual report required by subsection (a) shall contain projections of the effects on employment in the United States of all

Reports.
Loans.

projects for which, during the preceding fiscal year, the Corporation initially issued any insurance, reinsurance, or guaranty or made any direct loan. Each such report shall include projections of—

Exports.

"(A) the amount of United States exports to be generated by those projects, both during the start-up phase and over a period of years;

"(B) the final destination of the products to be produced as a result of those projects; and

99 STAT. 1675

Exports.

"(C) the impact such production will have on the production of similar products in the United States with regard to both domestic sales and exports.

"(2) Each report required by this subsection shall be based on an analysis of each of the projects described in paragraph (1). The reports may, however, present information and analysis in aggregate form, but only if—

"(A) those projects which are projected to have a positive effect on employment in the United States and those projects which are projected to have a negative effect on employment in the United States are grouped separately; and

Commerce and trade.

"(B) there is set forth for each such grouping the key characteristics of the projects within that grouping, including the number of projects in each economic sector, the countries in which the projects in each economic sector are located, and the projected level of the impact of the projects in each economic sector on employment in the United States and on United States trade.

Reports.
Loans.

"(c)(1) Not later than December 31, 1987, the Corporation shall submit to the Congress a report analyzing the actual effects, as of September 30, 1986, on employment in the United States of all projects with respect to which any insurance, reinsurance, or guaranty issued by the Corporation was in effect on September 30, 1986, or with respect to which repayments on direct loans by the Corporation were being made as of that date. The report shall set forth—

"(A) the amount of United States exports generated by those projects during each fiscal year,

"(B) to the extent feasible, the final destination of the products produced each fiscal year as a result of those projects, and

Exports.

"(C) the impact of such production on the production of similar products in the United States during each fiscal year with regard to both domestic sales and exports.

"(2) In preparing this report, the Corporation shall collect factual data for each of the projects described in paragraph (1). The report may, however, present this information and the analysis of this information in aggregate form, but only if—

"(A) those projects which have a positive effect on employment in the United States and those projects which have a negative effect on employment in the United States are grouped separately; and

Commerce and trade.

"(B) there is set forth for each such grouping the key characteristics of the projects within that grouping, including the number of projects in each economic sector, the countries in which the projects in each economic sector are located, and the impact of the projects in each economic sector on the level of employment in the United States and on the United States trade balance.

"(3) The Corporation shall consult with the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate in determining the methodology to be used in acquiring the information and in doing the analysis necessary to prepare the report required by this subsection, including identification of which projects should be analyzed. To facilitate this consultation, the Corporation shall submit to those committees by September 30, 1986, a written description of its proposed methodology, including its proposed methodology with respect to determining final destinations.

99 STAT. 1676

"(4) To the extent that the report required by this subsection does not identify the final destination of the products produced as a result of a particular project, the report shall explain why it was not feasible to provide that information.

"(d) The Corporation shall maintain as part of its records—

"(1) all information collected in preparing the report required by subsection (c), whether the information was collected by the Corporation itself or by a contractor; and

"(2) a copy of the analysis of each project analyzed in preparing the reports required by either subsection (b) or (c).

"(e) Subsections (b) and (c) do not require the inclusion in any report submitted pursuant to those subsections of any information which would not be required to be made available to the public pursuant to section 552 of title 5, United States Code (relating to freedom of information).".

(b) GAO Study and Report.—The Comptroller General shall conduct a study of the impact on employment in the United States of the activities of the Overseas Private Investment Corporation and shall prepare and transmit to the Congress a report setting forth the findings of that study within one year after the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 15. RETURN OF APPROPRIATED FUNDS.

Repeal.

Section 240B (22 U.S.C. 2200b) is repealed.

SEC. 16. FALSE ADVERTISING OR MISUSE OF THE NAME OF THE CORPORATION.

Section 709 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the tenth paragraph the following:

"Whoever uses the words 'Overseas Private Investment', 'Overseas Private Investment Corporation', or 'OPIC', as part of the business or firm name of a person, corporation, partnership, business trust, association, or business entity; or".

SEC. 17. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.

(a) Clarification of Definition of Eligible Person.—Clause (2) of section 238(c) (22 U.S.C. 2198(c)(2)) is amended by striking out "or any State or territory thereof" and inserting in lieu thereof ", any State or territory thereof, or the District of Columbia,".

(b) Conforming Internal Cross-References.—Section 235 (22 U.S.C. 2195) is amended—

(1) in subsection (c)—

(A) by striking out "section 235(d)" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (d) of this section";

(B) by striking out "section 234(e)" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (e) of this section"; and

(C) by striking out "section 235(f)" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (f) of this section"; and

(2) in subsection (d) by striking out "section 235(f)" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (f) of this section".

99 STAT. 1677 (c) REPEAL OF EXECUTED REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Section 9 of the Overseas Private Investment Corporation Amendments Act of 1981 (Public Law 97-65) is amended—

22 USC 2200a. (1) by striking out "(a)" after "SEC. 9."; and

22 USC 2200a note. (2) by striking out subsection (b).

Approved December 23, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 947 (H.R. 3166):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-285 accompanying H.R. 3166 (Comm. on Foreign Affairs) and No. 99-428 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-156 (Comm. on Foreign Relations).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Sept. 23, H.R. 3166 considered and passed House.
Nov. 14, considered and passed Senate.
Dec. 3, considered and passed House, amended, in lieu of H.R. 3166.
Dec. 11, House agreed to conference report.
Dec. 12, Senate agreed to conference report.

GENERAL GOVERNMENT ACTS

Public Law 99-1
99th Congress

99 STAT. 3

Joint Resolution

Extending the time within which the President may transmit the Budget Message and the Economic Report to the Congress and extending the time within which the Joint Economic Committee shall file its report.

Jan. 9, 1985
[S.J. Res. 6]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) notwithstanding the provisions of section 201 of the Act of June 10, 1922, as amended (31 U.S.C. 1105), the President shall transmit to the Congress not later than February 4, 1985, the Budget for the fiscal year 1986; (b) notwithstanding the provisions of section 3 of the Act of February 20, 1946, as amended (15 U.S.C. 1022), the President shall transmit to the Congress not later than February 7, 1985, the Economic Report; and (c) notwithstanding the provisions of clause (3) of section 5(b) of the Act of February 20, 1946 (15 U.S.C. 1024(b)), the Joint Economic Committee shall file its report on the President's Economic Report with the House of Representatives and the Senate.

31 USC 1109.

Sec. 2. (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 605(a) of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (31 U.S.C. 11(a)), the President shall submit to the Senate and the House of Representatives the estimates required to be submitted by said subsection for the fiscal year 1986 not later than the date on which the President transmits to the Congress the budget for the fiscal year 1986, and (b) notwithstanding the provisions of section 605(b) of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974, the Joint Economic Committee shall submit to the Committees on the Budget of both Houses the evaluation required to be submitted by said subsection for the fiscal year 1986 not later than the date on which the report for the fiscal year 1986 pursuant to section 5(b)(3) of the Employment Act of 1946 (15 U.S.C. 1024(b)) is filed with the Senate and House of Representatives.

Approved January 9, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 6:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Jan. 3, considered and passed Senate and House.

99 STAT. 113

Public Law 99-61
99th Congress

An Act

July 9, 1985
[H.R. 47]

To authorize the minting of coins in commemoration of the centennial of the Statue of Liberty and to authorize the issuance of Liberty Coins.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Statue of Liberty—Ellis Island Commemorative Coin Act.
31 USC 5112 note.

TITLE I—STATUE OF LIBERTY-ELLIS ISLAND COMMEMORATIVE COINS

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 101. This Act may be cited as the "Statue of Liberty-Ellis Island Commemorative Coin Act".

COIN SPECIFICATIONS

SEC. 102. (a)(1) The Secretary of the Treasury (hereafter in this title referred to as the "Secretary") shall issue not more than 500,000 five dollar coins which shall weigh 8.359 grams, have a diameter of 0.850 inches, and shall contain 90 percent gold and 10 percent alloy.

(2) The design of such five dollar coins shall be emblematic of the centennial of the Statue of Liberty. On each such five dollar coin there shall be a designation of the value of the coin, an inscription of the year "1986", and inscriptions of the words "Liberty", "In God We Trust", "United States of America", and "E Pluribus Unum".

(b)(1) The Secretary shall issue not more than ten million one dollar coins which shall weigh 26.73 grams, have a diameter of 1.500 inches, and shall contain 90 percent silver and 10 percent copper.

(2) The design of such dollar coins shall be emblematic of the use of Ellis Island as a gateway for immigrants to America. On each such dollar coin there shall be a designation of the value of the coin, an inscription of the year "1986", and inscriptions of the words "Liberty", "In God We Trust", "United States of America", and "E Pluribus Unum".

(c)(1) The Secretary shall issue not more than twenty-five million half dollar coins which shall weigh 11.34 grams, have a diameter of 1.205 inches, and shall be minted to the specifications for half dollar coins contained in section 5112(b) of title 31, United States Code.

(2) The design of such half dollar coins shall be emblematic of the contributions of immigrants to America. On each such half dollar coin there shall be a designation of the value of the coin, an inscription of the year "1986", and inscriptions of the words "Liberty", "In God We Trust", "United States of America", and "E Pluribus Unum".

(d) The coins issued under this title shall be legal tender as provided in section 5103 of title 31, United States Code.

99 STAT. 114

SOURCES OF BULLION

SEC. 103. (a) The Secretary shall obtain silver for the coins minted under this title only from stockpiles established under the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98 et seq.).

(b) The Secretary shall obtain gold for the coins minted under this title pursuant to the authority of the Secretary under existing law.

DESIGN OF THE COINS

SEC. 104. The design for each coin authorized by this title shall be selected by the Secretary after consultation with the Chairman of the Statue of Liberty-Ellis Island Foundation, Inc. and the Chairman of the Commission of Fine Arts.

SALE OF THE COINS

SEC. 105. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the coins issued under this title shall be sold by the Secretary at a price equal to the face value, plus the cost of designing and issuing such coins (including labor, materials, dies, use of machinery, and overhead expenses).

(b) The Secretary shall make bulk sales at a reasonable discount to reflect the lower costs of such sales.

(c) The Secretary shall accept prepaid orders for the coins prior to the issuance of such coins. Sales under this subsection shall be at a reasonable discount to reflect the benefit of prepayment.

(d) All sales shall include a surcharge of $35 per coin for the five dollar coins, $7 per coin for the one dollar coins, and $2 per coin for the half dollar coins.

ISSUANCE OF THE COINS

SEC. 106. (a) The gold coins authorized by this title shall be issued in uncirculated and proof qualities and shall be struck at no more than one facility of the United States Mint.

(b) The one dollar and half dollar coins authorized under this title may be issued in uncirculated and proof qualities, except that not more than one facility of the United States Mint may be used to strike any particular combination of denomination and quality.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may issue the coins minted under this title beginning October 1, 1985.

(d) No coins shall be minted under this title after December 31, 1986.

GENERAL WAIVER OF PROCUREMENT REGULATIONS

SEC. 107. No provision of law governing procurement or public contracts shall be applicable to the procurement of goods or services necessary for carrying out the provisions of this title. Nothing in this section shall relieve any person entering into a contract under the authority of this title from complying with any law relating to equal employment opportunity.

DISTRIBUTION OF SURCHARGES

SEC. 108. All surcharges which are received by the Secretary from the sale of coins issued under this title shall be promptly paid by the Secretary to the Statue of Liberty-Ellis Island Foundation, Inc. 99 STAT. 115 (hereinafter in this title referred to as the "Foundation"). Such amounts shall be used to restore and renovate the Statue of Liberty and the facilities used for immigration at Ellis Island and to establish an endowment in an amount deemed sufficient by the Foundation, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior, to ensure the continued upkeep and maintenance of these monuments.

AUDITS

SEC. 109. The Comptroller General shall have the right to examine such books, records, documents, and other data of the Foundation as may be related to the expenditure of amounts paid, and the management and expenditures of the endowment established, under section 108.

COINAGE PROFIT FUND

SEC. 110. Notwithstanding any other provision of law—

(1) all amounts received from the sale of coins issued under this title shall be deposited in the coinage profit fund;

(2) the Secretary shall pay the amounts authorized under this title from the coinage profit fund; and

(3) the Secretary shall charge the coinage profit fund with all expenditures under this title.

FINANCIAL ASSURANCES

SEC. 111. (a) The Secretary shall take all actions necessary to ensure that the issuance of the coins authorized by this title shall result in no net cost to the United States Government.

(b) No coin shall be issued under this title unless the Secretary has received—

(1) full payment therefor;

(2) security satisfactory to the Secretary to indemnify the United States for full payment; or

(3) a guarantee of full payment satisfactory to the Secretary from a depository institution whose deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or the National Credit Union Administration Board.

Liberty Coin Act.

TITLE II—LIBERTY COINS

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 201. This title may be cited as the "Liberty Coin Act".

MINTING OF SILVER COINS

SEC. 202. Section 5112 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking out subsections (e) and (f) and inserting in lieu thereof the following new subsections:

"(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary shall mint and issue, in quantities sufficient to meet public demand, coins which—

"(1) are 40.6 millimeters in diameter and weigh 31.103 grams;

"(2) contain .999 fine silver;

"(3) have a design—

99 STAT. 116

"(A) symbolic of Liberty on the obverse side; and

"(B) of an eagle on the reverse side;

"(4) have inscriptions of the year of minting or issuance, and the words 'Liberty', 'In God We Trust', 'United States of America', '1 Oz. Fine Silver', 'E Pluribus Unum', and 'One Dollar'; and

"(5) have reeded edges.

"(f) The Secretary shall sell the coins minted under subsection (e) to the public at a price equal to the market value of the bullion at the time of sale, plus the cost of minting, marketing, and distributing such coins (including labor, materials, dyes, use of machinery, and overhead expenses).

"(g) For purposes of section 5132(a)(1) of this title, all coins minted under subsection (e) of this section shall be considered to be numismatic items.

"(h) The coins issued under this title shall be legal tender as provided in section 5103 of title 31, United States Code.".

PURCHASE OF SILVER

SEC. 203. Section 5116(b) of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the first sentence of paragraph (1), by striking out "The Secretary shall" and inserting in lieu thereof "The Secretary may";

(2) by striking out the second sentence of paragraph (1); and

(3) by inserting after the first sentence of paragraph (2) the following new sentence: "The Secretary shall obtain the silver for the coins authorized under section 5112(e) of this title by purchase from stockpiles established under the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98 et seq.).". *Ante*, p. 115.

CONFORMING AMENDMENT

SEC. 204. The third sentence of section 5132(a)(1) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by inserting "minted under section 5112(a) of this title" after "proof coins".

EFFECTIVE DATE

Effective date.

SEC. 205. This title shall take effect on October 1, 1985, except that no coins may be issued or sold under subsection (e) of section 5112 of title 31, United States Code, before September 1, 1986, or before the date on which all coins minted under title I of this Act have been sold, whichever is earlier. *Ante*, p. 115.

Approved July 9, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 47:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
March 5, considered and passed House.
June 21, considered and passed Senate, amended.
June 24, House concurred in Senate amendments.

Public Law 99-97
99th Congress

99 STAT. 465

An Act

To authorize appropriations for activities under the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974.

Sept. 26, 1985
[S. 818]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 17 of the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974 (15 U.S.C. 2216) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: 98 Stat. 95.

"(f) Except as otherwise specifically provided with respect to the payment of claims under section 11 of this Act, to carry out the purposes of this Act, there is authorized to be appropriated $22,037,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986.". 15 USC 2210.

Approved September 26, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 818:

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-135 (Comm. on Science and Technology).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-30 (Comm. on Commerce, Science, and Transportation).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Apr. 17, considered and passed Senate.
June 24, considered and passed House, amended.
July 31, Senate concurred in House amendment with amendment.
Sept. 17, House concurred in Senate amendment.

99 STAT. 1177

Public Law 99-185
99th Congress

An Act

Dec. 17, 1985
[S. 1639]

To authorize the minting of gold bullion coins.

Gold Bullion Coin Act of 1985. 31 USC 5101 note.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SHORT TITLE

SECTION 1. This Act may be cited as the "Gold Bullion Coin Act of 1985".

MINTING GOLD BULLION COINS

SEC. 2. (a) Section 5112(a) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

"(7) A fifty dollar gold coin that is 32.7 millimeters in diameter, weighs 33.931 grams, and contains one troy ounce of fine gold.

"(8) A twenty-five dollar gold coin that is 27.0 millimeters in diameter, weighs 16.966 grams, and contains one-half troy ounce of fine gold.

"(9) A ten dollar gold coin that is 22.0 millimeters in diameter, weighs 8.483 grams, and contains one-fourth troy ounce of fine gold.

"(10) A five dollar gold coin that is 16.5 millimeters in diameter, weighs 3.393 grams, and contains one-tenth troy ounce of fine gold.".

Ante, p. 115.

(b) Section 5112 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

31 USC 5111.

"(i)(1) Notwithstanding section 5111(a)(1) of this title, the Secretary shall mint and issue the gold coins described in paragraphs (7), (8), (9), and (10) of subsection (a) of this section, in quantities sufficient to meet public demand, and such gold coins shall—

"(A) have a design determined by the Secretary, except that the fifty dollar gold coin shall have—

"(i) on the obverse side, a design symbolic of Liberty; and

"(ii) on the reverse side, a design representing a family of eagles, with the male carrying an olive branch and flying above a nest containing a female eagle and hatchlings;

"(B) have inscriptions of the denomination, the weight of the fine gold content, the year of minting or issuance, and the words 'Liberty', 'In God We Trust', 'United States of America', and 'E Pluribus Unum'; and

"(C) have reeded edges.

Marketing.

"(2)(A) The Secretary shall sell the coins minted under this subsection to the public at a price equal to the market value of the bullion at the time of sale, plus the cost of minting, marketing, and distributing such coins (including labor, materials, dies, use of machinery, and promotional and overhead expenses).

99 STAT. 1178

"(B) The Secretary shall make bulk sales of the coins minted under this subsection at a reasonable discount.

"(3) For purposes of section 5132(a)(1) of this title, all coins minted under this subsection shall be considered to be numismatic items.".

(c) Section 5116(a) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(3) The Secretary shall acquire gold for the coins issued under section 5112(i) of this title by purchase of gold mined from natural deposits in the United States, or in a territory or possession of the United States, within one year after the month in which the ore from which it is derived was mined. The Secretary shall pay not more than the average world price for the gold. In the absence of available supplies of such gold at the average world price, the Secretary may use gold from reserves held by the United States to mint the coins issued under section 5112(i) of this title. The Secretary shall issue such regulations as may be necessary to carry out this paragraph.".

Regulations.

(d) Section 5118(b) of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the first sentence, by striking out "or deliver"; and

(2) in the second sentence, by inserting "(other than gold and silver coins)" before "that may be lawfully held".

(e) The third sentence of section 5132(a)(1) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking out "minted under section 5112(a) of this title" and inserting in lieu thereof "minted under paragraphs (1) through (6) of section 5112(a) of this title".

Ante, p. 116.

(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an amount equal to the amount by which the proceeds from the sale of the coins issued under section 5112(i) of title 31, United States Code, exceed the sum of—

31 USC 5112 note.

(1) the cost of minting, marketing, and distributing such coins, and

Marketing.

(2) the value of gold certificates (not exceeding forty-two and two-ninths dollars a fine troy ounce) retired from the use of gold contained in such coins,

National debt.

shall be deposited in the general fund of the Treasury and shall be used for the sole purpose of reducing the national debt.

(g) The Secretary shall take all actions necessary to ensure that the issuance of the coins minted under section 5112(i) of title 31, United States Code, shall result in no net cost to the United States Government.

31 USC 5112 note.

99 STAT. 1179

EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 3. This Act shall take effect on October 1, 1985, except that no coins may be issued or sold under section 5112(i) of title 31, United States Code, before October 1, 1986.

31 USC 5112 note.
Ante, p. 1177.

Approved December 17, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1639:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Nov. 14, considered and passed Senate.
Dec. 2, considered and passed House.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 21, No. 51 (1985):
Dec. 17, Presidential statement.

Public Law 99-234
99th Congress

99 STAT. 1756

An Act

To amend title 5, United States Code, to revise the authority relating to the payment of subsistence and travel allowances to Government employees for official travel; to prescribe standards for the allowability of the cost of subsistence and travel of contractor personnel under Government contracts; and for other purposes.

Jan. 2, 1986
[S. 1840]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. This Act may be cited as the "Federal Civilian Employee and Contractor Travel Expenses Act of 1985".

Federal Civilian Employee and Contractor Travel Expenses Act of 1985.

TITLE I—TRAVEL EXPENSES OF FEDERAL CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES

SEC. 101. Section 5701(4) of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(4) 'per diem allowance' means a daily payment instead of actual expenses for subsistence and fees or tips to porters and stewards;".

SEC. 102. (a) Section 5702 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking out subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Regulations. 5 USC 5707.

"(a)(1) Under regulations prescribed pursuant to section 5707 of this title, an employee, when traveling on official business away from the employee's designated post of duty, or away from the employee's home or regular place of business (if the employee is described in section 5703 of this title), is entitled to any one of the following:

5 USC 5703.

"(A) a per diem allowance at a rate not to exceed that established by the Administrator of General Services for travel within the continental United States, and by the President or his designee for travel outside the continental United States;

"(B) reimbursement for the actual and necessary expenses of official travel not to exceed an amount established by the Administrator for travel within the continental United States or an amount established by the President or his designee for travel outside the continental United States; or

"(C) a combination of payments described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph.

"(2) Any per diem allowance or maximum amount of reimbursement shall be established, to the extent feasible, by locality.

Regulation.

"(3) For travel consuming less than a full day, the payment prescribed by regulation shall be allocated in such manner as the Administrator may prescribe.

Regulations.

"(b)(1) Under regulations prescribed pursuant to section 5707 of this title, an employee who is described in subsection (a) of this section and who abandons the travel assignment prior to its completion—

Transportation.

99 STAT. 1757

"(A) because of an incapacitating illness or injury which is not due to the employee's own misconduct is entitled to reimbursement for expenses of transportation to the employee's designated post of duty, or home or regular place of business, as the case may be, and to payments pursuant to subsection (a) of this section until that location is reached; or

"(B) because of a personal emergency situation (such as serious illness, injury, or death of a member of the employee's family, or an emergency situation such as fire, flood, or act of God), may be allowed, with the approval of an appropriate official of the agency concerned, reimbursement for expenses of transportation to the employee's designated post of duty, or home or regular place of business, as the case may be, and payments pursuant to subsection (a) of this section until that location is reached.

Regulations. 5 USC 5707.

"(2)(A) Under regulations prescribed pursuant to section 5707 of this title, an employee who is described in subsection (a) of this section and who, with the approval of an appropriate official of the agency concerned, interrupts the travel assignment prior to its completion for a reason specified in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1) of this subsection, may be allowed (subject to the limitation provided in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph)—

"(i) reimbursement for expenses of transportation to the location where necessary medical services are provided or the emergency situation exists,

"(ii) payments pursuant to subsection (a) of this section until that location is reached, and

"(iii) such reimbursement and payments for return to such assignment.

Transportation.

"(B) The reimbursement which an employee may be allowed pursuant to subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall be the employee's actual costs of transportation to the location where necessary medical services are provided or the emergency exists, and return to assignment from such location, less the costs of transportation which the employee would have incurred had such travel begun and ended at the employee's designated post of duty, or home or regular place of business, as the case may be. The payments which an employee may be allowed pursuant to subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall be based on the additional time (if any) which was required for the employee's transportation as a consequence of the transportation's having begun and ended at a location on the travel assignment (rather than at the employee's designated post of duty, or home or regular place of business, as the case may be).

Regulations.
5 USC 5707.

"(3) Subject to the limitations contained in regulations prescribed pursuant to section 5707 of this title, an employee who is described in subsection (a) of this section and who interrupts the travel assignment prior to its completion because of an incapacitating illness or injury which is not due to the employee's own misconduct is entitled to payments pursuant to subsection (a) of this section at the location where the interruption occurred.".

Ante, p. 1756.

(b) Section 5702 of such title is further amended by redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (c).

SEC. 103. (a) Subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 5706 the following new section:

5 USC 5706a.

"§ 5706a. Subsistence and travel expenses for threatened law enforcement personnel

Regulations.
5 USC 5707.

"(a) Under regulations prescribed pursuant to section 5707 of this title, when the life of an employee who serves in a law enforcement, investigative, or similar capacity, or members of such employee's immediate family, is threatened as a result of the employee's assigned duties, the head of the agency concerned may approve appropriate subsistence payments for the employee or members of the employee's family (or both) while occupying temporary living accommodations at or away from the employee's designated post of duty.

99 STAT. 1758

"(b) When a situation described in subsection (a) of this section requires the employee or members of the employee's family (or both) to be temporarily relocated away from the employee's designated post of duty, the head of the agency concerned may approve transportation expenses to and from such alternate location.".

(b) The analysis for chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item pertaining to section 5706 the following new item:

"5706a. Subsistence and travel expenses for threatened law enforcement personnel.".

SEC. 104. Section 5707 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" immediately after "(a)";

(2) by inserting the following at the end of subsection (a):

Regulations.
Effective date.
Ante, pp. 1756, 1757.

"(2) Regulations promulgated to implement section 5702 or 5706a of this title shall be transmitted to the appropriate committees of the Congress and shall not take effect until 30 days after such transmittal."; and

(3) by inserting at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Transportation.

"(c)(1) The Administrator of General Services shall periodically, but at least every 2 years, submit to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget an analysis of estimated total agency payments for such items as travel and transportation of people, average costs and duration of trips, and purposes of official travel; and of estimated total agency payments for employee relocation. This analysis shall be based on a sampling survey of agencies each of which spent more than $5,000,000 during the previous fiscal year on travel and transportation payments, including payments for employee relocation. Agencies shall provide to the Administrator the

necessary information in a format prescribed by the Administrator and approved by the Director.

Expiration.

"(2) The requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection shall expire upon the Administrator's submission of the analysis that includes the fiscal year that ends September 30, 1991.".

SEC. 105. Section 5724a of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "instead of" each place it appears in subsections (a)(1) and (a)(2) and inserting in lieu thereof "or";

Regulations.

(2) by striking out "maximum per diem rates prescribed by or under section 5702 of this title" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "maximum payment permitted under regulations which implement section 5702 of this title"; and

Ante, p. 1756.

(3) by striking out "average daily rates" in subsection (a)(3) and inserting in lieu thereof "daily rates and amounts".

SEC. 106. (a) Subchapter II of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

5 USC 5734.

"§ 5734. Travel, transportation, and relocation expenses of employees transferred from the Postal Service

"Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, officers and employees of the United States Postal Service promoted or transferred under section 1006 of title 39, United States Code, from the Postal Service to an agency (as defined in section 5721 of this title), for permanent duty may be authorized travel, transportation, and relocation expenses and allowances under the same conditions and to the same extent authorized by this subchapter for other transferred employees within the meaning of this chapter.".

99 STAT. 1759

5 USC 5721.

(b) The analysis for chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 5733 the following new item:

"5734. Travel, transportation, and relocation expenses of employees transferred from the Postal Service.".

Regulations.

SEC. 107. (a) Section 7(e) of the Technology Assessment Act of 1972 (2 U.S.C. 476(e)) is amended by striking out "a per diem in lieu of subsistence at not to exceed the rate prescribed in sections 5702 and" and inserting in lieu thereof "payments when traveling on official business at not to exceed the payment prescribed in regulations implementing section 5702 and in".

(b) Section 636(g)(2) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2396(g)) is amended by striking out "5702(c)" and inserting in lieu thereof "5702".

(c) Section 4941(d)(2)(G)(vii) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. 4941(d)(2)(G)(vii)) is amended by striking out "5702(a)" and inserting in lieu thereof "5702".

Regulations.

(d) Section 456(a) of title 28, United States Code, is amended by striking out "a per diem allowance for travel at the rate which the Director establishes not to exceed the maximum per diem allowance fixed by section 5702(a) of title 5, or in accordance with regulations which the Director shall prescribe with the approval of the Judicial Conference of the United States, reimbursement for his actual and necessary expenses of subsistence not in excess of the maximum amount fixed by section 5702 of title 5" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "payments for subsistence expenses at rates or in amounts which the Director establishes, in accordance with regulations which the Director shall prescribe with the approval of the Judicial Conference of the United States and after considering the rates or amounts set by the Administrator of General Services and the President pursuant to section 5702 of title 5".

Ante, p. 1756.

(e) Section 326(b) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking out "rates" and inserting in lieu thereof "rates and amounts".

(f) Section 6 of Public Law 90-67 (42 U.S.C. 2477) is amended by striking out "rates" and inserting in lieu thereof "rates and amounts".

TITLE II—TRAVEL EXPENSES OF GOVERNMENT CONTRACTORS

Sec. 201. The Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"TRAVEL EXPENSES OF GOVERNMENT CONTRACTORS

41 USC 420.

Regulations.

"Sec. 24. Under any contract with any executive agency, costs incurred by contractor personnel for travel, including costs of lodging, other subsistence, and incidental expenses, shall be considered to be reasonable and allowable only to the extent that they do not exceed the rates and amounts set by subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, or by the Administrator of General Services or the President (or his designee) pursuant to any provision of such subchapter. This section shall be implemented in regulations prescribed as a part of the single system of Government-wide procurement regulations as defined in section 4 of this Act.".

99 STAT. 1760

5 USC 5701 *et seq.*

98 Stat. 1195.

42 USC 403.

Study.

Transportation.

Sec. 202. The Administrator for Federal Procurement Policy, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and the Administrator of General Services, shall undertake a study to determine whether limitations should be placed on payments by executive agencies to Government contractors for costs incurred by contractor employees for transportation and relocation. The Administrator for Federal Procurement Policy shall submit within 180 days after the enactment of this Act a report thereon to the appropriate committees of the Congress.

Report.

TITLE III—EFFECTIVE DATE

5 USC 5701 note.

Regulations.

Sec. 301. (a) The Administrator of General Services shall promulgate regulations implementing the amendments made by sections 101, 102, 103, 104, and 106 of this Act not later than 150 days after the date of enactment of this Act. The amendments made by title I of this Act shall take effect on the effective date of such regulations, or 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, whichever occurs first.

(b) The amendments made by section 201 of this Act shall take effect 30 days after the effective date of the amendments made by title I.

Approved January 2, 1986.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1840:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Dec. 19, considered and passed Senate and House.

Public Law 99-120
99th Congress

99 STAT. 502

Joint Resolution

To provide for the temporary extension of certain programs relating to housing and community development, and for other purposes.

Oct. 8, 1985
[H.J. Res. 393]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. EXTENSION OF FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION MORTGAGE INSURANCE PROGRAMS.

(a) Title I Insurance.—Section 2(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "October 1, 1985" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 15, 1985". 12 USC 1703.

(b) General Insurance.—Section 217 of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985". 12 USC 1715h.

(c) Low and Moderate Income Housing Insurance.—Section 221(f) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" in the fifth sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985". 12 USC 1715*l*.

(d) Section 235 Homeownership.—

(1) Assistance payments authority.—Section 235(h)(1) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985". 98 Stat. 2221. 12 USC 1715z.

(2) Insurance authority.—Section 235(m) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985".

(3) Housing stimulus authority.—Section 235(q)(1) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985".

(e) Co-Insurance.—

(1) General authority.—Section 244(d) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985". 98 Stat. 2225. 12 USC 1715z-9.

(2) Rental rehabilitation and development projects.—Section 244(h) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "October 1, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 15, 1985".

(f) Graduated Payment and Indexed Mortgage Insurance.—Section 245(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985". 12 USC 1715z-10.

(g) Reinsurance Contracts.—Section 249(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985". 12 USC 1715z-14.

99 STAT. 503

(h) Armed Services Housing Insurance.—

(1) Civilian employees of armed forces.—Section 809(f) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985". 12 USC 1748h-1.

12 USC 1748h-2.

(2) Defense housing for impacted areas.—Section 810(k) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985".

12 USC 1749bb.

(i) Land Development Insurance.—Section 1002(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985".

12 USC 1749aaa.

(j) Group Practice Facilities Insurance.—Section 1101(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985".

SEC. 2. EXTENSION OF REHABILITATION LOAN AUTHORITY.

42 USC 1452b.

Section 312(h) of the Housing Act of 1964 is amended—

(1) by striking out "September 30, 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985"; and

(2) by striking out "October 1, 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 15, 1985".

SEC. 3. EXTENSION OF RURAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES.

42 USC 1485.

(a) Rental Housing Loan Authority.—Section 515(b)(4) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985".

42 USC 1490.

(b) Rural Area Classification.—Section 520 of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by striking out "the end of fiscal year 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985".

42 USC 1490c.

(c) Mutual and Self-Help Housing Grant and Loan Authority.—Section 523(f) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985".

SEC. 4. EXTENSION OF FLOOD AND CRIME INSURANCE PROGRAMS.

(a) Flood Insurance.—

42 USC 4026.

(1) General authority.—Section 1319 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985".

42 USC 4056.

(2) Emergency implementation.—Section 1336(a) of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985".

42 USC 4101.

(3) Establishment of flood-risk zones.—Section 1360(a)(2) of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985".

12 USC 1749bbb.

(b) Crime Insurance.—Section 1201(b)(1) of the National Housing Act is amended in the matter preceding subparagraph (A)—

(1) by striking out "parts A, C, and D" and inserting in lieu thereof "part A"; and

(2) by inserting after "1985," the following: "and parts C and D shall terminate on November 14, 1985,".

99 STAT. 504

SEC. 5. MISCELLANEOUS EXTENSIONS.

(a) Community Development Block Grant Classifications.—

42 USC 5302.

(1) Metropolitan city.—Section 102(a)(4) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended by striking out "for fiscal years 1984 and 1985" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "through November 14, 1985".

(2) Urban county.—Section 102(a)(6) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended by striking out "for fiscal years 1984 and 1985" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "through November 14, 1985".

12 USC 1701q note.

(b) Section 202 Interest Rate Limitation.—Section 223(a)(2) of the Housing and Urban-Rural Recovery Act of 1983 is amended by striking out "October 1, 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 15, 1985".

(c) Home Mortgage Disclosure Act of 1975.—Section 312 of the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act of 1975 is amended by striking out "October 1, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 15, 1985".

12 USC 2811

SEC. 6. EXTENSIONS OF GARN-ST GERMAIN ACT.

(a) Section 141(a) of the Garn-St Germain Depository Institutions Act of 1982 is amended by striking out "upon the expiration of three years after the date of enactment of this Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "on April 15, 1986".

12 USC 1464 note

(b) Section 206(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "Upon the expiration of three years after the date of enactment of this Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "On April 15, 1986".

12 USC 1729 and note, 1823.

Approved October 8, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 393:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Sept. 20, considered and passed House.
Oct. 2, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Oct. 3, House concurred in Senate amendment.

Public Law 99-156
99th Congress

99 STAT. 815

Joint Resolution

To provide for the temporary extension of certain programs relating to housing and community development, and for other purposes.

Nov. 15, 1985
[H.J. Res. 449]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION MORTGAGE INSURANCE PROGRAMS.

(a) Title I Insurance.—Section 2(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "November 15, 1985" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "December 16, 1985".

Ante, p. 502.
12 USC 1703.

(b) General Insurance.—Section 217 of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

Ante, p. 502.
12 USC 1715h.

(c) Low and Moderate Income Housing Insurance.—Section 221(f) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" in the fifth sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

Ante, p. 502.
12 USC 1715*l*.

(d) Section 235 Homeownership.—

(1) Assistance payments authority.—Section 235(h)(1) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

Ante, p. 502.
12 USC 1715z.

(2) Insurance authority.—Section 235(m) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

(3) Housing stimulus authority.—Section 235(q)(1) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

(e) Co-Insurance.—

(1) General authority.—Section 244(d) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

Ante, p. 502.
12 USC 1715z-9.

(2) RENTAL REHABILITATION AND DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS.—Section 244(h) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "November 15, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "December 16, 1985".

Ante, p. 502.
12 USC 1715z-10.

(f) GRADUATED PAYMENT AND INDEXED MORTGAGE INSURANCE.—Section 245(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

Ante, p. 502.
12 USC 1715z-14.

(g) REINSURANCE CONTRACTS.—Section 249(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

(h) ARMED SERVICES HOUSING INSURANCE.—

Ante, p. 503.
12 USC 1748h-1.

(1) CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES OF ARMED FORCES.—Section 809(f) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

99 STAT. 816

Ante, p. 503.
12 USC 1748h-2.

(2) DEFENSE HOUSING FOR IMPACTED AREAS.—Section 810(k) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

Ante, p. 503.
12 USC 1749bb.

(i) LAND DEVELOPMENT INSURANCE.—Section 1002(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

Ante, p. 503.
12 USC 1749aaa.

(j) GROUP PRACTICE FACILITIES INSURANCE.—Section 1101(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

SEC. 2. EXTENSION OF REHABILITATION LOAN AUTHORITY.

Ante, p. 503.
42 USC 1452b.

Section 312(h) of the Housing Act of 1964 is amended—

(1) by striking out "November 14, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985"; and

(2) by striking out "November 15, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 16, 1985".

SEC. 3. EXTENSION OF RURAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES.

Ante, p. 503.
42 USC 1485.

(a) RENTAL HOUSING LOAN AUTHORITY.—Section 515(b)(4) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

Ante, p. 503.
42 USC 1490.

(b) RURAL AREA CLASSIFICATION.—Section 520 of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

Ante, p. 503.
42 USC 1490c.

(c) MUTUAL AND SELF-HELP HOUSING GRANT AND LOAN AUTHORITY.—Section 523(f) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

SEC. 4. EXTENSION OF FLOOD AND CRIME INSURANCE PROGRAMS.

(a) FLOOD INSURANCE.—

Ante, p. 503.
42 USC 4026.

(1) GENERAL AUTHORITY.—Section 1319 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

Ante, p. 503.
42 USC 4056.

(2) EMERGENCY IMPLEMENTATION.—Section 1336(a) of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

Ante, p. 503.
42 USC 4101.

(3) ESTABLISHMENT OF FLOOD-RISK ZONES.—Section 1360(a)(2) of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

Ante, p. 503.
12 USC 1749bbb.

(b) CRIME INSURANCE.—Section 1201(b)(1) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" in the matter preceding subparagraph (A) and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

SEC. 5. MISCELLANEOUS EXTENSIONS.

(a) COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT CLASSIFICATIONS.—

(1) METROPOLITAN CITY.—Section 102(a)(4) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

Ante, p. 504.
42 USC 5302.

99 STAT. 817

(2) URBAN COUNTY.—Section 102(a)(6) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

Ante, p. 504.

(b) SECTION 202 INTEREST RATE LIMITATION.—Section 223(a)(2) of the Housing and Urban-Rural Recovery Act of 1983 is amended by striking out "November 15, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 16, 1985".

Ante, p. 504.
12 USC 1701q note.

(c) HOME MORTGAGE DISCLOSURE ACT OF 1975.—Section 312 of the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act of 1975 is amended by striking out "November 15, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 16, 1985".

Ante, p. 504.
12 USC 2811.

Approved November 15, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 449:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Nov. 14, considered and passed House and Senate.

Public Law 99-219
99th Congress

99 STAT. 1730

Joint Resolution

To provide for the temporary extension of certain programs relating to housing and community development, and for other purposes.

Dec. 26, 1985
[H.J. Res. 495]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. EXTENSION OF FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION MORTGAGE INSURANCE PROGRAMS.

(a) TITLE I INSURANCE.—Section 2(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "prior to December 16, 1985" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "not later than March 17, 1986".

Ante, p. 815.
12 USC 1703.

(b) GENERAL INSURANCE.—Section 217 of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986".

Ante, p. 815.
12 USC 1715h.

(c) LOW AND MODERATE INCOME HOUSING INSURANCE.—Section 221(f) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" in the fifth sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986".

Ante, p. 815.
12 USC 1715*l*.

(d) SECTION 235 HOMEOWNERSHIP.—

(1) ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS AUTHORITY.—Section 235(h)(1) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986".

Ante, p. 815.
12 USC 1715z.

(2) INSURANCE AUTHORITY.—Section 235(m) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986".

(3) HOUSING STIMULUS AUTHORITY.—Section 235(q)(1) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986".

(e) Co-Insurance.—

(1) General authority.—Section 244(d) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986". *Ante*, p. 815. 12 USC 1715z-9.

(2) Rental rehabilitation and development projects.—Section 244(h) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "on or after December 16, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "after March 17, 1986".

(f) Graduated Payment and Indexed Mortgage Insurance.—Section 245(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986". *Ante*, p. 815. 12 USC 1715z-10.

(g) Reinsurance Contracts.—Section 249(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986". *Ante*, p. 815. 12 USC 1715z-14.

(h) Armed Services Housing Insurance.—

(1) Civilian employees of armed forces.—Section 809(f) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986". *Ante*, p. 815. 12 USC 1748h-1.

99 STAT. 1731

(2) Defense housing for impacted areas.—Section 810(k) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986". *Ante*, p. 816. 12 USC 1748h-2.

(i) Land Development Insurance.—Section 1002(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986". *Ante*, p. 816. 12 USC 1749bb.

(j) Group Practice Facilities Insurance.—Section 1101(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986". *Ante*, p. 816. 12 USC 1749aaa.

SEC. 2. EXTENSION OF REHABILITATION LOAN AUTHORITY.

Section 312(h) of the Housing Act of 1964 is amended— *Ante*, p. 816. 42 USC 1452b.

(1) by striking out "December 15, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986"; and

(2) by striking out "prior to December 16, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "on or before such date".

SEC. 3. EXTENSION OF RURAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES.

(a) Rental Housing Loan Authority.—Section 515(b)(4) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986". *Ante*, p. 816. 42 USC 1485.

(b) Rural Area Classification.—Section 520 of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986". *Ante*, p. 816. 42 USC 1490.

(c) Mutual and Self-Help Housing Grant and Loan Authority.—Section 523(f) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986". *Ante*, p. 816. 42 USC 1490c.

SEC. 4. EXTENSION OF FLOOD AND CRIME INSURANCE PROGRAMS.

(a) Flood Insurance.—

(1) General authority.—Section 1319 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986". *Ante*, p. 816. 42 USC 4026.

(2) Emergency implementation.—Section 1336(a) of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986". *Ante*, p. 816. 42 USC 4056.

(3) Establishment of flood-risk zones.—Section 1360(a)(2) of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986". *Ante*, p. 816. 42 USC 4101.

(b) Crime Insurance.—Section 1201(b)(1) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" in the matter preceding subparagraph (A) and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986".

Ante, p. 816.
12 USC 1749bbb

SEC. 5. MISCELLANEOUS EXTENSIONS.

(a) Community Development Block Grant Classifications.—

(1) Metropolitan city.—Section 102(a)(4) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986".

Ante, p. 816.
42 USC 5302.

99 STAT. 1732

(2) Urban county.—Section 102(a)(6) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 is amended by striking out "December 15, 1985" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986".

Ante, p. 817.
42 USC 5302.

(b) Section 202 Interest Rate Limitation.—Section 223(a)(2) of the Housing and Urban-Rural Recovery Act of 1983 is amended by striking out "prior to December 16, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "not later than March 17, 1986".

Ante, p. 817.
12 USC 1701q note.

(c) Home Mortgage Disclosure Act of 1975.—Section 312 of the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act of 1975 is amended by striking out "December 16, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "March 17, 1986".

Ante, p. 817.
12 USC 2811.

Approved December 26, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 495:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Dec. 19, considered and passed House.
Dec. 20, considered and passed Senate.

INTERIOR ACTS

Public Law 99-89
99th Congress

99 STAT. 379

An Act

To amend title XI of the Education Amendments of 1978, relating to Indian education programs.

Aug. 15, 1985
[H.R. 2908]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Indian Education Technical Amendments Act of 1985.
25 USC 2001 note.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; REFERENCE.

(a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the "Indian Education Technical Amendments Act of 1985".

(b) Reference.—References in this Act to "the Act" refer to the Education Amendments of 1978.

SEC. 2. STANDARDS FOR THE BASIC EDUCATION OF INDIAN CHILDREN IN BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS SCHOOLS.

(a) Establishment of Standards.—Section 1121(d) of the Act (25 U.S.C. 2001(d)) is amended—

98 Stat. 2391.

(1) by striking out "thereafter" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof ", within 60 days thereafter,"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentences: "Such revised standards shall be established by the Secretary unless such standards are specifically rejected by the Secretary for good cause and the Secretary notifies each affected tribe and local school board in writing of such rejection. Such rejection shall be final and not reviewable.".

(b) Implementation of Standards.—Section 1121(e) of the Act is amended—

98 Stat. 2392.

(1) by striking out "Within two years" and all that follows through "Education Assistance Act" in paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Within two years after the date of enactment of the Indian Education Technical Amendments Act of 1985, or two years after the date of the initial contract for the provision of educational services under the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act, whichever is later,";

25 USC 450 note.

Contracts.

(2) by adding at the end of paragraph (2) the following: "The Secretary shall not rescind or fail to renew a contract because of this paragraph until at least one year after notifying the school of a failure to comply. During such one-year period, the Secretary shall render technical assistance to aid the school to comply."; and

(3) by striking out paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Contracts.

"(3) Within one year of the date of the enactment of the Indian Education Technical Amendments Act of 1985, the Bureau shall, either directly or through contract with an Indian organization, establish a consistent system of reporting standards for fiscal control and fund accounting for all contract schools. Such standards shall yield data results comparable to those used by Bureau schools.".

99 STAT. 380

(c) Personnel Actions.—Section 1121(f) of the Act is amended by striking out the last sentence.

98 Stat. 2392.
25 USC 2001.

98 Stat. 2392.

(d) CLOSING, CONSOLIDATION, AND CURTAILMENT.—Section 1121(g) of the Act is amended—

Schools and colleges.

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking out "no school operated by the Bureau of Indian Affairs on January 1, 1984, may be closed or its program curtailed" and inserting in lieu thereof "no school or peripheral dormitory operated by the Bureau of Indian Affairs on or after the date of enactment of the Indian Education Technical Amendments Act of 1985 may be closed or consolidated or have its program substantially curtailed";

(2) by adding at the end of such paragraph the following new sentence: "The requirements of this subsection shall not apply when a temporary closure, consolidation, or substantial curtailment is required by plant conditions which constitute an immediate hazard to health and safety.";

(3) in paragraph (2) by striking out "closing or consolidation" and inserting in lieu thereof "closing, consolidation, or substantial curtailment"; and

(4) by striking out paragraphs (3), (4), and (5) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(3) Such standards and procedures shall require that whenever closure, consolidation, or substantial curtailment of a school is under active consideration or review by any division of the Bureau or the Department of the Interior, the affected tribe, tribal governing body, and designated local school board will be notified as soon as such consideration or review begins, kept fully and currently informed, and afforded an opportunity to comment with respect to such consideration or review. When a formal decision is made to close, consolidate, or substantially curtail a school, the affected tribe, tribal governing body, and designated local school board shall be notified at least 6 months prior to the end of the school year preceding the proposed effective date. Copies of any such notices and information shall be transmitted promptly to the Congress and published in the Federal Register.

Federal Register, publication.

Report.

"(4) The Secretary shall make a report to Congress, the affected tribe, and the designated local school board describing the process of the active consideration or review referred to in paragraph (3). At a minimum, the report shall include a study of the impact of such action on the student population, with every effort to identify those students with particular educational and social needs, and to insure that alternative services are available to such students. Such report shall include the description of the consultation conducted between the potential service provider, current service provider, parents, tribal representative and the tribe or tribes involved, and the Director of the Office of Indian Education Programs within the Bureau regarding such students. No irreversible action may be taken in furtherance of any such proposed school closure, consolidation, or substantial curtailment (including any action which would prejudice the personnel or programs of such school) until the end of the first full academic year after such report is made.".

SEC. 3. SCHOOL BOUNDARIES.

98 Stat. 2393.
25 USC 2004.

Section 1124(b) of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"(b) On or after the date of enactment of the Indian Education Technical Amendments Act of 1985, no attendance area shall be changed or established with respect to any such school unless the tribal governing body or the local school board (if so designated by the tribal governing body) has been (i) afforded at least six months notice of the intention of the Bureau to change or establish such attendance area, and (ii) given the opportunity to propose alternative boundaries. Any tribe may petition the Secretary for revision of existing attendance area boundaries. The Secretary shall accept such proposed alternative or revised boundaries unless the Secretary finds, after consultation with the affected tribe or tribes, that such revised boundaries do not reflect the needs of the Indian students to be served or do not provide adequate stability to all of the affected programs.".

99 STAT. 381

SEC. 4. BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS EDUCATION FUNCTIONS.

98 Stat. 2393

Contracts

(a) COORDINATION.—Section 1126(b) of the Act (25 U.S.C. 2006(b)) is amended by striking out the second and third sentences and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "The Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs shall provide for the adequate coordination between the affected Bureau Offices and the Office to facilitate the consideration of all contract functions relating to education, except that the Secretary shall review the applications for the new school starts which were filed with the Bureau before October 1, 1984, under the rules and guidelines in effect on the date the application was filed. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to require the provision of separate support services for Indian education.".

98 Stat. 2394

(b) FACILITIES.—Section 1126(d) of the Act is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (A), by striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (B) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and", and by inserting after subparagraph (B) the following new subparagraph:

"(C) including a 5-year plan for capital improvements.";

(2) by striking out the second sentence of paragraph (2);

(3) by striking out "the allocation" in paragraph (2)(C) and inserting in lieu thereof "a notice of an allocation";

(4) in paragraph (2), by striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (B), by striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (C) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and", and by inserting after subparagraph (C) the following new subparagraph:

"(D) a system for the conduct of routine preventive maintenance.";

(5) by striking out "expended or transferred" in the next to last sentence of paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "authorized for expenditure";

(6) by striking out paragraph (3) and redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (3); and

(7) in paragraph (3), as so redesignated, by striking out "Indian Education Amendments of 1984" and inserting in lieu thereof "Indian Education Technical Amendments Act of 1985".

SEC. 5. ALLOTMENT FORMULA.

98 Stat. 2394.

(a) SPECIAL COST FACTORS.—Section 1128(a)(2) of the Act (25 U.S.C. 2008(a)(2)) is amended—

(1) by inserting "and" at the end of subparagraph (G);

(2) by striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (H); and

(3) by striking out subparagraph (I).

99 STAT. 382

98 Stat. 2395.
25 USC 2008.

(b) SEPARATE FUND FOR EMPLOYEE COSTS.—Section 1128(e) of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"(e) Supplemental appropriations enacted to meet increased pay costs attributable to school level personnel shall be distributed under this section.".

SEC. 6. UNIFORM DIRECT FUNDING AND SUPPORT.

98 Stat. 2395.

(a) AVAILABILITY OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section 1129(a) of the Act (25 U.S.C. 2009(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking out "this section" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "section 1128";

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively;

(3) by adding at the end of paragraph (1) the following new sentence: "Amounts appropriated for distribution under this section may be made available under paragraph (2) or under paragraph (3), as provided in the appropriation Act.";

(4) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:

Funds.
Ante, p. 381.

"(2)(A) For the purpose of affording adequate notice of funding available pursuant to the allotments made by section 1128, amounts appropriated in the appropriations Act for any fiscal year shall become available for obligation by the affected schools on October 1 of the fiscal year for which they are appropriated without further action by the Secretary, and shall remain available through six months of the succeeding fiscal year. In order to effect the transition to the advance funding method of distribution described in the preceding sentence, there are authorized to be appropriated, in an appropriations Act or Acts for the same fiscal year, two separate appropriations for such allotments, the first of which shall not be subject to the preceding sentence.

"(B) The Secretary shall, on the basis of the amount appropriated in accordance with this paragraph—

"(i) publish, on July 1 preceding the fiscal year for which the funds are appropriated, allotments to each affected school made under section 1128 of 75 per centum of such appropriations, based on the school's student count for the preceding academic year; and

"(ii) publish no later than November 1 of the fiscal year for which funds are appropriated the allotments to be made from the remaining 25 per centum, adjusted to reflect actual student count, such funds to be immediately available for obligation by the affected schools.";

(5) by striking out "Notwithstanding any law" in paragraph (4) (as redesignated by paragraph (1) of this subsection) and inserting in lieu thereof "Pursuant to guidelines established by the Assistant Secretary, notwithstanding any law";

(6) by striking out "expend no more than 10 percent" in such paragraph and inserting in lieu thereof "expend no more than $25,000 annually"; and

(7) by striking out "with or" in such paragraph.

98 Stat. 2396.

(b) Use of Self-Determination Grants.—Section 1129(c) of the Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "shall institute a program" and inserting

99 STAT. 383

in lieu thereof "may approve applications"; and

(2) by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "from funds appropriated pursuant to section 104(a) of such Act".

SEC. 7. ANNUAL REPORTING.

98 Stat. 2397.

Section 1136(b) of the Act (25 U.S.C. 2016(b)) is amended by striking out "the Bureau, the Office, and".

SEC. 8. VOLUNTARY SERVICES.

98 Stat. 2398.

Section 1140 of the Act (25 U.S.C. 2020) is amended—

(1) by striking out "an officer or employee of the Bureau or the Office" and inserting in lieu thereof "the Secretary";

(2) by striking out "and contract"; and

(3) by adding the following at the end thereof: "An individual providing volunteer services under this section is a Federal employee only for purposes of chapter 81 of title 5, United States Code, and chapter 171 of title 28, United States Code.".

5 USC 8101 *et seq.* 28 USC 2671 *et seq.*

SEC. 9. ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.

(a) Redesignation and Repeal.—The Act is further amended—

98 Stat. 2398. 25 USC 2021, 2022.

(1) by redesignating sections 1141 and 1142 as (as added by the Education Amendments of 1984) as sections 1140A and 1140B, respectively; and

98 Stat. 2398. 25 USC 2023.

(2) by striking section 1143 (as added by such Amendments).

25 USC 2021.

(b) Proration of Pay.—Section 1140A(a) of the Act (as so redesignated) is amended—

(1) by inserting "including laws relating to dual compensation," after "provision of law,"; and

(2) by inserting ", including benefits under unemployment or other Federal or federally-assisted programs," after "pay or benefits".

(c) EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES.—Section 1140B of the Act (as so redesignated) is amended— 25 USC 2022

(1) by striking out "Secretary shall provide" in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary may provide, for each Bureau area,";

(2) by striking out subsection (b); and

(3) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as subsections (b) and (c), respectively.

SEC. 10. EFFECTIVE DATES. 25 USC 2001 note

(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b) but notwithstanding any other provision of law, the amendments made by this Act and by the Indian Education Amendments of 1984 to title XI of the Education Amendments of 1978 shall be effective on the date of enactment of this Act and shall apply with respect to any expenditure of funds for the operation or support of Bureau of Indian Affairs schools and Indian controlled contract schools for school years beginning after August 1, 1985.

98 Stat. 2391
25 USC 2001 note

99 STAT. 384

(b) EXCEPTION.—The amendments made by sections 504, 505, and 506 of the Indian Education Amendments of 1984 shall be effective on October 1, 1985.

98 Stat. 2393-2395.
25 USC 2006, 2008, 2009

Approved August 15, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2908 (S. 1398):

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-231 (Comm. on Education and Labor)
SENATE REPORT No. 99-116 accompanying S. 1398 (Comm. on Indian Affairs)
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
July 29, considered and passed House.
July 30, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 99-187
99th Congress

99 STAT. 1181

An Act

To amend the Act of October 15, 1982, entitled "An Act to designate the Mary McLeod Bethune Council House in Washington, District of Columbia, as a national historic site, and for other purposes".

Dec. 18, 1985
[S. 1116]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. BETHUNE MUSEUM AND ARCHIVES.

(a) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT.—Section 3 of the Act of October 15, 1982, entitled "An Act to designate the Mary McLeod Bethune Council House in Washington, District of Columbia, as a national historic site, and for other purposes" (96 Stat. 1615; 16 U.S.C. 461 note), is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 3. In furtherance of the purposes of this Act and the Act of August 21, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 461-7), the Secretary of the Interior is authorized and directed to enter into cooperative agreements with the Bethune Museum and Archives. Such agreements may include provisions by which the Secretary will provide technical assistance to mark, restore, interpret, operate, and maintain the historic site and may also include provisions by which the Secretary will provide financial assistance to mark, interpret, and restore the historic site. Such agreement may also contain provisions that—

Historic preservation.

"(1) the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the National

Park Service, shall have right of access at all reasonable times to all public portions of the property covered by such agreement for the purpose of conducting visitors through such properties and interpreting them to the public; and

"(2) no changes or alterations shall be made in such properties except by mutual agreement between the Secretary and the other parties to such agreements.

No limitation or control of any kind over the use of such properties customarily used for the purposes of the Bethune Museum and Archives shall be imposed by any such agreement.".

(b) ANNUAL REPORT.—Section 4 of such Act is amended by striking out "National Council of Negro Women" and inserting in lieu thereof "Bethune Museum and Archives".

SEC. 2. AUTHORIZATION.

Section 5 of the Act of October 15, 1982, entitled "An Act to designate the Mary McLeod Bethune Council House in Washington, District of Columbia, as a national historic site, and for other purposes" (96 Stat. 1615; 16 U.S.C. 461 note) is amended to read as follows:

"ASSISTANCE

Appropriation authorization.

"SEC. 5. (a) OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE.—For purposes of carrying out the cooperative agreement under section 3, there is authorized to be appropriated for operation and maintenance of the historic site, not more than $100,000 for the fiscal year 1987, $110,000 for the fiscal year 1988, and $120,000 for the fiscal year 1989.

99 STAT. 1182

Public buildings and grounds. Historic preservation.

"(b) MATCHING GRANTS.—In addition to sums authorized to be appropriated under subsection (a), there is authorized to be appropriated for purposes of making grants to the Bethune Museum and Archives for purposes of building repair and improvement and for protection of the archives not more than $300,000. Grants to the Bethune Museum and Archives under this subsection shall cover not more than 50 per centum of the costs of such building repair and improvement and archive protection. The remaining share shall be borne by the Bethune Museum and Archives with such non-Federal funds and documented services as are satisfactory to the Secretary. Sums authorized to be appropriated under this subsection shall remain available until expended.".

SEC. 3. DEFINITION.

96 Stat. 1615. 16 USC 461 note.

Such Act is further amended by adding the following new section at the end thereof:

"REFERENCE TO BETHUNE MUSEUM AND ARCHIVES

"SEC. 6. Any reference in this Act to the 'Bethune Museum and Archives' shall be treated as a reference to the Mary McLeod Bethune Museum of the National Council of Negro Women, Incorporated.".

SEC. 4. COMPLIANCE WITH BUDGET ACT.

Effective date.

2 USC 1562.

Any provision of this Act (or any amendment made by this Act) which directly or indirectly authorizes the enactment of new budget authority described in section 402(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 shall be effective only after September 30, 1986.

Approved December 18, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1116 (H.R. 1391):

SENATE REPORT No. 99-181 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Dec. 3, considered and passed Senate.
Dec. 9, considered and passed House.

Public Law 99-191
99th Congress

An Act

Relating to the authorization of appropriations for certain components of the National Wildlife Refuge System.

Dec. 19, 1985
[H.R. 1789]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. BON SECOUR NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE.

Section 5(1) of the Act entitled "An Act to establish the Bon Secour National Wildlife Refuge", approved June 9, 1980 (Public Law 96-267, 94 Stat. 484) is amended to read as follows:

"(1) $15,300,000 for the period beginning October 1, 1985, for the acquisition of the refuge; and".

SEC. 2. TENSAS RIVER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE.

Section 5 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish the Tensas River National Wildlife Refuge", approved June 28, 1980 (Public Law 96-285, 94 Stat. 597) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 5. For purposes of carrying out this Act, there are authorized to be appropriated—

"(1) beginning October 1, 1985, not to exceed $10,000,000 to the Department of the Interior; and

"(2) beginning October 1, 1980, not to exceed $40,000,000 to the Department of the Army.

These sums are to remain available until expended.".

SEC. 3. BOGUE CHITTO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE.

Section 5 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish the Bogue Chitto National Wildlife Refuge", approved June 28, 1980 (Public Law 96-288, 94 Stat. 604) is amended—

(1) by striking out "beginning October 1, 1980";

(2) by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

"(a) beginning October 1, 1985, $10,000,000 for the acquisition of lands and interests therein, to remain available until expended; and"; and

(3) by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

"(b) $1,000,000 for construction of the refuge headquarters and boat launching facilities and the accomplishment of boundary surveys, to remain available until expended.".

99 STAT. 1328

SEC. 4. TINICUM NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL CENTER.

Section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for additional authorization of appropriations for the Tinicum National Environmental Center", approved July 25, 1980 (Public Law 96-315, 94 Stat. 957) is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "expended".

Approved December 19, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1789 (S. 1354):

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-100 (Comm. on Merchant Marine and Fisheries).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
July 29, considered and passed House.
Dec. 5, considered and passed Senate.

99 STAT. 1770

Public Law 99-239
99th Congress

Joint Resolution

Jan. 14, 1986
[H.J. Res. 187]

To approve the "Compact of Free Association", and for other purposes.

Compact of Free Association Act of 1985. Micronesia. Marshall Islands. 48 USC 1681 note. 59 Stat. 1031.

Whereas the United States, in accordance with the Trusteeship Agreement, the Charter of the United Nations and the objectives of the international trusteeship system, has promoted the development of the peoples of the Trust Territory toward self-government or independence as appropriate to the particular circumstances of the Trust Territory and its peoples and the freely expressed wishes of the peoples concerned; and

Whereas the United States, in response to the desires of the peoples of the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands expressed through their freely-elected representatives and by the official pronouncements and enactments of their lawfully constituted governments, and in consideration of its own obligations under the Trusteeship Agreement to promote self-determination, entered into political status negotiations with representatives of the peoples of the Federated States of Micronesia, and the Marshall Islands; and

Whereas these negotiations resulted in the "Compact of Free Association" which, together with its related agreements, was signed by the United States and by the Federated States of Micronesia and the Republic of the Marshall Islands on October 1, 1982 and June 25, 1983, respectively; and

Whereas the Compact of Free Association was approved by majorities of the peoples of the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands in United Nations-observed plebiscites conducted on June 21, 1983 and September 7, 1983, respectively; and

Whereas the Compact of Free Association has been approved by the Governments of the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands in accordance with their respective constitutional processes, thus completing fully for the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands their domestic approval processes with respect to the Compact as contemplated in Compact Section 411: Now, therefore, be it

Post, p. 1827.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE AND TABLE OF CONTENTS.

48 USC 1681 note.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This joint resolution, together with the Table of Contents in subsection (b) of this section, may be cited as the "Compact of Free Association Act of 1985".

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this joint resolution is as follows:

TITLE I—APPROVAL OF COMPACT; INTERPRETATION OF, AND UNITED STATES POLICIES REGARDING, COMPACT; SUPPLEMENTAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 101. Approval of Compact of Free Association.
  (a) Federated States of Micronesia.
  (b) Marshall Islands.

99 STAT. 1771

  (c) Reference to the Compact.
  (d) Amendment, Change, or Termination in the Compact and Certain Agreements.
  (e) Subsidiary Agreements Deemed Bilateral.
  (f) Effective Date.
Sec. 102. Agreements With Federated States of Micronesia.
  (a) Law Enforcement Assistance.
  (b) Economic Development Plans Review Process.
  (c) Agreement on Audits.
Sec. 103. Agreements With and Other Provisions Related to the Marshall Islands.
  (a) Law Enforcement Assistance.
  (b) Economic Development Plans Review Process.
  (c) Ejit.
  (d) Kwajalein Payments.

- (e) Section 177 Agreement.
- (f) Nuclear Test Effects.
- (g) Espousal Provisions.
- (h) DOE Radiological Health Care Program; USDA Agricultural and Food Programs.
- (i) Rongelap.
- (j) Four Atoll Health Care Program.
- (k) Enjebi Community Trust Fund.
- (l) Bikini Atoll Cleanup.
- (m) Agreement on Audits.

Sec. 104. Interpretation of and United States Policy Regarding Compact of Free Association.
- (a) Human Rights.
- (b) Immigration.
- (c) Nonalienation of Lands.
- (d) Nuclear Waste Disposal.
- (e) Impact of Compact on U.S. Areas.
- (f) Fisheries Management.
- (g) Foreign Loans.

Sec. 105. Supplemental Provisions.
- (a) Domestic Program Requirements.
- (b) Relations With the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands.
- (c) Continuing Trust Territory Authorization.
- (d) Medical Referral Debts.
- (e) Survivability.
- (f) Registration for Agents of Micronesian Governments.
- (g) Noncompliance Sanctions.
- (h) Continuing Programs and Laws.
- (i) College of Micronesia; Education Programs.
- (j) Trust Territory Debts to U.S. Federal Agencies.
- (k) Use of DOD Medical Facilities.
- (l) Technical Assistance.
- (m) Prior Service Benefits Program.
- (n) Indefinite Land Use Payments.
- (o) Communicable Disease Control Program.
- (p) Trust Funds.
- (q) Annual Reports on Determinations Under Compact Section 313.
- (r) User Fees.

Sec. 106. Construction Contract Assistance.
- (a) Assistance to U.S. Firms.
- (b) Authorization.

Sec. 107. Limitations.
- (a) Prohibition.
- (b) Termination.

Sec. 108. Transitional Immigration Rules.
- (a) Citizen of Northern Mariana Islands.
- (b) Termination.

Sec. 109. Timing.

Sec. 110. Implementation of Audit Agreements.
- (a) Transmission of Annual Financial Statement.
- (b) Annual Audits By the President.
- (c) Authority of GAO.

Sec. 111. Compensatory Adjustments.
- (a) Additional Programs and Services.
- (b) Investment Development Funds.
- (c) Board of Advisors.
- (d) Further Amounts.

99 STAT. 1772

TITLE II—COMPACT OF FREE ASSOCIATION

Sec. 201. Compact of Free Association.

Title One—Governmental Relations

- **Article I—Self-Government.**
- **Article II—Foreign Affairs.**
- **Article III—Communications.**
- **Article IV—Immigration.**
- **Article V—Representation.**
- **Article VI—Environmental Protection.**
- **Article VII—General Legal Provisions.**

Title Two—Economic Relations

- **Article I—Grant Assistance.**
- **Article II—Program Assistance.**
- **Article III—Administrative Provisions.**
- **Article IV—Trade.**
- **Article V—Finance and Taxation.**

Title Three—Security and Defense Relations

- Article I—Authority and Responsibility.
- Article II—Defense Facilities and Operating Rights.
- Article III—Defense Treaties and International Security Agreements.
- Article IV—Service in Armed Forces of the United States.
- Article V—General Provisions.

Title Four—General Provisions

- Article I—Approval and Effective Date.
- Article II—Conference and Dispute Resolution.
- Article III—Amendment.
- Article IV—Termination.
- Article V—Survivability.
- Article VI—Definition of Terms.
- Article VII—Concluding Provisions.

Sec. 202. Jurisdiction.

TITLE III—PACIFIC POLICY REPORTS

- Sec. 301. Findings.
- Sec. 302. Reports.
  - (a) Submission.
  - (b) Contents.
- Sec. 303. Conference.
  - (a) Meeting.
  - (b) Participants.
  - (c) Written Comments.
- Sec. 304. Administrative Matters.
  - (a) Administrative Support.
  - (b) Authorization of Appropriations.

TITLE IV—CLARIFICATION OF CERTAIN TRADE AND TAX PROVISIONS OF THE COMPACT

- Sec. 401. Freely Associated States Tariff Treatment.
  - (a) Section 242.
  - (b) Section 243.
- Sec. 402. Construction of Section 253 of the Compact.
- Sec. 403. Construction of Section 254 of the Compact.
- Sec. 404. Construction of Section 255 of the Compact.
- Sec. 405. The Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia Treated as North American Area.
- Sec. 406. Effective Date.
- Sec. 407. Study of Tax Provisions.
- Sec. 408. Coordination With Other Provisions.

TITLE V—COMPACT OF FREE ASSOCIATION WITH PALAU

- Sec. 501. Approval In Principle of the Compact.
- Sec. 502. Modifications of the Compact.

99 STAT. 1773

TITLE I—APPROVAL OF COMPACT; INTERPRETATION OF, AND U.S. POLICIES REGARDING, COMPACT; SUPPLEMENTAL PROVISIONS

48 USC 1681 note.

SECTION 101. APPROVAL OF COMPACT OF FREE ASSOCIATION.

(a) FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA.—The Compact of Free Association set forth in title II of this joint resolution between the United States and the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia is hereby approved, and Congress hereby consents to the subsidiary agreements as set forth on pages 115 through 391 of House Document 98-192 of March 30, 1984, as they relate to such Government. Subject to the provisions of this joint resolution, the President is authorized to agree, in accordance with section 411 of the Compact, to an effective date for and thereafter to implement such Compact, having taken into account any procedures with respect to the United Nations for termination of the Trusteeship Agreement.

President of U.S.

Post, p. 1827.

(b) MARSHALL ISLANDS.—The Compact of Free Association set forth in title II of this joint resolution between the United States and the Government of the Marshall Islands is hereby approved, and Congress hereby consents to the subsidiary agreements as set forth on pages 115 through 391 of House Document 98-192 of March

President of U.S.

30, 1984, as they relate to such Government. Subject to the provisions of this joint resolution, the President is authorized to agree, in accordance with section 411 of the Compact, to an effective date for and thereafter to implement such Compact, having taken into account any procedures with respect to the United Nations for termination of the Trusteeship Agreement.

(c) Reference to the Compact.—Any reference in this joint resolution to "the Compact" shall be treated as a reference to the Compact of Free Association set forth in title II of this joint resolution.

(d) Amendment, Change, or Termination in the Compact and Certain Agreements.—(1) Mutual agreement by the Government of the United States as provided in the Compact which results in amendment, change, or termination of all or any part thereof shall be effected only by Act of Congress and no unilateral action by the Government of the United States provided for in the Compact, and having such result, may be effected other than by Act of Congress.

(2) The provisions of paragraph (1) shall apply—

(A) to all actions of the Government of the United States under the Compact including, but not limited to, actions taken pursuant to sections 431, 432, 441, or 442; *Post*, p. 1829.

(B) to any amendment, change, or termination in the Agreement between the Government of the United States and the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia Regarding Friendship, Cooperation and Mutual Security Concluded Pursuant to Sections 321 and 323 of the Compact of Free Association referred to in section 462(j) of the Compact and the Agreement between the Government of the United States and the Government of the Marshall Islands Concerning Mutual Security Concluded Pursuant to Sections 321 and 323 of the Compact of Free Association referred to in section 462(k) of the Compact; *Post*, p. 1833.

(C) to any amendment, change, or termination of the agreements concluded pursuant to Compact sections 175, 177, and

99 STAT. 1774

221(a)(5), the terms of which are incorporated by reference into the Compact; and *Post*, pp. 1812, 1816.

(D) to the following subsidiary agreements, or portions thereof:

(i) Article II of the agreement referred to in section 462(a) of the Compact; *Post*, p. 1833.

(ii) Article II of the agreement referred to in section 462(b) of the Compact;

(iii) Article II and Section 7 of Article XI of the agreement referred to in section 462(e) of the Compact;

(iv) the agreement referred to in section 462(f) of the Compact;

(v) Articles III and IV of the agreement referred to in section 462(g) of the Compact;

(vi) Articles III and IV of the agreement referred to in section 462(h) of the Compact; and

(vii) Articles VI, XV, and XVII of the agreement referred to in section 462(i) of the Compact.

(e) Subsidiary Agreements Deemed Bilateral.—For purposes of implementation of the Compact and this joint resolution, each of the subsidiary agreements referred to in subsections (a) and (b) (whether or not bilateral in form) shall be deemed to be bilateral agreements between the United States and each other party to such subsidiary agreement. The consent or concurrence of any other party shall not be required for the effectiveness of any actions taken by the United States in conjunction with either the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands which are intended to affect the implementation, modification, suspension, or termination of any such subsidiary agreement (or any provision thereof) as regards the mutual responsibilities of the United States and the party in conjunction with whom the actions are taken.

President of U.S.

(f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—(1) The President shall not agree to an effective date for the Compact, as authorized by this section, until after certifying to Congress that the agreements described in section 102 and section 103 of this title have been concluded.

Post, pp. 1775, 1778.

(2) Any agreement concluded with the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands pursuant to sections 102 and 103 of this title and any agreement which would amend, change, or terminate any subsidiary agreement or portion thereof as set forth in paragraph (4) of this subsection shall be submitted to the Congress. No such agreement shall take effect until after the expiration of 30 days after the date such agreement is so submitted (excluding days on which either House of Congress is not in session).

(3) No agreement described in paragraph (2) shall take effect if a joint resolution of disapproval is enacted during the period specified in paragraph (2). For the purpose of expediting the consideration of such a joint resolution, a motion to proceed to the consideration of any such joint resolution after it has been reported by an appropriate committee shall be treated as highly privileged in the House of Representatives. Any such joint resolution shall be considered in the Senate in accordance with the provisions of section 601(b) of Public Law 94-329.

90 Stat. 765.

(4) The subsidiary agreements or portions thereof referred to in paragraph (2) are as follows:

(A) Articles III and IV of the agreement referred to in section 462(b) of the Compact.

Post, p. 1833.

99 STAT. 1775

Post, p. 1833.

(B) Articles III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, and XI (except for Section 7 thereof) of the agreement referred to in section 462(e) of the Compact.

(C) Articles IV, V, X, XIV, XVI, and XVIII of the agreement referred to in section 462(i) of the Compact.

(D) Articles II, V, VI, VII, and VIII of the agreement referred to in section 462(g) of the Compact.

(E) Articles II, V, VI, and VIII of the agreement referred to in section 462(h) of the Compact.

(F) The Agreement set forth on pages 388 through 391 of House Document 98-192 of March 30, 1984.

(5) No agreement between the United States and the Government of either the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands which would amend, change, or terminate any subsidiary agreement or portion thereof, other than those set forth in subsection (d) of this section or paragraph (4) of this subsection shall take effect until the President has transmitted such agreement to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives together with an explanation of the agreement and the reasons therefore.

48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 102. AGREEMENTS WITH FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA.

(a) LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE.—

President of U.S.

Post, p. 1812.

(1) AGREEMENT.—The President of the United States shall negotiate with the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia an agreement pursuant to section 175 of the Compact which is in addition to the Agreement pursuant to such section dated October 1, 1982, and transmitted to the Congress by the President on February 20, 1985. Such additional agreement shall provide as follows:

(A) MUTUAL ASSISTANCE IN LAW ENFORCEMENT.—The law enforcement agencies of the United States and the Federated States of Micronesia shall assist one another, as mutually agreed, in the prevention and investigation of crimes and the enforcement of the laws of the United States and the Federated States of Micronesia specified in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph. The United States and the Federated States of Micronesia will authorize mutual assistance with respect to investigations, inquiries, audits and related activities by the law enforcement agencies of both Governments in the United States and the Federated States of Micronesia. In conducting activities authorized in accordance with this section, the United States and the Federated States of Micronesia will act in accordance with the constitution and laws of the jurisdiction in which such activities are conducted.

(B) NARCOTICS AND CONTROL OF ILLEGAL SUBSTANCES.—The United States and the Federated States of Micronesia will take all reasonable and necessary steps, as mutually agreed, based upon consultations in which the Attorney General or other designated official of each Government participates, to prevent the use of the lands, waters, and facilities of the United States or the Federated States of Micronesia for the purposes of cultivation of, production of, smuggling of, trafficking in, and abuse of any controlled substance as defined in section 102(6) of the United States Controlled Substances Act and Schedules I through V of Subchapter II of the Controlled Substances Act of the Federated States of Micronesia, or for the distribution of any such substance to or from the Federated States of Micronesia or to or from the United States or any of its territories or commonwealths.

21 USC 802.

99 STAT. 1776

(C) OTHER CRIMINAL LAWS.—Assistance provided pursuant to this subsection shall also extend to, but not be limited to, prevention and prosecution of violations of the laws of the United States and the laws of the Federated States of Micronesia related to terrorism, espionage, racketeer influenced and corrupt organizations, and financial transactions which advance the interests of any person engaging in unlawful activities, as well as the schedule of offenses set forth in Appendix A of the subsidiary agreement to section 175 of the Compact.

Post, p. 1812.

(2) TECHNICAL AND TRAINING ASSISTANCE.—Pursuant to sections 224 and 226 of the Compact, the United States shall provide non-reimbursable technical and training assistance as appropriate, including training and equipment for postal inspection of illicit drugs and other contraband, to enable the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia to develop and adequately enforce laws of the Federated States of Micronesia and to cooperate with the United States in the enforcement of criminal laws of the United States. Funds appropriated pursuant to section 105(l) of this title may be used to reimburse State or local agencies providing such assistance.

Drugs and drug abuse
Post, pp. 1817, 1818.

Post, p. 1791.

(3) CONSULTATION.—Any official, designated by this joint resolution or by the President to negotiate any agreement under this section, shall consult with affected law enforcement agencies prior to entering into such an agreement on behalf of the United States.

(4) REPORT.—The President shall report annually to Congress on the implementation of this subsection. Such report shall provide statistical and other information about the incidence of crimes in the Federated States of Micronesia which have an impact upon United States jurisdictions, and propose measures which the United States and the Federated States of Micronesia should take in order better to prevent and prosecute violations of the laws of the United States and the Federated States of Micronesia. The reports required under section 481(e) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall include relevant information concerning the Federated States of Micronesia.

President of U.S.

Ante, p. 229.

(b) ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PLANS REVIEW PROCESS.—

(1) SUBMISSION.—Notwithstanding section 211(b) of the Compact, the President may agree to an effective date for the Compact pursuant to section 101(a) of this title if the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia agrees to submit economic development plans consistent with section 211(b) of the Compact to the Government of the United States for concurrence at intervals no greater than every 5 years for the duration

President of U.S.
Post, p. 1813.
Ante, p. 1773.

Aircraft and air carriers.

of the Compact. Any capital construction project and any planned independent purchase of aircraft which is to be financed (directly or indirectly) through the use of funds provided under section 211 of the Compact shall be identified in the economic development plans.

(2) UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT REVIEW.—The United States shall not concur in those development plans described in paragraph (1) of this subsection until—

99 STAT. 1777

President of U.S.

(A) after the President of the United States has conducted a review and reported the findings of the President to the Congress; and

(B) the Congress has had 30 days (excluding days on which both Houses of Congress are not in session) to review the findings of the President.

President of U.S.

(3) REPORT.—The President shall complete the review under paragraph (2) and shall report the findings no later than 60 days after the President's receipt of such plans.

(4) VIEWS AND COMMENTS.—The report shall include the views of the Secretary of the Interior, the Administrator of the Agency for International Development, and the heads of such other Executive departments as the President may decide to include in the report, as well as any comments which the Federated States of Micronesia may wish to have included.

Post, p. 1819.

(c) AGREEMENT ON AUDITS.—In accordance with section 233 of the Compact, the President of the United States, in consultation with the Comptroller General of the United States, shall negotiate with the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia modifications to the "Agreement Concerning Procedures for the Implementation of United States Economic Assistance, Programs and Services Provided in the Compact of Free Association", which shall provide as follows:

Grants.

(1) GENERAL AUTHORITY OF THE GAO TO AUDIT.—

(A) The Comptroller General of the United States (and his duly authorized representatives) shall have the authority to audit—

(i) all grants, program assistance, and other assistance provided to the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia under Articles I and II of Title Two of the Compact; and

(ii) any other assistance provided by the Government of the United States to the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia.

Post, p. 1819.

Such authority shall include authority for the Comptroller General to conduct or cause to be conducted any of the audits provided for in section 233 of the Compact. The authority provided in this paragraph shall continue for at least three years after the last such grant has been made or assistance has been provided.

(B) The Comptroller General (and his duly authorized representatives) shall also have authority to review any audit conducted by or on behalf of the Government of the United States. In this connection, the Comptroller General shall have access to such personnel and to such records, documents, working papers, automated data and files, and other information relevant to such review.

(2) GAO ACCESS TO RECORDS.—

(A) In carrying out paragraph (1), the Comptroller General (and his duly authorized representatives) shall have such access to the personnel and (without cost) to records, documents, working papers, automated data and files, and other information relevant to such audits. The Comptroller General may duplicate any such records, documents, working papers, automated data and files, or other information relevant to such audits.

99 STAT. 1778

(B) Such records, documents, working papers, automated data and files, and other information regarding each such grant or other assistance shall be maintained for at least three years after the date such grant or assistance was provided and in a manner that permits such grants, assistance, and payments to be accounted for distinct from any other funds of the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia.

(3) REPRESENTATIVE STATUS FOR GAO REPRESENTATIVES.—The Comptroller General and his duly authorized representatives shall be accorded the status set forth in Article V of Title One of the Compact.

(4) ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.—As part of the annual report submitted by the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia under section 211 of the Compact, the Government shall include annual financial statements which account for the use of all of the funds provided by the Government of the United States to the Government under the Compact or otherwise. Such financial statements shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting procedures, except as may otherwise be mutually agreed. Not later than 180 days after the end of the United States fiscal year with respect to which such funds were provided, each such statement shall be submitted to the President for audit and transmission to the Congress.

Post, p. 1813.

(5) DEFINITION OF AUDITS.—As used in this subsection, the term "audits" includes financial, program, and management audits, including determining—

(A) whether the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia has met the requirements set forth in the Compact, or any related agreement entered into under the Compact, regarding the purposes for which such grants and other assistance are to be used; and

(B) the propriety of the financial transactions of the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia pursuant to such grants or assistance.

(6) COOPERATION BY FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA.—The Government of the Federated States of Micronesia will cooperate fully with the Comptroller General of the United States in the conduct of such audits as the Comptroller General determines necessary to enable the Comptroller General to fully discharge his responsibilities under this joint resolution.

SEC. 103. AGREEMENTS WITH AND OTHER PROVISIONS RELATED TO THE MARSHALL ISLANDS.

48 USC 1681 note.

(a) LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE.—

(1) AGREEMENT.—The President of the United States shall negotiate with the Government of the Marshall Islands an agreement pursuant to section 175 of the Compact which is in addition to the Agreement pursuant to such section dated May 30, 1982, and transmitted to the Congress by the President on February 20, 1985. Such additional agreement shall provide as follows:

President of U.S.

Post, p. 1812.

(A) MUTUAL ASSISTANCE IN LAW ENFORCEMENT.—The law enforcement agencies of the United States and the Marshall Islands shall assist one another, as mutually agreed, in the prevention and investigation of crimes and the enforcement of the laws of the United States and the Marshall Islands specified in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph. The United States and the Marshall Islands will authorize mutual assistance with respect to investigations, inquiries, audits and related activities by the law enforcement agencies of both Governments in the United States and the Marshall Islands. In conducting activities authorized in accordance with this section, the United States and the Marshall Islands will act in accordance with the constitution and laws of the jurisdiction in which such activities are conducted.

99 STAT. 1779

21 USC 802.

(B) NARCOTICS AND CONTROL OF ILLEGAL SUBSTANCES.—The United States and the Marshall Islands will take all reasonable and necessary steps, as mutually agreed, based upon consultations in which the Attorney General or other designated official of each Government participates, to prevent the use of the lands, waters, and facilities of the United States or the Marshall Islands for the purposes of cultivation of, production of, smuggling of, trafficking in, and abuse of any controlled substance as defined in section 102(6) of the United States Controlled Substances Act and Schedules I through V of Subchapter II of the Controlled Substances Act of the Marshall Islands, or for the distribution of any such substance to or from the Marshall Islands or to or from the United States or any of its territories or commonwealths.

(C) OTHER CRIMINAL LAWS.—Assistance provided pursuant to this subsection shall also extend to, but not be limited to, prevention and prosecution of violations of the laws of the United States and the laws of the Marshall Islands related to terrorism, espionage, racketeer influenced and corrupt organizations, and financial transactions which advance the interests of any person engaging in unlawful activities, as well as the schedule of offenses set forth in Appendix A of the subsidiary agreement to section 175 of the Compact.

Post, p. 1812.
Drugs and drug abuse.
Post, pp. 1817, 1818.
Post, p. 1791.

(2) TECHNICAL AND TRAINING ASSISTANCE.—Pursuant to sections 224 and 226 of the Compact, the United States shall provide non-reimbursable technical and training assistance as appropriate, including training and equipment for postal inspection of illicit drugs and other contraband, to enable the Government of the Marshall Islands to develop and adequately enforce laws of the Marshall Islands and to cooperate with the United States in the enforcement of criminal laws of the United States. Funds appropriated pursuant to section 105(l) of this title may be used to reimburse State or local agencies providing such assistance.

(3) CONSULTATION.—Any official, designated by this joint resolution or by the President to negotiate any agreement under this section, shall consult with affected law enforcement agencies prior to entering into such an agreement on behalf of the United States.

President of U.S.

(4) REPORT.—The President shall report annually to Congress on the implementation of this subsection. Such report shall provide statistical and other information about the incidence of crimes in the Marshall Islands which have an impact upon United States jurisdictions, and propose measures which the United States and the Marshall Islands should take in order better to prevent and prosecute violations of the laws of the United States and the Marshall Islands. The reports required under section 481(e) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall include relevant information concerning the Marshall Islands.

99 STAT. 1780

Ante, p. 229.

(b) ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PLANS REVIEW PROCESS.—

Post, p. 1813.
Ante, p. 1773.
Aircraft and air carriers.

(1) SUBMISSION.—Notwithstanding section 211(b) of the Compact, the President may agree to an effective date for the Compact pursuant to section 101(b) of this title if the Government of the Marshall Islands agrees to submit economic development plans consistent with section 211(b) of the Compact to the Government of the United States for concurrence at intervals no greater than every 5 years for the duration of the Compact. Any capital construction project and any planned independent purchase of aircraft which is to be financed (directly or indirectly) through the use of funds provided under section 211 of the Compact shall be identified in the economic development plans.

(2) UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT REVIEW.—The United States shall not concur in those development plans described in paragraph (1) of this subsection until—

President of U.S.

(A) after the President of the United States has conducted a review and reported the findings of the President to the Congress; and

(B) the Congress has had 30 days (excluding days on which both Houses of Congress are not in session) to review the findings of the President.

President of U.S.

(3) REPORT.—The President shall complete the review under paragraph (2) and shall report the findings no later than 60 days after the President's receipt of such plans.

Report.

(4) VIEWS AND COMMENTS.—The report shall include the views of the Secretary of the Interior, the Administrator of the Agency for International Development, and the heads of such other Executive departments as the President may decide to include in the report, as well as any comments which the Marshall Islands may wish to have included.

President of U.S.
Claims.

(c) EJIT.—(1) The President of the United States shall negotiate with the Government of the Marshall Islands an agreement whereby, without prejudice as to any claims which have been or may be asserted by any party as to rightful title and ownership of any lands on Ejit, the Government of the Marshall Islands shall assure that lands on Ejit used as of January 1, 1985, by the people of Bikini, will continue to be available without charge for their use, until such time as Bikini is restored and inhabitable and the continued use of Ejit is no longer necessary, unless a Marshall Islands court of competent jurisdiction finally determines that there are legal impediments to continued use of Ejit by the people of Bikini.

(2) If the impediments described in paragraph (1) do arise, the United States will cooperate with the Government of the Marshall Islands in assisting any person adversely affected by such judicial determination to remain on Ejit, or in locating suitable and acceptable alternative lands for such person's use.

(3) Paragraph (1) shall not be applied in a manner which would prevent the Government of the Marshall Islands from acting in accordance with its constitutional processes to resolve title and ownership claims with respect to such lands or from taking substitute or additional measures to meet the needs of the people of Bikini with their democratically expressed consent and approval.

(d) KWAJALEIN PAYMENTS.—

99 STAT. 1781

(1) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—The Congress of the United States hereby declares that it is the policy of the United States that payment of funds by the Government of the Marshall Islands to the landowners of Kwajalein Atoll in accordance with the land use agreement dated October 19, 1982, and the related allocation agreements, is required in order to ensure that the Government of the United States will be able to fulfill its obligations and responsibilities under Title Three of the Compact and the subsidiary agreements concluded pursuant thereto.

(2) FAILURE TO PAY.—In the event that the Government of the Marshall Islands fails to make payments in accordance with paragraph (1) of this subsection, the Government of the United States shall initiate procedures under Section 313 of the Compact and consult with the Government of the Marshall Islands with respect to the basis for such non-payment of funds. The United States shall expeditiously resolve the matter of any nonpayment of funds as described in paragraph (1) of this subsection pursuant to Section 313 of the Compact and the authority and responsibility of the Government of the United States for security and defense matters in or relating to the Marshall Islands. This paragraph shall be enforced, as may be necessary, in accordance with section 105(g)(2) of this joint resolution.

Post, p. 1822.
Post, p. 1791.

President of U.S.
Loans.
Grants.

(3) ASSISTANCE.—The President is hereby authorized to make loans and grants to the Government of the Marshall Islands for the sole use of the Kwajalein Atoll Development Authority for

the benefit of the Kwajalein landowners of amounts sought by such authority for development purposes, pursuant to a development plan for Kwajalein Atoll which such authority has adopted in accordance with applicable laws of the Marshall Islands. Such loans and grants shall be subject to such other terms and conditions as the President, in his discretion, may determine appropriate and necessary.

Post, p. 1812.

(e) SECTION 177 AGREEMENT.—(1) In furtherance of the purposes of Article I of the Subsidiary Agreement for Implementation of Section 177 of the Compact, the payment of the amount specified therein shall be made by the United States under Article I of the Agreement between the Government of the United States and the Government of the Marshall Islands for the Implementation of Section 177 of the Compact (hereafter in this subsection referred to as the "Section 177 Agreement") only after the Government of the Marshall Islands has notified the President of the United States as to which investment management firm has been selected by such Government to act as Fund Manager under Article I of the Section 177 Agreement.

(2) In the event that the President determines that an investment management firm selected by the Government of the Marshall Islands does not meet the requirements specified in Article I of the Section 177 Agreement, the United States shall invoke the conference and dispute resolution procedures of Article II of Title Four of the Compact. Pending the resolution of such a dispute and until a qualified Fund Manager has been designated, the Government of the Marshall Islands shall place the funds paid by the United States pursuant to Article I of the Section 177 Agreement into an interest-bearing escrow account. Upon designation of a qualified Fund Manager, all funds in the escrow account shall be transferred to the control of such Fund Manager for management pursuant to the Section 177 Agreement.

(3) If the Government of the Marshall Islands determines that some other investment firm should act as Fund Manager in place of the firm first (or subsequently) selected by such Government, the Government of the Marshall Islands shall so notify the President of the United States, identifying the firm selected by such Government to become Fund Manager, and the President shall proceed to evaluate the qualifications of such identified firm.

(4) At the end of 15 years after the effective date of the Compact, the firm then acting as Fund Manager shall transfer to the Government of the Marshall Islands, or to such account as such Government shall so notify the Fund Manager, all remaining funds and assets being managed by the Fund Manager under the Section 177 Agreement.

Ante, p. 1781.
Report.
Public availability.

(5) An annual report concerning all actions of the Fund Manager pursuant to the Section 177 Agreement and this joint resolution, including information prepared by the Fund Manager, shall be transmitted by the Government of the Marshall Islands to the Congress. Such report shall include such information (whether received from the Fund Manager or any other source) as relates to the disbursements provided for in Article II of the Section 177 Agreement. Such report shall be made public.

Hazardous materials.

(f) NUCLEAR TEST EFFECTS.—In approving the Compact, the Congress understands and intends that the peoples of Bikini, Enewetak, Rongelap, and Utrik, who were affected by the United States nuclear weapons testing program in the Marshall Islands, will receive the amounts of $75,000,000 (Bikini); $48,750,000 (Enewetak), $37,500,000 (Rongelap); and $22,500,000 (Utrik), respectively, which amounts shall be paid out of proceeds from the fund established under Article I, section 1 of the subsidiary agreement for the implementation of section 177 of the Compact. The amounts specified in this subsection shall be in addition to any amounts which may be awarded to claimants pursuant to Article IV of the subsidiary agreement for the implementation of Section 177 of the Compact.

Post, p. 1812.

(g) **Espousal Provisions.**—(1) It is the intention of the Congress of the United States that the provisions of section 177 of the Compact of Free Association and the Agreement between the Government of the United States and the Government of the Marshall Islands for the Implementation of Section 177 of the Compact (hereafter in this subsection referred to as the "Section 177 Agreement") constitute a full and final settlement of all claims described in Articles X and XI of the Section 177 Agreement, and that any such claims be terminated and barred except insofar as provided for in the Section 177 Agreement.

(2) In furtherance of the intention of Congress as stated in paragraph (1) of this subsection, the Section 177 Agreement is hereby ratified and approved. It is the explicit understanding and intent of Congress that the jurisdictional limitations set forth in Article XII of such Agreement are enacted solely and exclusively to accomplish the objective of Article X of such Agreement and only as a clarification of the effect of Article X, and are not to be construed or implemented separately from Article X.

(h) DOE **Radiological Health Care Program**; USDA **Agricultural and Food Programs.**—

(1) **Marshall islands program.**—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, upon the request of the Government of the Marshall Islands, the President (either through an appropriate department or agency of the United States or by contract with a United States firm) shall continue to provide special medical care and logistical support thereto for the remaining 174 members of the population of Rongelap and Utrik who were exposed to radiation resulting from the 1954 United States thermonuclear "Bravo" test, pursuant to Public Laws 95-134 and 96-205. Such medical care and its accompanying logistical support shall total $22,500,000 over the first 11 years of the Compact.

99 STAT. 1783

91 Stat. 1159.
94 Stat. 84.

President of U.S.

(2) **Agricultural and food programs.**—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, upon the request of the Government of the Marshall Islands, for the first five years after the effective date of the Compact, the President (either through an appropriate department or agency of the United States or by contract with a United States firm) shall provide technical and other assistance—

(A) without reimbursement, to continue the planting and agricultural maintenance program on Enewetak;

(B) without reimbursement, to continue the food programs of the Bikini and Enewetak people described in section 1(d) of Article II of the Subsidiary Agreement for the Implementation of Section 177 of the Compact and for continued waterborne transportation of agricultural products to Enewetak including operations and maintenance of the vessel used for such purposes.

Post, p. 1812.

(3) **Payments.**—Payments under this subsection shall be provided to such extent or in such amounts as are necessary for services and other assistance provided pursuant to this subsection. It is the sense of Congress that after the periods of time specified in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, consideration will be given to such additional funding for these programs as may be necessary.

(i) **Rongelap.**—(1) Because Rongelap was directly affected by fallout from a 1954 United States thermonuclear test and because the Rongelap people remain unconvinced that it is safe to continue to live on Rongelap Island, it is the intent of Congress to take such steps (if any) as may be necessary to overcome the effects of such fallout on the habitability of Rongelap Island, and to restore Rongelap Island, if necessary, so that it may be safely inhabited. Accordingly, it is the expectation of the Congress that the Government of the Marshall Islands shall use such portion of the funds specified in Article II, section 1(e) of the subsidiary agreement for the implementation of section 177 of the Compact as are necessary for the purpose of contracting with a qualified scientist or group of

Hazardous materials.
Contracts.

Post, p. 1812.

Report.

scientists to review the data collected by the Department of Energy relating to radiation levels and other conditions on Rongelap Island resulting from the thermonuclear test. It is the expectation of the Congress that the Government of the Marshall Islands, after consultation with the people of Rongelap, shall select the party to review such data, and shall contract for such review and for submission of a report to the President of the United States and the Congress as to the results thereof.

Report.

(2) The purpose of the review referred to in paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be to establish whether the data cited in support of the conclusions as to the habitability of Rongelap Island, as set forth in the Department of Energy report entitled: "The Meaning of Radiation for Those Atolls in the Northern Part of the Marshall

99 STAT. 1784

Islands That Were Surveyed in 1978", dated November 1982, are adequate and whether such conclusions are fully supported by the data. If the party reviewing the data concludes that such conclusions as to habitability are fully supported by adequate data, the report to the President of the United States and the Congress shall so state. If the party reviewing the data concludes that the data are inadequate to support such conclusions as to habitability or that such conclusions as to habitability are not fully supported by the data, the Government of the Marshall Islands shall contract with an appropriate scientist or group of scientists to undertake a complete survey of radiation and other effects of the nuclear testing program relating to the habitability of Rongelap Island. Such sums as are necessary for such survey and report concerning the results thereof and as to steps needed to restore the habitability of Rongelap Island are authorized to be made available to the Government of the Marshall Islands.

(3) It is the intent of Congress that such steps (if any) as are necessary to restore the habitability of Rongelap Island and return the Rongelap people to their homeland will be taken by the United States in consultation with the Government of the Marshall Islands and, in accordance with its authority under the Constitution of the Marshall Islands, the Rongelap local government council.

Hazardous materials.

Ante, p. 1781.

(j) FOUR ATOLL HEALTH CARE PROGRAM.—(1) Services provided by the United States Public Health Service or any other United States agency pursuant to section 1(a) of Article II of the Agreement for the Implementation of Section 177 of the Compact (hereafter in this subsection referred to as the "Section 177 Agreement") shall be only for services to the people of the Atolls of Bikini, Enewetak, Rongelap, and Utrik who were affected by the consequences of the United States nuclear testing program, pursuant to the program described in Public Law 95-134 and Public Law 96-205 and their descendants (and any other persons identified as having been so affected if such identification occurs in the manner described in such public laws). Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as prejudicial to the views or policies of the Government of the Marshall Islands as to the persons affected by the consequences of the United States nuclear testing program.

91 Stat. 1159.
94 Stat. 84.

(2) At the end of the first year after the effective date of the Compact and at the end of each year thereafter, the providing agency or agencies shall return to the Government of the Marshall Islands any unexpended funds to be returned to the Fund Manager (as described in Article I of the Section 177 Agreement) to be covered into the Fund to be available for future use.

(3) The Fund Manager shall retain the funds returned by the Government of the Marshall Islands pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection, shall invest and manage such funds, and at the end of 15 years after the effective date of the Compact, shall make from the total amount so retained and the proceeds thereof annual disbursements sufficient to continue to make payments for the provision of health services as specified in paragraph (1) of this subsection to such extent as may be provided in contracts between the Government of the Marshall Islands and appropriate United States providers of such health services.

Hazardous materials.

Post, p. 1812.

99 STAT. 1785

(k) **Enjebi Community Trust Fund.**—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of the Treasury shall establish on the books of the Treasury of the United States a fund having the status specified in Article V of the subsidiary agreement for the implementation of Section 177 of the Compact, to be known as the "Enjebi Community Trust Fund" (hereafter in this subsection referred to as the "Fund"), and shall credit to the Fund the amount of $7,500,000. Such amount, which shall be ex gratia, shall be in addition to and not charged against any other funds provided for in the Compact and its subsidiary agreements, this joint resolution, or any other Act. Upon receipt by the President of the United States of the agreement described in this subsection, the Secretary of the Treasury, upon request of the Government of the Marshall Islands, shall transfer the Fund to the Government of the Marshall Islands, provided that the Government of the Marshall Islands agrees as follows:

Ante, p. 1781.

(1) **Enjebi Trust Agreement.**—The Government of the Marshall Islands and the Enewetak Local Government Council, in consultation with the people of Enjebi, shall provide for the creation of the Enjebi Community Trust Fund and the employment of the manager of the Enewetak Fund established pursuant to the Section 177 Agreement as trustee and manager of the Enjebi Community Trust Fund, or, should the manager of the Enewetak Fund not be acceptable to the people of Enjebi, another United States investment manager with substantial experience in the administration of trusts and with funds under management in excess of 250 million dollars.

(2) **Monitor conditions.**—Upon the request of the Government of the Marshall Islands, the United States shall monitor the radiation and other conditions on Enjebi and within one year of receiving such a request shall report to the Government of the Marshall Islands when the people of Enjebi may resettle Enjebi under circumstances where the radioactive contamination at Enjebi, including contamination derived from consumption of locally grown food products, can be reduced or otherwise controlled to meet whole body Federal radiation protection standards for the general population, including mean annual dose and mean 30-year cumulative dose standards.

(3) **Resettlement of Enjebi.**—In the event that the United States determines that the people of Enjebi can within 25 years of the date of the enactment of this joint resolution resettle Enjebi under the conditions set forth in paragraph (2) of this subsection, then upon such determination there shall be available to the people of Enjebi from the Fund such amounts as are necessary for the people of Enjebi to do the following, in accordance with a plan developed by the Enewetak Local Government Council and the people of Enjebi, and concurred with by the Government of the Marshall Islands to assure consistency with the government's overall economic development plan:

(A) Establish a community on Enjebi Island for the use of the people of Enjebi.

(B) Replant Enjebi with appropriate food-bearing and other vegetation.

(4) **Resettlement of other location.**—In the event that the United States determines that within 25 years of the date of the enactment of this joint resolution the people of Enjebi cannot resettle Enjebi without exceeding the radiation standards set forth in paragraph (2) of this subsection, then the fund manager shall be directed by the trust instrument to distribute the Fund to the people of Enjebi for their resettlement at some other location in accordance with a plan, developed by the Enewetak Local Government Council and the people of Enjebi and concurred with by the Government of the Marshall Islands, to assure consistency with the government's overall economic development plan.

99 STAT. 1786

(5) Interest from fund.—Prior to and during the distribution of the corpus of the Fund pursuant to paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection, the people of Enjebi may, if they so request, receive the interest earned by the Fund on no less frequent a basis than quarterly.

(6) Disclaimer of liability.—Neither under the laws of the Marshall Islands nor under the laws of the United States, shall the Government of the United States be liable for any loss or damage to person or property in respect to the resettlement of Enjebi by the people of Enjebi, pursuant to the provision of this subsection or otherwise.

(l) Bikini Atoll Cleanup.—

(1) Declaration of policy.—The Congress hereby determines and declares that it is the policy of the United States, to be supported by the full faith and credit of the United States, that because the United States, through its nuclear testing and other activities, rendered Bikini Atoll unsafe for habitation by the people of Bikini, the United States will fulfill its responsibility for restoring Bikini Atoll to habitability, as set forth in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection.

(2) Cleanup funds.—There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to implement the settlement agreement of March 15, 1985, in The People of Bikini, et al. against United States of America, et al., Civ. No. 84-0425 (D. Ha.).

Ante, p. 1781.

(3) Conditions of funding.—The funds referred to in paragraph (2) shall be made available pursuant to Article VI, Section 1 of the Compact Section 177 Agreement upon completion of the events set forth in the settlement agreement referred to in paragraph (2) of this subsection.

Post, p. 1819.

(m) Agreement on Audits.—In accordance with section 233 of the Compact, the President of the United States, in consultation with the Comptroller General of the United States, shall negotiate with the Government of the Marshall Islands an agreement which shall provide as follows:

(1) General authority of the GAO to audit.—

(A) The Comptroller General of the United States (and his duly authorized representatives) shall have the authority to audit—

(i) all grants, program assistance, and other assistance provided to the Government of the Marshall Islands under Articles I and II of Title Two of the Compact; and

(ii) any other assistance provided by the Government of the United States to the Government of the Marshall Islands.

Such authority shall include authority for the Comptroller General to conduct or cause to be conducted any of the audits provided for in section 233 of the Compact. The authority provided in this paragraph shall continue for at least three years after the last such grant has been made or assistance has been provided.

99 STAT. 1787

(B) The Comptroller General (and his duly authorized representatives) shall also have authority to review any audit conducted by or on behalf of the Government of the United States. In this connection, the Comptroller General shall have access to such personnel and to such records, documents, working papers, automated data and files, and other information relevant to such review.

(2) GAO access to records.—

(A) In carrying out paragraph (1), the Comptroller General (and his duly authorized representatives) shall have such access to the personnel and (without cost) to records, documents, working papers, automated data and files, and other information relevant to such audits. The Comptroller

General may duplicate any such records, documents, working papers, automated data and files, or other information relevant to such audits.

(B) Such records, documents, working papers, automated data and files, and other information regarding each such grant or other assistance shall be maintained for at least three years after the date such grant or assistance was provided and in a manner that permits such grants, assistance, and payments to be accounted for distinct from any other funds of the Government of the Marshall Islands.

(3) REPRESENTATIVE STATUS FOR GAO REPRESENTATIVES.—The Comptroller General and his duly authorized representatives shall be accorded the status set forth in Article V of Title One of the Compact.

(4) ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.—As part of the annual report submitted by the Government of the Marshall Islands under section 211 of the Compact, the Government shall include annual financial statements which account for the use of all of the funds provided by the Government of the United States to the Government under the Compact or otherwise. Such financial statements shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting procedures, except as may otherwise be mutually agreed. Not later than 180 days after the end of the United States fiscal year with respect to which such funds were provided, each such statement shall be submitted to the President for audit and transmission to the Congress.

Post, p. 1813.

(5) DEFINITION OF AUDITS.—As used in this subsection, the term "audits" includes financial, program, and management audits, including determining—

(A) whether the Government of the Marshall Islands has met the requirements set forth in the Compact, or any related agreement entered into under the Compact, regarding the purposes for which such grants and other assistance are to be used; and

(B) the propriety of the financial transactions of the Government of the Marshall Islands pursuant to such grants or assistance.

(6) COOPERATION BY MARSHALL ISLANDS.—The Government of the Marshall Islands will cooperate fully with the Comptroller General of the United States in the conduct of such audits as the Comptroller General determines necessary to enable the Comptroller General to fully discharge his responsibilities under this joint resolution.

99 STAT. 1788

SEC. 104. INTERPRETATION OF AND UNITED STATES POLICY REGARDING COMPACT OF FREE ASSOCIATION.

48 USC 1681 note.

(a) HUMAN RIGHTS.—In approving the Compact, the Congress notes the conclusion in the Statement of Intent of the Report of The Future Political Status Commission of the Congress of Micronesia in July, 1969, that "our recommendation of a free associated state is indissolubly linked to our desire for such a democratic, representative, constitutional government" and notes that such desire and intention are reaffirmed and embodied in the Constitutions of the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands. The Congress also notes and specifically endorses the preamble to the Compact, which affirms that the governments of the parties to the Compact are founded upon respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for all. The Secretary of State shall include in the annual reports on the status of internationally recognized human rights in foreign countries, which are submitted to the Congress pursuant to sections 116 and 502B of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, a full and complete report regarding the status of internationally recognized human rights in the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands.

Report.

22 USC 2151n, 2304.

Post, p. 1804.

(b) IMMIGRATION.—The rights of a bona fide naturalized citizen of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia to enter the United States, to lawfully engage therein in occupations, and to establish residence therein as a non-immigrant, pursuant to the provisions of section 141(a)(3) of the Compact, shall not extend to any such naturalized citizen with respect to whom circumstances associated with the acquisition of the status of a naturalized citizen are such as to allow a reasonable inference, on the part of appropriate officials of the United States and subject to United States procedural requirements, that such naturalized status was acquired primarily in order to obtain such rights.

(c) NONALIENATION OF LANDS.—The Congress endorses and encourages the maintenance of the policies of the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia and the Government of the Marshall Islands to regulate, in accordance with their Constitutions and laws, the alienation of permanent and long-term interests in real property so as to restrict the acquisition of such interests to persons of Federated States of Micronesia citizenship and Marshall Islands citizenship, respectively.

Post, p. 1823.

(d) NUCLEAR WASTE DISPOSAL.—In approving the Compact, the Congress understands that the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia and the Government of the Marshall Islands will not permit any other government or any nongovernmental party to conduct, in the Marshall Islands or in the Federated States of Micronesia, any of the activities specified in subsection (a) of section 314 of the Compact.

(e) IMPACT OF COMPACT ON U.S. AREAS.—

(1) STATEMENT OF CONGRESSIONAL INTENT.—In approving the Compact, it is not the intent of the Congress to cause any adverse consequences for the United States territories and commonwealths or the State of Hawaii.

President of U.S.

(2) ANNUAL REPORTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.—One year after the date of enactment of this joint resolution and at one year intervals thereafter, the President shall report to the Congress with respect to the impact of the Compact on the United States territories and commonwealths and on the State of Hawaii.

99 STAT. 1789

Reports submitted pursuant to this paragraph (hereafter in this subsection referred to as "reports") shall identify any adverse consequences resulting from the Compact and shall make recommendations for corrective action to eliminate those consequences. The reports shall pay particular attention to matters relating to trade, taxation, immigration, labor laws, minimum wages, social systems and infrastructure, and environmental regulation. With regard to immigration, the reports shall include statistics concerning the number of persons availing themselves of the rights described in section 141(a) of the Compact during the year covered by each report. With regard to trade, the reports shall include an analysis of the impact on the economy of American Samoa resulting from imports of canned tuna into the United States from the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands.

Imports.
Tuna fish.
Post, p. 1804.

President of U.S.
Report.

(3) OTHER VIEWS.—In preparing the reports, the President shall request the views of the Government of the State of Hawaii, and the governments of each of the United States territories and commonwealths, the Federated States of Micronesia, the Marshall Islands, and Palau, and shall transmit the full text of any such views to the Congress as part of such reports.

(4) COMMITMENT OF CONGRESS TO REDRESS ADVERSE CONSEQUENCES.—The Congress hereby declares that, if any adverse consequences to United States territories and commonwealths or the State of Hawaii result from implementation of the Compact of Free Association, the Congress will act sympathetically and expeditiously to redress those adverse consequences.

(5) **DEFINITION OF U.S. TERRITORIES AND COMMONWEALTHS.**—As used in this subsection, the term "United States territories and commonwealths" means the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

(6) **IMPACT COSTS.**—There are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1985, such sums as may be necessary to cover the costs, if any, incurred by the State of Hawaii, the territories of Guam and American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands resulting from any increased demands placed on educational and social services by immigrants from the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia.

(f) **FISHERIES MANAGEMENT.**—In clarification of Title One, Article II, section 121(b)(1) of the Compact: *Post*, p. 1801.

(1) Nothing in the Compact or this joint resolution shall be interpreted as recognition by the United States of any claim by the Federated States of Micronesia or by the Marshall Islands to jurisdiction or authority over highly migratory species of fish during the time such species of fish are found outside the territorial sea of the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands.

Vessels

(2) It is the understanding of Congress that none of the monies made available pursuant to the Compact or this joint resolution will be used by either the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands for enforcement actions against any vessel of the United States on the basis of fishing by any such vessel for highly migratory species of fish outside the territorial sea of the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands, respectively, in the absence of a licensing agreement.

99 STAT. 1790

(3) Appropriate United States officials shall apply the policies and provisions of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) and the Fishermen's Protective Act of 1967 (22 U.S.C. 1971 et seq.) with regard to any action taken by the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands affecting any vessel of the United States engaged in fishing for highly migratory species of fish in waters outside the territorial seas of the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands, respectively. For the purpose of applying the provisions of section 5 of the Fishermen's Protective Act of 1967 (22 U.S.C. 1975), monies made available to either the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands pursuant to the provisions of the Compact or this joint resolution shall be treated as "assistance to the government of such country under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961". For purposes of this Act only, certification by the President in accordance with such section 5 shall be accompanied by a report to Congress on the basis for such certification, and such certification shall have no effect if by law Congress so directs prior to the expiration of 60 days during which Congress is in continuous session following the date of such certification.

22 USC 2151 note.

(4) For the purpose of paragraphs (1) and (3) of this subsection—

(A) The term "vessel of the United States" has the same meaning as provided in the first section of the Fishermen's Protective Act of 1967 (22 U.S.C. 1971).

(B) The terms "fishing" and "highly migratory species" have the same meanings as provided in paragraphs (10) and (14), respectively, of section 3 of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1802(10) and (14)).

(5)(A) It is the policy of the United States of America—

(i) to negotiate and conclude with the governments of the Central, Western, and South Pacific Ocean, including the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands, a regional licensing agreement setting forth agreed terms of access for United States tuna vessels fishing in the region; and

(ii) that such an agreement should overcome existing jurisdictional differences and provide for a mutually beneficial relationship between the United States and the Pacific Island States that will promote the development of the tuna and other latent fisheries resources of the Central, Western, and South Pacific Ocean and the economic development of the region.

(B) At such time as an agreement referred to in subparagraph (A) is submitted to the Senate for advice and consent to ratification, the Secretary of State, after consultation with the Secretary of Commerce and other interested agencies and concerned governments, shall submit to the Congress a proposed long term regional fisheries development program which may include, but not be limited to—

(i) exploration for, and stock assessment of, tuna and other fish;

99 STAT. 1791 (ii) improvement of harvesting techniques;

(iii) gear development;

(iv) biological resource monitoring;

(v) education and training in the field of fisheries; and

(vi) regional and direct bilateral assistance in the field of fisheries.

(g) Foreign Loans.—The Congress hereby reaffirms the United States position that the United States Government is not responsible for foreign loans or debt obtained by the Governments of the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands.

48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 105. SUPPLEMENTAL PROVISIONS.

(a) Domestic Program Requirements.—Except as may otherwise be provided in this joint resolution, all United States Federal programs and services extended to or operated in the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands are and shall remain subject to all applicable criteria, standards, reporting requirements, auditing procedures, and other rules and regulations applicable to such programs when operating in the United States (including its territories and commonwealths).

(b) Relations With the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands.—

(1) The United States representatives to the Federated States of Micronesia and the Republic of the Marshall Islands pursuant to Article V of title I of the Compact shall be appointed by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall be under the supervision of the Secretary of State, who shall have responsibility for government to government relations between the United States and the Government with respect to whom they are appointed, consistent with the authority of the Secretary of the Interior as set forth in this section.

(2) Appropriations made pursuant to the Compact or any other provision of this joint resolution may be made only to the Secretary of the Interior, who shall coordinate and monitor any program or activity provided to the Federated States of Micronesia or the Republic of the Marshall Islands by departments and agencies of the Government of the United States and related economic development planning pursuant to the Compact or pursuant to any other authorization except for the provisions of sections 161(e), 313, and 351 of the Compact and the authorization of the President to agree to an effective date pursuant to this resolution. Funds appropriated to the Secretary of the Interior pursuant to this paragraph shall not be allocated to other Departments or agencies.

Post, pp. 1807, 1822, 1825.

(3) All programs and services provided to the Federated States of Micronesia and the Republic of the Marshall Islands by Federal agencies may be provided only after consultation with

and under the supervision of the Secretary of the Interior, and the head of each Federal agency is directed to cooperate with the Secretary of the Interior and to make such personnel and services available as the Secretary of the Interior may request.

(4) Any United States Government personnel assigned, on a temporary or permanent basis, to either the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands shall, during the period of such assignment, be subject to the supervision of the United States representative to that area.

President of U.S.

(5) The President is hereby authorized to appoint an Interagency Group on Freely Associated States' Affairs to provide policy guidance to federal departments and agencies. Such interagency group shall include the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of State.

99 STAT. 1792

48 USC 1681 note.

(c) Continuing Trust Territory Authorization.—The authorization provided by the Act of June 30, 1954, as amended (68 Stat. 330) shall remain available after the effective date of the Compact with respect to the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands for the following purposes:

(1) Prior to October 1, 1986, for any purpose authorized by the Compact or this joint resolution.

(2) Transition purposes, including but not limited to, completion of projects and fulfillment of commitments or obligations; termination of the Trust Territory Government and termination of the High Court; health and education as a result of exceptional circumstances; ex gratia contributions for the populations of Bikini, Enewetak, Rongelap, and Utrik; and technical assistance and training in financial management, program administration, and maintenance of infrastructure.

(d) Medical Referral Debts.—

(1) Federated states of micronesia.—In addition to the funds provided in Title Two, Article II, section 221(b) of the Compact, following approval of the Compact with respect to the Federated States of Micronesia, the United States shall make available to the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia such sums as may be necessary for the payment of the obligations incurred for the use of medical facilities in the United States, including any territories and commonwealths, by citizens of the Federated States of Micronesia before September 1, 1985.

Post, p. 1816.

(2) Marshall islands.—In addition to the funds provided in Title Two, Article II, section 221(b) of the Compact, following approval of the Compact with respect to the Marshall Islands, the United States shall make available to the Government of the Marshall Islands such sums as may be necessary for the payment of the obligations incurred for the use of medical facilities in the United States, its territories and commonwealths by citizens of the Marshall Islands before September 1, 1985.

President of U.S.

(3) Use of funds.—In making funds available pursuant to this subsection, the President shall take such actions as he deems necessary to assure that the funds are used only for the payment of the medical expenses described in paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection, as the case may be.

(4) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for the purposes of this subsection.

Post, p. 1830.

(e) Survivability.—In furtherance of the provisions of Title Four, Article V, sections 452 and 453 of the Compact, any provisions of the Compact which remain effective after the termination of the Compact by the act of any party thereto and which are affected in any manner by provisions of this title shall remain subject to such provisions.

(f) Registration for Agents of Micronesian Governments.—

Post, p. 1807.

(1) In general.—Notwithstanding the provisions of Title One, Article V, section 153 of the Compact, after approval of the

99 STAT. 1793

Compact any citizen of the United States who, without authority of the United States, acts as the agent of the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia with regard to matters specified in the provisions of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended (22 U.S.C. 611 et seq.) that apply with respect to an agent of a foreign principal shall be subject to the requirements of such Act. Failure to comply with such requirements shall subject such citizen to the same penalties and provisions of law as apply in the case of the failure of such an agent of a foreign principal to comply with such requirements. For purposes of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands shall be considered to be foreign countries.

(2) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) of this subsection shall not apply to a citizen of the United States employed by either the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia with respect to whom the employing Government from time to time certifies to the Government of the United States that such citizen is an employee of the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia (as the case may be) whose principal duties are other than those matters specified in the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, that apply with respect to an agent of a foreign principal. The agency or officer of the United States receiving such certifications shall cause them to be filed with the Attorney General, who shall maintain a publicly available list of the persons so certified.

(3) RESIDENT REPRESENTATIVE EXEMPTION.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as amending Section 152(b) of the Compact.

Post, p. 1806.

(g) NONCOMPLIANCE SANCTIONS.—

President of U.S.

(1) AUTHORITY OF PRESIDENT.—The President of the United States shall have no authority to suspend or withhold payments or assistance with respect to—

Post, pp. 1812, 1814-1817.

(A) section 177, 213, 216(a)(2), 216(a)(3), 221(b), or 223 of the Compact, or

(B) any agreements made pursuant to such sections of the Compact,

unless such suspension or withholding is imposed as a sanction due to noncompliance by the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia or the Government of the Marshall Islands (as the case may be) with the obligations and requirements of such sections of the Compact or such agreements.

Post, p. 1833.

99 STAT. 1794

(2) ACTIONS INCOMPATIBLE WITH UNITED STATES AUTHORITY.—The Congress expresses its understanding that the Governments of the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands will not act in a manner incompatible with the authority and responsibility of the United States for security and defense matters in or related to the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands pursuant to the Compact, including the agreements referred to in sections 462(j) and 462(k) thereof. The Congress further expresses its intention that any such act on the part of either such Government will be viewed by the United States as a material breach of the Compact. The Government of the United States reserves the right in the event of such a material breach of the Compact by the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia or the Government of the Marshall Islands to take action, including (but not limited to) the suspension in whole or in part of the obligations of the Government of the United States to that Government.

(h) CONTINUING PROGRAMS AND LAWS.—

Post, p. 1816.

(1) FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA AND MARSHALL ISLANDS.—In addition to the programs and services set forth in section 221 of the Compact, and pursuant to section 224 of the

Compact, the programs and services of the following agencies shall be made available to the Federated States of Micronesia and to the Marshall Islands:

Post, p. 1817.

(A) the Legal Services Corporation;

(B) the Public Health Service; and

(C) the Farmers Home Administration (in the Marshall Islands and each of the four States of the Federated States of Micronesia: *Provided*, that in lieu of continuation of the program in the Federated States of Micronesia, the President may agree to transfer to the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia without cost, the portfolio of the Farmers Home Loan Administration applicable to the Federated States of Micronesia and provide such technical assistance in management of the portfolio as may be requested by the Federated States of Micronesia).

(2) PALAU.—Upon the effective date of the Compact, the laws of the United States generally applicable to the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands shall continue to apply to the Republic of Palau and the Republic of Palau shall be eligible for such proportion of Federal assistance as it would otherwise have been eligible to receive under such laws prior to the effective date of the Compact, as provided in appropriation Acts or other Acts of Congress.

(3) SECTION 219 DETERMINATION.—The determination by the Government of the United States under section 219 of the Compact shall be as provided in appropriation Acts.

Post, p. 1816.

(4) TORT CLAIMS.—(A) At such time as the Trusteeship Agreement ceases to apply to either the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands, the provisions of Section 178 of the Compact regarding settlement and payment of tort claims shall apply to employees of any federal agency of the Government of the United States which provides any service or carries out any other function pursuant to or in furtherance of any provisions of the Compact or this Act, except for provisions of Title Three of the Compact and of the subsidiary agreements related to such Title, in such area to which such Agreement formerly applied. For purposes of this subparagraph (B), persons providing such service or carrying out such function pursuant to a contract with a federal agency shall be deemed to be an employee of the contracting federal agency.

Post, p. 1813.

(B) For purposes of the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U.S.C. 2671 et seq.), persons providing services to the people of the atolls of Bikini, Enewetak, Rongelap, and Utrik as described in Public Law 95–134 and Public Law 96–205 pursuant to a contract with a Department or agency of the federal government shall be deemed to be an employee of the contracting Department or agency working in the United States. This subparagraph (B) shall expire when the Trusteeship Agreement is terminated with respect to the Marshall Islands.

91 Stat. 1159; 94 Stat. 84.

(i) COLLEGE OF MICRONESIA; EDUCATION PROGRAMS.—

99 STAT. 1795

(1) COLLEGE OF MICRONESIA.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all funds which as of the date of the enactment of this joint resolution were appropriated for the use of the College of Micronesia System shall remain available for use by such college until expended. Until otherwise provided by Act of Congress, or until termination of the Compact, such college shall retain its status as a land-grant institution and its eligibility for all benefits and programs available to such land-grant institutions.

(2) FEDERAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS.—Pursuant to section 224 of the Compact and upon the request of the affected Government, any Federal program providing financial assistance for education which, as of January 1, 1985, was providing financial assistance for education to the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands or to any institution, agency, organiza-

Post, p. 1817.

tion, or permanent resident thereof, including the College of Micronesia System, shall continue to provide such assistance to such institutions, agencies, organizations, and residents as follows:

(A) For the fiscal year in which the Compact becomes effective, not to exceed $13,000,000;

(B) For the fiscal year beginning after the end of the fiscal year in which the Compact becomes effective, not to exceed $8,700,000; and

(C) For the fiscal year immediately following the fiscal year described in subparagraph (B), not to exceed $4,300,000.

(3) Authorization of appropriations.—There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary for purposes of this subsection.

(j) Trust Territory Debts to U.S. Federal Agencies.—Neither the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia nor the Government of the Marshall Islands shall be required to pay to any department, agency, independent agency, office, or instrumentality of the United States any amounts owed to such department, agency, independent agency, office, or instrumentality by the Government of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands as of the effective date of the Compact. There is authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this subsection.

Health and medical care.

(k) Use of DOD Medical Facilities.—Following approval of the Compact, the Secretary of Defense shall make available the medical facilities of the Department of Defense for use by citizens of the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands who are properly referred to such facilities by government authorities responsible for provision of medical services in the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands. The Secretary of Defense is hereby authorized to cooperate with such authorities in order to permit use of such medical facilities for persons properly referred by such authorities. The Secretary of Health and Human Services is hereby authorized and directed to continue to make the services of the National Health Service Corps available to the residents of the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands to the same extent and for so long as such services are authorized to be provided to persons residing in any other areas within or outside the United States.

Post, p. 1818.

99 STAT. 1796

Grants.

Ante, pp. 1775, 1778, 1791.

(l) Technical Assistance.—Technical assistance may be provided pursuant to section 226 of the Compact by Federal agencies and institutions of the Government of the United States to the extent such assistance may be provided to States, territories, or units of local government. Such assistance by the Forest Service, the Soil Conservation Service, the Fish and Wildlife Service, the National Marine Fisheries Service, the United States Coast Guard, and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, the Department of the Interior, and other agencies providing assistance under the National Historic Preservation Act (80 Stat. 915; 16 U.S.C. 470–470t), shall be on a nonreimbursable basis. During the period the Compact is in effect, the grant programs under the National Historic Preservation Act shall continue to apply to the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands in the same manner and to the same extent as prior to the approval of the Compact. Funds provided pursuant to sections 102(a), 103(a), 103(c), 103(h), 103(i), 103(j), 103(l), 105(c), 105(i), 105(j), 105(k), 105(l), 105(m), 105(n), and 105(o) of this joint resolution shall be in addition to and not charged against any amounts to be paid to either the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands pursuant to the Compact or the subsidiary agreements.

(m) Prior Service Benefits Program.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, persons who on January 1, 1985, were eligible to receive payment under the Prior Service Benefits Program established within the Social Security System of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands because of their services performed for the

United States Navy or the Government of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands prior to July 1, 1968, shall continue to receive such payments on and after the effective date of the Compact.

(n) INDEFINITE LAND USE PAYMENTS.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to complete repayment by the United States of any debts owed for the use of various lands in the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands prior to January 1, 1985.

Grants

(o) COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CONTROL PROGRAM.—There are authorized to be appropriated for grants to the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia such sums as may be necessary for purposes of establishing or continuing programs for the control and prevention of communicable diseases, including (but not limited to) cholera and Hansen's Disease. The Secretary of the Interior shall assist the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia in designing and implementing such a program.

Post, p. 1819.

(p) TRUST FUNDS.—The responsibilities of the United States with regard to implementation of section 235 of the Compact shall be discharged by the Secretary of the Interior, who shall consult with the Government of the Marshall Islands and the designated beneficiaries of the funds held in trust by the High Commissioner of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

President of U.S.
Report.

Post, p. 1822.

(q) ANNUAL REPORTS ON DETERMINATIONS UNDER COMPACT SECTION 313.—The President shall report annually to the Congress on determinations made by the United States in the exercise of its authority under section 313 of the Compact. Each such report shall describe the following, on a classified basis if necessary:

(1) The actions that the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia or the Government of the Marshall Islands were required to refrain from pursuant to the determinations of the United States.

(2) The justification for each determination by the United States, and the position of the other Government concerned with respect to such determination.

99 STAT. 1797

Post, p. 1801.

(3) The effect of the determination on the authority and responsibility of the other government to conduct foreign affairs in accordance with section 121 of the Compact.

(4) Any domestic effect in the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands resulting from the determination, including any restriction on the civil and political rights of the citizens thereof.

(r) USER FEES.—Any person in the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands shall be liable for user fees, if any, for services provided in the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands by the Government of the United States to the same extent as any person in the United States would be liable for fees, if any, for such services in the United States.

SEC. 106. CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT ASSISTANCE.

48 USC 1681 note.
President of U.S.

(a) ASSISTANCE TO U.S. FIRMS.—In order to assist the Governments of the Federated States of Micronesia and of the Marshall Islands through private sector firms which may be awarded contracts for construction or major repair of capital infrastructure within the Federated States of Micronesia or the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the President shall consult with the Governments of the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands with respect to any such contracts, and the President shall enter into agreements with such firms whereby such firms will, consistent with applicable requirements of such Governments—

(1) to the maximum extent possible, employ citizens of the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands;

(2) to the extent that necessary skills are not possessed by citizens of the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands, provide on the job training, with particular emphasis on the development of skills relating to operation of machinery and routine and preventative maintenance of machinery and other facilities; and

(3) provide specific training or other assistance in order to enable the Government to engage in long-term maintenance of infrastructure.

Assistance by such firms pursuant to this section may not exceed 20 percent of the amount of the contract and shall be made available only to such firms which meet the definition of United States firm under the nationality rule for suppliers of services of the Agency for International Development (hereafter in this section referred to as "United States firms"). There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for the purposes of this subsection.

(b) AUTHORIZATION.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to cover any additional costs incurred by the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia or the Republic of the Marshall Islands if such Governments, pursuant to an agreement entered into with the United States, apply a preference on the award of contracts to United States firms, provided that the amount of such preference does not exceed 10 percent of the amount of the lowest qualified bid from a non-United States firm for such contract.

48 USC 1681 note.
18 USC 201 *et seq.*

SEC. 107. LIMITATIONS.

18 USC 207.

(a) PROHIBITION.—The provisions of Chapter 11 of title 18, United States Code, shall apply in full to any individual who has served as the President's Personal Representative for Micronesian Status Negotiations or who is or was an officer or employee of the Office for Micronesian Status Negotiations or who is or was assigned or detailed to that Office or who served on the Micronesia Interagency Group, except that for the purposes of this section, clauses (i) and (ii) of section 207(b) of such title shall read as follows: "(i) having been so employed, within three years after his employment has ceased, knowingly acts as agent or attorney for, or otherwise represents, any other person (except the United States), in any formal or informal appearance before, or, with the intent to influence, makes any oral or written communication on behalf of any other person (except the United States) to, or (ii) having been so employed and as specified in subsection (d) of this section, within three years after his employment has ceased, knowingly represents or aids, counsels, advises, consults, or assists in representing any other person (except the United States) by personal presence at any formal or informal appearance before—".

(b) TERMINATION.—Effective upon the date of the termination of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands with respect to Palau, the Office for Micronesian Status Negotiations is abolished and no department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States shall thereafter contribute funds for the support of such Office.

48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 108. TRANSITIONAL IMMIGRATION RULES.

48 USC 1681 note.

(a) CITIZEN OF NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS.—Any person who is a citizen of the Northern Mariana Islands, as that term is defined in section 24(b) of the Act of December 8, 1983 (97 Stat. 1465), is considered a citizen of the United States for purposes of entry into, permanent residence, and employment in the United States and its territories and possessions.

90 Stat. 263.

(b) TERMINATION.—The provisions of this section shall cease to be effective when section 301 of the Covenant to Establish a Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands in Political Union With the United States (Public Law 94-241) becomes effective pursuant to section 1003(c) of the Covenant.

48 USC 1681 note.
Prohibitions.

SEC. 109. TIMING.

No payment may be made pursuant to the Compact nor under any provision of this joint resolution prior to October 1, 1985.

SEC. 110. IMPLEMENTATION OF AUDIT AGREEMENTS.

48 USC 1681 note.
President of U.S.

(a) TRANSMISSION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT.—Upon receipt of the annual financial statement described in sections 102(c)(4) and 103(m)(4), the President shall promptly transmit a copy of such statement to the Congress.

Ante, pp. 1775, 1778.

(b) ANNUAL AUDITS BY THE PRESIDENT.—(1) The President shall cause an annual audit to be conducted of the annual financial statements described in sections 102(c)(4) and 103(m)(4). Such audit shall be conducted in accordance with the Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards promulgated by the Comptroller General of the United States. Such audit shall be submitted to the Congress not later than 180 days after the end of the United States fiscal year.

(2) The President shall develop and implement procedures to carry out such audits. Such procedures shall include the matters described in sections 102(c)(2) and 103(m)(2) of this title.

99 STAT. 1799

(c) AUTHORITY OF GAO.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall have the authority to conduct the audits referred to in sections 102(c)(1) and 103(m)(1) of this title.

Post, pp. 1775, 1778.
48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 111. COMPENSATORY ADJUSTMENTS.

(a) ADDITIONAL PROGRAMS AND SERVICES.—In addition to the programs and services set forth in Section 221 of the Compact, and pursuant to Section 224 of the Compact, the services and programs of the following U.S. agencies shall be made available to the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands: The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Small Business Administration, Economic Development Administration, the Rural Electrification Administration, Job Partnership Training Act, Job Corps, and the programs and services of the Department of Commerce relating to tourism and to marine resource development.

Post, p. 1816.
Post, p. 1817.
29 USC 1501 note.

(b)(1) INVESTMENT DEVELOPMENT FUNDS.—In order to further close economic and commercial relations between the United States and the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands, and in order to encourage the presence of the United States private sector in such areas, there are hereby created two Investment Development Funds, to be established and administered by the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands respectively in consultation with the United States as follows:

> (i) For the Investment Development Fund for the Federated States of Micronesia there is hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal 1986, $20 million, backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, of which $12 million shall be made available for obligation for the first full fiscal year after the effective date of the Compact, and of which $8 million shall be made available for obligation for the third full fiscal year after the effective date of the Compact.
>
> (ii) For the Investment Development Fund for the Marshall Islands there is hereby authorized to be appropriated $10 million for fiscal 1986, backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, of which $6 million for the first full fiscal year after the effective date of the Compact, and of which $4 million shall be made available for obligation for the third full fiscal year after the effective date of the Compact.

(2) The amounts specified in subsection (b) of this section shall be in addition to the sums and amounts specified in Articles I and III of Title Two of the Compact, and shall be deemed to be included in the sums and amounts referred to in section 236 of the Compact.

Post, p. 1819.
President of U.S.

(c) BOARD OF ADVISORS.—To provide policy guidance for the Funds established by subsection (b) of this section, the President is hereby authorized to establish a Board of Advisors, pursuant to appropriate agreements between the United States and the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands.

Report.

(d) **Further Amounts.**—The governments of the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands may submit to Congress reports concerning the overall financial and economic impacts on such areas resulting from the effect of Title IV of this joint resolution upon Title Two of the Compact. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1990, such amounts as may be necessary, but not to exceed $40 million for the Federated States of Micronesia and $20 million for the Marshall Islands, as provided in appropriation acts, to further compensate the governments of such islands (in addition to the compensation provided in subsections (a) and (b) of this section) for adverse impacts, if any, on the finances and economies of such areas resulting from the effect of Title IV of this joint resolution upon Title Two of the Compact. At the end of the initial fifteen-year term of the Compact, should any portion of the total amount of funds authorized in this subsection not have been appropriated, such amount not yet appropriated may be appropriated, without regard to divisions between amounts authorized in this subsection for the Federated States of Micronesia and for the Marshall Islands, based on either or both such government's showing of such adverse impact, if any, as provided in this subsection.

99 STAT. 1800

TITLE II—COMPACT OF FREE ASSOCIATION

48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 201. COMPACT OF FREE ASSOCIATION.

The Compact of Free Association is as follows:

COMPACT OF FREE ASSOCIATION

Preamble

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE MARSHALL ISLANDS AND THE FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA

Human rights.

Affirming that their Governments and their relationships as Governments are founded upon respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for all, and that the peoples of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands have the right to enjoy self-government; and

Affirming the common interests of the United States of America and the peoples of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands in creating close and mutually beneficial relationships through two free and voluntary associations of their respective Governments, and

Affirming the interest of the Government of the United States in promoting the economic advancement and self-sufficiency of the peoples of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands; and

Recognizing that their previous relationship has been based upon the International Trusteeship System of the United Nations Charter, and in particular Article 76 of the Charter; and that pursuant to Article 76 of the Charter, the peoples of the Trust Territory have progressively developed their institutions of self-government, and that in the exercise of their sovereign right to self-determination they have, through their freely-expressed wishes, adopted Constitutions appropriate to their particular circumstances; and 59 Stat. 1031.

Recognizing their common desire to terminate the Trusteeship and establish two new government-to-government relationships each of which is in accordance with a new political status based on the freely-expressed wishes of peoples of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands and appropriate to their particular circumstances; and

Recognizing that the peoples of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands have and retain their sovereignty and their sovereign right to self-determination and the inherent right to adopt and amend their own Constitutions and forms of government and that the approval of the entry of their respective Governments into this

Compact of Free Association by the peoples of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands constitutes an exercise of their sovereign right to self-determination;

NOW, THEREFORE, AGREE to enter into relationships of free association which provide a full measure of self-government for the peoples of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia; and

FURTHER AGREE that the relationships of free association derive from and are as set forth in this Compact; and that, during such relationships of free association, the respective rights and responsibilities of the Government of the United States and the Governments of the freely associated states of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia in regard to these relationships of free association derive from and are as set forth in this Compact.

TITLE ONE

GOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Article I

Self-Government

Section 111

The peoples of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia, acting through the Governments established under their respective Constitutions, are self-governing.

Article II

Foreign Affairs

Section 121

(a) The Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia have the capacity to conduct foreign affairs and shall do so in their own name and right, except as otherwise provided in this Compact.

(b) The foreign affairs capacity of the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia includes:

(1) the conduct of foreign affairs relating to law of the sea and marine resources matters, including the harvesting, conservation, exploration or exploitation of living and non-living resources from the sea, seabed or subsoil to the full extent recognized under international law;

(2) the conduct of their commercial, diplomatic, consular, economic, trade, banking, postal, civil aviation, communications, and cultural relations, including negotiations for the receipt of developmental loans and grants and the conclusion of arrangements with other governments and international and intergovernmental organizations, including any matters specially benefiting their individual citizens.

International agreements.

(c) The Government of the United States recognizes that the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia have the capacity to enter into, in their own name and right, treaties and other international agreements with governments and regional and international organizations.

99 STAT. 1802

(d) In the conduct of their foreign affairs, the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia confirm that they shall act in accordance with principles of international law and shall settle their international disputes by peaceful means.

Section 122

The Government of the United States shall support applications by the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia for membership or other participation in regional or international organizations as may be mutually agreed. The Government of the United States agrees to accept for training and instruction at the Foreign Service Institute, established under 22 U.S.C. 4021, citizens of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia. The qualifications of candidates for such training and instruction and all other terms and conditions of participation by citizens of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia in Foreign Service Institute programs shall be as mutually agreed between the Government of the United States and the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia.

Section 123

(a) In recognition of the authority and responsibility of the Government of the United States under Title Three, the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia shall consult, in the conduct of their foreign affairs, with the Government of the United States.

(b) In recognition of the respective foreign affairs capacities of the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia, the Government of the United States, in the conduct of its foreign affairs, shall consult with the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia on matters which the Government of the United States regards as relating to or affecting any such Government.

Section 124

The Government of the United States may assist or act on behalf of the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia in the area of foreign affairs as may be requested and mutually agreed from time to time. The Government of the United States shall not be responsible to third parties for the actions of the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia undertaken with the assistance or through the agency of the Government of the United States pursuant to this Section unless expressly agreed.

Section 125

The Government of the United States shall not be responsible for nor obligated by any actions taken by the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia in the area of foreign affairs, except as may from time to time be expressly agreed.

Section 126

At the request of the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia and subject to the consent of the receiving state, the Government of the United States shall extend consular assistance on the same basis as for citizens of the United States to citizens of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia for travel outside the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia, the United States and its territories and possessions. 99 STAT. 1803

Section 127

Except as otherwise provided in this Compact or its related agreements, all obligations, responsibilities, rights and benefits of the Government of the United States as Administering Authority which have resulted from the application pursuant to the Trusteeship Agreement of any treaty or other international agreement to the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands on the day preceding the effective date of this Compact are no longer assumed and enjoyed by the Government of the United States.

Article III

Communications

Section 131

(a) The Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia have full authority and responsibility to regulate their respective domestic and foreign communications, and the Government of the United States shall provide communications assistance in accordance with the terms of a separate agreement which shall come into effect simultaneously with this Compact, and such agreement shall remain in effect until such time as any election is made pursuant to Section 131(b) and which shall provide for the following:

(1) the Government of the United States remains the sole administration entitled to make notification to the International Frequency Registration Board of the International Telecommunications Union of frequency assignments to radio communications stations respectively in the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia; and to submit to the International Frequency Registration Board seasonal schedules for the broadcasting stations respectively in the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia in the bands allocated exclusively to the broadcasting service between 5,950 and 26,100 kHz and in any other additional frequency bands that may be allocated to use by high frequency broadcasting stations; and

(2) the United States Federal Communications Commission has jurisdiction, pursuant to the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. 151 et seq., and the Communications Satellite Act of 1962, 47 U.S.C. 721 et seq., over all domestic and foreign communications services furnished by means of satellite earth terminal stations where such stations are owned or operated by United States common carriers and are located in the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia.

(b) The Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia may elect at any time to undertake the functions enumerated in Section 131(a) and previously performed by the Government of the United States. Upon such election, the Government of the United States shall so notify the International Frequency Registration Board and shall take such other actions as may be necessary to transfer to the electing Government the notification authority referred to in Section 131(a) and all rights deriving from 99 STAT. 1804
the previous exercise of any such notification authority by the Government of the United States.

Section 132

The Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia shall permit the Government of the United States to operate telecommunications services in the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia to the extent necessary to fulfill the obligations of the Government of the United States under this Compact in accordance with the terms of separate agreements which shall come into effect simultaneously with this Compact.

Article IV

Immigration

Section 141

(a) Any person in the following categories may enter into, lawfully engage in occupations, and establish residence as a nonimmigrant in the United States and its territories and possessions without regard to paragraphs (14), (20), and (26) of section 212(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1182(a) (14), (20), and (26):

(1) a person who, on the day preceding the effective date of this Compact, is a citizen of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, as defined in Title 53 of the Trust Territory Code in force on January 1, 1979, and has become a citizen of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia;

(2) a person who acquires the citizenship of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia at birth, on or after the effective date of the respective Constitution;

(3) a naturalized citizen of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia who has been an actual resident there for not less than five years after attaining such naturalization and who holds a certificate of actual residence; or

(4) a person entitled to citizenship in the Marshall Islands by lineal descent whose name is included in a list to be furnished by the Government of the Marshall Islands to the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service and any descendants of such persons, provided that such person holds a certificate of lineal descent issued by the Government of the Marshall Islands.

Such persons shall be considered to have the permission of the Attorney General of the United States to accept employment in the United States.

(b) The right of such persons to establish habitual residence in a territory or possession of the United States may, however, be subjected to nondiscriminatory limitations provided for:

(1) in statutes or regulations of the United States; or

(2) in those statutes or regulations of the territory or possession concerned which are authorized by the laws of the United States.

(c) Section 141(a) does not confer on a citizen of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia the right to establish the residence necessary for naturalization under the Immigration and Nationality Act, or to petition for benefits for alien relatives under that Act. Section 141(a), however, shall not prevent a citizen of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia from otherwise acquiring such rights or lawful permanent resident alien status in the United States.

99 STAT. 1805

Section 142

(a) Any citizen or national of the United States may enter into, lawfully engage in occupations, and reside in the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia, subject to the rights of those Governments to deny entry to or deport any such citizen or national as an undesirable alien. A citizen or national of the United States may establish habitual residence or domicile in the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia only in accordance with the laws of the jurisdiction in which habitual residence or domicile is sought.

(b) With respect to the subject matter of this Section, the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia shall accord to citizens and nationals of the United States treatment no less favorable than that accorded to citizens of other countries; any denial of entry to or deportation of a citizen or national of the United States as an undesirable alien must be pursuant to reasonable statutory grounds.

Section 143

Ante, p. 1804; *supra*.

(a) The privileges set forth in Sections 141 and 142 shall not apply to any person who takes an affirmative step to preserve or acquire a citizenship or nationality other than that of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia or the United States.

(b) Every person having the privileges set forth in Sections 141 and 142 who possesses a citizenship or nationality other than that of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia or the United States ceases to have these privileges two years after the effective date of this Compact, or within six months after becoming 21 years of age, whichever comes later, unless such person executes an oath of renunciation of that other citizenship or nationality.

Section 144

(a) A citizen or national of the United States who, after notification to the Government of the United States of an intention to employ such person by the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia, commences employment with such Government shall not be deprived of his United States nationality pursuant to Section 349 (a)(2) and (a)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1481 (a)(2) and (a)(4).

(b) Upon such notification by the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia, the Government of the United States may consult with or provide information to the notifying Government concerning the prospective employee, subject to the provisions of the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. 552a.

(c) The requirement of prior notification shall not apply to those citizens or nationals of the United States who are employed by the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia on the effective date of this Compact with respect to the positions held by them at that time.

Article V

Representation

Section 151

The Government of the United States and the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia may establish and maintain representative offices in the capital of the other for the purpose of maintaining close and regular consultations on matters arising in the course of the relationship of free association and conducting other government business. The Governments may establish and maintain additional offices on terms and in locations as may be mutually agreed.

Section 152

(a) The premises of such representative offices, and their archives wherever located, shall be inviolable. The property and assets of such representative offices shall be immune from search, requisition, attachment and any form of seizure unless such immunity is expressly waived. Official communications in transit shall be inviolable and accorded the freedom and protections accorded by recognized principles of international law to official communications of a diplomatic mission.

(b) Persons designated by the sending Government may serve in the capacity of its resident representatives with the consent of the receiving Government. Such designated persons shall be immune from civil and criminal process relating to words spoken or written and all acts performed by them in their official capacity and falling within their functions as such representatives, except insofar as such immunity may be expressly waived by the sending Government. While serving in a resident representative capacity, such designated persons shall not be liable to arrest or detention pending trial, except in the case of a grave crime and pursuant to a decision by a competent judicial authority, and such persons shall enjoy immunity from seizure of personal property, immigration restrictions, and laws relating to alien registration, fingerprinting, and the registration of foreign agents.

(c) The sending Governments and their respective assets, income and other property shall be exempt from all direct taxes, except those direct taxes representing payment for specific goods and services, and shall be exempt from all customs duties and restrictions on the import or export of articles required for the official functions and personal use of their representatives and representative offices.

(d) Persons designated by the sending Government to serve in the capacity of its resident representatives shall enjoy the same taxation exemptions as are set forth in Article 34 of the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations.

(e) The privileges, exemptions and immunities accorded under this Section are not for the personal benefit of the individuals concerned but are to safeguard the independent exercise of their official functions. Without prejudice to those privileges, exemptions and immunities, it is the duty of all such persons to respect the laws and regulations of the Government to which they are assigned.

99 STAT. 1807

Section 153

(a) Any citizen or national of the United States who, after consultation between the designating Government and the Government of the United States, is designated by the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia as its agent, shall enjoy exemption from the requirements of the laws of the United States relating to the registration of foreign agents. The Government of the United States shall promptly comply with a request for consultation made by the prospective designating Government. During the course of the consultation, the Government of the United States may, in its discretion, and subject to the provisions of the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. 552a, transmit such information concerning the prospective designee as may be available to it to the prospective designating Government.

(b) Any citizen or national of the United States may be employed by the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia to represent to foreign governments, officers or agents thereof the positions of the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia, without regard to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 953.

Article VI

Environmental Protection

Section 161

The Governments of the United States, the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia declare that it is their policy to promote efforts to prevent or eliminate damage to the environment and biosphere and to enrich understanding of the natural resources of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia. In order to carry out this policy, the Government of the United States and the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia agree to the following mutual and reciprocal undertakings.

(a) The Government of the United States:

(1) shall continue to apply the environmental controls in effect on the day preceding the effective date of this Compact to those of its continuing activities subject to Section 161(a)(2), unless and until those controls are modified under Sections 161(a)(3) and 161(a)(4);

(2) shall apply the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, 83 Stat. 852, 42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq., to its activities under the Compact and its related agreements as if the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia were the United States;

(3) shall comply also, in the conduct of any activity requiring the preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement under Section 161(a)(2), with standards substantively similar to those required by the following laws of the United States, taking into account the particular environments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia: the Endangered Species Act of 1973, 87 Stat. 884, 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.; The Clean Air

Act, 77 Stat. 392, 42 U.S.C. Supp. 7401 et seq.; the Clean Water Act (Federal Water Pollution Control Act), 86 Stat. 896, 33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq., the Ocean Dumping Act (Title I of the Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act of 1972), 86 Stat. 1053, 33 U.S.C. 1411 et seq.; the Toxic Substances Control Act, 90 Stat. 2003, 15 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.; the Resources Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, 90 Stat. 2796, 42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq.; and such other environmental protection laws of the United States as may be mutually agreed from time to time with the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia; and

(4) shall develop, prior to conducting any activity requiring the preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement under Section 161(a)(2), appropriate mechanisms, including regulations or other judicially reviewable standards and procedures, to regulate its activities governed by Section 161(a)(3) in the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia in a manner appropriate to the special governmental relationship set forth in this Compact. The agencies of the Government of the United States designated by law to administer the laws set forth in Section 161(a)(3) shall participate as appropriate in the development of any regulation, standard or procedure under this Section, and the Government of the United States shall provide the affected Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia with the opportunity to comment during such development.

Ante, p. 1807.

(b) The Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia shall develop standards and procedures to protect their environments. As a reciprocal obligation to the undertakings of the Government of the United States under this Article, the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia, taking into account their particular environments, shall develop standards for environmental protection substantively similar to those required of the Government of the United States by Section 161(a)(3) prior to their conducting activities in the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia, respectively, substantively equivalent to activities conducted there by the Government of the United States and, as a further reciprocal obligation, shall enforce those standards.

(c) Section 161(a), including any standard or procedure applicable thereunder, and Section 161(b) may be modified or superseded in whole or in part by agreement of the Government of the United States and the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia.

(d) In the event that an Environmental Impact Statement is no longer required under the laws of the United States for major federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment, the regulatory regime established under Sections 161(a)(3) and 161(a)(4) shall continue to apply to such activities of the Government of the United States until amended by mutual agreement.

President of U.S.

(e) The President of the United States may exempt any of the activities of the Government of the United States under this Compact and its related agreements from any environmental standard or procedure which may be applicable under Sections 161(a)(3) and 161(a)(4) if the President determines it to be in the paramount interest of the Government of the United States to do so, consistent with Title Three of this Compact and the obligations of the Government of the United States under international law. Prior to any decision pursuant to this subsection, the views of the affected Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia shall be sought and considered to the extent practicable. If the President grants such an exemption, to the extent practicable,

Report.

99 STAT. 1809 a report with his reasons for granting such exemption shall be given promptly to the affected Government.

Ante, p. 1807. (f) The laws of the United States referred to in Section 161(a)(3) shall apply to the activities of the Government of the United States under this Compact and its related agreements only to the extent provided for in this Section.

Section 162

The Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia may bring an action for judicial review of any administrative agency action or any activity of the Government of the United States pursuant to Sections 161(a), 161(d) or 161(e) or for enforcement of the obligations of the Government of the United States arising thereunder. Courts, U.S. The United States District Court for the District of Hawaii and the United States District Court for the District of Columbia shall have jurisdiction over such action or activity, and over actions brought under Section 172(b) which relate to the activities of the Government of the United States and its officers and employees, governed by Section 161, provided that: *Post*, p. 1810.

(a) Such actions may only be civil actions for any appropriate civil relief other than punitive damages against the Government of the United States or, where required by law, its officers in their official capacity; no criminal actions may arise under this Section.

(b) Actions brought pursuant to this Section may be initiated only by the Government concerned.

(c) Administrative agency actions arising under Section 161 shall be reviewed pursuant to the standard of judicial review set forth in 5 U.S.C. 706.

Courts, U.S. (d) The District Court shall have jurisdiction to issue all necessary processes, and the Government of the United States agrees to submit itself to the jurisdiction of the court; decisions of the District Court shall be reviewable in the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit or the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia, respectively, or in the United States Supreme Court as provided by the laws of the United States.

(e) The judicial remedy provided for in this Section shall be the exclusive remedy for the judicial review or enforcement of the obligations of the Government of the United States under this Article and actions brought under Section 172(b) which relate to the activities of the Government of the United States and its officers and employees governed by Section 161.

(f) In actions pursuant to this Section, the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia shall be treated as if they were United States citizens.

Section 163

(a) For the purpose of gathering data necessary to study the environmental effects of activities of the Government of the United States subject to the requirements of this Article, the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia shall be granted access to facilities operated by the Government of the United States in the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia, to the extent necessary for this purpose, except to the extent such access would unreasonably interfere with the exercise of the authority and responsibility of the Government of the United States under Title Three.

99 STAT. 1810

(b) The Government of the United States, in turn, shall be granted access to the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia for the purpose of gathering data necessary to discharge its obligations under this Article, except to the extent such access would unreasonably interfere with the exercise of the authority and responsibility of the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia under Title One, and to the extent necessary for this purpose shall be granted access to documents and other information to the same extent similar access is provided those Governments under the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552.

(c) The Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia shall not impede efforts by the Government of the United States to comply with applicable standards and procedures.

Article VII

General Legal Provisions

Section 171

Except as provided in this Compact or its related agreements, the application of the laws of the United States to the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands by virtue of the Trusteeship Agreement ceases with respect to the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia as of the effective date of this Compact.

Section 172

(a) Every citizen of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia who is not a resident of the United States shall enjoy the rights and remedies under the laws of the United States enjoyed by any non-resident alien.

(b) The Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia and every citizen of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia shall be considered a "person" within the meaning of the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552, and of the judicial review provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. 701-706, except that only the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia may seek judicial review under the Administrative Procedure Act or judicial enforcement under the Freedom of Information Act when such judicial review or enforcement relates to the activities of the Government of the United States governed by Sections 161 and 162.

5 USC prec. 551.
5 USC 552.

Ante, pp. 1807, 1809.

Section 173

The Governments of the United States, the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia agree to adopt and enforce such measures, consistent with this Compact and its related agreements, as may be necessary to protect the personnel, property, installations, services, programs and official archives and documents maintained by the Government of the United States in the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia pursuant to this Compact and its related agreements and by those Governments in the United States pursuant to this Compact and its related agreements.

Section 174

Except as otherwise provided in this Compact and its related agreements:

99 STAT. 1811

Courts, U.S.

(a) The Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia shall be immune from the jurisdiction of the courts of the United States, and the Government of the United States shall be immune from the jurisdiction of the courts of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia.

(b) The Government of the United States accepts responsibility for and shall pay:

(1) any unpaid money judgment rendered by the High Court of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands against the Government of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands or the Government of the United States with regard to any cause of action arising as a result of acts or omissions of the Government of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands or the Government of the United States prior to the effective date of this Compact;

Claims.

(2) any claim settled by the claimant and the Government of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands but not paid as of the effective date of this Compact; and

Claims.

(3) settlement of any administrative claim or of any action before a court of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, pending as of the effective date of this Compact, against the Government of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands or the Government of the United States, arising as a result of acts or omissions of the Government of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands or the Government of the United States.

Claims.
Ante, p. 1810.

(c) Any claim not referred to in Section 174(b) and arising from an act or omission of the Government of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands or the Government of the United States prior to the effective date of this Compact shall be adjudicated in the same manner as a claim adjudicated according to Section 174(d). In any claim against the Government of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, the Government of the United States shall stand in the place of the Government of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. A judgment on any claim referred to in Section 174(b) or this subsection, not otherwise satisfied by the Government of the United States, may be presented for certification to the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit, or its successor court, which shall have jurisdiction therefor, notwithstanding the provisions of 28 U.S.C. 1502, and which court's decisions shall be reviewable as provided by the laws of the United States. The United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit shall certify such judgment, and order payment thereof, unless it finds, after a hearing, that such judgment is manifestly erroneous as to law or fact, or manifestly excessive. In either of such cases the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit shall have jurisdiction to modify such judgment.

(d) The Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia shall not be immune from the jurisdiction of the courts of the United States, and the Government of the United States shall not be immune from the jurisdiction of the courts of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia in any case in which the action is based on a commercial activity of the defendant Government where the action is brought, or in a case in which damages are sought for personal injury or death or damage to or loss of property occurring where the action is brought.

Section 175

Law enforcement.

A separate agreement, which shall come into effect simultaneously with this Compact, shall be concluded between the Government of the United States and the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia regarding mutual assistance and cooperation in law enforcement matters including the pursuit, capture, imprisonment and extradition of fugitives from justice and the transfer of prisoners. The separate agreement shall have the force of law. In the United States, the laws of the United States governing international extradition, including 18 U.S.C. 3184, 3186 and 3188–3195, shall be applicable to the extradition of fugitives under the separate agreement, and the laws of the United States governing the transfer of prisoners, including 18 U.S.C. 4100–4115, shall be applicable to the transfer of prisoners under the separate agreement.

Section 176

The Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia confirm that final judgments in civil cases rendered by any court of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands shall continue in full force and effect, subject to the constitutional power of the courts of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia to grant relief from judgments in appropriate cases.

Section 177

(a) The Government of the United States accepts the responsibility for compensation owing to citizens of the Marshall Islands, or the

Federated States of Micronesia (or Palau) for loss or damage to property and person of the citizens of the Marshall Islands, or the Federated States of Micronesia, resulting from the nuclear testing program which the Government of the United States conducted in the Northern Marshall Islands between June 30, 1946, and August 18, 1958.

Claims.

(b) The Government of the United States and the Government of the Marshall Islands shall set forth in a separate agreement provisions for the just and adequate settlement of all such claims which have arisen in regard to the Marshall Islands and its citizens and which have not as yet been compensated or which in the future may arise, for the continued administration by the Government of the United States of direct radiation related medical surveillance and treatment programs and radiological monitoring activities and for such additional programs and activities as may be mutually agreed, and for the assumption by the Government of the Marshall Islands of responsibility for enforcement of limitations on the utilization of affected areas developed in cooperation with the Government of the United States and for the assistance by the Government of the United States in the exercise of such responsibility as may be mutually agreed. This separate agreement shall come into effect simultaneously with this Compact and shall remain in effect in accordance with its own terms.

Grants.

(c) The Government of the United States shall provide to the Government of the Marshall Islands, on a grant basis, the amount of $150 million to be paid and distributed in accordance with the separate agreement referred to in this Section, and shall provide the services and programs set forth in this separate agreement, the language of which is incorporated into this Compact.

99 STAT. 1813

Claims.

Section 178

(a) The federal agencies of the Government of the United States which provide the services and related programs in the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia pursuant to Articles II and III of Title Two are authorized to settle and pay tort claims arising in the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia from the activities of such agencies or from the acts or omissions of the employees of such agencies. Except as provided in Section 178(b), the provisions of 28 U.S.C. 2672 and 31 U.S.C. 1304 shall apply exclusively to such administrative settlements and payments.

(b) Claims under Section 178(a) which cannot be settled under Section 178(a) shall be disposed of exclusively in accordance with Article II of Title Four. Arbitration awards rendered pursuant to this subsection shall be paid out of funds under 31 U.S.C. 1304.

Post, p. 1818.

(c) The Government of the United States and the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia shall, in the separate agreements referred to in Section 232, provide for:

(1) the administrative settlement of claims referred to in Section 178(a), including designation of local agents in the Marshall Islands and each State of the Federated States of Micronesia; such agents to be empowered to accept, investigate and settle such claims, in a timely manner, as provided in such separate agreements; and

(2) arbitration, referred to in Section 178(b), in a timely manner, at a site convenient to the claimant, in the event a claim is not otherwise settled pursuant to Section 178(a).

Ante, p. 1810.

(d) The provisions of Section 174(d) shall not apply to claims covered by this Section.

TITLE TWO

ECONOMIC RELATIONS

Article I

Grant Assistance

Section 211

(a) In order to assist the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia in their efforts to advance the economic self-sufficiency of their peoples and in recognition of the special relationship that exists between them and the United States, the Government of the United States shall provide on a grant basis the following amounts:

(1) to the Government of the Marshall Islands, $26.1 million annually for five years commencing on the effective date of this Compact, $22.1 million annually for five years commencing on the fifth anniversary of the effective date of this Compact, and $19.1 million annually for five years commencing on the tenth anniversary of this Compact. Over this fifteen-year period, the Government of the Marshall Islands shall dedicate an average of no less than 40 percent of these amounts to the capital account subject to provision for revision of this percentage incorporated into the plan referred to in Section 211(b); and

(2) to the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia, $60 million annually for five years commencing on the effective date of this Compact, $51 million annually for five years commencing on the fifth anniversary of the effective date of this Compact, and $40 million annually for five years commencing on the tenth anniversary of the effective date of this Compact. Over this fifteen year period, the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia shall dedicate an average of no less than 40 percent of these amounts annually to the capital account subject to provision for revision of this percentage incorporated into the plan referred to in Section 211(b). To take into account the special nature of the assistance, to be provided under this paragraph and Sections 212(b), 213(c), 214(c), 215(a)(3), 215(b)(3), 216(a), 216(b), 221(a), and 221(b), the division of these amounts among the national and state governments of the Federated States of Micronesia shall be certified to the Government of the United States by the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia.

99 STAT. 1814

Ante, p. 1813.

Infra, post, pp. 1815, 1816.

(b) The annual expenditure of the grant amounts specified for the capital account in Section 211(a) by the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia shall be in accordance with official overall economic development plans provided by those Governments and concurred in by the Government of the United States prior to the effective date of this Compact. These plans may be amended from time to time by the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia.

Report.

(c) The Government of the United States and the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia recognize that the achievement of the goals of the plans referred to in Section 211(b) depends upon the availability of adequate internal revenue as well as economic assistance from sources outside of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia, including the Government of the United States, and may, in addition, be affected by the impact of exceptional economically adverse circumstances. Each of the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia shall therefore report annually to the President of the United States and to the Congress of the United States on the implementation of the plans and on their use of the funds specified in this Article. These reports shall outline the achievements of the plans to date and the need, if any, for an additional authorization and appropriation of economic assistance for that year to account for any exceptional, economically adverse circumstances. It is understood that the Government of the United States cannot be committed by this Section to seek or support such additional economic assistance.

Section 212

In recognition of the special development needs of the Federated States of Micronesia, the Government of the United States shall provide to the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia $1 million annually for fourteen years commencing on the first anniversary of the effective date of this Compact. This amount may be used by the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia to defray current account expenditures attendant to the operation of the United States military Civic Action Teams made available in accordance with the separate agreement referred to in Section 227.

Post, p. 1818.

Section 213

Grants.

(a) The Government of the United States shall provide on a grant basis $1.9 million annually to the Government of the Marshall Islands in conjunction with Section 321(a). The Government of the Marshall Islands, in its use of such funds, shall take into account the impact of the activities of the Government of the United States in the Kwajalein Atoll area of the Marshall Islands.

Post, p. 1824.

(b) The Government of the United States shall provide on a grant basis to the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia the sum of $160,000 in conjunction with Section 321(a). This sum shall be made available concurrently with the grant assistance provided pursuant to this Article during the first year after the effective date of this Compact. The Government of the Federated States of Micronesia, in its use of such funds, shall take into account the impact of the activities of the Government of the United States in Yap State, Federated States of Micronesia.

Post, p. 1824.

Section 214

Grants.

As a contribution to efforts aimed at achieving increased self-sufficiency in energy production, the Government of the United States shall provide on a current account grant basis for fourteen years commencing on the first anniversary of the effective date of this Compact the following amounts:

(a) To the Government of the Marshall Islands, $2 million annually.

(b) To the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia, $3 million annually.

Section 215

Grants.

(a) As a contribution to the current account operations and maintenance of communications systems, the Government of the United States shall provide on a grant basis for fifteen years commencing on the effective date of this Compact the following amounts:

(1) to the Government of the Marshall Islands, $300,000 annually; and

(2) to the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia, $600,000 annually.

Communications and telecommunications.

(b) For the purpose of acquiring such communications hardware as may be located within the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia or for such other current or capital account activity as may be selected, the Government of the United States shall provide, concurrently with the grant assistance provided pursuant to this Article during the first year after the effective date of this Compact, the sum of $9 million to be allocated as follows:

(1) to the Government of the Marshall Islands, $3 million; and

(2) to the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia, $6 million.

Section 216

Grants.

(a) The Government of the United States shall provide on a current account basis an annual grant of $5.369 million for fifteen years commencing on the effective date of this Compact for the purposes set forth below:

(1) $890,000 annually for the surveillance and enforcement by the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia of their respective maritime zones;

(2) $1.791 million annually for health and medical programs, including referrals to hospital and treatment centers; and

(3) $2.687 million annually for a scholarship fund or funds to support the post-secondary education of citizens of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia attending United States accredited, post-secondary institutions in the United States, its territories and possessions, the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia. The curricula criteria for the award of scholarships shall be designed to advance the purposes of the plans referred to in Section 211(b).

99 STAT. 1816

Ante, p. 1813

(b) The Government of the United States shall provide the sum of $1.333 million as a contribution to the commencement of activities pursuant to Section 216(a)(1).

Grants

(c) The annual grants referred to in Section 216(a) and the sum referred to in Section 216(b) shall be made available by the Government of the United States promptly after it receives instruction for their distribution agreed upon by the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia.

Section 217

Ante, p. 1813
Ante, pp. 1814, 1815, *post*, p. 1818

Except as otherwise provided, the amounts stated in Sections 211, 212, 214, 215 and 231 shall be adjusted for each Fiscal Year by the percent which equals two-thirds of the percentage change in the United States Gross National Product Implicit Price Deflator, or seven percent, whichever is less in any one year, using the beginning of Fiscal Year 1981 as the base.

Section 218

If in any year the funds made available by the Government of the United States for that year pursuant to this Article or Section 231 are not completely obligated by the recipient Government, the unobligated balances shall remain available in addition to the funds to be provided in subsequent years.

Section 219

All funds previously appropriated to the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands which are unobligated by the Government of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands as of the effective date of this Compact shall accrue to the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia for the purposes for which such funds were originally appropriated as determined by the Government of the United States.

Article II

Program Assistance

Section 221

Post, p. 1818.

(a) The Government of the United States shall make available to the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia, in accordance with and to the extent provided in the separate agreements referred to in section 232, without compensation and at the levels equivalent to those available to the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands during the year prior to the effective date of this Compact, the services and related programs:

(1) of the United States Weather Service;

(2) of the United States Federal Emergency Management Agency;

(3) provided pursuant to the Postal Reorganization Act, 39 U.S.C. 101 et seq.;

(4) of the United States Federal Aviation Administration; and

(5) of the United States Civil Aeronautics Board or its successor agencies which has the authority to implement the provi-

99 STAT. 1817

sions of paragraph 5 of Article IX of such separate agreements, the language of which is incorporated into this Compact.

(b) The Government of the United States, recognizing the special needs of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia particularly in the fields of education and health care, shall make available, as provided by the laws of the United States, the annual amount of $10 million which shall be allocated in accordance with the provisions of the separate agreement referred to in Section 232.

Post, p. 1818

Conservation

(c) The Government of the United States shall make available to the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia such alternate energy development projects, studies and conservation measures as are applicable to the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands on the day preceding the effective date of this Compact, for the purposes and duration provided in the laws of the United States.

(d) The Government of the United States shall have and exercise such authority as is necessary for the purposes of this Article and as is set forth in the separate agreements referred to in Section 232, which shall also set forth the extent to which services and programs shall be provided to the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia.

Section 222

The Government of the United States and the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia shall consult regularly or upon request regarding:

(a) the economic development of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia; or

(b) the services and programs referred to in this Article. These services and programs shall continue to be provided by the Government of the United States unless their modification is provided by mutual agreement or their termination in whole or in part is requested by any recipient Government.

Section 223

Education

The citizens of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia who are receiving post-secondary educational assistance from the Government of the United States on the day preceding the effective date of this Compact shall continue to be eligible, if otherwise qualified, to receive such assistance to complete their academic programs for a maximum of four years after the effective date of this Compact.

Section 224

Grants

The Government of the United States and the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia may agree from time to time to the extension of additional United States grant assistance, services and programs as provided by the Laws of the United States, to the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia, respectively.

Section 225

The Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia shall make available to the Government of the United States at no cost such land as may be necessary for the operations of the services and programs provided pursuant to this Article, and such facilities as are provided by the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia at no cost to the Government of the United States as of the effective date of this Compact or as may be mutually agreed thereafter.

99 STAT. 1818

Section 226

The Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia may request, from time to time, technical assistance from the federal agencies and institutions of the Government of the United States, which are authorized to grant such technical assistance in accordance with its laws and which shall grant such technical assistance in a manner which gives priority consideration to the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia over other recipients not a part of the United States, its territories or possessions. The Government of the United States shall coordinate the provision of such technical assistance in consultation with the respective recipient Government.

Section 227

In recognition of the special development needs of the Federated States of Micronesia, the Government of the United States shall make available United States military Civic Action Teams for use in the Federated States of Micronesia under terms and conditions specified in a separate agreement which shall come into effect simultaneously with this Compact.

Article III

Administrative Provisions

Section 231

Effective date.

Upon the thirteenth anniversary of the effective date of this Compact, the Government of the United States and the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia shall commence negotiations regarding those provisions of this Compact which expire on the fifteenth anniversary of its effective date. If these negotiations are not concluded by the fifteenth anniversary of the effective date of this Compact, the period of negotiations shall extend for not more than two additional years, during which time the provisions of this Compact including Title Three shall remain in full force and effect. During this additional period of negotiations, the Government of the United States shall continue its assistance to the Governments with which it is negotiating pursuant to this Section at a level which is the average of the annual amounts granted pursuant to Sections 211, 212, 213, 214, 215 and 216 during the first fifteen years of this Compact. The average annual amount paid pursuant to Sections 211, 212, 214 and 215 shall be adjusted pursuant to Section 217.

Ante, pp. 1813–1816.

Ante, p. 1816.

Section 232

Ante, p. 1816.

The specific nature, extent and contractual arrangements of the services and programs provided for in Section 221 as well as the legal status of agencies of the Government of the United States, their civilian employees and contractors, and the dependents of such personnel while present in the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia, and other arrangements in connection with a service or program furnished by the Government of the United States, are set forth in separate agreements which shall come into effect simultaneously with this Compact.

99 STAT. 1819

Section 233

Audit.
Grants.

The Government of the United States, in consultation with the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia, shall determine and implement procedures for the periodic audit of all grants and other assistance made under Article I of this Title and of all funds expended for the services and programs provided under Article II of this Title. Such audits shall be conducted on an annual basis during the first five years following the effective date of this Compact and shall be at no cost to the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia.

Section 234

Real property.

Title to the property of the Government of the United States situated in the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands or acquired for or used by the Government of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands on or before the day preceding the effective date of this

Compact shall, without reimbursement or transfer of funds, vest in the Government of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia as set forth in a separate agreement which shall come into effect simultaneously with this Compact. The provisions of this Section shall not apply to the property of the Government of the United States for which the Government of the United States determines a continuing requirement.

Section 235

(a) Funds held in trust by the High Commissioner of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, in his official capacity, as of the effective date of this Compact shall remain available as trust funds to their designated beneficiaries. The Government of the United States, in consultation with the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia, shall appoint a new trustee who shall exercise the functions formerly exercised by the High Commissioner of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

(b) To provide for the continuity of administration, and to assure the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia that the purposes of the laws of the United States are carried out and that the funds of any other trust fund in which the High Commissioner of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands has authority of a statutory or customary nature shall remain available as trust funds to their designated beneficiaries, the Government of the United States agrees to assume the authority formerly vested in the High Commissioner of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

Section 236

Except as otherwise provided, approval of this Compact by the Government of the United States shall constitute a pledge of the full faith and credit of the United States for the full payment of the sums and amounts specified in Articles I and III of this Title. The obligation of the United States under Articles I and III of this Title shall be enforceable in the United States Claims Court, or its successor court, which shall have jurisdiction in cases arising under this Section, notwithstanding the provisions of 28 U.S.C. 1502, and which court's decisions shall be reviewable as provided by the laws of the United States.

Article IV

Trade

Section 241

The Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia are not included in the customs territory of the United States.

Section 242

Imports.

For the purpose of assessing duties on their products imported into the customs territory of the United States, the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia shall be treated as if they were insular possessions of the United States within the meaning of General Headnote 3(a) of the Tariff Schedules of the United States. The exceptions, valuation procedures and all other provisions of General Headnote 3(a) shall apply to any product deriving from the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia.

19 USC 1202.

Section 243

Imports.

All products of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia imported into the customs territory of the United States which are not accorded the treatment set forth in Section 242 and all products of the United States imported into the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia shall receive treatment no less favorable than that accorded like products of any foreign country with respect to customs duties or charges of a similar nature and with respect to laws and regulations relating to importation, exportation, taxation, sale, distribution, storage or use.

Article V

Finance and Taxation

Section 251

The currency of the United States is the official circulating legal tender of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia. Should the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia act to institute another currency, the terms of an appropriate currency transitional period shall be as agreed with the Government of the United States.

Section 252

The Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia may, with respect to United States persons, tax income derived from sources within its respective jurisdiction, property situated therein, including transfers of such property by gift or at death, and products consumed therein, in such manner as such Government deems appropriate. The determination of the source of any income, or the situs of any property, shall for purposes of this Compact be made according to the United States Internal Revenue Code. 26 USC prec. 1

Section 253

A citizen of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia, domiciled therein, shall be exempt from:

(a) Income taxes imposed by the Government of the United States upon fixed or determinable annual income.

(b) Estate, gift, and generation-skipping transfer taxes imposed by the Government of the United States.

Section 254

(a) In determining any income tax imposed by the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia, those Governments shall have authority to impose tax upon income derived by a resident of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia from sources without the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia, in the same manner and to the same extent as those Governments impose tax upon income derived from within their respective jurisdictions. If the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia exercises such authority as provided in this subsection, any individual resident of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia who is subject to tax by the Government of the United States on income which is also taxed by the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia shall be relieved of liability to the Government of the United States for the tax which, but for this subsection, would otherwise be imposed by the Government of the United States on such income. For purposes of this Section, the term "resident of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia" shall be deemed to include any person who was physically present in the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia for a period of 183 or more days during any taxable year; provided, that as between the Government of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia, the authority to tax an individual resident of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia in respect of income from sources without the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia as provided in this subsection may be exercised only by the Government in whose jurisdiction such individual was physically present for the greatest number of days during the taxable year.

(b) If the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia subjects income to taxation substantially similar to that imposed by the Trust Territory Code in effect on January 1, 1980, such Government shall be deemed to have exercised the authority described in Section 254(a).

Section 255

Where not otherwise manifestly inconsistent with the intent of this Compact, provisions in the United States Internal Revenue Code that are applicable to possessions of the United States as of January 1, 1980 shall be treated as applying to the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia. If such provisions of the Internal Revenue Code are amended, modified or repealed after that date, such provisions shall continue in effect as to the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia for a period of two years during which time the Government of the United States and the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia shall negotiate an agreement which shall provide benefits substantially equivalent to those which obtained under such provisions. 26 USC prec. 1.

TITLE THREE

SECURITY AND DEFENSE RELATIONS

Article I

Authority and Responsibility

Section 311

(a) The Government of the United States has full authority and responsibility for security and defense matters in or relating to the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia.

(b) This authority and responsibility includes:

(1) the obligation to defend the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia and their peoples from attack or threats thereof as the United States and its citizens are defended;

(2) the option to foreclose access to or use of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia by military personnel or for the military purposes of any third country; and

(3) the option to establish and use military areas and facilities in the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia, subject to the terms of the separate agreements referred to in Sections 321 and 323. *Post*, p. 1824.

(c) The Government of the United States confirms that it shall act in accordance with the principles of international law and the Charter of the United Nations in the exercise of this authority and responsibility. 59 Stat. 1031.

Section 312

Subject to the terms of any agreements negotiated in accordance with Sections 321 and 323, the Government of the United States may conduct within the lands, waters and airspace of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia the activities and operations necessary for the exercise of its authority and responsibility under this Title.

Section 313

(a) The Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia shall refrain from actions which the Government of the United States determines, after appropriate consultation with those Governments, to be incompatible with its authority and responsibility for security and defense matters in or relating to the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia.

(b) The consultations referred to in this Section shall be conducted expeditiously at senior levels of the Governments concerned, and the subsequent determination by the Government of the United

States referred to in this Section shall be made only at senior interagency levels of the Government of the United States.

(c) The Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia shall be afforded, on an expeditious basis, an opportunity to raise its concerns with the United States Secretary of State personally and the United States Secretary of Defense personally regarding any determination made in accordance with this Section.

99 STAT. 1823

Section 314

Hazardous materials.

(a) Unless otherwise agreed, the Government of the United States shall not, in the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia:

(1) test by detonation or dispose of any nuclear weapon, nor test, dispose of, or discharge any toxic chemical or biological weapon; or

(2) test, dispose of, or discharge any other radioactive, toxic chemical or biological materials in an amount or manner which would be hazardous to public health or safety.

(b) Unless otherwise agreed, other than for transit or over flight purposes or during time of a national emergency declared by the President of the United States, a state of war declared by the Congress of the United States or as necessary to defend against an actual or impending armed attack on the United States, the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia, the Government of the United States shall not store in the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia any toxic chemical weapon, nor any radioactive materials nor any toxic chemical materials intended for weapons use.

(c) Radioactive, toxic chemical, or biological materials not intended for weapons use shall not be affected by Section 314(b).

Prohibitions.

(d) No material or substance referred to in this Section shall be stored in the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia except in an amount and manner which would not be hazardous to public health or safety. In determining what shall be an amount or manner which would be hazardous to public health or safety under this Section, the Government of the United States shall comply with any applicable mutual agreement, international guidelines accepted by the Government of the United States, and the laws of the United States and their implementing regulations.

Ante, p. 1807.

(e) Any exercise of the exemption authority set forth in Section 161(e) shall have no effect on the obligations of the Government of the United States under this Section or on the application of this subsection.

(f) The provisions of this Section shall apply in the areas in which the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia exercises jurisdiction over the living resources of the seabed, subsoil or water column adjacent to its coasts.

Section 315

Armed Forces.

The Government of the United States may invite members of the armed forces of other countries to use military areas and facilities in the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia, in conjunction with and under the control of United States Armed Forces. Use by units of the armed forces of other countries of such military areas and facilities, other than for transit and overflight purposes, shall be subject to consultation with and, in the case of major units, approval by the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia.

Section 316

The authority and responsibility of the Government of the United States under this Title may not be transferred or otherwise assigned.

99 STAT. 1824

Article II

Defense Facilities and Operating Rights

Section 321

(a) Specific arrangements for the establishment and use by the Government of the United States of military areas and facilities in the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia are set forth in separate agreements which shall come into effect simultaneously with this Compact.

(b) If, in the exercise of its authority and responsibility under this Title, the Government of the United States requires the use of areas within the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia in addition to those for which specific arrangements are concluded pursuant to Section 321(a), it may request the Government concerned to satisfy those requirements through leases or other arrangements. The Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia shall sympathetically consider any such request and shall establish suitable procedures to discuss it with and provide a prompt response to the Government of the United States.

Defense and national security. Real property.

(c) The Government of the United States recognizes and respects the scarcity and special importance of land in the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia. In making any requests pursuant to Section 321(b), the Government of the United States shall follow the policy of requesting the minimum area necessary to accomplish the required security and defense purpose, of requesting only the minimum interest in real property necessary to support such purpose, and of requesting first to satisfy its requirement through public real property, where available, rather than through private real property.

Section 322

The Government of the United States shall provide and maintain fixed and floating aids to navigation in the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia at least to the extent necessary for the exercise of its authority and responsibility under this Title.

Section 323

The military operating rights of the Government of the United States and the legal status and contractual arrangements of the United States Armed Forces, their members, and associated civilians, while present in the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia, are set forth in separate agreements which shall come into effect simultaneously with this Compact.

Article III

Defense Treaties and International Security Agreements

Section 331

Subject to the terms of this Compact and its related agreements, the Government of the United States, exclusively, shall assume and enjoy, as to the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia, all obligations, responsibilities, rights and benefits of:

(a) Any defense treaty or other international security agreement applied by the Government of the United States as Administering Authority of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands as of the day preceding the effective date of this Compact.

99 STAT. 1825

(b) Any defense treaty or other international security agreement to which the Government of the United States is or may become a party which it determines to be applicable in the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia. Such a determination by the Government of the United States shall be preceded by appropriate consultation with the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia.

Article IV

Service in Armed Forces of the United States

Section 341

Ante, p. 1804.

Any person entitled to the privileges set forth in Section 141 shall be eligible to volunteer for service in the Armed Forces of the United States, but shall not be subject to involuntary induction into military service of the United States so long as such person does not establish habitual residence in the United States, its territories or possessions.

Section 342

The Government of the United States shall have enrolled, at any one time, at least two qualified students, one each from the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia, as may be nominated by their respective Governments, in each of:

(a) The United States Coast Guard Academy pursuant to 14 U.S.C. 195.

(b) The United States Merchant Marine Academy pursuant to 46 U.S.C. 1295b(b)(6), provided that the provisions of 46 U.S.C. 1295b(b)(6)(C) shall not apply to the enrollment of students pursuant to Section 342(b) of this Compact.

Article V

General Provisions

Section 351

(a) The Government of the United States and the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia shall establish two Joint Committees empowered to consider disputes under the implementation of this Title and its related agreements.

(b) The membership of each Joint Committee shall comprise selected senior officials of each of the two participating Governments. The senior United States military commander in the Pacific area shall be the senior United States member of each Joint Committee. For the meetings of each Joint Committee, each of the two participating Governments may designate additional or alternate representatives as appropriate for the subject matter under consideration.

(c) Unless otherwise mutually agreed, each Joint Committee shall meet semi-annually at a time and place to be designated, after appropriate consultation, by the Government of the United States. A Joint Committee also shall meet promptly upon request of either of its members. Upon notification by the Government of the United States, the Joint Committees so notified shall meet promptly in a combined session to consider matters within the jurisdiction of more than one Joint Committee. Each Joint Committee shall follow such procedures, including the establishment of functional subcommittees, as the members may from time to time agree.

99 STAT. 1826

(d) Unresolved issues in each Joint Committee shall be referred to the Governments concerned for resolution, and the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia shall be afforded, on an expeditious basis, an opportunity to raise its concerns with the United States Secretary of Defense personally regarding any unresolved issue which threatens its continued association with the Government of the United States.

Section 352

In the exercise of its authority and responsibility under Title Three, the Government of the United States shall accord due respect to the authority and responsibility of the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia under Titles One, Two and Four and to their responsibility to assure the wellbeing of their peoples.

Section 353

Post, p. 1827.

(a) The Government of the United States shall not include any of the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia as named parties to a formal declaration of war, without their respective consent.

(b) Absent such consent, this Compact is without prejudice, on the ground of belligerence or the existence of a state of war, to any claims for damages which are advanced by the citizens, nationals or Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia, which arise out of armed conflict subsequent to the effective date of this Compact and which are:

(1) petitions to the Government of the United States for redress; or

(2) claims in any manner against the government, citizens, nationals or entities of any third country.

(c) Petitions under Section 353(b)(1) shall be treated as if they were made by citizens of the United States.

Section 354

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Compact, the provisions of this Title are binding from the effective date of this Compact for a period of fifteen years between the Government of the United States and the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia and thereafter as mutually agreed or in accordance with Section 231, unless earlier terminated by mutual agreement pursuant to Section 441, or amended pursuant to Article III of Title Four.

Ante, p. 1818.
Post, p. 1829.

(b) The Government of the United States recognizes, in view of the special relationship between the Government of the United States and the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia, and in view of the existence of separate agreements with each of them pursuant to Sections 321 and 323, that, even if this Title should terminate, any attack on the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia during the period in which such separate agreements are in effect, would constitute a threat to the peace and security of the entire region and a danger to the United States. In the event of such an attack, the Government of the United States would take action to meet the danger to the United States and to the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia in accordance with its constitutional processes.

Defense and national security.

Ante, p. 1824.

99 STAT. 1827

TITLE FOUR

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article I

Approval and Effective Date

Section 411

This Compact shall come into effect upon mutual agreement between the Government of the United States, acting in fulfillment of its responsibilities as Administering Authority of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia and subsequent to completion of the following:

(a) Approval by the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia in accordance with its constitutional processes.

(b) Conduct of the plebiscite referred to in Section 412.

(c) Approval by the Government of the United States in accordance with its constitutional processes.

Section 412

A plebiscite shall be conducted in each of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia for the free and voluntary choice by the peoples of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands of their future political status through informed and democratic processes. The Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia shall each be considered a voting jurisdiction, and the plebiscite shall be conducted under fair and equitable standards in each voting jurisdiction. The Administering Authority of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, after consultation with the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia, shall fix the date on which the plebiscite shall be called in each voting jurisdiction. The plebiscite shall be called jointly by the Administering Authority of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands and the other Signatory Government concerned. The results of the plebiscite in each voting jurisdiction shall be determined by a majority of the valid ballots cast in that voting jurisdiction.

Article II

Conference and Dispute Resolution

Section 421

The Government of the United States shall confer promptly at the request of the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia and any of those Governments shall confer promptly at the request of the Government of the United States on matters relating to the provisions of this Compact or of its related agreements.

99 STAT. 1828

Section 422

In the event the Government of the United States, or the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia, after conferring pursuant to Section 421, determines that there is a dispute and gives written notice thereof, the Governments which are parties to the dispute shall make a good faith effort to resolve the dispute among themselves.

Section 423

If a dispute between the Government of the United States and the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia cannot be resolved within 90 days of written notification in the manner provided in Section 422, either party to the dispute may refer it to arbitration in accordance with Section 424.

Section 424

Should a dispute be referred to arbitration as provided for in Section 423, an Arbitration Board shall be established for the purpose of hearing the dispute and rendering a decision which shall be binding upon the two parties to the dispute unless the two parties mutually agree that the decision shall be advisory. Arbitration shall occur according to the following terms:

(a) An Arbitration Board shall consist of a Chairman and two other members, each of whom shall be a citizen of a party to the dispute. Each of the two Governments which is a party to the dispute shall appoint one member to the Arbitration Board. If either party to the dispute does not fulfill the appointment requirements of this Section within 30 days of referral of the dispute to arbitration pursuant to Section 423, its member on the Arbitration Board shall be selected from its own standing list by the other party to the dispute. Each Government shall maintain a standing list of 10 candidates. The parties to the dispute shall jointly appoint a Chairman within 15 days after selection of the other members of the Arbitration Board. Failing agreement on a Chairman, the Chairman shall be chosen by lot from the standing lists of the parties to the dispute within 5 days after such failure.

(b) The Arbitration Board shall have jurisdiction to hear and render its final determination on all disputes arising exclusively under Articles I, II, III, IV and V of Title One, Title Two, Title Four and their related agreements.

(c) Each member of the Arbitration Board shall have one vote. Each decision of the Arbitration Board shall be reached by majority vote.

(d) In determining any legal issue, the Arbitration Board may have reference to international law and, in such reference, shall apply as guidelines the provisions set forth in Article 38 of the Statute of the International Court of Justice.

(e) The Arbitration Board shall adopt such rules for its proceedings as it may deem appropriate and necessary, but such rules shall not contravene the provisions of this Compact. Unless the parties provide otherwise by mutual agreement, the Arbitration Board shall endeavor to render its decision within 30 days after the conclusion of arguments. The Arbitration Board shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law and its members may issue dissenting or individual opinions. Except as may be otherwise decided by the Arbitration Board, one-half of all costs of the arbitration shall be borne by the Government of the United States and the remainder shall be borne by the other party to the dispute.

Article III

Amendment

Section 431

The provisions of this Compact may be amended as to the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia and as to the Government of the United States at any time by mutual agreement.

Section 432

The provisions of this Compact may be amended as to any one of the Governments of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia and as to the Government of the United States at any time by mutual agreement. The effect of any amendment made pursuant to this Section shall be restricted to the relationship between the Governments agreeing to such amendment, but the other Governments signatory to this Compact shall be notified promptly by the Government of the United States of any such amendment.

Article IV

Termination

Section 441

This Compact may be terminated as to any one of the Governments of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia and as to the Government of the United States by mutual agreement and subject to Section 451.

Post, p. 1830.

Section 442

This Compact may be terminated by the Government of the United States as to the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia subject to Section 452, such termination to be effective on the date specified in the notice of termination by the Government of the United States but not earlier than six months following delivery of such notice. The time specified in the notice of termination may be extended.

Post, p. 1830.

Section 443

This Compact shall be terminated, pursuant to their respective constitutional processes, by the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia subject to Section 453 if the people represented by such Government vote in a plebiscite to terminate. Such Government shall notify the Government of the United States of its intention to call such a plebiscite which shall take place not earlier than three months after delivery of such

Post, p. 1830.

notice. The plebiscite shall be administered by such Government in accordance with its constitutional and legislative processes, but the Government of the United States may send its own observers and invite observers from a mutually agreed party. If a majority of the valid ballots cast in the plebiscite favors termination, such Government shall, upon certification of the results of the plebiscite, give notice of termination to the Government of the United States, such termination to be effective on the date specified in such notice but not earlier than three months following the date of delivery of such notice. The time specified in the notice of termination may be extended.

99 STAT. 1830

Article V

Survivability

Section 451

Ante, p. 1829.

Should termination occur pursuant to Section 441, economic assistance by the Government of the United States shall continue on mutually agreed terms.

Section 452

Ante, p. 1829.

(a) Should termination occur pursuant to Section 442, the following provisions of this Compact shall remain in full force and effect until the fifteenth anniversary of the effective date of this Compact between the Government of the United States and the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia and thereafter as mutually agreed:

Ante, pp. 1810, 1812.
Ante, p. 1819.

(1) Article VI and Sections 172, 173, 176 and 177 of Title One;
(2) Article I and Section 233 of Title Two;
(3) Title Three; and
(4) Articles II, III, V and VI of Title Four.

Ante, p. 1829.

(b) The Government of the United States shall also provide the Government as to which termination occurs pursuant to Section 442 with either the programs or services provided pursuant to Article II of Title Two as the time of termination, or their equivalent, as determined by the Government of the United States. Such assistance shall continue until the fifteenth anniversary of the effective date of this Compact, and thereafter as mutually agreed.

Section 453

Ante, p. 1829.

(a) Should termination occur pursuant to Section 443, the following provisions of this Compact shall remain in full force and effect until the fifteenth anniversary of the effective date of this Compact between the Government of the United States and the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia and thereafter as mutually agreed:

(1) Article VI and Sections 172, 173, 176 and 177 of Title One;
(2) Title Three; and
(3) Articles II, III, V and VI of Title Four.

Ante, p. 1813-1815.
Ante, p. 1816.

(b) Upon receipt of notice of termination pursuant to Section 443, the Government of the United States and the Government so terminating shall promptly consult with regard to their future relationship. These consultations shall determine the level of economic assistance which the Government of the United States shall provide to the Government so terminating for the period ending on the fifteenth anniversary of the effective date of this Compact provided that the annual amounts specified in Sections 211, 212, 214, 215 and 216 shall continue without diminution. Such amounts, with the exception of those specified in Section 216, shall be adjusted according to the formula set forth in Section 217.

Section 454

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Compact:

(a) The Government of the United States reaffirms its continuing interest in promoting the long-term economic advancement and self-sufficiency of the peoples of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia. 99 STAT. 1831

(b) The separate agreements referred to in Article II of the Title Three shall remain in effect in accordance with their terms which shall also determine the duration of Section 213. *Ante*, p. 1814

Article VI

Definition of Terms

Section 461

For the purpose of this Compact only and without prejudice to the views of the Government of the United States or the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia as to the nature and extent of the jurisdiction under international law of any of them, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

(a) "Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands" means the area established in the Trusteeship Agreement consisting of the administrative districts of Kosrae, Yap, Ponape, the Marshall Islands and Truk as described in Title One, Trust Territory Code, Section 1, in force on January 1, 1979. This term does not include the area of Palau or the Northern Mariana Islands.

(b) "Trusteeship Agreement" means the agreement setting forth the terms of trusteeship for the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, approved by the Security Council of the United Nations April 2, 1947, and by the United States July 18, 1947, entered into force July 18, 1947, 61 Stat. 3301, T.I.A.S. 1665, 8 U.N.T.S. 189.

(c) "The Marshall Islands" and "the Federated States of Micronesia" are used in a geographic sense and include the land and water areas to the outer limits of the territorial sea and the air space above such areas as now or hereafter recognized by the Government of the United States.

(d) "Government of the Marshall Islands" means the Government established and organized by the Constitution of the Marshall Islands including all the political subdivisions and entities comprising that Government.

"Government of the Federated States of Micronesia" means the Government established and organized by the Constitution of the Federated States of Micronesia including all the political subdivisions and entities comprising that Government.

(e) The following terms shall be defined consistent with the 1976 Edition of the Radio Regulations of the International Telecommunications Union (ISBN 92-61-0081-5) as follows:

(1) "Radio Communications" means telecommunication by means of radio waves.

(2) "Station" means one or more transmitters or receivers or a combination of transmitters and receivers, including the accessory equipment, necessary at one location for carrying on a radio communication service; each station shall be classified by the service in which it operates permanently or temporarily.

(3) "Broadcasting Service" means a radio communication service in which the transmissions are intended for direct reception by the general public, and which may include sound transmissions, television transmissions or other types of transmissions.

(4) "Broadcasting Station" means a station in the broadcasting service. 99 STAT. 1832

(f) "Frequency Assignment" means the same as "Frequency Assignment" means in the 1976 Edition of the Radio Regulations of the International Telecommunications Union (ISBN 92-61-0081-5).

(g) "Habitual Residence" means a place of general abode or a principal, actual dwelling place of a continuing or lasting nature; provided, however, that this term shall not apply to the residence of any person who entered the United States for the purpose of full-time studies as long as such person maintains that status, or who has been physically present in the United States, the Marshall Islands, or the Federated States of Micronesia for less than one year, or who is a dependent of a resident representative, as described in Section 152. *Ante*, p. 1806.

(h) For the purposes of Article IV of Title One of this Compact:

(1) "Actual Residence" means physical presence in the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia during eighty-five percent of the period of residency required by Section 141(a)(3); and *Ante*, p. 1804.

(2) "Certificate of Actual Residence" means a certificate issued to a naturalized citizen by the Government which has naturalized him stating that the citizen has complied with the actual residence requirement of Section 141(a)(3).

(i) "Military Areas and Facilities" means those areas and facilities in the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia reserved or acquired by the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia for use by the Government of the United States, as set forth in the separate agreements referred to in Section 321. *Ante*, p. 1824.

(j) "Capital Account" means, for each year of the Compact, those portions of the total grant assistance provided in Article I of Title Two, adjusted by Section 217, which are to be obligated for: *Ante*, p. 1816.

(1) the construction or major repair of capital infrastructure; or

(2) public and private sector projects identified in the official overall economic development plan.

(k) "Current Account" means, for each year of the Compact, those portions of the total grant assistance provided in Article I of Title Two, adjusted by Section 217, which are to be obligated for recurring operational activities including infrastructure maintenance as identified in the annual budget justifications submitted yearly to the Government of the United States.

(l) "Official Overall Economic Development Plan" means the documented program of annual development which identifies the specific policy and project activities necessary to achieve a specified set of economic goals and objectives during the period of free association, consistent with the economic assistance authority in Title Two. Such a document should include an analysis of population trends, manpower requirements, social needs, gross national product estimates, resource utilization, infrastructure needs and expenditures, and the specific private sector projects required to develop the local economy of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia. Project identification should include initial cost estimates, with project purposes related to specific development goals and objectives.

(m) "Tariff Schedules of the United States" means the Tariff Schedules of the United States as amended from time to time and as promulgated pursuant to United States law and includes the Tariff Schedules of the United States Annotated (TSUSA), as amended. 19 USC 1202.

99 STAT. 1833

(n) "Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations" means the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations, done April 18, 1961, 23 U.S.T. 3227, T.I.A.S. 7502, 500 U.N.T.S. 95.

Section 462

The Government of the United States and the Government of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia, as appropriate, shall conclude related agreements which shall come into effect and shall survive in accordance with their terms, as follows:

(a) Agreement Regarding the Provision of Telecommunication Services by the Government of the United States to the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia Concluded Pursuant to Section 131 of the Compact of Free Association; *Ante*, p. 1803.

(b) Agreement Regarding the Operation of Telecommunication Services of the Government of the United States in the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia Concluded Pursuant to Section 132 of the Compact of Free Association; *Ante*, p. 1804.

(c) Agreement on Extradition, Mutual Assistance in Law Enforcement Matters and Penal Sanctions Concluded Pursuant to Section 175 of the Compact of Free Association; *Ante*, p. 1812.

(d) Agreement Between the Government of the United States and the Government of the Marshall Islands for the Implementation of Section 177 of the Compact of Free Association; *Ante*, p. 1812.

(e) Federal Programs and Services Agreement Concluded Pursuant to Article II of Title Two and Section 232 of the Compact of Free Association; *Ante*, p. 1818.

(f) Agreement Concluded Pursuant to Section 234 of the Compact of Free Association; *Ante*, p. 1819.

(g) Agreement Regarding the Military Use and Operating Rights of the Government of the United States in the Marshall Islands Concluded Pursuant to Sections 321 and 323 of the Compact of Free Association; *Ante*, p. 1824.

(h) Agreement Regarding the Military Use and Operating Rights of the Government of the United States in the Federated States of Micronesia Concluded Pursuant to Sections 227, 321 and 323 of the Compact of Free Association; *Ante*, pp. 1818, 1824.

(i) Status of Forces Agreement Concluded Pursuant to Section 323 of the Compact of Free Association;

(j) Agreement Between the Government of the United States and the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia Regarding Friendship, Cooperation and Mutual Security Concluded Pursuant to Sections 321 and 323 of the Compact of Free Association; and

(k) Agreement Between the Government of the United States and the Government of the Marshall Islands Regarding Mutual Security Concluded Pursuant to Sections 321 and 323 of the Compact of Free Association.

Section 463

(a) Except as set forth in Section 463(b), any reference in this Compact to a provision of the United States Code or the Statutes at Large of the United States constitutes the incorporation of the language of such provision into this Compact, as such provision was in force on January 1, 1980.

Ante, pp. 1803, 1810.
Ante, pp. 1812, 1813, 1825.
5 USC 552a note.
5 USC 552 note, prec. 551.

(b) Any reference in Article VI of Title One and Sections 131, 174, 175, 178 and 342 to a provision of the United States Code or the Statutes at Large of the United States or to the Privacy Act, the Freedom of Information Act or the Administrative Procedure Act constitutes the incorporation of the language of such provision into this Compact as such provision is in force on the effective date of this Compact or as it may be amended thereafter on a non-discriminatory basis according to the constitutional processes of the United States.

Article VII

Concluding Provisions

Section 471

(a) The Government of the United States and the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia agree that they have full authority under their respective Constitutions to enter into this Compact and its related agreements and to fulfill all of their respective responsibilities in accordance with the terms of this Compact and its related agreements. The Governments pledge that they are so committed.

(b) Each of the Governments of the United States, the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia shall take all necessary steps, of a general or particular character, to ensure, not later than the effective date of this Compact, the conformity of its laws, regulations and administrative procedures with the provisions of this Compact.

(c) Without prejudice to the effects of this Compact under international law, this Compact has the force and effect of a statute under the laws of the United States.

Section 472

This Compact may be accepted, by signature or otherwise, by the Government of the United States, the Government of the Marshall Islands, and the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia. Each Government accepting this Compact shall possess an original English language version.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned, duly authorized, have signed this Compact of Free Association which shall come into effect in accordance with its terms between the Government of the United States and each of the other Governments signatory to this Compact.

DONE AT HONOLULU, HAWAII, THIS 1ST DAY OF

OCTOBER, ONE THOUSAND, NINE HUNDRED EIGHTY-TWO

FOR THE GOVERNMENT

OF

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

AMBASSADOR FRED M. ZEDER, II
PRESIDENT'S PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
FOR MICRONESIAN STATUS NEGOTIATIONS

99 STAT. 1835

DONE AT HONOLULU, HAWAII, THIS 1ST DAY OF

OCTOBER, ONE THOUSAND, NINE HUNDRED EIGHTY-TWO

FOR THE GOVERNMENT

OF

THE FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA

HONORABLE ANDON L. AMARAICH
CHAIRMAN, COMMISSION ON FUTURE
POLITICAL STATUS AND TRANSITION

DONE AT MAJURO, MARSHALL ISLANDS, THIS 25TH DAY

OF JUNE, ONE THOUSAND, NINE HUNDRED, EIGHTY-THREE

FOR THE GOVERNMENT

OF

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

AMBASSADOR FRED M. ZEDER, II
PRESIDENT'S PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
FOR MICRONESIAN STATUS NEGOTIATIONS

DONE AT MAJURO, MARSHALL ISLANDS, THIS 25TH DAY

OF JUNE, ONE THOUSAND, NINE HUNDRED EIGHTY-THREE

FOR THE GOVERNMENT

OF

THE MARSHALL ISLANDS

PRESIDENT AMATA KABUA
PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC
OF THE MARSHALL ISLANDS

SEC. 202. JURISDICTION.

48 USC 1681 note.
Ante, p. 1824.

(a) With respect to section 321 of the Compact of Free Association and its related agreements, the jurisdictional provisions set forth in subsection (b) of this section shall apply only to the citizens and nationals of the United States and aliens lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence who are in the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia.

(b)(1) The defense sites of the United States established in the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia in accordance with the Compact of Free Association and its related agreements are within the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States as set forth in section 7, title 18, United States Code.

Hawaii.

(2) Any person referred to in subsection (a) of this section who within or upon such defense sites is guilty of any act or omission which, although not made punishable by any enactment of Congress, would be punishable if committed or omitted within the jurisdiction of the State of Hawaii by the laws thereof, in force at the time of such act or omission, shall be guilty of a like offense and subject to a like punishment.

99 STAT. 1836

Courts, U.S.
Hawaii.

(3) The United States District Court for the District of Hawaii shall have jurisdiction to try all criminal offenses against the United States, including the laws of the State of Hawaii made applicable to the defense sites in the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia by virtue of paragraph (2) of this subsection, committed by any person referred to in subsection (a) of this section.

Hawaii.

(4) The United States District Court for the District of Hawaii may appoint one or more magistrates for the defense sites in the Marshall Islands. Such Magistrates shall have the power and the status of Magistrates appointed pursuant to chapter 43, title 28, United States Code, provided, however that such Magistrates shall have the power to try persons accused of and sentence persons convicted of petty offenses, as defined in section 1(3), title 18, United States Code, including violations of regulations for the maintenance of peace, order, and health issued by the Commanding Officer on such defense sites, without being subject to the restrictions provided for in section 3401(b), title 18, United States Code.

28 USC 631 *et seq.*
98 Stat. 3138.

TITLE III—PACIFIC POLICY REPORTS

SEC. 301. FINDINGS.

48 USC 1681 note.

The Congress finds that—

(1) the United States does not have a clearly defined policy for United States noncontiguous Pacific areas (including the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the State of Hawaii, and the State of Alaska) and for United States-associated noncontiguous Pacific areas (including the Federated States of Micronesia, the Marshall Islands, and Palau);

(2) the Federal Government has often failed to consider the implications for, effects on, and potential of noncontiguous Pacific areas in the formulation and conduct of foreign and domestic policy, to the detriment of both the attainment of the objectives of Federal policy and noncontiguous Pacific areas;

(3) policies and programs designed for the United States as a whole may impose inappropriate standards on noncontiguous Pacific areas because of their unique circumstances and needs; and

(4) the present Federal organizational arrangements for liaison with (and providing assistance to) the insular areas may not be adequate—

(A) to coordinate the delivery of Federal programs and services to noncontiguous Pacific areas;

(B) to provide a consistent basis for administration of programs;

(C) to adapt policy to the special requirements of each area and modify the application of Federal programs, laws, and regulations accordingly;

(D) to be responsive to the Congress in the discharge of its responsibilities; and

(E) to attain the international obligations of the United States.

48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 302. REPORTS.

(a) Submission.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this joint resolution and each five years thereafter, the Secretary of the Interior, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall submit to the Congress and the President a report on United States noncontiguous Pacific areas policy together with such recommendations as may be necessary to accomplish the objectives of such policy.

(b) Contents.—The reports required in subsection (a) of this section shall set forth clearly defined policies regarding United States, and United States associated, noncontiguous Pacific areas, including—

(1) the role of and impacts on the noncontiguous Pacific areas in the formulation and conduct of foreign policy;

(2) the applicability of standards contained in Federal laws, regulations, and programs to the noncontiguous Pacific areas and any modifications which may be necessary to achieve the intent of such laws, regulations, and programs consistent with the unique character of the noncontiguous Pacific areas;

(3) the effectiveness of the Federal executive organizational arrangements for—

(A) providing liaison between the Federal Government and the governments of the noncontiguous Pacific areas;

(B) coordinating Federal actions in a manner which recognizes the unique circumstances and needs of the noncontiguous Pacific areas; and

(C) achieving the objective of Federal policy and ensuring that the Congress receives the information necessary to discharge its responsibilities; and

(4) actions which may be needed to facilitate the economic and social health and development of the noncontiguous Pacific areas, consistent with their self-determined objectives.

48 USC 1681 note. Reports.

SEC. 303. CONFERENCE.

(a) Meeting.—Prior to submitting the reports required under section 302(b), the Secretary of the Interior, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall convene a conference to obtain the views of the noncontiguous Pacific areas on the matters required to be addressed in such reports.

(b) Participants.—Representatives of each of the noncontiguous Pacific areas; and the heads of all executive departments and agencies, and other public and private organizations concerned with the noncontiguous Pacific areas as requested by the Secretary of the Interior shall be entitled to be participants in the conference.

(c) Written Comments.—The Secretary of the Interior shall afford participants in the conference an opportunity to submit written comments for inclusion in the reports required under section 302.

48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 304. ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS.

(a) Administrative Support.—The Secretary of the Interior shall provide all necessary administrative support to accomplish the requirements of sections 302 and 303.

(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this title.

99 STAT. 1838

TITLE IV—CLARIFICATION OF CERTAIN TRADE AND TAX PROVISIONS OF THE COMPACT

SEC. 401. FREELY ASSOCIATED STATES TARIFF TREATMENT.

48 USC 1681 note.
Ante, p. 1820.

(a) SECTION 242.—Section 242 of the Compact shall be construed and applied as if it read as follows:

"Section 242

President of U.S.

"The President shall proclaim the following tariff treatment for articles imported from the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands which shall apply during the period of effectivenss of this title:

"(1) Unless otherwise excluded, articles imported from the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands, subject to the limitations imposed under sections 503(b) and 504(c) of title 5 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2463(b); 2464(c)), shall be exempt from duty.

98 Stat. 3020.

Tuna fish.
Imports.
19 USC 1202.

"(2) Only canned tuna provided for in item 112.30 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States that is imported from the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands during any calendar year not to exceed 10 percent of the United States consumption of canned tuna during the immediately preceding calendar year, as reported by the National Marine Fisheries Service, shall be exempt from duty; but the quantity of tuna given duty free treatment under this paragraph for any calendar year shall be counted against the aggregate quantity of canned tuna that is dutiable under rate column numbered 1 of such item 112.30 for that calendar year.

Prohibitions.

"(3) The duty-free treatment provided under paragraph (1) shall not apply to—

"(A) watches, clocks, and timing apparatus provided for in subpart E of part 2 of schedule 7 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States;

"(B) buttons (whether finished or not finished) provided for in item 745.32 of such Schedules;

"(C) textile and apparel articles which are subject to textile agreements; and

"(D) footwear, handbags, luggage, flat goods, work gloves, and leather wearing apparel which were not eligible articles for purposes of chapter V of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2461, et seq.) on April 1, 1984.

"(4) If the cost or value of materials produced in the customs territory of the United States is included with respect to an eligible article which is a product of the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands, an amount not to exceed 15 percent of the appraised value of the article at the time it is entered that is attributable to such United States cost or value may be applied for duty assessment purposes toward determining the percentage referred to in section 503(b)(2) of title V of the Trade Act of 1974.".

98 Stat. 3020.
Ante, p. 1820.

(b) SECTION 243.—Section 243 of the Compact shall be construed and applied as if it read as follows:

"Section 243

Imports.

"Articles imported from the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands which are not exempt from duty under paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4) of section 242 shall be subject to the rates of duty

99 STAT. 1839

19 USC 1202.

set forth in column numbered 1 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States and all products of the United States imported into the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands shall receive treatment no less favorable than that accorded like products of any foreign country with respect to customs duties or charges of a similar nature and with respect to laws and regulations relating to importation, exportation, taxation, sale, distribution, storage, or use.".

48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 402. CONSTRUCTION OF SECTION 253 OF THE COMPACT.

Ante, p. 1820.

(a) Subsection (a) of section 253 of the Compact shall not apply.

(b) Subsection (b) of section 253 of the Compact shall apply only to individuals who are nonresidents and not citizens of the United States.

48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 403. CONSTRUCTION OF SECTION 254 OF THE COMPACT.

Ante, p. 1821.

The relief from liability referred to in the second sentence of section 254(a) of the Compact means only—

(1) relief in the form of the foreign tax credit (or deduction in lieu thereof) available with respect to the income taxes of a possession of the United States, and

26 USC 911.

(2) relief in the form of the exclusion under section 911 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 404. CONSTRUCTION OF SECTION 255 OF THE COMPACT.

Ante, p. 1821.

Section 255 of the Compact shall be construed and applied as if it read as follows:

"Section 255

26 USC 936.

"(a) EXTENSION OF SECTION 936 TO THE MARSHALL ISLANDS AND THE FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA.—For purposes of section 936 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia shall be treated as if they were possessions of the United States.

26 USC 274.

"(b) EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia (as the case may be) for any period after December 31, 1986, during which there is not in effect between the appropriate government and the United States an exchange of information agreement of the kind described in section 274(h)(6)(C) (other than clause (ii) thereof) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

Taxes.

Ante, p. 1828.

"(c) PROCEDURE IF SECTION 936 INCENTIVES REDUCED.—If the tax incentives extended to the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia under subsection (a) are, at any time during which the Compact is in effect, reduced, the Secretary of the Treasury shall negotiate an agreement with the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia under which, when such agreement is approved by law, they will be provided with benefits substantially equivalent to such reduction in benefits. If, within the 1 year period after the date of the enactment of the Act making the reduction in benefits, an agreement negotiated under the preceding sentence is not approved by law, the matter shall be submitted to the Arbitration Board established pursuant to section 424 of the Compact. For purposes of Article V of Title Two of the Compact, the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate shall be the member of such Board representing the Government of the United States. Any decision of such Board in the matter when approved by law shall be binding on the United States, except that such decision rendered is binding only as to whether the United States has provided the substantially equivalent benefits referred to in this subsection.".

99 STAT. 1840

48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 405. THE MARSHALL ISLANDS AND THE FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA TREATED AS NORTH AMERICAN AREA.

26 USC 274.

For purposes of section 274(h)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, the term "North American Area" shall include the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia.

48 USC 1681 note.

SEC. 406. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This title shall apply to income earned, and transactions occurring, after September 30, 1985, in taxable years ending after such date.

SEC. 407. STUDY OF TAX PROVISIONS.

48 USC 1681 note.

The Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate—

(1) shall conduct a study of the effects of the tax provisions of the Compact (as clarified by the foregoing provisions of this title), and

(2) shall report the results of such study before October 1, 1987, to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate.

Report.

SEC. 408. COORDINATION WITH OTHER PROVISIONS.

48 USC 1681 note.

Nothing in any provision of this joint resolution (other than this title) which is inconsistent with any provision of this title shall have any force or effect.

TITLE V—COMPACT OF FREE ASSOCIATION WITH PALAU

SEC. 501. APPROVAL IN PRINCIPLE.

48 USC 1681 note.

(a) Subject to subsection (b) of this section, Congress expresses its approval in principle of the Compact of Free Association Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Republic of Palau, the text of which was printed in the Congressional Record of November 14, 1985 on pages S15622 through S15628, inclusive, and which is also printed as Committee Print No. 4 of the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs of the House of Representatives of the 99th Congress.

(b) A Compact with Palau after it is transmitted to Congress by the President shall take effect only upon—

President of U.S.

(1) a certification by the President to the Congress that the Republic of Palau has approved a Compact in accordance with section 411 of the Compact described in subsection (a) and that the President has determined that the United States will be able to carry out fully its rights and responsibilities under Title Three of the Compact described in subsection (a) and the subsidiary agreements thereto; and

Ante, p. 1827.

(2) enactment by the Congress of a joint resolution approving a compact and providing for its implementation.

SEC. 502. MODIFICATIONS OF COMPACT.

48 USC 1681 note.

Ante, pp. 1791, 1835.

Title IV and Sections 105 (b), 105(c), 105(h)(1), 105(l), and 202 of this joint resolution shall apply to a compact with Palau, except that any reference in such sections to the Compact shall be treated as referring to the Compact described in section 501 of this joint

99 STAT. 1841

Ante, p. 1840.

resolution, and any reference in such Title and sections to the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands shall be treated as referring to the Republic of Palau. For purposes of applying section 242(2) of the Compact, the annual 10 percent limitation on duty-free imports of canned tuna applies to imports from the Federated States of Micronesia, the Marshall Islands, and the Republic of Palau.

Ante, p. 1820.

Approved January 14, 1986.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 187 (S.J. Res. 77):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-188, Pt. I (Comm. on Foreign Affairs), Pt. II (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs), Pt. III (Comm. on Merchant Marine and Fisheries), and Pt. IV (Comm. on Ways and Means).

SENATE REPORT No. 99-16, accompanying S.J. Res. 77 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
July 25, considered and passed House.
Oct. 2, Nov. 14, S.J. Res. 77, considered in Senate.
Nov. 14, H.J. Res. 187, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S.J. Res. 77.
Dec. 11, House agreed to Senate amendments with an amendment.
Dec. 13, Senate concurred in House amendment.

JUDICIAL ACT

Public Law 99-80
99th Congress

99 STAT. 183

An Act

To amend section 504 of title 5, United States Code, and section 2412 of title 28, United States Code, with respect to awards of expenses of certain agency and court proceedings, and for other purposes.

Aug. 5, 1985
[H.R. 2378]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. AMENDMENTS TO SECTION 504 OF TITLE 5.

(a) Awarding of Fees in Adversary Adjudications.—

(1) Determination of "substantially justified".—Subsection (a)(1) of section 504 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Whether or not the position of the agency was substantially justified shall be determined on the basis of the administrative record, as a whole, which is made in the adversary adjudication for which fees and other expenses are sought.".

(2) Clarifying amendment.—Subsection (a)(1) of such section is amended by striking out "as a party to the proceeding".

(3) Decision of agency to be final administrative decision.—Subsection (a)(3) of such section is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "The decision of the agency on the application for fees and other expenses shall be the final administrative decision under this section.".

(b) Determination of Fees Delayed in Case of Appeal.—Subsection (a)(2) of section 504 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "When the United States appeals the underlying merits of an adversary adjudication, no decision on an application for fees and other expenses in connection with that adversary adjudication shall be made under this section until a final and unreviewable decision is rendered by the court on the appeal or until the underlying merits of the case have been finally determined pursuant to the appeal.".

(c) Definitions.—

(1) Party.—Paragraph (1)(B) of section 504(b) of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(B) 'party' means a party, as defined in section 551(3) of this title, who is (i) an individual whose net worth did not exceed $2,000,000 at the time the adversary adjudication was initiated, or (ii) any owner of an unincorporated business, or any partnership, corporation, association, unit of local government, or organization, the net worth of which did not exceed $7,000,000 at the time the adversary adjudication was initiated, and which had not more than 500 employees at the time the adversary adjudication was initiated; except that an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. 501(c)(3)) exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of such Code, or a cooperative association as defined in section 15(a) of the Agricultural Marketing Act (12 U.S.C. 1141j(a)), may

99 STAT. 184 be a party regardless of the net worth of such organization or cooperative association;".

(2) ADVERSARY ADJUDICATION.—Paragraph (1)(C) of such section is amended—

(A) by inserting "(i)" before "an adjudication under";

(B) by inserting before the semicolon at the end thereof the following: ", and (ii) any appeal of a decision made pursuant to section 6 of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (41 U.S.C. 605) before an agency board of contract appeals as provided in section 8 of that Act (41 U.S.C. 607)"; and

(C) by striking out "and" at the end thereof.

(3) POSITION OF THE AGENCY.—Paragraph (1) of such section is amended—

(A) by striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (D) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(B) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(E) 'position of the agency' means, in addition to the position taken by the agency in the adversary adjudication, the action or failure to act by the agency upon which the adversary adjudication is based; except that fees and other expenses may not be awarded to a party for any portion of the adversary adjudication in which the party has unreasonably protracted the proceedings.".

(d) APPEALS OF FEE DETERMINATIONS.—Subsection (c)(2) of section 504 of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(2) If a party other than the United States is dissatisfied with a determination of fees and other expenses made under subsection (a), that party may, within 30 days after the determination is made, appeal the determination to the court of the United States having jurisdiction to review the merits of the underlying decision of the agency adversary adjudication. The court's determination on any appeal heard under this paragraph shall be based solely on the factual record made before the agency. The court may modify the determination of fees and other expenses only if the court finds that the failure to make an award of fees and other expenses, or the calculation of the amount of the award, was unsupported by substantial evidence.".

(e) AWARDS PAID FROM AGENCY FUNDS.—Subsection (d) of section 504 of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(d) Fees and other expenses awarded under this subsection shall be paid by any agency over which the party prevails from any funds made available to the agency by appropriation or otherwise.".

SEC. 2. AMENDMENTS TO SECTION 2412 OF TITLE 28.

(a) CLARIFYING AMENDMENTS.—Section 2412 of title 28, United States Code, (relating to costs and fees) is amended—

(1) in subsections (a) and (b) by striking out "or any agency and any official of the United States" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "or any agency or any official of the United States"; and

(2) in subsection (d)(1)(A) by inserting ", including proceedings for judicial review of agency action," after "in tort)".

(b) DETERMINATION OF "SUBSTANTIALLY JUSTIFIED".—Section 2412(d)(1)(B) of title 28, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Whether or not the position of the United States was substantially justified shall be determined on the
99 STAT. 185 basis of the record (including the record with respect to the action or failure to act by the agency upon which the civil action is based) which is made in the civil action for which fees and other expenses are sought.".

(c) DEFINITIONS.—

(1) Subparagraph (B) of section 2412(d)(2) of title 28, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in clause (i) by striking out "$1,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$2,000,000"; and

(B) by striking out "(ii)" and all that follows through the end of the subparagraph and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "or (ii) any owner of an unincorporated business, or any partnership, corporation, association, unit of local government, or organization, the net worth of which did not exceed $7,000,000 at the time the civil action was filed, and which had not more than 500 employees at the time the civil action was filed; except that an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. 501(c)(3)) exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of such Code, or a cooperative association as defined in section 15(a) of the Agricultural Marketing Act (12 U.S.C. 1141j(a)), may be a party regardless of the net worth of such organization or cooperative association;".

(2) ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS.—Subsection (d)(2) of such section is amended—

(A) by striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (C) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and

(B) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(D) 'position of the United States' means, in addition to the position taken by the United States in the civil action, the action or failure to act by the agency upon which the civil action is based; except that fees and expenses may not be awarded to a party for any portion of the litigation in which the party has unreasonably protracted the proceedings;

"(E) 'civil action brought by or against the United States' includes an appeal by a party, other than the United States, from a decision of a contracting officer rendered pursuant to a disputes clause in a contract with the Government or pursuant to the Contract Disputes Act of 1978; 41 USC 601 note

"(F) 'court' includes the United States Claims Court;

"(G) 'final judgment' means a judgment that is final and not appealable, and includes an order of settlement; and

"(H) 'prevailing party', in the case of eminent domain proceedings, means a party who obtains a final judgment (other than by settlement), exclusive of interest, the amount of which is at least as close to the highest valuation of the property involved that is attested to at trial on behalf of the property owner as it is to the highest valuation of the property involved that is attested to at trial on behalf of the Government.".

(d) PAYMENT OF AWARDS.—Paragraph (4) of section 2412(d) of title 28, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(4) Fees and other expenses awarded under this subsection to a party shall be paid by any agency over which the party prevails from any funds made available to the agency by appropriation or otherwise.".

(e) INTEREST.—Section 2412 of title 28, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

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"(f) If the United States appeals an award of costs or fees and other expenses made against the United States under this section and the award is affirmed in whole or in part, interest shall be paid on the amount of the award as affirmed. Such interest shall be computed at the rate determined under section 1961(a) of this title, and shall run from the date of the award through the day before the date of the mandate of affirmance.". 28 USC 1961

SEC. 3. AWARDS IN CERTAIN SOCIAL SECURITY PROCEEDINGS.

Section 206 of the Equal Access to Justice Act is amended— 28 USC 2412 note

(1) by striking out "Nothing" and inserting in lieu thereof "(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), nothing"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(b) Section 206(b) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 406(b)(1)) shall not prevent an award of fees and other expenses under section 2412(d) of title 28, United States Code. Section 206(b)(2) of the Social Security Act shall not apply with respect to any such award but only *Ante*, p. 184

if, where the claimant's attorney receives fees for the same work under both section 206(b) of that Act and section 2412(d) of title 28, United States Code, the claimant's attorney refunds to the claimant the amount of the smaller fee.".

SEC. 4. REPEAL OF LIMITATION ON PAYMENT OF AWARDS.

5 USC 504 note.

Section 207 of the Equal Access to Justice Act (P.L. 96–481) is hereby repealed.

SEC. 5. AWARDS FOR CERTAIN FEES AND OTHER EXPENSES.

5 USC 504 note.

Section 208 of the Equal Access to Justice Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Awards may be made for fees and other expenses incurred before October 1, 1981, in any such adversary adjudication or civil action.".

5 USC prec. 500, 504 and note; 28 USC 2412 and note.

SEC. 6. TREATMENT OF EXPIRED PROVISIONS OF LAW.

Effective date.
5 USC 500 *et seq.*

(a) REVIVAL OF CERTAIN EXPIRED PROVISIONS.—Section 504 of title 5, United States Code, and the item relating to that section in the table of sections of chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code, and subsection (d) of section 2412 of title 28, United States Code, shall be effective on or after the date of the enactment of this Act as if they had not been repealed by sections 203(c) and 204(c) of the Equal Access to Justice Act.

Infra.

(b) REPEALS.—

5 USC 504.

(1) Section 203(c) of the Equal Access to Justice Act is hereby repealed.

28 USC 2412 note.

(2) Section 204(c) of the Equal Access to Justice Act is hereby repealed.

5 USC 504 note.

SEC. 7. EFFECTIVE DATE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided in this section, the amendments made by this Act shall apply to cases pending on or commenced on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Effective date.
Ante, p. 184.

(b) APPLICABILITY OF AMENDMENTS TO CERTAIN PRIOR CASES.—The amendments made by this Act shall apply to any case commenced on or after October 1, 1984, and finally disposed of before the date of the enactment of this Act, except that in any such case, the 30-day period referred to in section 504(a)(2) of title 5, United States Code, or section 2412(d)(1)(B) of title 28, United States Code, as the case may be, shall be deemed to commence on the date of the enactment of this Act.

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(c) APPLICABILITY OF AMENDMENTS TO PRIOR BOARD OF CONTRACTS APPEALS CASES.—Section 504(b)(1)(C)(ii) of title 5, United States Code, as added by section 1(c)(2) of this Act, and section 2412(d)(2)(E) of title 28, United States Code, as added by section 2(c)(2) of this Act, shall apply to any adversary adjudication pending on or commenced on or after October 1, 1981, in which applications for fees and other expenses were timely filed and were dismissed for lack of jurisdiction.

Approved August 5, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2378 (S. 1487):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-120 and Pt. 2 (Comm. on the Judiciary).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
June 24, considered and passed House.
July 24, S. 1487 considered and passed Senate; H.R. 2378 considered and passed Senate.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 21, No. 32 (1985): Aug. 5, Presidential statement.

LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES ACTS

Public Law 99-91
99th Congress

An Act

To amend the orphan drug provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and related laws.

Aug. 15, 1985
[S. 1147]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Orphan Drug Amendments of 1985.
21 USC 301 note.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Orphan Drug Amendments of 1985".

SEC. 2. MARKET PROTECTION.

Section 527 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360cc) is amended—

(1) by striking out "and for which a United States Letter of Patent may not be issued" in subsection (a);

(2) by striking out "and if a United States Letter of Patent may not be issued for the drug" in subsection (b); and

(3) by striking out "UNPATENTED" in the title of the section.

SEC. 3. ANTIBIOTIC DRUGS.

(a) DESIGNATION.—

(1) Section 525(a) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360aa(a)) is amended—

(A) by striking out "or" at the end of paragraph (1), by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3), and by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:

"(2) if the drug is an antibiotic, it may be certified for such disease or condition under section 507, or";

(B) by striking out "before" in paragraph (3) (as so redesignated);

(C) by inserting after "505" in the last sentence a comma and the following: "certification of such drug for such disease or condition under section 507,"; and

(D) by striking out "licensing under section 351 of the Public Health Service Act for such disease or condition" and inserting in lieu thereof "licensing of such drug for such disease or condition under section 351 of the Public Health Service Act".

(2) Section 526(a)(1) of such Act (21 U.S.C. 360bb(a)(1)) is amended—

(A) by striking out "or" at the end of subparagraph (A) and by striking out subparagraph (B) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(B) if a certification for such drug is issued under section 507, or

"(C) if a license for such drug is issued under section 351 of the Public Health Service Act,"; and

(B) by striking out "the approval or license" and inserting in lieu thereof "the approval, certification, or license".

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(3) Section 527 of such Act (21 U.S.C. 360cc) is amended—

(A) by striking out "or" at the end of paragraph (1) in subsection (a), by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3), and by inserting after paragraph (1) the following: "(2) issues a certification under section 507, or";

(B) by inserting after "505" in the first sentence of subsection (a) a comma and the following: "issue another certification under section 507,";

(C) by inserting after "holder of such approved application" in subsection (a) a comma and the following: "of such certification,";

(D) by inserting after "approval of the approved application" in subsection (a) a comma and the following: "the issuance of the certification,";

(E) by striking out "or a license" in subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof a comma and the following: "if a certification is issued under section 507 for such a drug, or if a license";

(F) by inserting after "application approval" in subsection (b) a comma and the following: "of the issuance of the certification under section 507,";

(G) by striking out ", if the drug is a biological product," in subsection (b);

(H) by inserting after "under section 505" in subsection (b) a comma and the following: "issue another certification under section 507,";

(I) by inserting after "holder of such approved application" in subsection (b) a comma and the following: "of such certification,";

(J) by inserting after "application" in subsection (b)(1) a comma and the following: "of the certification,"; and

(K) by inserting after "other applications" in subsection (b)(2) a comma and the following: "issuance of other certifications,".

42 USC 236 note

SEC. 4. NATIONAL COMMISSION ON ORPHAN DISEASES.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the National Commission on Orphan Diseases (hereinafter referred to as the "Commission").

(b) DUTY.—The Commission shall assess the activities of the National Institutes of Health, the Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration, the Food and Drug Administration, other public agencies, and private entities in connection with—

Research and development.

(1) basic research conducted on rare diseases;

(2) the use in research on rare diseases of knowledge developed in other research;

(3) applied and clinical research on the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of rare diseases; and

(4) the dissemination to the public, health care professionals, researchers, and drug and medical device manufacturers of knowledge developed in research on rare diseases and other diseases which can be used in the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of rare diseases.

(c) REVIEW REQUIREMENTS.—In assessing the activities of the National Institutes of Health, the Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration, and the Food and Drug Administration in connection with research on rare diseases, the Commission shall review—

(1) the appropriateness of the priorities currently placed on research on rare diseases;

Grants.
Contracts.

(2) the relative effectiveness of grants and contracts when used to fund research on rare diseases;

Research and development.

99 STAT. 389

(3) the appropriateness of specific requirements applicable to applications for funds for research on rare diseases taking into consideration the reasonable capacity of applicants to meet such requirements;

(4) the adequacy of the scientific basis for such research including the adequacy of the research facilities and research resources used in such research and the appropriateness of the scientific training of the personnel engaged in such research;

(5) the effectiveness of activities undertaken to encourage such research;

(6) the organization of the peer review process applicable to applications for funds for such research to determine if the organization of the peer review process could be revised to improve the effectiveness of the review provided to proposals for research on rare diseases;

(7) the effectiveness of the coordination between the national research institutes of the National Institutes of Health, the institutes of the Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration, the Food and Drug Administration, and private entities in supporting such research; and

(8) the effectiveness of activities undertaken to assure that knowledge developed in research on nonrare diseases is, when appropriate, used in research on rare diseases.

(d) COMPOSITION.—The Commission shall be composed of twenty members appointed by the Secretary of Health and Human Services as follows:

(1) Ten members shall be appointed from individuals who are not officers or employees of the Government and who by virtue of their training or experience in research on rare diseases or in the treatment of rare diseases are qualified to serve on the Commission.

(2) Five members shall be appointed from individuals who are not officers or employees of the Government and who have a rare disease or are employed to represent or are members of an organization concerned about rare disease.

(3) Four nonvoting members shall be appointed from—

(A) the directors of the national research institutes of the National Institutes of Health; or

(B) the directors of the institutes of the Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration,

which the Secretary determines are involved with rare diseases.

(4) One nonvoting member shall be appointed from officers or employees of the Food and Drug Administration who the Secretary determines are involved with rare diseases.

A vacancy in the Commission shall be filled in the manner in which the original appointment was made. If any member of the Commission who was appointed to the Commission as a director of a national research institute or an institute of the Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration or as an officer or employee of the Food and Drug Administration leaves that office or position, or if any member of the Commission who was appointed from persons who are not officers or employees of the Government becomes an officer or employee of the Government, such member may continue as a member of the Commission for not longer than the ninety-day period beginning on the date such member leaves that office or position or becomes such an officer or employee, as the case may be.

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(e) TERM.—Members shall be appointed for the life of the Commission.

(f) COMPENSATION.—

(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), members of the Commission shall each be entitled to receive compensation at a rate not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay in effect for grade GS–18 of the General Schedule for each day (including traveltime) during which they are engaged in the actual performance of duties as members of the Commission.

5 USC 5332.

(2) Members of the Commission who are full-time officers or employees of the Government shall receive no additional pay by reason of their service on the Commission.

(g) CHAIRMAN.—The Chairman of the Commission shall be designated by the members of the Commission.

(h) STAFF.—Subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the Commission, the Commission may appoint and fix the pay of such personnel as it determines are necessary to enable the Commission to carry out its functions. Personnel shall be appointed subject to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates.

5 USC 5101 *et seq.*, 5331.

(i) EXPERTS AND CONSULTANTS.—Subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the Commission, the Commission may procure temporary and intermittent services under section 3109(b) of title 5 of the United States Code, but at rates for individuals not to exceed the daily equivalent of the basic pay payable for grade GS-15 of the General Schedule.

Government organization and employees.

(j) DETAIL OF PERSONNEL.—Upon request of the Commission, the head of any Federal agency is authorized to detail, on a reimbursable basis, any of the personnel of such agency to the Commission to assist the Commission in carrying out its functions.

(k) ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT SERVICES.—The Administrator of General Services shall provide to the Commission on a reimbursable basis such administrative support services as the Commission may request.

(l) GENERAL AUTHORITY.—The Commission may, for the purpose of carrying out this section, hold such hearings, sit and act at such times and places, take such testimony, and receive such evidence, as the Commission considers appropriate.

(m) INFORMATION.—The Commission may secure directly from any department or agency of the United States information necessary to enable it to carry out this section. Upon request of the Chairman, the head of such department or agency shall furnish such information to the Commission.

(n) REPORT.—The Commission shall transmit to the Secretary and to each House of the Congress a report not later than September 30, 1987, on the activities of the Commission. The report shall contain a detailed statement of the findings and conclusions of the Commission, together with its recommendations for—

(1) a long range plan for the use of public and private resources to improve research into rare diseases and to assist in the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of rare diseases; and

(2) such legislation or administrative actions as it considers appropriate.

99 STAT. 391

(o) TERMINATION.—The Commission shall terminate 90 days after the date of the submittal of its report under subsection (n).

(p) FUNDS.—The Director of the National Institutes of Health shall make available $1,000,000 to the Commission from appropriations for fiscal year 1986 for the National Institutes of Health.

SEC. 5. FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.

(a) QUALIFIED TESTING.—Section 5 of the Orphan Drug Act (21 U.S.C. 360ee) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a) by striking out "clinical"; and

(2) by amending subsection (b)(1) to read as follows:

"(1) The term 'qualified testing' means—

"(A) human clinical testing—

"(i) which is carried out under an exemption for a drug for a rare disease or condition under section 505(i) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (or regulations issued under such section); and

21 USC 355.

"(ii) which occurs after the date such drug is designated under section 526 of such Act and before the date on which an application with respect to such drug is submitted under section 505(b) or 507 of such Act or under section 351 of the Public Health Service Act; and

21 USC 360bb.

21 USC 357.

42 USC 262.

"(B) preclinical testing involving a drug for a rare disease or condition which occurs after the date such drug is designated under section 526 of such Act and before the date on which an application with respect to such drug is submitted under section 505(b) or 507 of such Act or under section 351 of the Public Health Service Act.".

(b) Authorization.—Subsection (c) of such section 5 is amended to read as follows:

21 USC 360ee.

"(c) For grants and contracts under subsection (a) there are authorized to be appropriated $4,000,000 for fiscal year 1986, $4,000,000 for fiscal year 1987, and $4,000,000 for fiscal year 1988.".

SEC. 6. TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.

(a) Public Law 98-619.—The paragraph following the heading "education for the handicapped" under title III of the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-619) is amended—

98 Stat. 3324.

(1) by inserting after "shall" the first time it appears a comma and the following: "except for part D of such Act,", and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following: "The amounts available for such part D shall be available for obligation on October 1, 1984, and shall remain available until September 30, 1985.".

(b) Public Law 98-527.—Section 122(b)(4)(C) of the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act (42 U.S.C. 6022(b)(4)(C)) is amended to read as follows:

98 Stat. 2670.

"(C) Notwithstanding subparagraph (E)(i), upon application of a State, which under section 133(b)(4)(C) of this Act (as in effect on October 18, 1984) was permitted to make expenditures for services without regard to the requirements of section 133(b)(4)(B) of this Act (as so in effect) the Secretary, pursuant to regulations which the Secretary shall prescribe, may permit a portion of the funds which, pursuant to subparagraph (E)(i), must otherwise be expended under the State plan of such State for service activities in the priority services, to be expended in fiscal years 1985, 1986, and 1987 for the additional services for which expenditure was permitted under section 133(b)(4)(C) (as so in effect) if the Secretary determines that—

42 USC 6063.

99 STAT. 392

42 USC 6063.

"(i) such additional services are not priority services;

"(ii) such additional services are not services for which funds are otherwise available under part C, D, or E; and

"(iii) the expenditures of such State on service activities in the priority services has reasonably met the need for those services in such State in comparison to the extent to which the need for such additional services has been met in such State.".

98 Stat. 2679.
42 USC 6041, 6061, 6081.

SEC. 7. AREA HEALTH EDUCATION CENTERS.

Section 781(a)(2) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 295g-7(a)(2)) is amended by redesignating subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) as clauses (i), (ii), and (iii), respectively, and by striking out all that precedes clause (i) (as so redesignated) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

42 USC 295g-1.

"(2)(A) The Secretary shall enter into contracts with schools of medicine and osteopathy—

Contracts.
Schools and colleges.

"(i) which have previously received Federal financial assistance for an area health education center program under section 802 of the Health Professionals Educational Assistance Act of 1976 in fiscal year 1979 or under paragraph (1), or

"(ii) which are receiving assistance under paragraph (1),

42 USC 295g-1 note.

to carry out projects described in subparagraph (B) through area health education centers for which Federal financial assistance was provided under paragraph (1) and which are no longer eligible to receive such assistance.

"(B) Projects for which assistance may be provided under subparagraph (A) are—".

21 USC 360aa note.

SEC. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE.

(a) General Rule.—Except as provided in subsection (b), this Act and the amendments made by this Act shall take effect October 1, 1985.

(b) Exception.—The amendments made by sections 2, 3, and 6(a) shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act. The amendment made by section 6(b) shall take effect October 19, 1984. The amendments made by section 7 shall take effect October 1, 1984 and shall cease to be in effect after September 30, 1985.

Approved August 15, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1147 (H.R. 2290):

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-153 accompanying H.R. 2290 (Comm. on Energy and Commerce).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
  May 23, considered and passed Senate.
  June 17, 18, H.R. 2290 considered and passed House; S. 1147, amended, passed in lieu.
  July 25, Senate concurred in House amendment with amendments.
  July 31, House concurred in Senate amendments.

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99 STAT. 393

Public Law 99-92
99th Congress

An Act

Aug. 16, 1985
[H.R. 2370]

To amend the Public Health Service Act to extend the programs of assistance for nurse education.

Nurse Education Amendments of 1985.
42 USC 201 note.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Nurse Education Amendments of 1985".

REFERENCE

Sec. 2. Except as otherwise specifically provided, whenever in this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or a repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of the Public Health Service Act.

SPECIAL PROJECTS

42 USC 296k.

Sec. 3. (a) Section 820(a) is amended—

(1) by striking out "or" after the semicolon in paragraph (4);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (5) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (5) the following:

Education.
Health and medical care.

"(6) demonstrate clinical nurse education programs which combine educational curricula and clinical practice in health care delivery organizations, including acute care facilities, long-term care facilities, and ambulatory care facilities;

"(7) demonstrate methods to improve access to nursing services in noninstitutional settings through support of nursing practice arrangements in communities; or

42 USC 254e.

"(8) demonstrate methods to encourage nursing graduates to practice in health manpower shortage areas (designated under section 332) in order to improve the specialty and geographical distribution of nurses in the United States.".

(b) Section 820(d) is amended—

(1) by striking out the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof: "(1) For payments under grants and contracts under paragraphs (1) through (5) of subsection (a), there are authorized to be appropriated $9,500,000 for the fiscal year ending Septem-

ber 30, 1986, $9,500,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, and $9,500,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988.";

(2) by striking out "this subsection" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "this paragraph";

(3) by striking out "1981," in such sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "1985,"; and

(4) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) For payments under grants and contracts under paragraphs (6), (7), and (8) of subsection (a), there are authorized to be appropriated $2,700,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $2,700,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, and $2,700,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988. In making grants and entering into contracts with amounts appropriated under this paragraph, the Secretary shall give priority to applications for grants and contracts under paragraph (7) of subsection (a).".

99 STAT. 394

ADVANCED NURSE EDUCATION

SEC. 4. Section 821 is amended to read as follows:

42 USC 296l.

"ADVANCED NURSE EDUCATION

"SEC. 821. (a) The Secretary may make grants to and enter into contracts with public and private nonprofit collegiate schools of nursing to meet the costs of projects to—

Contracts.
Grants.
Schools and colleges.

"(1) plan, develop, and operate,

"(2) expand, or

"(3) maintain,

programs which lead to masters' and doctoral degrees and which prepare nurses to serve as nurse educators, administrators, or researchers or to serve in clinical nurse specialties determined by the Secretary to require advanced education.

"(b) For payments under grants and contracts under this section, there are authorized to be appropriated $16,500,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $17,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, and $17,500,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988.".

NURSE PRACTITIONER AND NURSE MIDWIFE PROGRAMS

SEC. 5. (a)(1) Paragraph (1) of section 822(a) is amended to read as follows:

"(1) The Secretary may make grants to and enter into contracts with public or nonprofit private schools of nursing and public health, public or nonprofit private schools of medicine which received grants or contracts under this subsection prior to October 1, 1985, public or nonprofit private hospitals, and other public or nonprofit private entities to meet the cost of projects to—

42 USC 296m.
Grants.
Contracts.
Schools and colleges.
Hospitals.
Education.

"(A) plan, develop, and operate,

"(B) expand, or

"(C) maintain,

programs for the education of nurse practitioners and nurse midwives. The Secretary shall give special consideration to applications for grants or contracts for programs for the education of nurse practitioners and nurse midwives who will practice in health manpower shortage areas (designated under section 332) and for the education of nurse practitioners which emphasize education respecting the special problems of geriatric patients and education to meet the particular needs of nursing home patients and patients who are confined to their homes.".

42 USC 254e.

(2) Paragraph (2) of such section is amended—

(A) by striking out subparagraph (A) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

99 STAT. 395

"(A) For purposes of this section, the term 'programs for the education of nurse practitioners and nurse midwives' means educational programs for registered nurses (irrespective of the type of school of nursing in which the nurses received their training) which meet guidelines prescribed by the Secretary in accordance with subparagraph (B) and which have as their objective the education of nurses (including pediatric and geriatric nurses) who will, upon completion of their studies in such programs, be qualified to effectively provide primary health care, including primary health care in homes and in ambulatory care facilities, long-term care facilities (where appropriate), and other health care institutions.";

(B) by striking out "training" in the first sentence of subparagraph (B) and inserting in lieu thereof "education"; and

(C) by inserting "and nurse midwives" before the period in the first sentence of subparagraph (B).

42 USC 296m.

(b) Section 822(b) is amended—

(1) by striking out "nursing, medicine, and public health," in paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "nursing and public health, schools of medicine which received grants or contracts under this subsection prior to October 1, 1985,";

(2) by inserting "and nurse midwives" before the period in the first sentence of paragraph (1);

(3) by inserting "or nurse midwife" after "practitioner" in paragraph (3); and

(4) by inserting "or in a public health care facility" before "for a period" in paragraph (3).

(c) Section 822(c) is amended—

(1) by striking out "training" and inserting in lieu thereof "education"; and

(2) by inserting "and nurse midwives" after "nurse practitioners".

(d) Section 822 is further amended by striking out subsection (d) and by redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (d).

(e) Section 822(d) (as redesignated by subsection (d) of this section) is amended to read as follows:

"(d) For payments under grants and contracts under this section, there are authorized to be appropriated $12,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $12,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, and $12,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988.".

(f) The heading for section 822 is amended to read as follows:

"NURSE PRACTITIONER AND NURSE MIDWIFE PROGRAMS".

TRAINEESHIPS FOR ADVANCED EDUCATION OF PROFESSIONAL NURSES

42 USC 297.

SEC. 6. (a) Paragraph (1) of section 830(a) is amended to read as follows:

Grants.

"(1)(A) The Secretary may make grants to public or nonprofit private schools of nursing and public health, public or nonprofit private hospitals, and other public or nonprofit private entities to cover the cost of traineeships for nurses in masters' degree and doctoral degree programs in order to educate such nurses to—

"(i) serve in and prepare for practice as nurse practitioners,

"(ii) serve in and prepare for practice as nurse administrators, nurse educators, and nurse researchers, or

"(iii) serve in and prepare for practice in other professional nursing specialties determined by the Secretary to require advanced education.

99 STAT. 396

Grants.
Schools and colleges.

"(B) The Secretary may make grants to public and private nonprofit schools of nursing and appropriate public and private nonprofit entities to cover the cost of traineeships to educate nurses to serve in and prepare for practice as nurse midwives.".

(b) Section 830 is further amended— 42 USC 297.

(1) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c);

(2) by striking out the first sentence of such subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(1) There are authorized to be appropriated for the purposes of subsection (a) $11,500,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $12,250,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, and $13,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988.";

(3) by striking out the second sentence of such subsection;

(4) by striking out "subsection (a)(1)(C)" in the third sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (a)(1)(A)(i)";

(5) by adding at the end of such subsection the following new paragraph:

"(2) There are authorized to be appropriated for the purposes of subsection (b) $1,100,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $1,100,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, and $1,100,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988.";

(6) by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection:

Grants. Schools and colleges.

"(b) The Secretary may make grants to public or private nonprofit schools of nursing to cover the costs of post-baccalaureate fellowships for faculty in such schools to enable such faculty to—

"(1) investigate cost-effective alternatives to traditional health care modalities, with special attention to the needs of at-risk populations, such as the elderly, premature infants, physically and mentally disabled individuals, and ethnic and minority groups;

"(2) examine nursing interventions that result in positive outcomes in health status, with attention to interventions which address family violence, drug and alcohol abuse, the health of women, adolescent care, and disease prevention; and

"(3) address other areas of nursing practice considered by the Secretary to require additional study."; and

(7) by striking out "TRAINING" in the section heading and inserting in lieu thereof "EDUCATION".

NURSE ANESTHETISTS

SEC. 7. (a) Section 831(a)(1) is amended by striking out "Commissioner" and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary". 42 USC 297-1.

(b) Section 831 is further amended by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c) and by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection:

Grants. Schools and colleges.

"(b) The Secretary may make grants to public or private nonprofit institutions to cover the cost of projects to improve existing programs for the education of nurse anesthetists which are accredited by an entity or entities designated by the Secretary of Education. Such grants shall include grants to such institutions for the purpose of providing financial assistance and support to certified registered nurse anesthetists who are faculty members of accredited programs to enable such nurse anesthetists to obtain advanced education relevant to their teaching functions.".

99 STAT. 397

(c) Section 831(c) (as redesignated by subsection (b) of this section) is amended to read as follows: *Ante*, p. 396.

"(c) For the purpose of making grants under this section, there are authorized to be appropriated $800,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $800,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, and $800,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988. Not more than 20 percent of the amount appropriated under this section for any fiscal year shall be obligated for grants under the second sentence of subsection (b).".

(d) The section heading for such section is amended by striking out "TRAINEESHIPS FOR TRAINING OF".

STUDENT LOANS

42 USC 297a.

SEC. 8. (a) Section 835 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Schools and colleges.

"(c)(1) Any standard established by the Secretary by regulation for the collection by schools of nursing of loans made pursuant to loan agreements under this subpart shall provide that the failure of any such school to collect such loans shall be measured in accordance with this subsection.

"(2) The measurement of a school's failure to collect loans made under this subpart shall be the ratio (stated as a percentage) that the defaulted principal amount outstanding of such school bears to the matured loans of such school.

"(3) For purposes of this subsection—

"(A) the term 'default' means the failure of a borrower of a loan made under this subpart to—

"(i) make an installment payment when due; or

"(ii) comply with any other term of the promissory note for such loan,

except that a loan made under this subpart shall not be considered to be in default if the loan is discharged in bankruptcy or if the school reasonably concludes from written contacts with the borrower that the borrower intends to repay the loan;

"(B) the term 'defaulted principal amount outstanding' means the total amount borrowed from the loan fund of a school that has reached the repayment stage (minus any principal amount repaid or cancelled) on loans—

"(i) repayable monthly and in default for at least 120 days; and

"(ii) repayable less frequently than monthly and in default for at least 180 days;

"(C) the term 'grace period' means the period of one year beginning on—

"(i) the date on which the borrower ceases to pursue a full-time or half-time course of study at a school of nursing; or

42 USC 297b.

"(ii) the date on which ends any period described in clause (A) or (B) of section 836(b)(2) which is applicable to such borrower,

whichever is later; and

"(D) the term 'matured loans' means the total principal amount of all loans made by a school of nursing under this subpart minus the total principal amount of loans made by such

99 STAT. 398

school to students who are—

"(i) enrolled in a full-time or half-time course of study at such school; or

"(ii) in their first grace period.".

42 USC 297b.

(b) Section 836(b)(1) is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" before "(B)"; and

(2) by inserting before the period a comma and "and (C) if a student who will enroll in the school after June 30, 1986, is of exceptional financial need (as defined by regulations of the Secretary)".

(c) Section 836(f) is amended—

(1) by inserting "and in accordance with this section" after "Secretary" in the first sentence;

(2) by striking out "may" in such sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "shall"; and

(3) by striking out the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "No such charge may be made if the

payment of such installment or the filing of such evidence is made within 60 days after the date on which such installment or filing is due. The amount of any such charge may not exceed an amount equal to 6 percent of the amount of such installment.".

(d) Section 836 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Loans.
Schools and colleges.

"(k) The Secretary is authorized to attempt to collect any loan which was made under this subpart, which is in default, and which was referred to the Secretary by a school of nursing with which the Secretary has an agreement under this subpart, on behalf of that school under such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe (including reimbursement from the school's student loan fund for expenses the Secretary may reasonably incur in attempting collection), but only if the school has complied with such requirements as the Secretary may specify by regulation with respect to the collection of loans under this subpart. A loan so referred shall be treated as a debt subject to section 5514 of title 5, United States Code. Amounts collected shall be deposited in the school's student loan fund. Whenever the Secretary desires the institution of a civil action regarding any such loan, the Secretary shall refer the matter to the Attorney General for appropriate action.".

42 USC 297d.

(e) Section 838 is amended by striking out subsections (a) and (b) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(a)(1) The Secretary shall from time to time set dates by which schools of nursing must file applications for Federal capital contributions.

42 USC 297c.

"(2)(A) If the total of the amounts requested for any fiscal year in such applications exceeds the total amount appropriated under section 837 for that fiscal year, the allotment from such total amount to the loan fund of each school of nursing shall be reduced to whichever of the following is the smaller:

"(i) The amount requested in its application.

"(ii) An amount which bears the same ratio to the total amount appropriated as the number of students estimated by the Secretary to be enrolled on a full-time basis in such school during such fiscal year bears to the estimated total number of students enrolled in all such schools on a full-time basis during such year.

"(B) Amounts remaining after allotment under subparagraph (A) shall be reallotted in accordance with clause (ii) of such subparagraph among schools whose applications requested more than the amounts so allotted to their loan funds, but with such adjustments as may be necessary to prevent the total allotted to any such school's loan fund under this paragraph and paragraph (3) from exceeding the total so requested by it.

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Infra.
42 USC 297a.

"(3) Funds which, pursuant to section 839(c) or pursuant to a loan agreement under section 835, are returned to the Secretary in any fiscal year, shall be available for allotment in such fiscal year and in the fiscal year succeeding the fiscal year. Funds described in the preceding sentence shall be allotted among schools of nursing in such manner as the Secretary determines will best carry out this subpart, except that in making such allotments, the Secretary shall give priority to schools of nursing which established student loan funds under this subpart after September 30, 1975.

"(b) Allotments to a loan fund of a school shall be paid to it from time to time in such installments as the Secretary determines will not result in unnecessary accumulations in the loan fund at such school.".

42 USC 297e.

(f) Section 839 is amended—

(1) by striking out "1987," each place it appears in subsections (a) and (b) and inserting in lieu thereof "1991,"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c)(1) Within 90 days after the termination of any agreement with a school under section 835 or the termination in any other manner of a school's participation in the loan program under this subpart, such school shall pay to the Secretary from the balance of the loan fund of such school established under section 835, an amount which bears the same ratio to the balance in such fund on the date of such termination as the total amount of the Federal capital contributions to such fund by the Secretary pursuant to section 835(b)(2)(A) bears to the total amount in such fund on such date derived from such Federal capital contributions and from funds deposited in the fund pursuant to section 835(b)(2)(B). The remainder of such balance shall be paid to the school.

"(2) A school to which paragraph (1) applies shall pay to the Secretary after the date on which payment is made under such paragraph and not less than quarterly, the same proportionate share of amounts received by the school after the date of termination referred to in paragraph (1) in payment of principal or interest on loans made from the loan fund as was determined for the Secretary under such paragraph.".

(g) Subpart II of part B of title VIII is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"PROCEDURES FOR APPEAL OF TERMINATIONS

42 USC 297i. "SEC. 842. In any case in which the Secretary intends to terminate an agreement with a school of nursing under this subpart, the Secretary shall provide the school with a written notice specifying such intention and stating that the school may request a formal hearing with respect to such termination. If the school requests such a hearing within 30 days after the receipt of such notice, the Secretary shall provide such school with a hearing conducted by an administrative law judge.".

26 USC 6103. (h) Section 6103(m) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is

99 STAT. 400

amended—

(1) by inserting "ADMINISTERED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION" before the period in the paragraph heading of paragraph (4); and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(5) INDIVIDUALS WHO HAVE DEFAULTED ON STUDENT LOANS ADMINISTERED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Upon written request by the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Secretary may disclose the mailing address of any taxpayer who has defaulted on a loan made under part C of title VII of the Public Health

42 USC 294.
42 USC 297a.

Service Act or under subpart II of part B of title VIII of such Act, for use only by officers, employees, or agents of the Department of Health and Human Services for purposes of locating such taxpayer for purposes of collecting such loan.

"(B) DISCLOSURE TO SCHOOLS AND ELIGIBLE LENDERS.—Any mailing address disclosed under subparagraph (A) may be disclosed by the Secretary of Health and Human Services to—

"(i) any school with which the Secretary of Health and Human Services has an agreement under subpart

42 USC 294m.

II of part C of title VII of the Public Health Service Act or subpart II of part B of title VIII of such Act, or

"(ii) any eligible lender (within the meaning of section 737(4) of such Act) participating under subpart I of part C of title VII of such Act,

42 USC 294j.
42 USC 294.

for use only by officers, employees, or agents of such school or eligible lender whose duties relate to the collection of student loans for purposes of locating individuals who have defaulted on student loans made under such subparts for the purposes of collecting such loans.".

REPEALS

SEC. 9. (a)(1) Sections 801, 802, 803, 805, 810, 811, 815, and 841 are repealed.

42 USC 296-296b, 296d-296f, 296j, 296h

(2) Subpart III of part B of title VIII is repealed.

42 USC 297j

(b)(1) Part A of title VIII is amended by striking out the headings for subparts I, II, III, and IV.

42 USC 296

(2) The heading for part A of the title VIII is amended to read as follows:

"PART A—SPECIAL PROJECTS".

(3) The heading for title VIII is amended to read as follows:

"TITLE VIII—NURSE EDUCATION".

(c)(1) Section 804 is redesignated as section 858 and is amended to read as follows:

42 USC 296c, 298b-5

"RECOVERY FOR CONSTRUCTION ASSISTANCE

"SEC. 858. (a) If at any time within 20 years (or within such shorter period as the Secretary may prescribe by regulation for an interim facility) after the completion of construction of a facility with respect to which funds have been paid under subpart I of part A (as such subpart was in effect on September 30, 1985)—

99 STAT. 401

42 USC 296

"(1) the owner of the facility ceases to be a public or nonprofit school,

"(2) the facility ceases to be used for the training purposes for which it was constructed, or

"(3) the facility is used for sectarian instruction or as a place for religious worship,

the United States shall be entitled to recover from the owner of the facility the base amount prescribed by subsection (c)(1) plus the interest (if any) prescribed by subsection (c)(2).

"(b) The owner of a facility which ceases to be a public or nonprofit school as described in paragraph (1) of subsection (a), or the owner of a facility the use of which changes as described in paragraph (2) or (3) of such subsection shall provide the Secretary written notice of such cessation or change of use not later than 10 days after the date on which such cessation or change of use occurs.

Schools and colleges.

"(c)(1) The base amount that the United States is entitled to recover under subsection (a) is the amount bearing the same ratio to the then value (as determined by the agreement of the parties or in an action brought in the district court of the United States for the district in which the facility is situated) of the facility as the amount of the Federal participation bore to the cost of the construction.

"(2)(A) The interest that the United States is entitled to recover under subsection (a) is the interest for the period (if any) described in subparagraph (B) at a rate (determined by the Secretary) based on the average of the bond equivalent rates of 91-day Treasury bills auctioned during such period.

"(B) The period referred to in subparagraph (A) is the period beginning—

"(i) if notice is provided as prescribed by subsection (b), 191 days after the date on which the owner of the facility ceases to be a public or nonprofit school as described in paragraph (1) of subsection (a), or 191 days after the date on which the use of the facility changes as described in paragraph (2) or (3) of such subsection, or

"(ii) if notice is not provided as prescribed by subsection (b), 11 days after the date on which such cessation or change of use occurs,

and ending on the date the amount the United States is entitled to recover is collected.

"(d) The Secretary may waive the recovery rights of the United States under subsection (a) with respect to a facility (under such conditions as the Secretary may establish by regulation) if the Secretary determines that there is good cause for waiving such rights.

"(e) The right of recovery of the United States under subsection (a) shall not, prior to judgment, constitute a lien on any facility.".

42 USC 298b-5 note.

(2) In the case of any facility that was or is constructed on or before the date of enactment of this Act or within 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the period described in subsection (c)(2)(B)(i) of section 858 of the Public Health Service Act (as amended by paragraph (1) of this subsection) shall begin no earlier than 181 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

42 USC 298b-5 note.

(3) The amendments made by paragraph (1) of this subsection shall not adversely affect other legal rights of the United States.

42 USC 298.

(d) Section 851(b) is amended by striking out ", and in the review of applications for construction projects under subpart I of part A, of applications under section 805, and of applications under subpart III of part A".

42 USC 298b.

(e) Section 853(1) is amended by striking out "the Canal Zone," and inserting in lieu thereof "the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands,".

(f) Section 853(6) is amended to read as follows:

Hospitals. Schools and colleges.

"(6) The term 'accredited' when applied to any program of nurse education means a program accredited by a recognized body or bodies, or by a State agency, approved for such purpose by the Secretary of Education and when applied to a hospital, school, college, or university (or a unit thereof) means a hospital, school, college, or university (or a unit thereof) which is accredited by a recognized body or bodies, or by a State agency, approved for such purpose by the Secretary of Education, except that a school of nursing seeking an agreement under subpart II of part B for the establishment of a student loan fund, which is not, at the time of the application under such subpart, eligible for accreditation by such a recognized body or bodies or State agency, shall be deemed accredited for purposes of such subpart if the Secretary of Education finds, after consultation with the appropriate accreditation body or bodies, that there is reasonable assurance that the school will meet the accreditation standards of such body or bodies prior to the beginning of the academic year following the normal graduation date of students who are in their first year of instruction at such school during the fiscal year in which the agreement with such school is made under such subpart; except that the provisions of this clause shall not apply for purposes of section 838. For the purpose of this paragraph, the Secretary of Education shall publish a list of recognized accrediting bodies, and of State agencies, which the Secretary of Education determines to be reliable authority as to the quality of education offered.".

42 USC 297a.

Ante, p. 398.

EFFECTIVE DATE

42 USC 296k note.

SEC. 10. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), this Act and the amendments and repeals made by this Act shall take effect on October 1, 1985.

(b)(1) The provisions of section 9(c) of this Act and the amendment made by paragraph (1) of such section shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act.

(2) The amendment made by section 8(a) of this Act shall take effect June 30, 1984.

ROTATION OF LABEL STATEMENTS

98 Stat. 2201.

SEC. 11. **LABEL ROTATION.**—Section 4(c) of the Federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act (15 U.S.C. 1333(c)) is amended—

(1) by striking out "The label" in the first sentence and

inserting in lieu thereof "(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the label"; and

(2) by inserting at the end the following:

Tobacco.

"(2)(A) A manufacturer or importer of cigarettes may apply to the Federal Trade Commission to have the label rotation described in subparagraph (C) apply with respect to a brand of cigarettes manufactured or imported by such manufacturer or importer if—

99 STAT. 403

"(i) the number of cigarettes of such brand style sold in the fiscal year of the manufacturer or importer preceding the submission of the application is less than one-fourth of 1 percent of all the cigarettes sold in the United States in such year, and

"(ii) more than one-half of the cigarettes manufactured or imported by such manufacturer or importer for sale in the United States are packaged into brand styles which meet the requirements of clause (i).

If an application is approved by the Commission, the label rotation described in subparagraph (C) shall apply with respect to the applicant during the one-year period beginning on the date of the application approval.

"(B) An applicant under subparagraph (A) shall include in its application a plan under which the label statements specified in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) will be rotated by the applicant manufacturer or importer in accordance with the label rotation described in subparagraph (C).

"(C) Under the label rotation which a manufacturer or importer with an approved application may put into effect each of the labels specified in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) shall appear on the packages of each brand style of cigarettes with respect to which the application was approved an equal number of times within the twelve-month period beginning on the date of the approval by the Commission of the application.".

98 Stat. 2204.

(b) Definition.—Section 3 of such Act (15 U.S.C. 1332) is amended by redesignating paragraph (8) as paragraph (9) and by inserting after paragraph (7) the following:

Tobacco.

"(8) The term 'brand style' means a variety of cigarettes distinguished by the tobacco used, tar and nicotine content, flavoring used, size of the cigarette, filtration on the cigarette, or packaging.".

15 USC 1333 note.

(c) Effective Date.—

(1) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect October 12, 1985, except that—

(A) on and after the date of the enactment of this Act a manufacturer or importer of cigarettes may apply to the Federal Trade Commission to have the label rotation specified in section 4(c)(2) of the Federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act, as amended by subsection (a), apply to its brand styles of cigarettes and the Commission may take action on such an application, and

(B) a manufacturer or importer of cigarettes may elect to have the amendments apply at an earlier date or dates selected by the manufacturer or importer.

(2) The Federal Trade Commission may, upon application of a manufacturer or importer of cigarettes with an approved application under section 4(c)(2) of the Federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act, as amended by subsection (a), extend the effective date specified in paragraph (1) to January 11, 1986. The Commission may approve an application for such an extension only if the Commission determines that the effective date specified in such paragraph (1) would cause unreasonable economic hardship to the applicant. Section 4 of the Federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act, as in effect before October 12, 1985, shall apply with respect to a manufacturer or importer with an application approved under this paragraph.

98 Stat. 2201.

99 STAT. 404

TECHNICAL AMENDMENT

98 Stat. 2204.

SEC. 12. Section 8 of the Federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act (15 U.S.C. 1336) is amended by striking out "4(b)" and inserting in lieu thereof "4".

REPORT DATE

98 Stat. 2200.

SEC. 13. Section 3(c) of the Comprehensive Smoking Education Act (15 U.S.C. 1341(c)) is amended by striking out "1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "1986".

Approved August 16, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2370 (S. 1284):

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-161 (Comm. on Energy and Commerce).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-106 accompanying S. 1284 (Comm. on Labor and Human Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
  July 15, considered and passed House.
  July 22, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 1284.
  July 31, House agreed to Senate amendment.

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99 STAT. 491

Public Law 99-117
99th Congress

An Act

Oct. 7, 1985
[S. 1689]

To amend various provisions of the Public Health Service Act.

Health Services Amendments of 1985.
42 USC 201 note.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) this Act may be cited as the "Health Services Amendments of 1985".

42 USC 201 note.

(b) Except as otherwise specifically provided, whenever in this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or a repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of the Public Health Service Act.

HANSEN'S DISEASE PROGRAM

42 USC 247e.

SEC. 2. (a) Section 320 is amended to read as follows:

"HANSEN'S DISEASE PROGRAM

Louisiana.
Hawaii.

"SEC. 320. (a) The Secretary—

"(1) shall provide care and treatment (including outpatient care) without charge at the Gillis W. Long Hansen's Disease Center in Carville, Louisiana, to any person suffering from Hansen's disease who needs and requests care and treatment for that disease; and

"(2) may provide for the care and treatment (including outpatient care) of Hansen's disease without charge for any person who requests such care and treatment.

"(b) The Secretary shall make payments to the Board of Health of Hawaii for the care and treatment (including outpatient care) in its facilities of persons suffering from Hansen's disease at a rate, determined from time to time by the Secretary, which shall, subject to the availability of appropriations, be approximately equal to the operating cost per patient of those facilities, except that the rate determined by the Secretary shall not be greater than the comparable operating cost per Hansen's disease patient at the Gillis W. Long Hansen's Disease Center in Carville, Louisiana.".

(b) The Public Health Service Facility in Carville, Louisiana, shall be known and designated as the "Gillis W. Long Hansen's Disease Center". Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, record, or other paper of the United States to such facility shall be held to be a reference to the Gillis W. Long Hansen's Disease Center.

LIMITED APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PAY TO PHYSICIANS IN THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE COMMISSIONED CORPS

SEC. 3. (a) Section 208(a)(2) is amended— 42 USC 210.

(1) by striking out "Commissioned" and inserting in lieu thereof "(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), commissioned"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph: 99 STAT. 492

"(B) A commissioned medical officer in the Regular or Reserve Corps may not receive additional special pay under section 302(a)(4) of title 37, United States Code, for any period during which the officer is providing obligated service under (i) section 338B, (ii) section 225(e) (as such section was in effect prior to October 1, 1977), or (iii) section 752 (as such section was in effect between October 1, 1977, and August 13, 1981).".

42 USC 254m.
42 USC 234.
42 USC 294u.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall not diminish any benefits under an agreement entered into before the date of enactment of this Act by a commissioned medical officer in the Regular Corps or the Reserve Corps of the Public Health Service. 42 USC 210 note.

CASH AWARDS FOR COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

SEC. 4. Section 221(a) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: 42 USC 213a.

"(15) Section 1124, Cash awards for suggestions, inventions, or scientific achievements.". 10 USC 1124.

HEALTH CARE FOR INVOLUNTARILY SEPARATED COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND DEPENDENTS

SEC. 5. Section 326 is amended by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection: 42 USC 253.

"(b)(1) The Secretary may provide health care for an officer of the Regular or Reserve Corps involuntarily separated from the Service, and for any dependent of such officer, if—

"(A) the officer or dependent was receiving health care at the expense of the Service at the time of separation; and

"(B) the Secretary finds that the officer or dependent is unable to obtain appropriate insurance for the conditions for which the officer or dependent was receiving health care.

"(2) Health care may be provided under paragraph (1) for a period of not more than one year from the date of separation of the officer from the Service.".

EVALUATION FUNDING

SEC. 6. Section 305(h) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "In administering this subsection, the Secretary shall assure that the amount to be made available in any fiscal year is seven and one-half percent of the maximum amount authorized to be made available under section 2113 in such fiscal year.".

98 Stat. 2817.
42 USC 242c.
42 USC 300aa-12.

ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE, AND MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES BLOCK GRANT

SEC. 7. (a)(1) Section 1916(c) is amended—

98 Stat. 2359, 2355.
42 USC 300x-4.

(A) by striking out paragraphs (14) and (15); and

(B) by inserting immediately after paragraph (13) the following:

"(14) Of the amount allotted to a State under this part in any fiscal year, the State agrees to use—

"(A) in fiscal year 1985, not less than 3 percent of such amount; and

"(B) in any other fiscal year, not less than 5 percent of such amount,

to initiate and provide new or expanded alcohol and drug abuse services for women.

99 STAT. 493

"(15) Of the amount to be used in any fiscal year for mental health activities, the State agrees to use not less than 10 percent of such amount to initiate and provide—

"(A) in fiscal year 1985, new comprehensive community mental health services for underserved areas or for underserved populations, with special emphasis on new mental health services for severely disturbed children and adolescents; and

"(B) in any other fiscal year, new or expanded comprehensive community mental health services for underserved areas or for underserved populations, with special emphasis on new or expanded mental health services for severely disturbed children and adolescents.".

98 Stat. 2359, 2357.
42 USC 300x-4.

(3) Section 1916(g) is amended by inserting "or expanded" after "new" in the first sentence.

98 Stat. 2359.
42 USC 300x-5.

(b) Section 1917(a) is amended—

(1) by redesignating clauses (1), (2), (3), and (4) as clauses (A), (B), (C), and (D), respectively;

(2) by inserting "(1)" after "(a)"; and

(3) in clause (C) (as so redesignated), by inserting "or expanded" after "new".

98 Stat. 2359.
42 USC 300x-9.

(c) Section 1920A is amended—

(1) by striking out "part B of title XIX" in clause (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "this part"; and

(2) by striking out "such part" each place it occurs in clause (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "this part".

TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS RELATING TO GRANTS FOR A COUNCIL ON HEALTH CARE TECHNOLOGY

98 Stat. 2820.
42 USC 242n.

SEC. 8. (a) Section 309 is amended—

(1) by inserting "GRANTS FOR A" before "COUNCIL" in the section heading;

(2) by striking out "Council on Health Care Technology" and all that follows through "this section" in subsection (a)(1) and inserting in lieu thereof "council on health care technology";

(3) by inserting "(i)" before "The Secretary" in subsection (a)(2)(A);

(4) by striking out "to the National Academy" and all that follows through "The amount of such grant" in subsection (a)(2)(A) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "for the planning, development, and establishment of the council. The amount of an initial grant";

(5) by adding at the end of subsection (a)(2)(A) the following:

"(ii) The Secretary shall request the National Academy of Sciences, acting through appropriate units, to submit an application for an initial grant under paragraph (1). If the Academy submits an acceptable application, the Secretary shall make the initial grant to the Academy. If the Academy does not submit an acceptable application for an initial grant under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall request one or more appropriate nonprofit private entities to submit an application for an initial grant under paragraph (1) and shall make a grant to the entity which submits the best acceptable application.";

(6) by striking out "The Council shall" in subsection (c)(1) and inserting in lieu thereof "In order to qualify for a grant under this section for the operation of the council, the applicant must

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demonstrate that it has the capability to, and that under the grant it will";

(7) by striking out subsections (d), (f), and (g) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(d) In order to qualify for an initial grant under this section to plan, develop, and establish the council under this section, the applicant must assure that the council will be composed of at least 10 members—

"(1) each of whom has education, training, experience, or expertise relating to the quality and cost effectiveness of health care technologies, and

"(2) who, as a group, provide representation of organizations of health professionals, hospitals, and other health care providers, health care insurers, employers, consumers, and manufacturers of products for health care.

"(e) As a condition for receiving a grant under this section, the applicant must agree to submit to the Secretary an annual report on the council's activities under the grant. The Secretary shall provide for timely transmittal of a copy of each such report to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives.";

(8) by redesignating subsection (h) as subsection (f); and

(9) by striking out "Council" each place it appears in subsections (a)(2), (b), and (c)(2) and inserting in lieu thereof "council".

Effective date.
42 USC 242n note.
98 Stat. 2815.
42 USC 201 note.

(b) The amendments made by this section shall take effect as of the date of the enactment of the Health Promotion and Disease Prevention Amendments of 1984.

LIMITED EXCEPTION TO GRADE LIMITATIONS FOR COMMISSIONED OFFICERS OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE WHO ARE ASSIGNED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

42 USC 207.

SEC. 9. Section 206 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e) In computing the maximum number of commissioned officers of the Public Health Service authorized by law to hold a grade which corresponds to the grade of brigadier general or major general, there may be excluded from such computation not more than three officers who hold such a grade so long as such officers are assigned to duty and are serving in a policymaking position in the office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs.".

CONTINUING CARE FOR CERTAIN PSYCHIATRIC PATIENTS

Contracts.
42 USC 241 note.
42 USC 241.

SEC. 10. In any fiscal year beginning after September 30, 1981, from funds appropriated for carrying out section 301 of the Public Health Service Act with respect to mental health, the Secretary of Health and Human Services may provide, by contract or otherwise, for the continuing care of psychiatric patients who were under active and continuous treatment at the National Institute on Drug Abuse Clinical Research Center on the date such Clinical Research Center ceased operations.

TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS

42 USC 243.

SEC. 11. (a)(1) The first sentence of section 311(c)(1) is amended—

(A) by striking out "referred to in section 317(f)"; and

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(B) by striking out "involving or resulting from disasters or any such disease".

42 USC 243.

(2) The second sentence of section 311(c)(1) is amended by striking out "resulting from disasters or any disease or condition referred to in section 317(f)".

98 Stat. 2361.
42 USC 290aa-3.

(b) Section 504 is amended—

(1) by striking out "1915(e)" in subsection (g) and inserting in lieu thereof "1916(e)"; and

(2) by striking out the section heading and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF MENTAL HEALTH".

95 Stat. 569.
42 USC 247b.

(c) Section 928(b) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 is amended by striking out "(42 U.S.C. 247b(j)(1)(A))" and inserting in lieu thereof "(42 U.S.C. 247b(j))".

98 Stat. 2201.
15 USC 1333.

(d) Section 4(c)(2)(A) of the Federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act is amended by striking out "brand" the first place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "brand style".

REPEAL OF OBSOLETE PROVISIONS

42 USC 246.
42 USC 247.
42 USC 254a-1
42 USC 299-299j.
42 USC 300d-4, 300d-6.
42 USC 300aa-4.

SEC. 12. (a) Section 314(g) is repealed.
(b) Section 315 is repealed.
(c) Section 328 is repealed.
(d) Title IX is repealed.
(e) Title XII is repealed.
(f) Section 2105 is repealed.

Approved October 7, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1689:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Sept. 23, considered and passed Senate.
Sept. 24, considered and passed House.

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Public Law 99-129
99th Congress

An Act

Oct. 22, 1985
[H.R. 2410]

To amend the Public Health Service Act to revise and extend the programs under title VII of that Act.

Health Professions Training Assistance Act of 1985.
42 USC 201 note.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Health Professions Training Assistance Act of 1985".

REFERENCE

SEC. 2. Except as otherwise specifically provided, whenever in this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or a repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of the Public Health Service Act.

TITLE I—AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS

SCOPE AND DURATION OF FEDERAL LOAN INSURANCE PROGRAM

42 USC 294a.

SEC. 101. (a) The first sentence of section 728(a) is amended by striking out "and" after "1983;" and by inserting before the period a semicolon and "$250,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985; $275,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986; $290,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987; and $305,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988".

(b) The second sentence of such section is amended by striking out "1987," and inserting in lieu thereof "1991,".

SCHOLARSHIPS FOR STUDENTS OF EXCEPTIONAL FINANCIAL NEED

42 USC 294z.

SEC. 102. Section 758(d) is amended by striking out "and" after "1983," and by inserting before the period a comma and "$7,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $7,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, and $7,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988".

DEPARTMENTS OF FAMILY MEDICINE

SEC. 103. Section 780(c) is amended by striking out "and" after "1983," and by inserting a comma and "$7,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $7,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, and $7,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988" after "1984". 42 USC 295g.

AREA HEALTH EDUCATION CENTERS

SEC. 104. The first sentence of section 781(g) is amended by striking out "and" after "1983," and by inserting before the period a comma and "$18,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $18,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, and $18,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988". 42 USC 295g-1.

PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS

SEC. 105. Section 783(d) is amended by striking out "and" after "1983," and by inserting before the period a comma and "$4,800,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $4,800,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, and $4,800,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988". 42 USC 295g-3.

GENERAL INTERNAL MEDICINE AND GENERAL PEDIATRICS

SEC. 106. Section 784(b) is amended by striking out "and" after "1983," and by inserting before the period a comma and "$18,500,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $19,500,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, and $22,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988". 42 USC 295g-4.

FAMILY MEDICINE AND GENERAL PRACTICE OF DENTISTRY

SEC. 107. (a) The first sentence of section 786(c) is amended by striking out "and" after "1983," and by inserting before the period a comma and "$36,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $37,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, and $39,400,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988". 42 USC 295g-6.

(b) The second sentence of such section is amended by striking out "and" after "1983," and by inserting "September 30, 1986, September 30, 1987, and September 30, 1988," after "1984,".

EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE TO INDIVIDUALS FROM DISADVANTAGED BACKGROUNDS

SEC. 108. The first sentence of section 787(b) is amended by striking out "and" after "1983," and by inserting before the period a comma and "$26,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $28,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, and $30,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988". 42 USC 295g-7.

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT AND FACULTY TRAINING GRANTS

SEC. 109. Section 788(f) is amended by striking out "and" after "1983;" and by inserting before the period a semicolon and "$8,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986; $8,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987; and $8,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988". 42 USC 295g-8.

ADVANCED FINANCIAL DISTRESS ASSISTANCE

SEC. 110. The first sentence of section 788B(h) is amended by inserting before the period a comma and "$4,200,000 for the fiscal 42 USC 295g-8b.

year ending September 30, 1986, and $3,800,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987".

GRADUATE PROGRAMS IN HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

42 USC 295h.

SEC. 111. Section 791(d) is amended by striking out "and" after "1983," and by inserting before the period a comma and "$1,500,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $1,500,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, and $1,500,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988".

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TRAINEESHIPS FOR STUDENTS IN OTHER GRADUATE PROGRAMS

42 USC 295h-1a.

SEC. 112. Section 791A(c) is amended by striking out "and" after "1980;" and by inserting before the period a semicolon and "and $500,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and each of the next two fiscal years".

PUBLIC HEALTH TRAINEESHIPS

42 USC 295h-1b.

SEC. 113. Section 792(c) is amended by striking out "and" after "1983;" and by inserting before the period a semicolon and "$3,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986; $3,075,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987; and $3,150,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988".

TRAINING IN PREVENTIVE MEDICINE

42 USC 295h-1c.

SEC. 114. Section 793(c) is amended by striking out "and" after "1983," and by inserting before the period a comma and "$1,600,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $1,600,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, and $1,600,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988".

TITLE II—PROGRAM REVISIONS

SCHOOLS OF CHIROPRACTIC

42 USC 292a.

SEC. 201. (a) The first sentence of section 701(4) is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" after "'school of veterinary medicine',";

(2) by inserting a comma and "and 'school of chiropractic'" after "'school of public health'";

(3) by striking out "and" after "a degree of doctor of veterinary medicine or an equivalent degree,"; and

(4) by inserting "and a degree of doctor of chiropractic or an equivalent degree," before "and including advanced training related to".

(b) Section 701(5) is amended—

(1) by striking out "or" after "pharmacy,"; and

(2) by inserting "or chiropractic," after "public health,".

42 USC 294j.

(c) Section 737 is amended by striking out paragraph (2) and by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), and (5) as paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), respectively.

TRAINING OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS

Education
42 USC 292a.

SEC. 202. Section 701(8) is amended to read as follows:

"(8)(A) The term 'program for the training of physician assistants' means an educational program which (i) has as its objective the education of individuals who will, upon completion of their studies in the program, be qualified to provide primary health care under the supervision of a physician, and (ii) meets regulations prescribed by the Secretary in accordance with subparagraph (B).

"(B) After consultation with appropriate organizations, the Secretary shall, not later than October 1, 1986, prescribe regula-

99 STAT. 526

tions for programs for the training of physician assistants. Such regulations shall, as a minimum, require that such a program—

"(i) extend for at least one academic year and consist of—

"(I) supervised clinical practice, and

"(II) at least four months (in the aggregate) of classroom instruction,

directed toward preparing students to deliver health care;

"(ii) have an enrollment of not less than eight students; and

"(iii) train students in primary care, disease prevention, health promotion, geriatric medicine, and home health care.".

SCHOOLS OF ALLIED HEALTH

SEC. 203. (a) Section 701(10) is amended— 42 USC 292a.

(1) by inserting "college," before "junior college,"; and

(2) by striking out "in a discipline of allied health leading to a baccalaureate or associate degree (or an equivalent degree of either) or to a more advanced degree" in subparagraph (A) and inserting in lieu thereof "to enable individuals to become allied health professionals or to provide additional training for allied health professionals".

(b) Section 701 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(13) The term 'allied health professional' means an individual—

"(A) who has received a certificate, an associate's degree, a bachelor's degree, a masters' degree, a doctoral degree, or postbaccalaureate training, in a science relating to health care;

"(B) who shares in the responsibility for the delivery of health care services or related services, including—

"(i) services relating to the identification, evaluation, and prevention of diseases and disorders;

"(ii) dietary and nutrition services;

"(iii) health promotion services;

"(iv) rehabilitation services; or

"(v) health systems management services; and

"(C) who has not received a degree of doctor of medicine, a degree of doctor of osteopathy, a degree of doctor of dentistry or an equivalent degree, a degree of doctor of veterinary medicine or an equivalent degree, a degree of doctor of optometry or an equivalent degree, a degree of doctor of podiatry or an equivalent degree, a degree of bachelor of science in pharmacy or an equivalent degree, a degree of doctor of pharmacy or an equivalent degree, a graduate degree in public health or an equivalent degree, a degree of doctor of chiropractic or an equivalent degree, a graduate degree in health administration or an equivalent degree, or a doctoral degree in clinical psychology or an equivalent degree.".

GRADUATE PROGRAMS IN CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGY

SEC. 204. (a) Section 701 (as amended by section 203(b) of this Act) is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

99 STAT. 527

"(14) The term 'graduate program in clinical psychology' means an accredited graduate program in a public or nonprofit private institution in a State which provides training leading to a doctoral degree in clinical psychology or an equivalent degree.".

(b) Section 701(5) (as amended by section 201(b) of this Act) is further amended—

(1) by striking out "or" after "chiropractic,"; and

(2) by inserting "or a graduate program in clinical psychology," after "health administration,".

(c) Section 737 (as amended by section 201(c) of this Act) is further amended by striking out paragraph (2) (as redesignated by section 201(c) of this Act) and by redesignating paragraphs (3) and (4) (as redesignated by section 201(c) of this Act) as paragraphs (2) and (3), respectively.

NATIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HEALTH PROFESSIONS EDUCATION

42 USC 292b.

SEC. 205. (a) Section 702(a) is amended by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Of the appointed members of the Council—

"(1) twelve shall be representatives of the health professions schools assisted under programs authorized under this title, including—

"(A) one representative of each of schools of veterinary medicine, optometry, pharmacy, podiatry, public health, and allied health, and graduate programs in health administration; and

"(B) at least six persons experienced in university administration, at least one of whom shall be a representative of a school described in subparagraph (A);

"(2) two shall be full-time students enrolled in health professions schools; and

"(3) six shall be members of the general public.".

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

42 USC 292j.

SEC. 206. Section 709(d) is amended to read as follows:

"(d) Funds appropriated under this title may be used by the Secretary to provide technical assistance in relation to any of the authorities under this title.".

RECOVERY OF ASSISTANCE

42 USC 293c.

SEC. 207. (a) Section 723 is amended to read as follows:

"RECOVERY

"SEC. 723. (a) If at any time within twenty years (or within such shorter period as the Secretary may prescribe by regulation for an interim facility) after the completion of construction of a facility with respect to which funds have been paid under section 720(a)—

42 USC 293.

"(1)(A) in case of a facility which was an affiliated hospital or outpatient facility with respect to which funds have been paid under section 720(a)(1), the owner of the facility ceases to be a public or other nonprofit agency that would have been qualified to file an application under section 605,

42 USC 291e.

99 STAT. 528

"(B) in case of a facility which was not an affiliated hospital or outpatient facility but was a facility with respect to which funds have been paid under paragraph (1) or (3) of section 720(a), the owner of the facility ceases to be a public or nonprofit school, or

42 USC 293.

"(C) in case of a facility which was a facility with respect to which funds have been paid under section 720(a)(2), the owner of the facility ceases to be a public or nonprofit entity,

"(2) the facility ceases to be used for the teaching or training purposes (or other purposes permitted under section 722) for which it was constructed, or

42 USC 293b.

"(3) the facility is used for sectarian instruction or as a place for religious worship,

the United States shall be entitled to recover from the owner of the facility the base amount prescribed by subsection (c)(1) plus the interest (if any) prescribed by subsection (c)(2).

"(b) The owner of a facility which ceases to be a public or nonprofit agency, school, or entity as described in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of subsection (a)(1), as the case may be, or the owner of a facility the use of which changes as described in paragraph (2) or (3) of subsection (a), shall provide the Secretary written notice of such cessation or change of use within 10 days after the date on which such cessation or change of use occurs or within 30 days after the date of enactment of this subsection, whichever is later.

"(c)(1) The base amount that the United States is entitled to recover under subsection (a) is the amount bearing the same ratio to the then value (as determined by the agreement of the parties or in an action brought in the district court of the United States for the district in which the facility is situated) of the facility as the amount of the Federal participation bore to the cost of construction.

"(2)(A) The interest that the United States is entitled to recover under subsection (a) is the interest for the period (if any) described in subparagraph (B) at a rate (determined by the Secretary) based on the average of the bond equivalent rates of ninety-one-day Treasury bills auctioned during that period.

"(B) The period referred to in subparagraph (A) is the period beginning—

"(i) if notice is provided as prescribed by subsection (b), 191 days after the date on which the owner of the facility ceases to be a public or nonprofit agency, school, or entity as described in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of subsection (a)(1), as the case may be, or 191 days after the date on which the use of the facility changes as described in paragraph (2) or (3) of subsection (a), or

"(ii) if notice is not provided as prescribed by subsection (b), 11 days after the date on which such cessation or change of use occurs,

and ending on the date the amount the United States is entitled to recover is collected.

"(d) The Secretary may waive the recovery rights of the United States under subsection (a)(2) with respect to a facility (under such conditions as the Secretary may establish by regulation) if the Secretary determines that there is good cause for waiving such rights.

Prohibition.

"(e) The right of recovery of the United States under subsection (a) shall not, prior to judgment, constitute a lien on any facility.".

42 USC 293c note.

(b) In the case of any facility that was or is constructed on or before the date of enactment of this Act or within 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the period described in clause (i) or (ii), as the case may be, of section 723(c)(2)(B) of the Public Health Service Act (as amended by subsection (a) of this section) shall begin no earlier than 181 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

42 USC 293c note.

(c) The amendment made by subsection (a) of this section shall not adversely affect other legal rights of the United States.

Nebraska.

(d) In addition to the authority of the Secretary of Health and Human Services under subsection (d) of section 723 of the Public Health Service Act (as amended by subsection (a) of this section), the Secretary may waive the recovery rights of the United States under subsection (a) of such section 723 with respect to St. Joseph's Hospital in Omaha, Nebraska, if the Secretary determines that adequate provision has been made, through establishment of an irrevocable trust or other legally enforceable means, to assure that the teaching and other obligations assumed with respect to such St. Joseph's Hospital as a condition of assistance under title VII of the Public Health Service Act will continue to be met.

42 USC 292a.
Ante, p. 400.
42 USC 298b-5.

(e)(1) Section 858(b) is amended—

(A) by striking out "not later than" and inserting in lieu thereof "within"; and

(B) by inserting "or within 30 days after the date of enactment of the Health Professions Training Assistance Act of 1985, whichever is later" before the period.

Ante, p. 523.

(2) Section 858(c)(2)(B) is amended by striking out "(1)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(i)".

(3) Section 858(d) is amended by striking out "subsection (a)" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (a)(2)".

Ante, p. 400.
42 USC 298b-5 note.

(4) Section 9(c)(2) of the Nurse Education Amendments of 1985 is amended by striking out "subsection (c)(2)(B)(i) of section 858" and inserting in lieu thereof "clause (i) or (ii), as the case may be, of section 858(c)(2)(B)".

HEALTH EDUCATION ASSISTANCE LOAN PROGRAM

42 USC 294d.

SEC. 208. (a)(1) Section 731(a)(1)(A) is amended by striking out "and" at the end of clause (iii), by redesignating clause (iv) as clause (v), and by inserting after clause (iii) the following:

50 app. 2216.

"(iv) if required under section 3 of the Military Selective Service Act to present himself for and submit to registration under such section, has presented himself and submitted to registration under such section; and".

(2) Section 731(a)(1)(B) is amended by striking out "and" at the end of clause (ii), and by inserting after clause (iii) the following:

"(iv) if required under section 3 of the Military Selective Service Act to present himself for and submit to registration under such section, has presented himself and submitted to registration under such section; and".

(b)(1) Section 731(a)(2)(B) is amended to read as follows:

"(B) provides for repayment of the principal amount of the loan in installments over a period of not less than 10 years (unless sooner repaid) nor more than 25 years beginning not earlier than 9 months nor later than 12 months after the later of—

"(i) the date on which—

"(I) the borrower ceases to be a participant in an accredited internship or residency program of not more than four years in duration;

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"(II) the borrower completes the fourth year of an accredited internship or residency program of more than four years in duration; or

"(III) the borrower, if not a participant in a program described in subclause (I) or (II), ceases to carry, at an eligible institution, the normal full-time academic workload as determined by the institution; or

"(ii) the date on which a borrower who is a graduate of an eligible institution ceases to be a participant in a fellowship training program not in excess of two years or a participant in a full-time educational activity not in excess of two years, which—

"(I) is directly related to the health profession for which the borrower prepared at an eligible institution, as determined by the Secretary; and

"(II) may be engaged in by the borrower during such a two-year period which begins within twelve months after the completion of the borrower's participation in a program described in subclause (I) or (II) of clause (i) or prior to the completion of the borrower's participation in such program,

except as provided in subparagraph (C), except that the period of the loan may not exceed 33 years from the date of execution of the note or written agreement evidencing it, and except that the note or other written instrument may contain such provisions relating to repayment in the event of default in the payment of interest or in the payment of the costs of insurance premiums, or other default by the borrower, as may be authorized by regulations of the Secretary in effect at the time the loan is made;".

42 USC 294d.

(2) Section 731(a)(2)(C) is amended—

(A) by inserting "(including any period in such a program described in subclause (I) or subclause (II) of subparagraph (B)(i))" before the comma in clause (ii);

(B) by striking out "or the 33-year period" in clause (vi);

(C) by striking out "or" after "National Health Service Corps," in clause (v); and

(D) by inserting "or (vii) any period not in excess of two years which is described in subparagraph (B)(ii)," after "Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973,".

42 USC 294d note.

42 USC 294.

(3)(A) The provisions of clause (i) of section 731(a)(2)(B) of the Public Health Service Act (as amended by paragraph (1) of this subsection) and the provisions of clauses (ii) and (vi) of section 731(a)(2)(C) of such Act (as amended by subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (2)) shall not apply to any individual who, prior to the date of enactment of this Act, received a loan insured under subpart I of part C of title VII of such Act.

(B) The provisions of clause (ii) of section 731(a)(2)(B) of the Public Health Service Act and clause (vii) of section 731(a)(2)(C) of such Act (as added by the amendments made by paragraphs (1) and (2)(D) of this subsection, respectively) shall apply to any loan insured under subpart I of part C of title VII of such Act after the date of enactment of this Act.

Regulations.
42 USC 294d note.

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(4) Within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall promulgate regulations to carry out clause (ii) of section 731(a)(2)(B) of the Public Health Service Act and clause (vii) of section 731(a)(2)(C) of such Act (as added by the amendments made by paragraphs (1) and (2)(D) of this subsection, respectively). Such regulations shall—

(A) prescribe criteria for the determination of the types of fellowship training programs and full-time educational activities which will be permitted under such clauses; and

(B) establish procedures for a borrower to apply to the Secretary for a determination concerning whether a particular fellowship training program or full-time educational activity will be permitted under such clauses.

42 USC 294d.

(c)(1) Section 731(b) is amended by striking out "3½" and inserting in lieu thereof "3".

42 USC 294d note.

42 USC 294.

(2) The amendment made by paragraph (1) of this subsection shall apply to any loan insured under subpart I of part C of title VII of the Public Health Service Act after the date of enactment of this Act.

42 USC 294d.

(d) Section 731(c) is amended—

(1) by striking out "section 731(a)(2)(C)" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (a)(2)(C)"; and

(2) by inserting before the period a comma and "unless the borrower, in the written agreement described in subsection (a)(2), agrees to make payments during any year or any repayment period in a lesser amount".

42 USC 294e.

(e) Section 732(c) is amended—

(1) by redesignating clauses (1) and (2) of the second sentence as clauses (A) and (B), respectively;

(2) by inserting "(1)" before "The" in the first sentence;

(3) by striking out "2 percent per year" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "8 percent";

(4) by striking out "in advance, at such times" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "in advance at the time the loan is made"; and

(5) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

Prohibition.

"(2) The Secretary may not increase the percentage on the principal balance of loans charged pursuant to paragraph (1) for insurance premiums, unless the Secretary has, prior to any such increase—

42 USC 294g.

"(A) requested a qualified public accounting firm to evaluate whether an increase in such percentage is necessary to ensure the solvency of the student loan fund established by section 734, and to determine the amount of such an increase, if necessary; and

"(B) such accounting firm has recommended such an increase and has determined the amount of such increase necessary to ensure the solvency of such fund.

Prohibition.

The Secretary may not increase such percentage in excess of the maximum percentage permitted by paragraph (1) or increase such percentage by an amount in excess of the amount of the increase determined by a qualified accounting firm pursuant to this paragraph.".

42 USC 294g.

(f) The first sentence of subsection (a) of section 734 and the first sentence of subsection (b) of such section are each amended by inserting "collection or" before "default".

42 USC 294b.

(g)(1) Section 729(a) is amended by inserting "allied health," after "public health," each place it appears.

42 USC 294j.

(2) Section 737 (as amended by sections 201(c) and 204(c) of this

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Act) is further amended—

(A) by inserting a comma and "allied health," after "public health" in paragraph (1); and

(B) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(4) The term 'school of allied health' means a program in a school of allied health (as defined in section 701(10)) which leads to a masters' degree or a doctoral degree.".

Ante, p. 526.

42 USC 294a.

(h) Section 728(a) (as amended by section 101 of this Act) is further amended by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "If the total amount of new loans made and installments paid pursuant to lines of credit in any fiscal year is less than the ceiling established for such year, the difference between the loans made and installments paid and the ceiling shall be carried over to the next fiscal year and added to the ceiling applicable to that fiscal year.".

42 USC 294d.

(i) Section 731(a)(2) is amended by striking out "and" at the end of subparagraph (F), by redesignating subparagraph (G) as subparagraph (H), and by inserting after subparagraph (F) the following new subparagraph:

"(G) provides that the check for the proceeds of the loan shall be made payable jointly to the borrower and the eligible institution in which the borrower is enrolled; and".

HEALTH PROFESSIONS STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM

42 USC 294m.

SEC. 209. (a)(1) Section 740(b)(4) is amended by inserting "doctor of pharmacy or an equivalent degree," before "doctor of podiatry".

42 USC 294n.

(2) Section 741(b) is amended by inserting "doctor of pharmacy or an equivalent degree," before "doctor of podiatry".

(3) Section 741(f)(1)(A) is amended by inserting "doctor of pharmacy or an equivalent degree," before "or doctor of podiatry or an equivalent degree".

(4) Subpart II of part C of title VII is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"DEFINITION

42 USC 294q-3.

"SEC. 745. For purposes of this subpart, the term 'school of pharmacy' means a public or nonprofit private school in a State that provides training leading to a degree of bachelor of science in pharmacy or an equivalent degree or a degree of doctor of pharmacy or an equivalent degree and which is accredited in the manner described in section 701(5).".

Ante, p. 525.

42 USC 294n.

(b) Section 741(b) (as amended by subsection (a)(2) of this section) is further amended by inserting "(1) who is" after "student" and by inserting before the period a comma and the following: "(2) who, if pursuing a full-time course of study at the school leading to a degree of doctor of medicine or doctor of osteopathy, is of exceptional financial need (as defined by regulations of the Secretary), and (3) who, if required under section 3 of the Military Selective Service Act to present himself for and submit to registration under such section, has presented himself and submitted to registration under such section.".

50 app. 2216.

(c)(1) Section 741(c) is amended to read as follows:

42 USC 294n.

"(c) Such loans shall be repayable in equal or graduated periodic installments (with the right of the borrower to accelerate repayment) over the ten-year period which begins one year after the student ceases to pursue a full-time course of study at a school of

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medicine, osteopathy, dentistry, pharmacy, podiatry, optometry, veterinary medicine, excluding from such ten-year period—

"(1) all periods—

"(A) not in excess of three years of active duty performed by the borrower as a member of a uniformed service;

"(B) not in excess of three years during which the borrower serves as a volunteer under the Peace Corps Act; and

22 USC 2501 note.

"(C) during which the borrower participates in advanced professional training, including internships and residencies; and

"(2) a period—

"(A) not in excess of two years during which a borrower who is a full-time student in such a school leaves the school, with the intent to return to such school as a full-time student, in order to engage in a full-time educational activity which is directly related to the health profession for which the borrower is preparing, as determined by the Secretary; or

"(B) not in excess of two years during which a borrower who is a graduate of such a school is a participant in a fellowship training program or a full-time educational activity which—

"(i) is directly related to the health profession for which such borrower prepared at such school, as determined by the Secretary; and

"(ii) may be engaged in by the borrower during such a two-year period which begins within twelve months after the completion of the borrower's participation in advanced professional training described in paragraph (1)(C) or prior to the completion of such borrower's participation in such training.".

(2) The provisions of section 741(c)(2)(A) of the Public Health Service Act (as added by the amendment made by paragraph (1) of this subsection) shall apply to—

42 USC 294n note.

(A) any individual who received a loan under subpart II of part C of title VII of the Public Health Service Act and to whom the provisions of such section (if such provisions had been in effect) would have applied between June 17, 1982, and July 7, 1983; and

42 USC 294m.

(B) any individual who, after the date of enactment of this Act, is a full-time student in a school referred to in such section and who (prior to, on, or after the date of enactment of this Act), receives a loan under such subpart to assist such student in such student's studies in such school.

(3) The provisions of section 741(c)(2)(B) of the Public Health Service Act (as added by the amendment made by paragraph (1) of this subsection) shall apply to any loan made under subpart II of part C of title VII of such Act after the date of enactment of this Act.

42 USC 294n note.

42 USC 294m.

(4) Within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall promulgate regulations to carry out section 741(c)(2) of the Public Health Service Act (as added by the amendment made by paragraph (1) of this subsection) with respect to any loan made under subpart II of part C of title VII of such Act on or after the date of enactment of this Act. Such regulations shall—

42 USC 294n note.

42 USC 294m.

(A) with respect to the provisions of subparagraph (A) of such section—

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(i) prescribe criteria for the determination of the types of full-time educational activities which will be permitted under such subparagraph;

(ii) require the school in which the borrower was enrolled as a full-time student to determine, prior to the borrower's leaving such school, whether an educational activity in which the student proposes to engage qualifies for purposes of such subparagraph and such regulations; and

(B) with respect to the provisions of subparagraph (B) of such section—

(i) prescribe criteria for the determination of the types of fellowship training programs and full-time educational activities which will be permitted under such subparagraph; and

(ii) establish procedures for a borrower to apply to the Secretary for a determination concerning whether a particular fellowship training program or full-time educational activity will be permitted under such subparagraph.

42 USC 294n. (d) Section 741(i) is amended to read as follows:

"(i) Subject to regulations of the Secretary, a school may assess a charge with respect to loans made under this subpart to cover the costs of insuring against cancellation of liability under subsection (d).".

(e) Section 741(j) is amended—

(1) by inserting "and in accordance with this section" after "Secretary" in the first sentence;

(2) by striking out "may" in such sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "shall"; and

(3) by striking out the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "No such charge may be made if the payment of such installment or the filing of such evidence is made within 60 days after the date on which such installment or filing is due. The amount of any such charge may not exceed an amount equal to 6 percent of the amount of such installment.".

(f) Section 741 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(m) The Secretary is authorized to attempt to collect any loan which was made under this subpart, which is in default, and which was referred to the Secretary by a school with which the Secretary has an agreement under this subpart, on behalf of that school under such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe (including reimbursement from the school's student loan fund for expenses the Secretary may reasonably incur in attempting collection), but only if the school has complied with such requirements as the Secretary may specify by regulation with respect to the collection of loans under this subpart. A loan so referred shall be treated as a debt subject to section 5514 of title 5, United States Code. Amounts collected shall be deposited in the school's student loan fund. Whenever the Secretary desires the institution of a civil action regarding any such loan, the Secretary shall refer the matter to the Attorney General for appropriate action.".

42 USC 294o. (g) Section 742(b) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(5) Any funds from a student loan fund established under this

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subpart which are returned to the Secretary in any fiscal year shall be available for allotment under this subpart, in such fiscal year and the fiscal year succeeding such fiscal year, to schools which, during the period beginning on July 1, 1972, and ending on September 30, 1985, established student loan funds with Federal capital contributions under this subpart.".

(h) Subpart II of part C of title VII (as amended by subsection (a)(4) of this subsection) is further amended—

42 USC 294q-3. (1) by redesignating section 745 (as added by subsection (a)(4) of this section) as section 747; and

(2) by inserting after section 744 the following new sections:

"STUDENT LOAN INFORMATION BY INSTITUTIONS

"SEC. 745. (a) With respect to loans made by a school under this subpart after June 30, 1986, each school, in order to carry out the provisions of sections 740 and 741, shall, at any time such school makes such a loan to a student under this subpart, provide thorough and adequate loan information on loans made under this subpart to the student. The loan information required to be provided to the student by this subsection shall include— 42 USC 294q-1. *Ante*, p. 532.

"(1) the yearly and cumulative maximum amounts that may be borrowed by the student;

"(2) the terms under which repayment of the loan will begin;

"(3) the maximum number of years in which the loan must be repaid;

"(4) the interest rate that will be paid by the borrower and the minimum amount of the required monthly payment;

"(5) the amount of any other fees charged to the borrower by the lender;

"(6) any options the borrower may have for deferral, cancellation, prepayment, consolidation, or other refinancing of the loan;

"(7) a definition of default on the loan and a specification of the consequences which will result to the borrower if the borrower defaults, including a description of any arrangements which may be made with credit bureau organizations;

"(8) to the extent practicable, the effect of accepting the loan on the eligibility of the borrower for other forms of student assistance; and

"(9) a description of the actions that may be taken by the Federal Government to collect the loan, including a description of the type of information concerning the borrower that the Federal Government may disclose to (A) officers, employees, or agents of the Department of Health and Human Services, (B) officers, employees, or agents of schools with which the Secretary has an agreement under this subpart, or (C) any other person involved in the collection of a loan under this subpart.

"(b) Each school shall, immediately prior to the graduation from such school of a student who receives a loan under this subpart after June 30, 1986, provide such student with a statement specifying—

"(1) each amount borrowed by the student under this subpart;

"(2) the total amount borrowed by the student under this subpart; and

"(3) a schedule for the repayment of the amounts borrowed under this subpart, including the number, amount, and frequency of payments to be made.

"PROCEDURES FOR APPEAL OF TERMINATIONS

"SEC. 746. In any case in which the Secretary intends to terminate an agreement with a school under this subpart, the Secretary shall provide the school with a written notice specifying such intention and stating that the school may request a formal hearing with respect to such termination. If the school requests such a hearing within 30 days after the receipt of such notice, the Secretary shall provide such school with a hearing conducted by an administrative law judge.". 42 USC 294q-2.

(i) Section 743 is amended by striking out "1987" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "1991". 42 USC 294p.

(j)(1) Section 740 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection: 42 USC 294m.

"(c)(1) Any standard established by the Secretary by regulation for the collection by schools of medicine, osteopathy, dentistry, pharmacy, podiatry, optometry, or veterinary medicine of loans made pursuant to loan agreements under this subpart shall provide that the failure of any such school to collect such loans shall be measured in accordance with this subsection. Loans.

"(2) The measurement of a school's failure to collect loans made under this subpart shall be the ratio (stated as a percentage) that the defaulted principal amount outstanding of such school bears to the matured loans of such school.

"(3) For purposes of this subsection—

"(A) the term 'default' means the failure of a borrower of a loan made under this subpart to—

"(i) make an installment payment when due; or

"(ii) comply with any other term of the promissory note for such loan,

except that a loan made under this subpart shall not be considered to be in default if the loan is discharged in bankruptcy or if the school reasonably concludes from written contacts with the borrower that the borrower intends to repay the loan;

"(B) the term 'defaulted principal amount outstanding' means the total amount borrowed from the loan fund of a school that has reached the repayment stage (minus any principal amount repaid or cancelled) on loans—

"(i) repayable monthly and in default for at least 120 days; and

"(ii) repayable less frequently than monthly and in default for at least 180 days;

"(C) the term 'grace period' means the period of one year beginning on the date on which the borrower ceases to pursue a full-time course of study at a school of medicine, osteopathy, dentistry, pharmacy, podiatry, optometry, or veterinary medicine; and

"(D) the term 'matured loans' means the total principal amount of all loans made by a school under this subpart minus the total principal amount of loans made by such school to students who are—

"(i) enrolled in a full-time course of study at such school; or

"(ii) in their grace period.".

Ante, p. 397.

(2) Section 835(c)(3) is amended—

(A) by striking out subparagraph (C) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

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"(C) the term 'grace period' means the period of nine months beginning on the date on which the borrower ceases to pursue a full-time or half-time course of study at a school of nursing; and"; and

(B) by striking out "first" in subparagraph (D)(ii).

SCHOLARSHIPS FOR FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS OF EXCEPTIONAL FINANCIAL NEED

42 USC 294z.

SEC. 210. (a) Section 758(b) is amended by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (6) and by striking out paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(2) A scholarship provided to a student for a school year under a grant under subsection (a) shall consist of—

"(A) payment to, or (in accordance with paragraph (4)) on behalf of, the student of the amount (except as provided in section 710) of—

42 USC 292k.

"(i) the tuition of the student in such school year; and

"(ii) all other reasonable educational expenses, including fees, books, and laboratory expenses, incurred by the student in such school year; and

"(B) payment to the student of a stipend of $400 per month (adjusted in accordance with paragraph (5)) for each of the 12 consecutive months beginning with the first month of such school year.

"(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (2), the total scholarship award to a student for each year shall not exceed the cost of attendance for that year at the educational institution attended by the student (as determined by such educational institution).

Contracts.

"(4) The Secretary may contract with an educational institution in which is enrolled a student who has received a scholarship with a grant under subsection (a) for the payment to the educational institution of the amounts of tuition and other reasonable educational expenses described in paragraph (2)(A). Payment to such an educational institution may be made without regard to section 3324 of title 31, United States Code.

"(5) The amount of the monthly stipend, specified in paragraph (2)(B) and as previously adjusted (if at all) in accordance with this paragraph, shall be increased by the Secretary for each school year by an amount (rounded to the next highest multiple of $1) equal to the amount of such stipend multiplied by the overall percentage (as set forth in the report transmitted to the Congress under section 5305 of title 5, United States Code) of the adjustment (if such adjustment is an increase) in the rates of pay under the General Schedule made effective in the fiscal year in which such school year ends.".

42 USC 254l.

(b) Section 338A(g)(1) is amended by striking out "or under section 758 (relating to scholarships for first-year students of exceptional financial need),".

CAPITATION GRANTS FOR SCHOOLS OF PUBLIC HEALTH

42 USC 295f.

SEC. 211. (a)(1) Section 770 is amended to read as follows:

"CAPITATION GRANTS FOR SCHOOLS OF PUBLIC HEALTH

"SEC. 770. (a)(1) The Secretary shall make annual grants to schools of public health for the support of the education programs of such 99 STAT. 538 schools. The amount of the annual grant to each such school with an approved application shall be computed for each fiscal year in accordance with paragraphs (2) and (3).

"(2) Each school of public health shall receive for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, and for each of the next two fiscal years, an amount equal to the product of—

"(A) $1,400, and

"(B) the sum of (i) the number of full-time students enrolled in degree programs in such school in the school year beginning in such fiscal year, and (ii) the number of full-time equivalents of part-time students enrolled in degree programs in such school, determined pursuant to paragraph (3), for such school for such school year.

"(3) For purposes of paragraph (2), the number of full-time equivalents of part-time students for a school of public health for any school year is a number equal to—

"(A) the total number of credit hours of instruction in such year for which part-time students of such school, who are pursuing a course of study leading to a graduate degree in public health or an equivalent degree, have enrolled, divided by

"(B) the greater of (i) the number of credit hours of instruction which a full-time student of such school was required to take in such year, or (ii) 9,

rounded to the next highest whole number.

"(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), if the aggregate of the amounts of the grants to be made in accordance with such subsection for any fiscal year to schools of public health with approved applications exceeds the total of the amounts appropriated for such grants for such schools under subsection (e), the amount of a school's grant for such fiscal year shall be an amount which bears the same ratio to the amount determined for the school under subsection (a) as the total of the amounts appropriated for that year under subsection (e) for grants to schools of public health bears to the amount required to make grants in accordance with subsection (a) to each of the schools of public health with approved applications.

Regulations.

"(c)(1) For purposes of this section, regulations of the Secretary shall include provisions relating to the determination of the number of students enrolled in a school or in a particular year-class in a school on the basis of estimates, on the basis of the number of students who in an earlier year were enrolled in a school or in a particular year-class, or on such other basis as the Secretary deems appropriate for making such determination, and shall include methods of making such determination when a school or a year-class was not in existence in an earlier year at a school.

"(2) For purposes of this section, the term 'full-time students' (whether such term is used by itself or in connection with a particular year-class) means students pursuing a full-time course of study leading to a graduate degree in public health or equivalent degree.

"(d) In the case of a new school of public health which applies for a grant under this section in the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year in which it will admit its first class, the enrollment for purposes of subsection (a) shall be the number of full-time students which the Secretary determines, on the basis of assurances provided by the school, will be enrolled in the school, in the fiscal year after the fiscal year in which the grant is made.

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"(e) For payments under this section, there are authorized to be appropriated $5,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $5,125,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, and $5,250,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1988.".

42 USC 294d.

Ante, p. 537.

(2) Section 731(a)(1)(A)(ii) is amended by striking out "(as defined in section 770(c)(2))" and inserting in lieu thereof "(as defined in section 770(c)(2) (as such section was in effect on September 30, 1985))".

42 USC 295f-1.

(b) Section 771 is amended to read as follows:

"ELIGIBILITY FOR CAPITATION GRANTS

Prohibition.

Ante, p. 537.

"SEC. 771. (a)(1) The Secretary shall not make a grant under section 770 to any school of public health in a fiscal year beginning after September 30, 1985, unless the application for the grant contains, or is supported by, assurances satisfactory to the Secretary that—

"(A) the enrollment of full-time equivalent students enrolled in degree programs in the school in the school year beginning in the fiscal year in which the grant applied for is to be made will not be less than the enrollment of such students in degree programs in the school in the school year beginning in the fiscal year ending September 30, 1983; and

"(B) the applicant will expend in carrying out its functions as a school of public health during the fiscal year for which such grant is sought, an amount of funds (other than funds for construction as determined by the Secretary) from non-Federal sources which is at least as great as the amount of funds expended by such applicant for such purpose (excluding expenditures of a nonrecurring nature) in the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which such grant is sought.

Ante, p. 537.

"(2) For purposes of subsection (a)(1)(A), the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a degree program in a school in a school year is equal to the sum calculated under section 770(a)(2)(B) for that school year.

"(b) The Secretary may waive (in whole or in part) application to a school of public health of the requirement of subsection (a)(1)(A) if the Secretary determines, after receiving the written recommendation of the appropriate accreditation body or bodies (approved for such purpose by the Commissioner of Education) that compliance by such school with such requirement will prevent it from maintaining its accreditation.".

42 USC 295f-2.

(c)(1) Section 772(b) is amended—

(A) by striking out "or subsection (a) or (b) of section 788";

(B) by striking out "medicine, osteopathy, dentistry, public health, veterinary medicine, optometry, pharmacy, or podiatry," and inserting in lieu thereof "public health,";

(C) by striking out "Commissioner of Education" and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary of Education"; and

(D) by striking out "Commissioner" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary of Education".

(2) The section heading for section 772 is amended to read as follows:

"APPLICATIONS FOR CAPITATION GRANTS".

(d) The heading for part E of title VII is amended to read as follows: 42 USC 295f.

"PART E—GRANTS TO IMPROVE THE QUALITY OF SCHOOLS OF PUBLIC HEALTH".

DEPARTMENTS OF FAMILY MEDICINE

SEC. 212. Section 780 is amended by redesignating subsection (c) (as amended by section 103 of this Act) as subsection (d) and by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection:

"(c) In making grants under subsection (a), the Secretary shall give priority to applicants that demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Secretary a commitment to family medicine in their medical education training programs.".

AREA HEALTH EDUCATION CENTERS

SEC. 213. (a) Section 781(a)(2) is amended by redesignating subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) as clauses (i), (ii), and (iii), respectively, and by striking out all that precedes clause (i) (as so redesignated) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 42 USC 295g-1.

"(2)(A) The Secretary shall enter into contracts with schools of medicine and osteopathy— Contracts.

"(i) which have previously received Federal financial assistance for an area health education center program under section 802 of the Health Professionals Educational Assistance Act of 1976 in fiscal year 1979 or under paragraph (1), or 42 USC 295g-1 note.

"(ii) which are receiving assistance under paragraph (1),

to carry out projects described in subparagraph (B) through area health education centers for which Federal financial assistance was provided under paragraph (1) and which are no longer eligible to receive such assistance.

"(B) Projects for which assistance may be provided under subparagraph (A) are—".

(b) The last sentence of section 781(g) is amended by striking out "may" and inserting in lieu thereof "shall". 42 USC 295g-1.

(c) Section 781(d)(2)(F) is amended to read as follows:

"(F) conduct interdisciplinary training and practice involving physicians and other health personnel including, where practicable, physician assistants and nurse practitioners;".

GENERAL INTERNAL MEDICINE AND GENERAL PEDIATRICS

SEC. 214. Section 784 is amended by redesignating subsection (b) (as amended by section 106 of this Act) as subsection (c) and by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection:

"(b) In making grants and entering into contracts under subsection (a), the Secretary shall give priority to applicants that demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Secretary a commitment to general internal medicine and general pediatrics in their medical education training programs.". Grants. Contracts. Education.

FAMILY MEDICINE AND GENERAL DENTISTRY

SEC. 215. (a) Section 786(b) is amended— 42 USC 295g-6.

(1) by inserting "or an approved advanced educational program in the general practice of dentistry" before the semicolon in paragraph (1); and

(2) by striking out "residents" in paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "participants".

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(b) Section 786 is amended by redesignating subsection (c) (as amended by section 107 of this Act) as subsection (d) and by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection:

Grants. Contracts. Education.

"(c) In making grants and entering into contracts under subsection (a), the Secretary shall give priority to applicants that demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Secretary a commitment to family medicine in their medical education training programs.".

(c) Section 786(d) (as amended by section 107 of this Act and redesignated by subsection (b) of this section) is further amended by inserting before the period in the second sentence a comma and "and shall obligate not less than 7.5 percent of such amounts in each such fiscal year for grants under subsection (b)".

EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE TO INDIVIDUALS FROM DISADVANTAGED BACKGROUNDS

42 USC 295g-7.

SEC. 216. (a) Section 787(a)(1) is amended—

(1) by inserting "chiropractic," after "allied health,"; and

(2) by inserting after "podiatry" a comma and "public and nonprofit private schools which offer graduate programs in clinical psychology,".

(b) Section 787(a)(2) is amended—

(1) by striking out "and" after the last comma in subparagraph (D);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (E) and inserting in lieu thereof a comma and "and"; and

(3) by inserting after subparagraph (E) the following:

"(F) paying such stipends as the Secretary may determine for such individuals for any period of health professions education at a school of medicine, osteopathy, or dentistry.

The term 'regular course of education of such a school' as used in subparagraph (D) includes a graduate program in clinical psychology.".

(c) Section 787(b) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Of the funds appropriated under this section for any fiscal year, 20 percent shall be obligated for stipends under subsection (a)(2)(F) to individuals of exceptional financial need (as defined by regulations promulgated by the Secretary under section 758) who are students at schools of medicine, osteopathy, or dentistry.".

42 USC 294z.

SPECIAL PROJECTS

Grants. Contracts. Education. 42 USC 295g-8.

SEC. 217. (a)(1) Section 788(a)(1) is amended to read as follows: "(a)(1) The Secretary may make grants to maintain and improve schools which provide the first or last two years of education leading to the degree of doctor of medicine or osteopathy. Grants provided under this paragraph to schools which were in existence on September 30, 1985, may be used for construction and the purchase of equipment.".

(2) Paragraph (2) of section 788(a) is repealed and paragraph (3) of such section is redesignated as paragraph (2).

(3) Section 788(a)(2) (as redesignated by paragraph (2) of this subsection) is amended by inserting "or last" after "the first", by inserting "or osteopathy" after "medicine" and by inserting "or be operated jointly with a school that is accredited by" after "accredited by".

99 STAT. 542

(b) Section 788(b) is amended to read as follows:

"(b)(1) The Secretary may make grants to and enter into contracts with any health profession, allied health profession, or nurse training institution, or any other public or nonprofit private entity for projects in areas such as—

"(A) health promotion and disease prevention;

"(B) curriculum development and training in health policy and policy analysis, including curriculum development and training in areas such as—

"(i) the organization, delivery, and financing of health care;

"(ii) the determinants of health and the role of medicine in health; and

"(iii) the promotion of economy in health professions teaching, health care practice, and health care systems management;

"(C) curriculum development in clinical nutrition;

"(D) the development of initiatives for assuring the competence of health professionals; and

"(E) curriculum and program development and training in applying the social and behavioral sciences to the study of health and health care delivery issues.

"(2)(A) Of the amounts available for grants and contracts under this subsection from amounts appropriated under subsection (g), at least 75 percent shall be obligated for grants to and contracts with health professions institutions, allied health institutions, and nurse training institutions.

Post, p. 543.

"(B) Any application for a grant to institutions described in subparagraph (A) shall be subject to appropriate peer review by peer review groups composed principally of non-Federal experts.

"(C) The Secretary may not approve or disapprove an application for a grant to an institution described in subparagraph (A) unless the Secretary has received recommendations with respect to such application from the appropriate peer review group required under subparagraph (B) and has consulted with the National Advisory Council on Health Professions Education with respect to such application.

"(3) Of the amounts available for grants and contracts under this subsection from amounts appropriated under subsection (g), not more than 25 percent shall be obligated for grants to and contracts with public and nonprofit entities which are not health professions institutions, allied health institutions, or nurse training institutions.".

Prohibition.
Post, p. 543.

(c) Section 788(d) is amended to read as follows:

42 USC 295g-8.

"(d)(1) The Secretary may make grants to and enter into contracts with accredited health professions schools referred to in section 701(4) or 701(10) and programs referred to in section 701(8) to assist in meeting the costs of such schools or programs of providing projects to—

Ante, pp. 525, 526.

"(A) improve the training of health professionals in geriatrics;

Aged persons.

"(B) develop and disseminate curricula relating to the treatment of the health problems of elderly individuals;

"(C) expand and strengthen instruction in methods of such treatment;

"(D) support the training and retraining of faculty to provide such instruction;

"(E) support continuing education of health professionals and allied health professionals who provide such treatment; and

99 STAT. 543

"(F) establish new affiliations with nursing homes, chronic and acute disease hospitals, ambulatory care centers, and senior centers in order to provide students with clinical training in geriatric medicine.

"(2)(A) Any application for a grant or contract under this subsection shall be subject to appropriate peer review by peer review groups composed principally of non-Federal experts.

"(B) The Secretary may not approve or disapprove an application for a grant or contract under this subsection unless the Secretary has received recommendations with respect to such application from the appropriate peer review group required under subparagraph (A) and has consulted with the National Advisory Council on Health Professions Education with respect to such application.".

(d) Section 788(f) (as amended by section 109 of this Act) is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Of the amounts appropriated for each fiscal year to carry out this section—

"(1) 25 percent of such amount for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986; and

"(2) 37.5 percent of such amount for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1987, and September 30, 1988,

shall be available to carry out subsection (d).".

(e) Section 788 is amended by redesignating subsection (f) (as amended by section 109 of this Act and subsection (d) of this section) as subsection (g) and by inserting after subsection (e) the following:

Animals. Research and development.

"(f) The Secretary may make grants to schools of veterinary medicine for—

"(1) the development of curricula for training in the care of animals used in research, the treatment of animals while being used in research, and the development of alternatives to the use of animals in research;

"(2) the provision of such training; and

"(3) large animal care and research.".

42 USC 295g-8.

(f) The heading for section 788 is amended to read as follows:

"TWO-YEAR SCHOOLS OF MEDICINE, INTERDISCIPLINARY TRAINING, AND CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT".

ADVANCED FINANCIAL DISTRESS ASSISTANCE

42 USC 295g-8b.

SEC. 218. Subsections (b)(1) and (f) of section 788B are each amended by striking out "five" and inserting in lieu thereof "six".

GRADUATE PROGRAMS IN HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

Minorities. 42 USC 295h.

SEC. 219. Section 791(c)(2)(A)(i) is amended by inserting before the semicolon a comma and "except that in any case in which the number of minority students enrolled in the graduate educational programs of such entity in such school year will exceed an amount equal to 45 percent of the number of all students that will be enrolled in such programs in such school year, such application shall only be required to contain assurances that at least 20 individuals will complete such programs in such school year".

PROGRAM ELIMINATIONS

42 USC 292c. SEC. 220. (a) Section 703 is repealed.

42 USC 292h. (b) Section 708(c) is repealed.

42 USC 295-295e-5. (c) Part D of title VII is repealed.

42 USC 295g-2. (d) Section 782 is repealed.

42 USC 295g-5. (e) Section 785 is repealed.

42 USC 295g-8a. (f)(1) Section 788A is repealed.

42 USC 295g-8b. (2) The second sentence of section 788B(a) is amended by inserting "(as such section was in effect prior to October 1, 1985)" after "section 788A".

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(3) Section 788B(f) (as amended by section 218 of this Act) is further amended by striking out the last sentence.

(4) Section 788B(h) (as amended by section 110 of this Act) is further amended—

(A) by striking out "and section 788A" in the first sentence; and

(B) by striking out the second sentence.

42 USC 295g-9. (g) Section 789 is repealed.

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL DISINCENTIVES TO CAREER CHOICES IN HEALTH PROFESSIONS

Report.
42 USC 292h note.

SEC. 221. By October 1, 1986, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall prepare and transmit to the Congress a report which contains—

(1) an analysis of any financial disincentive to graduates of health professions schools which affects the specialty of practice chosen by such graduates or the decision of such graduates to practice their profession in an area which lacks an adequate number of health care professionals; and

(2) recommendations for legislation and administrative action to correct any disincentives which are identified pursuant to clause (1) and which are contrary to the achievement of national health goals, including recommendations concerning the appropriateness of providing financial assistance to mitigate such disincentives.

STUDY ON COMPLIANCE WITH SELECTIVE SERVICE ACT

Loans.
50 USC app. 462 note.

SEC. 222. The Secretary of Health and Human Services, in cooperation with the Director of Selective Service, shall conduct a study to determine if health professions schools are engaged in a pattern or practice of failure to comply with section 12(f) of the Military Selective Service Act (50 U.S.C. App. 462(f)) (or regulations issued under such section) or are engaged in a pattern or practice of providing loans or work assistance to persons who are required to register under section 3 of such Act (and any proclamation of the President and regulations prescribed under that section) and have not so registered. The Secretary shall complete the study and report its results to the Congress not later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act.

50 app. 2216.
Report.

STUDY OF THE ROLE OF ALLIED HEALTH PERSONNEL IN HEALTH CARE DELIVERY

42 USC 292h note.

SEC. 223. (a)(1) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall arrange for the conduct of a study concerning the role of allied health personnel in health care delivery. The Secretary shall request the National Academy of Sciences to conduct the study under an arrangement under which the actual expenses incurred by the Academy in conducting such study will be paid by the Secretary and the Academy will prepare the report required by subsection (c). If the National Academy of Sciences is willing to do so, the Secretary shall enter into such an arrangement with the Academy for the conduct of the study.

99 STAT. 545

(2) If the National Academy of Sciences is unwilling to conduct the study required by paragraph (1) under the type of arrangement described in such paragraph, the Secretary shall enter into a similar arrangement with one or more appropriate nonprofit private entities.

(b) The study required by subsection (a) shall—

(1) assess the role of allied health personnel in health care delivery;

(2) identify projected needs, availability, and requirements of various types of health care delivery systems for each type of allied health personnel;

(3) investigate current practices under which each type of allied health personnel obtain licenses, credentials, and accreditation;

(4) assess changes in programs and curricula for the education of allied personnel and in the delivery of services by such personnel which are necessary to meet the needs and requirements identified pursuant to paragraph (2); and

State and local governments.

(5) assess the role of the Federal, State, and local governments, educational institutions, and health care facilities in meeting the needs and requirements identified pursuant to paragraph (2).

Report.

(c) By October 1, 1987, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall transmit to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives, and make available to the public, a report—

(1) describing the study conducted under this section;

(2) containing a statement of the data obtained under such study; and

(3) specifying such recommendations for legislation and administrative action as the Secretary considers appropriate.

STUDY OF THE SUPPLY OF, AND REQUIREMENTS FOR, HEALTH PROFESSIONALS

Contracts.
42 USC 292h note.
Report.
42 USC 292h.

SEC. 224. (a) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall conduct or enter into contracts for the conduct of analytic and descriptive studies of chiropractors, clinical psychologists, veterinarians, optometrists, pharmacists, podiatrists, public health professionals, and health administrators. The studies shall include evaluations and projections of the supply of, and requirements for, each such profession by specialty and geographic location. The Secretary shall include in the report submitted on October 1, 1987, under section 708(d)(1) of the Public Health Service Act the results of the studies conducted under this subsection.

(b) The authority of the Secretary of Health and Human Services to enter into contracts under subsection (a) shall be effective for any fiscal year only to the extent or in such amounts as are provided in advance by appropriation Acts.

99 STAT. 546

STUDY OF THE DELIVERY OF HEALTH CARE SERVICES TO HOMELESS INDIVIDUALS

SEC. 225. (a) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall arrange, in accordance with subsection (c), for the conduct of a study of the delivery of inpatient and outpatient health care services to homeless individuals. Such study shall include—

(1) an evaluation of whether eligibility requirements in existing health care programs prevent homeless individuals from receiving health care services;

(2) an evaluation of the efficiency of the delivery of health care services to homeless individuals; and

State and local governments.

(3) recommendations for activities by Federal, State, and local governments and private entities that would improve the availability of health care service delivery to homeless individuals.

Report.

(b) The Secretary shall report the results of the study required by subsection (a) to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives not later than September 30, 1986.

(c)(1) The Secretary shall request the National Academy of Sciences, acting through the Institute of Medicine, to conduct the study required by subsection (a) under an arrangement whereby the actual expenses incurred by the Academy directly related to the conduct of such study will be paid by the Secretary. If the Academy agrees to such request, the Secretary shall enter into such an agreement with the Academy.

(2) If the National Academy of Sciences declines the Secretary's request to conduct such study under such arrangement, then the Secretary, after consultation with the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives, shall enter into a simi-

lar arrangement with another appropriate public or nonprofit entity to conduct such study.

RECOVERY OF ASSISTANCE FOR COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH CENTERS

SEC. 226. (a) Section 2115 is amended to read as follows:

42 USC 300aa-14.

"RECOVERY

"SEC. 2115. (a) If any facility with respect to which funds have been paid under the Community Mental Health Centers Act (as such Act was in effect prior to October 1, 1981) is, at any time within twenty years after the completion of remodeling, construction, or expansion or after the date of its acquisition—

42 USC 2681.

"(1) sold or transferred to any entity (A) which would not have been qualified to file an application under section 222 of such Act (as such section was in effect prior to October 1, 1981) or (B) which is disapproved as a transferee by the State mental health agency or by another entity designated by the chief executive officer of the State, or

42 USC 2689j.

"(2) ceases to be used by a community mental health center in the provision of comprehensive mental health services,

the United States shall be entitled to recover from the transferor, transferee, or owner of the facility, the base amount prescribed by subsection (c)(1) plus the interest (if any) prescribed by subsection (c)(2).

99 STAT. 547

"(b) The transferor and transferee of a facility that is sold or transferred as described in subsection (a)(1), or the owner of a facility the use of which changes as described in subsection (a)(2), shall provide the Secretary written notice of such sale, transfer, or change within 10 days after the date on which such sale, transfer, or cessation of use occurs or within 30 days after the date of enactment of this subsection, whichever is later.

"(c)(1) The base amount that the United States is entitled to recover under subsection (a) is the amount bearing the same ratio to the then value (as determined by the agreement of the parties or in an action brought in the district court of the United States for the district in which the facility is situated) of so much of the facility as constituted an approved project or projects as the amount of the Federal participation bore to the cost of the remodeling, construction, expansion, or acquisition of the project or projects.

"(2)(A) The interest that the United States is entitled to recover under subsection (a) is the interest for the period (if any) described in subparagraph (B) at a rate (determined by the Secretary) based on the average of the bond equivalent rates of ninety-one-day Treasury bills auctioned during that period.

"(B) The period referred to in subparagraph (A) is the period beginning—

"(i) if notice is provided as prescribed by subsection (b), 191 days after the date on which such sale, transfer, or cessation of use occurs, or

"(ii) if notice is not provided as prescribed by subsection (b), 11 days after such sale, transfer, or cessation of use occurs,

and ending on the date the amount the United States is entitled to recover is collected.

"(d) The Secretary may waive the recovery rights of the United States under subsection (a)(2) with respect to a facility (under such conditions as the Secretary may establish by regulation) if the Secretary determines that there is good cause for waiving such rights.

"(e) The right of recovery of the United States under subsection (a) shall not, prior to judgment, constitute a lien on any facility.".

Prohibition.

(b) In the case of any facility that was or is constructed, remodeled, expanded, or acquired on or before the date of enactment of this Act or within 180 days after the date of enactment of this

42 USC 300aa-14 note.

Act, the period described in clause (i) or (ii), as the case may be, of section 2115(c)(2)(B) of the Public Health Service Act (as amended by subsection (a) of this section) shall begin no earlier than 181 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

42 USC 300aa-14 note.

(c) The amendments made by subsection (a) of this section shall not adversely affect other legal rights of the United States.

NURSING EDUCATION IN GERIATRICS

Ante, p. 393.

SEC. 227. (a)(1) Section 820(a) is amended by redesignating paragraphs (4), (5), (6), (7), and (8) as paragraphs (5), (6), (7), (8), and (9), respectively, and by inserting after paragraph (3) the following new paragraph:

"(4) demonstrate improved geriatric training in preventive care, acute care, and long-term care (including home health care and institutional care);".

99 STAT. 548

(2) Section 820(d) is amended—

(A) by striking out "paragraphs (1) through (5)" in paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "paragraphs (1) through (6)";

(B) by striking out "paragraphs (6), (7), and (8)" in the first sentence of paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "paragraphs (7), (8), and (9)"; and

(C) by striking out "paragraph (7)" in the second sentence of paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "paragraph (8)".

Grants.
Contracts.
Education.
Aged persons.
Ante, p. 394.
Ante, p. 394.

(b) Section 821(a) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "In making grants and entering into contracts under this section, the Secretary shall give priority to applications for grants and contracts for education projects in geriatric and gerentological nursing.".

(c) The second sentence of section 822(a)(1) is amended by inserting "(particularly problems in the delivery of preventive care, acute care, and long-term care (including home health care and institutional care) to such patients)" after "geriatric patients".

EFFECTIVE DATE

42 USC 254*l*.

SEC. 228. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), this Act and the amendments and repeals made by this Act shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act.

(b)(1) The amendments made by section 101(a) of this Act shall take effect as of October 1, 1985.

(2) The amendments made by section 208(e) of this Act shall take effect nine months after the date of enactment of this Act.

(3) The amendment made by section 208(h) of this Act shall take effect as of October 1, 1983.

Ante, p. 536.

(4) The provisions of section 746 of the Public Health Service Act (as added by the amendment made by section 209(h)(2) of this Act) shall take effect as of June 30, 1984.

(5) The amendments made by section 209(j) of this Act shall take effect as of June 30, 1984.

(6) The amendments made by section 213(a) of this Act shall take effect as of October 1, 1985.

Approved October 22, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2410 (S. 1283):

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-145 (Comm. on Energy and Commerce).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-105 accompanying S. 1283 (Comm. on Labor and Human Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
July 15, considered and passed House.
July 19, S. 1283 considered in Senate; H.R. 2410 amended, passed in lieu.
Oct. 3, House concurred in Senate amendment with amendment.
Oct. 4, Senate concurred in House amendments.

Public Law 99-158
99th Congress

99 STAT. 820

An Act

Nov. 20, 1985
[H.R. 2409]

To amend the Public Health Service Act to revise and extend the authorities under that Act relating to the National Institutes of Health and National Research Institutes, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Health Research Extension Act of 1985.
Research and development.
42 USC 201 note.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; REFERENCE TO ACT; AND TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the "Health Research Extension Act of 1985".

(b) Reference to Act.—Except as otherwise specifically provided, whenever in this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be a reference to a section or other provision of the Public Health Service Act.

(c) Table of Contents.—

Sec. 1. Short title; reference to Act; and table of contents.
Sec. 2. Revision of title IV of the Public Health Service Act.

"TITLE IV—NATIONAL RESEARCH INSTITUTES

"Part A—National Institutes of Health

"Sec. 401. Organization of the National Institutes of Health.
"Sec. 402. Appointment and authority of Director of NIH.
"Sec. 403. Report of Director of NIH.

"Part B—General Provisions Respecting National Research Institutes

"Sec. 405. Appointment and authority of the Directors of the National Research Institutes.
"Sec. 406. Advisory councils.
"Sec. 407. Biennial report.
"Sec. 408. Authorizations of appropriations.

"Part C—Specific Provisions Respecting National Research Institutes

"Subpart 1—National Cancer Institute

"Sec. 410. Purpose of Institute.
"Sec. 411. National cancer program.
"Sec. 412. Cancer control programs.
"Sec. 413. Special authorities of the Director.
"Sec. 414. National cancer research and demonstration centers.
"Sec. 415. President's cancer panel.
"Sec. 416. Associate Director for Prevention.

"Subpart 2—National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute

"Sec. 418. Purpose of the Institute.
"Sec. 419. Heart, blood vessel, lung, and blood disease prevention and control programs.
"Sec. 420. Information and education.
"Sec. 421. National heart, blood vessel, lung, and blood diseases and blood resources program.
"Sec. 422. National research and demonstration centers for heart, blood vessel, lung, and blood diseases, sickle cell anemia, and blood resources.
"Sec. 423. Interagency technical committee.
"Sec. 424. Associate Director for Prevention.

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"Subpart 3—National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases

"Sec. 426. Purpose of the Institute.
"Sec. 427. Data systems and information clearinghouses.
"Sec. 428. Division Directors for diabetes, endocrinology, and metabolic diseases, digestive diseases and nutrition, and kidney, urologic, and hematologic diseases.
"Sec. 429. Interagency coordinating committees.
"Sec. 430. Advisory boards.
"Sec. 431. Research and training centers.
"Sec. 432. Advisory council subcommittees.
"Sec. 433. Biennial report.

"Subpart 4—National Institute of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases

"Sec. 435. Purpose of the Institute.
"Sec. 436. National arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases program.

"Sec. 437. Research and training.
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"Sec. 439. Interagency coordinating committees.
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"Sec. 441. Multipurpose arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases centers.
"Sec. 442. Advisory board.

"Subpart 5—National Institute on Aging

"Sec. 443. Purpose of the Institute.
"Sec. 444. Special functions.
"Sec. 445. Alzheimer's Disease Centers.

"Subpart 6—National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases

"Sec. 446. Purpose of the Institute.

"Subpart 7—National Institute of Child Health and Human Development

"Sec. 448. Purpose of the Institute.
"Sec. 449. Sudden infant death syndrome.
"Sec. 450. Mental retardation research.
"Sec. 451. Associate Director for Prevention.

"Subpart 8—National Institute of Dental Research

"Sec. 453. Purpose of the Institute.

"Subpart 9—National Eye Institute

"Sec. 455. Purpose of the Institute.

"Subpart 10—National Institute of Neurological and Communicative Disorders and Stroke

"Sec. 457. Purpose of the Institute.
"Sec. 458. Spinal cord regeneration research.
"Sec. 459. Bioengineering research.

"Subpart 11—National Institute of General Medical Sciences

"Sec. 461. Purpose of the Institute.

"Subpart 12—National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences

"Sec. 463. Purpose of the Institute.

"PART D—NATIONAL LIBRARY OF MEDICINE

"Subpart 1—General provisions

"Sec. 465. Purpose, establishment, and functions of the National Library of Medicine.
"Sec. 466. Board of Regents.
"Sec. 467. Library facilities.

"Subpart 2—Financial Assistance

"Sec. 469. Authorization of appropriations.
"Sec. 470. Definitions.
"Sec. 471. National Medical Libraries Assistance Advisory Board.
"Sec. 472. Grants for training in medical library sciences.
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"Sec. 473. Assistance for special scientific projects and for research and development in medical library science and related fields.
"Sec. 474. Grants for establishing, expanding, and improving the basic resources of medical libraries and related instrumentalities.
"Sec. 475. Grants and contracts for establishment of regional medical libraries.
"Sec. 476. Financial support of biomedical scientific publications.
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"PART E—OTHER AGENCIES OF NIH

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"Sec. 481. Biennial report.

"Subpart 2—John E. Fogarty International Center for Advanced Study in the Health Sciences

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"Sec. 494. Research on public health emergencies.
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"Sec. 496. Use of appropriations.
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"Sec. 498. Fetal research.
"Sec. 499. Construction of title.".

Sec. 3. Conforming amendments.
Sec. 4. Plan for research involving animals.
Sec. 5. Research on lupus erythematosus.
Sec. 6. National Research Service Award study.
Sec. 7. Interagency Committee on Spinal Cord Injury.
Sec. 8. Study of personnel for health needs of the elderly.
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Sec. 10. Review of disease research programs of the National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases.
Sec. 11. Biomedical ethics.
Sec. 12. Alzheimer's disease registry.

SEC. 2. REVISION OF TITLE IV OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT.

Title IV of the Public Health Service Act is amended to read as follows:

"TITLE IV—NATIONAL RESEARCH INSTITUTES

"PART A—NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH

"ORGANIZATION OF THE NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH

"SEC. 401. (a) The National Institutes of Health is an agency of the Service. 42 USC 281.

"(b)(1) The following national research institutes are agencies of the National Institutes of Health: 99 STAT. 823

"(A) The National Cancer Institute.

"(B) The National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute.

"(C) The National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases.

"(D) The National Institute of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases.

"(E) The National Institute on Aging.

"(F) The National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases.

"(G) The National Institute of Child Health and Human Development.

"(H) The National Institute of Dental Research.

"(I) The National Eye Institute.

"(J) The National Institute of Neurological and Communicative Disorders and Stroke.

"(K) The National Institute of General Medical Sciences.

"(L) The National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences.

"(2) The following entities are agencies of the National Institutes of Health:

"(A) The National Library of Medicine.

"(B) The Division of Research Resources.

"(C) The John E. Fogarty International Center for Advanced Study in the Health Sciences.

"(D) The National Center for Nursing Research.

"(c)(1) The Secretary may establish in the National Institutes of Health one or more additional national research institutes to conduct and support research, training, health information, and other programs with respect to any particular disease or groups of diseases or any other aspect of human health if—

"(A) the Secretary determines that an additional institute is necessary to carry out such activities; and

"(B) the additional institute is not established before the expiration of 180 days after the Secretary has provided the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate written notice of the determination made under subparagraph (A) with respect to the institute.

"(2) The Secretary may reorganize the functions of any national research institute and may abolish any national research institute if the Secretary determines that the institute is no longer required. A reorganization or abolition may not take effect under this paragraph before the expiration of 180 days after the Secretary has provided the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate written notice of the reorganization or abolition.

"(d) For purposes of this title, the term 'national research institute' means a national research institute listed in subsection (b) or established under subsection (c). A reference to the National Institutes of Health includes its agencies.

"APPOINTMENT AND AUTHORITY OF DIRECTOR OF NIH

42 USC 282.

"Sec. 402. (a) The National Institutes of Health shall be headed by the Director of the National Institutes of Health (hereafter in this title referred to as the 'Director of NIH') who shall be appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Director of NIH shall perform functions as provided under subsection (b) and as the Secretary may otherwise prescribe.

99 STAT. 824

42 USC 241.

"(b) In carrying out the purposes of section 301, the Secretary, acting through the Director of NIH—

"(1) shall be responsible for the overall direction of the National Institutes of Health and for the establishment and implementation of general policies respecting the management and operation of programs and activities within the National Institutes of Health;

"(2) shall coordinate and oversee the operation of the national research institutes and administrative entities within the National Institutes of Health;

"(3) shall assure that research at or supported by the National Institutes of Health is subject to review in accordance with section 492;

Post, p. 874.

"(4) for the national research institutes and administrative entities within the National Institutes of Health—

Real property.

"(A) may acquire, construct, improve, repair, operate, and maintain, at the site of such institutes and entities, laboratories, and other research facilities, other facilities, equipment, and other real or personal property, and

Public buildings and grounds. District of Columbia.

"(B) may acquire, without regard to the Act of March 3, 1877 (40 U.S.C. 34), by lease or otherwise through the Administrator of General Services, buildings or parts of buildings in the District of Columbia or communities located adjacent to the District of Columbia for use for a period not to exceed ten years;

"(5) may secure resources for research conducted by or through the National Institutes of Health;

5 USC 5101.
5 USC 5331.

"(6) may, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates, establish such technical and scientific peer review groups as are needed to carry out the requirements of this title and appoint and pay the members of such groups, except that officers and employees of the United States shall not receive additional compensation for service as members of such groups;

"(7) may secure for the National Institutes of Health consultation services and advice of persons from the United States or abroad;

"(8) may use, with their consent, the services, equipment, personnel, information, and facilities of other Federal, State, or local public agencies, with or without reimbursement therefor;

"(9) may, for purposes of study, admit and treat at facilities of the National Institutes of Health individuals not otherwise eligible for such treatment;

"(10) may accept voluntary and uncompensated services; and

"(11) may perform such other administrative functions as the Secretary determines are needed to effectively carry out this title.

Prohibition.
5 USC app.

The Federal Advisory Committee Act shall not apply to the duration of a peer review group appointed under paragraph (6). The members of such a group shall be individuals who by virtue of their training or experience are eminently qualified to perform the review functions of such group. Not more than one-fourth of the members of any such group shall be officers or employees of the United States.

"(c) The Director of NIH may make available to individuals and entities, for biomedical and behavioral research, substances and living organisms. Such substances and organisms shall be made available under such terms and conditions (including payment for them) as the Secretary determines appropriate.

"(d)(1) The Director of NIH may obtain (in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, but without regard to the limitation in such section on the period of service) the services of not more than two hundred experts or consultants, with scientific or other professional qualifications, for the National Institutes of Health.

"(2)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), experts and consultants whose services are obtained under paragraph (1) shall be paid or reimbursed, in accordance with title 5, United States Code, for their travel to and from their place of service and for other expenses associated with their assignment.

"(B) Expenses specified in subparagraph (A) shall not be allowed in connection with the assignment of an expert or consultant whose services are obtained under paragraph (1) unless the expert or consultant has agreed in writing to complete the entire period of the assignment or one year of the assignment, whichever is shorter, unless separated or reassigned for reasons which are beyond the control of the expert or consultant and which are acceptable to the Secretary. If the expert or consultant violates the agreement, the money spent by the United States for such expenses is recoverable from the expert or consultant as a debt due the United States. The Secretary may waive in whole or in part a right of recovery under this subparagraph.

"(e) The Director of NIH shall—

"(1) advise the agencies of the National Institutes of Health on medical applications of research;

"(2) coordinate, review, and facilitate the systematic identification and evaluation of, clinically relevant information from research conducted by or through the national research institutes;

"(3) promote the effective transfer of the information described in paragraph (2) to the health care community and to entities that require such information; and

"(4) monitor the effectiveness of the activities described in paragraph (3).

"(f) There shall be in the National Institutes of Health an Associate Director for Prevention. The Director of NIH shall delegate to the Associate Director for Prevention the functions of the Director relating to the promotion of the disease prevention research programs of the national research institutes and the coordination of such programs among the national research institutes and between the national research institutes and other public and private entities. The Associate Director shall annually report to the Director of NIH on the prevention activities undertaken by the Associate Director. The report shall include a detailed statement of the expenditures made for the activities reported on and the personnel used in connection with such activities.

Report.

99 STAT. 826

"REPORT OF DIRECTOR OF NIH

42 USC 283.

"SEC. 403. The Secretary shall transmit to the President and to the Congress a biennial report which shall be prepared by the Director of NIH and which shall consist of—

"(1) a description of the activities carried out by and through the National Institutes of Health and the policies respecting the programs of the National Institutes of Health and such recommendations respecting such policies as the Secretary considers appropriate;

Grants.
Contracts.

"(2) a description of the activities undertaken to improve grants and contracting accountability and technical and scientific peer review procedures of the National Institutes of Health and the national research institutes;

"(3) the reports made by the Associate Director for Prevention under section 402(f) during the period for which the biennial report is prepared; and

Ante, p. 823.

"(4) the biennial reports of the Directors of each of the national research institutes, the Director of the Division of Research Resources, and the Director of the National Center for Nursing Research.

The first report under this section shall be submitted not later than July 1, 1986, and shall relate to the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985. The next report shall be submitted not later than December 30, 1988, and shall relate to the two-fiscal-year period ending on the preceding September 30. Each subsequent report shall be submitted not later than 90 days after the end of the two-fiscal-year period for which the report is to be submitted.

"PART B—GENERAL PROVISIONS RESPECTING NATIONAL RESEARCH INSTITUTES

"APPOINTMENT AND AUTHORITY OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE NATIONAL RESEARCH INSTITUTES

42 USC 284.

"SEC. 405. (a) The Director of the National Cancer Institute shall be appointed by the President and the Directors of the other national research institutes shall be appointed by the Secretary. Each Director of a national research institute shall report directly to the Director of NIH.

42 USC 241.

"(b)(1) In carrying out the purposes of section 301 with respect to the human diseases or disorders or other aspects of human health for which the national research institutes were established, the Secretary, acting through the Director of each national research institute—

"(A) shall encourage and support research, investigations, experiments, demonstrations, and studies in the health sciences related to—

"(i) the maintenance of health,

"(ii) the detection, diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of human diseases and disorders,

"(iii) the rehabilitation of individuals with human diseases, disorders, and disabilities, and "(iv) the expansion of knowledge of the processes underlying human diseases, disorders, and disabilities, the processes underlying the normal and pathological functioning of the body and its organ systems, and the processes underlying the interactions between the human organism and the environment;

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"(B) may, subject to the peer review prescribed under section 492(b) and any advisory council review under section 406(a)(3)(A)(i), conduct the research, investigations, experiments, demonstrations, and studies referred to in subparagraph (A);

Post, p. 874.
Post, p. 828.

"(C) may conduct and support research training (i) for which fellowship support is not provided under section 487, and (ii) which is not residency training of physicians or other health professionals;

Post, p. 869.

"(D) may develop, implement, and support demonstrations and programs for the application of the results of the activities of the institute to clinical practice and disease prevention activities;

"(E) may develop, conduct, and support public and professional education and information programs;

Education.

"(F) may secure, develop and maintain, distribute, and support the development and maintenance of resources needed for research;

"(G) may make available the facilities of the institute to appropriate entities and individuals engaged in research activities and cooperate with and assist Federal and State agencies charged with protecting the public health;

"(H) may accept unconditional gifts made to the institute for its activities, and, in the case of gifts of a value in excess of $50,000, establish suitable memorials to the donor;

Gifts and property.

"(I) may secure for the institute consultation services and advice of persons from the United States or abroad;

"(J) may use, with their consent, the services, equipment, personnel, information, and facilities of other Federal, State, or local public agencies, with or without reimbursement therefor;

"(K) may accept voluntary and uncompensated services; and

Voluntarism.

"(L) may perform such other functions as the Secretary determines are needed to carry out effectively the purposes of the institute.

The indemnification provisions of section 2354, title 10, United States Code, shall apply with respect to contracts entered into under this subsection and section 402(b).

Contracts.
Ante, p. 823.

"(2) Support for an activity or program under this subsection may be provided through grants, contracts, and cooperative agreements. The Secretary, acting through the Director of each national research institute—

Grants.
Contracts.

"(A) may enter into a contract for research, training, or demonstrations only if the contract has been recommended after technical and scientific peer review required by regulations under section 492; and

Post, p. 874.

"(B) may make grants and cooperative agreements under paragraph (1) for research, training, or demonstrations, except that—

"(i) if the direct cost of the grant or cooperative agreement to be made does not exceed $50,000, such grant or cooperative agreement may be made only if such grant or cooperative agreement has been recommended after technical and scientific peer review required by regulations under section 492, and

"(ii) if the direct cost of the grant or cooperative agreement to be made exceeds $50,000, such grant or cooperative agreement may be made only if such grant or cooperative agreement has been recommended after technical and scientific peer review required by regulations under section

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Post, p. 874; *Infra*.

492 and is recommended under section 406(a)(3)(A)(ii) by the advisory council for the national research institute involved.

"(c) In carrying out subsection (b), each Director of a national research institute—

"(1) shall coordinate, as appropriate, the activities of the institute with similar programs of other public and private entities;

"(2) shall cooperate with the Directors of the other national research institutes in the development and support of multidisciplinary research and research that involves more than one institute; and

"(3) may, with the approval of the advisory council for the institute and the Director of NIH, appoint technical and scientific peer review groups in addition to those appointed under section 402(b)(6).

Ante, p. 823.

"ADVISORY COUNCILS

42 USC 284a.

"SEC. 406. (a)(1) Except as provided in subsection (h), the Secretary shall appoint an advisory council for each national research institute which (A) shall advise, assist, consult with, and make recommendations to the Secretary and the Director of such institute on matters related to the activities carried out by and through the institute and the policies respecting such activities, and (B) shall carry out the special functions prescribed by part C.

Gifts.

42 USC 300aa.

"(2) Each advisory council for a national research institute may recommend to the Secretary acceptance, in accordance with section 2101, of conditional gifts for study, investigation, or research respecting the diseases, disorders, or other aspect of human health with respect to which the institute was established, for the acquisition of grounds, or for the construction, equipping, or maintenance of facilities for the institute.

"(3) Each advisory council for a national research institute—

Post, p. 874.

"(A)(i) may on the basis of the materials provided under section 492(b)(2) respecting research conducted at the institute, make recommendations to the Director of the institute respecting such research,

Grants.

Ante, p. 826.

"(ii) may review applications for grants and cooperative agreements for research or training and for which advisory council approval is required under section 405(b)(2) and recommend for approval applications for projects which show promise of making valuable contributions to human knowledge, and

Grants.
Contracts.

"(iii) may review any grant, contract, or cooperative agreement proposed to be made or entered into by the institute;

Study.
Public information.

"(B) may collect, by correspondence or by personal investigation, information as to studies which are being carried on in the United States or any other country as to the diseases, disorders, or other aspect of human health with respect to which the institute was established and with the approval of the Director of the institute make available such information through appropriate publications for the benefit of public and private health

99 STAT. 829

entities and health professions personnel and scientists and for the information of the general public; and

"(C) may appoint subcommittees and convene workshops and conferences.

"(b)(1) Each advisory council shall consist of ex officio members and not more than eighteen members appointed by the Secretary.

"(2) The ex officio members of an advisory council shall consist of—

"(A) the Secretary, the Director of NIH, the Director of the national research institute for which the council is established, the Chief Medical Director of the Veterans' Administration or the Chief Dental Director of the Veterans' Administration, and the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs (or the designees of such officers), and

"(B) such additional officers or employees of the United States as the Secretary determines necessary for the advisory council to effectively carry out its functions.

"(3) The members of an advisory council who are not ex officio members shall be appointed as follows:

"(A) Two-thirds of the members shall be appointed by the Secretary from among the leading representatives of the health and scientific disciplines (including public health and the behavioral or social sciences) relevant to the activities of the national research institute for which the advisory council is established.

"(B) One-third of the members shall be appointed by the Secretary from the general public and shall include leaders in fields of public policy, law, health policy, economics, and management.

Government organization and employees.
Prohibition.

"(4) Members of an advisory council who are officers or employees of the United States shall not receive any compensation for service on the advisory council. The other members of an advisory council shall receive, for each day (including traveltime) they are engaged in the performance of the functions of the advisory council, compensation at rates not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate in effect for grade GS-18 of the General Schedule.

5 USC 5332.

"(c) The term of office of an appointed member of an advisory council is four years, except that any member appointed to fill a vacancy for an unexpired term shall be appointed for the remainder of such term and the Secretary shall make appointments to an advisory council in such a manner as to ensure that the terms of the members do not all expire in the same year. A member may serve after the expiration of the member's term until a successor has taken office. A member who has been appointed for a term of four years may not be reappointed to an advisory council before two years from the date of expiration of such term of office. If a vacancy occurs in the advisory council among the appointed members, the Secretary shall make an appointment to fill the vacancy within 90 days from the date the vacancy occurs.

"(d) The chairman of an advisory council shall be selected by the Secretary from among the appointed members, except that the Secretary may select the Director of the national research institute for which the advisory council is established to be the chairman of the advisory council. The term of office of the chairman shall be two years.

"(e) The advisory council shall meet at the call of the chairman or upon the request of the Director of the national research institute for which it was established, but at least three times each fiscal year. The location of the meetings of each advisory council is subject to the approval of the Director of the national research institute for which the advisory council was established.

99 STAT. 830

"(f) The Director of the national research institute for which an advisory council is established shall designate a member of the staff of the institute to serve as the executive secretary of the advisory council. The Director of such institute shall make available to the advisory council such staff, information, and other assistance as it may require to carry out its functions. The Director of such institute shall provide orientation and training for new members of the advisory council to provide them with such information and training as may be appropriate for their effective participation in the functions of the advisory council.

Report.
Post, p. 831.

"(g) Each advisory council may prepare, for inclusion in the biennial report made under section 407, (1) comments respecting the activities of the advisory council in the fiscal years respecting which the report is prepared, (2) comments on the progress of the national research institute for which it was established in meeting its objectives, and (3) recommendations respecting the future directions and

Report.

program and policy emphasis of the institute. Each advisory council may prepare such additional reports as it may determine appropriate.

"(h)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), this section does not terminate the membership of any advisory council for a national research institute which was in existence on the date of enactment of the Health Research Extension Act of 1985. After such date—

Ante, p. 820.

"(A) the Secretary shall make appointments to each such advisory council in such a manner as to bring about as soon as practicable the composition for such council prescribed by this section;

"(B) each advisory council shall organize itself in accordance with this section and exercise the functions prescribed by this section; and

"(C) the Director of each national research institute shall perform for such advisory council the functions prescribed by this section.

"(2)(A) The National Cancer Advisory Board shall be the advisory council for the National Cancer Institute. This section applies to the National Cancer Advisory Board, except that—

"(i) appointments to such Board shall be made by the President;

"(ii) the term of office of an appointed member shall be 6 years;

"(iii) of the members appointed to the Board not less than five members shall be individuals knowledgeable in environmental carcinogenesis (including carcinogenesis involving occupational and dietary factors);

"(iv) the chairman of the Board shall be selected by the President from the appointed members and shall serve as chairman for a term of two years;

"(v) the ex officio members of the Board shall be the Secretary, the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, the Director of NIH, the Chief Medical Director of the Veterans' Administration, the Director of the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, the Director of the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences, the Secretary of Labor, the Commissioner of the Food and Drug Administration, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Chairman of the Consumer Product Safety Commission, and the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs (or the designees of such officers); and

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"(vi) the Board shall meet at least four times each fiscal year.

"(B) This section applies to the advisory council to the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute, except that the advisory council shall meet at least four times each fiscal year.

"BIENNIAL REPORT

42 USC 284b.

Ante, p. 826.

"SEC. 407. The Director of each national research institute, after consultation with the advisory council for the institute, shall prepare for inclusion in the biennial report made under section 403 a biennial report which shall consist of a description of the activities of the institute and program policies of the Director of the institute in the fiscal years respecting which the report is prepared. The Director of each national research institute may prepare such additional reports as the Director determines appropriate. The Director of each national research institute shall provide the advisory council for the institute an opportunity for the submission of the written comments referred to in section 406(g).

Ante, p. 828.

"AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS

42 USC 284c.

"SEC. 408. (a) In addition to amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated under this title for the National Institutes of Health, the following amounts are authorized to be appropriated:

"(1)(A) For the National Cancer Institute (other than its programs under section 412), there are authorized to be appropriated $1,194,000,000 for fiscal year 1986, $1,270,000,000 for fiscal year 1987, and $1,344,000,000 for fiscal year 1988. *Post*, p. 832.

"(B) For the programs under section 412, there are authorized to be appropriated $68,000,000 for fiscal year 1986, $74,000,000 for fiscal year 1987, and $80,000,000 for fiscal year 1988.

"(2)(A) For the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute (other than its programs under section 419), there are authorized to be appropriated $809,000,000 for fiscal year 1986, $871,000,000 for fiscal year 1987, and $927,000,000 for fiscal year 1988. Of the amount appropriated under this subsection for such fiscal year, not less than 15 percent of such amount shall be reserved for programs respecting diseases of the lung and not less than 15 percent of such amount shall be reserved for programs respecting blood diseases and blood resources. *Post*, p. 836.

"(B) For the programs under section 419, there are authorized to be appropriated $82,000,000 for fiscal year 1986, $90,000,000 for fiscal year 1987, and $98,000,000 for fiscal year 1988.

"(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the sum of the amounts obligated in any fiscal year for administrative expenses of the National Institutes of Health may not exceed an amount which is 5.5 percent of the total amount appropriated for such fiscal year for the National Institutes of Health.

"(2) Paragraph (1) does not apply to the National Library of Medicine, the National Center for Nursing Research, the John E. Fogarty International Center for Advanced Study in the Health Sciences, the Warren G. Magnuson Clinical Center, and the Office of Medical Applications of Research.

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"(3) For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'administrative expenses' means expenses incurred for the support of activities relevant to the award of grants, contracts, and cooperative agreements and expenses incurred for general administration of the scientific programs and activities of the National Institutes of Health. In identifying expenses incurred for such support and administration the Secretary shall consult with the Comptroller General of the United States.

"(4) Not later than December 31, 1987, and December 31 of each succeeding year, the Secretary shall report to the Congress the amount obligated in the fiscal year preceding such date for administrative expenses of the National Institutes of Health and the total amount appropriated for the National Institutes of Health for such fiscal year. The Secretary shall consult with the Comptroller General of the United States in preparing each report. Report.

"PART C—SPECIFIC PROVISIONS RESPECTING NATIONAL RESEARCH INSTITUTES

"Subpart 1—National Cancer Institute

"PURPOSE OF INSTITUTE

"SEC. 410. The general purpose of the National Cancer Institute (hereafter in this subpart referred to as the 'Institute') is the conduct and support of research, training, health information dissemination, and other programs with respect to the cause, diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of cancer and the continuing care of cancer patients and the families of cancer patients. 42 USC 285.

"NATIONAL CANCER PROGRAM

"SEC. 411. The National Cancer Program shall consist of (1) an expanded, intensified, and coordinated cancer research program encompassing the research programs conducted and supported by the Institute and the related research programs of the other na- 42 USC 285a.

tional research institutes, including an expanded and intensified research program for the prevention of cancer caused by occupational or environmental exposure to carcinogens, and (2) the other programs and activities of the Institute.

"CANCER CONTROL PROGRAMS

Education.
42 USC 285a-1.

"Sec. 412. The Director of the Institute shall establish and support demonstration, education, and other programs for the detection, diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of cancer and for rehabilitation and counseling respecting cancer. Programs established and supported under this section shall include—

"(1) locally initiated education and demonstration programs (and regional networks of such programs) to transmit research results and to disseminate information respecting—

"(A) the detection, diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of cancer,

"(B) the continuing care of cancer patients and the families of cancer patients, and

"(C) rehabilitation and counseling respecting cancer,

Physicians.

to physicians and other health professionals who provide care to individuals who have cancer;

99 STAT. 833

"(2) the demonstration of and the education of students of the health professions and health professionals in—

"(A) effective methods for the prevention and early detection of cancer and the identification of individuals with a high risk of developing cancer, and

"(B) improved methods of patient referral to appropriate centers for early diagnosis and treatment of cancer; and

Public information.

"(3) the demonstration of new methods for the dissemination of information to the general public concerning the prevention, early detection, diagnosis, and treatment and control of cancer and information concerning unapproved and ineffective methods, drugs, and devices for the diagnosis, prevention, treatment, and control of cancer.

"SPECIAL AUTHORITIES OF THE DIRECTOR

Education.
Physicians.
Public information.
42 USC 285a-2.

"Sec. 413. (a) The Director of the Institute shall establish an information and education center to collect, identify, analyze, and disseminate on a timely basis, through publications and other appropriate means, to cancer patients and their families, physicians and other health professionals, and the general public, information on cancer research, diagnosis, prevention, and treatment (including information respecting nutrition programs for cancer patients and the relationship between nutrition and cancer). The Director of the Institute may take such action as may be necessary to insure that all channels for the dissemination and exchange of scientific knowledge and information are maintained between the Institute and other scientific, medical, and biomedical disciplines and organizations nationally and internationally.

"(b) The Director of the Institute in carrying out the National Cancer Program—

"(1) shall establish or support the large-scale production or distribution of specialized biological materials and other therapeutic substances for cancer research and set standards of safety and care for persons using such materials;

"(2) shall, in consultation with the advisory council for the Institute, support (A) research in the cancer field outside the United States by highly qualified foreign nationals which can be expected to benefit the American people, (B) collaborative research involving American and foreign participants, and (C) the training of American scientists abroad and foreign scientists in the United States;

"(3) shall, in consultation with the advisory council for the

Institute, support appropriate programs of education and training (including continuing education and laboratory and clinical research training);

"(4) shall encourage and coordinate cancer research by industrial concerns where such concerns evidence a particular capability for such research;

"(5) may obtain (with the approval of the advisory council for the Institute and in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, but without regard to the limitation in such section on the period of service) the services of not more than one hundred and fifty-one experts or consultants who have scientific or professional qualifications;

Real property.

"(6)(A) may, in consultation with the advisory council for the Institute, acquire, construct, improve, repair, operate, and maintain laboratories, other research facilities, equipment, and such other real or personal property as the Director determines necessary;

Grants.

"(B) may, in consultation with the advisory council for the Institute, make grants for construction or renovation of facilities; and

Public buildings and grounds.
District of Columbia.

"(C) may, in consultation with the advisory council for the Institute, acquire, without regard to the Act of March 3, 1877 (40 U.S.C. 34), by lease or otherwise through the Administrator of General Services, buildings or parts of buildings in the District of Columbia or communities located adjacent to the District of Columbia for the use of the Institute for a period not to exceed ten years;

"(7) may, in consultation with the advisory council for the Institute, appoint one or more advisory committees composed of such private citizens and officials of Federal, State, and local governments to advise the Director with respect to the Director's functions;

Contracts.
Ante, p. 826.

"(8) may, subject to section 405(b)(2) and without regard to section 3324 of title 31, United States Code, and section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 5), enter into such contracts, leases, cooperative agreements, as may be necessary in the conduct of functions of the Director, with any public agency, or with any person, firm, association, corporation, or educational institution;

"(9) shall maintain and operate the International Cancer Research Data Bank, which shall collect, catalog, store, and disseminate insofar as feasible through the use of information systems accessible to the public, general practitioners, and oncologic investigators, the results of cancer research and treatment undertaken in any country for the use of any person involved in cancer research and treatment in any country; and

"(10)(A) shall, notwithstanding section 405(a), prepare and submit, directly to the President for review and transmittal to Congress, an annual budget estimate (including an estimate of the number and type of personnel needs for the Institute) for the National Cancer Program, after reasonable opportunity for comment (but without change) by the Secretary, the Director of NIH, and the Institute's advisory council; and (B) may receive from the President and the Office of Management and Budget directly all funds appropriated by Congress for obligation and expenditure by the Institute.

Prohibition.

Except as otherwise provided, experts and consultants whose services are obtained under paragraph (5) shall be paid or reimbursed, in accordance with title 5, United States Code, for their travel to and from their place of service and for other expenses associated with their assignment. Such expenses shall not be allowed in connection with the assignment of an expert or consultant whose services are obtained under paragraph (5) unless the expert or consultant has agreed in writing to complete the entire period of the assignment or

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one year of the assignment, whichever is shorter, unless separated or reassigned for reasons which are beyond the control of the expert or consultant and which are acceptable to the Director of the Institute. If the expert or consultant violates the agreement, the money spent by the United States for such expenses is recoverable from the expert or consultant as a debt due the United States. The Secretary may waive in whole or in part a right of recovery under the preceding sentence.

"NATIONAL CANCER RESEARCH AND DEMONSTRATION CENTERS

Contracts.
Grants.
42 USC 285a-3.

"SEC. 414. (a)(1) The Director of the Institute may enter into cooperative agreements with and make grants to public or private nonprofit entities to pay all or part of the cost of planning, establishing, or strengthening, and providing basic operating support for centers for basic and clinical research into, training in, and demonstration of advanced diagnostic, prevention, and treatment methods for cancer.

"(2) A cooperative agreement or grant under paragraph (1) shall be entered into in accordance with policies established by the Director of NIH and after consultation with the Institute's advisory council.

"(b) Federal payments made under a cooperative agreement or grant under subsection (a) may be used for—

Post, p. 877.

"(1) construction (notwithstanding any limitation under section 496);

"(2) staffing and other basic operating costs, including such patient care costs as are required for research;

"(3) clinical training, including training for allied health professionals, continuing education for health professionals and allied health professions personnel, and information programs for the public respecting cancer; and

"(4) demonstration purposes.

As used in this paragraph, the term 'construction' does not include the acquisition of land, and the term 'training' does not include research training for which National Research Service Awards may be provided under section 487.

Post, p. 869.

"(c) Support of a center under subsection (a) may be for a period of not to exceed five years. Such period may be extended by the Director for additional periods of not more than five years each if the operations of such center have been reviewed by an appropriate technical and scientific peer review group established by the Director and if such group has recommended to the Director that such period should be extended.

"PRESIDENT'S CANCER PANEL

42 USC 285a-4.

"SEC. 415. (a)(1) The President's Cancer Panel (hereafter in this section referred to as the 'Panel') shall be composed of three persons appointed by the President who by virtue of their training, experience, and background are exceptionally qualified to appraise the National Cancer Program. At least two members of the Panel shall be distinguished scientists or physicians.

"(2)(A) Members of the Panel shall be appointed for three-year terms, except that (i) any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which the member's predecessor was appointed shall be appointed only for the remainder of such term, and (ii) a member may serve until the member's successor has taken office. If a vacancy occurs in the Panel, the President shall make an appointment to fill the vacancy not later than 90 days after the date the vacancy occurred.

"(B) The President shall designate one of the members to serve as the chairman of the Panel for a term of one year.

"(C) Members of the Panel shall each be entitled to receive the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay in effect for grade GS-18 of the General Schedule for each day (including traveltime) during which they are engaged in the actual performance of duties as members of the Panel and shall be paid or reimbursed, in accordance with title 5, United States Code, for their travel to and from their place of service and for other expenses associated with their assignment.

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5 USC 5332.

"(3) The Panel shall meet at the call of the chairman, but not less often than four times a year. A transcript shall be kept of the proceedings of each meeting of the Panel, and the chairman shall make such transcript available to the public.

"(b) The Panel shall monitor the development and execution of the activities of the National Cancer Program, and shall report directly to the President. Any delays or blockages in rapid execution of the Program shall immediately be brought to the attention of the President. The Panel shall submit to the President periodic progress reports on the National Cancer Program and shall submit to the President, the Secretary, and the Congress an annual evaluation of the efficacy of the Program and suggestions for improvements, and shall submit such other reports as the President shall direct.

Reports.

"ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR FOR PREVENTION

"SEC. 416. (a) There shall be in the Institute an Associate Director for Prevention to coordinate and promote the programs in the Institute concerning the prevention of cancer. The Associate Director shall be appointed by the Director of the Institute from individuals who because of their professional training or experience are experts in public health or preventive medicine.

42 USC 285a-5.

"(b) The Associate Director for Prevention shall prepare for inclusion in the biennial report made under section 407 a description of the prevention activities of the Institute, including a description of the staff and resources allocated to those activities.

Ante, p. 831.

"Subpart 2—National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute

"PURPOSE OF THE INSTITUTE

"SEC. 418. The general purpose of the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute (hereafter in this subpart referred to as the 'Institute') is the conduct and support of research, training, health information dissemination, and other programs with respect to heart, blood vessel, lung, and blood diseases and with respect to the use of blood and blood products and the management of blood resources.

42 USC 285b.

"HEART, BLOOD VESSEL, LUNG, AND BLOOD DISEASE PREVENTION AND CONTROL PROGRAMS

"SEC. 419. The Director of the Institute, under policies established by the Director of NIH and after consultation with the advisory council for the Institute, shall establish programs as necessary for cooperation with other Federal health agencies, State, local, and regional public health agencies, and nonprofit private health agencies in the diagnosis, prevention, and treatment (including the provision of emergency medical services) of heart, blood vessel, lung, and blood diseases, appropriately emphasizing the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of such diseases of children.

Children and youth.
42 USC 285b-1.

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"INFORMATION AND EDUCATION

"SEC. 420. The Director of the Institute shall collect, identify, analyze, and disseminate on a timely basis, through publications

42 USC 285b-2.

and other appropriate means, to patients, families of patients, physicians and other health professionals, and the general public, information on research, prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of heart, blood vessel, lung, and blood diseases, the maintenance of health to reduce the incidence of such diseases, and on the use of blood and blood products and the management of blood resources. In carrying out this section the Director of the Institute shall place special emphasis upon—

"(1) the dissemination of information regarding diet and nutrition, environmental pollutants, exercise, stress, hypertension, cigarette smoking, weight control, and other factors affecting the prevention of arteriosclerosis and other cardiovascular diseases and of pulmonary and blood diseases; and

"(2) the dissemination of information designed to encourage children to adopt healthful habits respecting the risk factors related to the prevention of such diseases.

"NATIONAL HEART, BLOOD VESSEL, LUNG, AND BLOOD DISEASES AND BLOOD RESOURCES PROGRAM

42 USC 285b-3.

"SEC. 421. (a)(1) The National Heart, Blood Vessel, Lung, and Blood Diseases and Blood Resources Program (hereafter in this subpart referred to as the 'Program') may provide for—

"(A) investigation into the epidemiology, etiology, and prevention of all forms and aspects of heart, blood vessel, lung, and blood diseases, including investigations into the social, environmental, behavioral, nutritional, biological, and genetic determinants and influences involved in the epidemiology, etiology, and prevention of such diseases;

"(B) studies and research into the basic biological processes and mechanisms involved in the underlying normal and abnormal heart, blood vessel, lung, and blood phenomena;

"(C) research into the development, trial, and evaluation of techniques, drugs, and devices (including computers) used in, and approaches to, the diagnosis, treatment (including the provision of emergency medical services), and prevention of heart, blood vessel, lung, and blood diseases and the rehabilitation of patients suffering from such diseases;

Science and technology.

"(D) establishment of programs that will focus and apply scientific and technological efforts involving the biological, physical, and engineering sciences to all facets of heart, blood vessel, lung, and blood diseases with emphasis on the refinement, development, and evaluation of technological devices that will assist, replace, or monitor vital organs and improve instrumentation for detection, diagnosis, and treatment of such diseases;

"(E) establishment of programs for the conduct and direction of field studies, large-scale testing and evaluation, and demonstration of preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, and rehabilitative approaches to, and emergency medical services for, such diseases;

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"(F) studies and research into blood diseases and blood, and into the use of blood for clinical purposes and all aspects of the management of blood resources in the United States, including the collection, preservation, fractionation, and distribution of blood and blood products;

Education.

"(G) the education (including continuing education) and training of scientists, clinical investigators, and educators, in fields and specialties (including computer sciences) requisite to the conduct of clinical programs respecting heart, blood vessel, lung, and blood diseases and blood resources;

Education.

"(H) public and professional education relating to all aspects of such diseases, including the prevention of such diseases, and the use of blood and blood products and the management of blood resources;

"(I) establishment of programs for study and research into heart, blood vessel, lung, and blood diseases of children (including cystic fibrosis, hyaline membrane, hemolytic diseases such as sickle cell anemia and Cooley's anemia, and hemophilic diseases) and for the development and demonstration of diagnostic, treatment, and preventive approaches to such diseases; and

"(J) establishment of programs for study, research, development, demonstrations and evaluation of emergency medical services for people who become critically ill in connection with heart, blood vessel, lung, or blood diseases.

"(2) The Program shall be coordinated with other national research institutes to the extent that they have responsibilities respecting such diseases and shall give special emphasis to the continued development in the Institute of programs related to the causes of stroke and to effective coordination of such programs with related stroke programs in the National Institute of Neurological and Communicative Disorders and Stroke. The Director of the Institute, with the advice of the advisory council for the Institute, shall revise annually the plan for the Program and shall carry out the Program in accordance with such plan.

"(b) In carrying out the Program, the Director of the Institute, under policies established by the Director of NIH—

"(1) may, after approval of the advisory council for the Institute, obtain (in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, but without regard to the limitation in such section on the period of such service) the services of not more than one hundred experts or consultants who have scientific or professional qualifications;

Real property.

"(2)(A) may, in consultation with the advisory council for the Institute, acquire and construct, improve, repair, operate, alter, renovate, and maintain, heart, blood vessel, lung, and blood disease and blood resource laboratories, research, training, and other facilities, equipment, and such other real or personal property as the Director determines necessary;

Grants.

"(B) may, in consultation with the advisory council for the Institute, make grants for construction or renovation of facilities; and

Public buildings and grounds.
District of Columbia.

"(C) may, in consultation with the advisory council for the Institute, acquire, without regard to the Act of March 3, 1877 (40 U.S.C. 34), by lease or otherwise, through the Administrator of General Services, buildings or parts of buildings in the District of Columbia or communities located adjacent to the District of Columbia for the use of the Institute for a period not to exceed ten years;

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Contracts.
Ante, p. 826.

"(3) subject to section 405(b)(2) and without regard to section 3324 of title 31, United States Code, and section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 5), may enter into such contracts, leases, cooperative agreements, or other transactions, as may be necessary in the conduct of the Director's functions, with any public agency, or with any person, firm, association, corporation, or educational institutions; and

Grants.

"(4) may make grants to public and nonprofit private entities to assist in meeting the cost of the care of patients in hospitals, clinics, and related facilities who are participating in research projects.

Except as otherwise provided, experts and consultants whose services are obtained under paragraph (1) shall be paid or reimbursed, in accordance with title 5, United States Code, for their travel to and from their place of service and for other expenses associated with their assignment. Such expenses shall not be allowed in connection with the assignment of an expert or consultant whose services are obtained under paragraph (1) unless the expert or consultant has agreed in writing to complete the entire period of the assignment or one year of the assignment, whichever is shorter, unless separated or reassigned for reasons which are beyond the control of the expert or consultant and which are acceptable to the Director of the Institute. If the expert or consultant violates the agreement, the money spent by the United States for such expenses is recoverable from the expert or consultant as a debt due the United States. The Secretary may waive in whole or in part a right of recovery under the preceding sentence.

"NATIONAL RESEARCH AND DEMONSTRATION CENTERS FOR HEART, BLOOD VESSEL, LUNG, AND BLOOD DISEASES, SICKLE CELL ANEMIA, AND BLOOD RESOURCES

42 USC 285b-4.

"SEC. 422. (a)(1) The Director of the Institute may provide, in accordance with subsection (c), for the development of—

"(A) ten centers for basic and clinical research into, training in, and demonstration of, advanced diagnostic, prevention, and treatment methods (including methods of providing emergency medical services) for heart and blood vessel diseases;

"(B) ten centers for basic and clinical research into, training in, and demonstration of, advanced diagnostic, prevention, and treatment methods (including methods of providing emergency medical services) for lung diseases (including bronchitis, emphysema, asthma, cystic fibrosis, and other lung diseases of children); and

"(C) ten centers for basic and clinical research into, training in, and demonstration of, advanced diagnostic, prevention, and treatment methods (including methods of providing emergency medical services) for blood diseases and research into blood, in the use of blood products and in the management of blood resources.

"(2) The centers developed under paragraph (1) shall, in addition to being utilized for research, training, and demonstrations, be utilized for the following prevention programs for cardiovascular, pulmonary, and blood diseases:

"(A) Programs to develop improved methods of detecting individuals with a high risk of developing cardiovascular, pulmonary, and blood diseases.

"(B) Programs to develop improved methods of intervention against those factors which cause individuals to have a high risk of developing such diseases.

"(C) Programs to develop health professions and allied health professions personnel highly skilled in the prevention of such diseases.

"(D) Programs to develop improved methods of providing emergency medical services for persons with such diseases.

Education.

"(E) Programs of continuing education for health and allied health professionals in the diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of such diseases and the maintenance of health to reduce the incidence of such diseases and information programs for the public respecting the prevention and early diagnosis and treatment of such diseases and the maintenance of health.

"(3) The research, training, and demonstration activities carried out through any such center may relate to any one or more of the diseases referred to in paragraph (1) of this subsection.

"(b) The Director of the Institute shall provide, in accordance with subsection (c), for the development of ten centers for basic and clinical research into the diagnosis, treatment, and control of sickle cell anemia.

Contracts.
Grants.

"(c)(1) The Director of the Institute may enter into cooperative agreements with and make grants to public or private nonprofit entities to pay all or part of the cost of planning, establishing, or strengthening, and providing basic operating support for centers for basic and clinical research into, training in, and demonstration of the management of blood resources and advanced diagnostic, prevention, and treatment methods for heart, blood vessel, lung, or blood diseases.

"(2) A cooperative agreement or grant under paragraph (1) shall be entered into in accordance with policies established by the Director of NIH and after consultation with the Institute's advisory council.

"(3) Federal payments made under a cooperative agreement or grant under paragraph (1) may be used for—

"(A) construction (notwithstanding any limitation under section 496); *Post*, p. 877.

"(B) staffing and other basic operating costs, including such patient care costs as are required for research;

"(C) training, including training for allied health professionals; and

"(D) demonstration purposes.

As used in this subsection, the term 'construction' does not include the acquisition of land, and the term 'training' does not include research training for which National Research Service Awards may be provided under section 487. *Post*, p. 869.

"(4) Support of a center under paragraph (1) may be for a period of not to exceed five years. Such period may be extended by the Director for additional periods of not more than five years each if the operations of such center have been reviewed by an appropriate technical and scientific peer review group established by the Direc- 99 STAT. 841 tor and if such group has recommended to the Director that such period should be extended.

Interagency Technical Committee on Heart, Blood Vessel, Lung, and Blood Diseases and Blood Resources, etablishment.
42 USC 285b-5.

"INTERAGENCY TECHNICAL COMMITTEE

"SEC. 423. (a) The Secretary shall establish an Interagency Technical Committee on Heart, Blood Vessel, Lung, and Blood Diseases and Blood Resources which shall be responsible for coordinating those aspects of all Federal health programs and activities relating to heart, blood vessel, lung, and blood diseases and blood resources to assure the adequacy and technical soundness of such programs and activities and to provide for the full communication and exchange of information necessary to maintain adequate coordination of such programs and activities.

"(b) The Director of the Institute shall serve as chairman of the Committee and the Committee shall include representation from all Federal departments and agencies whose programs involve health functions or responsibilities relevant to the functions of the Committee, as determined by the Secretary.

"ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR FOR PREVENTION

"SEC. 424. (a) There shall be in the Institute an Associate Director for Prevention to coordinate and promote the programs in the Institute concerning the prevention of heart, blood vessel, lung, and blood diseases. The Associate Director shall be appointed by the Director of the Institute from individuals who because of their professional training or experience are experts in public health or preventive medicine. 42 USC 285b-6

"(b) The Associate Director for Prevention shall prepare for inclusion in the biennial report made under section 407 a description of the prevention activities of the Institute, including a description of the staff and resources allocated to those activities. *Ante*, p. 831.

"Subpart 3—National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases

"PURPOSE OF THE INSTITUTE

42 USC 285c. "SEC. 426. The general purpose of the National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases (hereafter in this subpart referred to as the 'Institute') is the conduct and support of research, training, health information dissemination, and other programs with respect to diabetes mellitus and endocrine and metabolic diseases, digestive diseases and nutritional disorders, and kidney, urologic, and hematologic diseases.

"DATA SYSTEMS AND INFORMATION CLEARINGHOUSES

42 USC 285c-1. "SEC. 427. (a) The Director of the Institute shall (1) establish the National Diabetes Data System for the collection, storage, analysis, retrieval, and dissemination of data derived from patient populations with diabetes, including, where possible, data involving general populations for the purpose of detection of individuals with a risk of developing diabetes, and (2) establish the National Diabetes Information Clearinghouse to facilitate and enhance knowledge and

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understanding of diabetes on the part of health professionals, patients, and the public through the effective dissemination of information.

"(b) The Director of the Institute shall (1) establish the National Digestive Diseases Data System for the collection, storage, analysis, retrieval, and dissemination of data derived from patient populations with digestive diseases, including, where possible, data involving general populations for the purpose of detection of individuals with a risk of developing digestive diseases, and (2) establish the National Digestive Diseases Information Clearinghouse to facilitate and enhance knowledge and understanding of digestive diseases on the part of health professionals, patients, and the public through the effective dissemination of information.

"(c) The Director of the Institute shall (1) establish the National Kidney and Urologic Diseases Data System for the collection, storage, analysis, retrieval, and dissemination of data derived from patient populations with kidney and urologic diseases, including, where possible, data involving general populations for the purpose of detection of individuals with a risk of developing kidney and urologic diseases, and (2) establish the National Kidney and Urologic Diseases Information Clearinghouse to facilitate and enhance knowledge and understanding of kidney and urologic diseases on the part of health professionals, patients, and the public through the effective dissemination of information.

"DIVISION DIRECTORS FOR DIABETES, ENDOCRINOLOGY, AND METABOLIC DISEASES, DIGESTIVE DISEASES AND NUTRITION, AND KIDNEY, UROLOGIC, AND HEMATOLOGIC DISEASES

42 USC 285c-2. "SEC. 428. (a)(1) In the Institute there shall be a Division Director for Diabetes, Endocrinology, and Metabolic Diseases, a Division Director for Digestive Diseases and Nutrition, and a Division Director for Kidney, Urologic, and Hematologic Diseases. Such Division Directors, under the supervision of the Director of the Institute, shall be responsible for—

"(A) developing a coordinated plan (including recommendations for expenditures) for each of the national research institutes within the National Institutes of Health with respect to research and training concerning diabetes, endocrine and metabolic diseases, digestive diseases and nutrition, and kidney, urologic, and hematologic diseases;

"(B) assessing the adequacy of management approaches for the activities within such institutes concerning such diseases and nutrition and developing improved approaches if needed;

"(C) monitoring and reviewing expenditures by such institutes concerning such diseases and nutrition; and

"(D) identifying research opportunities concerning such diseases and nutrition and recommending ways to utilize such opportunities.

"(2) The Director of the Institute shall transmit to the Director of NIH the plans, recommendations, and reviews of the Division Directors under subparagraphs (A) through (D) of paragraph (1) together with such comments and recommendations as the Director of the Institute determines appropriate.

"(b) The Director of the Institute, acting through the the Division Director for Diabetes, Endocrinology, and Metabolic Diseases, the Division Director for Digestive Diseases and Nutrition, and the Division Director for Kidney, Urologic, and Hematologic Diseases, shall—

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"(1) carry out programs of support for research and training (other than training for which National Research Service Awards may be made under section 487) in the diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of diabetes mellitus and endocrine and metabolic diseases, digestive diseases and nutritional disorders, and kidney, urologic, and hematologic diseases, including support for training in medical schools, graduate clinical training, graduate training in epidemiology, epidemiology studies, clinical trials, and interdisciplinary research programs; and

Post, p. 869.

"(2) establish programs of evaluation, planning, and dissemination of knowledge related to such research and training.

"INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COMMITTEES

"Sec. 429. (a) For the purpose of—

42 USC 285c-3.

"(1) better coordination of the research activities of all the national research institutes relating to diabetes mellitus, digestive diseases, and kidney, urologic, and hematologic diseases; and

"(2) coordinating those aspects of all Federal health programs and activities relating to such diseases to assure the adequacy and technical soundness of such programs and activities and to provide for the full communication and exchange of information necessary to maintain adequate coordination of such programs and activities;

the Secretary shall establish a Diabetes Mellitus Interagency Coordinating Committee, a Digestive Diseases Interagency Coordinating Committee, and a Kidney, Urologic, and Hematologic Diseases Coordinating Committee (hereafter in this section individually referred to as a 'Committee').

Diabetes Mellitus Interagency Coordinating Committee, establishment.
Digestive Diseases Interagency Coordinating Committee, establishment.
Kidney, Urologic, and Hematologic Diseases Coordinating Committee, establishment.

"(b) Each Committee shall be composed of the Directors of each of the national research institutes and divisions involved in research with respect to the diseases for which the Committee is established, the Division Director of the Institute for the diseases for which the Committee is established, the Chief Medical Director of the Veterans' Administration, and the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs (or the designees of such officers) and shall include representation from all other Federal departments and agencies whose programs involve health functions or responsibilities relevant to such diseases, as determined by the Secretary. Each Committee shall be chaired by the Director of NIH (or the designee of the Director). Each Committee shall meet at the call of the chairman, but not less often than four times a year.

"(c) Each Committee shall prepare an annual report for—

Report.

"(1) the Secretary;

"(2) the Director of NIH; and

"(3) the Advisory Board established under section 430 for the diseases for which the Committee was established,

Post, p. 844.

detailing the work of the Committee in carrying out paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) in the fiscal year for which the report was prepared. Such report shall be submitted not later than 120 days after the end of each fiscal year.

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"ADVISORY BOARDS

National Diabetes Advisory Board, establishment. National Digestive Disease Advisory Board, establishment. National Kidney and Urologic Diseases Advisory Board, establishment. 42 USC 285c-4.

"SEC. 430. (a) The Secretary shall establish in the Institute the National Diabetes Advisory Board, the National Digestive Diseases Advisory Board, and the National Kidney and Urologic Diseases Advisory Board (hereafter in this section individually referred to as an 'Advisory Board').

"(b) Each Advisory Board shall be composed of eighteen appointed members and nonvoting ex officio members as follows:

"(1) The Secretary shall appoint—

"(A) twelve members from individuals who are scientists, physicians, and other health professionals, who are not officers or employees of the United States, and who represent the specialties and disciplines relevant to the diseases with respect to which the Advisory Board is established; and

"(B) six members from the general public who are knowledgeable with respect to such diseases, including at least one member who is a person who has such a disease and one member who is a parent of a person who has such a disease.

Of the appointed members at least five shall by virtue of training or experience be knowledgeable in the fields of health education, nursing, data systems, public information, and community program development.

"(2)(A) The following shall be ex officio members of each Advisory Board:

"(i) The Assistant Secretary for Health, the Director of NIH, the Director of the National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases, the Director of the Centers for Disease Control, the Chief Medical Director of the Veterans' Administration, the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs, and the Division Director of the National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases for the diseases for which the Board is established (or the designees of such officers).

"(ii) Such other officers and employees of the United States as the Secretary determines necessary for the Advisory Board to carry out its functions.

"(B) In the case of the National Diabetes Advisory Board, the following shall also be ex officio members: The Director of the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute, the Director of the National Eye Institute, the Director of the National Institute of Child Health and Human Development, and the Administrator of the Health Resources and Services Administration (or the designees of such officers).

Government organization and employees.

"(c) Members of an Advisory Board who are officers or employees of the Federal Government shall serve as members of the Advisory Board without compensation in addition to that received in their regular public employment. Other members of the Board shall receive compensation at rates not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate in effect for grade GS-18 of the General Schedule for each day (including traveltime) they are engaged in the performance of their duties as members of the Board.

5 USC 5332.

"(d) The term of office of an appointed member of an Advisory Board is four years, except that no term of office may extend beyond the expiration of the Advisory Board. Any member appointed to fill

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a vacancy for an unexpired term shall be appointed for the remainder of such term. A member may serve after the expiration of the member's term until a successor has taken office. If a vacancy occurs in an Advisory Board, the Secretary shall make an appointment to fill the vacancy not later than 90 days from the date the vacancy occurred.

"(e) The members of each Advisory Board shall select a chairman from among the appointed members.

"(f) The Secretary shall, after consultation with and consideration of the recommendations of an Advisory Board, provide the Advisory Board with an executive director and one other professional staff member. In addition, the Secretary shall, after consultation with and consideration of the recommendations of the Advisory Board, provide the Advisory Board with such additional professional staff members, such clerical staff members, such services of consultants, such information, and (through contracts or other arrangements) such administrative support services and facilities, as the Secretary determines are necessary for the Advisory Board to carry out its functions.

"(g) Each Advisory Board shall meet at the call of the chairman or upon request of the Director of the Institute, but not less often than four times a year.

"(h) The National Diabetes Advisory Board and the National Digestive Diseases Advisory Board shall—

"(1) review and evaluate the implementation of the plan (referred to in section 433) respecting the diseases with respect to which the Advisory Board was established and periodically update the plan to ensure its continuing relevance; *Post*, p. 848.

"(2) for the purpose of assuring the most effective use and organization of resources respecting such diseases, advise and make recommendations to the Congress, the Secretary, the Director of NIH, the Director of the Institute, and the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies for the implementation and revision of such plan; and

"(3) maintain liaison with other advisory bodies related to Federal agencies involved in the implementation of such plan, the coordinating committee for such diseases, and with key non-Federal entities involved in activities affecting the control of such diseases.

"(i) In carrying out its functions, each Advisory Board may establish subcommittees, convene workshops and conferences, and collect data. Such subcommittees may be composed of Advisory Board members and nonmember consultants with expertise in the particular area addressed by such subcommittees. The subcommittees may hold such meetings as are necessary to enable them to carry out their activities.

Report

"(j) Each Advisory Board shall prepare an annual report for the Secretary which—

"(1) describes the Advisory Board's activities in the fiscal year for which the report is made;

"(2) describes and evaluates the progress made in such fiscal year in research, treatment, education, and training with respect to the diseases with respect to which the Advisory Board was established;

"(3) summarizes and analyzes expenditures made by the Federal Government for activities respecting such diseases in such fiscal year; and

"(4) contains the Advisory Board's recommendations (if any) for changes in the plan referred to in section 433. *Post*, p. 848.

Expiration date.

"(k) Each Advisory Board shall expire on September 30, 1988.

"(l) The National Diabetes Advisory Board and the National Digestive Diseases Advisory Board in existence on the date of enactment of the Health Research Extension Act of 1985 shall terminate upon the appointment of a successor Board under subsection (a). The Secretary shall make appointments to the Advisory Boards established under subsection (a) before the expiration of 90 days after such date. The members of the Boards in existence on such date may be appointed, in accordance with subsections (b) and (d), to the Boards established under subsection (a) for diabetes and digestive

Ante, p. 820.

diseases, except that at least one-half of the members of the National Diabetes Advisory Board in existence on the date of enactment of the Health Research Extension Act of 1985 shall be appointed to the National Diabetes Advisory Board first established under subsection (a).

"RESEARCH AND TRAINING CENTERS

42 USC 285c-5.

"SEC. 431. (a)(1) Consistent with applicable recommendations of the National Commission on Diabetes, the Director of the Institute shall provide for the development or substantial expansion of centers for research and training in diabetes mellitus and related endocrine and metabolic diseases. Each center developed or expanded under this subsection shall—

"(A) utilize the facilities of a single institution, or be formed from a consortium of cooperating institutions, meeting such research and training qualifications as may be prescribed by the Secretary; and

"(B) conduct—

"(i) research in the diagnosis and treatment of diabetes mellitus and related endocrine and metabolic diseases and the complications resulting from such diseases;

"(ii) training programs for physicians and allied health personnel in current methods of diagnosis and treatment of such diseases and complications, and in research in diabetes; and

"(iii) information programs for physicians and allied health personnel who provide primary care for patients with such diseases or complications.

Nurses.

"(2) A center may use funds provided under paragraph (1) to provide stipends for nurses and allied health professionals enrolled in research training programs described in paragraph (1)(B)(ii).

"(b) Consistent with applicable recommendations of the National Digestive Diseases Advisory Board, the Director shall provide for the development or substantial expansion of centers for research in digestive diseases and related functional, congenital, metabolic disorders, and normal development of the digestive tract. Each center developed or expanded under this subsection—

"(1) shall utilize the facilities of a single institution, or be formed from a consortium of cooperating institutions, meeting such research qualifications as may be prescribed by the Secretary;

"(2) shall develop and conduct basic and clinical research into the cause, diagnosis, early detection, prevention, control, and treatment of digestive diseases and nutritional disorders and related functional, congenital, or metabolic complications resulting from such diseases or disorders;

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Physicians.

"(3) shall encourage research into and programs for—

"(A) providing information for patients with such diseases and the families of such patients, physicians and others who care for such patients, and the general public;

"(B) model programs for cost effective and preventive patient care; and

"(C) training physicians and scientists in research on such diseases, disorders, and complications; and

"(4) may perform research and participate in epidemiological studies and data collection relevant to digestive diseases and disorders and disseminate such research, studies, and data to the health care profession and to the public.

"(c) The Director shall provide for the development or substantial expansion of centers for research in kidney and urologic diseases. Each center developed or expanded under this subsection—

"(1) shall utilize the facilities of a single institution, or be formed from a consortium of cooperating institutions, meeting such research qualifications as may be prescribed by the Secretary;

"(2) shall develop and conduct basic and clinical research into the cause, diagnosis, early detection, prevention, control, and treatment of kidney and urologic diseases;

"(3) shall encourage research into and programs for— Physicians.

"(A) providing information for patients with such diseases, disorders, and complications and the families of such patients, physicians and others who care for such patients, and the general public;

"(B) model programs for cost effective and preventive patient care; and

"(C) training physicians and scientists in research on such diseases; and

"(4) may perform research and participate in epidemiological studies and data collection relevant to kidney and urologic diseases in order to disseminate such research, studies, and data to the health care profession and to the public.

"(d) Insofar as practicable, centers developed or expanded under this section should be geographically dispersed throughout the United States and in environments with proven research capabilities. Support of a center under this section may be for a period of not to exceed five years and such period may be extended by the Director of the Institute for additional periods of not more than five years each if the operations of such center have been reviewed by an appropriate technical and scientific peer review group established by the Director and if such group has recommended to the Director that such period should be extended.

"ADVISORY COUNCIL SUBCOMMITTEES

42 USC 285c-6.
Ante, p. 828.

"SEC. 432. There are established within the advisory council for the Institute appointed under section 406 a subcommittee on diabetes and endocrine and metabolic diseases, a subcommittee on digestive diseases and nutrition, and a subcommittee on kidney, urologic, and hematologic diseases. The subcommittees shall be composed of members of the advisory council who are outstanding in the diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of the diseases for which the subcommittees are established and members of the advisory council who are leaders in the fields of education and public affairs. The subcommittees are authorized to review applications made to the Director of the Institute for grants for research and training projects relating to the diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of the diseases for which the subcommittees are established and shall recommend to the advisory council those applications and contracts that the subcommittees determine will best carry out the purposes of the Institute. The subcommittees shall also review and evaluate the diabetes and endocrine and metabolic diseases, digestive diseases and nutrition, and kidney, urologic, and hematologic diseases programs of the Institute and recommend to the advisory council such changes in the administration of such programs as the subcommittees determine are necessary.

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Grants.
Contracts.

"BIENNIAL REPORT

42 USC 285c-7.
Ante, p. 831.

"SEC. 433. The Director of the Institute shall prepare for inclusion in the biennial report made under section 407 a description of the Institute's activities—

"(1) under the current diabetes plan under the National Diabetes Mellitus Research and Education Act; and 42 USC 201 note.

"(2) under the current digestive diseases plan formulated under the Arthritis, Diabetes, and Digestive Diseases Amendments of 1976. 42 USC 201 note.

The description submitted by the Director shall include an evaluation of the activities of the centers supported under section 431. *Ante*, p. 846.

"Subpart 4—National Institute of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases

"PURPOSE OF THE INSTITUTE

42 USC 285d. "SEC. 435. The general purpose of the National Institute of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases (hereafter in this subpart referred to as the 'Institute') is the conduct and support of research and training, the dissemination of health information, and other programs with respect to arthritis and musculoskeletal and skin diseases, including sports-related disorders.

"NATIONAL ARTHRITIS AND MUSCULOSKELETAL DISEASES PROGRAM

42 USC 285d-1. "SEC. 436. (a) The Director of the Institute, with the advice of the Institute's advisory council, shall prepare and transmit to the Director of NIH a plan for a national arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases program to expand, intensify, and coordinate the activities of the Institute respecting arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases. The plan shall include such comments and recommendations as the Director of the Institute determines appropriate. The Director of the Institute shall periodically review and revise such plan and shall transmit any revisions of such plan to the Director of NIH.

"(b) Activities under the national arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases program shall be coordinated with the other national research institutes to the extent that such institutes have responsibilities respecting arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases, and shall, at least, provide for—

"(1) investigation into the epidemiology, etiology, and prevention of all forms of arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases, including sports-related disorders, primarily through the support of basic research in such areas as immunology, genetics, biochemistry, microbiology, physiology, bioengineering, and any other scientific discipline which can contribute important knowledge to the treatment and understanding of arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases;

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"(2) research into the development, trial, and evaluation of techniques, drugs, and devices used in the diagnosis, treatment, including medical rehabilitation, and prevention of arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases;

"(3) research on the refinement, development, and evaluation of technological devices that will replace or be a substitute for damaged bone, muscle, and joints and other supporting structures; and

"(4) the establishment of mechanisms to monitor the causes of athletic injuries and identify ways of preventing such injuries on scholastic athletic fields.

"(c) The Director of the Institute shall carry out the national arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases program in accordance with the plan prepared under subsection (a) and any revisions of such plan made under such subsection.

"RESEARCH AND TRAINING

42 USC 285d-2. "SEC. 437. The Director of the Institute shall—

"(1) carry out programs of support for research and training (other than training for which National Research Service Awards may be made under section 487) in the diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of arthritis and musculoskeletal and skin diseases, including support for training in medical schools, graduate clinical training, graduate training in epidemiology, epidemiology studies, clinical trials, and interdisciplinary research programs; and *Post*, p. 869.

"(2) establish programs of evaluation, planning, and dissemination of knowledge related to such research and training.

"DATA SYSTEM AND INFORMATION CLEARINGHOUSE

"SEC. 438. (a) The Director of the Institute shall establish the National Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases Data System for the collection, storage, analysis, retrieval, and dissemination of data derived from patient populations with arthritis and musculoskeletal and skin diseases, including where possible, data involving general populations for the purpose of detection of individuals with a risk of developing arthritis and musculoskeletal and skin diseases. 42 USC 285d-3.

"(b) The Director of the Institute shall establish the National Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases Information Clearinghouse to facilitate and enhance, through the effective dissemination of information, knowledge and understanding of arthritis and musculoskeletal and skin diseases by health professionals, patients, and the public.

"INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COMMITTEES

"SEC. 439. (a) For the purpose of— 42 USC 285d-4.

"(1) better coordination of the research activities of all the national research institutes relating to arthritis, musculoskeletal diseases, and skin diseases, including sports-related disorders; and

"(2) coordinating the aspects of all Federal health programs and activities relating to arthritis, musculoskeletal diseases, and skin diseases in order to assure the adequacy and technical soundness of such programs and activities and in order to provide for the full communication and exchange of information necessary to maintain adequate coordination of such programs and activities,

the Secretary shall establish an Arthritis and Musculoskeletal Diseases Interagency Coordinating Committee and a Skin Diseases Interagency Coordinating Committee (hereafter in this section individually referred to as a 'Committee').

Arthritis and Musculoskeletal Diseases Interagency Coordinating Committee, establishment. Skin Diseases Interagency Coordinating Committee, establishment.

"(b) Each Committee shall be composed of the Directors of each of the national research institutes and divisions involved in research regarding the diseases with respect to which the Committee is established, the Chief Medical Director of the Veterans' Administration, and the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs (or the designees of such officers), and representatives of all other Federal departments and agencies (as determined by the Secretary) whose programs involve health functions or responsibilities relevant to arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases or skin diseases, as the case may be. Each Committee shall be chaired by the Director of NIH (or the designee of the Director). Each Committee shall meet at the call of the chairman, but not less often than four times a year.

"(c) Not later than 120 days after the end of each fiscal year, each Committee shall prepare and transmit to the Secretary, the Director of NIH, the Director of the Institute, and the advisory council for the Institute a report detailing the activities of the Committee in such fiscal year in carrying out paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a). Report.

"ARTHRITIS AND MUSCULOSKELETAL DISEASES DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS

"SEC. 440. (a) The Director of the Institute may make grants to public and private nonprofit entities to establish and support projects for the development and demonstration of methods for screening, detection, and referral for treatment of arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases and for the dissemination of information on such methods to the health and allied health professions. Activities under such projects shall be coordinated with Federal, State, local, and regional health agencies, centers assisted under section 441, and the data system established under subsection (c). Grants. 42 USC 285d-5. *Post*, p. 851.

"(b) Projects supported under this section shall include—

"(1) programs which emphasize the development and demonstration of new and improved methods of screening and early detection, referral for treatment, and diagnosis of individuals with a risk of developing arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases;

"(2) programs which emphasize the development and demonstration of new and improved methods for patient referral from local hospitals and physicians to appropriate centers for early diagnosis and treatment;

"(3) programs which emphasize the development and demonstration of new and improved means of standardizing patient data and recordkeeping;

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"(4) programs which emphasize the development and demonstration of new and improved methods of dissemination of knowledge about the programs, methods, and means referred to in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of this subsection to health and allied health professionals;

Public information.

"(5) programs which emphasize the development and demonstration of new and improved methods for the dissemination to the general public of information—

"(A) on the importance of early detection of arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases, of seeking prompt treatment, and of following an appropriate regimen; and

"(B) to discourage the promotion and use of unapproved and ineffective diagnostic, preventive treatment, and control methods for arthritis and unapproved and ineffective drugs and devices for arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases; and

"(6) projects for investigation into the epidemiology of all forms and aspects of arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases, including investigations into the social, environmental, behavioral, nutritional, and genetic determinants and influences involved in the epidemiology of arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases.

"(c) The Director shall provide for the standardization of patient data and recordkeeping for the collection, storage, analysis, retrieval, and dissemination of such data in cooperation with projects assisted under this section, centers assisted under section 441, and other persons engaged in arthritis and musculoskeletal disease programs.

Infra.

"MULTIPURPOSE ARTHRITIS AND MUSCULOSKELETAL DISEASES CENTERS

42 USC 285d-6.

"SEC. 441. (a) The Director of the Institute shall, after consultation with the advisory council for the Institute, provide for the development, modernization, and operation (including staffing and other operating costs such as the costs of patient care required for research) of new and existing centers for arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases. For purposes of this section, the term 'modernization' means the alteration, remodeling, improvement, expansion, and repair of existing buildings and the provision of equipment for such buildings to the extent necessary to make them suitable for use as centers described in the preceding sentence.

"(b) Each center assisted under this section shall—

"(1)(A) use the facilities of a single institution or a consortium of cooperating institutions, and (B) meet such qualifications as may be prescribed by the Secretary; and

"(2) conduct—

"(A) basic and clinical research into the cause, diagnosis, early detection, prevention, control, and treatment of arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases and complications resulting from arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases, including research into implantable biomaterials and biomechanical and other orthopedic procedures;

Physicians.

"(B) training programs for physicians, scientists, and other health and allied health professionals;

Education.
Physicians.

"(C) information and continuing education programs for physicians and other health and allied health professionals who provide care for patients with arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases; and

"(D) programs for the dissemination to the general public of information—

Public information.

"(i) on the importance of early detection of arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases, of seeking prompt treatment, and of following an appropriate regimen; and

Drugs and drug abuse.

"(ii) to discourage the promotion and use of unapproved and ineffective diagnostic, preventive, treatment, and control methods and unapproved and ineffective drugs and devices.

A center may use funds provided under subsection (a) to provide stipends for health professionals enrolled in training programs described in paragraph (2)(B).

"(c) Each center assisted under this section may conduct programs to—

"(1) establish the effectiveness of new and improved methods of detection, referral, and diagnosis of individuals with a risk of developing arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases;

"(2) disseminate the results of research, screening, and other activities, and develop means of standardizing patient data and recordkeeping; and

"(3) develop community consultative services to facilitate the referral of patients to centers for treatment.

Children and youth.

"(d) The Director of the Institute shall, insofar as practicable, provide for an equitable geographical distribution of centers assisted under this section. The Director shall give appropriate consideration to the need for centers especially suited to meeting the needs of children affected by arthritis and musculoskeletal diseases.

"(e) Support of a center under this section may be for a period of not to exceed five years. Such period may be extended by the Director of the Institute for one or more additional periods of not more than five years if the operations of such center have been reviewed by an appropriate technical and scientific peer review group established by the Director and if such group has recommended to the Director that such period should be extended.

"ADVISORY BOARD

National Arthritis Advisory Board, establishment.
42 USC 285d-7.

"SEC. 442. (a) The Secretary shall establish in the Institute the National Arthritis Advisory Board (hereafter in this section referred to as the 'Advisory Board').

"(b) The Advisory Board shall be composed of eighteen appointed members and nonvoting, ex officio members, as follows:

"(1) The Secretary shall appoint—

"(A) twelve members from individuals who are scientists, physicians, and other health professionals, who are not officers or employees of the United States, and who represent the specialties and disciplines relevant to arthritis, musculoskeletal diseases, and skin diseases; and

"(B) six members from the general public who are knowledgeable with respect to such diseases, including at least one member who is a person who has such a disease and one member who is a parent of a person who has such a disease.

Of the appointed members at least five shall by virtue of training or experience be knowledgeable in health education, nursing, data systems, public information, or community program development.

"(2) The following shall be ex officio members of the Advisory Board:

"(A) the Assistant Secretary for Health, the Director of NIH, the Director of the National Institute of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases, the Director of the Centers for Disease Control, the Chief Medical Director of the Veterans' Administration, and the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs (or the designees of such officers), and

"(B) such other officers and employees of the United States as the Secretary determines necessary for the Advisory Board to carry out its functions.

Government organization and employees.

"(c) Members of the Advisory Board who are officers or employees of the Federal Government shall serve as members of the Advisory Board without compensation in addition to that received in their regular public employment. Other members of the Advisory Board shall receive compensation at rates not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate in effect for grade GS-18 of the General Schedule for each day (including traveltime) they are engaged in the performance of their duties as members of the Advisory Board.

5 USC 5332.

"(d) The term of office of an appointed member of the Advisory Board is four years. Any member appointed to fill a vacancy for an unexpired term shall be appointed for the remainder of such term. A member may serve after the expiration of the member's term until a successor has taken office. If a vacancy occurs in the Advisory Board, the Secretary shall make an appointment to fill the vacancy not later than 90 days after the date the vacancy occurred.

"(e) The members of the Advisory Board shall select a chairman from among the appointed members.

"(f) The Secretary shall, after consultation with and consideration of the recommendations of the Advisory Board, provide the Advisory Board with an executive director and one other professional staff member. In addition, the Secretary shall, after consultation with and consideration of the recommendations of the Advisory Board, provide the Advisory Board with such additional professional staff members, such clerical staff members, and (through contracts or other arrangements) with such administrative support services and facilities, such information, and such services of consultants, as the Secretary determines are necessary for the Advisory Board to carry out its functions.

"(g) The Advisory Board shall meet at the call of the chairman or upon request of the Director of the Institute, but not less often than four times a year.

"(h) The Advisory Board shall—

"(1) review and evaluate the implementation of the plan prepared under section 436(a) and periodically update the plan to ensure its continuing relevance;

Ante, p. 848.

"(2) for the purpose of assuring the most effective use and organization of resources respecting arthritis, musculoskeletal diseases and skin diseases, advise and make recommendations to the Congress, the Secretary, the Director of NIH, the Director of the Institute, and the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies for the implementation and revision of such plan; and

"(3) maintain liaison with other advisory bodies for Federal agencies involved in the implementation of such plan, the interagency coordinating committees for such diseases established under section 439, and with key non-Federal entities involved in activities affecting the control of such diseases.

Ante, p. 849.

"(i) In carrying out its functions, the Advisory Board may establish subcommittees, convene workshops and conferences, and collect data. Such subcommittees may be composed of Advisory Board members and nonmember consultants with expertise in the particular area addressed by such subcommittees. The subcommittees may hold such meetings as are necessary to enable them to carry out their activities.

Report.

"(j) The Advisory Board shall prepare an annual report for the Secretary which—

"(1) describes the Advisory Board's activities in the fiscal year for which the report is made;

Education.

"(2) describes and evaluates the progress made in such fiscal year in research, treatment, education, and training with respect to arthritis, musculoskeletal diseases, and skin diseases;

"(3) summarizes and analyzes expenditures made by the Federal Government for activities respecting such diseases in such fiscal year for which the report is made; and

"(4) contains the Advisory Board's recommendations (if any) for changes in the plan prepared under section 436(a).

Ante, p. 848.

"(k) The National Arthritis Advisory Board in existence on the date of enactment of the Health Research Extension Act of 1985 shall terminate upon the appointment of a successor Board under subsection (a). The Secretary shall make appointments to the Advisory Board established under subsection (a) before the expiration of 90 days after such date. The member of the Board in existence on such date may be appointed, in accordance with subsections (b) and (d), to the Advisory Board established under subsection (a).

Ante, p. 820.

"Subpart 5—National Institute on Aging

"PURPOSE OF THE INSTITUTE

42 USC 285e.

"SEC. 443. The general purpose of the National Institute on Aging (hereafter in this subpart referred to as the 'Institute') is the conduct and support of biomedical, social, and behavioral research, training, health information dissemination, and other programs with respect to the aging process and the diseases and other special problems and needs of the aged.

"SPECIAL FUNCTIONS

Education.
42 USC 285e-1.

"SEC. 444. (a) In carrying out the training responsibilities under this Act or any other Act for health and allied health professions personnel, the Secretary shall take appropriate steps to insure the education and training of adequate numbers of allied health, nursing, and paramedical personnel in the field of health care for the aged.

"(b) The Director of the Institute shall conduct scientific studies to measure the impact on the biological, medical, social, and psychological aspects of aging of programs and activities assisted or conducted by the Department of Health and Human Services.

Public information.

"(c) The Director of the Institute shall carry out public information and education programs designed to disseminate as widely as possible the findings of research sponsored by the Institute, other relevant aging research and studies, and other information about the process of aging which may assist elderly and near-elderly persons in dealing with, and all Americans in understanding, the problems and processes associated with growing older.

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Grants.

"(d) The Director of the Institute shall make grants to public and private nonprofit institutions to conduct research relating to Alzheimer's Disease.

"ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE CENTERS

Contracts.
Grants.
42 USC 285e-2.

"SEC. 445. (a)(1) The Director of the Institute may enter into cooperative agreements with and make grants to public or private nonprofit entities to pay all or part of the cost of planning, establishing, or strengthening, and providing basic operating support for centers for basic and clinical research into, training in, and demonstration of advanced diagnostic, prevention, and treatment methods for Alzheimer's Disease.

"(2) A cooperative agreement or grant under paragraph (1) shall be entered into in accordance with policies established by the Director of NIH and after consultation with the Institute's advisory council.

"(b) Federal payments made under a cooperative agreement or grant under subsection (a) may be used for—

"(1) construction (notwithstanding any limitation under section 496); *Post*, p. 877.

"(2) staffing and other basic operating costs, including such patient care costs as are required for research;

"(3) training, including training for allied health professionals; and

"(4) demonstration purposes.

As used in this subsection, the term 'construction' does not include the acquisition of land, and the term 'training' does not include research training for which National Research Service Awards may be provided under section 487. *Post*, p. 869.

"(c) Support of a center under subsection (a) may be for a period of not to exceed five years. Such period may be extended by the Director for additional periods of not more than five years each if the operations of such center have been reviewed by an appropriate technical and scientific peer review group established by the Director and if such group has recommended to the Director that such period should be extended.

"Subpart 6—National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases

"PURPOSE OF THE INSTITUTE

42 USC 285f. "SEC. 446. The general purpose of the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases is the conduct and support of research, training, health information dissemination, and other programs with respect to allergic and immunologic diseases and disorders and infectious diseases.

"Subpart 7—National Institute of Child Health and Human Development

"PURPOSE OF THE INSTITUTE

42 USC 285g. "SEC. 448. The general purpose of the National Institute of Child Health and Human Development (hereafter in this subpart referred to as the 'Institute') is the conduct and support of research, training, health information dissemination, and other programs with respect to maternal health, child health, mental retardation, human growth and development, including prenatal development, population research, and special health problems and requirements of mothers and children.

"SUDDEN INFANT DEATH SYNDROME

42 USC 285g-1. "SEC. 449. The Director of the Institute shall conduct and support research which specifically relates to sudden infant death syndrome.

"MENTAL RETARDATION RESEARCH

42 USC 285g-2. "SEC. 450. The Director of the Institute shall conduct and support research and related activities into the causes, prevention, and treatment of mental retardation.

"ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR FOR PREVENTION

42 USC 285g-3. "SEC. 451. (a) There shall be in the Institute an Associate Director for Prevention to coordinate and promote the programs in the Institute concerning the prevention of health problems of mothers and children. The Associate Director shall be appointed by the Director of the Institute from individuals who because of their professional training or experience are experts in public health or preventive medicine.

"(b) The Associate Director for Prevention shall prepare for inclusion in the biennial report made under section 407 a description of the prevention activities of the Institute, including a description of the staff and resources allocated to those activities. *Ante*, p. 831.

"Subpart 8—National Institute of Dental Research

"PURPOSE OF THE INSTITUTE

"SEC. 453. The general purpose of the National Institute of Dental Research is the conduct and support of research, training, health information dissemination, and other programs with respect to the cause, prevention, and methods of diagnosis and treatment of dental and oral diseases and conditions. 42 USC 285h.

"Subpart 9—National Eye Institute

"PURPOSE OF THE INSTITUTE

"SEC. 455. The general purpose of the National Eye Institute (hereafter in this subpart referred to as the 'Institute') is the conduct and support of research, training, health information dissemination, and other programs with respect to blinding eye diseases, visual disorders, mechanisms of visual function, preservation of sight, and the special health problems and requirements of the blind. The Director of the Institute may carry out a program of grants for public and private nonprofit vision research facilities. Blind persons. 42 USC 285i. 99 STAT. 857 Grants.

"Subpart 10—National Institute of Neurological and Communicative Disorders and Stroke

"PURPOSE OF THE INSTITUTE

"SEC. 457. The general purpose of the National Institute of Neurological and Communicative Disorders and Stroke (hereafter in this subpart referred to as the 'Institute') is the conduct and support of research, training, health information dissemination, and other programs with respect to neurological disease and disorder, stroke, and disorders of human communication. 42 USC 285j.

"SPINAL CORD REGENERATION RESEARCH

"SEC. 458. The Director of the Institute shall conduct and support research into spinal cord regeneration. 42 USC 285j-1.

"BIOENGINEERING RESEARCH

"SEC. 459. The Director of the Institute shall make grants or enter into contracts for research on the means to overcome paralysis of the extremities through electrical stimulation and the use of computers. Grants. Contracts. 42 USC 285j-2.

"Subpart 11—National Institute of General Medical Sciences

"PURPOSE OF THE INSTITUTE

"SEC. 461. The general purpose of the National Institute of General Medical Sciences is the conduct and support of research, training, and, as appropriate, health information dissemination, and other programs with respect to general or basic medical sciences and related natural or behavioral sciences which have significance for two or more other national research institutes or are outside the general area of responsibility of any other national research institute. 42 USC 285k.

"Subpart 12—National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences

"PURPOSE OF THE INSTITUTE

"SEC. 463. The general purpose of the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences is the conduct and support of research, training, health information dissemination, and other pro- 42 USC 285l.

grams with respect to factors in the environment that affect human health, directly or indirectly.

"PART D—NATIONAL LIBRARY OF MEDICINE

"Subpart 1—General Provisions

"PURPOSE, ESTABLISHMENT, AND FUNCTIONS OF THE NATIONAL LIBRARY OF MEDICINE

42 USC 286.

"SEC. 465. (a) In order to assist the advancement of medical and related sciences and to aid the dissemination and exchange of scientific and other information important to the progress of medicine and to the public health, there is established the National Library of Medicine (hereafter in this part referred to as the 'Library').

"(b) The Secretary, through the Library and subject to subsection (d), shall—

"(1) acquire and preserve books, periodicals, prints, films, recordings, and other library materials pertinent to medicine;

"(2) organize the materials specified in paragraph (1) by appropriate cataloging, indexing, and bibliographical listings;

"(3) publish and disseminate the catalogs, indexes, and bibliographies referred to in paragraph (2);

"(4) make available, through loans, photographic or other copying procedures, or otherwise, such materials in the Library as the Secretary determines appropriate;

"(5) provide reference and research assistance; and

"(6) engage in such other activities as the Secretary determines appropriate and as the Library's resources permit.

"(c) The Secretary may exchange, destroy, or otherwise dispose of any books, periodicals, films, and other library materials not needed for the permanent use of the Library.

"(d)(1) The Secretary may, after obtaining the advice and recommendations of the Board of Regents, prescribe rules under which the Library will—

"(A) provide copies of its publications or materials,

"(B) will make available its facilities for research, or

"(C) will make available its bibliographic, reference, or other services,

to public and private entities and individuals.

"(2) Rules prescribed under paragraph (1) may provide for making available such publications, materials, facilities, or services—

"(A) without charge as a public service,

"(B) upon a loan, exchange, or charge basis, or

"(C) in appropriate circumstances, under contract arrangements made with a public or other nonprofit entity.

"(e) Whenever the Secretary, with the advice of the Board of Regents, determines that—

"(1) in any geographic area of the United States there is no regional medical library adequate to serve such area;

"(2) under criteria prescribed for the administration of section 475, there is a need for a regional medical library to serve such area; and

Post, p. 862.

"(3) because there is no medical library located in such area which, with financial assistance under section 475, can feasibly be developed into a regional medical library adequate to serve such area,

the Secretary may establish, as a branch of the Library, a regional medical library to serve the needs of such area.

Gifts and property.
42 USC 300aa.

"(f) Section 2101 shall be applicable to the acceptance and administration of gifts made for the benefit of the Library or for carrying out any of its functions, and the Board of Regents shall make recommendations to the Secretary relating to establishment within the Library of suitable memorials to the donors.

"(g) For purposes of this part, the terms 'medicine' and 'medical', except when used in section 466, include preventive and therapeutic medicine, dentistry, pharmacy, hospitalization, nursing, public health, and the fundamental sciences related thereto, and other related fields of study, research, or activity.

Post, p. 859.

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"BOARD OF REGENTS

"SEC. 466. (a)(1)(A) The Board of Regents of the National Library of Medicine consists of ex officio members and ten members appointed by the Secretary.

42 USC 286a.

"(B) The ex officio members are the Surgeons General of the Public Health Service, the Army, the Navy, and the Air Force, the Chief Medical Director of the Veterans' Administration, the Dean of the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences, the Assistant Director for Biological, Behavioral, and Social Sciences of the National Science Foundation, the Director of the National Agricultural Library, and the Librarian of Congress (or their designees).

"(C) The appointed members shall be selected from among leaders in the various fields of the fundamental sciences, medicine, dentistry, public health, hospital administration, pharmacology, health communications technology, or scientific or medical library work, or in public affairs. At least six of the appointed members shall be selected from among leaders in the fields of medical, dental, or public health research or education.

"(2) The Board shall annually elect one of the appointed members to serve as chairman until the next election. The Secretary shall designate a member of the Library staff to act as executive secretary of the Board.

"(b) The Board shall advise, consult with, and make recommendations to the Secretary on matters of policy in regard to the Library, including such matters as the acquisition of materials for the Library, the scope, content, and organization of the Library's services, and the rules under which its materials, publications, facilities, and services shall be made available to various kinds of users. The Secretary shall include in the annual report of the Secretary to the Congress a statement covering the recommendations made by the Board and the disposition thereof. The Secretary may use the services of any member of the Board in connection with matters related to the work of the Library, for such periods, in addition to conference periods, as the Secretary may determine.

"(c) Each appointed member of the Board shall hold office for a term of four years, except that any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which the predecessor of such member was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of such term. None of the appointed members shall be eligible for reappointment within one year after the end of the preceding term of such member.

Prohibition.

"LIBRARY FACILITIES

"SEC. 467. There are authorized to be appropriated amounts sufficient for the erection and equipment of suitable and adequate buildings and facilities for use of the Library. The Administrator of General Services may acquire, by purchase, condemnation, donation, or otherwise, a suitable site or sites, selected by the Secretary in accordance with the direction of the Board, for such buildings and facilities and to erect thereon, furnish, and equip such buildings and facilities. The amounts authorized to be appropriated by this section include the cost of preparation of drawings and specifications, supervision of construction, and other administrative expenses incident to the work. The Administrator of General Services shall prepare the plans and specifications, make all necessary contracts, and supervise construction.

Public buildings and grounds.
42 USC 286a-1.

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Contracts.

"Subpart 2—Financial Assistance

"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

Grants. Contracts. 42 USC 286b. *Infra; Post,* pp. 861-863.

"SEC. 469. For the purpose of grants and contracts under sections 472, 473, 474, 475, and 476, there are authorized to be appropriated $12,000,000 for fiscal year 1986, $13,000,000 for fiscal year 1987, and $14,000,000 for fiscal year 1988. Funds appropriated under this section shall remain available for such purposes until the end of the fiscal year immediately following the fiscal year for which they were appropriated.

"DEFINITIONS

42 USC 286b-1.

"SEC. 470. As used in this subpart—

"(1) the term 'medical library' means a library related to the sciences related to health; and

"(2) the term 'sciences related to health' includes medicine, osteopathy, dentistry, and public health, and fundamental and applied sciences when related thereto.

"NATIONAL MEDICAL LIBRARIES ASSISTANCE ADVISORY BOARD

42 USC 286b-2.

"SEC. 471. (a) The Board of Regents of the National Library of Medicine shall also serve as the National Medical Libraries Assistance Advisory Board (hereafter in this subpart referred to as the 'Board').

Regulations.

"(b) The Board shall advise and assist the Secretary in the preparation of general regulations and with respect to policy matters arising in the administration of this subpart.

"(c) The Secretary may use the services of any member of the Board, in connection with matters related to the administration of this part for such periods, in addition to conference periods, as the Secretary may determine.

"(d) Appointed members of the Board who are not otherwise in the employ of the United States, while attending conferences of the Board or otherwise serving at the request of the Secretary in connection with the administration of this subpart, shall be entitled to receive compensation, per diem in lieu of subsistence, and travel expenses in the same manner and under the same conditions as that prescribed under section 208(c) when attending conferences, traveling, or serving at the request of the Secretary in connection with the Board's function under this section.

42 USC 210.

"GRANTS FOR TRAINING IN MEDICAL LIBRARY SCIENCES

42 USC 286b-3.

"SEC. 472. The Secretary shall make grants—

"(1) to individuals to enable them to accept traineeships and fellowships leading to postbaccalaureate academic degrees in the field of medical library science, in related fields pertaining to sciences related to health, or in the field of the communication of information;

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"(2) to individuals who are librarians or specialists in information on sciences relating to health, to enable them to undergo intensive training or retraining so as to attain greater competence in their occupations (including competence in the fields of automatic data processing and retrieval);

"(3) to assist appropriate public and private nonprofit institutions in developing, expanding, and improving training programs in library science and the field of communications of information pertaining to sciences relating to health; and

"(4) to assist in the establishment of internship programs in established medical libraries meeting standards which the Secretary shall prescribe.

"ASSISTANCE FOR SPECIAL SCIENTIFIC PROJECTS, AND FOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT IN MEDICAL LIBRARY SCIENCE AND RELATED FIELDS

"SEC. 473. (a) The Secretary shall make grants to physicians and other practitioners in the sciences related to health, to scientists, and to public or nonprofit private institutions on behalf of such physicians, other practitioners, and scientists for the compilation of existing, or the writing of original, contributions relating to scientific, social, or cultural advancements in sciences related to health. In making such grants, the Secretary shall make appropriate arrangements under which the facilities of the Library and the facilities of libraries of public and private nonprofit institutions of higher learning may be made available in connection with the projects for which such grants are made.

Grants.
Physicians.
42 USC 286b-4.

"(b) The Secretary shall make grants to appropriate public or private nonprofit institutions and enter into contracts with appropriate persons, for purposes of carrying out projects of research, investigations, and demonstrations in the field of medical library science and related activities and for the development of new techniques, systems, and equipment, for processing, storing, retrieving, and distributing information pertaining to sciences related to health.

Contracts.

"GRANTS FOR ESTABLISHING, EXPANDING, AND IMPROVING THE BASIC RESOURCES OF MEDICAL LIBRARIES AND RELATED INSTRUMENTALITIES

"SEC. 474. (a) The Secretary shall make grants of money, materials, or both, to public or private nonprofit medical libraries and related scientific communication instrumentalities for the purpose of establishing, expanding, and improving their basic medical library or related resources. A grant under this subsection may be used for—

42 USC 286b-5.

"(1) the acquisition of books, journals, photographs, motion picture and other films, and other similar materials;

"(2) cataloging, binding, and other services and procedures for processing library resource materials for use by those who are served by the library or related instrumentality;

"(3) the acquisition of duplication devices, facsimile equipment, film projectors, recording equipment, and other equipment to facilitate the use of the resources of the library or related instrumentality by those who are served by it; and

"(4) the introduction of new technologies in medical librarianship.

99 STAT. 862

"(b)(1) The amount of any grant under this section to any medical library or related instrumentality shall be determined by the Secretary on the basis of the scope of library or related services provided by such library or instrumentality in relation to the population and purposes served by it. In making a determination of the scope of services served by any medical library or related instrumentality, the Secretary shall take into account—

"(A) the number of graduate and undergraduate students making use of the resources of such library or instrumentality;

Students.

"(B) the number of physicians and other practitioners in the sciences related to health utilizing the resources of such library or instrumentality;

Physicians.

"(C) the type of supportive staffs, if any, available to such library or instrumentality;

"(D) the type, size, and qualifications of the faculty of any school with which such library or instrumentality is affiliated;

"(E) the staff of any hospital or hospitals or of any clinic or clinics with which such library or instrumentality is affiliated; and

Hospitals.

"(F) the geographic area served by such library or instrumentality and the availability within such area of medical library or related services provided by other libraries or related instrumentalities.

"(2) Grants to such medical libraries or related instrumentalities under this section shall be in such amounts as the Secretary may by regulation prescribe with a view to assuring adequate continuing financial support for such libraries or instrumentalities from other sources during and after the period for which grants are provided, except that in no case shall any grant under this section to a medical library or related instrumentality for any fiscal year exceed $500,000.

"GRANTS AND CONTRACTS FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF REGIONAL MEDICAL LIBRARIES

42 USC 286b-6.

"SEC. 475. (a) The Secretary, with the advice of the Board, shall make grants to and enter into contracts with existing public or private nonprofit medical libraries so as to enable each of them to serve as the regional medical library for the geographical area in which it is located.

"(b) The uses for which grants and contracts under this section may be employed include the—

"(1) acquisition of books, journals, and other similar materials;

"(2) cataloging, binding, and other procedures for processing library resource materials for use by those who are served by the library;

"(3) acquisition of duplicating devices and other equipment to facilitate the use of the resources of the library by those who are served by it;

"(4) acquisition of mechanisms and employment of personnel for the speedy transmission of materials from the regional library to local libraries in the geographic area served by the regional library; and

"(5) planning for services and activities under this section.

"(c)(1) Grants and contracts under this section shall only be made to or entered into with medical libraries which agree—

99 STAT. 863

"(A) to modify and increase their library resources, and to supplement the resources of cooperating libraries in the region, so as to be able to provide adequate supportive services to all libraries in the region as well as to individual users of library services; and

"(B) to provide free loan services to qualified users and make available photoduplicated or facsimile copies of biomedical materials which qualified requesters may retain.

"(2) The Secretary, in awarding grants and contracts under this section, shall give priority to medical libraries having the greatest potential of fulfilling the needs for regional medical libraries. In determining the priority to be assigned to any medical library, the Secretary shall consider—

"(A) the adequacy of the library (in terms of collections, personnel, equipment, and other facilities) as a basis for a regional medical library; and

"(B) the size and nature of the population to be served in the region in which the library is located.

"(d) Grants and contracts under this section for basic resource materials to a library may not exceed—

"(1) 50 percent of the library's annual operating expense (exclusive of Federal financial assistance under this part) for the preceding year; or

"(2) in case of the first year in which the library receives a grant under this section for basic resource materials, 50 percent of its average annual operating expenses over the past three years (or if it had been in operation for less than three years, its annual operating expenses determined by the Secretary in accordance with regulations).

"FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF BIOMEDICAL SCIENTIFIC PUBLICATIONS

Grants.
Contracts.
Education.
42 USC 286b-7.

"SEC. 476. (a) The Secretary, with the advice of the Board, shall make grants to, and enter into appropriate contracts with, public or private nonprofit institutions of higher education and individual scientists for the purpose of supporting biomedical scientific publications of a nonprofit nature and to procure the compilation, writing, editing, and publication of reviews, abstracts, indices, handbooks, bibliographies, and related matter pertaining to scientific works and scientific developments.

"(b) Grants under subsection (a) in support of any single periodical publication may not be made for more than three years, except in those cases in which the Secretary determines that further support is necessary to carry out the purposes of subsection (a).

"GRANT PAYMENTS, RECORDS, AND AUDIT

Regulations.
42 USC 286b-8.
Ante,
pp. 860-862;
Supra.

"SEC. 477. (a) Payments under grants made under sections 472, 473, 474, 475, and 476 may be made in advance or by way of reimbursement and in such installments as the Secretary shall prescribe by regulation after consultation with the Board.

"(b)(1) Each recipient of a grant under this subpart shall keep such records as the Secretary shall prescribe, including records which fully disclose the amount and disposition by such recipient of the proceeds of such grant, the total cost of the project or undertaking in connection with which such grant is given or used, and the amount of that portion of the cost of the project or undertaking supplied by other sources, and such other records as will facilitate an effective audit.

99 STAT. 864

"(2) The Secretary and the Comptroller General of the United States, or any of their duly authorized representatives, shall have access for the purpose of audit and examination to any books, documents, papers, and records of such recipients that are pertinent to any grant received under this subpart.

"PART E—OTHER AGENCIES OF NIH

"Subpart 1—Division of Research Resources

"GENERAL PURPOSE

"SEC. 479. The general purpose of the Division of Research Resources is to strengthen and enhance the research environments of entities engaged in health-related research by developing and supporting essential research resources.

42 USC 287.

"ADVISORY COUNCIL

"SEC. 480. (a)(1) The Secretary shall appoint an advisory council for the Division of Research Resources which shall advise, assist, consult with, and make recommendations to the Secretary and the Director of the Division on matters related to the activities carried out by and through the Division and the policies respecting such activities.

42 USC 287a.

Gifts and
property.
42 USC 300aa.

"(2) The advisory council for the Division of Research Resources may recommend to the Secretary acceptance, in accordance with section 2101, of conditional gifts for study, investigations, and research and for the acquisition of grounds or construction, equipping, or maintenance of facilities for the Division.

Grants.
Contracts.

"(3) The advisory council for the Division—

"(A)(i) may make recommendations to the Director of the Division respecting research conducted at the Division,

"(ii) may review applications for grants and cooperative agreements for research or training and recommend for approval applications for projects which show promise of making valuable contributions to human knowledge, and

"(iii) may review any grant, contract, or cooperative agreement proposed to be made or entered into by the Division;

Public information.

"(B) may collect, by correspondence or by personal investigation, information as to studies which are being carried on in the United States or any other country as to the diseases, disorders, or other aspects of human health with respect to which the Division is concerned and with the approval of the Director of the Division make available such information through appropriate publications for the benefit of public and private health entities and health professions personnel and scientists and for the information of the general public; and

"(C) may appoint subcommittees and convene workshops and conferences.

"(b)(1) The advisory council shall consist of ex officio members and

not more than eighteen members appointed by the Secretary.

"(2) The ex officio members of the advisory council shall consist of—

"(A) the Secretary, the Director of NIH, the Director of the Division of Research Resources, the Chief Medical Director of the Veterans' Administration, and the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs (or the designees of such officers), and

"(B) such additional officers or employees of the United States as the Secretary determines necessary for the advisory council to effectively carry out its functions.

"(3) The members of the advisory council who are not ex officio members shall be appointed as follows:

"(A) Two-thirds of the members shall be appointed by the Secretary from among the leading representatives of the health and scientific disciplines (including public health and the behavioral or social sciences) relevant to the activities of the Division.

"(B) One-third of the members shall be appointed by the Secretary from the general public and shall include leaders in fields of public policy, law, health policy, economics, and management.

Government organization and employees.

"(4) Members of the advisory council who are officers or employees of the United States shall not receive any compensation for service on the advisory council. The other members of the advisory council shall receive, for each day (including traveltime) they are engaged in the performance of the functions of the advisory council, compensation at rates not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate in effect for grade GS-18 of the General Schedule.

5 USC 5332.

"(c) The term of office of an appointed member of the advisory council is four years, except that any member appointed to fill a vacancy for an unexpired term shall be appointed for the remainder of such term and the Secretary shall make appointments to an advisory council in such a manner as to ensure that the terms of the members do not all expire in the same year. A member may serve after the expiration of the member's term until a successor has taken office. A member who has been appointed for a term of four years may not be reappointed to an advisory council before two years from the date of expiration of such term of office. If a vacancy occurs in the advisory council among the appointed members, the Secretary shall make an appointment to fill the vacancy within 90 days from the date the vacancy occurs.

"(d) The chairman of the advisory council shall be selected by the Secretary from among the appointed members, except that the Secretary may select the Director of the Division of Research Resources to be the chairman of the advisory council. The term of office of the chairman shall be two years.

"(e) The advisory council shall meet at the call of the chairman or upon the request of the Director of the Division of Research Resources, but at least three times each fiscal year. The location of the meetings of the advisory council is subject to the approval of the Director of the Division.

"(f) The Director of the Division of Research Resources shall designate a member of the staff of the Division to serve as the executive secretary of the advisory council. The Director of the Division shall make available to the advisory council such staff, information, and other assistance as it may require to carry out its functions. The Director of the Division shall provide orientation and training for new members of the advisory council to provide them with such information and training as may be appropriate for their effective participation in the functions of the advisory council. 99 STAT. 866

"(g) The advisory council may prepare, for inclusion in the biennial report made under section 481, (1) comments respecting the activities of the advisory council in the fiscal years respecting which the report is prepared, (2) comments on the progress of the Division of Research Resources in meeting its objectives, and (3) recommendations respecting the future directions and program and policy emphasis of the Division. The advisory council may prepare such additional reports as it may determine appropriate.

Infra.

Reports.

"(h) This section does not terminate the membership of the advisory council for the Division of Research Resources which was in existence on the date of enactment of the Health Research Extension Act of 1985. After such date—

"(1) the Secretary shall make appointments to such advisory council in such a manner as to bring about as soon as practicable the composition for such council prescribed by this section;

"(2) the advisory council shall organize itself in accordance with this section and exercise the functions prescribed by this section; and

"(3) the Director of the Division of Research Resources shall perform for such advisory council the functions prescribed by this section.

"BIENNIAL REPORT

"SEC. 481. The Director of the Division of Research Resources, after consultation with the advisory council for the Division, shall prepare for inclusion in the biennial report made under section 403 a biennial report which shall consist of a description of the activities of the Division and program policies of the Director of the Division in the fiscal years respecting which the report is prepared. The Director of the Division may prepare such additional reports as the Director determines appropriate. The Director of the Division shall provide the advisory council of the Division an opportunity for the submission of the written comments referred to in section 480(g).

42 USC 287a-1.

Ante, p. 826.

Ante, p. 864.

"Subpart 2—John E. Fogarty International Center for Advanced Study in the Health Sciences

"GENERAL PURPOSE

"SEC. 482. The general purpose of the John E. Fogarty International Center for Advanced Study in the Health Sciences is to—

42 USC 287b.

"(1) facilitate the assembly of scientists and others in the biomedical, behavioral, and related fields for discussion, study, and research relating to the development of health science internationally;

"(2) provide research programs, conferences, and seminars to further international cooperation and collaboration in the life sciences;

"(3) provide postdoctorate fellowships for research training in the United States and abroad and promote exchanges of senior scientists between the United States and other countries;

Fellowships.

"(4) coordinate the activities of the National Institutes of Health concerned with the health sciences internationally; and

"(5) receive foreign visitors to the National Institutes of Health.

99 STAT. 867

"Subpart 3—National Center for Nursing Research

"PURPOSE OF THE CENTER

42 USC 287c.

"Sec. 483. The general purpose of the National Center for Nursing Research (hereafter in this subpart referred to as the 'Center') is the conduct and support of, and dissemination of information respecting, basic and clinical nursing research, training, and other programs in patient care research.

"SPECIFIC AUTHORITIES

Fellowships.
Supra.
42 USC 287c-1.

"Sec. 484. To carry out section 483, the Director of the Center may provide research training and instruction and establish, in the Center and other nonprofit institutions, research traineeships and fellowships in the study and investigation of the prevention of disease, health promotion, and the nursing care of individuals with and the families of individuals with acute and chronic illnesses. The Director of the Center may provide individuals receiving such training and instruction or such traineeships or fellowships with such stipends and allowances (including amounts for travel and subsistence and dependency allowances) as the Director determines necessary. The Director may make grants to nonprofit institutions to provide such training and instruction and traineeships and fellowships.

Grants.

"ADVISORY COUNCIL

42 USC 287c-2.

"Sec. 485. (a)(1) The Secretary shall appoint an advisory council for the Center which shall advise, assist, consult with, and make recommendations to the Secretary and the Director of the Center on matters related to the activities carried out by and through the Center and the policies respecting such activities.

Gifts and property.
42 USC 300aa.

"(2) The advisory council for the Center may recommend to the Secretary acceptance, in accordance with section 2101, of conditional gifts for study, investigations, and research and for the acquisition of grounds or construction, equipping, or maintenance of facilities for the Center.

"(3) The advisory council for the Center—

Grants.
Contracts.

"(A)(i) may make recommendations to the Director of the Center respecting research conducted at the Center,

"(ii) may review applications for grants and cooperative agreements for research or training and recommend for approval applications for projects which show promise of making valuable contributions to human knowledge, and

"(iii) may review any grant, contract, or cooperative agreement proposed to be made or entered into by the Center;

Public information.

"(B) may collect, by correspondence or by personal investigation, information as to studies which are being carried on in the United States or any other country as to the diseases, disorders, or other aspects of human health with respect to which the Center is concerned and with the approval of the Director of the Center make available such information through appropriate publications for the benefit of public and private health entities and health professions personnel and scientists and for the information of the general public; and

"(C) may appoint subcommittees and convene workshops and conferences.

99 STAT. 868

"(b)(1) The advisory council shall consist of ex officio members and not more than eighteen members appointed by the Secretary.

"(2) The ex officio members of the advisory council shall consist of—

"(A) the Secretary, the Director of NIH, the Director of the Center, the Chief Nursing Officer of the Veterans' Administration, the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs, the

Director of the Division of Nursing of the Health Resources and Services Administration (or the designees of such officers), and

"(B) such additional officers or employees of the United States as the Secretary determines necessary for the advisory council to effectively carry out its functions.

"(3) The members of the advisory council who are not ex officio members shall be appointed as follows:

"(A) Two-thirds of the members shall be appointed by the Secretary from among the leading representatives of the health and scientific disciplines (including public health and the behavioral or social sciences) relevant to the activities of the Center. Of the members appointed pursuant to this subparagraph, at least seven shall be professional nurses who are recognized experts in the area of clinical practice, education, or research.

"(B) One-third of the members shall be appointed by the Secretary from the general public and shall include leaders in fields of public policy, law, health policy, economics, and management.

Government organization and employees.

"(4) Members of the advisory council who are officers or employees of the United States shall not receive any compensation for service on the advisory council. The other members of the advisory council shall receive, for each day (including traveltime) they are engaged in the performance of the functions of the advisory council, compensation at rates not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate in effect for grade GS-18 of the General Schedule.

5 USC 5332.

"(c) The term of office of an appointed member of the advisory council is four years, except that any member appointed to fill a vacancy for an unexpired term shall be appointed for the remainder of such term and the Secretary shall make appointments to an advisory council in such a manner as to ensure that the terms of the members do not all expire in the same year. A member may serve after the expiration of the member's term until a successor has taken office. A member who has been appointed for a term of four years may not be reappointed to an advisory council before two years from the date of expiration of such term of office. If a vacancy occurs in the advisory council among the appointed members, the Secretary shall make an appointment to fill the vacancy within 90 days from the date the vacancy occurs.

"(d) The chairman of the advisory council shall be selected by the Secretary from among the appointed members, except that the Secretary may select the Director of the Center to be the chairman of the advisory council. The term of office of the chairman shall be two years.

"(e) The advisory council shall meet at the call of the chairman or upon the request of the Director of the Center, but at least three times each fiscal year. The location of the meetings of the advisory council is subject to the approval of the Director of the Center.

"(f) The Director of the Center shall designate a member of the staff of the Center to serve as the executive secretary of the advisory council. The Director of the Center shall make available to the advisory council such staff, information, and other assistance as it may require to carry out its functions. The Director of the Center shall provide orientation and training for new members of the advisory council to provide them with such information and training as may be appropriate for their effective participation in the functions of the advisory council.

99 STAT. 869

Infra.

"(g) The advisory council may prepare, for inclusion in the biennial report made under section 486, (1) comments respecting the activities of the advisory council in the fiscal years respecting which the report is prepared, (2) comments on the progress of the Center in meeting its objectives, and (3) recommendations respecting the future directions and program and policy emphasis of the Center. The advisory council may prepare such additional reports as it may determine appropriate.

"BIENNIAL REPORT

42 USC 287c-3.

Ante, p. 826.

"SEC. 486. The Director of the Center after consultation with the advisory council for the Center, shall prepare for inclusion in the biennial report made under section 403 a biennial report which shall consist of a description of the activities of the Center and program policies of the Director of the Center in the fiscal years respecting which the report is prepared. The Director of the Center may prepare such additional reports as the Director determines appropriate. The Director of the Center shall provide the advisory council of the Center an opportunity for the submission of the written comments referred to in section 485(g).

Ante, p. 867.

"PART F—AWARDS AND TRAINING

"NATIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE AWARDS

42 USC 288.

"SEC. 487. (a)(1) The Secretary shall—

"(A) provide National Research Service Awards for—

"(i) biomedical and behavioral research at the National Institutes of Health and the Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration in matters relating to the cause, diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of the diseases or other health problems to which the activities of the National Institutes of Health and Administration are directed;

"(ii) training at the National Institutes of Health and at the Administration of individuals to undertake such research;

"(iii) biomedical and behavioral research and health services research (including research in primary medical care) at public and nonprofit private entities; and

"(iv) pre-doctoral and post-doctoral training at public and private institutions of individuals to undertake biomedical and behavioral research; and

Grants.

"(B) make grants to public and nonprofit private institutions to enable such institutions to make National Research Service Awards for research (and training to undertake biomedical and behavioral research) in the matters described in subparagraph (A)(i) to individuals selected by such institutions.

A reference in this subsection to the National Institutes of Health or

99 STAT. 870

the Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration shall be considered to include the institutes, agencies, divisions, and bureaus included in the National Institutes of Health or under the Administration, as the case may be.

Prohibition.
Physicians.

"(2) National Research Service Awards may not be used to support residency training of physicians and other health professionals.

Physicians.

"(3) In awarding National Research Service Awards under this section, the Secretary shall take account of the Nation's overall need for biomedical research personnel by giving special consideration to physicians who agree to undertake a minimum of two years of biomedical research.

Prohibitions.

"(b)(1) No National Research Service Award may be made by the Secretary to any individual unless—

"(A) the individual has submitted to the Secretary an application therefor and the Secretary has approved the application;

Regulations.

"(B) the individual provides, in such form and manner as the Secretary shall by regulation prescribe, assurances satisfactory to the Secretary that the individual will meet the service requirement of subsection (c); and

Regulations.

"(C) in the case of a National Research Service Award for a purpose described in subsection (a)(1)(A)(iii), the individual has been sponsored (in such manner as the Secretary may by regulation require) by the institution at which the research or training under the award will be conducted.

Regulations.

An application for an award shall be in such form, submitted in such manner, and contain such information, as the Secretary may by regulation prescribe.

Grants.

"(2) The making of grants under subsection (a)(1)(B) for National Research Service Awards shall be subject to review and approval by the appropriate advisory councils within the Department of Health and Human Services (A) whose activities relate to the research or training under the awards, or (B) for the entity at which such research or training will be conducted.

Prohibition.
Regulations.

"(3) No grant may be made under subsection (a)(1)(B) unless an application therefor has been submitted to and approved by the Secretary. Such application shall be in such form, submitted in such manner, and contain such information, as the Secretary may by regulation prescribe. Subject to the provisions of this section (other than paragraph (1)), National Research Service Awards made under a grant under subsection (a)(1)(B) shall be made in accordance with such regulations as the Secretary shall prescribe.

Prohibition.

"(4) The period of any National Research Service Award made to any individual under subsection (a) may not exceed—

"(A) five years in the aggregate for pre-doctoral training; and

"(B) three years in the aggregate for post-doctoral training;

unless the Secretary for good cause shown waives the application of such limit to such individual.

"(5) National Research Service Awards shall provide for such stipends, tuition, fees, and allowances (including travel and subsistence expenses and dependency allowances), adjusted periodically to reflect increases in the cost of living, for the recipients of the awards as the Secretary may deem necessary. A National Research Service Award made to an individual for research or research training at a non-Federal public or nonprofit private institution shall also provide for payments to be made to the institution for the cost of support services (including the cost of faculty salaries, supplies, equipment, general research support, and related items) provided such individual by such institution. The amount of any such payments to any institution shall be determined by the Secretary and shall bear a direct relationship to the reasonable costs of the institution for establishing and maintaining the quality of its biomedical and behavioral research and training programs.

99 STAT. 871

"(c)(1) Each individual who is awarded a National Research Service Award (other than an individual who is a pre-baccalaureate student who is awarded a National Research Service Award for research training) shall, in accordance with paragraph (3), engage in health research or teaching or any combination thereof which is in accordance with the usual patterns of academic employment, for a period computed in accordance with paragraph (2).

"(2) For each month for which an individual receives a National Research Service Award which is made for a period in excess of twelve months, such individual shall engage in one month of health research or teaching or any combination thereof which is in accordance with the usual patterns of academic employment.

Regulation.

"(3) The requirement of paragraph (1) shall be complied with by any individual to whom it applies within such reasonable period of time, after the completion of such individual's award, as the Secretary shall by regulation prescribe. The Secretary shall by regulation prescribe the type of research and teaching in which an individual may engage to comply with such requirement and such other requirements respecting research and teaching as the Secretary considers appropriate.

"(4)(A) If any individual to whom the requirement of paragraph (1) is applicable fails, within the period prescribed by paragraph (3), to comply with such requirements, the United States shall be entitled to recover from such individual an amount determined in accordance with the formula—

$$A = \phi\left(\frac{t-s}{t}\right)$$

in which 'A' is the amount the United States is entitled to recover; 'ϕ' is the sum of the total amount paid under one or more National Research Service Awards to such individual; 't' is the total number of months in such individual's service obligation; and 's' is the number of months of such obligation served by such individual in accordance with paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection.

"(B) Any amount which the United States is entitled to recover under subparagraph (A) shall, within the three-year period beginning on the date the United States becomes entitled to recover such amount, be paid to the United States. Until any amount due the United States under subparagraph (A) on account of any National Research Service Award is paid, there shall accrue to the United States interest on such amount at a rate fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury after taking into consideration private consumer rates of interest prevailing on the date the United States becomes entitled to such amount.

"(5)(A) Any obligation of an individual under paragraph (1) shall be canceled upon the death of such individual.

Regulation.

"(B) The Secretary shall by regulation provide for the waiver or suspension of any such obligation applicable to any individual whenever compliance by such individual is impossible or would involve substantial hardship to such individual or would be against equity and good conscience.

99 STAT. 872

Appropriation authorization.
Grants.

"(d) There are authorized to be appropriated to make payments under National Research Service Awards and under grants for such awards $244,000,000 for fiscal year 1986, $260,000,000 for fiscal year 1987, and $275,000,000 for fiscal year 1988. Of the amounts appropriated under this subsection—

"(1) not less than 15 percent shall be made available for payments under National Research Service Awards provided by the Secretary under subsection (a)(1)(A);

"(2) not less than 50 percent shall be made available for grants under subsection (a)(1)(B) for National Research Service Awards;

Contracts.

42 USC 295g, 295g-4, 295g-6.

98 Stat. 2819.
42 USC 242b.

"(3) one-half of one percent shall be made available for payments under National Research Service Awards which (A) are made to individuals affiliated with entities which have received grants or contracts under section 780, 784, or 786, and (B) are for research in primary medical care; and one-half of one percent shall be made available for payments under National Research Service Awards made for health services research by the National Center for Health Services Research and Health Care Technology Assessment under section 304(a)(3); and

Prohibition.

"(4) not more than 4 percent may be obligated for National Research Service Awards for periods of three months or less.

"VISITING SCIENTIST AWARDS

Education.
Disadvantaged persons.
Schools and colleges.
42 USC 288a.

"SEC. 488. (a) The Secretary may make awards (hereafter in this section referred to as 'Visiting Scientist Awards') to outstanding scientists who agree to serve as visiting scientists at institutions of postsecondary education which have significant enrollments of disadvantaged students. Visiting Scientist Awards shall be made by the Secretary to enable the faculty and students of such institutions to draw upon the special talents of scientists from other institutions for the purpose of receiving guidance, advice, and instruction with regard to research, teaching, and curriculum development in the biomedical and behavioral sciences and such other aspects of these sciences as the Secretary shall deem appropriate.

"(b) The amount of each Visiting Scientist Award shall include such sum as shall be commensurate with the salary or remuneration which the individual receiving the award would have been entitled to receive from the institution with which the individual has, or had, a permanent or immediately prior affiliation. Eligibility for and terms of Visiting Scientist Awards shall be determined in accordance with regulations the Secretary shall prescribe.

"STUDIES RESPECTING BIOMEDICAL AND BEHAVIORAL RESEARCH PERSONNEL

"Sec. 489. (a) The Secretary shall, in accordance with subsection (b), arrange for the conduct of a continuing study to— 42 USC 288b.

"(1) establish (A) the Nation's overall need for biomedical and behavioral research personnel, (B) the subject areas in which such personnel are needed and the number of such personnel needed in each such area, and (C) the kinds and extent of training which should be provided such personnel;

"(2) assess (A) current training programs available for the training of biomedical and behavioral research personnel which are conducted under this Act, at or through national research 99 STAT. 873 institutes under the National Institutes of Health and institutes under the Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration, and (B) other current training programs available for the training of such personnel;

"(3) identify the kinds of research positions available to and held by individuals completing such programs;

"(4) determine, to the extent feasible, whether the programs referred to in clause (B) of paragraph (2) would be adequate to meet the needs established under paragraph (1) if the programs referred to in clause (A) of paragraph (2) were terminated; and

"(5) determine what modifications in the programs referred to in paragraph (2) are required to meet the needs established under paragraph (1).

"(b)(1) The Secretary shall request the National Academy of Sciences to conduct the study required by subsection (a) under an arrangement under which the actual expenses incurred by such Academy in conducting such study will be paid by the Secretary. If the National Academy of Sciences is willing to do so, the Secretary shall enter into such an arrangement with such Academy for the conduct of such study.

"(2) If the National Academy of Sciences is unwilling to conduct such study under such an arrangement, then the Secretary shall enter into a similar arrangement with other appropriate nonprofit private groups or associations under which such groups or associations will conduct such study and prepare and submit the reports thereon as provided in subsection (c).

"(3) The National Academy of Sciences or other group or association conducting the study required by subsection (a) shall conduct such study in consultation with the Director of NIH.

"(c) A report on the results of the study required under subsection (a) shall be submitted by the Secretary to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate at least once every four years. Report.

"PART G—GENERAL PROVISIONS

"INSTITUTIONAL REVIEW BOARDS; ETHICS GUIDANCE PROGRAM

"SEC. 491. (a) The Secretary shall by regulation require that each entity which applies for a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under this Act for any project or program which involves the conduct of biomedical or behavioral research involving human subjects submit in or with its application for such grant, contract, or cooperative agreement assurances satisfactory to the Secretary that it has established (in accordance with regulations which the Secretary shall prescribe) a board (to be known as an 'Institutional Review Board') to review biomedical and behavioral research involving human subjects conducted at or supported by such entity in order to protect the rights of the human subjects of such research.

Regulations.
Grants.
Contracts.
Human rights.
42 USC 289.

"(b)(1) The Secretary shall establish a program within the Department of Health and Human Services under which requests for clarification and guidance with respect to ethical issues raised in connection with biomedical or behavioral research involving human subjects are responded to promptly and appropriately.

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"(2) The Secretary shall establish a process for the prompt and appropriate response to information provided to the Director of NIH respecting incidences of violations of the rights of human subjects of research for which funds have been made available under this Act. The process shall include procedures for the receiving of reports of such information from recipients of funds under this Act and taking appropriate action with respect to such violations.

"PEER REVIEW REQUIREMENTS

Regulations.
42 USC 289a.

"Sec. 492. (a)(1) The Secretary, acting through the Director of NIH, shall by regulation require appropriate technical and scientific peer review of—

Grants.
Contracts.

"(A) applications made for grants and cooperative agreements under this Act for biomedical and behavioral research; and

"(B) applications made for biomedical and behavioral research and development contracts to be administered through the National Institutes of Health.

Regulations.
Grants.
Contracts.

"(2) Regulations promulgated under paragraph (1) shall require that the review of applications made for grants, contracts, and cooperative agreements required by the regulations be conducted—

"(A) to the extent practical, in a manner consistent with the system for technical and scientific peer review applicable on the date of the date of enactment of the Health Research Extension Act of 1985 to grants under this Act for biomedical and behavioral research, and

Ante, p. 820.

"(B) to the extent practical, by technical and scientific peer review groups performing such review on or before such date,

and shall authorize such review to be conducted by groups appointed under sections 402(b)(6) and 405(c)(3).

Ante, pp. 823, 826.

"(b) The Director of NIH shall establish procedures for periodic technical and scientific peer review of research at the National Institutes of Health. Such procedures shall require that—

"(1) the reviewing entity be provided a written description of the research to be reviewed, and

"(2) the reviewing entity provide the advisory council of the national research institute involved with such description and the results of the review by the entity,

and shall authorize such review to be conducted by groups appointed under sections 402(b)(6) and 405(c)(3).

"PROTECTION AGAINST SCIENTIFIC FRAUD

Regulations.
Grants.
Contracts.
42 USC 289b.

"Sec. 493. (a) The Secretary shall by regulation require that each entity which applies for a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under this Act for any project or program which involves the conduct of biomedical or behavioral research submit in or with its application for such grant, contract, or cooperative agreement assurances satisfactory to the Secretary that such entity—

"(1) has established (in accordance with regulations which the Secretary shall prescribe) an administrative process to review reports of scientific fraud in connection with biomedical and behavioral research conducted at or sponsored by such entity; and

Report.

"(2) will report to the Secretary any investigation of alleged scientific fraud which appears substantial.

"(b) The Director of NIH shall establish a process for the prompt and appropriate response to information provided the Director of

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NIH respecting scientific fraud in connection with projects for which funds have been made available under this Act. The process shall include procedures for the receiving of reports of such information from recipients of funds under this Act and taking appropriate action with respect to such fraud.

"RESEARCH ON PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCIES

Grants.
Contracts.
42 USC 289c.

"Sec. 494. (a) If the Secretary determines, after consultation with the Director of NIH, the Commissioner of the Food and Drug Administration, or the Director of the Centers for Disease Control, that a disease or disorder constitutes a public health emergency, the Secretary, acting through the Director of NIH—

"(1) shall expedite the review by advisory councils under section 406 and by peer review groups under section 492 of applications for grants for research on such disease or disorder or proposals for contracts for such research; *Ante*, pp. 828, 874.

"(2) shall exercise the authority in section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 5) respecting public exigencies to waive the advertising requirements of such section in the case of proposals for contracts for such research;

"(3) may provide administrative supplemental increases in existing grants and contracts to support new research relevant to such disease or disorder; and

"(4) shall disseminate, to health professionals and the public, information on the cause, prevention, and treatment of such disease or disorder that has been developed in research assisted under this section. Public information.

The amount of an increase in a grant or contract provided under paragraph (3) may not exceed one-half the original amount of the grant or contract.

"(b) Not later than 90 days after the end of a fiscal year, the Secretary shall report to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate on actions taken under subsection (a) in such fiscal year. Report.

"ANIMALS IN RESEARCH

"Sec. 495. (a) The Secretary, acting through the Director of NIH, shall establish guidelines for the following: 42 USC 289d.

"(1) The proper care of animals to be used in biomedical and behavioral research.

"(2) The proper treatment of animals while being used in such research. Guidelines under this paragraph shall require—

"(A) the appropriate use of tranquilizers, analgesics, anesthetics, paralytics, and euthanasia for animals in such research; and

"(B) appropriate pre-surgical and post-surgical veterinary medical and nursing care for animals in such research.

Such guidelines shall not be construed to prescribe methods of research. Prohibition.

"(3) The organization and operation of animal care committees in accordance with subsection (b).

"(b)(1) Guidelines of the Secretary under subsection (a)(3) shall require animal care committees at each entity which conducts biomedical and behavioral research with funds provided under this Act (including the National Institutes of Health and the national 99 STAT. 876 research institutes) to assure compliance with the guidelines established under subsection (a).

"(2) Each animal care committee shall be appointed by the chief executive officer of the entity for which the committee is established, shall be composed of not fewer than three members, and shall include at least one individual who has no association with such entity and at least one doctor of veterinary medicine.

"(3) Each animal care committee of a research entity shall—

"(A) review the care and treatment of animals in all animal study areas and facilities of the research entity at least semiannually to evaluate compliance with applicable guidelines established under subsection (a) for appropriate animal care and treatment;

"(B) keep appropriate records of reviews conducted under subparagraph (A); and

Reports.

"(C) for each review conducted under subparagraph (A), file with the Director of NIH at least annually (i) a certification that the review has been conducted, and (ii) reports of any violations of guidelines established under subsection (a) or assurances required under paragraph (1) which were observed in such review and which have continued after notice by the committee to the research entity involved of the violations.

Reports filed under subparagraph (C) shall include any minority views filed by members of the committee.

Grants. Contracts.

"(c) The Director of NIH shall require each applicant for a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement involving research on animals which is administered by the National Institutes of Health or any national research institute to include in its application or contract proposal, submitted after the expiration of the twelve-month period beginning on the date of enactment of this section—

"(1) assurances satisfactory to the Director of NIH that—

"(A) the applicant meets the requirements of the guidelines established under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) and has an animal care committee which meets the requirements of subsection (b); and

"(B) scientists, animal technicians, and other personnel involved with animal care, treatment, and use by the applicant have available to them instruction or training in the humane practice of animal maintenance and experimentation, and the concept, availability, and use of research or testing methods that limit the use of animals or limit animal distress; and

"(2) a statement of the reasons for the use of animals in the research to be conducted with funds provided under such grant or contract.

Notwithstanding subsection (a)(2) of section 553 of title 5, United States Code, regulations under this subsection shall be promulgated in accordance with the notice and comment requirements of such section.

Grants. Contracts.

"(d) If the Director of NIH determines that—

"(1) the conditions of animal care, treatment, or use in an entity which is receiving a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement involving research on animals under this title do not meet applicable guidelines established under subsection (a);

"(2) the entity has been notified by the Director of NIH of such determination and has been given a reasonable opportunity to take corrective action; and

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"(3) no action has been taken by the entity to correct such conditions;

the Director of NIH shall suspend or revoke such grant or contract under such conditions as the Director determines appropriate.

Prohibition.

"(e) No guideline or regulation promulgated under subsection (a) or (c) may require a research entity to disclose publicly trade secrets or commercial or financial information which is privileged or confidential.

"USE OF APPROPRIATIONS UNDER THIS TITLE

Di[illegible] of
C[illegible]a
4[illegible] 289e.

"SEC. 496. Appropriations to carry out the purposes of this title shall be available for the acquisition of land or the erection of buildings only if so specified. Such appropriations, unless otherwise expressly provided, may be expended in the District of Columbia for—

"(1) personal services;

"(2) stenographic recording and translating services;

"(3) travel expenses (including the expenses of attendance at meetings when specifically authorized by the Secretary);

"(4) rental;

"(5) supplies and equipment;

"(6) purchase and exchange of medical books, books of reference, directories, periodicals, newspapers, and press clippings;

"(7) purchase, operation, and maintenance of passenger motor vehicles;

"(8) printing and binding (in addition to that otherwise provided by law); and

"(9) all other necessary expenses in carrying out this title. Such appropriations may be expended by contract if deemed necessary, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 5).

"GIFTS

"SEC. 497. The Secretary may, in accordance with section 2101, accept conditional gifts for the National Institutes of Health or a national research institute or for the acquisition of grounds or for the erection, equipment, or maintenance of facilities for the National Institutes of Health or a national research institute. Donations of $50,000 or over for the National Institutes of Health or a national research institute for carrying out the purposes of this title may be acknowledged by the establishment within the National Institutes of Health or a national research institute of suitable memorials to the donors.

42 USC 300aa.
42 USC 289f.

"FETAL RESEARCH

"SEC. 498. (a) The Secretary may not conduct or support any research or experimentation, in the United States or in any other country, on a nonviable living human fetus ex utero or a living human fetus ex utero for whom viability has not been ascertained unless the research or experimentation—

Prohibition.
42 USC 299g.

"(1) may enhance the well-being or meet the health needs of the fetus or enhance the probability of its survival to viability; or

"(2) will pose no added risk of suffering, injury, or death to the fetus and the purpose of the research or experimentation is the development of important biomedical knowledge which cannot be obtained by other means.

99 STAT. 878

"(b) In administering the regulations for the protection of human research subjects which—

Regulations.

"(1) apply to research conducted or supported by the Secretary;

"(2) involve living human fetuses in utero; and

"(3) are published in section 46.208 of part 46 of title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations;

or any successor to such regulations, the Secretary shall require that the risk standard (published in section 46.102(g) of such part 46 or any successor to such regulations) be the same for fetuses which are intended to be aborted and fetuses which are intended to be carried to term.

"(c)(1) The Biomedical Ethics Advisory Committee appointed under section 381 shall conduct a study of the nature, advisability, and biomedical and ethical implications of exercising any waiver of the risk standard published in section 46.102(g) of such part 46 (or any successor to such regulations). The Committee shall complete the study and report its findings to the Biomedical Ethics Board established under section 381 not later than the expiration of thirty months after the date of enactment of this section. The report shall include the recommendations, if any, of the Committee on the advisability of the authority for such a waiver and the circumstances under which such a waiver might be granted. The Biomedical Ethics Board shall transmit the report to the Secretary, the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate.

Study.
42 USC 275.

Report.

Report.

"(2) During the thirty-six-month period beginning on the date of

Prohibition.

enactment of this section, the Secretary may not grant (under section 46.211 of part 45 of title 46 of the Code of Federal Regulations or any successor to such section) a modification or waiver for fetal research.

Effective date.

"(3) Effective October 31, 1988, paragraph (2) is repealed.

"CONSTRUCTION OF TITLE

42 USC 289h.
42 USC 241.

"SEC. 499. This title shall not be construed as limiting (1) the functions or authority of the Secretary under section 301 or of any officer or agency of the United States, relating to the study, prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of any disease for which a separate national research institute is established under this title, or (2) the expenditure of any funds therefor."

SEC. 3. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

National Advisory Health Council, termination.
42 USC 218 note.
98 Stat. 2364.

(a) ADVISORY COUNCILS.—(1) The National Advisory Health Council established under section 217 is terminated.

(2) Section 217(a) (42 U.S.C. 218(a)) is amended—

(A) in the first sentence—

(i) by striking out "National Advisory Health Council, the National Advisory Mental Health Council, the National Advisory Council on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism, and the National Advisory Dental Research Council" and inserting in lieu thereof "National Advisory Mental Health Council and the National Advisory Council on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism"; and

99 STAT. 879

(ii) by striking out "by the Surgeon General with the approval of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare" and inserting in lieu thereof "by the Secretary";

(B) in the second sentence—

(i) by striking out "in the case of the National Advisory Health Council, are skilled in the sciences related to health, and";

(ii) by striking out "the National Advisory Mental Health Council, the National Advisory Council on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism, the National Advisory Heart Council, and the National Advisory Dental Research Council" and inserting in lieu thereof "the National Advisory Mental Health Council and the National Advisory Council on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism"; and

Alcohol and alcoholic beverages.

(iii) by striking out ", alcohol abuse and alcoholism, and dental diseases and conditions" and inserting in lieu thereof "and alcohol abuse and alcoholism"; and

(C) by striking out the third sentence.

42 USC 218.

(3) Subsection (b) of section 217 is repealed and subsections (c) through (e) and subsection (g) are redesignated as subsections (b) through (e), respectively.

Grants.

(4) Section 222(c) (42 U.S.C. 217a(c)) is amended to read as follows:

"(c) Upon appointment of any such council or committee, the Secretary may delegate to such council or committee such advisory functions relating to grants-in-aid for research or training projects or programs, in the areas or fields with which such council or committee is concerned, as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.".

Grants.

(5) Section 301(a) (42 U.S.C. 241(a)) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (3), by striking out "as are recommended" through "for such fiscal year" and inserting in lieu thereof "as are recommended by the advisory council to the entity of the Department supporting such projects or, in the case of mental health projects, by the National Advisory Mental Health Council; and make, upon recommendation of the advisory council to the appropriate entity of the Department or the National Advisory Mental Health Council, grants-in-aid to public or nonprofit universities, hospitals, laboratories, and other institutions for the general support of their research"; and

(B) in paragraph (8), by striking out "recommendations of the National Advisory Health Council" through "as he deems" and inserting in lieu thereof "recommendations of the advisory councils to the appropriate entities of the Department or, with respect to mental health, the National Advisory Mental Health Council, such additional means as the Secretary considers".

(6) Section 1122(a) (42 U.S.C. 300c-12(a)) is amended by striking out "under section 441".

Repeal.
42 USC
275-280a-1;
280b-280b-11.

(b) National Library of Medicine.—Parts I and J of title III are repealed.

42 USC 290aa-5.
42 USC 224.

(c) Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Research.—Section 506 is amended by adding at the end the following:

Grants.
Contracts.
Regulations.

"(e)(1) If the direct cost of a grant, cooperative agreement, or contract (described in subsection (a)) to be made does not exceed $50,000, the Secretary may make such grant, cooperative agreement, or contract only if such grant, cooperative agreement, or contract is recommended after technical and scientific peer review required by regulations under subsections (a) and (b).

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"(2) If the direct cost of a grant, cooperative agreement, or contract (described in subsection (a)) to be made exceeds $50,000, the Secretary may make such grant, cooperative agreement, or contract only if such grant, cooperative agreement, or contract is recommended—

"(A) after technical and scientific peer review required by regulations under subsections (a) and (b), and

"(B) by the National Advisory Council on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism, the National Advisory Council on Drug Abuse, or the National Mental Health Advisory Council, as is appropriate.".

Repeal.
42 USC 287i
note.

(d) Orphan Drug Act.—Section 8(w) of the Orphan Drug Act (Public Law 97-414) is repealed.

42 USC 289d
note.

SEC. 4. PLAN FOR RESEARCH INVOLVING ANIMALS.

(a) Establishment of Plan.—The Director of the National Institutes of Health shall establish a plan for—

(1) research to be conducted by or through the National Institutes of Health and the national research institutes into methods of biomedical research and experimentation—

(A) which do not require the use of animals;

(B) which reduce the number of animals used in such research; or

(C) which produce less pain and distress in such animals than methods currently in use;

(2) establishing the validity and reliability of the methods described in subparagraph (A);

(3) the development of such methods which have been found to be valid and reliable; and

(4) the training of scientists in the use of such methods.

The plan required by this paragraph shall be prepared not later than October 1, 1986.

(b) Dissemination of Information.—The Director of the National Institutes of Health shall take such actions as may be appropriate to convey to scientists and others involved with research or experimentation involving animals information respecting the methods found to be valid and reliable under subsection (a)(2).

Establishment.

(c) Interagency Coordinating Committee.—The Director of the National Institutes of Health shall establish within the National Institutes of Health an Interagency Coordinating Committee to assist the Director of the National Institutes of Health in the development of the plan required by subsection (a). The Director of each national research institute shall serve on the Committee.

Lupus
Erythematosus
Coordinating
Committee.
42 USC 281 note.

SEC. 5. RESEARCH ON LUPUS ERYTHEMATOSUS.

(a) Establishment of Committee.—The Secretary shall establish a Lupus Erythematosus Coordinating Committee to plan, develop, coordinate, and implement comprehensive Federal initiatives in research on Lupus Erythematosus.

(b) Committee Composition and Meetings.—(1) The Committee shall be composed of—

(A) the Director of the National Institute of Neurological and Communicative Disorders and Stroke (or the designee of such Director);

(B) the Director of the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (or the designee of such Director);

99 STAT. 881

(C) the Director of the National Institute of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases (or the designee of such Director);

(D) the Director of the National Institute of General Medical Sciences (or the designee of such Director);

(E) the Director of the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute (or the designee of such Director);

(F) the Director of the National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases (or the designee of such Director); and

(G) the Director of the Centers for Disease Control (or the designee of such Director).

(2) The Committee shall meet at least four times a year. The Secretary shall designate as chairman of the Committee the Director of the National Institute of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases.

(c) Report.—The Committee shall prepare a report for Congress on its activities. The report shall include a description of research projects on Lupus Erythematosus conducted or supported by Federal agencies in the fiscal year for which the report is made, the nature and purpose of each such project, the amounts expended for each such project, and an identification of the entity which conducted the research under each such project. Such report shall be submitted not later than 18 months after the date of the date of enactment of this Act. The Committee shall terminate one month after the report is submitted.

SEC. 6. NATIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE AWARD STUDY.

The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall conduct a study of—

Ante, p. 869.

(1) the effect of the service obligation requirement of section 487(c) of the Public Health Service Act on the number and quality of individuals who apply for National Research Service Awards;

(2) the effect of section 487(c)(4) of such Act on the number of persons who engage in health research or training as a career;

(3) the number of persons who receive National Research Service Awards and who engage in health research or training as a career; and

(4) the effectiveness of the grant authority under section 487(a)(1)(B) of such Act in encouraging individuals to engage in health research and training as a career.

Report.

The Secretary shall complete the study within one year after the date of enactment of this Act and shall report the results of the study to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate.

42 USC 285j-1 note.

SEC. 7. INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE ON SPINAL CORD INJURY.

(a) Establishment.—Within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall establish in the National Institute of Neurological and Communicative Diseases and Stroke an Interagency Committee on Spinal Cord Injury (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Interagency Committee"). The Interagency Committee shall plan, develop, coordinate, and implement comprehensive Federal initiatives in research on spinal cord injury and regeneration.

99 STAT. 882

(b) Committee Composition and Meetings.—(1) The Interagency Committee shall consist of representatives from—

(A) the National Institute on Neurological and Communicative Disorders and Stroke;

(B) the Department of Defense;

(C) the Department of Education;

(D) the Veterans' Administration;

(E) the Office of Science and Technology Policy; and

(F) the National Science Foundation;

designated by the heads of such entities.

(2) The Interagency Committee shall meet at least four times. The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall select the Chairman of the Interagency Committee from the members of the Interagency Committee.

(c) Report.—Within the 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Interagency Committee shall prepare and transmit to the Congress a report concerning its activities under this section. The report shall include a description of research projects on spinal cord injury and regeneration conducted or supported by Federal agencies during such 18-month period, the nature and purpose of each such project, the amounts expended for each such project, and an identification of the entity which conducted the research under each such project.

(d) Termination.—The Interagency Committee shall terminate 90 days after the date on which the Interagency Committee transmits the report required by subsection (c) to the Congress.

SEC. 8. STUDY OF PERSONNEL FOR HEALTH NEEDS OF THE ELDERLY.

42 USC 285e note.

(a) Study.—The Secretary shall conduct a study on the adequacy and availability of personnel to meet the current and projected health needs (including needs for home and community-based care) of elderly Americans through the year 2020.

Physicians.
Dentists.
Medicare.

(b) Report.—The Secretary shall report the results of the study to the Congress by March 1, 1987. The report on the study shall contain recommendations on—

(1) the number of primary care physicians, dentists, and other health personnel needed to provide adequate care for the elderly;

(2) the training needs of other physicians, dentists, and health personnel to provide care responsive to the particular needs of the elderly;

(3) necessary changes in medicare and other third party reimbursement programs necessary to support training of primary care and other physicians to meet the needs of the elderly; and

(4) necessary program changes in third party reimbursement programs (including changes in medicare programs) to support training of other health personnel in the care of the elderly.

SEC. 9. INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE ON LEARNING DISABILITIES.

42 USC 281 note.

Children and youth.

(a) Establishment.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the National Institutes of Health shall establish an Interagency Committee on Learning Disabilities to review and assess Federal research priorities, activities, and findings regarding learning disabilities (including central nervous system dysfunction in children).

99 STAT. 883

(b) Composition.—The Committee shall be composed of such representatives as the Director may designate, but shall include representatives from the National Institute of Neurological and Communicative Disorders and Stroke, the National Institute of Child Health and Human Development, the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases, the National Eye Institute, the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences, the Division of Research Resources of the National Institutes of Health, the Food and Drug Administration, the National Institute of Mental Health, and the Department of Education.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Committee shall report to the Congress on its activities under subsection (a) and shall include in the report—

(1) the number of persons affected by learning disabilities and the demographic data which describes such persons;

(2) a description of the current research findings on the cause, diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of learning disabilities; and

(3) recommendations for legislation and administrative actions—

(A) to increase the effectiveness of research on learning disabilities and to improve the dissemination of the findings of such research; and

(B) respecting specific priorities for research in the cause, diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of learning disabilities.

(d) TERMINATION.—The Committee shall terminate 90 days after the date of the submission of the report under subsection (c).

42 USC 285c note.

SEC. 10. REVIEW OF DISEASE RESEARCH PROGRAMS OF THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF DIABETES AND DIGESTIVE AND KIDNEY DISEASES.

The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall conduct an administrative review of the disease research programs of the National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases to determine if any of such programs could be more effectively and efficiently managed by other national research institutes. The Secretary shall complete such review within the one-year period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 11. BIOMEDICAL ETHICS.

Title III (as amended by section 3) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"PART I—BIOMEDICAL ETHICS

42 USC 275.

"SEC. 381. (a) There is established in the legislative branch of the Government the Biomedical Ethics Board (hereinafter referred to as the 'Board').

"(b)(1) The Board shall consist of twelve members as follows:

"(A) Six Members of the Senate appointed as follows: Three members appointed by the Majority Leader of the Senate from the majority party and three members appointed by the Minority Leader from the minority party.

"(B) Six Members of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, three from the majority party and three from the minority party.

99 STAT. 884

"(2) The term of office of a member of the Board shall expire when the member leaves the office of Senator or Representative, as the case may be, or upon the expiration of eight years after the date of the member's appointment to the Board, whichever occurs first.

"(3) Vacancies in the membership of the Board shall not affect the power of the remaining members to execute the functions of the Board and shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment.

"(4) The Board shall select a chairman and a vice chairman from among its members at the beginning of each Congress. The vice chairman shall act as chairman in the absence of the chairman or in the event of the incapacity of the chairman. The chairmanship and vice chairmanship shall alternate between the Senate and the House of Representatives with each Congress. The chairman during each even-numbered Congress shall be selected by the Members of the House of Representatives on the Board from among their number. The vice chairman during each Congress shall be chosen in the same manner from that House of Congress other than the House of Congress of which the chairman is a Member.

"(5) The Board shall meet once every three months unless such meeting is dispensed with by the chairman, and may meet at any time upon the request of four or more members of the Board or upon the call of the chairman.

Studies. Reports.

"(c)(1) The Board shall study and report to the Congress on a continuing basis on the ethical issues arising from the delivery of health care and biomedical and behavioral research, including the protection of human subjects of such research and developments in genetic engineering (including activities in recombinant DNA technology) which have implications for human genetic engineering.

"(2)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), an annual report shall be transmitted to the Congress identifying the issues which were the subject of the study conducted under paragraph (1) and identifying areas, programs, and practices of medicine and biomedical and behavioral research which have significant ethical implications and which would be appropriate subjects for study.

"(B) A report on research and developments in genetic engineering (including activities in recombinant DNA technology) which have implications for human genetic engineering shall be transmitted to the Congress not later than eighteen months after the appointment of the Committee under subsection (d).

"(d)(1) To conduct the studies and make the reports required by subsection (c), the Board shall appoint a Biomedical Ethics Advisory Committee (hereinafter referred to as the 'Committee'). The Committee shall consist of fourteen members as follows:

"(A) Four of the members shall be appointed by the Board from individuals who are distinguished in biomedical or behavioral research.

"(B) Three of the members shall be appointed by the Board from individuals who are distinguished in the practice of medicine or otherwise distinguished in the provision of health care.

"(C) Five of the members shall be appointed by the Board from individuals who are distinguished in one or more of the fields of ethics, theology, law, the natural sciences (other than the biomedical or behavioral sciences), the social sciences, the humanities, health administration, government, and public affairs.

99 STAT. 885

"(D) Two of the members shall be appointed by the Board from individuals who are representatives of citizens with an interest in biomedical ethics but who possess no specific expertise.

"(2)(A) The Committee, by majority vote, shall elect from its members a chairman and a vice chairman and appoint an executive director who shall serve for such time and under such conditions as the Committee may prescribe. In the absence of the chairman, or in the event of the incapacity of the chairman, the vice chairman shall act as chairman.

"(B) The term of office of each member of the Committee shall be four years, except that any such member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which such member's predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of such term. Terms of the members shall be staggered so as to establish a rotating membership.

"(C) The members of the Committee shall receive no pay for their services as members of the Committee, but shall be allowed necessary travel expenses (or, in the alternative, mileage for use of privately owned vehicles and a per diem in lieu of subsistence at not to exceed the rate prescribed in sections 5702 and 5704 of title 5, United States Code) and other necessary expenses incurred by them in the performance of duties as a member of the Committee, without regard to the provisions of subchapter 1 of chapter 57 and section 5731 of title 5, United States Code, and regulations promulgated thereunder.

5 USC 5701 *et seq.*

"(D) The executive director of the Committee, with the approval of the Committee, may employ such staff and consultants as necessary to prepare studies and reports for the Committee.

"(3)(A) The Committee may, for the purpose of carrying out its functions, hold such public hearings, sit and act at such times and places, and take such testimony, as the Committee considers appropriate.

"(B) Upon request of the Committee, the head of any Federal agency is authorized to detail, on a reimbursable basis, any of the personnel of such agency to the Committee to assist the Committee in carrying out its functions.

"(C) The Committee may secure directly from any department or agency of the United States information necessary to enable it to carry out its functions. Upon request of the chairman of the Committee, the head of such department or agency shall furnish such information to the Committee.

"(D) The Committee may accept, use, and dispose of gifts or donations or services or property.

"(E) The Committee may use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as other departments and agencies of the United States.

Appropriations authorization.

"(e) To enable the Board and the Committee to carry out their functions there are authorized to be appropriated $2,000,000 for fiscal year 1986, $2,500,000 for fiscal year 1987, and $3,000,000 for fiscal year 1988.".

42 USC 285e-2 note.

SEC. 12. ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE REGISTRY.

(a) Grant Authority.— The Director of the National Institute on Aging may make a grant to develop a registry for the collection of epidemiological data about Alzheimer's disease and its incidence in

99 STAT. 886

the United States, to train personnel in the collection of such data, and for other matters respecting such disease.

Grants.

(b) Qualifications.—To qualify for a grant under subsection (a) an applicant shall—

(1) be an accredited school of medicine or public health which has expertise in the collection of epidemiological data about individuals with Alzheimer's disease and in the development of disease registries, and

(2) have access to a large patient population, including a patient population representative of diverse ethnic backgrounds.

Grants.

(c) Authorization.—For grants under subsection (a), there are authorized to be appropriated $2,500,000 which shall remain available until expended or through fiscal year 1989, whichever occurs first.

Thomas P. O'Neill, Jr.
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

George Bush
Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U.S.,
November 12, 1985.

The House of Representatives having proceeded to reconsider the bill (H.R. 2409) entitled "An Act to amend the Public Health Service Act to revise and extend the authorities under that Act relating to the National Institutes of Health and National Research Institutes, and for the other purposes", returned by the President of the United States with his objections, to the House of Representatives, in which it originated, it was

Resolved, That the said bill pass, two-thirds of the House of Representatives agreeing to pass the same.

Attest:

Benjamin J. Guthrie
Clerk.

I certify that this Act originated in the House of Representatives.

Benjamin J. Guthrie
Clerk.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES,

November 20 (Legislative day, November 18), 1985.

The Senate having proceeded to reconsider the bill (H.R. 2409) entitled "An Act to amend the Public Health Service Act to revise and extend the authorities under that Act relating to the National Institutes of Health and National Research Institutes, and for other purposes", returned by the President of the United States with his objections, to the House of Representatives, in which it originated, and passed by the House of Representatives on reconsideration of the same, it was

Resolved, That the said bill pass, two-thirds of the Senators present having voted in the affirmative.

Attest: JO-ANNE L. COE

Secretary.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2409 (S. 1309):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-158 (Comm. on Energy and Commerce) and No. 99-309 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 99-108 accompanying S. 1309 (Comm. on Labor and Human Resources) and No. 99-157 (Comm. of Conference).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
- June 17, considered and passed House.
- July 19, S. 1309 considered and passed Senate; passage vitiated and H.R. 2409, amended, passed in lieu.
- Oct. 18, Senate agreed to conference report.
- Oct. 23, House agreed to conference report.
- Nov. 12, House overrode veto.
- Nov. 20, Senate overrode veto.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 21, No. 45 (1985):
- Nov. 8, Presidential statement.

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH ACTS

Public Law 99-65
99th Congress
99 STAT. 163

An Act

July 12, 1985
[S. 1141]

Relating to certain telephone services for Senators.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) paragraph (6) of section 506(a) of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1973 (2 U.S.C. 58(a)) is amended to read as follows:

"(6) for telephone service charges officially incurred outside Washington, District of Columbia, which are based on the amount of time the service is used;".

(b) Section 1205(a) of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1984 (2 U.S.C. 58a) is amended by inserting "and in such Senator's State (except services for which the charge is based on the amount of time the service is used)" after "Columbia,".

Effective date.
2 USC 58 note.

SEC. 2. The amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the first day of the first calendar month which begins more than sixty days after the date of enactment of this Act.

Approved July 12, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1141:

SENATE REPORT No. 99-52 (Comm. on Rules and Administration).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
June 6, considered and passed Senate.
June 25, considered and passed House.

Public Law 99-225
99th Congress
99 STAT. 1743

An Act

Dec. 28, 1985
[H.R. 2962]

To remove certain restrictions on the availability of office space for former Speakers of the House.

Public buildings and grounds.

2 USC 31b *et seq.*

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first section of House Resolution 1238, Ninety-first Congress, agreed to December 22, 1970 (as enacted into permanent law by chapter VIII of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1971 and supplemented by the Act entitled "An Act relating to former Speakers of the House of Representatives" (88 Stat. 1723)) (2 U.S.C. 31b-1(a)), is amended by striking out "the Federal office space" and all that follows through the end of such section and inserting in lieu thereof "one office selected by him in order to facilitate the administration, settlement, and conclusion of matters pertaining to or arising out of his incumbency in office as a Representative in Congress and as Speaker of the House of Representatives. Such office shall be located in the United States and shall be furnished and maintained by the Government in a condition appropriate for his use.".

Approved December 28, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2962:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Dec. 11, considered and passed House.
Dec. 18, considered and passed Senate.

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99 STAT. 1749

Public Law 99-229
99th Congress

An Act

Dec. 28, 1985
[S. 1706]

To authorize the Architect of the Capitol and the Secretary of Transportation, in consultation with the Chief Justice of the United States, to study alternatives for construction of a building adjacent to Union Station in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. STUDY OF CONSTRUCTION OF OFFICE BUILDING.

Public buildings and grounds.

(a) Requirement for Joint Study.—The Architect of the Capitol and the Secretary of Transportation, in consultation with the Chief Justice of the United States, shall jointly study alternatives for the construction on squares 721 and 722, bounded by F Street, 2nd Street, Massachusetts Avenue, and Columbia Plaza, Northeast, in the District of Columbia, of a building or buildings to meet the current and future needs of the administrative office of the United States Courts, the Federal Judicial Center, and other judicial functions and such other commercial, governmental, cultural, educational, and recreational activities which the Architect and the Secretary determine may appropriately be located in such building or buildings. Such building or buildings shall complement the areas surrounding such squares and fulfill the goals of mixed use in the Public Buildings Cooperative Use Act of 1976.

40 USC 601 note.

(b) Elements of Study.—The study under subsection (a) shall include—

(1) a study of alternative sizes and designs for such building or buildings and the estimated cost of each such alternative necessary to meet the current and future needs referred to in subsection (a);

(2) an analysis of other commercial, governmental, cultural, educational, and recreational activities which may appropriately be located in such building or buildings;

(3) an analysis of methods of providing security, utility, fire, and other related services for such building or buildings and allocating the cost of providing such services among the occupants of such building or buildings;

(4) an analysis of methods for financing and constructing such building or buildings in the most feasible and economical manner; and

(5) an analysis of methods of financing the construction of such building or buildings, including methods to minimize or eliminate initial capital investment by the United States through the use of public-private partnerships or nongovernmental sources of financing such construction.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than August 15, 1986, the Architect of the Capitol and the Secretary of Transportation shall submit to Congress a report on the results of the study conducted under subsection (a), together with recommendations concerning the size and design of such building or buildings and methods of financing the construction of such building or buildings.

(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATION.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Architect of the Capitol $2,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 to carry out this Act. From funds appropriated to carry out this Act, the Architect shall make available to the Secretary of Transportation such amounts as may be necessary for the Secretary to carry out the Secretary's functions under this Act. Funds appropriated to carry out this Act shall remain available until expended.

Approved December 28, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1706 (H.R. 2416):

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-119 accompanying H.R. 2416 (Comm. on Public Works and Transportation).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-158 (Comm. on Environment and Public Works).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
  Oct. 29, considered and passed Senate.
  Dec. 10, H.R. 2416 considered and passed House; S. 1706, amended, passed in lieu.
  Dec. 19, Senate concurred in House amendments.

REVENUE ACTS

Public Law 99-44
99th Congress

An Act

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to repeal the contemporaneous recordkeeping requirements added by the Tax Reform Act of 1984, and for other purposes.

May 24, 1985
[H.R. 1869]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Taxes.

SECTION 1. REPEAL OF CONTEMPORANEOUS RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS, ETC.

(a) Contemporaneous Recordkeeping Requirements.—Subsection (d) of section 274 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to substantiation requirements for certain deductions and credits) is amended by striking out "adequate contemporaneous records" and inserting in lieu thereof "adequate records or by sufficient evidence corroborating the taxpayer's own statement", and the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall be applied and administered as if the word "contemporaneous" had not been added to such subsection (d).

98 Stat. 718.
26 USC 274.
26 USC 274 note.
26 USC 1 *et seq.*

(b) Provisions Relating to Return Preparers and Negligence Penalty.—Paragraphs (2) and (3) of section 179(b) of the Tax Reform Act of 1984 are hereby repealed, and the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall be applied and administered as if such paragraphs (and the amendments made by such paragraphs) had not been enacted.

98 Stat. 713.
26 USC 6695, 6653.
26 USC 6653 note.

(c) Repeal of Regulations.—Regulations issued before the date of the enactment of this Act to carry out the amendments made by paragraphs (1)(C), (2), and (3) of section 179(b) of the Tax Reform Act of 1984 shall have no force and effect.

26 USC 274 note.

SEC. 2. SUBSTANTIATION REQUIREMENTS NOT TO APPLY TO CERTAIN VEHICLES WITH LITTLE PERSONAL USE.

(a) In General.—Subsection (d) of section 274 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to substantiation required) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "This subsection shall not apply to any qualified nonpersonal use vehicle (as defined in subsection (i))."

26 USC 274.

(b) Qualified Nonpersonal Use Vehicle Defined.—Section 274 of such Code is amended by redesignating subsection (i) as subsection (j) and by inserting after subsection (h) the following new subsection:

"(i) Qualified Nonpersonal Use Vehicle.—For purposes of subsection (d), the term 'qualified nonpersonal use vehicle' means any vehicle which, by reason of its nature, is not likely to be used more than a de minimis amount for personal purposes."

SEC. 3. EXEMPTION FROM REQUIRED INCOME TAX WITHHOLDING FOR CERTAIN FRINGE BENEFITS.

Section 3402 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to income tax collected at source) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

26 USC 3402.

"(s) Exemption From Withholding for Any Vehicle Fringe Benefit.—

99 STAT. 78

"(1) Employer election not to withhold.—The employer may elect not to deduct and withhold any tax under this chapter with respect to any vehicle fringe benefit provided to any employee if such employee is notified by the employer of such election (at such time and in such manner as the Secretary shall by regulations prescribe). The preceding sentence shall not apply to any vehicle fringe benefit unless the amount of such benefit is included by the employer on a statement timely furnished under section 6051.

26 USC 6051.

"(2) Employer must furnish W-2.—Any vehicle fringe benefit shall be treated as wages from which amounts are required to be deducted and withheld under this chapter for purposes of section 6051.

"(3) Vehicle fringe benefit.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'vehicle fringe benefit' means any fringe benefit—

"(A) which constitutes wages (as defined in section 3401), and

"(B) which consists of providing a highway motor vehicle for the use of the employee."

SEC. 4. REDUCTION IN LIMITATIONS ON INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT AND DEPRECIATION FOR LUXURY AUTOMOBILES.

(a) General Rule.—

98 Stat. 713.
26 USC 280F.

(1) Investment tax credit.—Paragraph (1) of section 280F(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to investment tax credit) is amended by striking out "$1,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$675".

(2) Depreciation.—Paragraph (2) of section 280F(a) of such Code (relating to depreciation) is amended—

(A) by striking out "$4,000" in subparagraph (A)(i) and inserting in lieu thereof "$3,200", and

(B) by striking out "$6,000" each place it appears in subparagraphs (A)(ii) and (B)(ii) and inserting in lieu thereof "$4,800".

(b) 4-Year Deferral of Inflation Adjustment.—

(1) Adjustment after 1988.—Subparagraph (A) of section 280F(d)(7) of such Code (relating to automobile price inflation adjustment) is amended by striking out "passenger automobile" and inserting in lieu thereof "passenger automobile placed in service after 1988".

(2) 1987 base period.—Subclause (II) of section 280F(d)(7)(B)(i) of such Code is amended by striking out "1983" and inserting in lieu thereof "1987".

(3) Technical amendment.—Clause (i) of section 280F(d)(7)(B) of such Code is amended by striking out the last sentence.

SEC. 5. NEW REGULATIONS.

26 USC 274 note.

Not later than October 1, 1985, the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate shall prescribe regulations to carry out the provisions of this Act which shall fully reflect such provisions.

SEC. 6. EFFECTIVE DATES.

26 USC 274 note.
Ante, p. 77.

(a) Repeals.—The amendment and repeals made by subsections (a) and (b) of section 1 shall take effect as if included in the amendments made by section 179(b) of the Tax Reform Act of 1984.

26 USC 274 note.
26 USC 274.
Ante, p. 77.

(b) Restoration of Prior Law for 1985.—For taxable years beginning in 1985, section 274(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall apply as it read before the amendments made by section 179(b)(1) of the Tax Reform Act of 1984.

26 USC 274 note.
99 STAT. 79

(c) Exception From Substantiation Requirements for Qualified Nonpersonal Use Vehicles.—The amendments made by section 2 shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1985.

(d) Withholding Amendment.—The amendment made by section 3 shall take effect on January 1, 1985.

Effective date. 26 USC 3402 note.

(e) Reduction in Limitations on Investment Tax Credit and Depreciation.—

Effective dates. 26 USC 280F note.

(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by section 4 shall apply to—

(A) property placed in service after April 2, 1985, in taxable years ending after such date, and

(B) property leased after April 2, 1985, in taxable years ending after such date.

(2) The amendments made by section 4 shall not apply to any property—

(A) acquired by the taxpayer pursuant to a binding contract in effect on April 1, 1985, and at all times thereafter, but only if the property is placed in service before August 1, 1985, or

(B) of which the taxpayer is the lessee, but only if the lease is pursuant to a binding contract in effect on April 1, 1985, and at all times thereafter, and only if the taxpayer first uses such property under the lease before August 1, 1985.

Approved May 24, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1869 (S. 245):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-34 (Comm. on Ways and Means) and No. 99-67 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-23 accompanying S. 245 (Comm. on Finance).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Apr. 2, considered and passed House.
Apr. 3, considered and passed Senate, amended.
May 8, House agreed to conference report.
May 15, 16, Senate considered and agreed to conference report.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 21, No. 21 (1985):
May 24, Presidential statement.

Public Law 99-107
99th Congress

99 STAT. 479

An Act

To extend for 45 days the application of tobacco excise taxes, trade adjustment assistance, certain medicare reimbursement provisions, and borrowing authority under the railroad unemployment insurance program.

Sept. 30, 1985
[H.R. 3452]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Emergency Extension Act of 1985.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Emergency Extension Act of 1985".

SEC. 2. 45-DAY EXTENSION OF INCREASE IN TAX ON CIGARETTES.

Subsection (c) of section 283 of the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 (relating to increase in tax on cigarettes) is amended by striking out "October 1, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 15, 1985".

26 USC 5701 note.

SEC. 3. 45-DAY EXTENSION OF TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

Section 285 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. note preceding section 2271) is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985".

SEC. 4. 45-DAY EXTENSION OF BORROWING AUTHORITY UNDER THE RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT.

45 USC 360.

Section 10(d) of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act is amended by striking out "September 30, 1985" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "November 14, 1985".

42 USC 1395ww note.

SEC. 5. 45-DAY EXTENSION OF MEDICARE HOSPITAL AND PHYSICIAN PAYMENT PROVISIONS.

42 USC 1395ww.

(a) MAINTAINING EXISTING HOSPITAL PAYMENT RATES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the amount of payment under section 1886 of the Social Security Act for inpatient hospital services for discharges occurring (and cost reporting periods beginning) during the extension period (as defined in subsection (c)) shall be determined on the same basis as the amount of payment for such services for a discharge occurring on (or the cost reporting period beginning immediately on or before) September 30, 1985.

42 USC 1395j.

98 Stat. 1071.

(b) MAINTAINING EXISTING PAYMENT RATES FOR PHYSICIANS' SERVICES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the amount of payment under part B of title XVIII of the Social Security Act for physicians' services which are furnished during the extension period (as defined in subsection (c)) shall be determined on the same basis as the amount of payment for such services furnished on September 30, 1985, and the 15-month period, referred to in section 1842(j)(1) of such Act, shall be deemed to include the extension period.

99 STAT. 480

(c) EXTENSION PERIOD DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, the term "extension period" means the period beginning on October 1, 1985, and ending on November 14, 1985.

Approved September 30, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3452:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Sept. 30, considered and passed House and Senate.

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99 STAT. 505

Public Law 99–121
99th Congress

An Act

Oct. 11, 1985
[H.R. 2475]

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to simplify the imputed interest rules of sections 1274 and 483, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Real property.

TITLE I—AMENDMENTS TO IMPUTED INTEREST RULES

SECTION 101. SIMPLIFICATION OF GENERAL IMPUTED INTEREST RULES.

(a) REDUCTION OF IMPUTATION RATE FROM 120 TO 100 PERCENT; ELIMINATION OF SEPARATE TESTING RATE.—

98 Stat. 538.
26 USC 1274.

(1) AMENDMENTS OF SECTION 1274.—

(A) Subparagraph (B) of section 1274(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (defining imputed principal amount) is amended by striking out "120 percent of".

(B) Clause (ii) of section 1274(c)(1)(A) of such Code is amended to read as follows:

"(ii) in any other case, the imputed principal amount of such debt instrument determined under subsection (b), and".

(C) Paragraph (2) of section 1274(c) of such Code is amended by striking out "the testing amount" and inserting in lieu thereof "the imputed principal amount of such debt instrument determined under subsection (b)".

(D) Subsection (c) of section 1274 of such Code is amended by striking out paragraph (3) and by redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (3).

(2) AMENDMENTS OF SECTION 483.— 98 Stat. 553. 26 USC 483.

(A) The last sentence of section 483(b) of such Code (defining total unstated interest) is amended by striking out "120 percent of".

(B) Subparagraph (B) of section 483(c)(1) of such Code is amended to read as follows:

"(B) under which there is total unstated interest."

(b) INTEREST RATES REDETERMINED EACH MONTH.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1) of section 1274(d) of such Code (defining applicable Federal rate) is amended by striking out subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 98 Stat. 538. 26 USC 1274.

"(B) DETERMINATION OF RATES.—During each calendar month, the Secretary shall determine the Federal short-term rate, mid-term rate, and long-term rate which shall apply during the following calendar month.

"(C) FEDERAL RATE FOR ANY CALENDAR MONTH.—For purposes of this paragraph—

"(i) FEDERAL SHORT-TERM RATE.—The Federal short-term rate shall be the rate determined by the Secretary based on the average market yield (during any 1-month period selected by the Secretary and ending in the calendar month in which the determination is made) on outstanding marketable obligations of the United States with remaining periods to maturity of 3 years or less.

"(ii) FEDERAL MID-TERM AND LONG-TERM RATES.—The Federal mid-term and long-term rate shall be determined in accordance with the principles of clause (i).

"(D) LOWER RATE PERMITTED IN CERTAIN CASES.—The Secretary may by regulations permit a rate to be used with respect to any debt instrument which is lower than the applicable Federal rate if the taxpayer establishes to the satisfaction of the Secretary that such lower rate is based on the same principles as the applicable Federal rate and is appropriate for the term of such instrument."

(2) RATE APPLICABLE TO ANY SALE OR EXCHANGE.—Paragraph (2) of section 1274(d) of such Code (relating to rate applicable to any sale or exchange) is amended to read as follows: 98 Stat. 538. 26 USC 1274.

"(2) LOWEST 3-MONTH RATE APPLICABLE TO ANY SALE OR EXCHANGE.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any sale or exchange, the applicable Federal rate shall be the lowest 3-month rate.

"(B) LOWEST 3-MONTH RATE.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the term 'lowest 3-month rate' means the lowest of the applicable Federal rates in effect for any month in the 3-calendar-month period ending with the 1st calendar month in which there is a binding contract in writing for such sale or exchange." Contracts.

(c) RATE INCREASED TO 110 PERCENT IN CASE OF SALE-LEASEBACK.—Section 1274 of such Code (relating to determination of issue price in the case of certain debt instruments issued for property) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection: 98 Stat. 538. 26 USC 1274.

"(e) 110 PERCENT RATE WHERE SALE-LEASEBACK INVOLVED.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any debt instrument to which this subsection applies, the discount rate used under subsection

98 Stat. 553.
26 USC 483.

(b)(2)(B) or section 483(b) shall be 110 percent of the applicable Federal rate, compounded semiannually.

Prohibitions.
Post, p. 507.

"(2) Lower discount rates shall not apply.—Section 1274A shall not apply to any debt instrument to which this subsection applies.

"(3) Debt instruments to which this subsection applies.—This subsection shall apply to any debt instrument given in consideration for the sale or exchange of any property if, pursuant to a plan, the transferor or any related person leases a portion of such property after such sale or exchange."

SEC. 102. LOWER DISCOUNT RATE IN CASE OF CERTAIN SALES WHERE STATED PRINCIPAL AMOUNT DOES NOT EXCEED $2,800,000.

(a) General Rule.—Subpart A of part V of subchapter P of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to original issue discount) is amended by inserting after section 1274 the following new section:

99 STAT. 507

26 USC 1274A.

"SEC. 1274A. SPECIAL RULES FOR CERTAIN TRANSACTIONS WHERE STATED PRINCIPAL AMOUNT DOES NOT EXCEED $2,800,000.

98 Stat. 553.
26 USC 483.
98 Stat. 538.
26 USC 1274.

"(a) Lower Discount Rate.—In the case of any qualified debt instrument, the discount rate used for purposes of sections 483 and 1274 shall not exceed 9 percent, compounded semiannually.

"(b) Qualified Debt Instrument Defined.—For purposes of this section, the term 'qualified debt instrument' means any debt instrument given in consideration for the sale or exchange of property (other than new section 38 property within the meaning of section 48(b)) if the stated principal amount of such instrument does not exceed $2,800,000.

98 Stat. 638.
26 USC 48.

"(c) Election To Use Cash Method Where Stated Principal Amount Does Not Exceed $2,000,000.—

"(1) In general.—In the case of any cash method debt instrument—

Prohibitions.
98 Stat. 538.
26 USC 1274.

"(A) section 1274 shall not apply, and

"(B) interest on such debt instument shall be taken into account by both the borrower and the lender under the cash receipts and disbursements method of accounting.

"(2) Cash method debt instrument.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'cash method debt instrument' means any qualified debt instrument if—

"(A) the stated principal amount does not exceed $2,000,000,

"(B) the lender does not use an accrual method of accounting and is not a dealer with respect to the property sold or exchanged,

"(C) section 1274 would have applied to such instrument but for an election under this subsection, and

"(D) an election under this subsection is jointly made with respect to such debt instrument by the borrower and lender.

"(3) Successors bound by election.—

"(A) In general.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), paragraph (1) shall apply to any successor to the borrower or lender with respect to a cash method debt instrument.

"(B) Exception where lender transfers debt instrument to accrual method taxpayer.—If the lender (or any successor) transfers any cash method debt instrument to a taxpayer who uses an accrual method of accounting, this paragraph shall not apply with respect to such instrument for periods after such transfer.

"(4) Fair market value rule in potentially abusive situations.—In the case of any cash method debt instrument, section 483 shall be applied as if it included provisions similar to the provisions of section 1274(b)(3).

"(d) OTHER SPECIAL RULES.—

"(1) AGGREGATION RULES.—For purposes of this section—

"(A) all sales or exchanges which are part of the same transaction (or a series of related transactions) shall be treated as 1 sale or exchange, and

"(B) all debt instruments arising from the same transaction (or a series of related transactions) shall be treated as 1 debt instrument.

"(2) INFLATION ADJUSTMENTS.—

99 STAT. 508

"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any debt instrument arising out of a sale or exchange during any calendar year after 1989, each dollar amount contained in the preceding provisions of this section shall be increased by the inflation adjustment for such calendar year. Any increase under the preceding sentence shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of $100 (or, if such increase is a multiple of $50, such increase shall be increased to the nearest multiple of $100).

"(B) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the inflation adjustment for any calendar year is the percentage (if any) by which—

"(i) the CPI for the preceding calendar year exceeds

"(ii) the CPI for calendar year 1988.

For purposes of the preceding sentence, the CPI for any calendar year is the average of the Consumer Price Index as of the close of the 12-month period ending on September 30 of such calendar year.

"(e) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this subsection, including—

"(1) regulations coordinating the provisions of this section with other provisions of this title,

"(2) regulations necessary to prevent the avoidance of tax through the abuse of the provisions of subsection (c), and

"(3) regulations relating to the treatment of transfers of cash method debt instruments."

(b) EXCEPTION FOR ASSUMPTIONS.—Subsection (c) of section 1274 of such Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

Ante, p. 505.
26 USC 1274.

"(4) EXCEPTION FOR ASSUMPTIONS.—If any person—

"(A) in connection with the sale or exchange of property, assumes any debt instrument, or

"(B) acquires any property subject to any debt instrument,

in determining whether this section or section 483 applies to such debt instrument, such assumption (or such acquisition) shall not be taken into account unless the terms and conditions of such debt instrument are modified (or the nature of the transaction is changed) in connection with the assumption (or acquisition)."

98 Stat. 553.
26 USC 483.

(c) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—

(1) Section 483 of such Code is amended by striking out subsection (e) and by redesignating subsections (f), (g), and (h) as subsections (e), (f), and (g), respectively.

98 Stat. 553.
26 USC 483.

(2) Paragraph (1) of section 483(e) of such Code (as redesignated by paragraph (1)) is amended by striking out "7 percent" and inserting in lieu thereof "6 percent".

(3) Subsection (g) of section 483 of such Code (as redesignated by paragraph (1)) is amended to read as follows:

"(g) CROSS REFERENCES.—

"(1) For treatment of assumptions, see section 1274(c)(4).

Supra.

"(2) For special rules for certain transactions where stated principal amount does not exceed $2,800,000, see section 1274A.

Ante, p. 507.

"(3) For special rules in case of the borrower under certain loans for personal use, see section 1275(b)."

98 Stat. 540.
26 USC 1275.

(4) Paragraph (4) of section 280G(d) of such Code is amended by striking out "in accordance with section 1274(b)(2)" and

98 Stat. 585.
26 USC 280G.

99 STAT. 509

98 Stat. 538.
26 USC 1274.

inserting in lieu thereof "by using a discount rate equal to 120 percent of the applicable Federal rate (determined under section 1274(d)), compounded semiannually".

(d) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for subpart A of part V of subchapter P of chapter 1 of such Code is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1274 the following new item:

"Sec. 1274A. Special rules for certain transactions where stated principal amount does not exceed $2,800,000."

SEC. 103. RECOVERY PERIOD FOR 18-YEAR REAL PROPERTY EXTENDED TO 19 YEARS.

98 Stat. 631.
26 USC 168.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Clause (i) of section 168(b)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to amount of deduction for 18-year real property) is amended by striking out "18-year recovery period" and inserting in lieu thereof "19-year recovery period".

(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—

(1) The following provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 are amended by striking out "18-year real property" each place it appears in the text and headings thereof and inserting in lieu thereof "19-year real property":

(A) Section 168 (relating to accelerated cost recovery system).

98 Stat. 633.
26 USC 57.

(B) Section 57(a)(12) (relating to preference for accelerated cost recovery deduction).

98 Stat. 633.
26 USC 312.

(C) Section 312(k)(3)(A) (relating to earnings and profits).

98 Stat. 633.
26 USC 1245.

(D) Subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) of section 1245(a)(5) (relating to gain from dispositions of certain depreciable property).

98 Stat. 633.
26 USC 168.

(2) The table contained in subparagraph (A) of section 168(b)(3) of such Code (relating to election of different recovery percentage) is amended by striking out "18, 35, or 45" and inserting in lieu thereof "19, 35, or 45 years".

98 Stat. 632.
26 USC 168.

(3)(A) Subparagraph (B) of section 168(f)(1) of such Code (relating to components of section 1250 class property) is amended by redesignating clause (iii) as clause (iv) and by inserting after clause (ii) the following new clause:

"(iii) BUILDINGS PLACED IN SERVICE BEFORE MAY 9, 1985.—In the case of any building placed in service by the taxpayer before May 9, 1985, for purposes of applying subparagraph (A) to components of such buildings placed in service after May 8, 1985, the deduction allowable under subsection (a) with respect to such components shall be computed in the same manner as the deduction allowable with respect to the first component placed in service after May 8, 1985."

(B) Clause (ii) of section 168(f)(1)(B) of such Code is amended by striking out "March 15, 1984, the" and inserting in lieu thereof "March 15, 1984, and before May, 9, 1985, the".

(C) Clause (iv) of section 168(f)(1)(B) of such Code, as redesignated by subparagraph (A), is amended by striking out "or (ii)" and inserting in lieu thereof ", (ii), or (iii)".

(4) Clause (ii) of section 168(f)(12)(B) of such Code (relating to limitations for property financed with tax-exempt bonds) is amended—

99 STAT. 510

(A) by striking out "15-year real property" each place it appears in the heading and the text and inserting in lieu thereof "19-year real property", and

(B) by striking out "15 years" and inserting in lieu thereof "19 years".

98 Stat. 633.
26 USC 48.

(5) Paragraph (2) of section 48(g) of such Code (relating to special rules for qualified rehabilitated buildings) is amended by striking out "18" in subparagraphs (A)(i) and (B)(v) thereof and inserting in lieu thereof "19".

(6) The table contained in subparagraph (B) of section 47(a)(5) of such Code (relating to special rules for recovery property) is amended by striking out "For 15-year, 10-year, and 5-year property" and inserting in lieu thereof " For property other than 3-year property".

26 USC 47.

(7) Clause (i) of section 57(a)(12)(B) of such Code (relating to real property and low-income housing) is amended by striking out "18 years" and inserting in lieu thereof "19 years".

98 Stat. 633.
26 USC 57.

SEC. 104. SPECIAL RULE FOR CERTAIN WORKOUTS.

Loans.

(a) General Rule.—Sections 483 and 1274 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall not apply to the issuance or modification of any written indebtedness if—

Prohibitions.
98 Stat. 553.
26 USC 483
98 Stat. 538.
26 USC 1274.

(1) such issuance or modification is in connection with a workout of a specified MLC loan which (as of May 31, 1985) was substantially in arrears, and

(2) the aggregate principal amount of indebtedness resulting from such workout does not exceed the sum (as of the time of the workout) of the outstanding principal amount of the specified MLC loan and any arrearages on such loan.

(b) Specified MLC Loan.—For purposes of subsection (a), the term "specified MLC loan" means any loan which, in a submission dated June 17, 1985, on behalf of the New York State Mortgage Loan Enforcement and Administration Corporation, had one of the following loan numbers: 001, 005, 007, 012, 025, 038, 041, 042, 043, 049, 053, 064, 068, 090, 141, 180, or 188.

SEC. 105. EFFECTIVE DATES.

(a) Sections 101 and 102.—

26 USC 1274 note.

(1) In general.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by sections 101 and 102 shall apply to sales and exchanges after June 30, 1985, in taxable years ending after such date. The amendment made by section 2 of Public Law 98–612 shall not apply to sales and exchanges after June 30, 1985, in taxable years ending after such date.

Prohibitions.
98 Stat. 3182.

(2) Regulatory authority to establish lower rate.—Section 1274(d)(1)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as added by section 101(b), shall apply as if included in the amendments made by section 41 of the Tax Reform Act of 1984.

98 Stat. 531.

(b) Section 103.—

26 USC 168 note.

(1) In general.—Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the amendments made by section 103 shall apply with respect to property placed in service by the taxpayer after May 8, 1985.

(2) Exception.—The amendments made by section 103 shall not apply to property placed in service by the taxpayer before January 1, 1987, if—

Prohibitions.
Contracts.

99 STAT. 511

(A) the taxpayer or a qualified person entered into a binding contract to purchase or construct such property before May 9, 1985, or

(B) construction of such property was commenced by or for the taxpayer or a qualified person before May 9, 1985.

For purposes of this paragraph, the term "qualified person" means any person whose rights in such a contract or such property are transferred to the taxpayer, but only if such property is not placed in service before such rights are transferred to the taxpayer.

(3) Special rule for components.—For purposes of applying section 168(f)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (as amended by section 103) to components placed in service after December 31, 1986, property to which paragraph (2) of this subsection applies shall be treated as placed in service by the taxpayer before May 9, 1985.

(4) Technical correction.—The amendment made by para-

graph (6) of section 103(b) shall apply as if included in the amendments made by section 111 of the Tax Reform Act of 1984.

98 Stat. 631.

(5) SPECIAL RULE FOR LEASING OF QUALIFIED REHABILITATED BUILDINGS.—The amendment made by paragraph (5) of section 103(b) to section 48(g)(2)(B)(v) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall not apply to leases entered into before May 22, 1985, but only if the lessee signed the lease before May 17, 1985.

TITLE II—AMENDMENTS TO BELOW-MARKET INTEREST RULES

SEC. 201. CERTAIN LOANS TO QUALIFIED CONTINUING CARE FACILITIES EXEMPT FROM BELOW-MARKET INTEREST RATE RULES.

98 Stat. 699.
26 USC 7872.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 7872 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to treatment of loans with below-market interest rates) is amended by redesignating subsection (g) as subsection (h) and by inserting after subsection (f) the following new subsection:

"(g) EXCEPTION FOR CERTAIN LOANS TO QUALIFIED CONTINUING CARE FACILITIES.—

Contracts.

"(1) IN GENERAL.—This section shall not apply for any calendar year to any below-market loan made by a lender to a qualified continuing care facility pursuant to a continuing care contract if the lender (or the lender's spouse) attains age 65 before the close of such year.

"(2) $90,000 LIMIT.—Paragraph (1) shall apply only to the extent that the aggregate outstanding amount of any loan to which such paragraph applies (determined without regard to this paragraph), when added to the aggregate outstanding amount of all other previous loans between the lender (or the lender's spouse) and any qualified continuing care facility to which paragraph (1) applies, does not exceed $90,000.

"(3) CONTINUING CARE CONTRACT.—For purposes of this section, the term 'continuing care contract' means a written contract between an individual and a qualified continuing care facility under which—

"(A) the individual or individual's spouse may use a qualified continuing care facility for their life or lives,

"(B) the individual or individual's spouse—

"(i) will first—

"(I) reside in a separate, independent living unit with additional facilities outside such unit for the providing of meals and other personal care, and

"(II) not require long-term nursing care, and

"(ii) then will be provided long-term and skilled nursing care as the health of such individual or individual's spouse requires, and

"(C) no additional substantial payment is required if such individual or individual's spouse requires increased personal care services or long-term and skilled nursing care.

"(4) QUALIFIED CONTINUING CARE FACILITY.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this section, the term 'qualified continuing care facility' means 1 or more facilities—

"(i) which are designed to provide services under continuing care contracts, and

"(ii) substantially all of the residents of which are covered by continuing care contracts.

"(B) SUBSTANTIALLY ALL FACILITIES MUST BE OWNED OR OPERATED BY BORROWER.—A facility shall not be treated as a qualified continuing care facility unless substantially all facilities which are used to provide services which are required to be provided under a continuing care contract are owned or operated by the borrower.

"(C) Nursing homes excluded.—The term 'qualified continuing care facility' shall not include any facility which is of a type which is traditionally considered a nursing home.

"(5) Adjustment of limit for inflation.—

"(A) In general.—In the case of any loan made during any calendar year after 1986 to which paragraph (1) applies, the dollar amount in paragraph (2) shall be increased by the inflation adjustment for such calendar year. Any increase under the preceding sentence shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of $100 (or, if such increase is a multiple of $50, such increase shall be increased to the nearest multiple of $100).

"(B) Inflation adjustment.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the inflation adjustment for any calendar year is the percentage (if any) by which—

"(i) the CPI for the preceding calendar year exceeds

"(ii) the CPI for calendar year 1985.

For purposes of the preceding sentence, the CPI for any calendar year is the average of the Consumer Price Index as of the close of the 12-month period ending on September 30 of such calendar year."

(b) Clarification of Application of Below-Market Interest Rate Rules to Loans to Qualified Continuing Care Facilities.—Paragraph (1) of section 7872(c) of such Code (relating to below-market loans to which section applies) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

98 Stat. 699.
26 USC 7872.

"(F) Loans to qualified continuing care facilities.—Any loan to any qualified continuing care facility pursuant to a continuing care contract."

(c) Conforming Amendments.—

(1) Paragraph (1) of section 7872(c) of such Code is amended by inserting "and subsection (g)" after "subsection".

99 STAT. 513

(2) Subparagraph (E) of section 7872(c)(1) of such Code is amended by striking out "or (C)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(C), or (F)".

98 Stat. 699.
26 USC 7872.

SEC. 202. TIME FOR DETERMINING RATE APPLICABLE TO EMPLOYEE RELOCATION LOANS.

Subsection (f) of section 7872 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to treatment of loans with below-market interest rates) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(11) Time for determining rate applicable to employee relocation loans.—

"(A) In general.—In the case of any term loan made by an employer to an employee the proceeds of which are used by the employee to purchase a principal residence (within the meaning of section 1034), the determination of the applicable Federal rate shall be made as of the date the written contract to purchase such residence was entered into.

"(B) Paragraph only to apply to cases to which section 217 applies.—Subparagraph (A) shall only apply to the purchase of a principal residence in connection with the commencement of work by an employee or a change in the principal place of work of an employee to which section 217 applies."

26 USC 217.

SEC. 203. SECTION 7872 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE SHALL NOT APPLY TO NON-LOAN PAYMENTS TO CERTAIN RESIDENTIAL HOUSING FACILITIES FOR THE ELDERLY.

(a) General Rule.—For purposes of section 7872 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, payments made to a specified independent living facility for the elderly by a payor who is an individual at least 65 years old shall not be treated as loans provided—

98 Stat. 699.
26 USC 7872.

(1) the independent living facility is designed and operated to meet some substantial combination of the health, physical, emotional, recreational, social, religious and similar needs of persons over the age of 65;

(2) in exchange for the payment, the payor obtains the right to occupy (or equivalent contractual right) independent living quarters located in the independent living facility;

(3) the amount of the payment is equal to the fair market value of the right to occupy the independent living quarters;

(4) upon leaving the independent living facility, the payor is entitled to receive a payment equal to at least 50 percent of the fair market value at that time of the right to occupy the independent living quarters, the timing of which payment may be contingent on the time when the independent living facility is able to locate a new occupant for such quarters; and

(5) the excess, if any, of the fair market value of the independent living quarters at the time the payor leaves such quarters (less a reasonable amount to cover costs) over the amount paid to the payor is used by an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of such Code to provide housing and related services for needy elderly persons. 26 USC 501.

(b) SPECIFIED INDEPENDENT LIVING FACILITY FOR THE ELDERLY.—For purposes of this section— Missouri.

(1) IN GENERAL.—The term "specified independent living facility for the elderly" means— 99 STAT. 514

(A) the Our Lady of Life Apartments owned by a Missouri not-for-profit corporation with the same name,

(B) the Laclede Oaks Manor owned by the Lutheran Health Care Association of St. Louis, Missouri, and

(C) the Luther Center Northeast owned by the Lutheran Altenheim Society of Missouri.

(2) REQUIREMENTS.—A facility shall not be considered to be a specified independent living facility for the elderly—

(A) if it is located at any site other than the site which it occupied (or was in the process of occupying through construction) on the date of the enactment of this Act, or

(B) if its ownership is transferred after such date of enactment to a person other than an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954. 26 USC 501.

SEC. 204. EFFECTIVE DATES.

(a) SECTION 201.— 26 USC 7872 note.

(1) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by section 201 shall apply with respect to loans made after the date of enactment of this Act.

(2) SECTION 7872 NOT TO APPLY TO CERTAIN LOANS.—Section 7872 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall not apply to loans made on or before the date of the enactment of this Act to any qualified continuing care facility pursuant to a continuing care contract. For purposes of this paragraph, the terms "qualified continuing care facility" and "continuing care contract" have the meanings given such terms by section 7872(g) of such Code (as added by section 201). Contracts. 98 Stat. 699. 26 USC 7872.

(b) SECTION 202.—The amendment made by section 202 shall apply to contracts entered into after June 30, 1985, in taxable years ending after such date. 26 USC 7872 note.

(c) **Section** 203.—The provisions of section 203 shall apply as if included in section 172(a) of the Tax Reform Act of 1984. 98 Stat. 699.

Approved October 11, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2475:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-87 (Comm. on Ways and Means) and No. 99-250 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-83 (Comm. on Finance).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
May 21, considered and passed House.
June 26, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Aug. 1, House agreed to conference report.
Oct. 1, Senate agreed to conference report.

Public Law 99-155
99th Congress

99 STAT. 814

An Act

To temporarily increase the limit on the public debt and to restore the investments of the Social Security Trust Funds and other trust funds.

Nov. 14, 1985
[H.R. 3721]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Securities.
31 USC 3101 note.

Section 1. That, during the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on December 6, 1985, the public debt limit set forth in subsection (b) of section 3101 of title 31, United States Code, shall be temporarily increased by an amount determined by the Secretary of the Treasury as necessary to permit the United States to meet its obligations. The Secretary of the Treasury shall immediately upon enactment restore to the Social Security Trust Funds, or any other trust funds established pursuant to Federal law, any securities disinvested since September 30, 1985. No increase under this Act shall result in a public debt limit in excess of $1,903,800,000,000. Prohibition.

26 USC 5701 note.
26 USC 1 note.

Sec. 2. (a) Subsection (c) of section 283 of the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 (relating to increase in tax on cigarettes) is amended by striking out "November 15, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1985".

(b) Section 285 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. note preceding section 2271) is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 14, 1985".

(c) Section 10(d) of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "December 14, 1985". 45 USC 360.

(d) Section 5(c) of the Emergency Extension Act of 1985 (Public Law 99-107) is amended by striking out "November 14, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 14, 1985". 42 USC 1395ww note.

Approved November 14, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3721:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Nov. 13, considered and passed House; considered and passed Senate, amended.
Nov. 14, House agreed to Senate amendment.

99 STAT. 1665

*Public Law 99-201
99th Congress

An Act

Dec. 23, 1985
[H.R. 4006]

To extend until March 15, 1986, the application of certain tobacco excise taxes and certain medicare reimbursement provisions.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. EXTENSION OF INCREASE IN TAX ON CIGARETTES.

26 USC 5701 note.
Ante, p. 479.

Subsection (c) of section 283 of the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 (relating to increase in tax on cigarettes) is amended by striking out "December 20, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "March 15, 1986".

SEC. 2. EXTENSION OF MEDICARE HOSPITAL AND PHYSICIAN PAYMENT PROVISIONS.

42 USC 1395ww note.
Ante, p. 480.

Section 5(c) of the Emergency Extension Act of 1985 (Public Law 99-107) is amended by striking out "December 19, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "March 14, 1986".

SEC. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE.

26 USC 5701 note.

The amendments made by this Act shall take effect on December 19, 1985. As an exercise of authority under the commerce, taxation, and other powers under the Constitution, the amendment made by section 1 shall be treated for purposes of all Federal and State laws as enacted on December 19, 1985.

Approved December 23, 1985.

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*Note: The printed text of Public Law 99-201 is a reprint of the hand enrollment, signed by the President on December 23, 1985

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4006 (H.R. 3452) (H.R. 3722) (H.R. 3992):

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Dec. 19, considered and passed House.
Dec. 19, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Dec. 20, House concurred in Senate amendments with amendments.
Dec. 20, Senate concurred in House amendments.

SCIENCE ACTS

Public Law 99-105
99th Congress

99 STAT. 475

An Act

To authorize appropriations under the Earthquake Hazards Reduction Act of 1977 for fiscal years 1986 and 1987, and for other purposes.

Sept. 30, 1985
[S. 817]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 7(a) of the Earthquake Hazards Reduction Act of 1977 (42 U.S.C. 7706(a)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: 98 Stat. 95.

"(6) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Director, to carry out the provisions of sections 5 and 6 of this Act, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, $5,596,000, and for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, $5,848,000.". 42 USC 7704, 7705.

SEC. 2. Section 7(b) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 7706(b)) is amended by striking ", and" immediately after "1984" and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon, and by inserting "$35,578,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986; and $37,179,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987" immediately before the period at the end thereof. 98 Stat. 95.

SEC. 3. Section 7(c) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 7706(c)) is amended by striking "and" after "1984;" and by inserting "$27,760,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986; and $29,009,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987" immediately before the period at the end thereof. 98 Stat. 95.

SEC. 4. Section 7(d) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 7706(d)) is amended by striking "and" after "1984;" and by inserting "$499,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986; and $521,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987" immediately before the period at the end thereof. 98 Stat. 95.

SEC. 5. Section 5(b)(2)(E) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 7704(b)(2)(E)) is amended to read as follows:

> "(E) compile and maintain a written plan for the program specified in subsections (a), (e), (f), and (g), to be submitted to the Congress and updated at such times as may be required by significant program events, but in no event less frequently than every three years;".

SEC. 6. Section 5(b)(2) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 7704(b)(2)) (as amended by section 5 of this Act) is further amended by redesignating subparagraph (F) as subparagraph (G), and by inserting after subparagraph (E) the following new subparagraph:

99 STAT. 476

> "(F) make, in cooperation with the United States Geological Survey, the National Science Foundation, and the National Bureau of Standards, an annual presentation to the appropriate committee of the Congress within sixty days after the end of each fiscal year for the purpose of communicating any events and any programmatic requirements deemed significant by the National Earthquake Hazards Reduction Program; and".

Ante, p. 171.

SEC. 7. Section 2(b)(3) of the National Bureau of Standards Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1986 (Public Law 99-73) is amended by striking "(7), and (8)" and inserting in lieu thereof "and (7)".

Approved September 30, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 817:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-90, Pt. 1 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs), Pt. 2 (Comm. on Science and Technology).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-29 (Comm. on Commerce, Science and Transportation).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Apr. 17, considered and passed Senate.
June 24, considered and passed House, amended.
July 31, Senate concurred in House amendments with amendment.
Sept. 17, House concurred in Senate amendments.

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99 STAT. 887

Public Law 99-159
99th Congress

An Act

Nov. 22, 1985
[H.R. 1210]

To authorize appropriations to the National Science Foundation for the fiscal year 1986, and for other purposes.

National Science, Engineering, and Mathematics Authorization Act of 1986. 20 USC 3901 note. National Science Foundation Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1986. 42 USC 1861 note.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "National Science, Engineering, and Mathematics Authorization Act of 1986".

TITLE I—NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION AUTHORIZATION

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 101. This title may be cited as the "National Science Foundation Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1986".

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 102. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated to the National Science Foundation, for the fiscal year 1986, the sums set forth in the following categories:

(1) Advanced Scientific Computing, $46,230,000.
(2) Astronomical, Atmospheric, Earth, and Ocean Sciences, $359,670,000.
(3) Biological, Behavioral, and Social Sciences, $262,010,000.
(4) Engineering, $169,796,000.
(5) Mathematical and Physical Sciences, $408,820,000.
(6) Scientific, Technological, and International Affairs, $37,770,000.
(7) Program Development and Management, $72,230,000.
(8) Science and Engineering Education, $50,550,000.
(9) United States Antarctic Program, $110,080,000.

(b)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, from the amounts authorized under subsection (a)—

(A) not less than $1,000,000 are authorized only for the purposes of the ethics and values in science and technology program; and

(B) not less than $3,000,000 are authorized only for purposes of the Policy Research and Analysis program.

The Foundation shall report to the Committees on Labor and Human Resources and Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate on the distribution of the funds made available under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph not later than December 30, 1986.

Acid rain.

(c) In the obligation, use, and expenditure of the amounts appropriated for Biotic Systems and Resources under the authority provided in subsection (a)(3) and for Atmospheric Sciences under the authority provided in subsection (a)(2), emphasis shall be placed on

99 STAT. 888

basic scientific research to support a better understanding of the phenomena that contribute to acid rain.

SCIENTIFIC REVIEW PRIOR TO CLOSURE OF A NATIONAL FACILITY

Prohibition.
Ante, p. 887.

SEC. 103. Of the funds authorized to be appropriated in section 102, no funds shall be expended with respect to closure of a National facility without appropriate scientific review, including review by the National Science Foundation's appropriate advisory committee or committees and the National Science Board.

AVAILABILITY

Ante, p. 887;
Infra.

SEC. 104. Appropriations made under authority provided in sections 102 and 106 shall remain available for obligation for periods specified in the Acts making the appropriations.

OFFICIAL EXPENSES

Prohibition.

SEC. 105. From appropriations made under authorizations provided in this Act, not more than $3,500 for fiscal year 1986 may be used for official consultation, representation, or other extraordinary expenses at the discretion of the Director of the National Science Foundation. The determination of the Director shall be final and conclusive upon the accounting officers of the Government.

FOREIGN CURRENCY AUTHORIZATION

Prohibition.
Ante, p. 887.

SEC. 106. In addition to the sums authorized by section 102, not more than $1,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 are authorized to be appropriated for expenses of the National Science Foundation incurred outside the United States, to be drawn from foreign currencies that the Treasury Department determines to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States.

TRANSFERS AUTHORIZED

Ante, p. 887.

SEC. 107. (a) Funds may be transferred among the categories listed in section 102(a), so long as the net funds transferred to or from any category do not exceed 10 percent of the amount authorized for that category in section 102.

(b) The Director of the Foundation may propose transfers to or from any category exceeding 10 percent of the amounts authorized for that category in section 102. An explanation of any such proposed transfer must be transmitted in writing to the Speaker of the House, the President of the Senate, the Committees on Labor and Human Resources and Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, and the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives. The proposed transfer may be made only when thirty calendar days have passed after submission of the written proposal.

DATA COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS

42 USC 1886.

SEC. 108. The National Science Foundation is authorized to design, establish, and maintain a data collection and analysis capability in the Foundation for the purpose of identifying and assessing the research facilities needs of universities. The needs of universities, by major field of science and engineering, for construction and modernization of research laboratories, including fixed equipment and

99 STAT. 889

major research equipment, shall be documented. University expenditures for the construction and modernization of research facilities, the sources of funds, and other appropriate data shall be collected and analyzed. The Foundation, in conjunction with other appropriate Federal agencies, shall conduct the necessary surveys every 2 years and report the results to the Congress. The first report shall be submitted to the Congress by September 1, 1986.

Report.

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION ADMINISTRATIVE AMENDMENTS

SEC. 109. (a) The last sentence of section 4(e) of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950 (42 U.S.C. 1863(e)) is amended by striking out "by registered mail or certified mail mailed to his last known address of record".

(b) Section 5(e) of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950 (42 U.S.C. 1864(e)) is amended to read as follows:

Grants.
Contracts.
42 USC 1870.

"(e)(1) The Director may make grants, contracts, and other arrangements pursuant to section 11(c) only with the prior approval of the Board or under authority delegated by the Board, and subject to such conditions as the Board may specify.

Federal Register, publication.

"(2) Any delegation of authority or imposition of conditions under the preceding sentence shall be effective only for such period of time, not exceeding two years, as the Board may specify, and shall be promptly published in the Federal Register and reported to the Committees on Labor and Human Resources and Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives. On October 1 of each odd-numbered year the Board shall submit to the Congress a concise report which explains and justifies any actions taken by the Board under this subsection to delegate its authority or impose conditions within the preceding two years. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be effective at the end of fiscal year 1989.".

Report.

Termination.

(c) Section 12 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1871) is amended—

(1) by striking out "(a)" after "SEC. 12."; and

(2) by striking out subsection (b).

(d) Section 9 of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950 (42 U.S.C. 1868) is amended to read as follows:

"SPECIAL COMMISSIONS

42 USC 1863.

"SEC. 9. (a) Each special commission established under section 4(h) shall be appointed by the Board and shall consist of such members as the Board considers appropriate.

Study.
Research and development.
Education.

"(b) Special commissions may be established to study and make recommendations to the Foundation on issues relating to research and education in science and engineering.".

(e)(1) Section 14 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1873) is amended—

(A) by striking out subsection (b);

(B) by redesignating subsections (c) through (i) as subsections (b) through (h), respectively; and

(C) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

42 USC 1862.

"(i) Information supplied to the Foundation or a contractor of the Foundation by an industrial or commercial organization in survey forms, questionnaires, or similar instruments for the purposes of subsection (a)(5) or (a)(6) of section 3 may not be disclosed to the public unless such information has been transformed into statistical

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or aggregate formats that do not allow the identification of the supplier. The names of organizations supplying such information may not be disclosed to the public.".

(2) Sections 3(b) and 15(b)(1) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1862(b), 1874(b)(1)) are each amended by striking out "14(g)" and inserting in lieu thereof "14(f)".

42 USC 1873a.

(f) Section 10 of the National Science Foundation Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1978 (42 U.S.C. 1873(a)), is repealed.

(g) Section 6(a) of the National Science Foundation Authorization Act, 1976 (42 U.S.C. 1881a(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking out "not to exceed $50,000 per year for a period not to exceed three years" in the last sentence; and

Grants.

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The National Science Board will periodically establish the amounts and terms of such grants under this section.".

Repeal.

42 USC 1862, 1863, 1869b, 1873, 1882 note.

(h) Section 6 of the National Science Foundation Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1978 (42 U.S.C. 1884), is repealed; and sections 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, and 14 of such Act are redesignated as sections 6 through 12, respectively.

(i) Section 9 of the National Science Foundation Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1980 (42 U.S.C. 1882) is amended by inserting "and the National Science Board" after "the Director of the National Science Foundation".

AMENDMENT TO THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION ACT OF 1950 RELATING TO ENGINEERING

Research and development.
Education.
Study.

SEC. 110. (a) The National Science Foundation Act of 1950 (42 U.S.C. 1861 through 1875) is amended as follows:

(1) Section 3(a)(1) (42 U.S.C. 1862(a)(1)) is amended—

(A) by striking out "engineering,";

(B) by inserting after "other sciences," the following: "and to initiate and support research fundamental to the engineering process and programs to strengthen engineering research potential and engineering education programs at all levels in the various fields of engineering,"; and

(C) by striking out "such scientific and educational activities" and inserting in lieu thereof "such scientific, engineering, and educational activities".

(2) Section 3(a)(2) (42 U.S.C. 1862(a)(2)) is amended by striking out "in the mathematical, physical, medical, biological, engineering, social, and other sciences" and inserting in lieu thereof "for study and research in the sciences or in engineering".

(3) Section 3(a)(3) (42 U.S.C. 1862(a)(3)) is amended—

(A) by inserting "and engineering" after "scientific"; and

(B) by inserting "and engineers" after "scientists".

(4) Section 3(a)(4) (42 U.S.C. 1862(a)(4)) is amended—

(A) by inserting "and engineering" after "scientific"; and

(B) by inserting "and engineering" after "sciences".

(5) Section 3(a)(5) (42 U.S.C. 1862(a)(5)) is amended by inserting "and fields of engineering" after "sciences".

(6) Section 3(a)(6) (42 U.S.C. 1862(a)(6)) is amended by striking out "technical" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "engineering".

(7) Section 3(a)(7) (42 U.S.C. 1862(a)(7)) is amended by inserting "and engineering" after "scientific".

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(8) Section 3(b) (42 U.S.C. 1862(b)) is amended by inserting "and engineering" after "scientific" each place it appears.

(9) Section 3(c) (42 U.S.C. 1862(c)) is amended—

(A) by inserting "and engineering" after "scientific" in the first sentence; and

(B) by inserting "and engineering research" after "applied scientific research" in the second sentence.

(10) Section 3(d) (42 U.S.C. 1862(d)) is amended by striking out "basic research and education in the sciences" and inserting in lieu thereof "research and education in science and engineering".

(11) Section 3(e) (42 U.S.C. 1862(e)) is amended by inserting "and engineering" after "sciences".

(12) Section 4(c) (42 U.S.C. 1863(c)) is amended—

(A) by inserting "and engineering" after "scientific" in clause (3) of the first sentence;

(B) by inserting "and engineers" after "scientists" in the second sentence; and

(C) by inserting "the National Academy of Engineering," after "National Academy of Sciences,", and inserting ", engineering," after "scientific", in the third sentence.

(13) The first sentence of section 10 (42 U.S.C. 1869) is amended by striking out "scientific study or scientific work in the mathematical, physical, medical, biological, engineering, social, and other sciences" and inserting in lieu thereof "study and research in the sciences or in engineering".

(14) Section 11 (42 U.S.C. 1870) is amended—

(A) by inserting "or engineering" after "scientific" each place it appears in subsections (c), (d), and (i);

(B) by striking out "technical" and inserting in lieu thereof "engineering" in subsection (g); and

(C) by striking out "scientific value" and inserting in lieu thereof "scientific or engineering value" in subsection (g).

(15) Section 12 (42 U.S.C. 1871), as amended by section 109(c) of this Act, is further amended by inserting "or engineering" after "scientific".

(16) Section 13(a) (42 U.S.C. 1872(a)) is amended—

(A) by inserting "or engineering" after "scientific" each place it appears in the first two sentences;

(B) by inserting "or engineers" after "scientists"; and

(C) by striking out "scientific study or scientific work" and inserting in lieu thereof "study and research in the sciences or in engineering".

(17) Section 13(b) (42 U.S.C. 1872(b)) is amended by inserting "or engineering" after "scientific".

(18) Section 14 (42 U.S.C. 1873), as amended by section 109(e) of this Act, is further amended—

(A) by inserting "or engineering" after "scientific" each place it appears in subsection (e); and

(B) by striking out "technical" in subsection (f) and inserting in lieu thereof "engineering".

(19) Section 15(b) (42 U.S.C. 1874(b)) is amended—

(A) by striking out "technical" in paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "engineering"; and

(B) by inserting "or engineering" after "scientific" in paragraph (2).

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(b) Section 2(b) of the National Science Foundation Authorization Act, 1976 (42 U.S.C. 1869a) is amended by inserting "or engineering" after "science" each place it appears.

AMENDMENT TO SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY EQUAL OPPORTUNITY ACT RELATING TO ENGINEERING

SEC. 111. (a) The first section of the National Science Foundation Authorization and Science and Technology Equal Opportunities Act (42 U.S.C. 1861, note) is amended by striking out "Technology" and inserting in lieu thereof "Engineering".

(b) Part B of the National Science Foundation Authorization and Science and Technology Equal Opportunities Act (42 U.S.C. 1885 to 1885(d)) is amended as follows:

42 USC 1861 note.

(1) Section 31 (42 U.S.C. 1885) is amended by striking out "Technology" and inserting in lieu thereof "Engineering".

(2) Section 32(a) (42 U.S.C. 1885(a)) is amended—

(A) by striking out "technology" and inserting in lieu thereof "engineering"; and

(B) by striking out "scientific talent and technical skills" and inserting in lieu thereof "scientific and engineering talents and skills".

(3) The first sentence of section 32(b) (42 U.S.C. 1885(b)) is amended—

(A) by striking out "skills in science and mathematics" and inserting in lieu thereof "skills in science, engineering, and mathematics";

(B) by striking out "technical" and inserting in lieu thereof "engineering";

(C) by striking out "scientific literacy" and inserting in lieu thereof "scientific and engineering literacy"; and

(D) by striking out "technology" and inserting in lieu thereof "engineering".

(4) The second sentence of section 32(b) (42 U.S.C. 1885(b)) is amended—

(A) by striking out "highest quality science" and inserting in lieu thereof "highest quality science and engineering"; and

(B) by striking out "technology" and inserting in lieu thereof "engineering".

(5) The third sentence of section 32(b) (42 U.S.C. 1885(b)) is amended by striking out "technology" and inserting in lieu thereof "engineering".

(6) Section 33 (42 U.S.C. 1885a) is amended—

(A) by striking out "technology" and "technical" each place they appear and inserting in lieu thereof "engineering";

(B) by inserting ", engineering," after "science" in paragraph (2);

(C) by inserting "and engineers" after "scientists" each place it appears;

(D) by inserting "and engineering" after "science" in paragraph (10); and

(E) by striking out "science, engineering, and technology" in paragraph (11) and inserting in lieu thereof "science and engineering".

(7) Section 34 (42 U.S.C. 1885b) is amended—

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(A) by striking out "science education" and inserting in lieu thereof "science and engineering education"; and

(B) by striking out "technology" and inserting in lieu thereof "engineering".

(8) Section 36 (42 U.S.C. 1885c) is amended—

(A) by striking out "TECHNOLOGY" in the heading and "Technology" and "technology" each place they appear, and inserting in lieu thereof "ENGINEERING", "Engineering", and "engineering", respectively; and

(B) by striking out "scientific engineering, professional, and technical" and inserting in lieu thereof "scientific, engineering, and professional".

(9) Section 37(b) (42 U.S.C. 1885d(b)) is amended—

(A) by striking out "technical" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "engineering"; and

(B) by striking out "Technology" in paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "Engineering".

(10) The heading of such part B is amended by striking out "TECHNOLOGY" and inserting in lieu thereof "ENGINEERING".

PRIVATE SECTOR SURVEY REVIEW

Report.

Sec. 112. Within 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act the Director of the National Science Foundation shall review the recommendations of the President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control and such other recommendations as may be included in the OMB report "Management of the United States Government—1986", and shall submit a report to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, and the appropriate Committees of the House and Senate on the implementation status of each such recommendation which affects the National Science Foundation and which is within the authority and control of the Director.

TITLE II—EDUCATION FOR ECONOMIC SECURITY REAUTHORIZATION

PART A—NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION MATHEMATICS AND SCIENCE PROGRAMS

MATHEMATICS, SCIENCE, AND ENGINEERING EDUCATION PROGRAMS

98 Stat. 1268.

SEC. 201. Title I of the Education for Economic Security Act (Public Law 98-377) is amended to read as follows:

"TITLE I—NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING EDUCATION

"POLICY

20 USC 3911.

"SEC. 101. (a) The Congress declares that the science and engineering education responsibilities of the National Science Foundation are—

"(1) to improve the quality of instruction in the fields of mathematics, science, and engineering;

Research and development. Fellowships. Business and industry.

"(2) to support research, fellowships, teacher-faculty-business exchange programs in mathematics, science, and engineering;

"(3) to improve the quality and availability of instrumentation for mathematics, science, and engineering instruction;

Business and industry. Schools and colleges.

"(4) to encourage partnerships in education between local and State education agencies, business and industry, colleges and universities, and cultural and professional institutions and societies; and

99 STAT. 894

"(5) to improve the quality of education at all levels in the fields of mathematics, science, and engineering.

Research and development.

"(b) In exercising its responsibilities to strengthen scientific and engineering research potential and science and engineering education programs at all levels, the Foundation shall avoid undue concentration of support for research and education activities.

"FUNCTIONAL OBJECTIVES; USES OF FUNDS

98 Stat. 1268.
20 USC 3912.

"Sec. 102. (a) In carrying out its science and engineering education responsibilities, the Foundation shall have the following functional objectives: public understanding of science and technology, faculty enhancement, student education and training, instructional development and instrumentation, and materials development and dissemination.

Schools and colleges.

"(b) Funds under this title shall, consistent with such functional objectives, be used for—

"(1) enhancement of public understanding of science and engineering through informal education activities using a variety of mediums such as broadcasting, museums, clubs, and amateur science societies;

"(2) development of new science and engineering faculty resources and talents;

"(3) enhancement of the quality of science and engineering instruction in colleges of teacher education;

"(4) development of four-year college faculty and instructors in high technology fields;

"(5) development of two-year community college faculty and instructors especially in high technology fields;

"(6) development of precollege mathematics, science and engineering education and training;

"(7) encouragement of potential students, including underrepresented and underserved populations, to pursue careers in mathematics, science, engineering, and critical foreign languages;

"(8) development of instructional instrumentation and systems for postsecondary technical, engineering, and scientific education; and

"(9) development of science, engineering, and education networks to aid in the development and dissemination of successful curricula, methods, and materials.

"TEACHER INSTITUTES

Grants.
Schools and colleges.
Business and industry.
Museums.
Libraries.
20 USC 3913.
47 USC 397.

"Sec. 103. (a) The Foundation shall, in accordance with the provisions of this title, make competitive grants to institutions of higher education, businesses, nonprofit private organizations (including schools), local education agencies, professional engineering and scientific associations, museums, libraries, public broadcasting entities (as defined in section 397(11) of the Communications Act of 1934), and appropriate State agencies to support institutes and workshops for supervisors and teachers in public and private elementary and secondary schools for the purpose of improving the subject knowledge and teaching skills of such teachers in the areas of mathematics and science.

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Grants.

"(b) In making grants under this section, the Foundation shall assure that there is an equitable distribution among States of institutes established and operated with funds made available under this section. The Foundation shall award not less than one institute in each State, except that the Foundation may waive this requirement if there is no proposal from a State which meets the requirements of this title. Proposals which exceed $300,000 in any fiscal year incorporating the services or resources of more than two entities in the design and operation of the institute, may be funded at the discretion of the Director of the Foundation.

Business and industry.

"(c) Institutes assisted under this title may, to the extent possible, involve the cooperation of advanced technology businesses and other businesses which are able to supply assistance in the teaching of mathematics and science.

Grants.

"(d) In making grants under this title, the Foundation shall require assurances that local education agencies will be involved in the planning and development of the institute in the case of applications submitted by other eligible applicants described in subsection (a) of this section, or that one or more such applicants will be involved in the planning and development of the institute in the case of applications submitted by State or local education agencies.

"MATERIALS DEVELOPMENT AND METHODS RESEARCH FOR MATHEMATICS, SCIENCE, AND ENGINEERING

Grants.
20 USC 3914.
Schools and colleges.
Business and industry.
Museums.
Libraries.
20 USC 3914.
47 USC 397.

"Sec. 104. (a) The Foundation is authorized, in accordance with the provisions of this title, to award competitive grants to institutions of higher education, businesses, nonprofit private organizations, local education agencies, professional engineering and scientific associations, museums, libraries, public broadcasting entities (as defined in section 397(11) of the Communications Act of 1934), and appropriate State agencies—

"(1) for instructional curriculum improvement and faculty development in mathematics, science, and engineering;

"(2) for programs designed to enhance public understanding of mathematics, science, and engineering, including the use of public broadcasting entities; and

"(3) for research on methods of instruction and educational programs in mathematics, science, engineering, and critical foreign languages.

"(b) Studies conducted under subsection (a)(3) may include—

"(1) teaching and learning research and its application to local and private sector instructional materials development and to improved teacher training programs;

"(2) research on the use of local and informal science education activities;

"(3) research on recruitment, retention, and improvement of mathematics, science, engineering, and critical languages faculties; and

"(4) analysis of materials and methods for mathematics, science, and engineering education used in other countries and their potential application in the United States.

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"(c) Funds awarded for such competitive grants shall be expended through a system requiring matching of the grant. The minimum amount required as a match shall be equal to a percentage of the grant that is determined by the Foundation. Funds made available for matching purposes may include in-kind services or other resources.

"(d) In making grant applications for materials or methods research for the purposes described in subsections (a)(1) and (a)(3), the Foundation shall assure the involvement of appropriate State or local education agencies in the case of applications submitted by other entities described in subsection (a), or that one or more of such other entities will be consulted in the case of applications submitted by State or local education agencies.

"GRADUATE FELLOWSHIPS

20 USC 3915.

"SEC. 105. The Foundation is authorized, in accordance with the provisions of this title, to establish and carry out a program of graduate fellowships for the purpose of encouraging and assisting promising students to continue their education and research in mathematics, science, and engineering.

"OTHER FUNCTIONAL ACTIVITIES

20 USC 3916.

"SEC. 106. (a) The Foundation is authorized to expend up to 15 per centum of the funds available for science and engineering education for applications which the Foundation determines will meet one or more of the functional objectives described in section 102(b).

Ante, p. 894.
Schools and colleges.
Minorities.
Disadvantaged persons.

"(b) Such programs may include a program for the exchange of mathematics, science, or engineering faculty between institutions of higher education (particularly institutions having nationally recognized research facilities) and eligible institutions. For the purposes of this section, the term 'eligible institution' means an institution of higher education which—

"(1) has an enrollment which includes a substantial percentage of students who are members of a minority group, or who are economically or educationally disadvantaged; or

"(2) is located in a community that is not within commuting distance of a major institution of higher education; and

"(3) demonstrates a commitment to meet the special educational needs of students who are members of a minority group or are economically or educationally disadvantaged.

"SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING EDUCATION STRATEGIC PLAN

20 USC 3917.

"SEC. 107. The Foundation shall develop a five-year strategic plan for science and engineering education, to be up-dated on an annual basis, and submitted to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate, and the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives by November 30 of each year.

"APPROVAL OF PROPOSALS

20 USC 3918.

"SEC. 108. The Foundation shall adopt approval procedures designed to assure that awards are made on the basis of the scientific and educational merit as determined by the peer review process. To the maximum extent possible, the Foundation shall assure that there is an equitable distribution of resources with respect to institutions and geographical areas.

99 STAT. 897

"SPECIAL CONSIDERATION OF UNDERREPRESENTED AND UNDERSERVED POPULATIONS

"SEC. 109. In providing financial assistance under this title, the Foundation shall make every effort to ensure that consideration is given to proposals which contain provisions designed to meet the needs of underrepresented and underserved populations.

20 USC 3919.

"AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS

"SEC. 110. Funds to carry out this title for any fiscal year shall be made available from amounts appropriated pursuant to annual authorizations of appropriations for the National Science Foundation for Science and Engineering Education. For fiscal year 1986, funds to carry out this title shall be available from amounts authorized by section 102(a)(8) of the National Science Foundation Authorization Act for fiscal year 1986.

20 USC 3920.

Ante, p. 887.

"PROHIBITION AGAINST THE FEDERAL CONTROL OF EDUCATION

"SEC. 111. The provisions of section 432 of the General Education Provisions Act, relating to prohibition against Federal control of education, shall apply to each program and award authorized by this title.

20 USC 3921.
20 USC 1232a.

"PARTICIPATION OF TEACHERS FROM PRIVATE SCHOOLS

"SEC. 112. The Foundation shall, after consultation with appropriate private school representatives, make provision for the benefit of teachers in private elementary and secondary schools in the programs authorized by this title, in order to assure equitable participation of such teachers.".

20 USC 3922.

PART B—EDUCATION FOR ECONOMIC SECURITY

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 221. Section 3(1) of the Act is amended by striking out "section 195(2) of the Vocational Education Act of 1965" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 521(3) of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational Educational Act.".

98 Stat. 1267.
20 USC 3902.
98 Stat. 2482.
20 USC 2471.

PROGRAM REAUTHORIZATION

SEC. 222. (a) Section 203(b) of the Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "and", and

(2) by inserting after "1985" a comma and the following: "and $350,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1986, 1987, and 1988".

98 Stat. 1274.
20 USC 3963.

(b) Section 205 of the Act is amended by striking out "the fiscal years 1984 and 1985" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "the fiscal years 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, and 1988".

98 Stat. 1275.
20 USC 3965.

STATE ALLOTMENTS

SEC. 223. (a) Section 204(a)(2) of the Act is amended—

98 Stat. 1274.
20 USC 3964.

(1) by inserting "(A)" after the paragraph designation;

99 STAT. 898

(2) by striking out "the remaining 10 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "9 per centum of such amount"; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(B) The Secretary shall reserve the remaining 1 per centum to carry out the provisions of subsection (c).".

(b) Section 204(c) of the Act is amended to read as follows:

98 Stat. 1274.
20 USC 3964.

"(c)(1) From the amount reserved for each fiscal year under subsection (a)(2)(B), the Secretary shall allot—

"(A) not less than one-half of that amount to whatever agency the Secretary determines appropriate for programs authorized by this title for children in elementary and secondary schools

Children and youth.
Indians.

operated for Indian children by the Department of the Interior; and

Guam.
American Samoa.
Virgin Islands.
Northern Mariana Islands.
Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

"(B) the remainder of that amount among Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands according to their respective needs for assistance under this title.

"(2) The Secretary shall make payments under paragraph (1)(A) on whatever terms the Secretary determines will best carry out the purpose of this title.

ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION PROGRAM

98 Stat. 1275.
20 USC 3966.

SEC. 224. (a) Section 206(b)(1)(A) of the Act is amended by striking out "inservice training" and inserting in lieu thereof "training, inservice training,".

(b)(1) Section 206(b)(1)(B) of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"(B) if the local educational agency determines that the agency has met its need for training, inservice training, and retraining under subparagraph (A), subject to the provisions of section 210(c), such training, inservice training, and retraining in the fields of computer learning and foreign languages, and the acquisition of instructional materials and equipment related to mathematics and science instruction.".

98 Stat. 1280.
20 USC 3970.

(2) The third sentence of section 206(b)(1) is amended by striking out "private" before "organizations,".

(3) The fifth sentence of section 206(b)(1) of the Act is amended by inserting "training," before "inservice training".

(c) Section 206(b)(2)(A) of the Act is amended to read as follows:

Schools and colleges.
Children and youth.
Teachers.

"(2)(A) The State educational agency shall distribute 50 per centum of the funds available under this subsection to local educational agencies according to the relative enrollments in public and private nonprofit schools within the school district of such agencies. Such relative enrollments may be calculated, at the option of the State educational agency, on the basis of the total number of children enrolled in public schools and (i) private nonprofit schools, or (ii) private nonprofit schools desiring that their children and teachers participate in programs or projects assisted under this title. Nothing in the preceding sentence shall diminish the responsibility of local educational agencies to contact, on an annual basis, appropriate officials from private nonprofit schools within their school districts in order to determine whether such schools desire that their children and teachers participate in programs or projects assisted under this title.".

99 STAT. 899

(d) The first sentence of section 206(d) of the Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "for demonstration and exemplary programs" in the matter preceding clause (1); and

(2) by inserting "demonstration and exemplary programs for" immediately after the clause designation in clauses (1), (2), and (3), respectively.

HIGHER EDUCATION

98 Stat. 1277.
20 USC 3967.
Teachers.

SEC. 225. (a) Section 207(b)(2)(B) of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"(B) retraining of secondary school teachers who specialize in disciplines other than the teaching of mathematics, science, foreign languages, or computer learning to specialize in the teaching of mathematics, science, foreign languages, or computer learning, including the provision of stipends for participation in institutes authorized under title I; and".

(b)(1) Section 207(b)(2)(C) of the Act is amended by striking out "and science" and inserting in lieu thereof a comma and the following: "science, foreign languages".

(2) The second sentence of section 207(b)(2) of the Act is amended by inserting after "science" a comma and the following: "foreign languages".

(c) The first sentence of section 207(c)(1) of the Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "private nonprofit organizations" and inserting in lieu thereof "nonprofit organizations"; and

(2) by inserting "computer learning" immediately before "and critical foreign languages".

STATE ASSESSMENT

98 Stat. 1278.
20 USC 3968.

SEC. 226. (a)(1) The second sentence of section 208(a) of the Act is amended by striking out "section 210" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 210(b)".

(2) The fourth sentence of section 208(a) of the Act is amended by striking out "first" and inserting "preliminary".

(b) Section 208(c)(1)(E) of the Act is amended by striking out "public" and inserting in lieu thereof "nonprofit".

(c) Section 208 of the Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Report.

"(d) The Secretary shall prepare and submit to the Congress a summary report of the final version of the assessments submitted by States under subsection (a) as soon as practicable after the receipt of such assessments.".

STATE APPLICATION

98 Stat. 1279.
20 USC 3969.

SEC. 227. Section 209(b) of the Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "sections 207 and 208" in clause (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "sections 206 and 207";

(2) by striking out "sections 207 and 208" in clause (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "sections 206 and 207";

Schools and colleges.

(3) by striking out "by local educational agencies, institutes of higher education, junior or community colleges, and other organizations for programs described in section 206" in clause (4)(A) and inserting in lieu thereof "for programs described in sections 206 and 207"; and

99 STAT. 900

(4)(A) by striking out "of such funds, be available for" in clause (6) and inserting in lieu thereof "of such Federal funds, be available from non-Federal sources for";

(B) by striking out "sections 207 and 208" in clause (6) and inserting in lieu thereof "sections 206 and 207"; and

(C) by inserting before the semicolon in clause (6) the following: "from non-Federal sources".

LOCAL EDUCATION ASSESSMENTS

98 Stat. 1281.
20 USC 3970.

SEC. 228. The first sentence of section 210(c) of the Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "retraining" and inserting in lieu thereof "training, retraining,"; and

(2) by striking out "its funds" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "all or a portion of its funds".

PARTICIPATION OF CHILDREN AND TEACHERS FROM PRIVATE SCHOOLS

98 Stat. 1281.
20 USC 3971.

SEC. 228A. (a) Section 211(a) of the Act is amended by inserting "nonprofit" before "elementary".

(b) Section 211(b) of the Act is amended by inserting "nonprofit" before "elementary".

(c) Section 211(c) of the Act is amended by inserting "nonprofit" after "private".

SECRETARY'S DISCRETIONARY FUND FOR PROGRAMS OF NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Grants.
Contracts.
98 Stat. 1281.
20 USC 3972.

SEC. 229. (a) Section 212(a) of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"(a) From the amount reserved by the Secretary under section 204(a)(2)(A), the Secretary is authorized to carry out directly, or through grants, cooperative agreements, or contracts, projects which are authorized by this section.".

(b) Section 212(b)(1) of the Act is amended—

(1) by striking out "make grants to" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "make grants to and enter into cooperative agreements with"; and

(2) by striking out "awarding of grants" in the third sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "awarding of grants and cooperative agreements".

PAYMENTS

98 Stat. 1282.
20 USC 3973.

SEC. 230. Section 213(a) of the Act is amended by striking out "section 211" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 212".

PART C—PARTNERSHIPS IN EDUCATION FOR MATHEMATICS, SCIENCE, AND ENGINEERING

ADMINISTRATIVE AMENDMENT

98 Stat. 1283.
20 USC 3982.

SEC. 231. Title III of the Act is amended by striking out "Foundation" wherever it appears (other than in section 303(3)) in such title and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary".

DEFINITIONS

98 Stat. 1283.
20 USC 3982.

SEC. 232. Section 303 of the Act is amended:

99 STAT. 901

(1) by inserting "and" at the end of clause (2);
(2) by striking out clauses (3), (4), and (5); and
(3) by redesignating clause (6) as clause (3).

PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM AUTHORIZATION

98 Stat. 1284.
20 USC 3983.

SEC. 233. Section 304(b) of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"(b) There are authorized to be appropriated $50,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1986, 1987, and 1988, to carry out the provisions of this title.".

PART D—PRESIDENTIAL AWARDS

AUTHORIZATION AND AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS

98 Stat. 1287.
20 USC 4003.

SEC. 241. (a) Section 403(a) of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"(a) Funds to carry out this title for any fiscal year shall be made available from amounts appropriated pursuant to annual authorizations of appropriations for the National Science Foundation for Science and Engineering Education. For fiscal year 1986, funds to carry out this title shall be available from amounts authorized by section 102(a)(8) of the National Science Foundation Authorization Act for fiscal year 1986. Not more than $1,000,000 are authorized to be available to carry out this title.".

Prohibition.
Ante, p. 887.

(b) Section 403(b) of the Act is amended by inserting after "subsection (a)" the following: "and amounts made available under subsection (a)".

PART E—EXCELLENCE IN EDUCATION

PROGRAM REAUTHORIZATION

98 Stat. 1296.
20 USC 4033.

SEC. 251. Section 604(b)(1) of the Act is amended by striking out "the fiscal years 1984 and 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "the fiscal year 1984 and each of the succeeding fiscal years ending prior to October 1, 1988,".

PART F—MAGNET SCHOOLS ASSISTANCE

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 261. Section 701 of the Act is amended by striking out "and 1986" and inserting in lieu thereof "1986, 1987, and 1988". 98 Stat. 1299. 20 USC 4051.

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

SEC. 262. Section 703 of the Act is amended to read as follows: 98 Stat. 1299. 20 USC 4053.

"STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

"SEC. 703. It is the purpose of this title to support, through financial assistance to eligible local educational agencies—

"(1) the elimination, reduction, or prevention of minority group isolation in elementary and secondary schools with substantial portions of minority students; and Minorities.

"(2) courses of instruction within magnet schools that will substantially strengthen the knowledge of academic subjects and the grasp of tangible and marketable vocational skills of students attending such schools.".

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USES OF FUNDS

SEC. 263. Section 706 of the Act is amended to read as follows: 98 Stat. 1300. 20 USC 4056.

"USES OF FUNDS

"SEC. 706. Grants made under this title may be used by eligible local educational agencies for— Grants.

"(1) planning and promotional activities directly related to expansion and enhancement of academic programs and services offered at magnet schools;

"(2) the acquisition of books, materials, and equipment including computers and the maintenance and operation thereof, necessary for the conduct of programs in magnet schools; and Computers.

"(3) the payment of or subsidization of the compensation of elementary and secondary school teachers who are certified or licensed by the State and who are necessary for the conduct of programs in magnet schools; Teachers.

where with respect to clauses (2) and (3), such assistance is directly related to improving the knowledge of mathematics, science, history, English, foreign languages, art, or music, or to improving vocational skills.".

MODIFICATION OF PROHIBITION

SEC. 264. Section 709 of the Act is amended to read as follows: 98 Stat. 1301. 20 USC 4059.

"PROHIBITIONS

"SEC. 709. Grants under this title may not be used for consultants, for transportation, or for any activity which does not augment academic improvement.". Grants.

TITLE III—LIBRARY SERVICES PROGRAM

LIBRARY SERVICES AND CONSTRUCTION ACT AMENDMENTS

SEC. 301. (a) Section 3(12) of the Library Services and Construction Act (20 U.S.C. 351a(12)) (hereafter in this title referred to as the "Act") is amended by striking out "five-year program" and inserting in lieu thereof "program of not less than three nor more than five years".

(b) Section 3(15) of the Act is amended— 98 Stat. 2237.

(1) by inserting "by the Secretary of the Interior" after "recognized"; and

(2) by striking out ", as determined by the Secretary after consultation with the Secretary of the Interior".

APPLICABILITY OF PUBLIC LIBRARY PROVISIONS TO HAWAIIAN NATIVE PROGRAM

Contracts.
98 Stat. 2238.
98 Stat. 2243.
20 USC 362.
98 Stat. 2244.
20 USC 363.

SEC. 302. (a)(1) The first sentence of section 5(d)(2) of the Act (20 U.S.C. 351c(d)(2)) is amended by striking out "sections 403" and inserting in lieu thereof "sections 402(b), 403,".

(2) The second sentence of section 5(d)(2) of the Act is amended by inserting immediately before the period ", to contract to provide public library services to Native Hawaiians, and to carry out any other activities authorized under this sentence by contract".

98 Stat. 2238.
20 USC 351c.

(3) Section 5(d)(2) of the Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The Secretary shall issue criteria for the approval of applications and plans but the criteria may not include an allotment formula and may not contain a matching of funds requirement.".

98 Stat. 2239.
20 USC 880b note.

(b) Section 6(b)(4) of the Act (20 U.S.C. 351d(b)(4)) is amended by inserting "(as defined in section 703(a) of the Bilingual Education Act)" after "limited English-speaking proficiency".

CORRECTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE COST MISINTERPRETATION

98 Stat. 2240.
20 USC 351f note.

SEC. 303. (a) The references in section 8 of the Act (20 U.S.C. 351f) to "such titles" mean, and shall be construed as meaning, the immediately preceding reference to "titles I, II, and III".

(b) The matter preceding clause (1) of section 102(b)(1) of the Act (20 U.S.C. 353(b)(1)) is amended by striking out "this title" and inserting in lieu thereof "this Act".

Indians.
Hawaiian natives.

MAJOR URBAN RESOURCE LIBRARY RESERVED AMOUNTS

SEC. 304. Section 102(c)(1) of the Act (20 U.S.C. 353(c)(1)) is amended by inserting "(excluding the amount made available for Indian tribes and Hawaiian natives)" after "section 4(a)".

SERVICES TO TRIBES IN STATES WITHOUT INDIAN RESERVATIONS

SEC. 305. Title IV of the Act (20 U.S.C. 361 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SERVICES IN STATES WITH INDIAN TRIBES NOT RESIDING ON OR NEAR RESERVATIONS

Prohibition.
California.
Oklahoma.
Alaska.
20 USC 366.

"SEC. 406. The provisions of this title requiring that services be provided on or near Indian reservations, or to only those Indians who live on or near Indian reservations, shall not apply in the case of Indian tribes and Indians in California, Oklahoma, and Alaska.".

TITLE IV—MINORITY INSTITUTIONS; MIGRATORY CHILDREN PROGRAM

MINORITY INSTITUTIONS SCIENCE IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM AUTHORIZATION

20 USC 1221.
20 USC 1221e-1b.

SEC. 401. The General Education Provisions Act is amended—

(1) by redesignating section 406A (as added by the Education Amendments of 1980; 94 Stat. 1497) as section 406B; and

(2) by inserting after such section the following new section:

"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR SCIENCE IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

20 USC 1221e-1c.

"SEC. 406C. There are authorized to be appropriated $5,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1985 and 1986 for the purpose of carrying out the Minority Institutions Science Improvement Program transferred to the Secretary of Education from the National Science Foundation by section 304 of the Department of Education Organization Act.". 20 USC 3444.

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MIGRATORY CHILDREN RECORDS SYSTEM

Grants.
Contracts.
20 USC 2763.

SEC. 402. Section 143(a) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is amended—

(1) by striking out "grants to, or enter into contracts with," and inserting in lieu thereof "enter into contracts with"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following: "For the purpose of ensuring continuity in the operation of such system, the Secretary shall, not later than July 1 of each year, continue to award such contract to the State educational agency receiving the award in the preceding year, unless a majority of the States notify the Secretary in writing that such agency has substantially failed to perform its responsibilities under the contract during that preceding year. No activity under this section shall, for purposes of any Federal law, be treated as an information collection that is conducted or sponsored by a Federal agency.".

TITLE V—HARRY S TRUMAN MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM

PROGRAM AMENDMENT

SEC. 501. Section 8 of the Harry S Truman Memorial Scholarship Act is amended by striking out "$5,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$10,000 (adjusted annually to reflect increases, if any, in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics)". 20 USC 2007.

TITLE VI—EDUCATION OF THE HANDICAPPED ACT

EDUCATION OF THE HANDICAPPED ACT AMENDMENTS

SEC. 601. (a) Section 611(c)(2)(A)(II) of the Education of the Handicapped Act (20 U.S.C. 1411(c)(2)(A)(i)(II)) is amended by striking out "300,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "350,000".

(b) Section 611(c)(1)(B) of such Act is amended by striking out "paragraph (3)" and inserting in lieu thereof "paragraph (4)".

EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 602. The amendment made by section 601(a) shall take effect on July 1, 1985. 20 USC 1411 note.

TITLE VII—CARL D. PERKINS VOCATIONAL EDUCATION ACT TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS

TERRITORIAL HOLDHARMLESS

SEC. 701. Section 101(a)(3)(D) of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act (20 U.S.C. 2311(a)(3)(d)) (hereafter in this title referred to as the "Act") is repealed.

STATE ALLOCATION

SEC. 702. Section 102 of the Act is amended to read as follows: 98 Stat. 2440. 20 USC 2312.

99 STAT. 905

“WITHIN STATE ALLOCATION

98 Stat. 2437.
20 USC 2302.
98 Stat. 2441.
20 USC 2321.

“Sec. 102. (a)(1) Each State shall reserve from its allotment of funds appropriated under section 3(a) for each fiscal year an amount that does not exceed 7 percent of the allotment for State administration of the State plan. If the cost of carrying out the provisions of section 111(b) exceeds 1 percent of a State's allotment of funds appropriated under section 3(a), the State may reserve that excess amount from that allotment in addition to the 7 percent authorized by the preceding sentence.

98 Stat. 2445.
20 USC 2323.

“(2) The amount reserved under paragraph (1) shall be considered as part of that portion of the State's allotment that is retained for State activities and is not distributed under section 113(b)(4).

98 Stat. 2450.
20 USC 2331.
98 Stat. 2455.
20 USC 2341.

“(b) From the remainder of its allotment of funds appropriated under section 3(a), each State shall reserve for each fiscal year—

“(1) 57 percent for activities described in part A of title II; and

“(2) 43 percent for activities described in part B of title II.”.

STATE COUNCIL ON VOCATIONAL EDUCATION

98 Stat. 2443.
20 USC 2322.

Sec. 703. (a) Section 112(b) of the Act is amended to read as follows:

98 Stat. 2445.
20 USC 2323.

“(b) The State shall certify to the Secretary the establishment and membership of the State council by the beginning of each State plan period described in section 113(a)(1).”.

(b) Section 112(d) of the Act is amended by striking out “(d)” and all that follows through clause (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(d) During each State plan period described in section 113(a)(1), each State council shall—

“(1) meet with the State board or its representatives to advise on the development of the subsequent State plan;”.

(c)(1) Section 112(f)(1)(A) of the Act is amended by striking out “From” and inserting in lieu thereof “Except as provided in subparagraph (B), from”.

Grants.
Virgin Islands.
Guam.
American Samoa.
Northern Mariana Islands.
Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

(2) Section 112(f)(1)(B) of the Act is amended to read as follows:

“(B) From the amounts appropriated pursuant to section 3(c), for each fiscal year, the Secretary shall make grants of $50,000 to the State councils of the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.”.

STATE PLANS

98 Stat. 2437.
20 USC 2302.
98 Stat. 2445.
20 USC 2323.

Sec. 704. Section 113(b)(9)(C) of the Act is amended by striking out “not less than” and all that follows through “year” and inserting in lieu thereof “the projects, services, and activities supported under this Act of not less than 20 percent of the participating eligible recipients within the State in each fiscal year”.

WITHIN STATE ALLOCATION

Disadvantaged persons.
98 Stat. 2453.
20 USC 2333.

Sec. 705. Section 203(a)(3) of the Act is amended to read as follows:

“(3) The State board shall ensure that each eligible recipient that receives funds under paragraph (2) uses those funds to provide vocational education services and activities for individuals with limited English proficiency at least in proportion to the number of

99 STAT. 906

such individuals enrolled by that eligible recipient in the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year in which the determination is made as compared to the total number of disadvantaged individuals, including individuals with limited English proficiency, so enrolled in that fiscal year.”.

CONSUMER AND HOMEMAKING EDUCATION

Sec. 706. (a) The heading of part B of title III of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"PART B—CONSUMER AND HOMEMAKING EDUCATION".

(b)(1) The first sentence of section 311 of the Act is amended by striking out "homemaker" and inserting in lieu thereof "homemaking". 98 Stat. 2458. 20 USC 2361.

(2) The heading of section 311 of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"CONSUMER AND HOMEMAKING EDUCATION GRANTS".

(c)(1) Subsection (b) of section 312 of the Act is amended by striking out "homemaker" and inserting in lieu thereof "homemaking" both places it appears. 98 Stat. 2458. 20 USC 2362.

(2) The heading of section 312 of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"USE OF FUNDS FROM CONSUMER AND HOMEMAKING EDUCATION GRANTS".

(d) The table of contents of the Act is amended by striking out the items relating to part B of title III and sections 311 and 312 and by inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"PART B—CONSUMER AND HOMEMAKING EDUCATION

"Sec. 311. Consumer and homemaking education grants.
"Sec. 312. Use of funds from consumer and homemaking education grants.".

CONSUMER AND HOMEMAKING EDUCATION STATE LEADERSHIP

SEC. 707. Section 313(b) of the Act is amended by striking out "to carry out leadership activities under this section." and inserting in lieu thereof "for State administration of projects, services, and activities under this part.". 98 Stat. 2459. 20 USC 2363.

CAREER GUIDANCE AND COUNSELING STATE LEADERSHIP

SEC. 708. Section 333(b) of the Act is amended by striking out "to carry out leadership activities under this section." and inserting in lieu thereof "for State administration of projects, services, and activities under this part.". 98 Stat. 2463. 20 USC 2383.

AUTHORIZATION OF GRANTS

SEC. 709. Section 342(c) of the Act is amended by striking out "subsection (b)(2)" both places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (b)(3)". 98 Stat. 2464. 20 USC 2392.

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MODEL CENTERS FOR VOCATIONAL EDUCATION FOR OLDER INDIVIDUALS

SEC. 710. Section 417(b) of the Act is amended by inserting "shall" immediately after "subpart". 98 Stat. 2471. 20 USC 2417.

FEDERAL SHARE

SEC. 711. (a) Section 502(a) of the Act is amended in the introductory clause by striking out "shall be" and inserting in lieu thereof "shall not exceed". 98 Stat. 2479. 20 USC 2462.

(b)(1) Section 502(a)(2) of the Act is amended by striking out "not to exceed".

(2) Section 502(b) of the Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The non-Federal contributions for the costs of vocational education programs, services, and activities for the disadvantaged from local sources may be in cash or in kind, fairly valued, including facilities, overhead, personnel, equipment, and services, if the eligible recipient determines that it cannot otherwise provide such contribution.". Disadvantaged persons.

TRANSITION

20 USC 2301 note.

SEC. 712. The matter preceding clause (1) of section 3(a) of Public Law 98-524 (98 Stat. 2487) is amended to read as follows: "Until July 1, 1986, a State or eligible recipient may use funds received under the Vocational Educational Act of 1963 or the Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act to—".

20 USC 2301 note.
98 Stat. 2435.
20 USC 2301 note.

TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS

98 Stat. 2445.

SEC. 713. (a)(1) Section 113(b)(10) of the Act (20 U.S.C. 2323(b)(10)) is amended by inserting "of 1981" after "Education Consolidation and Improvement Act".

(2) Section 113(b)(11) of the Act is amended by inserting "provide assurances" before "that".

98 Stat. 2480.
20 USC 2464.

(3) Section 504(d)(1) of the Act is amended by striking out "section 434(c)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 453".

98 Stat. 2482.
20 USC 2471.

(4) Section 521(15) of the Act is amended by inserting "or language" immediately after "speech".

98 Stat. 2487.
29 USC 1503.

(b)(1) Section 4(a)(1)(A) of Public Law 98-524 is amended by striking out "section 4(15)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 521(19)".

29 USC 1753.

(2) Section 4(a)(6)(D) of Public Law 98-524 is repealed.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Effective date.
Prohibition.
20 USC 2311 note.
Ante, p. 905.

SEC. 714. (a) The provisions of this title shall take effect July 1, 1985.

(b) The amendment made by section 703(c)(2) of this Act shall not apply to funds appropriated before the date of the enactment of this Act.

TITLE VIII—HIGHER EDUCATION PROGRAMS

NATIONAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN APPORTIONMENT

20 USC 1087bb note.

SEC. 801. (a) Section 12 of the "Student Financial Assistance Technical Amendments Act of 1982" is amended—

99 STAT. 908

(1) by inserting "(a)" after the section designation; and

(2) by inserting at the end thereof the following new subsection:

20 USC 1087bb.
20 USC 1087aa.

"(b) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b) of section 462 of the Higher Education Act of 1965, if in the fiscal year 1986 the sums appropriated pursuant to section 461(b)(1) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 are less than the sums appropriated pursuant to such section for the fiscal year 1980, the Secretary shall apportion the sums appropriated pursuant to section 461(b)(1) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 for such fiscal year among the States so that each State's apportionment bears the same ratio to the total amount appropriated as that State's apportionment in fiscal year 1980 bears to the total amount appropriated pursuant to section 461(b)(1) for the fiscal year 1980.".

Effective date.
20 USC 1087bb note.

(b) The amendments made by this section shall take effect October 1, 1985.

NATIONAL GRADUATE FELLOWS PROGRAM

Prohibition.
20 USC 1134h.

SEC. 802. The last sentence of section 931(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 is amended to read as follows: "In the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1985, and each succeeding fiscal year, all funds appropriated in each fiscal year shall be awarded to students by April 1 of the fiscal year for which the funds were appropriated. All funds appropriated in a fiscal year shall be obligated and expended to the students for fellowships for use in the academic year beginning after July 1 of the fiscal year for which the funds were

appropriated. The fellowships shall be awarded for only 1 academic year of study and shall be renewable for a period not to exceed 4 years of study.".

Approved November 22, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1210 (S. 903) (S. 801):

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-44 (Comm. on Science and Technology).
SENATE REPORTS: No. 99-27 accompanying S. 903 (Comm. on Commerce, Science, and Transportation) and No. 99-131 accompanying S. 801 (Comm. on Labor and Human Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
  Apr. 17, considered and passed House.
  Sept. 26, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 801.
  Oct. 24, House concurred in Senate amendment with amendment.
  Nov. 1, Senate concurred in House amendment.

Public Law 99-170
99th Congress

99 STAT. 1012

An Act

To authorize appropriations to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration for research and development, space flight, control and data communications, construction of facilities, and research and program management, and for other purposes.

Dec. 5, 1985
[H.R. 1714]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "National Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act of 1986".

National Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act of 1986.

TITLE I—NASA AUTHORIZATION

Sec. 101. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to become available October 1, 1985:

(a) For "Research and development", for the following programs:
  (1) Space station, $205,000,000;
  (2) Space transportation capability development, $437,300,000;
  (3) Physics and astronomy, $620,400,000;
  (4) Life sciences, $68,000,000;
  (5) Planetary exploration, $354,000,000;
  (6) Space applications, $537,800,000;
  (7) Technology utilization, $11,100,000;
  (8) Commercial use of space, $17,000,000;
  (9) Aeronautical research and technology, $354,000,000;
  (10) Space research and technology, $166,000,000; and
  (11) Tracking and data advanced systems, $16,200,000.

(b) For "Space flight, control and data communications", for the following programs:
  (1) Space shuttle production and operational capability, $961,500,000;
  (2) Space transportation operations, $1,710,100,000; and
  (3) Space and ground network, communications and data systems, $701,300,000.

(c) Except as provided in the last sentence of this subsection for "Construction of facilities", including land acquisition, as follows:
  (1) Space transportation facilities at various locations as follows:
    (A) Construction of orbiter modification and refurbishment facility, John F. Kennedy Space Center, $14,000,000;
    (B) Construction of thermal protection system facility, John F. Kennedy Space Center, $3,600,000;

(C) Modifications for advanced technology engine test stand S-1C, George C. Marshall Space Flight Center, $6,500,000;

(D) Modification for enhanced life support systems testing, Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center, $1,100,000;

(E) Modifications to Pad A payload change-out room, John F. Kennedy Space Center, $2,200,000; and

(F) Modifications to space shuttle main engine support systems, National Space Technology Laboratories, $2,500,000;

(2) Space shuttle payload facilities at various locations as follows:

(A) Construction of payload control rooms, John F. Kennedy Space Center, $1,200,000; and

(B) Construction of spacecraft systems development and integration facility, Goddard Space Flight Center, $8,000,000;

(3) Construction of additions to research projects laboratory, Goddard Space Flight Center, $3,800,000;

(4) Construction of microdevices laboratory, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, $8,900,000;

(5) Construction of numerical aerodynamic simulation facility, Ames Research Center, $8,200,000;

(6) Modifications to the 16-foot transonic tunnel for improved productivity and research capability, Langley Research Center, $4,900,000;

(7) Modification of 64-meter antenna, DSS–14, Goldstone, California, $8,500,000;

(8) Modification of 64-meter antenna, DSS–43, Canberra, Australia, $8,900,000;

(9) Repair of facilities at various locations, not in excess of $750,000 per project, $22,000,000;

(10) Rehabilitation and modification of facilities at various locations, not in excess of $750,000 per project, $27,000,000;

(11) Minor construction of new facilities and additions to existing facilities at various locations, not in excess of $500,000 per project, $6,000,000; and

(12) Facility planning and design not otherwise provided for, $12,000,000.

Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) through (12), the total amount authorized by this subsection shall not exceed $139,300,000.

(d) For "Research and program management", $1,367,000,000, and such additional or supplemental amounts as may be necessary for increases in salary, pay, retirement, or other employee benefits authorized by law.

Contracts.
Grants.

(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (h), appropriations hereby authorized for "Research and development" and "Space flight, control and data communications" may be used (1) for any items of a capital nature (other than acquisition of land) which may be required at locations other than installations of the Administration for the performance of research and development contracts, and (2) for grants to nonprofit institutions of higher education, or to nonprofit organizations whose primary purpose is the conduct of scientific research, for purchase or construction of additional research facilities; and title to such facilities shall be vested in the United States unless the Administrator determines that the national program of aeronautical and space activities will best be served by vesting title in any such grantee institution or organization. Each such grant shall be made under such conditions as the Administrator shall determine to be required to ensure that the United States will receive therefrom benefit adequate to justify the making of that grant. None of the funds appropriated for "Research and development" and "Space flight, control and data communications" pursuant to this Act may be used in accordance with this subsection for the construction of any major facility, the estimated cost of which, including collateral equipment, exceeds $500,000, unless the Administrator or the Administrator's designee has notified the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate and the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate of the nature, location, and estimated cost of such facility.

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42 USC 2459a.

(f) When so specified and to the extent provided in an appropriation Act, (1) any amount appropriated for "Research and development", for "Space flight, control and data communications" or for "Construction of facilities" may remain available without fiscal year limitation, and (2) maintenance and operation of facilities and support services contracts may be entered into under the "Research and program management" appropriation for periods not in excess of 12 months beginning at any time during the fiscal year.

(g) Appropriations made pursuant to subsection (d) may be used, but not to exceed $35,000, for scientific consultations or extraordinary expenses upon the approval or authority of the Administrator, and the Administrator's determination shall be final and conclusive upon the accounting officers of the Government.

(h) Of the funds appropriated pursuant to subsections (a), (b), and (d), not in excess of $100,000 for each project, including collateral equipment, may be used for construction of new facilities and additions to existing facilities, and for repair, rehabilitation, or modification of facilities: *Provided*, That, of the funds appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) or (b), not in excess of $500,000 for each project, including collateral equipment, may be used for any of the foregoing for unforeseen programmatic needs.

SEC. 102. Authorization is hereby granted whereby any of the amounts prescribed in paragraphs (1) through (11), inclusive, of section 101(c)—

(1) in the discretion of the Administrator or the Administrator's designee, may be varied upward 10 percent, or

Report.

(2) following a report by the Administrator or the Administrator's designee to the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate on the circumstances of such action, may be varied upward 25 per centum, to meet unusual cost variations, but the total cost of all work authorized under such paragraphs shall not exceed the total of the amounts specified in such paragraphs.

SEC. 103. Not to exceed one-half of 1 per centum of the funds appropriated pursuant to section 101(a) or 101(b) may be transferred to and merged with the "Construction of facilities" appropriation, and, when so transferred, together with $10,000,000 of funds appropriated pursuant to section 101(c) (other than funds appropriated pursuant to paragraph (12) of such section) shall be available for expenditure to construct, expand, and modify laboratories and other installations at any location (including locations specified in section 101(c)), if (1) the Administrator determines such action to be necessary because of changes in the national program of aeronautical and space activities or new scientific or engineering developments, and (2) the Administrator determines that deferral of such action until the enactment of the next authorization Act would be inconsistent with the interest of the Nation in aeronautical and space activities. The funds so made available may be expended to acquire, construct, convert, rehabilitate, or install permanent or temporary public works, including land acquisition, site preparation, appurtenances, utilities, and equipment. No portion of such sums may be obligated for expenditure or expended to construct, expand, or modify laboratories and other installations unless a period of 30 days has passed after the Administrator or the Administrator's designee has transmitted to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and to the President of the Senate and the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives and

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Prohibition.
Report.

to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a written report containing a full and complete statement concerning (i) the nature of such construction, expansion, or modification, (ii) the cost thereof including the cost of any real estate action pertaining thereto, and (iii) the reason why such construction, expansion, or modification is necessary in the national interest.

Prohibition.

SEC. 104. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, no amount appropriated pursuant to this Act may be used for any program—

(1) deleted by the Congress from requests as originally made either to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate or the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives;

(2) in excess of the amount actually authorized for that particular program by subsections (a), (b), and (d) of section 101; and

(3) which has not been presented to either such committee,

unless a period of thirty days has passed after the receipt by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate and each such committee of notice given by the Administrator or the Administrator's designee containing a full and complete statement of the action proposed to be taken and the facts and circumstances relied upon in support of such proposed action.

42 USC 2459 note.

SEC. 105. It is the sense of the Congress that it is in the national interest that consideration be given to geographical distribution of Federal research funds whenever feasible, and that the National Aeronautics and Space Administration should explore ways and means of distributing its research and development funds whenever feasible.

Prohibition.

SEC. 106. No civil space station authorized under section 101(a)(1) may be used to carry or place in orbit any nuclear weapon or any other weapon of mass destruction, to install any such weapon on any celestial body, or to station any such weapon in space in any other manner. This civil space station may be used only for peaceful purposes.

SEC. 107. On and after the date of enactment of this Act, the Inspector General of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration may administer to or take from any person an oath, affirmation or affidavit, whenever necessary in the performance of the functions assigned by the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.). Any such oath, affirmation or affidavit, when administered or taken by or before an investigator or such other employee of the Office of the Inspector General as may be designated by the Inspector General, shall have the same force and effect as if administered or taken by or before an officer having a seal.

SEC. 108. The authorization for space shuttle production and operational capability includes provisions for the production activities necessary to provide for a fleet of four space shuttle orbiters, including the production of structural and component spares, necessary to ensure confident and cost effective operation of the four orbiter fleet as well as provisions for maintaining production readiness for a fifth orbiter vehicle.

99 STAT. 1016

42 USC 2451 note.

SEC. 109. Section 204(c) of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-361; 98 Stat. 430) is amended by striking "twelve" and inserting in lieu thereof "18".

Report.

SEC. 110. Within ninety days of the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall review those recommendations of the President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control and such other recommendations as may be included in the Office of Management and Budget report "Management of the United States Government—1986" and shall submit a report to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate and the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate on the implementation status of each such recommendation which affects the National Aeronautics and Space Administration and which are within the authority and control of the Administrator.

Study.
Handicapped persons.
42 USC 2451 note.

SEC. 111. The Administrator shall initiate an immediate feasibility study to ensure flight opportunities for a diverse segment of the American public, including a physically disabled American.

Report.
42 USC 2466c note.

SEC. 112. The Administrator shall examine and report to the Congress on the feasibility of providing space shuttle launch services on a basis of royalty recovery over the economic life of commercial products produced or processed in space.

Study.
Report.
42 USC 2466c note.

SEC. 113. The Administrator shall conduct a study and report to the Congress on a proposed pricing policy for certain services such as on-orbit service, repair or recovery of spacecraft.

Banks and banking.

SEC. 114. (a) In accordance with the provisions of this section, during fiscal year 1986 the National Aeronautics and Space Administration shall defer payment to the Federal Financing Bank of the amount attributable to principal for which the Administration is obligated during such fiscal year as a result of the contract regarding tracking and data relay satellite services (NAS 5-25,000) entered into under section 6 of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act, 1978 (42 U.S.C. 2463).

Contracts.

(b) The amount of any payment deferred under subsection (a) shall be added to the amount of principal for which the Administration is obligated during fiscal year 1993 as a result of such contract. After the addition of such amount, if the total amount of repayments and prepayments under such contract for which the Administration is obligated during fiscal year 1993 exceeds the total amount of repayments and prepayments under such contract for which the Administration was obligated during fiscal year 1992, the Administration may defer payment of such excess until fiscal year 1994.

Contracts.

(c) The Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration is authorized to renegotiate such contract, if the Administrator determines that such renegotiation is necessary to enable the Administration to defer payments as provided in this section.

President of U.S.
Report.

SEC. 115. The President shall submit to the Congress at the earliest practicable date, but not later than May 1, 1986, a report on any action taken with respect to the establishment in 1992 of an International Space Year. Such report shall include descriptions of possible international missions and related research and educational activities and such other activities as the President may deem appropriate.

99 STAT. 1017

TITLE II—SHUTTLE PRICING POLICY FOR COMMERCIAL AND FOREIGN USERS

Space Transportation System.
42 USC 2466.

SEC. 201. The Congress finds and declares that—

(1) the Space Transportation System is a vital element of the United States space program, contributing to the United States leadership in space research, technology, and development;

(2) the Space Transportation System is the primary space launch system for both United States national security and civil government missions;

(3) the Space Transportation System contributes to the expansion of United States private sector investment and involvement in space and therefore should serve commercial users;

(4) the availability of the Space Transportation System to foreign users for peaceful purposes is an important means of promoting international cooperative activities in the national interest and in maintaining access to space for activities which enhance the security and welfare of mankind;

(5) the United States is committed to maintaining world leadership in space transportation;

(6) making the Space Transportation System fully operational and cost effective in providing routine access to space will maximize the national economic benefits of the system; and

(7) national goals and the objectives for the Space Transportation System can be furthered by a stable and fair pricing policy for the Space Transportation System.

42 USC 2466a. SEC. 202. The purpose of this title is to set the reimbursement pricing policy for the Space Transportation System for commercial and foreign users which is consistent with the findings included in section 201, encourages the full and effective use of space, and is designed to achieve the following goals—

(1) the preservation of the role of the United States as a leader in space research, technology, and development;

(2) the efficient and cost effective use of the Space Transportation System;

(3) the achievement of greatly increased commercial space activity; and

(4) the enhancement of the international competitive position of the United States.

42 USC 2466b. SEC. 203. For purposes of this title, the term—

(1) "Administrator" means the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration; and

(2) "additive cost" means the average direct and indirect costs to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration of providing additional flights of the Space Transportation System beyond the costs associated with those flights necessary to meet the space transportation needs of the United States Government.

42 USC 2466c. SEC. 204. (a) The Administrator shall establish and implement a pricing system to recover reimbursement in accordance with the pricing policy under section 202 from each commercial or foreign user of the Space Transportation System, which except as provided

99 STAT. 1018

in subsections (c), (d), and (e) shall include a base price of not less than $74,000,000 for each flight of the Space Transportation System in 1982 dollars.

Report. (b) Each year the Administrator shall submit to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, and the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives, a report, transmitted contemporaneously with the annual budget request of the President, which shall inform the Congress how the policy goals contained in section 202 are being furthered by the shuttle price for foreign and commercial users.

(c)(1) If at any time the Administrator finds that the policy goals contained in section 202 are not being achieved, the Administrator shall have authority to reduce the base price established in subsection (a) after forty-five days following receipt by the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, and the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives of a notice by the Administrator containing a description of the proposed reduction together with a full and complete statement of the facts and circumstances which necessitate such proposed reduction.

(2) In no case shall the minimum price established under subsection (c)(1) be less than additive cost.

(d) The Administrator may set a price lower than the price determined under subsection (a) or (c), or provide no-cost flights, for any commercial or foreign user of the Space Transportation System who is involved in research, development or demonstration programs with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), the Administrator shall have the authority to offer reasonable customer incentives consistent with the policy goals in section 202.

42 USC 2466 note. SEC. 205. This title shall apply to flights of the Space Transportation System beginning on and after October 1, 1988.

TITLE III—OFFICE OF COMMERCIAL SPACE TRANSPORTATION

SEC. 301. Section 24 of the Commercial Space Launch Act (Public Law 98-575; 98 Stat. 3064) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this Act $586,000 for fiscal year 1986.".

49 USC app. 2623.

Approved December 5, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1714:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-32 (Comm. on Science and Technology) and No. 99-379 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-91 (Comm. on Commerce, Science, and Transportation).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Apr. 3, considered and passed House.
June 27, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Nov. 21, Senate and House agreed to conference report.

TRANSPORTATION ACTS

Public Law 99-4
99th Congress

99 STAT. 6

An Act

To apportion funds for construction of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways for fiscal years 1985 and 1986 and substitute highway and transit projects for fiscal years 1984 and 1985.

Mar. 13, 1985
[H.R. 1251]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. APPROVAL OF INTERSTATE COST ESTIMATE FOR FISCAL YEARS 1985 AND 1986.

23 USC 104 note.

(a) Fiscal Year 1985.—The Secretary of Transportation shall apportion for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985, the remaining sums authorized to be appropriated for such year by section 108(b) of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1956, as amended, for expenditure on the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, using the apportionment factors contained in revised table 5 of the committee print numbered 99-2 of the Committee on Public Works and Transportation of the House of Representatives.

23 USC 101 note.

Appropriation authorization.

(b) Fiscal Year 1986.—The Secretary of Transportation shall apportion for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, the sums authorized to be appropriated for such year by section 108(b) of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1956, as amended, for expenditure on the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, using the apportionment factors contained in revised table 5 of the committee print numbered 99-2 of the Committee on Public Works and Transportation of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 2. APPROVAL OF INTERSTATE SUBSTITUTE COST ESTIMATE FOR FISCAL YEARS 1984 AND 1985.

(a) Fiscal Year 1984.—The Secretary of Transportation shall apportion for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, the remaining sums to be apportioned for such year under section 103(e)(4) of title 23, United States Code, for expenditure on substitute highway and transit projects, using the apportionment factors contained in the committee print numbered 99-3 of the Committee on Public Works and Transportation of the House of Representatives.

(b) Fiscal Year 1985.—The Secretary of Transportation shall apportion for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1985, the sums to be apportioned for such year under section 103(e)(4) of title 23, United States Code, for expenditure on substitute highway and transit projects, using the apportionment factors contained in the committee print numbered 99-3 of the Committee on Public Works and Transportation of the House of Representatives.

Approved March 13, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1251 (S. 391):

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-11 (Comm. on Public Works and Transportation).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-2 accompanying S. 391 (Comm. on Environment and Public Works).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
  Feb. 23, S. 391 considered and passed Senate.
  Feb. 28, considered and passed House.
  Mar. 5, considered and passed Senate.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 21, No. 11 (1985):
  Mar. 13, Presidential statement.

99 STAT. 474

Public Law 99-104
99th Congress

An Act

Sept. 30, 1985
[S. 1514]

To approve the Interstate Cost Estimate and Interstate Substitute Cost Estimate.

Highways.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

APPROVAL OF INTERSTATE COST ESTIMATE FOR FISCAL YEAR 1987

23 USC 104 note.
23 USC 101 note.

SECTION 1. The Secretary of Transportation shall apportion for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1987, the sums authorized to be appropriated for such period by section 108(b) of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1956, as amended, for expenditure on the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways using the apportionment factors contained in revised table 5 of the Committee Print Numbered 99-68 of the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate.

APPROVAL OF INTERSTATE SUBSTITUTE COST ESTIMATE FOR FISCAL YEAR 1986

SEC. 2. The Secretary of Transportation shall apportion for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1986, the sums to be apportioned for such year under section 103(e)(4) of title 23, United States Code, for expenditure on substitute highway and transit projects, using the apportionment factors contained in the Committee Print Numbered 99-69 of the Committee on Environment and Public Works and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate.

Approved September 30, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1514 (S.J. Res. 44):

SENATE REPORT No. 99-3 accompanying S.J. Res. 44 (Comm. on Environment and Public Works).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
July 30, considered and passed Senate.
Sept. 19, considered and passed House.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCMENTS, Vol. 21, No. 40 (1985):
October 1, Presidential statement.

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99 STAT. 1716

Public Law 99-209
99th Congress

An Act

Dec. 23, 1985
[H.R. 729]

To amend the Panama Canal Act of 1979 in order that claims for vessels damaged outside-the-locks may be resolved in the same manner as those vessels damaged inside the locks, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Panama Canal Amendments Act of 1985.
22 USC 3601 note.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Panama Canal Amendments Act of 1985".

SEC. 2. FILING CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES.

(a) INJURIES IN LOCKS OF CANAL.—Section 1411 of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (22 U.S.C. 3771) is amended—

(1) in the first sentence—

(A) by striking out "The" and inserting in lieu thereof "(a) Subject to subsection (b) of this section, the"; and

(B) by striking out "under the control of officers or employees of the United States" and inserting in lieu thereof "when the injury was proximately caused by negligence or fault on the part of an officer or employee of the United States acting within the scope of his employment and in the line of his duties in connection with the operation of the Canal";

(2) by striking out the second sentence; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "No payment for damages on a claim may be made under this section unless the claim is filed with the Commission within 2 years after the date of the injury, or within 1 year after the date of the enactment of the Panama Canal Amendments Act of 1985, whichever is later.". *Supra.*

(b) VESSELS WITHOUT PILOTS IN LOCKS OF CANAL.—Section 1411 of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(b)(1) With respect to a claim under subsection (a) for damages for injuries to a vessel or its cargo, if, at the time the injuries were incurred, the navigation or movement of the vessel was not under the control of a Panama Canal pilot, the Commission may adjust and pay the claim only if the amount of the claim does not exceed $50,000, unless the injuries were caused by another vessel under the control of a Panama Canal pilot.

"(2) The provisions of subsections (c) through (e) of section 1401 of this Act shall apply to any claim described in paragraph (1).". 22 USC 3761.

(c) INJURIES OUTSIDE LOCKS.—Section 1412 of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (22 U.S.C. 3772) is amended—

(1) in the first sentence by striking out ", and when the amount of the claim does not exceed $120,000"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "No payment for damages on a claim may be made under this section unless the claim is filed with the Commission within 2 years after the date of the injury, or within 1 year after the date of the enactment of the Panama Canal Amendments Act of 1985, whichever is later.". 99 STAT. 1717

SEC. 3. DELAYS FOR MARINE ACCIDENT INVESTIGATIONS.

Section 1414(6) of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (22 U.S.C. 3774(6)) is amended to read as follows:

"(6) investigation of a marine accident that is conducted within 24 hours after the accident occurs, except that any liability of the Commission beyond that 24-hour period shall be limited to the extent to which the accident was caused, or contributed to, by the negligence of an employee of the Commission acting within the scope of the employee's official duties; or".

SEC. 4. SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS.

Section 1415 of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (22 U.S.C. 3775) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by striking out "(a)";

(B) by striking out "Subject to subsection (b) of this section, the" and inserting in lieu thereof "The"; and

(C) by amending the second sentence to read as follows: "Such amounts may be paid only out of money appropriated or allotted for the maintenance and operation of the Panama Canal."; and

(2) by striking out subsection (b).

SEC. 5. ACTIONS ON CLAIMS.

Section 1416 of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (22 U.S.C. 3776) is amended—

(1) in the first sentence by striking out "1411" and inserting in lieu thereof "1411(a) or 1412";

22 USC 3771, 3772.

(2) by amending the third sentence to read as follows: "Any judgment obtained against the Commission in an action under this subchapter may be paid only out of money appropriated or allotted for the maintenance and operation of the Panama Canal."; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentences: "Any action on a claim under this section shall be barred unless the action is brought within one year after the date on which the Commission mails to the claimant written notification of the Commission's final determination with respect to the claim, or within one year after the date of the enactment of the Panama Canal Amendments Act of 1985, whichever is later. Attorneys appointed by the Commission shall represent the Commission in any action arising under this subchapter.".

SEC. 6. INSURANCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter II of chapter 4 of title I of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 is amended by adding at the end thereof

99 STAT. 1718

the following new section:

"INSURANCE

22 USC 3779.

"SEC. 1419. The Commission is authorized to purchase insurance to protect the Commission against major and unpredictable revenue losses or expenses arising from catastrophic marine accidents.".

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1418 the following new item:

"1419. Insurance.".

22 USC 3771 note.

SEC. 7. APPLICABILITY OF ACT.

(a) RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by subsections (a) and (c) of section 2, and the amendments made by sections 4 and 5 of this Act, shall apply to any claim arising on or after October 1, 1979.

(b) FUTURE APPLICABILITY.—

(1) SECTIONS 3 AND 6.—The amendments made by sections 3 and 6 of this Act shall apply to any claim arising on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) SECTION 2(b).—The amendment made by subsection (b) of section 2 shall apply to any claim arising from an incident occurring on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Approved December 23, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 729:

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-184 (Comm. on Merchant Marine and Fisheries).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-206 (Comm. on Armed Services).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
July 22, considered and passed House.
Dec. 11, considered and passed Senate.

Public Law 99-223
99th Congress

99 STAT. 1738

An Act

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1986 for the operation and maintenance of the Panama Canal, and for other purposes.

Dec. 28, 1985
[H.R. 1784]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Panama Canal Commission Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1986.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Panama Canal Commission Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1986".

SEC. 2. OPERATING EXPENSES.

There is authorized to be appropriated from the Panama Canal Commission Fund to the Panama Canal Commission (hereafter in this Act referred to as the "Commission") for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1985, not more than $436,784,000, for necessary expenses of the Commission incurred under the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (Public Law 96-70; 22 U.S.C. 3601 et seq.), including expenses for—

(1) the hire of passenger motor vehicles and aircraft;

(2) the purchase of passenger motor vehicles as may be necessary for fiscal year 1986, the number and price of which may not exceed the amount provided in appropriation Acts; except that large heavy duty passenger sedans used to transport employees of the Commission across the Isthmus of Panama may be purchased for the fiscal year 1986 without regard to price limitations set forth in applicable regulations of any department or agency of the United States;

(3) official receptions and representation expenses, except that not more than $33,000 may be made available for such expenses, of which (A) not more than $8,000 may be made available for such expenses of the Supervisory Board of the Commission, and (B) not more than $25,000 may be made available for such expenses of the Administrator of the Commission;

(4) the procurement of expert and consultant services as provided in section 3109 of title 5, United States Code;

(5) a residence for the Administrator of the Commission;

(6) uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by sections 5901 and 5902 of title 5, United States Code;

(7) disbursements by the Administrator of the Commission for employee recreation and community projects; and

(8) the operation of guide services.

SEC. 3. CAPITAL OUTLAY.

Of any funds appropriated pursuant to section 2 of this Act, not more than $26,500,000 (which is authorized to remain available until expended) may be made available for the acquisition, construction, replacement, and improvement of facilities, structures, and equipment required by the Commission.

99 STAT. 1739

SEC. 4. AUTHORIZATION OF ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATIONS.

In addition to the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 2 of this Act, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Commission for the fiscal year 1986 such amounts as may be necessary for—

(1) increases in salary, pay, retirement, and other employee benefits provided by law;

(2) covering payments to Panama under paragraph 4(a) of article XIII of the Panama Canal Treaty of 1977, as provided by section 1341(a) of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (22 U.S.C. 3751(a)); and

(3) increased costs for fuel.

SEC. 5. BENEFITS FOR CERTAIN EMPLOYEES.

(a) EDUCATIONAL TRAVEL BENEFITS.—Section 1207(b)(2) of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (22 U.S.C. 3647(b)(2)) is amended by striking out "one round trip" and inserting in lieu thereof "two round trips".

(b) TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION EXPENSES.—

(1) EXPENSES ALLOWABLE.—Subchapter I of chapter 2 of title I of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (22 U.S.C. 3641 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION EXPENSES

22 USC 3650. 22 USC 3646. 5 USC 5721.

"SEC. 1210. The Commission may pay the expenses of vacation leave travel for an employee of the Commission to whom section 1206 of this Act applies and for transportation of employee's family from the employee's post of duty in Panama to the place of the employee's actual residence at the time of appointment to the post of duty. The authorization of expenses under this section shall be in accordance with subchapter II of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, and the regulations issued under that subchapter, except that the Commission may prescribe required periods of service notwithstanding section 5722 of title 5, United States Code, and the regulations issued under subchapter II of chapter 57 of such title.".

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1209 the following:

"1210. Travel and transportation expenses.".

(c) USE OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR HEALTH CARE AND EDUCATIONAL SERVICES.—Section 1321(e) of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (22 U.S.C. 3731(e)) is amended to read as follows:

"(e) The appropriations or funds of the Commission, or of any other department or agency of the United States conducting operations in the Republic of Panama, shall be available to defray the cost of—

"(1) health care services to elderly or disabled persons who were eligible to receive such services before the effective date of this Act, less amounts payable by such persons, and

(2) educational services provided by schools in the Republic of Panama, which are not operated by the United States, to employees of the Commission who are citizens of the United States and persons who were receiving such services at the expense of the Canal Zone Government before the effective date of this Act.".

99 STAT. 1740

SEC. 6. COMPENSATION FOR NON-GOVERNMENT BOARD MEMBERS.

Section 1102(b) of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (22 U.S.C. 3612(b)) is amended in the last sentence by inserting immediately before the period at the end thereof the following: ", except that, in addition to such travel or transportation expenses, members of the Board who hold no other office with either the Government of the United States or the Republic of Panama for which they receive pay are authorized to be compensated at the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay in effect for grade GS-18 of the General Schedule under section 5332 of title 5, United States Code, for each day during which they are traveling to or from or attending meetings of the Board as provided in subsection (c) of this section".

SEC. 7. NOTIFICATION OF TRANSFER OF PROPERTY.

Section 1504(b) of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (22 U.S.C. 3784(b)) is amended in the second sentence by striking out "At least 180 days before" and inserting in lieu thereof "Before".

SEC. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE.

22 USC 3612 note.

Section 5 and section 6 of the Act shall be effective as of October 1, 1985.

Approved December 28, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1784:

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-59 (Comm. on Merchant Marine and Fisheries).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-207 (Comm. on Armed Services).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
  May 14, considered and passed House.
  Dec. 12, considered and passed Senate, amended.
  Dec. 17, House concurred in Senate amendments.

VETERANS ACTS

Public Law 99-166
99th Congress

99 STAT. 941

An Act

To amend title 38, United States Code, to establish, extend, and improve certain Veterans' Administration health-care programs, and for other purposes.

Dec. 3, 1985
[H.R. 505]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Veterans' Administration Health-Care Amendments of 1985.
38 USC 101 note.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the "Veterans' Administration Health-Care Amendments of 1985".

(b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
Sec. 2. References to title 38, United States Code.

TITLE I—HEALTH-CARE PROGRAMS

Sec. 101. Alcohol and drug treatment and rehabilitation.
Sec. 102. Special contract-care authority outside the 48 contiguous States.
Sec. 103. Extension of interim health-care eligibility based on exposure to dioxin or other toxic substances in Vietnam or to nuclear radiation.
Sec. 104. Outpatient and ambulatory services following nursing home or domiciliary care.
Sec. 105. Vietnam Veteran Resource Centers pilot program.
Sec. 106. Technical amendment relating to continuing availability of readjustment counseling.
Sec. 107. Counseling for former prisoners of war.
Sec. 108. Transfers for nursing home care.
Sec. 109. Chiropractic services pilot program.

TITLE II—HEALTH-CARE ADMINISTRATION

Sec. 201. Medical quality-assurance records.
Sec. 202. Authority to expand Geriatric Research, Education, and Clinical Centers program.
Sec. 203. Revision of authority for appointment of student nurses and graduate nurses.
Sec. 204. Quality assurance and credentialing.
Sec. 205. Availability of State financial support for approved State home projects.
Sec. 206. Procedures for reduction or revocation of clinical privileges.

TITLE III—VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION MEDICAL FACILITIES

Sec. 301. Clarification of requirement of congressional approval of construction and acquisition projects.
Sec. 302. Operational and construction planning requirement.
Sec. 303. Major facility prospectus requirement.
Sec. 304. Development of medical-facility modular components.
Sec. 305. Feasibility study of and plan for the purchase of a facility for furnishing hospital and nursing home care.

TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Sec. 401. Servicemen's Group Life Insurance and Veterans' Group Life Insurance.
Sec. 402. Extension of authority to operate an office in the Republic of the Philippines.
Sec. 403. Veterans' Administration grade reduction.
Sec. 404. Land transfer, Phoenix, Arizona.
Sec. 405. Modification of restrictions on real property, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin.

99 STAT. 942

TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS—Continued

Sec. 406. Authority to release limitation on use of real property, McKinney, Texas.
Sec. 407. Modification of restrictions on real property and conveyance of a fence on such property, Salt Lake City, Utah.

SEC. 2. REFERENCES TO TITLE 38, UNITED STATES CODE.

Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or a repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of title 38, United States Code.

TITLE I—HEALTH-CARE PROGRAMS

SEC. 101. ALCOHOL AND DRUG TREATMENT AND REHABILITATION.

Ante, p. 481.
38 USC 620A.

(a) EXTENSION OF SPECIAL CONTRACT AUTHORITY.—Section 620A is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(1)—

(A) by striking out "may conduct a pilot program under which the Administrator" in the first sentence; and

(B) by striking out the second sentence;

(2) by striking out "October 31, 1985" in subsection (e) and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1988"; and

(3) by striking out subsection (f) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(f)(1) The Administrator shall monitor the performance of each contract facility furnishing care and services under the program carried out under subsection (a) of this section.

"(2) The Administrator shall use the results of such monitoring to determine—

"(A) with respect to the program, the medical advantages and cost-effectiveness that result from furnishing such care and services; and

"(B) with respect to such contract facilities generally, the level of success under the program, considering—

"(i) the rate of successful rehabilitation for veterans furnished care and services under the program;

"(ii) the rate of readmission to contract facilities under the program or to Veterans' Administration health-care facilities by such veterans for care or services for disabilities referred to in subsection (a) of this section;

"(iii) whether the care and services furnished under the program obviated the need of such veterans for hospitalization for such disabilities;

"(iv) the average duration of the care and services furnished such veterans under the program;

"(v) the ability of the program to aid in the transition of such veterans back into their communities; and

"(vi) any other factor that the Administrator considers appropriate.

Records.

"(3) The Administrator shall maintain records of—

"(A) the total cost for the care and services furnished by each contract facility under the program;

"(B) the average cost per veteran for the care and services furnished under the program; and

"(C) the appropriateness of such costs, by comparison to—

"(i) the average charges for the same types of care and

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services furnished generally by other comparable halfway houses, therapeutic communities, psychiatric residential treatment centers, and other community-based treatment facilities; and

"(ii) the historical costs for such care and services for the period of time that the program carried out under subsection (a) of this section was a pilot program, taking into account economic inflation.

"(4) Not later than February 1, 1988, the Administrator shall submit to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and

Report.

House of Representatives a report on the experience under the program carried out under this section during fiscal years 1984 through 1987. The report shall include—

"(A) a description of the care and services furnished;

"(B) the matters referred to in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of this subsection; and

"(C) the Administrator's findings, assessment, and recommendations regarding the program under this section.".

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) The heading for such section is amended by striking out the semicolon and the last two words.

(2) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 17 is amended by striking out the semicolon and the last two words.

SEC. 102. SPECIAL CONTRACT-CARE AUTHORITY OUTSIDE THE 48 CONTIGUOUS STATES.

Puerto Rico.
Ante, p. 481.
Alaska.
Hawaii.

(a) REVISION OF SPECIAL CONTRACT CARE AUTHORITY.—Section 601(4)(C)(v) is amended—

(1) by striking out "(except with respect to Alaska and Hawaii) shall expire on October 31, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "with respect to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico shall expire on September 30, 1988"; and

Virgin Islands.

(2) by striking out "and to the Virgin Islands".

Effective date.

(b) PHASE-OUT OF SPECIAL AUTHORITY IN PUERTO RICO.—(1) Effective on October 1, 1988, such section is amended—

(A) by inserting "(other than the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico)" after "in a State"; and

(B) by striking out "contiguous States" the second place it appears and all that follows through "medical services;" and inserting in lieu thereof "contiguous States and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;".

Prohibition.
38 USC 601 note.

(2) During fiscal year 1986, the obligations incurred for Puerto Rico contract care may not exceed 85 percent of the obligations incurred for such care for fiscal year 1985.

38 USC 601 note.

(3) During fiscal year 1987, the obligations incurred for Puerto Rico contract care may not exceed 50 percent of the obligations incurred for such care for fiscal year 1985.

38 USC 601 note.

(4) During fiscal year 1988, the obligations incurred for Puerto Rico contract care may not exceed 25 percent of the obligations incurred for such care for fiscal year 1985.

38 USC 601 note.

(5) For the purpose of this subsection, the term "obligations incurred for Puerto Rico contract care" means the total obligations incurred during a fiscal year for medical services for veterans residing in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico under the Administrator's authority to contract for hospital care or medical services under clause (v) of section 601(4)(C) of title 38, United States Code, in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

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SEC. 103. EXTENSION OF INTERIM HEALTH-CARE ELIGIBILITY BASED ON EXPOSURE TO DIOXIN OR OTHER TOXIC SUBSTANCES IN VIETNAM OR TO NUCLEAR RADIATION.

38 USC 610.

Section 610(e)(3) is amended by striking out "after the end of" and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof "after September 30, 1989.".

SEC. 104. OUTPATIENT AND AMBULATORY SERVICES FOLLOWING NURSING HOME OR DOMICILIARY CARE.

Section 612(f)(1) is amended—

(1) by striking out "where" the first two places it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "if";

(2) by inserting a comma and "nursing home care, or domiciliary care" after "hospital care" the second place it appears;

(3) by striking out "hospital" the fourth place it appears; and

(4) by striking out "in-hospital" and inserting in lieu thereof "such".

SEC. 105. VIETNAM VETERAN RESOURCE CENTERS PILOT PROGRAM.

38 USC 612A.

Section 612A is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(h)(1) During the period beginning on January 1, 1986, and ending on September 30, 1988, the Administrator shall conduct a pilot program to provide and coordinate the provision of services described in paragraph (2) of this subsection. The pilot program shall be carried out in order to evaluate the effectiveness, feasibility, and desirability of providing veterans eligible for readjustment counseling under this section with additional services through facilities furnishing such counseling.

"(2) The services referred to in paragraph (1) of this subsection are—

"(A) counseling with respect to, and assistance in applying for, all benefits and services under laws administered by the Veterans' Administration for which veterans participating in the pilot program may be eligible;

Employment and unemployment.
38 USC 2003, 2003A.

"(B) employment counseling, training, placement, and related services described in sections 2003 and 2003A of this title or provided under any other law administered by the Secretary of Labor;

Drugs and drug abuse.

"(C) initial intake and referral services with respect to disabilities related to alcohol or drug dependence or abuse and follow-up services for veterans who have received treatment for such disabilities; and

"(D) assistance in coordinating the provision of benefits and services to veterans participating in the pilot program with respect to such veterans' receipt of—

"(i) services provided under the pilot program; and

"(ii) other benefits and services provided under laws administered by the Veterans' Administration, the Secretary of Labor, or any other Federal agency or official.

"(3)(A) In order to carry out the pilot program, the Administrator shall—

"(i) designate as sites for demonstration projects 10 facilities which on the date of the enactment of this section are providing readjustment counseling under this section; and

"(ii) assign such staff and other resources to such facilities as are necessary to enable such facilities to provide the services referred to in subparagraphs (A) and (C) of paragraph (2) of this subsection.

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"(B) Facilities designated under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall be known as Vietnam Veteran Resource Centers (hereinafter in this subsection referred to as 'Centers').

"(4) The Administrator—

"(A) shall be responsible for coordinating the assignment and use of employees, on full- or part-time bases, as appropriate, in each Center; and

"(B) shall, in carrying out that responsibility, make maximum feasible use of the Veterans' Administration employees who are providing services at each facility on the date it is designated as a Center under this subsection.

38 USC 2003A.
38 USC 2004.

"(5) The Secretary of Labor shall provide for the assignment to each Center, on full- or part-time bases, as the Secretary considers appropriate, of disabled veterans' outreach specialists appointed under section 2003A of this title or employees on the staffs of local employment service offices who are assigned to perform services under section 2004 of this title.

Report.

"(6) Not later than April 1, 1987, the Administrator shall submit to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on the experience under the pilot program during its first 15 months of operation. The report shall include—

"(A) the Administrator's assessment of—

"(i) the effectiveness of the pilot program in providing and coordinating the provision of the services described in paragraph (2) of this subsection and counseling and services furnished under subsections (a) and (b) of this section; and

"(ii) the appropriateness of the use of the personnel assigned to the program;

"(B) a description of any administrative action that the Administrator plans to take generally to increase the coordination of the provision of such services to veterans eligible for readjustment counseling services under this section;

"(C) any recommendation that the Administrator considers appropriate; and

"(D) a comparison of such assessment, plans, and recommendations with the evaluation of and the recommendations relating to the readjustment counseling program included in the report required by subsection (g)(2) of this section.

"(7) Not later than January 1, 1989, the Administrator shall submit to such Committees a final report on the pilot program. The report shall include— Report.

"(A) updates of all information provided in the report submitted pursuant to paragraph (6) of this subsection; and

"(B) the Administrator's final assessment of the pilot program based on 33 months of operation.".

SEC. 106. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT RELATING TO CONTINUING AVAILABILITY OF READJUSTMENT COUNSELING.

Section 612A(g)(1)(B) is amended by striking out "who requested counseling before such date" and inserting in lieu thereof "who request such counseling". 38 USC 612A.

SEC. 107. COUNSELING FOR FORMER PRISONERS OF WAR.

(a) In General.—Subchapter II of chapter 17 is amended by inserting after section 612A the following new section:

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"§ 612B. Counseling for former prisoners of war 38 USC 612B.

"The Administrator may establish a program under which, upon the request of a veteran who is a former prisoner of war, the Administrator, within the limits of Veterans' Administration facilities, furnishes counseling to such veteran to assist such veteran in overcoming the psychological effects of the veteran's detention or internment as a prisoner of war.".

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 612A the following new item:

"612B. Counseling for former prisoners of war.".

SEC. 108. TRANSFERS FOR NURSING HOME CARE.

(a) In General.—Subsection (a) of section 620 is amended to read as follows: 38 USC 620.

"(a)(1) Subject to subsection (b) of this section, the Administrator may transfer to a non-Veterans' Administration nursing home, for care at the expense of the United States—

"(A) a veteran—

"(i) who has been furnished hospital care, nursing home care, or domiciliary care by the Administrator in a facility under the direct jurisdiction of the Administrator; and

"(ii) who the Administrator determines—

"(I) requires a protracted period of nursing home care which can be furnished in the non-Veterans' Administration nursing home; and

"(II) in the case of a veteran who has been furnished hospital care in a facility under the direct jurisdiction of the Administrator, has received maximum benefits from such care; and

"(B) a member of the Armed Forces—

"(i) who has been furnished care in a hospital of the Armed Forces;

"(ii) who the Secretary concerned determines has received maximum benefits from such care but requires a protracted period of nursing home care; and "(iii) who upon discharge from the Armed Forces will become a veteran.

"(2) The Administrator may transfer a person to a nursing home under this subsection only if the Administrator determines that the cost to the United States of the care of such person in the nursing home will not exceed—

"(A) the amount equal to 45 percent of the cost of care furnished by the Veterans' Administration in a general hospital under the direct jurisdiction of the Administrator (as such cost may be determined annually by the Administrator); or

"(B) the amount equal to 50 percent of such cost, if such higher amount is determined to be necessary by the Administrator (upon the recommendation of the Chief Medical Director) to provide adequate care.

Prohibition.

"(3) Nursing home care may not be furnished under this subsection at the expense of the United States for more than six months in the aggregate in connection with any one transfer except—

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"(A) in the case of a veteran—

"(i) who is transferred to a non-Veterans' Administration nursing home from a hospital under the direct jurisdiction of the Administrator; and

"(ii) whose hospitalization was primarily for a service-connected disability;

"(B) in a case in which the nursing home care is required for a service-connected disability; or

"(C) in a case in which, in the judgment of the Administrator, a longer period of nursing home care is warranted.

Alaska.
Hawaii.

"(4) A veteran who is furnished care by the Administrator in a hospital or domiciliary facility in Alaska or Hawaii may be furnished nursing home care at the expense of the United States under this subsection even if such hospital or domiciliary facility is not under the direct jurisdiction of the Administrator.".

(b) Admission to Contract Nursing Homes of Certain Veterans.—Subsection (d) of such section is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(d)";

(2) by striking out "to any public or private institution not under the jurisdiction of the Administrator which furnishes nursing home care" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "to any non-Veterans' Administration nursing home";

(3) by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "The Administrator may also authorize a direct admission to such a nursing home for nursing home care for any veteran who has been discharged from a hospital under the direct jurisdiction of the Administrator and who is currently receiving medical services as part of home health services from the Veterans' Administration.";

(4) by striking out the sentence beginning "Such admission" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Physicians.

"(2) Direct admission authorized by paragraph (1) of this subsection may be authorized upon determination of need therefor—

"(A) by a physician employed by the Veterans' Administration; or

"(B) in areas where no such physician is available, by a physician carrying out such function under contract or fee arrangement,

based on an examination by such physician."; and

(5) by designating the last sentence as paragraph (3).

(c) Definition of Non-Veterans' Administration Nursing Home.—Subsection (e) of such section is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(e)";

(2) by striking out "subsection (a)(ii)" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (a)(2)(B)"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

"(2) For the purposes of this section, the term 'non-Veterans' Administration nursing home' means a public or private institution not under the direct jurisdiction of the Administrator which furnishes nursing home care.".

38 USC 3203 note.
98 Stat. 43.

(d) Improvement in Pension Program Administration.—(1) In order to improve the timeliness of adjustments made pursuant to section 3203(a) of title 38, United States Code, in the amount of pension being paid to a veteran who is being furnished nursing home care by the Veterans' Administration, the Chief Medical Director of the Veterans' Administration shall develop improved procedures for notifying the Chief Benefits Director of the Veterans' Administration when a veteran is admitted to a nursing home.

99 STAT. 948

Report.

(2) The Administrator shall submit to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on the development and implementation of such procedures. The report shall be submitted not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 109. CHIROPRACTIC SERVICES PILOT PROGRAM.

38 USC 610 note.

(a) Establishment of Pilot Program.—(1) The Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall conduct a pilot program to evaluate the therapeutic benefits and the cost-effectiveness of furnishing certain chiropractic services to veterans eligible for medical services under chapter 17 of title 38, United States Code. Such a veteran is eligible to receive chiropractic services under the pilot program if the veteran was furnished hospital care or medical services by the Veterans' Administration for a neuromusculoskeletal condition of the spine within the 12-month period immediately preceding the commencement of the furnishing of such chiropractic services.

38 USC 601 *et seq.*

(2) The pilot program shall consist of not less than one demonstration project in each of five geographic regions of the United States designated by the Administrator for the purpose of this section.

(3) The pilot program shall be carried out during the period beginning on January 1, 1986, and ending on December 31, 1988.

(b) Consultation and Coordination.—In developing the pilot program, the Administrator shall consult with the Secretary of Defense regarding the demonstration projects carried out by the Secretary under section 632(b) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1985 (10 U.S.C. 1092 note). In designing, conducting, and evaluating the pilot program, the Administrator shall obtain advice and recommendations from recognized medical or scientific authorities in the treatment of neuromusculoskeletal conditions of the spine. The Administrator shall ensure that there is adequate participation by chiropractors in the design and evaluation of the demonstration projects, including participation by representatives from chiropractic colleges recognized by an approved accrediting organization.

98 Stat. 2543.

(c) Payment for Chiropractic Services Under the Pilot Program.—(1)(A) The Administrator shall pay the reasonable charge for chiropractic services furnished to eligible veterans under the pilot program.

Insurance.
Contracts.

(B) The Administrator may not pay for such services to the extent that the veteran is entitled to such services (or reimbursement for the expenses of such services) under—

(i) an insurance policy or contract;

(ii) a medical or hospital service agreement or membership or subscription contract; or

(iii) a similar arrangement for the purpose of providing, paying for, or reimbursing expenses for such services.

(2) The Administrator—

(A) shall reimburse the veteran for such reasonable charges if the veteran has paid for such services; or

(B) in lieu of reimbursing a veteran for a charge for chiropractic services under subparagraph (A), may pay the reasonable charge for such chiropractic services directly to the chiropractor who furnished the services.

(3) The amount paid for chiropractic services under this subsection may not exceed the amount for such services prescribed under the schedule of reasonable charges established under subsection (d).

Schools and colleges.

(4) Chiropractic services may be provided in private facilities or chiropractic colleges approved in guidelines issued by the Administrator.

Regulations.

(5) Reimbursement of veterans and payments to chiropractors under this subsection shall be carried out under regulations which the Administrator shall prescribe.

99 STAT. 949

(d) Schedule of Reasonable Charges.—The Administrator shall establish a schedule of reasonable charges for chiropractic services furnished under the pilot program. Such schedule shall—

(1) be consistent with the reasonable charges allowed under section 1842 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395u); and

(2) be established in consultation with—

(A) appropriate public and nonprofit private organizations; and

(B) other Federal departments and agencies that provide reimbursement for chiropractic services.

Prohibition.

(e) Program Cap.—The amount spent in any calendar year for chiropractic services under the pilot program may not exceed $2,000,000.

(f) Report.—Not later than April 1, 1989, the Administrator shall submit to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on the implementation, operation, and results of the pilot program. The report shall include—

(1) the number of requests made by eligible veterans for reimbursement or payment for chiropractic services under this section and the number of such veterans who made such requests;

(2) the number of such reimbursements and payments made and the number of veterans to (or for whom) such reimbursements and payments were made; and

(3) the total amount spent for such reimbursements and payments.

(g) Definitions.—For the purposes of this section:

(1) The term "chiropractic services" means the manual manipulation of the spine performed by a chiropractor to correct a subluxation of the spine. Such term does not include physical examinations, laboratory tests, radiologic services, and any other tests or services determined by the Administrator to be excluded.

(2) The term "chiropractor" means an individual who is licensed as such by the State in which the individual performs chiropractic services and who meets the uniform minimum standards promulgated for chiropractors under section 1861(r)(5) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x(r)(5)).

TITLE II—HEALTH-CARE ADMINISTRATION

SEC. 201. MEDICAL QUALITY-ASSURANCE RECORDS.

Section 3305 is amended—

38 USC 3305.

(1) by inserting "(other than reports submitted pursuant to section 4152(b) of this title)" in subsection (a) after "program"; and

(2) by adding at the end of subsection (b) the following new paragraph:

"(6) Nothing in this section shall be construed as authorizing or requiring withholding from any person or entity the disclosure of statistical information regarding Veterans' Administration health-care programs (including such information as aggregate morbidity and mortality rates associated with specific activities at individual Veterans' Administration health-care facilities) that does not implicitly or explicitly identify individual Veterans' Administration patients or employees or individuals who participated in the conduct of a medical quality-assurance review.".

99 STAT. 950

SEC. 202. AUTHORITY TO EXPAND GERIATRIC RESEARCH, EDUCATION, AND CLINICAL CENTERS PROGRAM.

38 USC 4101.

Section 4101(f)(1)(A) is amended by striking out "fifteen" and inserting in lieu thereof "25".

SEC. 203. REVISION OF AUTHORITY FOR APPOINTMENT OF STUDENT NURSES AND GRADUATE NURSES.

Section 4114(a)(3) is amended—

(1) by striking out "one year" in the second sentence of subparagraph (A) and inserting in lieu thereof "two years"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph: "(C) A student nurse who has a temporary appointment under this paragraph and who is pursuing a full course of nursing in a recognized school of nursing approved by the Administrator may be reappointed for one year. Other personnel whose appointments are limited by this section to one year may not be reappointed under this subsection.".

SEC. 204. QUALITY ASSURANCE AND CREDENTIALING.

(a) IMPROVEMENTS IN PROGRAMS TO EVALUATE AND ASSURE HEALTH-CARE QUALITY.—(1) Chapter 73 is amended by adding at the end the following new subchapter:

"Subchapter V—Quality Assurance

"§ 4151. Quality assurance program

38 USC 4151.

"(a) The Administrator shall—

"(1) establish and conduct a comprehensive program to monitor and evaluate the quality of health care furnished by the Department of Medicine and Surgery (hereinafter in this section referred to as the 'quality-assurance program'); and

"(2) delineate the responsibilities of the Chief Medical Director with respect to the quality-assurance program, including the duties prescribed in this section.

"(b)(1) As part of the quality-assurance program, the Chief Medical Director shall periodically evaluate—

"(A) whether there are significant deviations in mortality and morbidity rates for surgical procedures performed by the Department of Medicine and Surgery from prevailing national mortality and morbidity standards for similar procedures; and

"(B) if there are such deviations, whether they indicate deficiencies in the quality of health care provided by the Department of Medicine and Surgery.

"(2) The evaluation under paragraph (1)(A) of this subsection shall be made using the information compiled under subsection (c)(1) of this section. The evaluation under paragraph (1)(B) of this subsection shall be made taking into account the factors described in subsection (c)(2)(B) of this subsection.

"(3) If, based upon an evaluation under paragraph (1)(A) of this subsection, the Chief Medical Director determines that there is a deviation referred to in that paragraph, the Chief Medical Director shall explain the deviation in the next report submitted under section 4152 of this title.

Infra.

"(c)(1) The Chief Medical Director shall—

"(A) determine the prevailing national mortality and morbidity standards for each type of surgical procedure performed by the Department of Medicine and Surgery; and

"(B) collect data and other information on mortality and morbidity rates in the Department of Medicine and Surgery for each type of surgical procedure performed by the Department and (with respect to each such procedure) compile the data and other information so collected—

"(i) for each medical facility of the Veterans' Administration, in the case of cardiac surgery, heart transplant, and renal transplant programs; and "(ii) in the aggregate, for each other type of surgical procedure.

"(2) The Chief Medical Director shall—

"(A) compare the mortality and morbidity rates compiled under paragraph (1)(B) of this subsection with the national mortality and morbidity standards determined under paragraph (1)(A) of this subsection; and

"(B) analyze any deviation between such rates and such standards in terms of—

"(i) the characteristics of the respective patient populations;

"(ii) the level of risk for the procedure involved, based on—

"(I) patient age;

"(II) the type and severity of the disease;

"(III) the effect of any complicating diseases; and

"(IV) the degree of difficulty of the procedure; and

"(iii) any other factor that the Chief Medical Director considers appropriate.

"(d) Based on the information compiled and the comparisons, analyses, evaluations, and explanations made under subsections (b) and (c) of this section, the Chief Medical Director, in each report under section 4152 of this title, shall make such recommendations with respect to quality assurance as the Chief Medical Director considers appropriate.

"(e)(1) The Administrator shall allocate sufficient resources (including sufficient personnel with the necessary skills and qualifications) to enable the Department of Medicine and Surgery to carry out its responsibilities under this section.

"(2) The Inspector General of the Veterans' Administration shall allocate sufficient resources (including sufficient personnel with the necessary skills and qualifications) to enable the Inspector General to monitor the quality-assurance program.

38 USC 4152.

"§ 4152. Quality-assurance reports

"(a)(1) Not later than February 1 of 1987, 1989, and 1991, the Chief Medical Director shall submit to the Administrator a report on the experience through the end of the preceding fiscal year under the quality-assurance program carried out under section 4151 of this title.

Ante, p. 950.

99 STAT. 952

"(2) Each such report shall include—

"(A) the data and other information compiled and the comparisons, analyses, and evaluations made under subsections (b) and (c) of such section with respect to the period covered by the report; and

"(B) recommendations under subsection (d) of such section.

"(b) Not later than 60 days after receiving each such report, the Administrator shall submit to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and House of Representatives a copy of the report, together with any comment concerning the report that the Administrator considers appropriate.

"(c) A report submitted under subsection (b) of this section shall not be considered to be a record or document as described in section 3305(a) of this title.".

38 USC 3305.

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 73 is amended by adding at the end the following:

"SUBCHAPTER V—QUALITY ASSURANCE

"4151. Quality assurance program.
"4152. Quality-assurance reports.".

(b) Report on Credentials of Health-Care Professionals.—(1) The Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall submit to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and House of Representatives a report describing in detail the current efforts and procedures and future plans of the Veterans' Administration for determining and monitoring the credentials of health-care professionals in connection with their furnishing care to veterans under chapter 17 of title 38, United States Code.

38 USC 601 *et seq.*

(2)(A) The report shall include a description of each current and planned Veterans' Administration policy or procedure regarding, or arrangement for, credentialing information exchanges.

(B) With reference to any such policy, procedure, or arrangement that is planned and has not been implemented at the time the report required by paragraph (1) is submitted, the Administrator shall—

(i) include in the report a timetable for such implementation; and

(ii) report to the committees on progress toward such implementation every three months thereafter until implementation of each such policy, procedure, and arrangement is achieved.

Upon implementation of each such policy, procedure, and arrangement, a final report on such implementation shall be submitted to the Committees.

(3) For the purposes of this subsection, the term "credentialing information exchanges" includes the exchange of relevant information with a license issuing or monitoring entity—

(A) in order to determine, with respect to an individual who is seeking employment with, or who is employed by, the Veterans' Administration as a health-care professional for the furnishing of care to veterans under chapter 17 of title 38, United States Code—

(i) whether the individual has completed medical or other health-care professional education satisfactorily;

(ii) the current and past licensure and clinical privilege status of the individual; or

(iii) the full employment history of the individual; or

99 STAT. 953

(B) in order to provide appropriate information to such an entity about an individual whose employment with the Veterans' Administration as a health-care professional is terminated—

(i) following the completion of a disciplinary action relating to such individual's clinical competence;

(ii) voluntarily after having had such individual's clinical privileges restricted or revoked; or

(iii) voluntarily after serious concerns about such individual's clinical competence have been raised but not resolved.

(4) For the purposes of this subsection, the term "license issuing or monitoring entity" means—

(A) an appropriate State medical or other health-professional licensing body;

(B) the Federation of State Medical Boards;

(C) the American Medical Association; and

(D) any other public or private entity that the Administrator considers appropriate that is involved with the issuance or monitoring of health-care professional licenses.

Report.

(5) The report required by this subsection shall be submitted not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 205. AVAILABILITY OF STATE FINANCIAL SUPPORT FOR APPROVED STATE HOME PROJECTS.

98 Stat. 2689.
38 USC 5035.

(a) Deadline for Availability of State Construction Funds.—Subsection (a)(6) of section 5035 is amended by inserting "by July 1 of the fiscal year for which the application is approved" before "and for its maintenance".

(b) Deferral of Certain Applications.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended—

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(b)";

(2) by redesignating clauses (1) through (4) as clauses (A) through (D), respectively; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(2)(A) The Administrator shall defer approval of an application that meets the requirements of this section if the State submitting the application does not, by the July 1 deadline (as defined in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph), demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Administrator that the State has provided adequate financial support for construction of the project.

"(B) In a case in which approval of an application is deferred under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph—

Grants.
Nursing home.

"(i) the Administrator, in accordance with guidelines established by the Administrator, shall select for award of a grant or grants under this section an application or applications for a nursing home project or projects that the Administrator determines—

"(I) to be most in need;

"(II) would, but for the deferral, not have been approved during the fiscal year in which the deferral occurred; and

"(III) have been provided adequate financial support by the State and are otherwise qualified for approval during the fiscal year; and

"(ii) during the next fiscal year, the application with respect to which approval was deferred shall be accorded priority for approval ahead of applications that had not been approved before the first day of such fiscal year.

"(C) For the purposes of this paragraph, the term 'July 1 deadline' means July 1 of the fiscal year in which the State is notified by the Administrator of the availability of funding for a grant for such project.".

SEC. 206. PROCEDURES FOR REDUCTION OR REVOCATION OF CLINICAL PRIVILEGES.

38 USC 4110 note.

(a) GUIDELINES.—Not later than April 1, 1986, the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall prescribe uniform guidelines establishing administrative procedures to be followed in any case in which a reduction or revocation of the clinical privileges of any person employed in a position described in paragraph (1) of section 4104 of title 38, United States Code, is proposed on the basis of a deficiency in the employee's performance of professional responsibilities.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than May 1, 1986, the Administrator shall submit to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and House of Representatives a report (containing a copy of such guidelines) on the implementation of this section.

TITLE III—VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION MEDICAL FACILITIES

SEC. 301. CLARIFICATION OF REQUIREMENT OF CONGRESSIONAL APPROVAL OF CONSTRUCTION AND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

38 USC 5004.

Subsection (a) of section 5004 is amended to read as follows:

"(a)(1) The purpose of this subsection is to enable Congress to ensure the equitable distribution of medical facilities throughout the United States, taking into consideration the comparative urgency of the need for the services to be provided in the case of each particular facility.

"(2) After the adoption by the committees during a fiscal year of resolutions with identical texts approving major medical facility projects, it shall not be in order in the House of Representatives or in the Senate to consider a bill, resolution, or amendment making an appropriation for that fiscal year or for the next fiscal year which may be expended for a major medical facility project—

"(A) if the project for which the appropriation is proposed to be made is not approved in those resolutions; or

"(B) in the event that the project is approved in the resolutions, if either—

"(i) the bill, resolution, or amendment making the appropriation does not specify—

"(I) the medical facility project for which the appropriation is proposed to be made; and

"(II) the amount proposed to be appropriated for the project; or

"(ii) the amount proposed to be appropriated for the project (when added to any amount previously appropriated for the project) exceeds the amount approved for the project.

Prohibition.

"(3) No appropriation may be made for the lease of any space for use as a medical facility at an average annual rental of more than $500,000 unless each committee has first adopted a resolution approving such lease and setting forth the estimated cost thereof.

99 STAT. 955

"(4) For the purpose of this subsection, the term 'major medical facility project' means a project for the construction, alteration, or acquisition of a medical facility involving a total expenditure of more than $2,000,000. Such term does not include an acquisition by exchange.".

SEC. 302. OPERATIONAL AND CONSTRUCTION PLANNING REQUIREMENT.

(a) REQUIREMENT FOR IMPROVED PLANNING.—Subsection (a) of section 5007 is amended—

38 USC 5007.

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(a)";

(2) by striking out "and alteration" the second place it appears in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "alteration, and operation";

(3) by striking out the second and third sentences; and

(4) by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:

Report.

"(2) Each such report shall contain—

"(A) a five-year strategic plan for the operation and construction of medical facilities—

"(i) setting forth—

"(I) the mission of each existing or proposed medical facility;

"(II) any planned change in such mission; and

"(III) the operational steps needed to achieve the facility's mission and the dates by which such steps are planned to be completed; and

"(ii) a five-year plan, based on the factors set out in subclause (i) of this clause, for construction, replacement, or alteration projects for each such facility;

Hospitals.

"(B) a list, in order of priority, of not less than 10 hospitals that, in the judgment of the Administrator, are most in need of construction or replacement; and

"(C) general plans (including projected costs, site location, and, if appropriate, necessary land acquisition) for each medical facility for which construction, replacement, or alteration is planned under clause (A)(ii) of this paragraph.

Report.

"(3) The report under this subsection shall be submitted not later than June 30 of each year.".

(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended—

(1) by striking out "(beginning in 1981)";

(2) by inserting "(1)" after "medical facility"; and

(3) by striking out "title and, in the case of the second and each succeeding report made under this subsection," and inserting in lieu thereof "title, and (2)".

(c) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—(1) The heading for such section is amended to read as follows:

"§ 5007. Operational and construction plans for medical facilities".

(2) The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 81 is amended to read as follows:

"5007. Operational and construction plans for medical facilities.".

SEC. 303. MAJOR FACILITY PROSPECTUS REQUIREMENT.

38 USC 5004.

Section 5004(b)(1) is amended by inserting "and, in the case of a prospectus proposing the construction of a new or replacement medical facility, a description of the consideration that was given to acquiring an existing facility by lease or purchase" after "such facility".

99 STAT. 956

38 USC 5003 note.

SEC. 304. DEVELOPMENT OF MEDICAL-FACILITY MODULAR COMPONENTS.

In order to evaluate the applicability to the Veterans' Administration of the use of modular components in the design and construction of medical facilities for the furnishing of hospital care and to determine the efficiency and cost-effectiveness of that approach, the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall, not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, develop a modular approach to the planning and design of an appropriate Veterans' Administration medical facility for the furnishing of hospital care.

SEC. 305. FEASIBILITY STUDY OF AND PLAN FOR THE PURCHASE OF A FACILITY FOR FURNISHING HOSPITAL AND NURSING HOME CARE.

President of U.S.
Florida.

98 Stat. 2324.

In the documents submitted by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs to the appropriate committees of the Congress at the time of and in connection with the submission, pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, of the Budget for fiscal year 1987, the Administrator shall include the results of a feasibility study which he shall conduct of, and if indicated by such study provide a feasibility plan for, the purchase for Veterans' Administration use of a medical facility that is located in an urban area and is suitable for furnishing both hospital and nursing home care services, and meets the current and projected needs and specifications of the Veterans' Administration for furnishing health care to eligible veterans. In such Budget, the President, as warranted by such feasibility plan, shall include a request for an appropriate amount to purchase such a facility which meets those needs and specifications: *Provided*, That this section shall not be construed to require the Administrator to provide a feasibility plan with respect to the purchase of a facility that would have the effect of making it infeasible to construct, acquire, or lease a medical facility in the Florida panhandle or to expand the Biloxi/Gulfport Veterans' Administration Medical Center to furnish health care to veterans in the area.

TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 401. SERVICEMEN'S GROUP LIFE INSURANCE AND VETERANS' GROUP LIFE INSURANCE.

38 USC 767.

(a) SERVICEMEN'S GROUP LIFE INSURANCE.—(1) Subsection (a) of section 767 is amended—

(A) by striking out "$35,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$50,000"; and

(B) by striking out "the amount of $30,000, $25,000, $20,000, $15,000, $10,000 or $5,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "an amount less than $50,000 that is evenly divisible by $10,000".

(2) Subsection (c) of such section is amended by striking out "the amount of" the first place it appears and all that follows through "as the case may be," and inserting in lieu thereof "any amount less than $50,000, such member may thereafter be insured under this subchapter in the amount of $50,000 or any lesser amount evenly divisible by $10,000".

99 STAT. 957

(3) Subsection (d) of such section is amended—

(A) by striking out "the effective date of this subsection" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "January 1, 1986"; and

(B) by striking out "up to a maximum of $35,000 (in any amount divisible by $5,000)" and inserting in lieu thereof "in the amount of $50,000 or any lesser amount evenly divisible by $10,000".

(b) VETERANS' GROUP LIFE INSURANCE.—(1) Subsection (a) of section 777 of such title is amended—

38 USC 777.

(A) by striking out the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Veterans' Group Life Insurance shall be issued in the amounts specified in section 767(a) of this title. In the case of any individual, the amount of Veterans' Group Life Insurance may not exceed the amount of Servicemen's Group Life Insurance coverage continued in force after the expiration of the period of duty or travel under section 767(b) or 768(a) of this title."; and

Ante, p. 956.

38 USC 767; 768.

(B) by striking out "$35,000" in the sentence immediately following the matter inserted by clause (A) and both places it appears in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "$50,000".

(2) Such section is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

Individual Ready Reserve.
Inactive National Guard.

"(h)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, members of the Individual Ready Reserve and the Inactive National Guard are eligible to be insured under Veterans' Group Life Insurance. Any such member shall be so insured upon submission of an application in the manner prescribed by the Administrator and the payment of premiums as required under this section.

"(2) Notwithstanding subsection (b)(2) of this section, Veterans' Group Life Insurance coverage under this subsection shall be issued on a renewable five-year term basis, but the person insured must remain a member of the Individual Ready Reserve or Inactive National Guard throughout the period of the insurance in order for the insurance of such person to be renewed.

"(3) For the purpose of this subsection, the terms 'Individual Ready Reserve' and 'Inactive National Guard' shall have the meanings prescribed by the Administrator in consultation with the Secretary of Defense.".

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall take effect on January 1, 1986.

38 USC 767 note.

SEC. 402. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO OPERATE AN OFFICE IN THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES.

Section 230(b) is amended by striking out "October 31, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1988".

Ante, p. 481.

SEC. 403. VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION GRADE REDUCTION.

(a) Section 210(b) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:

38 USC 210.

"(3)(A) The Administrator may not implement a grade reduction described in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph unless the Administrator first submits to the Committees on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate and House of Representatives a report containing a detailed plan for such reduction and a detailed justification for the plan. Such report shall include a determination by the Administrator (together with data supporting such determination) that, in the personnel area concerned, the Veterans' Administration has a disproportionate number of employees at the salary grade or grades selected for reduction in comparison to the number of such employees at the salary levels involved who perform comparable functions in other departments and agencies of the Federal Government and in non-Federal entities. Any grade reduction described in such report may not take effect until the end of a period of 90 calendar days (not including any day on which either House of Congress is not in session) after the report is received by the committees.

Report.

99 STAT. 958

Effective date.

"(B) A grade reduction referred to in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph is a systematic reduction, for the purpose of reducing the average salary cost for Veterans' Administration employees described in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph, in the number of such Veterans' Administration employees at a specific grade level.

"(C) The employees referred to in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph are—

"(i) health-care personnel who are determined by the Administrator to be providing either direct patient-care services or services incident to direct patient-care services;

"(ii) individuals who meet the definition of professional employee as set forth in section 7103(a)(15) of title 5; and

"(iii) individuals who are employed as computer specialists.

Report.

"(D) Not later than the forty-fifth day after the Administrator submits a report under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, the Comptroller General shall submit to such Committees a report on the Administrator's compliance with such subparagraph. The Comptroller General shall include in the report the Comptroller General's opinion as to the accuracy of the Administrator's determination (and of the data supporting such determination) made under such subparagraph.

Prohibition.

"(E) In the case of Veterans' Administration employees not described in subparagraph (C) of paragraph (3), the Administrator may not in any fiscal year implement a systematic reduction for the purpose of reducing the average salary cost for such Veterans' Administration employees that will result in a reduction in the number of such Veterans' Administration employees at any specific grade level at a rate greater than the rate of the reductions systematically being made in the numbers of employees at such grade level in all other agencies and departments of the Federal Government combined.".

Real property.

SEC. 404. LAND TRANSFER, PHOENIX, ARIZONA.

(a) Requirement for Transfer.—The real property described in subsection (b) and the structures on such property on the date of the enactment of this Act shall be transferred without compensation or reimbursement from the control and jurisdiction of the General Services Administration to the control and jurisdiction of the Veterans' Administration.

(b) Description of Land.—The real property referred to in subsection (a) is a tract of land consisting of 3.4 acres, more or less, in Phoenix, Arizona, that—

(1) was formerly part of the Veterans' Administration Medical Center, Phoenix, Arizona; and

(2) was declared to be excess to the needs of the Veterans' Administration in a report to the General Services Administration dated September 25, 1959.

99 STAT. 959

SEC. 405. MODIFICATION OF RESTRICTIONS ON REAL PROPERTY, MILWAUKEE COUNTY, WISCONSIN.

(a) Release of Reversionary Interest.—The Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall execute such instruments as may be necessary to modify the conditions under which the land described in subsection (b) will revert to the United States in order to permit Milwaukee County, Wisconsin, to lease all or part of such land to a nonprofit corporation which—

(1) shall construct and equip on such land structures, facilities, and other permanent improvements useful for public recreational purposes or general civic purposes; and

(2) shall use such land for such recreational or civic purposes.

(b) Description of Land.—The land referred to in subsection (a) is—

(1) the land conveyed to Milwaukee County, Wisconsin, pursuant to the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs to convey lands and to lease certain other land to Milwaukee County, Wisconsin", approved September 1, 1949 (63 Stat. 683); and

(2) the land conveyed to Milwaukee County, Wisconsin, pursuant to the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs to convey certain property to Milwaukee County, Wisconsin", approved August 27, 1954 (68 Stat. 866).

(c) GENERAL LIMITATIONS.—The Administrator may carry out this section subject to such terms and conditions (including reservations of rights for the United States) as the Administrator determines to be necessary to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 406. AUTHORITY TO RELEASE LIMITATION ON USE OF REAL PROPERTY, MCKINNEY, TEXAS.

(a) RELEASE OF LIMITATION.—The Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall execute such instruments as may be necessary to release the limitation to recreational purposes only on the use of the land described in subsection (b).

(b) DESCRIPTION OF LAND.—The land referred to in subsection (a) is two parcels of land, consisting of a total of 38.741 acres, that were conveyed by the Administrator to the city of McKinney, Texas, by deed of May 5, 1965, under the authority of Public Law 88-438 (78 Stat. 444, approved August 14, 1964).

SEC. 407. MODIFICATION OF RESTRICTIONS ON REAL PROPERTY AND CONVEYANCE OF A FENCE ON SUCH PROPERTY, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

(a) MODIFICATION OF RESTRICTION.—(1) The Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall execute such instruments as may be necessary in order to authorize the land conveyed under the authority of the Act referred to in paragraph (3) to be used—

(A) without regard to any limitation required by section 2 of that Act, but 68 Stat. 580.

(B) subject to the limitations set forth in paragraph (2).

(2) Any instrument executed under paragraph (1) shall provide, with respect to the tract of land conveyed under the Act referred to in paragraph (3)—

(A) that such tract may be used only for hospital, educational, civic, residential, or related purposes;

(B) that, if any part of such tract is used in any manner that is determined by the Administrator to interfere with the care and treatment of any patient at a Veterans' Administration health-care facility located in the reservation described in such Act, such use shall cease immediately upon notice by the Administrator of such interference to the person holding legal title to such part at the time such use occurs;

(C) that, if any part of such tract is used for a purpose other than a purpose prescribed in clause (A), title to such part shall revert to the United States; and

(D) that, if any interference referred to in clause (B) does not cease as required under such paragraph, title to the part of such land that is being used in a manner to cause such interference shall revert to the United States.

Any such instrument may contain such additional terms and conditions (including reservations of rights to the United States) as the Administrator determines to be necessary to protect the interests of the United States.

(3) The Act referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) is the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs to convey certain property to the Armory Board, State of Utah", approved July 29, 1954 (68 Stat. 579).

(b) CONVEYANCE OF FENCE.—The Administrator shall convey, without consideration, to the Armory Board of the State of Utah all right, title, and interest of the United States in the fence erected as required by the quitclaim deed issued to the Armory Board by the Administrator on October 14, 1954, under the authority of the Act

referred to in subsection (a)(3). The conveyance shall contain such terms and conditions as the Administrator determines to be necessary to protect the interests of the United States.

Approved December 3, 1985.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 505 (S. 876):

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-114 (Comm. on Veterans' Affairs).
SENATE REPORT No. 99-101 accompanying S. 876 (Comm. on Veterans' Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
May 21, considered and passed House.
July 30, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 876.
Oct. 30, House concurred in Senate amendments with amendment.
Nov. 6, 13, Senate concurred in House amendment with amendment.
Nov. 14, House concurred in Senate amendments.

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99 STAT. 1765

Public Law 99-238
99th Congress

An Act

Jan. 13, 1986
[H.R. 1538]

To amend title 38, United States Code, to provide a 3.1-percent increase in the rates of disability compensation and of dependency and indemnity compensation paid by the Veterans' Administration; to make improvements in veterans' job training programs; and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Veterans' Compensation Rate Increase and Job Training Amendments of 1985.
38 USC 101 note.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Veterans' Compensation Rate Increase and Job Training Amendments of 1985".

TITLE I—DISABILITY COMPENSATION AND DEPENDENCY AND INDEMNITY COMPENSATION RATE INCREASES

SEC. 101. DISABILITY COMPENSATION.

98 Stat. 2735.

(a) In General.—Section 314 of title 38, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "$66" in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "$68";

(2) by striking out "$122" in subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof "$126";

(3) by striking out "$185" in subsection (c) and inserting in lieu thereof "$191";

(4) by striking out "$266" in subsection (d) and inserting in lieu thereof "$274";

(5) by striking out "$376" in subsection (e) and inserting in lieu thereof "$388";

(6) by striking out "$474" in subsection (f) and inserting in lieu thereof "$489";

(7) by striking out "$598" in subsection (g) and inserting in lieu thereof "$617";

(8) by striking out "$692" in subsection (h) and inserting in lieu thereof "$713";

(9) by striking out "$779" in subsection (i) and inserting in lieu thereof "$803";

(10) by striking out "$1,295" in subsection (j) and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,335";

(11) by striking out "$1,609" and "$2,255" in subsection (k) and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,659" and "$2,325", respectively;

(12) by striking out "$1,609" in subsection (l) and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,659";

(13) by striking out "$1,774" in subsection (m) and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,829";

(14) by striking out "$2,017" in subsection (n) and inserting in lieu thereof "$2,080";

(15) by striking out "$2,255" each place it appears in subsections (o) and (p) and inserting in lieu thereof "$2,325";

99 STAT. 1766

(16) by striking out "$968" and "$1,442" in subsection (r) and inserting in lieu thereof "$998" and "$1,487", respectively;

(17) by striking out "$1,449" in subsection (s) and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,494"; and

(18) by striking out "$280" in subsection (t) and inserting in lieu thereof "$289".

(b) SPECIAL RULE.—The Administrator of Veterans' Affairs may adjust administratively, consistent with the increases authorized by this section, the rates of disability compensation payable to persons within the purview of section 10 of Public Law 85-857 who are not in receipt of compensation payable pursuant to chapter 11 of title 38, United States Code.

38 USC 314 note.

38 USC note prec. 101.

38 USC 301 *et seq.*

SEC. 102. ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION FOR DEPENDENTS.

Section 315(l) of title 38, United States Code, is amended—

98 Stat. 2736.

(1) by striking out "$79" in clause (A) and inserting in lieu thereof "$81";

(2) by striking out "$132" and "$42" in clause (B) and inserting in lieu thereof "$136" and "$43", respectively;

(3) by striking out "$54" and "$42" in clause (C) and inserting in lieu thereof "$56" and "$43", respectively;

(4) by striking out "$64" in clause (D) and inserting in lieu thereof "$66";

(5) by striking out "$143" in clause (E) and inserting in lieu thereof "$147"; and

(6) by striking out "$120" in clause (F) and inserting in lieu thereof "$124".

SEC. 103. CLOTHING ALLOWANCE FOR CERTAIN DISABLED VETERANS.

Section 362 of title 38, United States Code, is amended by striking out "$349" and inserting in lieu thereof "$360".

98 Stat. 2736.

SEC. 104. DEPENDENCY AND INDEMNITY COMPENSATION FOR SURVIVING SPOUSES.

Section 411 of title 38, United States Code, is amended—

98 Stat. 2737.

(1) by striking out the table in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"Pay grade	Monthly rate	Pay grade	Monthly rate
E-1	$491	W-4	$703
E-2	505	O-1	621
E-3	518	O-2	640
E-4	552	O-3	686
E-5	566	O-4	725
E-6	578	O-5	799
E-7	607	O-6	900
E-8	640	O-7	973
E-9	[1] 669	O-8	1,067
W-1	621	O-9	1,145
W-2	645	O-10	[2] 1,255
W-3	664		

"[1] If the veteran served as sergeant major of the Army, senior enlisted advisor of the Navy, chief master sergeant of the Air Force, sergeant major of the Marine Corps, or master chief petty officer of the Coast Guard, at the applicable time designated by section 402 of this title, the surviving spouse's rate shall be $722.

"[2] If the veteran served as Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, Chief of Staff of the Army, Chief of Naval Operations, Chief of Staff of the Air Force, Commandant of the Marine Corps, or Commandant of the Coast Guard, at the applicable time designated by section 402 of this title, the surviving spouse's rate shall be $1,345.";

99 STAT. 1767

(2) by striking out "$55" in subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof "$57";

(3) by striking out "$143" in subsection (c) and inserting in lieu thereof "$147"; and

(4) by striking out "$70" in subsection (d) and inserting in lieu thereof "$72".

SEC. 105. DEPENDENCY AND INDEMNITY COMPENSATION FOR CHILDREN.

98 Stat. 2737.

Section 413 of title 38, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "$240" in clause (1) and inserting in lieu thereof "$247";

(2) by striking out "$345" in clause (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "$356";

(3) by striking out "$446" in clause (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "$460"; and

(4) by striking out "$446" and "$90" in clause (4) and inserting in lieu thereof "$460" and "$93", respectively.

SEC. 106. SUPPLEMENTAL DEPENDENCY AND INDEMNITY COMPENSATION FOR CHILDREN.

98 Stat. 2737.

Section 414 of title 38, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out "$143" in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "$147";

(2) by striking out "$240" in subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof "$247"; and

(3) by striking out "$122" in subsection (c) and inserting in lieu thereof "$126".

SEC. 107. EFFECTIVE DATE.

38 USC 314 note.

The amendments made by this title shall take effect as of December 1, 1985.

Employment and unemployment.

TITLE II—VETERANS' JOB TRAINING AMENDMENTS

SEC. 201. EMERGENCY VETERANS' JOB TRAINING ACT AMENDMENTS.

Veterans' Job Training Act.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—(1) The first sentence of section 1 of Public Law 98-77 (29 U.S.C. 1721 note) is amended to read as follows: "This Act may be cited as the 'Veterans' Job Training Act'.".

29 USC 1721 note.

(2) Any reference in any Federal law to the Emergency Veterans' Job Training Act of 1983 shall be deemed to refer to the Veterans' Job Training Act.

29 USC 1721 note.

(b) ELIGIBILITY.—Section 5(a)(1)(B) of the Veterans' Job Training Act, as redesignated by subsection (a), is amended by striking out "fifteen of the twenty" and inserting in lieu thereof "10 of the 15".

29 USC 1721 note.

(c) COUNSELING.—Section 14 of such Act is amended—

(1) by inserting "(a)" before "The"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(b) The Secretary—

"(1) shall provide for a program under which periodic (not less than monthly) contact is maintained with each veteran participating in a program of job training under this Act for the purposes of avoiding unnecessary termination of employment, referring the veteran to appropriate counseling if necessary, and facilitating the veteran's successful completion of such program; and

"(2) after consultation with the Administrator, shall provide for a program of counseling services designed to resolve difficulties that may be encountered by veterans during their training under this Act and shall advise all veterans and employers participating under this Act of the availability of such services and other related counseling services and assistance and encourage them to request such services and assistance whenever appropriate.".

99 STAT. 1768

(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section 16 of such Act is amended—

98 Stat. 2744.
29 USC 1721 note.

(1) by inserting "and $65,000,000 for fiscal year 1986" after "1985"; and

(2) by striking out "1987" and inserting in lieu thereof "1988".

(e) Tolling of Certain Period.—Section 17 of such Act is amended—

98 Stat. 2744.
29 USC 1721 note.

(1) by striking out "Assistance" and inserting in lieu thereof "(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), assistance";

(2) in clause (1), by striking out "February 28, 1985" and inserting in lieu thereof "January 31, 1987";

(3) in clause (2), by striking out "July 1, 1986" and inserting in lieu thereof "July 31, 1987"; and

Ante, p. 481.

(4) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(b) If funds for fiscal year 1986 are appropriated for the purpose of making payments to employers under this Act but are not both so appropriated and made available by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget to the Veterans' Administration on or before February 1, 1986, for such purpose, assistance may be paid to an employer under this Act on behalf of a veteran if the veteran—

"(1) applies for a program of job training under this Act within 1 year after the date on which funds so appropriated are made available to the Veterans' Administration by the Director; and

"(2) begins participation in such program within 18 months after such date.".

(f) Effective Date.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

29 USC 1721 note.

(2) The amendment made by subsection (e)(2) shall take effect on February 1, 1986.

SEC. 202. COORDINATION.

38 USC 1516 note.

(a) In General.—In carrying out section 1516(b) of title 38, United States Code, the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall take all feasible steps to establish and encourage, for veterans who are eligible to have payments made on their behalf under such section, the development of training opportunities through programs of job training consistent with the provisions of the Veterans' Job Training Act (as redesignated by section 201(a)(1) of this Act) so as to utilize programs of job training established by employers pursuant to such Act.

(b) Directive.—In carrying out such Act, the Administrator shall take all feasible steps to ensure that, in the cases of veterans who are eligible to have payments made on their behalf under both such Act and section 1516(b) of title 38, United States Code, the authority under such section is utilized, to the maximum extent feasible and consistent with the veteran's best interests, to make payments to employers on behalf of such veterans.

Approved January 13, 1986.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1538:

HOUSE REPORT No. 99-337, Pt. 1 (Comm. on Veterans' Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 131 (1985):
Dec. 9, considered and passed House.
Dec. 19, considered and passed Senate, amended; House concurred in Senate amendments.

RECAPITULATION OF MISCELLANEOUS PRIVATE ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION

CLERK'S NOTE.—There were no private relief acts approved during the 99th Cong., 1st sess.

II. PERMANENT APPROPRIATIONS–FEDERAL FUNDS

(For permanent trust funds, see table III)

COMPILER'S NOTE.—The text and amounts of these permanent appropriations are taken from the budget for the fiscal year 1986. These are funds that do not require current annual action by the Congress, but rather become available automatically under earlier laws. The amounts shown are for *indefinite* appropriations unless indicated to be definite. The amounts shown for indefinite appropriations are estimated and are thus subject to revision as better data becomes available during the fiscal year.

LEGISLATIVE

SENATE

Compensation of Members:

A permanent appropriation effective beginning with fiscal year 1983 and continuing each year thereafter, for the compensation of the Vice President and Senators as well as for the payment of agency contributions for life and health insurance and retirement benefits. This permanent appropriation was established by section 130(c) of Public Law 97-51, approved October 1, 1981 (95 Stat. 966) making continuing appropriations for fiscal year 1982. Prior to fiscal year 1983, the salaries of the Vice President and Senators and the related agency contributions were paid from appropriations made annually in the regular Legislative Branch Appropriations Act........ $8,976,000

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Compensation of Members and related administrative expenses:

A permanent appropriation effective beginning with fiscal year 1983 and continuing each year thereafter, for the compensation of Members of Congress and for administrative expenses related thereto as authorized by law and at such level recommended by the President for Federal employees. This permanent appropriation was established by section 130(c) of Public Law 97-51, approved October 1, 1981 (95 Stat. 966) making continuing appropriations for fiscal year 1982. Prior to fiscal year 1983, the salaries of Members of Congress were paid from appropriations made annually in the regular Legislative Branch Appropriations Act........ 37,633,000

Congressional use of foreign currency:

The International Security Assistance Act of 1978, Public Law 95-384 (92 Stat. 742), effective September 26, 1978, provided that local currencies owned by the United States be made available to Members and employees of Congress while traveling in a foreign country. Whenever local currencies are not available, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to purchase such local currencies as may be necessary. In addition, this act authorized the permanent and indefinite appropriation, "Congressional use of foreign currency." Prior to this act, authority was contained in section 502(b) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954 *(2 U.S.C. 1954(b))*........ 1,500,000

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

Payments to copyright owners:

Receipts from cable television stations and juke-box licenses are disbursed to the copyright owners through this appropriation after deduction of administrative expenses of the Copyright Royalty Tribunal. Disbursements are made in accordance with the schedule established in Public Law 94-553........ 95,000,000

Oliver Wendell Holmes Devise Fund:

This fund created by the act entitled "An act to establish a Permanent Committee for the Oliver Wendell Holmes Devise," approved August 5, 1955, is to be used for the preparation of a history of the Supreme Court, finance lectures, and prepare a memorial volume containing the writings of Oliver Wendell Holmes *(69 Stat. 533)*........ 8,000

Total, Legislative........ *$143,117,000*

EXECUTIVE

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION

Price support and related programs: Reimbursement for net realized losses:

To reimburse the Commodity Credit Corporation for net realized losses sustained, but not previously reimbursed, pursuant to the Act of August 17, 1961 *(15 U.S.C. 713a-11, 713a-12)* .... [1] *($9,396,240,000)*

National Wool Act:

The National Wool Act of 1954 (title VII of Public Law 690, approved August 28, 1954) as amended by the Agricultural Act of 1970 and the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 declares wool to be an essential and strategic commodity, and as a measure of national security encourages the annual domestic production of approximately 300 million pounds of shorn wool. In order to encourage the required annual production of wool and mohair, the Secretary is authorized to make sufficient incentive payments which, when added to the national average price received by producers, will give them a national average return for the commodity equal to the support (incentive) price level thereof. Payments may not at any time exceed 70 percent of the accumulated totals of the gross receipts from specific duties collected on and after January 1, 1953, on wool and wool manufacturers under schedule 11 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (Public Law 690 approved August 28, 1954, *as amended*) 99,065,000

RURAL ELECTRIFICATION ADMINISTRATION

Rural Communications Development Fund:

The Rural Communications Development Fund was established pursuant to Secretary's Memorandum No. 1988 approved May 22, 1979. This memorandum transferred certain financing authorities under the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.) from the Farmers Home Administration to the Rural Electrification Administration for the purpose of financing and administering community antenna television services or facilities in rural areas. Funding is required for losses from operation of the program (7 U.S.C. 1929a(d)) 631,000

Rural Telephone Bank:

Provides a supplemental source of financing for the REA telephone loan program. The bank charges an interest rate based on the average cost of money to the bank, but not less than 5 percent per annum *(7 U.S.C. 901-950(b))* 141,348,000

FARMERS HOME ADMINISTRATION

Rural Development Insurance Fund:

Established on October 1, 1972, pursuant to section 116 of the Rural Development Act of 1972 (Public Law 92-419), approved August 30, 1972, which also provided for transfer of the assets and liabilities of the Agricultural credit insurance fund applicable to loans for water systems and waste disposal facilities to this fund. The fund is used to insure or guarantee loans for water systems and waste disposal facilities, community facilities, and industrial development in rural areas *(7 U.S.C. 1929a(d))* 3,239,000

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

Perishable Agricultural Commodities Act Fund:

License fees are deposited in this special fund and are used to meet costs of administering the Perishable Agricultural Commodities, and the Produce Agency Acts (7 U.S.C. 491-497, 499a-499s). The current annual license fee is set at $180 plus $72 for each additional business facility operated by the applicant in excess of nine facilities, up to a maximum of $1,200 3,356,000

Funds for strengthening markets, income, and supply:

Under section 32 of the act of August 24, 1935, as amended (7 U.S.C. 612c), 30 percent of customs receipts collected during each calendar year are automatically appropriated for expanding outlets for nonbasic commodities. An amount equal to 30 percent of receipts collected on fishery products is transferred to the Department of Commerce to encourage the distribution of such products. Most of the funds are transferred to the Food and Nutrition Service and are dedicated to commodity distribution activities under section 6 of the national school lunch and other authorities specified in the child nutrition appropriations 380,430,000

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[1] Excluded from totals for this table. Included in H.R. 3037, Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986, as "current, indefinite" appropriations.

FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE

Child nutrition programs: Authorized by the National School Lunch Act, as amended, and the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, as amended. Primary objective of programs is to make the best possible nutrition available to every child and the elderly, regardless of economics of the child's family or the local district, *(42 U.S.C. 1751–1761, and 1766; 1773–1785, and 1787)*	$3,250,647,000

FOREST SERVICE

Operation and maintenance of quarters: Quarterly rental deductions are collected from employees occupying Forest Service facilities. Amounts are deposited into a special fund and are available for the maintenance and operation of employee occupied quarters	5,700,000
Timber salvage sales: Appropriations of funds to begin salvage of insect infested, dead, damaged, or down timber, and to remove associated trees for stand improvement in accordance with Public Law 95–26 *(16 U.S.C. 472a(h))*	17,853,000
Tongass Timber Supply Fund: To maintain the timber supply from the Tongass National Forest at a specified level. Public Law 96–487 *(16 U.S.C. 539d)*	50,804,000
Brush disposal: Amounts received from purchasers of national forest timber to cover the estimated cost to the United States of disposing of the brush and other debris resulting from cutting operations are covered into the Treasury as a special fund, for expenses of this work. Amounts paid in excess of the cost are refunded to the purchaser or transferred to miscellaneous receipts *(16 U.S.C. 490)*	46,144,000
Payments to States from the National Forest Fund: The act of June 9, 1930, appropriates 25 percent of the net revenue during any fiscal year from each national forest, to be paid at the end of such year, to the State in which the forest is situated, for the benefit of the public schools and public roads of such county or counties *(16 U.S.C. 500)*	350,529,000
Licensee programs: Fees for the use of the character "Smokey Bear" and "Woodsey Owl" by private enterprises are collected under regulations promulgated by the Secretary, and are available for furthering the nationwide forest-fire prevention and environmental quality programs *(18 U.S.C. 711; 31 U.S.C. 488b–3–6)*	100,000
Restoration of forest lands and improvements: Funds received from settlement of claims involving damage to lands or improvements and from forfeiture of deposits and bonds by permittees and timber purchasers are used for the restoration made necessary by the action which led to the settlement or forfeiture *(16 U.S.C. 579c)*	100,000
Timber purchaser roads constructed by Forest Service: Expenditure of timber receipts for Government constructed permanent roads for purchasers of timber who qualify as small businesses and elect to have the Forest Service construct the roads designated under the timber sale contract where costs exceed $20,000 *(section 14(i)(2), Public Law 94–588)*	22,900,000
Payment to Minnesota (Cook, Lake, and St. Louis Counties) from the National Forest Fund: Under the act of June 22, 1948, the Secretary of the Treasury, upon certification of the Secretary of Agriculture, pays to the State of Minnesota at the close of each fiscal year an amount equivalent to three-fourths of 1 percent of the apraised value of certain Superior National Forest lands in the counties of Cook, Lake, and St. Louis for distribution to these counties *(16 U.S.C. 577g)*	716,000
Payments to counties, national grasslands: This account consists of amounts appropriated, from revenues received during each calendar year from the use of submarginal lands held by the Secretary of Agriculture under title III of the act of July 22, 1937, for such lands are situated, on the condition that they are used for school or road purposes, or both, and for refund of excess amounts received for the use of such lands Moneys so appropriated remain available for these purposes until expended *(7 U.S.C. 1012)*	13,617,000
Payments to Coos and Douglas Counties, Oregon, from receipts, Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands: Out of receipts from the Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands in Oregon, payments in lieu of taxes are made to Coos and Douglas Counties for schools, roads, highways, bridges, and port districts *(53 Stat. 753–754)*	580,000
Payments to counties, Oregon and California grant lands: Fifty percent of the receipts of Oregon and California land-grant funds are paid to the counties in which the lands are situated, to be used as other county funds *(39 Stat. 218; 50 Stat. 876)*	57,805,000
Total, Department of Agriculture *$4,445,564,000*	

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

Operations, research, and facilities:

For necessary expenses of activities authorized by law for the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, including acquisition, maintenance, operation, and hire of aircraft; 399 commissioned officers on the active list; construction of facilities, including initial equipment; alteration, modernization, and relocation of facilities; and acquisition of land for facilities $40,000,000

Total, Department of Commerce *$40,000,000*

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY

FAMILY HOUSING

Homeowners Assistance Fund:

For use in the Homeowners Assistance Fund established pursuant to section 1013(d) of the Demonstration Cities and Metropolitan Development Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-754, *as amended*) 150,000

Total, Department of Defense—Military *$150,000*

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL FUNCTIONS

CORPS OF ENGINEERS—CIVIL

Payments to States:

Seventy-five percent of moneys received on account of leases of lands acquired in connection with flood-control projects is appropriated at the end of each fiscal year for payment to the State in which the property is situated, to be expended as the State legislature may prescribe for the benefit of the public schools and public roads of the county or counties in which the property is situated *(33 U.S.C. 701c-3)* 5,500,000

Hydraulic mining in California, Debris Fund:

Fees paid by mine operators in the Sacramento and San Joaquin Basins for depositing mine debris in restraining works are used for their maintenance *(33 U.S.C. 683)* 48,000

Maintenance and operation of dams and other improvements of navigable waters:

Indefinite appropriation of 50 percent of receipts from certain licenses under the Federal Power Act to be received and appropriated as a special fund in the Treasury for expenditure under the direction of the Secretary of the Army in the maintenance and operation of dams and other navigation structures owned by the United States or for other improvements of navigable waters *(31 U.S.C. 725c)* 2,452,000

MILITARY RETIREMENT

Payment to Military Retirement Fund:

The 1986 payment to the Military Retirement Fund includes funds for the amortization of the unfunded liability for all retirement benefits earned by military personnel for service prior to 1985. The amortization schedule for the unfunded liability will be determined by a Board of Actuaries 10,000,000,000

FOREST AND WILDLIFE CONSERVATION, MILITARY RESERVATIONS

Forest Products Program reserve account:

These appropriations provide for emergencies or unplanned expenses in managing and improving forests on DOD lands 610,000

Wildlife conservation, Army:

Proceeds from the sale of fish and game permits on Army installations are used to carry out a program of planning, development, maintenance, and coordination of wildlife, fish and game conservation, and rehabilitation on military reservations.... 1,225,000

Wildlife conservation, Navy:

Proceeds from the sale of fish and game permits on naval installations are used to carry out a program of fish and wildlife conservation, management, and rehabilitation in cooperation with appropriate State agencies and the Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior *(74 Stat. 1052)* 140,000

Wildlife conservation, Air Force:

Proceeds from the sale of game permits are used to carry out a program of fish and game conservation and rehabilitation in connection with the Fish and Wildlife Service *(63 Stat. 759)* 310,000

Total, Department of Defense—Civil functions *$10,010,285,000*

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

OFFICE OF VOCATIONAL AND ADULT EDUCATION

Vocational and adult education: This program provides funds for expansion and improvement of vocational education programs and for providing for greater access to underserved populations		$7,148,000
Total, Department of Education	*$7,148,000*	

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

ENERGY PROGRAMS

Fossil energy research and development: For necessary expenses in carrying out fossil energy research and development activities, under the authority of the Department of Energy Organization Act (Public Law 95-91), including the acquisition of interest, including defeasible and equitable interests in real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition or expansion		15,000,000
Payments to States under Federal Power Act: The States are paid 37.5 percent of the receipts from licenses for occupancy and use of national forests and public lands within their boundaries issued by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission *(16 U.S.C. 810)*		570,000

POWER MARKETING ADMINISTRATION

Bonneville Power Administration Fund: The Bonneville Power Administration constructs, operates, and maintains transmission and related facilities and markets electric power produced at 30 Federal hydroelectric generating plants and obtained by purchase and exchange from two thermal plants		263,200,000
Construction, rehabilitation, operation and maintenance, Western Area Power Administration: For carrying out the functions authorized by title III, section 302(a)(1)(E) of the Act of August 4, 1977 (Public Law 95-91), and other related activities including conservation and renewable resources programs as authorized		890,000
Total, Department of Energy	*$279,660,000*	

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

FEDERAL PROPERTY RESOURCES ACTIVITIES

Expenses, disposal of surplus real and related personal property: Fees and costs of advertising and surveying are paid out of the receipts from the disposal of surplus real and related property, subject to a limitation of 12 percent of the proceeds of all dispositions with each fiscal year *(40 U.S.C. 485(b))*		3,668,000
Total, General Services Administration	*$3,668,000*	

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION

Grants to States for Medicaid: Medicaid assists States in providing medical care to their low-income population by granting Federal matching payments under title XIX of the Social Security Act to States with approved plans. The 1986 appropriation request incorporates proposals to limit Medicaid excessive growth, and enhance States program flexibility		5,980,000,000
Payments to health care trust funds: Payments are made (1) to the Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund; (2) to the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund as reimbursement for benefits based on noncontributory military service credits of veterans of World War II and certain veterans of the post-World War II period; (3) for individuals aged 65 and over who meet certain transitional insured status requirements; and (4) for civil service employees and annuitants who had worked before 1983 and who were employed during January 1983		427,000,000

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

Payments to Social Security trust funds: This Federal fund appropriation finances certain benefits and related administrative costs not financed by Social Security taxes		1,765,000,000

Special benefits for disabled coal miners:

Title IV of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act authorizes monthly benefits to coal miners disabled from pneumoconiosis, and to surviving widows and dependents. After 1973, jurisdiction for new claims shifted to the Department of Labor $270,000,000

Supplemental security income program:

Title XVI of the Social Security Act established the Federal Supplemental Security Income (SSI) program for the aged, blind, and disabled. In 1985, the supplemental security income program provided a minimum income of $325 per month for an eligible individual and $488 per month for an eligible couple 2,345,769,000

Assistance payments program:

This appropriation makes grants to States for the Federal share of State expenditures for aid to families with dependent children (AFDC) and related activities 2,095,000,000

Child support enforcement:

The Child Support Enforcement program assists States in assuring that absent parents meet their responsibility in providing support for their children. This goal is accomplished through locating absent parents, proving paternity, establishing child support obligations, and enforcing their collection 160,000,000

Payments to States from receipts for child support:

This fund makes payments to States for their share of amounts collected on their behalf by the Internal Revenue Service under the provisions of the Child Support Enforcement Program, title IV-D of the Social Security Act 450,000

Total, Department of Health and Human Services $13,043,219,000

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

HOUSING PROGRAMS

Manufactured home inspection and monitoring:

A program to establish and enforce appropriate construction standards for the construction, design, and performance of manufactured homes to assure their quality, durability, and safety 5,952,000

Interstate land sales:

The Interstate Land Sales Full Disclosure Act provides protection to the public with respect to purchases or leases of subdivision lots. Statements of record must be filed with the Secretary before subdivisions with 100 or more lots may be sold in interstate commerce, except when the subdivision is eligible for exemption 1,345,000

Federal Housing Administration Fund:

The Federal Housing Administration Fund, created by the National Housing Act of 1934, is a noncorporate business-type agency, which was brought under the Government Corporation Control Act by the Housing Act of 1948. FHA program objectives are achieved through the insurance of loans for financing the production, purchase, repair, and improvement of residential properties and these programs are under four separate insurance funds established by statute. Income from fees, premiums, and investments are credited to the funds and operating expenses including expenses and losses connected with foreclosed property and defaulted notes and mortgages are charged to the funds *(12 U.S.C. 1701)* 43,559,000

PUBLIC AND INDIAN HOUSING PROGRAMS

Low-rent public housing—loans and other expenses:

The Low-Rent Public Housing Loan Fund provides direct Federal loans to support Public Housing Agency (PHA) and Indian Housing Authority (IHA) construction, acquisition, and modernization activities. These loans are made from available resources of this fund 1,846,600,000

Total, Department of Housing and Urban Development $1,897,456,000

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Special acquisition of lands and minerals:

For the purchase of non-Federal coal deposits and other mineral interests and rights pursuant to Public Law 97–476 1,300,000

Payments to Oklahoma:

The State of Oklahoma is paid 37½ percent of the Red River oil and gas royalties in lieu of State and local taxes on Kiowa, Comanche, and Apache tribal lands to be used for construction and maintenance of public roads and support of public schools *(65 Stat. 252)* 6,000

Payments to States from sales of lands:	
Payments to the several States of 5 percent of the net proceeds of sales of public lands and materials lying within their limits, for the purpose of education or of making public roads and improvements *(31 U.S.C. 711)*	$330,000
Payments to States from grazing receipts, et cetera, public lands outside grazing districts:	
Payments are made to the States of 50 percent of the money received as grazing fees from outside grazing district *(43 U.S.C. 315i, 315m)*	1,045,000
Payments to States from grazing receipts, et cetera, public lands within grazing districts:	
Payments are made to the States of 12½ percent of moneys received as grazing fees from within grazing districts *(43 U.S.C. 315b; 315i)*	1,669,000
Payments to States from grazing receipts, et cetera, public lands within grazing districts, miscellaneous:	
The States are paid specifically determined amounts from grazing fee receipts from miscellaneous lands within grazing districts when payment is not feasible on a percentage basis *(43 U.S.C. 315)*	8,000
Payments to Alaska, National Petroleum Reserve:	
Alaska is paid 50 percent of the receipts from sales, bonuses, royalties, and rentals resulting from the leasing of oil and gas in the National Petroleum Reserve in Alaska for use in planning, construction, maintenance, and operation of essential public facilities and other necessary provisions of public service *(94 Stat. 2964)*	7,600,000
Payments to counties, national grasslands:	
Of the revenues received from the use of submarginal lands, 25 percent is paid to the counties in which such land is situated for school and road purposes. These lands were formerly administered by the Department of Agriculture but were transferred to the Bureau of Land Management for administration in connection with the Grazing Program *(7 U.S.C. 1012)*	500,000
Expenses, road maintenance deposits:	
Public Law 94–579 approved October 21, 1976, permanently appropriated certain moneys to the Secretary of the Interior. Users of roads under jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management may make deposits for maintenance purposes, and moneys collected are available for necessary road maintenance. Moneys collected on Oregon and California grant lands are available for those lands only *(43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.)*	500,000
Payments to Nevada from receipts on land sales:	
Public Law 96–586 authorizes and directs the Secretary to sell not more than 700 acres of public lands per calendar year in and around Las Vegas, NV; proceeds of which are to be used to acquire environmentally sensitive lands in the Lake Tahoe Basin of California and Nevada. Annual revenues are distributed to the State of Nevada (5 percent) and the county in which the land is located (10 percent)	750,000

MINERALS MANAGEMENT SERVICE

Payments to States from receipts under Mineral Leasing Act:	
Alaska is paid 90 percent and other States 50 percent of the receipts from bonuses, royalties, and rentals resulting from development of mineral resources under the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 191), and from leases of potash deposits (30 U.S.C. 285), on both public domain and acquired lands	479,083,000

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

Colorado River Dam Fund, Boulder Canyon project:	
Revenue from Boulder Canyon project operations is placed in this fund. Due to a recent change in law (Public Law 98-381), the fund is available without further appropriation for payment of expenses of operation and maintenance of the project, for payment of interest on amounts advanced from the Treasury, and for annual payments of not more than $300 thousand each to Arizona and Nevada and for repayment of advances from the Treasury for construction or other purposes *(43 U.S.C. 617a)*	31,767,000
Operation, maintenance, and replacement of project works, North Platte project (Gering and Fort Laramie, Goshen, and Pathfinder irrigation districts):	
This fund is derived from the revenues arising from leasing or project grazing and farm lands, sale or rental of surplus water, and other miscellaneous revenues which otherwise would accrue to the Gering and Fort Laramie, Goshen, and Pathfinder irrigation districts under subsections I to J of section 4 of the act of December 5, 1924 *(43 Stat. 703)*, and such revenues may be expended, as set forth in contracts with the above districts, for the replacement of the project works operated and maintained by the United States and to supplement funds advanced by the water users to meet annual costs of operation and maintenance of such works *(66 Stat. 755, sec. 4)*	30,000
Payments to farmers' irrigation district (North Platte project, Nebraska-Wyoming):	
Payments are made to the farmer's irrigation district on behalf of the Northport irrigation district for water carriage *(62 Stat. 273, as amended)*	8,000

Payments to local units, Klamath Reclamation Area: Certain revenues collected from the leasing of Klamath project reserved Federal lands within the boundaries of certain national wildlife refuges will be used for various purposes *(78 Stat. 850)*	$222,000
Refunds and returns: Overcollections are refunded and amounts of deposits not applied to the purposes for which the deposits were accepted are returned *(64 Stat. 689)*	90,000

U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Resource management: For expenses necessary for scientific and economic studies, conservation, management, investigations, protection, and utilization of sport fishery and wildlife resources, except whales, seals, and sea lions, and for the performance of other authorized functions related to such resources	250,000
Migratory bird conservation account: Proceeds from the sale of Federal conservation and hunting stamps are set aside for carrying out the migratory birds conservation account *(16 U.S.C. 715k–3, 5)*	16,400,000
National Wildlife Refuge Fund: The Refuge Revenue Sharing Act authorizes the expenditure of revenues from the sale of products from the National Wildlife Refuge System. Part of the net proceeds from sales of refuge products, either 25 percent or 0.75 percent of the value of lands acquired in fee in each case of each refuge, is paid to counties in which refuges are located for benefit of public schools and roads. The remainder of the revenue is available for management of the refuge system and for enforcement of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act *(16 U.S.C. 715s)*	7,040,000
Operation and maintenance of quarters: Revenues from rental of government quarters are deposited in this account for use in the operation and maintenance of such quarters for the National Park Service, Fish and Wildlife Service, and the Bureau of Indian Affairs *(Public Law 98–473, section 320)*	21,084,000
Federal aid in wildlife restoration: States are reimbursed up to 75 percent of the cost of approved wildlife restoration projects, included acquisition and development of land and water areas, and for wildlife management research *(16 U.S.C. 669–669i)* and approved hunter safety programs *(Public Law 91-503)*	111,600,000
Proceeds from sales, water resources development projects: Receipts derived from water resources development projects conducted on national wildlife refuge lands *(16 U.S.C. 460d)*	200,000

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Land acquisition: Provides funds to acquire certain lands, or interests in land, for inclusion in the National Park System in order to preserve nationally important natural and historic resources *(16 U.S.C. 460l–10a)*	30,000,000
Educational expenses, children of employees, Yellowstone National Park: Revenues received from visitors to the park are used to provide educational facilities to pupils who are dependents of persons engaged in the operation of Yellowstone National Park *(16 U.S.C. 40a)*	545,000
Payment for tax losses on land acquired for Grand Teton National Park: Park fees are used to compensate the State of Wyoming for tax losses on lands acquired for Grand Teton National Park *(16 U.S.C. 406d-3)*	35,000
Operation, management, maintenance, and demolition of federally acquired properties, Independence National Historic Park: Moneys collected from rental operations of the Irwin Building were used for the operation, management, and maintenance of this building and its subsequent demolition, as authorized in the act approved October 26, 1951 *(65 Stat. 664)*	5,000
Delaware Water Gap, Route 209 operations: Fees collected for use of Route 209 within the Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area by commercial vehicles are used for management, operation, and maintenance of the route within the park *(97 Stat. 329)*	450,000

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

Construction: For construction, major repair and improvement of irrigation and power systems, buildings, utilities, and other facilities, including architectural and engineering services by contract; acquisition of lands and interests in lands; preparation of lands for farming; and repair and improvement of Indian housing. These funds were appropriated in 1985 for fiscal year 1986 and are being transferred from "National Capital Region Arts and Cultural Affairs", National Park Service	4,900,000

Claims and treaty obligations:

For fulfilling treaties with the Senecas and Six Nations of New York, Pawnees of Oklahoma, and payments to the Indians of the Sioux reservations *(4 Stat. 442; 7 Stat. 46, 98, 210, 234; 11 Stat. 614, 729; 72 Stat. 644)* $2,000,000

Operation and maintenance, Indian irrigation systems:

All revenues derived from charges for operation and maintenance of Indian irrigation projects are available for expenditure for operation and maintenance of the projects in accordance with the act of August 7, 1946, Public Law 647 *(60 Stat. 895)* 16,000,000

Power systems, Indian irrigation projects:

Sums not in excess of the amount of power revenues covered into the Treasury to the credit of each of the power projects shall be available for the purposes authorized by section 3 of the act of August 7, 1946 (Public Law 647) as amended *(60 Stat. 895; 65 Stat. 254)* 28,000,000

TERRITORIAL AND INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

Payments to the United States territories fiscal assistance:

Excise taxes collected by the Internal Revenue Service are made available to the territories of Guam and the Virgin Islands under sections 1(c) and 4(c)(2) of Public Law 95–348, 92 Stat. 487 66,000,000

Total, Department of the Interior *$829,417,000*

Department of Justice

OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS

Crime Victims Fund:

This fund will be credited with criminal fines that are collected from persons convicted of offenses against the United States. Annual grants will be made to eligible crime victims compensation and assistance programs *(Public Law 98–473)* 100,000,000

Total, Department of Justice *$100,000,000*

Office of Personnel Management

Payment to Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund:

Section 103 of the Civil Service Retirement Amendments of 1969, approved October 20, 1969, established the basis for requiring Federal contributions to the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund 11,300,792,000

Total, Office of Personnel Management *$11,300,792,000*

Railroad Retirement Board

Federal payments to the railroad retirement accounts:

This account funds temporary direct Federal subsidies to the Railroad Pension Fund, and other payments to the Railroad Social Security Equivalent Fund 3,047,000,000

Total, Railroad Retirement Board *$3,047,000,000*

Department of State

ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

Payment to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund:

The Foreign Service Retirement Amendments of 1976 *(title V, Public Law 94–350)* authorized additional Federal contributions to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund 223,000,000

OTHER

Compact of free association:

This assistance will [illegible] in the successful development of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia as sovereign states 120,520,000

International Center, Washington, DC:

Property owned by the United States in the northwest section of the District of Columbia bounded by Connecticut Avenue, Van Ness Street, Reno Road, and Tilden Street will be sold or leased to foreign governments for use as embassies. Proceeds will finance the costs of site preparation *(82 Stat. 958)* 945,000

Total, Department of State *$354,465,000*

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

COAST GUARD

Pollution Fund:

This fund was established under section 11(k) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended by Public Law 92-500 to insure immediate cleanup of oil or other hazardous polluting substances spilled into the navigable water of the United States, adjoining shorelines or waters of the contiguous zone $7,000,000

MARITIME ADMINISTRATION

Operating-differential subsidies (liquidation of contract authority):

The Merchant Marine Act of 1936, as amended, provides that operating subsidies shall be paid to qualified operators of U.S. flag vessels to promote the maintenance of a U.S. merchant marine capability. Subsidies equivalent to the differential between American and foreign operating costs, are paid to operators of U.S. flag vessels performing essential shipping services enabling them to compete on a competitive cost basis with foreign operators 299,500,000

Total, Department of Transportation *$306,500,000*

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Presidential Election Campaign Fund:

Public Law 93-443 imposes overall limitations on campaign expenditures and contributions and provides for the designation of a principal campaign committee by each candidate for Federal office. The act further provides for public financing of Presidential nominating conventions and Presidential primary elections 37,000,000

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SERVICE

Claims, judgments, and relief acts:

Appropriations are made to pay claims and interest for damages not chargeable to appropriations of individual agencies and for the payment of public and private relief acts. Appropriations are made individually for judgments over $100,000, but 31 United States Code 724a authorizes a permanent indefinite appropriation to pay judgments under $100,000 from the general funds of the Treasury 301,170,000

Interest on uninvested funds:

This fund was established to record interest payable from the general fund of the Treasury pursuant to various permanent appropriations in connection with certain trust funds. Under the terms and conditions provided by law creating the trust in each case, interest accruing and payable from the general fund of the Treasury will be appropriated and recorded in this account for transfer to the proper trust fund receipt account *(31 U.S.C. 725s; 2 U.S.C. 158; 20 U.S.C. 54-55, 74a and 101; 24 U.S.C. 46; various treaties; and 69 Stat. 533)* 19,686,000

The following schedule details the interest obligations under this account:

Bequest of Gertrude M. Hubbard, Library of Congress	*$1,000*
Library of Congress trust fund	*900,000*
National Gallery of Art trust fund	*500,000*
Education of the blind	*10,000*
Soldiers' Home permanent fund	*17,000,000*
Indian tribal funds	*500,000*
Immigration bonds deposit fund	*770,000*
Oliver Wendell Holmes devise fund	*5,000*
Total, obligations	*19,686,000*

FEDERAL FINANCING BANK ACTIVITIES

Federal Financing Bank:

Created to assure the coordination of Federal and federally assisted borrowing from the public and to assure that such borrowings are financed in a manner least disruptive of private financial markets and institutions. The Bank is the vehicle through which most Federal agencies finance their programs involving the sale or placement of credit market instruments, including agency securities, guaranteed obligations, participation agreements, and loan assets 5,148,545,000

The following schedule reflects the budget authority of the FFB account by program:

Foreign military sales credit (loan guarantee originations)	*$1,311,234,000*
Rural Electrification Administration (loan asset sales)	*253,071,000*

FEDERAL FINANCING BANK ACTIVITIES—Continued

Federal Financing Bank—Continued

The following schedule reflects the budget authority of the FFB account by program—Continued

Rural Electrification Administration (loan guarantee originations)	*$2,432,000,000*
Agricultural credit insurance fund (loan asset sales)	*166,000,000*
Rural housing insurance fund (loan asset sales)	*26,000,000*
Rural development insurance fund (loan asset sales)	*360,282,000*
DOD, Defense production guarantees (loan guarantee originations)	*5,000,000*
Geothermal resources development fund (loan guarantee originations)	*14,258,000*
Community development grants (loan guarantee originations)	*700,000*
Low-rent public housing—loans and other expenses (loan guarantee originations)	*116,000,000*
Railroad rehabilitation and improvement financing fund (loan guarantee originations)	*1,600,000*
Section 503 loan guarantees (loan guarantee originations)	*375,000,000*
Tennessee Valley Authority fund, Seven States Corp., (loan guarantee originations)	*87,400,000*
Total	*5,148,545,000*

U.S. CUSTOMS SERVICE

Miscellaneous permanent appropriations:

Customs duties, taxes, and fees collected in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands are deposited to this account. After expenses have been provided for, available balances are transferred to the treasurer of Puerto Rico, and the treasury of the municipalities of the Virgin Islands, respectively *(48 U.S.C. 740, 795, 1396, 1406(h))* $105,000,000

BUREAU OF THE MINT

Coinage Profit Fund:

A portion of the gains resulting from manufacturing coins is available to cover wastage and recoinage losses incurred in coinage, and the cost of distributing coins. Public Law 97-220 authorizes the use of this fund for all activities concerning the Olympic Coin Act *(31 U.S.C. 5111, 5112, and 5120)* 3,852,000

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

Payment where credit exceeds liability for tax:

Indefinite appropriation for payment to tax filers in instances wherein the earned income credit exceeds the amount of tax liability owed. The Revenue Adjustment Act of 1975 (Public Law 94-164) originally authorized this credit which was made permanent by the Revenue Act of 1978 (Public Law 95-600) 1,255,000,000

Refunding internal revenue collections (interest):

The act of June 19, 1948, appropriated such sums as may be necessary for payment of interest on internal revenue collections *(26 U.S.C. 6611)* 1,258,000,000

Internal revenue collections for Puerto Rico:

Taxes collected under the internal revenue laws of the United States on articles produced in Puerto Rico and transported to the United States or consumed on the island shall be covered into the treasury of Puerto Rico *(26 U.S.C. 7652)* 245,000,000

U.S. SECRET SERVICE

Contribution for annuity benefits:

Reimbursement to the District of Columbia on a monthly basis for benefit payments made from revenues of the District of Columbia to members of the Executive Protection Service and such members of the U.S. Secret Service as are entitled thereto *(72 Stat. 883)* 11,000,000

INTEREST ON THE PUBLIC DEBT

Interest on the public debt:

Indefinite appropriation for payment of interest on public debt *(31 U.S.C. 1305 and 3123)* 169,661,390,000

Interest on the public debt paid to trust funds: Interest earned by the on-budget trust funds is deducted so that the functional total for net interest includes only the Government's net transactions with the public, not payments between Government accounts		$29,735,772,000
Total, Department of the Treasury	*$207,781,415,000*	

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

Corporation for Public Broadcasting

Public Broadcasting Fund: The Corporation for Public Broadcasting assists in the development and improvement of public telecommunications services and noncommercial television and radio broadcasting through direct support of national interconnection services, payments to radio and television stations for general operational support, and grants to radio and television stations and other entities throughout the country for the production and acquisition of programs for national, regional, and local use. In addition, the Corporation for Public Broadcasting undertakes research and analysis activities, conducts training, and provides technical assistance to improve systemwide capacity and performance, as authorized by the Public Telecommunications Financing Act of 1978		159,500,000

Federal Emergency Management Agency

National Insurance Development Fund: The National Insurance Development Fund provides the funding source for two programs authorized by the Urban Property Protection and Reinsurance Act of 1968, as amended: (1) the FAIR (fair access to insurance requirements) plan/Riot Reinsurance Program; and (2) the Federal Crime Insurance Program		18,255,000
National Flood Insurance Fund: The National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, authorizes the Federal Government to provide flood insurance on a national basis. Structures in identified flood-prone areas are eligible for limited amounts of coverage at subsidized insurance rates		78,243,000

National Credit Union Administration

Central liquidity facility: Provides loans to member credit unions for seasonal and emergency needs *(Public Law 95–630)*		20,000,000

Postal Service

Postal Service Fund: Section 2005 of title 39, United States Code, authorizes the Postal Service to borrow by issuing obligations which may not exceed $10 billion outstanding at any one time. The Postal Service anticipates using $1.6 billion in borrowing authority in fiscal year 1986 because expenses are expected to exceed revenues		1,574,798,000

Tennessee Valley Authority

Tennessee Valley Authority Fund: The Tennessee Valley Authority is the sole supplier of electric power to an area of 80,000 square miles in seven Tennessee Valley States, as provided in the Tennessee Valley Authority Act of 1933, as amended *(16 U.S.C., ch. 12A)*		403,354,000

U.S. Synthetic Fuels Corporation

U.S. Synthetic Fuels Corporation: The Synthetic Fuels Corporation (SFC) is intended to assist private industry to finance the development of synthetic fuels from coal, oil shale, and other energy resources. Private sector firms will plan, construct, operate, and/or own the synthetic fuel plants, but will receive financial assistance from the Corporation in the form of purchase agreements, price guarantees, guaranteed loans, and direct loans *(94 Stat. 611)*		320,976,000
Total, Independent agencies	*$2,575,126,000*	
Grand total, Federal funds	*256,164,982,000*	

II. RECAPITULATION OF PERMANENT APPROPRIATIONS—FEDERAL FUNDS

[Note.—Basically, the amounts shown are taken from the fiscal year 1986 budget and are subject to revision as better data becomes available.]

Department or establishment	Amounts—fiscal years	
	1985	1986
Legislative:		
Senate	$8,856,000	$8,976,000
House of Representatives	38,210,000	39,133,000
Library of Congress	95,012,000	95,008,000
Total	142,078,000	143,117,000
Executive:		
Department of Agriculture:		
Agriculture Research Service	2,800,000	
Commodity Credit Corporation	131,959,000	[1] 99,065,000
Rural Electrification Administration	114,396,000	141,979,000
Farmers Home Administration	1,202,044,000	3,239,000
Agricultural Marketing Service	490,619,000	383,786,000
Food and Nutrition Service	2,329,819,000	3,250,647,000
Forest Service	386,095,000	566,848,000
Total	4,657,732,000	4,445,564,000
Department of Commerce: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration	34,951,000	40,000,000
Department of Defense—Military: Family housing	200,000	150,000
Department of Defense—Civil:		
Corps of Engineers, Civil	8,000,000	8,000,000
Military retirement	9,500,000,000	10,000,000,000
Forest and wildlife conservation, military reservations	3,043,000	2,285,000
Total	9,511,043,000	10,010,285,000
Department of Education: Office of Vocational and Adult Education	7,148,000	7,148,000
Department of Energy:		
Energy programs	15,570,000	15,570,000
Power Marketing Administration	371,730,000	264,090,000
Total	387,300,000	279,660,000
General Services Administration: Federal property resources activities	6,000,000	3,668,000
Department of Health and Human Services:		
Health Care Financing Administration	6,011,000,000	6,407,000,000
Social Security Administration	5,440,450,000	6,636,219,000
Departmental management	9,000,000	
Total	11,460,450,000	13,043,219,000
Department of Housing and Urban Development:		
Housing programs	47,323,000	50,856,000
Public and Indian housing programs	14,648,653,000	1,846,600,000
Total	14,695,976,000	1,897,456,000

[1] Excludes $9,396,240,000, which was considered in H.R. 3037, Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986, as "current, indefinite" appropriations.

II. RECAPITULATION OF PERMANENT APPROPRIATIONS—FEDERAL FUNDS—Continued

[Note.—Basically, the amounts shown are taken from the fiscal year 1986 budget and are subject to revision as better data becomes available.]

Department or establishment	Amounts—fiscal years	
	1985	1986
Executive—Continued:		
Department of the Interior:		
Bureau of Land Management	$86,794,000	$13,708,000
Minerals Management Service	510,455,000	479,083,000
Bureau of Reclamation	2,450,000	32,117,000
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	147,824,000	156,574,000
National Park Service	31,020,000	31,035,000
Bureau of Indian Affairs	46,000,000	50,900,000
Territorial and International Affairs	63,000,000	66,000,000
Total	887,543,000	829,417,000
Department of Justice: Office of Justice Programs		100,000,000
Office of Personnel Management	11,182,414,000	11,300,792,000
Railroad Retirement Board	2,881,000,000	3,047,000,000
Department of State:		
Administration of Foreign Affairs	230,000,000	233,000,000
Other	4,420,000	121,465,000
Total	234,420,000	354,465,000
Department of Transportation:		
Coast Guard	7,000,000	7,000,000
Maritime Administration	329,200,000	299,500,000
Total	336,200,000	306,500,000
Department of the Treasury:		
Office of the Secretary	37,000,000	37,000,000
Financial Management Service	410,891,000	320,856,000
Federal Financing Bank activities	18,637,882,000	5,148,545,000
U.S. Customs Service	102,000,000	105,000,000
Bureau of the Mint	105,956,000	3,852,000
Internal Revenue Service	2,554,000,000	2,758,000,000
Secret Service	11,000,000	11,000,000
Interest on the public debt	180,298,000,000	199,397,162,000
Total	202,156,729,000	207,781,415,000
Independent agencies:		
Corporation for Public Broadcasting	150,500,000	159,500,000
Federal Emergency Management Agency	70,553,000	96,498,000
National Credit Union Administration	46,120,000	20,000,000
Postal Service	1,402,824,000	1,574,798,000
Tennessee Valley Authority	435,110,000	403,354,000
U.S. Synthetic Fuels Corporation	159,447,000	320,976,000
Total	2,264,554,000	2,575,126,000
Grand total	260,845,738,000	256,164,982,000

III. PERMANENT APPROPRIATIONS—TRUST FUNDS

(For permanent Federal funds, see table II)

COMPILER'S NOTE.—The text and amounts of these permanent appropriations are taken from the budget for the fiscal year 1986. These are funds that do not require annual action by the Congress, but rather become available automatically under earlier laws. The amounts shown are estimated and are thus subject to revision as better data becomes available during the fiscal year.

LEGISLATIVE

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

Gift Fund:	
This fund represents gifts or bequests of money made to the Library of Congress for the immediate disbursement by the Librarian in the interest of the Library, its collections, or its service for the purpose in each case specified *(2 U.S.C. 160; 31 U.S.C. 725s)*	$1,334,000
Income from investment account:	
This fund represents income from investments held by the Treasury for the benefit of the Library of Congress and is subject to disbursement by the Librarian for the purposes in each case specified *(2 U.S.C. 157; 31 U.S.C. 725s)*	663,000
Payment of interest on bequest of Gertrude M. Hubbard:	
Trust fund of $20,000, the interest on which, at 4 percent per annum, is to be used for the purchase of engravings and etchings to be added to the "Gardiner Greene Hubbard Collection" *(Act of Aug. 20, 1912, 37 Stat. 319, sec. 21)*	2,000
Payment of interest on permanent loan:	
This appropriation represents a sum equivalent to interest at the rate of 4 percent per annum, payable semiannually, on a permanent loan to the United States, not exceeding $5,000,000, in accordance with provisions of gifts or bequests—such interest, as income, being subject to disbursement by the Librarian of Congress for the purpose specified *(2 U.S.C. 156–158; Act of Mar. 3, 1925, 43 Stat. 1107)*	154,000
Service fees:	
Operation of a photoduplication laboratory and a sound recording laboratory are financed from fees received for services rendered to other Government agencies and the public *(2 U.S.C. 160; 31 U.S.C. 725s)*	5,475,000

OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT

Contributions and donations:	
This fund provides for the use of contributions and donations for furtherance of the general purposes of the Technology Assessment Act of 1972, Public Law 92–484 *(2 U.S.C. 475(a)(5))*	3,000
Total, Legislative *$7,631,000*	

THE JUDICIARY

Judicial Survivors' Annuity Fund:	
This fund is used to pay annuities to eligible widows and dependent children of deceased judges of the United States, to make refunds to former judges who have elected to come under the judicial survivors annuity system but who have left the service, and to pay claims of survivors of member judges for any unpaid amounts credited to the individual accounts of such judges *(28 U.S.C. 376)*	15,681,000
Total, the Judiciary *$15,681,000*	

EXECUTIVE

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

Disaster relief, bequests and gifts:	
This fund represents contributions from the estate of Cora Brown to support the disaster relief fund	$89,000
Technical assistance, U.S. dollars advanced from foreign governments:	
Funds advanced by foreign countries are used to pay for procurement in the United States of nonmilitary materials or services for programs in those countries in accordance with bilateral agreements *(22 U.S.C. 2315)*	15,000,000
Miscellaneous contributed funds:	
Funds received by gift, devise, bequest, or from foreign governments for furtherance of the Peace Corps Program *(22 U.S.C. 2509(a)(3))*	600,000
Advances, foreign military sales:	
The trust fund, which is strictly a cash account, is to enable foreign governments to take advantage of savings which result from procurements through U.S. Government channels. Authorized by sections 21 and 22 of the Arms Export Control Act, the fund is used to facilitate cash sales of defense articles and services *(82 Stat. 1323)*	13,378,000,000
Total, Funds Appropriated to the President *$13,393,689,000*	

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH SERVICE

Miscellaneous contributed funds:	
Funds received from States, local organizations, individuals, and others available for work under cooperative agreements on miscellaneous farm utilization, and marketing research activities plant and animal quarantine inspection, and cooperative plant and animal disease and pest control activities *(7 U.S.C. 450b, 2220)*	2,000,000

STATISTICAL REPORTING SERVICE

Miscellaneous contributed funds:	
Miscellaneous funds received from local organizations, commodity groups, and others are available for dissemination of reports and for crop and livestock survey work under cooperative agreements *(7 U.S.C. 450b, 450h)*	275,000

ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE

Miscellaneous contributed funds:	
Miscellaneous funds received from States, local organizations, and others are available for support of economic research and analysis *(7 U.S.C. 450b, 450h)*	24,000

OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT

Miscellaneous contributed funds:	
Miscellaneous funds received from the Government of Saudi Arabia are available for expenses in support of USDA's technical assistance project *(22 U.S.C. 2392)*	7,083,000

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

Miscellaneous contributed funds:	
Miscellaneous funds received from States, local organizations, individuals, and others are available for work under cooperative agreements *(7 U.S.C. 450b)*	560,000

ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE

Expenses, feed, and attendants for animals in quarantine:	
Fees advanced by importers *(21 U.S.C. 102)*	1,140,000
Miscellaneous contributed funds:	
Funds received from States, local organizations, individuals, and others available for plant and animal quarantine inspections, and cooperative plant and animal disease and pest control activities *(7 U.S.C. 450b, 2220)*	1,738,000

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

Expenses and refunds, inspection and grading of farm products:	
An inspection and grading service of products is provided on request. Thus services are supported primarily by fees paid by users. The schedules reflect expenses paid from fees received *(7 U.S.C. 91-99, 1621-1627)*	76,367,000

FOOD SAFETY AND INSPECTION SERVICE

Expenses and refunds, inspection and grading of farm products:

An inspection and grading service for products is provided on request. These services are supported primarily by fees paid by users. A limited amount of direct appropriation is available which covers a portion of the public benefit service. The schedules reflect expenses paid from fees received *(7 U.S.C. 1621-1627)*....... $752,000

FOREST SERVICE

Miscellaneous contributed funds:

Advances, including deposits from purchasers of timber, are received and used for specified work in forest investigations, protection, and improvements of the national forests; and protection, reforestation, and administration of private lands adjacent to national forests *(7 U.S.C. 2269; 16 U.S.C. 498, 535, 572, 572a, 576b, 1643; and 31 U.S.C. 725s)*........ 158,382,000

Total, Department of Agriculture........ *$248,321,000*

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Gifts and bequests:

This fund established to account for gifts and bequests in furtherance of programs and activities of the Department of Commerce. Property and the proceeds thereof are used as nearly as possible in accordance with the terms of the gift or bequest *(15 U.S.C. 1522)*........ 209,000

ECONOMIC AND STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

Information products and services:

This fund is maintained to finance the preparation of transcripts from technical and scientific reports, studies, tables, and other research materials........ 33,330,000

Total, Department of Commerce........ *$33,539,000*

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

General gift fund:

Included in this fund are gifts and bequests limited to specific purposes by the donor, such as, the Evangeline G. Bovard award, Cormack Medical Fund, Quartermaster Foundation Inc., and Henry C. McClean bequest. In addition, it accounts for gifts and bequests not limited to specific use by the donor which may be used for purposes determined by the Secretary of the Army *(10 U.S.C. 2601)*........ 270,000

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

General gift fund:

This fund consists mostly of donations from individuals, subject to conditions specified by the donor, for the benefit of the Naval Academy, the Naval Academy Museum, and other institutions of the Navy *(10 U.S.C. 6973; 10 U.S.C. 6974; 10 U.S.C. 2601)*........ 325,000

Office of Naval Records and History Fund:

Gifts or bequests of money and royalties received from sale of histories of U.S. naval operations shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States under the title "Office of Naval Records and History Funds," and any funds so deposited shall be subject to disbursement by the Secretary of the Navy for the benefit or use of the Office of Naval Records and Library subject to the terms and conditions of the acceptance of any particular gift or bequest. Interest on investments accrues to the fund *(10 U.S.C. 7222)*........ 45,000

Ship's stores profits:

Profits on certain sales, to be expended for the recreation and amusement of the enlisted force of the Navy *(31 U.S.C. 725s (68); 10 U.S.C. 7604)*........ 26,300,000

United States Naval Academy general gift fund:

Gifts or bequests of money or the proceeds from sales of other property received as gifts shall be deposited in the Treasury under the title "United States Naval Academy general gift fund" and any funds so deposited shall be subject to disbursement by the Secretary of the Navy for the benefit or use of the United States Naval Academy subject to the terms and conditions of the acceptance of any particular gift or bequest. Interest on investments accrues to the fund *(10 U.S.C. 2601, 6973)*........ 308,000

United States Naval Academy Museum Fund:

Gifts and bequests of money or the proceeds from sales of other property received as gifts shall be deposited in the Treasury under the title "United States Naval Academy Museum Fund" and the funds so deposited shall be subject to disbursement by the Secretary of the Navy for the benefit of the United States Naval Academy Museum, its collection, or its services. Interest on investments accrues to the fund *(10 U.S.C. 6974)* $192,000

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

General gift fund:

This fund is for gifts or bequests to the Air Force, some of which are limited to use for specific purposes by the donors *(10 U.S.C. 2601)* 60,000

Total, Department of Defense—Military *$27,500,000*

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL

CORPS OF ENGINEERS—CIVIL

Funds contributed for river and harbor improvements:

Indefinite appropriations of the amounts received and covered into the Treasury as contributions and advances by local interests in certain localities for river and harbor improvements as provided in various acts of Congress *(33 U.S.C. 560, 561, 701h, 702f, 703)* 84,000,000

MILITARY RETIREMENT

Military Retirement Fund:

The defense authorization bill, Public Law 98-94, provides for accrual funding of the military retirement system, and for the establishment of a Department of Defense Military Retirement Fund 29,976,700,000

EDUCATION BENEFITS

Education Benefits Fund:

Public Law 98-525 provides for the accrual funding of certain new education benefits to be provided to active duty military personnel and to Selected Reserve personnel *(38 U.S.C. 30 and 10 U.S.C. 106)* 225,060,000

SOLDIERS' AND AIRMEN'S HOME

Payment of claims:

Refunds are made from the permanent fund of amounts of court-martial fines and other charges erroneously deducted from the pay of soldiers and airmen after adjudication of claims therefor by the General Accounting Office *(31 U.S.C. 71, 711(12); 24 U.S.C. 44)* 5,000

Total, Department of Defense—Civil *$30,285,765,000*

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

SPECIAL INSTITUTIONS

Promotion of education for the blind:

A $250,000 trust fund was established in 1879 for the American Printing House for the Blind. The statute provides that the fund will produce annually $10,000 in interest income 10,000

Total, Department of Education *$10,000*

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Advances for cooperative work:

When requested, the Western Area Power Administration performs investigations or construction work with the funding provided by non-Federal entities under the Contributed Funds Act *(43 U.S.C. 395, 396)* 120,948,000

Total, Department of Energy *$120,948,000*

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR HEALTH

Miscellaneous trust funds:

Gifts to the Public Health Service, some of which are limited to specific uses by the donors, are used in accordance with the conditions prescribed *(42 U.S.C. 219, 24 U.S.C. 165, 24 U.S.C. 2001–2004)* 8,124,000

HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION

Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund:

Public Law 89-97 provides social insurance under the Social Security system for inpatient and outpatient hospital care, posthospital extended care, and outpatient hospital extended care, and home health services to over 20 million aged Americans financed by a joint employee-employer tax $62,266,000,000

Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund:

The Social Security Act provides for a voluntary supplemental medical benefits program. Benefit payments are made to those electing coverage to cover the cost of physicians' services, home health services, and other related medical services. Costs of benefit payments and administrative expenses are financed by premium payments together with matching contributions from the general revenues of the Treasury *(revised 4/68)* 25,953,000,000

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund:

Under the provisions of section 201, title II, of the Social Security Act Amendments of 1939, approved August 10, 1939, there was created on the books of the Treasury of the United States a trust fund to be known as the "Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund," consisting of the securities held by the Secretary of the Treasury for the "old-age reserve account" and the amount standing to the credit of the "old-age reserve account" on the books of the Treasury of January 1, 1940, which securities and amount the Secretary of the Treasury was authorized and directed to transfer to the trust fund, and, in addition, such amounts as may be appropriated to the trust fund as provided in the act. The act appropriates funds for each fiscal year thereafter, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, amounts equivalent to 100 per centum of the taxes (including interest, penalties, and additions to the taxes) received under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act and covered into the Treasury, with the further provision that the trust fund shall repay to the general fund of the Treasury the amount required by the Social Security Board and the Treasury Department to administer title II and title VIII of the act and the Federal Insurance Contributions Act *(42 U.S.C. 401)* 188,211,008,000

Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund:

The Social Security Act provides disability insurance benefits for certain disabled individuals. An amount equal to 0.55 percent of wages paid and 0.825 percent of self-employment income is appropriated to this fund for benefit payments and administrative expenses. The excess of income over outgo and annual interest are invested in Government securities.

Under the provisions of the act, the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare will determine at the end of each year, that portion of the administrative expenses of the Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance which is a proper charge against this fund *(70 Stat. 821)* 20,431,000,000

Total, Department of Health and Human Services........ $296,869,132,000

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

Gifts and bequests:

This fund is the repository of gifts and bequests which the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development is authorized to accept and use for the purpose of aiding the work of the Department 5,000

Total, Department of Housing and Urban Development........ $5,000

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Land and Resource Management Trust Fund:

Applicants for conveyance of lands omitted in original surveys pay the cost of surveys and the administrative costs of conveyance. Advances are made by individuals to pay the costs of other types of surveys requested by them. Users of the Federal range and others contribute funds or make gifts for conservation practices, acquisition, protection, and other purposes *(43 U.S.C. 315h, 315i, 775; 74 Stat. 506; 31 U.S.C. 711; 43 U.S.C. 759, 761, and 887; 48 Stat. 1224–1236; 90 Stat. 2758; secs. 211 and 307(c) of Public Law 94–579)* 599,000

Trustee funds, Alaska townsites:

Amounts received from sale of Alaska town lots are available for expenses incident to the maintenance and sale of townsites *(31 U.S.C. 725s; Comp. Gen. Decision of Nov. 18, 1935)* 1,000

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

Reclamation trust funds:

Funds advanced by State and local governments are used for investigations and construction requested by those governments and by foreign governments for technical services other than those services performed under auspices of Foreign Operations Administration *(43 U.S.C. 395, 396)* $18,711,000

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Contributed funds:

Funds contributed by States, counties, municipalities, and private sources are used to provide basic scientific data and analyses concerning water, land, energy, and mineral resources 500,000

BUREAU OF MINES

Contributed funds:

Funds contributed by States, counties, municipalities and private sources are used to conduct research and investigations to promote (a) the conservation and development of mineral resources and (b) health and safety in the mineral industries 500,000

U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Contributed funds:

For miscellaneous contributed funds, received by the Fish and Wildlife Service from States, local organizations, individuals, et cetera, deposited in the Treasury of the United States and made available for work under cooperative agreements *(5 U.S.C. 563, 564; 16 U.S.C. 661)* 4,165,000

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Donations:

Hereafter the Secretary of the Interior in the administration of the National Park Service is authorized in his discretion to accept patented lands, rights-of-way over patented lands or other lands, buildings, or other property within the various national parks and national monuments, and moneys which may be donated for the purpose of the National Park and Monument System *(16 U.S.C. 6)* 18,140,000

Preservation, birthplace of Abraham Lincoln:

Interest from an endowment fund, title to which was transferred to the United States by the Lincoln Farm Association on April 11, 1916, in connection with deed of gift conveying the homestead of Abraham Lincoln and the log cabin in which he was born. This fund has been converted into the city of Louisville, KY, bonds amounting to $44,000 and United States Treasury bonds amounting to $16,500, the income from which is available for expenses incident to the preservation of the birthplace of Lincoln *(16 U.S.C. 211–212)* 8,000

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

Cooperative Fund (Papago):

The Cooperative Fund, established by section 313 of the Southern Arizona Water Rights Settlement Act (96 Stat. 1274–1285), provides a source of funds for the Secretary of the Interior to carry out the obligations of the Secretary under sections 303, 304, and 305 of the act. Only interest accruing to the fund may be expended. However, the law provides that no such interest can be spent prior to the earlier of 1992 or the completion of the main project works of the central Arizona project 1,280,000

Tribal trust funds:

Funds held in trust for Indian tribes under the provisions of various acts are used for the expenses of tribal governments, administration of Indian tribal affairs, employment of tribal attorneys, establishment and operation of tribal enterprises, investments, and the welfare of Indians. The tribes are encouraged to develop plans for the beneficial use of their funds *(44 Stat. 560; 25 U.S.C., Sec. 155; 82 Stat. 171)* 416,136,000

Total, Department of the Interior *$460,040,000*

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATION

Gifts and bequests, National Commission for Employment Policy:

Miscellaneous funds from gifts and bequests are used to carry out the provisions of the National Commission for Employment Policy *(29 U.S.C. 954)* 10,000

Unemployment Trust Fund:

The financial transactions of the Federal-State and railroad unemployment insurance systems are made through the Unemployment Trust Fund. In the Federal-State system, benefit payments are made by each State, financed by State payroll taxes. These tax receipts are deposited in the Unemployment Trust Fund and invested in Government securities until needed for benefit payments. The expenses of State and Federal administration (including those of the Federal-State employment service), are paid from the fund out of revenue from the Federal unemployment tax, assessed on employers, of 0.5 percent of the first $4,200 of wages.

Both the benefit payments and administrative expenses or the separate Unemployment Insurance Program for railroad employees are paid from the Unemployment Trust Fund and receipts from the tax on wages of railroad employees are deposited in the fund to meet expenses *(42 U.S.C. 1104)*.......... $27,000,000,000

EMPLOYMENT STANDARDS ADMINISTRATION

Special workmen's compensation expenses; Longshoremen's and Harbor Worker's Compensation Act:

Trust fund created by section 44 of the act of March 4, 1927 *(33 U.S.C. 944)*, from the amount received as compensation for death of an employee where no person is entitled to compensation for such death and from fines and penalties collected; to be used for the payment of additional compensation under the provisions of subdivisions (f) and (g) of section 8 of the act of March 4, 1927 *(33 U.S.C. 908; 31 U.S.C. 725; 33 U.S.C. 944)*.......... 68,000,000

Total, Department of Labor.......... *$27,068,010,000*

OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund:

The act of May 22, 1920 *(41 Stat. 614)* as amended, authorized the establishment of the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund and the deposit therein of deductions from the salaries of, and deposits for additional annuity by, employees and other members of the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund and appropriated said fund for the payment of annuities, refunds, and allowances to such members. Said fund is supplemented by contributions from the various Government agencies as required by the act of July 31, 1956 *(5 U.S.C., ch. 14, Stat. 622, act of July 31, 1956)*.......... 40,813,389,000

Total, Office of Personnel Management.......... *$40,813,389,000*

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

Rail Industry Pension Fund:

Fund revenues are derived from pension contributions by railroad employers and employees; interest on investments; various temporary subsidies; and payments from the Federal old-age, survivors and disability insurance trust funds.......... 3,945,000,000

Railroad Social Security equivalent benefit account:

All railroad retirees receive the equivalent of a Social Security benefit, and they may also receive rail industry pension payments and special windfall payments. Social Security benefits for former railroad employees are funded by the Social Security trust funds, and rail industry pension payments are the responsibility of the rail sector. To ensure and protect the integrity of Social Security benefits to railroad retirees, the Railroad Retirement Solvency Act of 1983 mandated that beginning in 1985, the financing and payment of Federal Social Security benefits be separated from the Rail Industry Pension Trust Fund.......... 5,896,000,000

Total, Railroad Retirement Board.......... *$9,841,000,000*

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund:

This fund is used primarily for the payment of annuities to retired Foreign Service officers. It is also used for the refund of contributions made to certain officers who leave the Foreign Service before retirement. The fund is maintained through (1) contribution of 7 percent of the basic annual salaries of all Foreign Service officers; (2) interest on investments; and (3) appropriated funds *(22 U.S.C. 1062)*.......... 697,091,000

Unconditional Gift Fund:

Unconditional gifts may be used to carry out the Department's functions *(22 U.S.C. 809)*.......... 258,000

Conditional Gift Fund:

This fund consists of procurement of furnishing, paintings, and decorative objects for the Department's diplomatic reception rooms and funds donated by overseas commissary and mess services to assist such services at other posts *(22 U.S.C. 809)* $3,742,000

Total, Department of State *$701,091,000*

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

HIGHWAY TRUST FUND

The Highway Revenue Act of 1956, as amended, provides for the transfer from the general fund to the Highway Trust Fund of revenue from the gasoline tax and certain other taxes paid by highway users. The Secretary of the Treasury estimates the amounts to be so transferred. In turn, annual appropriations are authorized from this fund to meet expenditures for Federal-aid highways and other programs specified by law as follows:

Federal-aid highways:

Grants are made to States for construction and improvements of Federal-aid highways. Contract authorizations are provided in the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1956 and subsequent highway legislation to cover 90 percent of the costs of completing the 42,500-mile national system of interstate and defense highways, and to provide Federal matching funds for the primary, secondary, and urban programs under the statutory formulas. The Federal share of project costs is increased in those States with large areas of public domain. Payments to the States for work done are made out of the Highway Trust Fund, into which are deposited certain percentages of tax receipts on motor fuel, tires and tubes, tread rubber, trucks, buses, trailers, truck use, truck parts and accessories, and on lubricating oil used in highway vehicles 15,311,096,000

Highway-related safety grants:

The Highway Safety Act of 1970 authorized grants to States and communities for implementing and maintaining highway-related safety standards 10,000,000

MISCELLANEOUS TRUST FUNDS

Contributions for highway research programs:

In association with the General Services Administration and the Department of Defense, tests of highway equipment are conducted for the purpose of establishing performance standards upon which to base specifications for use by the Government in purchasing such equipment 12,000

Cooperative work, forest highways:

Contributions are received from States and counties in connection with cooperative engineering, survey, maintenance, and construction projects for forest highways *(23 U.S.C. 204)* 349,000

Technical assistance, U.S. dollars advanced from foreign governments:

Under the Foreign Economic Assistance Act and under agreement with the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and the Export-Import Bank of Washington, the Federal Highway Administration renders technical assistance and acts as agent for the purchase of equipment and materials for carrying out highway programs in foreign countries. During the current year these services are being rendered to Costa Rica, the Dominican Republic, Ethiopia, Iran, Nicaragua, and the Philippines *(64 Stat. 204, 209)* 8,000,000

Advances from State cooperating agencies:

Funds are contributed by the State highway department or local subdivisions thereof for construction and/or maintenance of roads or bridges. The work is performed under the supervision of the Federal Highway Administration 294,000

NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION

Highway traffic safety grants:

For payment of obligations incurred in carrying out the provisions of 23 United States Code 402, 406, and 408, and section 209 of Public Law 95–599 *(92 Stat. 2727, 2728; 95 Stat. 626, 627; 96 Stat. 1740; Public Law 97–424)* 132,000,000

FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

Grants-in-aid for airports (Airport and Airway Trust Fund):

Authorizes the Secretary of Transportation to incur obligations for airport planning, noise abatement planning and development grants through 1987 *(Public Law 97–248)* 1,017,000,000

COAST GUARD

Coast Guard General Gift Fund (trust account): This trust fund, maintained from gifts and bequests, is used for purposes as specified by the donor in connection with the Coast Guard Training Program *(10 U.S.C. 2601)*	$80,000

MARITIME ADMINISTRATION

Special studies, services, and projects: The trust fund was established pursuant to 15 U.S.C. 1525–1526 joint projects with non-Federal sources on inland waterways communications systems, and the joint development of a bilateral cargo information system	385,000
Gifts and bequests: The Secretary of Transportation is authorized to accept, hold, administer, and utilize gifts and bequests of property. Proceeds are used in accordance with the terms of the gift or bequest	15,000

Total, Department of Transportation *$16,479,231,000*

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Gifts and bequests: The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to accept, hold, administer, and utilize gifts and bequests of property, both real and personal, for the purpose of aiding or facilitating the work of the Department	2,000,000

OFFICE OF REVENUE SHARING

Local Government Fiscal Assistance Trust Fund: This trust fund was established by the State and Local Fiscal Assistance Act of 1972 and renewed under Public Law 94–488, the State and Local Fiscal Assistance Amendments of 1976, to provide general revenue sharing payments to localities for defined high-priority expenditures and payments to the States to supplement their revenue sources. Payments to the States and localities are made at least quarterly. It is anticipated that the fourth quarter payment for each year will continue to be paid within the first 5 days of the succeeding year, as provided by law	4,566,700,000

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SERVICE

Esther Cattell Schmitt Fund: Public Law 87–467 *(76 Stat. 88)* authorized the acceptance of the gift made to the United States by the will of Esther Cattell Schmitt. The income received from the gift to the United States is paid by the Secretary of the Treasury to beneficiaries named in provisions of the will	18,000
Pershing Hall Memorial Fund: The Secretary of the Treasury may invest the Pershing Hall Memorial Fund in interest bearing U.S. bonds. Earnings are paid to the American Legion for use in the maintenance of Pershing Hall in Paris, France *(36 U.S.C. 491)*	7,000

U.S. CUSTOMS SERVICE

Refunds, transfers and expenses, unclaimed, abandoned, and seized goods: All proceeds of the sale of abandoned and seized merchandise are deposited to this account. Expenses of sale are paid and net proceeds transferred to miscellaneous receipts *(19 U.S.C. 528, 1491, 1493, 1559, 1613, 1624)*	7,988,000

Total, Department of the Treasury *$4,576,713,000*

VETERANS ADMINISTRATION

Post-Vietnam era veteran's education account: This account is a depository for that portion of the contributory matching Educational Program which provides educational assistance payments to participants who entered the service after January 1, 1977, and are pursuing training under chapter 32 *(38 U.S.C.)*	171,000,000

General Post Fund, national homes:

This fund consists of gifts, and bequests and proceeds of property left in the care of the homes by former members; unpaid pension money standing to the credit of members of the homes who die without pensionable heirs, and proceeds from effects of members of the homes who die leaving no heirs or next of kin and without having disposed of their estate by will. Such funds are available upon authorization of the Administrator of Veterans Affairs for the construction of chapels, amusement halls, and for other objects to promote the comfort and welfare of the veterans at the various hospitals and homes in cases where no general appropriation is available *(38 U.S.C. Chs. 83 and 85)* $15,000,000

National Service Life Insurance Trust Fund:

This fund was established in 1940 as the financing mechanism for World War II Servicemen's and Veterans Insurance Program authorized by the National Service Life Insurance Act of 1940. Over 22 million policies have been issued under this program. Because issuance of new policies ended in 1951 the insurance in force will continue to decline.

This fund is operated on a commerical basis to the greatest possible extent consistent with law. Administrative expenses are charged to the appropriation general operating expenses.

The income of the fund is derived from premium receipts, interest on investments, and payments which are made to the fund from the veterans insurance and indemnities appropriation for claims (1) resulting from extra hazards of the veterans' service, and (2) arising on certain policies held by personnel on active duty *(72 Stat. 1154)* 1,297,200,000

U.S. Government Life Insurance Fund:

This fund was established in 1919 to receive premiums and pay claims on insurance issued under the provisions of the War Risk Insurance Act.

The fund is operated on a commercial basis to the greatest possible extent consistent with law. Administrative expenses are charged to the appropriation general operating expenses.

The income of the fund is derived from premium receipts, interest on investments, and payments which are made to the fund from the appropriation veterans insurance and indemnities for claims (a) resulting from the extra hazards of the veterans' service, and (b) arising on certain policies held by personnel on active military duty *(72 Stat. 1161)* 18,800,000

Total, Veterans Administration *$1,502,000,000*

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

ADVISORY COMMISSION ON INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Contributions:

State and local governments and nonprofit organizations contribute funds to strengthen the Commission's clearinghouse and information services to State and local governments, for special studies, and to encourage widespread consideration of the Commission's recommendations for improving intergovernmental relations 184,000

ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION

Donations:

The chairman of the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation accepts and uses donated moneys for purposes of the Council *(16 U.S.C. 470)* 5,000

AMERICAN BATTLE MONUMENTS COMMISSION

Contributed Flower Fund:

This fund consists of moneys deposited by citizens for floral decorations for graves in military cemeteries in foreign countries. The donor is advised when flowers have been placed *(36 U.S.C. 128)* 24,000

Repair of non-Federal war memorials:

When requested to do so and upon receipt of the necessary funds, the Commission will arrange for and oversee the repair of war memorials to U.S. Forces erected in foreign countries by American citizens, States, municipalities, or associations. Such moneys are accounted for through this fund *(36 U.S.C. 128)* ... 10,000

HARRY S. TRUMAN SCHOLARSHIP FOUNDATION

Harry S. Truman Memorial Scholarship Trust Fund:

The Foundation is authorized to award college scholarships of up to $5,000 annually for 4 years to qualified persons who demonstrate outstanding potential and who are preparing to pursue careers in public service at the local, State, or Federal levels 4,759,000

NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

National Archives Gift Fund:	
Proceeds from sale of copies of microfilm publications, reproductions, and other publications, and admission fees to Presidential Library museum rooms are deposited to this fund *(44 U.S.C. 2112)*	$335,000

NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES

Gifts and donations (arts):	
The National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965, as amended, authorizes the Arts Endowment to receive money and other donated property. Such gifts may be used. sold, or otherwise disposed of to support arts projects and activities	30,000
Gifts and donations (humanities):	
The National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965, as amended, authorizes the Humanities Endowment to receive money and other donated property. Such gifts may be used, sold, or otherwise disposed of to support humanities projects and activities	200,000

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF BUILDING SCIENCES

National Institute of Building Sciences Trust Fund:	
The purpose of the Institute is to support the development and maintenance of nationally recognized building performance criteria for maintenance of life, safety, health, and public welfare	500,000

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

Donations:	
Donations are used in furtherance of general purposes of the Foundation	5,000,000

PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Gifts and donations:	
The gifts to the Corporation will be used to pay various expenses of the public improvements activity and sponsor events in the parks and plazas within the PADC area	1,000

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

Canal Zone Biological Area Fund:	
The act of July 1, 1940, section 6, provides that all moneys received by donation, subscription, fees, or otherwise, except the moneys appropriated pursuant to section 7 of said act, shall be deposited into the Treasury as a trust fund to be appropriated and used to defray part of the expenses of maintaining and operating the Canal Zone Biological Area *(60 Stat. 1101; 20 U.S.C. 79, 79a)*	115,000

U.S. HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL COUNCIL

Gifts and donations:	
The United States Holocaust Memorial Council may solicit and accept donations to aid or facilitate the construction, maintenance, and operation of the the memorial, as per section 7 of Public Law 96–388	100,000

U.S. INFORMATION AGENCY

Miscellaneous trust funds:	
Funds advanced by other governments, business concerns, and private organizations are used to send experts abroad to perform requested services; to give foreign nationals scientific, technical, or other training; to purchase films and other products owned or controlled by the USIA; to replace damaged or destroyed USIA property; and for international exhibitions *(22 U.S.C. 1431–1479; 70 Stat. 778)*. Funds contributed by private individuals and concerns, foreign governments, and international organizations are used for the purposes of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 and for carrying out other functions of the Agency *(22 U.S.C. 809a, 2455, and 2697)*	614,000

U.S. TAX COURT

Tax Court Judges Survivors Annuity Fund:

This fund, established under 26 U.S.C. 7448, effective October 4, 1961, is used to pay annuities to eligible widows and dependent children of deceased judges of the Tax Court of the United States. Participating judges pay into the fund 3 percent of their salaries or retired pay to cover creditable service for which payment is required and additional funds needed are transferred to the fund by the Tax Court from appropriations		$261,000
Total, Independent agencies	*$12,138,000*	
Grand total, trust funds	*442,455,833,000*	

III. RECAPITULATION OF PERMANENT APPROPRIATIONS—TRUST FUNDS

[Note.—Basically, the amounts shown are taken from the fiscal year 1986 budget and are subject to revision as better data becomes available.]

Department or establishment	Amounts—fiscal years	
	1985	1986
Legislative:		
Library of Congress	$7,378,000	$7,628,000
Office of Technology Assessment	3,000	3,000
Total	7,381,000	7,631,000
The Judiciary	14,306,000	15,681,000
Executive:		
Funds appropriated to the President	12,849,650,000	13,393,689,000
Department of Agriculture:		
Agricultural Research Service	2,000,000	2,000,000
Statistical Reporting Service	275,000	275,000
Economic Research Service	54,000	24,000
Office of International Cooperation and Development	7,900,000	7,083,000
Soil Conservation Service	700,000	560,000
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service	2,878,000	2,878,000
Agricultural Marketing Service	76,216,000	76,367,000
Food Safety and Inspection Service	848,000	752,000
Forest Service	184,885,000	158,382,000
Total	275,756,000	248,321,000
Department of Commerce:		
General Administration	200,000	209,000
Economic and Statistical Analysis	31,330,000	33,330,000
Total	31,530,000	33,539,000
Department of Defense—Military	87,200,000	27,500,000
Department of Defense—Civil:		
Corps of Engineers—Civil	52,000,000	84,000,000
Military retirement	27,095,100,000	29,976,700,000
Education benefits	49,700,000	225,060,000
Soldiers' and Airmen's Home	5,000	5,000
Total	27,196,805,000	30,285,765,000
Department of Education: Special institutions	10,000	10,000
Department of Energy: Energy programs	133,171,000	120,948,000
Department of Health and Human Services:		
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Health	8,124,000	8,124,000
Health Care Financing Administration	77,070,000,000	88,219,000,000
Social Security Administration	198,417,722,000	208,642,008,000
Total	275,495,846,000	296,869,132,000
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Management and Administration	5,000	5,000
Department of the Interior:		
Bureau of Land Management	600,000	600,000
Bureau of Reclamation	6,880,000	18,711,000

III. RECAPITULATION OF PERMANENT APPROPRIATIONS—TRUST FUNDS—Continued

[Note.—Basically, the amounts shown are taken from the fiscal year 1986 budget and are subject to revision as better data becomes available.]

Department or establishment	Amounts—fiscal years	
	1985	1986
Executive—Continued:		
Department of the Interior—Continued:		
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	$3,838,000	$4,165,000
National Park Service	16,059,000	18,148,000
Geological Survey	500,000	500,000
Bureau of Mines	500,000	500,000
Bureau of Indian Affairs	422,236,000	417,416,000
Total	450,613,000	460,040,000
Department of Labor:		
Employment and Training Administration	28,300,010,000	27,000,010,000
Employment Standards Administration	58,000,000	68,000,000
Total	28,358,010,000	27,068,010,000
Office of Personnel Management	39,295,290,000	40,813,389,000
Railroad Retirement Board	9,501,600,000	9,841,000,000
Department of State: Administration of Foreign Affairs	662,879,000	701,091,000
Department of Transportation:		
Federal Highway Administration	14,857,243,000	15,329,751,000
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration	176,500,000	132,000,000
Urban Mass Transportation Administration	1,100,000,000	
Federal Aviation Administration	987,000,000	1,017,000,000
Coast Guard	80,000	80,000
Maritime Administration	400,000	400,000
Total	17,121,223,000	16,479,231,000
Department of the Treasury:		
Office of the Secretary		2,000,000
Office of Revenue Sharing	4,566,700,000	4,566,700,000
Financial Management Service	25,000	25,000
U.S. Customs Service	7,322,000	7,988,000
Total	4,574,047,000	4,576,713,000
Veterans Administration	1,501,800,000	1,502,000,000
Independent agencies:		
Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations	184,000	184,000
Advisory Council on Historic Preservation	5,000	5,000
American Battle Monuments Commission	34,000	34,000
Appalachian Regional Commission	3,700,000	
Harry S. Truman Scholarship Foundation	4,861,000	4,759,000
National Archives and Records Administration	184,000	335,000
National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities	741,000	230,000
National Institute of Building Sciences	500,000	500,000
National Science Foundation	5,000,000	5,000,000
Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation		1,000
Smithsonian Institution	115,000	115,000
U.S. Holocaust Memorial Council	100,000	100,000
U.S. Information Agency	1,723,000	614,000
U.S. Tax Court	251,000	261,000
Total, Independent Agencies	17,398,000	12,138,000
Grand total	417,574,520,000	442,455,833,000

IV. RECAPITULATION OF APPROPRIATIONS BY ACTS, IRRESPECTIVE OF FISCAL YEARS, 99th CONG., 1ST SESS.

[NOTE.—Concept of "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong., 2d sess., differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess. (see explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

Title of appropriation act		Amount
REGULAR ANNUAL APPROPRIATION ACTS		
Agriculture, rural development, and related agencies (pp. 95–124): [1]		
Agricultural programs	$15,677,504,000	
Rural development programs	5,035,109,000	
Domestic food programs	15,518,604,000	
International programs	1,398,964,000	
Related agencies	460,383,000	
Total		[1] $38,090,564,000
Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and related agencies (pp. 125–158):		
Department of Commerce *($28,000,000 current trust funds)*	2,124,834,000	
Department of Justice	3,958,845,000	
Department of State	2,484,086,000	
The Judiciary	1,065,825,000	
Related agencies *($775,000 current trust funds)*	2,286,028,000	
Total		11,919,618,000
Department of Defense (p. 159): [2]		
Military personnel	67,906,361,000	
Operation and maintenance	78,664,480,000	
Procurement	97,393,146,000	
Research, development, test, and evaluation	35,337,505,000	
Special foreign currency program	2,100,000	
Revolving and management funds	1,734,800,000	
Related agencies	123,483,000	
Total		[2] 281,161,875,000
District of Columbia (pp. 161–173): [3]		
Federal funds to the District of Columbia	566,780,000	
(Out of District revenues)	*(2,703,687,000)*	
Total		[3] 566,780,000
Energy and water development (pp. 175–190):		
Department of Defense—Civil	2,822,050,000	
Department of the Interior	777,915,000	
Department of Energy	11,008,838,000	
Independent agencies	645,115,000	
Total		15,253,918,000
Foreign assistance and related programs (pp. 191–192): [4]		
Multilateral Economic Assistance	1,471,769,715	
Bilateral Economic Assistance	6,417,060,730	
Military Assistance	6,026,489,500	
Export-Import Bank of the United States	1,110,000,000	
Total		[4] 15,025,319,945

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1646.

IV. RECAPITULATION OF APPROPRIATIONS BY ACTS, IRRESPECTIVE OF FISCAL YEARS, 99th CONG., 1ST SESS.—Continued

[NOTE.—Concept of "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong., 2d sess., differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess. (see explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

Title of appropriation act		Amount
REGULAR ANNUAL APPROPRIATION ACTS—Continued		
Department of Housing and Urban Development—Independent agencies (pp. 193-217):		
Department of Housing and Urban Development	$15,694,480,881	
Rescission of contract authority *(indefinite)*	−915,000,000	
Independent agencies:		
American Battle Monuments Commission	10,833,506	
Consumer Product Safety Commission	36,000,000	
Cemeterial Expenses, Army	14,615,442	
Environmental Protection Agency *($900,000,000 current trust funds)*	2,390,176,000	
Council on Environmental Quality and Office of Environmental Quality	700,000	
Office of Science and Technology Policy	2,317,227	
Federal Emergency Management Agency	543,656,000	
Consumer Information Center	1,235,261	
Office of Consumer Affairs	1,988,000	
National Aeronautics and Space Administration	7,656,000,000	
National Science Foundation	1,523,855,000	
Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation	17,669,000	
Selective Service System	27,474,420	
Payments to Local Government Fiscal Assistance Trust Fund	4,185,000,000	
Office of Revenue Sharing	7,714,200	
Veterans Administration	26,101,426,553	
Total *(net)*		$57,300,141,490
Department of the Interior and related agencies (pp. 219-220):[5]		
Department of the Interior *($4,100,000 current trust funds)*	4,100,430,000	
Related agencies:		
Forest Service *($89,000 current trust funds)*	1,486,970,000	
Department of the Treasury *(rescission)*	−6,900,000,000	
Department of Energy	974,444,000	
Department of Health and Human Services	864,859,000	
Department of Education	67,071,000	
Other related agencies	603,847,000	
Total *(net)*		[5]1,197,621,000
Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and related agencies (pp. 221-253):		
Department of Labor *($989,178,000 current trust funds)*	6,516,745,000	
Department of Health and Human Services	[6]80,156,551,000	
Department of Education	18,372,201,000	
Related agencies *($48,391,000 current trust funds)*	983,855,000	
Total		106,029,352,000
Legislative branch (pp. 255-271):		
Congressional Operations	1,074,444,800	
Other Agencies	524,519,000	
Total		1,598,963,800
Military construction (pp. 273-281)		8,497,859,000
Department of Transportation and related agencies (pp. 283-284):[7]		
Department of Transportation *($1,699,394,000 current trust funds)*	9,903,437,000	
Related agencies	552,302,569	
Total		[7]10,455,739,569

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1646.

IV. RECAPITULATION OF APPROPRIATIONS BY ACTS, IRRESPECTIVE OF FISCAL YEARS, 99th CONG., 1ST SESS.—Continued

[NOTE.—Concept of "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong., 2d sess., differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess. (see explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

Title of appropriation act		Amount
REGULAR ANNUAL APPROPRIATION ACTS—Continued		
Treasury, Postal Service, and general government (pp. 285–310): [8]		
Department of the Treasury	$5,489,853,000	
United States Postal Service	748,000,000	
Executive Office of the President	97,392,000	
Independent agencies	6,702,638,000	
Total		[8] $13,037,883,000
Total, regular annual appropriation acts *(net)*		[9] 560,135,634,804
SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATION ACTS		
Urgent Supplemental, Emergency famine relief and recovery in Africa, 1985 (P.L. 99-10) (pp. 1-4)	784,000,000	
Urgent Supplemental, Department of Agriculture, 1985 (P.L. 99-71) (p. 5)	1,000,000,000	
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88) (pp. 7-94)	13,760,808,536	
Rescissions	–740,956,000	
Total, supplemental appropriation acts *(net)*		14,803,852,536
CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS		
Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986 (P.L. 99-190):		
Agriculture, Rural Development and related agencies, 1986 (p. 321)	[10] *(38,090,564,000)*	
Department of Defense, 1986 (pp. 321-257)	[10] *(281,161,875,000)*	
District of Columbia, 1986 (p. 357)	[10] *(566,780,000)*	
Department of the Interior and related agencies *(net)*, 1986 (pp. 357-399)	[10] *(1,197,621,000)*	
Department of Transportation and related agencies, 1986 (pp. 399-421)	[10] *(10,455,739,569)*	
Treasury, Postal Service and General Government, 1986 (p. 421)	[10] *(13,037,883,000)*	
Foreign assistance and related programs, 1986 (pp. 421-444)	[10] *(15,025,319,945)*	
Department of Labor (p. 445)	26,000,000	
Department of Health and Human Services (p. 445)	585,224,000	
Department of Education (p. 445)	5,000,000	
Department of Agriculture (p. 445)	40,000,000	
Farm Credit Administration *(limitation on administration expenses)* (p. 445)	*(9,549,000)*	
Department of Commerce (p. 446)	25,440,747	
United States Information Agency (p. 446)	2,500,000	
Department of Commerce (p. 446)	3,000,000	
Commission on the Bicentennial of the United States Constitution (p. 447)	12,000,000	
Small Business Administration *(by transfer)* (p. 447)	*(10,000,000)*	
Environmental Protection Agency (pp. 448-449)	2,400,000,000	
Veterans Administration *(by transfer)* (p. 449)	*(8,000,000)*	
Biomedical Ethics Board (p. 451)	150,000	
Total, continuing appropriations		3,099,314,747
MISCELLANEOUS LAWS CARRYING APPROPRIATIONS		
Legislative acts (pp. 1778-1779)	[11] 2,076,000,000	
Federal funds	(2,258,000,000)	
Trust funds	(–182,000,000)	
Private appropriation acts (p. 1613)[12]	(12)	
Total appropriations in miscellaneous laws		2,076,000,000
Grand total, regular annual, supplemental, continuing and other acts *(net)*		580,114,802,087
Consisting of—		
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(588,670,758,087)	
Rescissions of unobligated balanaces	(–8,555,956,000)	

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1646.

IV. RECAPITULATION OF APPROPRIATIONS BY ACTS, IRRESPECTIVE OF FISCAL YEARS, 99th CONG., 1ST SESS.—Continued

[NOTE.—Concept of "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong., 2d sess., differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess. (see explanation par. 4 "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

Title of appropriation act		Amount
PERMANENT FEDERAL FUNDS AND TRUST FUNDS		
Federal funds:		
Interest on public debt (pp. 1624–1625)	$199,397,162,000	
Other (pp. 1615–1628)	56,767,820,000	
Total, Federal funds	256,164,982,000	
Trust funds:		
Social Security Administration (p. 1633)	208,642,008,000	
Other (pp. 1629–1642)	233,813,825,000	
Total, Trust funds	442,455,833,000	
Total, permanent Federal funds and Trust funds		$698,620,815,000
Grand total, all funds *(net)*		1,278,735,617,087
Fiscal year 1985 *(net)*	14,803,852,536	
Fiscal year 1986 *(net)*	1,252,224,010,551	
Fiscal year 1987	11,493,754,000	
Fiscal year 1988	214,000,000	
RECAPITULATION AND RECONCILIATION		
Federal funds		830,295,770,087
Trust funds		[13] 448,439,847,000
Adjustment for interfund and intragovernmental transactions (see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV)		−192,612,025,000
Net total new budget *(obligational)* authority for session		1,086,123,592,087

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[1] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided under Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190, Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986 (see p. 321, this volume).

[2] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided under Sec. 101(b) of Public Law 99-190, Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986 (see pp. 321–357, this volume).

[3] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided under Sec. 101(c) of Public Law 99-190, Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986 (see p. 357, this volume).

[4] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided under Sec. 101(i) of Public Law 99-190, Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986 (see pp. 421–444, this volume).

[5] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided under Sec. 101(d) of Public Law 99-190, Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986 (see pp. 357–399, this volume).

[6] Excludes $1,329,834,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1986 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1985 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services (see footnote 5 on p. 1756, this volume, for accounts involved).

[7] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided under Sec. 101(e) of Public Law 99-190, Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986 (see pp. 399–421, this volume).

[8] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided under Sec. 101(h) of Public Law 99-190, Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986 (see p. 421, this volume).

[9] Includes amounts provided through further continuing appropriations for seven regular annual appropriations bills. These bills are: (1) Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986, H.R. 3037 ($38,090,564,000); (2) Department of Defense Appropriation Bill, 1986, H.R. 3629 ($281,161,875,000); (3) District of Columbia Appropriation Bill, 1986, H.R. 3067 ($566,780,000); (4) Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Bill, 1986, H.R. 3228 ($15,025,319,945); (5) Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill, 1986, H.R. 3011 ($1,197,621,000); (6) Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986, H.R. 3244 ($10,455,739,569); and (7) Treasury, Postal Service, and General Government Appropriations Bill, 1986, H.R. 3036 ($13,037,883,000).

[10] For informational purposes only. Amount included in total for "regular annual appropriations acts (net)" earlier in table.

[11] Section 401 of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-344) requires that all borrowing and contracting authority (so called "backdoor authority") enacted after March 3, 1975, be subject to subsequent appropriation action with certain exceptions which are listed under Sec. 401(d) of the Act (see p. 1956 in the 1974-1975 volume for text of Sec. 401(d)). This amount represents budget authority which falls within those exceptions.

[12] There were no private relief acts approved during the 99th Congress, 1st Session.

[13] Consists of $6,166,014,000 in "current" trust funds; −$182,000,000 in trust funds from Legislative Acts; and $442,455,833,000 in "permanent" trust funds.

IVa. COMPARISON OF APPROPRIATIONS BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, FISCAL YEARS 1985 AND 1986

[NOTE.—Concept of "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong., 2d sess., differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess. (see explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

Agency and item	Fiscal year 1985—98th Cong., 2d sess. 99th Cong., 1st sess.	Fiscal year 1986—99th Cong., 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), 1986 compared with 1985
Department of Agriculture:			
Regular annual, supplemental and continuing acts:			
Agricultural programs	$14,971,150,000	$15,677,504,000	+$706,354,000
Rescission	−1,684,000		+1,684,000
Rural development programs	4,897,705,000	5,075,109,000	+177,404,000
Domestic food programs	15,899,501,000	15,518,604,000	−380,897,000
International programs	2,052,760,000	1,398,964,000	−653,796,000
Rescission	−100,000		+100,000
Forest Service	1,391,949,000	1,486,970,000	+95,021,000
Rescission	−7,790,000		+7,790,000
Total, regular annual, supplemental and continuing acts *(net)*	39,203,491,000	39,157,151,000	−46,340,000
Legislative acts: Federal funds [1]		[1] 2,026,000,000	+2,026,000,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	4,657,732,000	[2] 4,445,564,000	−212,168,000
(Authority to borrow)	*(1,316,440,000)*	*(145,218,000)*	*(−1,171,222,000)*
Trust funds	275,756,000	248,321,000	−27,435,000
Total, Department of Agriculture *(net)*	44,136,979,000	45,877,036,000	+1,740,057,000
Department of Commerce:			
Regular annual, supplemental and continuing acts	2,294,530,000	2,153,274,747	−141,255,253
Rescission	−4,259,000		+4,259,000
Total, regular annual, supplemental and continuing acts *(net)*	2,290,271,000	2,153,274,747	−136,996,253
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	34,951,000	40,000,000	+5,049,000
Trust funds	31,530,000	33,539,000	+2,009,000
Total, Department of Commerce *(net)*	2,356,752,000	2,226,813,747	−129,938,253
Department of Defense—Civil:			
Regular annual and supplemental acts	2,941,588,000	2,885,056,442	−56,531,558
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	9,511,043,000	10,010,285,000	+499,242,000
Trust funds	27,196,805,000	30,285,765,000	+3,088,960,000
Total, Department of Defense—Civil	39,649,436,000	43,181,106,442	+3,531,670,442
Department of Defense—Military:			
Regular annual and supplemental acts:			
Army	74,269,123,000	75,006,521,000	+737,398,000
Navy	95,731,339,000	98,039,434,000	+2,308,095,000
Air Force	99,646,595,000	98,455,959,000	−1,190,636,000
Department of Defense	14,021,642,000	18,034,337,000	+4,012,695,000
Total, regular annual and supplemental acts	283,668,699,000	289,536,251,000	+5,867,552,000
Legislative acts: Trust funds [1]	[1] 30,000,000		−30,000,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	200,000	150,000	−50,000
(Authority to borrow)	*(200,000)*	*(150,000)*	*(−50,000)*
Trust funds	87,200,000	27,500,000	−59,700,000
(Contract authority)	*(60,000,000)*		*(−60,000,000)*
Total, Department of Defense—Military	283,786,099,000	289,563,901,000	+5,777,802,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1653.

IVa. COMPARISON OF APPROPRIATIONS BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, FISCAL YEARS 1985 AND 1986—Continued

[NOTE.—Concept of "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong., 2d sess., differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess. (see explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

Agency and item	Fiscal year 1985—98th Cong., 2d sess. 99th Cong., 1st sess.	Fiscal year 1986—99th Cong., 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), 1986 compared with 1985
District of Columbia—Federal funds:			
Regular annual and supplemental acts	$547,523,000	$546,780,000	−$743,000
District of Columbia—Payable from District revenues:			
(Regular annual and supplemental acts)	*(2,458,692,000)*	*(2,703,687,000)*	*(+244,995,000)*
(Rescission)	*(−15,692,000)*		*(+15,692,000)*
Total, Disctrict of Columbia—Payable from District revenues *(net)*	*(2,443,000,000)*	*(2,703,687,000)*	*(+260,687,000)*
Department of Education:			
Regular annual, supplemental and continuing acts	19,071,466,000	18,444,272,000	−627,194,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	7,148,000	7,148,000	
Trust funds	10,000	10,000	
Total, Department of Education	19,078,624,000	18,451,430,000	−627,194,000
Department of Energy:			
Regular annual and supplemental acts	11,791,043,000	11,983,282,000	+192,239,000
Rescission	−8,433,000		+8,433,000
Total, regular annual and supplemental acts *(net)*	11,782,610,000	11,983,282,000	+200,672,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	387,300,000	279,660,000	−107,640,000
(Authority to borrow)	*(371,730,000)*	*(263,200,000)*	*(−108,530,000)*
Trust funds	133,171,000	120,948,000	−12,223,000
Total, Department of Energy *(net)*	12,303,081,000	12,383,890,000	+80,809,000
Environmental Protection Agency:			
Regular annual, supplemental and continuing acts	4,415,698,000	4,790,176,000	+374,478,000
Rescission	−4,125,000		+4,125,000
Total, Environmental Protection Agency *(net)*	4,411,573,000	4,790,176,000	+378,603,000
Foreign Assistance:			
Regular annual and supplemental acts	20,472,186,072	14,621,440,945	−5,850,745,127
Permanent appropriations:			
Trust funds	12,849,650,000	13,393,689,000	+544,039,000
(Contract authority)	*(12,834,000,000)*	*(13,378,000,000)*	*(+544,000,000)*
Total, Foreign Assistance	33,321,836,072	28,015,129,945	−5,306,706,127
General Government:			
Regular annual, supplemental and continuing acts	[3] 7,289,595,945	6,946,673,722	−342,922,223
Rescission	−33,719,000		+33,719,000
Total, regular annual, supplemental and continuing acts *(net)*	7,255,876,945	6,946,673,722	−309,203,223
Appropriated during 97th Cong., 2nd. sess. and 98th Cong. 2nd. sess. for fiscal year 1985	[4] *(150,500,000)*		*(−150,500,000)*
Appropriated during 98th Cong., 1st. sess. for fiscal year 1986		[4] *(130,000,000)*	*(+130,000,000)*
Appropriated during 98th Cong., 2nd. sess. for fiscal year 1986		[4] *(29,500,000)*	*(+29,500,000)*
Legislative acts: [1]			
Federal funds	[1] 1,000,000		−1,000,000
Trust funds	[1] 31,000,000		−31,000,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1653.

IVa. COMPARISON OF APPROPRIATIONS BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, FISCAL YEARS 1985 AND 1986—Continued

[NOTE.—Concept of "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong., 2d sess., differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess. (see explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

Agency and item	Fiscal year 1985—98th Cong., 2d sess. 99th Cong., 1st sess.	Fiscal year 1986—99th Cong., 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), 1986 compared with 1985
General Government—Continued:			
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	$861,730,000	$1,000,328,000	+$138,598,000
(Authority to borrow)	*(551,783,000)*	*(519,852,000)*	*(−31,931,000)*
(Contract authority)	*(159,447,000)*	*(320,976,000)*	*(+161,529,000)*
Trust funds	17,398,000	12,138,000	−5,260,000
Total, General Government *(net)*	8,167,004,945	7,959,139,722	−207,865,223
General Services Administration:			
Regular annual and supplemental acts	496,238,000	406,207,261	−90,030,739
Rescission	−37,524,000		+37,524,000
Total, regular annual and supplemental acts *(net)*	458,714,000	406,207,261	−52,506,739
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	6,000,000	3,668,000	−2,332,000
Total, General Services Administration *(net)*	464,714,000	409,875,261	−54,838,739
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Regular annual, supplemental and continuing acts:			
Food and Drug Administration	414,679,000	430,967,000	+16,288,000
Health Resources and Services Administration	2,399,545,000	2,387,793,000	−11,752,000
Rescission	−161,000		+161,000
Center for Disease Control	410,530,000	471,861,000	+61,331,000
National Institutes of Health	5,152,459,000	5,498,454,000	+345,995,000
Alcohol, Drug Abuse and Mental Health Administration	973,716,000	1,012,556,000	+38,840,000
Assistant Secretary for Health	180,392,000	185,345,000	+4,953,000
Health Care Financing Administration	35,141,638,000	36,861,533,000	+1,719,895,000
Social Security Administration	23,180,115,000	17,427,211,000	−5,752,904,000
Human Development Services Administration	6,141,746,000	6,083,459,000	−58,287,000
Departmental Management	216,087,000	206,656,000	−9,431,000
Total, regular annual, supplemental and continuing acts *(net)*	[5] 74,210,746,000	[6] 70,565,835,000	−3,644,911,000
Appropriated during 98th Cong., 1st. sess. for fiscal year 1985	[4] *(7,772,000,000)*		*(−7,772,000,000)*
Appropriated during 98th Cong., 2nd. sess. for fiscal year 1986		[4] *(10,850,769,000)*	*(+10,850,769,000)*
Legislative acts: Trust funds [1]	[1] 46,000,000	[1] −182,000,000	−228,000,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	11,460,450,000	13,043,219,000	+1,582,769,000
Trust funds	275,495,846,000	296,869,132,000	+21,373,286,000
Total, Department of Health and Human Services *(net)*	361,213,042,000	380,296,186,000	+19,083,144,000
Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
Regular annual and supplemental acts	17,330,907,775	15,694,480,881	−1,636,426,894
Rescission	−5,289,406,000	−915,000,000	+4,374,406,000
Total, regular annual and supplemental acts *(net)*	12,041,501,775	14,779,480,881	+2,737,979,106
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	14,695,976,000	1,897,456,000	−12,798,520,000
(Authority to borrow)	*(14,688,985,000)*	*(1,890,159,000)*	*(−12,798,826,000)*
Trust funds	5,000	5,000	
Total, Department of Housing and Urban Development *(net)*	26,737,482,775	16,676,941,881	−10,060,540,894

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1653.

IVa. COMPARISON OF APPROPRIATIONS BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, FISCAL YEARS 1985 AND 1986—Continued

[NOTE.—Concept of "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong., 2d sess., differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess. (see explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

Agency and item	Fiscal year 1985—98th Cong., 2d sess. 99th Cong., 1st sess.	Fiscal year 1986—99th Cong., 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), 1986 compared with 1985
Department of the Interior:			
Regular annual and supplemental acts:			
Bureau of Reclamation	$1,067,009,000	$777,915,000	−$289,094,000
Bureau of Land Management	695,652,000	574,149,000	−121,503,000
Rescission	−6,201,000		+6,201,000
United States Fish and Wildlife Service	425,765,000	381,530,000	−44,235,000
Rescission	−1,940,000		+1,940,000
National Park Service	959,094,000	876,160,000	−82,934,000
Rescission	−34,749,000		+34,749,000
Geological Survey	416,715,000	429,369,000	+12,654,000
Rescission	−1,269,000		+1,269,000
Minerals Management Service	164,282,000	167,010,000	+2,728,000
Rescission	−1,764,000		+1,764,000
Bureau of Mines	135,959,000	133,449,000	−2,510,000
Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement	377,288,000	291,283,000	−86,005,000
Bureau of Indian Affairs	1,086,211,000	1,006,403,000	−79,808,000
Rescission	−2,800,000		+2,800,000
Territorial and International Affairs	176,346,000	159,784,000	−16,562,000
Rescission	−107,000		+107,000
Departmental Offices	84,679,000	81,293,000	−3,386,000
Total, regular annual and supplementa. acts *(net)*	5,540,170,000	4,878,345,000	−661,825,000
Appropriated during 98th Cong., 2nd. sess. for fiscal year 1986		[4] *(4,900,000)*	*(+4,900,000)*
Legislative acts: Federal funds [1]	[1] 15,000,000	[1] 87,000,000	+72,000,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	887,543,000	829,417,000	−58,126,000
(Authority to borrow)	*(1,300,000)*	*(1,300,000)*	
(Contract authority)	*(30,000,000)*	*(30,000,000)*	
Trust funds	450,613,000	460,040,000	+9,427,000
Total, Department of the Interior *(net)*	6,893,326,000	6,254,802,000	−638,524,000
The Judiciary:			
Regular annual and supplemental acts	1,044,832,000	1,065,825,000	+20,993,000
Rescission	−4,417,000		+4,417,000
Total, regular annual, supplemental and continuing acts *(net)*	1,040,415,000	1,065,825,000	+25,410,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Trust funds	14,306,000	15,681,000	+1,375,000
Total, The Judiciary *(net)*	1,054,721,000	1,081,506,000	+26,785,000
Department of Justice:			
Regular annual and supplemental acts	3,782,737,000	3,958,845,000	+176,108,000
Rescission	−7,734,000		+7,734,000
Total, regular annual and supplemental acts *(net)*	3,775,003,000	3,958,845,000	+183,842,000
Legislative acts: Federal funds [1]	[1] 50,000,000		−50,000,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds		100,000,000	+100,000,000
Total, Department of Justice *(net)*	3,825,003,000	4,058,845,000	+233,842,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1653.

IVa. COMPARISON OF APPROPRIATIONS BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, FISCAL YEARS 1985 AND 1986—Continued

[NOTE.—Concept of "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong., 2d sess., differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess. (see explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

Agency and item	Fiscal year 1985—98th Cong., 2d sess. 99th Cong., 1st sess.	Fiscal year 1986—99th Cong., 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), 1986 compared with 1985
Department of Labor:			
Regular annual, supplemental and continuing acts	$6,345,938,000	$6,542,745,000	+$196,807,000
Legislative acts: Trust funds[1]	[1] 1,000,000		−1,000,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Trust funds	28,358,010,000	27,068,010,000	−1,290,000,000
Total, Department of Labor	34,704,948,000	33,610,755,000	−1,094,193,000
Legislative Branch:			
Regular annual, supplemental and continuing acts	1,600,963,138	1,599,113,800	−1,849,338
Rescission	−72,000		+72,000
Total, regular annual, supplemental and continuing acts *(net)*	1,600,891,138	1,599,113,800	−1,777,338
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	142,078,000	143,117,000	+1,039,000
Trust funds	7,381,000	7,631,000	+250,000
Total, Legislative Branch *(net)*	1,750,350,138	1,749,861,800	−488,338
National Aeronautics and Space Administration:			
Regular annual and supplemental acts	7,552,700,000	7,656,000,000	+103,300,000
Rescission	−6,000,000		+6,000,000
Total, National Aeronautics and Space Administration *(net)*	7,546,700,000	7,656,000,000	+109,300,000
Office of Personnel Management:			
Regular annual and supplemental acts	5,856,956,000	6,113,245,000	+256,289,000
Rescission	−1,161,000		+1,161,000
Total, regular annual and supplemental acts *(net)*	5,855,795,000	6,113,245,000	+257,450,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	11,182,414,000	11,300,792,000	+118,378,000
Trust funds	39,295,290,000	40,813,389,000	+1,518,099,000
Total, Office of Personnel Management *(net)*	56,333,499,000	58,227,426,000	+1,893,927,000
Postal Service:			
Regular annual and supplemental acts	1,209,129,000	748,000,000	−461,129,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	1,402,824,000	1,574,798,000	+171,974,000
(Authority to borrow)	*(1,402,824,000)*	*(1,574,798,000)*	*(+171,974,000)*
Total, Postal Service	2,611,953,000	2,322,798,000	−289,155,000
Railroad Retirement Board:[7]			
Regular annual and supplemental acts	420,000,000	394,200,000	−25,800,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	2,881,000,000	3,047,000,000	+166,000,000
Trust funds	9,501,600,000	9,841,000,000	+339,400,000
Total, Railroad Retirement Board	12,802,600,000	13,282,200,000	+479,600,000
Department of State:			
Regular annual and supplemental acts	[8] 3,016,810,200	2,887,965,000	−128,845,200
Rescission	−2,432,000		+2,432,000
Total, regular annual, supplemental and continuing acts *(net)*	[8] 3,014,378,200	2,887,965,000	−126,413,200
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	234,420,000	354,465,000	+120,045,000
Trust funds	662,879,000	701,091,000	+38,212,000
Total, Department of State *(net)*	[8] 3,911,677,200	3,943,521,000	+31,843,800

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1653.

IVa. COMPARISON OF APPROPRIATIONS BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, FISCAL YEARS 1985 AND 1986—Continued

[NOTE.—Concept of "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong., 2d sess., differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess. (see explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

Agency and item	Fiscal year 1985—98th Cong., 2d sess. 99th Cong., 1st sess.	Fiscal year 1986—99th Cong., 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), 1986 compared with 1985
Department of Transportation:			
Regular annual and supplemental acts:			
Office of the Secretary	$55,700,000	$82,800,000	+$27,100,000
Coast Guard	2,557,230,139	2,300,802,000	−256,428,139
Federal Aviation Administration	4,375,431,500	3,983,100,000	−392,331,500
Rescission	−12,000,000		+12,000,000
Federal Highway Administration	104,106,000	79,400,000	−24,706,000
Rescission	−164,000		+164,000
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration	82,350,000	83,851,000	+1,501,000
Rescission	−8,558,000		+8,558,000
Federal Railroad Administration	811,042,000	702,184,000	−108,858,000
Rescission	−460,000		+460,000
Urban Mass Transportation Administration	3,031,500,000	2,624,400,000	−407,100,000
Research and Special Programs Administration	18,900,000	19,300,000	+400,000
Office of the Inspector General	27,900,000	27,600,000	−300,000
Maritime Administration	80,367,000	79,600,000	−767,000
Total, regular annual and supplemental acts *(net)*	11,123,344,639	9,983,037,000	−1,140,307,639
Legislative acts: Trust funds [1]	[1] 27,000,000		−27,000,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	336,200,000	306,500,000	−29,700,000
(Contract authority)	*(329,200,000)*	*(299,500,000)*	*(−29,700,000)*
Trust funds	17,121,223,000	16,479,231,000	−641,992,000
(Contract authority)	*(17,111,923,000)*	*(16,470,096,000)*	*(−641,827,000)*
Total, Department of Transportation *(net)*	28,607,767,639	26,768,768,000	−1,838,999,639
Department of the Treasury:			
Regular annual and supplemental acts	9,954,134,753	9,682,567,200	−271,567,553
Rescission	−9,540,000	−6,900,000,000	−6,890,460,000
Total, regular annual and supplemental acts *(net)*	9,944,594,753	2,782,567,200	−7,162,027,553
Legislative acts: Federal funds [1]	[1] 9,000,000	[1] 145,000,000	+136,000,000
Private appropriation acts			
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	202,156,729,000	207,781,415,000	+5,624,686,000
(Authority to borrow)	*(18,637,882,000)*	*(5,148,545,000)*	*(−13,489,337,000)*
Trust funds	4,574,047,000	4,576,713,000	+2,666,000
Total, Department of the Treasury *(net)*	216,684,370,753	215,285,695,200	−1,398,675,553
Veterans Administration:			
Regular annual and supplemental acts	26,393,032,000	26,101,426,553	−291,605,447
Rescission	−6,006,000		+6,006,000
Total, regular annual and supplemental acts *(net)*	26,387,026,000	26,101,426,553	−285,599,447
Permanent appropriations:			
Trust funds	1,501,800,000	1,502,000,000	+200,000
Total, Veterans Administration *(net)*	27,888,826,000	27,603,426,553	−285,399,447

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1653.

IVa. COMPARISON OF APPROPRIATIONS BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, FISCAL YEARS 1985 AND 1986—Continued

[NOTE.—Concept of "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong., 2d sess., differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess. (see explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

Agency and item	Fiscal year 1985—98th Cong., 2d sess. 99th Cong., 1st sess.	Fiscal year 1986—99th Cong., 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), 1986 compared with 1985
Grand Total:			
Regular annual, supplemental and continuing acts	$567,654,205,522	$559,342,195,551	−$8,312,009,971
Rescissions	−5,494,575,000	−7,815,000,000	−2,320,425,000
Appropriated in fiscal 1983 and fiscal 1984 for fiscal year 1985	[4] *(7,922,500,000)*		*(−7,922,500,000)*
Appropriated in fiscal 1984 and fiscal 1985 for fiscal year 1986		[4] *(11,015,169,000)*	*(+11,015,169,000)*
Private appropriation acts			
Legislative acts: [1]			
Federal funds	[1] 75,000,000	[1] 2,258,000,000	+2,183,000,000
Trust funds	[1] 135,000,000	[1] −182,000,000	−317,000,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal Funds	260,845,738,000	256,164,982,000	−4,680,756,000
(Authority to borrow)	*(36,971,144,000)*	*(9,543,222,000)*	*(−27,427,922,000)*
(Contract authority)	*(518,647,000)*	*(650,476,000)*	*(+131,829,000)*
Trust funds	417,574,520,000	442,455,833,000	+24,881,313,000
(Contract authority)	*(30,005,923,000)*	*(29,848,096,000)*	*(−157,827,000)*
Net total	1,240,789,888,522	1,252,224,010,551	+11,434,122,029
Less:			
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions (see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p.IV)	−183,206,366,000	−192,612,025,000	−9,405,659,000
Appropriated in fiscal 1983 and fiscal 1984 for fiscal year 1985	[4] *(−7,922,500,000)*		*(+7,922,500,000)*
Appropriated in fiscal 1984 and fiscal 1985 for fiscal year 1986		[4] *(−11,015,169,000)*	*(−11,015,169,000)*
Net total	1,057,583,522,522	1,059,611,985,551	+2,028,463,029

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[1] Section 401 of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-344) requires that all borrowing and contracting authority (so called "backdoor authority") enacted after March 3, 1975, be subject to subsequent appropriation action with certain exceptions which are listed under Sec. 401(d) of the Act (see p. 1956 in the 1974-1975 volume for text of Sec. 401(d)). This amount represents budget authority which falls within those exceptions.

[2] Excludes $9,396,240,000 for the Commodity Credit Corporation shown in President's budget as "permanent Federal funds" but reflected in this document as a "direct appropriation" of $13,195,240,000 (see pp. 106 and 1714, this volume).

[3] Excludes $20,500,000 for Corporation for Public Broadcasting appropriated in the Second Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1984 (98th Cong., 2d Sess.) for fiscal year 1985, but shown in the President's budget (H. Doc. 99-17) and this document under "permanent, Federal funds".

[4] Included under "Permanent appropriations, Federal funds".

[5] Excludes $429,786,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1985 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1984 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services (see footnote 5 on p. 1905, 1984-1985 volume, for accounts involved).

[6] Excludes $1,329,834,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1986 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1985 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services (see footnote 5 on p. 1756, this volume, for accounts involved).

[7] Shown under "General Government" in previous volumes.

[8] Excludes $44,000,000 for "peacekeeping operations" for fiscal year 1985, shown under the Department of State in the 1984-1985 volume (98th, 2d), but transferred to Foreign Assistance in this volume.

V. CHRONOLOGICAL HISTORY OF REGULAR ANNUAL AND

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong.,

Department or establishment	Estimates considered by House	Reported to House		Passed House	
		Date and report No.	Amount	Date	Amount
REGULAR ANNUAL APPROPRIATION ACTS		*1985*		*1985*	
Agriculture, rural development, and related agencies:[1]					
Agricultural programs	$11,680,033,000	July 18 (99-211)	$11,578,071,000	July 24	$11,578,071,000
Rural development programs	4,964,531,000	do	4,853,604,000	do	4,853,604,000
Domestic food programs	14,666,523,000	do	14,846,638,000	do	14,846,638,000
International programs	1,393,236,000	do	1,394,464,000	do	1,394,464,000
Related agencies	436,294,000	do	445,979,000	do	448,124,000
Total	33,140,617,000		33,118,756,000		33,120,901,000
Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and related agencies:					
Department of Commerce	1,681,218,000	July 11 (99-197)	2,119,887,000	July 17	2,119,887,000
Department of Justice	3,808,916,000	do	3,896,189,000	do	3,895,689,000
Department of State	2,560,618,000	do	2,526,440,000	do	2,506,440,000
The Judiciary	1,139,051,000	do	1,081,800,000	do	1,081,800,000
Related agencies	2,584,401,000	do	2,415,407,000	do	2,318,205,000
(Appropriations to liquidate contract authorizations)	*(299,500,000)*	do	*(299,500,000)*	do	*(299,500,000)*
Total	11,774,204,000		12,039,723,000		11,922,021,000
Department of Defense:[2]					
Military personnel	73,425,100,000	Oct. 24 (99-332)	69,980,851,000	Oct. 30	70,139,851,000
Operation and maintenance	82,450,150,000	do	77,122,362,000	do	77,222,362,000
Procurement	106,813,300,000	do	86,597,212,000	do	86,597,212,000
Transfer from other accounts		do	*(6,827,551,000)*	do	*(6,827,551,000)*
Research, development, test, and evaluation	39,280,100,000	do	33,147,821,000	do	33,152,821,000
Transfer from other accounts		do	*(920,138,000)*	do	*(920,138,000)*
Special foreign currency program	2,100,000	do	2,100,000	do	2,100,000
Revolving and management funds	1,859,600,000	do	1,612,800,000	do	1,612,800,000
Transfer from other accounts					
Related agencies	123,683,000	do	123,483,000	do	123,483,000
General provisions (Secs. 8020 and 8103)	*(1,200,000,000)*	do	*(1,200,000,000)*	do	*(1,200,000,000)*
Counter-terrorism Contingency Fund					
Total	303,954,033,000		268,586,629,000		268,850,629,000
Transfer from other accounts			*(7,747,689,000)*		*(7,747,689,000)*
District of Columbia:[3]					
Federal funds to the District of Columbia	532,170,000	July 24 (99-223)	532,170,000	July 30	532,170,000
(Out of District revenues)	*(2,689,077,000)*	do	*(2,689,077,000)*	do	*(2,689,077,000)*
Energy and water development:					
Department of Defense—Civil	2,330,000,000	July 10 (99-195)	2,871,507,000	July 16	2,871,507,000
Department of the Interior	788,760,000	do	800,539,000	do	800,539,000
Department of Energy	11,692,809,000	do	10,953,303,000	do	10,953,303,000
Independent agencies	468,441,000	do	647,586,000	do	647,586,000
Total	15,280,010,000		15,272,935,000		15,272,935,000
Foreign assistance and related programs:[4]					
Multilateral Economic Assistance	1,543,834,934	Aug. 1 (99-252)	1,591,774,087		
Bilateral Economic Assistance	6,756,330,000	do	6,268,649,196		
Military Assistance	6,670,000,000	do	5,916,120,833		
Adjustment					
Export-Import Bank of the United States		do	783,879,167		
Total	14,970,164,934		14,560,423,283		

See footnotes at end of table, pp. 1660–1661.

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATION BILLS, 99TH CONG., 1ST SESS.

2d sess., differs to some extent from previous tabulations. (See explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. III).]

Estimates considered by Senate	Reported to Senate		Passed Senate		Public Law		Bill No.	Law No.
	Date and report No.	Amount	Date	Amount	Date	Amount		
	1985		*1985*		*1985*			
$11,731,042,000	Sept. 24 (99–137)	$2,533,418,000	Oct. 16	$2,533,418,000		$15,677,504,000	H.R. 3037	(1)
4,989,942,000	do	5,609,309,000	do	5,609,309,000		5,035,109,000		
14,668,824,000	do	14,853,239,000	do	14,853,239,000		15,518,604,000		
1,394,433,000	do	1,400,964,000	do	1,400,964,000		1,398,964,000		
448,976,000	do	451,689,000	do	457,274,000		460,383,000		
33,233,217,000		24,848,619,000		24,854,204,000		38,090,564,000		
1,715,531,000	Oct. 4 (99–150)	2,112,004,000	Nov. 1	2,146,504,000	Dec. 13	2,124,834,000	H.R. 2965	99-180
3,890,428,000	do	3,956,197,000	do	3,955,097,000	do	3,958,845,000		
2,574,726,000	do	2,500,065,000	do	2,493,065,000	do	2,484,086,000		
1,139,051,000	do	1,066,395,000	do	1,066,395,000	do	1,065,825,000		
2,339,534,000	do	2,265,999,000	do	2,267,099,000	do	2,286,028,000		
(299,500,000)	do	*(299,500,000)*	do	*(299,500,000)*	do	*(299,500,000)*		
11,659,270,000		11,900,660,000		11,928,160,000		11,919,618,000		
73,425,100,000	Nov. 6 (99–176)	67,783,663,000				67,906,361,000	H.R. 3629	(2)
82,450,150,000	do	78,835,226,000				78,664,480,000		
106,813,300,000	do	97,880,325,000				97,393,146,000		
	do	*(3,940,038,000)*						
39,280,100,000	do	35,984,121,000				35,337,505,000		
	do	*(755,000,000)*						
2,100,000	do	2,100,000				2,100,000		
1,859,600,000	do	1,809,600,000				1,734,800,000		
	do	*(852,100,000)*						
123,683,000	do	123,683,000				123,483,000		
(1,200,000,000)	do	*(950,000,000)*				*(7,256,906,000)*		
	do	100,000,000						
303,954,033,000		282,518,718,000				281,161,875,000		
		(5,547,138,000)						
532,170,000	Sept. 9 (99–134)	549,870,000	Nov. 7	549,970,000		566,780,000	H.R. 3067	(3)
(2,689,077,000)	do	*(2,706,777,000)*	do	*(2,706,777,000)*		*(2,703,687,000)*		
2,330,000,000	July 25 (99–110)	2,662,813,000	Aug. 1	2,662,813,000	Nov. 1	2,822,050,000	H.R. 2959	99-141
788,760,000	do	767,060,000	do	767,060,000	do	777,915,000		
11,692,809,000	do	11,159,973,000	do	11,184,473,000	do	11,008,838,000		
468,441,000	do	592,576,000	do	592,576,000	do	645,115,000		
15,280,010,000		15,182,422,000		15,206,922,000		15,253,918,000		
1,543,834,934	Oct. 31 (99–167)	1,473,333,886				1,471,769,715	H.R. 3228 S. 1816	(4)
6,791,407,000	do	6,618,136,000				6,417,060,730		
6,697,000,000	do	6,282,321,000				6,026,489,500		
	do	469,982,000						
						1,110,000,000		
15,032,241,934		14,843,772,886				15,025,319,945		

V. CHRONOLOGICAL HISTORY OF REGULAR ANNUAL AND

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong.,

Department or establishment	Estimates considered by House	Reported to House		Passed House	
		Date and report No.	Amount	Date	Amount
REGULAR ANNUAL APPROPRIATION ACTS—Con.		*1985*		*1985*	
Department of Housing and Urban Development—Independent agencies:					
Department of Housing and Urban Development	$5,088,041,000	July 18 (99-212)	$16,445,549,781	July 25	$14,955,549,781
Rescision of contract authority *(indefinite)*	*(−915,000,000)*	do	*(−915,000,000)*	do	*(−915,000,000)*
Independent agencies	42,367,690,000	do	41,361,964,000	do	41,361,964,000
Corporations *(limitations on administrative expenses)*	*(71,649,000)*	do	*(27,617,000)*	do	*(27,617,000)*
Total *(net)*	47,455,731,000		57,807,513,781		56,317,513,781
Department of the Interior and related agencies:[6]					
Department of the Interior	3,587,650,000	July 16 (99-205)	4,151,663,000	July 31	4,151,663,000
(Appropriations to liquidate contract authorizations)		do	*(10,300,000)*	do	*(10,300,000)*
Related agencies	3,636,174,000	do	4,109,456,000	do	4,086,434,000
Rescission				do	−6,900,000,000
Total *(net)*	7,223,824,000		8,261,119,000		1,338,097,000
Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and related agencies:					
Department of Labor	5,828,673,000	Sept. 26 (99-289)	6,672,184,000	Oct. 2	6,676,633,000
Department of Health and Human Services	78,551,610,000	do	79,914,542,000	do	79,914,542,000
Department of Education	15,472,151,000	do	17,526,805,000	do	17,526,805,000
Related agencies	755,005,000	do	767,666,000	do	767,666,000
Total	100,607,439,000		104,881,197,000		104,885,646,000
Legislative branch:					
Congressional operations	857,475,000	July 10 (99-194)	768,553,000	July 18	768,323,000
Other agencies	593,348,000	do	526,253,000	do	526,150,000
Total	1,450,823,000		1,294,806,000		1,294,473,000
Military construction	10,340,200,000	Sept. 18 (99-275)	8,390,717,000	Oct. 17	8,372,730,000
Department of Transportation and related agencies:[7]					
Department of Transportation	7,292,553,000	Sept. 5 (99-256)	10,583,460,000	Sept. 12	10,306,460,000
Rescission				do	−8,000,000
(Appropriations to liquidate contract authorizations)	*(15,462,000,000)*	do	*(15,407,000,000)*	do	*(15,407,000,000)*
Related agencies	575,066,569	do	554,127,569	do	554,127,569
General provisions					
Total *(net)*	7,867,619,569		11,137,587,569		10,852,587,569
Treasury, Postal Service, and general government:[8]					
Department of the Treasury	*(5,247,110,000)*	July 18 (99-210)	*(5,523,658,000)*	July 30	*(5,523,653,000)*
United States Postal Service	*(39,128,000)*	do	*(961,121,000)*	do	*(961,121,000)*
Executive Office of the President	*(97,883,000)*	do	*(97,647,000)*	do	*(97,647,000)*
Independent agencies	*(6,676,045,000)*	do	*(6,680,912,000)*	do	*(6,680,692,600)*
General provisions				do	*(−35,250,475)*
Total	*(12,060,171,000)*		*(13,263,338,000)*		*(13,227,868,125)*
Total, regular annual appropriation acts *(net)*	554,596,835,503		535,883,576,633		512,759,703,350
Appropriations	(554,596,835,503)		(535,883,576,633)		(519,667,703,350)
Rescission of contract authority *(indefinite)*					
Rescissions					(−6,908,000,000)
(Appropriations to liquidate contract authorizations)	*(299,500,000)*		*(299,500,000)*		*(299,500,000)*

See footnotes at end of table, pp. 1660-1661.

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATION BILLS, 99TH CONG., 1ST SESS.—Continued

2d sess., differs to some extent from previous tabulations. (See explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. III).]

Estimates considered by Senate	Reported to Senate		Passed Senate		Public Law		Bill No.	Law No.
	Date and report No.	Amount	Date	Amount	Date	Amount		
	1985		*1985*		*1985*			
$5,098,643,000	Aug. 28 (99-129)	$13,272,460,781	Oct. 18	$13,717,613,698	Nov. 25	$15,694,480,881	H.R. 3038	99-160
−915,000,000	......do......	−690,000,000	......do......	−766,034,000	......do......	−915,000,000		
45,960,525,000	......do......	42,249,790,000	......do......	42,642,083,874	......do......	42,520,660,609		
(72,349,000)	......do......	*(27,653,000)*	......do......	*(28,005,513)*	......do......	*(28,317,000)*		
50,144,168,000		54,832,250.781		55,593,663,572		57,300,141,490		
3,846,829,000	Sept. 24 (99-141)	4,070,088,000				4,100,430,000	H.R. 3011	(5)
	......do......	*(10,300,000)*				*(10,300,000)*		
3,340,255,000	......do......	4,043,046,000				3,997,191,000		
						−6,900,000,000		
7,187,084,000		8,113,134,000				1,197,621,000		
5,828,673,000	Oct. 4 (99-151)	6,506,299,000	Oct. 22	6,506,299,000	Dec. 12	6,516,745,000	H.R. 3424	99-178
78,551,610,000	......do......	80,110,341,000	......do......	81,213,072,000	......do......	[6] 80,156,551,000		
15,472,151,000	......do......	18,270,277,000	......do......	18,273,115,000	......do......	18,372,201,000		
755,005,000	......do......	766,221,000	......do......	980,421,000	......do......	983,855,000		
100,607,439,000		105,653,138,000		106,972,907,000		106,029,352,000		
1,189,907,000	July 25 (99-111)	1,074,932,800	July 31	1,075,257,800	Nov. 13	1,074,444,800	H.R. 2942	99-151
593,348,000	......do......	524,406,000	......do......	524,406,000	......do......	524,519,000		
1,783,255,000		1,599,338,800		1,599,663,800		1,598,963,800		
10,340,200,000	Oct. 31 (99-168)	8,645,133,000	Nov. 7	8,720,353,000	Dec. 10	8,497,859,000	H.R. 3327	99-173
7,313,153,000	Oct. 4 (99-152)	9,463,694,000	Oct. 23	9,479,954,000		9,903,437,000	H.R. 3244	(7)
(15,462,000,000)	......do......	*(15,492,000,000)*	......do......	*(15,492,000,000)*		*(15,492,000,000)*		
575,066,569	......do......	551,022,569	......do......	551,022,569		552,302,569		
			......do......	−147,606,281				
7,888,219,569		10,014,716,569		9,883,370,288		10,455,739,569		
(5,391,160,000)	Sept. 9 (99-133)	*(5,410,254,000)*	Sept. 26	*(5,410,254,000)*		*(5,534,345,000)*	H.R. 3036	(8)
(39,128,000)	......do......	*(801,000,000)*	......do......	*(801,000,000)*		*(820,000,000)*		
(100,193,000)	......do......	*(96,752,000)*	......do......	*(96,752,000)*		*(97,392,000)*		
(6,680,866,000)	......do......	*(6,682,295,000)*	......do......	*(6,682,689,000)*		*(6,702,638,000)*		
			......do......	*(−138,960,920)*				
(12,211,347,000)		*(12,990,301,000)*		*(12,851,734,080)*		*(13,154,375,000)*		
557,641,307,503		538,701,773,036		235,309,213,660		547,097,751,804		
(558,556,307,503)		(539,391,773,036)		(236,075,247,660)		(554,912,751,804)		
(−915,000,000)		(−690,000,000)		(−766,034,000)		(−915,000,000)		
						(−6,900,000,000)		
(299,500,000)		*(299,500,000)*		*(299,500,000)*		*(299,500,000)*		

V. CHRONOLOGICAL HISTORY OF REGULAR ANNUAL AND

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong.,

Department or establishment	Estimates considered by House	Reported to House		Passed House	
		Date and report No.	Amount	Date	Amount
SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATION ACTS		*1985*		*1985*	
Urgent Supplemental, Emergency famine relief and recovery in Africa, 1985	$235,000,000	Feb. 21 (99-2)	$880,000,000	Feb. 28	$880,000,000
Urgent Supplemental, Department of Agriculture, 1985	1,000,000,000			July 18	1,000,000,000
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985	14,088,800,436	May 22 (99-142)	14,297,949,536	June 12	14,222,316,536
Rescission of contract authority *(indefinite)*	−528,940,000	do.	−528,940,000	do.	−528,940,000
Rescissions		do.	−278,261,000	do.	−278,261,000
Total (net)	13,559,860,436		13,490,748,536		13,415,115,536
Total, supplemental appropriation acts *(net)*	14,794,860,436		14,370,748,536		15,295,115,536
Appropriations	(15,323,800,436)		(15,177,949,536)		(16,102,316,536)
Rescission of contract authority *(indefinite)*	(−528,940,000)		(−528,940,000)		(−528,940,000)
Rescissions			(−278,261,000)		(−278,261,000)
CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS					
Continuing Appropriations, 1986		Sept. 17 (99-272)		Sept. 18	
Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986				Nov. 12	
Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986				Dec. 12	
Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986				Dec. 17	
Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986:					
Agriculture, rural development, and related agencies [9]	*(33,140,617,000)*	Nov.21 (99-403)	*(33,120,901,000)*	Dec. 4	*(33,120,901,000)*
Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and related agencies	*(11,774,204,000)*	do.	*(11,922,021,000)*	do.	*(11,922,021,000)*
Department of Defense [9]	*(303,954,033,000)*	do.	*(268,850,629,000)*	do.	*(268,850,629,000)*
Transfer from other accounts		do.	*(7,747,689,000)*	do.	*(7,747,689,000)*
District of Columbia: [9]					
Federal funds to the District of Columbia	*(532,170,000)*	do.	*(532,170,000)*	do.	*(532,170,000)*
(Out of District revenues)	*(2,689,077,000)*	do.	*(2,689,077,000)*	do.	*(2,689,077,000)*
Department of the Interior and related agencies *(net)* [9]	*(7,223,824,000)*	do.	*(1,338,097,000)*	do.	*(1,338,097,000)*
Appropriations	*(7,223,824,000)*	do.	*(8,238,097,000)*	do.	*(8,238,097,000)*
Rescission		do.	*(−6,900,000,000)*	do.	*(−6,900,000,000)*
(Appropriations to liquidate contract authorizations)		do.	*(10,300,000)*	do.	*(10,300,000)*
Department of Transportation and related agencies [9]	*(7,867,619,569)*	do.	*(10,852,587,569)*	do.	*(10,852,587,569)*
H.R. 3244	*(7,867,619,569)*	do.	*(10,852,587,569)*	do.	*(10,852,587,569)*
Amendments					
(Appropriations to liquidate contract authorizations)	*(15,462,000,000)*	do.	*(15,407,000,000)*	do.	*(15,407,000,000)*
Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and related agencies	*(100,901,791,000)*	do.	*(105,910,263,000)*	do.	*(105,910,263,000)*
Military Construction	*(10,340,200,000)*	do.	*(8,497,859,000)*	do.	*(8,497,859,000)*
Treasury, Postal Service, and general government	12,203,272,000	do.	13,154,375,000	do.	13,154,375,000
H.R. 3036 [10]	*(12,203,272,000)*	do.	*(13,154,375,000)*	do.	*(13,154,375,000)*
Amendments					
Foreign assistance and related programs [9]	*(14,970,164,934)*	do.	*(14,605,403,283)*	do.	*(14,605,403,283)*
H.R. 3228	*(14,970,164,934)*	do.	*(14,560,423,283)*	do.	*(14,560,423,283)*
S. 1816					
Amendments		do.	44,980,000	do.	44,980,000
Department of Labor		do.	26,000,000	do.	26,000,000
Department of Health and Human Services	473,991,000	do.	585,224,000	do.	585,224,000
Department of Education	5,000,000	do.	5,000,000	do.	5,000,000
Corporation for Public Broadcasting *(advance appropriation)*	*(214,000,000)*	do.	*(200,000,000)*	do.	*(200,000,000)*
Department of Agriculture					
Farm Credit Administration					
Department of Commerce					
Appropriation					
Reappropriation					
United States Information Agency					
Department of Commerce					

See footnotes at end of table, pp. 1660–1661.

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATION BILLS, 99TH CONG., 1ST SESS.—Continued

2d sess., differs to some extent from previous tabulations. (See explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. III).]

Estimates considered by Senate	Reported to Senate		Passed Senate		Public Law		Bill No.	Law No.
	Date and report No.	Amount	Date	Amount	Date	Amount		
	1985		*1985*		*1985*			
$235,000,000	Mar. 5 (99-8)	$669,000,000	Mar. 20	$669,000,000	Apr. 4	$784,000,000	H.R. 1239	99-10
1,000,000,000			July 19	1,000,000,000	July 24	1,000,000,000	H.J. Res. 342	99-71
14,163,893,436	June 13 (99-82)	14,241,411,536	June 20	14,698,361,536	Aug. 15	13,760,808,536	H.R. 2577	99-88
−528,940,000	do	−528,940,000	do	−528,940,000	do	−558,940,000		
	do	−243,799,000	do	−243,799,000	do	−182,016,000		
13,634,953,436		13,468,672,536		13,925,622,536		13,019,852,536		
14,869,953,436		14,137,672,536		15,594,622,536		14,803,852,536		
(15,398,893,436)		(14,910,411,536)		(16,367,361,536)		(15,544,808,536)		
(−528,940,000)		(−528,940,000)		(−528,940,000)		(−558,940,000)		
		(−243,799,000)		(−243,799,000)		(−182,016,000)		
	Sept. 24 (99-142)		Sept. 25		Sept. 30		H.J. Res. 388	99-103
			Nov. 13		Nov. 14		H.J. Res. 441	99-154
			Dec. 12		Dec. 13		H.J. Res. 476	99-179
			Dec. 17		Dec. 17		H.J. Res. 491	99-184
(33,233,217,000)	Dec. 5 (99-210)	*(34,250,444,000)*	Dec. 10	*(34,250,444,000)*	Dec. 19	*(38,090,564,000)*		
(11,675,305,000)	do	*(11,919,618,000)*	do	*(11,919,618,000)*				
(303,954,033,000)	do	*(282,518,718,000)*	do	*(282,703,412,000)*	do	*(281,161,875,000)*		
	do	*(5,547,138,000)*	do	*(5,547,138,000)*				
(532,170,000)	do	*(546,780,000)*	do	*(546,780,000)*	do	*(566,780,000)*		
(2,689,077,000)	do	*(2,703,687,000)*	do	*(2,703,687,000)*	do	*(2,703,687,000)*		
(7,187,084,000)	do	*(8,113,134,000)*	do	*(8,113,134,000)*	do	*(1,197,121,000)*		
(7,187,084,000)	do	*(8,113,134,000)*	do	*(8,113,134,000)*	do	*(8,097,621,000)*		
					do	*(−6,900,000,000)*		
	do	*(10,300,000)*			do	*(10,300,000)*		
(7,888,219,569)	do	*(10,350,269,288)*	do	*(10,350,269,288)*	do	*(10,455,739,569)*		
(7,888,219,569)	do	*(9,883,370,288)*	do	*(9,883,370,288)*				
	do	466,899,000	do	466,899,000				
(15,462,000,000)	do	*(15,492,000,000)*	do	*(15,492,000,000)*	do	*(15,492,000,000)*		
(100,901,791,000)	do	*(105,872,128,000)*	do	*(105,872,128,000)*				
(10,340,200,000)	do	*(8,497,859,000)*	do					
12,203,272,000	do	12,992,274,000	do	12,992,274,000	do	[10] 13,037,883,000		
(12,203,272,000)	do	*(13,154,375,000)*	do	*(13,154,375,000)*				
	do	*(−162,101,000)*	do	*(−162,101,000)*				
(15,032,241,934)	do	*(15,798,790,886)*	do	*(15,749,790,886)*	do	*(15,025,319,945)*		
(15,032,241,934)	do	*(14,843,772,886)*	do	*(14,843,772,886)*				
	do	955,018,000	do	906,018,000				
	do	30,588,000	do	30,588,000	do	26,000,000		
473,991,000	do	585,224,000	do	585,224,000	do	585,224,000		
5,000,000	do	5,000,000	do	5,000,000	do	5,000,000		
	do	40,000,000	do	40,000,000	do	40,000,000		
	do	*(9,549,000)*	do	*(9,549,000)*	do	*(9,549,000)*	H.J. Res. 465	99-190
			do	8,500,000	do	25,440,747		
			do	(8,500,000)	do	(8,500,000)		
					do	(16,940,747)		
					do	2,500,000		
			do	3,000,000	do	3,000,000		

V. CHRONOLOGICAL HISTORY OF REGULAR ANNUAL AND

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong.,

Department or establishment	Estimates considered by House	Reported to House		Passed House	
		Date and report No.	Amount	Date	Amount
CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS—Continued		*1985*		*1985*	
Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986—Continued:					
Commission on the Bicentennial of the United States Constitution					
Small Business Administration *(by transfer)*					
Department of Defense *(additional funding)*					
Environmental Protection Agency					
Veterans Administration *(by transfer)*					
Veterans Administration					
Smithsonian Institution		do	$2,500,000	do	$2,500,000
Department of the Interior *(additonal funding)*					
Department of Agriculture *(adjustment)*					
Department of the Treasury *(rescission)*					
Department of Energy *(rescission)*					
Department of Health and Human Services					
Department of Health and Human Services					
Biomedical Ethics Board					
Department of Defense					
Department of Transportation		do	23,500,000	do	23,500,000
Total, further continuing appropriations including regular annual appropriation acts	*($503,386,886,503)*		*(469,426,529,852)*		*(469,426,529,852)*
Total, continuing appropriations *(net)*	12,682,263,000		13,841,579,000		13,841,579,000
Transfer from other accounts			*(7,747,689,000)*		*(7,747,689,000)*
(Appropriations to liquidate contract authorizations)	*(15,761,500,000)*		*(15,716,800,000)*		*(15,716,800,000)*
DEFERRALS [11]					
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985:					
(Deferral disapproval)		May 22 (99-142)	*(1,190,175,316)*	June 12	*(1,190,175,316)*
(Effect of new deferal)		do	*(−8,808,000)*	do	*(−8,808,000)*
Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Act, 1986 *(deferral disapproval)*					
RECAPITULATION					
Grand total:					
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*	582,073,958,939		564,095,904,169		[12] 541,896,397,886
Appropriations	(582,602,898,939)		(564,903,105,169)		(549,611,598,886)
Rescission of contract authority *(indefinite)*	(−528,940,000)		(−528,940,000)		(−528,940,000)
Rescissions			(−278,261,000)		(−7,186,261,000)
Transfer from other accounts			*(7,747,689,000)*		*(7,747,689,000)*
(Appropriations to liquidate contract authorizations)	*(15,761,500,000)*		*(15,716,800,000)*		*(15,716,800,000)*

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[1] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided under Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190, Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 (see "Note" on p. 95, this volume).

[2] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided under Sec. 101(b) of Public Law 99-190, Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 (see "Note" on p. 159, this volume).

[3] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided under Sec. 101(c) of Public Law 99-190, Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 (see "Note" on p. 161, this volume).

[4] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided under Sec. 101(i) of Public Law 99-190, Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 (see "Note" on p. 191, this volume).

[5] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided under Sec. 101(d) of Public Law 99-190, Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 (see "Note" on p. 219, this volume).

[6] Excludes $1,329,834,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1986 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1985 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services (see footnote 5 on p. 1756, this volume, for accounts involved).

[7] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided under Sec. 101(e) of Public Law 99-190, Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 (see "Note" on p. 283, this volume).

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATION BILLS, 99TH CONG., 1ST SESS.—Continued

2d sess., differs to some extent from previous tabulations. (See explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. III).]

Estimates considered by Senate	Reported to Senate		Passed Senate		Public Law		Bill No.	Law No.
	Date and report No.	Amount	Date	Amount	Date	Amount		
	1985		*1985*		*1985*			
	do	$20,000,000	do	$20,000,000	do	$12,000,000		
	do	*(10,000,000)*	do	*(10,000,000)*	do	*(10,000,000)*		
	do	127,294,000	do	184,694,000				
$2,400,000,000	do	2,400,000,000	do	2,400,000,000	do	2,400,000,000		
	do	*(8,000,000)*	do	*(8,000,000)*	do	*(8,000,000)*		
	do	55,000,000	do	55,000,000				
			do	9,230,000				
	do		do	−600,000				
	do	−3,000,000,000	do	−3,000,000,000				
	do	−160,000,000	do	−160,000,000				
	do	500,000	do	500,000				
	do	25,000,000	do	25,000,000				
	do	1,000,000	do	1,000,000	do	150,000		
			do	16,600,000				
(505,826,524,503)		*(490,989,621,174)*		*(482,721,586,174)*		*(362,634,597,261)*		
15,082,263,000		14,543,797,000		14,588,927,000		16,137,197,747		
		(5,547,138,000)		*(5,547,138,000)*				
(15,761,500,000)		*(15,801,800,000)*		*(15,791,500,000)*		*(15,801,800,000)*		
	June 13 (99-82)	*(366,572,000)*	June 20	*(366,572,000)*	Aug. 15	*(745,769,000)*	H.R. 2577	99-88
	do	*(−5,808,000)*	do	*(−5,808,000)*	do	*(−10,408,000)*		
	Oct. 4 (99-152)	*(223,600,000)*	Oct. 23	*(223,600,000)*		*(223,600,000)*	H.R. 3244	(7)
587,593,523,939		567,383,242,572		[13]265,492,763,196		[9]578,038,802,087		
(589,037,463,939)		(572,005,981,572)		(270,191,536,196)		(586,594,758,087)		
(−1,443,940,000)		(−1,218,940,000)		(−1,294,974,000)		(−1,473,940,000)		
		(−3,403,799,000)		(−3,403,799,000)		(−7,082,016,000)		
		(5,547,138,000)		*(5,547,138,000)*				
(15,761,500,000)		*(15,801,800,000)*		*(15,791,500,000)*		*(15,801,800,000)*		

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[8] Vetoed by the President November 15, 1985. No effort was made by the Congress to override the Presidential veto. Funding for programs and activities normally included in this bill is provided under Sec. 101(h) of Public Law 99-190, Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 (see "Note" on p. 285, this volume).

[9] For informational purposes only. Amount included in net total for "regular annual appropriation acts" earlier in table.

[10] Reflects funding for programs and activities included in vetoed bill H.R. 3036 (see footnote 8).

[11] See pp. 457-472 and pp. 473-479 for status reports on rescissions and deferrals.

[12] Excludes amount for one appropriation bill, Foreign Assistance, which did not pass the House except as part of the Continuing Resolution (P.L. 99-190).

[13] Excludes three appropriation bills; Defense, Foreign Assistance, and Interior, which did not pass the Senate except as part of the Continuing Resolution (P.L. 99-190).

NOTE.—The President's Budget for 1986 submitted February 4, 1985 (H. Doc. 99-17), tentatively estimated total new budget (obligational) authority for fiscal year 1986 at $1.060 trillion net ($1,252.6 billion gross, including $192.6 billion in intragovernmental transactions and certain so-called proprietary receipts handled as offsets for budget purposes only). An estimated $708 billion does not require action by Congress. This amount includes permanent appropriations such as interest on the public debt and various trust funds for which the obligational authority is already provided in the basic law. Virtually all of the remaining $554.2 billion (exclusive of reductions of $9.6 billion shown in the February budget under the category "to be requested separately") is for consideration at this session of Congress in the appropriations bills.

VI. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES AND LOAN AND BORROWING AUTHORIZATIONS CARRIED IN APPROPRIATION ACTS, 99TH CONG., 1ST SESS.

[NOTE.—For informational purposes only, to separately identify this *type* of new budget authority. The amounts are included in the *totals* of new budget (obligational) authority shown variously in other applicable tabulations.]

Appropriation act and item	Estimates	Loan and borrowing authorizations, fiscal year 1986 and prior years	Increase (+) or decrease (−), authorizations compared with estimates
REGULAR ANNUAL ACTS			
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND INDEPENDENT AGENCIES			
HOUSING PROGRAMS			
Housing for the elderly or handicapped fund	$19,929,000	$601,133,000	+$581,204,000
SUPPLEMENTAL ACTS			
SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS, 1985			
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation	[1] 113,000,000	113,000,000	
Commodity Credit Corporation	[2] 2,935,790,000	2,935,790,000	
Total, supplemental acts	3,048,790,000	3,048,790,000	
Grand total, loan and borrowing authority	3,068,719,000	3,649,923,000	+581,204,000

[1] Submitted in H. Doc. 99-72.

[2] Submitted in H. Doc. 99-18.

VIa. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES AND CONTRACT AUTHORIZATIONS CARRIED IN APPROPRIATION ACTS, 99TH CONG., 1ST SESS.

[NOTE.—For informational purposes only, to separately identify this *type* of new budget authority. The amounts are included in the *totals* of new budget (obligational) authority shown variously in other applicable tabulations.]

Appropriation act and item	Estimates	Contract authorizations, fiscal year 1986 and prior years	Increase (+) or decrease (−), contract authorizations compared with estimates
REGULAR ANNUAL ACTS			
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND INDEPENDENT AGENCIES			
HOUSING PROGRAMS			
Annual contributions for assisted housing	$499,000,000	$9,965,607,781	+$9,466,607,781
Rescission of assisted housing deobligations *(indefinite)*	*(−859,000,000)*	−859,000,000	[1] −859,000,000
Rental housing assistance *(rescission)*	*(−56,000,000)*	−56,000,000	[1] −56,000,000
Total, regular acts *(net)*	499,000,000	9,050,607,781	+8,551,607,781
SUPPLEMENTAL ACTS			
SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS, 1985			
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
HOUSING PROGRAMS			
Rental housing assistance *(rescission)*	*(−528,940,000)*	−528,940,000	[1] −528,940,000
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR			
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE			
Land and water conservation fund *(rescission)*	*(−30,000,000)*	−30,000,000	[1] −30,000,000
Total, supplemental acts *(net)*		−558,940,000	−558,940,000
Grand total, contract authority *(net)*	499,000,000	8,491,667,781	+7,992,667,781

[1] Reflects actual rescission rather than comparison with request.

VIb. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES AND APPROPRIATIONS TO LIQUIDATE CONTRACT AUTHORIZATIONS, 99TH CONG., 1ST SESS.

[NOTE.—For informational purposes only, to separately identify the amounts appropriated. The amounts are *not* included in the *totals* of new budget (obligational) authority shown variously in other applicable tabulations.]

Appropriation act and item	Estimates	Appropriations	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
REGULAR ANNUAL ACTS			
DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, STATE, AND THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES			
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
MARITIME ADMINISTRATION			
Operating-differential subsidies	$299,500,000	$299,500,000	
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES			
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE			
Construction		10,300,000	+$10,300,000
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES			
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
COAST GUARD			
Boating safety		30,000,000	+30,000,000
FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION			
Grants-in-aid for airports *(Airport and Airway Trust Fund)*	693,000,000	693,000,000	
FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION			
Highway-related safety grants *(trust fund)*	9,000,000	9,000,000	
Federal-aid highways *(trust fund)*	13,836,000,000	13,836,000,000	
NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION			
Highway traffic safety grants *(trust fund)*	149,000,000	149,000,000	
URBAN MASS TRANSPORTATION ADMINISTRATION			
Formula capital grants	55,000,000		−55,000,000
Discretionary grants	720,000,000	775,000,000	+55,000,000
Total, Department of Transportation and related agencies	15,462,000,000	15,492,000,000	+30,000,000
Grand total, appropriations to liquidate contract authorizations	15,761,500,000	15,801,800,000	+40,300,000

VII. AUTHORIZATIONS FOR APPROPRIATIONS, PUBLIC DEBT TRANSACTIONS, AND CONTRACT AUTHORIZATIONS APPROVED DURING THE 1ST SESS. OF THE 99TH CONG.

Number of Public Law	Approval date	Title	Amount of Authorization
	1985	AGRICULTURE ACTS	
99-157	Nov. 15	Extending temporarily the dairy price support program and certain food stamp program provisions.	....
99-182	Dec. 13	Extending temporarily the dairy price support program and certain food stamp program provisions.	....
99-198	Dec. 23	Agriculture, Food, Trade, and Conservation Act of 1985.	$15,454,104,000
99-205	Dec. 23	Farm Credit Restructuring and Regulatory Reform Act of 1985.	....
		BUDGET/RECONCILIATION ACT	
99-177	Dec. 12	Increasing the statutory limit on the public debt.	....
		COMMERCE ACTS	
99-5	Mar. 15	To give effect to the Treaty Between the Government of the United States and Government of Canada Concerning Pacific Salmon, signed at Ottawa, January 28, 1985.	2,000,000
99-62	July 11	Authorizing funds for activities under the Land Remote-Sensing Commercialization Act of 1985.	295,000,000
99-64	July 12	Extending the Export Administration Act of 1979 until June 15, 1985.	142,655,000
99-73	July 29	Authorizing funds to the Secretary of Commerce for the programs of the National Bureau of Standards for fiscal year 1986.	130,037,000
		DEFENSE ACTS	
99-17	Apr. 4	To approve the obligation of funds made available by Public Law 98-473 for the procurement of MX missiles.	....
99-18	Apr. 4	To approve the obligation and availability of prior year unobligated balances made available for fiscal year 1985 for the procurement of additional operational MX missiles (pursuant to Public Law 98-473).	....
99-145	Nov. 8	Authorizing funds for the military functions of the Department of Defense and prescribing personnel levels for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1986, authorizing certain construction at military installations for such fiscal year, and authorizing funds for the Department of Energy for national security programs for such fiscal year.	221,887,777,000
99-167	Dec. 3	Authorizing funds for certain construction at military installations for fiscal year 1986.	9,199,824,000
99-169	Dec. 4	Authorizing funds for fiscal year 1986 for the intelligence activities of the United States Government, the Intelligence Community Staff, and the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System.	123,483,000
		DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA ACT	
99-216	Dec. 26	To waive the period of congressional review for certain District of Columbia acts authorizing the issuance of revenue bonds.	....
		EDUCATION ACT	
99-194	Dec. 20	National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Amendments of 1985.	188,660,000
		ENVIRONMENTAL ACTS	
99-58	July 2	To amend the Energy Policy and Conservation Act, to extend the expiration date of title I from June 30, 1985, to June 30, 1989, and to extend the expiration date of title II from June 30, 1985, to June 30, 1987.	1,966,000,000
99-240	Jan. 15, 1986	To amend the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act, to improve procedures for the implementation of compacts providing for the establishment and operation of regional disposal facilities for low-level radioactive waste, and to grant the consent of the Congress to certain interstate compacts on low-level radioactive waste.	....
		FOREIGN OPERATIONS ACTS	
99-7	Mar. 27	Providing that the chairmanship of the Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe shall rotate between members appointed from the House of Representatives and members appointed from the Senate.	....
99-8	Apr. 2	Authorizing funds for famine relief and recovery in Africa.	....

VII. AUTHORIZATIONS FOR APPROPRIATIONS, PUBLIC DEBT TRANSACTIONS, AND CONTRACT AUTHORIZATIONS APPROVED DURING THE 1ST SESS. OF THE 99TH CONG.—Continued

Number of Public Law	Approval date	Title	Amount of Authorization
	1985	FOREIGN OPERATIONS ACTS—Continued	
99-83	Aug. 8	To amend the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, the Arms Export Control Act and other Acts to authorize funds for fiscal year 1986 for international security and development assistance, the Peace Corps, and the Inter-American Development Foundation.	$12,826,281,000
9-93	Aug. 16	Authorizing funds for the Department of State, the United States Information Agency, the Board for International Broadcasting, and the National Endowment for Democracy for fiscal years 1986 and 1987.	3,794,660,000
99-139	Oct. 30	To repeal section 1212(b) of the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985 (Public Law 99-83), relating to funding for the Special Defense Acquisition Fund.	....
99-204	Dec. 23	Overseas Private Investment Corporation Amendments Act of 1985.	....
		GENERAL GOVERNMENT ACTS	
99-1	Jan. 9	Extending the time within which the President may transmit the Budget Message and the Economic Report to the Congress, and extending the time within which the Joint Economic Committee shall file its report.	....
99-61	July 9	Providing for the minting of coins in commemoration of the centennial of the Statue of Liberty.	....
99-97	Sept. 26	To authorize appropriations for activities under the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974.	22,037,000
99-185	Dec. 17	Authorizing the minting of gold bullion coins.	....
99-234	Jan. 2, 1986	To amend title 5, U.S. Code, to revise the authority relating to the payment of subsistence and travel allowances to Government employees for official travel, and to prescribe standards for the allowability of the cost of subsistence and travel of contractor personnel under Government contracts.	....
		HOUSING ACTS	
99-120	Oct. 8	Providing for the temporary extension of certain programs relating to housing and community development programs.	....
99-156	Nov. 15	Providing for the temporary extension of certain programs relating to housing and community development.	....
99-219	Dec. 26	To provide for the temporary extension of certain programs relating to housing and community development.	....
		INTERIOR ACTS	
99-89	Aug. 15	To amend title XI of the Education Amendments of 1978, relating to Indian education programs.	....
99-187	Dec. 18	Amending the Act of October 15, 1982, "An Act to designate the Mary McLeod Bethune Council House in Washington, D.C., as a national historic site".	400,000
99-191	Dec. 19	Relating to the authorization of funds for certain components of the National Wildlife Refuge System.	15,300,000
99-239	Jan. 14, 1986	To approve the Compact of Free Association negotiated by the United States and the Republic of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia.	179,000,000
		JUDICIARY ACT	
99-80	Aug. 5	Amending section 504 of title 5, United States Code, and section 2412 of title 28, United States Code, with respect to awards of expenses of certain agency and court proceedings.	....
		LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES ACTS	
99-91	Aug. 15	Amending the orphan drug provisons of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and related law.	4,000,000
99-92	Aug. 15	To amend the Public Health Service Act to extend the programs of assistance for nurse education.	40,000,000
99-117	Oct. 7	Amending various provisions of the Public Health Service Act.	....
99-129	Oct. 22	Amending the Public Health Service Act, relating to health professions training assistance.	136,100,000
99-158	Nov. 20	Amending the Public Health Service Act to revise and extend the authorities under the Act relating to the National Institutes of Health and National Research Institutes. Passed over Veto.	2,263,500,000
		LEGISLATIVE BRANCH ACTS	
99-65	July 12	Amending title 2, United States Code, to require the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate to provide Senators with telephone service in their State offices, except services for which the charge is based on the amount of time the service is used.	....
99-225	Dec. 28	To remove certain restrictions on the availability of office space for former Speakers of the House of Representatives.	....

VII. AUTHORIZATIONS FOR APPROPRIATIONS, PUBLIC DEBT TRANSACTIONS, AND CONTRACT AUTHORIZATIONS APPROVED DURING THE 1ST SESS. OF THE 99TH CONG.—Continued

Number of Public Law	Approval date	Title	Amount of Authorization
	1985	LEGISLATIVE BRANCH ACTS—Continued	
99-229	Dec. 28	To authorize the Architect of the Capitol in cooperation with the Union Station Redevelopment Corporation to design a building or buildings adjacent to Union Station, in Washington, DC.	$10,000,000
		REVENUE ACTS	
99-44	May 24	To repeal the contemporaneous recordkeeping requirements added to the Tax Reform Act of 1985.	....
99-107	Sept. 30	To extend for 45 days the application of tobacco excise taxes, trade adjustment assistance, certain medicare reimbursement provisions, and borrowing authority under the railroad unemployment insurance program.	....
99-121	Oct. 11	To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, to simplify the imputed interest rule of sections 1274 and 483.	....
99-155	Nov. 14	Temporarily increasing the limit on the public debt and to restore the investments of the Social Security Trust Funds.	....
99-201	Dec. 23	To extend until March 15, 1986, the application of certain tobacco excise taxes, trade adjustment assistance, certain Medicare reimbursement provisions, and borrowing authority under the railroad retirement insurance program, and to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to extend for a temporary period certain provisions of current law which would otherwise expire at the end of 1985.	....
		SCIENCE ACTS	
99-105	Sept. 30	To authorize appropriations under the Earthquake Hazards Reduction Act of 1977 for fiscal years 1986 and 1987.	69,433,000
99-159	Nov. 22	Authorizing funds for the National Science Foundation for fiscal year 1986.	1,940,156,000
99-170	Dec. 5	Authorizing funds to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration for research and development, space flight, control and data communications, construction of facilities, and research and program management.	7,666,586,000
		TRANSPORTATION ACTS	
99-4	Mar. 13	To apportion one-half of the funds for construction of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways for fiscal years 1985 and 1986 and substitute highway and transit projects for fiscal years 1984 and 1985.	....
99-104	Sep. 30	To approve the Interstate Cost Estimate and the Interstate Substitute Cost Estimate of the Department of Transportation.	....
99-209	Dec. 23	To amend the Panama Canal Act of 1979, in order that claims for vessels damaged outside the locks may be resolved in the same manner as those vessels damaged inside the locks.	....
99-223	Dec. 28	To authorize funds for fiscal year 1986 for the operation and maintenance of the Panama Canal.	444,784,000
		VETERANS ACTS	
99-166	Dec. 3	Amending title 39, United States Code, to improve the delivery of health care services by the Veterans' Administration.	24,000,000
99-238	Jan. 13, 1986	To amend title 38, United States Code, to provide a 3.4 percent increase in the rates of disability compensation and of dependency and indemnity compensation paid by the Veterans' Administration, and to make improvements in veterans' job training programs.	65,000,000

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong., 2d sess., differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations. (See explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. III).]

URGENT SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT FOR AFRICAN FAMINE RELIEF, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-10, APPROVED APRIL 4, 1985

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
TITLE I				
Chapter I				
African Famine Relief				
Department of Agriculture				
Public Law 480:				
Title II—Commodities for disposition abroad:				
Program level	99–18	*($201,000,000)*	*($400,000,000)*	*(+$199,000,000)*
Appropriation	99–18	185,000,000	384,000,000	+199,000,000
Chapter II				
Funds Appropriated to the President				
Agency for International Development				
International disaster assistance	99–18	25,000,000	137,500,000	+112,500,000
Operating expenses *(by transfer from International disaster assistance)*			*(2,500,000)*	*(+2,500,000)*
Department of State				
United States Emergency Refugee and Migration Assistance Fund	99–18	25,000,000	25,000,000	
Migration and refugee assistance			12,500,000	+12,500,000
Total, Department of State		25,000,000	37,500,000	+12,500,000
Total, Chapter II		50,000,000	175,000,000	+125,000,000
TITLE II				
Funds Appropriated to the President				
Emergency Reserve for African Famine Relief				
Department of Agriculture				
Public Law 480:				
Title II—Commodities for disposition abroad:				
Emergency reserve for African famine relief			225,000,000	+225,000,000
Grand total, titles I and II		235,000,000	784,000,000	+549,000,000

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

URGENT SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-71, APPROVED JULY 24, 1985

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Commodity Credit Corporation:				
Reimbursement for net realized losses *(borrowing authority)*	99-18	[1] $1,000,000,000	$1,000,000,000	....

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[1] Derived from the Fiscal Year 1986 Budget Appendix (H. Doc. 99-18, p. I-E41). Reflects difference between total reimbursement for net realized losses ($13,332,030,000) and estimates considered in Public Law 99-88 ($2,935,790,000) and H.R. 3037, the Agriculture Appropriations Act, 1986 ($9,396,240,000).

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
TITLE I				
CHAPTER I				
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Office of the Secretary *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−$114,000)*		
Departmental administration *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−149,000)*	−$49,000	−$49,000
Agricultural Research Service *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−1,313,000)*	−1,000,000	−1,000,000
Cooperative State Research Service			6,500,000	+6,500,000
(Funds made available by P.L. 98-473)			*(700,000)*	*(+700,000)*
Total funds available			*(7,200,000)*	*(+7,200,000)*
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service			19,650,000	+19,650,000
Rescission	99-18	*(−1,464,000)*	−400,000	−400,000
Total, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service *(net)*			19,250,000	+19,250,000
Economic Research Service			500,000	+500,000
Rescission	99-18	*(−132,000)*	−50,000	−50,000
Total, Economic Research Service *(net)*			450,000	+450,000
Statistical Reporting Service	99-18	1,560,000	1,560,000	
Rescission	99-18	*(−206,000)*	−100,000	−100,000
Total, Statistical Reporting Service *(net)*		1,560,000	1,460,000	−100,000
Agricultural Marketing Service			700,000	+700,000
Rescission	99-18	*(−150,000)*		
Packers and Stockyards Administration *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−117,000)*	−85,000	−85,000
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation:				
Subscription to capital stock	99-18	50,000,000	50,000,000	
Federal crop insurance corporation fund *(authority to borrow)*	99-72	113,000,000	113,000,000	
Total, Federal Crop Insurance Corporation		163,000,000	163,000,000	
Commodity Credit Corporation:				
Reimbursement for net realized losses *(authority to borrow)*	99-18	[1] 2,935,790,000	2,935,790,000	
Farmers Home Administration:				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	16,866,000	17,000,000	+134,000
Rural Electrification Administration *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−288,000)*		
Soil Conservation Service *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−6,750,000)*		
Food and Nutrition Service:				
Food stamp program	99-18	318,856,000	318,856,000	
Rescission	99-18	*(−8,762,000)*		
Temporary emergency food assistance program			7,000,000	+7,000,000
Foreign Agricultural Service *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−424,000)*	−100,000	−100,000

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[1] Derived from Fiscal Year 1986 Budget Appendix (H. Doc. 99-18, p. I-E41). Reflects difference between total reimbursement for net realized losses ($13,332,030,000) and estimates considered in Public Law 99-71 ($1,000,000,000) and H.R. 3037, the Agriculture Appropriations Act, 1986 ($9,396,240,000).

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Total, Chapter I:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*		$3,436,072,000	$3,468,772,000	+$32,700,000
Appropriations		(387,282,000)	(421,766,000)	(+34,484,000)
Rescissions		*(−19,869,000)*	(−1,784,000)	(−1,784,000)
Authority to borrow		(3,048,790,000)	(3,048,790,000)	
(By transfer, available by P.L. 98-473)			*(700,000)*	*(+700,000)*
CHAPTER II				
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE				
General Administration				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	992,000	992,000	
Rescission	99-18	*(−499,000)*	−499,000	−499,000
Total, General Administration *(net)*		992,000	493,000	−499,000
Bureau of the Census				
Salaries and expenses *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−241,000)*	−241,000	−241,000
Periodic censuses and programs *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−791,000)*		
Economic and Statistical Analysis				
Salaries and expenses *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−433,000)*	−433,000	−433,000
Economic Development Administration				
Salaries and expenses *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−120,000)*	−120,000	−120,000
Economic development assistance programs			30,730,000	+30,730,000
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	99-18	*(−167,000,000)*		*(+167,000,000)*
Total, Economic Development Administration *(net)*			30,610,000	+30,610,000
International Trade Administration				
Operations and administration:				
Rescission	99-18	*(−2,783,000)*		
(Limitation on direct loans)	99-18	*(−6,000,000)*		*(+6,000,000)*
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	99-18	*(−8,333,000)*		*(+8,333,000)*
Participation in United States expositions *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−6,000)*	−6,000	−6,000
Minority Business Development Agency				
Minority business development *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−305,000)*	−305,000	−305,000
United States Travel and Tourism Administration				
Salaries and expenses *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−468,000)*	−468,000	−468,000
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration				
Operations, Research and Facilities	99-72	75,000,000	126,100,000	+51,100,000
Fishermen's contingency fund	99-18	500,000	500,000	
Fishermen's guaranty fund	S 99-6	2,500,000	2,500,000	

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Federal ship financing fund, fishing vessels	99-18	$25,104,000	$25,104,000	
Portion applied to debt reduction	99-18	−20,700,000	−20,700,000	
Total, Federal ship financing fund		4,404,000	4,404,000	
Total, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration		82,404,000	133,504,000	+$51,100,000
PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE				
Salaries and expenses *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−1,472,000)*	−1,472,000	−1,472,000
NATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION				
Salaries and expenses *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−183,000)*	−183,000	−183,000
Public telecommunications facilities, planning and construction *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−32,000)*	−32,000	−32,000
Total, National Telecommunications and Information Administration *(net)*			−215,000	−215,000
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS				
Scientific and technical research and services *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−1,019,000)*	−500,000	−500,000
Total, Department of Commerce *(net)*		83,396,000	160,967,000	+77,571,000
RELATED AGENCIES				
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
MARITIME ADMINISTRATION				
Operations and Training:				
(Deferral disapproval)	99-23		*(8,500,000)*	*(+8,500,000)*
Rescission	99-18	*(−888,000)*		
FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	3,811,000	3,811,000	
SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION				
Salaries and expenses:				
Rescission	99-18	*(−3,781,000)*	−27,601,000	−27,601,000
(By transfer)	99-88	*(2,400,000)*	*(2,400,000)*	
Business loan and investment fund			27,601,000	+27,601,000
Total, Related agencies *(net)*		3,811,000	3,811,000	
Total, Department of Commerce and Related agencies *(net)*		87,207,000	164,778,000	+77,571,000
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION				
Salaries and expenses *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−166,000)*	−166,000	−166,000
Working capital fund *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−3,000,000)*		
Total, General administration *(rescission)*			−166,000	−166,000

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
United States Parole Commission				
Salaries and expenses		....	$100,000	+$100,000
Legal Activities				
Salaries and expenses, general legal activities	99-18	$1,348,000	574,000	−774,000
Rescission	99-18	*(−470,000)*	−470,000	−470,000
Total, salaries and expenses, general legal activities *(net)*		1,348,000	104,000	−1,244,000
Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−65,000)*	−65,000	−65,000
Salaries and expenses, United States attorneys and marshals	99-18	9,832,000	12,103,000	+2,271,000
(By transfer)	99-18	*(16,116,000)*	*(3,000,000)*	*(−13,116,000)*
Rescission	99-18	*(−889,000)*	−889,000	−889,000
Total, salaries and expenses, United States attorneys and marshals *(net)*		9,832,000	11,214,000	+1,382,000
Fees and expenses of witnesses	99-18	1,300,000	800,000	−500,000
(By transfer)	99-18	*(1,500,000)*	*(1,500,000)*	....
Rescission	99-18	*(−309,000)*	−309,000	−309,000
Total, fees and expenses of witnesses *(net)*		1,300,000	491,000	−809,000
Assets forfeiture fund	99-18	5,000,000	5,000,000	....
Salaries and expenses, Community Relations Service *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−43,000)*	−43,000	−43,000
Total, Legal activities *(net)*		17,480,000	16,701,000	−779,000
Interagency Law Enforcement				
Organized crime drug enforcement	99-18	635,000	635,000	....
Federal Bureau of Investigation				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	1,500,000	1,500,000	....
Rescission	99-18	*(−3,505,000)*	−3,505,000	−3,505,000
Total, Federal Bureau of Investigation *(net)*		1,500,000	−2,005,000	−3,505,000
Drug Enforcement Administration				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	2,700,000	20,000,000	+17,300,000
Rescission	99-18	*(−876,000)*	−876,000	−876,000
Total, Drug Enforcement Administration *(net)*		2,700,000	19,124,000	+16,424,000
Immigration and Naturalization Service				
Salaries and expenses *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−947,000)*	−947,000	−947,000

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	$900,000	$900,000	
(By transfer)	99-18	*(2,183,000)*	*(2,183,000)*	
Rescission	99-18	*(−451,000)*	−451,000	−$451,000
Total, salaries and expenses *(net)*		900,000	449,000	−451,000
National Institute of Corrections *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−894,000)*		
Buildings and facilities *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−13,000)*	−13,000	−13,000
Total, Federal Prison System *(net)*		900,000	436,000	−464,000
OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS				
Justice assistance *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−2,031,000)*		
Total, Department of Justice *(net)*		23,215,000	33,878,000	+10,663,000
RELATED AGENCIES				
LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION				
Payment to the Legal Services Corporation			8,000,000	+8,000,000
COMMISSION ON THE BICENTENNIAL OF THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION				
Salaries and expenses	99-52	331,000	331,000	
Total, Related agencies		331,000	8,331,000	+8,000,000
Total, Department of Justice and related agencies *(net)*		23,546,000	42,209,000	+18,663,000
DEPARTMENT OF STATE				
ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	73,342,000	73,342,000	
(By transfer)	99-18	*(13,779,000)*	*(12,781,000)*	*(−998,000)*
Rescission	99-18	*(−2,432,000)*	−2,432,000	−2,432,000
Total, salaries and expenses *(net)*		73,342,000	70,910,000	−2,432,000
Acquisition, operation, and maintenance of buildings abroad	99-18	167,579,000	167,579,000	
Acquisition, operation, and maintenance of buildings abroad *(special foreign currency program)*	99-18	2,000,000	2,000,000	
Emergencies in the diplomatic and consular service	99-18	4,000,000	1,000,000	−3,000,000
Payment to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund	99-18	5,399,000	5,399,000	
Total, Administration of Foreign Affairs *(net)*		252,320,000	246,888,000	−5,432,000
INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS				
International Fisheries Commission	99-72	2,000,000		−2,000,000
(By transfer)			*(1,200,000)*	*(+1,200,000)*
OTHER				
Fishermen's Protective Fund	99-72	1,000,000	1,000,000	
Total, Department of State *(net)*		255,320,000	247,888,000	−7,432,000

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
RELATED AGENCIES				
ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT AGENCY				
Arms control and disarmament activities	99–52	$4,321,000	$4,134,000	−$187,000
BOARD FOR INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING				
Grants and expenses			13,753,000	+13,753,000
COMMISSION ON SECURITY AND COOPERATION IN EUROPE				
Salaries and expenses			75,000	+75,000
UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY				
Salaries and expenses *(rescission)*	99–18	*(−433,000)*	−2,879,000	−2,879,000
Educational and Cultural Exchanges			10,000,000	+10,000,000
Acquisition and construction of radio facilities			6,648,000	+6,648,000
Total, United States Information Agency *(net)*			13,769,000	+13,769,000
Total, Related agencies *(net)*		4,321,000	31,731,000	+27,410,000
Total, Department of State and related agencies *(net)*		259,641,000	279,619,000	+19,978,000
THE JUDICIARY				
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES				
Construction	S 99–6	5,500,000		−5,500,000
COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES				
Salaries of judges	99–18	3,098,000	3,098,000	
Salaries of supporting personnel	99–18	5,548,000	5,548,000	
Defender services	99–18	17,575,000	21,992,000	+4,417,000
Fees of jurors and commissioners	99–18	1,700,000	1,700,000	
Expenses of operation and maintenance of the courts	99–18	13,526,000	13,526,000	
Rescission			−4,417,000	−4,417,000
Total, expenses of operation and maintenance of the courts *(net)*		13,526,000	9,109,000	−4,417,000
Space and facilities	99–18	2,384,000	2,384,000	
Court security	99–18	1,492,000	1,492,000	
Total, Courts of Appeals, District Courts, and Other Judicial Services *(net)*		45,323,000	45,323,000	
ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS				
Salaries and expenses	99–18	86,000	86,000	
FEDERAL JUDICIAL CENTER				
Salaries and expenses	99–18	51,000	51,000	

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
UNITED STATES SENTENCING COMMISSION				
Salaries and expenses	99-69	$2,350,000	$2,350,000	
Total, The Judiciary *(net)*		53,310,000	47,810,000	−$5,500,000
Total, Chapter II:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*		423,704,000	534,416,000	+110,712,000
Appropriations		(444,404,000)	(604,438,000)	(+160,034,000)
Rescissions		*(−29,545,000)*	(−49,322,000)	(−49,322,000)
Appropriation for debt reduction		(−20,700,000)	(−20,700,000)	
(By transfer)		*(35,978,000)*	*(23,064,000)*	*(−12,914,000)*
(Limitation on direct loans)		*(−6,000,000)*		*(+6,000,000)*
(Limitation on loan guarantees)		*(−175,333,000)*		*(+175,333,000)*
(Deferral disapproval)			*(8,500,000)*	*(+8,500,000)*
CHAPTER III				
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY				
PROCUREMENT				
Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy 1981/1985 *(by transfer to United States Coast Guard, Acquisition, construction, and improvements)*[1]			*(6,240,000)*	*(+6,240,000)*
Enhanced security countermeasures capabilities			35,000,000	+35,000,000
Total, Chapter III: New budget *(obligational)* authority			35,000,000	+35,000,000
CHAPTER IV				
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL				
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY				
CORPS OF ENGINEERS—CIVIL				
Construction, general			48,000,000	+48,000,000
Flood control, Mississippi River and tributaries, Arkansas, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, and Tennessee			800,000	+800,000
General investigations			1,200,000	+1,200,000
Rescission	99-18	*(−2,000,000)*		
Construction, general			22,500,000	+22,500,000
Rescission	99-18	*(−4,000,000)*		
Flood Control and Coastal Emergencies			25,000,000	+25,000,000
Flood control, Mississippi River and tributaries, Arkansas, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, and Tennessee *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−1,000,000)*		
Operation and maintenance, general			2,600,000	+2,600,000
Rescission	99-18	*(−8,000,000)*		
Total, Department of Defense—Civil			100,100,000	+100,100,000

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[1] Transfer out not counted in Chapter III, but is counted in Chapter X (Department of Transportation).

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR				
BUREAU OF RECLAMATION				
Construction program			$14,300,000	+$14,300,000
Rescission	99–18	*(−$2,571,000)*		
Operation and maintenance *(rescission)*	99–18	*(−1,540,000)*		
INDEPENDENT AGENCY				
TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY				
Tennessee Valley Authority Fund			5,000,000	+5,000,000
Rescission	99–18	*(−1,538,000)*		
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY				
Energy supply, research and development activities *(rescission)*	99–18	*(−2,676,000)*		
Atomic energy defense activities *(rescission)*	99–18	*(−8,280,000)*	−8,280,000	−8,280,000
Departmental administration *(rescission)*	99–18	*(−2,786,000)*		
Total, Chapter IV:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*			111,120,000	+111,120,000
Appropriations			(119,400,000)	(+119,400,000)
Rescissions		*(−34,391,000)*	(−8,280,000)	(−8,280,000)
CHAPTER V				
FOREIGN ASSISTANCE				
FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT				
MULTILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE				
INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS				
WORLD BANK GROUP				
Contribution to the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development:				
Paid-in capital	99–18	30,000,925	30,000,925	
(Limitation on callable capital subscriptions)	99–18	*(370,023,735)*	*(370,023,735)*	
Contribution to the Inter-American Development Bank:				
Fund for special operations	99–18	72,500,000	72,500,000	
Inter-American Investment Corporation	99–18	3,000,000	3,000,000	
Inter-regional paid-in capital	99–18	40,001,171	40,001,171	
(Limitation on callable capital subscriptions)	99–18	*(849,000,244)*	*(849,000,244)*	
Total, contributions to the Inter-American Development Bank		115,501,171	115,501,171	
Contribution to the Asian Development Bank: Development fund	99–18	91,232,340	91,232,340	
Total, International Financial Institutions		236,734,436	236,734,436	

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
DEPARTMENT OF STATE				
International organizations and programs:				
International Atomic Energy Agency *(by transfer)*	99-18	*($5,686,000)*		*(−$5,686,000)*
United Nations Environment Program *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(−5,311,000)*		*(+5,311,000)*
United Nations Institute for Training and Research *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(−375,000)*		*(+375,000)*
(By transfer, unobligated balances)			*($3,600,000)*	*(+3,600,000)*
BILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE				
AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT				
Payment to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund	99-18	1,302,000	1,302,000	
Economic support fund	99-67 S 99-8	2,258,000,000	2,258,000,000	
Total, Agency for International Development		2,259,302,000	2,259,302,000	
AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION				
Appropriations *(deferral disapproval)*	99-23		*(2,287,000)*	*(+2,287,000)*
FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT				
Nicaraguan humanitarian assistance			27,000,000	+27,000,000
Assistance for implementation of a Contadora agreement			2,000,000	+2,000,000
Total, Funds Appropriated to the President			29,000,000	+29,000,000
DEPARTMENT OF STATE				
Migration and Refugee Assistance *(by transfer)*			*(12,500,000)*	*(+12,500,000)*
Total, Chapter V:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority		2,496,036,436	2,525,036,436	+29,000,000
(By transfer)			*(16,100,000)*	*(+16,100,000)*
(Limitation on callable capital subscriptions)		*(1,219,023,979)*	*(1,219,023,979)*	
(Deferral disapproval)			*(2,287,000)*	*(+2,287,000)*
CHAPTER VI				
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT				
HOUSING PROGRAMS				
Rental housing assistance:				
(Rescission of contract authority, indefinite)	99-18	*(−528,940,000)*	−528,940,000	−528,940,000
(Limitation on annual contract authority, indefinite)	99-18	*(−23,367,000)*	*(−23,367,000)*	
Payments for operation of low-income housing projects *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−253,100,000)*		

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Management and Administration				
Salaries and expenses:				
(By transfer)	99-18	*($2,671,000)*	*($4,000,000)*	*(+$1,329,000)*
Rescission	99-18	*(−6,919,000)*	−6,919,000	−6,919,000
Total, Department of Housing and Urban Development *(net)*			−535,859,000	−535,859,000
INDEPENDENT AGENCIES				
Consumer Product Safety Commission				
Salaries and expenses			500,000	+500,000
Environmental Protection Agency				
Salaries and expenses			4,000,000	+4,000,000
Research and development *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−4,125,000)*	−4,125,000	−4,125,000
Abatement, control and compliance			20,000,000	+20,000,000
Buildings and facilities			500,000	+500,000
Total, Environmental Protection Agency *(net)*			20,375,000	+20,375,000
Executive Office of the President				
Office of Science and Technology Policy			120,000	+120,000
Federal Emergency Management Agency				
Emergency food and shelter program			20,000,000	+20,000,000
Salaries and expenses:				
(By transfer)	99-18	*(3,100,000)*	*(1,105,000)*	*(−1,995,000)*
Rescission	99-18	*(−786,000)*	−786,000	−786,000
Emergency management planning and assistance *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−1,287,000)*	−1,287,000	−1,287,000
Total, Federal Emergency Management Agency *(net)*			17,927,000	+17,927,000
General Services Administration				
Consumer Information Center *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−63,000)*	−63,000	−63,000
National Aeronautics and Space Administration				
Research and development			40,000,000	+40,000,000
Research and program management *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−4,000,000)*	−6,000,000	−6,000,000
Total, National Aeronatuics and Space Administration *(net)*			34,000,000	+34,000,000
National Science Foundation				
Research and related activities			100,000	+100,000
Rescission	99-18	*(−2,002,000)*	−1,000,000	−1,000,000
Total, National Science Foundation *(net)*			−900,000	−900,000
Department of the Treasury				
Office of Revenue Sharing, salaries and expenses *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−90,000)*	−100,000	−100,000

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
VETERANS ADMINISTRATION				
Compensation and pensions	99-18	$175,000,000	$175,000,000	
Medical Care *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−10,261,000)*	−3,520,000	−3,520,000
Medical and prosthetic research *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−323,000)*		
Medical administration and miscellaneous operating expenses *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−2,109,000)*	−2,109,000	−2,109,000
General operating expenses *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−4,334,000)*		
Construction, minor projects *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−377,000)*	−377,000	−377,000
Total, Veterans Administration *(net)*		175,000,000	168,994,000	−6,006,000
Total, Chapter VI:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*		175,000,000	−295,006,000	−470,006,000
Appropriations		(175,000,000)	(260,220,000)	(+85,220,000)
Rescissions		*(−289,776,000)*	(−26,286,000)	(−26,286,000)
Rescission of contract authority, indefinite		*(−528,940,000)*	(−528,940,000)	(−528,940,000)
(By transfer)		*(5,771,000)*	*(5,105,000)*	*(−666,000)*
(Limitation on annual contract authority, indefinite)		*(−23,367,000)*	*(−23,367,000)*	
CHAPTER VII				
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR				
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT				
Management of lands and resources			115,500,000	+115,500,000
Rescission	99-18	*(−5,778,000)*	−2,900,000	−2,900,000
Total, management of lands and resources *(net)*			112,600,000	+112,600,000
Land acquisition *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(2,000,000)*		*(−2,000,000)*
Construction and access			825,000	+825,000
Oregon and California grant lands:				
(By transfer)	99-18	*(3,000,000)*		*(−3,000,000)*
Rescission	99-18	*(−679,000)*	−350,000	−350,000
Working capital fund *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−2,951,000)*	−2,951,000	−2,951,000
Total, Bureau of Land Management *(net)*			110,124,000	+110,124,000
UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE				
Resource management			1,200,000	+1,200,000
Rescission	99-18	*(−3,869,000)*	−1,900,000	−1,900,000
Total, resource managment *(net)*			−700,000	−700,000
Construction and anadromous fish:				
(By transfer)	99-18	*(4,000,000)*		*(−4,000,000)*
Rescission	99-18	*(−40,000)*	−40,000	−40,000
Land acquisition			1,000,000	+1,000,000
Total, United States Fish and Wildlife Service *(net)*			260,000	+260,000

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE				
Operation of the national park system			$9,560,000	+$9,560,000
Rescission	99-18	*(−$8,598,000)*	−4,300,000	−4,300,000
Total, operation of the national park system *(net)*			5,260,000	+5,260,000
National recreation and preservation *(rescission)*	99-24	*(−94,000)*		
Construction *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−397,000)*	−397,000	−397,000
Land and water conservation fund *(rescission of contract authority)*	99-18	*(−30,000,000)*	−30,000,000	−30,000,000
Land acquisition and state assistance			22,000,000	+22,000,000
(By transfer)	99-18	*(3,216,000)*		*(−3,216,000)*
Rescission	99-18	*(−52,000)*	−52,000	−52,000
Total, land acquisition and state assistance *(net)*			21,948,000	+21,948,000
Construction *(trust fund) (deferral disapproval)*	99-38		*(34,672,000)*	*(+34,672,000)*
Total, National Park Service *(net)*			−3,189,000	−3,189,000
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY				
Surveys, investigations, and research *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−4,519,000)*	−1,269,000	−1,269,000
MINERALS MANAGEMENT SERVICE				
Leasing and royalty management *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−1,764,000)*	−1,764,000	−1,764,000
Payments to States from receipts under Mineral Leasing	99-18	800,000	800,000	
Total, Minerals Management Service *(net)*		800,000	−964,000	−1,764,000
BUREAU OF MINES				
Mines and minerals:				
Rescission	99-18	*(−1,355,000)*		
(Effect of new deferral)			*(−1,355,000)*	*(−1,355,000)*
OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT				
Regulation and technology	99-18	4,800,000	4,800,000	
Rescission	99-18	*(−546,000)*		
Abandoned mine reclamation fund:				
Rescission	99-18	*(−3,233,000)*		
(Effect of new deferral)			*(−3,233,000)*	*(−3,233,000)*
BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS				
Operation of Indian programs			23,423,000	+23,423,000
(By transfer)	99-18	[1] *(4,900,000)*	*(4,900,000)*	
Rescission	99-18	*(−5,570,000)*	−2,800,000	−2,800,000
Total, operation of indian programs *(net)*			20,623,000	+20,623,000

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[1] Submitted as fiscal year 1984 request.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Construction:				
(By transfer)	99-18	*($12,850,000)*		*(−$12,850,000)*
(Deferral disapproval)	99-15		*($8,025,000)*	*(+8,025,000)*
(Effect of new deferral)			*(−3,000,000)*	*(−3,000,000)*
Utah Paiute Trust Fund			50,000	+50,000
Total, Bureau of Indian Affairs *(net)*			20,673,000	+20,673,000
TERRITORIAL AND INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS				
Administration of territories	99-18	1,994,000	1,994,000	
Rescission	99-18	*(−107,000)*	−107,000	−107,000
Total, Territorial and International Affairs *(net)*		1,994,000	1,887,000	−107,000
Total, Department of the Interior *(net)*		7,594,000	132,322,000	+124,728,000
RELATED AGENCIES				
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
FOREST SERVICE				
Forest research *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−923,000)*	−462,000	−462,000
State and private forestry *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−463,000)*	−232,000	−232,000
National forest system	99-18	61,247,000	61,247,000	
Rescission	99-18	*(−12,134,000)*	−6,067,000	−6,067,000
Total, national forest system *(net)*		61,247,000	55,180,000	−6,067,000
Construction			1,568,000	+1,568,000
Rescission	99-18	*(−1,922,000)*	−961,000	−961,000
Total, construction *(net)*			607,000	+607,000
Land acquisition			7,000,000	+7,000,000
Rescission	99-18	*(−68,000)*	−68,000	−68,000
Total, land acquisition *(net)*			6,932,000	+6,932,000
Total, Forest Service *(net)*		61,247,000	62,025,000	+778,000
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY				
Fossil energy research and development:				
(Deferral disapproval)	99-23		*(39,154,000)*	*(+39,154,000)*
Rescission	99-18	*(−3,276,000)*		
(Effect of new deferral)			*(−1,600,000)*	*(−1,600,000)*
Fossil energy construction:				
Rescission	99-18	*(−860,000)*		
(Effect of new deferral)			*(−860,000)*	*(−860,000)*
Naval petroleum and oil shale reserves:				
Rescission	99-18	*(−181,000)*		
(Effect of new deferral)			*(−181,000)*	*(−181,000)*
Economic regulation *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−156,000)*	−102,000	−102,000
Emergency preparedness *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−51,000)*	−51,000	−51,000
Strategic petroleum reserve:				
(Deferral disapproval)	99-23		*(270,738,000)*	*(+270,738,000)*
Rescission	99-18	*(−156,000)*		
(Effect of new deferral)			*(−156,000)*	*(−156,000)*

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
SPR petroleum account *(deferral disapproval)*	99-23		*($290,070,000)*	*(+$290,070,000)*
Alternative fuels production:				
Rescission	99-18	*(−$23,000)*		
(Effect of new deferral)			*(−23,000)*	*(−23,000)*
Total, Department of Energy *(net)*			−153,000	−153,000
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
HEALTH SERVICES ADMINISTRATION				
Indian health services *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−161,000)*	−161,000	−161,000
SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION				
NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART				
Salaries and expenses			400,000	+400,000
Total, Chapter VII:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*		68,841,000	194,433,000	+125,592,000
Appropriations		(68,841,000)	(251,367,000)	(+182,526,000)
Rescissions		*(−59,926,000)*	(−26,934,000)	(−26,934,000)
Rescission of contract authority		*(−30,000,000)*	(−30,000,000)	(−30,000,000)
(By transfer)		*(29,966,000)*	*(4,900,000)*	*(−25,066,000)*
(Deferral disapproval)			*(642,659,000)*	*(+642,659,000)*
(Effect of new deferral)			*(−10,408,000)*	*(−10,408,000)*
CHAPTER VIII				
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR				
EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATION				
Program administration *(limitation on trust fund transfer)*	99-18	*(−162,000)*		*(+162,000)*
Training and Employment Services			5,117,000	+5,117,000
State unemployment insurance and employment service operations:				
(Limitation on trust fund transfer)	99-18	*(−40,767,000)*		*(+40,767,000)*
(Limitation on trust fund transfer)			*(20,000,000)*	*(+20,000,000)*
DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT				
Assistant Secretary for Veterans Employment and Training *(limitation on trust fund transfer)*	99-18	*(−119,000)*		*(+119,000)*
Total, Department of Labor:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority			5,117,000	+5,117,000
(Limitation on trust fund transfer)		*(−41,048,000)*	*(20,000,000)*	*(+61,048,000)*
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES ADMINISTRATION				
Health resources and services			2,000,000	+2,000,000
Health Maintenance Organization Loan and Loan Guaranty Fund			1,720,000	+1,720,000
Total, Health Resources			3,720,000	+3,720,000

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH				
National Cancer Institute			$3,000,000	+$3,000,000
SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION				
Payments to social security trust funds	99-18	$3,500,000,000	3,500,000,000	
(Limitation on administrative expenses, trust funds)	99-18	*(−9,176,000)*		*(+9,176,000)*
OFFICE OF HUMAN DEVELOPMENT SERVICES				
Human Development Services			11,000,000	+11,000,000
Family Social Services:				
Entitlement activities	99-18	43,904,000	79,495,000	+35,591,000
(By transfer)	99-18	*(2,500,000)*		*(−2,500,000)*
(By transfer, unobligated balances)	99-18	*(33,091,000)*		*(−33,091,000)*
Total, Office of Human Development Services		43,904,000	90,495,000	+46,591,000
Total, Department of Health and Human Services		3,543,904,000	3,597,215,000	+53,311,000
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Rehabilitation services and handicapped research			715,000	+715,000
Vocational and adult education			101,963,000	+101,963,000
Student financial assistance			289,482,000	+289,482,000
Guaranteed student loans	99-18	664,846,000	720,346,000	+55,500,000
Total, Department of Education		664,846,000	1,112,506,000	+447,660,000
DISAPPROVAL OF DEFERRALS				
United States Institute of Peace (D85-39)	99-88		*(4,000,000)*	*(+4,000,000)*
Employment and Training Administration, State unemployment insurance, employment service operations (D85-34A)	99-88		*(3,767,000)*	*(+3,767,000)*
Railroad Retirement Board:				
(Limitation on administration) (D85-57)	99-88		*(3,098,000)*	*(+3,098,000)*
(Limitation on Railroad Unemployment Insurance administration funds) (D85-58)	99-88		*(502,000)*	*(+502,000)*
Total, Railroad Retirement Board			*(3,600,000)*	*(+3,600,000)*
Employment and Training Administration:				
Program administration (D85-61)	99-88		*(162,000)*	*(+162,000)*
State unemployment insurance, employment service operations (D85-62)	99-88		*(37,000,000)*	*(+37,000,000)*
Unemployment trust fund (D85-63)	99-88		*(119,000)*	*(+119,000)*
Total, Employment and Training Administration			*(37,281,000)*	*(+37,281,000)*
Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation fund (D85-64)	99-88		*(228,000)*	*(+228,000)*
Health Care Financing Administration, program management (D85-66)	99-88		*(4,271,000)*	*(+4,271,000)*
Social Security Administration *(limitation on administrative expenses) (D85-67)*	99-88		*(9,176,000)*	*(+9,176,000)*
Total, Disapproval of Deferrals			*(62,323,000)*	*(+62,323,000)*

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Total, Chapter VIII:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority		$4,208,750,000	$4,714,838,000	+$506,088,000
(By transfer)		*(35,591,000)*		*(−35,591,000)*
(Limitation on administrative expenses)		*(−9,176,000)*		*(+9,176,000)*
(Limitation on trust fund transfer)		*(−41,048,000)*	*(20,000,000)*	*(+61,048,000)*
(Deferral disapproval)			*(62,323,000)*	*(+62,323,000)*
CHAPTER IX				
LEGISLATIVE BRANCH				
SENATE				
Expense Allowances for the Vice President Pro Tempore, Majority and Minority Leaders, Majority and Minority Whips, and the Chairmen of the Majority and Minority Conference Committees	S 99-6	6,000	6,000	
Representation allowances for the Majority and Minority Leaders			20,000	+20,000
SALARIES, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES				
Administrative, clerical, and legislative assistance to Senators	S 99-6	1,136,000	1,136,000	
CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE				
Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate	99-18 99-69 S 99-6	4,708,000	7,258,000	+2,550,000
Inquiries and investigations	99-18	3,448,000	3,000,000	−448,000
Total, Contingent Expenses of the Senate		8,156,000	10,258,000	+2,102,000
Total, Senate		9,298,000	11,420,000	+2,122,000
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES				
PAYMENTS TO WIDOWS AND HEIRS OF DECEASED MEMBERS OF CONGRESS				
Gratuities, deceased Members			75,100	+75,100
SALARIES, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES				
Office of the Postmaster	99-18	130,000	130,000	
COMMITTEE EMPLOYEES				
Professional and clerical employees *(standing committees)*	99-18	2,799,000	2,799,000	
ALLOWANCES AND EXPENSES				
Official Expenses of Members	99-18	5,603,000	5,603,000	
Supplies, materials, administrative costs and Federal tort claims	99-18	250,000		−250,000
Stenographic reporting of committee hearings	99-18	100,000		−100,000
Miscellaneous items	99-18	122,000		−122,000
Total, Allowances and Expenses		6,075,000	5,603,000	−472,000
Total, House of Representatives		9,004,000	8,607,100	−396,900

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
JOINT ITEMS				
OFFICIAL MAIL COSTS				
Expenses	99-18	$11,853,000	$11,853,000	
GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE				
Salaries and expenses	99-18 99-72	6,121,000	5,000,000	−$1,121,000
Total, Chapter IX, new budget *(obligational)* authority		36,276,000	36,880,100	+604,100
CHAPTER X				
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY				
Working capital fund *(decrease in limitation on working capital fund)*			*(−1,000,000)*	*(−1,000,000)*
COAST GUARD				
Acquisition, construction, and improvements			27,700,000	+27,700,000
(By transfer from Shipbuilding, Navy)			*(6,240,000)*	*(+6,240,000)*
Alteration of bridges	99-18	8,400,000	8,400,000	
Total, Coast Guard		8,400,000	36,100,000	+27,700,000
FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION				
Operations:				
(By transfer)	S 99-6	*(15,000,000)*	*(15,000,000)*	
Appropriations			2,000,000	+2,000,000
Facilities and equipment *(Airport and airway trust fund) (rescission)*	99-18	*(−10,000,000)*	−12,000,000	−12,000,000
Total, Federal Aviation Administration *(net)*			−10,000,000	−10,000,000
FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION				
(Decrease in limitation on general operating expenses)			*(−439,000)*	*(−439,000)*
Railroad-highway crossings demonstration projects			14,640,000	+14,640,000
Motor carrier safety *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−164,000)*	−164,000	−164,000
Total, Federal Highway Administration *(net)*			14,476,000	+14,476,000
NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION				
Operations and research:				
(By transfer)	99-18	*(7,200,000)*		*(−7,200,000)*
Rescission	99-18	*(−1,175,000)*	−808,000	−808,000
Seat belt and passive restraint program *(rescission)*			−7,500,000	−7,500,000
Total, operation and research *(net)*			−8,308,000	−8,308,000

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Highway traffic safety grants *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−$250,000)*	−$250,000	−$250,000
Total, National Highway Traffice Safety Administration *(net)*		....	−8,558,000	−8,558,000
FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION				
Railroad research and development *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−170,000)*	−170,000	−170,000
Rail service assistance	99-18	68,932,000	68,932,000	....
Appropriation for debt reduction	99-18	−60,281,000	−60,281,000	....
Rescission	99-18	*(−90,000)*	−90,000	−90,000
Total, Rail Service Assistance *(net)*		8,651,000	8,561,000	−90,000
Settlements of railroad litigation	99-18	4,328,000	4,328,000	....
Appropriation for debt reduction	99-18	−4,223,000	−4,223,000	....
Total, Settlements of railroad litigation		105,000	105,000	....
Northeast corridor improvement program:				
Rescission	99-18	*(−200,000)*	−200,000	−200,000
(Deferral disapproval)	99-18	....	*(30,000,000)*	*(+30,000,000)*
Railroad Rehabilitation and Improvement Financing Funds *(limitation on new loan guarantees)*		....	*(6,500,000)*	*(+6,500,000)*
Total, Federal Railroad Administration *(net)*		8,756,000	8,296,000	−460,000
SAINT LAWRENCE SEAWAY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION				
(Decrease in limitation on administrative expenses)		....	*(−30,000)*	*(−30,000)*
RESEARCH AND SPECIAL PROGRAMS ADMINISTRATION				
Research and special programs *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(850,000)*	*(650,000)*	*(−200,000)*
Total, Department of Transportation *(net)*		17,156,000	40,314,000	+23,158,000
RELATED AGENCIES				
INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	4,463,000	2,100,000	−2,363,000
PANAMA CANAL COMMISSION				
Capital outlay *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(3,900,000)*	*(1,700,000)*	*(−2,200,000)*
Payments to the Republic of Panama *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(2,186,000)*	*(2,705,000)*	*(+519,000)*
Total, Panama Canal Commission *(by transfer)*		*(6,086,000)*	*(4,405,000)*	*(−1,681,000)*
Total, Chapter X:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*		21,619,000	42,414,000	+20,795,000
Appropriations		(86,123,000)	(128,100,000)	(+41,977,000)
Rescissions		*(−12,049,000)*	(−21,182,000)	(−21,182,000)
Appropriations for debt reduction		(−64,504,000)	(−64,504,000)	....

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Total, Chapter X—Continued:				
(By transfer)		*($29,136,000)*	*($26,295,000)*	*(−$2,841,000)*
(Limitation on administrative expenses)			*(−469,000)*	*(−469,000)*
(Limitation on working capital fund)			*(−1,000,000)*	*(−1,000,000)*
(Limitation on new loan guarantees)			*(6,500,000)*	*(+6,500,000)*
(Deferral disapproval)			*(30,000,000)*	*(+30,000,000)*
CHAPTER XI				
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY				
Office of the Secretary *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−969,000)*	−969,000	−969,000
Federal Law Enforcement Training Center *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−75,000)*	−75,000	−75,000
Financial Management Services:				
Salaries and expenses	99-18 99-69	10,040,000	10,000,000	−40,000
Rescission	99-18	*(−972,000)*	−972,000	−972,000
Total, Financial Management Service *(net)*		10,040,000	9,028,000	−1,012,000
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms	99-18	1,900,000	1,900,000	
Rescission	99-18	*(−397,000)*	−397,000	−397,000
Total, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms *(net)*		1,900,000	1,503,000	−397,000
United States Customs Service:				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	2,200,000	15,000,000	+12,800,000
Rescission	99-18	*(−1,223,000)*	−1,223,000	−1,223,000
Total, salaries and expenses *(net)*		2,200,000	13,777,000	+11,577,000
Operations and maintenance, air interdiction program			11,000,000	+11,000,000
Customs forfeiture fund	99-18	6,000,000	6,000,000	
Customs services at small airports	99-18	42,000	42,000	
Total, United States Customs Service *(net)*		8,242,000	30,819,000	+22,577,000
Bureau of the Mint *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−87,000)*	−87,000	−87,000
Bureau of the Public Debt *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−52,000)*	−52,000	−52,000
Internal Revenue Service:				
Salaries and expenses *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−198,000)*	−198,000	−198,000
Processing tax returns *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−781,000)*	−781,000	−781,000
Examinations and appeals *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−1,588,000)*	−1,588,000	−1,588,000
Investigations, collection, and taxpayer service	99-18	2,400,000	2,400,000	
Rescission	99-18	*(−1,633,000)*	−1,633,000	−1,633,000
Total, investigations, collection, and taxpayer service *(net)*		2,400,000	767,000	−1,633,000
Federal tax lien revolving fund	99-18	9,000,000	9,000,000	
Total, Internal Revenue Service *(net)*		11,400,000	7,200,000	−4,200,000

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
United States Secret Service	99-18 S 99-10	$4,400,000	$5,400,000	+$1,000,000
Rescission	99-18	*(−1,465,000)*	−1,465,000	−1,465,000
Total, United States Secret Service *(net)*		4,400,000	3,935,000	−465,000
Total, Department of the Treasury *(net)*		35,982,000	51,302,000	+15,320,000
UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE				
Payment to the Postal Service Fund			168,620,000	+168,620,000
EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT				
National Critical Materials Council			200,000	+200,000
INDEPENDENT AGENCIES				
GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION				
Federal Building Fund:				
(Limitation on availability of revenue):				
Construction and acquisition of facilities	99-18	*(4,225,000)*	*(29,842,000)*	*(+25,617,000)*
Alterations and major repairs			*(1,108,000)*	*(+1,108,000)*
Design and construction services			*(83,000)*	*(+83,000)*
Subtotal, Federal Buildings Fund		*(4,225,000)*	*(31,033,000)*	*(+26,808,000)*
Real property activities *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−2,000,000)*	−2,000,000	−2,000,000
Program direction *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−1,204,000)*	−1,204,000	−1,204,000
Subtotal, Federal Buildings Fund *(net)*			−3,204,000	−3,204,000
Personal Property Activities:				
Personal property, operating expenses *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−300,000)*	−300,000	−300,000
General supply fund *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−30,848,000)*	−30,848,000	−30,848,000
Subtotal, Personal Property Activities *(net)*			−31,148,000	−31,148,000
Federal Property Resources Activities:				
Operating expenses *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−207,000)*	−207,000	−207,000
Expenses, disposal of surplus real and related property *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−1,832,000)*	−1,832,000	−1,832,000
Subtotal, Federal Property Resources Activities *(net)*			−2,039,000	−2,039,000
General Activities:				
General Management and Administration Salaries and Expenses *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−403,000)*	−403,000	−403,000
Office of Information Resources Management:				
Operating Expenses *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−45,000)*	−45,000	−45,000
Federal telecommunications fund *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−415,000)*	−415,000	−415,000
Automatic data processing fund *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−145,000)*	−145,000	−145,000
Office of the Inspector General *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−35,000)*	−35,000	−35,000
Allowances and Office Staff for Former Presidents *(rescission)*	99-18	*(−19,000)*	−19,000	−19,000

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
General Activities—Continued:				
Working capital fund *(rescission)*	99–18	*(−38,000)*	−38,000	−38,000
Subtotal, General Activities *(net)*			−1,070,000	−1,070,000
Total, General Services Administration *(net)*			−37,461,000	−37,461,000
NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION				
Operating Expenses *(rescission)*	99–18	*(−166,000)*	−166,000	−166,000
OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT				
Salaries and expenses *(rescission)*	99–18	*(−1,161,000)*	−1,161,000	−1,161,000
Payment to civil service retirement and disability fund	99–18	40,965,000	40,965,000	
Total, Office of Personnel Management *(net)*		40,965,000	39,804,000	−1,161,000
Total, Chapter XI:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*		76,947,000	222,299,000	+145,352,000
Appropriations		(76,947,000)	(270,527,000)	(+193,580,000)
Rescissions		*(−48,228,000)*	(−48,228,000)	(−48,228,000)
(Limitation on availability of revenue)		*(4,225,000)*	*(31,033,000)*	*(+26,808,000)*
CHAPTER XII				
FEDERAL FUNDS				
Criminal Justice Initiative		[1] 14,180,000	14,180,000	
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FUNDS				
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Governmental direction and support	99–97	*(4,553,000)*	*(4,553,000)*	
Economic development and regulation	99–97	*(9,873,000)*	*(9,873,000)*	
Public safety and justice	99–97	[2] *(26,680,000)*	*(26,680,000)*	
(Rescission)		[3] *(−300,000)*	*(−300,000)*	
Public education system	99–97	*(6,835,000)*	*(6,835,000)*	
(Rescission)	99–97	*(−11,794,000)*	*(−11,794,000)*	
Human support services	99–97	[4] *(9,598,000)*	*(9,598,000)*	
(Rescission)	99–97	[5] *(−698,000)*	[5] *(−698,000)*	
Public works *(rescission)*	99–97	*(−875,000)*	*(−875,000)*	
Washington Convention Center Fund	99–97	*(324,000)*	*(324,000)*	
Repayment of loans and interest *(rescission)*	99–97	*(−1,473,000)*	*(−1,473,000)*	
Repayment of general fund deficit	99–97	*(3,500,000)*	*(3,500,000)*	
Short-term borrowings *(rescission)*	99–97	*(−1,250,000)*	*(−1,250,000)*	
Adjustments	99–97	*(65,000)*		*(−65,000)*
General provisions *(sec. 132)*	99–97	*(3,511,000)*		*(−3,511,000)*
Total, Operating Expenses *(net)*		*(49,247,000)*	*(45,671,000)*	*(−3,576,000)*

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[1] The District communicated this request to the Committee May 28, 1985.

[2] Includes informal estimate of $14,180,000 related to Federal funds for Criminal Justice Initiative.

[3] Informal rescission proposal.

[4] Includes $300,000 in H. Doc. 99-30 originally considered in H.R. 5899 (P.L. 98-473).

[5] Internal rescission; not reflected in totals.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (–), appropriations compared with estimates
Capital Outlay	99-97	[1] *($23,400,000)*	*($23,400,000)*	
Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund	99-97	*(10,801,000)*	*(10,801,000)*	
Total, District of Columbia funds *(net)*		*(83,448,000)*	*(79,872,000)*	*(–$3,576,000)*
Total, Chapter XII:				
Federal funds, new budget *(obligational)* authority		14,180,000	14,180,000	
District of Columbia funds *(net)*		*(83,448,000)*	*(79,872,000)*	*(–3,576,000)*
New budget *(obligational)* authority		*(99,140,000)*	*(95,564,000)*	*(–3,576,000)*
Rescissions		*(–15,692,000)*	*(–15,692,000)*	
TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS				
Total, all chapters:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*		10,957,425,436	11,604,382,536	+646,957,100
Appropriations		(7,993,839,436)	(9,381,752,536)	(+1,387,913,100)
Appropriations for debt reduction		(–85,204,000)	(–85,204,000)	
Authority to borrow		(3,048,790,000)	(3,048,790,000)	
Rescissions		*(–493,784,000)*	(–182,016,000)	(–182,016,000)
Rescission of contract authority		*(–558,940,000)*	(–558,940,000)	(–558,940,000)
(Deferral disapproval)			*(745,769,000)*	*(+745,769,000)*
(Effect of new deferral)			*(–10,408,000)*	*(–10,408,000)*
(Limitation of trust fund transfer)		*(–41,048,000)*	*(20,000,000)*	*(+61,048,000)*
(By transfer)		*(136,442,000)*	*(76,164,000)*	*(–60,278,000)*
(Limitation on callable capital subscriptions)		*(1,219,023,979)*	*(1,219,023,979)*	
(Limitation on availability of revenue)		*(4,225,000)*	*(31,033,000)*	*(+26,808,000)*
(Limitation on administrative expenses)		*(–9,176,000)*	*(–469,000)*	*(+8,707,000)*
(Limitation on contract authority, indefinite		*(–23,367,000)*	*(–23,367,000)*	
(Change in limitation on direct loans)		*(–6,000,000)*		*(+6,000,000)*
(Change in limitation on guaranteed loans)		*(–175,333,000)*		*(+175,333,000)*
(Limitation on working capital fund)			*(–1,000,000)*	*(–1,000,000)*
(Limitation on new loan guarantees)			*(6,500,000)*	*(+6,500,000)*
(District of Columbia funds, net)		*(83,448,000)*	*(79,872,000)*	*(–3,576,000)*

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[1] Includes $15,150,000 in H. Doc. 99-30.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS				
LEGISLATIVE BRANCH				
SENATE				
Salaries, officers and employees	99-18 S 99-6	$4,468,000	$4,468,000	
Office of the Legislative Counsel of the Senate	99-18	37,000	37,000	
Senate policy committees	99-18	50,000	50,000	
Total, Senate		4,555,000	4,555,000	
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES				
House leadership offices	99-18	91,000	91,000	
Salaries, officers and employees	99-18	1,176,000	1,176,000	
Committee employees	99-18	1,012,000	1,012,000	
Committee on Appropriations *(Studies and Investigations)*	99-18	16,000		−$16,000
Members' clerk hire	99-18	4,136,000	2,636,000	−1,500,000
Standing committees, special and select	99-18	970,000		−970,000
Allowances and expenses	99-18	844,000	669,000	−175,000
Total, House of Representatives		8,245,000	5,584,000	−2,661,000
JOINT ITEMS				
Joint Economic Committee	99-18	75,000	75,000	
Joint Committee on Printing	99-18	23,000	8,000	−15,000
Capitol Guide Service	99-18	20,000	10,000	−10,000
Total, Joint Items		118,000	93,000	−25,000
CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	245,000	123,000	−122,000
ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL				
Office of the Architect of the Capitol: Salaries	99-18	119,000	75,000	−44,000
Capitol buildings	99-18	154,000	100,000	−54,000
Capitol grounds	99-18	53,000	100,000	+47,000
Senate office buildings	99-18	260,000		−260,000
House office buildings	99-18	340,000	123,000	−217,000
Capitol power plant	99-18	70,000	70,000	
Library buildings and grounds: Structural and mechanical care	99-18	90,000	90,000	
Total, Architect of the Capitol		1,086,000	558,000	−528,000
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	2,610,000	1,833,000	−777,000
Copyright Office: Salaries and expenses	99-18	399,000	199,000	−200,000
Congressional Research Service: Salaries and expenses	99-18	917,000	500,000	−417,000
Books for the blind and physically handicapped: Salaries and expenses	99-18	106,000		−106,000
Collection and distribution of library materials *(special foreign currency program)*	99-18	11,000		−11,000
Total, Library of Congress		4,043,000	2,532,000	−1,511,000

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE				
Office of Superintendent of Documents: Salaries and expenses	99-18	$109,000		−$109,000
GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	5,674,000		−5,674,000
BOTANIC GARDEN				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	36,000	$36,000	
OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	306,000	143,000	−163,000
Total, Legislative Branch		24,417,000	13,624,000	−10,793,000
THE JUDICIARY				
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	281,000		−281,000
Care of the building and grounds	99-18	20,000		−20,000
Total, Supreme Court of the United States		301,000		−301,000
UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FEDERAL CIRCUIT				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	87,000	87,000	
UNITED STATES COURT OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	98,000	98,000	
COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES				
Salaries of judges	99-18	1,910,000	1,910,000	
Salaries of supporting personnel	99-18	9,150,000	9,150,000	
Defender services	99-18	375,000	375,000	
Bankruptcy Courts: Salaries and expenses	99-18	2,540,000	2,540,000	
Total, Courts of Appeals, District Courts, and other Judicial Services		13,975,000	13,975,000	
ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	452,000	452,000	
FEDERAL JUDICIAL CENTER				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	90,000	90,000	
Total, The Judiciary		15,003,000	14,702,000	−301,000
EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT				
THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	204,000	204,000	

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Executive Residence at the White House				
Operating expenses	99-18	$57,000	$57,000	
Special Assistance to the President				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	13,000	13,000	
Council on Environmental Quality and Office of Environmental Quality				
Council on Environmental Quality and Office of Environmental Quality	99-18	5,000		−$5,000
Office of Administration				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	68,000	68,000	
Office of Management and Budget				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	352,000	352,000	
Office of Federal Procurement Policy: Salaries and expenses	99-18	15,000	15,000	
Total, Office of Management and Budget		367,000	367,000	
Office of Science and Technology Policy				
Office of Science and Technology Policy	99-18	20,000	20,000	
Total, Executive Office of the President		734,000	729,000	−5,000
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Office of the Secretary	99-18	129,000	65,000	−64,000
Departmental Administration	99-18	300,000	220,000	−80,000
Office of Governmental and Public Affairs	99-18	62,000	42,000	−20,000
Office of the Inspector General *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(431,000)*	*(431,000)*	
Office of the General Counsel	99-18	206,000		−206,000
(By transfer)			*(188,000)*	*(+188,000)*
Agricultural Research Service			4,084,000	+4,084,000
National Agricultural Library	99-18	64,000	64,000	
Statistical Reporting Service: Salaries and expenses	99-18	538,000	538,000	
Economic Research Service: Salaries and expenses	99-18	489,000	489,000	
Agricultural Cooperative Service			36,000	+36,000
World Agricultural Outlook Board	99-18	34,000	34,000	
Foreign Agricultural Service	99-18	274,000	274,000	
General Sales Manager *(transfer from Commodity Credit Corporation)*	99-18	*(54,000)*	*(54,000)*	
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation				
Administrative and operating expenses	99-18	502,000	502,000	
Office of Rural Development Policy				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	18,000		−18,000
Rural Electrification Administration				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	324,000	324,000	

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
FARMERS HOME ADMINISTRATION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	$8,046,000	$8,046,000	
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE				
Conservation operations			8,196,000	+$8,196,000
(By transfer)	99-18	*(8,365,000)*		*(−8,365,000)*
River basin surveys and investigations			252,000	+252,000
Watershed planning			172,000	+172,000
Watershed and flood prevention operations			1,543,000	+1,543,000
Resource conservation and development			320,000	+320,000
Great Plains conservation program			216,000	+216,000
Total, Soil Concervation Service			10,699,000	+10,699,000
ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE				
Salaries and expenses			2,266,000	+2,266,000
FEDERAL GRAIN INSPECTION SERVICE				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	58,000	58,000	
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE				
Marketing services	99-18	841,000	841,000	
(Increase in limitation on administrative expenses)	99-18	*(753,000)*	*(753,000)*	
Funds for strengthening markets, income, and supply *(section 32) (increase in limitation)*	99-18	*(150,000)*	*(150,000)*	
Office of Transportation	99-18	27,000	27,000	
Total, Agricultural Marketing Service		868,000	868,000	
FOOD SAFETY AND INSPECTION SERVICE				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	11,396,000	11,396,000	
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE				
Food program administration	99-18	1,000,000	1,000,000	
Human Nutrition Information Service	99-18	37,000	37,000	
Packers and Stockyards Administration	99-18	85,000	85,000	
Total, Food and Nutrition Service		1,122,000	1,122,000	
FOREST SERVICE				
Forest research			1,164,000	+1,164,000
State and private forestry			209,000	+209,000
National forest system			10,688,000	+10,688,000
Total, Forest Service			12,061,000	+12,061,000
Total, Department of Agriculture		24,430,000	53,188,000	+28,758,000
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE				
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION				
Operations, research, and facilities *(by transfer)*			*(4,860,000)*	*(+4,860,000)*

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY				
MILITARY PERSONNEL				
Military personnel, Army	99-18	$483,249,000	$417,249,000	−$66,000,000
(By transfer)			*(25,000,000)*	*(+25,000,000)*
Military personnel, Navy	99-18	359,633,000		−359,633,000
(By transfer)			*(339,633,000)*	*(+339,633,000)*
Military personnel, Marine Corps	99-18	116,840,000	106,840,000	−10,000,000
(By transfer)			*(10,000,000)*	*(+10,000,000)*
Military personnel, Air Force	99-18	417,679,000	254,825,000	−162,854,000
(By transfer)			*(112,854,000)*	*(+112,854,000)*
Reserve personnel, Navy	99-18	26,619,000	4,619,000	−22,000,000
(By transfer)			*(22,000,000)*	*(+22,000,000)*
Reserve personnel, Marine Corps	99-18	3,078,000	3,078,000	
Reserve personnel, Air Force	99-18	12,776,000	2,976,000	−9,800,000
National Guard personnel, Air Force	99-18	17,532,000	17,532,000	
Total, Military Personnel		1,437,406,000	807,119,000	−630,287,000
(By transfer)			*(509,487,000)*	*(+509,487,000)*
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE				
Operation and maintenance, Army	99-18	200,400,000	10,466,000	−189,934,000
(By transfer)			*(119,300,000)*	*(+119,300,000)*
Operation and maintenance, Navy	99-18	230,800,000	7,119,000	−223,681,000
(By transfer)			*(180,829,000)*	*(+180,829,000)*
Operation and maintenance, Marine Corps	99-18	10,600,000		−10,600,000
(By transfer)			*(8,488,000)*	*(+8,488,000)*
Operation and maintenance, Air Force	99-18	120,300,000		−120,300,000
(By transfer)			*(90,346,000)*	*(+90,346,000)*
Operation and maintenance, Defense Agencies	99-18	106,530,000	81,230,000	−25,300,000
(By transfer)			*(8,000,000)*	*(+8,000,000)*
Operation and maintenance, Army Reserve	99-18	8,300,000	7,336,000	−964,000
Operation and maintenance, Navy Reserve	99-18	1,600,000	1,400,000	−200,000
Operation and maintenance, Marine Corps Reserve	99-18	200,000	150,000	−50,000
Operation and maintenance, Air Force Reserve	99-18	8,800,000	7,300,000	−1,500,000
Operation and maintenance, Army National Guard	99-18	15,000,000	13,194,000	−1,806,000
Operation and maintenance, Air National Guard	99-18	18,500,000	15,091,000	−3,409,000
National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, Army	99-18	14,000	12,000	−2,000
Total, Operation and Maintenance		721,044,000	143,298,000	−577,746,000
(By transfer)			*(406,963,000)*	*(+406,963,000)*
FAMILY HOUSING				
Family housing, Army	99-18	3,439,000		−3,439,000
Family housing, Navy and Marine Corps	99-18	1,493,000		−1,493,000
Family housing, Air Force	99-18	1,454,000		−1,454,000
Total, Family Housing		6,386,000		−6,386,000
Total, Department of Defense—Military		2,164,836,000	950,417,000	−1,214,419,000
(By transfer)			*(916,450,000)*	*(+916,450,000)*

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL				
CEMETERIAL EXPENSES, ARMY				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	$53,000	$53,000	
CORPS OF ENGINEERS—CIVIL				
General investigations *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(2,200,000)*	*(2,200,000)*	
General expenses *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(3,000,000)*	*(3,000,000)*	
SOLDIERS' AND AIRMEN'S HOME				
Operation and maintenance	99-18	324,000	324,000	
Total, Department of Defense—Civil		377,000	377,000	
(By transfer)		*(5,200,000)*	*(5,200,000)*	
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY				
ENERGY PROGRAMS				
Energy Information Administration	99-18	495,000	495,000	
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission	99-18	1,627,000	1,627,000	
Total, Department of Energy		2,122,000	2,122,000	
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION				
Salaries and expenses			3,535,000	+$3,535,000
HEALTH SERVICES ADMINISTRATION				
Indian health services			7,000,000	+7,000,000
Total, Department of Health and Human Services			10,535,000	+10,535,000
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT				
MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION				
Salaries and expenses *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(2,712,000)*	*(2,712,000)*	
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR				
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT				
Management of lands and resources			2,000,000	+2,000,000
(By transfer)	99-18	*(2,000,000)*		*(−2,000,000)*
UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE				
Resource management			4,000,000	+4,000,000
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE				
Operation of the national park system			8,700,000	+8,700,000
(By transfer)	99-18	*(10,700,000)*		*(−10,700,000)*

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT				
Regulation and technology			$455,000	+$455,000
(By transfer)	99-18	*($455,000)*		*(−455,000)*
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY				
Surveys, investigations, and research			4,464,000	+4,464,000
BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS				
Operation of Indian programs			5,000,000	+5,000,000
(By transfer)	99-18	*(5,000,000)*		*(−5,000,000)*
DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES				
Office of the Solicitor			306,000	+306,000
(By transfer)	99-18	*(406,000)*		*(−406,000)*
Total, Department of the Interior			24,925,000	+24,925,000
(By transfer)		*(18,561,000)*		*(−18,561,000)*
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	1,068,000	1,068,000	
UNITED STATES PAROLE COMMISSION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	160,000	160,000	
LEGAL ACTIVITIES				
Salaries and expenses, General Legal Activities	99-18	3,308,000	3,308,000	
Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division	99-18	665,000	665,000	
Salaries and expenses, United States Attorneys and Marshals	99-18	6,151,000	6,175,000	+24,000
(By transfer)	99-18	*(1,636,000)*	*(1,636,000)*	
Salaries and expenses, Community Relations Service	99-18	135,000	135,000	
Total, Legal Activities		10,259,000	10,283,000	+24,000
INTERAGENCY LAW ENFORCEMENT				
Organized crime drug enforcement	99-18	43,000	43,000	
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	15,270,000	15,270,000	
DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	4,682,000	4,682,000	
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	9,561,000	9,561,000	

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Federal Prison System				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	$7,345,000	$7,345,000	
Federal Prison Industries, Incorporated: *(Limitation on administrative and vocational training expenses)*	99-18	*(104,000)*	*(104,000)*	
Total, Department of Justice		48,388,000	48,412,000	+$24,000
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR				
Labor-Management Services				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	526,000		−526,000
Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation				
Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation fund *(increase in limitation)*	99-18	*(244,000)*		*(−244,000)*
Employment Standards Administration				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	1,819,000		−1,819,000
(Limitation on trust fund transfer)	99-18	*(5,000)*		*(−5,000)*
Black lung disability trust fund	99-18	176,000	176,000	
Total, Employment Standards Administration		1,995,000	176,000	−1,819,000
Occupational Safety and Health Administration				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	1,176,000		−1,176,000
Mine Safety and Health Administration				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	1,435,000		−1,435,000
Bureau of Labor Statistics				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	932,000		−932,000
Departmental Management				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	1,070,000		−1,070,000
Office of the Inspector General	99-18	288,000		−288,000
Assistant Secretary for Veterans Employment and Training *(limitation on trust fund transfer)*	99-18	*(143,000)*		*(−143,000)*
Total, Departmental Management		1,358,000		−1,358,000
Total, Department of Labor		7,422,000	176,000	−7,246,000
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
Federal Highway Administration				
(Limitation on general operating expenses)	99-18	*(1,716,000)*		*(−1,716,000)*
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration				
Operations and research *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(367,000)*		*(−367,000)*

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION				
Office of the Administrator *(by transfer)*	99-18	*($212,000)*	....	*(−$212,000)*
Railroad safety *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(201,000)*	....	*(−201,000)*
URBAN MASS TRANSPORTATION ADMINISTRATION				
Administrative expenses *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(609,000)*	....	*(−609,000)*
FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION				
Operations *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(22,000,000)*	*($3,112,000)*	*(−18,888,000)*
Headquarters administration *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(386,000)*	....	*(−386,000)*
Operation and maintenance, Metropolitan Washington Airports *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(524,000)*	*(505,000)*	*(−19,000)*
COAST GUARD				
Operating expenses		....	15,000,000	+15,000,000
(By transfer)	99-18	*(18,000,000)*	*(3,275,000)*	*(−14,725,000)*
Reserve training *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(1,468,000)*	*(1,025,000)*	*(−443,000)*
MARITIME ADMINISTRATION				
Operations and training *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(552,000)*	*(552,000)*	....
SAINT LAWRENCE SEAWAY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION				
(Increase in limitation on administrative expenses)	99-18	*(20,000)*	....	*(−20,000)*
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL				
Salaries and expenses *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(323,000)*	....	*(−323,000)*
RESEARCH AND SPECIAL PROGRAMS ADMINISTRATION				
Research and special programs *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(306,000)*	*(300,000)*	*(−6,000)*
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY				
Salaries and expenses *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(875,000)*	*(65,000)*	*(−810,000)*
Total, Department of Transportation		....	15,000,000	+15,000,000
(By transfer)		*(45,823,000)*	*(8,834,000)*	*(−36,989,000)*
(Increase in limitation)		*(20,000)*	....	*(−20,000)*
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY				
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	657,000	657,000	....
OFFICE OF REVENUE SHARING				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	72,000	....	−72,000
FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING CENTER				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	102,000	102,000	....

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SERVICE				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	$1,229,000	$1,229,000	
BUREAU OF ALCOHOL, TOBACCO AND FIREARMS				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	1,339,000	1,339,000	
UNITED STATES CUSTOMS SERVICE				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	6,246,000	12,492,000	+$6,246,000
BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC DEBT				
Administering the public debt	99-18	849,000	849,000	
INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	1,500,000	1,821,000	+321,000
Processing tax returns	99-18	4,704,000	14,384,000	+9,680,000
Examinations and appeals	99-18	21,193,000	28,539,000	+7,346,000
Investigation, collection and taxpayer service	99-18	4,800,000	20,453,000	+15,653,000
Total, Internal Revenue Service		32,197,000	65,197,000	+33,000,000
UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	2,214,000	2,214,000	
Total, Department of the Treasury		44,905,000	84,079,000	+39,174,000
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	5,423,000	5,423,000	
GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION				
Federal Buildings Fund:				
(Limitation on availability of revenue):				
Construction and acquisition of facilities	99-18	*(−7,781,000)*		*(+7,781,000)*
Real property operations	99-18	*(5,682,000)*	*(−2,099,000)*	*(−7,781,000)*
Program direction	99-18	*(1,469,000)*	*(1,469,000)*	
Design and construction services	99-18	*(630,000)*	*(630,000)*	
Total, Federal Buildings Fund				
Operating expenses, personal property *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(2,200,000)*	*(2,200,000)*	
General management and administration: Salaries and expenses *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(2,200,000)*	*(2,200,000)*	
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION				
Research and program management	99-18	23,300,000	21,300,000	−2,000,000
OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	917,000	917,000	
Salaries and expenses *(increase in limitation)*	99-18	*(448,000)*	*(448,000)*	

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
VETERANS ADMINISTRATION				
Medical care	99-18	$72,524,000	$152,524,000	+$80,000,000
General operating expenses	99-18	7,932,000	3,500,000	−4,432,000
Construction, minor projects *(limitation on administrative expenses)*	99-18	*(371,000)*	*(371,000)*	
Total, Veterans Administration		80,456,000	156,024,000	+75,568,000
OTHER INDEPENDENT AGENCIES				
ACTION				
Operating expenses	99-18	233,000		−233,000
ADMINISTRATIVE CONFERENCE OF THE UNITED STATES				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	12,000	12,000	
COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	2,000	2,000	
COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	122,000	122,000	
COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION				
Commodity Futures Trading Commission	99-18	272,000	272,000	
EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	2,900,000	2,900,000	
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	1,830,000	1,830,000	
FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	116,000	116,000	
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY				
Salaries and expenses *(by transfer)*	99-18	*(2,472,000)*		*(−2,472,000)*
FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK BOARD				
(Limitation on non-administrative expenses, corporate funds)	99-52	*(720,000)*		*(−720,000)*
(Limitation on administrative expenses, corporate funds)	99-52 99-69	*(1,110,000)*	*(1,110,000)*	
FEDERAL LABOR RELATIONS AUTHORITY				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	167,000	167,000	
FEDERAL MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION SERVICE				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	234,000	234,000	

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
FEDERAL MINE SAFETY AND HEALTH REVIEW COMMISSION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	$36,000		−$36,000
FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	1,450,000	$1,450,000	
INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY STAFF				
Intelligence community staff	99-18	174,000	174,000	
INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES				
ADVISORY COMMISSION ON INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	17,000	17,000	
DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	2,000	2,000	
SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN COMMISSION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	2,000	2,000	
INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	549,000	300,000	−249,000
INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	1,000,000	1,000,000	
MERIT SYSTEMS PROTECTION BOARD				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	194,000	194,000	
Office of the Special Counsel	99-18	44,000	44,000	
Total, Merit Systems Protection Board		238,000	238,000	
NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	22,000	22,000	
NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION				
Program development and management *(limitation on administrative expenses)*	99-18	*(1,670,000)*	*(1,670,000)*	
United States Antarctic program activities	99-18	750,000	750,000	
NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	199,000	199,000	
PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	18,000	18,000	

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	$1,045,000	$1,045,000	
SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	1,906,000	1,906,000	
Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art	99-18	363,000	363,000	
Salaries and expenses, Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars	99-18	16,000	16,000	
Total, Smithsonian Institution		2,285,000	2,285,000	
Total, Other Independent Agencies		13,675,000	13,157,000	−$518,000
UNITED STATES HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL COUNCIL				
Holocaust Memorial Council	99-18	13,000	13,000	
UNITED STATES TAX COURT				
Salaries and expenses	99-18	350,000	350,000	
TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS				
Total:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority		2,456,768,000	1,415,470,000	−1,041,298,000
(Increase in limitations)		*(862,000)*	*(598,000)*	*(−264,000)*
(Limitation on administrative expenses)		*(6,444,000)*	*(4,008,000)*	*(−2,436,000)*
(Limitation of trust fund transfer)		*(148,000)*		*(−148,000)*
(By transfer)		*(89,654,000)*	*(944,765,000)*	*(+855,111,000)*

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

SUMMARY

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (-), appropriations compared with estimates
TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS				
Chapter I:				
Agriculture:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*		$3,436,072,000	$3,468,772,000	+$32,700,000
Appropriations		(387,282,000)	(421,766,000)	(+34,484,000)
Rescissions		*(-19,869,000)*	(-1,784,000)	(-1,784,000)
Authority to borrow		(3,048,790,000)	(3,048,790,000)	....
(By transfer)		....	*(700,000)*	*(+700,000)*
Chapter II:				
Commerce, Justice, State and the Judiciary:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*		423,704,000	534,416,000	+110,712,000
Appropriations		(444,404,000)	(604,438,000)	(+160,034,000)
Rescissions		*(-29,545,000)*	(-49,322,000)	(-49,322,000)
Appropriation for debt reduction		(-20,700,000)	(-20,700,000)	....
(By transfer)		*(35,978,000)*	*(23,064,000)*	*(-12,914,000)*
(Limitation on direct loans)		*(-6,000,000)*	....	*(+6,000,000)*
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)		*(-175,333,000)*	....	*(+175,333,000)*
(Deferral disapproval)		....	*(8,500,000)*	*(+8,500,000)*
Chapter III:				
Defense:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority		....	35,000,000	+35,000,000
Chapter IV:				
Energy and Water Development:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*		....	111,120,000	+111,120,000
Appropriations		....	(119,400,000)	(+119,400,000)
Rescissions		*(-34,391,000)*	(-8,280,000)	(-8,280,000)
Chapter V:				
Foreign Operations:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority		2,496,036,436	2,525,036,436	+29,000,000
(By transfer)		....	*(16,100,000)*	*(+16,100,000)*
(Limitation on callable capital subscriptions)		*(1,219,023,979)*	*(1,219,023,979)*	....
(Deferral disapproval)		....	*(2,287,000)*	*(+2,287,000)*
Chapter VI:				
Housing & Urban Development-Independent Agencies:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*		175,000,000	-295,006,000	-470,006,000
Appropriations		(175,000,000)	(260,220,000)	(+85,220,000)
Rescissions		*(-289,776,000)*	(-26,286,000)	(-26,286,000)
Rescission of contract authority, indefinite		*(-528,940,000)*	(-528,940,000)	(-528,940,000)
(By transfer)		*(5,771,000)*	*(5,105,000)*	*(-666,000)*
(Limitation on annual contract authority, indefinite)		*(-23,367,000)*	*(-23,367,000)*	....
Chapter VII:				
Interior and Related Agencies:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*		68,841,000	194,433,000	+125,592,000
Appropriations		(68,841,000)	(251,367,000)	(+182,526,000)
Rescissions		*(-59,926,000)*	(-26,934,000)	(-26,934,000)
Rescission of contract authority		*(-30,000,000)*	(-30,000,000)	(-30,000,000)
(By transfer)		*(29,966,000)*	*(4,900,000)*	*(-25,066,000)*
(Deferral disapproval)		....	*(642,659,000)*	*(+642,659,000)*
(Effect of new deferral)		....	*(-10,408,000)*	*(-10,408,000)*

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

SUMMARY—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Chapter VIII:				
Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority		$4,208,750,000	$4,714,838,000	+$506,088,000
(By transfer)		*(35,591,000)*		*(−35,591,000)*
(Limitation on administrative expenses)		*(−9,176,000)*		*(+9,176,000)*
(Limitation of trust fund transfer)		*(−41,048,000)*	*(20,000,000)*	*(+61,048,000)*
(Deferral disapproval)			*(62,323,000)*	*(+62,323,000)*
Chapter IX:				
Legislative Branch:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority		36,276,000	36,880,100	+604,100
Chapter X:				
Transportation:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*		21,619,000	42,414,000	+20,795,000
Appropriations		(86,123 000)	(128,100,000)	(+41,977,000)
Rescissions		*(−12,049,000)*	(−21,182,000)	(−21,182,000)
Appropriation for debt reduction		(−64,504,000)	(−64,504,000)	
(By transfer)		*(29,136,000)*	*(26,295,000)*	*(−2,841,000)*
(Change in limitation on administrative expenses)			*(−469,000)*	*(−469,000)*
(Limitation on working capital fund)			*(−1,000,000)*	*(−1,000,000)*
(Limitation on new loan guarantees)			*(6,500,000)*	*(+6,500,000)*
(Deferral disapproval)			*(30,000,000)*	*(+30,000,000)*
Chapter XI:				
Treasury, Postal Service & General Government:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*		76,947,000	222,299,000	+145,352,000
Appropriations		(76,947,000)	(270,527,000)	(+193,580,000)
Rescissions		*(−48,228,000)*	(−48,228,000)	(−48,228,000)
(Limitation on availability of revenue)		*(4,225.000)*	*(31,033,000)*	*(+26,808,000)*
Chapter XII:				
District of Columbia:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority		14,180,000	14,180,000	
District of Columbia funds *(net)*		*(83,448,000)*	*(79,872,000)*	*(−3,576,000)*
Operating Expenses		*(99,140,000)*	*(95,564,000)*	*(−3,576,000)*
Rescissions		*(−15,692,000)*	*(−15,692,000)*	
TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS				
Total:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*		10,957,425,436	11,604,382,536	+646,957,100
Appropriations		(7,993,839,436)	(9,381,752,536)	(+1,387,913,100)
Appropriations for debt reduction		(−85,204,000)	(−85,204,000)	
Authority to borrow		(3,048,790,000)	(3,048,790,000)	
Rescissions		*(−493,784,000)*	(−182,016,000)	(−182,016,000)
Rescission of contract authority		*(−558,940,000)*	(−558,940,000)	(−558,940,000)
(Deferral disapproval)			*(745,769,000)*	*(+745,769,000)*
(Effect of new deferral)			*(−10,408,000)*	*(−10,408,000)*
(Limitation of trust fund transfer)		*(−41,048,000)*	*(20,000,000)*	*(+61,048,000)*
(By transfer)		*(136,442,000)*	*(76,164,000)*	*(−60,278,000)*
(Limitation on callable capital subscriptions)		*(1,219,023,979)*	*(1,219,023,979)*	
(Limitation on availability of revenue)		*(4,225,000)*	*(31,033,000)*	*(+26,808,000)*
(Limitation on administrative expenses)		*(−9,176,000)*	*(−469,000)*	*(+8,707,000)*
(Limitation on new loan guarantees)			*(6,500,000)*	*(+6,500,000)*

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1985, PUBLIC LAW 99-88, APPROVED AUGUST 15, 1985—Continued

SUMMARY—Continued

Agency and item	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Supplemental estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Total—Continued:				
(Limitation on annual contract authority, indefinite)		*(−$23,367,000)*	*(−$23,367,000)*	
(Change in limitation on direct loans)		*(−6,000,000)*		*(+$6,000,000)*
(Change in limitation on guaranteed loans)		*(−175,333,000)*		*(+175,333,000)*
(Limitation on working capital fund)			*(−1,000,000)*	*(−1,000,000)*
(District of Columbia funds, net)		*(83,448,000)*	*(79,872,000)*	*(−3,576,000)*
TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS				
Total:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority		2,456,768,000	1,415,470,000	−1,041,298,000
(Increase in limitations)		*(862,000)*	*(598,000)*	*(−264,000)*
(Limitation on administrative expenses)		*(6,444,000)*	*(4,008,000)*	*(−2,436,000)*
(Limitation of trust fund transfer)		*(148,000)*		*(−148,000)*
(By transfer)		*(89,654,000)*	*(944,765,000)*	*(+855,111,000)*
GRAND TOTAL				
Total, titles I and II:				
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*		13,414,193,436	13,019,852,536	−394,340,900
Appropriations		(10,450,607,436)	(10,797,222,536)	(+346,615,100)
Appropriations for debt reduction		(−85,204,000)	(−85,204,000)	
Authority to borrow		(3,048,790,000)	(3,048,790,000)	
Rescissions		*(−493,784,000)*	(−182,016,000)	(−182,016,000)
Rescission of contract authority		*(−558,940,000)*	(−558,940,000)	(−558,940,000)
(Deferral disapproval)			*(745,769,000)*	*(+745,769,000)*
(Effect of new deferral)			*(−10,408,000)*	*(−10,408,000)*
(By transfer)		*(226,096,000)*	*(1,020,929,000)*	*(+794,833,000)*
(Increase in limitations)		*(862,000)*	*(598,000)*	*(−264,000)*
(Limitation on callable capital subscriptions)		*(1,219,023,979)*	*(1,219,023,979)*	
(Limitation on availability of revenue)		*(4,225,000)*	*(31,033,000)*	*(+26,808,000)*
(Limitation on administrative expenses)		*(−2,732,000)*	*(3,539,000)*	*(+6,271,000)*
(Limitation on new loan guarantees)			*(6,500,000)*	*(+6,500,000)*
(Limitation on annual contract authority, indefinite)		*(−23,367,000)*	*(−23,367,000)*	
(Limitation of trust fund transfer)		*(−40,900,000)*	*(20,000,000)*	*(+60,900,000)*
(Change in limitation on direct loans)		*(−6,000,000)*		*(+6,000,000)*
(Change in limitation on guaranteed loans)		*(−175,333,000)*		*(+175,333,000)*
(Limitation on working capital fund)			*(−1,000,000)*	*(−1,000,000)*
(District of Columbia funds, net)		*(83,448,000)*	*(79,872,000)*	*(−3,576,000)*

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3037)

[Note.—The Department of Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3037) was not approved by the Congress. The conference report (House Report No. 99-439) was filed in the House of Representatives on December 12, 1985, but did not advance in the legislative process. Programs normally funded in this bill have been provided for under Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986, which provides funding at the levels agreed to by the conferees in House Report No. 99-439. These levels are reflected in the following table (see p. 321, this volume, for Sec. 101(a) of Public law 99-190, and pp. 95-124 for text of H.R. 3037).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986 [1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986 [2]	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
TITLE I—AGRICULTURAL PROGRAMS			
Production, Processing and Marketing			
Office of the Secretary	$1,747,000	$1,750,000	+$3,000
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Administration	420,000	484,000	+64,000
Standard Level User Charges (USDA)	59,500,000	53,454,000	−6,046,000
Building Operations and Maintenance	17,800,000	17,800,000	
Advisory Committees (USDA)	1,385,000	1,323,000	−62,000
Departmental Administration	17,795,000	19,130,000	+1,335,000
Working Capital Fund	6,000,000	6,000,000	
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Governmental and Public Affairs	292,000	337,000	+45,000
Office of Governmental and Public Affairs:			
Public affairs	6,055,000	6,758,000	+703,000
Legislative liaison	513,000	495,000	−18,000
Intergovernmental affairs	470,000	467,000	−3,000
Total, Office of Governmental and Public Affairs	7,038,000	7,720,000	+682,000
Office of the Inspector General	27,764,000	30,756,000	+2,992,000
(Transfer from food stamp program)	*(14,710,000)*	*(15,924,000)*	*(+1,214,000)*
Total, Office of the Inspector General	*(42,474,000)*	*(46,680,000)*	*(+4,206,000)*
Office of the General Counsel	13,925,000	15,077,000	+1,152,000
(Transfer from food stamp program)	*(786,000)*	*(786,000)*	
Total, Office of the General Counsel	*(14,711,000)*	*(15,863,000)*	*(+1,152,000)*
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Economics	362,000	418,000	+56,000
Economic Research Service	46,305,000	46,305,000	
Statistical Reporting Service	59,505,000	59,079,000	−426,000
World Agricultural Outlook Board	1,680,000	1,680,000	
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Science and Education	321,000	371,000	+50,000
Agricultural Research Service	498,753,000	501,043,000	+2,290,000
Special fund	2,000,000	2,000,000	
Buildings and facilities		6,350,000	+6,350,000
Total, Agricultural Research Service	500,753,000	509,393,000	+8,640,000
Cooperative State Research Service	251,356,000	290,423,000	+39,067,000
Extension Service	265,137,000	305,956,000	+40,819,000
(Transfer from food stamp program)		*(38,627,000)*	*(+38,627,000)*
Total, Extension Service	*(265,137,000)*	*(344,583,000)*	*(+79,446,000)*
National Agricultural Library	11,340,000	11,340,000	
Total, Research and Extension	1,028,586,000	1,117,112,000	+88,526,000
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Marketing and Inspection Services	301,000	347,000	+46,000

See footnotes at end of table, pp. 1719-1720.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3037)—Continued

[NOTE.—The Department of Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3037) was not approved by the Congress. The conference report (House Report No. 99-439) was filed in the House of Representatives on December 12, 1985, but did not advance in the legislative process. Programs normally funded in this bill have been provided for under Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986, which provides funding at the levels agreed to by the conferees in House Report No. 99-439. These levels are reflected in the following table (see p. 321, this volume, for Sec. 101(a) of Public law 99-190, and pp. 95-124 for text of H.R. 3037).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986 [1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986 [2]	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service:			
Salaries and expenses	$248,807,000	$316,286,000	+$67,479,000
Buildings and facilities	2,361,000	4,262,000	+1,901,000
Total, Animal & Plant Health Inspection Service	251,168,000	320,548,000	+69,380,000
Food Safety and Inspection Service	[3] 370,000,000	[3] 370,000,000	
Amount available subject to budget request	*(5,735,000)*	*(5,735,000)*	
Federal Grain Inspection Service	7,045,000	7,045,000	
Inspection and Weighing Services *(limitation on administrative expenses, from fees collected)*	*(36,856,000)*	*(36,856,000)*	
Agricultural Cooperative Service	3,699,000	4,713,000	+1,014,000
Agricultural Marketing Service:			
Marketing Services	30,626,000	32,208,000	+1,582,000
(Limitation on administrative expenses, from fees collected)	*(27,253,000)*	*(27,253,000)*	
Funds for strengthening markets, income, and supply (Section 32) *(by transfer)*	*(6,193,000)*	*(6,193,000)*	
Payments to States and possessions		990,000	+990,000
Office of Transportation	2,163,000	2,466,000	+303,000
Total, Agricultural Marketing Service	32,789,000	35,664,000	+2,875,000
Packers and Stockyards Administration	9,201,000	9,201,000	
Total, Production, Processing and Marketing	1,964,628,000	2,126,314,000	+161,686,000
FARM INCOME STABILIZATION			
Office of the Under Secretary for International Affairs and Commodity Programs	444,000	502,000	+58,000
Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service:			
(Transfer from Commodity Credit Corporation)	*(343,199,000)*	*(400,821,000)*	*(+57,622,000)*
Dairy indemnity program		100,000	+100,000
Total, Farm Income Stabilization	444,000	602,000	+158,000
CORPORATIONS			
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation:			
Administrative and operating expenses	239,467,000	220,348,000	−19,119,000
Federal crop insurance corporation fund	135,000,000	135,000,000	
Total, Federal Crop Insurance Corporation	374,467,000	355,348,000	−19,119,000
Commodity Credit Corporation:			
Reimbursement for net realized losses *(authority to borrow)*	[4] 13,396,240,000	[4] 13,195,240,000	−201,000,000
Amount available subject to budget request	*(4,000,000,000)*	*(4,000,000,000)*	
eneral Sales Manager *(transfer from Commodity Credit Corporation)*	*(5,882,000)*	*(6,089,000)*	*(+207,000)*
Total, Farm Income Stabilization:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	13,771,151,000	13,551,190,000	−219,961,000
(By transfer)	*(349,081,000)*	*(406,910,000)*	*(+57,829,000)*

See footnotes at end of table, pp. 1719-1720.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3037)—Continued

[NOTE.—The Department of Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3037) was not approved by the Congress. The conference report (House Report No. 99-439) was filed in the House of Representatives on December 12, 1985, but did not advance in the legislative process. Programs normally funded in this bill have been provided for under Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986, which provides funding at the levels agreed to by the conferees in House Report No. 99-439. These levels are reflected in the following table (see p. 321, this volume, for Sec. 101(a) of Public law 99-190, and pp. 95-124 for text of H.R. 3037).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986 [1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986 [2]	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Total, title I, Agricultural Programs:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	$15,735,779,000	$15,677,504,000	−$58,275,000
Definite appropriations	(11,730,044,000)	(11,671,769,000)	(−58,275,000)
Subject to budget request	(4,005,735,000)	(4,005,735,000)	
(By transfer)	*(370,770,000)*	*(468,440,000)*	*(+97,670,000)*
(Limitation on obligations)	*(64,109,000)*	*(64,109,000)*	
TITLE II—RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS			
RURAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE			
Office of the Under Secretary for Small Community and Rural Development	360,000	790,000	+430,000
Office of Rural Development Policy:			
Salaries and expenses	2,246,000		−2,246,000
Farmers Home Administration:			
Rural Housing Insurance Fund:			
Direct loans		*(15,000,000)*	*(+15,000,000)*
Insured loans	*(30,000,000)*	*(2,112,000,000)*	*(+2,082,000,000)*
Collection and servicing contracts *(limitation on obligations)*	*(10,000,000)*	*(10,000,000)*	
Site loans		*(600,000)*	*(+600,000)*
Rent supplement authorization	*(50,000,000)*	*(167,513,000)*	*(+117,513,000)*
Reimbursement for interest and other losses	2,136,784,000	1,843,927,000	−292,857,000
Indefinite	142,786,000	142,786,000	
Total, Rural Housing Insurance Fund:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	2,279,570,000	1,986,713,000	−292,857,000
(Loan authorization)	*(80,000,000)*	*(2,295,113,000)*	*(+2,215,113,000)*
(Limitation on obligations)	*(10,000,000)*	*(10,000,000)*	
Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund:			
Real estate loans:			
Insured		*(426,000,000)*	*(+426,000,000)*
Guaranteed		*(256,000,000)*	*(+256,000,000)*
Total, real estate loans		*(682,000,000)*	*(+682,000,000)*
Soil conservation loans		[5] *(16,000,000)*	*(+16,000,000)*
Operating loans:			
Insured	*(400,000,000)*	*(2,700,000,000)*	*(+2,300,000,000)*
Guaranteed	*(3,000,000,000)*	*(1,700,000,000)*	*(−1,300,000,000)*
Total, operating loans	*(3,400,000,000)*	*(4,400,000,000)*	*(+1,000,000,000)*
Emergency disaster loans, *(indefinite)*	*(800,000,000)*	[6] *(800,000,000)*	
Reimbursement for interest and other losses	1,477,565,000	1,089,943,000	−387,622,000
Total, Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	1,477,565,000	1,089,943,000	−387,622,000
(Loan authorization)	*(3,400,000,000)*	*(5,082,000,000)*	*(+1,682,000,000)*
(Loan authorization, indefinite)	*(800,000,000)*	*(800,000,000)*	

See footnotes at end of table, pp. 1719–1720.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3037)—Continued

[NOTE.—The Department of Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3037) was not approved by the Congress. The conference report (House Report No. 99–439) was filed in the House of Representatives on December 12, 1985, but did not advance in the legislative process. Programs normally funded in this bill have been provided for under Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99–190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986, which provides funding at the levels agreed to by the conferees in House Report No. 99–439. These levels are reflected in the following table (see p. 321, this volume, for Sec. 101(a) of Public law 99–190, and pp. 95–124 for text of H.R. 3037).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986 [1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986 [2]	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Rural Development Insurance Fund:			
Water and sewer facility loans	*($50,000,000)*	*($340,000,000)*	*(+$290,000,000)*
Industrial development loans: Guaranteed		*(100,000,000)*	*(+100,000,000)*
Community facility loans		*(100,000,000)*	*(+100,000,000)*
Reimbursement for losses	612,098,000	560,005,000	−52,093,000
Total, Rural Development Insurance Fund:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	612,098,000	560,005,000	−52,093,000
(Loan authorization)	*(50,000,000)*	*(540,000,000)*	*(+490,000,000)*
Rural water and waste disposal grants	25,000,000	115,000,000	+90,000,000
Very low-income housing repair grants		12,500,000	+12,500,000
Rural housing for domestic farm labor		10,000,000	+10,000,000
Mutual and self-help housing		8,000,000	+8,000,000
Rural community fire protection grants		3,250,000	+3,250,000
Compensation for construction defects		750,000	+750,000
Rural housing preservation grants *(carryover)*		*(20,000,000)*	*(+20,000,000)*
Salaries and expenses	240,180,000	375,297,000	+135,117,000
(Transfer from loan accounts)	*(4,000,000)*	*(4,000,000)*	
Total, salaries and expenses	*(244,180,000)*	*(379,297,000)*	*(+135,117,000)*
Total, Farmers Home Administration	4,634,413,000	4,161,458,000	−472,955,000
Rural Electrification Administration:			
Rural electrification & telephone revolving fund:			
Direct loans:			
Insured loans:			
Electric	*(500,000,000)*	[7] *(650,000,000)*	*(+150,000,000)*
Telephone	*(75,000,000)*	[7] *(250,000,000)*	*(+175,000,000)*
Total, Insured loans	*(575,000,000)*	*(900,000,000)*	*(+325,000,000)*
Guaranteed loans:			
Electric	*(300,000,000)*	*(850,000,000)*	*(+550,000,000)*
Telephone		*(125,000,000)*	*(+125,000,000)*
Total, Guaranteed loans	*(300,000,000)*	[7] *(975,000,000)*	*(+675,000,000)*
Reimbursement for interest and other losses		[7] *(100,000,000)*	*(+100,000,000)*
Rural telephone bank		[7] *(30,000,000)*	*(+30,000,000)*
Direct loans *(limitation on obligations)*	*(185,000,000)*	[7] *(185,000,000)*	
Rural communication development fund	1,203,000	1,203,000	
Salaries and expenses	29,668,000	30,990,000	+1,322,000
Total, Rural Electrification Administration	30,871,000	32,193,000	+1,322,000
Total, Rural Development Assistance:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	4,667,890,000	4,194,441,000	−473,449,000
(By transfer)	*(4,000,000)*	*(4,000,000)*	
(Loan authorization)	*(3,530,000,000)*	*(7,917,113,000)*	*(+4,387,113,000)*
(Loan authorization, indefinite)	*(800,000,000)*	*(800,000,000)*	
(Limitation on obligations)	*(10,000,000)*	*(10,000,000)*	

See footnotes at end of table, pp. 1719–1720.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3037)—Continued

[NOTE.—The Department of Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3037) was not approved by the Congress. The conference report (House Report No. 99-439) was filed in the House of Representatives on December 12, 1985, but did not advance in the legislative process. Programs normally funded in this bill have been provided for under Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986, which provides funding at the levels agreed to by the conferees in House Report No. 99-439. These levels are reflected in the following table (see p. 321, this volume, for Sec. 101(a) of Public law 99-190, and pp. 95-124 for text of H.R. 3037).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986[2]	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
CONSERVATION			
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Natural Resources and Environment	$335,000	$386,000	+$51,000
Soil Conservation Service:			
Conservation operations	364,718,000	365,460,000	+742,000
River basin surveys and investigations	11,790,000	14,906,000	+3,116,000
Watershed planning	7,019,000	8,922,000	+1,903,000
Watershed and flood prevention operations	63,982,000	191,843,000	+127,861,000
(Loan authorization)		*(14,000,000)*	*(+14,000,000)*
Resource conservation and development	10,160,000	26,320,000	+16,160,000
(Loan authorization)		*(2,000,000)*	*(+2,000,000)*
Great Plains conservation program	7,529,000	21,531,000	+14,002,000
Total, Soil Conservation Service	465,198,000	628,982,000	+163,784,000
Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service:			
Agricultural conservation program		190,000,000	+190,000,000
Forestry incentives program		12,500,000	+12,500,000
Water bank program		8,800,000	+8,800,000
Total, Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service		211,300,000	+211,300,000
Total, Conservation:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	465,533,000	840,668,000	+375,135,000
(Loan authorization)		*(16,000,000)*	*(+16,000,000)*
Total, title II, Rural Development Programs:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	5,133,423,000	5,035,109,000	−98,314,000
Definite appropriations	(4,990,637,000)	(4,892,323,000)	(−98,314,000)
Indefinite appropriations	(142,786,000)	(142,786,000)	
(By transfer)	*(4,000,000)*	*(4,000,000)*	
(Loan authorization)	*(3,530,000,000)*	*(7,933,113,000)*	*(+4,403,113,000)*
(Loan authorization, indefinite)	*(800,000,000)*	*(800,000,000)*	
TITLE III—DOMESTIC FOOD PROGRAMS			
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Food and Consumer Services	303,000	350,000	+47,000
Food and Nutrition Service:			
Child nutrition programs	[8]842,548,000	[8]842,548,000	
Amount available subject to budget request	*(665,015,000)*	*(665,015,000)*	
(Transfer from sec. 32)	*(3,250,647,000)*	*(3,271,592,000)*	*(+20,945,000)*
Total, Child nutrition programs	*(4,093,195,000)*	*(4,114,140,000)*	*(+20,945,000)*
Special milk program	11,500,000	11,500,000	
Feeding program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC)	1,479,800,000	1,570,000,000	+90,200,000
Commodity supplemental food program	34,049,000	36,999,000	+2,950,000
Food stamp program	11,871,250,000	11,891,570,000	+20,320,000
Nutrition assistance for Puerto Rico	825,000,000	825,000,000	

See footnotes at end of table, pp. 1719-1720.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3037)—Continued

[NOTE.—The Department of Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3037) was not approved by the Congress. The conference report (House Report No. 99-439) was filed in the House of Representatives on December 12, 1985, but did not advance in the legislative process. Programs normally funded in this bill have been provided for under Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986, which provides funding at the levels agreed to by the conferees in House Report No. 99-439. These levels are reflected in the following table (see p. 321, this volume, for Sec. 101(a) of Public law 99-190, and pp. 95-124 for text of H.R. 3037).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986[2]	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Food and Nutrition Service—Continued:			
Food donations programs:			
Needy family program	$53,807,000	$56,773,000	+$2,966,000
Elderly feeding program	120,800,000	137,800,000	+17,000,000
Total, Food donations programs	174,607,000	194,573,000	+19,966,000
Temporary emergency food assistance program		50,000,000	+50,000,000
Food program administration	81,523,000	82,502,000	+979,000
Total, Food and Nutrition Service	15,320,277,000	15,504,692,000	+184,415,000
Human Nutrition Information Service	13,562,000	13,562,000	
Total, title III, Domestic Food Programs:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	15,334,142,000	15,518,604,000	+184,462,000
Definite appropriations	(14,669,127,000)	(14,853,589,000)	(+184,462,000)
Subject to budget request	(665,015,000)	(665,015,000)	
(By transfer)	*(3,250,647,000)*	*(3,271,592,000)*	*(+20,945,000)*
TITLE IV—INTERNATIONAL PROGRAMS			
Foreign Agricultural Service	83,516,000	83,547,000	+31,000
Public Law 480:			
Title I and III—Credit sales:			
Program level	*(1,030,000,000)*	*(1,030,000,000)*	
Appropriation	657,000,000	657,000,000	
Title II—Commodities for disposition abroad:			
Program level	*(650,000,000)*	*(650,000,000)*	
Appropriation	650,000,000	650,000,000	
Total, Public Law 480:			
Program level	*(1,680,000,000)*	*(1,680,000,000)*	
Appropriation	1,307,000,000	1,307,000,000	
Office of International Cooperation and Development	3,917,000	5,417,000	+1,500,000
Scientific activities overseas *(foreign currency program)*		3,000,000	+3,000,000
Total, title IV, International Programs, new budget *(obligational)* authority	1,394,433,000	1,398,964,000	+4,531,000
TITLE V—RELATED AGENCIES			
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Food and Drug Administration:			
Salaries and expenses	[9] 400,331,000	[9] 403,629,000	+3,298,000
Amount available subject to budget request	*(6,674,000)*	*(6,674,000)*	
Buildings and facilities	1,450,000	1,450,000	
Standard Level User Charges (FDA)	25,888,000	25,888,000	
Collections from user fees *(limitation on obligations)*	*(5,000,000)*		*(−5,000,000)*
Total, Food and Drug Administration	427,669,000	430,967,000	+3,298,000

See footnotes at end of table, pp. 1719-1720.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3037)—Continued

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Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986 [1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986 [2]	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
INDEPENDENT AGENCIES			
Commodity Futures Trading Commission	$27,981,000	$29,416,000	+$1,435,000
Farm Credit Administration *(limitation on administrative expenses)*	*(21,175,000)*	*(21,175,000)*	
Total, title V, Related Agencies:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	455,650,000	460,383,000	+4,733,000
Definite appropriations	(448,976,000)	(453,709,000)	(+4,733,000)
Subject to budget request	(6,674,000)	(6,674,000)	
(Limitation on obligations)	*(26,175,000)*	*(21,175,000)*	*(−5,000,000)*
Grand total, all titles:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	38,053,427,000	38,090,564,000	+37,137,000
Definite appropriations	(33,233,217,000)	(33,270,354,000)	(+37,137,000)
Indefinite appropriations	(142,786,000)	(142,786,000)	
Subject to budget request	(4,677,424,000)	(4,677,424,000)	
(By transfer)	*(3,625,417,000)*	*(3,744,032,000)*	*(+118,615,000)*
(Loan authorization)	*(3,530,000,000)*	*(7,933,113,000)*	*(+4,403,113,000)*
(Loan authorization, indefinite)	*(800,000,000)*	*(800,000,000)*	
(Limitation on obligations)	*(100,284,000)*	*(95,284,000)*	*(−5,000,000)*

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[1] Includes the following budget amendments:

H. Doc. 99-89:	
Department of Agriculture:	
Office of the Secretary	$226,000
Advisory Committees	62,000
Departmental Administration	1,019,000
Office of Governmental and Public Affairs	239,000
Office of the Inspector General	1,608,000
Office of the General Counsel	750,000
Economic Research Service	1,709,000
Statistical Reporting Service	2,326,000
World Agricultural Outlook Board	61,000
Agricultural Research Service	15,467,000
Cooperative State Research Service	195,000
Extension Service	329,000
National Agricultural Library	240,000
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service:	
Salaries and expenses	6,803,000
Food Safety and Inspection Service	16,466,000
Federal Grain Inspection Service	225,000
Agricultural Cooperative Service	134,000
Agricultural Marketing Service:	
Marketing Services	1,492,000
Office of Transportation	100,000
Packers and Stockyards Administration	327,000
Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service *(by transfer)*	*(8,022,000)*
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation:	
Administrative and operating expenses	233,000
Office of Rural Development Policy	73,000
Farmers Home Administration	12,240,000
Rural Electrification Administration:	
Salaries and expenses	1,276,000
Soil Conservation Service:	
Conservation operations	10,539,000
River basin surveys and investigations	216,000
Watershed planning	124,000
Watershed and flood prevention operations	$1,351,000
Resource conservation and development	160,000
Great Plains conservation program	127,000
Food and Nutrition Service:	
Food program administration	2,458,000
Human Nutrition Information Service	146,000
Foreign Agricultural Service	1,070,000
Office of International Cooperation and Development	127,000
Department of Health and Human Services:	
Food and Drug Administration	9,778,000
Other Independent Agencies:	
Commodity Futures Trading Commission	759,000
Total, H. Doc 99-89	90,455,000
H. Doc. 99-105:	
Department of Health and Human Services:	
Food and Drug Administration:	
Program expenses	2,145,000
H. Doc. 99-144 (99th Congress, 2d session):	
Department of Agriculture:	
Food and Nutrition Service:	
Child nutrition programs	601,599,000
H. Doc. 99-152 (99th Congress, 2d session):	
Department of Agriculture:	
Commodity Credit Corporation *(borrowing authority)*	4,000,000,000
H. Doc. 99-171 (99th Congress, 2d session):	
Department of Agriculture:	
Food Safety and Inspection Service	5,735,000
Total, budget amendments:	
New budget *(obligational)* authority	4,699,934,000
(By transfer)	*(8,022,000)*

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3037)—Continued

[2] All appropriations except "Child Nutrition Programs" and "Special Milk Program" were subsequently reduced by six-tenths of one percent, as authorized by Public Law 99-190 (see p. 321, this volume).

[3] Estimate and appropriation includes $5,735,000 available subject to submission of budget request, which was not submitted at the time this bill was approved. The official budget request was subsequently submitted during the 99th Congress, 2d session (H. Doc. 99-171).

[4] Estimate and appropriation includes $4,000,000,000 available subject to submission of budget request, which was not submitted at the time this bill was approved. The official budget request was subsequently submitted during the 99th Congress, 2d session (H. Doc. 99-152). Also includes $9,396,240,000 requested in the President's Budget for 1986 (H. Doc. 99-17) as borrowing authority under "Permanent Federal funds".

[5] Loan authorizations of $14,000,000 for "Watershed and Flood Prevention Operations" and $2,000,000 for "Resource Conservation and Development" are included under "Soil Conservation" (see p. 113, this volume).

[6] Public Law 99-198 provides for a ceiling of $1,300,000,000 for emergency loans.

[7] These amounts are excluded from the budget totals by Public Law 93-32.

[8] Estimate and appropriation includes $665,015,000 available subject to submission of budget request, which had not been submitted at the time this bill was approved. A request of $601,599,000 was subsequently submitted in the President's fiscal year 1987 budget (H. Doc. 99-144). The usual supplemental request was not received by Congress. At the time of printing of this document no request had been received for the difference between $601,599,000 and the total amount subject to an official budget request of $665,015,000. It is assumed that an official request for the difference ($63,416,000) will be received by Congress during fiscal year 1986.

[9] Estimate and appropriation includes $6,674,000 available subject to submission of budget request, which had not been submitted at the time this bill was approved. At the time of printing this document, no official request had been received. It is assumed that an official budget request will be received by Congress during fiscal year 1986.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-180, APPROVED DECEMBER 13, 1985

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE			
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION			
Salaries and expenses	$36,227,000	$32,300,000	−$3,927,000
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS			
Salaries and expenses	90,639,000	90,400,000	−239,000
Periodic censuses and programs	108,523,000	105,600,000	−2,923,000
Total, Bureau of the Census	199,162,000	196,000,000	−3,162,000
ECONOMIC AND STATISTICAL ANALYSIS			
Salaries and expenses	30,331,000	30,500,000	+169,000
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION			
Economic development assistance programs	....	175,000,000	+175,000,000
(Limitation on loan guarantees)	....	*(150,000,000)*	*(+150,000,000)*
Salaries and expenses	15,467,000	26,000,000	+10,533,000
Total, Economic Development Administration	15,467,000	201,000,000	+185,533,000
INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION			
Operations and administration	175,824,000	192,000,000	+16,176,000
(Limitation on direct loans)	....	*(8,100,000)*	*(+8,100,000)*
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	....	*(6,000,000)*	*(+6,000,000)*
MINORITY BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT AGENCY			
Minority business development	45,163,000	45,000,000	−163,000
UNITED STATES TRAVEL AND TOURISM ADMINISTRATION			
Salaries and expenses	4,011,000	12,000,000	+7,989,000
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION			
Operations, research, and facilities	964,905,000	1,130,699,000	+165,794,000
Aviation weather services program *(Airport and Airways Trust Fund)*	28,000,000	28,000,000	....
(By transfer from Promote and Develop Fund)	*(40,000,000)*	*(35,700,000)*	*(−4,300,000)*
(By transfer from Coastal Energy Impact Fund)	*(8,000,000)*	*(8,000,000)*	....
Commercial fisheries failures and disruptions	....	3,000,000	+3,000,000
Total, Operations, research and facilities	992,905,000	1,161,699,000	+168,794,000
Fishermen's contingency fund	750,000	750,000	....
Foreign fishing observer fund	4,500,000	4,500,000	....
Fishermen's guaranty fund	1,800,000	3,000,000	+1,200,000
Total, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration	999,955,000	1,169,949,000	+169,994,000
PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE			
Salaries and expenses	89,484,000	84,700,000	−4,784,000
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS			
Scientific and technical research and services	122,415,000	123,985,000	+1,570,000

See footnotes at end of table, pp. 1726-1727.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-180, APPROVED DECEMBER 13, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986 [1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
NATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION			
Salaries and expenses	$13,527,000	$13,400,000	−$127,000
Public telecommunications facilities, planning and construction		24,000,000	+24,000,000
Total, National Telecommunications and Information Administration	13,527,000	37,400,000	+23,873,000
Total, title I, Department of Commerce:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	1,731,566,000	2,124,834,000	+393,268,000
(By transfer)	*(48,000,000)*	*(43,700,000)*	*(−4,300,000)*
(Limitation on direct loans)		*(8,100,000)*	*(+8,100,000)*
(Limitation on loan guarantee authority)		*(156,000,000)*	*(+156,000,000)*
TITLE II—DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION			
Salaries and expenses	72,364,000	70,800,000	−1,564,000
UNITED STATES PAROLE COMMISSION			
Salaries and expenses	9,609,000	9,800,000	+191,000
LEGAL ACTIVITIES			
Salaries and expenses, general legal activities	207,283,000	205,000,000	−2,283,000
Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division	44,782,000	44,500,000	−282,000
Salaries and expenses, Foreign Claims Settlement Commission	900,000	700,000	−200,000
Salaries and expenses, United States attorneys and trustees [2]	489,203,000	332,000,000	−157,203,000
U.S. Marshals Service [2]	(147,610,000)	150,000,000	+150,000,000
Support of United States prisoners	58,240,000	57,000,000	−1,240,000
Fees and expenses of witnesses	48,300,000	47,400,000	−900,000
Salaries and expenses, Community Relations Service	33,378,000	29,900,000	−3,478,000
Assets forfeiture fund	20,000,000	10,000,000	−10,000,000
Total, legal activities	902,086,000	876,500,000	−25,586,000
INTERAGENCY LAW ENFORCEMENT			
Organized crime drug enforcement	1,000,000	1,000,000	
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION			
Salaries and expenses	1,207,182,000	1,209,000,000	+1,818,000
DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION			
Salaries and expenses	351,349,000	380,000,000	+28,651,000
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE			
Salaries and expenses	591,540,000	593,800,000	+2,260,000
FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM			
Salaries and expenses	555,980,000	556,900,000	+920,000
National Institute of Corrections	13,166,000	11,000,000	−2,166,000
Buildings and facilities	46,137,000	46,063,000	−74,000
Federal Prison Industries, Incorporated *(Limitation on administrative and vocational training expenses)*	*(8,990,000)*	*(9,120,000)*	*(+130,000)*
Total, Federal prison system	615,283,000	613,963,000	−1,320,000

See footnotes at end of table, pp. 1726–1727.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-180, APPROVED DECEMBER 13, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986 [1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS			
Justice Assistance	$140,015,000	$203,982,000	+$63,967,000
Total, title II, Department of Justice:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	3,890,428,000	3,958,845,000	+68,417,000
(Limitation on expenses)	*(8,990,000)*	*(9,120,000)*	*(+130,000)*
TITLE III—DEPARTMENT OF STATE			
ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS			
Salaries and expenses	1,488,861,000	1,455,000,000	−33,861,000
Reopening consulates		1,700,000	+1,700,000
Representation allowances	4,700,000	4,700,000	
Protection of foreign missions and officials	9,900,000	9,500,000	−400,000
Acquisition, and maintenance of buildings abroad	337,392,000	337,000,000	−392,000
Acquisition, operation, and maintenance of buildings abroad *(special foreign currency program)*	2,707,000		−2,707,000
Emergencies in the diplomatic and consular service	4,400,000	4,400,000	
Payment to the American Institute in Taiwan	10,000,000	9,800,000	−200,000
Payment to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund	118,174,000	118,174,000	
Total, administration of foreign affairs	1,976,134,000	1,940,274,000	−35,860,000
INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND CONFERENCES			
Contributions to international organizations	495,235,000	463,000,000	−32,235,000
Contributions for international peacekeeping activities	51,000,000	29,400,000	−21,600,000
International conferences and contingencies	7,339,000	6,000,000	−1,339,000
Total, international organizations and conferences	553,574,000	498,400,000	−55,174,000
INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS			
International Boundary and Water Commission, United States and Mexico:			
Salaries and expenses	10,416,000	11,300,000	+884,000
Construction	2,557,000	2,257,000	−300,000
American sections, international commissions	3,755,000	3,755,000	
International fisheries commissions	11,505,000	11,300,000	−205,000
Total, international commissions	28,233,000	28,612,000	+379,000
OTHER			
United States Bilateral Science and Technology Agreements	2,000,000	2,000,000	
Payment to the Asia Foundation	9,785,000	10,000,000	+215,000
Soviet-East European research and training	5,000,000	4,800,000	−200,000
Total, Other	16,785,000	16,800,000	+15,000
Total, title III, Department of State, new budget *(obligational)* authority	2,574,726,000	2,484,086,000	−90,640,000
TITLE IV—THE JUDICIARY			
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES			
Salaries and expenses	15,176,000	15,000,000	−176,000
Care of the building and grounds	2,426,000	2,275,000	−151,000
Total, Supreme Court of the United States	17,602,000	17,275,000	−327,000

See footnotes at end of table, pp. 1726–1727.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-180, APPROVED DECEMBER 13, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986 [1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FEDERAL CIRCUIT			
Salaries and expenses	$5,720,000	$5,500,000	−$220,000
UNITED STATES COURT OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE			
Salaries and expenses	6,538,000	6,400,000	−138,000
COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES			
Salaries of judges	104,826,000	103,000,000	−1,826,000
Salaries of supporting personnel	509,010,000	474,900,000	−34,110,000
Defender services	68,955,000	61,800,000	−7,155,000
Fees of jurors and commissioners	46,200,000	43,400,000	−2,800,000
Expenses of operation and maintenance of the courts	144,926,000	135,000,000	−9,926,000
Space and facilities	155,018,000	147,000,000	−8,018,000
Court security	38,116,000	32,750,000	−5,366,000
Total, courts of appeals, district courts, and other judicial services	1,067,051,000	997,850,000	−69,201,000
ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS			
Salaries and expenses	32,217,000	29,200,000	−3,017,000
FEDERAL JUDICIAL CENTER			
Salaries and expenses	9,923,000	9,600,000	−323,000
Total, title IV, the Judiciary, new budget *(obligational)* authority	1,139,051,000	1,065,825,000	−73,226,000
TITLE V—RELATED AGENCIES			
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
MARITIME ADMINISTRATION			
Operating-differential subsidies *(liquidation of contract authority)*	*(299,500,000)*	*(299,500,000)*	
Research and development	9,900,000	9,900,000	
Operations and training	60,467,000	69,700,000	+9,233,000
Federal ship financing fund *(limitation on guaranteed loans)*	*(900,000,000)*		*(−900,000,000)*
Total, Maritime Administration	70,367,000	79,600,000	+9,233,000
ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT AGENCY			
Arms control and disarmament activities	26,243,000	25,850,000	−393,000
BOARD FOR INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING			
Grants and expenses	142,149,000	102,700,000	−39,449,000
CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS QUINCENTENARY JUBILEE COMMISSION			
Salaries and expenses	220,000		−220,000
COMMISSION ON THE BICENTENNIAL OF THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION			
Salaries and expenses	775,000	775,000	
COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS			
Salaries and expenses	12,386,000	12,300,000	−86,000

See footnotes at end of table, pp. 1726–1727.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-180, APPROVED DECEMBER 13, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
COMMISSION ON SECURITY AND COOPERATION IN EUROPE			
Salaries and expenses	$550,000	$550,000	
COMMISSION ON THE UKRAINE FAMINE			
Salaries and expenses		400,000	+$400,000
EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION			
Salaries and expenses	163,094,000	165,000,000	+1,906,000
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION			
Salaries and expenses	94,904,000	94,400,000	−504,000
FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION			
Salaries and expenses	11,940,000	11,870,000	−70,000
FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION			
Salaries and expenses	65,626,000	65,500,000	−126,000
INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION			
Salaries and expenses	28,901,000	28,600,000	−301,000
JAPAN—UNITED STATES FRIENDSHIP COMMISSION			
Japan—United States Friendship Trust Fund	1,550,000	775,000	−775,000
(Foreign currency appropriation)		*(1,200,000)*	*(+1,200,000)*
LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION			
Payment to the Legal Services Corporation	305,000,000	305,500,000	+500,000
MARINE MAMMAL COMMISSION			
Salaries and expenses	800,000	900,000	+100,000
OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE			
Salaries and expenses	11,510,000	13,158,000	+1,648,000
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION			
Salaries and expenses	110,974,000	111,100,000	+126,000
SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION			
Salaries and expenses	227,200,000	208,800,000	−18,400,000
(By transfer)		*(80,000,000)*	*(+80,000,000)*
White House Conference on Small Business	2,700,000	2,700,000	
Business loan and investment fund	61,000,000	167,000,000	+106,000,000
Surety bond guarantees revolving fund	10,000,000	7,000,000	−3,000,000
Total, Small Business Administration	300,900,000	385,500,000	+84,600,000
STATE JUSTICE INSTITUTE			
Salaries and expenses	8,883,000	8,000,000	−883,000
UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY			
Salaries and expenses	593,457,000	571,000,000	−22,457,000
Educational and cultural exchange programs	159,136,000	138,000,000	−21,136,000
Acquisition and construction of radio facilities	167,947,000	114,000,000	−53,947,000
Radio broadcasting to Cuba	11,432,000	10,700,000	−732,000

See footnotes at end of table, pp. 1726–1727.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-180, APPROVED DECEMBER 13, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Center for Cultural and Technical Interchange Between East and West	$19,490,000	$20,750,000	+$1,260,000
National endowment for democracy	31,300,000	18,000,000	−13,300,000
Total, United States Information Agency	982,762,000	872,450,000	−110,312,000
UNITED STATES SENTENCING COMMISSION			
Salaries and expenses		1,100,000	+1,100,000
Total, title V, Related Agencies:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	2,339,534,000	2,286,028,000	−53,506,000
(By transfer)		*(80,000,000)*	*(+80,000,000)*
(Appropriation to liquidate contract authority)	*(299,500,000)*	*(299,500,000)*	
(Foreign currency appropriation)		*(1,200,000)*	*(+1,200,000)*
RECAPITULATION			
Grand total, all titles:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	11,675,305,000	11,919,618,000	+244,313,000
(Limitation on expenses)	*(8,990,000)*	*(9,120,000)*	*(+130,000)*
(By transfer)	*(48,000,000)*	*(123,700,000)*	*(+75,700,000)*
(Limitation on direct loans)		*(8,100,000)*	*(+8,100,000)*
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	*(900,000,000)*	*(156,000,000)*	*(−744,000,000)*
Memoranda:			
(Appropriations to liquidate contract authorizations)	*(299,500,000)*	*(299,500,000)*	
Total appropriations, including appropriations to liquidate contract authorizations	*(11,974,805,000)*	*(12,219,118,000)*	*(+244,313,000)*

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[1] Includes the following budget amendments:

H. Doc. 99-52:	
Other Independent Agencies:	
Arms Control and Disarmament Agency:	
Arms control and disarmament activities	$6,146,000
Commission on the Bicentennial of the United States Constitution, salaries and expenses	775,000
Federal Trade Commission *(General Provisions)*	*(Language)*
Total, H. Doc. 99-52	6,921,000
H. Doc. 99-69:	
The Judiciary:	
Supreme Court of the United States:	
Care of the buildings and grounds	320,000
H. Doc. 99-72:	
Department of Commerce:	
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration:	
Operations, research, and facilities	50,000,000
Department of State:	
International Commissions:	
International fisheries commissions	1,605,000
Other:	
U.S. bilateral science and technology agreements	−2,000,000
Total, H. Doc. 99-72 *(net)*	49,605,000
H. Doc. 99-84:	
Department of Justice:	
General Administration:	
Salaries and expenses	$3,600,000
Legal Activities:	
Salaries and expenses, General Legal Activities	−400,000
Fees and expenses of witnesses	400,000
Interagency Law Enforcement:	
Organized crime drug enforcement	1,000,000
Total, H. Doc. 99-84 *(net)*	4,600,000
H. Doc. 99-89:	
Department of Commerce:	
General Administration:	
Salaries and expenses	918,000
Grants and loans administration	945,000
Bureau of the Census:	
Salaries and expenses	2,677,000
Periodic censuses and programs	2,721,000
Economic and Statistical Analysis:	
Salaries and expenses	812,000
International Trade Administration:	
Operations and administration	3,852,000
Minority Business Development Agency:	
Minority business development	361,000
United States Travel and Tourism Administration:	
Salaries and expenses	11,000
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration:	
Operations, research, and facilities	14,516,000

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-180, APPROVED DECEMBER 13, 1985—Continued

Patent and Trademark Office:	
Salaries and expenses	$4,745,000
National Bureau of Standards:	
Scientific and technical research and services	2,414,000
National Telecommunications and Information Administration:	
Salaries and expenses	341,000
Department of Justice:	
General Administration:	
Salaries and expenses	1,584,000
United States Parole Commission:	
Salaries and expenses	194,000
Legal Activities:	
Salaries and expenses, Foreign Claims Settlement Commission	21,000
Salaries and expenses, General Legal Activities	4,299,000
Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division	846,000
Salaries and Expenses, United States Attorneys and Marshals	10,695,000
Salaries and expenses, Community Relations Service	161,000
Federal Bureau of Investigation:	
Salaries and expenses	21,518,000
Drug Enforcement Administration:	
Salaries and expenses	5,678,000
Immigration and Naturalization Service:	
Salaries and expenses	14,030,000
Federal Prison System:	
Salaries and expenses	9,096,000
National Institute of Corrections	46,000
Buildings and facilities	74,000
Office of Justice Programs:	
Justice assistance	715,000
Department of State:	
Administration of Foreign Affairs:	
Salaries and expenses	13,758,000
International Commissions:	
Salaries and expenses	350,000
Related Agencies:	
Department of Transportation:	
Maritime Administration:	
Operations and training	1,155,000
Arms Control and Disarmament Agency:	
Arms control and disarmament activities	629,000
Board for International Broadcasting:	
Grants and expenses	24,000
Commission on Civil Rights:	
Salaries and expenses	325,000
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission:	
Salaries and expenses	4,269,000
Federal Communications Commission:	
Salaries and expenses	2,619,000
Federal Maritime Commission:	
Salaries and expenses	334,000
Federal Trade Commission:	
Salaries and expenses	1,692,000
Japan-United States Friendship Commission:	
Japan-United States friendship trust fund	$5,000
Marine Mammal Commission:	
Salaries and expenses	19,000
Office of the United States Trade Representative:	
Salaries and expenses	79,000
Securities and Exchange Commission:	
Salaries and expenses	2,857,000
Small Business Administration:	
Salaries and expenses	3,200,000
United States Information Agency:	
Salaries and expenses	8,403,000
Radio broadcasting to Cuba	230,000
Center for Cultural and Technical Interchange Between East and West	490,000
Total, H. Doc. 99-89	143,708,000
H. Doc. 99-105:	
Department of Justice:	
General Administration:	
Salaries and expenses	3,937,000
Legal Activities:	
Salaries and expenses, General Legal Activities	3,107,000
Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division	460,000
Salaries and expenses, United States Attorneys and Trustees	451,000
Related Agency:	
Small Business Administration:	
White House Conference on Small Business	1,700,000
Total, H. Doc. 99-105	9,655,000
H. Doc. 99-109:	
Related Agency:	
Small Business Administration:	
Business loan and investment fund	−284,000,000
Surety bond guarantees revolving fund	2,000,000
Total, H. Doc. 99-109 *(net)*	−282,000,000
H. Doc. 99-121:	
Department of Commerce:	
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration:	
Operatons, research, and facilities	16,035,000
S. Doc. 99-6:	
The Judiciary:	
Supreme Court of the United States:	
Salaries and expenses	*(Language)*
Total, budget amendments *(net)*	−51,156,000

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[2] U.S. Attorneys and Trustees account and U.S. Marshals Service account previously combined in U.S. Attorneys and Marshals account.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986, (H.R. 3629)

[NOTE.—The Department of Defense Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3629), was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives on October 24, 1985, and was passed by the House on October 30, 1985. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate on November 6, 1985, but no further action was taken by the Senate. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriation bill is provided under Sec. 101(b) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. The following table reflects the funding levels provided under section 101(b) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs and activities normally included in H.R. 3629 (see pp. 321-357, this volume, for Sec. 101(b) of Public Law 99-190).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
TITLE I			
MILITARY PERSONNEL			
Military Personnel, Army	$22,712,000,000	$21,078,169,000	−$1,633,831,000
Military Personnel, Navy	17,221,400,000	15,917,144,000	−1,304,256,000
Military Personnel, Marine Corps	5,217,400,000	4,870,016,000	−347,384,000
Military Personnel, Air Force	19,187,900,000	17,744,770,000	−1,443,130,000
Reserve Personnel, Army	2,394,400,000	2,178,564,000	−215,836,000
Reserve Personnel, Navy	1,353,600,000	1,267,734,000	−85,866,000
Reserve Personnel, Marine Corps	290,000,000	272,250,000	−17,750,000
Reserve Personnel, Air Force	622,500,000	584,430,000	−38,070,000
National Guard Personnel, Army	3,430,800,000	3,066,568,000	−364,232,000
National Guard Personnel, Air Force	995,100,000	926,716,000	−68,384,000
Total, title I, Military Personnel, new budget *(obligational)* authority	73,425,100,000	67,906,361,000	−5,518,739,000
TITLE II			
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE			
Operation and Maintenance, Army	20,190,630,000	18,975,507,000	−1,215,123,000
Operation and Maintenance, Navy	25,797,700,000	24,477,071,000	−1,320,629,000
Operation and Maintenance, Marine Corps	1,667,400,000	1,612,050,000	−55,350,000
Operation and Maintenance, Air Force	20,924,400,000	19,536,813,000	−1,387,587,000
Operation and Maintenance, Defense Agencies	7,568,900,000	7,432,569,000	−136,331,000
Operation and Maintenance, Army Reserve	779,600,000	780,100,000	+500,000
Operation and Maintenance, Navy Reserve	954,500,000	894,950,000	−59,550,000
Operation and Maintenance, Marine Corps Reserve	61,600,000	57,200,000	−4,400,000
Operation and Maintenance, Air Force Reserve	907,700,000	902,700,000	−5,000,000
Operation and Maintenance, Army National Guard	1,605,200,000	1,652,800,000	+47,600,000
Operation and Maintenance, Air National Guard	1,830,100,000	1,806,200,000	−23,900,000
National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, Army	920,000	920,000	....
Claims, Defense	158,300,000	143,300,000	−15,000,000
Court of Military Appeals, Defense	3,200,000	3,200,000	....
Tenth International Pan American Games	....	10,000,000	+10,000,000
Environmental Restoration, Defense	....	379,100,000	+379,100,000
Total, title II, Operation and Maintenance, new budget *(obligational)* authority	82,450,150,000	78,664,480,000	−3,785,670,000
TITLE III			
PROCUREMENT			
Aircraft Procurement, Army	3,892,500,000	3,524,200,000	−368,300,000
Missile Procurement, Army	3,386,700,000	2,904,332,000	−482,368,000
Procurement of Weapons and Tracked Combat Vehicles, Army	5,739,100,000	4,684,800,000	−1,054,300,000
Procurement of Ammunition, Army	2,635,000,000	2,497,200,000	−137,800,000
Other Procurement, Army	5,712,800,000	5,275,556,000	−437,244,000
Aircraft Procurement, Navy	12,062,600,000	11,175,678,000	−886,922,000
Weapons Procurement, Navy	5,627,900,000	5,227,795,000	−400,105,000
Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy	11,411,600,000	10,840,400,000	−571,200,000
Other Procurement, Navy	6,601,200,000	6,377,630,000	−223,570,000
Coastal Defense Augmentation	....	235,000,000	+235,000,000
Procurement, Marine Corps	1,726,800,000	1,660,766,000	−66,034,000
Aircraft Procurement, Air Force	26,165,500,000	23,255,424,000	−2,910,076,000

See footnote at end of table, p. 1730.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986, (H.R. 3629)—Continued

[NOTE.—The Department of Defense Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3629), was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives on October 24, 1985, and was passed by the House on October 30, 1985. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate on November 6, 1985, but no further action was taken by the Senate. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriation bill is provided under Sec. 101(b) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. The following table reflects the funding levels provided under section 101(b) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs and activities normally included in H.R. 3629 (see pp. 321-357, this volume, for Sec. 101(b) of Public Law 99-190).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Missile Procurement, Air Force	$10,862,700,000	$8,312,442,000	−$2,550,258,000
Other Procurement, Air Force	9,538,000,000	8,571,383,000	−966,617,000
National Guard and Reserve Equipment		1,501,800,000	+1,501,800,000
Procurement, Defense Agencies	1,391,900,000	1,302,740,000	−89,160,000
Defense Production Act Purchases	59,000,000	31,000,000	−28,000,000
NATO Cooperative Defense Programs		15,000,000	+15,000,000
Total, title III, Procurement, new budget *(obligational)* authority	106,813,300,000	97,393,146,000	−9,420,154,000
TITLE IV			
RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION			
Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, Army	5,279,900,000	4,798,172,000	−481,728,000
Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, Navy	11,264,300,000	10,065,239,000	−1,199,061,000
Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, Air Force	15,578,500,000	13,718,208,000	−1,860,292,000
Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, Defense Agencies	7,053,900,000	6,637,386,000	−416,514,000
Director of Test and Evaluation, Defense	103,500,000	118,500,000	+15,000,000
Total, title IV, Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, new budget *(obligational)* authority	39,280,100,000	35,337,505,000	−3,942,595,000
TITLE V			
SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM			
Special foreign currency program	2,100,000	2,100,000	
TITLE VI			
REVOLVING AND MANAGEMENT FUNDS			
Army Stock Fund	442,000,000	393,000,000	−49,000,000
Navy Stock Fund	716,500,000	638,500,000	−78,000,000
Marine Corps Stock Fund	42,700,000	37,700,000	−5,000,000
Air Force Stock Fund	464,900,000	415,900,000	−49,000,000
Defense Stock Fund	193,500,000	149,700,000	−43,800,000
ADP Management fund		100,000,000	+100,000,000
Total, title VI, Revolving and Management Funds, new budget *(obligational)* authority	1,859,600,000	1,734,800,000	−124,800,000
TITLE VII			
RELATED AGENCIES			
Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System Fund	101,400,000	101,400,000	
Intelligence Community Staff	22,283,000	22,083,000	−200,000
Total, title VII, Related Agencies, new budget *(obligational)* authority	123,683,000	123,483,000	−200,000
TITLE VIII			
GENERAL PROVISIONS			
(Additional transfer authority, sec. 8020)	*(1,200,000,000)*	*(950,000,000)*	*(−250,000,000)*
(Unobligated balance setaside, sec. 8103)		*(6,306,906,000)*	*(+6,306,906,000)*

See footnote at end of table, p. 1730.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986, (H.R. 3629)—Continued

[Note.—The Department of Defense Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3629), was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives on October 24, 1985, and was passed by the House on October 30, 1985. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate on November 6, 1985, but no further action was taken by the Senate. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriation bill is provided under Sec. 101(b) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. The following table reflects the funding levels provided under section 101(b) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs and activities normally included in H.R. 3629 (see pp. 321-357, this volume, for Sec. 101(b) of Public Law 99-190).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986 [1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
RECAPITULATION			
Title I—Military Personnel	$73,425,100,000	$67,906,361,000	−$5,518,739,000
Title II—Operation and Maintenance	82,450,150,000	78,664,480,000	−3,785,670,000
Title III—Procurement	106,813,300,000	97,393,146,000	−9,420,154,000
Title IV—Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation	39,280,100,000	35,337,505,000	−3,942,595,000
Title V—Special foreign currency program	2,100,000	2,100,000	
Title VI—Revolving and management funds	1,859,600,000	1,734,800,000	−124,800,000
Title VII—Related agencies	123,683,000	123,483,000	−200,000
Title VIII—General provisions *(additional transfer authority, sec. 8020 and 8103)*	*(1,200,000,000)*	*(7,256,906,000)*	*(+6,056,906,000)*
Total, Department of Defense:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	303,954,033,000	281,161,875,000	−22,792,158,000
(Transfer authority)	*(1,200,000,000)*	*(7,256,906,000)*	*(+6,056,906,000)*
Distribution by organizational component:			
Army	78,201,550,000	71,809,888,000	−6,391,662,000
Navy	102,017,200,000	95,627,123,000	−6,390,077,000
Air Force	107,077,300,000	95,774,986,000	−11,302,314,000
Defense Agencies/OSD	16,534,300,000	16,324,595,000	−209,705,000
Reserve & National Guard *(procurement)*		1,501,800,000	+1,501,800,000
elated agencies	123,683,000	123,483,000	−200,000
Total, Department of Defense:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	303,954,033,000	281,161,875,000	−22,792,158,000
(Transfer authority)	*(1,200,000,000)*	*(7,256,906,000)*	*(+6,056,906,000)*

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[1] Includes the following budget amendment:
H. Doc. 99-89:
Related Agency:
Intelligence Community Staff $383,000

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986, (H.R. 3067)

[NOTE.—The District of Columbia Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3067) was not approved by the Congress. The conference report (House Report No. 99-419) was filed in the House of Representatives on December 5, 1985, but did not advance in the legislative process. Appropriations and bill language as well as general provisions for the District of Columbia government for fiscal year 1986 are provided under Sec. 101(c) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 in accordance with the conference report on H.R. 3067 with the exception of Amendment No. 2. Section 101(c) of Public Law 99-190 provides that the appropriation for a Federal contribution to the District of Columbia for "Criminal Justice Initiative" under Amendment Number 2 shall be "$13,860,000" instead of "$14,010,000" as shown in the conference report. The following table reflects the funding levels as provided under Sec. 101(c) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs normally funded in H.R. 3067 (see p. 357, this volume, for Sec. 101(c) of Public law 99-190, and pp. 161-173 for text of H.R. 3067).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA			
FEDERAL FUNDS			
Federal payment to the District of Columbia	$425,000,000	$425,000,000	
Payment in lieu of reimbursement for water and sewer services to Federal facilities	30,100,000	30,100,000	
Federal contribution to the police officers and fire fighters', teachers', and judges' retirement funds	52,070,000	52,070,000	
Transitional payment for Saint Elizabeths Hospital	25,000,000	25,000,000	
Criminal justice initiative		13,860,000	+$13,860,000
(1987 advance appropriation)		20,000,000	+20,000,000
Student dropout prevention initiative		150,000	+150,000
Job training initiative		500,000	+500,000
Court Study		100,000	+100,000
Total, Federal funds to District of Columbia	532,170,000	566,780,000	+34,610,000
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FUNDS			
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Governmental direction and support	*(99,342,000)*	*(99,342,000)*	
Economic development and regulation	*(99,535,000)*	*(100,035,000)*	*(+500,000)*
Public safety and justice	*(535,406,000)*	*(548,866,000)*	*(+13,460,000)*
Public education system	*(515,005,000)*	*(515,655,000)*	*(+650,000)*
Human support services	*(614,347,000)*	*(614,347,000)*	
Public works	*(193,741,000)*	*(193,741,000)*	
Washington Convention Center Fund	*(8,371,000)*	*(8,371,000)*	
Repayment of loans and interest	*(198,409,000)*	*(198,409,000)*	
Repayment of general fund deficit	*(5,000,000)*	[1] *(5,000,000)*	
Short-term borrowings	*(3,750,000)*	*(3,750,000)*	
Total, operating expenses, general fund	*(2,272,906,000)*	*(2,287,516,000)*	*(+14,610,000)*
CAPITAL OUTLAY			
General fund	*(229,148,000)*	*(229,148,000)*	
ENTERPRISE FUNDS			
Water and sewer enterprise fund:			
Operating expenses	*(162,987,000)*	*(162,987,000)*	
Capital outlay	*(19,635,000)*	*(19,635,000)*	
Total, water and sewer enterprise fund	*(182,622,000)*	*(182,622,000)*	
Lottery and Charitable Games enterprise fund	*(4,151,000)*	*(4,151,000)*	
Cable Television enterprise fund	*(250,000)*	*(250,000)*	
Total, enterprise funds	*(187,023,000)*	*(187,023,000)*	
Total, District of Columbia funds	*(2,689,077,000)*	*(2,703,687,000)*	*(+14,610,000)*

See footnote at end of table, p. 1732.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986, (H.R. 3067)—Continued

[NOTE.—The District of Columbia Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3067) was not approved by the Congress. The conference report (House Report No. 99-419) was filed in the House of Representatives on December 5, 1985, but did not advance in the legislative process. Appropriations and bill language as well as general provisions for the District of Columbia government for fiscal year 1986 are provided under Sec. 101(c) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 in accordance with the conference report on H.R. 3067 with the exception of Amendment No. 2. Section 101(c) of Public Law 99-190 provides that the appropriation for a Federal contribution to the District of Columbia for "Criminal Justice Initiative" under Amendment Number 2 shall be "$13,860,000" instead of "$14,010,000" as shown in the conference report. The following table reflects the funding levels as provided under Sec. 101(c) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs normally funded in H.R. 3067 (see p. 357, this volume, for Sec. 101(c) of Public law 99-190, and pp. 161-173 for text of H.R. 3067).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
RECAPITULATION			
Grand total, new budget *(obligational)* authority	$532,170,000	$566,780,000	+$34,610,000
Appropriations, 1986	(532,170,000)	(546,780,000)	(+14,610,000)
Appropriations, 1987		(20,000,000)	(+20,000,000)
Consisting of:			
Federal funds to the District of Columbia	532,170,000	566,780,000	+34,610,000
District of Columbia funds	*(2,689,077,000)*	*(2,703,687,000)*	*(+14,610,000)*

[1] In addition, $15,000,000 to be derived from amounts otherwise available including amounts appropriated in the accompanying bill or revenues otherwise available, or both.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

ENERGY AND WATER DEVELOPMENT APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-141, APPROVED NOVEMBER 1, 1985

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL			
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY			
CORPS OF ENGINEERS—CIVIL			
General investigations	$121,660,000	$128,972,000	+$7,312,000
Construction, general	848,530,000	919,345,000	+70,815,000
Flood control and coastal emergencies	25,000,000	25,000,000	
Flood control, Mississippi River and tributaries, Arkansas, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, and Tennessee	271,440,000	314,760,000	+43,320,000
Operation and maintenance, general	976,560,000	1,319,973,000	+343,413,000
Revolving Fund	7,000,000	7,000,000	
General expenses	109,550,000	107,000,000	−2,550,000
Total, title I, Department of Defense—Civil, new budget *(obligational)* authority	2,359,740,000	2,822,050,000	+462,310,000
TITLE II—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR			
BUREAU OF RECLAMATION			
General investigations	32,643,000	34,035,000	+1,392,000
Construction program	536,114,000	521,700,000	−14,414,000
Operation and maintenance	135,159,000	132,665,000	−2,494,000
Loan program	41,442,000	39,315,000	−2,127,000
(Limitation on direct loans)	*(40,000,000)*	*(48,315,000)*	*(+8,315,000)*
General administrative expenses	50,268,000	49,200,000	−1,068,000
Emergency fund	1,000,000	1,000,000	
Total, Bureau of Reclamation	796,626,000	777,915,000	−18,711,000
Total, title II, Department of the Interior:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	796,626,000	777,915,000	−18,711,000
(Limitation on direct loans)	*(40,000,000)*	*(48,315,000)*	*(+8,315,000)*
TITLE III—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY			
Energy Supply, Research and Development Activities:			
Operating Expenses	1,744,912,000	1,565,345,000	−179,567,000
Plant and Capital Equipment	226,101,000	229,526,000	+3,425,000
General reduction		−22,600,000	−22,600,000
(By transfer)		*(200,000,000)*	*(+200,000,000)*
(By transfer)		*(17,400,000)*	*(+17,400,000)*
Subtotal	1,971,013,000	1,772,271,000	−198,742,000
Uranium Supply and Enrichment Activities:			
Operating Expenses	1,579,000,000	1,221,000,000	−358,000,000
Plant and Capital Equipment	33,700,000	391,700,000	+358,000,000
Subtotal	1,612,700,000	1,612,700,000	
Gross revenues	−1,612,700,000	−1,612,700,000	
Net appropriation			
General Science and Research Activities:			
Operating Expenses	545,879,000	535,800,000	−10,079,000
Plant and Capital Equipment	139,600,000	149,600,000	+10,000,000
(By transfer)		*(6,000,000)*	*(+6,000,000)*
Subtotal	685,479,000	685,400,000	−79,000

See footnote at end of table, p. 1735.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

ENERGY AND WATER DEVELOPMENT APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-141, APPROVED NOVEMBER 1, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986 [1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Nuclear Waste Disposal Fund	$571,460,000	$521,460,000	−$50,000,000
Atomic Energy Defense Activites:			
Operating Expenses	6,178,522,000	6,017,887,000	−160,635,000
Plant and Capital Equipment	1,854,378,000	1,586,728,000	−267,650,000
Subtotal	8,032,900,000	7,604,615,000	−428,285,000
Departmental Administration:			
Operating Expenses	409,740,000	400,039,000	−9,701,000
Plant and Capital Equipment	10,327,000	10,327,000	
Subtotal	420,067,000	410,366,000	−9,701,000
Miscellaneous revenues	−244,228,000	−244,228,000	
Net appropriation	175,839,000	166,138,000	−9,701,000
POWER MARKETING ADMINISTRATIONS			
Operation and maintenance, Alaska Power Administration	3,321,000	3,281,000	−40,000
Bonneville Power Administration Fund *(limitation on direct loans)*	*(20,000,000)*	*(20,000,000)*	
Operation and maintenance, Southeastern Power Administration	70,000		−70,000
Operation and maintenance, Southwestern Power Administration	29,746,000	29,500,000	−246,000
Construction, rehabilitation, operation and maintenance, Western Area Power Administration	208,022,000	196,610,000	−11,412,000
(By transfer, permanent authority)	*(890,000)*	*(890,000)*	
Subtotal	241,159,000	229,391,000	−11,768,000
FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION			
Salaries and expenses	98,852,000	95,568,000	−3,284,000
Revenues Applied	−66,077,000	−66,077,000	
Subtotal	32,775,000	29,491,000	−3,284,000
GEOTHERMAL RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT FUND			
Geothermal loan guarantee and interest assistance program	76,000	72,000	−4,000
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	*(500,000,000)*	*(500,000,000)*	
Total, title III, Department of Energy:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	11,710,701,000	11,008,838,000	−701,863,000
(Limitation on direct loans)	*(20,000,000)*	*(20,000,000)*	
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	*(500,000,000)*	*(500,000,000)*	
(By transfer)	*(890,000)*	*(224,290,000)*	*(+223,400,000)*
TITLE IV—INDEPENDENT AGENCIES			
Appalachian Regional Commission:			
Appalachian regional development programs		45,000,000	+45,000,000
Prior year unobligated balance		−10,000,000	−10,000,000
Appalachian Development Highway System		85,000,000	+85,000,000
Subtotal		120,000,000	+120,000,000
Salaries and Expenses		2,200,000	+2,200,000
Total, Appalachian Regional Commission		122,200,000	+122,200,000
Delaware River Basin Commission:			
Salaries and expenses	173,000	168,000	−5,000
Contribution to Delaware River Basin Commission	275,000	275,000	
Total, Delaware River Basin Commission	448,000	443,000	−5,000

See footnote at end of table, p. 1735.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

ENERGY AND WATER DEVELOPMENT APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-141, APPROVED NOVEMBER 1, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin:			
Contribution to Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin		$79,000	+$79,000
Nuclear Regulatory Commission:			
Salaries and expenses	$437,600,000	418,000,000	−19,600,000
Susquehanna River Basin Commission:			
Salaries and expenses	168,000	163,000	−5,000
Contribution to Susquehanna River Basin Commission	230,000	230,000	
Total, Susquehanna River Basin Commission	398,000	393,000	−5,000
Tennessee Valley Authority:			
Tennessee Valley Authority Fund	38,605,000	113,000,000	+74,395,000
Prior year unobligated balance		−9,000,000	−9,000,000
Subtotal	38,605,000	104,000,000	+65,395,000
Total, title IV, Independent agencies, new budget *(obligational)* authority	477,051,000	645,115,000	+168,064,000
Grand total, all titles:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	15,344,118,000	15,253,918,000	−90,200,000
(Limitation on direct loans)	*(60,000,000)*	*(68,315,000)*	*(+8,315,000)*
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	*(500,000,000)*	*(500,000,000)*	
(By transfer)	*(890,000)*	*(224,290,000)*	*(+223,400,000)*

[1] Includes the following budget amendments:

H. Doc. 99-52:	
Department of Energy:	
Energy Programs:	
General provisions	*(Language)*
H. Doc. 99-69:	
Department of Energy:	
Energy Supply, Research and Development Activities	−$20,000,000
Power Marketing Administration:	
Operation and maintenance, Southeastern Power Administration	−39,800,000
Total, H. Doc. 99-69	−59,800,000
H. Doc. 99-89:	
Department of Defense—Civil:	
Corps of Engineers—Civil:	
General investigations	2,660,000
Construction, general	6,530,000
Flood control, Mississippi River and tributaries, Arkansas, Illinois, Kentucky, Mississippi, and Tennessee	2,440,000
Operation and maintenance, general	15,560,000
General expenses	2,550,000
Department of the Interior:	
Bureau of Reclamation:	
General investigations	593,000
Construction program	3,684,000
Operation and maintenance	2,494,000
Loan program	27,000
General administrative expenses	1,068,000
Department of Energy:	
Energy Supply, Research and Development Activities (including transfer of funds)	$1,842,000
General Science and Research Activities	79,000
Atomic Energy Defense Activities	5,500,000
Departmental Administration	5,415,000
Power Marketing Administration:	
Operation and maintenance, Alaska Power Administration	40,000
Operation and maintenance, Southeastern Power Administration	70,000
Operation and maintenance, Southwestern Power Administration	246,000
Construction, rehabilitation, operation and maintenance, Western Area Power Administration	1,412,000
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, salaries and expenses	3,284,000
Geothermal Resources Development Fund	4,000
Other Independent Agencies:	
Delaware River Basin Commission:	
Salaries and expenses	5,000
Nuclear Regulatory Commission:	
Salaries and expenses	8,600,000
Susquehanna River Basin Commission:	
Salaries and expenses	5,000
Total, H. Doc. 99-89	64,108,000
S. Doc. 99-10:	
Department of Energy:	
Power Marketing Administration:	
Operation and maintenance, Alaska Power Administration	3,281,000
Total, budget amendments *(net)*	7,589,000

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

FOREIGN ASSISTANCE AND RELATED PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 1986, (H.R. 3228)

[NOTE.—The Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3228) was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives on August 1, 1985 (House Report No. 99-252). S. 1816 was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate on October 31, 1985 (Senate Report No. 99-167). The bill was neither acted on by the Senate or the House of Representatives. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(i) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. The following table reflects the funding levels as provided under section 101(i) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs and activities normally included in H.R. 3228 (see pp. 421-444, this volume, for Sec. 101(i) of Public Law 99-190).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986 [1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
TITLE I—MULTILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE			
FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT			
INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS			
WORLD BANK GROUP			
Contribution to the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development:			
Paid-in capital	$182,870,597	$109,720,549	−$73,150,048
(Limitation on callable capital subscriptions)	*(2,105,454,718)*	*(1,353,220,096)*	*(−752,234,622)*
Total, contribution to the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development	*(2,288,325,315)*	*(1,462,940,645)*	*(−825,384,670)*
Budget authority	182,870,597	109,720,549	−73,150,048
(Limitation on callable capital)	*(2,105,454,718)*	*(1,353,220,096)*	*(−752,234,622)*
Contribution to the International Development Association (IDA VI)	750,000,000	700,000,000	−50,000,000
Contribution to the Special Facility for Sub Saharan Africa		75,000,000	+75,000,000
International Finance Corporation	35,033,000	29,077,390	−5,955,610
Total, contributions World Bank Group	*(3,073,358,315)*	*(2,267,018,035)*	*(−806,340,280)*
Budget authority	967,903,597	913,797,939	−54,105,658
(Limitation on callable capital)	*(2,105,454,718)*	*(1,353,220,096)*	*(−752,234,622)*
Contribution to the Inter-American Development Bank:			
Fund for special operations	72,500,000	40,000,000	−32,500,000
Inter-regional paid-in capital	58,000,983	38,000,983	−20,000,000
Inter-American Investment Corporation	13,000,000	11,700,000	−1,300,000
(Limitation on callable capital subscriptions)	*(1,230,964,704)*	*(1,230,964,704)*	
Total, contribution to the Inter-American Development Bank	*(1,374,465,687)*	*(1,320,665,687)*	*(−53,300,000)*
Budget authority	143,500,983	89,700,983	−53,800,000
(Limitation on callable capital)	*(1,230,964,704)*	*(1,230,964,704)*	
Contribution to the Asian Development Bank:			
Paid-in capital	13,232,676	11,909,408	−1,323,268
Development fund	130,000,000	100,000,000	−30,000,000
(Limitation on callable capital subscriptions)	*(251,367,220)*	*(226,230,498)*	*(−25,136,722)*
Total, contribution to the Asian Development Bank	*(394,599,896)*	*(338,139,906)*	*(−56,459,990)*
Budget authority	143,232,676	111,909,408	−31,323,268
(Limitation on callable capital)	*(251,367,220)*	*(226,230,498)*	*(−25,136,722)*
Contribution to the African Development Fund	75,000,000	62,250,000	−12,750,000
Contribution to the African Development Bank:			
Paid-in capital	17,986,678	16,188,910	−1,797,768
(Limitation on callable capital)	*(53,960,036)*	*(48,564,032)*	*(−5,396,004)*
Total, contributions to the African Development Bank	*(71,946,714)*	*(64,752,942)*	*(−7,193,772)*
Budget authority	17,986,678	16,188,910	−1,797,768
(Limitation on callable capital)	*(53,960,036)*	*(48,564,032)*	*(−5,396,004)*

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1739.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

FOREIGN ASSISTANCE AND RELATED PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 1986, (H.R. 3228)—Continued

[NOTE.—The Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3228) was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives on August 1, 1985 (House Report No. 99-252). S. 1816 was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate on October 31, 1985 (Senate Report No. 99-167). The bill was neither acted on by the Senate or the House of Representatives. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(i) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. The following table reflects the funding levels as provided under section 101(i) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs and activities normally included in H.R. 3228 (see pp. 421-444, this volume, for Sec. 101(i) of Public Law 99-190).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Total, contribution to International Financial Institutions	*($4,989,370,612)*	*($4,052,826,570)*	*(−$936,544,042)*
Budget authority	1,347,623,934	1,193,847,240	−153,776,694
(Limitation on callable capital)	*(3,641,746,678)*	*(2,858,979,330)*	*(−782,767,348)*
DEPARTMENT OF STATE			
International organizations and programs	196,211,000	277,922,475	+81,711,475
Total, contribution for Multilateral Economic Assistance, title I	*(5,185,581,612)*	*(4,330,749,045)*	*(−854,832,567)*
Budget authority	1,543,834,934	1,471,769,715	−72,065,219
(Limitation on callable capital)	*(3,641,746,678)*	*(2,858,979,330)*	*(−782,767,348)*
TITLE II—BILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE			
FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT			
AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT			
Agriculture, rural development, and nutrition Development Assistance	792,352,000	699,995,900	−92,356,100
Population, Development Assistance	250,017,000	250,000,000	−17,000
Health, Development Assistance	146,427,000	200,824,200	+54,397,200
Child Survival Fund	....	25,000,000	+25,000,000
Education and human resources development, Development Assistance	183,533,000	169,949,700	−13,583,300
Energy and selected development activities, Development Assistance	210,071,000	174,358,930	−35,712,070
Science and technology, Development Assistance	13,000,000	10,790,000	−2,210,000
Private sector revolving fund *(by transfer)*	*(20,000,000)*	*(18,000,000)*	*(−2,000,000)*
Total, development assistance	1,595,400,000	1,530,918,730	−64,481,270
American schools and hospitals abroad	10,000,000	35,000,000	+25,000,000
International disaster assistance	25,000,000	22,500,000	−2,500,000
Sahel development program	80,500,000	80,500,000	....
Overseas training and special development activities Payment to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund	43,122,000	43,122,000	....
AID deobligate/reobligate reappropriation *(indefinite)*	....	[2] 5,000,000	+5,000,000
Operating expenses of the Agency for International Development	393,700,000	376,350,000	−17,350,000
Operating expenses of the Office of the Inspector General	....	21,050,000	+21,050,000
Trade credit insurance program *(program limitation)*	*(200,000,000)*	*(250,000,000)*	*(+50,000,000)*
Trade and development	20,034,000	18,900,000	−1,134,000
Housing and other credit guaranty programs *(limitation on guaranteed loans)*	*(45,000,000)*	*(152,000,000)*	*(+107,000,000)*
Economic support fund	4,024,000,000	3,700,000,000	−324,000,000
Total, Agency for International Development	6,191,756,000	5,833,340,730	−358,415,270
AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION			
Appropriations	1,012,000	3,872,000	+2,860,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1739.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

FOREIGN ASSISTANCE AND RELATED PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 1986, (H.R. 3228)—Continued

[NOTE.—The Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3228) was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives on August 1, 1985 (House Report No. 99-252). S. 1816 was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate on October 31, 1985 (Senate Report No. 99-167). The bill was neither acted on by the Senate or the House of Representatives. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(i) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. The following table reflects the funding levels as provided under section 101(i) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs and activities normally included in H.R. 3228 (see pp. 421-444, this volume, for Sec. 101(i) of Public Law 99-190).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
INTER-AMERICAN FOUNDATION			
Appropriations	$8,800,000	$11,969,000	+$3,169,000
OVERSEAS PRIVATE INVESTMENT CORPORATION			
(Limitation on direct loans)	*(15,000,000)*	*(14,250,000)*	*(−750,000)*
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	*(150,000,000)*	*(142,500,000)*	*(−7,500,000)*
Total, Funds Appropriated to the President	6,201,568,000	5,849,181,730	−352,386,270
INDEPENDENT AGENCY			
Peace Corps	125,200,000	130,000,000	+4,800,000
DEPARTMENT OF STATE			
International narcotics control	57,709,000	57,529,000	−180,000
Migration and refugee assistance	337,930,000	338,930,000	+1,000,000
Anti-terrorism assistance	32,000,000	7,420,000	−24,580,000
Peacekeeping operations	37,000,000	34,000,000	−3,000,000
Total, Department of State	464,639,000	437,879,000	−26,760,000
Total, title II, Economic assistance—bilateral:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	6,791,407,000	6,417,060,730	−374,346,270
(Limitation on direct loans)	*(15,000,000)*	*(14,250,000)*	*(−750,000)*
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	*(195,000,000)*	*(294,500,000)*	*(+99,500,000)*
(Program limitation)	*(200,000,000)*	*(250,000,000)*	*(+50,000,000)*
(By transfer)	*(20,000,000)*	*(18,000,000)*	*(−2,000,000)*
TITLE III—MILITARY ASSISTANCE			
FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT			
Military Assistance	976,350,000	782,000,000	−194,350,000
International Military Education and Training	65,650,000	54,489,500	−11,160,500
Foreign Military Credit Sales:			
Direct credits and forgiven loans	5,655,000,000	5,190,000,000	−465,000,000
Special Defense Acquisition Fund *(limitation on obligations)*	*(345,000,000)*	*(325,000,000)*	*(−20,000,000)*
Total, title III, Military Assistance Programs:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	6,697,000,000	6,026,489,500	−670,510,500
(Limitation on obligations)	*(345,000,000)*	*(325,000,000)*	*(−20,000,000)*
TITLE IV—EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF THE UNITED STATES			
Limitation of Program Activity:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority[3]		[3] 1,110,000,000	+1,110,000,000
(Limitation on direct loans)[3]		[3] *(1,110,000,000)*	*(+1,110,000,000)*
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	*(12,000,000,000)*	*(12,000,000,000)*	
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	*(18,357,000)*	*(18,357,000)*	
Total, title IV, Export-Import Bank:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority		1,110,000,000	+1,110,000,000
(limitations on use of corporate funds)	*(12,018,357,000)*	*(13,128,357,000)*	*(+1,110,000,000)*

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1739.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

FOREIGN ASSISTANCE AND RELATED PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 1986, (H.R. 3228)—Continued

[NOTE.—The Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3228) was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives on August 1, 1985 (House Report No. 99-252). S. 1816 was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate on October 31, 1985 (Senate Report No. 99-167). The bill was neither acted on by the Senate or the House of Representatives. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(i) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. The following table reflects the funding levels as provided under section 101(i) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs and activities normally included in H.R. 3228 (see pp. 421-444, this volume, for Sec. 101(i) of Public Law 99-190).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986 [1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Grand total, all titles:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	$15,032,241,934	$15,025,319,945	−$6,921,989
(Limitation on obligations)	*(345,000,000)*	*(325,000,000)*	*(−20,000,000)*
(Program limitation)	*(200,000,000)*	*(250,000,000)*	*(+50,000,000)*
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	*(12,195,000,000)*	*(12,294,500,000)*	*(+99,500,000)*
(Limitation on direct loans)	*(15,000,000)*	*(1,124,250,000)*	*(+1,109,250,000)*
(Limitation on callable capital)	*(3,641,746,678)*	*(2,858,979,330)*	*(−782,767,348)*
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	*(18,357,000)*	*(18,357,000)*	
(By transfer)	*(20,000,000)*	*(18,000,000)*	*(−2,000,000)*

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[1] Includes the following budget amendments:

H. Doc. 99-67:	
Bilateral Economic Assistance:	
Funds Appropriated to the President:	
Agency for International Development.	
Economic support fund	$1,200,000,000
H. Doc. 99-89:	
Bilateral Economic Assistance:	
Funds Appropriated to the President:	
Agency for International Development:	
Operating expenses	6,700,000
Trade and development program	34,000
African Development Foundation	12,000
Inter-American Foundation	101,000
Independent Agency:	
Peace Corps	800,000
Department of State:	
International narcotics control	180,000
Migration and refugee assistance	250,000
Export-Import Bank of the United States:	
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	*(357,000)*
Total, H. Doc. 99-89	8,077,000
H. Doc. 99-109:	
Bilateral Economic Assistance:	
Funds Appropriated to the President:	
Department of State:	
Anti-terrorism assistance	$27,000,000
Military Assistance:	
Funds Appropriated to the President:	
Military Assistance	27,000,000
Total, H. Doc. 99-109	54,000,000
Total, budget amendments:	
New budget *(obligational)* authority	1,262,077,000
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	*(357,000)*

[2] Reappropriation amount is estimated.

[3] Export-Import Bank budget authority in fiscal year 1986 is calculated as equal to the level of direct loans. Offsetting receipts calculated in previous years will no longer be included in setting new budget authority levels.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT—INDEPENDENT AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-160, APPROVED NOVEMBER 25, 1985

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (-), appropriations compared with estimates
TITLE I			
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
HOUSING PROGRAMS			
Annual contribution for assisted housing:			
(Increased limitation for annual contract authority)	*($356,445,540)*	*($838,803,547)*	*(+$482,358,007)*
Contract authority	499,000,000	9,965,607,781	+9,466,607,781
(Rescission of assisted housing deobligations annual contract authority)	*(-33,611,000)*	*(-33,611,000)*	
Rescission of assisted housing deobligations *(contract authority, indefinite)*	*(-859,000,000)*	-859,000,000	-859,000,000
Total, annual contribution for assisted housing:			
(Increased limitation for annual contract authority (net))	*(322,834,540)*	*(805,192,547)*	*(+482,358,007)*
Contract authority *(net)*	499,000,000	9,106,607,781	+8,607,607,781
Rental housing assistance *(rescission of contract authority, indefinite)*	*(-56,000,000)*	-56,000,000	-56,000,000
(Limitation on annual contract authority, indefinite)	*(-2,000,000)*	*(-2,000,000)*	
Housing for the elderly or handicapped fund *(authority to borrow, indefinite)*	19,929,000	601,133,000	+581,204,000
(Limitation on direct loans)	*(50,000,000)*	*(631,033,000)*	*(+581,033,000)*
Congregate services		2,670,300	+2,670,300
Payments for operation of low-income housing projects	1,010,600,000	1,210,600,000	+200,000,000
Housing counseling assistance		3,461,500	+3,461,500
Federal Housing Administration Fund	239,762,000	239,762,000	
Portion applied to debt reduction	-155,375,000	-155,375,000	
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	*(50,900,000,000)*	*(60,000,000,000)*	*(+9,100,000,000)*
Temporary mortgage assistance payments *(limitation on direct loans)*	*(89,222,000)*	*(88,240,558)*	*(-981,442)*
Total, Federal Housing Administration Fund	84,387,000	84,387,000	
Nonprofit sponsor assistance *(limitation on direct loans)*	*(500,000)*	*(1,000,000)*	*(+500,000)*
GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION			
Guarantees of mortgage-backed securities *(limitation on guaranteed loans)*	*(68,250,000,000)*	*(68,250,000,000)*	
Total, Housing Programs	1,613,916,000	10,952,859,581	+9,338,943,581
COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT			
Community development grants	3,124,800,000	3,124,800,000	
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)		*(222,525,000)*	*(+222,525,000)*
Urban development action grants		330,000,000	+330,000,000
Urban homesteading	12,000,000	11,868,000	-132,000
Total, Community Planning and Development	3,136,800,000	3,466,668,000	+329,868,000
POLICY DEVELOPMENT AND RESEARCH			
Research and technology	18,900,000	16,900,000	-2,000,000
FAIR HOUSING AND EQUAL OPPORTUNITY			
Fair housing assistance	5,000,000	6,626,300	+1,626,300
Fair housing initiatives	*(10,000,000)*		*(-10,000,000)*
Total, Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity	5,000,000	6,626,300	+1,626,300

See footnote at end of table, pp. 1743-1744.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT—INDEPENDENT AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-160, APPROVED NOVEMBER 25, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION			
Salaries and expenses	$324,027,000	$336,427,000	+$12,400,000
(By transfer, limitation on FHA corporate funds)	*(242,404,000)*	*(251,404,000)*	*(+9,000,000)*
Total, title I, Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*	5,098,643,000	14,779,480,881	+9,680,837,881
Appropriations	(4,735,089,000)	(5,283,115,100)	(+548,026,100)
Portion applied to debt reduction	(−155,375,000)	(−155,375,000)	
Contract authority	(499,000,000)	(9,965,607,781)	(+9,466,607,781)
Rescission of contract authority, indefinite	*(−915,000,000)*	(−915,000,000)	(−915,000,000)
Authority to borrow	(19,929,000)	(601,133,000)	(+581,204,000)
(Increased limitation for annual contract authority (net))	*(322,834,540)*	*(805,192,547)*	*(+482,358,007)*
(Limitation on annual contract authority, indefinite)	*(−2,000,000)*	*(−2,000,000)*	
(Limitation on direct loans)	*(139,722,000)*	*(720,273,558)*	*(+580,551,558)*
(Limitation on corporate funds to be expended)	*(242,404,000)*	*(251,404,000)*	*(+9,000,000)*
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	*(119,150,000,000)*	*(128,472,525,000)*	*(+9,322,525,000)*
TITLE II			
INDEPENDENT AGENCIES			
AMERICAN BATTLE MONUMENTS COMMISSION			
Salaries and expenses	11,004,000	10,833,506	−170,494
CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION			
Salaries and expenses	34,575,000	36,000,000	+1,425,000
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL			
CEMETERIAL EXPENSES, ARMY			
Salaries and expenses	14,932,000	14,615,442	−316,558
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY			
Salaries and expenses	670,416,000	684,176,000	+13,760,000
Research and development	212,400,000	223,400,000	+11,000,000
Abatement, control and compliance	495,500,000	577,600,000	+82,100,000
Buildings and facilities	5,000,000	5,000,000	
Subtotal, operating programs	1,383,316,000	1,490,176,000	+106,860,000
Hazardous substance response trust fund	900,000,000	900,000,000	
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	*(105,000,000)*	*(90,000,000)*	*(−15,000,000)*
Construction grants	*(2,400,000,000)*		
Total, Environmental Protection Agency	2,283,316,000	2,390,176,000	+106,860,000
EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT			
Council on Environmental Quality and Office of Environmental Quality	732,000	700,000	−32,000
Office of Science and Technology Policy	2,153,000	2,317,227	+164,227
Total, Executive Office of the President	2,885,000	3,017,227	+132,227
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY			
Disaster relief	194,000,000	100,000,000	−94,000,000
Salaries and expenses	119,031,000	114,746,000	−4,285,000
Emergency management planning and assistance	232,362,000	248,910,000	+16,548,000

See footnote at end of table, pp. 1743-1744.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT—INDEPENDENT AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-160, APPROVED NOVEMBER 25, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
National flood insurance fund	$92,852,000	$91,830,628	−$1,021,372
Portion applied to debt reduction	−92,852,000	−91,830,628	+1,021,372
National insurance development fund		10,000,000	+10,000,000
Emergency food and shelter program		70,000,000	+70,000,000
Total, Federal Emergency Management Agency	545,393,000	543,656,000	−1,737,000
GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION			
Consumer Information Center	1,249,000	1,235,261	−13,739
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Office of Consumer Affairs	1,988,000	1,988,000	
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION			
Research and development	2,881,800,000	2,756,800,000	−125,000,000
Space flight, control and data communications	3,509,900,000	3,397,900,000	−112,000,000
Construction of facilities	149,300,000	139,300,000	−10,000,000
Research and program management	1,387,000,000	1,362,000,000	−25,000,000
Total, National Aeronautics and Space Administration	7,928,000,000	7,656,000,000	−272,000,000
NATIONAL CREDIT UNION ADMINISTRATION			
Central liquidity facility:			
(Limitation on borrowing authority)	*(600,000,000)*	*(593,400,000)*	*(−6,600,000)*
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	*(850,000)*	*(840,650)*	*(−9,350)*
NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION			
Research and related activities	1,399,593,000	1,352,205,000	−47,388,000
Program development and management *(limitation on administrative expenses)*	*(69,900,000)*	*(72,500,000)*	*(+2,600,000)*
United States Antarctic Program activities	120,100,000	115,100,000	−5,000,000
Science education activities	50,550,000	55,550,000	+5,000,000
Scientific activities overseas *(special foreign currency program)*	1,000,000	1,000,000	
Total, National Science Foundation	1,571,243,000	1,523,855,000	−47,388,000
NEIGHBORHOOD REINVESTMENT CORPORATION			
Payment to the Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation	14,669,000	17,669,000	+3,000,000
SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM			
Salaries and expenses	27,664,000	27,474,420	−189,580
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY			
Payments to Local Government Fiscal Assistance Trust Fund	4,566,700,000	4,185,000,000	−381,700,000
Office of Revenue Sharing, salaries and expenses	8,000,000	7,714,200	−285,800
Total, Department of the Treasury	4,574,700,000	4,192,714,200	−381,985,800
VETERANS ADMINISTRATION			
Compensation and pensions	14,160,800,000	14,160,800,000	
Readjustment benefits	1,026,000,000	826,000,000	−200,000,000
Veterans insurance and indemnities	9,750,000	9,750,000	
Medical care	9,292,974,000	9,255,694,000	−37,280,000
Medical and prosthetic research	191,370,000	189,264,930	−2,105,070
Medical administration and miscellaneous operating expenses	57,119,000	53,523,691	−3,595,309
General operating expenses	768,250,000	736,864,340	−31,385,660
Construction, major projects	417,200,000	507,360,000	+90,160,000

See footnote at end of table, pp. 1743–1744.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT—INDEPENDENT AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-160, APPROVED NOVEMBER 25, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986 [1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Construction, minor projects	$195,406,000	$136,950,092	−$58,455,908
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	*(35,307,000)*	*(35,913,557)*	*(+606,557)*
Grants for construction of State extended care facilities	22,000,000	21,758,000	−242,000
Grants for construction of State veterans cemeteries	3,000,000	2,967,000	−33,000
Grants to the Republic of the Philippines	500,000	494,500	−5,500
Direct loan revolving fund *(limitation on direct loans)*		*(989,000)*	*(+989,000)*
Loan guaranty revolving fund	404,600,000	200,000,000	−204,600,000
Total, Veterans Administration	26,548,969,000	26,101,426,553	−447,542,447
Total, title II, Independent Agencies:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	43,560,587,000	42,520,660,609	−1,039,926,391
Appropriations	(43,653,439,000)	(42,612,491,237)	(−1,040,947,763)
Portion applied to debt reduction	(−92,852,000)	(−91,830,628)	(+1,021,372)
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	*(211,057,000)*	*(199,254,207)*	*(−11,802,793)*
(Limitation on borrowing authority)	*(600,000,000)*	*(593,400,000)*	*(−6,600,000)*
(Limitation on direct loans)		*(989,000)*	*(+989,000)*
TITLE III			
CORPORATIONS			
Federal Home Loan Bank Board:			
(Limitation on non-administrative expenses, corporate funds)	*(45,032,000)*		*(−45,032,000)*
(Limitation on administrative expenses, corporate funds)	*(25,877,000)*	*(26,877,000)*	*(+1,000,000)*
Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, *(limitation on administrative expenses, corporate funds)*	*(1,440,000)*	*(1,440,000)*	
Total, title III, Corporations	*(72,349,000)*	*(28,317,000)*	*(−44,032,000)*
RECAPITULATION			
Grand total, all titles:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*	48,659,230,000	57,300,141,490	+8,640,911,490
Appropriations	(48,388,528,000)	(47,895,606,337)	(−492,921,663)
Portion applied to debt reduction	(−248,227,000)	(−247,205,628)	(+1,021,372)
Contract authority	(499,000,000)	(9,965,607,781)	(+9,466,607,781)
Rescission of contract authority, indefinite	*(−915,000,000)*	(−915,000,000)	(−915,000,000)
Authority to borrow	(19,929,000)	(601,133,000)	(+581,204,000)
(Increased limitation for annual contract authority (net))	*(322,834,540)*	*(805,192,547)*	*(+482,358,007)*
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	*(211,057,000)*	*(199,254,207)*	*(−11,802,793)*
(Limitation on annual contract authority, indefinite)	*(−2,000,000)*	*(−2,000,000)*	
(Limitation on direct loans)	*(139,722,000)*	*(721,262,558)*	*(+581,540,558)*
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	*(119,150,000,000)*	*(128,472,525,000)*	*(+9,322,525,000)*
(Limitation on corporate funds to be expended)	*(314,753,000)*	*(279,721,000)*	*(−35,032,350)*
(Limitation on borrowing authority)	*(600,000,000)*	*(593,400,000)*	*(−6,600,000)*

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[1] Includes the following budget amendments:

H. Doc. 99-89:	
Department of Housing and Urban Development:	
Management and Administration:	
Salaries and expenses	$10,602,000
(By transfer)	*(7,630,000)*
Independent Agencies:	
American Battle Monuments Commission:	
Salaries and expenses	50,000
Consumer Product Safety Commission:	
Product safety	875,000
Department of Defense—Civil:	
Cemeterial Expenses, Army:	
Salaries and expenses	154,000
Environmental Protection Agency:	
Salaries and expenses	$15,720,000
Executive Office of the President:	
Council on Environmental Quality and Office of Environmental Quality	27,000
Federal Emergency Management Agency:	
Salaries and expenses	3,323,000
National Aeronautics and Space Administration:	
Research and program management	42,000,000
National Science Foundation:	
Research and related activities	1,843,000
Selective Service System:	
Salaries and expenses	280,000

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT—INDEPENDENT AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-160, APPROVED NOVEMBER 25, 1985—Continued

Department of the Treasury:	
Office of Revenue Sharing:	
Salaries and expenses	$215,000
Veterans Administration:	
Medical care	202,974,000
Medical and prosthetic research	4,290,000
Medical administration and miscellaneous operating expenses	1,240,000
General operating expenses	18,838,000
Construction, minor projects	1,006,000
Corporations:	
Federal Home Loan Bank Board *(limitation on administrative expenses)*	*(664,000)*
Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation *(limitation on administrative expenses)*	*(36,000)*
Total, H. Doc. 99-89	303,437,000
H. Doc. 99-105:	
Department of Housing and Urban Development:	
Management and Administration:	
Salaries and expenses *(by transfer)*	*($9,200,000)*
Executive Office of the President:	
Office of Science and Technology	62,000
Total, budget amendments:	
New budget *(obligational)* authority	303,499,000
(By transfer)	*(16,830,000)*
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	*(700,000)*

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3011)

[NOTE.—The Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3011) was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives on July 16, 1985. The bill passed the House on July 31, 1985, and was subsequently considered in the Senate but was not voted on by that body. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(d) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. The following table reflects the funding levels as provided under section 101(d) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs and activities normally included in H.R. 3011 (see pp. 357-399, this volume, for Sec. 101(d) of Public Law 99-190).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR			
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT			
Management of lands and resources	$373,078,000	$396,175,000	+$23,097,000
Construction and access	1,203,000	1,395,000	+192,000
Payments in lieu of taxes	105,000,000	104,370,000	−630,000
Land acquisition		2,286,000	+2,286,000
Oregon and California grant lands		55,777,000	+55,777,000
Range improvements *(indefinite)*	10,000,000	10,000,000	
Service charges, deposits, and forfeitures *(indefinite)*	5,920,000	4,046,000	−1,874,000
Miscellaneous trust funds *(indefinite)*	100,000	100,000	
Total, Bureau of Land Management	495,301,000	574,149,000	+78,848,000
UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE			
Resource management	305,329,000	299,415,000	−5,914,000
Construction and anadromous fish	5,613,000	21,168,000	+15,555,000
Migratory bird conservation account		14,910,000	+14,910,000
Land acquisition	1,500,000	40,426,000	+38,926,000
National Wildlife Refuge Fund	5,645,000	5,611,000	−34,000
Sport fish restoration	44,000,000		−44,000,000
Total, United States Fish and Wildlife Service	362,087,000	381,530,000	+19,443,000
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE			
Operation of the national park system	600,808,000	623,996,000	+23,188,000
National recreation and preservation	9,547,000	11,029,000	+1,482,000
Historic preservation fund		24,795,000	+24,795,000
Visitors facilities fund	8,500,000		−8,500,000
Construction	49,456,000	113,436,000	+63,980,000
(Liquidation of contract authority)		*(10,300,000)*	*(+10,300,000)*
Land acquisition and state assistance	11,275,000	97,810,000	+86,535,000
John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts	4,600,000	4,771,000	+171,000
Illinois and Michigan Canal National Heritage Corridor Commission		248,000	+248,000
Jefferson National Expansion Memorial Commission		75,000	+75,000
Total, National Park Service	684,186,000	876,160,000	+191,974,000
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY			
Surveys, investigations, and research	415,348,000	429,369,000	+14,021,000
MINERALS MANAGEMENT SERVICE			
Leasing and royalty management	161,118,000	167,010,000	+5,892,000
Payments to States from receipts under Mineral Leasing	800,000		−800,000
Total, Minerals Management Service	161,918,000	167,010,000	+5,092,000
BUREAU OF MINES			
Mines and minerals	107,060,000	133,449,000	+26,389,000

See footnote at end of table, p. 1750.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3011)—Continued

[NOTE.—The Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3011) was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives on July 16, 1985. The bill passed the House on July 31, 1985, and was subsequently considered in the Senate but was not voted on by that body. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(d) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. The following table reflects the funding levels as provided under section 101(d) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs and activities normally included in H.R. 3011 (see pp. 357-399, this volume, for Sec. 101(d) of Public Law 99-190).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT			
Regulation and technology	$80,788,000	$85,142,000	+$4,354,000
Abandoned mine reclamation fund *(definite, trust fund)*	250,818,000	206,141,000	−44,677,000
Total, Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement	331,606,000	291,283,000	−40,323,000
BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS			
Operation of Indian Programs	867,117,000	891,928,000	+24,811,000
Construction	70,410,000	100,448,000	+30,038,000
(By transfer)	*(4,900,000)*		*(−4,900,000)*
Payment to the Alaska Native Escrow account	7,877,000	7,830,000	−47,000
Tribal trust funds *(definite)*	4,000,000	4,000,000	
Revolving fund for loans *(limitation on direct loans)*	*(16,300,000)*	*(16,300,000)*	
Indian loan guaranty and insurance fund	1,485,000	2,197,000	+712,000
Indian loan guaranty and insurance fund *(limitation on guaranteed loans)*	*(20,000,000)*		*(−20,000,000)*
Total, Bureau of Indian Affairs	950,889,000	1,006,403,000	+55,514,000
TERRITORIAL AND INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS			
Administration of territories	70,067,000	79,894,000	+9,827,000
Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands	13,500,000	79,890,000	+66,390,000
Total, Territorial Affairs	83,567,000	159,784,000	+76,217,000
DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES			
Office of the Secretary	40,995,000	43,151,000	+2,156,000
Office of the Solicitor	18,978,000	20,256,000	+1,278,000
Office of Inspector General	15,578,000	16,117,000	+539,000
Construction Management	678,000	775,000	+97,000
Office of the Secretary *(special foreign currency program)*		994,000	+994,000
Total, Departmental Offices	76,229,000	81,293,000	+5,064,000
Total, title I, Department of the Interior:			
New budget *(obligationnal)* authority	3,668,191,000	4,100,430,000	+432,239,000
Definite	(3,652,171,000)	(4,086,234,000)	(+434,113,000)
Indefinite	(16,020,000)	(14,146,000)	(−1,874,000)
(Liquidation of contract authority)		*(10,300,000)*	*(+10,300,000)*
(Limitation on direct loans)	*(16,300,000)*	*(16,300,000)*	
(By transfer)	*(4,900,000)*		*(−4,900,000)*
TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES			
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
FOREST SERVICE			
Forest research	106,971,000	125,525,000	+18,554,000
State and private forestry	30,391,000	57,638,000	+27,247,000
National forest system	1,135,679,000	1,048,301,000	−87,378,000
Construction	214,908,000	222,522,000	+7,614,000
Timber receipts transfer to General Fund *(indefinite)*	*(−88,608,000)*	*(−102,765,000)*	*(−14,157,000)*
Timber purchaser credits	*(190,300,000)*		*(−190,300,000)*

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[1] See footnote at end of table, p. 1750.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3011)—Continued

[Note.—The Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3011) was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives on July 16, 1985. The bill passed the House on July 31, 1985, and was subsequently considered in the Senate but was not voted on by that body. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(d) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. The following table reflects the funding levels as provided under section 101(d) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs and activities normally included in H.R. 3011 (see pp. 357-399, this volume, for Sec. 101(d) of Public Law 99-190).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Land acquisition	$2,382,000	$28,130,000	+$25,748,000
Acquisition of lands for national forests, special acts	782,000	777,000	−5,000
Acquisition of lands to complete land exchanges *(indefinite)*	20,000	20,000	
Range betterment fund *(indefinite)*	3,992,000	3,968,000	−24,000
Miscellaneous trust funds	90,000	89,000	−1,000
Total, Department of Agriculture	1,495,215,000	1,486,970,000	−8,245,000
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY			
Energy Security Reserve *(rescission)*		−6,900,000,000	−6,900,000,000
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY			
Clean Coal Technology Reserve *(by transfer from Energy Security Reserve)*		(397,600,000)	(+397,600,000)
Fiscal year 1986		*(99,400,000)*	*(+99,400,000)*
Fiscal year 1987		*(149,100,000)*	*(+149,100,000)*
Fiscal year 1988		*(149,100,000)*	*(+149,100,000)*
Fossil energy research and development	161,991,000	310,971,000	+148,980,000
(By transfer)	*(8,940,000)*	*(13,015,000)*	*(+4,075,000)*
Naval petroleum and oil shale reserves	13,849,000	13,586,000	−263,000
Energy conservation	367,357,000	446,721,000	+79,364,000
Economic regulation	23,823,000	24,475,000	+652,000
Emergency preparedness	6,044,000	6,008,000	−36,000
Strategic Petroleum Reserve	263,000	112,365,000	+112,102,000
Energy Information Administration	60,182,000	60,318,000	+136,000
Total, Department of Energy	633,509,000	974,444,000	+340,935,000
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES ADMINISTRATION			
Indian health services	766,583,000	818,194,000	+51,611,000
Indian health facilities		46,665,000	+46,665,000
Total, Department of Health and Human Services	766,583,000	864,859,000	+98,276,000
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION			
Indian education	67,356,000	67,071,000	−285,000
DEPARTMENT OF STATE			
Compact of Free Association	178,750,000		−178,750,000
OTHER RELATED AGENCIES			
NAVAJO AND HOPI INDIAN RELOCATION COMMISSION			
Salaries and expenses	20,241,000	22,356,000	+2,115,000
SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION			
Salaries and expenses	185,590,000	176,995,000	−8,595,000
Museum programs and related research *(special foreign currency program)*	2,500,000	2,485,000	−15,000
Construction and improvements, National Zoological Park	4,851,000	5,518,000	+667,000

See footnote at end of table, p. 1750.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3011)—Continued

[NOTE.—The Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3011) was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives on July 16, 1985. The bill passed the House on July 31, 1985, and was subsequently considered in the Senate but was not voted on by that body. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(d) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. The following table reflects the funding levels as provided under section 101(d) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs and activities normally included in H.R. 3011 (see pp. 357-399, this volume, for Sec. 101(d) of Public Law 99-190).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Restoration and renovation of buildings	$14,875,000	$11,009,000	−$3,866,000
Construction	4,000,000	3,976,000	−24,000
Subtotal	211,816,000	199,983,000	−11,833,000
NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART			
Salaries and expenses	36,704,000	33,551,000	−3,153,000
Repair, Restoration and Renovation of Buildings		3,280,000	+3,280,000
Subtotal, National Gallery of Art	36,704,000	36,831,000	+127,000
Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars, salaries and expenses	2,852,000	4,366,000	+1,514,000
Total, Smithsonian Institution	251,372,000	241,180,000	−10,192,000
NATIONAL FOUNDATION OF THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES			
NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE ARTS			
Grants and administration	101,650,000	120,948,000	+19,298,000
Administrative expenses	15,650,000	15,489,000	−161,000
Subtotal	117,300,000	136,437,000	+19,137,000
Matching grants	27,500,000	29,224,000	+1,724,000
Total, National Endowment for the Arts	144,800,000	165,661,000	+20,861,000
ARTS AND ARTIFACTS INDEMNITY FUND			
Salaries and expenses		298,000	+298,000
NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES			
Grants and administration	84,090,000	96,038,000	+11,948,000
Administrative expenses	14,240,000	14,115,000	−125,000
Subtotal	98,330,000	110,153,000	+11,823,000
Matching grants	28,000,000	28,488,000	+488,000
Total, National Endowment for the Humanities	126,330,000	138,641,000	+12,311,000
NATIONAL CAPITAL ARTS AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS			
Grants		1,988,000	+1,988,000
INSTITUTE OF MUSEUM SERVICES			
Grants and administration	294,000	21,394,000	+21,100,000
Total, National Foundation of the Arts and the Humanities	271,424,000	327,982,000	+56,558,000
COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS			
Salaries and expenses	374,000	380,000	+6,000

See footnote at end of table, p. 1750.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3011)—Continued

[NOTE.—The Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3011) was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives on July 16, 1985. The bill passed the House on July 31, 1985, and was subsequently considered in the Senate but was not voted on by that body. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(d) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. The following table reflects the funding levels as provided under section 101(d) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs and activities normally included in H.R. 3011 (see pp. 357-399, this volume, for Sec. 101(d) of Public Law 99-190).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986 [1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION			
Salaries and expenses	$1,239,000	$1,575,000	+$336,000
NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION			
Salaries and expenses	2,703,000	2,696,000	−7,000
FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL COMMISSION			
Salaries and expenses	21,000	21,000	
PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION			
Salaries and expenses	2,221,000	2,315,000	+94,000
Public development	3,250,000	3,230,000	−20,000
Total, Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation	5,471,000	5,545,000	+74,000
FEDERAL INSPECTOR FOR THE ALASKA GAS PIPELINE			
Permitting and enforcement	882,000		−882,000
UNITED STATES HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL COUNCIL			
Holocaust Memorial Council	1,990,000	2,112,000	+122,000
Total, title II, Related Agencies:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*	3,697,130,000	−2,902,809,000	−6,599,939,000
Appropriations	(3,697,130,000)	(3,997,191,000)	(+300,061,000)
Definite	(3,693,118,000)	(3,993,203,000)	(+300,085,000)
Indefinite	(4,012,000)	(3,988,000)	(−24,000)
Rescission		(−6,900,000,000)	(−6,900,000,000)
(Timber receipts transfer to general fund, indefinite)	*(−88,608,000)*	*(−102,765,000)*	*(−14,157,000)*
(By transfer)	*(8,940,000)*	*(410,615,000)*	*(+401,675,000)*
RECAPITULATION			
Grand total, all titles:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*	7,365,321,000	1,197,621,000	−6,167,700,000
Appropriations	(7,365,321,000)	(8,097,621,000)	(+732,300,000)
Definite	(7,345,289,000)	(8,079,487,000)	(+734,198,000)
Indefinite	(20,032,000)	(18,134,000)	(−1,898,000)
Rescission		(−6,900,000,000)	(−6,900,000,000)
(Liquidation of contract authority)		*(10,300,000)*	*(+10,300,000)*
(Limitation on direct loans)	*(16,300,000)*	*(16,300,000)*	
(Timber receipt transfer to general fund, indefinite)	*(−88,608,000)*	*(−102,765,000)*	*(−14,157,000)*
(Timber purchaser credits)	*(190,300,000)*		*(−190,300,000)*
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	*(20,000,000)*		*(−20,000,000)*
(By transfer)	*(13,840,000)*	*(410,615,000)*	*(+396,775,000)*

See footnote on next page.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3011)—Continued

[1] Includes the following budget amendments:

H. Doc. 99-69:	
Related Agencies:	
Department of Energy:	
Fossil energy research and development	$3,582,000
Naval petroleum and oil shale reserves	*(Language)*
Total, H. Doc. 99-69	3,582,000
H. Doc. 99-89:	
Department of the Interior:	
Bureau of Land Management:	
Management of lands and resources	8,554,000
Oregon and California grant lands	1,375,000
United States Fish and Wildlife Service:	
Resource management	6,594,000
National Park Service:	
Operation of the national park system	15,123,000
National recreation and preservation	288,000
John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts	71,000
Geological Survey:	
Surveys, investigations, and research	8,678,000
Minerals Management Service:	
Minerals and royalty management	2,677,000
Bureau of Mines:	
Mines and minerals	2,747,000
Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement:	
Regulation and technology	867,000
Abandoned mine reclamation fund	498,000
Bureau of Indian Affairs:	
Operation of Indian programs	11,430,000
Construction	165,000
Territorial and International Affairs:	
Administration of territories	88,000
Departmental Offices:	
Office of the Secretary	1,056,000
Office of the Solicitor	561,000
Office of the Inspector General	400,000
Construction management	18,000
Related Agencies:	
Department of Agriculture:	
Forest Service:	
Forest research	2,800,000
State and private forestry	662,000
National forest system	34,740,000
Construction	5,271,000
Land acquisition	104,000
Acquisition of lands for national forests, special acts	2,000
Range betterment fund	84,000
Miscellaneous trust funds *(permanent)*	*(1,809,000)*
Department of Energy:	
Fossil energy research and development	1,500,000
Naval petroleum and oil shale reserves	200,000
Energy conservation (area and regional development)	703,000
Economic regulation	731,000
Emergency preparedness	171,000
Strategic petroleum reserve	$263,000
Energy information administration	1,282,000
Department of Health and Human Services:	
Health Resources and Services Administration:	
Indian health services	13,040,000
Department of Education:	
Office of Elementary and Secondary Education:	
Indian Education	64,000
Other Related Agencies:	
Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation Commission:	
Salaries and expenses	165,000
Smithsonian Institution:	
Salaries and expenses	5,800,000
National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities:	
National Endowment for the Arts:	
Grants and administration	350,000
National Endowment for the Humanities:	
Grants and administration	350,000
Institute of Museum Services	2,000
Commission of Fine Arts:	
Salaries and expenses	9,000
Advisory Council on Historic Preservation:	
Salaries and expenses	39,000
National Capital Planning Commission:	
Salaries and expenses	77,000
Federal Inspector for the Alaska Gas Pipeline:	
Salaries and expenses	18,000
United States Holocaust Memorial Council	40,000
Total, H. Doc. 99-89	129,666,000
H. Doc. 99-105:	
Department of the Interior:	
Minerals Management Service:	
Minerals and royalty management	4,200,000
Bureau of Indian Affairs:	
Payment to the Alaska Native Escrow account	7,877,000
Territorial and International Affairs:	
Administration of territories	8,646,000
Related Agencies:	
Department of Health and Human Services:	
Health Resources and Services Administration:	
Indian health	−5,000,000
Other Related Agencies:	
Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation Commission:	
Salaries and expenses	−94,000
Total, H. Doc. 99-105 *(net)*	15,629,000
Total, budget amendments:	
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*	148,877,000
(Permanent trust funds)	*(1,809,000)*

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-178, APPROVED DECEMBER 12, 1985

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1,2,3,6,7]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986[5,6,8]	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			
EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATION			
Program administration	$62,914,000	$68,155,000	+$5,241,000
(Limitation on trust fund transfer)	*(42,375,000)*	*(42,666,000)*	*(+291,000)*
Training and employment services	2,805,521,000	3,461,045,000	+655,524,000
Community service employment for older Americans	326,000,000	326,000,000	
Federal unemployment benefits and allowances	10,000,000	10,000,000	
State unemployment insurance and employment service operations	23,600,000	23,600,000	
(Limitation on trust fund transfer)	*(2,404,440,000)*	*(2,456,240,000)*	*(+51,800,000)*
Advances to the Unemployment Trust Fund and other funds	465,000,000	465,000,000	
Total, Employment and Training Administration	3,693,035,000	4,353,800,000	+660,765,000
LABOR-MANAGEMENT SERVICES ADMINISTRATION			
Salaries and expenses	57,505,000	57,505,000	
Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation fund *(limitation on trust funds)*	*(33,040,000)*	*(33,040,000)*	
EMPLOYMENT STANDARDS ADMINISTRATION			
Salaries and expenses	183,981,000	190,318,000	+6,337,000
(Limitation on trust fund transfer)	*(406,000)*	*(406,000)*	
Special benefits	259,500,000	259,500,000	
Black Lung Disability Trust Fund:			
Definite	984,022,000	988,422,000	+4,400,000
Indefinite	756,000	756,000	
Total, Black Lung Disability Trust Fund	984,778,000	989,178,000	+4,400,000
Total, Employment Standards Administration	1,428,259,000	1,438,996,000	+10,737,000
OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION			
Salaries and expenses	217,208,000	218,045,000	+837,000
MINE SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION			
Salaries and expenses	148,911,000	151,679,000	+2,768,000
BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS			
Salaries and expenses	151,853,000	158,640,000	+6,787,000
(Limitation on trust fund transfer)	*(36,309,000)*	*(36,309,000)*	
DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT			
Salaries and expenses	97,485,000	99,303,000	+1,818,000
(Limitation on trust fund transfer)	*(252,000)*	*(252,000)*	
Assistant Secretary for Veterans Employment and Training *(limitation on trust fund transfer)*	*(124,485,000)*	*(132,975,000)*	*(+8,490,000)*
Office of the Inspector General	34,370,000	38,730,000	+4,360,000
(Limitation on trust fund transfer)	*(2,161,000)*	*(3,231,000)*	*(+1,070,000)*
Special foreign currency program	47,000	47,000	
Total, Departmental Management	131,902,000	138,080,000	+6,178,000
Total, title I, Department of Labor:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	5,828,673,000	6,516,745,000	+688,072,000
Definite	(5,827,917,000)	(6,515,989,000)	(+688,072,000)
Indefinite	(756,000)	(756,000)	
(Limitation on trust fund transfers)	*(2,643,468,000)*	*(2,705,119,000)*	*(+61,651,000)*

See footnotes at end of table pp. 1756–1757.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-178, APPROVED DECEMBER 12, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1,2,3,4,7]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986[5,6,8]	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
TITLE II—DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES ADMINISTRATION			
Health resources and services[1,6]	$1,012,957,000	$1,355,434,000	+$342,477,000
(Limitation on direct loans)	*(1,000,000)*	*(1,000,000)*	
Medical facilities guarantee and loan fund:			
Federal interest subsidies for medical facilities	25,000,000	25,000,000	
Health Maintenance Organization Loan and Loan Guarantee Fund:			
(Limitation on direct loans)	*(700,000)*	*(700,000)*	
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	*(100,000,000)*	*(275,000,000)*	*(+175,000,000)*
Total, Health Resources and Services Administration	1,037,957,000	1,380,434,000	+342,477,000
CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL			
Disease control	420,434,000	471,861,000	+51,427,000
NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH			
National Cancer Institute	1,131,479,000	1,258,159,000	+126,680,000
National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute	774,147,000	859,572,000	+85,425,000
National Institute of Dental Research	94,678,000	103,377,000	+8,699,000
National Institute of Arthritis, Diabetes, and Digestive and Kidney Diseases	521,616,000	569,597,000	+47,981,000
National Institute of Neurological and Communicative Disorders and Stroke	375,515,000	433,595,000	+58,080,000
National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases	358,813,000	383,717,000	+24,904,000
National Institute of General Medical Sciences	458,854,000	514,814,000	+55,960,000
National Institute of Child Health and Human Development	294,282,000	321,972,000	+27,690,000
National Eye Institute	161,669,000	195,168,000	+33,499,000
National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences	183,679,000	197,686,000	+14,007,000
National Institute on Aging	135,376,000	156,592,000	+21,216,000
Research resources	263,224,000	305,696,000	+42,472,000
John E. Fogarty International Center	11,464,000	11,568,000	+104,000
National Library of Medicine	54,124,000	57,956,000	+3,832,000
Office of the Director	36,591,000	117,085,000	+80,494,000
Buildings and facilities	5,000,000	14,900,000	+9,900,000
Administrative cost savings[6]		−3,000,000	−3,000,000
Total, National Institutes of Health	4,860,511,000	5,498,454,000	+637,943,000
ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE, AND MENTAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION			
Alcohol, drug abuse, and mental health	867,585,000	968,860,000	+101,275,000
Federal subsidy for Saint Elizabeths Hospital	43,696,000	43,696,000	
Total, Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration	911,281,000	1,012,556,000	+101,275,000
OFFICE OF ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR HEALTH			
Public Health Service management[2,6]	92,080,000	89,541,000	−2,539,000
(Limitation on trust fund transfer)	*(1,050,000)*	*(1,050,000)*	
Retirement pay and medical benefits for commissioned officers *(indefinite)*	97,129,000	80,941,000	−16,188,000
Total, Assistant Secretary for Health	189,209,000	170,482,000	−18,727,000
Total, Public Health Service	7,419,392,000	8,533,787,000	+1,114,395,000

See footnotes at end of table, pp. 1756–1757.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-178, APPROVED DECEMBER 12, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1,2,3,4,7]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986[2,4,6]	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION			
Grants to States for Medicaid[8]	$23,690,469,000	$23,898,000,000	+$207,531,000
Appropriation available from prior year advance	−5,980,000,000	−5,980,000,000	
Total adjusted appropriation	17,710,469,000	17,918,000,000	+207,531,000
Advance appropriation, fiscal year 1987	6,500,000,000	6,500,000,000	
Payments to health care trust funds	19,659,000,000	18,854,000,000	−805,000,000
Program management	84,258,000	89,533,000	+5,275,000
(Limitation on trust fund transfer)	*(1,132,798,000)*	*(1,191,785,000)*	*(+58,987,000)*
Total, Health Care Financing Administration *(Federal funds)*:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*	43,953,727,000	43,361,533,000	−592,194,000
Appropriations, 1986	(37,453,727,000)	(36,861,533,000)	(−592,194,000)
Appropriations, 1987	(6,500,000,000)	(6,500,000,000)	
(Limitation on trust fund transfer)	*(1,132,798,000)*	*(1,191,785,000)*	*(+58,987,000)*
SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION			
Payments to social security trust funds	497,008,000	497,008,000	
Special benefits for disabled coal miners:			
Direct appropriation[8]	997,908,000	997,908,000	
Appropriation available from prior year advance	−270,000,000	−270,000,000	
Total adjusted appropriation	727,908,000	727,908,000	
Appropriation available in prior year[5]	−12,389,000	−11,730,000	+659,000
Advance appropriation for fiscal year 1987	270,000,000	270,000,000	
Total, special benefits for disabled coal miners *(net)*	985,519,000	986,178,000	+659,000
Supplemental security income program:			
Direct appropriation[8]	10,057,858,000	10,057,858,000	
Appropriation available from prior year advance	−2,345,769,000	−2,345,769,000	
Total adjusted appropriation	7,712,089,000	7,712,089,000	
Appropriation available in prior year[5]	−176,868,000	−409,194,000	−232,326,000
Advance appropriation for fiscal year 1987	2,339,250,000	2,339,250,000	
Total, supplemental security income program *(net)*	9,874,471,000	9,642,145,000	−232,326,000
Assistance payments program:			
Direct appropriation	8,774,578,000	8,954,578,000	+180,000,000
Appropriation available from prior year advance	−2,095,000,000	−2,095,000,000	
Total adjusted appropriation	6,679,578,000	6,859,578,000	+180,000,000
Appropriation available in prior year[5]	−620,316,000	−908,910,000	−288,594,000
Advance appropriation for fiscal year 1987	2,193,754,000	2,193,754,000	
Total, assistance payments program *(net)*	8,253,016,000	8,144,422,000	−108,594,000
Child support enforcement:			
Direct appropriation[8]	592,601,000	592,601,000	
Appropriation available from prior year advance	−160,000,000	−160,000,000	
Total adjusted appropriation	432,601,000	432,601,000	
Advance appropriation for fiscal year 1987	170,750,000	170,750,000	
Total, child support enforcement *(net)*	603,351,000	603,351,000	

See footnotes at end of table, pp. 1756-1757.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-178, APPROVED DECEMBER 12, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1,2,3,6,7]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986[2,6,8]	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Low income home energy assistance	$2,100,075,000	$2,100,000,000	−$75,000
Refugee and entrant assistance[3]	*(316,762,000)*		*(−316,762,000)*
(Limitation on administrative expenses, trust funds)	*(3,992,436,000)*	*(3,992,486,000)*	
Total, Social Security Administration:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	22,313,440,000	21,973,104,000	−340,336,000
Appropriations, 1986	(17,339,686,000)	(16,999,350,000)	(−340,336,000)
Appropriations, 1987	(4,973,754,000)	(4,973,754,000)	
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	*(3,992,486,000)*	*(3,992,486,000)*	
HUMAN DEVELOPMENT SERVICES			
Social Services Block Grant (Title XX)	2,700,000,000	2,700,000,000	
Human Development Services	1,969,167,000	2,015,922,000	+46,755,000
Family Social Services:			
Discretionary activities[6]	213,623,000	227,648,000	+14,025,000
Entitlement activities	527,371,000	549,589,000	+22,218,000
Total, Family Social Services	740,994,000	777,237,000	+36,243,000
Work incentives		220,000,000	+220,000,000
Total, Human Development Services	5,410,161,000	5,713,159,000	+302,998,000
OFFICE OF COMMUNITY SERVICES			
Community services block grant[6]	3,923,000	370,300,000	+366,377,000
DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT			
General departmental management	123,949,000	139,949,000	+16,000,000
(Limitation on trust fund transfer)	*(8,000,000)*	*(8,000,000)*	
Office of the Inspector General	42,219,000	42,219,000	
(Limitation on trust fund transfer)	*(30,000,000)*	*(30,000,000)*	
Office for Civil Rights	15,636,000	16,000,000	+364,000
(Limitation on trust fund transfer)	*(4,000,000)*	*(4,000,000)*	
Policy research	6,000,000	6,500,000	+500,000
Total, Departmental Management	187,804,000	204,668,000	+16,864,000
Total, title II, Department of Health and Human Services:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*	79,288,447,000	80,156,551,000	+868,104,000
Appropriations, 1986	(67,814,693,000)	(68,682,797,000)	(+868,104,000)
Definite	(67,717,564,000)	(68,601,856,000)	(+884,292,000)
Indefinite	97,129,000)	(80,941,000)	(−16,188,000)
Appropriations, 1987	(11,473,754,000)	(11,473,754,000)	
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	*(3,992,486,000)*	*(3,992,486,000)*	
(Limitation on trust fund transfers)	*(1,175,848,000)*	*(1,234,835,000)*	*(+58,987,000)*
(Limitation on loan guarantees)	*(100,000,000)*	*(275,000,000)*	*(+175,000,000)*
(Limitation on direct loans)	*(1,700,000)*	*(1,700,000)*	
TITLE III—DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION			
Compensatory education for the disadvantaged	3,646,615,000	3,695,663,000	+49,048,000
School assistance in federally affected areas *(Impact aid)*[6]	543,000,000	692,500,000	+149,500,000
Special programs[6]	647,909,000	705,109,000	+57,200,000
Bilingual education	142,951,000	172,951,000	+30,000,000
Total, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education	4,980,475,000	5,266,223,000	+285,748,000

See footnotes at end of table, pp. 1756-1757.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-178, APPROVED DECEMBER 12, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1,2,3,5,7]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986[5,6,8]	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATION SERVICES			
Education for the handicapped	$1,306,100,000	$1,411,000,000	+$104,900,000
Rehabilitation services and handicapped research	1,216,400,000	1,362,000,000	+145,600,000
Total, Office of Special Education and Rehabilitation Services	2,522,500,000	2,773,000,000	+250,500,000
OFFICE OF VOCATIONAL AND ADULT EDUCATION			
Vocational and adult education	831,314,000	940,777,000	+109,463,000
OFFICE OF POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION			
Student financial assistance	3,569,000,000	4,887,000,000	+1,318,000,000
Guaranteed student loans	2,714,482,000	3,300,000,000	+585,518,000
Higher education[4]	247,078,000	450,238,000	+203,160,000
Higher education facilities loans and insurance	17,996,000	17,996,000	
College housing loans *(loan limitation)*		*(60,000,000)*	*(+60,000,000)*
Total, Office of Postsecondary Education	6,548,556,000	8,655,234,000	+2,106,678,000
OFFICE OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND IMPROVEMENT			
Educational research and statistics	59,978,000	59,978,000	
Libraries[6]		127,500,000	+127,500,000
Total, Office of Educational Research and Improvement	59,978,000	187,478,000	+127,500,000
SPECIAL INSTITUTIONS			
American Printing House for the Blind	5,510,000	5,500,000	−10,000
National Technical Institute for the Deaf	30,080,000	32,000,000	+1,920,000
Gallaudet College	58,889,000	62,000,000	+3,111,000
Howard University	151,230,000	164,230,000	+13,000,000
Total, Special Institutions	245,709,000	263,730,000	+18,021,000
DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT			
Salaries and expenses	225,844,000	225,867,000	+23,000
Office for Civil Rights	42,938,000	44,580,000	+1,642,000
Office of the Inspector General	14,837,000	15,312,000	+475,000
Total, Departmental management	283,619,000	285,759,000	+2,140,000
Total, title III, Department of Education and Special Institutions:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	15,472,151,000	18,372,201,000	+2,900,050,000
(Limitation on direct loans)		*(60,000,000)*	*(+60,000,000)*
TITLE IV—RELATED AGENCIES			
ACTION: Operating expenses	148,199,000	151,287,000	+3,088,000
Corporation for Public Broadcasting:			
Public broadcasting fund *(advance appropriation, FY 1988)*	214,000,000	214,000,000	
Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service	23,394,000	23,394,000	
Federal Mine Safety and Health Review Commission	3,815,000	3,815,000	
National Center for the Study of Afro-American History and Culture		200,000	+200,000
National Commission on Libraries and Information Science		690,000	+690,000
National Council on the Handicapped	704,000	765,000	+61,000
National Labor Relations Board	134,854,000	134,854,000	
National Mediation Board	6,432,000	6,358,000	−74,000
Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission	5,901,000	5,901,000	

See footnotes at end of table, pp. 1756–1757.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-178, APPROVED DECEMBER 12, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1,2,3,4,7]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986[5,6,8]	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Prospective Payment Assessment Commission *(trust fund transfer)*	*($2,893,000)*	*($2,893,000)*	
Railroad Retirement Board:			
Dual benefits payments account	392,000,000	392,000,000	
Federal payment to Railroad Retirement Account	2,200,000	2,200,000	
(Limitation on administration, retirement)	*(56,501,000)*	*(55,422,000)*	*(−$1,079,000)*
(Limitation on administration, unemployment)	*(9,407,000)*	*(16,487,000)*	*(+7,080,000)*
Soldiers' and Airmen's Home:			
Operation and maintenance *(trust funds)*	33,506,000	33,391,000	−115,000
Capital outlay *(trust funds)*	4,000,000	15,000,000	+11,000,000
Total, title IV, related agencies:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	969,005,000	983,855,000	+14,850,000
Appropriations, 1986	(755,005,000)	(769,855,000)	(+14,850,000)
Appropriations, 1988	(214,000,000)	(214,000,000)	
(Trust fund limitations)	*(65,908,000)*	*(71,909,000)*	*(+6,001,000)*
(Trust fund transfer)	*(2,893,000)*	*(2,893,000)*	
Grand total, all titles:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	101,558,276,000	106,029,352,000	+4,471,076,000
Appropriations, 1986	(89,870,522,000)	(94,341,598,000)	(+4,471,076,000)
Definite	(89,772,637,000)	(94,259,901,000)	(+4,487,264,000)
Indefinite	(97,885,000)	(81,697,000)	(−16,188,000)
Appropriations, 1987	(11,473,754,000)	(11,473,754,000)	
Appropriations, 1988	(214,000,000)	(214,000,000)	
(Limitation on direct loans)	*(1,700,000)*	*(61,700,000)*	*(+60,000,000)*
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	*(100,000,000)*	*(275,000,000)*	*(+175,000,000)*
(Trust fund limitations)	*(65,908,000)*	*(71,909,000)*	*(+6,001,000)*
(Limitation on trust fund transfers)	*(3,819,316,000)*	*(3,939,954,000)*	*(+120,638,000)*
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	*(3,992,486,000)*	*(3,992,486,000)*	
(Trust fund transfer)	*(2,893,000)*	*(2,893,000)*	
(Unauthorized, not considered in H.R. 3424)	*(316,762,000)*		*(−316,762,000)*

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[1] Excludes $142,500,000 requested in the President's Budget for Health Resources and Services not considered in H.R. 3424 due to a lack of authorizing legislation. Funding for this activity (Family Planning) is provided for under P.L. 99-190, the FY 1986 Continuing Resolution.

[2] Excludes $14,729,000 requested in the President's Budget for Public Health Service Management not considered in H.R. 3424 due to a lack of authorizing legislation. Funding for this activity (Adolescent Family Life) is provided for under P.L. 99-190, the FY 1986 Continuing Resolution.

[3] Excludes $316,762,000 requested in the President's Budget for Refugee and Entrant Assistance not considered in H.R. 3424 due to a lack of authorizing legislation. Funding for this activity is provided for under P.L. 99-190, the FY 1986 Continuing Resolution.

[4] Excludes $5,000,000 requested in the President's Budget for Higher Education not considered in H.R. 3424 due to a lack of authorizing legislation. Funding for this activity (Minority Science Improvement) is provided for under P.L. 99-190, the FY 1986 Continuing Resolution.

[5] Amounts totalling $1,329,834,000 are excluded from the totals in this table. Budget authority for these amounts were appropriated as indefinite authority in the FY 1985 Appropriations Act (P.L. 98-619). Funds provided in P.L. 99-178 therefore liquidate authority provided in the previous year. This affects the following accounts (earlier estimates carried in Committee reports have been modified based on the 1986 column of the President's 1987 Budget):

	Initial Estimate	*Revised Estimate*
Special Benefits for Disabled Coal Miners	$12,389,000	$11,730,000
Supplemental Security Income	176,868,000	409,194,000
Assistance Payments	620,316,000	908,910,000
Total	809,573,000	1,329,834,000

[6] Amounts shown as appropriated are net of $38,135,000 in reductions adopted by the House on December 5, 1985, during consideration of the conference report to accompany H.R. 3424 (H. Rept. 99-402). The following accounts are affected:

Health Resources and Services Administration	$5,000,000
National Institutes of Health	3,000,000
Office of Assistant Secretary for Health	2,000,000
Family Social Services	13,000,000
Office of Community Services	2,135,000
Impact Aid	2,500,000
Special Programs	8,000,000
Libraries	2,500,000
Total	38,135,000

[7] Includes the following amounts transmitted as budget amendments after initial submission of the President's FY 1986 budget:

H. Doc. 99-89 (5% pay restoration):	
Department of Labor:	
Labor-Management Services:	
Salaries and expenses	$1,503,000
Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation fund *(limitation on administrative expenses)*	*(694,000)*
Employment Standards Administration:	
Salaries and expenses	3,224,000
Black lung disability trust fund	778,000
Occupational Safety and Health Administration:	
Salaries and expenses	4,149,000
Mine Safety and Health Administration:	
Salaries and expenses	4,144,000

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-178, APPROVED DECEMBER 12, 1985—Continued

Bureau of Labor Statistics:	
Salaries and expenses	$3,559,000
Departmental Management:	
Salaries and expenses	2,798,000
Office of the Inspector General	816,000
Department of Health and Human Services:	
Health Resources and Services Administration:	
Health Resources and Services (erroneously identified as $13,040,000 in H. Doc. 99-89)	3,564,000
Centers for Disease Control:	
Disease control	4,917,000
National Institutes of Health:	
National Cancer Institute	5,380,000
National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute	2,193,000
National Institute of Dental Research	713,000
National Institute of Arthritis, Metabolism, and Digestive Diseases	1,758,000
National Institute of Neurological and Communicative Disorders and Stroke	1,621,000
National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases	1,635,000
National Institute of General Medical Sciences	370,000
National Institute of Child Health and Human Development	1,198,000
National Eye Institute	573,000
National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences	1,068,000
National Institute of Aging	618,000
Research resources	184,000
John E. Fogarty International Center	105,000
National Library of Medicine	804,000
Office of the Director	881,000
Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration:	
Alcohol, drug abuse, and mental health	2,391,000
Federal subsidy for Saint Elizabeths Hospital	1,208,000
Office of Assistant Secretary for Health:	
Public Health Service Management	1,654,000
Health Care Financing Administration:	
Program management	1,860,000
Social Security Administration:	
Supplemental security income program	19,500,000
Assistance payments program	1,000,000
Child support enforcement	500,000
Low income home energy assistance	75,000
Refugee entrant assistance	175,000
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	*(80,900,000)*
Human Development Services:	
Community services	59,000
Departmental Management:	
Office of the Inspector General	2,076,000
Department of Education:	
Departmental management:	
Salaries and expenses (Office of the Inspector General)	6,277,000
Related Agencies:	
ACTION: Operating expenses	$649,000
Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service	626,000
Federal Mine Safety and Health Review Commission	106,000
National Council on the Handicapped	19,000
National Labor Relations Board	3,959,000
National Mediation Board	85,000
Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission	159,000
Railroad Retirement Board:	
(Limitation on administration, retirement)	*(1,206,000)*
(Limitation on administration, unemployment)	*(202,000)*
Soldiers' and Airmen's Home:	
Operation and maintenance	852,000
Total, H. Doc. 99-89	91,783,000
H. Doc. 99-105 (AIDS):	
Department of Labor:	
Employment and Standards Administration:	
Salaries and expenses	*(Language)*
Department of Health and Human Services:	
Health Resources and Services Administration:	
Health resources and services	−5,500,000
Centers for Disease Control:	
Disease control	23,425,000
National Institutes of Health:	
National Cancer Institute	87,000
National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute	−3,300,000
National Institute of Dental Research	526,000
National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases	4,617,000
National Eye Institute	−3,300,000
Buildings and facilities	−9,900,000
Departmental Management:	
General departmental management	−3,800,000
Total, H. Doc. 99-105 *(net)*	2,855,000
Total, budget amendments:	[a]
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*	94,638,000
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	*(81,594,000)*
(Limitation on administration)	*(1,408,000)*

[a] The appropriations for these public assistance entitlements includes indefinite authority to expend such sums as may be necessary in the event that specific appropriations are inadequate. While final data was not available on funds made available under these authorities at the time the bill was enacted, the FY 1986 column of the FY 1987 Budget submitted February 5, 1986 indicates that $1.785 million was expected to be expended in FY 1986 against this indefinite authority. The specific accounts affected are:

Grants to States for Medicaid	$542,484,000
Special Benefits for Disabled Coal Miners	12,341,000
Supplemental Security Income	253,545,000
Assistance Payments	950,486,000
Child Support Enforcement	26,729,000
Total, estimate	1,785,585,000

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-151, APPROVED NOVEMBER 13, 1985

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
TITLE I—CONGRESSIONAL OPERATIONS			
SENATE			
MILEAGE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT AND SENATORS AND EXPENSE ALLOWANCES OF THE VICE PRESIDENT, THE PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE, MAJORITY AND MINORITY LEADERS, MAJORITY AND MINORITY WHIPS, AND CHAIRMEN OF THE MAJORITY AND MINORITY CONFERENCE COMMITTEES			
Mileage of the Vice President and Senators	$60,000	$60,000	
Expense allowances of the Vice President, the President Pro Tempore, Majority and Minority Leader Majority and Minority Whips, and Chairmen of the Majority and Minority Conference Committees:			
Vice President	10,000	10,000	
President Pro Tempore of the Senate	10,000	10,000	
Majority Leader of the Senate	10,000	10,000	
Minority Leader of the Senate	10,000	10,000	
Majority Whip of the Senate	5,000	5,000	
Minority Whip of the Senate	5,000	5,000	
Chairmen of the Majority and Minority Conference Committees	6,000	6,000	
Subtotal, expense allowances	56,000	56,000	
Representation allowances for the Majority and Minority Leaders	[2]20,000	20,000	
Total, Vice President and Senators	136,000	136,000	
SALARIES, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES			
Office of the Vice President	1,121,000	1,112,000	−$9,000
Office of the President pro tempore	151,000	149,000	−2,000
Offices of the Majority and Minority Leaders	1,100,000	1,090,000	−10,000
Offices of the Majority and Minority Whips	422,000	418,000	−4,000
Conference committees	1,090,000	1,081,000	−9,000
Offices of the secretaries of the conference of the Majority and the conference of the Minority	183,000	182,000	−1,000
Office of the Chaplain	90,000	90,000	
Office of the Secretary	7,546,000	6,953,000	−593,000
Administrative, clerical, and legislative assistance to Senators	103,787,000	102,549,000	−1,238,000
Office of Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper	39,145,000	36,358,000	−2,787,000
Offices of the secretaries for the Majority and Minority	886,000	879,000	−7,000
Agency contributions	20,218,000	19,612,000	−606,000
Total, salaries, officers and employees	175,739,000	170,473,000	−5,266,000
OFFICE OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL OF THE SENATE			
Salaries and expenses	1,590,000	1,437,000	−153,000
OFFICE OF SENATE LEGAL COUNSEL			
Salaries and expenses	575,000	565,000	−10,000
Expense allowances for the Secretary of the Senate, Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate, and Secretaries for the Majority and for the Minority of the Senate	12,000	12,000	
CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE			
Senate policy committees	1,981,000	1,948,000	−33,000
Inquiries and investigations	53,916,000	51,050,000	−2,866,000
International Narcotics Control Commission		325,000	+325,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1762.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-151, APPROVED NOVEMBER 13, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Secretary of the Senate	$760,000	$683,800	−$76,200
Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate	64,453,000	54,153,000	−10,300,000
Miscellaneous items	9,659,000	9,659,000	
Stationery *(revolving fund)*	13,000	12,000	−1,000
Total, contingent expenses of the Senate	130,782,000	117,830,800	−12,951,200
Total, Senate	308,834,000	290,453,800	−18,380,200
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES			
MILEAGE OF MEMBERS			
Mileage of Members	210,000	150,000	−60,000
HOUSE LEADERSHIP OFFICES			
Office of the Speaker	775,000	775,000	
Office of the Majority Floor Leader	688,000	688,000	
Office of the Minority Floor Leader	767,000	767,000	
Office of the Majority Whip	603,000	603,000	
Office of the Minority Whip	524,000	524,000	
Total, House leadership offices	3,357,000	3,357,000	
SALARIES, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES			
Office of the Clerk	13,856,000	13,656,000	−200,000
Office of the Sergeant at Arms	18,669,000	18,269,000	−400,000
Office of the Doorkeeper	6,878,000	6,678,000	−200,000
Office of the Postmaster	2,145,000	2,075,000	−70,000
Office of the Chaplain	73,000	73,000	
Office of the Parliamentarian	623,000	623,000	
Office for the Bicentennial	267,000	219,000	−48,000
Office of the Law Revision Counsel	889,000	859,000	−30,000
Office of the Legislative Counsel	2,989,000	2,800,000	−189,000
Six minority employees	434,000	434,000	
House Democratic Steering Committee and Caucus	617,000	617,000	
House Republican Conference	617,000	617,000	
Other Authorized Employees	994,000	994,000	
Total, salaries, officers and employees	49,051,000	47,914,000	−1,137,000
COMMITTEE EMPLOYEES			
Professional and clerical employees *(standing committees)*	44,325,000	44,325,000	
COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS (Studies and Investigations)			
Salaries and expenses	4,500,000	4,275,000	−225,000
COMMITTEE ON THE BUDGET (Studies)			
Salaries and expenses	329,000	296,000	−33,000
MEMBERS' CLERK HIRE			
Clerk hire	169,641,000	166,762,000	−2,879,000
CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE			
ALLOWANCES AND EXPENSES			
Official Expenses of Members	83,261,000	81,000,000	−2,261,000
Supplies, materials, administrative costs and Federal tort claims	16,946,000	16,946,000	
Furniture and furnishings	1,150,000	1,000,000	−150,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1762.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-151, APPROVED NOVEMBER 13, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Stenographic reporting of committee hearings	$600,000	$500,000	−$100,000
Reemployed annuitants reimbursement	1,200,000	1,200,000	
Government contributions	33,279,000	32,158,000	−1,121,000
Miscellaneous items	622,000	622,000	
Total, allowances and expenses	137,058,000	133,426,000	−3,632,000
STANDING COMMITTEES, SPECIAL AND SELECT			
Salaries and expenses	46,960,000	46,960,000	
Total, contingent expenses of the House	184,018,000	180,386,000	−3,632,000
Total, House of Representatives	455,431,000	447,465,000	−7,966,000
JOINT ITEMS			
CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE			
Joint Economic Committee	2,680,000	2,644,000	−36,000
Joint Committee on Printing	945,000	919,000	−26,000
Total, contingent expenses of the Senate	3,625,000	3,563,000	−62,000
CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE			
Joint Committee on Taxation	3,897,000	3,705,000	−192,000
OFFICE OF THE ATTENDING PHYSICIAN			
Medical supplies, equipment, expenses, and allowances	1,078,000	1,056,000	−22,000
CAPITOL POLICE			
General expenses	1,670,000	1,336,000	−334,000
Capitol Police Board	109,000	109,000	
Total, Capitol Police	1,779,000	1,445,000	−334,000
OFFICIAL MAIL COSTS			
Expenses	144,458,000	100,000,000	−44,458,000
CAPITOL GUIDE SERVICE			
Salaries and expenses	954,000	867,000	−87,000
STATEMENTS OF APPROPRIATIONS			
Preparation	13,000	13,000	
Total, joint items	155,804,000	110,649,000	−45,155,000
OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT			
Salaries and expenses	17,000,000	15,300,000	−1,700,000
CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE			
Salaries and expenses	18,455,000	16,886,000	−1,569,000
ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL			
OFFICE OF THE ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL			
Salaries	5,675,000	5,417,000	−258,000
Contingent expenses	235,000	100,000	−135,000
Total, Office of the Architect of the Capitol	5,910,000	5,517,000	−393,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1762.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-151, APPROVED NOVEMBER 13, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS			
Capitol buildings	$12,621,000	$10,880,000	−$1,741,000
Reappropriation		109,000	+109,000
Capitol grounds	3,364,000	3,510,000	+146,000
Senate Office Buildings	23,598,000	19,163,000	−4,435,000
Reappropriation		561,000	+561,000
House Office Buildings	41,323,000	22,088,000	−19,235,000
Capitol Power Plant	25,375,000	23,495,000	−1,880,000
Total, Capitol buildings and grounds	106,281,000	79,806,000	−26,475,000
Total, Architect of the Capitol *(except items in Title II)*	112,191,000	85,323,000	−26,868,000
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS			
CONGRESSIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE			
Salaries and expenses	43,292,000	38,963,000	−4,329,000
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE			
Congressional printing and binding	78,900,000	69,405,000	−9,495,000
Total, title I—Congressional Operations	1,189,907,000	1,074,444,800	−115,462,200
Appropriations	(1,189,907,000)	(1,073,774,800)	(−116,132,200)
Reappropriations		(670,000)	(+670,000)
TITLE II—OTHER AGENCIES			
BOTANIC GARDEN			
Salaries and expenses	2,197,000	2,188,000	−9,000
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS			
Salaries and expenses	146,607,000	138,047,000	−8,560,000
Authority to spend receipts	−4,300,000	−4,300,000	
Net, Salaries and expenses	142,307,000	133,747,000	−8,560,000
Copyright Office, salaries and expenses	18,081,000	17,631,000	−450,000
Authority to spend receipts	−6,000,000	−6,750,000	−750,000
Net, Copyright Office, salaries and expenses	12,081,000	10,881,000	−1,200,000
Books for the blind and physically handicapped, salaries and expenses	38,402,000	33,761,000	−4,641,000
Collection and distribution of library materials *(special foreign currency program)*:			
Payments in Treasury-owned foreign currencies	711,000	711,000	
U.S. dollars	121,000	121,000	
Total, collection and distribution of library materials	832,000	832,000	
Furniture and furnishings	5,915,000	891,000	−5,024,000
Total, Library of Congress *(except Congressional Research Service)*	199,537,000	180,112,000	−19,425,000
ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL			
LIBRARY BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS			
Structural and mechanical care	7,380,000	5,785,000	−1,595,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1762.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-151, APPROVED NOVEMBER 13, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986 [1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
COPYRIGHT ROYALTY TRIBUNAL			
Salaries and expenses	$758,000	$519,000	−$239,000
Authority to spend receipts	−531,000	−363,000	+168,000
Net, Salaries and expenses	227,000	156,000	−71,000
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE			
Printing and binding	14,500,000	11,555,000	−2,945,000
Office of Superintendent of Documents, salaries and expenses	28,868,000	22,981,000	−5,887,000
(By transfer)		*(3,000,000)*	*(+3,000,000)*
Total, Government Printing Office *(except Congressional printing and binding)*	43,368,000	34,536,000	−8,832,000
GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE			
Salaries and expenses	339,639,000	300,992,000	−38,647,000
RAILROAD ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES BOARD			
Salaries and expenses	1,000,000	750,000	−250,000
Total, title II—other agencies	593,348,000	524,519,000	−68,829,000
Grand total, all titles:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	1,783,255,000	1,598,963,800	−184,291,200
Appropriations	(1,783,255,000)	(1,598,293,800)	(−184,961,200)
Reappropriations		(670,000)	(+670,000)

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[1] Includes the following budget amendments:

H. Doc. 99-69:	
Senate:	
Contingent Expenses of the Senate:	
Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate	$17,164,000
House of Representatives:	
Salaries, officers and employees:	
House Democratic Steering Committee and Caucus	35,000
House Republican Conference	35,000
Total, H. Doc. 99-69	17,234,000
S. Doc. 99-6:	
Senate:	
Expense allowances of the Vice President, President Pro Tempore, Majority and Minority Leaders and Majority and Minority Whips and Chairmen of the Majority and Minority Conference Committees:	
Chairmen of the Majority and Minority Conference Committees	$6,000
Salaries, Officers and Employees:	
Administrative, clerical, and legislative assistance to Senators	1,396,000
Agency contributions	181,000
Contingent Expenses of the Senate:	
Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate	3,300,000
Total, S. Doc. 99-6	4,883,000
Total, budget amendments	22,117,000

[2] Informal budget estimate.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-173, APPROVED DECEMBER 10, 1985

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Military construction, Army	$2,020,900,000	$1,602,982,000	−$417,918,000
Military construction, Navy	2,085,200,000	1,705,370,000	−379,830,000
Military construction, Air Force	2,082,000,000	1,663,225,000	−418,775,000
Military construction, Defense agencies	309,600,000	181,375,000	−128,225,000
North Atlantic Treaty Organization Infrastructure	98,000,000	10,000,000	−88,000,000
Military construction, Army National Guard	102,100,000	102,205,000	+105,000
Military construction, Air National Guard	137,200,000	121,250,000	−15,950,000
Military construction, Army Reserve	70,700,000	61,346,000	−9,354,000
Military construction, Naval Reserve	51,800,000	41,800,000	−10,000,000
Military construction, Air Force Reserve	66,800,000	63,030,000	−3,770,000
Defense facilities replacement	33,000,000		−33,000,000
Total, military construction	7,057,300,000	5,552,583,000	−1,504,717,000
Family housing, Army	1,625,764,000	1,445,164,000	−180,600,000
Portion applied to debt reduction	−15,064,000	−15,064,000	
Subtotal, family housing, Army	1,610,700,000	1,430,100,000	−180,600,000
Family housing, Navy	738,739,000	681,380,000	−57,359,000
Portion applied to debt reduction	−16,239,000	−16,239,000	
Subtotal, family housing, Navy	722,500,000	665,141,000	−57,359,000
Family housing, Air Force	943,698,000	847,766,000	−95,932,000
Portion applied to debt reduction	−14,298,000	−14,298,000	
Subtotal, family housing, Air Force	929,400,000	833,468,000	−95,932,000
Family housing, Defense agencies	20,300,000	16,567,000	−3,733,000
Total family housing *(budget authority)*	3,328,501,000	2,990,877,000	−337,624,000
Total portion applied to debt reduction	−45,601,000	−45,601,000	
Total, family housing	3,282,900,000	8,497,859,000	−1,842,341,000
Grand total, new budget *(obligational)* authority	10,340,200,000	8,497,859,000	−1,842,341,000

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3244)

[NOTE.—The Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3244) was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives on September 5, 1985, and was passed by the House on September 12, 1985. The Committee on Appropriations of the Senate reported the bill on October 4, 1985, and the bill was passed by the Senate on October 23, 1985. There was no conference report filed on this bill. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(e) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. The following table reflects the funding levels as provided under section 101(e) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs and activities normally included in H.R. 3244 (see pp. 399-421, this volume, for Sec. 101(e) of Public Law 99-190).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986 [1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (–), appropriations compared with estimates
TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
Office of the Secretary			
Salaries and expenses	$51,995,000	$51,300,000	–$695,000
Transportation planning, research, and development	5,558,000	3,500,000	–2,058,000
(Limitation on working capital fund)	*(67,033,000)*	*(64,500,000)*	*(–2,533,000)*
Payments to air carriers		28,000,000	+28,000,000
Total, Office of the Secretary	57,553,000	82,800,000	+25,247,000
Coast Guard			
Operating expenses	[2] 1,788,608,000	1,642,000,000	–146,608,000
(By transfer)		*(10,000,000)*	*(+10,000,000)*
Total, operating expenses	1,788,608,000	1,642,000,000	–146,608,000
Acquisition, construction, and improvements	303,058,000	217,300,000	–85,758,000
Alteration of bridges	5,200,000	5,200,000	
Retired pay	351,800,000	351,800,000	
Reserve training	61,502,000	61,502,000	
Research, development, test, and evaluation	23,000,000	21,000,000	–2,000,000
Offshore oil pollution compensation fund	1,000,000	1,000,000	
(Limitation on obligations)	*(60,000,000)*	*(60,000,000)*	
Deepwater port liability fund	1,000,000	1,000,000	
(Limitation on obligations)	*(50,000,000)*	*(50,000,000)*	
Boat safety	13,625,000		–13,625,000
(Liquidation of contract authorization)		*(30,000,000)*	*(+30,000,000)*
(Limitation on obligations)		*(30,000,000)*	*(+30,000,000)*
Total, Coast Guard	2,548,793,000	2,300,802,000	–247,991,000
Federal Aviation Administration			
Headquarters administration	66,578,000	64,400,000	–2,178,000
Operations	2,749,870,000	2,694,600,000	–55,270,000
Subtotal, Operations and headquarters administration	[3] 2,816,448,000	2,759,000,000	–57,448,000
Facilities and equipment *(Airport and Airway Trust Fund)*	1,146,500,000	993,000,000	–153,500,000
Research, engineering and development *(Airport and Airway Trust Fund)*	197,925,000	190,000,000	–7,925,000
(By transfer)		*(15,000,000)*	*(+15,000,000)*
Grants-in-aid for airports:			
(Liquidation of contract authorization) (Airport and Airway Trust Fund)	*(693,000,000)*	*(693,000,000)*	
(Limitation on obligations)	*(1,017,000,000)*	*(925,000,000)*	*(–92,000,000)*
Operation and maintenance, Metropolitan Washington Airports	36,175,000	34,100,000	–2,075,000
Construction, Metropolitan Washington Airports	13,000,000	7,000,000	–6,000,000
Aircraft purchase loan guarantee program *(limitation on borrowing authority)*	*(125,000,000)*	*(75,000,000)*	*(–50,000,000)*
Total, Federal Aviation Administration	4,210,048,000	3,983,100,000	–226,948,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1768.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3244)—Continued

[NOTE.—The Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3244) was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives on September 5, 1985, and was passed by the House on September 12, 1985. The Committee on Appropriations of the Senate reported the bill on October 4, 1985, and the bill was passed by the Senate on October 23, 1985. There was no conference report filed on this bill. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(e) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. The following table reflects the funding levels as provided under section 101(e) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs and activities normally included in H.R. 3244 (see pp. 399-421, this volume, for Sec. 101(e) of Public Law 99-190).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION			
(Limitation on general operating expenses)	[4] *($203,761,000)*	*($203,761,000)*	
Highway safety research and development	[5] 8,500,000	8,500,000	
Highway-related safety grants:			
(Liquidation of contract authorization) (Trust Fund)	*(9,000,000)*	*(9,000,000)*	
(Limitation on obligations)	*(10,000,000)*	*(10,000,000)*	
Railroad-highway crossings demonstration projects		16,000,000	+$16,000,000
Federal-aid highways:			
(Liquidation of contract authorization) (Trust Fund)	*(13,836,000,000)*	*(13,836,000,000)*	
(Limitation on obligations)	*(13,250,000,000)*	*(12,750,000,000)*	*(−500,000,000)*
Right-of-way Revolving Fund *(limitation on direct loans) (Trust Fund)*	*(50,000,000)*	*(50,000,000)*	
Motor carrier safety	[6] 13,993,000	13,900,000	−93,000
Motor carrier safety grants	[7] 14,000,000	17,000,000	+3,000,000
Access highways to public recreation areas on certain lakes		5,000,000	+5,000,000
(By transfer)		*(5,000,000)*	*(+5,000,000)*
Baltimore-Washington Parkway		3,000,000	+3,000,000
Waste isolation pilot project roads		7,000,000	+7,000,000
Rail Line Consolidation project *(by transfer)*		*(4,000,000)*	*(+4,000,000)*
Airport Highway Demonstration project *(by transfer)*		*(1,350,000)*	*(+1,350,000)*
Expressway gap closing project		9,000,000	+9,000,000
Total, Federal Highway Administration	36,493,000	79,400,000	+42,907,000
NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION			
Operations and research	[8] 81,101,000	83,851,000	+2,750,000
(By transfer)	*(17,000,000)*	*(5,500,000)*	*(−11,500,000)*
Highway traffic safety grants:			
(Liquidation of contract authorization) (Trust Fund)	*(149,000,000)*	*(149,000,000)*	
State and community highway safety *(limitation on obligations)*	*(126,500,000)*	*(126,500,000)*	
Alcohol safety incentive grants *(limitation on obligations)*	*(28,800,000)*	*(28,800,000)*	
(Cumulative limitation on obligations for fiscal years 1983-1986)		*(5,000,000)*	*(+5,000,000)*
Total, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration	81,101,000	83,851,000	+2,750,000
FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION			
Office of the Administrator	10,560,000	10,120,000	−440,000
Railroad safety	27,975,000	27,764,000	−211,000
Railroad research and development	10,418,000	10,600,000	+182,000
Rail service assistance	5,762,000	20,200,000	+14,438,000
Northeast corridor improvement program		12,500,000	+12,500,000
Grants to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation		587,500,000	+587,500,000
(By transfer)		*(28,500,000)*	*(+28,500,000)*
Railroad Rehabilitation and Improvement Financing Funds *(limitation on new loan guarantees)*		*(4,000,000)*	*(+4,000,000)*
Redeemable preference shares		33,500,000	+33,500,000
Conrail commuter transition assistance *(by transfer)*		*(5,000,000)*	*(+5,000,000)*
Total, Federal Railroad Administration	54,715,000	702,184,000	+647,469,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1768.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3244)—Continued

[NOTE.—The Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3244) was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives on September 5, 1985, and was passed by the House on September 12, 1985. The Committee on Appropriations of the Senate reported the bill on October 4, 1985, and the bill was passed by the Senate on October 23, 1985. There was no conference report filed on this bill. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(e) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. The following table reflects the funding levels as provided under section 101(e) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs and activities normally included in H.R. 3244 (see pp. 399-421, this volume, for Sec. 101(e) of Public Law 99-190).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
URBAN MASS TRANSPORTATION ADMINISTRATION			
Administrative expenses	$27,405,000	$30,000,000	+$2,595,000
Research, training, and human resources		17,400,000	+17,400,000
Formula grants		2,150,000,000	+2,150,000,000
Formula capital grants:			
(Limitation of obligations)	*(1,100,000,000)*		*(−1,100,000,000)*
(Liquidation of contract authorization)	*(55,000,000)*		*(−55,000,000)*
Discretionary grants:			
(Limitation on obligations)		*(1,045,500,000)*	*(+1,045,500,000)*
(Liquidation of contract authorization)	*(720,000,000)*	*(775,000,000)*	*(+55,000,000)*
Interstate transfer grants-transit		200,000,000	+200,000,000
(By transfer)		*(18,750,000)*	*(+18,750,000)*
Washington Metro	250,000,000	227,000,000	−23,000,000
Total, Urban Mass Transportation Administration	277,405,000	2,624,400,000	+2,346,995,000
SAINT LAWRENCE SEAWAY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION			
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	*(1,942,000)*	*(1,916,000)*	*(−26,000)*
RESEARCH AND SPECIAL PROGRAMS ADMINISTRATION			
Research and special programs	19,353,000	19,300,000	−53,000
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL			
Salaries and expenses	27,692,000	27,600,000	−92,000
Total, title I, Department of Transportation:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*	7,313,153,000	9,903,437,000	+2,590,284,000
(By transfer)	*(17,000,000)*	*(93,100,000)*	*(+76,100,000)*
(Limitations on general operating and administrative expenses)	*(205,703,000)*	*(205,677,000)*	*(−26,000)*
(Limitations on obligations)	*(15,642,300,000)*	*(15,025,800,000)*	*(−616,500,000)*
(Limitations on direct loans)	*(50,000,000)*	*(50,000,000)*	
(Limitations on new loan guarantees)		*(4,000,000)*	*(+4,000,000)*
(Limitation on working capital fund)	*(67,033,000)*	*(64,500,000)*	*(−2,533,000)*
(Liquidation of contract authorization)	*(15,462,000,000)*	*(15,492,000,000)*	*(+30,000,000)*
(Limitation on borrowing authority)	*(125,000,000)*	*(75,000,000)*	*(−50,000,000)*
(Cumulative limitation on obligations for fiscal years 1983-1986)		*(5,000,000)*	*(+5,000,000)*
TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES			
ARCHITECTURAL AND TRANSPORTATION BARRIERS COMPLIANCE BOARD			
Salaries and expenses	1,975,000	1,975,000	
NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD			
Salaries and expenses	22,087,000	22,300,000	+213,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1768.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3244)—Continued

[NOTE.—The Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3244) was not approved by the Congress. The bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives on September 5, 1985, and was passed by the House on September 12, 1985. The Committee on Appropriations of the Senate reported the bill on October 4, 1985, and the bill was passed by the Senate on October 23, 1985. There was no conference report filed on this bill. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(e) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. The following table reflects the funding levels as provided under section 101(e) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs and activities normally included in H.R. 3244 (see pp. 399–421, this volume, for Sec. 101(e) of Public Law 99-190).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986 [1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION			
Salaries and expenses	$52,557,000	$48,180,000	−$4,377,000
(By transfer)		*(2,300,000)*	*(+2,300,000)*
Payments for directed rail service *(limitation on obligations)*	*(1,000,000)*	*(1,000,000)*	
PANAMA CANAL COMMISSION			
Operating expenses	420,284,000	400,284,000	−20,000,000
Capital outlay	26,500,000	25,500,000	−1,000,000
Total, Panama Canal Commission	446,784,000	425,784,000	−21,000,000
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY			
Office of the Secretary:			
Investment in fund anticipation notes *(investment)*		*(33,500,000)*	*(+33,500,000)*
UNITED STATES RAILWAY ASSOCIATION			
Administrative expenses		2,400,000	+2,400,000
WASHINGTON METROPOLITAN AREA TRANSIT AUTHORITY			
Interest payments	[9] 51,663,569	51,663,569	
Total, title II, related agencies:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	575,066,569	552,302,569	−22,764,000
(Limitation on obligations)	*(1,000,000)*	*(1,000,000)*	
(Investment)		*(33,500,000)*	*(+33,500,000)*
(By transfer)		*(2,300,000)*	*(+2,300,000)*
TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISION			
Urban Mass Transportation Administration, discretionary grants *(deferral disapproval)*		*(223,600,000)*	*(+223,600,000)*
Grand total, all titles:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*	7,888,219,569	10,455,739,569	+2,567,520,000
(By transfer)	*(17,000,000)*	*(95,400,000)*	*(+78,400,000)*
(Limitations on general operating and administrative expenses)	*(205,703,000)*	*(205,677,000)*	*(−26,000)*
(Limitations on obligations)	*(15,643,300,000)*	*(15,026,800,000)*	*(−616,500,000)*
(Limitations on direct loans)	*(50,000,000)*	*(50,000,000)*	
(Limitations on new loan guarantees)		*(4,000,000)*	*(+4,000,000)*
(Limitation on working capital fund)	*(67,033,000)*	*(64,500,000)*	*(−2,533,000)*
(Limitation on borrowing authority)	*(125,000,000)*	*(75,000,000)*	*(−50,000,000)*
(Appropriations to liquidate contract authorizations)	*(15,462,000,000)*	*(15,492,000,000)*	*(+30,000,000)*
(Deferral disapproval)		*(223,600,000)*	*(+223,600,000)*
(Cumulative limitation on obligations for fiscal years 1983–1986)		*(5,000,000)*	*(+5,000,000)*
(Investment)		*(35,500,000)*	*(+35,500,000)*

See footnotes on next page.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3244)—Continued

[1] Includes the following budget amendments:

H. Doc. 99-89:	
Department of Transportation:	
Office of the Secretary:	
Salaries and expenses	$1,300,000
Transportation planning, research, and development	100,000
(Limitation on working capital fund)	*(857,000)*
Coast Guard:	
Operating expenses	6,507,000
Federal Aviation Administration:	
Headquarters administration	1,150,000
Operations	70,070,000
Research, engineering, and development	1,425,000
Operation and maintenance, Metropolitan Washington Airports	775,000
Federal Highway Administration:	
(Limitation on general operating expenses)	*(4,294,000)*
Motor carrier safety	354,000
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration:	
Operations and research *(trust funds)*	929,000
Federal Railroad Administration:	
Office of the Administrator	273,000
Railroad safety	708,000
Railroad research and development	34,000
Rail service assistance	76,000
Urban Mass Transportation Administration:	
Administrative expenses	595,000
Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation:	
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	*(152,000)*
Research and Special Programs Administration:	
Research and special programs	280,000
Transportation Systems Center *(limitation on working capital fund)*[a]	[a] *(930,000)*
Office of the Inspector General:	
Salaries and expenses	741,000
Related Agencies:	
Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board:	
Salaries and expenses	$45,000
National Transportation Safety Board:	
Salaries and expenses	528,000
Interstate Commerce Commission:	
Salaries and expenses	1,400,000
Total, H. Doc. 99-89	87,290,000
H. Doc. 99-109:	
Department of Transportation:	
Federal Aviation Administration:	
Operations *(trust funds)*	20,600,000
Research, engineering, and development *(Airport and Airway Trust Fund)*	*(Language)*
Total, H. Doc. 99-109	20,600,000
Total, budget amendments:	
New budget (obligational) authority	107,890,000
(Limitation on general operating expenses)	*(4,294,000)*
(Limitation on administrative expenses)	*(152,000)*
(Limitation on working capital fund)	*(1,787,000)*

[a] Erroneously reported as Congressional budget account.

[2] Includes $15,000,000 derived from the Boat Safety account.

[3] Includes a total of $2,043,471,000 derived from the Airport and Airway Trust Fund.

[4] Erroneously printed as $189,805,000 in the President's fiscal year 1986 budget (p. 8-144). The correct amount is $199,467,000.

[5] Includes $5,000,000 proposed to be derived from the Highway Trust Fund under NHSTA.

[6] Included under NHSTA appropriations in the President's fiscal year 1986 budget (p. 8-146).

[7] Proposed to be derived from the Highway Trust Fund under NHSTA.

[8] Includes $25,455,000 to be derived from the Highway Trust Fund.

[9] Rounded to $51,664,000 in the President's fiscal year 1986 budget (p. 8-197).

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

TREASURY, POSTAL SERVICE, AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3036)

[NOTE.—The Treasury, Postal Service, and General Government Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3036), was approved by the Congress and vetoed by the President on November 15, 1985. The veto message and the bill were referred to the Committee on Appropriations, and no attempt was made by Congress to override the President's veto. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under section 101(h) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. The following table reflects the funding levels as provided under section 101(h) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs and activities normally included in H.R. 3036 (see p. 421, this volume, for Sec. 101(h) of Public Law 99-190 and pp. 285-310 for text of H.R. 3036).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY			
Office of the Secretary	$78,699,000	$54,274,000	−$24,425,000
International affairs		22,442,000	+22,442,000
Federal Law Enforcement Training Center	17,803,000	23,803,000	+6,000,000
Financial Management Service, Salaries and expenses	246,902,000	244,621,000	−2,281,000
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms	173,725,000	174,212,000	+487,000
United States Customs Service:			
Salaries and expenses	656,702,000	717,000,000	+60,298,000
Operation and maintenance, air interdiction program	60,425,000	75,000,000	+14,575,000
Customs forfeiture fund *(limitation on availability of deposits)*	*(8,000,000)*	*(8,000,000)*	
Customs services at small airports *(to be derived from fees collected) (limitation)*	*(75,000)*	*(75,000)*	
Total, United States Customs Service	717,127,000	792,000,000	+74,873,000
United States Mint	47,942,000	46,500,000	−1,442,000
Bureau of the Public Debt	199,215,000	195,225,000	−3,990,000
Internal Revenue Service:			
Salaries and expenses	98,811,000	94,000,000	−4,811,000
Processing tax returns	1,019,391,000	1,065,000,000	+45,609,000
Examinations and appeals	1,419,451,000	1,419,451,000	
Investigation, collection and taxpayer service	1,073,679,000	1,064,325,000	−9,354,000
Total, Internal Revenue Service	3,611,332,000	3,642,776,000	+31,444,000
United States Secret Service	290,340,000	294,000,000	+3,660,000
Total, title I, Department of the Treasury:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	5,383,085,000	5,489,853,000	+106,768,000
(Limitations)	*(8,075,000)*	*(8,075,000)*	
TITLE II—UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE			
Payment to the Postal Service Fund	39,128,000	748,000,000	+708,872,000
TITLE III—EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT			
Compensation of the President	250,000	250,000	
Office of Administration	15,794,000	15,597,000	−197,000
The White House Office	25,499,000	24,906,000	−593,000
Executive Residence at the White House	4,719,000	4,577,000	−142,000
Official Residence of the Vice President	204,000	204,000	
Special Assistance to the President	1,694,000	1,794,000	+100,000
Council of Economic Advisers	2,381,000	2,301,000	−80,000
Office of Policy Development	2,828,000	2,726,000	−102,000
National Critical Materials Council		500,000	+500,000
National Security Council	4,748,000	4,627,000	−121,000
Office of Management and Budget	39,420,000	37,299,000	−2,121,000
Office of Federal Procurement Policy	1,656,000	1,611,000	−45,000
Unanticipated Needs	1,000,000	1,000,000	
Total, title III, new budget *(obligational)* authority, Executive Office of the President	100,193,000	97,392,000	−2,801,000

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[1] See footnote at end of table p. 1771.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

TREASURY, POSTAL SERVICE, AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3036)—Continued

[NOTE.—The Treasury, Postal Service, and General Government Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3036), was approved by the Congress and vetoed by the President on November 15, 1985. The veto message and the bill were referred to the Committee on Appropriations, and no attempt was made by Congress to override the President's veto. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under section 101(h) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. The following table reflects the funding levels as provided under section 101(h) of Public Law 99-190 for those programs and activities normally included in H.R. 3036 (see p. 421, this volume, for Sec. 101(h) of Public Law 99-190 and pp. 285-310 for text of H.R. 3036).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
TITLE IV—INDEPENDENT AGENCIES			
Administrative Conference of the United States	$1,484,000	$1,430,000	−$54,000
Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations	2,110,000	2,041,000	−69,000
Advisory Committee on Federal Pay	222,000	210,000	−12,000
Committee for Purchase from the Blind and Other Severely Handicapped	749,000	730,000	−19,000
Federal Election Commission	12,756,000	12,433,000	−323,000
General Services Administration:			
Federal Buildings Fund:			
Appropriation		7,000,000	+7,000,000
Limitation on availability of revenue:			
Construction & acquisition of facilities	*(243,419,000)*	*(243,419,000)*	
Repairs and alterations	*(264,096,000)*	*(269,096,000)*	*(+5,000,000)*
Purchase contract payments	*(135,100,000)*	*(135,100,000)*	
Rental of space	*(866,000,000)*	*(866,000,000)*	
Real property operations	*(710,557,000)*	*(709,678,000)*	*(−879,000)*
Program direction	*(55,689,000)*	*(55,481,000)*	*(−208,000)*
Design and construction services	*(123,094,000)*	*(133,227,000)*	*(+10,133,000)*
Total, Federal Buildings Fund:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority		7,000,000	+7,000,000
(Limitations)	*(2,397,955,000)*	*(2,412,001,000)*	*(+14,046,000)*
Personal Property Activities, operating expenses	164,610,000	163,257,000	−1,353,000
General Management and Administration:			
Salaries and Expenses	123,598,000	124,310,000	+712,000
Federal Property Resources Service:			
Operating expenses	40,808,000	40,000,000	−808,000
National defense stockpile transaction fund		20,000,000	+20,000,000
Total, Federal Property Resources Activities	40,808,000	60,000,000	+19,192,000
Office of Information Resources Management:			
Operating Expenses	30,723,000	30,000,000	−723,000
Office of the Inspector General	19,369,000	19,305,000	−64,000
Allowances and Office Staff for Former Presidents	1,208,000	1,100,000	−108,000
Total, General Activities	51,300,000	50,405,000	−895,000
Total, General Services Administration	380,316,000	404,972,000	+24,656,000
National Archives and Records Administration:			
Operating Expenses	99,549,000	101,363,000	+1,814,000
FEDERAL PERSONNEL ACTIVITIES			
Office of Personnel Management:			
Salaries and expenses:			
Appropriation	102,481,000	99,846,000	−2,635,000
(Limitation)	*(54,202,000)*	*(54,202,000)*	
Government payment for annuitants, employees health benefits	1,606,165,000	1,606,165,000	
Payment to civil service retirement and disability fund	4,407,234,000	4,407,234,000	
Total, Office of Personnel Management	6,115,880,000	6,113,245,000	−2,635,000

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[1] See footnote at end of table p. 1771.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

TREASURY, POSTAL SERVICE, AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 1986 (H.R. 3036)—Continued

[NOTE.—The Treasury, Postal Service, and General Government Appropriations Bill, 1986 (H.R. 3036), was approved by the Congress and vetoed by the President on November 15, 1985. The veto message and the bill were referred to the Committee on Appropriations, and no attempt was made by Congress to override the President's veto. Funding of those programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under section 101(h) of Public Law 99–190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. The following table reflects the funding levels as provided under section 101(h) of Public Law 99–190 for those programs and activities normally included in H.R. 3036 (see p. 421, this volume, for Sec. 101(h) of Public Law 99–190 and pp. 285–310 for text of H.R. 3036).]

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986[1]	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Merit Systems Protection Board:			
Salaries and expenses	$20,907,000	$20,000,000	−$907,000
(Limitation)	*(1,200,000)*	*(1,200,000)*	
Office of special counsel	4,724,000	4,594,000	−130,000
Total, Merit Systems Protection Board	25,631,000	24,594,000	−1,037,000
Federal Labor Relations Authority	17,613,000	17,064,000	−549,000
Total, federal personnel activities	6,159,124,000	6,154,903,000	−4,221,000
United States Tax Court: Salaries and Expenses	24,556,000	24,556,000	
Total, title IV, Independent Agencies:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	6,680,866,000	6,702,638,000	+21,772,000
(Limitations)	*(2,453,357,000)*	*(2,467,403,000)*	*(+14,046,000)*
Grand total, all titles:			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	12,203,272,000	13,037,883,000	+834,611,000
(Limitations)	*(2,461,432,000)*	*(2,475,478,000)*	*(+14,046,000)*

[1] Includes the following budget amendments:

H. Doc. 99–69:	
Department of the Treasury:	
Financial Management Service:	
Salaries and expenses	−$3,500,000
H. Doc. 99–89:	
Department of the Treasury:	
Office of the Secretary	1,983,000
Federal Law Enforcement Training Center	303,000
Financial Management Service	2,281,000
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms	4,163,000
United States Customs Service:	
Salaries and expenses	17,600,000
United States Mint	988,000
Bureau of the Public Debt	1,990,000
Internal Revenue Service:	
Salaries and expenses	2,879,000
Processing tax returns	21,150,000
Examinations and appeals	44,149,000
Investigations, collection, and taxpayer service	31,954,000
United States Secret Service	6,535,000
Executive Office of the President:	
Office of Administration	197,000
The White House Office	593,000
Executive Residence at the White House	142,000
Special Assistance to the President	35,000
Council of Economic Advisors	80,000
Office of Policy Development	102,000
National Security Council	121,000
Office of Management and Budget	990,000
Office of Federal Procurement Policy	45,000
Independent Agencies:	
Administrative Conference of the United States	34,000
Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations	$52,000
Advisory Committee on Federal Pay	3,000
Committee for Purchase from the Blind and other Severely Handicapped	19,000
Federal Election Commission	323,000
General Services Administration:	
Federal Buildings Fund *(limitation on availability of revenue)*	*(1,087,000)*
Personal Property Activities:	
Operating expenses	353,000
General Management and Administration:	
Salaries and expenses	188,000
Federal Property Resources Service:	
Operating expenses	60,000
Office of Information Resources Management:	
Operating expenses	93,000
Office of the Inspector General	64,000
National Archives and Records Administration:	
Operating expenses	186,000
Office of Personnel Management:	
Salaries and expenses	2,635,000
Merit Systems Protection Board:	
Salaries and expenses	558,000
Office of the Special Counsel	130,000
Federal Labor Relations Authority	123,000
Total, H. Doc. 99–89	143,101,000
Total, budget amendments:	
New budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*	139,601,000
(Limitation on availability of revenue)	*(1,087,000)*

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

FOURTH FURTHER CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-190, APPROVED DECEMBER 19, 1985

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986 (H.R. 3037)			
Fiscal year 1986 appropriations (p. 321)	[1] *($38,053,427,000)*	[1] *($38,090,564,000)*	*(+$37,137,000)*
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986 (H.R. 3629)			
Fiscal year 1986 appropriations (pp. 321–357)	[1] *(303,954,033,000)*	[1] *(281,161,875,000)*	*(−22,792,158,000)*
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986 (H.R. 3067)			
Federal funds to the District of Columbia (p. 357)	[1] *(532,170,000)*	[1] *(566,780,000)*	*(+34,610,000)*
Fiscal year 1986 appropriations	[1] *(532,170,000)*	[1] *(546,780,000)*	*(+14,610,000)*
Fiscal year 1987 appropriations		[1] *(20,000,000)*	*(+20,000,000)*
District of Columbia funds (p. 357)	[1] *(2,689,077,000)*	[1] *(2,703,687,000)*	*(+14,610,000)*
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986 (H.R. 3011)			
Fiscal year 1986 appropriations *(net)* (pp. 357–399)	[1] *(7,365,321,000)*	[1] *(1,197,621,000)*	*(−6,167,700,000)*
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986 (H.R. 3244)			
Fiscal year 1986 appropriations (pp. 399–421)	[1] *(7,888,219,569)*	[1] *(10,455,739,569)*	*(+2,567,520,000)*
TREASURY, POSTAL SERVICE AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986 (H.R. 3036)			
Fiscal year 1986 appropriations (p. 421)	[1] *(12,203,272,000)*	[1] *(13,037,883,000)*	*(+834,611,000)*
FOREIGN ASSISTANCE AND RELATED PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986 (H.R. 3228)			
Fiscal year 1986 appropriations *(including Export-Import)* (pp. 421–444)	[1] *(15,032,241,934)*	[1] *(15,025,319,945)*	*(−6,921,989)*
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			
EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATION			
Training and employment services *(indefinite)*		26,000,000	+26,000,000
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES ADMINISTRATION			
Health resources and services *(indefinite)*	142,500,000	142,500,000	
OFFICE OF ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR HEALTH			
Public Health Service management	14,729,000	14,863,000	+134,000
SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION			
Refugee and entrant assistance *(indefinite)*	316,762,000	[2] 427,861,000	+111,099,000
Total, Department of Health and Human Services	473,991,000	585,224,000	+111,233,000
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Higher education *(indefinite)*	5,000,000	5,000,000	
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE			
Watershed and flood prevention operations		40,000,000	+40,000,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1773.

VIII. ITEMIZED COMPARISONS OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCISSIONS ARRANGED BY ACTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

FOURTH FURTHER CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS, 1986, PUBLIC LAW 99-190, APPROVED DECEMBER 19, 1985—Continued

Agency and item	Estimates of new budget (obligational) authority, 1986	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 1986	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
INDEPENDENT AGENCIES			
FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION			
(Limitation on administrative expenses)		*($9,549,000)*	*(+$9,549,000)*
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE			
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION			
Economic development assistance programs		8,500,000	+8,500,000
Reappropriation *(indefinite)*		16,940,747	+16,940,747
Total, Economic Development Administration		25,440,747	+25,440,747
RELATED AGENCY			
UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY			
Educational and Cultural Exchange Programs		2,500,000	+2,500,000
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE			
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION			
Operations, research, and facilities		3,000,000	+3,000,000
RELATED AGENCIES			
COMMISSION ON THE BICENTENNIAL OF THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION			
Salaries and expenses		12,000,000	+12,000,000
SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION			
Salaries and expenses *(by transfer)*		*(10,000,000)*	*(+10,000,000)*
INDEPENDENT AGENCIES			
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY			
Construction grants	$2,400,000,000	2,400,000,000	
VETERANS ADMINISTRATION			
General operating expenses *(by transfer)*		*(8,000,000)*	*(+8,000,000)*
BIOMEDICAL ETHICS BOARD			
Biomedical Ethics Board		150,000	+150,000
Total, Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986 (P.L. 99-190):			
New budget *(obligational)* authority	2,878,991,000	3,099,314,747	+220,323,747
Definite	(2,414,729,000)	(2,481,013,000)	(+66,284,000)
Indefinite	(464,262,000)	(618,301,747)	(+154,039,747)
(By transfer)		*(18,000,000)*	*(+18,000,000)*
(Limitations on administrative expenses)		*(9,549,000)*	*(+9,549,000)*

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[1] For informational purposes only. Even though funding authority for programs and activities normally included in these seven annual appropriation bills (H.R. 3037, H.R. 3629, H.R. 3067, H.R. 3011, H.R. 3244, H.R. 3036, and H.R. 3228) is provided in this continuing resolution (Public Law 99-190), a separate table VIII for each bill is included elsewhere in this volume.

[2] Estimate of current rate; subject to change.

VIIIa. RECAPITULATION OF ITEMIZED ESTIMATES AND NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Congress, 2d session (see explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

Act and title	Regular budget estimates, fiscal year 1986	Budget amendments and supplemental estimates, fiscal year 1986 and prior years		Total budget estimates	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 99th Cong. 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
		Increases	Decreases			
REGULAR ANNUAL APPROPRIATION ACTS						
Agriculture, rural development, and related agencies[1]	$33,353,493,000	$4,699,934,000		$38,053,427,000	[1] $38,090,564,000	+$37,137,000
Agricultural programs	11,680,033,000	4,055,746,000		15,735,779,000	15,677,504,000	−58,275,000
Rural development programs	5,107,317,000	26,106,000		5,133,423,000	5,035,109,000	−98,314,000
Domestic food programs	14,729,939,000	604,203,000		15,334,142,000	15,518,604,000	+184,462,000
International programs	1,393,236,000	1,197,000		1,394,433,000	1,398,964,000	+4,531,000
Related agencies	442,968,000	12,682,000		455,650,000	460,383,000	+4,733,000
Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and related agencies	11,726,461,000	235,244,000	$286,400,000	11,675,305,000	11,919,618,000	+244,313,000
Department of Commerce	1,631,218,000	100,348,000		1,731,566,000	2,124,834,000	+393,268,000
Department of Justice	3,808,916,000	81,912,000	400,000	3,890,428,000	3,958,845,000	+68,417,000
Department of State	2,561,013,000	15,713,000	2,000,000	2,574,726,000	2,484,086,000	−90,640,000
The Judiciary	1,138,731,000	320,000		1,139,051,000	1,065,825,000	−73,226,000
Related agencies	2,586,583,000	36,951,000	284,000,000	2,339,534,000	2,286,028,000	−53,506,000
Department of Defense[2]	303,953,650,000	383,000		303,954,033,000	[2] 281,161,875,000	−22,792,158,000
Military personnel	73,425,100,000			73,425,100,000	67,906,361,000	−5,518,739,000
Operation and maintenance	82,450,150,000			82,450,150,000	78,664,480,000	−3,785,670,000
Procurement	106,813,300,000			106,813,300,000	97,393,146,000	−9,420,154,000
Research, development, test, and evaluation	39,280,100,000			39,280,100,000	35,337,505,000	−3,942,595,000
Special foreign currency program	2,100,000			2,100,000	2,100,000	
Revolving and management funds	1,859,600,000			1,859,600,000	1,734,800,000	−124,800,000
Related agencies	123,300,000	383,000		123,683,000	123,483,000	−200,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1781.

VIIIa. RECAPITULATION OF ITEMIZED ESTIMATES AND NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Congress, 2d session (see explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

Act and title	Regular budget estimates, fiscal year 1986	Budget amendments and supplemental estimates, fiscal year 1986 and prior years		Total budget estimates	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 99th Cong. 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
		Increases	Decreases			
REGULAR ANNUAL APPROPRIATION ACTS—Con.						
District of Columbia [3]	$532,170,000			$532,170,000	[3] $566,780,000	+$34,610,000
Federal funds to the District of Columbia	532,170,060			532,170,000	566,780,000	+34,610,000
(Out of District revenues)	*(2,689,077,000)*			*(2,689,077,000)*	*(2,703,687,000)*	*(+14,610,000)*
Energy and water development	15,336,529,000	$67,389,000	$59,800,000	15,344,118,000	15,253,918,000	−90,200,000
Department of Defense—Civil	2,330,000,000	29,740,000		2,359,740,000	2,822,050,000	+462,310,000
Department of the Interior	788,760,000	7,866,000		796,626,000	777,915,000	−18,711,000
Department of Energy	11,749,328,000	21,173,000	59,800,000	11,710,701,000	11,008,838,000	−701,863,000
Independent agencies	468,441,000	8,610,000		477,051,000	645,115,000	+168,064,000
Foreign assistance and related programs [4]	13,770,164,934	1,262,077,000		15,032,241,934	[4] 15,025,319,945	−6,921,989
Multilateral Economic Assistance	1,543,834,934			1,543,834,934	1,471,769,715	−72,065,219
Bilateral Economic Assistance	5,556,330,000	1,235,077,000		6,791,407,000	6,417,060,730	−374,346,270
Military Assistance	6,670,000,000	27,000,000		6,697,000,000	6,026,489,500	−670,510,500
Export-Import Bank of the United States					1,110,000,000	+1,110,000,000
Department of Housing and Urban Development—Independent agencies *(net)*	48,355,731,000	303,499,000		48,659,230,000	57,300,141,490	+8,640,911,490
Department of Housing and Urban Development	5,088,041,000	10,602,000		5,098,643,000	15,694,480,881	+10,595,837,881
Rescission of contract authority	*(−915,000,000)*			*(−915,000,000)*	−915,000,000	[5] −915,000,000
Independent agencies	43,267,690,000	292,897,000		43,560,587,000	42,520,660,609	−1,039,926,391
Corporations	*(71,649,000)*	*(700,000)*		*(72,349,000)*	*(28,317,000)*	*(−44,032,000)*
Department of the Interior and related agencies *(net)* [6]	7,216,444,000	153,971,000	5,094,000	7,365,321,000	[6] 1,197,621,000	−6,167,700,000
Department of the Interior	3,586,275,000	81,916,000		3,668,191,000	4,100,430,000	+432,239,000
Related agencies	3,630,169,000	72,055,000	5,094,000	3,697,130,000	3,997,191,000	+300,061,000
Rescission					−6,900,000,000	[5] −6,900,000,000

Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and related agencies	101,463,813,000	120,263,000	25,800,000	[7]101,558,276,000	[8]106,029,352,000	+4,471,076,000
Department of Labor	5,807,702,000	20,971,000		5,828,673,000	6,516,745,000	+688,072,000
Department of Health and Human Services	79,227,687,000	86,560,000	25,800,000	[7]79,288,447,000	[8]80,156,551,000	+868,104,000
Department of Education	15,465,874,000	6,277,000		15,472,151,000	18,372,201,000	+2,900,050,000
Related agencies	962,550,000	6,455,000		969,005,000	983,855,000	+14,850,000
Legislative branch	1,761,138,000	22,117,000		1,783,255,000	1,598,963,800	-184,291,200
Congressional operations	1,167,790,000	22,117,000		1,189,907,000	1,074,444,800	-115,462,200
Other agencies	593,348,000			593,348,000	524,519,000	-68,829,000
Military construction	10,340,200,000			10,340,200,000	8,497,859,000	-1,842,341,000
Department of Transportation and related agencies[9]	7,780,329,569	107,890,000		7,888,219,569	[9]10,455,739,569	+2,567,520,000
Department of Transportation	7,207,236,000	105,917,000		7,313,153,000	9,903,437,000	+2,590,284,000
Related agencies	573,093,569	1,973,000		575,066,569	552,302,569	-22,764,000
Treasury, Postal Service, and general government[10]	12,063,671,000	143,101,000	3,500,000	12,203,272,000	[10]13,037,883,000	+834,611,000
Department of the Treasury	5,250,610,000	135,975,000	3,500,000	5,383,085,000	5,489,853,000	+106,768,000
United States Postal Service	39,128,000			39,128,000	748,000,000	+708,872,000
Executive Office of the President	97,888,000	2,305,000		100,193,000	97,392,000	-2,801,000
Independent agencies	6,676,045,000	4,821,000		6,680,866,000	6,702,638,000	+21,772,000
Net total, regular annual appropriation acts[11]	567,653,794,503	7,115,868,000	380,594,000	574,389,068,503	[11]560,135,634,804	-14,253,433,699
SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATION ACTS						
Urgent Supplemental, Emergency famine relief and recovery in Africa, 1985 (P.L. 99-10)		235,000,000		235,000,000	784,000,000	+549,000,000
Urgent Supplemental, Department of Agriculture, 1985 (P.L. 99-71)		1,000,000,000		1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88)		13,458,393,436	44,200,000	13,414,193,436	13,760,808,536	+346,615,100
Rescissions			*(1,052,724,000)*	*(-1,052,724,000)*	-740,956,000	[5]-740,956,000
Net total, supplemental appropriation acts		14,693,393,436	44,200,000	14,649,193,436	14,803,852,536	+154,659,100
CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS						
Fourth Further Continuing Appropriations, 1986 (P.L. 99-190)	2,878,816,000	175,000		2,878,991,000	3,099,314,747	+220,323,747
Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies[12]	*(33,353,493,000)*	*(4,699,934,000)*		*(38,053,427,000)*	[12]*(38,090,564,000)*	*(+37,137,000)*
Department of Defense[12]	*(303,953,650,000)*	*(383,000)*		*(303,954,033,000)*	[12]*(281,161,875,000)*	*(-22,792,158,000)*
District of Columbia[12]	*(532,170,000)*			*(532,170,000)*	[12]*(566,780,000)*	*(+34,610,000)*
Department of the Interior and related agencies[12]	*(7,216,444,000)*	*(153,971,000)*	*(5,094,000)*	*(7,365,321,000)*	[12]*(1,197,621,000)*	*(-6,167,700,000)*
Department of Transportation and related agencies[12]	*(7,780,329,569)*	*(107,890,000)*		*(7,888,219,569)*	[12]*(10,455,739,569)*	*(+2,567,520,000)*
Treasury, Postal Service and General Government[12]	*(12,063,671,000)*	*(143,101,000)*	*(3,500,000)*	*(12,203,272,000)*	[12]*(13,037,883,000)*	*(+834,611,000)*

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1781.

VIIIa. RECAPITULATION OF ITEMIZED ESTIMATES AND NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Congress, 2d session (see explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

Act and title	Regular budget estimates, fiscal year 1986	Budget amendments and supplemental estimates, fiscal year 1986 and prior years		Total budget estimates	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 99th Cong. 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
		Increases	Decreases			
CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS—Continued						
Foreign assistance and related programs [12]	*($13,770,164,934)*	*($1,262,077,000)*		*($15,032,241,934)*	[12] *($15,025,319,945)*	*(−$6,921,989)*
Department of Labor					26,000,000	+26,000,000
Department of Health and Human Services	473,816,000	175,000		473,991,000	585,224,000	+111,233,000
Department of Education	5,000,000			5,000,000	5,000,000	
Department of Agriculture					40,000,000	+40,000,000
Farm Credit Administration *(limitation on administrative expenses)*					*(9,549,000)*	*(+9,549,000)*
Department of Commerce					25,440,747	+25,440,747
United States Information Agency					2,500,000	+2,500,000
Department of Commerce					3,000,000	+3,000,000
Commission on the Bicentennial of the United States Constitution					12,000,000	+12,000,000
Small Business Administration *(by transfer)*					*(10,000,000)*	*(+10,000,000)*
Environmental Protection Agency	2,400,000,000			2,400,000,000	2,400,000,000	
Veterans Administration *(by transfer)*					*(8,000,000)*	*(+8,000,000)*
Biomedical Ethics Board					150,000	+150,000
Total, continuing appropriations	2,878,816,000	175,000		2,878,991,000	3,099,314,747	+220,323,747
Estimates not considered (see Table VIIIg)		300,000		300,000		−300,000
Net total, new budget *(obligational)* authority, regular annual, supplemental and continuing appropriation acts	570,532,610,503	21,809,736,436	$424,794,000	591,917,552,939	578,038,802,087	−13,878,750,852
APPROPRIATIONS IN OTHER ACTS						
Legislative acts:						
Federal funds:						
Permanent appropriations:						
Compact of Free Association Act (P.L. 99-239):						
Compact of Free Association	121,000,000			121,000,000	87,000,000	−34,000,000
Statue of Liberty-Ellis Island Commemorative Coin Act (P.L. 99-61):						
Coinage Profit Fund					145,000,000	+145,000,000

Food Security Act of 1985 (P.L. 99-198):						
Financing shipment of commodities in U.S. flag vessels					47,000,000	+47,000,000
Subtotal, Federal funds: Permanent appropriations	121,000,000			121,000,000	279,000,000	+158,000,000
Borrowing authority:						
Food Security Act of 1985 (P.L. 99-198):						
Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund					90,000,000	+90,000,000
Commodity Credit Corporation Fund	−1,821,000,000			−1,821,000,000	3,250,000,000	+5,071,000,000
Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund	−760,000,000			−760,000,000	−1,341,000,000	−581,000,000
Agriculture Extension (Burley tobacco provision) (P.L. 99-157):						
Commodity Credit Corporation Fund					−20,000,000	−20,000,000
Subtotal, Federal Funds: Borrowing authority	−2,581,000,000			−2,581,000,000	1,979,000,000	+4,560,000,000
Total, Federal funds	−2,460,000,000			−2,460,000,000	2,258,000,000	+4,718,000,000
Trust funds—Permanent appropriations:						
Temporary Extension Act (P.L. 99-107):						
Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund					10,000,000	+10,000,000
Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund					−65,000,000	−65,000,000
Further Temporary Extension Act (P.L. 99-155):						
Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund					5,000,000	+5,000,000
Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund					−39,000,000	−39,000,000
Further Temporary Extension Act (P.L. 99-201):						
Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund					18,000,000	+18,000,000
Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund					−111,000,000	−111,000,000
Total, trust funds					−182,000,000	−182,000,000
Total, appropriations in Legislative Acts [13]	−2,460,000,000			−2,460,000,000	[13]2,076,000,000	+4,536,000,000
Private appropriation acts (see p. 1613)[14]					([14])	
Total, appropriations in other acts	−2,460,000,000			−2,460,000,000	2,076,000,000	+4,536,000,000
Net total, regular annual, supplemental, continuing and other acts	568,072,610,503	21,809,736,436	424,794,000	589,457,552,939	580,114,802,087	−9,342,750,852
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(568,072,610,503)	(21,809,736,436)	(424,794,000)	(589,457,552,939)	(588,670,758,087)	(−786,794,852)
Rescissions of unobligated balances	*(−915,000,000)*		*(1,052,724,000)*	*(−1,967,724,000)*	(−8,555,956,000)	[5](−8,555,956,000)

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1781.

VIIIa. RECAPITULATION OF ITEMIZED ESTIMATES AND NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Congress, 2d session (see explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

Act and title	Regular budget estimates, fiscal year 1986	Budget amendments and supplemental estimates, fiscal year 1986 and prior years		Total budget estimates	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 99th Cong. 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
		Increases	Decreases			
PERMANENT APPROPRIATIONS[15]						
Federal funds:						
Department of Agriculture:						
Food and Nutrition Service	$3,250,647,000			$3,250,647,000	$3,250,647,000	
Department of Defense:						
Military Retirement	10,000,000,000			10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000	
Department of Health and Human Services:						
Social Security Administration	6,636,219,000			6,636,219,000	6,636,219,000	
Health Care Financing Administration	6,407,000,000			6,407,000,000	6,407,000,000	
Department of the Treasury:						
Federal Financing Bank Activites	5,148,545,000			5,148,545,000	5,148,545,000	
Interest on the public debt	199,397,162,000			199,397,162,000	199,397,162,000	
Internal Revenue Service	2,758,000,000			2,758,000,000	2,758,000,000	
Independent Agencies:						
Office of Personnel Management	11,300,792,000			11,300,792,000	11,300,792,000	
Railroad Retirement Board	3,047,000,000			3,047,000,000	3,047,000,000	
All other	8,219,617,000			8,219,617,000	8,219,617,000	
Total, Federal funds	256,164,982,000			256,164,982,000	256,164,982,000	
Trust funds:						
Funds Appropriated to the President:						
Foreign assistance	13,393,689,000			13,393,689,000	13,393,689,000	
Department of Defense:						
Military Retirement	29,976,700,000			29,976,700,000	29,976,700,000	
Department of Health and Human Services:						
Health Care Financing Administration	88,219,000,000			88,219,000,000	88,219,000,000	
Social Security Administration	208,642,008,000			208,642,008,000	208,642,008,000	
Department of Labor:						
Employment and Training Administration	27,000,010,000			27,000,010,000	27,000,010,000	
Department of Transportation:						
Federal Highway Administration	15,329,751,000			15,329,751,000	15,329,751,000	
Department of the Treasury:						
Office of Revenue Sharing	4,566,700,000			4,566,700,000	4,566,700,000	
Veterans Administration	1,502,000,000			1,502,000,000	1,502,000,000	

Independent agencies:						
Office of Personnel Management	40,813,389,000			40,813,389,000	40,813,389,000	
Railroad Retirement Board	9,841,000,000			9,841,000,000	9,841,000,000	
All other	3,171,586,000			3,171,586,000	3,171,586,000	
Total, trust funds	442,455,833,000			442,455,833,000	442,455,833,000	
Total, permanent appropriations, Federal and trust funds	698,620,815,000			698,620,815,000	698,620,815,000	
Net total, regular annual, supplemental, continuing and other acts and permanent appropriations	1,266,693,425,503	$21,809,736,436	$424,794,000	1,288,078,367,939	1,278,735,617,087	−$9,342,750,852
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions (see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV)	−192,612,025,000			−192,612,025,000	−192,612,025,000	
Net total for session	1,074,081,400,503	21,809,736,436	424,794,000	1,095,466,342,939	1,086,123,592,087	−9,342,750,852

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[1] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. (See "Note" on p. 95, this volume).

[2] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(b) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. (See "Note" on p. 159, this volume).

[3] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(c) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. (See "Note" on p. 161, this volume).

[4] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(i) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. (See "Note" on p. 191, this volume).

[5] Reflects actual rescission rather than comparison with request.

[6] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(d) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. (See "Note" on p. 219, this volume).

[7] Budget estimates *exclude* $809,573,000 for fiscal year 1986 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority requested in fiscal year 1985 for the Supplemental Security Program in the Department of Health and Human Services (see footnote 5 on p. 1756, this volume).

[8] Excludes $1,329,834,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1986 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1985 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services (see footnote 5 on p. 1756, this volume, for accounts involved).

[9] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(e) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. (See "Note" on p. 283, this volume).

[10] Funding for programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(h) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986. (See "Note" on p. 285, this volume).

[11] Includes amounts provided through further continuing appropriations for seven regular annual appropriations bills. These bills are: (1) Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986, H.R. 3037 ($38,090,564,000); (2) Department of Defense Appropriation Bill, 1986, H.R. 3629 ($281,161,875,000); (3) District of Columbia Appropriation Bill, 1986, H.R. 3067 ($566,780,000); (4) Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Bill, 1986, H.R. 3228 ($15,025,319,945); (5) Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill, 1986, H.R. 3011 ($1,197,621,000); (6) Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1986, H.R. 3244 ($10,455,739,569); and (7) Treasury, Postal Service, and General Government Appropriations Bill, 1986, H.R. 3036 ($13,037,883,000).

[12] For informational purposes only. Amount included in net total for "regular annual appropriation acts" earlier in table.

[13] Section 401 of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-344) requires that all borrowing and contracting authority (so called "backdoor authority") enacted after March 3, 1975, be subject to subsequent appropriation action with certain exceptions which are listed under Sec. 401(d) of the Act (see p. 1956 in the 1974-1975 volume for text of Sec. 401(d)). This amount represents budget authority which falls within those exceptions.

[14] There were no private relief acts approved during the 99th Congress, 1st Session.

[15] Basically, amounts shown are taken from the February 1985 budget document (H. Doc. 99-17) and are subject to change as better data becomes available.

VIIIb. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS, FISCAL YEAR 1986, ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION

[*Note.*—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Congress, 2d session (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III). Basically, the figures for permanent appropriations are taken from the February 1985 Budget and, since many are *indefinite*, are subject to revision as better data become available.]

Department or establishment	Original budget estimates, fiscal year 1986	Budget amendments and supplemental estimates, fiscal year 1986		Total budget estimates, fiscal year 1986	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 99th Cong. 1st sess. (table IVa)	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
		Increases	Decreases			
Department of Agriculture:						
Regular annual appropriation acts	[1] $34,362,071,000	$4,730,921,000		[1] $39,092,992,000	$39,117,151,000	+$24,159,000
Continuing appropriations					40,000,000	+40,000,000
Legislative acts: Federal funds [2]	−2,581,000,000			−2,581,000,000	[2] 2,026,000,000	+4,607,000,000
Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	[3] 4,445,564,000			[3] 4,445,564,000	[3] 4,445,564,000	
(Authority to borrow)	[3] *(145,218,000)*			[3] *(145,218,000)*	[3] *(145,218,000)*	
Trust funds	248,321,000			248,321,000	248,321,000	
Total, Department of Agriculture	36,474,956,000	4,730,921,000		41,205,877,000	45,877,036,000	+4,671,159,000
Department of Commerce:						
Regular annual appropriation act	1,631,218,000	100,348,000		1,731,566,000	2,124,834,000	+393,268,000
Continuing appropriations					28,440,747	+28,440,747
Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	40,000,000			40,000,000	40,000,000	
Trust funds	33,539,000			33,539,000	33,539,000	
Total, Department of Commerce	1,704,757,000	100,348,000		1,805,105,000	2,226,813,747	+421,708,747

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1789.

VIIIb. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS, FISCAL YEAR 1986, ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Congress, 2d session (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III). Basically, the figures for permanent appropriations are taken from the February 1985 Budget and, since many are *indefinite*, are subject to revision as better data become available.]

Department or establishment	Original budget estimates, fiscal year 1986	Budget amendments and supplemental estimates, fiscal year 1986		Total budget estimates, fiscal year 1986	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 99th Cong. 1st sess. (table IVa)	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
		Increases	Decreases			
Department of Defense—Civil:						
Regular annual appropriation acts	$2,381,432,000	$30,746,000		$2,412,178,000	$2,885,056,442	+$472,878,442
Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	10,010,285,000			10,010,285,000	10,010,285,000	
Trust funds	30,285,765,000			30,285,765,000	30,285,765,000	
Total, Department of Defense—Civil	42,677,482,000	30,746,000		42,708,228,000	43,181,106,442	+472,878,442
Department of Defense—Military:						
Regular annual appropriation acts	314,170,550,000			314,170,550,000	289,536,251,000	−24,634,299,000
Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	150,000			150,000	150,000	
(Authority to borrow)	*(150,000)*			*(150,000)*	*(150,000)*	
Trust funds	27,500,000			27,500,000	27,500,000	
Total, Department of Defense—Military	314,198,200,000			314,198,200,000	289,563,901,000	−24,634,299,000
District of Columbia—Federal Funds:						
Regular annual appropriation act	532,170,000			532,170,000	546,780,000	+14,610,000
(District of Columbia—Payable from District revenue:)						
(Regular annual appropriation act)	*(2,689,077,000)*			*(2,689,077,000)*	*(2,703,687,000)*	*(+14,610,000)*
Department of Education:						
Regular annual appropriation acts	15,533,166,000	6,341,000		15,539,507,000	18,439,272,000	+2,899,765,000
Continuing appropriations	5,000,000			5,000,000	5,000,000	
Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	7,148,000			7,148,000	7,148,000	
Trust funds	10,000			10,000	10,000	
Total, Department of Education	15,545,324,000	6,341,000		15,551,665,000	18,451,430,000	+2,899,765,000

Department of Energy:						
Regular annual appropriation acts	12,374,405,000	29,605,000	$59,800,000	12,344,210,000	11,983,282,000	−360,928,000
Estimates not considered (See Table VIIIg)		300,000		300,000		−300,000
Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	279,660,000			279,660,000	279,660,000	
(Authority to borrow)	*(263,200,000)*			*(263,200,000)*	*(263,200,000)*	
Trust funds	120,948,000			120,948,000	120,948,000	
Total, Department of Energy	12,775,013,000	29,905,000	59,800,000	12,745,118,000	12,383,890,000	−361,228,000
Environmental Protection Agency:						
Regular annual appropriation act	2,267,596,000	15,720,000		2,283,316,000	2,390,176,000	+106,860,000
Continuing appropriations	2,400,000,000			2,400,000,000	2,400,000,000	
Total, Environmental Protection Agency	4,667,596,000	15,720,000		4,683,316,000	4,790,176,000	+106,860,000
Foreign Assistance:						
Regular annual appropriation act	13,369,955,934	1,234,647,000		14,604,602,934	14,621,440,945	+16,838,011
Permanent appropriations:						
Trust funds	13,393,689,000			13,393,689,000	13,393,689,000	
(Contract authority)	*(13,378,000,000)*			*(13,378,000,000)*	*(13,378,000,000)*	
Total, Foreign Assistance	26,763,644,934	1,234,647,000		27,998,291,934	28,015,129,945	+16,838,011
General Government:						
Regular annual appropriation acts	7,058,187,569	70,167,000	284,094,000	6,844,260,569	6,932,173,722	+87,913,153
Continuing appropriations					14,500,000	+14,500,000
Appropriated during 98th Cong., 1st sess. for fiscal year 1986	[4]*(75,000,000)*			[4]*(75,000,000)*	[4]*(130,000,000)*	*(+55,000,000)*
Appropriated during 98th Cong., 2nd sess. for fiscal year 1986					[4]*(29,500,000)*	*(+29,500,000)*
Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	1,000,328,000			1,000,328,000	1,000,328,000	
(Authority to borrow)	*(519,852,000)*			*(519,852,000)*	*(519,852,000)*	
(Contract authority)	*(320,976,000)*			*(320,976,000)*	*(320,976,000)*	
Trust funds	12,138,000			12,138,000	12,138,000	
Total, General Government	8,070,653,569	70,167,000	284,094,000	7,856,726,569	7,959,139,722	+102,413,153
General Services Administration:						
Regular annual appropriation acts	380,807,000	758,000		381,565,000	406,207,261	+24,642,261
Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	3,668,000			3,668,000	3,668,000	
Total, General Services Administration	384,475,000	758,000		385,233,000	409,875,261	+24,642,261

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1789.

VIIIb. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS, FISCAL YEAR 1986, ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Congress, 2d session (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III). Basically, the figures for permanent appropriations are taken from the February 1985 Budget and, since many are *indefinite*, are subject to revision as better data become available.]

Department or establishment	Original budget estimates, fiscal year 1986	Budget amendments and supplemental estimates, fiscal year 1986		Total budget estimates, fiscal year 1986	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 99th Cong. 1st sess. (table IVa)	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
		Increases	Decreases			
Department of Health and Human Services:						
Regular annual appropriation acts	$68,930,210,000	$111,523,000	$30,800,000	[5] $69,010,933,000	[6] $69,980,611,000	+$969,678,000
Continuing appropriations	473,816,000	175,000		473,991,000	585,224,000	+111,233,000
Appropriated during 98th Cong., 2nd sess. for fiscal year 1986	[4] *(10,568,609,000)*			[4] *(10,568,609,000)*	[4] *(10,850,769,000)*	*(+282,160,000)*
Legislative acts: Trust funds [2]					[2] −182,000,000	−182,000,000
Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	13,043,219,000			13,043,219,000	13,043,219,000	
Trust funds	296,869,132,000			296,869,132,000	296,869,132,000	
Total, Department of Health and Human Services	379,316,377,000	111,698,000	30,800,000	379,397,275,000	380,296,186,000	+898,911,000
Department of Housing and Urban Development:						
Regular annual appropriation act	5,088,041,000	10,602,000		5,098,643,000	15,694,480,881	+10,595,837,881
Rescission of contract authority	*(−915,000,000)*			*(−915,000,000)*	−915,000,000	[7] −915,000,000
Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	1,897,456,000			1,897,456,000	1,897,456,000	
(Authority to borrow)	*(1,890,159,000)*			*(1,890,159,000)*	*(1,890,159,000)*	
Trust funds	5,000			5,000	5,000	
Total, Department of Housing and Urban Development *(net)*	6,985,502,000	10,602,000		6,996,104,000	16,676,941,881	+9,680,837,881
Department of the Interior:						
Regular annual appropriation acts	4,375,035,000	89,782,000		4,464,817,000	4,878,345,000	+413,528,000
Appropriated during 98th Cong., 2nd sess. for fiscal year 1986					[4] *(4,900,000)*	*(+4,900,000)*
Legislative acts: Federal funds [2]	121,000,000			121,000,000	[2] 87,000,000	−34,000,000
Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	829,417,000			829,417,000	829,417,000	
(Authority to borrow)	*(1,300,000)*			*(1,300,000)*	*(1,300,000)*	
(Contract authority)	*(30,000,000)*			*(30,000,000)*	*(30,000,000)*	
Trust funds	460,040,000			460,040,000	460,040,000	
Total, Department of the Interior	5,785,492,000	89,782,000		5,875,274,000	6,254,802,000	+379,528,000

The Judiciary:						
Regular annual appropriation act	1,138,731,000	320,000		1,139,051,000	1,065,825,000	−73,226,000
Permanent appropriations:						
Trust funds	15,681,000			15,681,000	15,681,000	
Total, The Judiciary	1,154,412,000	320,000		1,154,732,000	1,081,506,000	−73,226,000
Department of Justice:						
Regular annual appropriation act	3,808,916,000	81,912,000	400,000	3,890,428,000	3,958,845,000	+68,417,000
Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	100,000,000			100,000,000	100,000,000	
Total, Department of Justice	3,908,916,000	81,912,000	400,000	3,990,428,000	4,058,845,000	+68,417,000
Department of Labor:						
Regular annual appropriation act	5,807,702,000	20,971,000		5,828,673,000	6,516,745,000	+688,072,000
Continuing appropriations					26,000,000	+26,000,000
Permanent appropriations:						
Trust funds	27,068,010,000			27,068,010,000	27,068,010,000	
Total, Department of Labor	32,875,712,000	20,971,000		32,896,683,000	33,610,755,000	+714,072,000
Legislative Branch:						
Regular annual appropriation act	1,761,138,000	22,117,000		1,783,255,000	1,598,963,800	−184,291,200
Continuing appropriations					150,000	+150,000
Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	143,117,000			143,117,000	143,117,000	
Trust funds	7,631,000			7,631,000	7,631,000	
Total, Legislative Branch	1,911,886,000	22,117,000		1,934,003,000	1,749,861,800	−184,141,200
National Aeronautics and Space Administration:						
Regular annual appropriation act	7,886,000,000	42,000,000		7,928,000,000	7,656,000,000	−272,000,000
Office of Personnel Management:						
Regular annual appropriation act	6,113,245,000	2,635,000		6,115,880,000	6,113,245,000	−2,635,000
Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	11,300,792,000			11,300,792,000	11,300,792,000	
Trust funds	40,813,389,000			40,813,389,000	40,813,389,000	
Total, Office of Personnel Management	58,227,426,000	2,635,000		58,230,061,000	58,227,426,000	−2,635,000
Postal Service:						
Regular annual appropriation act	39,128,000			39,128,000	748,000,000	+708,872,000
Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	1,574,798,000			1,574,798,000	1,574,798,000	
(Authority to borrow)	*(1,574,798,000)*			*(1,574,798,000)*	*(1,574,798,000)*	
Total, Postal Service	1,613,926,000			1,613,926,000	2,322,798,000	+708,872,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1789.

VIIIb. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS, FISCAL YEAR 1986, ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Congress, 2d session (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III). Basically, the figures for permanent appropriations are taken from the February 1985 Budget and, since many are *indefinite*, are subject to revision as better data become available.]

Department or establishment	Original budget estimates, fiscal year 1986	Budget amendments and supplemental estimates, fiscal year 1986		Total budget estimates, fiscal year 1986	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 99th Cong. 1st sess. (table IVa)	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
		Increases	Decreases			
Railroad Retirement Board:[8]						
Regular annual appropriation act	$394,200,000			$394,200,000	$394,200,000	
Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	3,047,000,000			3,047,000,000	3,047,000,000	
Trust funds	9,841,000,000			9,841,000,000	9,841,000,000	
Total, Railroad Retirement Board	13,282,200,000			13,282,200,000	13,282,200,000	
Department of State:						
Regular annual appropriation acts	3,139,972,000	$43,143,000	$2,000,000	3,181,115,000	2,887,965,000	−$293,150,000
Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	354,465,000			354,465,000	354,465,000	
Trust funds	701,091,000			701,091,000	701,091,000	
Total, Department of State	4,195,528,000	43,143,000	2,000,000	4,236,671,000	3,943,521,000	−293,150,000
Department of Transportation:						
Regular annual appropriation acts	7,276,448,000	107,072,000		7,383,520,000	9,983,037,000	+2,599,517,000
Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	306,500,000			306,500,000	306,500,000	
(Contract authority)	*(299,500,000)*			*(299,500,000)*	*(299,500,000)*	
Trust funds	16,479,231,000			16,479,231,000	16,479,231,000	
(Contract authority)	*(16,470,096,000)*			*(16,470,096,000)*	*(16,470,096,000)*	
Total, Department of Transportation	24,062,179,000	107,072,000		24,169,251,000	26,768,768,000	+2,599,517,000
Department of the Treasury:						
Regular annual appropriation acts	9,825,095,000	136,190,000	3,500,000	9,957,785,000	9,682,567,200	−275,217,800
Rescissions					−6,900,000,000	[7] −6,900,000,000
Legislative acts: Federal funds[2]					[2] 145,000,000	+145,000,000
Private appropriation acts[9]					([9])	

Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	207,781,415,000			207,781,415,000	207,781,415,000	
(Authority to borrow)	*(5,148,545,000)*			*(5,148,545,000)*	*(5,148,545,000)*	
Trust funds	4,576,713,000			4,576,713,000	4,576,713,000	
Total, Department of the Treasury *(net)*	222,183,223,000	136,190,000	3,500,000	222,315,913,000	215,285,695,200	−7,030,217,800
Veterans Administration:						
Regular annual appropriation act	26,320,621,000	228,348,000		26,548,969,000	26,101,426,553	−447,542,447
Permanent appropriations:						
Trust funds	1,502,000,000			1,502,000,000	1,502,000,000	
Total, Veterans Administration	27,822,621,000	228,348,000		28,050,969,000	27,603,426,553	−447,542,447
Grand total, new budget *(obligational)* authority *(net)*	1,255,005,671,503	7,116,343,000	380,594,000	1,261,741,420,503	1,252,224,010,551	−9,517,409,952
Consisting of—						
Regular annual appropriation acts	555,966,040,503	7,115,868,000	380,594,000	562,701,314,503	556,242,880,804	−6,458,433,699
Rescissions	*(−915,000,000)*			*(−915,000,000)*	−7,815,000,000	[7] −7,815,000,000
Continuing appropriations	2,878,816,000	175,000		2,878,991,000	3,099,314,747	+220,323,747
Estimates not considered (See Table VIIIg)		300,000		300,000		−300,000
Appropriated during prior Congressional sessions for fiscal year 1986	[4] *(10,643,609,000)*			[4] *(10,643,609,000)*	[4] *(11,015,169,000)*	*(+371,560,000)*
Appropriations in legislative acts[2]	−2,460,000,000			−2,460,000,000	[2] 2,076,000,000	+4,536,000,000
Private appropriation acts[8]					(9)	
Permanent appropriations:						
Federal funds	256,164,982,000			256,164,982,000	[10] 256,164,982,000	
(Authority to borrow)	*(9,543,222,000)*			*(9,543,222,000)*	*(9,543,222,000)*	
(Contract authority)	*(650,476,000)*			*(650,476,000)*	*(650,476,000)*	
Trust funds	442,455,833,000			442,455,833,000	[10] 442,455,833,000	
(Contract authority)	*(29,848,096,000)*			*(29,848,096,000)*	*(29,848,096,000)*	
Subtotal *(net)*	1,255,005,671,503	7,116,343,000	380,594,000	1,261,741,420,503	1,252,224,010,551	−9,517,409,952
Less adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions (see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV)	−192,612,025,000			−192,612,025,000	−192,612,025,000	
Net total for fiscal year 1986 to date	1,062,393,646,503	7,116,343,000	380,594,000	1,069,129,395,503	1,059,611,985,551	−9,517,409,952
Deduct estimates and appropriations made during prior Congressional sessions for fiscal year 1986	[4] *(−10,643,609,000)*			[4] *(−10,643,609,000)*	[4] *(−11,015,169,000)*	*(−371,560,000)*
Net for fiscal year 1986 (99th Congress, 1st session)	1,062,393,646,503	7,116,343,000	380,594,000	1,069,129,395,503	1,059,611,985,551	−9,517,409,952

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[1] Includes $13,396,240,000 for the Commodity Credit Corporation submitted in the President's budget (H. Doc. 99-17) as "permanent Federal funds" (see footnote 3 below).

[2] Section 401 of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-344) requires that all borrowing and contracting authority (so called "backdoor authority") enacted after March 3, 1975, be subject to subsequent appropriation action with certain exceptions which are listed under Sec. 401(d) of the Act (see p. 1956 in the 1974-1975 volume for text of Sec. 401(d)). This amount represents budget authority which falls within those exceptions.

[3] Excludes $13,396,240,000 for the Commodity Credit Corporation submitted in the President's budget (H. Doc. 99-17) as "permanent Federal funds" but reflected in this table as a "current definite" appropriation of $13,195,240,000 provided in H.R. 3037 (see pp. 106 and 1714, this volume).

[4] Included under "Permanent appropriations, Federal funds".

[5] Budget estimates *exclude* $809,573,000 for fiscal year 1986 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority requested in fiscal year 1985 for the Supplemental Security Program in the Department of Health and Human Services (see footnote 5 on p. 1756, this volume).

[6] Excludes $1,329,834,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1986 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1985 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services (see footnote 5 on p. 1756, this volume, for accounts involved).

[7] Reflects actual rescission rather than comparison with request.

[8] Shown under "General Government" in previous volumes.

[9] There were no private relief acts approved during the 99th Congress, 1st Session.

[10] Subject to revision as better data becomes available.

VIIIc. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS, FISCAL YEAR 1985, ARRANGED BY AGENCIES, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION

[NOTE.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

(Amounts considered in regular annual and supplemental appropriation acts, and private acts)

Department or establishment	Budget estimates, fiscal year 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, fiscal year 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Department of Agriculture *(net)*	$4,706,749,000	$5,192,985,000	+$486,236,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(4,706,749,000)	(5,202,559,000)	(+495,810,000)
Rescissions	*(−35,379,000)*	(−9,574,000)	[1](−9,574,000)
Department of Commerce *(net)*	83,396,000	160,967,000	+77,571,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(83,396,000)	(165,226,000)	(+81,830,000)
Rescissions	*(−8,352,000)*	(−4,259,000)	[1](−4,259,000)
Department of Defense—Civil	377,000	100,477,000	+100,100,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(377,000)	(100,477,000)	(+100,100,000)
Rescissions	*(−15,000,000)*		
Department of Defense—Military	2,164,836,000	985,417,000	−1,179,419,000
District of Columbia:			
Federal Funds	14,180,000	14,180,000	
(Payable from District revenues—net)	*(83,448,000)*	*(79,872,000)*	*(−3,576,000)*
(New budget (obligational) authority)	*(99,140,000)*	*(95,564,000)*	*(−3,576,000)*
(Rescissions)	*(−15,692,000)*	*(−15,692,000)*	
Department of Education	664,846,000	1,112,506,000	+447,660,000
Department of Energy *(net)*	2,122,000	−6,311,000	−8,433,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(2,122,000)	(2,122,000)	
Rescissions	*(−18,445,000)*	(−8,433,000)	[1](−8,433,000)
Environmental Protection Agency *(net)*	5,423,000	25,798,000	+20,375,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(5,423,000)	(29,923,000)	(+24,500,000)
Rescissions	*(−4,125,000)*	(−4,125,000)	[1](−4,125,000)
Foreign Assistance	2,521,036,436	2,662,536,436	+141,500,000
General Government *(net)*	27,698,000	83,303,000	+55,605,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(27,698,000)	(117,022,000)	(+89,324,000)
Rescissions	*(−9,993,000)*	(−33,719,000)	[1](−33,719,000)
General Services Administration *(rescissions)*	*(−37,524,000)*	−37,524,000	[1] −37,524,000
Department of Health and Human Services *(net)*	[2]3,543,904,000	[3]3,607,589,000	+63,685,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(3,543,904,000)	(3,607,750,000)	(+63,846,000)
Rescissions	*(−161,000)*	(−161,000)	[1](−161,000)
Department of Housing and Urban Development *(rescissions)*	*(−788,959,000)*	−535,859,000	[1] −535,859,000
Department of the Interior *(net)*	7,594,000	171,547,000	+163,953,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(7,594,000)	(220,377,000)	(+212,783,000)
Rescissions	*(−73,663,000)*	(−48,830,000)	[1](−48,830,000)
The Judiciary *(net)*	68,313,000	62,512,000	−5,801,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(68,313,000)	(66,929,000)	(−1,384,000)
Rescissions		(−4,417,000)	[1](−4,417,000)
Department of Justice *(net)*	71,603,000	82,290,000	+10,687,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(71,603,000)	(90,024,000)	(+18,421,000)
Rescissions	*(−13,659,000)*	(−7,734,000)	[1](−7,734,000)
Department of Labor	7,422,000	5,293,000	−2,129,000
Legislative Branch	60,693,000	50,504,100	−10,188,900
National Aeronautics and Space Administration *(net)*	23,300,000	55,300,000	+32,000,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(23,300,000)	(61,300,000)	(+38,000,000)
Rescissions	*(−4,000,000)*	(−6,000,000)	[1](−6,000,000)
Office of Personnel Management *(net)*	41,882,000	40,721,000	−1,161,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(41,882,000)	(41,882,000)	
Rescissions	*(−1,161,000)*	(−1,161,000)	[1](−1,161,000)
Postal Service		168,620,000	+168,620,000
Department of State *(net)*	280,320,000	285,388,000	+5,068,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(280,320,000)	(287,820,000)	(+7,500,000)
Rescissions	*(−2,432,000)*	(−2,432,000)	[1](−2,432,000)

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1792.

VIIIc. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS, FISCAL YEAR 1985, ARRANGED BY AGENCIES, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

[NOTE.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

(Amounts considered in regular annual and supplemental appropriation acts, and private acts)

Department or establishment	Budget estimates, fiscal year 1985	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, fiscal year 1985	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Department of Transportation *(net)*	$17,156,000	$55,314,000	+$38,158,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(17,156,000)	(76,496,000)	(+59,340,000)
Rescissions	*(−12,937,000)*	(−21,182,000)	[1](−21,182,000)
Department of the Treasury *(net)*	80,887,000	135,281,000	+54,394,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(80,887,000)	(144,821,000)	(+63,934,000)
Rescissions	*(−9,530,000)*	(−9,540,000)	[1](−9,540,000)
Veterans Administration *(net)*	255,456,000	325,018,000	+69,562,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(255,456,000)	(331,024,000)	(+75,568,000)
Rescissions	*(−17,404,000)*	(−6,006,000)	[1](−6,006,000)
Private appropriation acts			
Grand total *(net)*	14,649,193,436	14,803,852,536	+154,659,100
Consisting of—			
Supplemental appropriation acts *(net)*	14,649,193,436	14,803,852,536	+154,659,100
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(14,649,193,436)	(15,544,808,536)	(+895,615,100)
Rescissions	*(−1,052,724,000)*	(−740,956,000)	[1](−740,956,000)
Private appropriation acts			
(District of Columbia funds—net)	*(83,448,000)*	*(79,872,000)*	*(−3,576,000)*

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[1] Reflects actual rescission rather than comparison with request.

[2] Budget estimates *exclude* $809,573,000 for fiscal year 1986 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority requested in fiscal year 1985 for the Supplemental Security Program in the Department of Health and Human Services (see footnote 5 on p. 1756, this volume).

[3] Excludes $1,329,834,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1986 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1985 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services (see footnote 5 on p. 1756, this volume, for accounts involved).

VIIId. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS, FISCAL YEAR 1987, ARRANGED BY AGENCIES, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION

[NOTE.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

(Amounts considered in regular annual appropriation acts)

Department or establishment	Budget estimates, fiscal year 1987	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, fiscal year 1987	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986			
FEDERAL FUNDS			
Criminal justice initiative		$20,000,000	+$20,000,000
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986			
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY			
Clean Coal Technology Reserve *(transfer from Energy Security Reserve)*		*(149,100,000)*	*(+149,100,000)*
DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986			
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION			
Grants to states for Medicaid	$6,500,000,000	6,500,000,000	
SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION			
Special benefits for disabled coal miners	270,000,000	270,000,000	
Supplemental security income program	2,339,250,000	2,339,250,000	
Assistance payments program	2,193,754,000	2,193,754,000	
Child Support Enforcement	170,750,000	170,750,000	
Total, Department of Health and Human Services	11,473,754,000	11,473,754,000	
Total, Fiscal Year 1987	11,473,754,000	11,493,754,000	+20,000,000
(By transfer)		*(149,100,000)*	*(+149,100,000)*

VIIIe. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS, FISCAL YEAR 1988, ARRANGED BY AGENCIES, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION

[NOTE.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

(Amounts considered in regular annual and supplemental appropriation acts)

Department or establishment	Budget estimates, fiscal year 1988	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, fiscal year 1988	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986			
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY			
Clean Coal Technology Reserve *(transfer from Energy Security Reserve)*		*($149,100,000)*	*(+$149,100,000)*
DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1986			
RELATED AGENCIES			
Corporation for Public Broadcasting	$214,000,000	214,000,000	
Total, Fiscal Year 1988	214,000,000	214,000,000	
(By transfer)		*(149,100,000)*	*(+149,100,000)*

VIIIf. RECAPITULATION OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION

[NOTE.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III).]

	Amount
Net increase in budget estimates for fiscal 1985 (p. 1792)	+$154,659,100
Net reduction below budget estimates for fiscal 1986 (p. 1789)	−9,517,409,952
Net increase in budget estimates for fiscal 1987 (p. 1793)	+20,000,000
Net change in budget estimates for fiscal 1988 (p. 1795)	
Total net reduction below budget estimates, 99th Cong., 1st sess.	−9,342,750,852

VIIIg. SUMMARY OF ESTIMATES NOT CONSIDERED, BY FISCAL YEARS, ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION

Department or establishment	H. Doc. No. (unless otherwise indicated)	Regular budget estimates, fiscal year 1986	Budget amendments and supplemental estimates, fiscal year 1986 and prior years		Total budget estimates not considered
			Increases	Decreases	
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY					
POWER MARKETING ADMINISTRATIONS					
Colorado River Basins Power Marketing Fund, Western Area Power Administration, 1986	99-89		$300,000		$300,000
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY					
National flood insurance fund, 1986	99-89		*(Language)*		*(Language)*
FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK BOARD					
(Limitation on nonadministrative expenses), 1985	99-52		*(720,000)*		*(720,000)*
RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD					
(Limitation on administrative expenses), 1986	99-89		*(1,206,000)*		*(1,206,000)*
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION					
RESEARCH AND SPECIAL PROGRAMS ADMINISTRATION					
Working capital fund, Transportation Systems Center, 1986	99-89		[1] *(930,000)*		*(930,000)*
Grand total, estimates not considered			300,000		300,000
Fiscal year 1985 *(limitation on nonadministrative expenses)*			*(720,000)*		*(720,000)*
Fiscal year 1986			(300,000)		(300,000)
(Limitation on administrative expenses)			*(1,206,000)*		*(1,206,000)*

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[1] Erroneously reported as Congressional budget account.

VIIIh. RESCISSIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS CONSIDERED DURING THE 1ST SESSION OF THE 99TH CONGRESS, ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS

[NOTE.—For informational purposes only to separately identify rescissions. The amounts rescinded *are* reflected in the *totals* of new budget (obligational) authority shown in various tabulations.]

Department or activity	Amount proposed for rescission	Amount rescinded	Increase (+) or decrease (−), amounts rescinded compared with proposals
Department of Agriculture:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Office of the Secretary	$114,000		−$114,000
Departmental administration	149,000	$49,000	−100,000
Agricultural Research Service	1,313,000	1,000,000	−313,000
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service	1,464,000	400,000	−1,064,000
Economic Research Service	132,000	50,000	−82,000
Statistical Reporting Service	206,000	100,000	−106,000
Agricultural Marketing Service	150,000		−150,000
Packers and Stockyards Administration	117,000	85,000	−32,000
Rural Electrification Administration	288,000		−288,000
Soil Conservation Service	6,750,000		−6,750,000
Food and Nutrition Service	8,762,000		−8,762,000
Foreign Agricultural Service	424,000	100,000	−324,000
Forest Service:			
Forest research	923,000	462,000	−461,000
State and private forestry	463,000	232,000	−231,000
National forest system	12,134,000	6,067,000	−6,067,000
Construction	1,922,000	961,000	−961,000
Land acquisition	68,000	68,000	
Total, Department of Agriculture	35,379,000	9,574,000	−25,805,000
Department of Commerce:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
General Administration	499,000	499,000	
Bureau of the Census:			
Salaries and expenses	241,000	241,000	
Periodic censuses and programs	791,000		−791,000
Economic and Statistical Analysis	433,000	433,000	
Economic Development Administration	120,000	120,000	
International Trade Administration:			
Operations and administration	2,783,000		−2,783,000
Participation in United States expositions	6,000	6,000	
Minority Business Development Agency	305,000	305,000	
United States Travel and Tourism Administration	468,000	468,000	
Patent and Trademark Office	1,472,000	1,472,000	
National Telecommunications and Information Administration:			
Salaries and expenses	183,000	183,000	
Public telecommunications facilities, planning and construction	32,000	32,000	
National Bureau of Standards, scientific and technical research and services	1,019,000	500,000	−519,000
Total, Department of Commerce	8,352,000	4,259,000	−4,093,000

VIIIh. RESCISSIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS CONSIDERED DURING THE 1ST SESSION OF THE 99TH CONGRESS, ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS—Continued

[NOTE.—For informational purposes only to separately identify rescissions. The amounts rescinded *are* reflected in the *totals* of new budget (obligational) authority shown in various tabulations.]

Department or activity	Amount proposed for rescission	Amount rescinded	Increase (+) or decrease (−), amounts rescinded compared with proposals
Department of Defense:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Department of the Army, Corps of Engineers—Civil:			
General investigations	$2,000,000		−$2,000,000
Construction, general	4,000,000		−4,000,000
Flood control, Mississippi River and tributaries, Arkansas, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, and Tennessee	1,000,000		−1,000,000
Operation and maintenance, general	8,000,000		−8,000,000
Total, Department of Defense	15,000,000		−15,000,000
District of Columbia:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88)			
(District of Columbia Funds):			
Public safety and justice	[1]*(300,000)*	*($300,000)*	
Public education system	*(11,794,000)*	*(11,794,000)*	
Human support services	[2]*(698,000)*	[2]*(698,000)*	
Public works	*(875,000)*	*(875,000)*	
Repayment of loans and interest	*(1,473,000)*	*(1,473,000)*	
Short-term borrowings	*(1,250,000)*	*(1,250,000)*	
Total, District of Columbia	*(15,692,000)*	*(15,692,000)*	
Department of Energy:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Energy supply, research and development activities	2,676,000		−2,676,000
Atomic energy defense activities	8,280,000	8,280,000	
Departmental administration	2,786,000		−2,786,000
Fossil energy research and development	3,276,000		−3,276,000
Fossil energy construction	860,000		−860,000
Naval petroleum and oil shale reserves	181,000		−181,000
Economic regulation	156,000	102,000	−54,000
Emergency preparedness	51,000	51,000	
Strategic petroleum reserve	156,000		−156,000
Alternative fuels production	23,000		−23,000
Total, Department of Energy	18,445,000	8,433,000	−10,012,000
Environmental Protection Agency:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Research and development	4,125,000	4,125,000	
General Government:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Federal Emergency Management Agency:			
Salaries and expenses	786,000	786,000	
Emergency management planning and assistance	1,287,000	1,287,000	
National Archives and Records Administration, operating expenses	166,000	166,000	
National Science Foundation, research and related activities	2,002,000	1,000,000	−1,002,000
Small Business Administration	3,781,000	27,601,000	+23,820,000
Tennessee Valley Authority Fund	1,538,000		−1,538,000
United States Information Agency	433,000	2,879,000	+2,446,000
Total, general government	9,993,000	33,719,000	+23,726,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1805.

VIIIh. RESCISSIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS CONSIDERED DURING THE 1ST SESSION OF THE 99TH CONGRESS, ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS—Continued

[NOTE.—For informational purposes only to separately identify rescissions. The amounts rescinded *are* reflected in the *totals* of new budget (obligational) authority shown in various tabulations.]

Department or activity	Amount proposed for rescission	Amount rescinded	Increase (+) or decrease (−), amounts rescinded compared with proposals
General Services Administration:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Consumer Information Center	$63,000	$63,000	
Federal Building Fund:			
Real property activities	2,000,000	2,000,000	
Program direction	1,204,000	1,204,000	
Personal Property Activities:			
Personal property, operating expenses	300,000	300,000	
General supply fund	30,848,000	30,848,000	
Federal Property Resources Activities:			
Operating expenses	207,000	207,000	
Expenses, disposal of surplus real and related property	1,832,000	1,832,000	
General Activities:			
General Management and Administration	403,000	403,000	
Office of Information Resources Management:			
Operating expenses	45,000	45,000	
Federal telecommunications fund	415,000	415,000	
Automatic data processing fund	145,000	145,000	
Office of the Inspector General	35,000	35,000	
Allowances and Office Staff for Former Presidents	19,000	19,000	
Working capital fund	8,000	8,000	
Total, General Services Administration	37,524,000	37,524,000	
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Health Services Administration, Indian health services	161,000	161,000	
Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Rental housing assistance *(contract authority, indefinite)*	528,940,000	528,940,000	
Payments for operation of low-income housing projects	253,100,000		−$253,100,000
Management and Administration	6,919,000	6,919,000	
Subtotal	788,959,000	535,859,000	−253,100,000
HUD Appropriations Act, 1986 (P.L. 99-160):			
Annual contribution for assisted housing *(contract authority, indefinite)*	859,000,000	859,000,000	
Rental housing assistance *(contract authority, indefinite)*	56,000,000	56,000,000	
Subtotal	915,000,000	915,000,000	
Total, Housing and Urban Development	1,703,959,000	1,450,859,000	−253,100,000
Department of the Interior:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Bureau of Land Management:			
Management of lands and resources	5,778,000	2,900,000	−2,878,000
Oregon and California grant lands	679,000	350,000	−329,000
Working capital fund	2,951,000	2,951,000	
United States Fish and Wildlife Service:			
Resource management	3,869,000	1,900,000	−1,969,000
Construction and anadromous fish	40,000	40,000	
National Park Service:			
Operation of the national park service	8,598,000	4,300,000	−4,298,000
National recreation and preservation	94,000		−94,000
Construction	397,000	397,000	

VIIIh. RESCISSIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS CONSIDERED DURING THE 1ST SESSION OF THE 99TH CONGRESS, ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS—Continued

[NOTE.—For informational purposes only to separately identify rescissions. The amounts rescinded *are* reflected in the *totals* of new budget (obligational) authority shown in various tabulations.]

Department or activity	Amount proposed for rescission	Amount rescinded	Increase (+) or decrease (−), amounts rescinded compared with proposals
Department of the Interior—Continued			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88)—Continued			
National Park Service—Continued			
Land and water conservation fund *(contract authority)*	$30,000,000	$30,000,000	
Land acquisition and state assistance	52,000	52,000	
Geological Survey, surveys, investigations, and research	4,519,000	1,269,000	−$3,250,000
Minerals Management Service, leasing and royalty management	1,764,000	1,764,000	
Bureau of Mines, mines and minerals	1,355,000		−1,355,000
Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement:			
Regulation and technology	546,000		−546,000
Abandoned mine reclamation fund	3,233,000		−3,233,000
Bureau of Indian Affairs, operation of Indian programs	5,570,000	2,800,000	−2,770,000
Territorial and International Affairs, administration of territories	107,000	107,000	
Bureau of Reclamation:			
Construction program	2,571,000		−2,571,000
Operation and maintenance	1,540,000		−1,540,000
Total, Department of the Interior	73,663,000	48,830,000	−24,833,000
The Judiciary:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Courts of Appeals, District Courts, and Other Judicial Services, expenses of operation and maintenance of the courts		4,417,000	+4,417,000
Department of Justice:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
General Administration:			
Salaries and expenses	166,000	166,000	
Working capital fund	3,000,000		−3,000,000
Legal Activities:			
General legal activities	470,000	470,000	
Antitrust Division	65,000	65,000	
United States attorneys and marshals	889,000	889,000	
Fees and expenses of witnesses	309,000	309,000	
Community Relations Service	43,000	43,000	
Federal Bureau of Investigation	3,505,000	3,505,000	
Drug Enforcement Administration	876,000	876,000	
Immigration and Naturalization Service	947,000	947,000	
Federal Prison System:			
Salaries and expenses	451,000	451,000	
National Institute of Corrections	894,000		−894,000
Buildings and facilities	13,000	13,000	
Office of Justice Programs, justice assistance	2,031,000		−2,031,000
Total, Department of Justice	13,659,000	7,734,000	−5,925,000
National Aeronautics and Space Administration:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Research and program management	4,000,000	6,000,000	+2,000,000
Office of Personnel Management:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Salaries and expenses	1,161,000	1,161,000	
Department of State:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Administration of Foreign Affairs	2,432,000	2,432,000	

VIIIh. RESCISSIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS CONSIDERED DURING THE 1ST SESSION OF THE 99TH CONGRESS, ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS—Continued

[NOTE.—For informational purposes only to separately identify rescissions. The amounts rescinded *are* reflected in the *totals* of new budget (obligational) authority shown in various tabulations.]

Department or activity	Amount proposed for rescission	Amount rescinded	Increase (+) or decrease (−), amounts rescinded compared with proposals
Department of Transportation:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Federal Aviation Administration, facilities and equipment *(Airport and airway trust fund)*	$10,000,000	$12,000,000	+$2,000,000
Federal Highway Administration, motor carrier safety	164,000	164,000	
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration:			
Operations and research	1,175,000	808,000	−367,000
Seat belt and passive restraint program		7,500,000	+7,500,000
Highway traffic safety grants	250,000	250,000	
Federal Railroad Administration:			
Railroad research and development	170,000	170,000	
Rail service assistance	90,000	90,000	
Northeast corridor improvement program	200,000	200,000	
Maritime Administration, operations and training	[1]888,000		−888,000
Total, Department of Transportation	12,937,000	21,182,000	+8,245,000
Department of the Treasury:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Office of the Secretary	969,000	969,000	
Federal Law Enforcement Training Center	75,000	75,000	
Financial Management Services	972,000	972,000	
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms	397,000	397,000	
United States Customs Service	1,223,000	1,223,000	
Bureau of the Mint	87,000	87,000	
Bureau of the Public Debt	52,000	52,000	
Internal Revenue Service:			
Salaries and expenses	198,000	198,000	
Processing tax returns	781,000	781,000	
Examinations and appeals	1,588,000	1,588,000	
Investigations, collections and taxpayer service	1,633,000	1,633,000	
Office of Revenue Sharing	90,000	100,000	+10,000
United States Secret Service	1,465,000	1,465,000	
Subtotal	9,530,000	9,540,000	+10,000
Interior Appropriations Act, 1986 (P.L. 99-190):			
Energy Security Reserve		6,900,000,000	+6,900,000,000
Total, Department of the Treasury	9,530,000	6,909,540,000	+6,900,010,000
Veterans Administration:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Medical care	10,261,000	3,520,000	−6,741,000
Medical and prosthetic research	323,000		−323,000
Medical administration and miscellaneous operating expenses	2,109,000	2,109,000	
General operating expenses	4,334,000		−4,334,000
Construction, minor projects	377,000	377,000	
Total, Veterans Administration	17,404,000	6,006,000	−11,398,000
Grand total, rescissions of budget authority, (99th Congress, 1st session)	[3]1,967,724,000	[3]8,555,956,000	+6,588,232,000
Federal funds:			
Fiscal year 1985	(1,052,724,000)	(740,956,000)	(−311,768,000)
Fiscal year 1986	(915,000,000)	(7,815,000,000)	(+6,900,000,000)
(District of Columbia funds, 1985)	*(15,692,000)*	*(15,692,000)*	

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[1] Informal rescission proposal.

[2] Non-add item; reflects rescission of revenue sharing trust funds.

[3] See pp. 457–472 and pp. 473–479 for status reports on rescissions and deferrals.

VIIIi. DEFERRALS OF BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAYS ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION

[NOTE.—For informational purposes only. The amounts are *not* reflected in the *totals* of new budget (obligational) authority shown in various tabulations.]

Department or activity	Amounts proposed for deferral [1]	Amounts disapproved	Increase (+) or decrease (−), amounts disapproved compared with proposals
Department of Energy:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Fossil energy research and development	$48,397,000	$39,154,000	−$9,243,000
Fossil energy research and development		[2]*(1,600,000)*	*(+1,600,000)*
Fossil energy construction		[2]*(860,000)*	*(+860,000)*
Naval petroleum and oil shale reserves		[2]*(181,000)*	*(+181,000)*
Strategic petroleum reserve	270,738,000	270,738,000	
Strategic petroleum reserve		[2]*(156,000)*	*(+156,000)*
SPR petroleum account	827,028,000	290,070,000	−536,958,000
Alternative fuels production		[2]*(23,000)*	*(+23,000)*
Total, Department of Energy	1,146,163,000	599,962,000	−546,201,000
Foreign Assistance:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
African Development Foundation	2,287,000	2,287,000	
General Government:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation fund	228,000	228,000	
Railroad Retirement Board:			
Limitation on administration	3,098,000	3,098,000	
Limitation on Railroad Unemployment Insurance administration funds	502,000	502,000	
United States Institute of Peace	4,000,000	4,000,000	
Total, general government	7,828,000	7,828,000	
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Health Care Financing Administration, program management	4,271,000	4,271,000	
Social Security Administration, limitation on administrative expenses	9,176,000	9,176,000	
Total, Department of Health and Human Services	13,447,000	13,447,000	
Department of the Interior:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
National Park Service, construction	38,172,000	34,672,000	−3,500,000
Bureau of Mines, mines and minerals		[2]*(1,355,000)*	*(+1,355,000)*
Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, abandoned mine reclamation fund		[2]*(3,233,000)*	*(+3,233,000)*
Bureau of Indian Affairs, construction	8,025,000	8,025,000	
Bureau of Indian Affairs, construction		[2]*(3,000,000)*	*(+3,000,000)*
Total, Department of the Interior	46,197,000	42,697,000	−3,500,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1808.

VIIIi. DEFERRALS OF BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAYS ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

[NOTE.—For informational purposes only. The amounts are *not* reflected in the *totals* of new budget (obligational) authority shown in various tabulations.]

Department or activity	Amounts proposed for deferral[1]	Amounts disapproved	Increase (+) or decrease (−), amounts disapproved compared with proposals
Department of Labor:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Employment and Training Administration:			
State unemployment insurance, employment service operations	$3,767,000	$3,767,000	
Program administration	162,000	162,000	
State unemployment insurance, employment service operations	37,000,000	37,000,000	
Unemployment trust fund	119,000	119,000	
Total, Department of Labor	41,048,000	41,048,000	
Department of Transportation:			
Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1985 (P.L. 99-88):			
Federal Railroad Administration, northeast corridor improvement program	30,000,000	30,000,000	
Maritime Administration, operations and training	8,500,000	8,500,000	
Department of Transporation Appropriations Act, 1986 (P.L. 99-190):			
Urban Mass Transportation Administration, discretionary grants	223,600,000	223,600,000	
Total, Department of Transportation	262,100,000	262,100,000	
Grand total, deferrals of budget authority (99th Congress, 1st session):			
Deferrals proposed and amounts disapproved	1,519,070,000	969,369,000	−$549,701,000
Deferrals initiated and approved by Congress		*(10,408,000)*	*(+10,408,000)*

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[1] Amount proposed for deferral reflects original request for fiscal year 1985 deferrals proposed during the 1st session of the 99th Congress on which the Congress took legislative action. Adjustments proposed in subsequent documents or congressionally initiated deferral actions are not reflected. See pp. 457-472 and pp. 473-479 for status reports on rescissions and deferrals.

[2] Deferrals initiated and approved by Congress.

VIIIj. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS BY FISCAL YEARS ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Congress, 2d session (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III). Basically, the figures for permanent appropriations are taken from the February 1985 Budget and, since many are *indefinite*, are subject to revision as better data become available.]

Department or establishment	Budget estimates	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 99th Cong., 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Department of Agriculture:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act[1]	$37,597,777,000	$37,630,181,000	+$32,404,000
Carried in other regular annual act	1,495,215,000	1,486,970,000	−8,245,000
Carried in continuing appropriations		40,000,000	+40,000,000
Subtotal	39,092,992,000	39,157,151,000	+64,159,000
Legislative acts: Federal funds[2]	−2,581,000,000	[2]2,026,000,000	+4,607,000,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	4,445,564,000	[3]4,445,564,000	
(Authority to borrow)	*(145,218,000)*	*(145,218,000)*	
Trust funds	248,321,000	248,321,000	
Total, permanent appropriations	4,693,885,000	4,693,885,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	41,205,877,000	45,877,036,000	+4,671,159,000
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act *(net)*	4,706,749,000	5,192,985,000	+486,236,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(4,706,749,000)	(5,202,559,000)	(+495,810,000)
Rescissions	*(−35,379,000)*	(−9,574,000)	[4](−9,574,000)
Grand total for session, Department of Agriculture *(net)*	45,912,626,000	51,070,021,000	+5,157,395,000
Department of Commerce:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act	1,731,566,000	2,124,834,000	+393,268,000
Carried in continuing appropriations		28,440,747	+28,440,747
Subtotal	1,731,566,000	2,153,274,747	+421,708,747
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	40,000,000	40,000,000	
Trust funds	33,539,000	33,539,000	
Total, permanent appropriations	73,539,000	73,539,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	1,805,105,000	2,226,813,747	+421,708,747
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act *(net)*	83,396,000	160,967,000	+77,571,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(83,396,000)	(165,226,000)	(+81,830,000)
Rescissions	*(−8,352,000)*	(−4,259,000)	[4](−4,259,000)
Grand total for session, Department of Commerce *(net)*	1,888,501,000	2,387,780,747	+499,279,747

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1820.

VIIIj. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS BY FISCAL YEARS ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Congress, 2d session (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III). Basically, the figures for permanent appropriations are taken from the February 1985 Budget and, since many are *indefinite*, are subject to revision as better data become available.]

Department or establishment	Budget estimates	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 99th Cong., 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Department of Defense—Civil:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act	$2,359,740,000	$2,822,050,000	+$462,310,000
Carried in other regular annual act	52,438,000	63,006,442	+10,568,442
Subtotal	2,412,178,000	2,885,056,442	+472,878,442
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	10,010,285,000	10,010,285,000	
Trust funds	30,285,765,000	30,285,765,000	
Total, permanent appropriations	40,296,050,000	40,296,050,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	42,708,228,000	43,181,106,442	+472,878,442
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act *(net)*	377,000	100,477,000	+100,100,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(377,000)	(100,477,000)	(+100,100,000)
Rescissions	*(−15,000,000)*		
Grand total for session, Department of Defense—Civil *(net)*	42,708,605,000	43,281,583,442	+572,978,442
Department of Defense—Military:			
Military personnel:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act [5]	73,425,100,000	67,906,361,000	−5,518,739,000
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act	1,437,406,000	807,119,000	−630,287,000
Total, military personnel	74,862,506,000	68,713,480,000	−6,149,026,000
Operation and maintenance:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act [5]	82,450,150,000	78,664,480,000	−3,785,670,000
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act	721,044,000	143,298,000	−577,746,000
Total, operation and maintenance	83,171,194,000	78,807,778,000	−4,363,416,000
Procurement:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act [5]	106,813,300,000	97,393,146,000	−9,420,154,000
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act		35,000,000	+35,000,000
Total, procurement	106,813,300,000	97,428,146,000	−9,385,154,000
Research, development, test, and evaluation:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act [5]	39,280,100,000	35,337,505,000	−3,942,595,000
Special foreign currency program:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act [5]	2,100,000	2,100,000	
Revolving and management funds:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act [5]	1,859,600,000	1,734,800,000	−124,800,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1820.

VIIIj. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS BY FISCAL YEARS ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Congress, 2d session (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III). Basically, the figures for permanent appropriations are taken from the February 1985 Budget and, since many are *indefinite*, are subject to revision as better data become available.]

Department or establishment	Budget estimates	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 99th Cong., 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Department of Defense—Military—Continued:			
Military construction:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Carried in separate regular annual act	$10,340,200,000	$8,497,859,000	−$1,842,341,000
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act	6,386,000		−6,386,000
Total, military construction	10,346,586,000	8,497,859,000	−1,848,727,000
Total, regular annual and supplemental appropriation acts	316,335,386,000	290,521,668,000	−25,813,718,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	150,000	150,000	
(Authority to borrow)	*(150,000)*	*(150,000)*	
Trust funds	27,500,000	27,500,000	
Total, permanent appropriations	27,650,000	27,650,000	
Grand total for session, Department of Defense—Miiltary	316,363,036,000	290,549,318,000	−25,813,718,000
Consisting of—			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act [5]	303,830,350,000	281,038,392,000	−22,791,958,000
Carried in separate regular annual act	10,340,200,000	8,497,859,000	−1,842,341,000
Subtotal	314,170,550,000	289,536,251,000	−24,634,299,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	150,000	150,000	
Trust funds	27,500,000	27,500,000	
Subtotal	27,650,000	27,650,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	314,198,200,000	289,563,901,000	−24,634,299,000
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act	2,164,836,000	985,417,000	−1,179,419,000
Grand total for session, Department of Defense—Military	316,363,036,000	290,549,318,000	−25,813,718,000
District of Columbia—Federal Funds:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act [6]	532,170,000	546,780,000	+14,610,000
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act	14,180,000	14,180,000	
Appropriations, fiscal year 1987:			
Regular annual act [6]		20,000,000	+20,000,000
Grand total for session, District of Columbia—Federal Funds	546,350,000	580,960,000	+34,610,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1820.

VIIIj. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS BY FISCAL YEARS ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Congress, 2d session (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III). Basically, the figures for permanent appropriations are taken from the February 1985 Budget and, since many are *indefinite*, are subject to revision as better data become available.]

Department or establishment	Budget estimates	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 99th Cong., 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
(District of Columbia—Payable from District revenues):			
(Appropriations, fiscal year 1986):			
(Regular annual act)[8]	*($2,689,077,000)*	*($2,703,687,000)*	*(+$14,610,000)*
(Appropriations, fiscal year 1985):			
(Supplemental act (net))	*(83,448,000)*	*(79,872,000)*	*(−3,576,000)*
(New budget (obligational) authority)	*(99,140,000)*	*(95,564,000)*	*(−3,576,000)*
(Rescissions)	*(−15,692,000)*	*(−15,692,000)*	
(Grand total for session, District of Columbia—Payable from District revenues (net))	*(2,772,525,000)*	*(2,783,559,000)*	*(+11,034,000)*
Department of Education:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act	15,472,151,000	18,372,201,000	+2,900,050,000
Carried in other regular annual act	67,356,000	67,071,000	−285,000
Carried in continuing appropriations	5,000,000	5,000,000	
Subtotal	15,544,507,000	18,444,272,000	+2,899,765,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	7,148,000	7,148,000	
Trust funds	10,000	10,000	
Total, permanent appropriations	7,158,000	7,158,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	15,551,665,000	18,451,430,000	+2,899,765,000
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act	664,846,000	1,112,506,000	+447,660,000
Grand total for session, Department of Education	16,216,511,000	19,563,936,000	+3,347,425,000
Department of Energy:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act	11,710,701,000	11,008,838,000	−701,863,000
Carried in other regular annual act	633,509,000	974,444,000	+340,935,000
Estimates not considered (see Table VIIIg)	300,000		−300,000
Subtotal	12,344,510,000	11,983,282,000	−361,228,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	279,660,000	279,660,000	
(Authority to borrow)	*(263,200,000)*	*(263,200,000)*	
Trust funds	120,948,000	120,948,000	
Total, permanent appropriations	400,608,000	400,608,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	12,745,118,000	12,383,890,000	−361,228,000
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act *(net)*	2,122,000	−6,311,000	−8,433,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(2,122,000)	(2,122,000)	
Rescissions	*(−18,445,000)*	(−8,433,000)	[6](−8,433,000)
Grand total for session, Department of Energy *(net)*	12,747,240,000	12,377,579,000	−369,661,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1820.

VIIIj. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS BY FISCAL YEARS ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Congress, 2d session (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III). Basically, the figures for permanent appropriations are taken from the February 1985 Budget and, since many are *indefinite*, are subject to revision as better data become available.]

Department or establishment	Budget estimates	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 99th Cong., 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Environmental Protection Agency:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act	$2,283,316,000	$2,390,176,000	+$106,860,000
Carried in continuing appropriations	2,400,000,000	2,400,000,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	4,683,316,000	4,790,176,000	+106,860,000
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act *(net)*	5,423,000	25,798,000	+20,375,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(5,423,000)	(29,923,000)	(+24,500,000)
Rescissions	*(−4,125,000)*	(−4,125,000)	[4](−4,125,000)
Grand total for session, Environmental Protection Agency *(net)*	4,688,739,000	4,815,974,000	+127,235,000
Foreign Assistance:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act[7]	14,604,602,934	14,621,440,945	+16,838,011
Permanent appropriations:			
Trust funds	13,393,689,000	13,393,689,000	
(Contract authority)	*(13,378,000,000)*	*(13,378,000,000)*	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	27,998,291,934	28,015,129,945	+16,838,011
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act	2,521,036,436	2,662,536,436	+141,500,000
Grand total for session, Foreign Assistance	30,519,328,370	30,677,666,381	+158,338,011
General Government:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act[8]	284,863,000	281,813,000	−3,050,000
Carried in other regular annual acts	6,559,397,569	6,650,360,722	+90,963,153
Carried in continuing appropriations		14,500,000	+14,500,000
Appropriated during 98th Cong., 1st sess. for fiscal year 1986	[9]*(75,000,000)*	[9]*(130,000,000)*	*(+55,000,000)*
Appropriated during 98th Cong., 2nd sess. for fiscal year 1986		[9]*(29,500,000)*	*(+29,500,000)*
Subtotal	6,844,260,569	6,946,673,722	+102,413,153
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	1,000,328,000	1,000,328,000	
(Authority to borrow)	*(519,852,000)*	*(519,852,000)*	
(Contract authority)	*(320,976,000)*	*(320,976,000)*	
Trust funds	12,138,000	12,138,000	
Total, permanent appropriations	1,012,466,000	1,012,466,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	7,856,726,569	7,959,139,722	+102,413,153
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act *(net)*	27,698,000	83,303,000	+55,605,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(27,698,000)	(117,022,000)	(+89,324,000)
Rescissions	*(−9,993,000)*	(−33,719,000)	[4](−33,719,000)
Appropriations, fiscal year 1988:			
Carried in other regular annual act	214,000,000	214,000,000	
Grand total for session, General Government *(net)*	8,098,424,569	8,256,442,722	+158,018,153

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1820.

VIIIj. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS BY FISCAL YEARS ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Congress, 2d session (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III). Basically, the figures for permanent appropriations are taken from the February 1985 Budget and, since many are *indefinite*, are subject to revision as better data become available.]

Department or establishment	Budget estimates	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 99th Cong., 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
General Services Administration:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act[8]	$380,316,000	$404,972,000	+$24,656,000
Carried in other regular annual act	1,249,000	1,235,261	−13,739
Subtotal	381,565,000	406,207,261	+24,642,261
Permanent appropriations: Federal funds	3,668,000	3,668,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	385,233,000	409,875,261	+24,642,261
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act *(rescissions)*	*(−37,524,000)*	−37,524,000	[4] −37,524,000
Grand total for session, General Services Administration *(net)*	385,233,000	372,351,261	−12,881,739
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act	[10] 67,814,693,000	[11] 68,682,797,000	+868,104,000
Carried in other regular annual acts	1,196,240,000	1,297,814,000	+101,574,000
Carried in continuing appropriations	473,991,000	585,224,000	+111,233,000
Appropriated during 98th Cong., 2nd sess. for fiscal year 1986	[9] *(10,568,609,000)*	[9] *(10,850,769,000)*	*(+282,160,000)*
Subtotal	69,484,924,000	70,565,835,000	+1,080,911,000
Legislative acts: Trust funds[2]		[2] −182,000,000	−182,000,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	13,043,219,000	13,043,219,000	
Trust funds	296,869,132,000	296,869,132,000	
Total, permanent appropriations	309,912,351,000	309,912,351,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	379,397,275,000	380,296,186,000	+898,911,000
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act *(net)*	3,543,904,000	3,607,589,000	+63,685,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(3,543,904,000)	(3,607,750,000)	(+63,846,000)
Rescissions	*(−161,000)*	(−161,000)	[4] (−161,000)
Appropriations, fiscal year 1987:			
Regular annual act	11,473,754,000	11,473,754,000	
Grand total for session, Department of Health and Human Services *(net)*	394,414,933,000	395,377,529,000	+962,596,000
Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act	5,098,643,000	15,694,480,881	+10,595,837,881
Rescission of contract authority	*(−915,000,000)*	−915,000,000	[4] −915,000,000
Subtotal *(net)*	5,098,643,000	14,779,480,881	+9,680,837,881
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	1,897,456,000	1,897,456,000	
(Authority to borrow)	*(1,890,159,000)*	*(1,890,159,000)*	
Trust funds	5,000	5,000	
Total, permanent appropriations	1,897,461,000	1,897,461,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986 *(net)*	6,996,104,000	16,676,941,881	+9,680,837,881

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1820.

VIIIj. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS BY FISCAL YEARS ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Congress, 2d session (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III). Basically, the figures for permanent appropriations are taken from the February 1985 Budget and, since many are *indefinite*, are subject to revision as better data become available.]

Department or establishment	Budget estimates	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 99th Cong., 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Department of Housing and Urban Development—Continued:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act *(rescissions)*	*(−$788,959,000)*	−$535,859,000	[4] −$535,859,000
Grand total for session, Department of Housing and Urban Development *(net)*	6,996,104,000	16,141,082,881	+9,144,978,881
Department of the Interior:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act [12]	3,668,191,000	4,100,430,000	+432,239,000
Carried in other regular annual act	796,626,000	777,915,000	−18,711,000
Appropriations to liquidate contract authorizations		*(10,300,000)*	*(+10,300,000)*
Appropriated during 98th Cong., 2nd sess. for fiscal year 1986		[9] *(4,900,000)*	*(+4,900,000)*
Subtotal	4,464,817,000	4,878,345,000	+413,528,000
Legislative acts: Federal funds [2]	121,000,000	[2] 87,000,000	−34,000,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	829,417,000	829,417,000	
(Authority to borrow)	*(1,300,000)*	*(1,300,000)*	
(Contract authority)	*(30,000,000)*	*(30,000,000)*	
Trust funds	460,040,000	460,040,000	
Total, permanent appropriations	1,289,457,000	1,289,457,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	5,875,274,000	6,254,802,000	+379,528,000
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act *(net)*	7,594,000	171,547,000	+163,953,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(7,594,000)	(220,377,000)	(+212,783,000)
Rescissions	*(−73,663,000)*	(−48,830,000)	[4] (−48,830,000)
Grand total for session, Department of the Interior *(net)*	5,882,868,000	6,426,349,000	+543,481,000
The Judiciary:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act	1,139,051,000	1,065,825,000	−73,226,000
Permanent appropriations: Trust funds	15,681,000	15,681,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	1,154,732,000	1,081,506,000	−73,226,000
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act *(net)*	68,313,000	62,512,000	−5,801,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(68,313,000)	(66,929,000)	(−1,384,000)
Rescissions		(−4,417,000)	[4] (−4,417,000)
Grand total for session, The Judiciary *(net)*	1,223,045,000	1,144,018,000	−79,027,000
Department of Justice:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act	3,890,428,000	3,958,845,000	+68,417,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	100,000,000	100,000,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	3,990,428,000	4,058,845,000	+68,417,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1820.

VIIIj. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS BY FISCAL YEARS ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Congress, 2d session (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III). Basically, the figures for permanent appropriations are taken from the February 1985 Budget and, since many are *indefinite*, are subject to revision as better data become available.]

Department or establishment	Budget estimates	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 99th Cong., 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Department of Justice—Continued:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act *(net)*	$71,603,000	$82,290,000	+$10,687,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(71,603,000)	(90,024,000)	(+18,421,000)
Rescissions	*(−13,659,000)*	(−7,734,000)	[4](−7,734,000)
Grand total for session, Department of Justice *(net)*	4,062,031,000	4,141,135,000	+79,104,000
Department of Labor:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act	5,828,673,000	6,516,745,000	+688,072,000
Carried in continuing appropriations		26,000,000	+26,000,000
Subtotal	5,828,673,000	6,542,745,000	+714,072,000
Permanent appropriations: Trust funds	27,068,010,000	27,068,010,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	32,896,683,000	33,610,755,000	+714,072,000
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act	7,422,000	5,293,000	−2,129,000
Grand total for session, Department of Labor	32,904,105,000	33,616,048,000	+711,943,000
Legislative Branch:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act	1,783,255,000	1,598,963,800	−184,291,200
Carried in continuing appropriations		150,000	+150,000
Subtotal	1,783,255,000	1,599,113,800	−184,141,200
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	143,117,000	143,117,000	
Trust funds	7,631,000	7,631,000	
Total permanent appropriations	150,748,000	150,748,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	1,934,003,000	1,749,861,800	−184,141,200
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act	60,693,000	50,504,100	−10,188,900
Grand total for session, Legislative Branch	1,994,696,000	1,800,365,900	−194,320,100
National Aeronautics and Space Administration:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act	7,928,000,000	7,656,000,000	−272,000,000
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act *(net)*	23,300,000	55,300,000	+32,000,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(23,300,000)	(61,300,000)	(+38,000,000)
Rescissions	*(−4,000,000)*	(−6,000,000)	[4](−6,000,000)
Grand total for session, National Aeronautics and Space Administration *(net)*	7,951,300,000	7,711,300,000	−240,000,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1820.

VIIIj. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS BY FISCAL YEARS ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Congress, 2d session (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III). Basically, the figures for permanent appropriations are taken from the February 1985 Budget and, since many are *indefinite*, are subject to revision as better data become available.]

Department or establishment	Budget estimates	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 99th Cong., 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Office of Personnel Management:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act[8]	$6,115,880,000	$6,113,245,000	−$2,635,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	11,300,792,000	11,300,792,000	
Trust funds	40,813,389,000	40,813,389,000	
Total, permanent appropriations	52,114,181,000	52,114,181,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	58,230,061,000	58,227,426,000	−2,635,000
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act *(net)*	41,882,000	40,721,000	−1,161,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(41,882,000)	(41,882,000)	
Rescissions	*(−1,161,000)*	(−1,161,000)	[4](−1,161,000)
Grand total for session, Office of Personnel Management *(net)*	58,271,943,000	58,268,147,000	−3,796,000
Postal Service:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act[8]	39,128,000	748,000,000	+708,872,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	1,574,798,000	1,574,798,000	
(Authority to borrow)	*(1,574,798,000)*	*(1,574,798,000)*	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	1,613,926,000	2,322,798,000	+708,872,000
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act		168,620,000	+168,620,000
Grand total for session, Postal Service	1,613,926,000	2,491,418,000	+877,492,000
Railroad Retirement Board:[13]			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act	394,200,000	394,200,000	
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	3,047,000,000	3,047,000,000	
Trust funds	9,841,000,000	9,841,000,000	
Total, permanent appropriations	12,888,000,000	12,888,000,000	
Grand total for session, Railroad Retirement Board	13,282,200,000	13,282,200,000	
Department of State:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act	2,574,726,000	2,484,086,000	−90,640,000
Carried in other regular annual act	606,389,000	403,879,000	−202,510,000
Subtotal	3,181,115,000	2,887,965,000	−293,150,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	354,465,000	354,465,000	
Trust funds	701,091,000	701,091,000	
Total, permanent appropriations	1,055,556,000	1,055,556,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	4,236,671,000	3,943,521,000	−293,150,000

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1820.

VIIIj. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS BY FISCAL YEARS ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Congress, 2d session (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III). Basically, the figures for permanent appropriations are taken from the February 1985 Budget and, since many are *indefinite*, are subject to revision as better data become available.]

Department or establishment	Budget estimates	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 99th Cong., 1st sess.	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Department of State—Continued:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act *(net)*	$280,320,000	$285,388,000	+$5,068,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(280,320,000)	(287,820,000)	(+7,500,000)
Rescissions	*(−2,432,000)*	(−2,432,000)	[4](−2,432,000)
Grand total for session, Department of State *(net)*	4,516,991,000	4,228,909,000	−288,082,000
Department of Transportation:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act [14]	7,313,153,000	9,903,437,000	+2,590,284,000
Carried in other regular annual act	70,367,000	79,600,000	+9,233,000
Appropriations to liquidate contract authorizations	*(15,761,500,000)*	*(15,791,500,000)*	*(+30,000,000)*
Subtotal	7,383,520,000	9,983,037,000	+2,599,517,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	306,500,000	306,500,000	
(Contract authority)	*(299,500,000)*	*(299,500,000)*	
Trust funds	16,479,231,000	16,479,231,000	
(Contract authority)	*(16,470,096,000)*	*(16,470,096,000)*	
Total, permanent appropriations	16,785,731,000	16,785,731,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	24,169,251,000	26,768,768,000	+2,599,517,000
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act *(net)*	17,156,000	55,314,000	+38,158,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(17,156,000)	(76,496,000)	(+59,340,000)
Rescissions	*(−12,937,000)*	(−21,182,000)	[4](−21,182,000)
Grand total for session, Department of Transportation *(net)*	24,186,407,000	26,824,082,000	+2,637,675,000
Department of the Treasury:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act [8]	5,383,085,000	5,489,853,000	+106,768,000
Carried in other regular annual act	4,574,700,000	4,192,714,200	−381,985,800
Rescission of unobligated balanaces		−6,900,000,000	[4] −6,900,000,000
Subtotal	9,957,785,000	2,782,567,200	−7,175,217,800
Legislative acts: Federal funds [2]		[2] 145,000,000	+145,000,000
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal funds	207,781,415,000	207,781,415,000	
(Authority to borrow)	*(5,148,545,000)*	*(5,148,545,000)*	
Trust funds	4,576,713,000	4,576,713,000	
Total, permanent appropriations	212,358,128,000	212,358,128,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986 *(net)*	222,315,913,000	215,285,695,200	−7,030,217,800
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act *(net)*	80,887,000	135,281,000	+54,394,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(80,887,000)	(144,821,000)	(+63,934,000)
Rescissions	*(−9,530,000)*	(−9,540,000)	[4](−9,540,000)
Grand total for session, Department of the Treasury *(net)*	222,396,800,000	215,420,976,200	−6,975,823,800

See footnotes at end of table, p. 1820.

VIIIj. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS BY FISCAL YEARS ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Congress, 2d session, differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Congress, 2d session (see explanation, par. 4, "Compilers' Notes," p. III). Basically, the figures for permanent appropriations are taken from the February 1985 Budget and, since many are *indefinite*, are subject to revision as better data become available.]

Department or establishment	Budget estimates	New budget (obligational) authority appropriated, 99th Cong., 1st sess	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates
Veterans Administration:			
Appropriations, fiscal year 1986:			
Regular annual act	$26,548,969,000	$26,101,426,553	−$447,542,447
Permanent appropriations: Trust funds	1,502,000,000	1,502,000,000	
Total appropriations, fiscal year 1986	28,050,969,000	27,603,426,553	−447,542,447
Appropriations, fiscal year 1985:			
Supplemental act *(net)*	255,456,000	325,018,000	+69,562,000
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(255,456,000)	(331,024,000)	(+75,568,000)
Rescissions	*(−17,404,000)*	(−6,006,000)	[4](−6,006,000)
Grand total for session, Veterans Administration *(net)*	28,306,425,000	27,928,444,553	−377,980,447
Grand total:			
Consisting of—			
Appropriations:			
Fiscal year 1986 *(net)*	1,261,741,420,503	1,252,224,010,551	−9,517,409,952
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(1,261,741,420,503)	(1,260,039,010,551)	(−1,702,409,952)
Rescissions of unobligated balances	*(−915,000,000)*	(−7,815,000,000)	[4](−7,815,000,000)
Fiscal year 1985 *(net)*	14,649,193,436	14,803,852,536	+154,659,100
New budget *(obligational)* authority	(14,649,193,436)	(15,544,808,536)	(+1,948,339,100)
Rescissions of unobligated balances	*(−1,052,724,000)*	(−740,956,000)	[4](−740,956,000)
Fiscal year 1987	11,473,754,000	11,493,754,000	+20,000,000
Fiscal year 1988	214,000,000	214,000,000	
Appropriations to liquidate contract authorizations: Fiscal year 1986	*(15,761,500,000)*	*(15,801,800,000)*	*(+40,300,000)*
Net total	1,288,078,367,939	1,278,735,617,087	−9,342,750,852
Less adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions (see par. 4 "Compilers' Notes", p. IV)	−192,612,025,000	−192,612,025,000	
Subtotal	1,095,466,342,939	1,086,123,592,087	−9,342,750,852
Less estimates and appropriations made during prior Congressional sessions for fiscal year 1986	[9]*(−10,643,609,000)*	[9]*(−11,015,169,000)*	*(−371,560,000)*
Net total for session	1,095,466,342,939	1,086,123,592,087	−9,342,750,852
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental and continuing appropriation acts	591,917,252,939	586,594,758,087	−5,322,494,852
Rescission of unobligated balances	*(−1,967,724,000)*	−8,555,956,000	[4] −8,555,956,000
Estimates not considered	300,000		−300,000
Appropriations in legislative acts [8]	−2,460,000,000	[8]2,076,000,000	+4,536,000,000
Private appropriation acts [15]		(15)	
Permanent appropriations: Federal and trust funds	698,620,815,000	698,620,815,000	
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions (see par. 4 "Compilers' Notes", p. IV)	−192,612,025,000	−192,612,025,000	

See footnotes on next page.

VIIIj. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND RESCISSIONS BY FISCAL YEARS ARRANGED BY DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS, 99TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION—Continued.

[1] The regular appropriations bill for Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies for fiscal year 1986 (H.R. 3037) was not approved by the Congress. Funding for programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(a) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 (see "Note" on p. 95, this volume; and p. 321, this volume, for relevant section of continuing resolution).

[2] Section 401 of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-344) requires that all borrowing and contracting authority (so called "backdoor authority") enacted after March 3, 1975, be subject to subsequent appropriation action with certain exceptions which are listed under Sec. 401(d) of the Act (see p. 1956 in the 1974-1975 volume for text of Sec. 401(d)). This amount represents budget authority which falls within those exceptions.

[3] Excludes $9,396,240,000 for the Commodity Credit Corporation shown in President's budget as "permanent Federal funds" but reflected in this document as a "direct appropriation" of $13,195,240,000 (see pp. 106 and 1714, this volume).

[4] Reflects actual rescission rather than comparison with request.

[5] The regular appropriations bill for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1986 (H.R. 3629) was not approved by the Congress. Funding for programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(b) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 (see "Note" on p. 159, this volume; and pp. 321-357, this volume, for relevant section of continuing resolution).

[6] The regular appropriations bill for the District of Columbia for fiscal year 1986 (H.R. 3067) was not approved by the Congress. Funding for programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(c) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 (see "Note" on p. 161, this volume; and p. 357, this volume, for relevant section of continuing resolution).

[7] The regular appropriations bill for Foreign Assistance and Related Programs for fiscal year 1986 (H.R. 3228) was not approved by the Congress. Funding for programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(i) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 (see "Note" on p. 191, this volume; and pp. 421-444, this volume, for relevant section of continuing resolution).

[8] The regular appropriations bill for Treasury, Postal Service, and General Government for fiscal year 1986 (H.R. 3036) was not approved by the Congress. Funding for programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(h) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 (see "Note" on p. 285, this volume; and p. 421, this volume, for relevant section of continuing resolution).

[9] Included under "Permanent appropriations, Federal funds".

[10] Budget estimates *exclude* $809,573,000 for fiscal year 1986 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority requested in fiscal year 1985 for the Supplemental Security Program in the Department of Health and Human Services (see footnote 5 on p. 1756, this volume).

[11] Excludes $1,329,834,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1986 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1985 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services (see footnote 6 on p. 1756, this volume, for accounts involved).

[12] The regular appropriations bill for the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies for fiscal year 1986 (H.R. 3011) was not approved by the Congress. Funding for programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(d) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 (see "Note" on p. 219, this volume; and pp. 357-399, this volume, for relevant section of continuing resolution).

[13] Shown under "General Government" in previous volumes.

[14] The regular appropriations bill for the Department of Transportation and Related Agencies for fiscal year 1986 (H.R. 3244) was not approved by the Congress. Funding for programs and activities normally included in this regular annual appropriations bill is provided under Sec. 101(e) of Public Law 99-190, approved December 19, 1985, Making Further Continuing Appropriations for fiscal year 1986 (see "Note" on p. 283, this volume; and pp. 399-421, this volume, for relevant section of continuing resolution).

[15] There were no private relief acts approved during the 99th Congress, 1st Session.

IX. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES AND APPROPRIATIONS BY SESSIONS OF CONGRESS

[Note.—Concept of "budget estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong., 2d sess., differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess. (See explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes", p. III.) Also, beginning with the 85th Cong., 2d sess. (fiscal year 1959), figures *exclude* amounts relating to refunding Internal Revenue collections and sinking fund and other debt retirement funds.]

Congress and session (1)	Budget estimates (2)	Appropriations (3)	Increase (+) or decrease (-), appropriations compared with estimates (4)
79th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1946 and prior fiscal years	$68,941,364,648	$67,545,660,880	-$1,395,703,768
79th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1947 and prior fiscal years	35,153,239,093	33,571,494,011	-1,581,745,082
80th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1948 and prior fiscal years	36,725,853,652	34,159,097,708	-2,566,755,944
80th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1949 and prior fiscal years	41,053,346,713	38,282,717,957	-2,770,628,756
81st Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1950 and prior fiscal years	45,524,384,067	43,708,265,798	-1,816,118,269
81st Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1951 and prior fiscal years	80,172,585,565	78,200,190,841	-1,972,394,724
82d Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1952 and prior fiscal years	102,449,917,037	97,729,806,397	-4,720,110,640
82d Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1953 and prior fiscal years	91,205,894,252	82,596,777,411	-8,609,116,841
83d Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1954 and prior fiscal years	73,976,821,699	61,942,992,897	-12,033,828,802
83d Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1955 and prior fiscal years	57,422,327,386	54,812,457,263	-2,609,870,123
84th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1956 and prior fiscal years	62,030,092,195	59,954,284,321	-2,075,807,874
84th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1957 and prior fiscal years	68,587,724,820	68,330,229,608	-257,495,212
85th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1958 and prior fiscal years	73,113,555,340	68,070,096,556	-5,043,458,784
85th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1959 and prior fiscal years	81,737,060,999	81,119,818,276	-617,242,723
86th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1960 and prior fiscal years	83,452,687,259	81,572,357,732	-1,880,329,527
86th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1961 and prior fiscal years	84,010,398,836	83,799,241,957	-211,156,879
87th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1962 and prior fiscal years	101,185,574,673	96,194,946,610	-4,990,628,063
87th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1963 and prior fiscal years	107,203,876,735	102,661,536,812	-4,542,339,923
88th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1964 and prior fiscal years	110,270,774,856	103,798,634,671	-6,472,140,185
88th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1965 and prior fiscal years	[1] 110,204,088,176	[2] 106,070,110,056	-4,133,978,120
89th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1966 and prior fiscal years	[3] 121,719,754,896	[4] 119,310,113,527	-2,409,641,369
89th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1967 and prior fiscal years	[5] 144,812,809,086	[6] 143,883,626,282	-929,182,804
90th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1968 and prior fiscal years	[7] 162,988,905,929	[8] 156,917,115,912	[9] -6,071,790,017

See footnotes on pp. 1826–1828.

IX. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES AND APPROPRIATIONS BY SESSIONS OF CONGRESS—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "budget estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong., 2d sess., differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess. (See explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes", p. III.) Also, beginning with the 85th Cong., 2d sess. (fiscal year 1959), figures *exclude* amounts relating to refunding Internal Revenue collections and sinking fund and other debt retirement funds.]

Congress and session (1)	Budget estimates (2)	Appropriations (3)	Increase (+) or decrease (−), appropriations compared with estimates (4)
90th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1969 and prior years	[10] $209,439,260,996	[11] $196,537,244,324	−$12,902,016,672
Consisting of:			
Regular annual and supplemental appropriation acts	*(147,908,612,996)*	*(133,339,868,734)*	*(−14,568,744,262)*
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(1,332,500,000)*	*(2,999,227,590)*	*(+1,666,727,590)*
Permanent appropriations, Federal and trust funds	*(72,998,148,000)*	*(72,998,148,000)*	
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(−12,800,000,000)*	*(−12,800,000,000)*	
91st Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1970 and prior years	[12] 210,843,237,215	[13] 207,248,481,494	−3,594,755,721
Consisting of:			
Regular annual and supplemental appropriation acts	*(142,701,346,215)*	*(134,431,463,135)*	*(−8,269,883,080)*
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(5,000,000)*	*(4,680,127,359)*	*(+4,675,127,359)*
Permanent appropriations, Federal and trust funds	*(82,052,416,000)*	*(82,052,416,000)*	
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(−13,915,525,000)*	*(−13,915,525,000)*	
91st Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1971 and prior years	[14] 217,605,978,434	[15] 232,139,894,882	+14,533,916,448
Consisting of:			
Regular annual and supplemental appropriation acts	*(147,778,903,434)*	*(144,273,528,504)*	*(−3,505,374,930)*
Appropriations in legislative acts		*(18,039,291,378)*	*(+18,039,291,378)*
Permanent appropriations, Federal and trust funds	*(88,059,842,000)*	*(88,059,842,000)*	
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(−18,232,767,000)*	*(−18,232,767,000)*	
92d Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1972 and prior years	[16] 248,329,646,937	[17] 245,707,600,635	−2,622,046,302
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts	*(167,969,353,937)*	*(165,300,661,865)*	*(−2,668,692,072)*
Appropriations in legislative acts		*(46,645,770)*	*(+46,645,770)*
Permanent appropriations, Federal and trust funds	*(100,764,691,000)*	*(100,764,691,000)*	
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(−20,404,398,000)*	*(−20,404,398,000)*	
92d Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1973 and prior years	[18] 281,543,640,953	[19] [20] 284,782,538,934	+3,238,897,981
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts	*(185,509,077,552)*	*(179,006,901,364)*	*(−6,502,176,188)*
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(1,954,000,000)*	*(11,200,404,169)*	*(+9,246,404,169)*
Permanent appropriations, Federal and trust funds	*(117,995,208,401)*	*(118,489,878,401)*	*(+494,670,000)*
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(−23,914,645,000)*	*(−23,914,645,000)*	

See footnotes on pp. 1826–1828.

IX. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES AND APPROPRIATIONS BY SESSIONS OF CONGRESS—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "budget estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong., 2d sess., differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess. (See explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes", p. III.) Also, beginning with the 85th Cong., 2d sess. (fiscal year 1959), figures *exclude* amounts relating to refunding Internal Revenue collections and sinking fund and other debt retirement funds.]

Congress and session (1)	Budget estimates (2)	Appropriations (3)	Increase (+) or decrease (-), appropriations compared with estimates (4)
93d Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1974 and prior years	[21] $295,154,959,255	[22] $303,476,236,654	+ $8,321,277,399
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts	*(178,014,404,255)*	*(174,902,319,304)*	*(-3,112,084,951)*
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(4,969,950,000)*	*(16,403,312,350)*	*(+11,433,362,350)*
Permanent appropriations, Federal and trust funds	*(149,428,595,000)*	*(149,428,595,000)*	....
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(-37,257,990,000)*	*(-37,257,990,000)*	....
93d Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1975 and prior years	[23] 344,779,700,007	[24] 390,041,133,427	[25] +45,261,433,420
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts	*(213,694,183,007)*	*(204,012,311,514)*	*(-9,681,871,493)*
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(7,778,000,000)*	[26] *(62,721,304,913)*	*(+54,943,304,913)*
Permanent appropriations, Federal and trust funds	*(167,031,493,000)*	*(167,031,493,000)*	....
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(-43,723,976,000)*	*(-43,723,976,000)*	....
94th Cong., 1st sess.:			
Fiscal year 1976 and prior fiscal years	[27] 406,281,005,434	[28] 400,113,361,951	-6,167,643,483
Transition period	85,480,984,914	83,406,054,499	-2,074,930,415
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)	*(268,312,351,434)*	*(262,194,919,839)*	*(-6,117,431,595)*
Transition period	*(49,641,474,914)*	*(47,575,114,499)*	*(-2,066,360,415)*
Rescission acts	[29] *(-2,633,306,226)*	*(-287,291,174)*	*(-287,291,174)*
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(10,000,000,000)*	[30] *(10,237,079,286)*	*(+237,079,286)*
Transition period (net)	....	*(-8,570,000)*	*(-8,570,000)*
Permanent appropriations, Federal and trust funds	*(182,234,795,000)*	*(182,234,795,000)*	....
Transition period	*(46,570,059,000)*	*(46,570,059,000)*	....
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(-54,266,141,000)*	*(-54,266,141,000)*	....
Transition period	*(-10,730,549,000)*	*(-10,730,549,000)*	....
94th Cong., 2d sess.:			
Fiscal year 1977 and prior fiscal years	[31] 452,558,401,535	[32] 444,664,800,880	-7,893,600,655
Transition period	3,667,308,225	[33] 8,507,078,440	+4,839,770,215
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)	*(280,825,058,535)*	*(277,503,235,407)*	*(-3,321,823,128)*
Transition period (net)	*(3,579,808,225)*	*(4,812,230,180)*	*(+1,232,421,955)*
Rescission acts	[29] *(-2,721,032,655)*	*(-70,656,000)*	*(-70,656,000)*
Transition period	*(-45,600,000)*	*(-5,175,000)*	*(-5,175,000)*
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(6,950,000,000)*	[34] *(2,448,878,473)*	*(-4,501,121,527)*
Transition period	*(87,500,000)*	[35] *(3,700,023,260)*	*(+3,612,523,260)*
Permanent appropriations, Federal and trust funds	*(227,151,661,000)*	*(227,151,661,000)*	....
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(-62,368,318,000)*	*(-62,368,318,000)*	....

See footnotes on pp. 1826–1828.

IX. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES AND APPROPRIATIONS BY SESSIONS OF CONGRESS—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "budget estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong., 2d sess., differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess. (See explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes", p. III.) Also, beginning with the 85th Cong., 2d sess. (fiscal year 1959), figures *exclude* amounts relating to refunding Internal Revenue collections and sinking fund and other debt retirement funds.]

Congress and session (1)	Budget estimates (2)	Appropriations (3)	Increase (+) or decrease (-), appropriations compared with estimates (4)
95th Cong., 1st sess.:			
Fiscal year 1978 and prior fiscal years	[36] $540,713,958,174	[37] $527,330,473,509	-$13,383,484,665
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)	*(366,590,877,174)*	*(354,014,030,783)*	*(-12,576,846,391)*
Rescission acts	[29] *(-1,779,480,000)*	*(-807,640,000)*	*(-807,640,000)*
Appropriations in legislative acts		[38] *(1,001,726)*	*(+1,001,726)*
Permanent appropriations, Federal and trust funds	*(235,215,056,000)*	*(235,215,056,000)*	
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(-61,091,975,000)*	*(-61,091,975,000)*	
95th Cong., 2d sess.:			
Fiscal year 1979 and prior fiscal years	[39] 597,475,620,701	[40] 579,378,264,134	-18,097,356,567
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)	*(373,829,695,701)*	*(353,538,353,730)*	*(-20,291,341,971)*
Rescission acts	[29] *(-603,255,000)*	*(-55,255,000)*	*(-55,255,000)*
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(17,349,285,000)*	[41] *(19,598,525,404)*	*(+2,249,240,404)*
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal and trust funds	*(269,875,638,000)*	*(269,875,638,000)*	
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(-63,578,998,000)*	*(-63,578,998,000)*	
96th Cong., 1st sess.:			
Fiscal year 1980 and prior fiscal years	[42] 638,492,625,836	[43] 623,190,712,474	(−15,301,913,362)
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)	*(402,717,061,836)*	*(388,138,756,291)*	*(−14,578,305,545)*
Rescission acts	[29] *(−914,617,000)*	*(−723,609,000)*	*(−723,609,000)*
Appropriations in legislative acts		[44] *(+1,183)*	*(+1,183)*
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal and trust funds	*(308,995,920,000)*	*(308,995,920,000)*	
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(−73,220,356,000)*	*(−73,220,356,000)*	
96th Cong., 2d sess.:			
Fiscal year 1981 and prior fiscal years	[45] 716,540,499,292	[46] 696,792,053,346	(−19,748,445,946)
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)	*(453,514,910,292)*	*(433,765,621,344)*	*(−19,749,288,948)*
Rescission acts			
Appropriations in legislative acts		[44] *(+843,002)*	*(+843,002)*
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal and trust funds	*(351,616,467,000)*	*(351,616,467,000)*	
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(−88,590,878,000)*	*(−88,590,878,000)*	

See footnotes on pp. 1826–1828.

IX. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES AND APPROPRIATIONS BY SESSIONS OF CONGRESS—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "budget estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong., 2d sess., differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess. (See explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes", p. III.) Also, beginning with the 85th Cong., 2d sess. (fiscal year 1959), figures *exclude* amounts relating to refunding Internal Revenue collections and sinking fund and other debt retirement funds.]

Congress and session (1)	Budget estimates (2)	Appropriations (3)	Increase (+) or decrease (-), appropriations compared with estimates (4)
97th Cong., 1st sess.:			
Fiscal year 1982 and prior fiscal years....	[47] $770,438,061,450	[48] $755,274,775,261	− $15,163,286,189
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)........	*(452,000,228,450)*	*(436,836,942,261)*	*(−15,163,286,189)*
Rescission acts........	....	....	....
Appropriations in legislative acts......	....	....	....
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal and trust funds........	*(427,399,947,000)*	*(427,399,947,000)*	....
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions......	*(−108,962,114,000)*	*(−108,962,114,000)*	....
97th Cong., 2d sess.:			
Fiscal year 1983 and prior fiscal years....	[49] 855,549,160,484	[50] 862,835,894,982	+7,286,734,498
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)........	*(511,543,914,484)*	*(507,201,582,060)*	*(−4,342,332,424)*
Rescission acts........	....	....	....
Appropriations in legislative acts......	*(3,220,000,000)*	*(14,849,000,000)*	*(+11,629,000,000)*
Private appropriation acts........	....	*(66,922)*	*(+66,922)*
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal and trust funds........	*(475,786,994,000)*	*(475,786,994,000)*	....
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions......	*(−135,001,748,000)*	*(−135,001,748,000)*	....
98th Cong., 1st sess.:			
Fiscal year 1984 and prior fiscal years....	[51] 930,234,128,985	[52] 946,627,586,722	+16,393,457,737
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)........	*(543,716,482,985)*	*(549,717,909,104)*	*(+6,001,426,119)*
Rescission acts........	....	....	....
Appropriations in legislative acts......	*(14,950,000,000)*	*(25,342,000,000)*	*(+10,392,000,000)*
Private appropriation acts........	....	*(31,618)*	*(+31,618)*
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal and trust funds........	*(519,189,631,000)*	*(519,189,631,000)*	....
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions......	*(−147,621,985,000)*	*(−147,621,985,000)*	....
98th Cong., 2d sess.:			
Fiscal year 1985 and prior fiscal years....	[53] 1,015,565,170,980	[54] 997,027,809,066	−18,537,361,914
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)........	*(579,375,055,980)*	*(560,627,524,986)*	*(−18,747,530,994)*
Rescission acts........	....	....	....
Appropriations in legislative acts......	....	*(210,000,000)*	*(+210,000,000)*
Private appropriation acts........	....	....	....
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal and trust funds........	*(619,354,391,000)*	*(619,354,391,000)*	....
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions......	*(−183,164,276,000)*	*(−183,164,276,000)*	....

See footnotes on pp. 1826–1828.

IX. COMPARISON OF BUDGET ESTIMATES AND APPROPRIATIONS BY SESSIONS OF CONGRESS—Continued

[Note.—Concept of "budget estimates" and "appropriations" as used in this tabulation, beginning with the 90th Cong., 2d sess., differs to some limited general extent from previous tabulations, and significantly differs in respect to inclusion of trust fund appropriation amounts *not* included in this tabulation *prior* to the 90th Cong., 2d sess. (See explanation, par. 4 "Compilers' Notes", p. III.) Also, beginning with the 85th Cong., 2d sess. (fiscal year 1959), figures *exclude* amounts relating to refunding Internal Revenue collections and sinking fund and other debt retirement funds.]

Congress and session (1)	Budget estimates (2)	Appropriations (3)	Increase (+) or decrease (-), appropriations compared with estimates (4)
99th Cong., 1st sess.:			
Fiscal year 1986 and prior fiscal years	[55] $1,095,466,342,939	[56] $1,086,123,592,087	−$9,342,750,852
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)	*(591,917,552,939)*	*(578,038,802,087)*	*(−13,878,750,852)*
Rescission acts			
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(−2,460,000,000)*	*(2,076,000,000)*	*(+4,536,000,000)*
Private appropriation acts			
Permanent appropriations:			
Federal and trust funds	*(698,620,815,000)*	*(698,620,815,000)*	
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(−192,612,025,000)*	*(−192,612,025,000)*	

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[1] Includes $225,000,000 requested in 1965 for fiscal year 1966.

[2] Includes $75,000,000 appropriated in 1965 for fiscal year 1966.

[3] Includes $937,500,000 requested in 1966 for fiscal year 1967.

[4] Includes $926,000,000 appropriated in 1966 for fiscal year 1967.

[5] Includes $900,000,000 requested in 1967 for fiscal year 1968.

[6] Includes $875,000,000 appropriated in 1967 for fiscal year 1968.

[7] Includes $1,055,000,000 requested in 1968 for fiscal year 1969.

[8] Includes $995,000,000 appropriated in 1968 for fiscal year 1969.

[9] Does not reflect additional reductions in controllable obligations effected pursuant to Public Law 90-218 (H.J. Res. 888) estimated at $3,400,617,000 on June 30, 1968. Reserves established $6,075,520,000; reserves subsequently released, $2,674,903,000; reserves remaining $3,400,617,000.

[10] Totals adjusted to *exclude* $12,800,000,000 of interfund and intragovernmental transactions—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Budget estimates include $2,895,000,000 requested in 1969 for fiscal year 1970.

[11] Totals adjusted to *exclude* $12,800,000,000 of interfund and intragovernmental transactions—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Appropriations include $1,965,814,300 appropriated in 1969 for fiscal year 1970.

[12] Totals adjusted to *exclude* $13,915,525,000 of interfund and intragovernmental transactions—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Budget estimates include $1,651,000,000 requested in 1970 for fiscal year 1971.

[13] Totals adjusted to *exclude* $13,915,525,000 of interfund and intragovernmental transactions—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Appropriations include $214,000,000 appropriated in 1970 for fiscal year 1971.

[14] Totals adjusted to *exclude* $18,232,767,000 of interfund and intragovernmental transactions—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Budget estimates include $188,011,000 requested in 1971 for fiscal year 1972.

[15] Totals adjusted to *exclude* $18,232,767,000 of interfund and intragovernmental transactions—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Appropriations include $150,000,000 appropriated in 1971 for fiscal year 1972.

[16] Totals adjusted to *exclude* $20,404,398,000 of interfund and intragovernmental transactions—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Budget estimates include $174,321,000 requested in 1972 for fiscal year 1973.

[17] Totals adjusted to *exclude* $20,404,398,000 of interfund and intragovernmental transactions—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Appropriations include $174,321,000 appropriated in 1972 for fiscal year 1973.

[18] Totals adjusted to *exclude* $23,914,645,000 of interfund and intragovernmental transactions—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Budget estimates include $131,181,000 requested in 1973 for fiscal year 1974.

[19] Totals adjusted to *exclude* $23,914,645,000 of interfund and intragovernmental transactions—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Appropriations include $131,181,000 appropriated in 1973 for fiscal year 1974.

[20] Includes appropriations totaling $33,499,495,500 in continuing resolution (Public Law 92-571) for Foreign Assistance and related programs ($3,652,701,000), and the Departments of Labor, and Health, Education, and Welfare and related agencies ($29,846,794,500), and reflects an increase of $46,794,500 in the amount for Labor-HEW carried in the 1972-1973 volume due to later estimates.

[21] Totals adjusted to *exclude* $37,257,990,000 of interfund and intragovernmental transactions—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Budget estimates *include* (1) $90,360,000 requested in 1974 for fiscal year 1975 and (2) proposed rescissions of fiscal year 1973 appropriations of $198,055,000; and *exclude* (1) decreases of $965,788,000 submitted in 1974 budget as amendments to 1973 budget requests and not acted upon, and (2) proposed rescissions of fiscal year 1973 appropriations totaling $382,888,000 which the Congress did not approve.

[22] Totals adjusted to *exclude* $37,257,990,000 of interfund and intragovernmental transactions—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Appropriations figure *includes* (1) $90,360,000 appropriated in 1974 for fiscal year 1975 and (2) rescissions of fiscal year 1973 appropriations totaling $212,412,000; and *excludes* action by the Congress in declining to approve proposed rescissions of fiscal year 1973 appropriations totaling $382,888,000.

[23] Totals adjusted to *exclude* $43,723,976,000 of interfund and intragovernmental transactions—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Budget estimates *include* $2,391,561,000 requested in fiscal year 1975 for fiscal year 1976, and proposed rescissions totaling $1,455,116,000 in regular appropriation and rescission acts (see table VIIIj on p. 2427 1974-1975 volume for detail).

[24] Totals adjusted to *exclude* $43,723,976,000 of interfund and intragovernmental transactions—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Appropriations figure *includes* $2,428,597,000 appropriated in fiscal 1975 for fiscal year 1976, and rescissions totaling $1,404,572,000 consisting of $1,319,481,000 in regular appropriation and rescission acts and $85,091,000 in legislative acts (see table VIIIj on p. 2427 1974-1975 volume for detail).

[25] Includes increase of $45,022,070,000 (budget estimate, $5,098,000,000; allowance, $50,120,070,000) which reflects 40-year run-out cost of annual contract authority made available through Public Law 93-383.

[26] Includes private acts totaling $165,913.

[27] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $54,266,141,000 for fiscal year 1976 and $10,730,549,000 for the transition period—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Budget estimates *include* $2,417,777,000 requested in fiscal year 1976 for fiscal year 1977, and *exclude* proposed rescissions totaling $25,000,000 considered in a regular annual appropriation act (Public Law 94-134).

[28] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $54,266,141,000 for fiscal year 1976 and $10,730,549,000 for the transition period—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Appropriations figure *includes* $2,653,410,852 appropriated in fiscal year 1976 for fiscal year 1977, and rescissions totaling $702,291,174 consisting of $25,000,000 in a regular annual appropriation act, $287,291,174 in rescission acts and $390,000,000 in a legislative act.

[29] Estimates not reflected in totals.

[30] Includes private acts totaling $27,286.

[31] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $62,368,318,000 for fiscal year 1977—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Budget estimates include $95,421,779 for fiscal year 1978 and $90,000,000 for fiscal year 1979 requested in fiscal year 1977.

[32] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $62,368,318,000 for fiscal year 1977—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Appropriations figure includes $557,049,779 for fiscal year 1978 and $256,200,000 for fiscal year 1979 appropriated in fiscal year 1977, and rescissions totaling $243,378,943 consisting of $172,722,943 in a regular annual appropriation act and $70,656,000 in rescission acts.

[33] Reflects rescissions of $5,175,000.

[34] Includes private acts totaling $878,473.

[35] Includes private acts totaling $23,260.

[36] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $61,091,975,000 for fiscal year 1978—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Budget estimates include $120,200,000 for fiscal year 1980 requested in fiscal year 1978.

[37] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $61,091,975,000 for fiscal year 1978—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Appropriations figure includes $152,000,000 for fiscal year 1980 appropriated in fiscal year 1978, and rescissions totaling $833,854,000 consisting of $26,214,000 in regular annual appropriation acts and $807,640,000 in rescission acts. Also reflects rescission of $47,500,000 in *permanent* contract authority for the "Helium fund," Bureau of Mines, Department of the Interior. Permanent contract authority amount shown in estimate column and rescinded in the Department of the Interior Appropriation Act, 1978 (Public Law 95–74).

[38] Includes private acts totaling $1,726.

[39] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $63,578,998,000 for fiscal year 1979—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Budget estimates include $17,646,443,000, excluded from the 1978–79 volume, for programs for the Departments of Labor, and Health, Education, and Welfare and related agencies, funded at the "current rate" in the continuing resolution (Public Law 95–482). This amount has been increased by $198,300,000 above the $17,448,143,000 referred to in footnote 39 of the 1978–79 volume (for details, see table VIII on pp. 1221–1222, 1979–80 volume). Budget estimates also *include* $9,835,000,000 for fiscal year 1980, $4,627,000,000 for fiscal year 1981; and $4,465,000,000 for fiscal year 1982 requested in fiscal year 1979.

[40] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $63,578,998,000 for fiscal year 1979—see par 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Appropriations figure includes $15,427,919,000, excluded from the 1978–79 volume, for programs for the Departments of Labor, and Health, Education, and Welfare and related agencies, funded at the "current rate" in the continuing resolution (Public Law 95–482). Estimates for these programs total $17,646,443,000 and reflect an increase of $198,300,000 above the $17,448,143,000 referred to in footnote 40 of the 1978–79 volume (for details, see table VIII on pp. 1221–1222, 1979–80 volume). Appropriations figure also includes $5,136,500,000 for fiscal year 1980, $5,615,000,000 for fiscal year 1981, and $4,374,000,000 for fiscal year 1982 appropriated in fiscal year 1979, and rescissions totaling $518,655,000 consisting of $463,400,000 in the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1978 (Public Law 95–240) and $55,255,000 in rescission acts. Also reflects rescission of $47,500,000 in permanent contract authority for the "Helium fund," Bureau of Mines, Department of the Interior. Permanent contract authority amount shown in estimate column and rescinded in the Department of the Interior Appropriation Act, 1979 (Public Law 95–465).

[41] Includes private acts totaling $1,325,404.

[42] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $73,220,356,000 for fiscal year 1980—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Budget estimates include $662,319,000 excluded from the 1979–80 volume (96th Congress, 1st session) for programs for the Department of Health, Education and Welfare and related agencies, funded at the "current rate" in the continuing resolution (Public Law 96–123). This amount has been increased by $14,425,000 above the $647,894,000 referred to in footnote 42 of the 1979–80 volume (for details, see table VIII on p. 1959, 1980–81 volume). Budget estimates also include $162,000,000 for fiscal year 1981, and $172,000,000 for fiscal year 1982 requested in fiscal year 1980.

[43] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $73,220,356,000 for fiscal year 1980—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Appropriations figures includes $1,146,946,000, excluded from the 1979–80 volume (96th Congress, 1st session), for programs for the Department of Health, Education and Welfare and related agencies, funded at the "current rate" in the continuing resolution (Public Law 96–123). Estimates for these programs total $662,319,000 and reflect an increase of $14,425,000 above the $647,894,000 referred to in footnote 43 of the 1979–80 volume (for details, see table VIII on p. 1959, 1980–81 volume). Appropriations figure also *includes* $162,000,000 for fiscal year 1981, and $172,000,000 for fiscal year 1982 appropriated in fiscal year 1980, and rescissions totaling $1,636,709,000 consisting of $913,100,000 in regular annual appropriation acts and $723,609,00 in rescission acts. Also reflects rescission of $47,500,000 in *permanent* contract authority for the "Helium fund," Bureau of Mines, Department of the Interior. Permanent contract authority amount shown in estimate column and rescinded in the Department of the Interior Appropriation Act, 1980 (Public Law 96–126).

[44] Consists of private appropriation acts.

[45] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $88,590,878,000 for fiscal year 1981—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Budget estimates *include* $198,100,000 for fiscal year 1982; and $172,000,000 for fiscal year 1983 requested in fiscal year 1981. Budget estimates *exclude* $6,954,927,000 for fiscal year 1981 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority requested in fiscal year 1980 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services (there were no estimates included in any of the fiscal year 1980 tabulations (1979–80 volume) for these indefinite amounts), but *include* $6,914,793,000 in "indefinite" budget authority for fiscal year 1981 which will be adjusted in fiscal year 1982 (1981-82 volume) when final amounts become known (see table VIII on pp. 2039–2040, 1980–81 volume, for accounts involved).

[46] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $88,590,878,000 for fiscal year 1981—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Appropriations figure *includes* $166,000,000 for fiscal year 1982 and $172,000,000 for fiscal year 1983 appropriated in fiscal year 1981, and rescissions totaling $4,518,572,146 consisting of $1,335,000,000 in regular annual appropriation acts and $3,183,572,146 in supplemental acts. Totals also *exclude* $6,954,927,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1981 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1980 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services (there were no figures provided in any of the fiscal year 1980 tabulations (1979–80 volume) for these indefinite amounts). *Includes* authority to obligate $6,914,793,000 in "indefinite" budget authority during fiscal year 1981 which will be adjusted and liquidated in fiscal year 1982 (1981-82 volume) when final amounts become known (see table VIII on pp. 2039–2040, 1980–81 volume, for accounts involved).

[47] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $108,962,114,000 for fiscal year 1982—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Budget estimates *include* $1,750,753,000 for fiscal year 1983; and $93,500,000 for fiscal year 1984 requested in fiscal year 1982. Budget estimates *exclude* $6,466,410,000 for fiscal year 1982 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority requested in fiscal year 1981 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services (estimate of $6,914,793,000 carried in 1980–81 volume), but *include* $4,916,000,000 in "indefinite" budget authority for fiscal year 1982 which will be adjusted in fiscal year 1983 (1982–83 volume) when final amounts become known (see table VIII on pp. 1390–1391, 1981–82 volume, for accounts involved).

[48] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $108,962,114,000 for fiscal year 1982—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Appropriations figure *includes* $1,787,341,000 for fiscal year 1983; and $105,600,000 for fiscal year 1984 appropriated in fiscal year 1982, and rescissions totaling $16,064,086,447 consisting of $1,805,207,800 in regular annual appropriation acts including continuing resolutions and $14,258,878,647 in supplemental acts. Totals also *exclude* $6,379,418,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1982 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1981 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services ($6,914,793,000 included in 1980–81 volume). *Includes* authority to obligate $4,615,600,000 in "indefinite" budget authority during fiscal year 1982 which will be adjusted and liquidated in fiscal year 1983 (1982–83 volume) when final amounts become known (see table VIII on pp. 1390–1391, 1981–82 volume, for accounts involved).

[49] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $135,001,748,000 for fiscal year 1983—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Budget estimates *include* $5,919,703,000 for fiscal year 1984 and $85,000,000 for fiscal year 1985 requested in fiscal year 1983. Budget estimates *exclude* $4,847,792,000 for fiscal year 1983 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority requested in fiscal year 1982 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services (estimate of $4,916,000,000 carried in 1981–82 volume). See table VIII footnote 22 on p. 1535, 1982–83 volume, for accounts involved.

[50] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $135,001,748,000 for fiscal year 1983—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Appropriations figure *includes* $6,976,000,000 for fiscal year 1984; and $130,000,000 for fiscal year 1985 appropriated in fiscal year 1983, and rescissions totaling $8,967,781,500 consisting of $2,888,815,500 in regular annual appropriation acts including continuing resolutions and $6,078,966,000 in supplemental acts. Totals also *exclude* $5,492,377,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1983 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1982 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services (estimated at $4,615,600,000 in 1981–82 volume). See table VIII footnote 22 on p. 1535, 1982–83 volume, for accounts involved.

[51] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $147,621,985,000 for fiscal year 1984—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Budget estimates *include* $7,442,204,000 for fiscal year 1985 and $75,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 requested in fiscal year 1984. Budget estimates *exclude* $35,378,000 for fiscal year 1984 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority requested in fiscal year 1983 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services. See table VIII, footnote 7 on p. 1129, 1983–84 volume, for accounts involved.

[52] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $147,621,985,000 for fiscal year 1984—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Appropriations figure *includes* $7,772,000,000 for fiscal year 1985 and $130,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 appropriated in fiscal year 1984, and rescissions totaling $4,616,128,000 consisting of $2,956,897,000 in regular annual appropriation acts and $1,659,231,000 in supplemental acts. Totals also *exclude* $323,000,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1984 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1983 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services. See table VIII, footnote 7 on p. 1129, 1983–84 volume, for accounts involved.

[53] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $183,164,276,000 for fiscal year 1985—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Budget estimates *include* $10,568,609,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $100,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 requested in fiscal year 1985. Budget estimates *exclude* $36,786,000 for fiscal year 1985 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority requested in fiscal year 1984 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services. See table VIII, footnote 5, on p. 1905, 1984–85 volume, for accounts involved.

[54] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $183,164,276,000 for fiscal year 1985—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Appropriations figure *includes* $10,885,169,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $200,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 appropriated in fiscal year 1985, and rescissions totaling $10,539,178,000 consisting of $10,129,461,000 in regular annual appropriation acts and $409,717,000 in supplemental acts. Totals also *exclude* $429,786,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1985 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1984 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services. See table VIII, footnote 5, on p. 1905, 1984–85 volume, for accounts involved.

[55] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $192,612,025,000 for fiscal year 1986—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Budget estimates *includes* $11,473,754,000 for fiscal year 1987 and $214,000,000 for fiscal year 1988 requested in fiscal year 1986. Budget estimates *exclude* $809,573,000 for fiscal year 1986 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority requested in fiscal year 1985 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services. See table VIII, footnote 5 on p. 1756, 1985–86 volume, for accounts involved.

[56] Totals adjusted to *exclude* interfund and intragovernmental transactions of $192,612,025,000 for fiscal year 1986—see par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. IV. Appropriations figure *includes* $11,493,754,000 for fiscal year 1987 and $214,000,000 for fiscal year 1988 appropriated in fiscal year 1986, and rescissions totaling $8,555,956,000 consisting of $7,815,000,000 in regular annual appropriation acts including continuing resolutions and $740,956,000 in supplemental acts. Totals also *exclude* $1,329,834,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1986 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1985 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services. See table VIII, footnote 5, on p. 1756, 1985–86 volume, for accounts involved.

X. TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS BY SESSIONS OF CONGRESS

[Note.—As explained in par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. III, aggregate totals of appropriations in this volume, beginning with the one for the 90th Cong., 2d sess., include trust fund appropriations not previously emphasized in general tabulations and summaries. The trust fund amounts in this table for the fiscal years 1938–68, inclusive, are derived from footnotes carried to table X in the volume for the 90th Cong., 1st sess., and being estimates thereof as shown in the respective annual budgets, are to some extent approximate. Permanent trust fund amounts for the 99th Cong., 1st sess., are based on estimates in the February 1985 Budget, and are thus subject to revision when actual amounts become known. Permanent "Federal" fund amounts are also based on estimates thereof as shown in the respective annual budgets, and are thus also subject to revision when actual amounts become known.]

Congress and session (1)	Federal funds (2)	Trust funds (3)	Total (4)
42d Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1873 and prior years	$330,546,360	....	$330,546,360
42d Cong., 3d sess., fiscal year 1874 and prior years	344,535,209	....	344,535,209
43d Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1875 and prior years	330,441,844	....	330,441,844
43d Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1876 and prior years	322,013,149	....	322,013,149
44th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1877 and prior years	299,150,125	....	299,150,125
44th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1878 and prior years	291,220,477	....	291,220,477
45th Cong., 1st and 2d sess., fiscal year 1879 and prior years	317,924,555	....	317,924,555
45th Cong., 3d sess., and 46th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1880 and prior years	338,865,031	....	338,865,031
46th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1881 and prior years	332,791,077	....	332,791,077
46th Cong., 3d sess., fiscal year 1882 and prior years	361,922,068	....	361,922,068
47th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1883 and prior years	423,827,294	....	423,827,294
47th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1884 and prior years	349,463,261	....	349,463,261
48th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1885 and prior years	306,077,470	....	306,077,470
48th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1886 and prior years	344,504,413	....	344,504,413
49th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1887 and prior years	383,245,914	....	383,245,914
49th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1888 and prior years	365,430,333	....	365,430,333
50th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1889 and prior years	422,867,168	....	422,867,168
50th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1890 and prior years	395,430,284	....	395,430,284
51st Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1891 and prior years	463,383,480	....	463,383,480
51st Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1892 and prior years	524,381,816	....	524,381,816
52d Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1893 and prior years	507,376,398	....	507,376,398
52d Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1894 and prior years	519,535,293	....	519,535,293
53d Cong., 1st and 2d sess., fiscal year 1895 and prior years	492,477,460	....	492,477,460

X. TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS BY SESSIONS OF CONGRESS—Continued

[Note.—As explained in par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. III, aggregate totals of appropriations in this volume, beginning with the one for the 90th Cong., 2d sess., include trust fund appropriations not previously emphasized in general tabulations and summaries. The trust fund amounts in this table for the fiscal years 1938–68, inclusive, are derived from footnotes carried to table X in the volume for the 90th Cong., 1st sess., and being estimates thereof as shown in the respective annual budgets, are to some extent approximate. Permanent trust fund amounts for the 99th Cong., 1st sess., are based on estimates in the February 1985 Budget, and are thus subject to revision when actual amounts become known. Permanent "Federal" fund amounts are also based on estimates thereof as shown in the respective annual budgets, and are thus also subject to revision when actual amounts become known.]

Congress and session (1)	Federal funds (2)	Trust funds (3)	Total (4)
53d Cong., 3d sess., fiscal year 1896 and prior years	$496,982,585		$496,982,585
54th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1897 and prior years	515,852,380		515,852,380
54th Cong., 2d sess. and 55th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1898 and prior years	528,735,878		528,735,878
55th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1899 and prior years	892,656,776		892,656,776
55th Cong., 3d sess., fiscal year 1900 and prior years	698,912,893		698,912,893
56th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1901 and prior years	705,653,298		705,653,298
56th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1902 and prior years	730,241,863		730,241,863
57th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1903 and prior years	801,682,773		801,682,773
57th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1904 and prior years	752,741,659		752,741,659
58th Cong., 1st and 2d sess., fiscal year 1905 and prior years	781,288,215		781,288,215
58th Cong., 3d sess., fiscal year 1906 and prior years	818,191,283		818,191,283
59th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1907 and prior years	881,953,644		881,953,644
59th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1908 and prior years	919,163,823		919,163,823
60th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1909 and prior years	1,006,431,727		1,006,431,727
60th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1910 and prior years	1,044,433,623		1,044,433,623
61st Cong., 1st and 2d sess., fiscal year 1911 and prior years	1,039,550,617		1,039,550,617
61st Cong. 3d sess., fiscal year 1912 and prior years	1,022,759,949		1,022,759,949
62d Cong., 1st and 2d sess., fiscal year 1913 and prior years	1,021,349,991		1,021,349,991
62d Cong., 3d sess., fiscal year 1914 and prior years	1,098,602,066		1,098,602,066
63d Cong., 1st and 2d sess., fiscal year 1915 and prior years	1,122,471,919		1,122,471,919
63d Cong., 3d sess., fiscal year 1916 and prior years	1,114,490,704		1,114,490,704
64th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1917 and prior years	1,628,441,645		1,628,441,645
64th Cong., 2d sess. and 65th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1918 and prior years	18,881,940,244		18,881,940,244
65th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1919 and prior years	27,065,148,933		27,065,148,933
65th Cong., 3d sess. and 66th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1920 and prior years	6,454,596,650		6,454,596,650
66th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1921 and prior years	4,780,829,510		4,780,829,510
66th Cong., 3d sess., and 67th Cong., 1st sess. (to July 12, 1921), fiscal year 1922 and prior years	3,909,282,209		3,909,282,209

X. TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS BY SESSIONS OF CONGRESS—Continued

[Note.—As explained in par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. III, aggregate totals of appropriations in this volume, beginning with the one for the 90th Cong., 2d sess., include trust fund appropriations not previously emphasized in general tabulations and summaries. The trust fund amounts in this table for the fiscal years 1938–68, inclusive, are derived from footnotes carried to table X in the volume for the 90th Cong., 1st sess., and being estimates thereof as shown in the respective annual budgets, are to some extent approximate. Permanent trust fund amounts for the 99th Cong., 1st sess., are based on estimates in the February 1985 Budget, and are thus subject to revision when actual amounts become known. Permanent "Federal" fund amounts are also based on estimates thereof as shown in the respective annual budgets, and are thus also subject to revision when actual amounts become known.]

Congress and session (1)	Federal funds (2)	Trust funds (3)	Total (4)
67th Cong., 1st sess. (from July 12, 1921), and 67th Cong., 2d sess. (to July 1, 1922), fiscal year 1923 and prior years	$4,248,140,570		$4,248,140,570
67th Cong., 2d sess. (from July 2, 1922), and 67th Cong., 3d sess. and 67th Cong., 4th sess., fiscal year 1924 and prior years	4,092,544,312		4,092,544,312
68th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1925 and prior years	3,748,651,750		3,748,651,750
68th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1926 and prior years	4,151,682,050		4,151,682,050
69th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1927 and prior years	4,409,463,390		4,409,463,390
69th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1928 and prior years	4,211,011,353		4,211,011,353
70th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1929 and prior years	4,633,577,974		4,633,577,974
70th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1930 and prior years	4,665,236,678		4,665,236,678
71st Cong., 1st and 2d sess., fiscal year 1931 and prior years	5,071,711,694		5,071,711,694
71st Cong., 3d sess., fiscal year 1932 and prior years	5,178,524,968		5,178,524,968
72d Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1933 and prior years	5,785,252,642		5,785,252,642
72d Cong., 2d sess. and 73d Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1934 and prior years	7,692,447,339		7,692,447,339
73d Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1935 and prior years	7,527,559,328		[1] 7,527,559,328
74th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1936 and prior years	9,579,757,330		9,579,757,330
74th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1937 and prior years	10,336,399,273		10,336,399,273
75th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1938 and prior years	9,183,701,741	$172,473,242	9,356,174,983
75th Cong., 2d and 3d sess., fiscal year 1939 and prior years	10,338,996,190	1,022,819,464	11,361,815,654
76th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1940 and prior years	11,447,634,077	1,904,152,417	13,351,786,494
76th Cong., 2d and 3d sess., fiscal year 1941 nd prior years	16,878,865,242	2,193,125,902	19,071,991,144
77th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1942 and prior years	57,792,715,367	3,062,440,985	60,855,156,352
77th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1943 and prior years to Oct. 31, 1942	147,071,208,962	3,861,678,074	150,932,887,036
78th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1944 and prior years	114,564,008,595	4,642,328,744	119,206,337,339
78th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1945 and prior fiscal years	67,614,266,775	6,749,006,538	74,363,273,313
79th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1946 and prior fiscal years	69,780,137,110	6,662,202,694	76,442,339,804
79th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1947 and prior fiscal years	35,734,209,165	4,653,376,295	40,387,585,460
80th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1948 and prior fiscal years	35,982,887,708	5,487,396,936	41,470,284,644

See footnotes on pp. 1836–1838.

X. TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS BY SESSIONS OF CONGRESS—Continued

[Note.—As explained in par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. III, aggregate totals of appropriations in this volume, beginning with the one for the 90th Cong., 2d sess., include trust fund appropriations not previously emphasized in general tabulations and summaries. The trust fund amounts in this table for the fiscal years 1938–68, inclusive, are derived from footnotes carried to table X in the volume for the 90th Cong., 1st sess., and being estimates thereof as shown in the respective annual budgets, are to some extent approximate. Permanent trust fund amounts for the 99th Cong., 1st sess., are based on estimates in the February 1985 Budget, and are thus subject to revision when actual amounts become known. Permanent "Federal" fund amounts are also based on estimates thereof as shown in the respective annual budgets, and are thus also subject to revision when actual amounts become known.]

Congress and session (1)	Federal funds (2)	Trust funds (3)	Total (4)
80th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1949 and prior fiscal years	$41,675,480,957	$5,480,063,813	$47,155,544,770
81st Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1950 and prior fiscal years	46,497,456,898	6,517,603,514	53,015,060,412
81st Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1951 and prior fiscal years	81,045,040,441	6,632,999,495	87,678,039,936
82d Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1952 and prior fiscal years	101,117,786,897	8,127,323,548	109,245,110,445
82d Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1953 and prior fiscal years	85,999,646,411	8,532,644,348	94,532,290,759
83d Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1954 and prior fiscal years	65,156,254,797	8,999,782,171	74,156,036,968
83d Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1955 and prior fiscal years	58,160,445,563	9,891,179,453	68,051,625,016
84th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1956 and prior fiscal years	63,947,281,321	10,871,988,245	74,819,269,566
84th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1957 and prior fiscal years	73,041,364,417	11,679,248,757	84,720,613,174
85th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1958 and prior fiscal years	73,064,958,328	15,610,607,572	88,675,565,900
85th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1959 and prior fiscal years	81,119,818,276	16,382,991,651	[2] 97,502,809,927
86th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1960 and prior fiscal years	81,572,357,732	19,495,828,782	[2] 101,068,186,514
86th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1961 and prior fiscal years	83,799,241,957	22,329,891,675	[2] 106,129,133,632
87th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1962 and prior fiscal years	96,194,946,610	24,915,218,285	[2] 121,110,164,895
87th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1963 and prior fiscal years	102,661,536,812	27,401,377,000	[2] 130,062,913,812
88th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1964 and prior fiscal years	103,798,634,671	29,472,357,040	[2] 133,270,991,711
88th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1965 and prior fiscal years	106,070,110,056	30,929,694,000	[2] 136,999,804,056
89th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1966 and prior fiscal years	119,310,113,527	32,747,251,540	[2] 152,057,365,067
89th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1967 and prior fiscal years	143,883,626,282	41,830,618,000	[2] 185,714,244,282
90th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1968 and prior fiscal years	156,917,115,912	48,205,647,000	[2] 205,122,762,912
90th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1969 and prior years	142,524,357,324	54,012,887,000	[2] 196,537,244,324
Consisting of:			
Regular annual and supplemental appropriation acts	*(133,339,868,734)*		*(133,339,868,734)*
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(2,999,227,590)*		*(2,999,227,590)*
Permanent appropriations	*(18,985,261,000)*	*(54,012,887,000)*	*(72,998,148,000)*
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(−12,800,000,000)*		*(−12,800,000,000)*

See footnotes on pp. 1836–1838.

X. TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS BY SESSIONS OF CONGRESS—Continued

[Note.—As explained in par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. III, aggregate totals of appropriations in this volume, beginning with the one for the 90th Cong., 2d sess., include trust fund appropriations not previously emphasized in general tabulations and summaries. The trust fund amounts in this table for the fiscal years 1938–68, inclusive, are derived from footnotes carried to table X in the volume for the 90th Cong., 1st sess., and being estimates thereof as shown in the respective annual budgets, are to some extent approximate. Permanent trust fund amounts for the 99th Cong., 1st sess., are based on estimates in the February 1985 Budget, and are thus subject to revision when actual amounts become known. Permanent "Federal" fund amounts are also based on estimates thereof as shown in the respective annual budgets, and are thus also subject to revision when actual amounts become known.]

Congress and session (1)	Federal funds (2)	Trust funds (3)	Total (4)
91st Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1970 and prior fiscal years	$146,628,658,494	$60,619,823,000	[2] $207,248,481,494
Consisting of:			
Regular annual and supplemental appropriation acts	*(134,431,463,135)*		*(134,431,463,135)*
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(4,680,127,359)*		*(4,680,127,359)*
Permanent appropriations	*(21,432,593,000)*	*(60,619,823,000)*	*(82,052,416,000)*
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(−13,915,525,000)*		*(−13,915,525,000)*
91st Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1971 and prior fiscal years	166,758,720,882	65,381,174,000	[2] 232,139,894,882
Consisting of:			
Regular annual and supplemental appropriation acts	*(144,273,528,504)*		*(144,273,528,504)*
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(18,039,291,378)*		*(18,039,291,378)*
Permanent appropriations	*(22,678,668,000)*	*(65,381,174,000)*	*(88,059,842,000)*
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(−18,232,767,000)*		*(−18,232,767,000)*
92d Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1972 and prior fiscal years	170,300,119,635	75,407,481,000	[2] 245,707,600,635
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts	*(165,300,661,865)*		(165,300,661,865)
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(46,645,770)*		*(46,645,770)*
Permanent appropriations	*(25,357,210,000)*	*(75,407,481,000)*	*(100,764,691,000)*
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(−20,404,398,000)*		*(−20,404,398,000)*
92d Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1973 and prior fiscal years	[3] 193,474,986,934	91,307,552,000	[2] [3] 284,782,538,934
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts	[3] *(179,006,901,364)*		[3] *(179,006,901,364)*
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(11,200,404,169)*		*(11,200,404,169)*
Permanent appropriations	*(27,182,326,401)*	*(91,307,552,000)*	*(118,489,878,401)*
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(−23,914,645,000)*		*(−23,914,645,000)*
93d Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1974 and prior fiscal years	[4] 182,480,509,654	120,995,727,000	[2] [4] 303,476,236,654
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts	[4] *(174,902,319,304)*		[4] *(174,902,319,304)*
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(3,940,372,350)*	*(12,462,940,000)*	*(16,403,312,350)*
Permanent appropriations	*(40,895,808,000)*	*(108,532,787,000)*	*(149,428,595,000)*
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(−37,257,990,000)*		*(−37,257,990,000)*
93d Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1975 and prior fiscal years	[5] 268,304,872,427	121,736,261,000	[2] [5] 390,041,133,427
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts	*(204,012,311,514)*		*(204,012,311,514)*
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(62,568,804,913)*	*(152,500,000)*	*(62,721,304,913)*
Permanent appropriations	*(45,447,732,000)*	*(121,583,761,000)*	*(167,031,493,000)*
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(−43,723,976,000)*		*(−43,723,976,000)*

See footnotes on pp. 1836–1838.

X. TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS BY SESSIONS OF CONGRESS—Continued

[Note.—As explained in par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. III, aggregate totals of appropriations in this volume, beginning with the one for the 90th Cong., 2d sess., include trust fund appropriations not previously emphasized in general tabulations and summaries. The trust fund amounts in this table for the fiscal years 1938–68, inclusive, are derived from footnotes carried to table X in the volume for the 90th Cong., 1st sess., and being estimates thereof as shown in the respective annual budgets, are to some extent approximate. Permanent trust fund amounts for the 99th Cong., 1st sess., are based on estimates in the February 1985 Budget, and are thus subject to revision when actual amounts become known. Permanent "Federal" fund amounts are also based on estimates thereof as shown in the respective annual budgets, and are thus also subject to revision when actual amounts become known.]

Congress and session (1)	Federal funds (2)	Trust funds (3)	Total (4)
94th Cong., 1st sess.:			
Fiscal year 1976 and prior fiscal years	$269,391,509,951	$130,721,852,000	[2] [6] $400,113,361,951
Transition period	49,782,823,499	33,623,231,000	[7] 83,406,054,499
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)	*(262,194,919,839)*	....	*(262,194,919,839)*
Transition period	*(47,575,114,499)*	....	*(47,575,114,499)*
Rescission acts	*(−287,291,174)*	....	*(−287,291,174)*
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(10,627,079,286)*	*(−390,000,000)*	*(10,237,079,286)*
Transition period (net)	[8] *(−8,570,000)*	....	[8] *(−8,570,000)*
Permanent appropriations	*(51,122,943,000)*	*(131,111,852,000)*	*(182,234,795,000)*
Transition period	*(12,946,828,000)*	*(33,623,231,000)*	*(46,570,059,000)*
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	*(−54,266,141,000)*	....	*(−54,266,141,000)*
Transition period	*(−10,730,549,000)*	....	*(−10,730,549,000)*
94th Cong., 2d sess.:			
Fiscal year 1977 and prior fiscal years	[9] 288,220,964,880	156,443,836,000	[2] [9] 444,664,800,880
Transition period	4,792,078,440	3,715,000,000	[10] 8,507,078,440
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)	*(277,157,958,407)*	*(345,277,000)*	*(277,503,235,407)*
Transition period (net)	*(4,797,230,180)*	*(15,000,000)*	*(4,812,230,180)*
Rescission acts	*(−70,656,000)*	....	*(−70,656,000)*
Transition period	*(−5,175,000)*	....	*(−5,175,000)*
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(878,473)*	*(2,448,000,000)*	*(2,448,878,473)*
Transition period	*(23,260)*	*(3,700,000,000)*	*(3,700,023,260)*
Permanent appropriations	*(63,037,720,000)*	*(164,113,941,000)*	*(227,151,661,000)*
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	[11] *(−51,904,936,000)*	*(−10,463,382,000)*	*(−62,368,318,000)*
95th Cong., 1st sess.:			
Fiscal year 1978 and prior fiscal years	[12] 360,785,368,842	166,545,104,667	[2] [12] 527,330,473,509
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)	*(353,317,494,116)*	*(696,536,667)*	[2] *(354,014,030,783)*
Rescission acts	*(−807,640,000)*	....	*(−807,640,000)*
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(1,001,726)*	....	*(1,001,726)*
Permanent appropriations	*(56,830,073,000)*	*(178,384,983,000)*	*(235,215,056,000)*
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	[13] *(−48,555,560,000)*	*(−12,536,415,000)*	*(−61,091,975,000)*
95th Cong., 2d sess.:			
Fiscal year 1979 and prior fiscal years	[14] 372,683,967,134	206,694,297,000	[2] [14] 579,378,264,134
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)	*(352,638,885,730)*	*(899,468,000)*	[2] *(353,538,353,730)*
Rescission acts	*(−55,255,000)*	....	*(−55,255,000)*
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(7,325,404)*	*(19,591,200,000)*	*(19,598,525,404)*
Permanent appropriations	*(70,749,391,000)*	*(199,126,247,000)*	*(269,875,638,000)*
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	[15] *(−50,656,380,000)*	*(−12,922,618,000)*	*(−63,578,998,000)*

See footnotes on pp. 1836–1838.

X. TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS BY SESSIONS OF CONGRESS—Continued

[Note.—As explained in par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. III, aggregate totals of appropriations in this volume, beginning with the one for the 90th Cong., 2d sess., include trust fund appropriations not previously emphasized in general tabulations and summaries. The trust fund amounts in this table for the fiscal years 1938–68, inclusive, are derived from footnotes carried to table X in the volume for the 90th Cong., 1st sess., and being estimates thereof as shown in the respective annual budgets, are to some extent approximate. Permanent trust fund amounts for the 99th Cong., 1st sess., are based on estimates in the February 1985 Budget, and are thus subject to revision when actual amounts become known. Permanent "Federal" fund amounts are also based on estimates thereof as shown in the respective annual budgets, and are thus also subject to revision when actual amounts become known.]

Congress and session (1)	Federal funds (2)	Trust funds (3)	Total (4)
96th Cong., 1st sess.:			
Fiscal year 1980 and prior fiscal years	[16] $408,773,914,474	$214,416,798,000	[2] [16] $623,190,712,474
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)	*(386,521,933,291)*	*(1,616,823,000)*	[2] *(388,138,756,291)*
Rescission acts	*(−723,609,000)*		*(−723,609,000)*
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(1,183)*		*(1,183)*
Permanent appropriations	*(81,676,152,000)*	*(227,319,768,000)*	*(308,995,920,000)*
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	[17] *(−58,700,563,000)*	*(−14,519,793,000)*	*(−73,220,356,000)*
96th Cong., 2d sess.:			
Fiscal year 1981 and prior fiscal years	453,756,787,346	243,035,266,000	[2] [18] 696,792,053,346
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)	*(432,276,712,344)*	*(1,488,909,000)*	[2] *(433,765,621,344)*
Rescission acts			
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(843,002)*		*(843,002)*
Permanent appropriations	*(96,152,253,000)*	*(255,464,214,000)*	*(351,616,467,000)*
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	[19] *(−74,673,021,000)*	*(−13,917,857,000)*	*(−88,590,878,000)*
97th Cong., 1st sess.:			
Fiscal year 1982 and prior fiscal years	469,951,845,261	285,322,930,000	[2] [20] 755,274,775,261
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)	*(434,404,409,261)*	*(2,432,533,000)*	[2] *(436,836,942,261)*
Rescission acts			
Appropriations in legislative acts			
Permanent appropriations	*(128,820,043,000)*	*(298,579,904,000)*	*(427,399,947,000)*
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	[21] *(−93,272,607,000)*	*(−15,689,507,000)*	*(−108,962,114,000)*
97th Cong., 2d sess.:			
Fiscal year 1983 and prior fiscal years	546,140,042,982	316,695,852,000	[2] [22] 862,835,894,982
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)	*(504,216,739,060)*	*(2,984,843,000)*	*(507,201,582,060)*
Rescission acts			
Appropriations in legislative acts		*(14,849,000,000)*	*(14,849,000,000)*
Private appropriation acts	*(66,922)*		*(66,922)*
Permanent appropriations	*(155,879,910,000)*	*(319,907,084,000)*	*(475,786,994,000)*
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	[23] *(−113,956,673,000)*	*(−21,045,075,000)*	*(−135,001,748,000)*

See footnotes on pp. 1836–1838.

X. TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS BY SESSIONS OF CONGRESS—Continued

[Note.—As explained in par. 4, "Compilers' Notes", p. III, aggregate totals of appropriations in this volume, beginning with the one for the 90th Cong., 2d sess., include trust fund appropriations not previously emphasized in general tabulations and summaries. The trust fund amounts in this table for the fiscal years 1938–68, inclusive, are derived from footnotes carried to table X in the volume for the 90th Cong., 1st sess., and being estimates thereof as shown in the respective annual budgets, are to some extent approximate. Permanent trust fund amounts for the 99th Cong., 1st sess., are based on estimates in the February 1985 Budget, and are thus subject to revision when actual amounts become known. Permanent "Federal" fund amounts are also based on estimates thereof as shown in the respective annual budgets, and are thus also subject to revision when actual amounts become known.]

Congress and session (1)	Federal funds (2)	Trust funds (3)	Total (4)
98th Cong., 1st sess.:			
Fiscal year 1984 and prior fiscal years	$599,648,521,722	$346,979,065,000	[2,24] $946,627,586,722
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)	*(547,336,540,104)*	*(2,381,369,000)*	*(549,717,909,104)*
Rescission acts			
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(23,000,000)*	*(25,319,000,000)*	*(25,342,000,000)*
Private appropriation acts	*(31,618)*		*(31,618)*
Permanent appropriations	*(173,040,153,000)*	*(346,149,478,000)*	*(519,189,631,000)*
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	[25] *(−120,751,203,000)*	*(−26,870,782,000)*	*(−147,621,985,000)*
98th Cong., 2d sess.:			
Fiscal year 1985 and prior fiscal years	602,424,350,066	394,603,459,000	[2,26] 997,027,809,066
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)	*(556,131,053,986)*	*(4,496,471,000)*	*(560,627,524,986)*
Rescission acts			
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(75,000,000)*	*(135,000,000)*	*(210,000,000)*
Private appropriation acts	*(169,080)*		*(169,080)*
Permanent appropriations	*(202,168,366,000)*	*(417,186,025,000)*	*(619,354,391,000)*
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	[27] *(−155,950,239,000)*	*(−27,214,037,000)*	*(−183,164,276,000)*
99th Cong., 1st sess.:			
Fiscal year 1986 and prior fiscal years	661,596,011,087	424,527,581,000	[2,28] 1,086,123,592,087
Consisting of:			
Regular annual, supplemental, and continuing appropriation acts (net)	*(571,872,788,087)*	*(6,166,014,000)*	*(578,038,802,087)*
Rescission acts			
Appropriations in legislative acts	*(2,258,000,000)*	*(−182,000,000)*	*(2,076,000,000)*
Private appropriation acts			
Permanent appropriations	*(256,164,982,000)*	*(442,455,833,000)*	*(698,620,815,000)*
Adjustments for interfund and intragovernmental transactions	[29] *(−168,699,759,000)*	*(−23,912,266,000)*	*(−192,612,025,000)*

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[1] Does not include appropriations from the receipts created by the increment resulting from the reduction in weight of the gold dollar under sec. 7 of the Gold Reserve Act of 1934 amounting to $2,000,000,000 for the Exchange Stabilization Fund and $135,299,557 for payment to the surplus of Federal Reserve banks. These appropriations did not affect the budget or the national debt and for that reason are not included.

[2] Total funds for the following years are qualified as indicated:

Congress and session	Funds for refunding internal revenue collections excluded	Funds for cumulative sinking fund for public debt retirement excluded	Includes funds for 1 year in advance of budget year
85th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1959 and prior fiscal years	$4,708,950,000	$633,349,085	
86th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1960 and prior fiscal years	5,402,200,000	633,349,085	
86th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1961 and prior fiscal years	6,053,675,000	633,349,085	
87th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1962 and prior fiscal years	5,986,825,000	680,849,085	
87th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1963 and prior fiscal years	6,554,000,000	680,849,085	
88th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1964 and prior fiscal years	6,235,134,000	680,849,085	
88th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1965 and prior fiscal years	5,035,100,000	680,849,085	
89th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1966 and prior fiscal years	6,243,000,000	680,849,085	$926,000,000
89th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1967 and prior fiscal years	7,573,000,000	680,849,085	875,000,000
90th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1968 and prior fiscal years	10,700,000,000	680,849,085	995,000,000
90th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1969 and prior fiscal years	11,161,000,000	680,849,085	1,965,814,000
91st Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1970 and prior fiscal years	12,822,500,000	680,849,085	214,000,000
91st Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1971 and prior fiscal years	16,075,187,000	680,849,085	150,000,000
92d Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1972 and prior fiscal years	18,890,425,332	680,849,085	174,321,000
92d Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1973 and prior fiscal years	18,787,584,008	680,849,085	131,181,000
93d Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1974 and prior fiscal years	25,628,844,731	680,849,085	90,360,000
93d Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1975 and prior fiscal years	27,970,932,506	680,849,085	2,428,597,000
94th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1976 and prior fiscal years	39,906,309,490	680,849,085	2,653,410,852
Transition period (July 1, 1977 – Sept. 30, 1976)	2,388,185,173		
94th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1977 and prior fiscal years	33,566,777,877	680,849,085	[10] 813,249,779
95th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1978 and prior fiscal years	36,178,035,326	680,849,085	[11] 152,000,000
95th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1979 and prior fiscal years	39,324,935,206	680,849,085	[12] 15,125,500,000
96th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1980 and prior fiscal years	41,350,321,605	680,849,085	[13] 334,000,000
96th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1981 and prior fiscal years	53,504,051,402	680,849,085	[14] 338,000,000
97th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1982 and prior fiscal years	62,249,552,530	680,849,085	[15] 1,892,941,000
97th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1983 and prior fiscal years	73,405,943,810	680,849,085	[16] 7,106,000,000
98th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1984 and prior fiscal years	87,800,770,203	680,849,085	[17] 7,902,000,000
98th Cong., 2d sess., fiscal year 1985 and prior fiscal years	84,561,228,427	680,849,085	[18] 11,085,169,000
99th Cong., 1st sess., fiscal year 1986 and prior fiscal years	84,560,151,594	680,849,085	[19] 11,707,754,000

[3] Includes appropriations totaling $33,499,495,500 in continuing resolution (P.L. 92-571) for Foreign Assistance and related programs ($3,652,701,000), and the Departments of Labor, Health, Education, and Welfare and related agencies ($29,846,794,500), and reflects increase of $46,794,500 in the amount for Labor-HEW carried in the 1972-1973 volume due to later estimates.

[4] Reflects rescissions totaling $212,412,000 of fiscal year 1973 appropriations. Does not reflect action by the Congress in declining to approve proposed rescissions of fiscal year 1973 appropriations totaling $382,999,000.

[5] Reflects rescissions totaling $1,404,572,000 consisting of $1,319,481,000 in regular appropriation and rescission acts and $85,091,000 in legislative acts (see table VIIIj on p. 2427, 1974–1975 volume, for detail).

[6] Reflects rescissions totaling $702,291,174 consisting of $25,000,000 (Federal funds) in a regular annual appropriation act, $287,291,174 (Federal funds) in rescission acts, and $390,000,000 (trust funds) in a legislative act (see table VIIIj on pp. 1259–1260, 1975–1976 volume, for detail).

[7] Reflects rescissions of $14,400,000 in legislative acts (see table VIIIj on pp. 1259–1260, 1975–1976 volume, for detail).

[8] Consists of new budget (obligational) authority of $5,830,000 and rescissions of $14,400,000 (see table VIIIa on pp. 1230-1231, 1975–1976 volume, for detail).

[9] Reflects rescissions totaling $243,378,943 consisting of $172,722,943 in a regular annual appropriation act and $70,656,000 in rescission acts (see table VIIIh, 1976–1977 volume, for detail).

[10] Reflects rescissions of $5,175,000 (see table VIIIh, 1976–1977 volume, for detail).

[11] Consists of $14,728,128,000 in Federal funds and $37,176,808,000 in interfund transactions.

[12] Reflects rescissions totaling $833,854,000 consisting of $26,214,000 in regular annual appropriation acts and $807,640,000 in rescission acts (see table VIIIi, 1977–78 volume, for detail. Also reflects rescission of $47,500,000 in permanent contract authority for the "Helium fund," Bureau of Mines, Department of the Interior. Permanent contract authority amount shown in estimate column and rescinded in the Department of the Interior Appropriation Act, 1978 (Public Law 95–74).

[13] Consists of $12,130,868,000 in Federal funds and $36,424,692,000 in interfund transactions.

[14] Includes $15,427,919,00, excluded from the 1978–79 volume, for programs for the Departments of Labor, and Health, Education, and Welfare and Related Agencies funded at the "current rate" under section 101(a) of the continuing resolution (Public Law 95–482) (see p. 319, 1978–79 volume). Budget estimates for these activities total $17,646,443,000 and reflect an increase of $198,300,000 above the $17,448,143,000 referred to in footnote 14 of the 1978–79 volume (for details, see table VIII on pp. 1221-1222, 1979–80 volume). Reflects rescissions totaling $518,655,000 consisting of $463,400,000 in the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1978 (Public Law 95–240) and $55,255,000 in rescission acts (see table VIIIk, 1978–79 volume, for details). Also reflects rescission of $47,500,000 in permanent contract authority for the "Helium fund," Bureau of Mines, Department of the Interior. Permanent contract authority amount shown in estimate column and rescinded in the Department of the Interior Appropriation Act, 1979 (Public Law 95–465).

[15] Consists of $13,158,914,000 in Federal funds and $37,497,466,000 in interfund transactions.

[16] Includes $1,146,946,000 excluded from the 1979–80 volume for programs for the Department of Health, Education and Welfare and related agencies funded at the "current rate" under section 101(c) of the further continuing resolution (Public Law 96–123, see p. 288, 1979–80 volume). Budget estimates for these programs total $662,319,000 and reflect an increase of $14,425,000 above the $647,894,000 referred to in footnote 16 of the 1979–80 volume (for details, see table VIII on p. 1959, 1980–81 volume). Reflects rescissions totaling $1,636,709,000 consisting of $913,100,000 in regular annual appropriation acts and $723,609,000 in the budget rescission act (see table VIIIh 1979–80 volume). Also reflects rescission of $47,500,000 in permanent contract authority for the "Helium fund," Bureau of Mines, Department of the Interior. The amount for permanent contract authority is shown in the estimate column and rescinded in the Department of the Interior Appropriation Act, 1980 (Public Law 96–126).

[17] Consists of $16,335,625,000 in Federal funds and $42,364,938,000 in interfund transactions.

[18] Reflects rescissions totaling $4,518,572,146 consisting of $1,335,000,000 in regular annual appropriation acts and $3,183,572,146 in supplemental acts. Excludes $6,954,927,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1981 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1980 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services (there were no amounts included in any of the fiscal year 1980 tabulations (1979–80 volume) for these indefinite amounts). Includes authority to obligate $6,914,793,000 in "indefinite" budget authority during fiscal year 1981 which will be adjusted and liquidated in fiscal year 1982 when final amounts become known (see table VIII on pp. 2039–2040, 1980–81 volume, for accounts involved).

[19] Consists of $26,402,993,000 in Federal funds and $48,270,028,000 in interfund transactions.

[20] Reflects rescissions totaling $16,064,086,447 consisting of $1,805,207,800 in regular annual appropriation acts including continuing resolutions and $14,258,878,647 in supplemental acts. Excludes $6,379,418,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1982 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1981 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services (estimate of $6,914,793,000 for fiscal year 1981 carried in 1980–81 volume). Includes authority to obligate $4,615,600,000 in "indefinite" budget authority during fiscal

year 1982 which will be adjusted and liquidated in fiscal year 1983 when final amounts become known (see table VIII on pp. 1390-1391, 1981-82 volume, for accounts involved).

[21] Consists of $34,835,543,000 in Federal funds and $58,437,064,000 in interfund transactions.

[22] Reflects rescissions totaling $8,967,781,500 consisting of $2,888,815,500 in regular annual appropriation acts including continuing resolutions and $6,078,966,000 in supplemental acts. Excludes $5,492,377,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1983 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1982 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services (estimate of $4,615,600,000 for fiscal year 1982 carried in 1981-82 volume). See table VIII footnote 22, on p. 1535, 1982-83 volume, for accounts involved.

[23] Consists of $49,761,582,000 in Federal funds and $64,195,091,000 in interfund transactions.

[24] Reflects rescissions totaling $4,616,128,000 consisting of $2,956,897,000 in regular annual appropriation acts and $1,659,231,000 in supplemental acts. Excludes $323,000,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1984 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1983 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services. See table VIII, footnote 7, on p. 1129, 1983-84 volume, for accounts involved.

[25] Consists of $45,497,986,000 in Federal funds and $75,253,217,000 in interfund transactions.

[26] Reflects rescissions totaling $10,539,178,000 consisting of $10,129,461,000 in regular annual appropriation acts and $409,717,000 in supplemental acts. Excludes $429,786,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1985 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1984 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services. See table VIII, footnote 5, on p. 1905, 1984-85 volume, for accounts involved.

[27] Consists of $43,371,844,000 in Federal funds and $112,578,395,000 in interfund transactions.

[28] Reflects rescissions totaling $8,555,956,000 consisting of $7,815,000,000 in regular annual appropriation acts including continuing resolutions and $740,956,000 in supplemental acts. Excludes $1,329,834,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1986 to liquidate "indefinite" budget authority provided in fiscal year 1985 for certain programs in the Department of Health and Human Services. See table VIII, footnote 5, on p. 1756, 1985-86 volume, for accounts involved.

[29] Consists of $47,593,037,000 in Federal funds and $121,106,722,000 in interfund transactions.

[30] Includes $557,049,779 for fiscal year 1978 and $256,200,000 for fiscal year 1979 (2 years in advance of budget year).

[31] This amount is for fiscal year 1980 (2 years in advance of budget year).

[32] Includes $5,136,500,000 for fiscal year 1980; $5,615,000,000 for fiscal year 1981; and $4,374,000,000 for fiscal year 1982.

[33] Includes $162,000,000 for fiscal year 1981 and $172,000,000 for fiscal year 1982 (2 years in advance of budget year).

[34] Includes $166,000,000 for fiscal year 1982 and $172,000,000 for fiscal year 1983 (2 years in advance of budget year).

[35] Includes $1,752,341,000 for fiscal year 1983 and $105,600,000 for fiscal year 1984 (2 years in advance of budget year).

[36] Includes $6,976,000,000 for fiscal year 1984 and $130,000,000 for fiscal year 1985 (2 years in advance of budget year).

[37] Includes $7,772,000,000 for fiscal year 1985 and $130,000,000 for fiscal year 1986 (2 years in advance of budget year).

[38] Includes $10,885,169,000 for fiscal year 1986 and $200,000,000 for fiscal year 1987 (2 years in advance of budget year).

[39] Includes $11,493,754,000 for fiscal year 1987 and $214,000,000 for fiscal year 1988 (2 years in advance of budget year).

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